

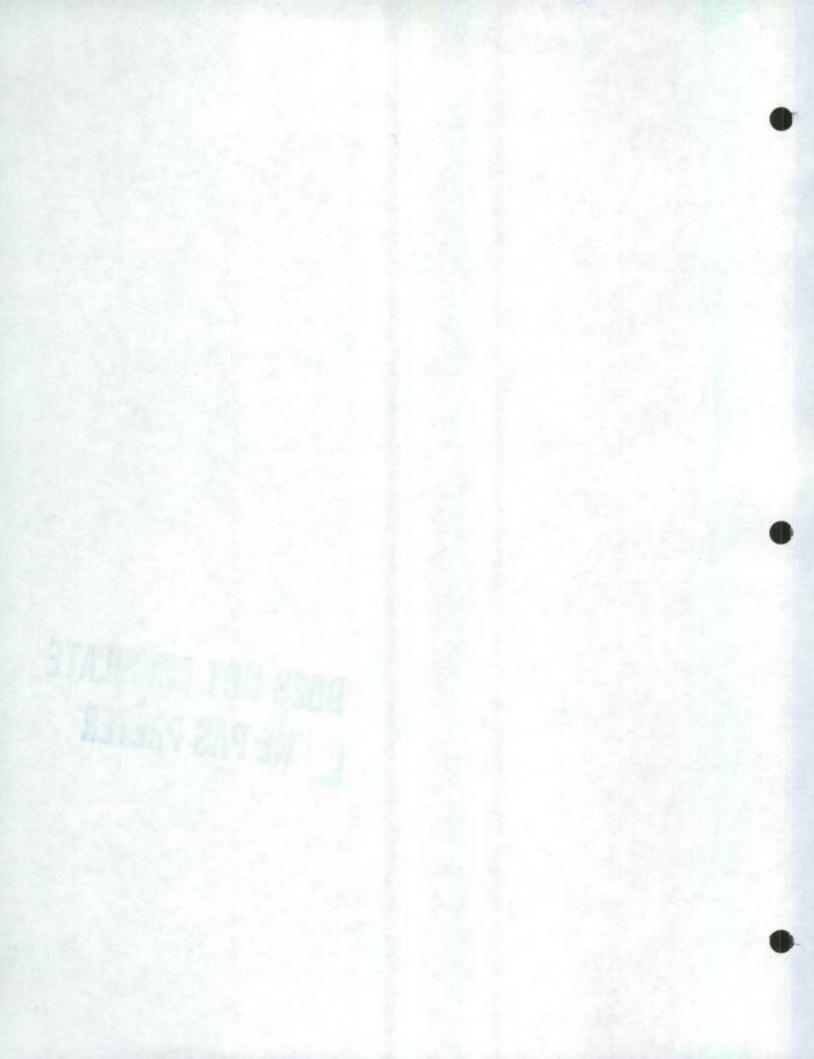
MAN-HOURS AND HOURLY EARNINGS

REPORTED AT

THE FIRST OF NOVEMBER, 1949

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DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS DEPARTMENT OF TRADE AND COMMERCE

MAN-HOURS AND HOURLY EARNINGS

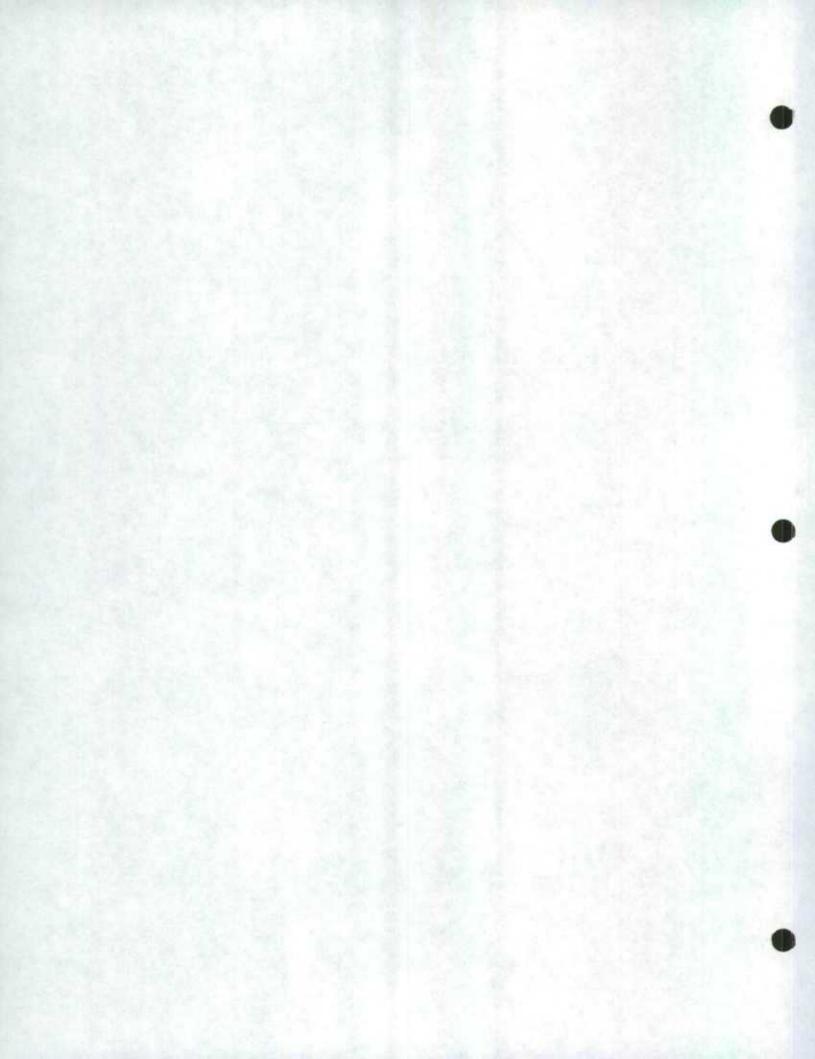
STATISTICS OF AVERAGE HOURS OF WORK, AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS AND AVERAGE WEEKLY WAGES

REPORTED AT

THE FIRST OF NOVEMBER, 1949

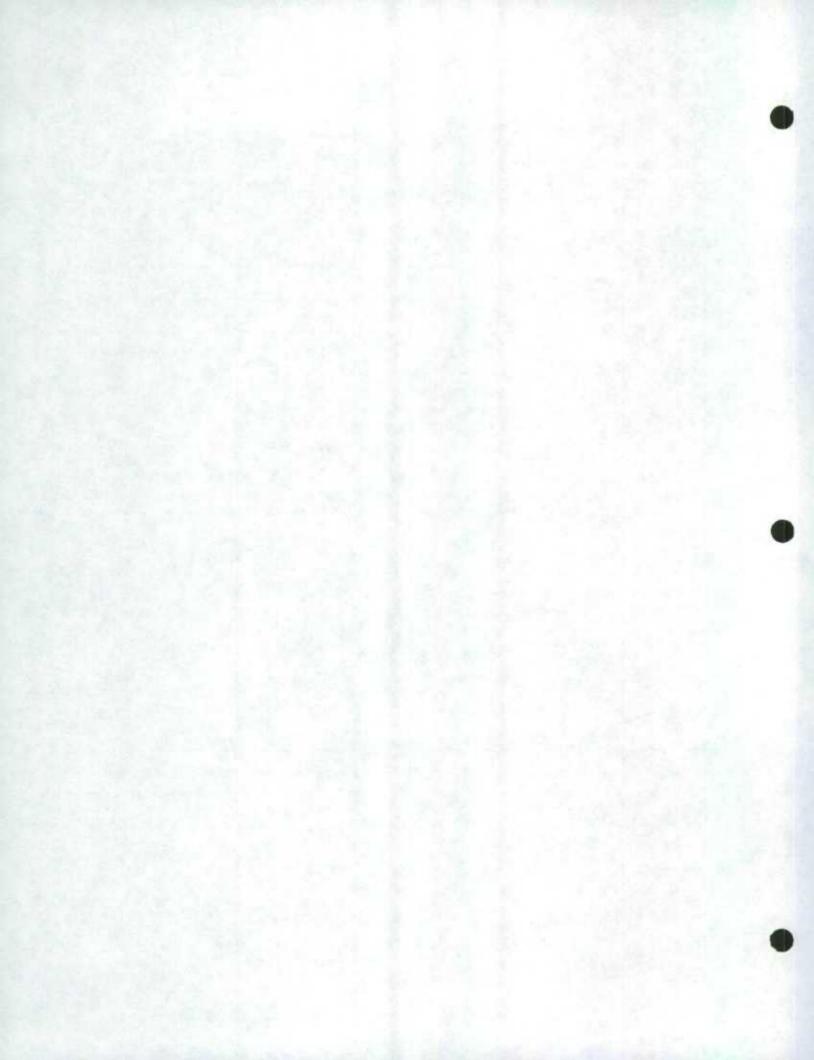
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> Prepared in the Employment Section, of the Labour and Prices Division, Dominion Eureau of Statistics, Ottawa



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EXPLANATION OF THE TERMS USED IN THIS REPORT.

Wage-Earners .- Leading employers are asked to furnish monthly statistics on man-hours on behalf of those wage-earners for whom they keep a record of aggregate hours worked, so that the data relate, in the main, to persons employed at hourly rates. Information for salaried employees is purposely excluded, while in many cases. statistics of man-hours are not available for certain classes of wage-earners, whose earnings, like those of most salaried employees, are not directly dependent upon the number of hours worked; examples of wage-earners frequently excluded are route drivers, piece-workers in many but not all establishments, truck men, etc. In addition, some employers do not keep a record of man-hours for any classes of employees. Accordingly, the number of workers for whom statistics are given in the present bulletin is smaller than the total number of employees, (salaried personnel and wage-earners) for whom statistics of employment and payrolls are obtained in the monthly surveys on these subjects; the results of these surveys are published in the monthly bulletins on employment and payrolls, which also contain data relating to the sex distribution of the workers in recorded employment, an important factor contributing to differences shown in the average earnings in various industries.

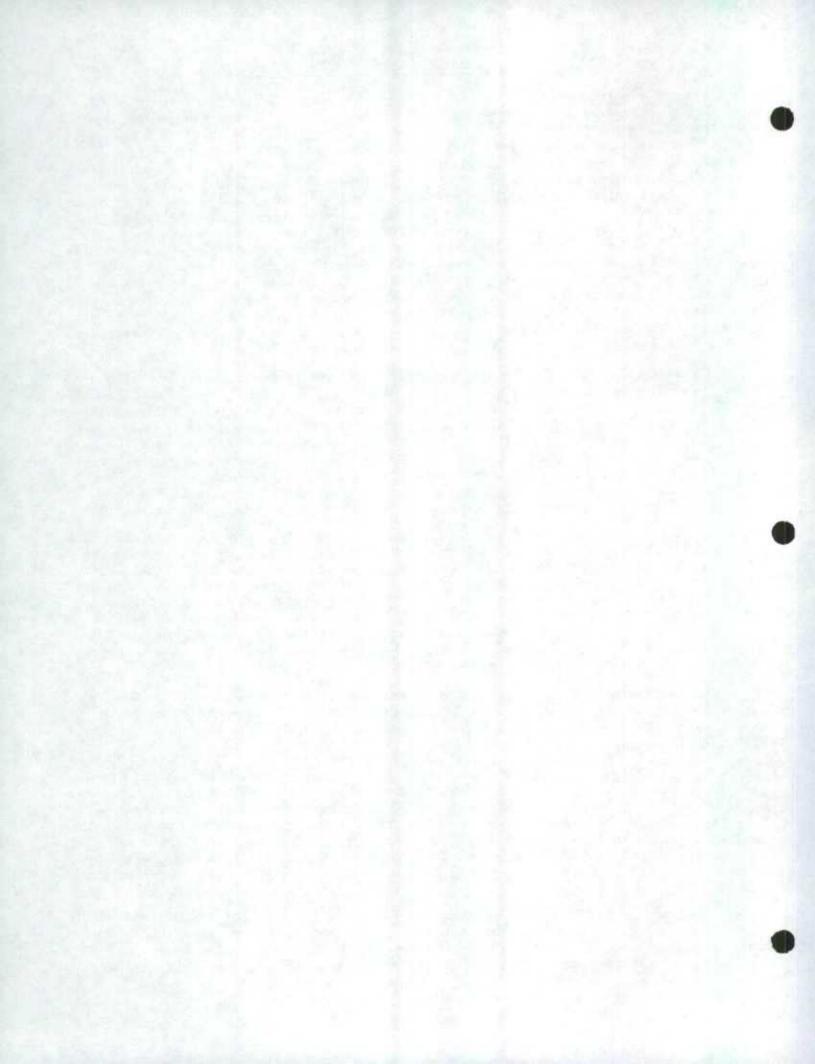
The monthly statistics of average hours and average hourly earnings, like those of employment and average weekly earnings relate, in the main, to establishments usually employing 15 persons and over, the smaller firms being excluded for reasons of economy in terms of cost and time. In the case of the manufacturing industries, (largely represented in the material of the present bulletin), the statistics relate to over 75 p.c. of all the monthly surveys of employment and payrolls. The factories furnishing monthly data on man-hours and hourly earnings in 1946 employed over 81 p.c. of the total wage-earners reported by all manufacturing establishments in the same year, including wage-earners paid by the hour and those employed on other terms.

In mining and construction, data on hours and earnings are currently available for some 85 p.c. and 83 p.c., of the total employees reported to the monthly surveys of employment and payrolls in those industries, respectively; at June 1, 1941, the co-operating mine operators had employed over 96 p.c. of all wage-earners at work as enumerated in the Census, while the employers in construction whose statistics were then received had reported over 79 p.c. of the Census total of employees at work in that group. It should be noted that the comparisons with the Census figures are complicated by differences in the classifications used in compiling the two series, so that the percentages of coverage are only approximate.

Man-Hours. The statistics of man-hours include overtime as well as the hours worked by part-time and casual workers. Hours credited to persons absent on leave with pay in the recorded pay period are included in the statistics as though the hours for which payment was made had been worked.

Wages. The wages reported represent gross earnings before deductions are made for taxes, unemployment insurance, etc.; they do not, however, include the value of board and lodging which in some cases is part of the remuneration of workers. Incentive and production bonuses and overtime payments are included, as are sums paid employees absent on leave with pay during the pay period for which statistics are given. The figures of average weekly wages result from the multiplication of the average hours worked during the period of observation, by the average hourly earnings reported in the same period.

Pay Periods. - Statistics of man-hours and hourly wages reported for periods exceeding one week in duration are reduced by the appropriate proportions to obtain for tabulation purposes the number of hours worked and the hourly earnings in one week in the indicated pay period; such information is then added to the data furnished by employers who pay on a weekly basis, so that, in all cases, the tabulated data represent the situation in one week in each month.



STATISTICS OF MAN-HOURS, HOURLY EARNINGS AND WEEKLY WAGES AS REPORTED BY LEADING EMPLOYERS AT NOV. 1, 1949.

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SUMMARY.

In manufacturing, there was a decrease of 0.9 p.c. in the aggregate hours reported by leading establishments in the week of Nov. 1. The decline as compared with the week of Oct. I resulted from reduced overtime in some industries, and in others, from short time due to inventory taking, industrial disputes and seasonal factors. The number of factory wage-earners for whom man-hours were reported decreased by 1.1 p.c. in the period under review, but the average working week was one-tenth of an hour longer. Mine operators reported an increase of 2.4 p.c. in the aggregate hours worked in their establishments, accompanied by a gain of 0.7 p.c. in the number of wage-earners on their staffs. The average working week in the industry was seven-tenths of an hour longer than at Oct. 1. There was an increase of 0.9 p.c. in the total hours worked by wage-earners on the staffs of the co-operating electric railways and other local transportation companies at Nov. 1, accompanied by an increase of 0.1 p.c. in the number of their wage-earners; on the average, the working week was two-fifths of an hour longer. In building construction, the aggregate hours reported by the co-operating firms dropped by 1.2 p.c. and the number of their wageearners, by 0.6 p.o., resulting in a falling-off of one-fifth of an hour in the length of the average working week. In the service industries for which data are available, the aggregate hours reported decreased by 3.5 p.c., and the number of wage-earners, by 3.3 p.c. The average working week was one-tenth of an hour shorter.

In manufacturing, the total wages reported for the week preceding Nov. 1 declined by 0.6 p.c. as compared with the same period one month earlier; the average hourly earnings, however, increased in this comparison by one-fifth of a cent, to reach 99.5 cents, the maximum figure on record. In mining, the aggregate wages of the co-operating operators increased by four p.c., largely due to wage increases in coal mines; the latest figure of average hourly earnings reported for the mining industry as a whole was 118.6 cents, 1.8 cents above the Oct. 1 figure, and the highest on record. In local transportation, the aggregate wages paid in the week under review increased by 1.4 p.c., and the average hourly earnings advanced by three-fifths of a cent. In building construction, the reported total of wages at Nov. 1 was 0.4 p.c. lower than at Oct. 1, but the average hourly earnings rose by four-fifths of a cent, to reach 109.0 cents, a new maximum in the record of five years. In the included service industries, there was a decline of 2.5 p.c. in the reported wages, but the average hourly earnings increased by seven-tenths of an hour.

1. Manufacturing.

Hours Worked. At Nov. 1, leading manufacturing establishments reported that their wage-earners worked, on the average, one-tenth of an hour longer than during the week of Oct. 1. The average of 42.8 hours at Nov. 1, 1949, however, was three-tenths of an hour shorter than that reported in manufacturing at Nov. 1, 1948.

In plants manufacturing durable goods, the total hours reported in the period under review fell by 1.1 p.c., while the number of wage-earners on the staffs of the representative firms declined by 0.6 p.c. as compared with the week of Oct. 1, 1949. There was a decline in working time in a number of industries in the group; inventory-taking in the agricultural implement industry and industrial disputes in the automotive industry, however, accounted for most of the change. The average number of hours worked in the week of Nov. 1 in the heavy goods industry taken as a whole was 42.8, compared with 43 hours at Oct. 1. The indicated hours in the light manufactured goods division at Nov. 1 were 0.6 p.c. lower than those reported at Oct. 1, but the average working week was two-fifths of an hour longer. The number of wage-earners in this

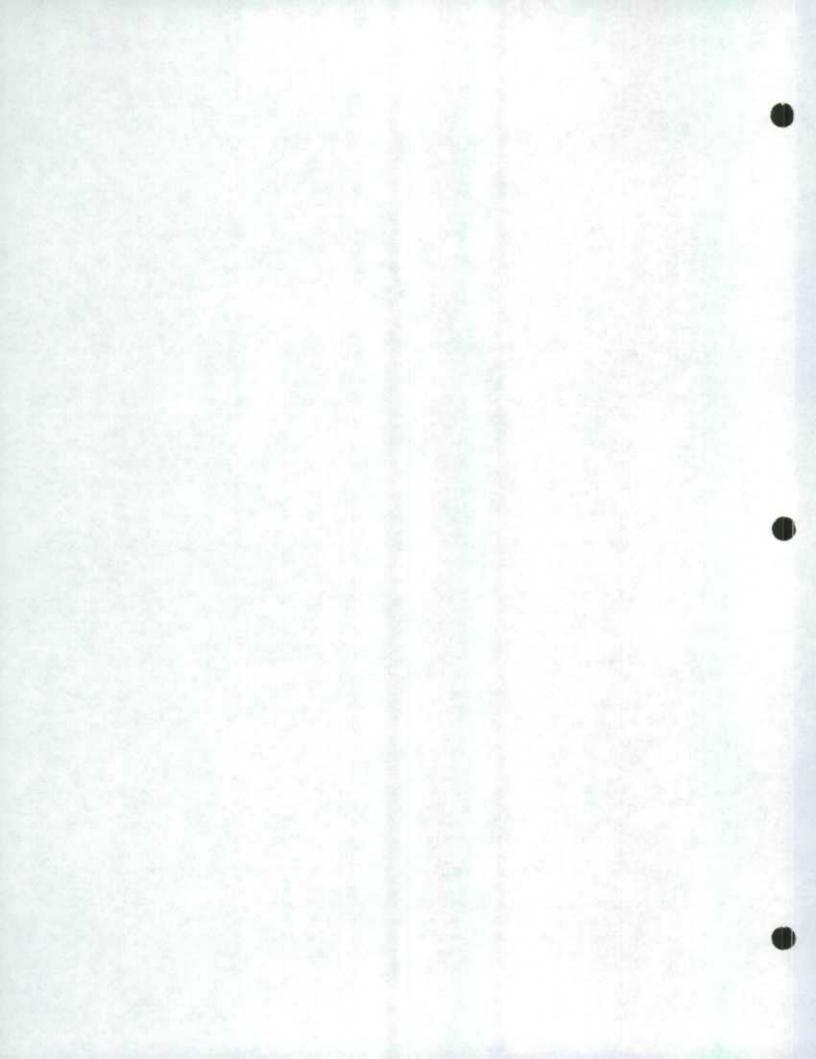


Table A.- Increases in the Average Earnings of Persons Employed by Leading Establishments at Nov. 1, 1949, as compared with the same date in preceding years.

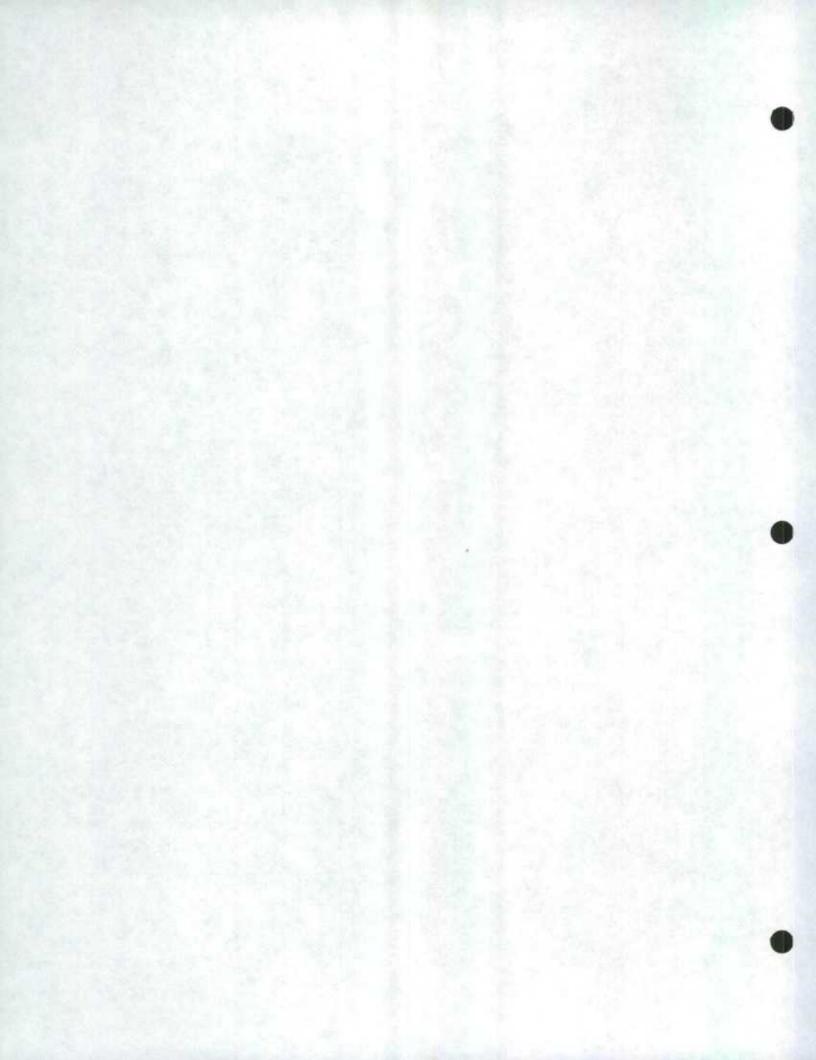
(1) Increases in Average Hourly Earnings and Weekly Wages of Hourly-Rated Wage-Earners

	Hourly-Rated Wage-Earners	Hourl	ase in A y Earnir 1, 1949	igs at	Increase in Average Weekly Wages at Nov. 1, 1949 over		
	Reported at Nov. 1, 1949	Nov. 1 1948	Nov. 1 1947	Nov. 1 1946	Nov. 1 1948	Nov. 1 1947	Nov. 1 1946
(a) Industries	no.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.
Manufacturing	775,885	4.2	17.5	36.5	3.5	17.2	37.8
Mining	72,780	3.0	17.3	32.5	5.4	21.7	36.5
Local transportation	32,491	4.5	16.4	32.5	6.3	19.6	31.9
Building construction	107,712	4.1	13.8	27.0	3.1	15.5	32.2
Services	35,956	6.4	18.0	34.6	6.4	16.6	30.8
Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec Ontario	19,321 14,980 250,819 384,937	6.0 2.3 4.5 3.9	15.0 15.5 18.2 16.9	30.1 31.9 34.1 38.6	4.8 0.1 2.9 4.1	15.2 13.9 16.6 17.8	31.6 29.6 33.2 43.3
Manitoba	29,403	3.6	17.3	33.3	3.2	19.8	35.2
Saskatchewan	5,036	3.7	18.1	42.2	0.9	17.0	38.5
Alberta	14,938	4.9	19.6	38.0	4.9	24.5	40.6
British Columbia	55,996	4.1	17.4	35.2	3.8	16.2	29.5
(c) In Manufacturing, b	v Cities						
Montreal Toronto Hamilton	132,722 114,279 42,248	4.6 3.0 7.5	18.1 16.0 24.3	32.4 36.9 45.2	3.4 4.0 7.3	17.8 18.3 24.6	32.1 43.1 47.0
Winnipeg	26,306	3.6	17.2	32.6	3.6	20.6	35.5
Vancouver	22,523	3.8	16.1	30.8	3.3	15.2	27.1

(2) Increases in Weekly Earnings of Salaried Employees and Wage-Earners and in Weekly Wages of Hourly-Rated Wage-Earners

Increases at Nov. 1, 1949, as compared with:-

	Nov. 1, 1948 in Nov. 1, 1948 in Nov. 1		Nov. 1, 19	47 in	Nov. 1, 1946 in		
CANADA	Salaries and Wages					Weekly	
Galatian Maryalin (St. Valoria)	p.c.	Weekly Salaries Weekly Salaries Weekly Mages Weekly Salaries Weekly Mages p.c. p.c. p.c. p.c. p.c. 3.5 16.9 17.2 34.8 37.6 3.4 16.6 16.3 34.3 36.6	p.c.				
All Manufacturing	3.8	3.5	16.9	17.2	34.8	37.8	
Durable Manufactured Goods	3.6	3.4	16.6	16.3	34.3	36.8	
Non-Durable Manufactured Goods	4.3	3.8	17.3	18.3	35.0	39.0	



category for whom man-hours were reported decreased by 1.6 p.c. in the period under review, largely because of layoffs of casual help in fruit and vegetable processing establishments, and industrial disputes in the rubber industry.

Hourly Earnings.— The hourly earnings reported by the larger manufacturing establishments at Nov. 1 advanced by one-fifth of a cent from the Oct. 1 figure, to reach the all-time maximum of 99.5 cents. Increases in wage-rates in some industries, accompanied by changes in the industrial distribution of the hours reported accounted for most of the increase in the heavy manufacturing industries, in which the earnings reported at Nov. 1 averaged 107.9 cents; this was one-tenth of a cent higher than the previous maximum of 107.8 cents at Oct. 1. The aggregate wages disbursed by the reporting firms, however, declined by one p.c. in the same comparison. Small increases in average hourly earnings were reported in the major industries in this division, with the exception of iron and steel products, in which industrial disputes in the automotive industry affected the situation.

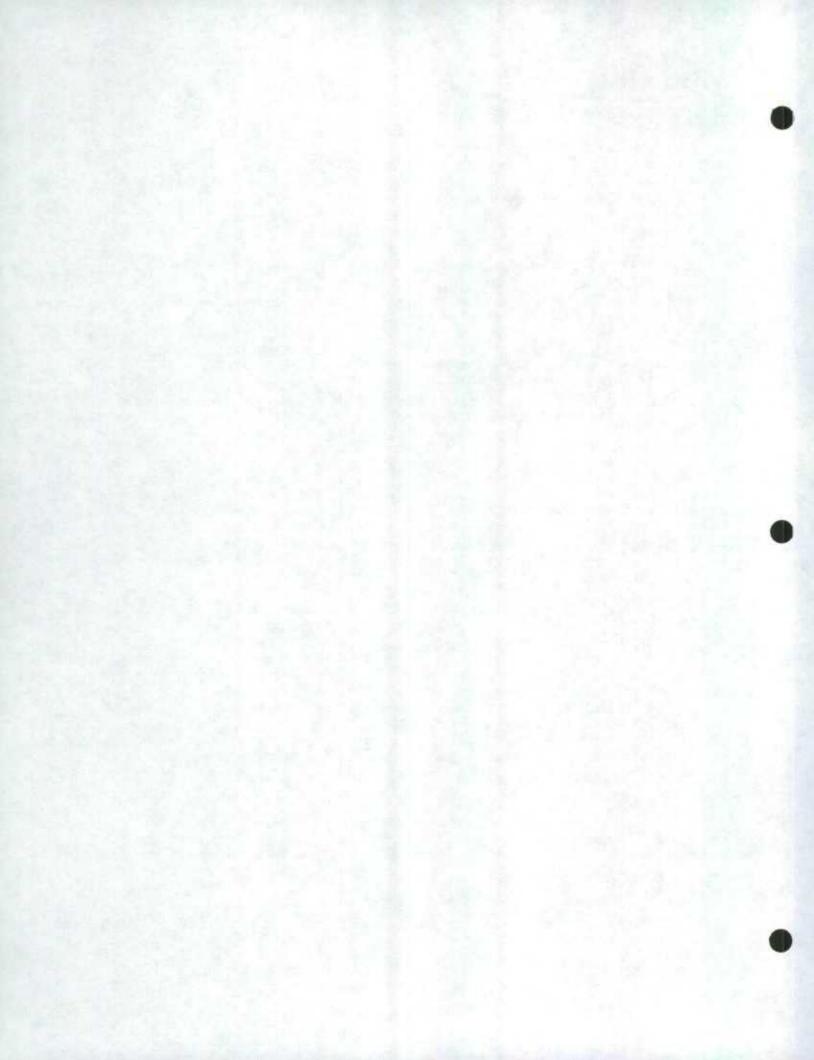
The average hourly earnings reported in the non-durable manufacturing industries as a whole increased by two-fifths of a cent in the period under review, when the aggregate wages reported declined by 0.2 p.c. as compared with the week of Oct. 1. Wage increases in meat-packing plants, together with lay-off of lower-paid seasonal help in food processing establishments, were largely responsible for this advance.

Average Weekly Wages.— The aggregate wages paid to the hourly-rated wagesearners employed by the larger manufacturing establishments at Nov. 1 were 0.5 p.c. below their Oct. 1 total. The latest average was \$42.59, the highest on record, as compared with \$42.40 a month earlier. At Nov. 1, 1948, the weekly wages in manufacturing averaged \$41.16. In the heavy manufactured goods class, the figure at Nov. 1, 1949, was \$46.18, as compared with \$46.35 a month earlier. In the non-durable goods division, the average weekly wages rose from \$38.68 at Oct. 1 to \$39.21 during the period under review.

Table 8 gives a comparison of the average weekly salaries and wages reported monthly by leading manufacturers since Nov. 1, 1945, together with the average weekly wages paid the wage-earners for whom they keep a record of hours worked. The former figures include wage-earners paid by the hour and those paid at other rates, as well as workers paid by salary and commission. On the whole, the wage-earners for whom statistics are given in the present bulletin. as shown in Table 3, form important proportions of the total personnel of the co-operating establishments. At the beginning of November, such employees made up 74.6 p.c. of the total number of persons of all categories on the payrolls of the manufacturers furnishing monthly statistics on employment and payrolls at the same date; in the heavy manufactured goods industries, the ratio was 77.6 p.c., and that in the light manufactured goods division, 71.8 p.c.

The high proportions which the hourly-rated wage-earners constitute of the total employees of the co-operating establishments lend interest to the data in Table 8. In the period under review, the average weekly salaries-and-wages figure for manufacturing as a whole increased by 21 cents from Oct. 1, while the average weekly wages in the same comparison were 19 cents higher. In the durable goods division, the figures of weekly wages decreased by 17 cents between Oct. 1 and Nov. 1; the combined salaries and wages showed a decline of eight cents. In the non-durable goods division 1/That is, of establishments ordinarily employing 15 persons and over. See the monthly bulletins on employment and payrolls. It is estimated that the salaried personnel in manufacturing as a whole usually make up 16 p.c. to 17 p.c. of the total number of employees. Attention is called to the explanatory notes facing

the first page of this bulletin.



of manufacturing, the gain of 53 cents in the average weekly wages was slightly greater than the increase of 45 cents in the figure of average weekly salaries and wages.

2. Non-Manufacturing Industries.

In many of the non-manufacturing industries, few if any of the wage-earners are paid by the hour, with the result that a precise record of the hours worked is not kept. The representation of the non-manufacturing industries in this bulletin is therefore less than that in the manufacturing classes. The following notes deal briefly with the statistics for several of the non-manufacturing classes.

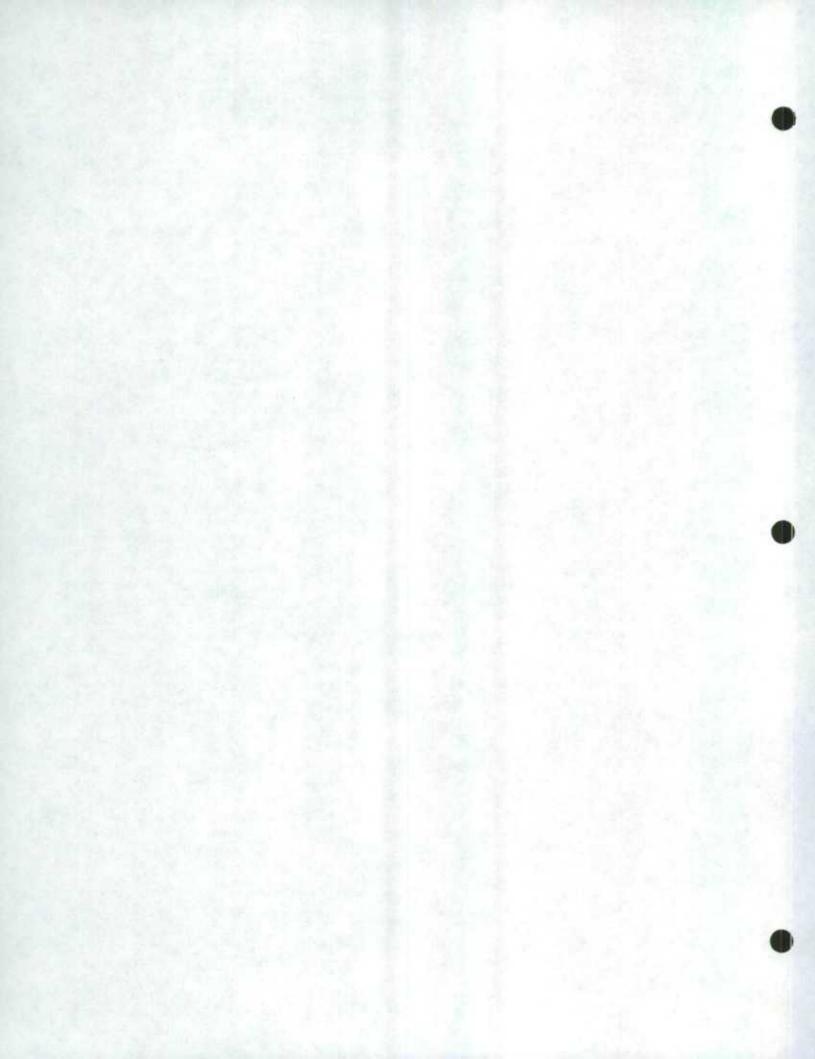
In the week of Nov. 1, the hours worked in the coal-mining industry throughout Canada averaged nine-tenths of an hour longer than at Oct. 1, while the average hourly earnings increased from 127.7 cents to 132.1 cents. The higher earnings largely resulted from wage increases granted to miners in the Nova Scotia coal fields. The average weekly wage in the industry increased from \$50.31 at Oct. 1, to \$53.24 at Nov. 1. Wage-earners engaged in the extraction of metallic ores worked, on the average, 46.5 hours in the week of Nov. 1, a figure seven-tenths of an hour longer than that reported in the preceding month. During the same period, the hourly earnings increased by four-fifths of a cent. In the miscellaneous non-metallic mineral mining group, the average hours worked rose from 44.9 hours in the week of Oct. 1, to 45.5 hours at Nov. 1, when the hourly earnings were higher by one-tenth of a cent than at the former date.

The hours worked by wage-earners in local transportation companies averaged two-fifths of an hour longer during the week of Nov. 1 than during the same period one month earlier. The latest figure was 46 hours. The average hourly earnings increased by three-fifths of a cent in the month, to reach 102 cents an hour at Nov. 1, the maximum figure on record. There was only a slight change in the working time of wage-earners in building construction, the average being 41.3 hours in the week of Nov. 1. compared with 41.5 hours one month earlier. In the same comparison, the average hourly earnings in building construction rose from 108.2 cents at Oct. 1 to 109.0 cents at Nov. 1; it should be noted that variations from time to time in the proportions of skilled and unskilled wage-earners in this industry have a marked influence on the average hourly earnings of workers therein. There was a decline of 4.7 p.c. in the number of wage-earners on the staffs of the co-operating employers in the highway construction group. The average wage-earner in the industry worked a half hour longer. Largely as a result of the lay-off of lower-paid casual labourers, the average hourly earnings increased from 85.4 cents at Oct. 1 to 86.7 cents in the period under review.

With the end of the tourist season, there was a drop of 4.2 p.c. in the number of wage-earners on the staffs of the larger hotels and restaurants between Oct. I and Nov. 1. The average hours worked showed little general change, while the average hourly earnings increased by four-fifths of a cent during the month. The average hours worked by wage-earners in the co-operating laundries and dry-cleaning establishments increased from 40.9 hours in the week of Oct. 1, to 41.0 hours during the period under review; the average hourly earnings increased by one-fifth of a cent to 67.1 cents, the maximum on record.

3. Provincial Statistics for Leading Industries.

The changes in the working hours in manufacturing as a whole in the various provinces in the week of Nov. I as compared with the week of Oct. I were moderate. Longer working time was reported in the provinces of Nova Scotia, Ontario, Manitoba, Alberta and British Columbia. Seasonal activity in fish packing and fruit and vegetable canning plants and candy and confectionary factories resulted in an increase of seven-tenths of an hour in the length of the working week in Nova Scotia. In Alberta,



longer working hours in meat packing plants and sugar refineries were largely responsible for an increase of seven-tenths of an hour in the average working week reported in manufacturing as a whole. The average hours worked in the larger manufacturing plants in Quebec remained unchanged, at 44.4 hours a week. At Nov. 1, the average for New Brunswick was 44.7 hours, compared with 45.4 hours at Oct. 1; the falling-off largely resulted from the decrease in time worked in fish packing and curing plants. The average working week in Saskatchewan was three-fifths of an hour shorter at the date under review than one month earlier. With the exception of Ontario and Alberta, the working time was shorter in all provinces than in the week of Nov. 1, 1948. In Ontario, the working week was one-tenth of an hour longer. In Alberta, no change was reported in the general average.

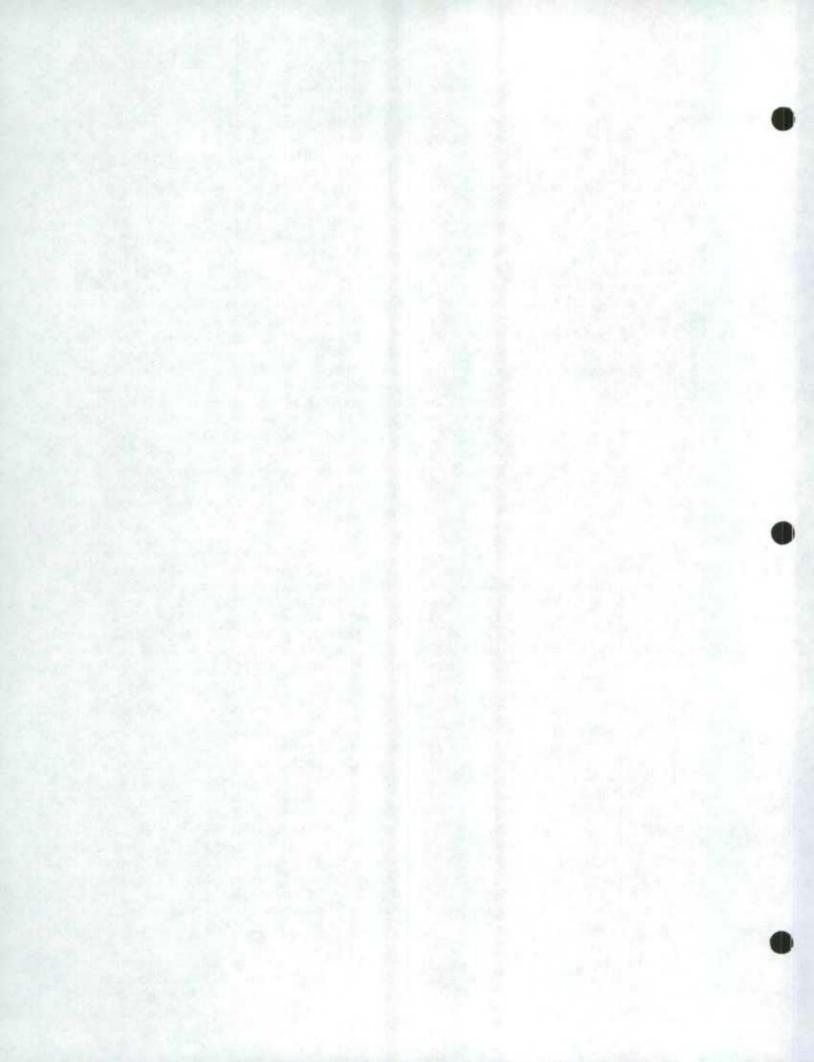
Advances in the average hourly earnings in manufacturing as a whole were reported by firms in all provinces except Nova Scotia. In this province, the average hourly earnings decreased from 90.8 cents at Oct. 1, 1949, to 89.9 cents at the date under review, largely the result of seasonal increases in the hours worked by wage-earners in food-processing plants where wages are below the general average. The largest gain in the menth was reported in British Columbia, where the average hourly earnings advanced from 118.1 cents to 119.4 cents, the maximum figure on record. Lay-offs of lower-paid casual help in fruit and fish processing plants, together with longer hours and increases in wage rates in the iron and steel industry accounted for most of the gain. The average hourly earnings in Ontario, Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta also reached new all-time high levels at Nov. 1. In Alberta, the increase of 0.5 cents in the average hourly earnings was due mainly to overtime and wage adjustments in the meat packing and oil refining industries. The general changes in the average hourly earnings reported in manufacturing as a whole in the other provinces were slight.

In all areas, the Nov. 1, 1949, figures were well above the averages for Nov. 1, 1948, the increases ranging from two cents in New Brunswick to 5.1 cents in Nova Scotia. In the same period, the general average in Canada has risen by four cents. In considering the changes taking place in the provincial figures in recent months, shown in Table A on page 2, it must be remembered that the industrial and the related sex distribution of the wage-earners reported by leading firms in the various areas have an important influence on the differences in the amounts by which the figures of hourly earnings in manufacturing as a whole have risen.

4. Statistics for the Larger Cities.

Table 5 contains statistics of average hours worked and average hourly earnings in manufacturing as a whole in the larger cities in the last 25 months. In Montreal, Toronto and Winnipeg, the wage-earners in manufacturing for whom data on man-hours are reported worked slightly longer hours during the week of Nov. I than they did during that of Oct. 1. In Montreal and Winnipeg, the increase amounted to one-tenth of an hour, while in Toronto, the average was three-fifths of an hour greater. In Vancouver, the working week reported for wage-earners employed in manufacturing establishments remained constant, at 37.8 hours. In Hamilton, there was a decrease of four-fifths of an hour in the working week. This latter decline was largely the result of shorter working hours in the iron and steel industry. As compared with a year ago, reductions in working time were reported in Montreal, Hamilton and Vancouver; but in Toronto, there was an increase of two-fifths of an hour in the average hours, while in Winnipeg, the working time was unchanged in the 12 months.

The reported hourly earnings in manufacturing as a whole in the larger cities showed little or no general change in the month. The average earnings in Montreal and Winnipeg increased by 0.2 cents. The latest increase in the Winnipeg figure brought it to 96 cents, a maximum for the five-year record. The earnings in Toronto remained unchanged in the period under review, while in Hamilton and Vancouver,



decreases of 0.1 cents and 0.2 cents, respectively, were reported. As compared with Nov. 1, 1948, the hourly earnings in manufacturing at Nov. 1 have risen in all the larger cities, the increase ranging from a gain of three cents in Toronto, to 7.9 cents in Hamilton.

The advances in the average hourly rates in the larger cities at Nov. 1 compared with the same date in earlier years, as shown in Table A and in Table 5, were considerable, although the rates of increase are not so large as those indicated in similar comparisons in preceding reports. It should again be pointed out that the variations in the average rates in manufacturing as a whole in the cities are due, in part, to differences in the industrial distributions of the wage-earners for whom statistics are available. The related sex distributions of the wage-earners reported by leading establishments in the various provinces and cities also have an important influence on the differences in the amounts by which the hourly earnings in manufacturing as a whole have risen during the period of observation.

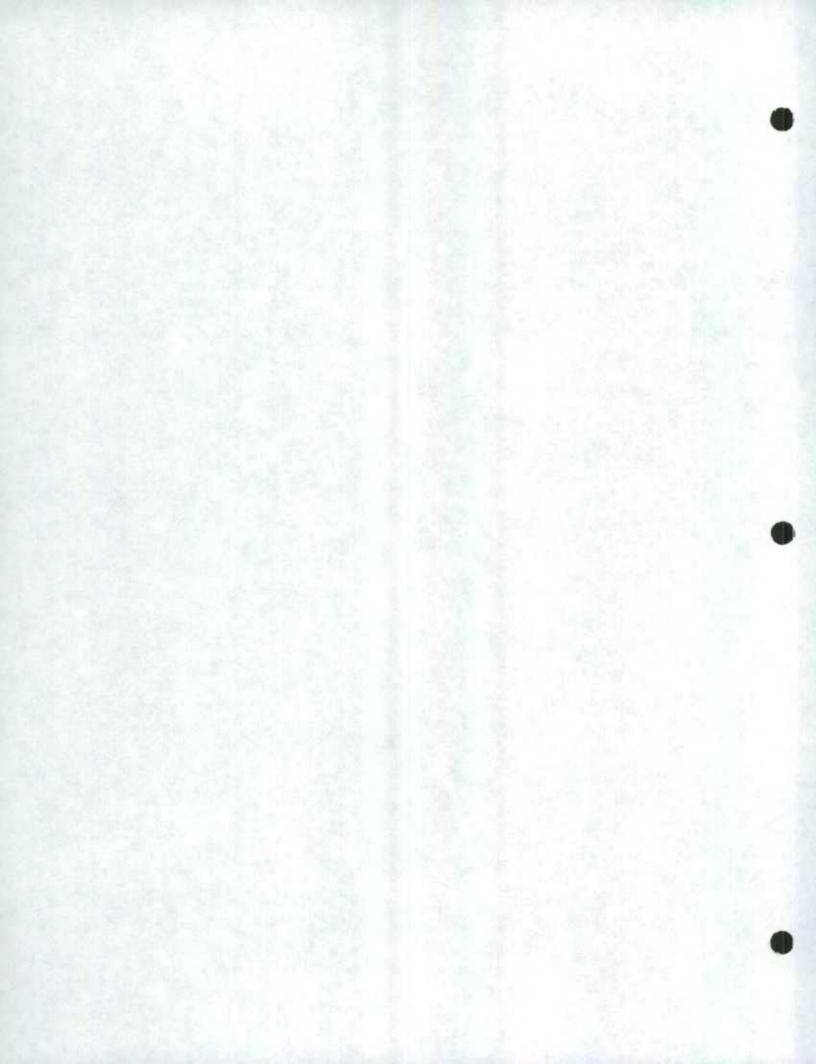


Table 1.- Average Hours and Average Hourly and Weekly Earnings of Wage-Earners for Whom Data are Available at Nov.1, 1949,
With Comparative Figures for Oct.1, 1949 and Nov.1, 1948.

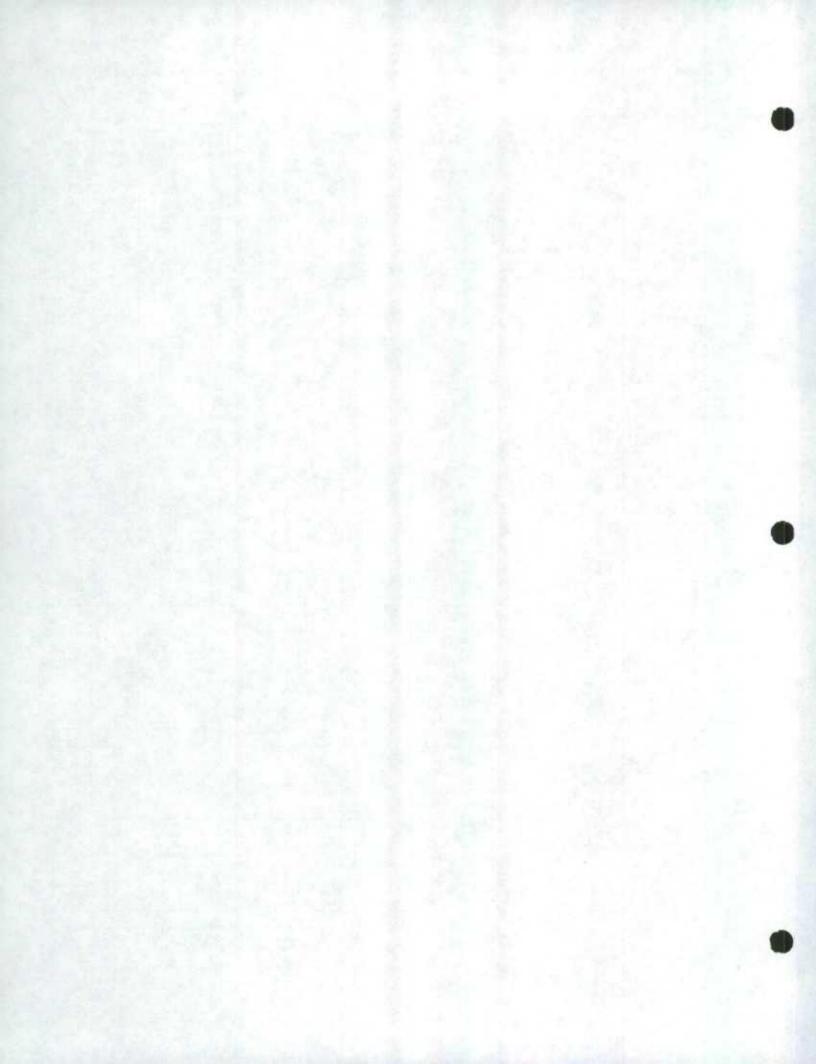
		rage Hour k Reporte			age Hou		Aver	age Week	ly —	Wage-Earners3/
Industries	Nov. 1 1949	Oct. 1 1949	Nov. 1 1948		Oct. 1 1949		Nov. 1 1949	Oct. 1 1949	Nov. 1 1948	Working Hours Shown in Col. 1
	no.	no.	no.	cts.	cts.	ots.	\$		*	no.
ANUFACTURING	42.8	42.7	43.1	99.5	99.3	95.5	42.59	42.40	41.16	776,885
#Durable manufactured goods	42.8	43.0	43.2	107.9	107.8	103.4	46.18	46.35	44.67	381,061
Non-durable manufactured goods	42.9	42.5	43.1	91.4	91.0	87.6	39.21	38.68	37.76	394,824
Animal products - edible	43.5	41.9	43.3	100.3	98.3	93.8	43.63	41.19	40.62	23,756
Dairy products Meat products	46.6 43.8	45.5	46.4	76.4	75.9	103.6	35.60	34.53	33.73	3,505
Leather products	40.3	40.7	40.6	76.3	75.7	73.8	30.75	30.81	29.96	23,095
Leather boots and shoes	39.3	40.1	40.1	73.8	73.3	71.1	29.00	29.39	28.51	14,745
#Lumber products	42.0	42.2	41.6	91.4	90.9	88.5	38,39	38.36	36.82	68,119
Rough and dresned lumber	41.2	41.5	41.0	96.9	96.0	93.4	39.92	39.84	38,29	41,546
Containers	45.6	44.5	44 1	76.7	76.8	77.7	34.98	33.95	34.27	4,246
Furniture Musical instruments	43.3	45.5	42.4	86.6	86.7 85.2	83.6	37.50	37.45	35.45 36.40	15,638 903
Plant products - edible	44.2	42.0	43.1	77.1	76.4	73.6	34.08	32.09	31.72	49,612
Flour and other milled products	45.9	46.4	45.1	96.0	95.9	90.2	44.06	44.50	40.68	5,185
Fruit and vegetable preserving	43.4	39.2	40.9	72.2	72.9	70.4	31.33	28.58	28.79	11,145
Bread and bakery products	43.9	43.7	43.4	78.6	79.0	75.5	34.51	34.52	32,77	8,096
Chocolate and cocoa products Pulp and paper products	43.3	42.9	43.0 45.6	108.8	103.5	105.2	28,58	28.49 48.93	27.31 47.97	9,298 82,473
Pulp and paper mills	45.5	47.9	49.1	114.3	113.8	112.5	55.44	54,51	55.24	41,303
Paper products	44.1	44.0	43.1	86.0	85.8	81.5	37.93	37,75	35.13	16,936
Printing and publishing	41.0	41.0	40.7	115.0	114.8	105.8	47.15	47.07	43.06	24,234
Rubber products	42.0	40.9	43.1	101.9	102.9	104.1	42.80	42.09	44.87	16,472
Textiles - all branches Thread, yearn and cloth	41.2	41.4	41.7	80.4	80.6	75.2	33.12	33.37	31.36	126,808
Cotton yarn and cloth	43.7	43.8	44.3	84.7	84.8	77.1	37.01	36.76	34.16	51,217 20,643
Woollen yarn and cloth	43.7	43.6	43.7	79.7	79.7	75.5	34.83	34.75	32.99	11,690
Synthetic silk and silk goods	44.9	45.6	46.1	86.8	86.7	77.3	38.97	39,54	35.64	14,504
Hosiery and knit goods	41.8	41.2	41.3	75.3	75.3	70.0	31.48	31.02	28.91	20,421
Garments and personal furnishings	37.7	38.3	36.3	76.4	76.9	73.9	28.80	29.45	28.30	42,143
Tobacco Reverages	43.7	43.6	42.8	89.6	89.3	96.2	39.16	38.93	36.12 41.85	7,615
Distilled and malt liquor	42.3	42.0	42.8	104.7	105.3	101.4	44.29	44.23	43.40	10,142
Chemicals and allied products	44.0	43.7	44.0	99.5	99.3	95.1	43.78	43.39	41.84	25,162
Drugs and medicines	42.2	41.6	42.0	83.1	82.9	78.5	35.07	34.49	32.97	3,827
#Clay, glass and stone products	45.6	45.8	45.5	98.4	98.1	93.3	44.87	44.93	42.45	17,828
Class products Lims, gypsum and cement products	46.2	45.9	45.7	94.3	93.7	89.0	43.57	43.01	40.67	5,273
AElectrical apparatus	42.2	41.8	41.4	109.4	109.3	104.3	46.17	47.02	43.76	4,792
Heavy electrical apparatus1/	43.0	42.7	43.0	121.8	121.7	115.5	52.37	51.97	49.67	9,364
Alron and steel products	42.6	43.1	43.6	113.4	113.6	108.3	48.31	48.92	47.22	222,244
Crude, rolled and forged products	43.7	43.2	44.8	120.5	120.0	110.8	52.66	51.84	49.64	31,721
Primary iron and steel Machinery (other than vehicles)	43.4	43.1	44.6	122.6	122.2	112.4	53.21	52.67	50.13	25,847
Agricultural implements	43.3	43.5	44.8	105.3	104.9 113.8	99.9	45.69	45.63	44.76	19,655
Land vehicles and sircraft	42.1	43.4	43.3	117.9	118.5	115.1	49.64	51.43		88,401
Railway rolling stock	43.5	44.3	44.6	114.3	113.7	112.3	49.72	50.37	50.09	40,701
Automobiles and parts	39.9	42.4	41.4	123.7	125.4	122.4	49.35	53.17	50.67	39,902
Aeroplanes and parts Steel shipbuilding and repairing	46.1	43.8	44.6	109.8	110.7	100.1	50.62	48,49		7,062
Iron and steel fabrication n.e.s.	43.0	42.6	42.5	109.0	108.4	102.8	47.32	45.75	46.50	11,728 8,610
Hardware, tools and cutlery	43.2	42.8	43.5	98.1	98.6	95.0	42.38	42.20	41.33	9,801
Foundry and machine shop products	43.2	42.3	44.4	111.6	111.0	105.7	48.21	46.95		8,514
Sheet metal work	43.4	42.8	42.9	102.5	102.4	97.0	44.49	43,83	41.61	12,675
#Non-ferrous metal products	44.1	43.5	44.0	109.2	108.9	103.6	48.16	47.37	45.58	35,041
Smelting and refining Aluminum and ite products	45.0	44.4		118.8	118.1		53.46	52.44		16,086
Brass and copper manufacturing	42.8	42.4	42.8	106.8	106.1	99.1	43.62	44.99	42, 41	4,204 8,149
Non-metallic mineral products	43.0	42.1	43.0	119.5	118.9	113.0	51,39	50.06		10,025
Petroleum and its products	42.5	41.3	41.8	127.2	126.3	121.3	54.06	52.16		6,365
Miscellaneous manufactured products	41.9	42.2	41.6	86.8	86.1	81.9	35.95	36.33		16,943
eining Cool	44.5	43.8	43.5	138.6	116.8	115.1	52.78	51.16		72,780
Coal Metallic ores	46.5	39.4 45.8	39.4 45.3	132.1	127.7	127.7	53.24	60.31 53.31	50.31	21,507
Non-metallio minerala (except coal)	45.5	44.9	45.3	102.6	102.5	99.4	46.68	46.02		12,774
LOCAL TRANSPORTATION2/	46.0	45.6	45.2	102.0	101.4	97.6	46.92	46.24		32.491
BUILDING CONSTRUCTION	41.3	41.6	41.7	109.0	108.2	104.7	45.02	44.90	43.66	107,712
HIGHWAY CONSTRUCTION	38.1	38.6	39.1	86.7	85.4	81.0	33.03	32.96		49,739
BERVICES (as indicated below) Hotels and restaurants	41.9	42.5	41.9	65.0	64.3	61.1	27.24	27.0)	25.60	36,958
Personal (chiefly laundries)	41.0	40.9	41.2	63.9	66.9	60.7	27.09	26.82		23,910

AThe industries classed in the durable naturactured goods industries are indicated by an asterisk.

I/Since 1941, the Dominion Eurcau of Statistics has prepared current indexes of average hourly earnings of the employees of eight establishments producing heavy electrical apparatus. Hased upon the hourly earnings at June 1, 1941, as 100 p.c., the latest figures are as follows: Sept. 1, 1949, 228.1; Oct. 1, 1949, 230.9; Nov. 1, 1949, 231.1; at Nov. 1, 1948, the index was 219.2.

2/Chiefly street and electric railways.

3/For information respecting the zex distribution of the persons in recorded employment, see monthly bulletins on employment and payrolls.



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Table 2.- Average Hours Worked and Average Hourly Earnings of Hourly-Rated Wage-Earners in Manufacturing as a Whole and in the Manufacture of Durable Goods and of Non-Durable Goods.

100	HAVE	The state of the s	rage Hours Wor	T-Marine Marine	The state of the s	All Average Hourly Earnings				
	eek	Manu-		Non-Durable	Manu-		Non-Durabl			
Pre	ceding		Durable Goods	Goods		Durable				
		No.	No.	No.	g.	g.	\$			
Nov.	1, 1945	44.9	45.3	44.6	67.5	74.8	60.6			
Dec.	1	44.8	44.9	44.6	67.0	74.0	60.6			
Jan.	1, 1946	38.1	37.5	38.7	67.9	74.7	61.7			
Feb.	1	44.1	44.4	43.8	68.1	75.2	61.3			
Mar.	1	44.0	44.2	43.9	67.9	74.5	61.5			
Apr.	1	44.4	44.6	44.2	68.4	75.1	61.8			
May	1	43.0	43.2	42.8	68.9	75.5	62.4			
June	1	42.0	42.1	41.9	69.1	75.1	63.3			
July	1	42.4	42.8	42.1	70.0	75.7	64.1			
Aug.	1	43.0	43.2	42.8	70.0	75.8	64.4			
Sept.	1	42.7	42.6	42.7	70.6	76.5	65.1			
Oct.	1	42.9	42.8	42.9	71.4	77.8	65.7			
Nov.	1	42.4	42.5	42.3	72.9	79.4	66.7			
Dec.	1	43.2	43.2	43.2	74.5	81.8	67.6			
Jan.	1, 1947	38.1	38.0	38.1	76.3	83.3	69.4			
Feb.	1	43.2	43.2	43.1	76.4	83.5	69.4			
Mar.	1	43.4	43.6	43.2	77.1	84.2	69.9			
Apr.	1	43.2	43.4	43.1	77.6	84.8	70.5			
lay	1	43.2	43.3	43.1	78.3	85.4	71.2			
June	1	42.9	43.0	42.7	79.9	86.2	73.4			
July	1	42.0	42.5	41.6	80.8	86.8	74.7			
lug.	1	42.5	42.6	42.3	81.3	87.7	74.8			
Sopt.		42.3	42.5	42.2	82.2	88.8	75.7			
Oct.	1	43.1	43.5	42.6	83.4	90.6	76.2			
Vov.	ī	42.9	43.2	42.7	84.7	91.9	77.6			
Dec.	1	43.5	43.8	43.2	85.6	92.8	78.3			
Jan.	1, 1948	38.3	38.5	38.1	86.6	92.9	80.0			
	1	42.8	42.7	42.8	86.6	93.2	80.1			
Mar.	i	43.2	43.4	43.0	88.0	95.0	80.8			
Apr.	î	41.6	41.8	41.4	89.0	95.6	82.1			
May	1	43.1	43.4	42.7	89.4	96.2	82.4			
June	1	41.7	41.6	41.7	91.4	98.4	84.4			
July	1	42.0	42.3	41.6	92.3	99.2	85.2			
Aug.	1	42.1	42.0	42.1	92.7	99.8	85.6			
Sept.		41.7	42.0	41.5	93.4	100.9	85.8			
Oct.	1	43.0	43.3	42.7	94.6	102.6	86.6			
Nov.	1	43.1	43.2	43.1	95.5	102.6	87.6			
Dec.	1	43.2	43.4	43.1	96.0	103.4	87.7			
Jan.	1, 1949	40.6	41.0	40.2	97.2	104.8	89,3			
Feb.	_	42.9	43.2	42.7	97.2	105.0	89.3			
Mar.	1	43.0	43.2	42.7	97.6	105.3	89.6			
	1	42.9	43.2	42.6	98.2	105.7	90.3			
Apr.	1	42.5	42.7	42.3	98,6	106.2	90.7			
May June	1	40.8	41.1	40.5	99.1	106.5	91.5			
	1		42.4		99.1	106.7				
July	1	41.8		41.2			91.3			
Aug.	1	41.9	42.1	41.7	98.8	106.5	91.1			
Sept.	_	42.4	42,5	42.2	98.4	106.6	90.4			
Oct.	1	42.7	43.0 42.8	42.5 42.9	99.3 99.5	107.8	91.0 91.4			

*The averages at these dates were affected by loss of working time at the year-and helidays in the case of Jan. 1, and by the Easter holidays in the case of Apr. 1, 1948 and May 1, 1946.

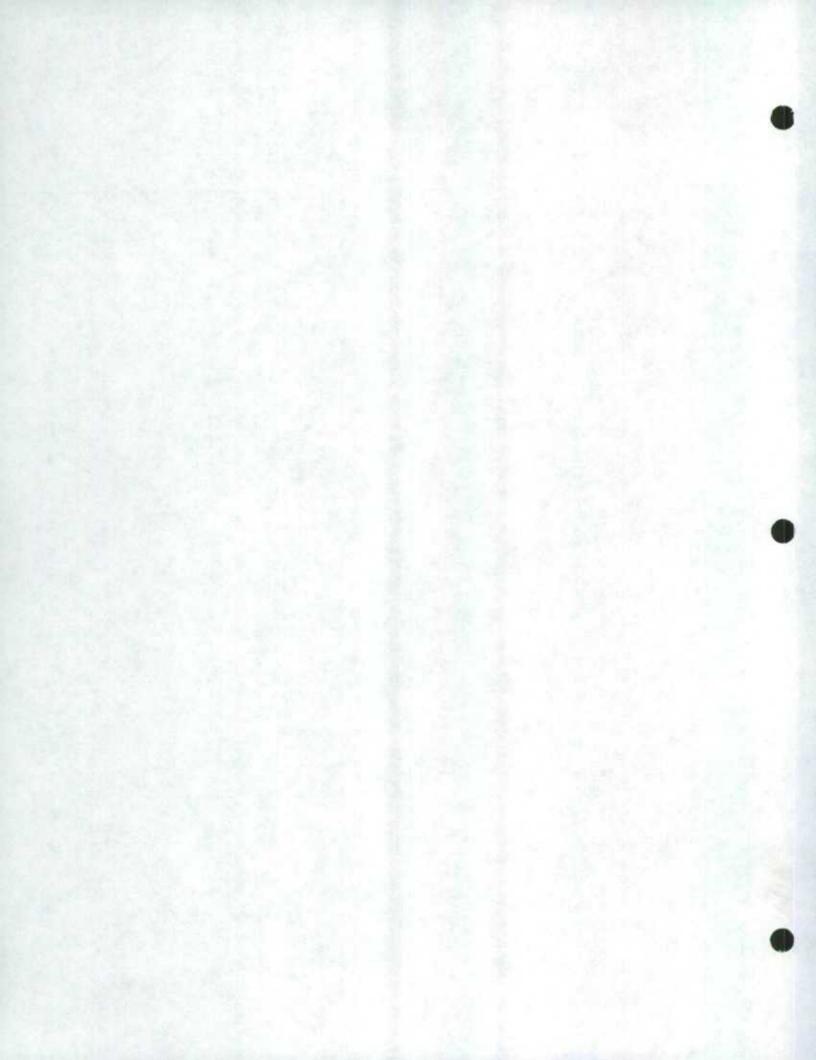


Table 3.- Average Hours Worked and Average Hourly Earnings of Hourly-Rated Wage-Earners in Specified Non-Manufacturing Industries. (Continued)

			in Specified	Non-Manu	facturing Ind	ustries. (Cont	inued)
Week	of		Mining All Branches	Coal Mining		Non-Metallic Mining	Local Transportation
			(a)	Average	Hours Worked	Per Week	
Nov.	1.	1947	42.9	38.4	44.8	45.5	44.8
Dec.	1	2011	43.5	38.9	45.7	45.9	45.4
*Jan.	_	1948	36.6	30.5	39.0	41.6	43.7
Feb.	1	1010	43.8	40.0	45.4	43.9	45.4
Mar.	1		42.9	36.4	46.0	45.3	45.5
	_		42.3	38.6	44.2		
*Apr.	1					43.4	44.4
May	1		43.2	39.4	45.1	44.8	44.9
June	1		42.7	37.8	45.1	44.3	44.4
July	1		43.0	38.1	45.0	45.6	45.4
Aug.	1		42.9	39.5	44.6	43.7	45.4
Sept.	1		43.2	39.6	45.0	43.0	45.7
Oct.	1		43.4	39.0	45.4	44.7	45.2
Nov.	1		43.5	39.4	45.3	45.3	45.2
Dec.	1		44.0	40.3	46.1	44.4	45.6
*Jan.	1,	1949	38.4	31.2	41.8	41.0	44.5
Feb.	1		44.0	40.3	45.9	44.9	45.4
Mar.	1		42.5	37.4	45.5	42.5	45.7
Apr.	1		42.3	36.6	45.5	42.6	45.5
May	1		41.4	34.7	44.6	42.9	45.4
June	1		41.2	33.5	45.4	40.9	44.7
July	1		42.6	37.8	45.5	41.8	45.4
Aug.	ī		42.9	39.0	45.1	43.0	45.6
Sept.			42.9	38.4	45.1	43.6	46.1
Oct.	î		43.8	39.4	45.8	44.9	45.6
Nov.	î		44.5	40.3	46.5	45.5	46.0
			2.24.3		rly Earnings	Fe 11 11 2 2	
			213				TW TAY
Nov.	1,	1947	101.1	110.3	103.0	82.3	87.6
Dec.	1		103.0	111.9	104.4	84.6	88.4
Jan.	1,	1948	104.1	115.3	104.3	86.4	90.8
Feb.	1		104.5	109.9	105.9	92.8	91.2
Mar.	1		108.1	120.2	106.6	94.5	91.7
Apr.	1		110.7	124.8	108.3	95.2	92.4
May	1		111.0	126.2	108.1	94.3	92.2
June	1		110.6	126.0	108.4	93.9	93.2
July	1		111.8	124.9	111.2	94.6	94.0
Aug.	1		113.5	125.8	113.4	95.5	95.1
Sept.			113.9	126.7	113.7	96.6	95.9
Oct.	1		114.8	126.8	114.6	98.5	97.3
Nov.	1		115.1	127.7	114.1	99.4	97.6
Dec.	1		115.3	127.4	114.2	99.4	97.6
		1040	117.1	130.6	115.9	101.6	97.8
Jan. Feb.	-	1949	116.0	128.2	113.7	101.8	97.9
	1		118.1	127.6	115.9	105.3	98.1
Mar.	1			127.3	115.1	105.8	98.4
Apr.	1		117.5			104.4	98.7
day	1		117.2	126.4	116.2		
June	1		117.0	127.3	116.0	103.7	99.1
July	1		116.6	125.8	116.0	103.0	99.5
Aug.	1		115.9	127.4	115.3	101.6	101,6
Sept.			115.8	126.9	115.9	101.0	101.3
Oct.	1		116.8	127.7	116.4	102.5	101.4
Nov.	1		118.6	132.1	117.2	102.6	102.0

*See footnote on page 8.

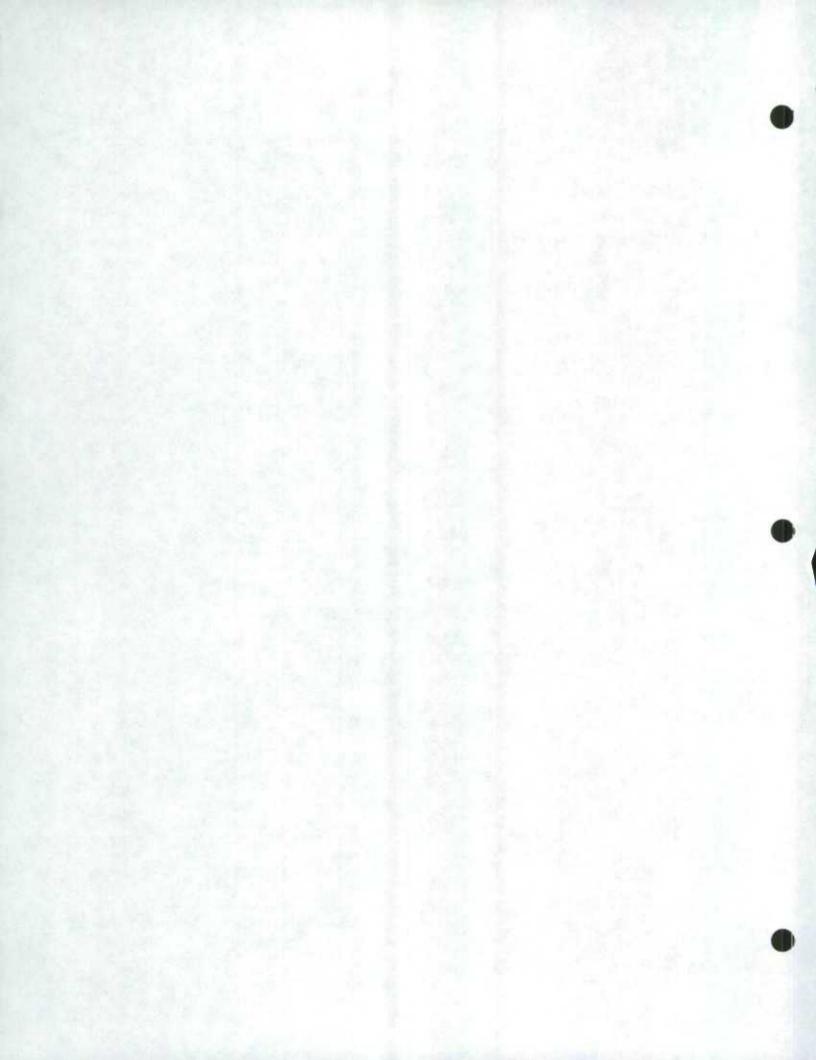
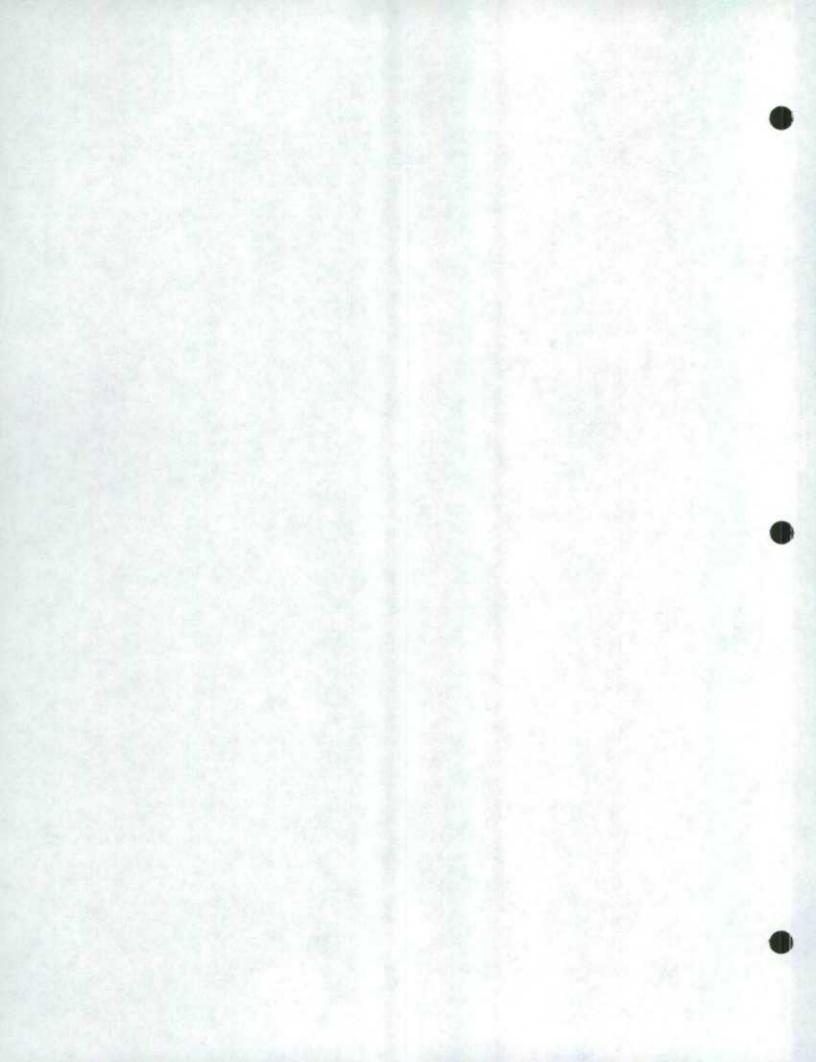


Table 3.- Average Hours Worked and Average Hourly Earnings of Hourly-Rated Wage-Earners in Specified Non-Manufacturing Industries. (Concluded)

			opacified .	Mon-manuracturin	g industries.	(Concluded)	
			Building	Highway	Services	Hotels	Personal
War	ak c	of	Construction	Construction	as Specified		
Min Marian	- Moderne, jejer jelgere		and the second of the second o	a) Average Hours	ROMPHERSON CO.	Trible and collection also also developed and train	
			'	a) Avorage nours	HOLKAC TAL HAG	7K	
Nov.	1,	1947	40.7	37.4	42.4	43.2	40.9
Dec.	1		40.9	36.6	42.4	42.9	41.2
*Jan.	1.	1948	33.8	35.6	41.2	43.1	37.6
Feb.	1		40.1	38.2	42.6	43.6	40.6
Mar.	1		41.2	39.8	43.0	43.8	41.3
*Apr.	ī		37.6	36.6	43.1	44.0	41.8
May			40.8	35.7	42.9	43.5	41.8
June	1		38.8	37.2	42.3	43.1	40.6
July	1		40.0	38.0	41.9	42.9	39,9
· ·			40.8	35.8	42.4	43.4	40.3
Aug.	1			38.3			
Sept.			40.9		42.1	43.0	40.3
Oct.	1		41.8	39.2	42.2	42.7	41.0
Nov.	1		41.7	39.1	41.9	42.2	41.2
Dec.	1	2010	41.1	37.0	42.4	42.9	41.4
*Jan.		1949	35.6	35.9	41.4	42.8	38.5
Feb.	1		39.6	40.6	42.2	42.9	40.8
Mar.	1		40.8	40.3	42.4	43.4	40.6
Apr.	1		40.5	39.1	42.5	43.4	41.2
May	1		40.4	35.2	42.3	43.0	41.1
June	1		38.6	38.1	41.8	42.7	40.1
July	1		39.1	39.9	42.3	43.1	40.7
Aug.	1		41.1	40.3	42.2	43.2	40.1
Sept.	1		41.1	39.4	42.5	43.4	40.5
Oct.	1		41.5	38.6	42.0	42.5	40.9
Nov.	1		41.3	38.1	41.9	42.4	41.0
			(h) A	Harrier Va	uminum (du nout	101	
			(D) K	verage Hourly Ea	Luinge (In can	08)	
Nov.	1.	1947	95.8	74.7	55.1	53.8	58.0
Dec.	-		96.5	74.7	56.0	54.7	58.6
Jan.		1948	96.5	76.0	55.8	54.4	59.1
Feb.	1	2000	99.3	77.5	55.8	54.6	58.4
Mar.			99.2	80.7	56.5	55.4	59.0
Apr.	1		99.1	81.1	56.2	54.6	59.4
May May	1		98.6	78.8	56.4	54.7	59.7
June			99.6	78.9	59.5	59.4	59.9
	1		100.0	78.8	59.8	59.4	60.5
July	1			77.5	58.4	57.7	60.1
Aug.	1		101.6			58.5	61.0
Sept.	1		103.0	79.1	59.3		
Oct.	1		104.1	80.3	60.4	59.7	62.0
Nov.	1		104.7	81.0	61.1	60.7	62.0
Dec.	1		105.0	81.7	61.6	60.9	62.9
Jan.	1,	1949	105.7	84.4	61.8	61.1	63.5
Feb.	1		108.9	85.5	62.1	61.4	63.5
Mar.	1		108.0	85.7	63.8	63.7	64.1
Apr.	1		108.9	87.6	63.0	62.3	64.7
May	1		108.5	86.2	63.9	63.1	65.4
Juna	1		107.0	85.1	64.2	63.5	65.8
July	1		107.2	84.9	63.8	62.5	66.4
Aug.	1		106.7	83.7	63.3	62.1	65.9
Sept.			107.8	85.1	63.0	61.6	66.2
Oct.	1		108.2	85.4	64.3	63.1	66.9
Nov.	1		109.0	86.7	65.0	63.9	67.1

*See footnote on page 8.



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Table 4.- Average Hours Worked and Average Hourly Earnings of Hourly-Rated Wage-Earners Reported in Manufacturing as a Whole, by Provinces.

		R	eported i	n Manufac	turing as	a Whole,	by Provi	nces.	
Wee	k of	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.
			TN THE	(a) Avera	ge Hours	Norked	Walter of Harming Street	Minister de La Company	
Nov.	1, 1947	44.1	45.3	45.0	42 1	12 0	42.4	43.0	70.0
		44.8	44.7	45.6				41.2	38.8
	1, 1948		39.9	39.4		39.5	39.1		
	1	44.8	45.9		42.1	43.1		40.0	
	1	44.1	45.9	45.0	42.6	42.8	43.0	42.7	
*Apr.	ī	43.3	44.2	42.8	41.1	42.5	43.2		
Mav	1	44.9	45.3	44.7	42.4	43.1	42.6		
June	1	42.2	43.5	43.8	40.8		43.2		
	1	43.9	45.4	42.8	41.7		42.0		37.4 37.8
Aug.	1	44.2	44.8		41.4		41.5		37.9
Sept.		44.5	40 2	43.1	40.9	42.8	41.3	42.7	
Oct.	1	43.6	45.7		42.3		41.9		38.9
	1	44.7			42.3		43.2		
Dec.	1	45.0	45.6		42.4		43.0		
	1, 1949		41.7		40.3		40.9	40.1	
Fab.	1	44.3		44.5	42.4	42.4	42.7	42.0	38.2
Mar.	1	44.0	45.4		42.6	42.8	42.7	42.4	37.4
Apr.	1	43.9	45.0		42.3	42.9	42.8	42.9	38.6
May	1	44.1	44.3		42.0	41.7	43.0	41.6	
June	1	43.3		41.8		41.2	43.3		37,4
	1	43.2	44.4	42.1	41.8	42.7	42.7	42.4	38.4
	1	42.8	44.8	43.1	41.4	42.5	42.5	41.6	37.8
Sept.		42.9	44.6	43.8		43.0	42.6	42.9	38.2
Oct.		43.5		44.4			42.6	42.2	
Nov.		44.2		44.4		42.9	42.0		
					Hourly Ear				0001
					nourly Ba	rnings (1	n cents;		
	1, 1947				89.1	82.6	86.8	84.7	101.7
Dec.	1	77.1	77.4	77.2	90.2	83.0	87.4		
	1, 1948	78.4			90.5	84.3	88.7	85.6	105.4
Feb.		79.3			90.6	84.1	88.4	86 7	104 8
Mar.	1	79.6	78.1	79.6	92.6	84.0	89.2	87.1	105.9
	1	81.8	80.1	80.6	93.5	85.1	89.2	88.4	106.3
May	1	82.8	80.4	80.8	94.3	85.4	89.7	88.1	106.3
	1	85.8	83.0	82.5	96.1	90.7	92.7	92.6	108.7
	1	85.0	83.8	84.4	96.3	90.8	92.6	92.1	108.9
Aug.	1	84.0	84.8	84.6	97.0	91.4	93.9	93.0	108.9
Sept.	1	83.7	84.2	84.8	98.2	92.1	95.2	93.4	103.8
	1	84.9		85.9	99.3	93.4			
Nov.	1	84.8		86.5	100.3	93.5	98.8	96.6	114.7
Dec.		84.0	87.6		100.9	93.6	98.5	97.7	115.7
	1, 1949		89.3		101.8	94.5	98.4	99.3	117.6
2.5	1	87.2	88.5	88.2	102.0	94.6	98.7	99.4	1.18.0
	1	86.9	88.6	88.4	102.5		99.4		
Apr.		87.7	89.6	89.2	103.0			99.2	
	1	87.9	89.9	89.3			100.4		
June		92.6	88.1	90.1	103.7		100.9		
July	1	88.1			103.3		100.4		118.5
Aug.	1	90.0	87.1		103.6			99.2	118.3
Sept.		90.7			103.0		101.1		
	1	90.8			104.1		102.4		
Nov.	1	89.9	88.9	90.4	104.2	96.9	102.5	101.3	119.4
4.6									

*See footnote on page 8.

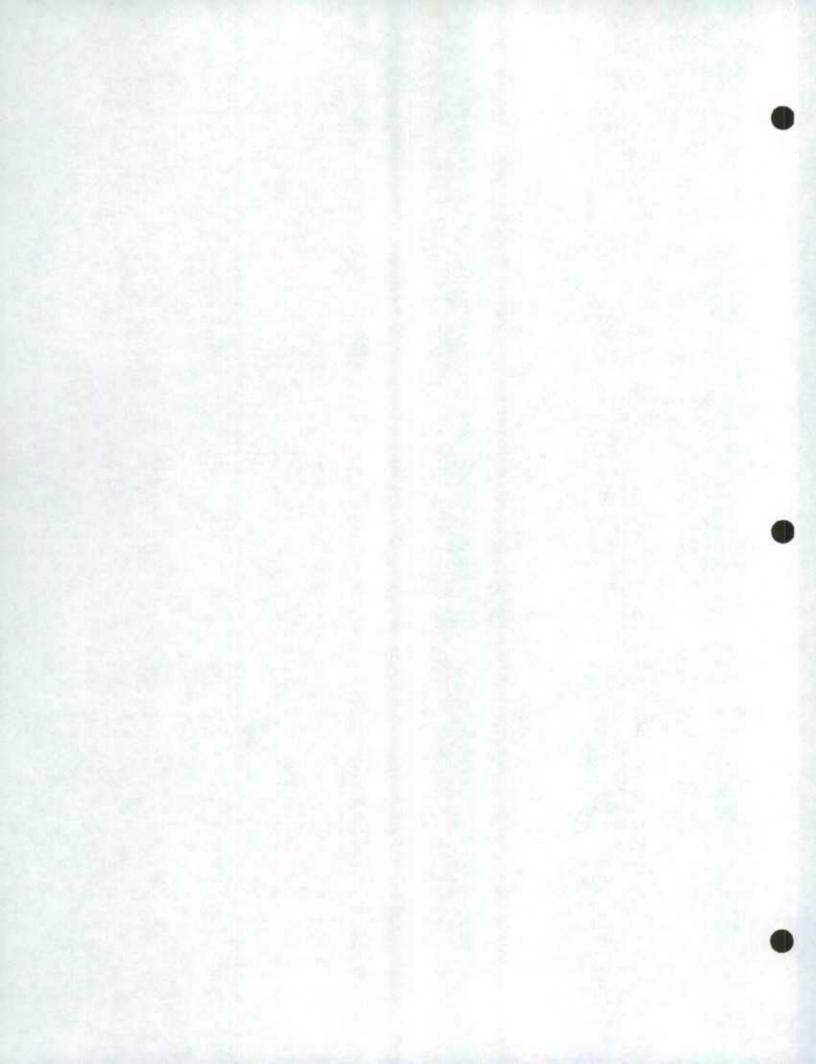


Table 5.- Average Hours Worked and Average Hourly Earnings of Hourly-Rated Wage-Earner Reported in Manufacturing as a Whole in Indicated Cities.

	Reported in	Manufacturing	as a Whole in	Indicated Cit	ies.
Week of	Montreal	Toronto	Hamilton	Winnipeg	Vancouver
		(a) Average	Hours Worked		
Nov. 1, 1947	43.1	40.9	41.1	41.4	38.1
Dec. 1	43.4	41.4	42.6	42.8	38.3
*Jan. 1, 1948	37.4	36.9	39.4	39.0	33.6
Feb. 1	42.5	41.0	42.4	42.6	38.5
Mar. 1	43.2	41.1	42.3	42.3	38.1
*Apr. 1	41.4	39.7	42.0	42.0	37.0
May 1	42.9	41.2	42.7	42.7	38.5
June 1	41.3	39.4	40.8	40.7	36.5
July 1	41.4	40.7	41.1	42.3	37.5
Aug. 1	42.0	40.5	42.1		
				42.0	36.9
Sept. 1	40.9	39.7	40.2	42.4	38.1
**	43.3	41.1	42.1	42.6	38.3
	43.5	41.3	41.3	42.6	38.0
Dec. 1	43.8	41.4	42.0	42.7	38.4
*Jan. 1, 1949	41.1	39.1	40.8	39.8	34.9
Feb. 1	42.7	41.1	42.9	42.0	37.7
Mar. 1	42.7	41.4	43.1	42.4	36.1
Apr. 1	43.0	41.2	42.9	42.4	38.0
May 1	42.6	41.2	43.0	41.3	37.4
June 1	40.4	39.2	40.6	40.7	36.7
July 1	40.8	40.6	41.7	42.2	37.8
Aug. 1	41.3	40.2	40.7	42.2	37.5
Sept. 1	42.3	40.6	41.4	42.7	37.6
Oct. 1	42.9	41.1	42.0	42.5	37.8
Nov. 1	43.0	41.7	41.2	42.6	37.8
	(b)	Average Hourl	y Earnings (in	cents)	
Nov. 1, 1947	80.7	88.5	91.0	81.9	101.0
Dec. 1	81.4	89.9	93.6	82.3	101.9
Jan. 1, 1948	82.6	90.2	94.9	83.7	102.9
Feb. 1	82.8	91.6	95.8	83.3	103.3
Mar. 1	83.8	92.2	96.9	83.2	104.8
Apr. 1	84.8	93.2	97.7	84.5	105.3
May 1	85.1	94.2	102.0	84.8	105.8
June 1	87.3	96.0	102.4	90.0	106.7
July 1	88.5	95.6	102.8	90.0	106.3
Aug. 1	88.4	96.6	104.1	90.4	106.6
Sept. 1	88.9	97.3	104.4	91.2	105.9
Oct. 1	90.4	99.3	104.5	92.5	109.6
Nov. 1	91.1	99.7	105.2	92.7	113.0
Dec. 1	91.6	99.8	107.1	93.0	114.0
Jan. 1, 1949	93.1	100.1	108.5	93.7	114.2
Feb. 1	93.1	101.3	109.2	93.7	115.2
Mar. 1	93.5	101.7	109.7	93.9	115.4
Apr. 1	94.1	102.3	109.1	94.7	116.2
May 1	94.0	102.5	111.2	95.0	116.6
June 1	94.8	102.7	112.5	95.4	116.9
July 1	95.7	102.2	111.8	94.5	117.0
	94.6	102.0	112.5	94.8	116.8
Aug. 1	94.3	102.1	112.4	95.1	115.8
Sept. 1	95.1	102.7	113.2	95.8	117.5
Cet. 1	95.3	102.7	113.1	96.0	117.3
Nov. 1	30.0	10201	T- 21 O B T		

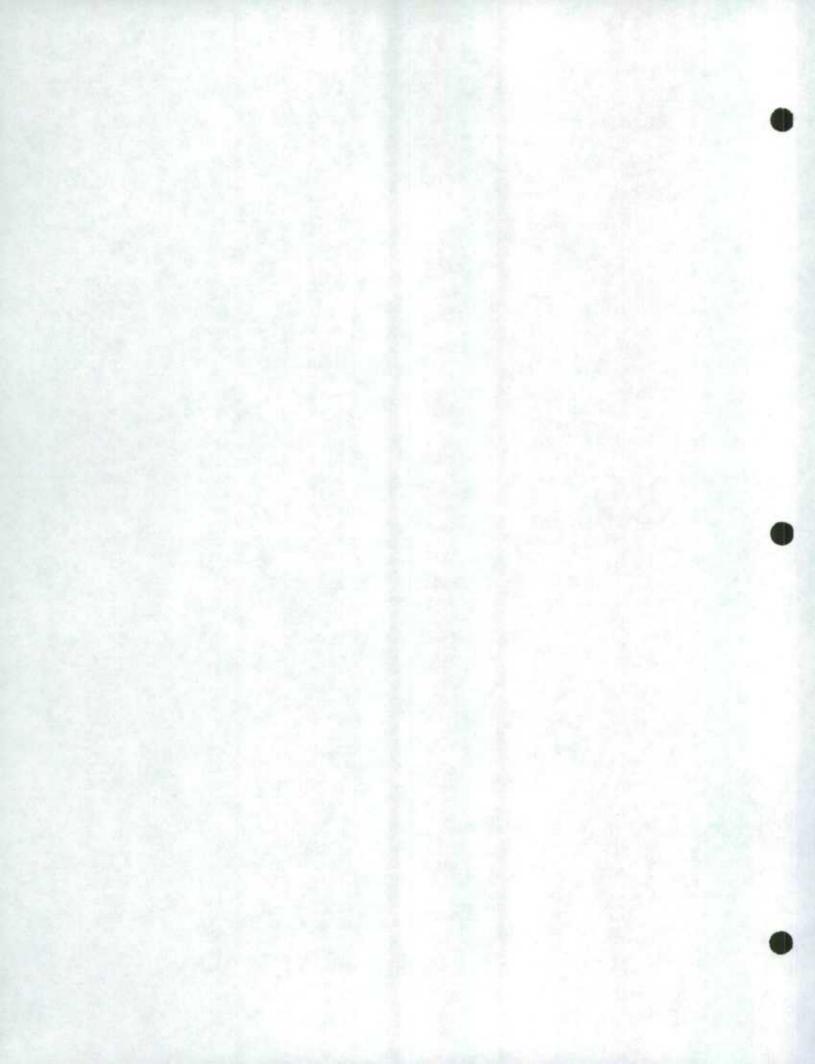


Table 6.- Average Hours and Average Hourly Earnings of Wage-Earners in Nova Scotia,
New Brunswick and Quebec for Whom Data are Available at Nov. 1, 1949,
With Comparative Figures at Oct. 1, 1949 and Nov. 1, 1948.

		Hours P Reported			Hourly Reported	Earnings at
Provinces and Industries	Nov. 1 1949	Oct. 1 1949	Nov. 1 1948	Nov. 1 1949	Oct. 1 1949	Nov. 1 1948
	no.	no.	no.	g!	¢	¢.
NOVA SCOTIA - Manufacturing	44.2	43.5	44.7	89.9	90.8	84.8
Animal products - edible	40.2	37.4	43.8	71.6	68.0	64.7
Lumber products	45.5	44.6	42.7	59.4	59.5	57.3
Textiles - all branches	42.5	41.9	39.5	64.3	64.5	61.7
Iron and steel	44.0	44.0	45.6	109.1	109.6	101.3
Crude, rolled and forged products	43.7	44.4	46.6	115.0	115.3	104.5
Steel shipbuilding	43.3	42.7	43.6	103.8	103.9	101.2
Mining - Coal	42.1	41.3	41.2	121.5	114.8	113.6
Construction - Building	37.6	37.3	36.6	87.9	86.4	83.8
- Highway	24.8	26.9	29.3	71.6	68.1	66.2
NEW BRUNSWICK - Manufacturing	44.7	45.4	45.7	88.9	88.6	86.9
Rough and dressed lumber	46.2	47.3	46.4	65.1	65.8	67.1
Pulp and paper mills	47.4	48.2	47.3	115.6	116.0	113.8
Iron and steel	42.4	42.0	43.7	105.5	105.6	102.5
Construction - Building	39.7	37.8	40.5	84.1	83.9	83.8
- Highway	29.5	30.6	36.5	71.2	71.1	71.8
OTHERE W. A. L.		1000	-174			
QUEBEC - Manufacturing	44.4	44.4	45.1	90.4	90.1	86.5
Leather products	39.3	40.3	40.5	70.3	69.8	67.6
Leather boots and shoes	38.2	39.5	39.9	71.1	70.5	68.4
Lumber products	47.8	48.4	49.0	72.9	72.4	69.9
Rough and dressed lumber	49.8	50.9	51.4	70.1	70.0	66.0
Plant products - edible	46.3	46.3	46.5	71.6	70.6	67.4
Pulp and paper products	47.6	47.5	48.2	105.1	104.7	102.0
Pulp and paper mills	49.5	49.1	50.0	109.8	109.4	108.6
Textiles - all branches	41.7	42.0	42.8	78.0	78.3	72.4
Cotton warn and cloth	43.5	43.4	44.1	84.0	84.3	77.9
Synthetic silk and silk goods	45.5	46.5	47.4	82.3	82.1	71.8
Hosiery and knit goods	43.8	42.7	44.1	72.5	73.0	65.7
Garments and personal furnishings		38.0	38.6	73.9	74.9	71.5
Chemicals and allied products	45.9	45.9	46.1	89.9	89.7	84.6
Electrical apparatus	42.3	41.4	39.6	106.5	106.5	102.5
Iron and steel	44.8	44.7	46.4	105.6	105.2	100.4
Machinery other than vehicles	45.3	45.8	47.6	97.0	96.9	94.0
Railway rolling stock	43.3	43.7	44.5	116.8	116.2	114.6
Aeroplanes and parts	47.2	45.0	45.8	106.3	108.0	96.4
Steel shipbuilding	47.3	46.2	48.9	101.8	102.3	99.7
Non-ferrous metal products	46.7	46.0	47.2	99.3	99.3	97.9
Smelting and refining	47.6	46.6	6	109.6	109.2	-
Mining - Metallic ores	48.1	47.3	48.2	102.6	102.9	101.2
- Non-metallic minerals	47.7	47.9	47.2	97.0	97.3	92.8
(except coal) Street railways, cartage and storage	48.4	47.0	47.6	94.6	94.0	88.9
Construction - Building	42.9	42.7	42.2	101.1	100.7	97.8
Olib of do ofoli - Dal adilig						
- Highway	42.0	41.9	41.3	74.1	73.2	69.4

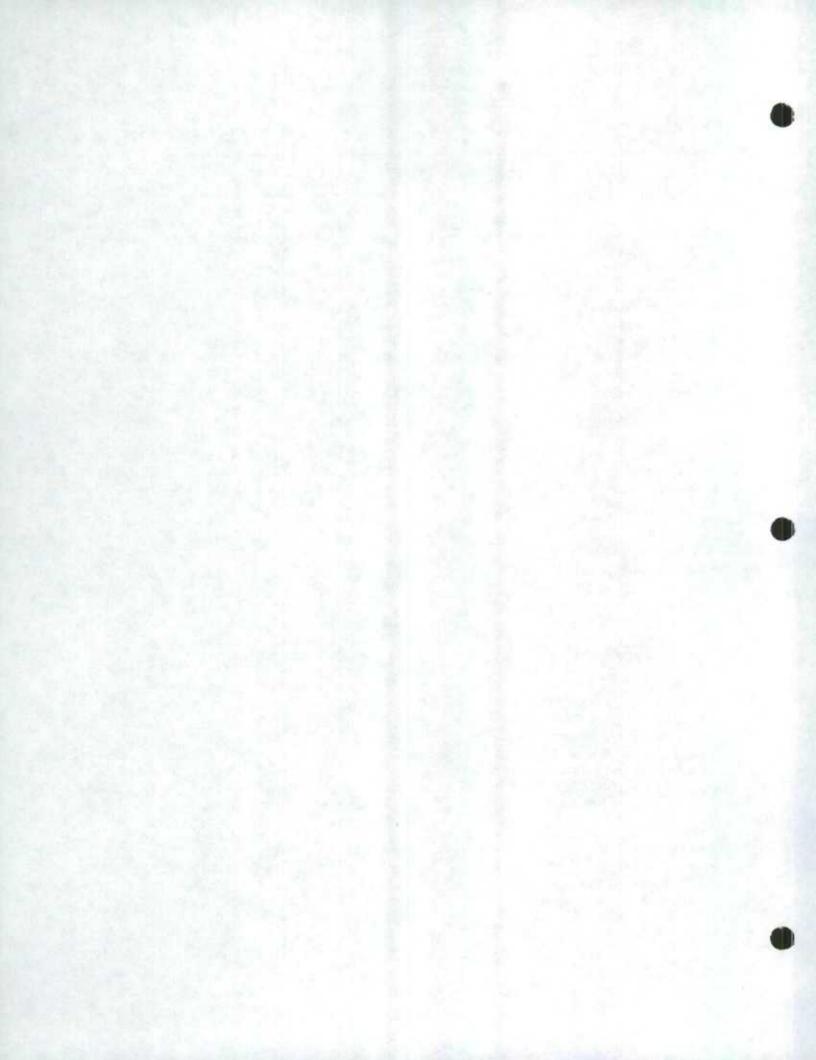


Table 6.- Average Hours and Average Hourly Earnings of Wage-Earners in Ontario for Whom Data are Available at Nov. 1, 1949 with Comparative Figures at Oct. 1, 1949, and Nov. 1, 1948. (Continued)

Provinces and Industries		Hours F Reported		Average	Hourly Reported	
- 10 v Zinoob and zina do 01 10 b	Nov. 1	Oct. 1	Nov. 1	Nov. 1	Oct. 1	Nov. 1
	1949	1949	1948	1949	1949	1948
	no.	no.	no.	ø	¢	¢
ONTARIO - Manufacturing	42.4	42.2	42.3	104.2	104.1	100.3
Animal products - edible	44.1	43.4	43.5	100.7	99.6	95.4
Meat products	43.7	42.9	42.8	109.7	109.3	104.1
Leather products	41.6	41.5	40.7	82.9	82.6	81.0
Leather boots and shoes	41.4	41.5	40.5		77.9	75.4
Lumber products	43.6	43.2	42.3	83.7	83.5	80.7
Rough and dressed lumber	44.3	43.9	43.1		80.8	78.1
Furniture	43.1	43.1	41.8	88.2	88.3	84.9
Plant products - edible	43.9	41.0	41.8		77.3	75.7
Fruit and vegetable canning	45.2	39.5	41.7		74.1	73.5
Bread and bakery products	43.1	43.2	42.4	77.7	78.2	73.3
Pulp and paper mills	49.0	48.0	48.7	116.0	115.5	114.0
Paper products	43.6	43.2	41.7	90.6	90.9	86.3
Printing and publishing	40.4	40.0	39.8	116.3	116.3	108.9
Rubber products	40.9	39.5	42.7	110.3	111.2	113.4
Textiles - all branches	40.5	40.4	40.3	85.1	85.4	80.4
Cotton yarn and cloth	41.7	41.6	42.4		89.8	78.9
Woollen yarn and cloth	42.2	42.2	42.3			77.7
Hosiery and knit goods	40.4	39.9	39.3		78.7	75.0
Garments and personal furnishings		37.9	37.0	82.7	83.8	81.4
Chemicals and allied products	43.0	42.4	43.0	105.2	104.7	101.3
Drugs and medicines	40.7	40.1		85.6	85.2	81.4
Clay, glass and stone products	44.6	44.7	44.4	102.3	102.1	97.7
Electrical apparatus	. 42.2	42.0	42.1	110.8	110.7	105.4
Iron and steel	41.8	42.5	42.6	117.4	117.7	112.4
Crude, rolled and forged products		42.7	43.5	125.5	125.7	117.1
Machinery other than vehicles	42.5	42.7	43.5	109.9	109.1	102.8
Agricultural implements	38.0	40.8	40.9	116.1	116.1	114.6
Railway rolling stock	43.7	44.1	45.0	118.1	116.6	114.0
	42.5	42.8	42.3	114.9	115.6	110.6
Automobile parts Automobile mfg.	38.0	42.0	40.8	132.0		130.5
Steel shipbuilding	44.0	43.0		104.3		98.2
Iron and steel fabrication n.e.s.		43.0		108.4		102.3
Foundry and machine shop products		41.7		114.6		109.1
Sheet metal work	43.0	42.5		103.8		97.8
Non-ferrous metal products	43.4	42.7		111.5		104.4
					120.9	
Smelting and refining	44.7	44.1		121.6		114.1
Brass and copper mfg.	42.0	41.4				
Mining - Metallic ores	46.5		45.1	117.6	116.0	113.8
Street railways, cartage and storage		46.1	44.8	106.7	106.1	102.8
Construction - Building	41.7	42.2		111.4	110.4	106.5
- Highway		43.8			90.7	86.7
Services	41.1	41.5			63.5	60.9
Hotels and restaurants	42.1	42.6	41.6	62.2	61.8	60.1

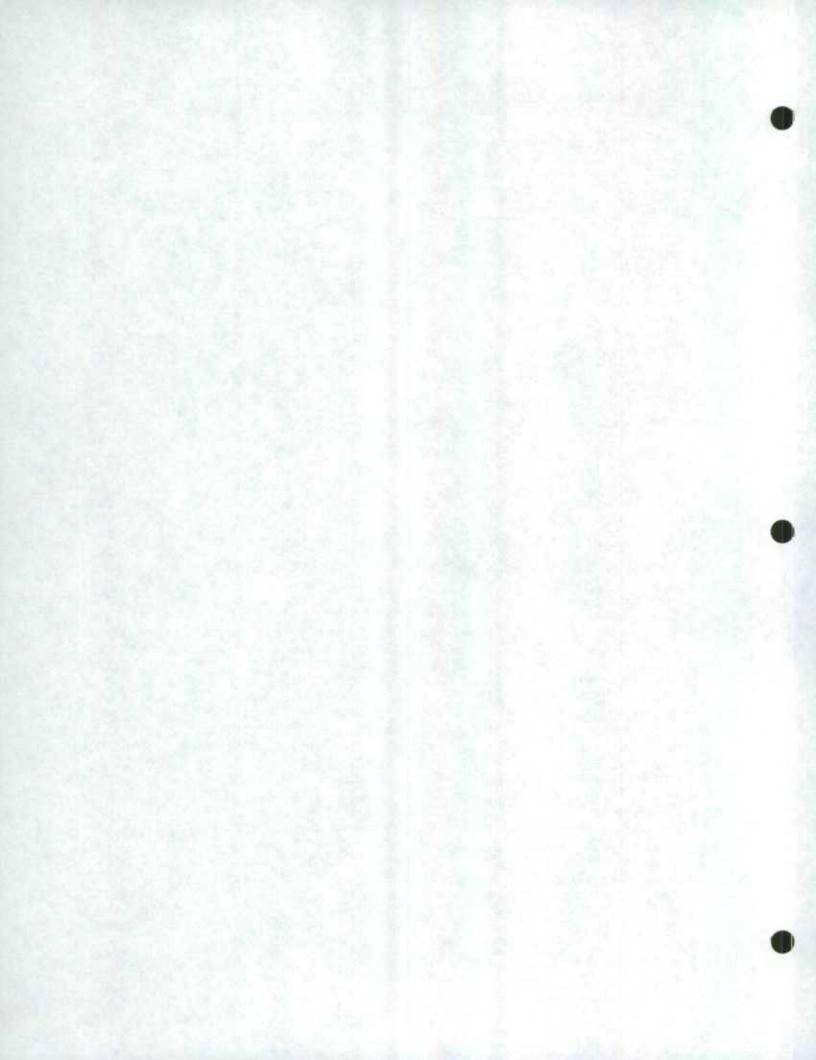


Table 6. Average Hours and Average Hourly Earnings of Wage-Earners in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia for Whom Data are Available at Nov. 1, 1949, with Comparative Figures at Oct. 1, 1949 and Nov. 1, 1948. (Concluded)

Provinces and Industries		Hours F Reported			Hourly Reported	
riovinous and industries	Nov. 1 1949	0 ct. 1 1949	Nov. 1 1948	Nov. 1 1949	Oct. 1 1949	N v. 1948
	no.	no.	no.	¢	· ¢	g!
MANITOBA - Manufacturing	42.9	42.8	43.1	96.9	96.6	93.5
Meat products	43.3	42.1	41.9	114.9	114.1	106.1
Plant products - edible	43.6	39.0	43.5	80.0	81.7	75.2
Garments and personal furnishings	39.2	40.5	40.3	79.8	78.7	73.4
Iron and steel	43.2	44.3	43.8	105.4	105.2	103.8
Railway rolling stock	42.5	44.5	43.6	110.5	110.3	111.2
Construction - Building	41.8	43.9	43.3	108.0	106.8	99.9
- Highway	40.8	44.8	40.9	81.5	83.8	78.9
Services	40.2	41.3	41.6	67.9	66.9	62.3
SASKATCHEWAN - Manufacturing	42.0	42.6	43.2	102.5	102.4	98.8
Meat products	41.1	42.2	43.2	111.8	110.6	104.9
Construction - Building	40.4	40.5	39.3	97.3	99.6	94.0
- Highway	34.7	35.2	37.4	82.9	82.7	76.5
Services	41.6	42.3	43.2	64.6	64.2	61.1
ALBERTA - Monufacturing	42.9	42.2	42.3	101.3	100.8	96.6
Meat products	42.7	41.1	42.2	112.5	111.3	106.5
Plant products - edible	44.3	37.9	45.2		90.1	85.1
Railway rolling stock	44.6	46.1	45.4	108.4	108.6	108.1
Mining - Coal	39.0	37.0	37.3	150.7	149.8	150.9
Construction - Building	38.2	39.1	39.8	120.0	118.8	116.7
Services	43.3	41.9	43.2	68.2	64.2	64.1
BRITISH COLUMBIA - Manufacturing	38.4	38.1	38.5	119.4	118.1	114.7
Lumber products	36.7	36.8	36.1	120.9	120.7	118.1
Rough and dressed lumber	36.5	36.6	36.1	122.7	122.5	120.5
Plant products - edible	37.2	38.0	36.7	86.4	84.5	81.5
Fruit and vegetable canning	37.0	38.5	34.9	78.0	77.3	73.0
Pulp and paper mills	43.3	41.9	49.0	131.4	130.4	126.8
Iron and steel	39.1	38.5	38.9	126.9	125.9	121.0
Steel shipbuilding	36.2	34.5	37.2	137.6	135.5	128.5
Non-ferrous metal products	40.3	40.5	39.4	130.7	130.0	125.1
Logging	36.9	33.1	33.3	151.9	151.5	153.0
Mining - Coal	34.5	35.6	36.0	138.8	138.3	137.8
- Metallic ores	43.3	42.7	40.7	129.5	130.2	128.3
Street railways, cartage and storage		42.7	44.1	110.5	110.0	106.0
Construction - Building	38.8	38.7	37.9	142.4	139.1	134.3
= Highway	37.7		35.7	115.2	112.7	107.1
Sarvices	38.5	38.7	38.4	79.2	79.7	73.9

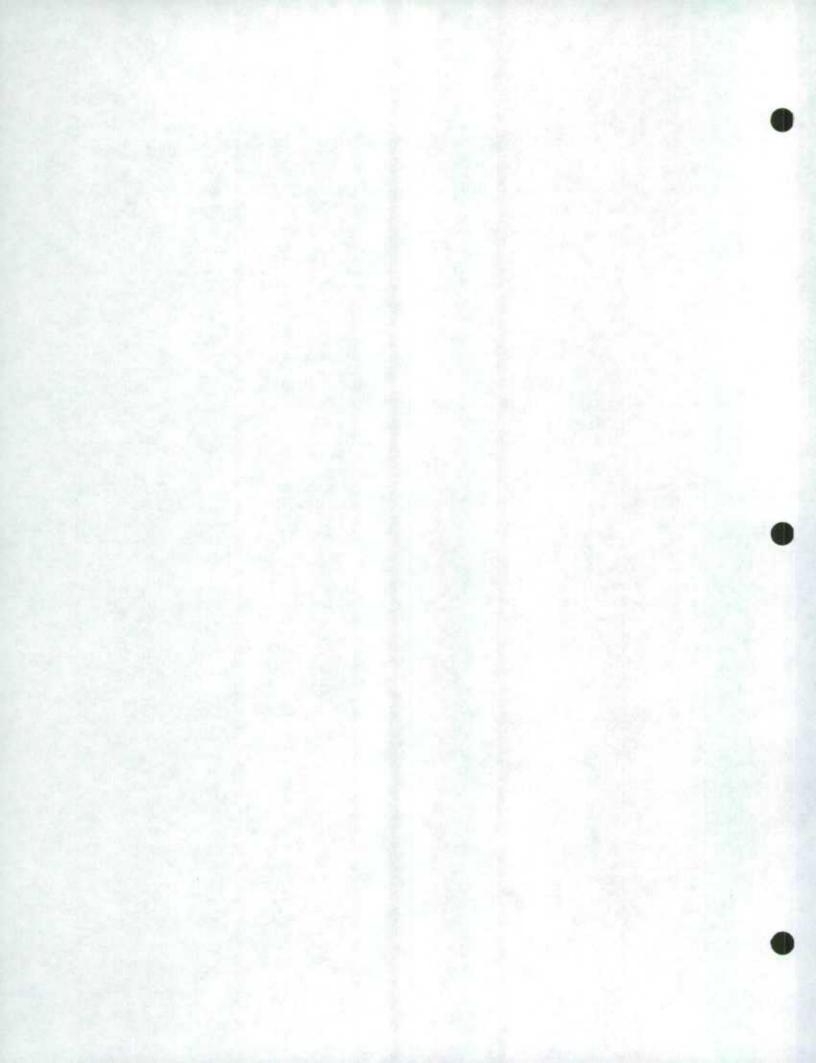


Table 7.- Average Hours Per Week and Average Hourly Earnings of Wage-Earners in Certain Cities for Whom Data are Available at Nov. 1, 1949, with Comparative Figures at Oct. 1, 1949 and Nov. 1, 1949.

Cities and Industries		Hours F Reported	Per Week	Average Hourly Earnings Reported at		
VICIOS AM INGUSTRIOS	Nov. 1 1949	Oct. 1 1949	Nov. 1 1948	Nov. 1 1949	Oct. 1 1949	Nov. 1 1948
	no.	no.	no.	\$	£	g!
Montreal - Manufacturing	43.0	42.9	43.5	95.3	95.1	91.1
Leather products	39.6	40.2	40.5	74.9	74.7	71.2
Plant products - edible	46.1	47.0	46.5	74.4	74.0	69.7
Textiles - all branches	38.9	39.2	39.7	81.3	82.1	78.8
Tobacco	43.8	43.7	42.6	95.6	96.3	91.4
Electrical apparatus	41.7	40.8	39.1	109.0	109.2	104.8
Iron and steel	44.2	44.0	45.3	110.2	109.6	104.9
Street railways, cartage and storage	47.4	45.8	46.7	99.5	99.0	92.8
Building construction	40.1	40.1	41.0		. 109.2	105.8
Services	44.1	43.7	44.0	59.8	59.5	55.4
Toronto - Manufacturing	41.7	41.1	41.3	102.7	102.7	99.7
Plant products - edible	44.2	41.3	40.1	77.2	76.9	75.2
Paper products	41.9	41.7	40.6	90.4	90.8	85.9
Printing and publishing	39.4	39.5	38.8	125.1	125.3	117.2
Rubber products	40.4	37.4	40.7	119.4	117.5	119.8
Textiles - all branches	. 38.2	38.5	38.2	88.3	88.7	85.8
Chemicals and allied products	41.9	41.7	42.2	102.0	102.0	97.
Electrical apparatus	42.6	42.5	42.4	107.6	107.0	103.
Iron and steel	42.7	42.3	43.0	111.4	111.1	108.
Non-ferrous metal products	42.1	41.4	41.4	108.8	108.3	102.0
Street railways, cartage and storage	43.2	43.8	42.2	113.4	112.3	111.
Building construction	39.7	38.5			132.1	125.
Services	40.5	40.6	40.1	68.7		65.
Hamilton - Manufacturing	41.2	42.0	41.3	113.1	113.2	105.
Textiles - all branches	40.4	40.0	40.1	84.8	85.6	80.
Electrical apparatus	40.1	40.6	40.5	124.3	123.5	112.
Iron and steel	41.3	42.9	41.4	125.0	124.4	114.
Building construction	41.8	40.7	43.0	118.1	118.1	111.
Winnipeg - Manufacturing	42.6	42.5	42.6	96.0		
Animal products - edible	43.2	42.4	41.6	114.5		
Plant products - edible	43.8	39.1		79.8		
Textiles - all branches	39.4	40.4		78.6		72.
Iron and steel	42.7	43.8	43.3	106.1	106.0	105.
Street railways, cartage and storage	45.7	45.0	43.5	92.1	93.4	91.
Building construction	38.2	40.3	40.8	113.0	111.9	106.
Services	40.1	41.2	41.5	68.0	67.0	62.
Vancouver - Manufacturing	37.8	37.8	38.0	117.3		
Lamber products	37.0	37.5		121.8		120.
Iron and steel	38.1	37.4		128.7		
Street railways, cartage and storage	43.6	42.4		110.7		
Building construction	38.6	39.2				
Services	38.6	38.6	38.0	80.9	81.2	74.

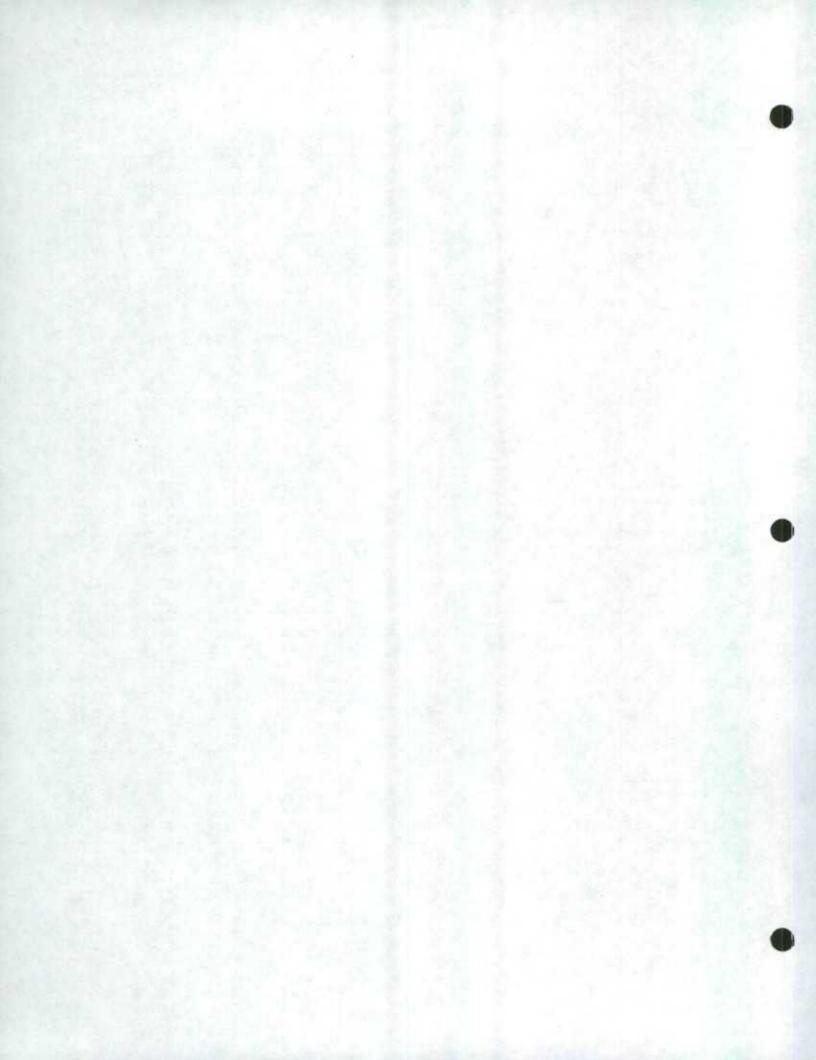


Table 8.- Average Weekly Salaries and Wages and Average Weekly Wages of Hourly-Rated Wage-Earners as Reported in Manufacturing as a Whole, and in the Manufacture of Durable Goods and of Non-Durable Goods.

	All Manufactures 1/		Durable Manuf Goods	actured	Non-Durable Manufactured Goods				
Week Preceding		ng	Average Weekly Salaries & Wages Wages		Average Weekly Salaries & Wages Wages		Average Weekly Salaries & Wages Wages		
Nov.	1	1945	\$32.55	\$30.31	\$35.60	\$33.88	\$29.84	\$27.03	
Dec.	1	1040	32.32	30.02	35.20	33.23	29.83	27.03	
*Jan.		1946	29.32	25.87	31.30	28.01	27.57		
		1340						23.88	
Feb.	1		32.29	30.03	35.23	33.39	29.69	26.85	
Mar.	1		32.29	29.88	34.90	32.93	29.98	27.00	
Apr.	1		32.69	30.37	35.34	33.49	30.30	27.32	
*May	1		32.10	29.63	34.51	32.62	29.89	26.71	
June	1		31.67	29.02	33.79	31.62	29.80	26.52	
July	1		32.21	29.68	34.39	32.40	30.23	26.99	
Aug.	1		32.53	30.10	34.62	32.75	30.68	27.56	
Sept.	1		32.59	30.15	34.65	32.59	30.82	27.80	
Oct.	1		33.06	30.63	35.43	33.30	. 31.08	28.19	
Nov.	1		33.32	30.91	35.83	33.75	31.17	28.21	
Dec.	1	0.0	34.43	32.18	37.15	35.34	32.07	29.20	
*Jan.	1,	1947	32.23	29.07	34.40	31.65	30,29	26.44	
Feb.	1		35.22	33.00	37.91	36.07	32.82	29.91	
Mar.	1		35.69	33.46	38.48	36.71	33.17	30.20	
Apr.	1		35.87	33.52	38.59	36.80	33.38	30.39	
May	1		36.13	33.83	38.83	36.98	33.67	30.69	
June	1		36.52	34.28	38.91	37.07	34.32	31.34	
July	1		36.34	33.94	38.71	36.89	34.18	31.08	
Aug.	1		36.85	34.55	39.26	37.36	34.65	31.64	
Sept.	1		37.05	34.77	39.49	37.74	34.83	31.95	
Oct.	1		37.94	35.95	40.94	39.41	35.21	32.46	
Nov.	1		38.42	36.34	41.26	39.70	35.86	33.14	
Dec.	1		39.16	37.24	42.09	40.65	36.50	33.33	
*Jan.	1,	1948	36.15	33.17	38.31	35.77	34.14	30.48	
Feb.	1		39.26	37.06	41.55	39.80	37.10	34.28	
Mar.	1		40.11	38.02	42.85	41.23	37.58	34.74	
*Apr.	1		39.46	37.02	41.87	39.96	37.19	33.99	
May			40.66	38.53	43.36	41.75	38.11	35.18	
June	1		40.49	38.11	43.03	40.93		35.19	
July	1		41.03	38.77	43.89	41.96	38,36	35.44	
Aug.	1		41.32	39.03	44.00	41.92	38.83	36.04	
Sept.			41.33	38.95	44.44	42.38	38.46	35.61	
Oct.	1		42.74	40.68	46.12	44.43		36.98	
Nov.	1		43.28	41.16	46.43	44.67	40.36	37.76	
Dec.	1		43.59	41.47	46.88	45.18	40.52	37.80	
*Jan.	1,	1949	42.12	39.46	45.23	42.97		35.90	
Feb.	1	1010	44.04	41.70	47.17	45.36	41.12		
Mar.	1		44.27	41.97	47.43			38.13	
Apr.	1		44.27	42.13	47.43	45.49 45.66		38,26	
May	_		44.31	41.91	47.30			38.47	
June	1		43.16			45.35		38.37	
	1			40.43	46.00	43.77		37.06	
July	1		43.95	41.42	47.26	45.24		37.62	
Aug.	1		43.90	41.40	46.90	44.84		37.99	
Sept.	_		44.05	41.72	47.35	45.31		38.15	
Oct.	1		44.72	42.40	48.20	46.35		38.68	
Nov.	1		44.93	42.59	48.12	46.18	42.08	39.21	

1/Exclusive of electric light and power. * See footnote on page 8.

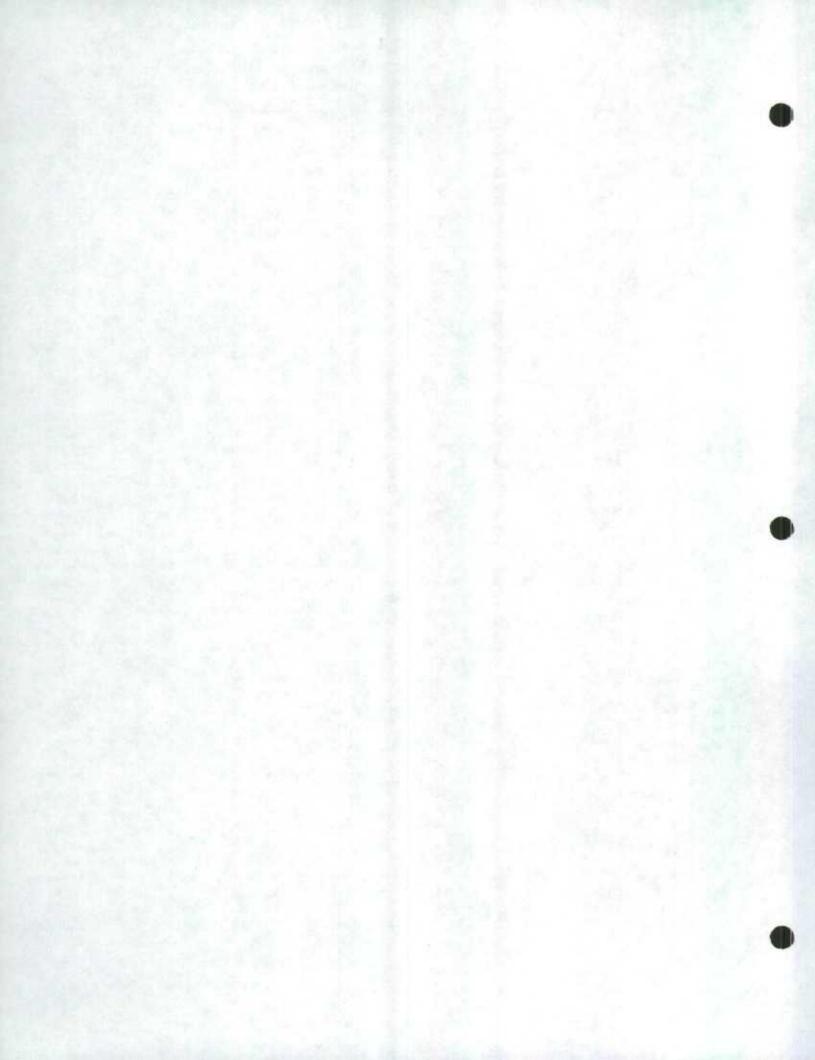


Table 9.- Average Weekly Wages of Hourly-Rated Wage-Earners Reported by Leading Manufacturing Establishments, by Provinces.

(The latest data are subject to revision).

(2110 lavost data ale subject to levision).									
Week of	Canada	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Nov. 1, 1945	30.31	31.50	28.58	29.30	30.36	30.26	29,39	30.65	34.42
Dec. 1	30.32	32.20	28.58	29.06	29.80	30.41	30.73	30.33	33.77
*Jan: 1, 1946	25.87	26.37	26.35	24.45	25.97	27.17	27.78	28.50	29.46
Feb. 1	30.03	31.04	29.22	28.64	30.20	30.21	29.82	30.70	34.47
Mar. 1	29.88	31.32	29.08	28.81	29.82	30.33	30.26	30,76	34.71
Apr. 1	30.37	31.65	30.18	28.92	30.72	30.64	30.08	30.49	34.14
*May 1	29.63	30.43	28.84	27.96	30.14	30.07	29.40	30.53	33.45
June 1	29.02	30.01	27.95	28.22	29.11	29.89	29.17	30.14	32.89
July 1	29.68	30.28	29.61	27.97	30.07	30.03	29.92	30.08	34.73
Aug. 1	30.10	28.92	29.59	29.10	30.20	30.03	29.79	29.96	35.05
Sept. 1	30.15	28.26	29.07	29.63	29.93	29.96	30.40	29.89	34.49
Oct. 1	30.63	28.33	30.50	29.86	30.51	30.62	31.39	30.30	35.28
Nov. 1	30.91	30.20	30.67	30.13	30.83	30.75	31.08	30.90	35.41
Dec. 1	32.18	32.32	31.05	30.65	32.83	32.58	32.92	31.97	35.50
*Jan. 1, 1947	29.07	26.91	28.67	27.33	30.40	29.61	31.18	30.25	31.62
Feb. 1	33.00	32.21	32.59	31.10	33.84	33.00	33.25	32.38	36.54
Mar. 1	33.46	32.60	32.71	31.41	34.30	33.01	34.57	32.76	37.67
Apr. 1	33.52	33.90	33.11	31.52	34.31	33.45	34.06	33.36	37.58
May 1	33.83	33.49	32.84	31.96	34.77	33.27	34.19	33.53	37.21
June 1	34.28	32.23	33.59	32.52	35.07	33.58	34.07	34.22	37.92
July 1	33.94	34.08	33.74	31.26	35.15	34.16	34.13	34.12	37.92
Aug. 1	34.55	33.88		32.35	35.62	33.40	35.18	32.91	38.34
Sept. 1	34.77	33.90	34.46	33.03	35.73	34.09	34.48	33.73	37.49
Oct. 1	35.96	33.36	34.11	34.11	37.06	34.07	35.83	34.15	39.32
Nov. 1	36.34	34.49	34.88	34.43	37.51	34.69	36.80	34.90	39.46
Dec. 1	37.24	34.54	34.60	35.20	38.61	35.77	37.41	35.87	39.67
*Jan. 1, 1948	33.17	31.36	31.72	30.97	34.12	33.30	34.68	34.24	36.78
Feb. 1	37.06	35.53	35.80	34.95	38.14	36.25	38.01	37.02	40.56
Mar. 1	38.02	35.10	35.85	35.82	39.45	35.95	38.36	37.02	41.09
	37.02	35.42	35.40	34.50	38.43	36.17	38.53	37.22	39.86
*Apr. 1 May 1	38.53	37.18	36.42	36.12	39.98	36.81	38.21	37.27	41.78
June 1	38.11	36.21	36.11	36.14	39.21	37.37	40.05	38.89	40.65
July 1	38.77					38.77			41.16
Aug. 1	39.03		37.99		40.16		38.97	38.97	
Sept. 1	38.95		38.82		40.16		39.32	39.88	41.67
	40.68	37.02			42.00		40.85	39.64	43.30
Oct. 1 Nov. 1	41.16	37.91	39.71		42.43		42.68	41.44	
Dec. 1	41.47	37.80	39.95	39.15		40.25	42.36		45.12
*Jan. 1, 1949	39.46	35.51	37.24	37.35			40.25		41.28
	41.70		40.36	39.25		40.11	42.14	41.75	45.08
		38.24	40.22	39.34			42.44	42.40	44.32
Mar. 1	41.83	38.46					42.37	42.56	45.86
Apr. 1	42.13		40.32	39.60				41.64	45.10
May 1	41.91	38.96	39.83	39.38			43.17	41.65	44.32
June 1	40.43	40.10	37.97	37.66	41.79		43.69		
July 1	41.42	38.06	39.21	38.18	43.18	40.82	42.87	42.53	45.50
Aug. 1	41.40	38.52	39.02	38.66	42.89	40.80	43.18	41.27	44.72
Sept. 1	41.72	38.91	39.29	39.20	43.05	41.19	43.07	42.54	44.66
Oct. 1	42.40	39.50		40.00	43.93		43.62		45.85
Nov. 1	42.59	39.74	39.74	40.14	44.18	41.57	40.00	40,40	10000

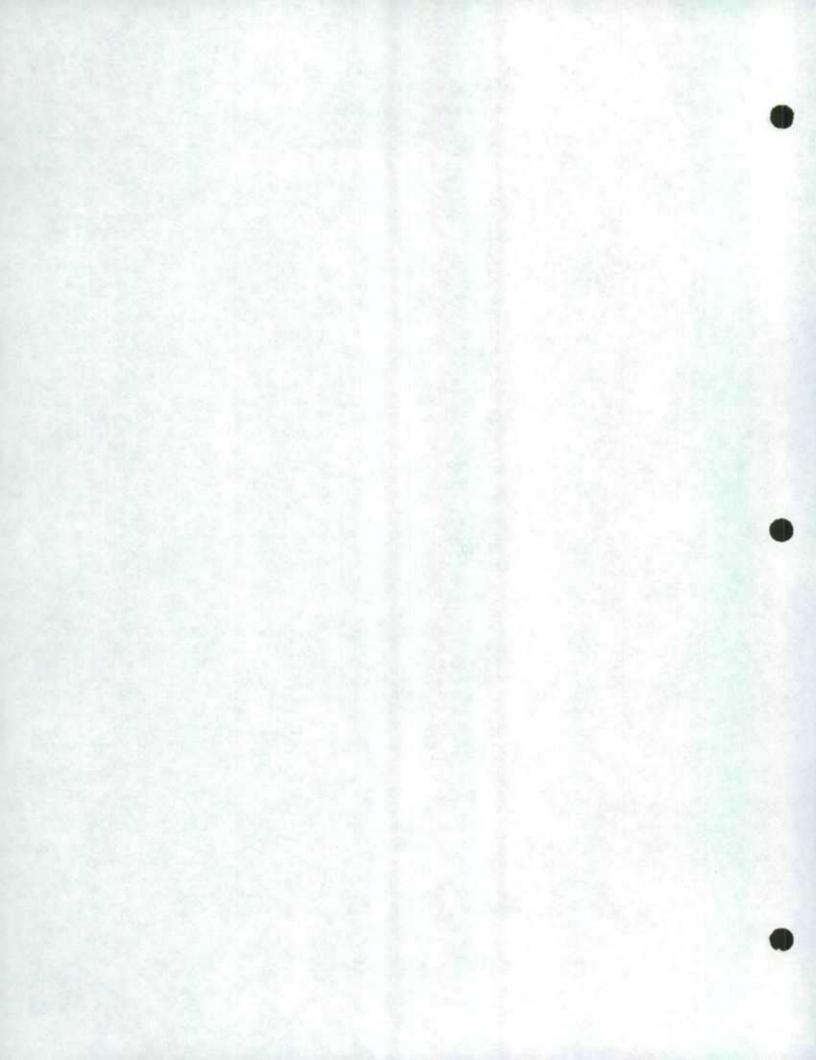


Table 10.- Average Weekly Wages of Hourly-Rated Wage-Earners Employed in Leading Manufacturing Establishments by Cities.

(The latest data are subject to revision).

(The latest data are subject to revision).									
We	eek	of	Montreal	Toronto	Hamilton	Winnipeg	Vancouver		
Nov.	1,	1945	\$30.83	\$30.12	\$30.91	\$30.01	\$35.06		
Dec.	1		30.84	29.79	31.29	30.80	33.95		
*Jan.	1.	1946	24.80	25.92	27.16	26.94	28.50		
Feb.	1		29.88	29.42	30.84	29.75	34.15		
Mar.	1		30.06	29.51	30.85	29.85	33.86		
Apr.	1		30.17	30.06	31.39	30.07	33.05		
*May	î		28.93	29.33	30.78	29.65	32.20		
June	1		29,25	28.40	29.36	29.58	31.72		
July	1		28.29	29,27	30.90	29.58	33.29		
Aug.	1		29.40	29.22	30.01	29.54	33.32		
Sept.	1		30.34	29,55	29.98	29.54	33.24		
Oct.	_		30.22	30.01	30.10	30.12			
Nov.	1		31.03	30.15	31.71	30.19	34.35		
	1						34.89		
Dec.	1		31.44	31.85	34.43	32.16	35.27		
*Jan.	1,	1947	27.45	28.99	31.74	28.80	29.98		
Feb.	1		31.79	32.40	35.82	32.33	35.84		
Mar.	1		32.05	32.97	36.63	32.37	36.99		
Apr.	1		32.36	33.25	36.12	32.85	37.06		
May	1		32.63	33.62	35.91	32.67	37.03		
June	1		32.50	33.70	36.42	32.87	37.29		
July	1		31.35	. 34.07	35.69	33.54	36.58		
Aug.	1		31.85	33.97	36.49	32.55	36.60		
Sept.	1		32.81	34.49	36.80	33.19	36.98		
Oct.	1		34.04	35.78	38.11	33.12	38.41		
Nov.	1		34.78	36.20	37.40	33.91	38.48		
Dec.	1		35.33	37.22	39.87	35.22	89.03		
*Jan.	1.	1948	30.89	33.28	37.39	32.64	34.57		
Feb.	1		35.19	37.56	40.62	35.49	39.77		
Mar.	1		36.20	37.89	40.99	35.19	39.93		
*Apr.	1		35.11	37.00	41.03	35.49	38.96		
May	î		36.51	38.81	43.55	36.21	40.73		
June	1		36.05	37.82	41.78	36.63	38.95		
July	1		36.64	38.91	42.25	38.07	39.86		
Aug.	1		37.13	39.12	43.83	37.97	39.34		
Sept.			36.36	38.63	41.97	38.67	40.35		
Oct.	-		39.14	40.81	43.99	39.41	41.98		
Nov.	1		39.63	41.18	43.44	39.49	42.94		
Dec.	1		40.12	41.32	44.98	39.71	43.78		
			70.00	70.14	44 08	77.00	20.00		
*Jan.		1949	38.26	39.14	44.27	37.29	39.86		
Feb.	1		39.75	41.63	46.85	39,35	43.43		
Mar.	1		39.92	42.10	47.28	39.81	41.66		
Apr.	1		40.46	42.15	46.80	40.15	44.16		
May	1		40.04	42.23	47.82	39.24	43.61		
June	1		38,30	40.26	45.68	38.83	42.90		
July	1		39.05	41.49	46.62	39.88	44.23		
Aug.	1		39.07	41.00	45.79	40.01	43.80		
Sept.	1		39.89	41.45	46.53	40.61	43.54		
Oct.	1		40.80	42.21	47.54	40.72	44.42		
Nov.	1		40.98	42.83	46,60	40,90	44.34		
*See f	oot	note on	page 8.	and the second					

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