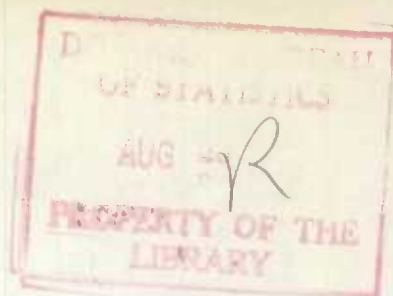


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**MAN-HOURS AND HOURLY EARNINGS**

**REPORTED AT**

**THE FIRST OF JUNE, 1949**



DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS  
DEPARTMENT OF TRADE AND COMMERCE

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**MAN-HOURS AND HOURLY EARNINGS**

**STATISTICS OF AVERAGE HOURS OF WORK,  
AVERAGE HOURLY EARNINGS AND  
AVERAGE WEEKLY WAGES  
REPORTED AT  
THE FIRST OF JUNE, 1949.**

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Published by Authority of the Rt. Hon. C. D. Howe  
Minister of Trade and Commerce

Prepared in the Employment Section,  
of the Labour and Prices Division,  
Dominion Bureau of Statistics, Ottawa

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## EXPLANATION OF THE TERMS USED IN THIS REPORT.

Wage-Earners.- Employers are asked to furnish monthly statistics on man-hours on behalf of those wage-earners for whom they keep a record of aggregate hours worked, so that the data relate, in the main, to persons employed at hourly rates. Information for salaried employees is purposely excluded, while in many cases, statistics of man-hours are not available for certain classes of wage-earners, whose earnings, like those of most salaried employees, are not directly dependent upon the number of hours worked; examples of wage-earners frequently excluded are route drivers, piece-workers in many but not all establishments, truck men, etc. In addition, some employers do not keep a record of man-hours for any classes of employees. Accordingly, the number of workers for whom statistics are given in the present bulletin is smaller than the total number of employees, (salaried personnel and wage-earners) for whom statistics of employment and payrolls are obtained in the monthly surveys on these subjects; the results of these surveys are published in the monthly bulletins on employment and payrolls, which also contain data relating to the sex distribution of the workers in recorded employment, an important factor contributing to differences shown in the average earnings in various industries.

The monthly statistics of average hours and average hourly earnings, like those of employment and average weekly earnings relate, in the main, to establishments usually employing 15 persons and over, the smaller firms being excluded for reasons of economy in terms of cost and time. In the case of the manufacturing industries, (largely represented in the material of the present bulletin), the statistics relate to over 75 p.c. of all salaried employees and wage-earners reported by the establishments co-operating in the monthly surveys of employment and payrolls; at the date of the last Decennial Census, (June 1, 1941), the manufacturers furnishing monthly data employed approximately 93 p.c. of all persons enumerated as at work in manufacturing.

In mining and construction, data on hours and earnings are currently available for some 85 p.c. and 83 p.c., of the total employees reported to the monthly surveys of employment and payrolls in those industries, respectively; at June 1, 1941, the co-operating mine operators had employed over 96 p.c. of all wage-earners at work as enumerated in the Census, while the employers in construction whose statistics were then received had reported over 79 p.c. of the Census total of employees at work in that group. It should be noted that the comparisons with the Census figures are complicated by differences in the classifications used in compiling the two series, so that the percentages of coverage are only approximate.

Man-Hours.- The statistics of man-hours include overtime as well as the hours worked by part-time and casual workers. Hours credited to persons absent on leave with pay in the recorded pay period are included in the statistics as though the hours for which payment was made had been worked.

Wages.- The wages reported represent gross earnings before deductions are made for taxes, unemployment insurance, etc.; they do not, however, include the value of board and lodging which in some cases is part of the remuneration of workers. Incentive and production bonuses and overtime payments are included, as are sums paid employees absent on leave with pay during the pay period for which statistics are given. The figures of average weekly wages result from the multiplication of the average hours worked during the period of observation, by the average hourly earnings reported in the same period.

Pay Periods.- Statistics of man-hours and hourly wages reported for periods exceeding one week in duration are reduced by the appropriate proportions to obtain for tabulation purposes the number of hours worked and the hourly earnings in one week in the indicated pay period; such information is then added to the data furnished by employers who pay on a weekly basis, so that, in all cases, the tabulated data represent the situation in one week in each month.

STATISTICS OF MAN-HOURS, HOURLY EARNINGS AND WEEKLY WAGES AS REPORTED AT  
JUNE 1, 1949, WITH COMPARISONS AS AT MAY 1, 1949, AND JUNE 1, 1948.

SUMMARY.

There was a decline of 3.4 p.c. in the aggregate hours reported by leading manufacturing establishments in the week of June 1, as compared with the week of May 1, the reduction being mainly due to the widespread observance of Victoria Day in all provinces, together with the observance of Ascension Day as a holiday in Quebec in the period under review. The average working hours fell by 1.7 in the month. Among the major non-manufacturing industries for which a record of hours worked is kept, mine operators reported that their wage-earners aggregated 1.8 p.c. hours more during the week of June 1 than they did in the comparable period one month earlier; the average hours worked per wage-earner, however, were slightly lower; short time continued a factor in coal mining. In the electric railway and other local transportation group, the reported hours totalled 0.6 p.c. less than during the week of May 1. The average working week also decreased. In building construction, the aggregate hours of work reported by the co-operating firms increased by 2.7 p.c.; the number of wage-earners employed was 7.3 p.c. higher than a month earlier, while the average time worked per wage-earner fell by 1.8 hours. In the service industries for which data are available, the aggregate hours reported rose by 0.3 p.c., and the number of wage-earners on the staffs of firms furnishing data, by 1.6 p.c., but the average working week was five-tenths of an hour shorter.

In manufacturing, the aggregate wages disbursed by leading establishments decreased by 2.8 p.c. during the pay period under review as compared with the week of May 1, but the average hourly earnings rose by one-half of a cent, to a new maximum of 99.1 cents. In mining, the reported wages rose by 1.6 p.c., but the average hourly earnings dropped by one-fifth of a cent, the latest figure standing at 117 cents. In local transportation, the aggregate wages paid by the firms furnishing data increased by 0.1 p.c., and the average hourly earnings of their employees, by three-fifths of a cent. In the service division, the indicated aggregate of wages rose by 0.8 p.c., while the average hourly earnings advanced from 63.9 cents at May 1, to a new maximum of 64.2 cents at the first of June. In building construction, the aggregate wages distributed by the larger contractors were 1.4 p.c. higher in the week under review, while the number of wage-earners was higher by 7.3 p.c. than at May 1. In the month, the average hourly earnings decreased by 14 cents, largely as a result of the employment of additional workers at the lower rates of pay.

1. Manufacturing.

Average Hours Worked.— There was a decline of 1.7 hours in the average time worked by wage-earners for whom leading manufacturers kept record of hours worked during the week of June 1 as compared with the same pay period at the beginning of May, largely due to the observance of Victoria Day and Ascension Day holidays in the period under review. The working week was shorter in all major divisions, with the exception of animal food processing and pulp and paper mills. In the former, seasonal activity in meat and fish processing plants brought about an increase of 1.1 hours in the average, while in the pulp and paper industry, the working week rose by half an hour. In factories manufacturing durable goods, the aggregate hours worked in the period under review fell by 3.6 p.c. as compared with the week of May 1, while the number of wage-earners increased by 0.2 p.c. in the same comparison. The hours worked averaged 41.1, -1.6 hours less than those worked in the same establishments a month earlier; a year ago the average working time had been shown as 41.6 hours.



Table A.-

Increases in the Average Earnings of Persons Employed by Leading Establishments at June 1, 1949, as compared with the same date in preceding years.

(1) Increases in Average Hourly Earnings and Weekly Wages of Hourly-Rated Wage-Earners

(a) Industries	Hourly-Rated Wage-Earners Reported at June 1, 1949 No.	Increase in Average Hourly Earnings at June 1, 1949 over			Increase in Average Weekly Wages at June 1, 1949 over		
		June 1 1948	June 1 1947	June 1 1946	June 1 1948	June 1 1947	June 1 1946
		p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.
Manufacturing	771,963	8.4	24.0	43.4	7.0	18.1	39.3
Mining	68,869	5.8	20.7	35.9	2.1	22.8	29.7
Local transportation	30,824	6.5	18.4	39.5	7.7	17.7	36.2
Building construction	90,127	7.5	17.8	30.3	6.8	16.9	34.5
Services	36,739	7.9	22.8	40.2	12.7	20.1	37.9

(b) In Manufacturing, by Provinces

Nova Scotia	19,462	8.2	24.4	33.9	11.1	25.3	34.2
New Brunswick	14,928	6.4	20.1	39.9	8.6	14.0	35.8
Quebec	254,157	9.1	24.0	40.6	5.2	15.9	33.9
Ontario	381,887	8.0	24.0	44.8	6.9	19.3	43.9
Manitoba	27,958	6.4	22.2	36.9	12.3	18.3	33.1
Saskatchewan	4,979	8.8	26.4	48.3	12.1	28.2	49.5
Alberta	14,273	9.1	27.2	40.1	11.3	21.9	38.1
British Columbia	53,879	9.0	25.0	45.6	9.5	16.9	34.9

(c) In Manufacturing, by Cities

Montreal	132,479	8.5	24.1	38.2	8.0	17.3	31.1
Toronto	111,827	7.1	23.6	43.0	7.3	19.6	41.8
Hamilton	43,447	10.3	30.8	53.8	9.0	25.0	55.3
Winnipeg	24,654	6.0	22.5	35.1	12.2	17.7	31.5
Vancouver	22,368	9.7	24.9	45.0	10.6	15.2	35.7

(2) Increases in Weekly Earnings of Salaried Employees and Wage-Earners and in Weekly Wages of Hourly-Rated Wage-Earners

Increases at June 1, 1949, as compared with:-

Canada	June 1, 1948 in		June 1, 1947 in		June 1, 1946 in	
	Salaries and Wages	Weekly Wages	Salaries and Wages	Weekly Wages	Salaries and Wages	Weekly Wages
	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.
All Manufacturing	6.7	6.1	18.3	17.9	36.4	39.3
Durable Manufactured Goods	6.9	6.9	18.2	18.1	36.2	38.4
Non-Durable Manufactured Goods	6.4	5.6	18.2	18.5	36.1	40.1

Although the number of wage-earners reported in the light manufactured goods division at June 1 was 0.8 p.c. higher than at May 1, the aggregate hours worked in the co-operating factories decreased by 3.2 p.c. in the month. The average working week was 1.7 hours shorter. The most marked reduction in working time in this division took place in the textile industry, in which the average was 3.4 hours less than in the week of May 1. Slackness in certain branches of the industry and widespread observance of the holidays, particularly in Quebec, contributed to the decline.

Hourly Earnings.- The average hourly earnings reported by the larger manufacturing establishments at June 1 reached a new maximum of 99.1 cents, a gain of half a cent over the figure recorded for the week of May 1. Wage-earners in the durable goods group received an average of 106.5 cents per hour, as compared with 106.2 cents a month earlier. In part, the higher figure was due to increases in wage rates in the iron and steel, clay, glass and stone and certain other industries, and, in part, to payment at premium rates for time worked on the holidays which fell within the period of observation. Heightened employment for lower-paid seasonal workers in lumber mills was mainly responsible for a fractional decline in the hourly earnings in that industry. The aggregate wages disbursed by the co-operating firms in the heavy manufactured goods group, and their hours decreased by 3.3 p.c. and 3.6 p.c., respectively, during the period under review. In the light manufactured goods division, the hourly earnings rose by four-fifths of a cent, to a new maximum of 91.5 cents. Changes in the industrial distribution of the persons for whom statistics are available, higher wage rates in printing and publishing plants, non-metallic mineral products and other industries, as well as payment at premium rates for work done on May 24, were factors contributing to the higher average. The aggregate wages reported in the non-durable manufactured goods industries, however, decreased by 2.3 p.c. during the period under review as compared with the week of May 1.

Average Weekly Wages.- The average weekly wages of hourly-rated wage-earners employed by leading manufacturing establishments stood at \$40.43 at June 1, as compared with \$41.91 at the beginning of May. In the heavy manufactured goods class, the latest figure was \$43.77, as compared with \$45.35 a month earlier. In the non-durable goods division, the average weekly wages fell from \$38.37 at May 1, to \$37.15 during the period under review. The decreases were entirely due to shorter hours, resulting in the main from the observance of holidays.

Table 8 gives a comparison of the average weekly salaries and wages reported monthly by leading manufacturers since June 1, 1945, with the average weekly wages paid the wage-earners for whom they keep a record of hours worked. The former figures include wage-earners paid by the hour and those paid at other rates, (such as piece workers, etc.), as well as workers paid by salary and commissions. On the whole, however, the wage-earners for whom statistics are given in the present bulletin, as shown in Table 1, form important proportions of the total personnel of the co-operating establishments. At the beginning of June, such employees made up 74.7 p.c. of the total number of persons of all categories on the payrolls of the manufacturers<sup>1/</sup> furnishing monthly statistics on employment and payrolls at the same date; in the heavy manufactured goods industries, the ratio was 77.8 p.c., and that in the light manufactured goods division, 71.9 p.c.

The high proportions which the hourly-rated wage-earners constitute of the total employees of the co-operating establishments lend interest to the data in Table 8. In the month, the combined salaries-and-wages figure decreased by \$1.11, as compared with a drop of \$1.48 in the weekly wages of the hourly-rated personnel. In the heavy manufactured goods industries, the reporting plants indicated a drop of \$1.29 in the month in the salaries-and-wages figure; the weekly earnings of hourly-rated wage-

<sup>1/</sup>That is, of establishments ordinarily employing 15 persons and over. See the monthly bulletins on Employment and Payrolls. It is estimated that the salaried personnel in manufacturing as a whole usually make up 16 p.c. to 17 p.c. of the total number of employees.



earners in the same group fell by \$1.58. In the non-durable manufactured goods industries, the average weekly earnings of the persons on salaries and wages at May 1 decreased by 93 cents, while those of the hourly-rated personnel declined by \$1.22.

## 2. Non-Manufacturing Industries.

In many of the non-manufacturing industries, few if any of the wage-earners are paid by the hour, with the result that a precise record of the hours worked is not kept. The representation of the non-manufacturing industries in this bulletin is therefore less than that in the manufacturing classes. The following notes deal briefly with the statistics for several of the non-manufacturing classes.

In the week of June 1, the average hours worked and the average weekly wages in coal mining continued below the level of preceding months in both Nova Scotia and Alberta. The average in this industry throughout Canada dropped by 1.2 hours from May 1, to 33.5 hours. The weekly wages also fell, but the hourly earnings rose at June 1 by nine-tenths of a cent. The wage-earners reported in the extraction of metallic ores averaged 45.4 hours in the week under review, or four-fifths of an hour longer than in the week of May 1. During the month, the hourly earnings declined by one-fifth of a cent, bringing the latest figure to 116 cents. In the non-metallic mining group, the average working week was lowered by two hours, to 40.9 hours in the week under review; the hourly earnings dropped by seven-tenths of a cent, to 103.7 cents. The reported number of wage-earners increased by 13 p.c., as oil wells in Alberta and peat-bogs in British Columbia provided additional employment. To some extent the gains were seasonal in character.

In the local transportation group, the average hours worked were slightly lower than a month earlier, while the average hourly earnings increased by three-fifths of a cent, to a new maximum of 99.3 cents at June 1.

In building construction, the indicated number of wage-earners seasonally increased, but the average hours worked per wage-earner, and the average hourly earnings fell, as a result of the employment of more casual labour, at the lower rates of pay. The average number of hours reported in this industry decreased from 40.4 hours in the week of May 1 to 38.6 hours in that of June 1; the average hourly earnings fell from 108.5 cents at the former date to 107.1 cents at the latter. The number of wage-earners for whom man-hours were reported in the highway construction industry at June 1 rose by 17.5 p.c. as compared with the week of May 1 as the programme of summer work proceeded. In the month, the aggregate hours worked and the aggregate wages paid by the establishments from which returns were received increased by 27.2 p.c. and 25.5 p.c., respectively. The average working week at June 1 was also longer, by 2.9 hours, bringing the latest figure to 38.1 hours. The average hourly earnings, however, fell by 1.2 cents, to 85 cents. The wage-earners in hotels and restaurants for whom man-hours were reported worked, on the average, three-tenths of an hour less than during the week of May 1. Their hourly earnings rose from 63.1 cents at that date to 63.5 cents at the beginning of June. The hours worked by wage-earners in the co-operating laundries and dry-cleaning establishments decreased by one hour during the period under review, while the average hourly earnings rose from May 1 by two-fifths of a cent, to 65.8 cents at June 1.

## 3. Provincial Statistics for Leading Industries.

The average hours worked in manufacturing as a whole in the week of June 1 in all provinces except Saskatchewan were shorter than those reported a month earlier, largely because of the Victoria Day and Ascension Day holidays occurring in the week under review. The latter holiday particularly affected the situation in Quebec, where the working week averaged 41.9 hours, three hours less than during the week of May 1. In this province, shorter hours were reported in leather products, lumber



products, textiles, beverages, iron and steel products and many other industries. In Saskatchewan, slightly longer working hours in the animal product and the iron and steel industries were largely responsible for an increase of three-tenths of an hour in the average working week reported in manufacturing as a whole. As compared with a year ago, little change was noted in the average working week except in Nova Scotia, where there was an increase of 1.3 hours, and in Quebec, where a decline of 1.9 hours was reported, due largely to the occurrence of the two holidays in the week of June 1, 1949.

Table 4 shows increases at June 1 as compared with May 1 in the general averages of hourly earnings in manufacturing in all provinces with the exception of New Brunswick and British Columbia. The most marked increase was in Nova Scotia, where the general average rose from 87.9 cents to 92.8 cents, largely because of wage increases and payment at premium overtime rates for work performed on the Victoria Day holiday. In New Brunswick and British Columbia, changes in the industrial distributions of the employees and the aggregate hours reported produced decreases of 1.6 cents and 0.5 cents, respectively, in the general averages in manufacturing in those areas. In all provinces, payment at premium overtime rates for work done on the 24th of May had some influence, while there were increases in wage rates in a number of industries in several provinces.

Higher average hourly earnings were indicated in all provinces at June 1, 1949, than at the same date in any earlier year of the record, resulting in the main, from the payment of higher wage-rates. In considering the changes from past years shown in the table on page 2, it must again be pointed out that the industrial and the related sex distributions of the wage-earners reported by leading establishments in the various provinces and cities have an important influence on the differences in the amounts by which the hourly earnings in manufacturing as a whole have risen.

#### 4. Statistics for the Larger Cities.

The cities in Eastern Canada for which statistics of manhours are published reported somewhat shorter hours for the week of June 1 than during the week of May 1, largely because of the Victoria Day and Ascension Day holidays. In Montreal, where the latter holiday was widely observed, as well as Victoria Day, there was a drop of 2.2 hours in the average in manufacturing. In Toronto and Hamilton, declines of 2 hours and 2.6 hours, respectively, were indicated. In Hamilton, short time in textile plants was a factor, in addition to the losses due to the holiday. In Winnipeg and Vancouver, smaller reductions in working hours were noted in the week of June 1.

The reported hourly earnings in manufacturing as a whole averaged higher in all five centres than at May 1. The most important increase, that of 1.7 cents in Hamilton, resulted mainly from wage increases in the iron and steel and paper products industries, together with payment at premium rates for work performed in some plants on May 24. Shorter working hours in industries paying less than the general average also influenced the situation in that city at the date under review.

The advances in the average hourly rates in the larger cities at June 1 as compared with the same date in earlier years, as shown in Table 5, were considerable. As was mentioned in connection with the provincial averages, it is important to note that the variations in the average rates in manufacturing as a whole in the cities are due, in part, to differences in the industrial distributions of the wage-earners for whom statistics are available; the related sex distribution of the indicated employees is another important factor contributing to the differences.

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Table 1.- Average Hours and Average Hourly and Weekly Earnings of Wage-Earners for Whom Data are Available at June 1, 1949, With Comparative Figures for May 1, 1949 and June 1, 1948.

(The latest figures are subject to revision).

INDUSTRIES	Average Hours Per Week Reported at			Average Hourly Earnings Reported at			Average Weekly Wages			Wage-Earners <sup>3/</sup> Working Hours Shown in Col. 1
	June 1 1949	May 1 1949	June 1 1948	June 1 1949	May 1 1949	June 1 1948	June 1 1949	May 1 1949	June 1 1948	
	no.	no.	no.	cts.	cts.	cts.	\$	\$	\$	
MANUFACTURING	40.8	42.5	41.7	99.1	98.6	91.4	40.43	41.91	38.11	771,963
*Durable manufactured goods	41.1	42.7	41.6	106.5	106.2	98.4	43.77	45.35	40.93	389,122
Non-durable manufactured goods	40.6	42.3	41.7	91.5	90.7	84.4	37.15	38.37	35.19	382,841
Animal products - edible	43.9	42.8	43.7	94.3	95.2	85.4	41.40	40.75	37.32	22,390
Dairy products	47.3	46.8	47.1	73.9	74.6	74.6	34.96	34.91	35.14	4,129
Meat products	43.6	42.7	42.6	104.8	104.8	95.3	45.69	44.75	40.60	14,244
Leather products	38.2	40.8	37.4	75.1	74.2	70.4	28.69	30.27	26.33	23,418
Leather boots and shoes	38.2	41.1	37.2	72.4	71.4	67.1	27.66	29.35	24.96	15,641
Lumber products	40.0	41.3	40.3	90.4	90.5	82.2	36.16	37.38	33.13	66,445
Rough and dressed lumber	39.9	40.6	39.8	94.7	95.5	86.3	37.79	38.77	34.35	40,173
Containers	41.2	44.2	41.1	79.9	80.2	74.1	32.92	35.45	30.46	4,533
Furniture	39.9	41.7	41.1	86.4	86.1	77.9	34.47	35.90	32.02	14,599
*Musical instruments	42.6	42.3	43.4	83.1	84.6	78.1	35.40	35.79	33.90	792
Plant products - edible	40.8	42.6	41.7	77.6	77.8	72.4	31.66	33.14	30.19	39,277
Flour and other milled products	42.3	44.1	43.5	95.1	94.2	86.9	40.23	41.54	37.80	4,820
Fruit and vegetable preserving	36.0	39.5	37.9	74.8	75.9	69.0	26.93	29.98	26.15	6,548
Bread and bakery products	44.4	43.9	43.7	77.7	77.3	72.5	34.50	33.93	31.68	7,837
Chocolate and cocoa products	38.8	42.2	39.6	67.5	66.6	63.0	26.19	28.11	24.95	6,791
Pulp and paper products	44.3	44.3	45.2	108.4	108.1	101.3	48.02	47.89	45.79	82,646
Pulp and paper	47.6	47.1	49.6	112.9	113.6	107.2	53.74	53.51	53.17	42,503
Paper products	41.2	42.4	41.1	84.2	83.7	80.1	34.69	35.49	32.92	15,581
Printing and publishing	40.5	40.7	40.0	115.0	113.4	102.9	46.58	46.16	41.16	24,562
Rubber products	38.8	40.3	40.9	107.7	108.0	99.5	41.79	42.72	40.70	16,208
Textiles - all branches	37.5	40.9	39.6	79.7	79.5	71.7	29.89	32.52	28.39	127,613
Thread, yarn and cloth	39.5	43.1	42.4	84.2	83.3	73.1	33.26	35.90	30.99	52,323
Cotton yarn and cloth	37.9	41.8	41.4	85.6	84.7	73.5	32.44	35.40	30.43	21,117
Woollen yarn and cloth	39.7	43.3	41.3	80.3	79.7	72.0	31.88	34.51	29.74	12,472
Silk and artificial silk goods	41.7	44.9	45.5	85.4	84.9	73.5	35.61	38.12	33.44	14,230
Hosiery and knit goods	37.2	40.3	39.9	73.7	73.8	66.7	27.42	29.74	26.61	20,777
Garments and personal furnishings	34.8	38.3	36.0	76.2	76.4	71.1	26.52	29.26	25.60	41,837
Tobacco	41.1	43.2	40.3	86.6	85.9	78.1	35.59	37.11	31.47	7,816
Beverages	41.9	43.2	43.8	98.1	98.4	90.2	41.10	42.61	39.41	13,269
Distilled and malt liquor	40.7	42.5	43.3	104.3	103.7	94.5	42.45	44.07	40.92	10,275
Chemicals and allied products	43.3	43.5	43.1	98.8	98.9	91.5	42.78	43.02	39.44	24,882
Drugs and medicines	39.0	40.7	40.3	82.5	81.2	76.2	32.18	33.05	30.71	3,670
*Clay, glass and stone products	44.2	44.9	44.2	96.6	96.1	89.3	42.70	43.15	39.47	17,439
Glass products	44.9	45.5	44.0	91.7	91.2	84.3	41.17	41.50	37.09	5,438
Lime, gypsum and cement products	45.6	45.8	45.8	96.4	95.7	88.5	43.96	43.83	40.53	4,401
*Electrical apparatus	39.5	41.1	40.4	109.9	109.8	98.8	43.41	45.13	39.92	37,099
Heavy electrical apparatus <sup>1/</sup>	41.9	43.3	42.5	120.0	119.9	106.1	50.28	51.92	45.09	9,686
*Iron and steel products	41.2	43.1	41.8	111.4	110.7	103.9	45.90	47.71	43.43	229,964
Crude, rolled and forged products	44.0	45.2	44.3	118.3	113.2	108.2	52.05	51.17	47.93	34,274
Primary iron and steel	44.4	45.5	44.7	120.6	114.3	110.4	53.55	52.01	49.35	28,039
Machinery (other than vehicles)	40.7	43.3	42.2	104.0	103.3	95.0	42.33	44.73	40.09	21,500
Agricultural implements	41.0	43.8	41.1	114.8	115.4	109.9	47.07	50.55	45.17	14,763
Land vehicles and aircraft	41.0	42.3	41.3	115.2	115.9	109.8	47.23	49.03	45.35	86,670
Railway rolling stock	42.8	43.1	43.7	112.2	112.8	109.8	48.02	48.62	47.98	41,563
Automobiles and parts	38.2	41.0	39.0	122.0	122.5	112.4	46.60	50.23	43.84	36,560
Aeroplanes and parts	43.9	45.0	39.8	103.8	103.6	95.9	45.57	46.62	38.17	7,680
Steel shipbuilding and repairing	40.1	43.3	42.6	108.4	107.5	101.7	43.47	46.55	43.32	13,907
Iron and steel fabrication n.e.s.	40.1	42.7	40.0	106.0	105.5	99.4	42.61	45.06	39.76	8,424
Hardware, tools and cutlery	41.1	42.8	40.7	97.3	97.3	90.2	39.99	41.64	36.71	9,987
Foundry and machine shop products	39.0	42.0	40.8	108.5	108.4	99.2	42.32	45.53	40.47	7,118
Sheet metal work	40.4	42.9	39.9	100.0	100.0	92.4	40.40	42.90	36.87	12,034
*Non-ferrous metal products	42.6	43.2	42.3	106.4	106.0	96.3	45.33	45.79	40.73	37,383
Smelting and refining	45.2	44.8	-	114.5	114.7	-	51.75	51.39	-	16,982
Aluminum and its products	41.0	42.1	-	96.9	97.3	-	39.73	40.96	-	4,997
Brass and copper manufacturing	40.6	42.2	41.6	104.5	103.2	95.6	42.43	43.55	39.73	8,652
Non-metallic mineral products	42.2	43.2	43.0	118.4	117.8	105.5	49.96	50.89	45.37	10,198
Petroleum and its products	41.7	42.5	42.4	126.7	126.5	119.9	52.83	53.76	47.45	6,789
Miscellaneous manufactured products	39.4	42.1	39.7	85.7	84.4	79.9	33.77	35.83	31.72	15,135
MINING	41.2	41.4	42.7	117.0	117.2	110.6	48.20	48.52	47.23	68,869
Coal	33.5	34.7	37.8	127.3	126.4	126.0	42.65	43.86	47.63	20,585
Metallic ores	45.4	44.6	45.1	116.0	116.2	108.4	52.66	51.83	48.89	38,475
Non-metallic minerals (except coal)	40.9	42.9	44.3	103.7	104.4	93.9	42.41	44.79	41.60	9,809
LOCAL TRANSPORTATION <sup>2/</sup>	44.7	45.4	44.4	99.3	98.7	93.2	44.39	44.81	41.38	30,824
BUILDING CONSTRUCTION	36.6	40.4	38.8	107.1	108.5	99.6	41.34	43.83	38.64	90,127
HIGHWAY CONSTRUCTION	38.1	35.2	37.2	85.0	86.2	78.9	32.39	30.34	29.35	44,940
SERVICES (as indicated below)	41.8	42.3	42.3	64.2	63.9	59.5	26.84	27.03	25.17	36,739
Hotels and restaurants	42.7	43.0	43.1	63.5	63.1	59.4	27.11	27.13	25.60	24,199
Personal (Chiefly laundries)	40.1	41.1	40.6	65.8	65.4	59.9	26.39	26.88	24.32	12,540

\* The industries classed in the durable manufactured goods industries are indicated by an asterisk.

<sup>1/</sup> Since 1941, the Dominion Bureau of Statistics has prepared current indexes of average hourly earnings of the employees of eight establishments producing heavy electrical apparatus. Based upon the hourly earnings at June 1, 1941, as 100 p.c., the latest figures are as follows:- Apr. 1, 1949, 228.3; May 1, 1949, 227.5; June 1, 1949, 227.7; at June 1, 1948, the index was 201.3.

<sup>2/</sup> Chiefly street and electric railways. <sup>3/</sup> For information respecting the sex distribution of the persons in recorded employment, see monthly bulletins on employment and payrolls.



Table 2.- Average Hours Worked and Average Hourly Earnings of Hourly-Rated Wage-Earners in Manufacturing as a Whole and in the Manufacture of Durable Goods and of Non-Durable Goods.

Week Preceding	All Manu- factures	Average Hours Worked		All Manu- factures	Average Hourly Earnings	
		Durable Goods	Non-Durable Goods		Durable Goods	Non-Durable Goods
	No.	No.	No.	¢	¢	¢
June 1, 1945	44.3	44.7	43.9	70.3	77.5	61.4
July 1	44.3	45.0	43.3	70.1	77.0	61.2
Aug. 1	44.3	44.7	43.7	69.5	76.9	60.7
Sept. 1	44.1	44.2	44.0	69.2	76.5	60.9
Oct. 1	44.7	45.0	44.5	67.6	75.4	60.4
Nov. 1	44.9	45.3	44.6	67.5	74.8	60.6
Dec. 1	44.8	44.9	44.6	67.0	74.0	60.6
*Jan. 1, 1946	38.1	37.5	38.7	67.9	74.7	61.7
Feb. 1	44.1	44.4	43.8	68.1	75.2	61.3
Mar. 1	44.0	44.2	43.9	67.9	74.5	61.5
Apr. 1	44.4	44.6	44.2	68.4	75.1	61.8
*May 1	43.0	43.2	42.8	68.9	75.5	62.4
June 1	42.0	42.1	41.9	69.1	75.1	63.3
July 1	42.4	42.8	42.1	70.0	75.7	64.1
Aug. 1	43.0	43.2	42.8	70.0	75.8	64.4
Sept. 1	42.7	42.6	42.7	70.6	76.5	65.1
Oct. 1	42.9	42.8	42.9	71.4	77.8	65.7
Nov. 1	42.4	42.5	42.3	72.9	79.4	66.7
Dec. 1	43.2	43.2	43.2	74.5	81.8	67.6
*Jan. 1, 1947	38.1	38.0	38.1	76.3	83.3	69.4
Feb. 1	43.2	43.2	43.1	76.4	83.5	69.4
Mar. 1	43.4	43.6	43.2	77.1	84.2	69.9
Apr. 1	43.2	43.4	43.1	77.6	84.8	70.5
May 1	43.2	43.3	43.1	78.3	85.4	71.2
June 1	42.9	43.0	42.7	79.9	86.2	73.4
July 1	42.0	42.5	41.6	80.8	86.8	74.7
Aug. 1	42.5	42.6	42.3	81.3	87.7	74.8
Sept. 1	42.3	42.5	42.2	82.2	88.8	75.7
Oct. 1	43.1	43.5	42.6	83.4	90.6	76.2
Nov. 1	42.9	43.2	42.7	84.7	91.9	77.6
Dec. 1	43.5	43.8	43.2	85.6	92.8	78.3
*Jan. 1, 1948	38.3	38.5	38.1	86.6	92.9	80.0
Feb. 1	42.8	42.7	42.8	86.6	93.2	80.1
Mar. 1	43.2	43.4	43.0	88.0	95.0	80.8
*Apr. 1	41.6	41.8	41.4	89.0	95.6	82.1
May 1	43.1	43.4	42.7	89.4	96.2	82.4
June 1	41.7	41.6	41.7	91.4	98.4	84.4
July 1	42.0	42.3	41.6	92.3	99.2	85.2
Aug. 1	42.1	42.0	42.1	92.7	99.8	85.6
Sept. 1	41.7	42.0	41.5	93.4	100.9	85.8
Oct. 1	43.0	43.3	42.7	94.6	102.6	86.6
Nov. 1	43.1	43.2	43.1	95.5	103.4	87.6
Dec. 1	43.2	43.4	43.1	96.0	104.1	87.7
*Jan. 1, 1949	40.6	41.0	40.2	97.2	104.8	89.3
Feb. 1	42.9	43.2	42.7	97.2	105.0	89.3
Mar. 1	43.0	43.2	42.7	97.6	105.3	89.6
Apr. 1	42.9	43.2	42.6	98.2	105.7	90.3
May 1	42.5	42.7	42.3	98.6	106.2	90.7
June 1	40.8	41.1	40.6	99.1	106.5	91.5

\*The averages at these dates were affected by loss of working time at the year-end holidays in the case of Jan. 1, and by the Easter Holidays in the case of Apr. 1, 1948 and 1945, and May 1, 1946.

Table 3.- Average Hours Worked and Average Hourly Earnings of Hourly-Rated Wage-Earners in Specified Non-Manufacturing Industries. (Continued)

<u>Week of</u>	<u>Mining</u>	<u>Coal</u>	<u>Metallic</u>	<u>Non-Metallic</u>	<u>Local</u>
	<u>All Branches</u>	<u>Mining</u>	<u>Mining</u>	<u>Mining</u>	<u>Transportation</u>
(a) <u>Average Hours Worked Per Week</u>					
June 1, 1947	40.5	30.7	44.7	44.4	44.9
July 1	42.2	37.6	44.5	43.8	45.8
Aug. 1	42.9	39.2	44.8	44.4	45.8
Sept. 1	42.5	38.6	44.2	44.8	45.5
Oct. 1	43.5	39.9	44.9	46.2	45.6
Nov. 1	42.9	38.4	44.8	45.5	44.8
Dec. 1	43.5	38.9	45.7	45.9	45.4
*Jan. 1, 1948	36.6	30.5	39.0	41.6	43.7
Feb. 1	43.8	40.0	45.4	43.9	45.4
Mar. 1	42.9	36.4	46.0	45.3	45.5
*Apr. 1	42.3	38.6	44.2	43.4	44.4
May 1	43.2	39.4	45.1	44.8	44.9
June 1	42.7	37.8	45.1	44.3	44.4
July 1	43.0	38.1	45.0	45.6	45.4
Aug. 1	42.9	39.5	44.6	43.7	45.4
Sept. 1	43.2	39.6	45.0	43.9	45.7
Oct. 1	43.4	39.0	45.4	44.7	45.2
Nov. 1	43.5	39.4	45.3	45.3	45.2
Dec. 1	44.0	40.3	46.1	44.4	45.6
*Jan. 1, 1949	38.4	31.2	41.8	41.0	44.5
Feb. 1	44.0	40.3	45.9	44.9	45.4
Mar. 1	42.5	37.4	45.5	42.5	45.7
Apr. 1	42.3	36.6	45.5	42.6	45.5
May 1	41.4	34.7	44.6	42.9	45.4
June 1	41.2	33.5	45.4	40.9	44.7

(b) Average Hourly Earnings (in cents)

June 1, 1947	96.9	112.7	97.8	76.5	83.9
July 1	98.9	109.8	101.0	77.3	84.5
Aug. 1	98.6	107.4	101.0	78.2	83.8
Sept. 1	100.6	111.1	102.6	80.2	84.8
Oct. 1	101.1	110.9	103.0	81.2	85.4
Nov. 1	101.1	110.3	103.0	82.3	87.6
Dec. 1	103.0	111.9	104.4	84.6	88.4
Jan. 1, 1948	104.1	115.3	104.3	86.4	90.8
Feb. 1	104.5	109.9	105.9	92.8	91.2
Mar. 1	108.1	120.2	106.6	94.5	91.7
Apr. 1	110.7	124.8	108.3	95.2	92.4
May 1	111.0	126.2	108.1	94.3	92.2
June 1	110.6	126.0	108.4	93.9	93.2
July 1	111.8	124.9	111.2	94.6	94.0
Aug. 1	113.5	125.8	113.4	95.5	95.1
Sept. 1	113.9	126.7	113.7	96.6	95.9
Oct. 1	114.8	126.8	114.6	98.5	97.3
Nov. 1	115.1	127.7	114.1	99.4	97.6
Dec. 1	115.3	127.4	114.2	99.4	97.6
Jan. 1, 1949	117.1	130.6	115.9	101.6	97.8
Feb. 1	116.0	128.2	113.7	101.8	97.9
Mar. 1	118.1	127.6	115.9	105.3	98.1
Apr. 1	117.5	127.3	115.1	105.8	98.4
May 1	117.2	126.4	116.2	104.4	98.7
June 1	117.0	127.3	116.0	103.7	99.3

\*See footnote on page 2.



Table 3.- Average Hours Worked and Average Hourly Earnings of Hourly-Rated Wage-Earners in Specified Non-Manufacturing Industries. (Concluded)

<u>Week of</u>	<u>Building Construction</u>	<u>Highway Construction</u>	<u>Services as Specified</u>	<u>Hotels Restaurants</u>	<u>Personal Services</u>
(a) <u>Average Hours Worked Per Week</u>					
June 1, 1947	39.1	37.4	42.7	43.4	41.3
July 1	38.8	38.7	42.3	43.1	40.8
Aug. 1	40.5	39.1	42.5	43.6	40.4
Sept. 1	40.0	39.6	42.4	43.3	40.6
Oct. 1	40.5	38.9	42.5	43.3	40.9
Nov. 1	40.7	37.4	42.4	43.2	40.9
Dec. 1	40.9	36.6	42.4	42.9	41.2
*Jan. 1, 1948	33.8	35.6	41.2	43.1	37.6
Feb. 1	40.1	38.2	42.6	43.6	40.6
Mar. 1	41.2	39.8	43.0	43.8	41.3
*Apr. 1	37.6	36.6	43.1	44.0	41.3
May 1	40.8	35.7	42.9	43.5	41.8
June 1	38.8	37.2	42.3	43.1	40.6
July 1	40.0	38.0	41.9	42.9	39.9
Aug. 1	40.8	35.8	42.4	43.4	40.3
Sept. 1	40.9	38.3	42.1	43.0	40.3
Oct. 1	41.8	39.2	42.2	42.7	41.0
Nov. 1	41.7	39.1	41.9	42.2	41.2
Dec. 1	41.1	37.0	42.4	42.9	41.4
*Jan. 1, 1949	35.6	35.9	41.4	42.8	38.5
Feb. 1	39.6	40.6	42.2	42.9	40.8
Mar. 1	40.8	40.3	42.4	43.4	40.6
Apr. 1	40.5	39.1	42.6	43.4	41.2
May 1	40.4	35.2	42.3	43.0	41.1
June 1	38.6	38.1	41.8	42.7	40.1
(b) <u>Average Hourly Earnings (in cents)</u>					
June 1, 1947	90.9	71.3	52.3	51.6	53.8
July 1	90.7	71.0	53.1	52.3	54.7
Aug. 1	91.4	71.7	52.6	51.6	55.0
Sept. 1	92.9	71.5	53.5	52.2	56.2
Oct. 1	94.8	72.6	54.7	53.4	57.5
Nov. 1	95.8	74.7	55.1	53.8	58.0
Dec. 1	96.5	74.7	56.0	54.7	58.6
Jan. 1, 1948	96.6	76.0	55.8	54.4	59.1
Feb. 1	99.3	77.5	55.8	54.6	58.4
Mar. 1	99.2	80.7	56.5	55.4	59.0
Apr. 1	99.1	81.1	56.2	54.6	59.4
May 1	98.6	78.8	56.4	54.7	59.7
June 1	99.6	78.9	59.5	59.4	59.9
July 1	100.0	78.8	59.8	59.4	60.5
Aug. 1	101.6	77.5	58.4	57.7	60.1
Sept. 1	103.0	79.1	59.3	58.5	61.0
Oct. 1	104.1	80.3	60.4	59.7	62.0
Nov. 1	104.7	81.0	61.1	60.7	62.0
Dec. 1	105.0	81.7	61.6	60.9	62.9
Jan. 1, 1949	105.7	84.4	61.8	61.1	63.5
Feb. 1	108.9	85.5	62.1	61.4	63.5
Mar. 1	108.0	85.7	63.8	63.7	64.1
Apr. 1	108.9	87.6	63.0	62.3	64.7
May 1	108.5	86.2	63.9	63.1	65.4
June 1	107.1	85.0	64.2	63.5	65.8

\*See footnote on page 2.

Table 4.- Average Hours Worked and Average Hourly Earnings of Hourly-Rated Wage-Earners Reported in Manufacturing as a Whole, by Provinces.

<u>Week of</u>		<u>N.S.</u>	<u>N.B.</u>	<u>Que.</u>	<u>Ont.</u>	<u>Man.</u>	<u>Sask.</u>	<u>Alta.</u>	<u>B.C.</u>
(a) <u>Average Hours Worked</u>									
June 1, 1947		43.2	45.7	44.8	41.9	42.5	42.7	42.1	40.0
July 1		45.2	45.6	42.3	41.8	42.7	42.5	42.7	39.5
Aug. 1		44.7	44.4	43.9	41.9	41.7	42.9	41.5	39.0
Sept. 1		44.2	45.4	44.4	41.4	42.3	41.2	41.9	38.1
Oct. 1		43.9	44.7	45.0	42.4	41.8	42.5	41.7	39.2
Nov. 1		44.1	45.3	45.0	42.1	42.0	42.4	41.2	38.8
Dec. 1		44.8	44.7	45.6	42.8	43.1	42.8	42.3	38.4
*Jan. 1, 1948		40.0	39.9	39.4	37.7	39.5	39.1	40.0	34.9
Feb. 1		44.8	45.9	44.3	42.1	43.1	43.0	42.7	38.7
Mar. 1		44.1	45.9	45.0	42.6	42.8	43.0	42.5	38.8
*Apr. 1		43.3	44.2	42.8	41.1	42.5	43.2	42.1	37.5
May 1		44.9	45.3	44.7	42.4	43.1	42.6	42.3	39.3
June 1		42.2	43.5	43.8	40.8	41.2	43.2	42.0	37.4
July 1		43.9	45.4	42.8	41.7	42.7	42.0	42.7	37.8
Aug. 1		44.2	44.8	43.6	41.4	42.3	41.5	41.9	37.9
Sept. 1		44.5	46.1	43.1	40.9	42.8	41.3	42.7	38.3
Oct. 1		43.6	45.7	45.0	42.3	43.1	41.9	41.6	38.9
Nov. 1		44.7	45.7	45.1	42.3	43.1	43.2	42.9	38.5
Dec. 1		45.0	45.6	45.1	42.4	43.0	43.0	42.4	39.0
*Jan. 1, 1949		41.0	41.7	42.3	40.3	40.3	40.9	40.1	35.1
Feb. 1		44.3	45.6	44.5	42.4	42.4	42.7	42.0	38.2
Mar. 1		44.0	45.4	44.5	42.6	42.8	42.7	42.4	37.4
Apr. 1		43.9	45.0	44.4	42.3	42.9	42.8	42.9	38.6
May 1		44.1	44.3	44.1	42.0	41.7	43.0	41.6	37.9
June 1		43.5	43.3	41.9	40.3	41.2	43.3	41.3	37.4
(b) <u>Average Hourly Earnings (in cents)</u>									
June 1, 1947		74.6	73.5	72.6	83.7	79.0	79.8	79.4	94.8
July 1		75.4	74.0	73.9	84.1	80.0	80.3	79.9	96.0
Aug. 1		75.8	74.3	73.7	85.0	80.1	82.0	79.3	98.3
Sept. 1		76.7	75.9	74.4	86.3	80.6	83.7	80.5	98.4
Oct. 1		76.0	76.3	75.8	87.4	81.5	84.3	81.9	100.3
Nov. 1		78.2	77.0	76.5	89.1	82.6	86.8	84.7	101.7
Dec. 1		77.1	77.4	77.2	90.2	83.0	87.4	84.8	103.3
Jan. 1, 1948		78.4	79.5	78.6	90.5	84.3	88.7	85.6	105.4
Feb. 1		79.3	78.0	78.9	90.6	84.1	88.4	86.7	104.8
Mar. 1		79.6	78.1	79.6	92.6	84.0	89.2	87.1	105.9
Apr. 1		81.8	80.1	80.6	93.5	85.1	89.2	88.4	106.3
May 1		82.8	80.4	80.8	94.3	85.4	89.7	88.1	106.3
June 1		85.8	83.0	82.5	96.1	90.7	92.7	92.6	108.7
July 1		85.0	83.8	84.4	96.3	90.8	92.6	92.1	108.9
Aug. 1		84.0	84.8	84.6	97.0	91.4	93.9	93.0	108.9
Sept. 1		83.7	84.2	84.8	98.2	92.1	95.2	93.4	108.8
Oct. 1		84.9	86.4	85.9	99.3	93.4	97.5	95.3	111.3
Nov. 1		84.8	86.9	86.5	100.3	93.5	98.8	96.6	114.7
Dec. 1		84.0	87.6	86.8	100.9	93.6	98.5	97.7	115.7
Jan. 1, 1949		86.6	89.3	88.3	101.8	94.5	98.4	99.3	117.6
Feb. 1		87.2	88.5	88.2	102.0	94.6	98.7	99.4	118.0
Mar. 1		86.9	88.6	88.4	102.5	94.7	99.4	100.0	118.5
Apr. 1		87.7	89.6	89.2	103.0	95.5	99.0	99.2	118.8
May 1		87.9	89.9	89.3	103.5	95.9	100.4	100.1	119.0
June 1		92.8	88.3	90.0	103.8	96.5	100.9	101.0	118.5

\*See footnote on page 2.



Table 5.- Average Hours Worked and Average Hourly Earnings of Hourly-Rated Wage-Earners Reported in Manufacturing as a Whole in Indicated Cities.

<u>Week of</u>	<u>Montreal</u>	<u>Toronto</u>	<u>Hamilton</u>	<u>Winnipeg</u>	<u>Vancouver</u>
(a) <u>Average Hours Worked</u>					
June 1, 1947	42.6	40.5	42.2	42.2	39.8
July 1	40.4	40.7	41.5	42.3	39.0
Aug. 1	41.2	40.2	41.9	41.2	38.2
Sept. 1	41.9	40.1	41.4	41.7	38.2
Oct. 1	42.6	40.8	42.2	41.2	38.6
Nov. 1	43.1	40.9	41.1	41.4	38.1
Dec. 1	43.4	41.4	42.6	42.8	38.3
*Jan. 1, 1948	37.4	36.9	39.4	39.0	33.6
Feb. 1	42.5	41.0	42.4	42.6	38.5
Mar. 1	43.2	41.1	42.3	42.3	38.1
*Apr. 1	41.4	39.7	42.0	42.0	37.0
May 1	42.9	41.2	42.7	42.7	38.5
June 1	41.3	39.4	40.8	40.7	36.5
July 1	41.4	40.7	41.1	42.3	37.5
Aug. 1	42.0	40.5	42.1	42.0	36.9
Sept. 1	40.9	39.7	40.2	42.4	38.1
Oct. 1	43.3	41.1	42.1	42.6	38.3
Nov. 1	43.5	41.3	41.3	42.6	38.0
Dec. 1	43.8	41.4	42.0	42.7	38.4
*Jan. 1, 1949	41.1	39.1	40.8	39.8	34.9
Feb. 1	42.7	41.1	42.9	42.0	37.7
Mar. 1	42.7	41.4	43.1	42.4	36.1
Apr. 1	43.0	41.2	42.9	42.4	38.0
May 1	42.6	41.2	43.0	41.3	37.4
June 1	40.4	39.2	40.4	40.7	36.7
(b) <u>Average Hourly Earnings (in cents)</u>					
June 1, 1947	76.3	83.2	86.3	77.9	93.7
July 1	77.6	83.7	86.0	79.3	93.8
Aug. 1	77.3	84.5	87.1	79.0	95.8
Sept. 1	78.3	86.0	88.9	79.6	96.8
Oct. 1	79.9	87.7	90.3	80.4	99.5
Nov. 1	80.7	88.5	91.0	81.9	101.0
Dec. 1	81.4	89.9	93.6	82.3	101.9
Jan. 1, 1948	82.6	90.2	94.9	83.7	102.9
Feb. 1	82.8	91.6	95.8	83.3	103.3
Mar. 1	83.8	92.2	96.9	83.2	104.8
Apr. 1	84.8	93.2	97.7	84.5	105.3
May 1	85.1	94.2	102.0	84.8	105.3
June 1	87.3	96.0	102.4	90.0	106.7
July 1	88.5	95.6	102.8	90.0	106.3
Aug. 1	88.4	96.6	104.1	90.4	106.6
Sept. 1	88.9	97.3	104.4	91.2	105.9
Oct. 1	90.4	99.3	104.5	92.5	109.6
Nov. 1	91.1	99.7	105.2	92.7	113.0
Dec. 1	91.6	99.8	107.1	93.0	114.0
Jan. 1, 1949	93.1	100.1	108.5	93.7	114.2
Feb. 1	93.1	101.3	109.2	93.7	115.2
Mar. 1	93.5	101.7	109.7	93.9	115.4
Apr. 1	94.1	102.3	109.1	94.7	116.2
May 1	94.0	102.5	111.2	95.0	116.6
June 1	94.7	102.8	112.9	95.4	117.0

\* See footnote on page 2.

Table 6.- Average Hours and Average Hourly Earnings of Wage-Earners in Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and Quebec for Whom Data are Available at June 1, 1949, With Comparative Figures at May 1, 1949, and June 1, 1948.

(The latest figures are subject to revision).

Provinces and Industries	Average Hours Per Week Reported at			Average Hourly Earnings Reported at		
	June 1	May 1	June 1	June 1	May 1	June 1
	1949	1949	1948	1949	1949	1948
	no.	no.	no.	¢	¢	¢
<b>NOVA SCOTIA - Manufacturing</b>	43.5	44.1	42.2	92.8	87.9	85.8
Animal products - edible	43.9	44.9	45.0	65.8	72.7	61.1
Lumber products	41.7	44.1	40.8	58.7	59.0	56.8
Textiles - all branches	41.0	39.5	40.7	64.9	63.8	59.7
Iron and steel	44.2	44.3	42.0	110.3	101.8	104.2
Crude, rolled and forged products	46.0	45.9	44.1	117.1	103.2	109.6
Steel shipbuilding	41.5	42.0	39.6	104.3	103.8	100.3
Mining - Coal	34.0	36.6	39.3	114.9	114.9	114.5
Construction - Building	35.2	36.8	33.6	89.7	91.0	80.4
- Highway	32.6	23.1	30.4	69.8	83.5	67.7
<b>NEW BRUNSWICK - Manufacturing</b>	43.3	44.3	43.5	88.3	89.9	83.0
Rough and dressed lumber	45.7	47.1	42.1	65.1	65.5	62.7
Pulp and paper mills	47.8	47.8	49.5	115.4	115.8	104.8
Iron and steel	39.5	41.2	39.6	105.3	105.2	101.2
Construction - Building	39.4	40.9	39.4	83.0	84.1	82.5
- Highway	27.7	24.4	26.0	71.6	71.7	66.9
<b>QUEBEC - Manufacturing</b>	41.9	44.1	43.8	90.0	89.3	82.5
Leather products	38.0	41.4	37.6	69.3	68.4	63.1
Leather boots and shoes	37.8	41.4	37.0	69.2	68.3	63.5
Lumber products	44.4	46.8	48.1	71.3	70.6	64.2
Rough and dressed lumber	46.3	48.3	50.8	67.5	65.6	62.4
Plant products - edible	44.3	45.7	46.4	71.2	70.4	66.3
Pulp and paper products	46.6	47.0	48.4	105.2	104.8	96.5
Pulp and paper mills	48.9	49.0	50.9	109.6	109.9	101.4
Textiles - all branches	37.9	41.7	41.5	77.1	77.0	69.1
Cotton yarn and cloth	37.8	42.2	43.6	83.4	83.1	72.8
Silk and artificial silk goods	41.6	45.7	47.1	80.3	80.3	69.0
Hosiery and knit goods	37.9	42.4	43.3	69.8	70.8	63.4
Garments and personal furnishings	35.0	38.5	36.8	74.0	74.1	68.5
Chemicals	44.5	44.6	44.7	90.3	90.2	82.5
Electrical apparatus	38.6	39.0	40.1	112.9	112.6	99.5
Iron and steel	42.9	45.3	44.1	102.8	102.4	96.5
Machinery other than vehicles	42.1	45.5	44.9	96.3	96.3	88.1
Railway rolling stock	43.5	43.5	43.5	114.6	115.0	111.2
Aeroplanes and parts	44.5	45.9	39.8	98.4	99.0	94.8
Steel shipbuilding	44.6	50.1	47.5	99.5	98.0	94.4
Non-ferrous metal products	45.4	46.2	44.5	99.7	99.1	91.2
Smelting and refining	47.1	46.9	-	108.9	108.9	-
Mining - Metallic ores	47.3	46.9	47.1	103.9	103.1	95.3
- Non-Metallic minerals (except coal)	42.6	45.7	45.6	89.7	89.7	91.2
Street railways, cartage and storage	45.8	47.3	45.8	90.6	89.3	87.6
Construction - Building	38.7	41.5	39.6	100.7	102.0	92.7
- Highway	40.5	37.0	38.0	70.9	70.1	67.4
Services	44.0	44.6	45.6	59.6	58.9	53.7



Table 6.- Average Hours and Average Hourly Earnings of Wage-Earners in Ontario for Whom Data are Available at June 1, 1949 with Comparative Figures at May 1, 1949, and June 1, 1948. (Continued)

Provinces and Industries	Average Hours Per Week Reported at			Average Hourly Earnings Reported at		
	June 1	May 1	June 1	June 1	May 1	June 1
	1949	1949	1948	1949	1949	1948
	no.	no.	no.	¢	¢	¢
ONTARIO - Manufacturing	40.3	42.0	40.8	103.8	103.5	96.1
Animal products - edible	45.3	43.9	44.3	97.2	96.7	87.5
Meat products	44.9	43.4	42.9	106.2	104.8	95.8
Leather products	38.4	40.3	37.4	82.1	81.3	78.3
Leather boots and shoes	38.9	41.0	37.4	77.7	76.7	72.4
Lumber products	41.2	42.1	41.2	82.6	82.3	77.7
Rough and dressed lumber	42.9	42.8	42.9	79.6	78.9	77.1
Furniture	40.2	41.5	40.3	87.8	87.4	80.5
Plant products - edible	39.4	41.5	39.7	79.5	79.9	74.2
Fruit and vegetable canning	36.6	39.6	36.7	77.3	78.3	71.6
Bread and bakery products	43.1	42.9	42.6	76.3	76.0	71.1
Pulp and paper mills	47.3	46.1	48.7	114.0	114.9	111.9
Paper products	40.8	41.8	40.1	89.3	89.0	85.7
Printing and publishing	39.7	40.0	39.5	115.7	115.3	106.2
Rubber products	38.8	39.8	40.6	114.2	113.0	107.1
Textiles - all branches	37.0	40.1	37.4	84.9	84.2	76.5
Cotton yarn and cloth	38.5	41.1	36.9	89.0	87.9	75.2
Woollen yarn and cloth	38.1	42.0	39.7	84.2	83.4	74.7
Hosiery and knit goods	36.4	39.1	37.5	78.5	77.7	70.6
Garments and personal furnishings	34.4	37.6	34.1	83.0	83.0	79.0
Chemicals	42.5	42.8	42.2	104.2	104.3	97.3
Drugs and medicines	38.7	39.0	38.8	84.9	84.0	78.6
Clay, glass and stone products	43.4	44.2	42.7	100.9	100.7	94.4
Electrical apparatus	39.9	42.0	40.6	109.3	109.4	99.0
Iron and steel	40.5	42.6	41.2	115.1	114.8	106.5
Crude, rolled and forged products	44.5	44.9	44.7	122.2	118.6	112.7
Machinery other than vehicles	40.6	42.3	41.1	107.9	107.0	98.5
Agricultural implements	40.8	43.7	40.9	116.7	117.7	112.0
Railway rolling stock	40.9	43.3	44.3	113.3	115.1	109.4
Automobile parts	40.7	41.8	39.3	114.1	113.5	101.9
Automobile mfg.	36.3	40.3	38.9	130.2	130.5	121.6
Steel shipbuilding	39.1	41.5	41.2	99.9	100.3	96.5
Iron and steel fabrication n.e.s.	39.9	43.4	40.6	105.8	105.5	96.3
Foundry and machine shop products	37.8	41.6	40.7	111.0	110.9	101.8
Sheet metal work	40.9	42.6	41.1	100.8	100.8	93.8
Non-ferrous metal products	41.2	42.2	41.4	107.8	107.4	97.2
Smelting and refining	45.1	44.9	44.7	115.3	115.2	100.3
Brass and copper mfg.	39.5	41.0	40.4	111.9	110.5	102.3
Mining - Metallic ores	45.6	45.2	45.4	114.8	115.5	108.2
Street railways, cartage and storage	44.5	44.5	43.9	104.2	104.0	96.8
Construction - Building	40.4	41.8	40.2	107.1	108.5	101.6
- Highway	42.3	40.1	42.8	89.9	89.5	83.9
Services	41.1	41.6	40.1	63.3	62.7	60.0
Hotels and restaurants	42.7	43.1	41.8	61.7	60.9	59.5

Table 6.- Average Hours and Average Hourly Earnings of Wage-Earners in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia for Whom Data are Available at June 1, 1949, with Comparative Figures at May 1, 1949, and June 1, 1948. (Concluded)  
(The latest figures are subject to revision).

Provinces and Industries	Average Hours Per Week Reported at			Average Hourly Earnings Reported at		
	June 1 1949	May 1 1949	June 1 1948	June 1 1949	May 1 1949	June 1 1948
	no.	no.	no.	¢	¢	¢
<b>MANITOBA - Manufacturing</b>	41.2	41.7	41.2	96.5	95.9	90.7
Meat products	42.5	41.9	41.5	108.5	110.1	97.9
Plant products - edible	41.4	41.1	42.4	80.3	82.7	76.1
Garments and personal furnishings	35.3	39.5	35.5	77.0	79.6	70.2
Iron and steel	41.9	42.1	42.2	105.1	104.0	101.8
Railway rolling stock	42.2	41.5	42.9	110.5	110.5	110.2
Construction - Building	40.7	39.5	38.7	109.2	105.2	97.1
- Highway	39.4	35.0	36.8	83.4	83.2	74.6
Services	40.3	41.5	42.8	66.2	66.3	59.2
<b>SASKATCHEWAN - Manufacturing</b>	43.3	43.0	43.2	100.9	100.4	92.7
Meat products	43.0	42.7	42.4	106.4	107.0	95.0
Construction - Building	37.5	37.1	35.9	95.5	98.2	90.7
- Highway	32.5	38.3	34.3	77.5	76.8	71.5
Services	42.7	42.8	43.5	63.0	62.6	61.0
<b>ALBERTA - Manufacturing</b>	41.3	41.6	42.0	101.0	100.1	92.6
Meat products	41.9	41.0	41.8	106.2	108.1	97.0
Plant products - edible	41.8	41.8	42.7	89.9	88.4	81.5
Railway rolling stock	45.0	43.2	44.9	108.1	108.5	108.5
Mining - Coal	31.0	31.2	35.4	149.6	148.6	147.8
Construction - Building	34.4	36.6	37.2	116.1	116.5	107.0
Services	43.3	43.8	45.2	67.2	66.5	63.2
<b>BRITISH COLUMBIA - Manufacturing</b>	37.4	37.9	37.4	118.5	119.0	108.7
Lumber products	35.7	36.7	34.6	120.0	120.7	108.5
Rough and dressed lumber	35.8	36.5	34.4	121.7	122.5	110.0
Plant products - edible	35.1	36.5	37.5	91.5	94.1	85.2
Fruit and vegetable canning	30.5	33.5	35.3	77.6	81.5	77.4
Pulp and paper mills	42.6	41.0	46.9	127.8	130.1	125.1
Iron and steel	36.8	38.6	37.6	126.3	126.5	116.8
Steel shipbuilding	34.5	36.6	37.2	135.7	135.8	123.1
Non-ferrous metal products	40.4	39.2	39.6	124.3	125.9	111.2
Logging	36.5	36.4	35.1	153.1	151.9	143.8
Mining - Coal	36.7	34.5	36.8	137.7	137.4	137.1
- Metallic ores	41.5	38.9	40.8	128.4	129.3	119.2
Street railways, cartage and storage	43.7	45.8	43.2	107.5	107.0	103.6
Construction - Building	35.3	36.8	35.3	134.2	135.2	125.5
- Highway	35.9	34.4	34.7	111.3	109.3	101.0
Services	38.5	38.7	38.5	77.5	78.0	70.6



Table 7.- Average Hours Per Week and Average Hourly Earnings of Wage-Earners in Certain Cities for Whom Data are Available at June 1, 1949, with Comparative Figures at May 1, 1949 and June 1, 1948.

(The latest figures are subject to revision).

Cities and Industries	Average Hours Per Week Reported at			Average Hourly Earnings Reported at		
	June 1	May 1	June 1	June 1	May 1	June 1
	1949	1949	1948	1949	1949	1948
	no.	no.	no.	¢	¢	¢
<u>Montreal</u> - Manufacturing	40.4	42.6	41.3	94.7	94.0	87.3
Leather products	37.5	41.1	37.4	74.4	72.9	67.3
Plant products - edible	43.3	44.9	45.8	75.2	73.8	68.7
Textiles - all branches	35.0	39.0	37.4	81.0	80.9	74.1
Tobacco	41.4	42.8	39.4	93.8	92.2	85.4
Electrical apparatus	38.4	38.7	39.9	115.3	115.4	100.5
Iron and steel	42.3	44.5	41.9	106.9	106.9	101.6
Street railways, cartage and storage	44.8	46.3	44.7	94.5	93.3	91.8
Building construction	35.1	39.9	37.1	110.2	110.2	97.2
Services	43.5	44.1	45.2	59.9	59.2	53.1
<u>Toronto</u> - Manufacturing	39.2	41.2	39.4	102.8	102.5	96.0
Plant products - edible	39.5	40.9	40.3	77.7	78.8	73.6
Paper products	40.7	40.6	39.6	88.7	89.1	82.9
Printing and publishing	38.9	39.1	38.7	124.3	124.3	115.6
Rubber products	38.3	40.5	40.4	117.5	118.0	111.4
Textiles - all branches	36.2	38.3	34.8	87.7	87.6	83.1
Chemicals	41.1	41.6	41.1	101.5	101.6	94.0
Electrical apparatus	38.4	41.9	40.5	105.4	105.7	96.8
Iron and steel	39.9	43.1	40.2	110.0	109.8	103.9
Non-ferrous metal products	39.8	40.9	39.3	107.1	106.7	99.3
Street railways, cartage and storage	42.5	41.2	42.5	110.3	111.4	103.7
Building construction	34.4	38.3	37.0	126.0	126.8	118.9
Services	40.3	41.1	39.4	67.9	67.1	65.0
<u>Hamilton</u> - Manufacturing	40.4	43.0	40.8	112.9	111.2	102.4
Textiles - all branches	35.0	39.1	37.1	85.6	84.6	76.3
Electrical apparatus	40.4	40.8	40.3	122.7	123.6	109.9
Iron and steel	42.3	45.2	42.4	122.3	120.3	112.0
Building construction	39.1	40.5	37.8	117.2	117.2	105.6
<u>Winnipeg</u> - Manufacturing	40.7	41.3	40.7	95.4	95.0	90.0
Animal products - edible	42.7	42.0	42.8	108.0	109.4	93.1
Plant products - edible	41.5	41.2	42.4	80.9	83.4	76.6
Textiles - all branches	35.9	39.8	35.4	75.4	78.0	69.2
Iron and steel	41.3	41.7	41.6	105.7	104.9	103.0
Street railways, cartage and storage	44.8	45.0	43.9	92.9	92.5	82.6
Building construction	37.8	38.5	36.7	108.9	106.5	101.1
Services	40.1	41.3	42.6	66.2	66.3	59.1
<u>Vancouver</u> - Manufacturing	36.7	37.4	36.5	117.0	116.6	106.7
Lumber products	36.0	37.0	35.4	121.1	121.1	109.1
Iron and steel	35.9	37.9	36.1	127.6	127.9	117.3
Street railways, cartage and storage	43.6	46.4	43.1	107.6	106.9	103.9
Building construction	35.8	37.0	35.4	135.9	136.1	125.2
Services	38.2	38.6	38.0	78.9	79.2	70.9

Table 8.- Average Weekly Salaries and Wages and Average Weekly Wages of Hourly-Rated Wage-Earners as Reported in Manufacturing as a Whole, and in the Manufacture of Durable Goods and of Non-Durable Goods.

Week Preceding		All Manufactures <sup>1/</sup>		Durable Manufactured Goods		Non-Durable Manufactured Goods	
		Average Weekly Salaries & Wages	Average Weekly Wages	Average Weekly Salaries & Wages	Average Weekly Wages	Average Weekly Salaries & Wages	Average Weekly Wages
June 1, 1945		\$32.81	\$31.14	\$35.76	\$34.64	\$29.48	\$26.95
July 1		32.91	31.05	36.02	34.65	29.33	26.50
Aug. 1		32.65	30.79	35.67	34.37	29.33	26.53
Sept. 1		32.51	30.52	35.58	33.81	29.60	26.80
Oct. 1		32.45	30.31	35.57	33.93	29.61	26.88
Nov. 1		32.55	30.31	35.60	33.88	29.84	27.03
Dec. 1		32.32	30.02	35.20	33.23	29.83	27.03
*Jan. 1, 1946		29.32	25.87	31.30	28.01	27.57	23.88
Feb. 1		32.29	30.03	35.23	33.39	29.69	26.85
Mar. 1		32.29	29.88	34.90	32.93	29.98	27.00
Apr. 1		32.69	30.37	35.34	33.49	30.30	27.32
May 1		32.10	29.63	34.51	32.62	29.89	26.71
June 1		31.67	29.02	33.79	31.62	29.80	26.52
July 1		32.21	29.68	34.39	32.40	30.23	26.99
Aug. 1		32.53	30.10	34.62	32.75	30.68	27.56
Sept. 1		32.59	30.15	34.65	32.59	30.82	27.80
Oct. 1		33.06	30.63	35.43	33.30	31.08	28.19
Nov. 1		33.32	30.91	35.83	33.75	31.17	28.21
Dec. 1		34.43	32.18	37.15	35.34	32.07	29.20
*Jan. 1, 1947		32.23	29.07	34.40	31.65	30.29	26.44
Feb. 1		35.22	33.00	37.91	36.07	32.82	29.91
Mar. 1		35.69	33.46	38.48	36.71	33.17	30.20
Apr. 1		35.87	33.52	38.59	36.80	33.38	30.39
May 1		36.13	33.83	38.83	36.98	33.67	30.69
June 1		36.52	34.28	38.91	37.07	34.32	31.34
July 1		36.34	33.94	38.71	36.89	34.18	31.08
Aug. 1		36.85	34.56	39.26	37.36	34.65	31.64
Sept. 1		37.05	34.77	39.49	37.74	34.83	31.95
Oct. 1		37.94	35.95	40.94	39.41	35.21	32.46
Nov. 1		38.42	36.34	41.26	39.70	35.86	33.14
Dec. 1		39.16	37.24	42.09	40.65	36.50	33.83
*Jan. 1, 1948		36.15	33.17	38.31	35.77	34.14	30.48
Feb. 1		39.26	37.06	41.65	39.80	37.10	34.28
Mar. 1		40.11	38.02	42.85	41.23	37.58	34.74
*Apr. 1		39.46	37.02	41.87	39.96	37.19	33.99
May 1		40.66	38.53	43.36	41.75	38.11	35.18
June 1		40.49	38.11	43.03	40.93	38.12	35.19
July 1		41.03	38.77	43.89	41.96	38.36	35.44
Aug. 1		41.32	39.03	44.00	41.92	38.83	36.04
Sept. 1		41.33	38.95	44.44	42.38	38.46	35.61
Oct. 1		42.74	40.68	46.12	44.43	39.63	36.98
Nov. 1		43.28	41.16	46.43	44.67	40.36	37.76
Dec. 1		43.59	41.47	46.88	45.18	40.52	37.80
*Jan. 1, 1949		42.12	39.46	45.23	42.97	39.19	35.90
Feb. 1		44.04	41.70	47.17	45.36	41.12	38.13
Mar. 1		44.27	41.97	47.43	45.49	41.30	38.26
Apr. 1		44.27	42.13	47.43	45.66	41.30	38.47
May 1		44.31	41.91	47.30	45.35	41.49	38.37
June 1		43.20	40.43	46.01	43.77	40.56	37.15

<sup>1/</sup>Exclusive of electric light and power.

\*See footnote on page 2.



Table 9.- Average Weekly Wages of Hourly-Rated Wage-Earners Reported by Leading Manufacturing Establishments, by Provinces.

(The latest data are subject to revision).

<u>Week of</u>		<u>Canada</u>	<u>N.S.</u>	<u>N.B.</u>	<u>Que.</u>	<u>Ont.</u>	<u>Man.</u>	<u>Sask.</u>	<u>Alta.</u>	<u>B.C.</u>
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
June	1, 1945	31.14	33.08	28.67	30.25	31.38	29.33	27.50	31.70	34.28
July	1	31.05	32.94	29.25	29.25	31.55	29.67	27.78	31.36	34.65
Aug.	1	30.79	31.93	28.94	29.54	31.11	28.27	27.31	29.91	35.36
Sept.	1	30.52	31.56	28.40	29.15	30.79	29.83	28.90	30.80	34.28
Oct.	1	30.31	31.45	28.55	29.28	30.31	29.89	28.93	30.22	34.76
Nov.	1	30.31	31.50	28.58	29.30	30.36	30.26	29.39	30.65	34.42
Dec.	1	30.32	32.20	28.58	29.06	29.80	30.41	30.73	30.33	33.77
*Jan.	1, 1946	25.87	26.37	26.35	24.45	25.97	27.17	27.78	28.50	29.46
Feb.	1	30.03	31.04	29.22	28.64	30.20	30.21	29.82	30.70	34.47
Mar.	1	29.88	31.32	29.08	28.81	29.82	30.33	30.26	30.76	34.71
Apr.	1	30.37	31.65	30.18	28.92	30.72	30.64	30.08	30.49	34.14
*May	1	29.63	30.43	28.84	27.96	30.14	30.07	29.40	30.53	33.45
June	1	29.02	30.01	27.95	28.22	29.11	29.89	29.17	30.14	32.89
July	1	29.68	30.28	29.61	27.97	30.07	30.03	29.92	30.08	34.73
Aug.	1	30.10	28.92	29.59	29.10	30.20	30.03	29.79	29.96	35.05
Sept.	1	30.15	28.26	29.07	29.63	29.93	29.96	30.40	29.89	34.49
Oct.	1	30.63	28.33	30.50	29.86	30.51	30.62	31.39	30.30	35.28
Nov.	1	30.91	30.20	30.67	30.13	30.83	30.75	31.08	30.90	35.41
Dec.	1	32.18	31.32	31.05	30.65	32.83	32.58	32.92	31.97	35.50
*Jan.	1, 1947	29.07	26.91	28.67	27.33	30.40	29.61	31.18	30.25	31.62
Feb.	1	33.00	32.21	32.59	31.10	33.84	33.00	33.25	32.38	36.54
Mar.	1	33.46	32.60	32.71	31.41	34.30	33.01	34.57	32.76	37.67
Apr.	1	33.52	33.90	33.11	31.52	34.31	33.45	34.06	33.36	37.58
May	1	33.83	33.49	32.84	31.96	34.77	33.27	34.19	33.53	37.21
June	1	34.28	32.23	33.59	32.52	35.07	33.58	34.07	34.22	37.92
July	1	33.94	34.08	33.74	31.26	35.15	34.16	34.13	34.12	37.92
Aug.	1	34.55	33.88	32.99	32.35	35.62	33.40	35.18	32.91	38.34
Sept.	1	34.77	33.90	34.46	33.03	35.73	34.09	34.48	33.73	37.49
Oct.	1	35.96	33.36	34.11	34.11	37.06	34.07	35.83	34.15	39.32
Nov.	1	36.34	34.49	34.88	34.43	37.51	34.69	36.80	34.90	39.46
Dec.	1	37.24	34.54	34.60	35.20	38.61	35.77	37.41	35.87	39.67
*Jan.	1, 1948	33.17	31.36	31.72	30.97	34.12	33.30	34.68	34.24	36.78
Feb.	1	37.06	35.53	35.80	34.95	38.14	36.25	38.01	37.02	40.56
Mar.	1	38.02	35.10	35.85	35.82	39.45	35.95	38.36	37.02	41.09
*Apr.	1	37.02	35.42	35.40	34.50	38.43	36.17	38.53	37.22	39.86
May	1	38.53	37.18	36.42	36.12	39.98	36.81	38.21	37.27	41.78
June	1	38.11	36.21	36.11	36.14	39.21	37.37	40.05	38.89	40.65
July	1	38.77	37.32	38.05	36.12	40.16	38.77	38.89	39.33	41.16
Aug.	1	39.03	37.13	37.99	36.89	40.16	38.66	38.97	38.97	41.27
Sept.	1	38.95	37.25	38.82	36.55	40.16	39.42	39.32	39.88	41.67
Oct.	1	40.68	37.02	39.48	38.66	42.00	40.26	40.85	39.64	43.30
Nov.	1	41.16	37.91	39.71	39.01	42.43	40.30	42.68	41.44	44.16
Dec.	1	41.47	37.80	39.95	39.15	42.78	40.25	42.36	41.42	45.12
*Jan.	1, 1949	39.46	35.51	37.24	37.35	41.03	38.08	40.25	39.82	41.28
Feb.	1	41.70	38.63	40.36	39.25	43.25	40.11	42.14	41.75	45.08
Mar.	1	41.83	38.24	40.22	39.34	43.67	40.53	42.44	42.40	44.32
Apr.	1	42.13	38.46	40.32	39.60	43.57	40.97	42.37	42.56	45.86
May	1	41.91	38.76	39.83	39.38	43.47	39.99	43.17	41.64	45.10
June	1	40.43	40.37	38.23	37.71	41.83	39.76	43.69	41.71	44.32

\*See footnote on page 2.

Table 10.- Average Weekly Wages of Hourly-Rated Wage-Earners Employed  
in Leading Manufacturing Establishments by Cities.

(The latest data are subject to revision).

<u>Week of</u>	<u>Montreal</u>	<u>Toronto</u>	<u>Hamilton</u>	<u>Winnipeg</u>	<u>Vancouver</u>
June 1, 1945	\$31.28	\$31.12	\$31.64	\$29.21	\$34.46
July 1	30.47	31.31	32.38	29.51	34.98
Aug. 1	31.01	30.55	32.59	27.97	35.87
Sept. 1	30.84	30.38	31.35	29.62	34.64
Oct. 1	30.71	29.95	31.80	29.64	35.24
Nov. 1	30.83	30.12	30.91	30.01	35.06
Dec. 1	30.84	29.79	31.29	30.80	33.95
*Jan. 1, 1946	24.80	25.92	27.16	26.94	28.50
Feb. 1	29.88	29.42	30.84	29.75	34.15
Mar. 1	30.06	29.51	30.85	29.85	33.86
Apr. 1	30.17	30.06	31.39	30.07	33.05
*May 1	28.93	29.33	30.78	29.65	32.20
June 1	29.25	28.40	29.36	29.58	31.72
July 1	28.29	29.27	30.90	29.58	33.29
Aug. 1	29.40	29.22	30.01	29.54	33.32
Sept. 1	30.34	29.55	29.98	29.54	33.24
Oct. 1	30.22	30.01	30.10	30.12	34.35
Nov. 1	31.03	30.15	31.71	30.19	34.89
Dec. 1	31.44	31.85	34.43	32.16	35.27
*Jan. 1, 1947	27.45	28.99	31.74	28.80	29.98
Feb. 1	31.79	32.40	35.82	32.33	35.84
Mar. 1	32.05	32.97	36.63	32.37	36.99
Apr. 1	32.36	33.25	36.12	32.85	37.06
May 1	32.63	33.62	35.91	32.67	37.03
June 1	32.50	33.70	36.42	32.87	37.29
July 1	31.35	34.07	35.69	33.54	36.58
Aug. 1	31.85	33.97	36.49	32.55	36.60
Sept. 1	32.81	34.49	36.80	33.19	36.98
Oct. 1	34.04	35.78	38.11	33.12	38.41
Nov. 1	34.78	36.20	37.40	33.91	38.48
Dec. 1	35.33	37.22	39.87	35.22	39.03
*Jan. 1, 1948	30.89	33.28	37.39	32.64	34.57
Feb. 1	35.19	37.56	40.62	35.49	39.77
Mar. 1	36.20	37.89	40.99	35.19	39.93
*Apr. 1	35.11	37.00	41.03	35.49	38.96
May 1	36.51	38.81	43.55	36.21	40.73
June 1	36.05	37.82	41.78	36.63	38.95
July 1	36.64	38.91	42.25	38.07	39.86
Aug. 1	37.13	39.12	43.83	37.97	39.34
Sept. 1	36.36	38.63	41.97	38.67	40.35
Oct. 1	39.14	40.81	43.99	39.41	41.98
Nov. 1	39.63	41.18	43.44	39.49	42.94
Dec. 1	40.12	41.32	44.98	39.71	43.78
*Jan. 1, 1949	38.26	39.14	44.27	37.29	39.86
Feb. 1	39.75	41.63	46.85	39.35	43.43
Mar. 1	39.92	42.10	47.28	39.81	41.66
Apr. 1	40.46	42.15	46.80	40.15	44.16
May 1	40.04	42.23	47.82	39.24	43.61
June 1	38.26	40.30	45.61	38.83	42.94

\*See footnote on page 2.



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