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DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS

OTTAWA - CANADA

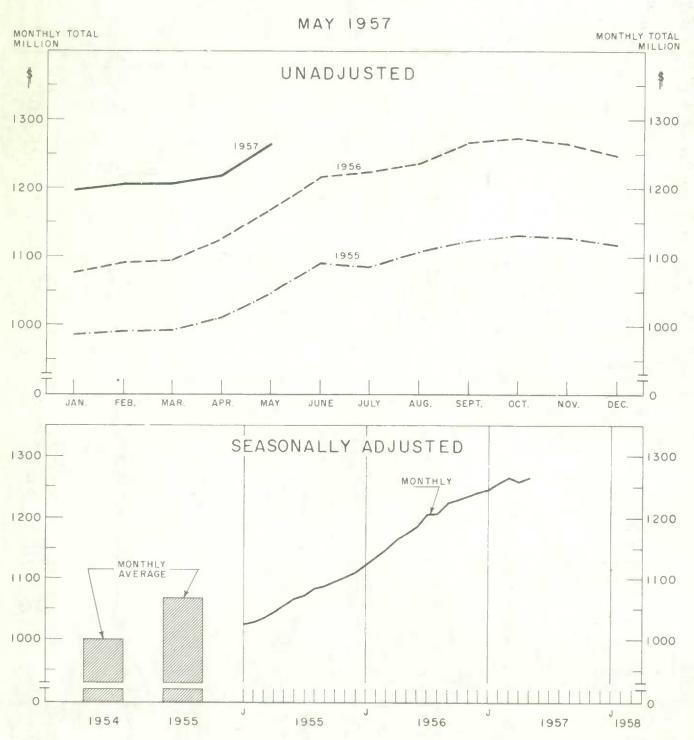
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ESTIMATES OF LABOUR INCOME



ESTIMATES OF LABOUR INCOME (\$ Millions)

Market of The	Agricul- ture, Forestry, Fishing, Trapping, Mining	Manu- fac- turing	Con- struc- tion	Utilities, Trans- portation, Communi- cation, Storage, Trade	Finance, Services (includ- ing Govern- ment)	Supple- mentary Labour Income	Total
1020 M	23	62	8	58	59	5	215
1939 M	26	78	11	63	60	6	244
1940 0		106	16	73	66	8	298
1941 n	29	142	18	80	72	11	353
1942 t	30		21	86	78	14	399
1943 h	32	168		95	83	13	412
1944 1	33	171	17		90	13	413
1945 y	35	156	19	100			444
1946	41	147	25	114	103	14	518
1947 A	42	177	34	134	114	17	597
1948 v	49	203	41	154	131	19	
1949 e	49	214	47	169	147	21	647
1950 r	55	231	47	180	156	24	693
1951 a	72	272	52	208	178	28	810
1952 g	76	303	63	233	199	32	906
1953	73	329	70	252	217	35	976
1954	73	323	69	261	239	35	1,000
1955	77	342	78	278	256	37	1,068
1956	87	379	93	307	283	41	1,190
1955 - May	72 80	338 344	74 85	275 281	253 262	37 38	1,049
June			86	284	251	38	1,085
July	83	343 351	93	284	256	38	1,107
August			94	287	266	38	1,123
Septem		354	100	288	264	39	1,131
Octobe		354	89	292	268	39	1,128
Novemb		354	78	293	265	39	1,117
Decemb	er 85	357	10				
1956 - Januar		349 358	71 69	280 282	263 264	39 38	1,077
Februa			70	284	266	39	1,094
March	70	365	79	291	277	40	1,126
April	68	371	92	301	281	40	1,169
May	78	377		311	288	41	1,215
June	89	381	105		281	43	1,223
July	95	382	105	317	286	43	1,236
August		382	108	319	299	44	1,268
Septer		392	110	324		44	1,273
Octobe		394	114	324	294		1,265
Novem Decem		397 397	101 90	325 327	300 295	44 43	1,248
		384	76	310	298	42	1,197
1957 - Januar		389	74	316	299	42	1,205
Febru	ry 85		73	317	302	43	1,205
March	77	393	82	324	300	43	1,217
April	73	395			311	43	1,263
May	86	398	95	330	للدر	4)	1,20

xIncludes Newfoundland, since 1949.

Estimates of Labour Income

May 1957

Income received by paid workers in the form of wages, salaries, and supplementary labour income, is estimated to have been \$1,263 million in May. This represents an increase of \$46 million or 3.8 p.c. over the April figure. Labour income for May, 1956, was estimated at \$1,169 million, so that the figure for May of this year is 8.0 p.c. higher than that for the same month of last year. These increases may be compared with increases in the number of paid workers employed in Canada of 4.0 p.c. over the previous month and 4.6 p.c. over the previous twelve-month period.

Construction and forestry contributed the largest shares of the April-May increase in labour income, \$13 million and \$7 million, respectively.

The bulk of the total increase can be explained in terms of seasonal factors.

The "deseasonalized" estimate for May is \$1,267 million.

The average work week in manufacturing declined from 41.4 hours at the beginning of May, 1956, to 41.1 at the beginning of April of this year, and 40.6 at the beginning of May. Another indicator of related interest, the Consumer Price Index, was 121.6 at June 1 of this year, 121.1 at May 1, and 117.8 at June 1 of last year. The percentage increases in this index, then, were 0.4 over the previous month and 3.2 over the preceding twelve-month period.



Notes on Estimates of Labour Income

Estimates of total labour income comprise all wages, salaries and supplementary remuneration for employees' services. Gross earnings—before deductions for income tax, unemployment insurance and pension contributions—are used in the calculation of total wages and salaries, which include bonuses and commissions as well as free room and board provided by the employer. Employers' contribution to unemployment insurance, workmen's compensation, pensions and welfare are shown as supplementary labour income.

The monthly estimates of total wages and salaries are projections from annual estimates, mainly on indexes of aggregate payrolls for major industrial groups along with various employment and wage rate data. A constant number of working days in each month is assumed in the estimation of labour income. A detailed account of the concepts and methods is set out in the report "National Accounts, Income and Expenditure by Quarters 1947-1952" (November 1953).

The annual estimates of labour income are compiled from basic sources within the Bureau and from other reports of governments and business. Labour income constituted 62 per cent of net national income at factor cost in 1956. The relationship between labour income and other items of the national accounts are shown in the bulletin "National Accounts, Income and Expenditure, 1950-1956" (May 1957).

Seasonally Adjusted Estimates of Labour Income (Revised) (\$ Millions)

	1954	1955	1956	1957
January February March April May June July August September October November December	983 988 988 987 994 1,005 1,000 1,007 1,012 1,016	1,025 1,029 1,036 1,044 1,056 1,068 1,072 1,084 1,088 1,095 1,103 1,110	1,123 1,137 1,149 1,166 1,175 1,186 1,207 1,208 1,225 1,230 1,236 1,242	1,247 1,256 1,266 1,259 1,267
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The figures included in this bulletin supersede those in earlier issues, and those for the most recent years are subject to further minor revisions as new source materials become available.

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DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS

Labour and Prices Division