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ESTIMATES OF LABOUR INCOME

OCTOBER 1954 MONTHLY TOTAL MONTHLY TOTAL MILLION MILLION \$ WAGES, SALARIES AND SUPPLEMENTARY LABOUR INCOME 1100 1100 1954 1000 1000 900 900 1952 1951 800 800 700 700 1950 600 600 0 DEC. OCT. NOV JAN FEB. MAR. APR. MAY JUNE JULY AUG. SEPT. PER CENT PER CENT PERCENTAGE CHANGE +20 +20 FROM SAME MONTH OF PREVIOUS YEAR +10 +10 0 -10 -10 -20 M

1954

1953

		Agricul- ture, Forestry, Fishing, Trapping, Mining	Manu- fac- turing	Con- struc- tion	Utilities, Trans= portation, Communi= cation, Storage, Trade	Finance, Services, (includ- ing Govern- ment)	Supple- mentary Labour Income	Total
7070		23	62	8	58	59	5	215
1939 - Ave		26	78	11	63	60	6	244
1940 - Ave		29	106	16	73	66	8	298
1941 - Ave		30	142	18	80	72	11	353
1942 - Ave	All and a second a		168	21	86	78	14	399
1943 - Ave		32		17	95	83	13	412
1944 - Ave		33	171		100	90	13	413
1945 - Ave		35	156	19		103	14	444
1946 - Ave		41	147	25	114		17	518
1947 - Ave		42	177	34	134	114		597
1948 - Ave		49	203	41	154	131	19	
x1949 - Ave		49	214	47	169	147	21	647
1950 - Ave	erage	55	231	47	180	156	24	693
1951 - Ave	rage	72	272	52	208	178	28	810
1.352 - Ave	rage	76	302	62	230	199	32	901
1953 - Ave	erage	73	330	70	250	215	34	972
1952 - May	у	70	295	59	227	198	31	880
ป็นเ	ne	72	295	61	231	202	31	892
Ju	Ry	72	297	70	234	198	32	903
	gust	78	308	75	234	198	32	925
	ptember	80	315	74	236	203	33	941
	tober	83	317	78	238	205	34	955
	vember	84	321	75	242	206	33	961
	cember	78	325	62	244	205	34	948
1953 - Jai	nuarv	72	321	58	246*	203	34	934
	bruary	70	326	55	234	205	33	923
	rch	62	328	57	234	210	33	924
	ril	60	328	63	251*	210	34	946
Ma		69	331	72	246	214	34	966
Ju	-	75	333	72	251	216	34	981
Ju		77	330	76	253	212	35	983
	gust	80	334	81	253	212	34	994
	ptember	80	337	82	256	224	35	1,014
	tober	78	333	83	257	226	35	1,012
	venber	77	328	76	256	224	35	996
	cember	71	333	69	255	225	35	988
3054		Q.E	322	56	245	223	34	94.5
1954 - Jan		65			247	225	33	950
	bruary	66	325	54	245	226	33	943
	rch	62	323	54		229	34	954
_	ril	59	322	59	251	232	34	975
Ma		69	320	67	253		35	
Ju		74	325	70	259	237		1,000
	ly	80	323	77	262	233	35	1,010
	gust	83	323	76	261	235	36	1,014
	ptember	84	326	78	263	244	35	1,030
Oc-	tober	86	323	82	265	244	36	1,036

xIncludes Newfoundland, since 1949. *Includes retroactive wage payment to railway employees.

ESTIMATES OF LABOUR INCOME

October 1954

Total labour income received by Canadian wage and salary earners in October was estimated at \$1,036 million, an increase of \$6 million from the previous month. The October estimate was \$24 million or 2.4 per cent above that of the corresponding month in 1953. This relative gain was slightly higher than the one of 1.9 per cent for a comparison of the first 10 months of 1953 and 1954; the respective figures for these periods were \$9,677 million and \$9,857 million.

Small advances in total wages and salaries, ranging between \$2 million (for the primary and distributive groups of industries) and \$4 million (for construction) took place during the month of October. A large part of the increases resulted from the seasonal growth of activity in logging, residential building and trade. The total for finance and services remained unchanged from September, and that for manufacturing declined \$3 million. It was noted that aggregate payrolls declined in such industries as leather products, wood products, iron and steel products and transportation equipment in the provinces of Ontario and Quebec. Some close-downs of plants due to industrial disputes and lay-offs for model change-over of motor cars contributed to the decline in iron and steel products and transportation equipment.

The latest monthly survey of employment and payrolls of the larger firms in non-agricultural industries indicated that total wages and salaries increased moderately during October in the provinces of Prince Edward Island, Quebec, Ontario, Saskatchewan and Alberta.

The Consumer Price Index (1949=100) of 116.8 for November 1 stood at the same level as that for the preceding two months, and compared with 116.2 for November 2, 1953.

Components of Labour Income



Estimates of total labour income include all wages, salaries and supplementary remuneration for employees' services. Gross earnings—before deductions for income tax, unemployment insurance and pension contributions—are used in the calculation of wages and salaries, and include bonuses and commissions as well as allowances for food, clothing and living accommodation where these are provided by the employer. Employers' contribution to unemployment insurance, workmen's compensation, pensions and welfare are shown as supplementary labour income.

Methods of Estimation

The monthly estimates of total wages and salaries are projections from annual estimates; these projections are based mainly on the indexes of aggregate payrolls for major industries, compiled by the Bureau's Employment Section. Federal and provincial government payroll statistics collected by the Public Finance and Transportation Division are incorporated; and various employment and wage rate data are used to compute monthly estimates for other industries. The annual estimates of labour income are compiled from original sources within the Dominion Bureau of Statistics and from other statements and reports of governments and business. A full description of the concepts, sources and methods covering the annual estimates is found in the reference document "National Accounts, Income and Expenditure, 1926-1950" (December 1951).

A constant number of working days in each month is assumed in the estimation of monthly labour income. A detailed account of concepts and methods is set out in the bulletin "Wages, Salaries and Supplementary Labour Income in Canada by Months, January 1946 to April 1947", and also in the report "National Accounts, Income and Expenditure by Quarters 1947-1952" (November 1953).

The figures included in this bulletin supersede those in earlier issues, and those for the most recent years are subject to further minor revisions as new source materials become available.

Relation to the National Accounts

Labour Income constituted 61 per cent of "Net National Income at Factor Cost" in 1953. The relationship between labour income and other items of the National Accounts can be studied in the bulletin, "National Accounts, Income and Expenditure, 1950-1953" (June 1954).