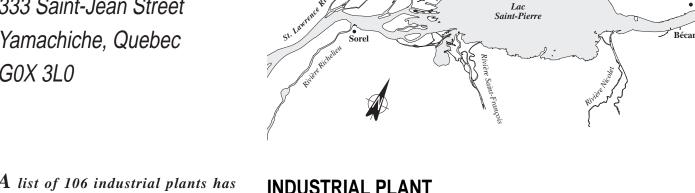
FACT SHEET 65

Duchesne & Fils Itée

333 Saint-Jean Street Yamachiche, Quebec G0X 3L0



 $oldsymbol{A}$ list of 106 industrial plants has been established under St. Lawrence Vision 2000 (SLV 2000), the second phase of the St. Lawrence Action Plan, launched in 1988. The overall objective is to reduce toxic effluent and virtually eliminate discharges of persistent toxic substances.

The 106 industrial plants designated under SLV 2000 are divided into four groups, each with a specific objective. The duchesne & fils ltée plant, located in Yamachiche, is part of Group 2, comprising the plants that have already implemented treatment programs, but whose effluent may contain toxic substances.

The objective for Group 2 is maximum reduction of toxic effluent discharges in targeted plants.

INDUSTRIAL PLANT

Ferrous metals plant

The DUCHESNE & FILS LTÉE plant in Yamachiche comprises several production units. Steel sheeting and aluminum are sent to forming units. Wire mesh and metal laths are produced by spot welding and metal expansion. The various steps in nail manufacturing include cleaning, drawing, production, finishing, packing, and storage. The plant has two extrusion units, one producing vinyl siding and the other polyethylene film.

PRODUCTION

PRINCIPAL RAW MATERIALS

- Steel sheeting
- Aluminum
- · Wire stock
- Polyethylene resin
- PVC resin

FINISHED PRODUCTS

Yamachiche

Trois-Rivière

- Nails
- Profiled steel sheeting
- Aluminum siding
- Vinyl siding
- Wire mesh
- · Metal lath
- Polyethylene film

TREATMENT MEASURES

INITIAL EFFLUENT VALUES

Very low discharge

Based on company data, in 1993 effluent discharge was essentially wastewater from pickling operations. The discharge rate was 10.1 m³/d, containing notably:

• 1.12 kg/d of iron

RESOURCES AND USES TO PRESERVE

Many fish species

Wastewater from the DUCHESNE & FILS LTÉE plant is discharged into the Little Yamachiche river, a few kilometres from its confluence into lake Saint-Pierre. Downstream from the discharge point is a spawning area for walleye, sturgeon and sucker. The Little Yamachiche river is also an eel fattening area. The section of the river south of Highway 40 is a conservation and development zone for the north shore of lake Saint-Pierre. In springtime, it serves as a staging area for migrating waterfowl.

ENVIRONMENTAL DISCHARGE OBJECTIVES

Environmental protection

Environmental discharge objectives are established to preserve local resources and uses. These guidelines, expressed as maximum permissible loads and concentrations for effluent released into the environment, are used in choosing treatment methods which best promote environmental protection. There are no water quality based objectives for DUCHESNE & FILS LTÉE, since the plant only occasionally produces a small volume of industrial wastewater.

EFFLUENT TREATMENT

Zero effluent most of the time

Until November 1995, industrial wastewater produced by the pickling process was treated before being discharged into the Little Yamachiche river. It was first sent to a neutralization and iron precipitation pond to settle. Acid solutions were recovered and the sludge was filtered, then discharged. In November 1995, pickling was replaced by a new mechanical descaling process that did not generate effluent. On rare occasions, the company uses the old acid pickling process and treats the resulting effluent. Indirect cooling water is recirculated. Domestic sewage and drainage water are treated in three aerated ponds.

PREVENTION AND CLEANUP MEASURES IMPLEMENTED

Mechanical descaling process

Since the introduction of the new mechanical descaling process, the pickling process is almost never used. The company has invested \$1 million in this operation.

REGULATORY COMPLIANCE - WATER COMPONENT

Compliance with standards

DUCHESNE & FILS LTÉE is subject to the standards of the certificate of authorization issued in January 1987 for liquid effluent. The plant meets the standards set by the certificate when it produces effluent.

VIRTUAL ELIMINATION OF PERSISTENT TOXIC SUBSTANCES

One long-range objective of SLV 2000 is the virtual elimination of eleven persistent bioaccumulative toxic substances from the effluent of 106 priority plants located on the St. Lawrence and its tributaries. The targeted substances are those designated by the International Joint Commission in August 1993: PCBs, DDT, dieldrin, toxaphene, dioxins, furans, mirex, mercury, lead alkyls, benzo(a)pyrene and hexachlorobenzene. To reach this objective, Protection has fixed the environmental discharge objectives set for applicable substances as its target by the end of SLV 2000 in 1998, thereby ensuring that all uses of the receiving environment are pro-

Given the small amount of industrial effluent, no characterization has been done.

PEEP TOXICITY REDUCTION

No characterization

The Potential Ecotoxic Effects Probe, or PEEP, combines the results of six standardized bioassays measuring the toxic effects of effluent. The results are expressed on a logarithmic scale of increasing toxicity ranging from 1 to 10 and are used to monitor discharge trends over the years. In the case of the DUCHESNE & FILS LTÉE plant, no exhaustive characterization was done.

REDUCTION IN SUBSTANCES MONITORED

Reduction of nearly 100%

Since November 1995, the plant has very rarely discharged effluent. The new mechanical descaling process is used most of the time. Mechanical descaling, in contrast with acid pickling, does not generate liquid effluent.

KEY POINTS

• Almost complete replacement of pickling with a mechanical descaling process that does not produce liquid effluent; \$1 million invested

Based on December 1995 inventory

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Chimiotox Index and PEEP: Gilles Legault, Environment Canada (514) 283-3452

Environmental discharge objectives: Francine Richard, MEF (418) 521-3820

Records officer at the Ministère de l'Environnement et de la Faune (MEF): Alain Mallette (819) 373-4444

Environment officer at DUCHESNE & FILS LTÉE.:

Christian Rivard (819) 296-3737

Production team:

Environment Canada
Isabelle Bouchard Thérèse Drapeau
Gilles Legault Lucie Olivier
Sylvie Roberge Marc Villeneuve

Ministère de l'Environnement et de la Faune du Québec Francine Richard François Rocheleau

Somer

François Thériault

Published by authority of the Minister of the Environment

© Minister of Supply and Services Canada 1996 Catalogue No. En153-6/65-1996E

ISBN 0-662-23327-1

(Aussi disponible en français sous le titre Établissements industriels : faits saillants)

POLLUTION ABATEMENT

CHIMIOTOX INDEX ABATEMENT OF TOXIC POLLUTION

Nearly 100% reduction

The Chimiotox index gauges the load of all toxic substances present in industrial effluent, using the toxicity factors assigned to each contaminant. It is used, among other things, to monitor discharge trends over the years and determine the toxic contribution of each pollutant.

There will be no characterization of effluent under SLV 2000 since the DUCHESNE & FILS LTÉE plant has discharged effluent only rarely since 1995.

Table 1 Chimiotox Index - Duchesne & Fils Itée

Substance	Load (kg/d)	Toxic Weighting Factor	Chimiotox Units (CU)
wastewater since 1	1995, no exhaustiv	et has discharged prac e characterization will cannot be calculated.	•
CHIMIOTOX INDEX			N/A