

National Occupational Analysis

Bricklayer





# National Occupational Analysis

## **Bricklayer**

#### 2016

Trades and Apprenticeship Division Division des métiers et de l'apprentissage

Labour Market Integration Directorate Direction de l'intégration au marché du

travail

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#### **FOREWORD**

The Canadian Council of Directors of Apprenticeship (CCDA) recognizes this National Occupational Analysis (NOA) as the national standard for the occupation of Bricklayer.

#### **Background**

The first National Conference on Apprenticeship in Trades and Industries, held in Ottawa in 1952, recommended that the federal government be requested to cooperate with provincial and territorial apprenticeship committees and officials in preparing analyses of a number of skilled occupations. Employment and Social Development Canada (ESDC) sponsors a program, under the guidance of the CCDA, to develop a series of NOAs.

The NOAs have the following objectives:

- to describe and group the tasks performed by skilled workers;
- to identify which tasks are performed in every province and territory;
- to develop instruments for use in the preparation of Interprovincial Red Seal Examinations and curricula for training leading to the certification of skilled workers;
- to facilitate the mobility of apprentices and skilled workers in Canada; and,
- to supply employers, employees, associations, industries, training institutions and governments with analyses of occupations.

#### **ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS**

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This analysis was prepared by the Labour Market Integration Directorate of ESDC. The coordinating, facilitating and processing of this analysis were undertaken by employees of the NOA development team of the Trades and Apprenticeship Division. The host jurisdiction of Ontario also participated in the development of this NOA.

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#### **STRUCTURE OF ANALYSIS**

To facilitate understanding of the occupation, the work performed by tradespersons is divided into the following categories:

**Blocks** the largest division within the analysis that is comprised of a

distinct set of trade activities

**Tasks** distinct actions that describe the activities within a block

**Sub-Tasks** distinct actions that describe the activities within a task

**Key Competencies** activities that a person should be able to do in order to be called

'competent' in the trade

The analysis also provides the following information:

**Trends** changes identified that impact or will impact the trade including

work practices, technological advances, and new materials and

equipment

**Related Components** a list of products, items, materials and other elements relevant to

the block

**Tools and Equipment** categories of tools and equipment used to perform all tasks in the

block; these tools and equipment are listed in Appendix A

**Context** information to clarify the intent and meaning of tasks

**Required Knowledge** the elements of knowledge that an individual must acquire to

adequately perform a task

The appendices located at the end of the analysis are described as follows:

Appendix A — Tools and Equipment	a non-exhaustive list of tools and equipment used in this trade
Appendix B — Glossary	definitions or explanations of selected technical terms used in the analysis
Appendix C — Acronyms	a list of acronyms used in the analysis with their full name
Appendix D — Block and Task Weighting	the block and task percentages submitted by each jurisdiction, and the national averages of these percentages; these national averages determine the number of questions for each block and task in the Interprovincial exam
Appendix E — Pie Chart	a graph which depicts the national percentages of exam questions assigned to blocks
Appendix F — Task Profile Chart	a chart which outlines graphically the blocks, tasks and sub-tasks of this analysis

#### **DEVELOPMENT AND VALIDATION OF ANALYSIS**

#### **Development of Analysis**

A draft analysis is developed by a committee of industry experts in the field led by a team of facilitators from ESDC. This draft analysis breaks down all the tasks performed in the occupation and describes the knowledge and abilities required for a tradesperson to demonstrate competence in the trade.

#### **Draft Review**

The NOA development team then forwards a copy of the analysis and its translation to provincial and territorial authorities for a review of its content and structure. Their recommendations are assessed and incorporated into the analysis.

#### **Validation and Weighting**

The analysis is sent to all provinces and territories for validation and weighting. Participating jurisdictions consult with industry to validate and weight the document, examining the blocks, tasks and sub-tasks of the analysis as follows:

**BLOCKS** Each jurisdiction assigns a percentage of questions to each block for an

examination that would cover the entire trade.

**TASKS** Each jurisdiction assigns a percentage of exam questions to each task

within a block.

**SUB-TASKS** Each jurisdiction indicates, with a YES or NO, whether or not each sub-

task is performed by skilled workers within the occupation in its

jurisdiction.

The results of this exercise are submitted to the NOA development team who then analyzes the data and incorporates it into the document. The NOA provides the individual jurisdictional validation results as well as the national averages of all responses. The national averages for block and task weighting guide the Interprovincial Red Seal Examination plan for the trade.

This method for the validation of the NOA also identifies common core sub-tasks across Canada for the occupation. If at least 70% of the responding jurisdictions perform a sub-task, it shall be considered common core. Interprovincial Red Seal Examinations are based on the common core sub-tasks identified through this validation process.

#### **Definitions for Validation and Weighting**

YES sub-task performed by qualified workers in the occupation in a specific

jurisdiction

NO sub-task not performed by qualified workers in the occupation in a specific

jurisdiction

**NV** analysis <u>N</u>ot <u>V</u>alidated by a province/territory

**ND** trade <u>Not Designated in a province/territory</u>

NOT sub-task, task or block performed by less than 70% of responding jurisdictions; these will not be tested by the Interprovincial Red Seal

CORE (NCC) Examination for the trade

**NATIONAL** average percentage of questions assigned to each block and task in

**AVERAGE** % Interprovincial Red Seal Examination for the trade

#### **Provincial/Territorial Abbreviations**

NL Newfoundland and Labrador

NS Nova Scotia

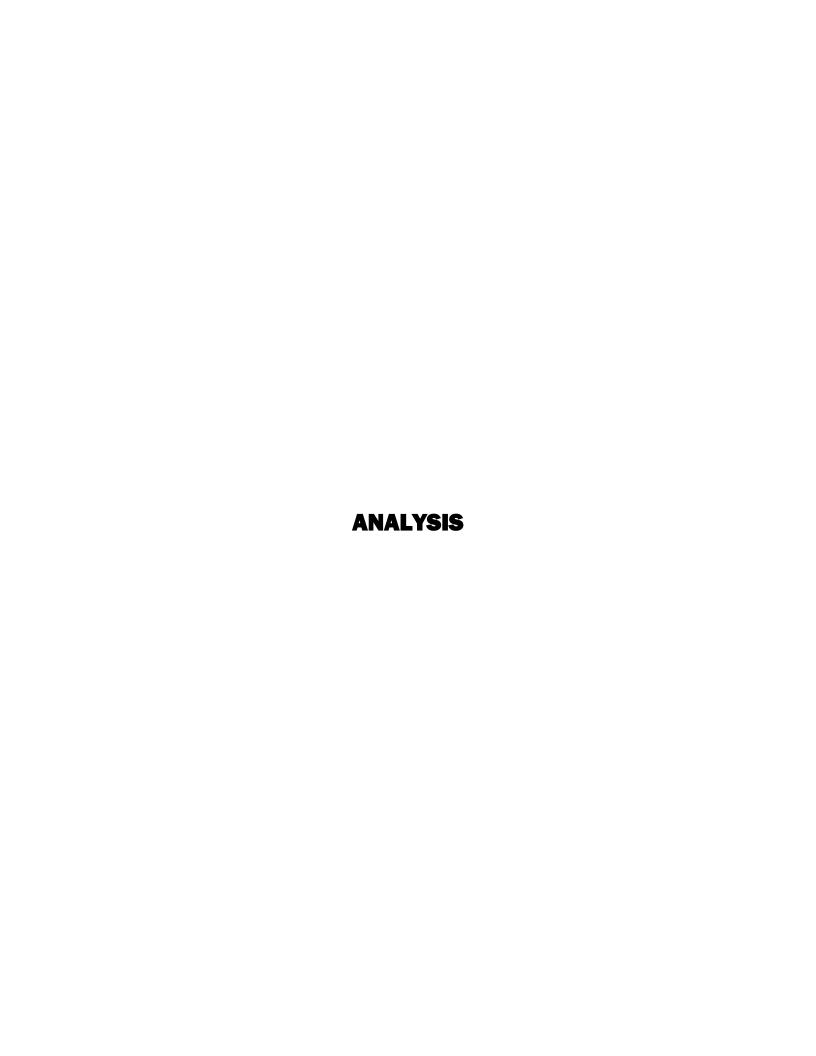
PE Prince Edward Island
NB New Brunswick

QC Quebec
ON Ontario
MB Manitoba
SK Saskatchewan

AB Alberta

BC British Columbia
NT Northwest Territories
YT Yukon Territory

NU Nunavut



#### **SAFETY**

Safe working procedures and conditions, accident prevention, and the preservation of health are of primary importance to industry in Canada. These responsibilities are shared and require the joint efforts of government, employers and employees. It is imperative that all parties become aware of circumstances that may lead to injury or harm. Safe learning experiences and work environments can be created by controlling the variables and behaviours that may contribute to accidents or injury.

It is generally recognized that safety-conscious attitudes and work practices contribute to a healthy, safe and accident-free work environment.

It is imperative to apply and be familiar with the Occupational Health and Safety (OH&S) Acts and Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS) regulations. As well, it is essential to determine workplace hazards and take measures to protect oneself, co-workers, the public and the environment.

Safety education is an integral part of training in all jurisdictions. As safety is an imperative part of all trades, it is assumed and therefore it is not included as a qualifier of any activities. However, the technical safety tasks and sub-tasks specific to the trade are included in this analysis.

#### **SCOPE OF THE BRICKLAYER TRADE**

"Bricklayer" is this trade's official Red Seal occupational title approved by the CCDA. This analysis covers tasks performed by bricklayers whose occupational title has been identified by some provinces and territories of Canada under the following names:

	NL	NS	PE	NB	QC	ON	MB	SK	AB	ВС	NT	YT	NU
Brick and Stone Mason						<b>√</b>							
Bricklayer	✓	✓	✓	✓			✓	✓	✓			✓	
Bricklayer - Mason					✓								
Mason										✓			

Bricklayers build and repair walls, floors, arches, pavings, partitions, fireplaces, chimneys, smokestacks, furnaces, kilns and other structures. They work with materials such as brick, natural stone, manufactured stone, tiles, precast masonry panels, glass blocks, concrete blocks, light-weight insulated panels, other masonry units, insulation and membranes. They erect, install, maintain, repair and alter various masonry. The structures vary in complexity from a simple masonry walkway to an ornate exterior on a multi-level building.

Bricklayers use wheelbarrows and forklifts to transport materials. They use hand and power tools to cut and trim masonry units to required size. Trowels are used to spread mortar to bond layers of masonry units together. Measuring and layout tools such as a plumb line, level and laser level are used to ensure proper alignment.

Bricklayers work on industrial, commercial, institutional and residential buildings. They may specialize in stone work, restoration work or ornamental work. They may also specialize in installing refractories in high-temperature environments or installing corrosion resistant materials to line corrosive environments such as tanks and vessels.

Key attributes for people in this trade are manual dexterity, mechanical aptitude, the ability to problem solve and think sequentially, and the ability to work at heights. Bricklaying is physically demanding work and requires considerable effort in lifting heavy materials, climbing, bending, kneeling, working in confined spaces and working on scaffolding. Bricklayers need to have an eye for detail in order to create accurate and aesthetically pleasing work.

Most of the work is performed outdoors exposing bricklayers to the elements. The winterization of job sites allows the work to continue year round. Construction safety and accident prevention is a priority.

This analysis recognizes similarities or overlaps with the work of other trades such as tilesetters, concrete finishers, carpenters, and drywall finisher and plasterers.

Experienced bricklayers may advance to supervisory positions for masonry contractors or in other related fields such as construction management, estimating or building inspection. They may also become contractors.

## **OCCUPATIONAL OBSERVATIONS**

The trend away from fully masonry-veneered single-family homes continues. However, a new trend towards masonry in condominiums is increasing. Builders are starting to value the selling strength of brick and block construction. The advantages include energy efficiency, reduced maintenance, fire resistance, sound resistance, structural soundness and longevity of masonry. In the construction of housing, manufactured stone/thin veneers are being used more often due to ease of installation and consumer-driven interest.

Work practices and equipment are being designed with the bricklayer in mind, with consideration given to ergonomics and efficiency. Climbing scaffolding and tower scaffolding are designed to keep the bricklayer at a comfortable position to eliminate excessive bending and lifting. Cordless power tools such as drills, grinders and jackhammers are allowing greater mobility and efficiency. The use of dustless cutting and drilling technologies is being embraced by industry.

Specifications and documentation, owing to Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design (LEED), have become more complex. Energy efficiency and environmental awareness affect this trade as new regulations are imposed on building processes and materials. The masonry industry is a leader in compliance with LEED requirements. Bricklayers must keep up-to-date with these guidelines and requirements. There is a trend of increased safety documentation requirements on job sites.

#### **ESSENTIAL SKILLS SUMMARY**

Essential skills are needed for work, learning and life. They provide the foundation for learning all other skills and enable people to evolve with their jobs and adapt to workplace change.

Through extensive research, the Government of Canada and other national and international agencies have identified and validated nine essential skills. These skills are used in nearly every occupation and throughout daily life in different ways.

A series of CCDA-endorsed tools have been developed to support apprentices in their training and to be better prepared for a career in the trades. The tools can be used independently or with the assistance of a tradesperson, trainer, employer, teacher or mentor to:

- understand how essential skills are used in the trades;
- learn about individual essential skills strengths and areas for improvement; and
- improve essential skills and increase success in an apprenticeship program.

The tools are available online or for order at: <a href="http://www.edsc.gc.ca/eng/jobs/les/tools/index.shtml">http://www.edsc.gc.ca/eng/jobs/les/tools/index.shtml</a>.

The application of these skills may be described throughout this document within the competency statements which support each subtask of the trade. The following are summaries of the requirements in each of the essential skills, taken from the essential skills profile. A link to the complete essential skills profile can be found at <a href="https://www.red-seal.ca">www.red-seal.ca</a>.

#### Reading

Bricklayers require strong reading skills to read a variety of documentation such as job specifications, manufacturers' directions for product preparation and application, job site, company and jurisdictional safety requirements, and correspondence from suppliers and contractors.

#### Document Use

Bricklayers interpret blueprints, read assembly drawings and make sketches of items to be built. They complete forms such as time sheets, incident reports, request for information (RFI), personal safety information (PSI) and field level risk assessments (FLRA).

#### Writing

Bricklayers use writing skills to complete documents such as lists of materials, incident reports, and time sheets. They may correspond in writing with co-workers regarding supplies or work to be done.

#### **Oral Communication**

Bricklayers talk with suppliers, delivery personnel, customers and co-workers, and co-ordinate activities with other trades. They give directions to apprentices, liaise with supervisors and participate in meetings.

#### Numeracy

Bricklayers measure the length, height and width of structures to be built and calculate angles of arches when constructing openings. They estimate mix ratios by weight and volume. Bricklayers estimate the amount of time and material required to complete a job.

#### Thinking Skills

Bricklayers use problem solving skills to address issues that may arise on the job such as design changes or omissions. Bricklayers plan the materials and equipment they need for a job and schedule tasks according to priority, sequence and to meet the needs of other trades on site.

#### Working with Others

Bricklayers usually work in a team environment although they may work alone on some jobs. Many jobs are done with a fellow worker. Therefore, they must cooperate and coordinate with others to ensure consistent work. Bricklayers may perform supervisory functions and guide or monitor the work performance of others.

#### Digital Technology

Bricklayers may use digital devices to complete numeracy related tasks and to communicate with others. They may access online information posted by suppliers and manufacturers to stay current on industry trends and practices. Bricklayers may also access databases to retrieve forms such as change orders and to retrieve architectural drawings. Bricklayers may use computer controlled layout equipment such as surveying equipment and smart levels to measure distances and horizontal and vertical angles of brick structures.

#### Continuous Learning

Bricklayers learn continuously through experience and creativity on the job. They may attend sessions provided by manufacturers of new products. Bricklayers may also attend specialty inperson or online courses, for example safety or landscaping with bricks, blocks and stone, or reference pamphlets, booklets or manuals on specific topics. Bricklayers may need to expand their skills by getting additional certifications such as scaffold building, welding, hoisting and rigging and confined space.

## **BLOCK A**

## **COMMON OCCUPATIONAL SKILLS**

#### **Trends**

The emphasis on safety continues to increase and there are more strict regulations to protect workers and the public. Related safety documentation has become more important. Equipment used by bricklayers such as dustless cutting systems has improved efficiency and safety.

There is an increased use of mast climber scaffolding systems and scissor lifts resulting in a reduction in labour needs and an increase in production as a result of working at optimum heights.

## Related Components

All components apply.

## Tools and **Equipment**

See Appendix A.

## Task 1

## Performs safety-related functions.

#### Context

Bricklayers integrate safety practices, such as wearing personal protective equipment (PPE), throughout every task included in the scope of their trade. They maintain a safe work environment through awareness of work surroundings. Compulsory safety training is standard practice.

K 1	WHMIS
K 2	locations of WHMIS documents such as labels and safety data sheets (SDS)
K 3	safety and environmental regulations such as OH&S
K 4	company safety policies and procedures
K 5	workers' rights and responsibilities
K 6	hazards inherent in bricklaying and masonry materials such as sand, cement and chemicals
K 7	types of PPE such as high visibility apparel, safety glasses, noise protection, respirators, gloves and hard hats
K 8	location of PPE and safety equipment
K 9	types of safety equipment such as first aid kits and eyewash stations
K 10	types, operation and capacity of fire extinguisher equipment

K 11			training requirements for certain PPE, safety equipment and safety procedures such as fall arrest, first aid and confined space									
K 12			emergency procedures, phone numbers and location of first aid stations and medical facilities									
K 13		disp	osal an	d recyc	ling pro	cedures	3					
K 14		Safe	Operat	ing Pro	cedure	(SOP)						
Sub-t	ask											
<b>A-1.0</b> 2	1	Ma	intains	safe w	ork en	vironn	nent.					
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	NT	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	ND
Key C	Compete	encies										
A-1.01	01.01 handle, store and dispose of hazardous materials according to jurisdictional regulations and WHMIS											
A-1.01	1.02	syst	-	nces and	d barrie	rs to de				ape and nd cont		g
A-1.01	1.03	follo	ow tag p	orocedu	res for	access						
A-1.01	.04	part	icipate	in FLRA	A meeti	ngs pric	or to beg	ginning	a new t	ask		
A-1.01	.05	mai	ntain cl	ean and	l organi	zed wo	rk area					
A-1.01	.06	perf	orm saf	ety insp	pections	s to reco	gnize a	nd repo	rt poter	ntial haz	ards	
A-1.01	.07		nowledg I-being	ge and i	nform s	surroun	ding co	-workeı	rs conce	erning sa	afety an	d
A-1.01	.08	ider	ntify and	d respec	ct physi	cal limit	tations o	of self a	nd othe	rs		
A-1.01	.09		,		,	zone co d eye wa			onents s	such as f	irst aid	kit,

injuries and training according to jurisdictional regulations

document items such as inspections, potential hazards, safety meetings,

A-1.01.10

#### Sub-task

## A-1.02 Uses personal protective equipment (PPE) and safety equipment.

<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>
yes	NV	NV	ND									

#### **Key Competencies**

A-1.02.01	apply local, provincial, territorial and national safety regulations such as OH&S
A-1.02.02	identify company and site policies and site hazards requiring the use of PPE and safety equipment
A-1.02.03	select PPE and safety equipment appropriate for individual tasks and situations
A-1.02.04	maintain and store PPE and safety equipment according to OH&S and manufacturers' specifications
A-1.02.05	identify damaged PPE such as excessively worn boots, worn harnesses and cracked safety glasses
A-1.02.06	recognize PPE approved by the Canadian Standards Association (CSA) and applicable safety equipment
A-1.02.07	ensure proper fit of PPE such as fall arrest harnesses and face shields
A-1.02.08	participate in fit test to confirm respirator fit
A-1.02.09	report and replace damaged or faulty equipment

## Task 2 Uses and maintains tools and equipment.

#### Context

Bricklayers must maintain all their tools to ensure that they work properly and safely. Rigging, hoisting and lifting equipment is used to move heavy material on the worksite. Access equipment is used to allow bricklayers to reach their work area.

K 1	types of hand tools such as trowels, hammers, levels and jointers
K 2	hand tool operating procedures and limitations
K 3	types of power tools such as electric and gas powered
K 4	power tool operating procedures and limitations
K 5	hazards of power tools

K 6		pow	powder-actuated tool operating procedures and limitations									
K 7		,	jurisdictional and company training and certification requirements for powder-actuated tools									
K 8		type	ypes of pneumatic tools such as grinders, air guns and jackhammers									
K 9		type	types of hydraulic tools such as brick splitters and saws									
K 10		haz	ards of p	oneuma	itic and	hydrau	lic tools	3				
K 11		<i>J</i> 1	types of measuring equipment such as bricklayer tapes, laser levels and storey poles									
K 12		layo line	out tools	such a	s transit	s, laser	levels, {	gauge ro	od/store	ey pole a	and mas	son's
K 13		mea	suring	and lay	out equ	ipment	operati	ng proc	edures			
K 14		<i>-</i> -	es of rig tackles,	0	0		· .	-	such as	forklifts	, cranes	, block
K 15		type	es of ma	terial h	andling	equipn	nent suc	ch as wh	neelbarr	ows an	d pallet	jacks
K 16		арр	lications	s of rigg	ging, ho	isting aı	nd liftin	ıg equip	ment			
K 17		_	regulations regarding licensing and training requirements of rigging, hoisting, lifting and material handling equipment									
K 18		limi	tations	of riggi	ng, hois	ting, lift	ting and	d materi	al hand	lling eq	uipmen	t
K 19		, ,	es of acc m lifts, t	-	-					ılated a	nd teles	copic
Sub-t	ask											
A-2.0	l	Ma	intains	tools a	ınd eqi	uipmer	ıt.					
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	NT	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	ND
Key C	ompete	encies										
A-2.01	.01	-	air or reg nufactur	-			aged to	ols and	equipn	nent acc	ording	to
A-2.01	.02		n and st		ls and e	equipme	ent acco	rding to	) manuf	acturer	s'	
A-2.01	.03	doc	ument t	ool and	equipn	nent ma	intenar	ice				
A-2.01	.04	reco	ognize w vice	vorn, da	ımaged	and def	fective t	ools, an	ıd tag aı	nd remo	ove fron	n
A-2.01	.05	lubi	lubricate equipment such as chain hoists and gin wheels when necessary									

sharpen tools such as chisels and hammers when necessary

A-2.01.06

Sub-ta	ask												
A-2.02	2	Use	Uses rigging, hoisting and lifting equipment.										
<u>NL</u> yes	<u>NS</u> yes	PE yes											
Key C	ompete	ncies											
A-2.02.01 select rigging, hoisting and lifting equipment and chain hoists according to task, load size a											preade	bars	
A-2.02	.02		locate centre of gravity of load										
A-2.02	.03		re load lifting o	00	ing usin	g equip	ment sı	ach as sl	lings, sł	nackles,	bridle l	nitches	
A-2.02	.04		communicate with personnel involved in lift using methods such as hand signals and two-way radios										
A-2.02	.05	reco	recognize safe lifting locations or points										
A-2.02	.06	calc	calculate weight of material										
A-2.02	.07	opei	operate forklift according to jurisdictional regulations										
A-2.02	.08	stab	stabilize load during lift using tag lines										
A-2.02	.09	_	inspect rigging, hoisting and lifting equipment according to maintenance schedule										
A-2.02	.10		maintain and store rigging, hoisting and lifting equipment according to manufacturers' specifications										
A-2.02.11			remove worn, damaged or expired rigging, hoisting and lifting equipment from service										
Sub-ta	ask												
A-2.03	3	Use	s acces	s equij	oment.								
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>	
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	ND	
Key C	ompete	ncies											
A-2.03	.01		select access equipment such as scissor lifts, and articulated and telescopic boom lifts according to task, load size and capacity										
A-2.03.02			gnize sa head el		C	ons suc	h as sta	ble surf	ace and	l safe di	stance f	rom	

A-2.03.03	inspect access equipment according to maintenance schedule and tag and
	remove from service if defective
A-2.03.04	operate access equipment according to jurisdictional regulations

Task 3	Uses scaffolding.

#### Context

This task is a crucial part of a bricklayer's job since the majority of bricklaying is performed on scaffolding. The knowledge of the proper setup and maintenance of scaffolding are important to ensure the safety of bricklayers and other tradespeople on the jobsite.

K 1	types of scaffolding such as frame, tubular, hydraulic, swing stage and jack-up
K 2	scaffolding components such as pins, braces, decks, planks, outriggers and cross braces
K 3	applications of various types of scaffolding
K 4	OH&S considerations as they apply to scaffolding and scaffolding systems
K 5	load limitations
K 6	possible defects such as rusting, damage and split planks
K 7	counter weight requirements according to safety regulations and job requirements
K 8	sequence of assembly
K 9	sequence of dismantling

Sub-ta	ask												
A-3.01	L	Ere	Erects scaffolding.										
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>	
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	ND	
Key Co	ompete	ncies											
A-3.01.01 select scaffolding for the job taking into consand task being performed							onsider	ation siz	ze, site c	conditio	ns		
A-3.01	.02	_	inspect scaffolding for damage and missing components, and tag and remove from service										
A-3.01	.03	ider	itify haz	zards su	ich as e	xcess loa	ads whe	en erect	ing acce	ess equij	pment		
A-3.01	.04		use scaffolding within operating limitations as indicated on manufacturers' tags and in compliance with OH&S regulations										
A-3.01	.05	lay	out scaf	folding	ensurir	ng subst	rate is l	evel and	d stable				
A-3.01	.06		install scaffolding mud sills, scaffold jacks and other components according to assembly sequence and regulations										
A-3.01	.07		set up swing stage components according to manufacturers' specifications and job requirements										
A-3.01	.08	leve	l and se	secure scaffolding according to jurisdictional regulations									
A-3.01	.09	inst	all mear	ns of aco	cess and	d egress							
A-3.01	.10		install kickboard, debris net, guardrails and mid-rails according to OH&S regulations										
Sub-ta													
A-3.02		Dia	mantle	s saaff	aldina								
A-3.02	-	D15.	manne	5 Scall	orumg	•							
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	NT	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>	
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	ND	
Key Co	ompete	ncies											
A-3.02	.01	low	lower components to lower levels or to ground										
A-3.02	.02	rem	remove tie-ins as scaffolding is lowered										
A-3.02.03				-		equipm nantling			klifts, cr	anes an	d roof		
A-3.02.04		sort	winches according to dismantling sequence sort and prepare equipment for transportation										

_	• .	-
C	b-ta	
נוכי	1)-14	ISK.

## A-3.03 Maintains scaffolding.

<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	MB	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	ND

## **Key Competencies**

A-3.03.01	inspect scaffolding for damage and missing components, and tag and remove from service
A-3.03.02	replace damaged or missing scaffolding components
A-3.03.03	clean and store scaffolding

k.

**Context** This task describes activities that bricklayers perform in order to organize their daily work.

K 1	types of documentation such as specifications, sketches and change orders
K 2	safety documentation such as SDS, WHMIS symbols and OH&S acts
K 3	documentation specific to work sites such as refineries and paper mills
K 4	types of materials such as membranes, primers, fuels and masonry materials
K 5	loading limitations of storage location
K 6	tarp systems such as insulated tarps, debris screens and shrink wraps
K 7	types of heaters such as salamanders, furnaces and construction heaters
K 8	types of heater power sources such as propane, diesel, electric, natural gas and kerosene
K 9	company safety procedures
K 10	methods for protecting surrounding areas such as setting up barriers and covering with tarp
K 11	environmental protection regulations and guidelines
K 12	job site hazards such as overhead and underground power lines
K 13	types of drawings such as architectural, structural, mechanical and electrical

Sub-t	ask												
A-4.0	1	Use	Uses drawings and specifications.										
NL	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>on</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>	
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	ND	
Key C	ompete	encies											
A-4.01	-	inte	interpret drawings to identify requirements such as layout and material requirements										
A-4.01	.02	inte	rpret sp	ecificat	ions suc	ch as arc	chitectu	ral, stru	ctural a	ınd mar	nufactui	ers'	
A-4.01	.03	dra	w sketcl	nes to c	ommun	icate wo	ork coo	rdinates	and de	etails			
Sub-t	ask												
A-4.02	2	Pla	ns dail	y tasks	and ac	ctivities	<b>6.</b>						
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>	
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	ND	
Key C	ompete	encies											
A-4.02	2.01	schedule tasks according to deadlines											
A-4.02	2.02	sequence tasks in coordination with co-workers and other trades											
A-4.02	2.03	estimate amount of time required for tasks											
Sub-t	ask												
A-4.03	3	Pre	pares j	ob site	and m	aterials	<b>5.</b>						
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>	
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	ND	
Key C	ompete	encies											
A-4.03	3.01	estimate and confirm amount of material required											
A-4.03	3.02	COO	rdinate	deliver	y of mat	terials		_					
A-4.03	3.03	peri	orm site	e assess	ment to	identif	y hazar	ds					
A-4.03.04		perform site assessment to identify hazards set up mixing area in location accessible to power and water supply											

A-4.03.05	place materials on job site for convenience and to avoid interference with other trades
A-4.03.06	store and protect materials such as sand, cement, sealants and masonry
A-4.03.07	weatherize installation location by installing tarp system and temporary roof, and setting up heaters and fuel tanks
A-4.03.08	ensure adequate ventilation for heaters
A-4.03.09	store hazardous materials such as fuels and primers in marked designated
	area

Sub-t	ask											
A-4.04	4	Pro	tects sı	ırroun	ding ar	eas.						
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	QC	<u>on</u>	MB	<u>SK</u>	AB	<u>BC</u>	NT	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>

yes

yes

yes

yes

NV

NV

ND

## **Key Competencies**

yes

yes

yes

yes

yes

yes

A-4.04.01	determine surrounding areas requiring protection such as finished work, personal property, vegetation and traffic areas
A-4.04.02	assess risks to surrounding areas such as airborne debris, excess mortar and fumes
A-4.04.03	restrict dust creation using techniques such as wet sawing, vacuuming and mixing in a separate area
A-4.04.04	set up protective materials such as tarps, plywood sheeting and construction fence

## **BLOCK B**

## **GENERAL MASONRY PRACTICES**

**Trends** There are new types of insulation and membranes such as spray-on.

There are more environmentally-friendly types of sealers being used. There is increased awareness of containment practices. In some jurisdictions, the size of masonry units is getting larger for cost

reduction.

Related

Components

All components apply.

Tools and

**Equipment** 

See Appendix A.

## Task 5

## Performs substrate preparation.

**Context** Substrate needs to be prepared to receive and support masonry.

Membranes, flashing and insulation are installed to maintain a complete

building envelope.

K 1	types of anchoring/tie systems such as fastened-in-place and embedded
K 2	anchoring/tie systems, adhesives and insulation application techniques
K 3	substrate condition
K 4	types of anchors such as drop-in, pin bolts, wedge, screws and self-tapping
K 5	types of ties such as wire, adjustable and corrugated metal
K 6	sequence of levelling, plumbing and aligning
K 7	tools and equipment required
K 8	types of flashings such as polyvinyl chloride (PVC), rigid, self-adhesive and rubber
K 9	location of flashings
K 10	counter flashing and step flashing
K 11	building envelope systems
K 12	types of membranes such as torch-on, self-adhesive and trowelled
K 13	effect of ultraviolet rays and moisture on membranes

K 14		types of insulation such as ceramic fibre, vermiculite, extruded, fibreglass, spray-on, rock wool and mineral-refractory grade										
K 15		-				codes a						
Sub-t	ask											
B-5.01	L	Pre	pares v	ertical	substr	ates an	d foun	dation	S.			
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>on</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	no	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	ND
Key C	ompete	ncies										
B-5.01.01 remove glues, old membranes and accessories to ensure smooth substrate											ate	
B-5.01	.02	replace deteriorated material such as broken block or brick and nails										
B-5.01	.03	was	wash and dry substrate to improve product adhesion									
B-5.01.04 fill holes and cracks in substrate using mortar and other filler mater matching existing substrate							aterials					
B-5.01.05 fasten mesh to substrate using mechanical fasteners according to manufacturers' specifications and building code												
B-5.01.06 prime substrate according to manufacturers' specifications												
Sub-t	ask											
B-5.02	2	App	olies pa	arging.								
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>OC</u>	<u>on</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	NT	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>
yes	yes	yes	yes	no	yes	yes	yes	no	yes	NV	NV	ND
Key C	ompete	ncies										
B-5.02	.01	dan	npen sul	ostrate	to impre	ove bon	ding					
B-5.02	.02	app	ly bond	ing age	nts to si	ubstrate	!					
B-5.02	.03	mix parging material according to application and manufacturers' instructions										
B-5.02.04 trowel on parging material to substrate maintaining a uniform thickr according to specifications							hicknes	s				

Sub-ta	ask												
B-5.03	}	Inst	Installs anchoring/tie systems.										
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	QC	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	NT	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>	
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	ND	
Kev C	ompete	ncies											
Key Competencies  B-5.03.01 select type of system according to engineering specifications, codes and standards													
B-5.03.02 determine vertical and horizontal spacing of anchors and ties according to specifications, codes, coursing and layout													
B-5.03.03 attach or place anchors to substrate using tools and materials such as drills and fasteners								rills					
B-5.03	04	atta	ch ties t	o ancho	ors								
Sub-ta	ask												
B-5.04	į	Inst	talls m	embrai	ne and	flashin	ıg.						
							J						
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	NT	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>	
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	ND	
Key C	ompete	ncies											
B-5.04.	01	sele	ct base i	flashing	g accord	ing to s	pecifica	tions, co	odes an	d standa	ards		
B-5.04	.02	atta	attach base flashing and membrane										
B-5.04.	.03		seams a					ıts and	joints ir	ı flashin	g to ave	oid	
B-5.04.04 overlap below grade membranes to complete the building envelope													

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B-5.05	<b>Installs</b>	111 (11	lation
D-0.00	mistans	III S U.	iauvii.

<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>
yes	NV	NV	ND									

## **Key Competencies**

B-5.05.01	select insulation according to specifications, codes and standards
B-5.05.02	cut and fit insulation to fully insulate the wall and seal joints according to manufacturers' specifications
B-5.05.03	secure insulation to substrate and membrane ensuring as tight a fit as possible

## Task 6 Performs fundamental masonry tasks.

**Context** This task describes typical methods used in masonry construction.

K 1	measuring and layout equipment and practices
K 2	sequence of layout procedures
K 3	drawings, specifications, codes and standards
K 4	wall systems
K 5	bonds and patterns
K 6	types of joints such as concave, raked and flush
K 7	when to finish joints
K 8	environmental hazards
K 9	types of cleaners such as acids, alkali-based, water and detergent
K 10	sequence of cleaning procedures
K 11	mixing sequence and mixing ratio for cleaning materials
K 12	applications of waterproofing and dampproofing
K 13	types of waterproofing and dampproofing materials such as silicone-based, solvent-based and alkaline-based

Sub-ta	ask												
B-6.01		Lay	Lays out wall and coursing.										
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>on</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>	
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	ND	
Key C	ompete	ncies											
B-6.01.	B-6.01.01 determine wall location and floor grade												
B-6.01.02 perform layout using techniques such as snapping chalk lines, laying out units dry, and measuring with a tape													
B-6.01.03 mark off location of units to guide placement													
B-6.01.04 adjust bond to suit openings such as windows, doors and accessories													
Sub-ta	ask												
B-6.02		Fin	ishes jo	oints.									
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>	
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	ND	
Key C	ompete	ncies											
B-6.02.	01		ct type o	,				e, conv	ex, flus	h, raked	l, weath	er and	
B-6.02.	02	asse	assess by touch mortar readiness for finishing (thumbprint method)										
B-6.02.	03		tool joints in order to achieve uniformity and straightness, and to avoid damage to masonry units										
B-6.02.	04		voids in		•								
			remove excess mortar and retool joint to achieve finished look										

Sub-t	ask													
B-6.03 Cleans new masonry surfaces.														
<u>NL</u> yes	<u>NS</u> yes	<u>PE</u> yes	<u>NB</u> yes	<u>QC</u> yes	<u>ON</u> yes	MB yes	<u>SK</u> yes	AB yes	BC yes	<u>NT</u> NV	<u>YT</u> NV	<u>NU</u> ND		
Key Competencies														
B-6.03.01 rub down wall using like material to remove excess mortar						tar								
B-6.03	.02		match cleaning material to masonry surface to be cleaned according to manufacturers' specifications											
B-6.03	.03	prej	prepare cleaning material by mixing to required proportions											
B-6.03	.04	pre-	pre-soak, brush and scrub surfaces											
B-6.03	.05	clea	clean using pressure washer according to manufacturers' specifications											
B-6.03.06		rins	rinse surface											
B-6.03.07 check surface to ensure uniform cleanliness														
Sub-t	ask													
B-6.04	Į.	Sea	ls maso	onry st	ırfaces	•								
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>		
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	ND		
Key C	ompete	encies												
B-6.04	.01		ct seala de and l		-	existing	g masor	nry and	location	ns such	as abov	e		
B-6.04	.02		verify that the surface is clean and dry in order to ensure sealant adhesion and prevent trapping visible stains											
B-6.04.03			and prevent trapping visible stains  apply sealant using methods such as brushing, spraying and rolling according to manufacturers' specifications											

# Task 7

# Uses mortars, grouts and adhesives.

#### Context

Mortars, grouts and adhesives hold and structurally support masonry units and accessories. Concrete and grouts are materials containing cementitious materials, aggregate and water, and are used to secure reinforcing within block walls. Mortars, grouts and adhesives are used in every aspect of masonry. Bricklayers must be able to safely handle, prepare and apply these products.

### Required Knowledge

K 1	types of mortars such as M, S, N, O and K, and their properties
K 2	admixtures such as accelerators, retardants, dyes and waterproofing components
K 3	codes and regulations
K 4	mixing equipment and procedures
K 5	testing such as strength tests, slump tests and bond tests
K 6	types of concrete or grout and their properties
K 7	reinforcing materials such as fibre and rebar
K 8	grout consistency required to fill masonry cavities
K 9	grouting methods and procedures
K 10	types and uses of adhesives such as polymers, epoxies, resins, caulking and latex
K 11	shelf and pot life of adhesives and mortars
K 12	reinforcement requirements when pouring concrete and grout

#### Sub-task

### B-7.01 Mixes mortar, concrete, grout and adhesives.

<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>
yes	NV	NV	ND									

B-7.01.01	select mortar, concrete, grout and adhesive according to job specification
B-7.01.02	verify that water supply is clean and potable to avoid contamination of mixture
B-7.01.03	adjust mixing conditions such as heating sand and water according to code requirements

B-7.01	B-7.01.04		measure components according to ratio and proportions required by specifications											
B-7.01	.05	add	add admixture to achieve required properties											
B-7.01	.06	add	add aggregate such as sand and gravel											
B-7.01	.07	use	use mixing equipment such as barrel mixer, shovel and paddle mixer											
B-7.01	B-7.01.08		time mixing according to specifications											
B-7.01	B-7.01.09		visually assess readiness of product for consistency and moisture content											
						_								
Sub-t	ask													
B-7.02	B-7.02		s mort	ars.										
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>		
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	ND		
Key C	ompete	encies												
B-7.02	.01	app	ly mort	ar using	g metho	ds such	as butt	ering ar	nd sprea	ading				
B-7.02	.02	asse	ess mort	ar cond	lition ar	nd usabi	lity, and	d adjust	consist	tency fo	r partic	ular		
		use												

Sub-task												
<b>B-7.0</b> 3	3	Use	es conci	rete an	d grout							
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	ND

B-7.03.01	assess wall prior to filling
B-7.03.02	prime holes according to size of block and jurisdictional regulations
B-7.03.03	place grout and concrete using processes such as high-lift and low-lift grouting
B-7.03.04	place grout and concrete using equipment such as buckets, hoppers and pumps
B-7.03.05	consolidate grout to fill voids

### Sub-task

B-7.04 Uses adhesives.

<u>PE</u> NL<u>NB</u> QC <u>SK</u> <u>AB</u>  $\underline{YT}$ <u>NS</u> <u>ON</u> <u>MB</u> <u>BC</u> <u>NT</u> <u>NU</u> NVNV yes yes ND yes yes yes yes yes yes yes yes

# **Key Competencies**

B-7.04.01 select adhesives such as two-part epoxies and primers

B-7.04.02 prepare surface to receive adhesives

B-7.04.03 apply adhesives using methods such as trowelled, brushed on, injected and

caulked

# **BLOCK C**

# **MASONRY SYSTEMS**

#### **Trends**

There is an increasing trend in using surface-bonded units on the outside of commercial and residential buildings. There is a greater variety of surface-bonded masonry products being used such as thin cut brick and natural stone, and manufactured stone.

Prefabricated masonry units are slowly becoming more common.

Related Components (including, but not limited to) Masonry units, air and vapour barrier, insulation, flashing, vertical/horizontal reinforcing, base plates, expansion and contraction joints, soft joints, grout, fastening and anchoring systems, ties (anchors), adjustable veneer ties, mortars, nails, adhesives, bonding agents, epoxies, stone bond, rigid insulation, steel wire cables, stickclips, caulking, parging, compressive backer rod, insulation tape, air ventilation accessories, draining systems, lateral support system, lintel supports, lintel reinforcements, sills and soffits, water repellents, waterproofing, cleaning agents, shelf angles, fire stops, wedges, batter boards.

# Tools and Equipment

See Appendix A.

# Task 8

# Builds masonry walls.

#### Context

Non-load-bearing masonry walls include veneer walls, interior partitions and exterior curtain walls. This task describes the proper method of installing these walls using brick, block and full-bed manufactured stone, and accessories. Stone walls are described in Block D. Load-bearing walls, columns and pilasters are designed to carry loads in addition to their own load. Load-bearing walls include structural and cavity walls which are above grade, and foundation walls which are below grade. They also include retaining walls which resist lateral forces. Reinforcing systems in load-bearing walls are always included and are critical as they carry or resist stresses and forces.

K 1	applicable sections of National Building Code (NBC)
K 2	types of masonry units such as clay brick, concrete brick, sand-lime brick, concrete block and full-bed manufactured stone
K 3	sizes and shapes of masonry units such as bricks and blocks
K 4	types of non-load-bearing walls such as curtain walls, garden walls and partition walls
K 5	types of load-bearing walls such as retaining walls, cavity walls and windload walls
K 6	columns, pilasters and buttresses
K 7	bonds and patterns
K 8	types and consistencies of mortars
K 9	construction joints such as expansion and control (movement joints)
K 10	masonry wall drainage and ventilation systems such as weep and vent holes
K 11	horizontal and vertical coursing
K 12	ground conditions and grades
K 13	retaining wall systems and designs
K 14	footings and foundations
K 15	building envelope components such as membranes and insulation
K 16	types of reinforcing material such as rebar and reinforcement wire
K 17	reinforced wall systems
K 18	specifications for reinforcing
K 19	accessories such as anchors, plates and bolts
K 20	finished height of column and pilaster

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K 22		use	of clear	outs									
Sub-t	ask												
C-8.01	1	Bui	lds no	n-load-	bearin	g walls	<b>5.</b>						
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>	
yes	yes	yes	yes yes yes yes yes yes NV NV ND							ND			
Key C	Competencies												
C-8.01	.01	sele	ct and ı	ase tool	s and eq	luipmer	nt						
C-8.01.02 determine wall properties such as finished laccording to drawings						d heigh	t, lengtl	n and lo	cation				
C-8.01.03 install reinforcements according to						o specif	ications	for add	litional	wall sta	bility		
C-8.01	.04	buil	ld lead t	l lead to establish each course and height									
C-8.01.05 cut units using hand and power to						ools to r	equirec	l sizes a	nd shap	es			
C-8.01.06 maintain bond													
C-8.01	C-8.01.07 lay units to the top of the line												
C-8.01.08 adjust joint thickness within code requirements to allow for opening						nings							
C-8.01	.09	install lintels such as cast-in-place, precast and angle iron to support units over openings						iits					
C-8.01	.10	buil	ld in acc	essorie	s such a	s electri	ical, me	chanica	l and pl	umbing	5		
C-8.01	C-8.01.11 brace and support walls at required intervals												
Sub-t	ask												
C-8.02	2	Bui	lds loa	d-bear	ing wa	11s.							
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>	
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	ND	
Key C	ompete	encies											
C-8.02	01	sele	ct and ı	ıse tool:	s and ec	uipmer	nt						
C-8.02	02	dete	ermine v	wall pro	perties			d heigh	t, lengtl	n and lo	cation		
according to drawings  C-8.02.03 install reinforcements and structural accessories according to specifica for additional wall stability and load-bearing requirements					ecificat	ions							

regional reinforcement requirements such as seismic and hurricane

K 21

C-8.02.04	build lead to establish each course and height
C-8.02.05	cut units using hand and power tools to required sizes and shapes
C-8.02.06	maintain bond
C-8.02.07	lay units to the top of the line
C-8.02.08	adjust joint thickness within code requirements to allow for openings
C-8.02.09	shore up openings to receive and support lintels
C-8.02.10	install lintels such as cast-in-place, precast and angle iron to support units over openings
	over epermise
C-8.02.11	
C-0.02.11	build in accessories such as electrical, mechanical and plumbing
C-8.02.11	build in accessories such as electrical, mechanical and plumbing batter and slope retaining walls in order to offset lateral forces
	1
C-8.02.12	batter and slope retaining walls in order to offset lateral forces

Task 9	<b>Builds</b> horizontal	masonry surfaces.
		<i>J</i>

#### Context

Bricklayers build horizontal surfaces such as patios, walkways, stairways and driveways. These surfaces must be built to specifications. Bricklayers may use various types of masonry units such as brick, flagstones and pavers to build flexible or rigid surfaces.

K 1	excavations
K 2	soil conditions
K 3	drainage
K 4	membranes
K 5	codes and regulations
K 6	slope and grade
K 7	assemblies in mortared and mortarless applications (rigid and flexible)
K 8	types of masonry units for horizontal surfaces such as brick, pavers and flagstones
K 9	bonds and patterns
K 10	mortars and aggregates
K 11	bonding agents and additives

K 12		sealants										
K 13		-	required tools and equipment such as a tamper, screed poles and guillotines (brick splitter)									
Sub-t	ask											
C-9.01	1	Prepares horizontal substrate.										
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>on</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	ND
Key C	Compete	encies										
C-9.01	.01	clea	n, clear	and ex	cavate a	rea						
C-9.01	.02	laye	er and co	ompact	aggreg	ate to gi	ade and	d slope				
C-9.01	C-9.01.03		install landscape fabric									
C-9.01	C-9.01.04		determine borders according to job requirements									
C-9.01.05		inst	install edge restraints									
C-9.01.06		sele	select required mixture of concrete for application such as stairs and patios									
C-9.01.07		form and pour concrete to required thickness										
C-9.01	.08	screed and finish surfaces to maintain and produce even surfaces										
Sub-t	ask											
C-9.02	2	Lay	s maso	nry ur	nits on	horizoi	ntal su	rfaces.				
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	NT	YT	<u>NU</u>
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	ND
Key C	Compete	encies										
C-9.02	2.01	determine and layout pattern such as basket weave, herring bone and running bond										
C-9.02	2.02	cut	masonr	y units	to fit re	quired s	space ar	nd create	e unifor	m joints	5	
C-9.02	2.03	plac	e and a	lign un	its to be	aesthet	ically p	leasing	and acc	ording	to bond	used
C-9.02	2.04	app	ly sand	and us	e tampe	er to con	npact m	asonry	unit			
C-9.02	2.05	swe	ep to re	move e	excess sa	ınd and	to fill v	oids				
C-9.02	2.06	finis	finish joints in mortared systems									

C-9.02.07	incorporate construction joints to allow movement
C-9.02.08	seal assemblies

#### Context

Prefabricated masonry is usually fabricated off-site and delivered to be assembled and/or mechanically fastened. They are made of masonry units, reinforcing steel, grout and mortar. Bricklayers are involved in both the fabrication and installation of these components. They may be used for greater efficiency of installation or for situations where masonry cannot easily be built on site.

### Required Knowledge

K 1	form release agents
K 2	storage, stacking and transport
K 3	colour matching and inspection for installation
K 4	effects of temperature and humidity on the prefabrication curing process
K 5	fastening systems
K 6	grouting and caulking procedures
K 7	rigging and hoisting

Sub-task												
C-10.0	)1	Bui	lds pre	fabrica	ited ma	asonry.	(NOT	COM	MON (	CORE)		
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>
no	yes	no	no	yes	no	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	ND

C-10.01.01	align and level units of prefabricated masonry according to engineered design
C-10.01.02	build panel to gauge according to installation location and specifications
C-10.01.03	prepare forms or jigs to accept materials by applying form release agent and adding materials such as reinforcing, anchoring and bearing plates

C-10.01.04	add masonry materials to forms to complete prefabrication
C-10.01.05	remove forms or jigs

Sub-t	ask											
C-10.0	)2	Ere	cts pre	fabrica	ted ma	sonry.						
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>
ves	ves	ves	ves	ves	no	ves	ves	ves	ves	NV	NV	ND

# **Key Competencies**

C-10.02.01	verify that substrate has been prepared using required anchoring systems
C-10.02.02	align and set panels and anchors in place for welding or bolting
C-10.02.03	repair damaged masonry on site, if necessary
C-10.02.04	seal joints using materials such as caulking and mortar

Task 11 Installs surface-bonded masonry units.
--

# Context

Surface-bonded masonry units are thin masonry components applied to a variety of surfaces. They are used for aesthetic purposes using a variety of applied components.

K 1	mortar and bonding agents
K 2	standards (CSA and NBC) and manufacturers' specifications
K 3	types of material such as brick, stone and cement products
K 4	layout dimensions
K 5	types of bonds and patterns

Sub-ta	ask											
C-11.0	)1	Pre	pares s	ubstra	te for s	urface-	bonde	d maso	nry un	its.		
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	QC	<u>on</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	ND
Key C	Key Competencies											
C-11.0	C-11.01.01 install weatherproofing components to allow for drainage according to jurisdictional regulations											
C-11.0	C-11.01.02 install backing material using specified mechanical fasteners over entire substrate area to support masonry unit								!			
C-11.0	1.03	app	ly scrat	ch coat	into wii	re mesh	to ensu	re full c	coverage	2		
Sub-ta	ask											
C-11.0	)2	Ap	Applies surface-bonded masonry units.									
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	ND
Key C	ompete	ncies										
C-11.0	2.01		dampen the substrate and back of the surface-bonded masonry unit to improve bonding									
C-11.0	2.02	butt	butter back of surface-bonded masonry units									
C-11.0	2.03	app	ly and f	inish jo	ints for	surface	-bonde	d masor	ry unit	S		
C-11.02.04			clean and seal surface-bonded masonry units according to manufacturers' specifications									

# **BLOCK D**

# **NATURAL STONE SYSTEMS**

**Trends** There are more advanced anchoring systems to improve strength and

longevity.

Related
Components
(including but not

(including, but not limited to)

Masonry units, air barriers, insulation, flashing, vertical/horizontal reinforcing, movement joints, soft joints, grout, fastening and anchoring systems, mortars, adhesives, bonding agents, epoxies and resins, rigid insulation, stickclips, caulking, parging, compressive backer rod, weep holes, vents, air ventilation accessories, draining systems, lateral support system, lintel supports, lintel reinforcement, sills and soffits, water repellents, waterproofing products, cleaning agents, shelf angles, fire stops, wedges, batter boards.

Tools and Equipment

See Appendix A.

### Task 12

### Builds natural stone walls.

#### Context

Stone walls may be load-bearing or non-load-bearing. Examples include veneers, multi-wythe, garden walls and retaining walls. Stones may be natural, quarried, or produced in a stone-cutting and finishing facility. Size, shape and type of stone vary greatly; therefore, correct selection and preparation are critical to maintain integrity of the wall.

K 1	classifications, types and properties of natural stone
K 2	types of mortars
K 3	mortar consistencies according to stone
K 4	types of bonds and patterns
K 5	bedding planes
K 6	anchoring systems
K 7	flashing materials and procedures
K 8	supporting backup wall
K 9	rigging and hoisting
K 10	caulking, epoxies and other bonding agents
K 11	cleaning materials and procedures for natural stone

K 12		<i>J</i> 1	types of wall systems such as veneers, multi-wythe, garden walls and retaining walls									
K 13		com	components of building envelope									
K 14		inst	installation procedures for building envelope									
K 15		dam	ıp curin	g requi	rements	8						
Sub-ta	ask											
D-12.0	)1	Pre	pares n	atural	stone.							
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	ND
Key C	ompete	ncies										
D-12.0	1.01	cull stones that are either defective or otherwise undesirable to prevent failures or to enhance aesthetics of the finished assembly										
D-12.0	1.02	remove debris to prevent bonding failures or to enhance aesthetics of the finished assembly										
D-12.0	1.03	resize units using methods such as cutting, grinding, dressing and pitching to suit design and to ensure proper fit										
D-12.0	1.04	dres	s unit s	urfaces	to suit	design a	nd for	aestheti	c purpo	oses		
D-12.0	1.05	dete	ermine a	nchorii	ng syste	m accoi	ding to	job spe	cificatio	ons		
D-12.0	1.06		ermine s cification	-	d patter	n for sto	one and	l joint fii	nish acc	cording	to	
Sub-ta	ask											
D-12.0	)2	Lay	s natur	al ston	ıe.							
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	ND
Key C	ompete	ncies										
-	-		. 1		.1 1	٠.	C		1		• • •	. •
D-12.0					O	consist	,		accord	ing to s	pecifica	tions
D-12.0			-			d to sup	-		_	, ,	1 .	
D-12.0	<b>2.</b> U3					require pe meas	0	e ot alig	gnment	and plu	imb usi	ng

D-12.02.04	use temporary supports such as wedges or bracing to maintain joint size and alignment
D-12.02.05	follow established bonding and pattern practices
D-12.02.06	tool joints according to specifications to maintain integrity of assembly or for aesthetic purposes

Sub-t	ask											
D-12.0	03	Daı	np cur	es wall	s.							
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>
yes	NV	NV	ND									

# **Key Competencies**

D-12.03.01	mist completed assembly at required intervals according to specifications to
	ensure adequate curing
D-12.03.02	apply and secure moist burlap or plastic according to specifications and weather conditions to ensure adequate curing

Task 13	Installs natural stone cladding.
Context	Bricklayers apply stone cladding by mechanically fastening stone to a structural backup wall. Stone used for cladding is typically large and pre-finished in a stone-cutting and finishing facility. Stone cladding is not load-bearing and has an aesthetic and a protective function.

K 1	sizes and types of stone cladding such as granite, marble and limestone
K 2	supporting backup wall
K 3	rigging and hoisting
K 4	stone properties such as mass, density and porosity
K 5	anchoring systems
K 6	caulking, epoxies and other bonding agents
K 7	cleaning materials and procedures for natural stone
K 8	type of wall system
K 9	components of building envelope

K 11		flashing materials and installation procedures										
Sub-ta	ask											
D-13.0	01	Prepares substrate for cladding.										
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	ND
Key C	ompete	encies										
D-13.0	1.01	recognize deficiencies in backup to determine necessary repairs or potential incompatibility with design										
D-13.0	1.02		remove debris by brushing, scraping or grinding to create a continuous smooth surface									
D-13.0	1.03	fill voids in masonry or concrete backup by trowelling or grouting to create a continuously smooth surface										
D-13.0	1.04	apply air or waterproof membrane and insulation according to job specifications										
D-13.0	1.05	set horizontal and vertical grid lines to ensure positioning of anchors according to specifications and drawings										
D-13.0	1.06	inst	all anch	oring s	ystem o	n substi	rate as s	specified	d			
Sub-t	ask											
D-13.0	02	Pre	pares n	atural	stone f	for clad	lding.					
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	ND
Key C	ompete	encies										
D-13.0	2.01	-		-		of stain inished		ts or de	bris to p	orevent	failures	or to
D-13.0	2.02	resi	ze units	by cut	ting, gri	nding a	nd chis	elling to	suit de	esign		
D-13.0	2.03	refa	ce gran	ite surfa	ace usin	g a torc	h to ach	iieve roi	ugh fini	sh		

installation procedures for building envelope

K 10

D-13.02.04	drill holes for dowels or kerf to accommodate anchors
D-13.02.05	prefabricate sections by joining units and adhering them with products such as epoxies to satisfy requirements

Sub-task												
D-13.0	03	Inst	Installs natural stones.									
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	ND
Key C	ompete	ncies										
D-13.0	3.01	set ı	units on	anchor	s manu	ally or ι	ısing ri	gging aı	nd hoist	ing equ	ipment	for
		sup	port			J				0 1	•	
D-13.0	3.02	alig	n and te	emporai	rily stab	ilize un	its with	shims	using ve	ertical a	nd hori	zontal
		strir	ng lines	as refer	ence							
D-13.0	3.03	adju	ıst anch	oring sy	ystem to	secure	units, c	orrect p	otentia	l incom	patibilit	ty
		with	n desigr	and en	isure ae	sthetica	lly plea	sing fin	al align	ment		
D-13.0	3.04	finis	sh joints	accord	ing to s	pecifica	tions					

# **BLOCK E**

# **CHIMNEYS AND FIREPLACES**

#### **Trends**

The market has seen an emergence of fireplace inserts, wood stoves and direct vent gas fireplaces. There is also an increase of outdoor fireplaces, fire pits and pizza ovens.

# Related Components (including, but not limited to)

Masonry units, air barriers, insulation, flashing, firebrick, anchoring systems, membrane, vertical/horizontal reinforcing, grout, ties (anchors), adhesives, mortars, ceramic insulation, rigid insulation, caulking, compressive backer rod, insulation tape, weep holes, wood forms, air ventilation accessories, draining systems, lateral support systems, lintel supports, water repellents, cleaning agents, fire stops, spark arresters, liners, clean-out doors, metal caps, metal flashings, flue liners, cast iron doors, grills, dampers, fireclay, ceramic blanket, angle irons, arch centre, sheet metal, ash pan, ash dump, fresh air kit, facing material, mantel.

# Tools and **Equipment**

See Appendix A.

# Task 14

# Builds chimneys.

#### Context

Chimneys vent gases from combusted materials. They can be residential and industrial. Chimneys can be decorative and installed in most areas of the building.

K 1	foundation materials such as concrete, concrete blocks and bricks
K 2	codes and regulations such as NBC and CSA
K 3	fireplace and chimney operation
K 4	flue liners
K 5	materials such as fireclay or refractory mortar and mortar types
K 6	expansion and contraction of installation materials
K 7	types and sizes of flues and fireboxes
K 8	types of insulation and flashings
K 9	backup and veneer materials such as brick, stone and tile

K 10 types of bondsK 11 types and sizes of appliances such as heaters and furnaces

Sub-t	ask											
E-14.0	)1	Bui	Builds foundation supports for chimneys.									
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>										<u>NU</u> ND
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	14 4	14 4	ND
Key C	Key Competencies											
E-14.0	1.01	sele	select tools and equipment such as levels, trowels and squares									
E-14.0	1.02	select materials such as blocks, mortars and concrete according to plans and job specifications										
E-14.0	1.03		inspect excavation or specified area to ensure adequate for building foundation, according to jurisdictional regulations and task requirements									
E-14.0	1.04		dify exc require		or spec	ified are	ea to me	eet juris	dictiona	ıl regula	ations a	nd
E-14.0	1.05					imney a	5					rk for
E-14.0	1.06	inst	all reinf	orcing	steel and	d conne	ctions a	ccordin	g to job	specific	cations	
E-14.0	1.07	-			0	orms ac	U	,	pecifica	itions ai	nd	
E-14.0	1.08	forr	n or bui	ld foun	dation v	wall on	footing	accordi	ng to jo	b specif	ications	3
E-14.0	1.09	buil	d-in cle	an-outs	and flu	ıe liners	accord	ing to a	ppliance	e requir	ements	
E-14.0	1.10	ensi	ure four	ndation	is adeq	uate to	support	the we	ight of t	he chin	nney	

Sub-ta	ask														
E-14.0		Lav	Lays masonry units to build chimneys.												
L-14.0	2	Lay	5 111a5U	iiiy uii	נונא נט ג	una ci	шшеу	<b>'5.</b>							
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	QC	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>			
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	ND			
Key C	Key Competencies														
E-14.02.01 select and use tools and equipment such as trowels, levels, plumb lines and measuring tapes															
E-14.02	2.02	sele	ct morta	ar accor	ding to	job spec	cificatio	ns and i	mortar	type					
E-14.02.03 calculate the chimney height for draft according to manufacturers' specifications, jurisdictional regulations and surrounding environment															
E-14.02.04 install masonry units to predetermined dimensions															
E-14.02.05 finish mortar joints according to job specifications															
Sub-ta	ask														
E-14.0		Inst	alls flu	ıe linir	19.										
					- <del>o</del> ·										
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	NT	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>			
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	ND			
Key C	ompete	ncies													
E-14.03	3.01	sele	ct and u	se tools	s and eq	uipmer	it and s	pecified	mortar	•					
E-14.03	3.02		_			e lining a tional re		-	pliance	, manui	facturer	s'			
E-14.03	3.03	calc	calculate flue liner height and size to ensure proper draft												
E-14.03	3.04	crea	create hole for thimble to receive appliance												
E-14.03	3.05	-	e and se lations		ue linin	g using	specifie	ed morta	ar, acco	rding to	jurisdi	ctional			

Sub-ta	ask											
E-14.0	4	Inst	talls rel	ated fl	ashing	çs.						
<u>NL</u> yes	NS yes	PE yes	<u>NB</u> yes	<u>QC</u> yes	<u>ON</u> yes	MB yes	<u>SK</u> yes	AB yes	BC yes	<u>NT</u> NV	YT NV	<u>NU</u> ND
Key Co	ompete	ncies										
E-14.04.01 select and use tools and equipment such as tin tapes									ips, gri	nders ar	nd meas	suring
E-14.04.02 determine type of flashing method to be used such as reglet or step flashing according to application											hing	
E-14.04	4.03	cut	reglet to	receive	e counte	er flashi	ng whe	re roof	materia	l interse	cts chin	nney
E-14.04	4.04	cut,	install a	nd seal	flashin	g while	buildir	ng new o	chimney	at roof	f interse	ections
Sub-task Sub-task												
E-14.0	5	Inst	talls ca <sub>l</sub>	ps.								
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	ND
Key Co	ompete	ncies										
E-14.05	5.01		ct and u		and eq	uipmer	nt such a	as hamr	ners, ta <sub>l</sub>	e meas	ures, tr	owels
E-14.05	5.02	cons	struct ca	p to dii	ect wat	er away	from t	he chim	ney			
E-14.05	5.03		all cap f etration	0	and bo	nd brea	k betwe	en chin	nney an	d cap to	avoid	water
E-14.05	5.04	forn	n, create	drip e	dge and	pour re	einforce	ed concr	ete cap			
E-14.05	5.05	plac	e pre-fa	bricate	d caps s	such as o	concrete	e, stone	or meta	1		
E-14.05	5.06	place pre-fabricated caps such as concrete, stone or metal insulate and seal between chimney cap and flue lining with non-combustible materials to protect against expansion and contraction, and water penetration										

# Task 15

# **Builds fireplaces.**

#### Context

Fireplaces combust material to provide heat and vent smoke and gases to the chimney. Bricklayers may have to consider location of fireplaces in relation to prevailing winds and surrounding obstacles.

### Required Knowledge

K 1	codes and regulations such as NBC and CSA
K 2	types of fireplaces
K 3	fireplace and chimney operation
K 4	firebox materials such as firebrick and fireclay, and their assembly
K 5	expansion and contraction of installation materials
K 6	size of openings required for room size
K 7	size of liner based on opening size
K 8	backup and veneer materials such as brick, stone, block and tile
K 9	types of bonds
K 10	foundation supports for hearth
K 11	base construction for hearth
K 12	damper installation and function
K 13	smoke shelf and smoke chamber
K 14	types and sizes of inserts such as electrical, gas and wood

# Sub-task

# E-15.01 Builds foundation for hearth, firebox, backup material and veneer.

<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>
yes	NV	NV	ND									

E-15.01.01	select and use tools and equipment such as measuring tapes, trowels and levels
E-15.01.02	select and install materials such as concrete blocks and reinforced concrete
E-15.01.03	calculate dimensions such as projection, width and height of hearth, firebox and veneer
E-15.01.04	install openings required for ash dump and fresh air intake
E-15.01.05	form and pour concrete to build foundation, according to job specifications

E-15.0 E-15.0		forn	place masonry units to build foundation, according to job specifications form and pour concrete slab on top of foundation to accommodate firebox and hearth												
Sub-t	ask														
E-15.0	)2	Bui	Builds hearth, firebox and backup.												
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>			
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	ND			
Key C	ompete	encies													
E-15.02.01 select and use tools and equipment such as measuring tapes, trowels and levels												ıd			
E-15.0	2.02	lay	lay out dimensions of firebox to ensure proper proportion, according to plans												
E-15.0	2.03	lay	firebrick	ks for ir	ner hea	rth									
E-15.0	2.04	lay l	lay backup bricks for outer hearth												
E-15.0	2.05	inst	install ash dump and air intake												
E-15.0	2.06	cut firebricks and install walls of firebox													
E-15.02	2.07	-				-		moke sh rding to				L			
Sub-t	ask														
E-15.0	03	Inst	talls da	mper.											
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>			
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	ND			
Key C	ompete	encies													
E-15.0	3.01	asse	emble da	amper a	accordir	ng to ma	nufactı	ırers' sp	ecificat	ions					
E-15.03	3.02	-	assemble damper according to manufacturers' specifications position non-combustible material between damper and top of firebox to allow for expansion and contraction												
E-15.03	3.03		damper ne firebo		e and er	nsure th	at it is l	eveled,	and sea	led but	not bor	ıded			

Builds smoke chamber.													
<u>YT NU</u>													
NV ND													
Key Competencies													
tapes and													
ications													
ding to NBC and													
ding to NBC and													
C													
C													
C													
C													
for a smooth													
for a smooth  YT NU													
for a smooth  YT NU													
for a smooth  T YT NU  N ND													
for a smooth  T YT NU  N ND													
for a smooth  T YT NU  N ND													
for a smooth  Y YT NU  NV ND  d hammers													
yes yes yes yes yes yes yes yes NV NV N													

# Sub-task

# E-15.06 Faces fireplaces and inserts.

]	<u>NL</u>	NS	<u>PE</u> 1	<u>NB</u>	QC (	<u>NC</u>	MB	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	$\underline{YT}$	<u>NU</u>
	yes	yes	yes y	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	ND

E-15.06.01	select and use tools and equipment such as trowels, levels, saws and bevel squares
E-15.06.02	select materials such as brick, stone and tile according to client specifications and desired finished appearance
E-15.06.03	determine mantel dimensions according to code and client specifications
E-15.06.04	install mantel
E-15.06.05	install lintels over opening
E-15.06.06	install accessories such as fans, vents, clean-outs, doors and intake
E-15.06.07	complete masonry veneer
E-15.06.08	complete facing on outer hearth

# **BLOCK F**

# REFRACTORIES AND CORROSION RESISTANT MATERIALS

#### **Trends**

Refractories and corrosion resistant materials are constantly evolving for cost effectiveness and longevity. Safety procedures continue to improve. Environmental considerations are being emphasized in the selection, application and disposal of materials.

Related Components (including, but not limited to) Insulation (ceramic modules, ceramic blankets, boards), firebrick, brick (insulation, thermal, ceramic, lead, carbon, magnesia chrome, alkaline resistant, acid-resistant), corrosion resistant tile, carbon and high temperature mortars, bracing, vessels, anchoring systems, lock-out box, membranes, vertical/horizontal reinforcing, embedded plates, grout, ties (anchors), adhesives, resin injections, stickclips, plastics, wood forms, draining systems, lateral support systems, lintel supports, sills and soffits, water repellents, fire stops, cast iron doors, fireclay, angle iron, castables, arch centre, arch templates, sheet metal, lumber, polyethylene (plastic sheets), metal shims.

Tools and Equipment

See Appendix A.

# Task 16

### Installs and maintains refractories.

#### Context

Refractories are used in various settings such as refineries, pulp mills, steel mills, crematoriums and incinerators. Refractory materials are used to contain the burning process and retain or refract heat. Refractory materials are selected according to criteria such as ease of installation, cost effectiveness and durability. The skills involved in installing refractories encompass many of the general masonry skills as well as specialized knowledge of these materials and applications. Due to the use of products containing refractory ceramic fibres (RCFs) and the need to work in confined spaces, maintaining personal safety is paramount.

#### Required Knowledge

K 1	safety regulations
K 2	safety procedures such as lockout, confined space, fall arrest, FLRA, emergency evacuation and temporary bracing
K 3	types of PPE for refractory material installation and material removal (tear- outs)
K 4	types of refractory materials such as bricks (alumina/silica, insulating, carbon), accessories and blanket, board insulation, castables and plastics
K 5	types of refractory mortar such as air setting and heat setting
K 6	sequence of installation of brick and tile according to number and application
K 7	types and use of insulations
K 8	forms and arches

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# F-16.01 Prepares for installation of refractories and accessories.

1	<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE 1</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>
,	yes	yes	yes y	yes j	yes j	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	ND

F-16.01.01	select and use tools and equipment such as dead blow hammers, rawhide
	hammers, knives, trowels, wet saws, hand saws, air compressors and gunite
	equipment
F-16.01.02	establish points and grid lines for anchors such as V-ties, stick pins and threaded studs to maintain integrity of wall
F-16.01.03	position and secure accessories such as nuts, clips and V-ties

F-16.01	1.04	cut	cut and shape insulation such as modules, blanket and j-paper for installation										
F-16.01	1.05		and sha allation	pe refra	actory u	nits suc	h as ins	ulating,	cerami	c and aı	ch bricl	ks for	
F-16.01	1.06	buil	build and install forms and arch centre for specific application										
Sub-ta	ask												
F-16.0	2	Pre	Prepares mortar for refractories.										
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>on</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>	
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	ND	
Key Co	ompete	ncies											
F-16.02	2.01	select, set up and use tools and equipment such as mixing drills, pails and mixers											
F-16.02	2.02	select and measure admixtures such as needles, resins and epoxies according to manufacturers' specifications											
F-16.02	2.03					ortars s ufacture				nina mo	rtar and	į	
Sub-ta													
F-16.0	3	Ren	noves e	existing	g refrac	ctories.							
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>	
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	ND	
Key Co	ompete	ncies											
F-16.03	3.01		ct and u	se tools	s and eq	luipmer	it such a	as pneu	matic h	ammers	, chisels	s and	
F-16.03	3.02	cut,	grind a	nd ham	mer to	remove	specifie	ed mate	rial				
F-16.03	3.03	clea	cut, grind and hammer to remove specified material clean up and dispose of materials according to site requirements										

Sub-ta	ask											
F-16.0	4	Ins	talls ref	fractori	ies.							
<u>NL</u> yes	<u>NS</u> yes	PE yes	<u>NB</u> yes	<u>QC</u> yes	ON yes	MB yes	<u>SK</u> yes	AB yes	BC yes	<u>NT</u> NV	<u>YT</u> NV	<u>NU</u> ND
Key Co	ompete	ncies										
F-16.04	F-16.04.01 select and use hand tools such as trimming trowels, dead blow hammers, ratchet wrenches and curry combs specific to refractories											
F-16.04	1.02		ct and u efractori	-	pment s	such as 1	reed gu	ns and l	high-pr	essure h	oses sp	ecific
F-16.04	1.03	pou	r and vi	brate ca	astables	to cons	olidate					
F-16.04	1.04		apply castables using methods such as hand packing, gunning and casting to protect the substrate									
F-16.04	1.05	inst	install insulation such as blanket and modules and materials such as rigidizer									
F-16.04	1.06	•	lay and sequence the installation of refractory material such as brick and tile according to number and application									
F-16.04	1.07	ram	plastics	s to cons	solidate	and ve	nt plast	ics to re	move n	noisture	:	
F-16.04	1.08	inst	all move	ement jo	oints as	specifie	d					
F-16.04	1.09	-		_		such as j nd cont				sulation	to	
Sub-ta	ask											
F-16.0	5	Rep	airs re	fractor	ies.							
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	ND
Key Co	ompete	ncies										
F-16.05	F-16.05.01 select and use tools and equipment such as pneumatic, hydraulic, power and hand tools specific to refractory									er and		
F-16.05	5.02	isolate and remove damaged material										
F-16.05	5.03	cut	cut and shape replacement material to required dimensions									

F-16.05.04 apply castables using methods such as hand packing, gunning and casting to protect the substrate

F-16.05.05 install replacement material according to deficiency identified such as damaged insulation, deteriorated bricks, damaged anchors, cracks and refractory mortar erosion

# Task 17

# Installs and maintains corrosion resistant materials.

#### Context

Corrosion resistant applications are used in sites such as pulp mills, food processing plants and gas plants. The materials are used to protect containment units such as vessels, towers and chests, and the surrounding environment. The skills involved in installing and maintaining corrosion resistant materials encompass many of the general masonry skills as well as specialized knowledge of these materials and applications. Due to the presence of carcinogens and the need to work in confined spaces, maintaining personal safety is paramount.

T/ 1	cofety regulations
K 1	safety regulations
K 2	safety procedures such as lockout, confined space, fall arrest, FLRA, emergency evacuation and temporary bracing
K 3	types of PPE for corrosion resistant material installation and material removal (tear outs)
K 4	types of hazards such as ammonia, chlorine and hydrogen sulphate
K 5	types of corrosion resistant units, mortars, accessories, membranes and concrete
K 6	causes of corrosion such as friction and chemicals
K 7	sequence of installation of brick and tile according to number and application
K 8	forms and arches

Sub-ta	ask												
F-17.0	1		pares f		allation	n of coi	rosion	resista	ınt mat	erials a	ınd		
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	NT	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>	
yes	yes	no	no yes yes yes yes yes yes NV NV NE										
Key C	Key Competencies												
F-17.0	F-17.01.01 select and use tools and equipment such as wet saws and trowels specific to application and chisels for acid tile										fic to		
F-17.0	1.02	esta	establish points for anchors to maintain integrity of wall										
F-17.0	1.03	pos	position and secure accessories such as anchors										
F-17.0	1.04		prepare the vessel surface for installation using methods such as sandblasting, chemical etching and coating										
F-17.0	1.05	select membrane according to application											
F-17.0	1.06	cut and shape corrosion resistant materials such as brick, tile and membranes for installation											
F-17.0	1.07	buil	ld and ii	nstall fo	rms and	d arch c	entre fo	or specif	ic appli	cation			
Sub-ta	ask												
F-17.0	2	Pre	pares n	nortar :	for cor	rosion	resista	nt mate	erials.				
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>	
yes	yes	no	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	ND	
Key C	ompete	ncies											
F-17.02	2.01	select, set up and use tools and equipment such as mixing drills, pails and mixers											
F-17.02	2.02	select and measure admixtures such as resins and epoxies according to manufacturers' specifications											
F-17.02	2.03		select, measure and mix mortar ingredients such as resins and epoxies according to manufacturers' specifications										

Sub-ta	Sub-task											
F-17.0	3	Ren	noves e	existing	g corros	sion re	sistant	materi	als.			
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>
yes	yes	no	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	ND
Key C	ompete	ncies										
F-17.03	3.01	select and use tools and equipment such as pneumatic hammers, grinders, chisels and hand tools										
F-17.03	3.02	cut,	cut, grind and hammer existing material									
F-17.03	3.03	clea	clean up and dispose of materials according to site requirements									
Sub-ta	Sub-task											
F-17.0	4	Inst	talls co	rrosior	ı resista	ant ma	terials.					
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>on</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>
yes	yes	no	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	ND
Key Co	ompete	ncies										
F-17.04	1.01		ct and u		-	uipmer	nt such a	as gunit	e machi	ines, coi	ncrete p	umps,
F-17.04	1.02	pou	r and v	brate to	o consol	idate						
F-17.04	1.03		apply castables using methods such as hand packing, gunning and casting to protect the substrate								ing to	
F-17.04	1.04		lay and sequence the installation of corrosion resistant materials such as brick and tile according to number and application									
F-17.04	1.05	forn	n and p	our con	crete to	create b	oase for	contain	ment aı	rea		

# Sub-task

# F-17.05 Repairs corrosion resistant materials.

<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	MB	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>
yes	yes	no	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	ND

F-17.05.01	select and use tools and equipment such as pneumatic, hydraulic, power and hand tools specific to corrosion resistant materials
F-17.05.02	isolate and remove damaged material
F-17.05.03	cut and shape replacement material to required dimensions
F-17.05.04	apply castables using methods such as hand packing, gunning and casting to protect the substrate
F-17.05.05	install corrosion resistant materials according to deficiency identified such as the erosion of brick, tile, membrane and refractory mortar

BLOCK G RESTORATION

#### **Trends** Restoration work is increasing as original masonry in Canada has

reached the age where repairs are necessary. Large restoration projects have been initiated on historical buildings across Canada. The use of lasers for cleaning surfaces is being introduced into restoration projects.

Related

Components (including, but not limited to)

Stone, brick, concrete, mortars, sealants, aggregate sand, lime, cement, epoxies, acrylics, dyes, colouring agents, grouts, steel angles, ties (anchors), structural steel, flashing, sheet metal, weepers, vents, insulation, membranes, lumber, fibreglass reinforcing, injection systems.

Tools and **Equipment** 

See Appendix A.

# Task 18 Rebuilds masonry work.

### **Context** This task describes the process of removing and reinstalling selected masonry

work ranging from small areas to entire assemblies. It involves using proper equipment, support and bracing, as well as matching the existing structure.

K 1	historical and current masonry construction techniques
K 2	masonry load patterns
K 3	types and colours of mortars
K 4	types of anchoring systems
K 5	effect of natural, mechanical or chemical processes on the materials
K 6	site, personnel and public safety measures
K 7	rigging and hoisting
K 8	storage practices for salvaged units
K 9	documentation methods for rebuilding such as tagging and photography

Sub-ta	ask											
G-18.0	)1	Dis	assemb	oles un	it maso	onry.						
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	NT NY	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	ND
Key Co	ompete	ncies										
G-18.0	determine plan of action based on assessed cause of deterioration and safe approach											
G-18.0	1.02		shore surrounding masonry to prevent collapse or further damage during disassembly and reassembly									
G-18.0	1.03		record placement of units using methods such as photography, tagging and sketches to ensure accuracy of future placement									
G-18.0	1.04		remove mortar and units using tools according to method of disassembly selected									
G-18.0	1.05		clean salvaged masonry units for reassembly using tools and cleaning agents according to specifications									
G-18.0	1.06		e salvag theft	ged mas	onry ur	nits in a	secure	dry area	a to pro	tect aga	inst dar	nage
Sub-ta	ask											
G-18.0	)2	Pre	pares r	estorat	ion wo	rk area	l <b>.</b>					
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	ND
Key Co	ompete	ncies										
G-18.02	2.01	rem	ove rem	naining	mortar	from sta	anding	wall an	d backu	p wall		
G-18.02	02.02 clean and restore components such as anchors, ties and shelf angles											
G-18.02	2.03	repair backup wall and existing membrane according to deficiencies identified										

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# G-18.03 Reinstalls masonry and accessories.

<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>
yes	NV	NV	ND									

### **Key Competencies**

G-18.03.01	place and secure related components such as flashings, ties, angle irons and electrical boxes
G-18.03.02	match appearance and composition of new material to existing material
G-18.03.03	lay new or salvaged masonry units based on recorded placement to match
	appearance of existing or recently disassembled work

# Task 19

# Repairs and cleans existing masonry work.

#### Context

This task describes non-destructive methods of restoring masonry work, including repointing and repairing of individual units. Repairs may be done in place or after removal and may range from historic fabric to relatively new construction.

Bricklayers clean existing masonry surfaces as part of restoration or after restoration work has been performed so that the surfaces are returned to their original appearance.

K 1	mechanical repair techniques such as stitching, pinning or dowelling, using spiral ties and dispersed hydrated lime (DHL) injections
K 2	non-mechanical repair techniques such as composite repair, Dutchman repair, cutting and refacing
K 3	types of components such as bricks, stones and terracotta
K 4	loss of moisture from mortar due to evaporation and absorption in the masonry (curing)
K 5	types and bonding properties of mortar
K 6	preparation techniques of mortar
K 7	admixtures such as colouring, air entrainment agents, waterproofing and bonding agents
K 8	historic and conventional construction methods
K 9	types of materials used for refacing such as epoxies and acrylics

K 10	epoxy anchoring systems
K 11	masonry materials that may be affected by the cleaning, sealing or waterproofing/dampproofing processes
K 12	abrasive materials such as sand, water, nut shells, baking soda and glass
K 13	cleaning methods to avoid damage
K 14	operating procedures for cleaning equipment
K 15	restoration cleaning agents such as acids and non-acid stain removers
K 16	safety practices when cleaning surfaces and handling products or equipment
K 17	waterproofing/dampproofing materials such as silicone and solvent-based
K 18	application methods to clean such as brushing, rolling and spraying
K 19	practices to protect surrounding materials or assemblies during and after cleaning and waterproofing/dampproofing
K 20	types of soiling and stains
K 21	environmental regulations

Sub-task

G-19.01 Removes deteriorated components.						ents.						
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	NT	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	ND
Key Co	Key Competencies											
G-19.01.01 determine and follow plan of action based on assessed cause of deterioration and safe approach												
G-19.0	1.02	shore surrounding masonry to prevent collapse or further damage during removal and re-installation										
G-19.0	1.03		record placement of units using methods such as photography and sketching to ensure accuracy of future placement									
G-19.0	1.04	document shape, size and finished face of non-salvageable units to create templates										
G-19.0	1.05		remove mortar, entire unit or damaged portion of a unit, using tools according to method of removal selected									
G-19.0	1.06	document failures in material such as hairline cracks, spalling and delamination for record keeping										

G-19.0	01.07	clean salvaged masonry units for re-installation according to specifications using tools and cleaning agents										
G-19.0	01.08	store salvaged masonry units in a secure dry area to protect against damage										
Sub-t	ask											
G-19.	02	Rep	Repoints joints.									
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	ND
Key C	ompete	encies										
G-19.0	02.01	rem	ove det	eriorate	ed mort	ar from	existing	gjoints				
G-19.0	2.02	clea	n void a	after rei	noval o	f defecti	ve mor	tar usin	g water	or air p	ressure	2
G-19.0	2.03	pre-	-moister	n area to	o be rep	ointed t	o ensur	e adhes	ion of n	iew moi	rtar	
G-19.0	G-19.02.04 fill, compress and tool joints following established procedures to ensure integrity of new joints								e			
G-19.0	G-19.02.05 mist joints or cover them with wet burlap to prevent joint failure											
G-19.02.06 protect surfaces from environmental conditions such as rain, wind and sun												
G 17.0	12.06	pro	tect surf	aces fro	om envi	ronmen	tal cond	ditions s	such as 1	rain, wi	nd and	sun
		prof	tect surf	aces fro	om envi	ronmen	tal cond	ditions s	such as i	rain, wi	nd and	sun
Sub-t	ask					ronmen	tal conc	ditions s	such as	rain, wi	nd and	sun
Sub-t	ask		oairs m	asonry				ditions s	such as	rain, wi	nd and	sun
Sub-t	ask					ronmen <u>MB</u>	tal cond	ditions s	such as a	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>
Sub-t G-19.	ask 03	Rep	oairs m	asonry	units.							
Sub-t G-19.0 NL yes	ask 03 <u>NS</u>	Rep PE yes	oairs m	asonry QC	units.	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>
Sub-t G-19.0 NL yes	ask 03 <u>NS</u> yes	Rep PE yes	oairs m <u>NB</u> yes	asonry <u>QC</u> yes	units. ON yes	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u> yes	AB yes	BC yes	<u>NT</u> NV	YT NV	<u>NU</u> ND
Sub-t G-19.0 NL yes	ask 03  NS yes Compete	Rep PE yes encies dete	NB yes	asonry  OC  yes  and foll	ow plar	MB yes	<u>SK</u> yes on based	AB yes	BC yes	<u>NT</u> NV	YT NV	<u>NU</u> ND
Sub-t G-19.0 NL yes Key C	ask 03 NS yes compete	Rep PE yes encies dete	NB yes ermine a	asonry  OC  yes  and foll  ry for p	ow plar	MB yes	SK yes on based	AB yes d on ass	BC yes	NT NV ause of	<u>YT</u> NV deterior	<u>NU</u> ND
Sub-t G-19.0 NL yes Key C G-19.0 G-19.0	ask 03 NS yes Compete 03.01 03.02 03.03	Rep PE yes encies dete drill mix fill v	NB yes ermine a	asonry  OC  yes  and foll  ry for p  compou	ow plar oinning and accordions	MB yes n of actionand stite ording to	SK yes on based ching o manu	AB yes d on ass	BC yes essed co	NT NV ause of	<u>YT</u> NV deterion	NU ND ration
Sub-t G-19.0 NL yes Key C G-19.0 G-19.0	ask 03 NS yes compete 03.01 03.02 03.03	Rep PE yes encies dete drill mix fill v orig rejo	NB yes ermine a l mason repair o	asonry  OC yes  and foll ry for p compou	ow plar oinning and accortions of the unit	MB yes n of actionand stite ording to	SK yes on based ching o manu ing mat	AB yes d on ass facturer terial, or	BC yes essed constant of the second of the s	NT NV ause of fication	YT NV deterior s o match	NU ND

G-19.0 G-19.0		replace deteriorated unit face with newly cut face using mortar or adhesives support refaced units using wedges until initial set									sives		
Sub-t	ask												
G-19.	04	Rei	Reinstalls masonry units and accessories.										
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>	
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	ND	
Key C	ompete	encies											
G-19.0	04.01	mat	ch appe	earance	and cor	npositio	on of ex	isting m	ortar				
G-19.0	04.02	pre-	-moister	n adjace	ent surfa	aces to e	nsure c	orrect a	dhesior	of new	mortar	ı	
G-19.0	04.03	lay repaired masonry units based on recorded placement to match appearance of existing or recently disassembled work											
G-19.04.04 apply mortar to unit and adjacent surfaces to ensure total joint integrity								,					
G-19.0	-19.04.05 compress and tool joints to match original												
G-19.0	04.06	mis	t joints o	or cove	r them v	with we	t burlap	to prev	ent joir	nt failure	9		
Sub-t	ask												
G-19.	05	Cle	Cleans existing masonry surfaces.										
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>	
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	ND	
Key C	Compete	encies											
G-19.0	05.01	dete	ermine o	cleaning	g metho	d accord	ding to	surface	conditi	on			
G-19.0	05.02	test	cleanin	g meth	od on a	small aı	rea						
G-19.0	05.03			1 2	0 0	gents acc nvironm	O			ers' spe	cificatio	ns	
G-19.0	5.04	pre-	-soak ar	- ea to pr	event a	bsorptio	on of the	e cleanii	ng agen	t			
G-19.0	05.05					rs such a void dar		sand, v	vater ar	nd nutsh	ells		
G-19.0	05.06	rinse cleaned area with water to eliminate any traces of cleaning agents											

# **BLOCK H**

# **ADDITIONAL MASONRY**

#### **Trends**

Stone and brick are increasingly being used for decorative accents such as house numbers and accents for brick fronts. There is an increase in the use of accent arches over windows and doors in most jurisdictions.

# Related Components (including, but not limited to)

Masonry units, specialized and regular mortars, caulking compounds, different aggregates, wire reinforcement, concrete, electrical components, mechanical components, spacers, tracks, expansion strips, anchoring systems, membranes, pigments, fasteners, fastening agents, insulation tape, adhesives, adjustable veneer ties, rigid insulation, stickclips, additives, epoxies and resins, bonding agents, lumber, plastic spacers, weepers, cleaning agents, insulation, backer rod, wire mesh, cement board, expansion and control joints, soft joints, air barriers, flashing, air ventilation accessories, draining systems, lateral support systems, lintel supports, sills, water repellents, shelf angles, fire stop materials.

# Tools and **Equipment**

See Appendix A.

### Task 20

# Installs glass blocks.

#### Context

Glass blocks are manufactured in various shapes (square, rectangular, corner), sizes, colours, fire ratings and clarities. They have insulating and light transmission properties. They are used for aesthetics, for security and privacy, and as waterproof partitions such as showers.

### Required Knowledge

K 1	types, shapes and sizes of glass blocks
K 2	types of mortars and associated additives
K 3	types of reinforcement and anchors

K 5		installation procedures and methods for glass blocks										
Sub-t	ask											
H-20.	01	Pre	pares v	vork aı	rea.							
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	NT	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	ND
Key C	ompete	encies										
H-20.0	01.01	dete bloo		he size	of the o	pening	or dime	ension o	of wall f	or layin	g up gl	ass
H-20.0	01.02	ver	ify and a	adjust t	he base	surface	to ensu	re that i	it is leve	el		
H-20.0	0.01.03 prepare a sill surface according to manufacturers' specifications											
H-20.0	01.04	inst	all track	to set	glass blo	ock acco	ording to	o manu	facturer	s' speci	fication	s
Sub-t	ask											
H-20.	02	Lay	s glass	block	s.							
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	NT	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	ND
Key C	ompete	encies										
H-20.0	02.01	mai	ntain m	ortar co	onsisten	cy as gl	ass bloc	ks do n	ot abso	rb moist	ture	
H-20.0	02.02		all spac ts consi		expans	ion strip	os in a u	ıniform	manne	r to keej	o the m	ortar
H-20.0	02.03		up glass duct	s blocks	to patt	ern and	design	to creat	e a leve	l and pl	umb fir	nished
H-20.0	2.04	inse	ert joint	reinfor	cing and	d anchor	rs to ens	sure stru	uctural i	integrity	7	
H-20.0	2.05	join	t glass b	olocks to	o create	an aest	hetically	y pleasi	ng prod	uct		
H-20.0	02.06		joint glass blocks to create an aesthetically pleasing product clean glass blocks to remove excess mortar and dust while not scratching or damaging the surface									

K 4

uses of expansion strips

Task 21	Installs ornamental and sculpted masonry.
	J.

### Context

Ornamental and sculpted masonry can be made from, or designed with, many types of materials such as brick, manufactured or sculpted stone. They are used as decorative additions to buildings. They are assembled into structures such as columns, sound reduction fences, cornices and hand rails.

### Required Knowledge

K 1	materials such as stone, tile, brick and block
K 2	types of bonds and patterns such as running, stack, herringbone and basket weave
K 3	types of mortars
K 4	factors affecting durability such as weather, expansion joints, flashing and capping
K 5	unique anchoring systems associated with ornamental and sculpted units

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# H-21.01 Prepares for installation of ornamental and sculpted masonry.

<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>
yes	NV	NV	ND									

## **Key Competencies**

H-21.01.01	determine placement of unit or pattern according to drawings
H-21.01.02	verify the size, shape and weight of units
H-21.01.03	prepare the surface area to receive the unit to ensure proper anchoring and good fit
H-21.01.04	determine the size of the opening or dimension of wall for laying up ornamental patterns

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# H-21.02 Installs ornamental and sculpted masonry units.

<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	MB	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	ND

### **Key Competencies**

H-21.02.01	select mortar according to job specifications
H-21.02.02	match mortar to material for an aesthetically pleasing finished product
H-21.02.03	lay up units according to bonding and patterns in the drawing
H-21.02.04	finish joints to complete installation

# Task 22

### Builds arches.

### Context

Arches can be built for ornamental and structural purposes. They are built in various styles such as gothic, roman, segmental or jack arch. Arches are built to span areas and distribute the loads above them.

### Required Knowledge

K 1	materials for arch such as brick, stone and block
K 2	types, styles and sizes of arches
K 3	template materials such as wood and steel
K 4	geometric and arch mathematical concepts
K 5	construction techniques for templates
K 6	mortar setting times
K 7	tray and step flashing

Sub-t	ask											
H-22.	01	Pre	pares l	ocation	ı <b>.</b>							
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>on</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	ND
Key C	ompete	ncies										
H-22.0	1.01	dete	ermine l	ocation	of arch	by refe	rring to	drawin	g			
H-22.0	1.02	lay	up wall	to abut	ment he	eight (sp	oring lir	ne) to re	ceive th	e arch		
H-22.0	1.03		ermine a ımns, pi			_	n surro	unding	masoni	ry buttro	esses,	
H-22.0	1.04	buil	ld suppo	ort syste	em for t	emplate	to acce	pt the v	veight o	f the ar	ch	
Sub-t	ask											
H-22.	02	Bui	lds ten	ıplate.								
<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	MB	CIZ	ΔD	D.C.			
yes			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u>IVID</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>
) 02	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV NV	<u>YT</u> NV	<u>NU</u> ND
•	yes <b>ompete</b>				<u> </u>	<u> </u>	· <u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	
•	ompete	ncies dete		yes ype, loo	yes zation, s	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	ND
Key C	ompete 2.01	e <b>ncies</b> dete arch dete	yes ermine t	yes ype, loo al drawi	yes cation, s ing al stren	yes pan, ris	yes e and d	yes epth of	yes arch ter	NV nplate b	NV ny refer	ND ring to
Key C H-22.0	ompete 02.01 02.02	encies dete arch dete the	yes ermine t	yes ype, loo al drawi structur iile mor	yes cation, s ing al stren	yes pan, ris gth requ	yes e and d uiremen	yes epth of	yes arch ter	NV nplate b	NV ny refer	ND ring to

ask												
03	Plac	ces tem	plate.									
NS	PE	NB	OC	ON	MB	SK	AB	BC	NT	ΥT	<u>NU</u>	
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	ND	
ompete	ncies											
03.01	posi	ition ter	nplate o	on supp	ort syste	em						
03.02	adju	ıst and s	shim te	mplate t	to achie	ve requ	ired deg	gree of l	evel and	d pluml	)	
03.03	sho	re temp	late to t	empora	rily secu	ıre it w	hile arcl	n is beir	ng built			
ask												
	_		_									
04	Ins	talls ar	ch mas	onry u	nıts.							
NIC												
<u>NS</u>												
yes	<u>PE</u> yes	<u>NB</u> yes	<u>OC</u> yes	<u>ON</u> yes	MB yes	<u>SK</u> yes	AB yes	BC yes	<u>NT</u> NV	YT NV	<u>NU</u> ND	
	yes									<u></u> -		
yes	yes e <b>ncies</b> veri	yes	yes	yes		yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	ND	
yes ompete	yes  encies  veri loca	yes fy centr	yes e of arc	yes h to det	yes	yes materia	yes ıl lay-up	yes require	NV	NV	ND	
yes compete 04.01	yes  ncies  veri loca  calc	yes fy centr ition ulate ar	yes e of arc	yes h to det kewbacl	yes ermine	yes materia ling to t	yes al lay-up aype of a	yes require	NV ements	NV	ND	
yes compete 04.01 04.02	yes veri loca calc	yes fy centr ition ulate ar ulate th	yes e of arc nd cut sl e spacii	yes h to det kewbacl ng to de	yes ermine k accord	yes materia ling to t lay out	yes  Il lay-up  Type of a	yes requirench onry ur	NV ements	NV and key	ND vstone	
yes compete 04.01 04.02 04.03	yes veri loca calc calc calc	yes  fy centration  ulate ar  ulate th  ulate nu	yes  e of arc  d cut sl e spacin	yes h to det kewbacl ng to de size and	yes ermine k accord termine	yes materia ling to t lay out	yes  Il lay-up  Type of a  Tof mas  Soirs wh	yes requirench onry ur nen buil	NV ements sit ding a g	NV and key	ND vstone	
yes 6 <b>ompete</b> 04.01 04.02 04.03 04.04	yes veri loca calc calc calc shap	yes  fy centration  ulate ar  ulate th  ulate nu	yes  e of arc  d cut sl  e spacin  imber, s	yes h to det kewbacl ng to de size and	yes ermine k accord termine shape o	yes materia ling to t lay out of vous	yes  Il lay-up  Type of a  Tof mas  Soirs wherial to f	yes requirench onry ur nen buil	NV ements sit ding a g	NV and key	ND vstone	
yes 6 <b>ompete</b> 04.01 04.02 04.03 04.04 04.05	yes veri loca calc calc calc shaj	yes  fy centr  tion  ulate ar  ulate th  ulate nu  pe maso  arch ma	yes  The of arc  The spacing  The space of t	yes h to det kewbacl ng to de size and ussoirs l units acc	yes ermine k accord termine shape o	yes materia ling to t lay out of vouse ng mate to calcu	yes  Type of a  Tof mas  Soirs wherial to foliations	yes require onry ur nen buil it gauge	NV ements hit ding a g	NV and key gauged	ND vstone	
	03 <u>NS</u> yes	NS PE yes yes  Competencies 03.01 pos: 03.02 adju 03.03 short	NS PE NB yes yes yes  Competencies  03.01 position ter 03.02 adjust and s 03.03 shore temps	Places template.  NS PE NB QC yes yes yes yes  Competencies  03.01 position template of adjust and shim template to the shore template to the start of the start	NS PE NB QC ON yes yes yes yes yes  Competencies  33.01 position template on supp adjust and shim template to shore template to tempora	NS PE NB QC ON MB yes yes yes yes yes yes  Competencies  33.01 position template on support system 33.02 adjust and shim template to achieve 33.03 shore template to temporarily sectors.	NS PE NB QC ON MB SK yes yes yes yes yes yes yes yes yes on position template on support system adjust and shim template to achieve requisitable.  33.02 adjust and shim template to achieve requisitable.	NS PE NB QC ON MB SK AB yes	NS PE NB QC ON MB SK AB BC yes	NS PE NB QC ON MB SK AB BC NT yes yes yes yes yes yes yes yes yes NV  Competencies  3.01 position template on support system adjust and shim template to achieve required degree of level and shore template to temporarily secure it while arch is being built ask	NS PE NB QC ON MB SK AB BC NT YT yes yes yes yes yes yes yes yes yes NV NV  Competencies  33.01 position template on support system  adjust and shim template to achieve required degree of level and pluml shore template to temporarily secure it while arch is being built	

# Sub-task

# H-22.05 Removes template.

NL	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	MB	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>
yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	yes	NV	NV	ND

# **Key Competencies**

H-22.05.01	verify the mortar has cured sufficiently and has enough strength to hold once
	template has been removed
H-22.05.02	remove any shoring materials and shims to release template
H-22.05.03	remove template without damaging arch material
H-22.05.04	clean and point joints in arch soffit to finish arch



# **TOOLS AND EQUIPMENT**

### **Hand Tools**

adjustable wrench

banker bench boltcutter brick tongs brooms brushes

caulking gun

caulking tool C-clamps

chisels

- pointed

- flat

- brick set

- pitching

- straight

- splitting - toothed

- plugging

curry comb

grout bag hammers

- brick

- mash

- refractory

- ball peen

- axe

- bush

- claw

- dead blow

- rawhide

- rubber mallet

- 71cotch

- sledge hammer

hawk jointer knives

line pins line stretchers/line holders

sponges

line blocks

line trigs manual splitter mortar board mortar hoe pick axe

plug and feather (wedges and shims)

pogo stick

portable sprayer

pry bar

pliers

raker (wheel type)

sandbox sandscreen

scrapers screwdrivers shims/spacers shovels

slicker (tuck pointer)

socket set/wrench

staple gun tarpaulin templates trammel points trimmers trowels

- mason's - margin - pointing - bucket - buttering - duck billed venting tool water bucket water drum water hose wheelbarrow wire snips

# Power, Hydraulic, Pneumatic, Powder-actuated, and Welding Tools and Equipment

air socks hydraulic winches

chain block jackhammer chop saw jig saw laser cleaner

circular saw

masonry table saw compressors

concrete vibrator mortar box couplers mortar buggy diamond or abrasive disk mortar mixer dollies/pump jacks mortar silos drill oscillating saw dustless saw and vacuum pneumatic chisel extension cord pneumatic gun generators pneumatic hammer

portable masonry saw (quick cut saw) grinder

pneumatic hoses

grout guns powder-actuated fastening tool

pressure washers grout pump

gunite machine and hoses propane and diesel heater

hammer drill tiger torch hydraulic splitter vacuum cleaner

### Personal Protective Equipment and Safety Equipment

apron first aid kit

eye protection fresh air respirator

face shields gas detection equipment

fire blankets gloves fire extinguisher hardhat

hearing protection

grease gun

heat and cold protection safety boots/footwear

insulated gloves safety harness and fall arrest system

knee pads safety vest

lock-out tags/locks skin barrier cream

respiratory protection

### Measuring and Layout Tools and Equipment

bricklayer's tape mason's spacing rule chalk line measuring tape

gauge rod / storey pole plumb-bob

laser level square (bevel, triangle)

line block straightedge mason's level transit

mason's line

## Rigging, Hoisting and Lifting Equipment, Access Equipment and Scaffolding

block and tackle powered platforms

boom lifts push-around powered platforms bosun's chair scaffolds and their components

bracing scissor lifts cranes screw jacks elevators shackles fork extensions shoring forklift/telehandler slings

handcart spreader beam

hydraulic scaffolding stairs

ladders stone clamps

lewis pins suspended platforms mud sills suspended scaffolds

planks swing stage powered boom platform work cages

APPENDIX B GLOSSARY

**accelerator** a material that speeds the initial setting time of concrete or mortar.

**air barrier** a material used in the building envelope to retard the passage of air.

alumina a mineral contained in clay used for brickmaking.

angle iron a structural section of steel in the form of a 90 degree angle used, in

certain situations, to support brickwork.

**ash dump** a trap door for ashes in the floor of a fireplace leading to a chute.

backup wall the part of a masonry wall behind the exterior facing.

batter recessing or sloping masonry in successive courses; the opposite of a

corbel

**buttering** applying mortar to a masonry unit with a trowel.

castables a refractory concrete that can be installed by pouring, gunning,

shotcreting and hand tamping

cavity wall a multi-wythe wall built of masonry units arranged to provide a

continuous air space.

**cement** a burned mixture of clay and limestone pulverized (crushed) for making

mortar or concrete.

**control joint** a joint or space to allow for dimensional change of parts of a structure

due to expansion, shrinkage, temperature variations or other causes.

**corbel** to build a projection or one of a series of projections, of masonry, brick,

or concrete built into a wall or any standing member, each projecting progressively farther from its anchoring point and used to support an

overhanging member above.

**course** one of the continuous horizontal layers of units, bonded with mortar in

masonry

**curtain wall** a non-load-bearing wall built for the enclosure of a building.

**dowels** straight metal bars used to connect two sections of masonry.

**Dutchman repair** a repair involving carefully fitting a new piece of stone into a pocket cut

into the existing stone and finishing the new piece to match the

surrounding existing stone.

**expansion joint** a joint in a concrete or masonry structure designed to permit expansion

without damage to the structure.

**extrados** the upper or exterior curve of an arch.

face the exposed surface of a wall or masonry unit.

flashing shielding material (often sheet metal) put around building openings to

prevent water penetration and/or provide water drainage.

**footing** the broadened base of a foundation wall or other superstructure.

**foundation wall** that portion of a load-bearing wall below the level of the adjoining

grade, or below first floor beams or joists.

**grout** a glue like component of high water-cement ratio that permits it to be

poured into spaces within masonry walls. Grout consists of water,

Portland cement, lime and aggregate.

**gunite machine** a pressurized applicator machine for refractory

**hearth** that portion of a fireplace level with the floor, upon which the fire is

built.

high temperature

mortar

a mortar used for refractories.

**insulation** a material with above-average thermal resistance, that inhibits the flow

of heat.

**joint** the narrow space between adjacent stones, bricks or other building

blocks usually filled with mortar.

**kerf** to slot into the edge of stone with a saw blade for the insertion of

anchors.

**keystone** wedge-shaped stone at the crown of an arch.

**lateral support** means whereby walls are braced either vertically or horizontally by

columns, pilasters, crosswalls, beams, floors and roofs.

lime the result of limestone burned in a kiln until the carbon dioxide has been

driven off.

**lintel** a beam placed over an opening in a load-bearing wall.

**masonry** brick, tile and stone or combination thereof, bonded with mortar.

**mortar** a plastic mixture of glue-like materials, fine aggregate and water.

**parging** the process of applying a coat of cement mortar on masonry.

pilaster a pillar of brick work, rectangular in form, used as a supplement to a

pier, usually projecting one-third of the thickness of the wall.

**pointing** pushing mortar into a joint after the masonry units are laid.

**reglet** a groove in material or structure to accept flashing.

reinforcing steel bars, wire mesh and reinforcement wire which are embedded in

concrete to give extra tensile strength to resist movement in concrete

slabs, walls, beams and columns.

retardant a set inhibitor to delay the setting and curing time of concrete and

mortar.

**smoke chamber** the space in a fireplace immediately above the throat where the smoke

gathers before passing into the flue.

**stone cladding** masonry units that are mechanically fastened to a structural backup

wall. Stone used for cladding are typically large and are pre-finished in a

stone-cutting and finishing shop.

template any form or pattern, such as centring, over which brickwork may be

formed.

**tie** any unit of material that connects masonry units or other materials.

veneer wall a non-load-bearing wall securely anchored to a non-masonry backup

wall.

**voussoir** wedge-shaped masonry units which form an arch ring.

waterproofing a coating used to treat the surface of the substrate, preventing liquid

from entering, but allowing water vapour to pass.

weep holes small openings left in the outer walls of masonry construction as an

outlet for water to move outside the wall and evaporate.

winterization the process of organizing the work site for winter operation, which

include heating and hoarding of work area, providing proper storage of materials, warming sand and water and protecting masonry work in

progress.

wythe a continuous vertical section of masonry, one unit in thickness.

APPENDIX C ACRONYMS

**CSA** Canadian Standards Association

**DHL** dispersed hydrated lime

**FLRA** field level risk assessments

**LEED** Leadership in Energy and Environmental Design

**NBC** National Building Code of Canada

OH&S Occupational Health and Safety

**PPE** personal protective equipment

**PVC** polyvinyl chloride

**RCF** refractory ceramic fibres

SDS safety data sheet

**SOP** Safe Operating Procedures

WHMIS Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

# **BLOCK AND TASK WEIGHTING**

### BLOCK A COMMON OCCUPATIONAL SKILLS

%	<u>NL</u> 10	<u>NS</u> 9	<u>PE</u> 12			<u>QC</u> 13	<u>ON</u> 15	<u>M</u> 10		<u>K</u> .0	<u>AB</u> 10	<u>BC</u> 10	<u>N'</u> NV		YT VV	<u>NU</u> ND	National Average 11%
	Task	<u>1</u>	Perf	form	s saf	fety-1	elate	d fu	nctio	ns.							
		<u>%</u>	<u>NL</u> <u>30</u>	<u>NS</u> <u>25</u>	<u>PE</u> 25	<u>NB</u> <u>25</u>	<u>QC</u> <u>30</u>	<u>ON</u> <u>20</u>	MB 25	<u>SK</u> <u>25</u>	<u>AB</u> <u>25</u>						25%
	<u>Task</u>	<u>2</u>	Use	s and	d ma	intai	ins to	ols a	nd e	quip	omen	ıt.					
		%	<u>NL</u> 20	<u>NS</u> 25	PE 25	<u>NB</u> 25	<u>QC</u> 30	<u>ON</u> 40	MB 25	<u>SK</u> 23	<u>AB</u> 25		NT NV				25%
	<u>Task</u>	<u>3</u>	Use	s sca	ffol	ding.	•										
		%	<u>NL</u> 20	<u>NS</u> 25	<u>PE</u> 25	<u>NB</u> 25	<u>QC</u> 25	<u>ON</u> 20	MB 25	<u>SK</u> 24	<u>AB</u> 25	BC 25	<u>NT</u> NV			<del></del>	24%
	Task	<u>4</u>	Org	aniz	es w	ork.											
		%		<u>NS</u> 25	PE 25	<u>NB</u> 25	<u>QC</u> 15	<u>ON</u> 20	MB 25	<u>SK</u> 28	<u>AB</u> 25	<u>BC</u> 40	NT NV	YT NV			26%

### BLOCK B GENERAL MASONRY PRACTICES

														National
	NL	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	MB	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	NT	YT	<u>NU</u>	Average
%	30	10	20	12	19	20	25	20	15	21	NV	NV	ND	19%

# Task 5 **Performs substrate preparation.**

	NL	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	QC	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>	249/
%	20	30	20	28	17	20	15	40	30	20	NV	NV	ND	∠ <del>4</del> /0

	%	NL         NS         PE         NB         QC         ON         MB         SK         AB         BC         NT         YT         NU           50         38         60         46         70         40         70         40         50         45         NV         NV         ND	51%
	Task 7	Uses mortars, grouts and adhesives.	
	%	NL         NS         PE         NB         QC         ON         MB         SK         AB         BC         NT         YT         NU           30         32         20         26         13         40         15         20         20         35         NV         NV         ND	25%
BLO	оск с	MASONRY SYSTEMS	
%	NL NS 20 18	PE         NB         QC         ON         MB         SK         AB         BC         NT         YT         NU           21         29         18         40         25         25         25         30         NV         NV         ND	National Average 25%
	Task 8		
	%	NL         NS         PE         NB         QC         ON         MB         SK         AB         BC         NT         YT         NU           60         30         40         54         50         70         30         60         60         63         NV         NV         ND	52%
	Task 9	Builds horizontal masonry surfaces.	
	%	NL         NS         PE         NB         QC         ON         MB         SK         AB         BC         NT         YT         NU           10         30         40         23         20         10         30         10         10         18         NV         NV         ND	20%
	Task 10	Builds and installs prefabricated masonry units.	
	%	NL         NS         PE         NB         QC         ON         MB         SK         AB         BC         NT         YT         NU           10         10         5         5         10         0         30         10         5         9         NV         NV         ND	9%
	Task 11	Installs surface-bonded masonry units.	
	%	NL         NS         PE         NB         QC         ON         MB         SK         AB         BC         NT         YT         NU           20         30         15         18         20         20         10         20         25         10         NV         NV         ND	19%
D		NATURAL CTONE CACTORS	

### BLOCK D NATURAL STONE SYSTEMS

		<b>1</b> 10	D.F.	<b>N</b> ID		ON 1	) (D	OT 6	4.5	D.C.	<b>&gt;</b> 100	) (T		National
	NL	<u>NS</u>	$\underline{PE}$	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	$\underline{\mathbf{Y}'\mathbf{I}'}$	<u>NU</u>	Average
%	5	10	10	12	8	10	10	15	10	8	NV	NV	ND	10%

Task 12	Builds natural stone walls.											
%	NL NS PE NB QC ON MB SK AB BC NT YT NU 50 55 50 51 50 50 70 60 60 60 NV NV ND	56%										
Task 13	Task 13 Installs natural stone cladding.											

NL NS PE NB QC ON MB SK AB BC NT YT NU
% 50 45 50 49 50 50 30 40 40 NV NV ND
44%

#### BLOCK E CHIMNEYS AND FIREPLACES

														National
	<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	<u>PE</u>	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>	Average
%	10	13	15	13	11	5	5	5	15	11	NV	NV	ND	10%

Task 14 **Builds chimneys.** 

NL NS PE NB QC ON MB SK AB BC NT YT NU % 30 45 50 61 40 30 30 60 40 30 NV NV ND 42%

Task 15 **Builds fireplaces.** 

NL NS PE NB QC ON MB SK AB BC NT YT NU % 70 55 50 39 60 70 70 40 60 70 NV NV ND 58%

### BLOCK F REFRACTORIES AND CORROSION RESISTANT MATERIALS

														National
	<u>NL</u>	<u>NS</u>	$\underline{PE}$	<u>NB</u>	<u>QC</u>	<u>ON</u>	<u>MB</u>	<u>SK</u>	<u>AB</u>	<u>BC</u>	<u>NT</u>	<u>YT</u>	<u>NU</u>	Average
%	5	15	2	6	7	3	5	5	5	5	NV	NV	ND	6%

#### Task 16 Installs and maintains refractories.

NL NS PE NB QC ON MB SK AB BC NT YT NU
% 60 55 100 50 75 50 50 50 75 60 NV NV ND

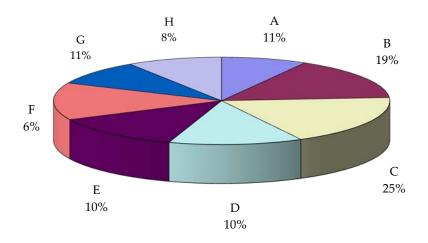
### Task 17 Installs and maintains corrosion resistant materials.

NL NS PE NB QC ON MB SK AB BC NT YT NU 37% 40 45 0 50 25 50 50 50 25 40 NV NV ND

# BLOCK G REFRACTORIES AND CORROSION RESISTANT MATERIALS

%	<u>NL</u> 15	<u>NS</u> 15	<u>PE</u> 10	<u>NI</u> 9	_	<u>ON</u> 5	<u>MF</u> 10			<u>AB</u> 10	<u>BC</u> 10	<u>NT</u> NV	YT NV	<u>NU</u> ND	National Average 11%
	Task 18 Rebuilds masonry work.														
		%	<u>NL</u> 60	<u>NS</u> 60	<u>PE NI</u> 60 60		<u>ON</u> 50		<u>SK</u> 40	<u>AB</u> 50			<u>yt ni</u> NV ni		52%
	Task	19	Rep	airs a	and cle	ans ex	isting	g maso	onry	wo	rk.				
		%	<u>NL</u> 40		PE NI 40 40		<u>ON</u> 50			<u>AB</u> 50			<u>yt</u> <u>Ni</u> NV Ni		48%
BLO	BLOCK H ADDITIONAL MASONRY														
%	<u>NL</u> 5	<u>NS</u> 10	<u>PE</u> 10	<u>NI</u> 8	<u>3 QC</u> 10	<u>ON</u> 2	<u>ME</u> 10			<u>AB</u> 10	<u>BC</u> 10	<u>NT</u> NV	YT NV	<u>NU</u> ND	National Average 8%
	Task	20	Inst	alls g	glass bl	ocks.									
		%		<u>NS</u> 30	<u>PE</u> <u>NI</u> 35 33		<u>ON</u> 30		<u>SK</u> 40	<u>AB</u> 20			<u>yt Ni</u> NV Ni		29%
	Task	21	Inst	alls c	rname	ntal a	nd scı	ılptec	l ma	son	ry.				
		%			<u>PE NI</u> 10 17								<u>yt</u> <u>ni</u> NV ni		22%
	Task	22	Buil	lds aı	ches.										
			NL	NS	PE NI	3 QC	<u>ON</u>	MB	SK	AB	ВС	NT Y	<u>YT NI</u>	J	49%

APPENDIX E PIE CHART\*



### TITLES OF BLOCKS

BLOCK A	Common occupational skills	BLOCK E	Chimneys and fireplaces
BLOCK B	General masonry practices	BLOCK F	Refractories and corrosion resistant materials
BLOCK C	Masonry systems	BLOCK G	Restoration
BLOCK D	Natural stone systems	BLOCK H	Additional masonry

<sup>\*</sup>Average percentage of the total number of questions on an interprovincial examination, assigned to assess each block of the analysis, as derived from the collective input from workers within the occupation from all areas of Canada. Interprovincial examinations typically have from 100 to 150 multiple-choice questions.

# TASK PROFILE CHART — Bricklayer

BLOCKS	TASKS			SUB-TASKS	5	
A - COMMON OCCUPATIONAL SKILLS	1. Performs safety related functions.	1.01 Maintains safe work environment.	1.02 Uses personal protective equipment (PPE) and safety equipment.			
	2. Uses and maintains tools and equipment.	2.01 Maintains tools and equipment.	2.02 Uses rigging, hoisting and lifting equipment.	2.03 Uses access equipment.		
	3. Uses scaffolding.	3.01 Erects scaffolding.	3.02 Dismantles scaffolding.	3.03 Maintains scaffolding.		
	4. Organizes work.	4.01 Uses drawings and specifications.	4.02 Plans daily tasks and activities.	4.03 Prepares job site and materials.	4.04 Protects surrounding areas.	
B - GENERAL MASONRY PRACTICES	5. Performs substrate preparation.	5.01 Prepares vertical substrates and foundations.	5.02 Applies parging.	5.03 Installs anchoring/tie systems.	5.04 Installs membrane and flashing.	5.05 Installs insulation.
	6. Performs fundamental masonry tasks.	6.01. Lays out wall and coursing.	6.02 Finishes joints.	6.03 Cleans new masonry surfaces.	6.04. Seals masonry surfaces.	
	7. Uses mortars, grouts and adhesives.	7.01 Mixes mortar, concrete, grout and adhesives.	7.02 Uses mortars.	7.03 Uses concrete and grout.	7.04 Uses adhesives.	

BLOCKS	TASKS			SUB-TASKS		
C - MASONRY SYSTEMS	8. Builds masonry walls.	8.01 Builds non- load-bearing walls.	8.02. Builds load- bearing walls.			
	9. Builds horizontal masonry surfaces.	9.01 Prepares horizontal substrate.	9.02 Lays masonry units on horizontal surfaces.			
	10. Builds and installs prefabricated masonry units.	10.01 Builds prefabricated masonry. (NOT COMMON CORE)	10.02 Erects prefabricated masonry.			
	11. Installs surface-bonded masonry units.	11.01 Prepares substrate for surface-bonded masonry units.	11.02 Applies surface-bonded masonry units.			
D - NATURAL STONE SYSTEMS	12. Builds natural stone walls.	12.01 Prepares natural stone.	12.02 Lays natural stone.	12.03 Damp cures walls.		
	13. Installs natural stone cladding.	13.01 Prepares substrate for cladding.	13.02 Prepares natural stone for cladding.	13.03 Installs natural stones.		
E - CHIMNEYS AND FIREPLACES	14. Builds chimneys.	14.01 Builds foundation supports for chimneys.	14.02 Lays masonry units to build chimneys.	14.03 Installs flue lining.	14.04 Installs related flashings.	14.05 Installs caps.
	15. Builds fireplaces.	15.01 Builds foundation for hearth, firebox, backup material and veneer.	15.02 Builds hearth, firebox and backup.	15.03 Installs damper.	15.04 Builds smoke chamber.	15.05 Prepares existing fireplace for insert.

BLOCKS	TASKS			SUB-TASKS	5	
		15.06 Faces fireplaces and inserts.				
F - REFRACTORIES AND CORROSION RESISTANT MATERIALS	16. Installs and maintains refractories.	16.01 Prepares for installation of refractories and accessories.	16.02 Prepares mortar for refractories.	16.03 Removes existing refractories.	16.04 Installs refractories.	16.05 Repairs refractories.
	17. Installs and maintains corrosion resistant materials.	17.01 Prepares for installation of corrosion resistant materials and accessories.	17.02 Prepares mortar for corrosion resistant materials.	17.03 Removes existing corrosion resistant materials.	17.04 Installs corrosion resistant materials.	17.05 Repairs corrosion resistant materials.
G - RESTORATION	18. Rebuilds masonry work.	18.01 Disassembles unit masonry.	18.02 Prepares restoration work area.	18.03 Reinstalls masonry and accessories.		
	19. Repairs and cleans existing masonry work.	19.01 Removes deteriorated components.	19.02 Repoints joints.	19.03 Repairs masonry units.	19.04 Reinstalls masonry units and accessories.	19.05 Cleans existing masonry surfaces.
H - ADDITIONAL MASONRY	20. Installs glass blocks.	20.01 Prepares work area.	20.02 Lays glass blocks.			
	21. Installs ornamental and sculpted masonry.	21.01 Prepares for installation of ornamental and sculpted masonry.	21.02 Installs ornamental and sculpted masonry units.			
	22. Builds arches.	22.01 Prepares location.	22.02 Builds template.	22.03 Places template.	22.04 Installs arch masonry units.	22.05 Removes template.