

**Proposed Maximum Residue Limit** 

Santé

Canada

PMRL2016-70

# Chlorantraniliprole

(publié aussi en français)

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Under the authority of the *Pest Control Products Act*, Health Canada's Pest Management Regulatory Agency (PMRA) is proposing to establish maximum residue limits (MRLs) for chlorantraniliprole on lychee and pomegranate to permit the import and sale of foods containing such residues.

Chlorantraniliprole is an insecticide currently registered in Canada for use on various commodities.

The PMRA must determine the quantity of residues that are likely to remain in or on the imported food commodities when chlorantraniliprole is used according to label directions in the exporting country, and that such residues will not be a concern to human health. This quantity is then legally established as an MRL on the corresponding imported commodity. An MRL applies to the identified raw agricultural food commodity as well as to any processed food product that contains it, except where separate MRLs are specified for the raw agricultural commodity and a processed product made from it.

Consultation on the proposed MRLs for chlorantraniliprole is being conducted via this document (see Next Steps, the last section of this document). A summary of the field trial data used to support the proposed MRLs can be found in Appendix I.

To comply with Canada's international trade obligations, consultation on the proposed MRLs is also being conducted internationally by notifying the World Trade Organization, as coordinated by Canada's Notification Authority and Enquiry Point.

The proposed MRLs, to be added to the MRLs already established for chlorantraniliprole, are as follows.

 Table 1
 Proposed Maximum Residue Limits for Chlorantraniliprole

cychees, Comegranates
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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> ppm = parts per million

MRLs established in Canada may be found using the Maximum Residue Limit Database on the Maximum Residue Limits for Pesticides webpage. The database allows users to search for established MRLs, regulated under the *Pest Control Products Act*, both for pesticides or for food commodities.

#### **International Situation and Trade Implications**

Table 2 compares the MRLs proposed for chlorantraniliprole in Canada with corresponding American tolerances and Codex MRLs. American tolerances are listed in the Electronic Code of Federal Regulations, 40 CFR Part 180, by pesticide. A listing of established Codex MRLs is available on the Codex Alimentarius Pesticide Residues in Food and Feed website, by pesticide or commodity.

Table 2 Comparison of Canadian MRLs, American Tolerances and Codex MRLs (where different)

Food Commodity	Canadian MRL (ppm)	American Tolerance (ppm)	Codex MRL (ppm)
Lychee	0.4	2.0	Not Established
Pomegranate	0.4	4.0	0.4

#### **Next Steps**

The PMRA invites the public to submit written comments on the proposed MRLs for chlorantraniliprole up to 75 days from the date of publication of this document. Please forward your comments to Publications (see the contact information on the cover page of this document). The PMRA will consider all comments received before making a final decision on the proposed MRLs. Comments received will be addressed in a separate document linked to this PMRL. The established MRLs will be legally in effect as of the date that they are entered into the Maximum Residue Limit Database.

The Codex Alimentarius Commission is an international organization under the auspices of the United Nations that develops international food standards, including MRLs.

## Appendix I

#### Summary of Field Trial Data Used to Support the Proposed Maximum Residue Limits

Residue data for chlorantraniliprole in lychee and pomegranate were submitted to support the maximum residue limits on imported lychee and pomegranate.

#### **Maximum Residue Limits**

The recommendation for maximum residue limits (MRLs) for chlorantraniliprole were based upon the submitted field trial data, and the guidance provided in the OECD MRL Calculator White Paper. Table A1 summarizes the residue data used to calculate the proposed MRLs.

Table A1 Summary of Field Trial and Processing Data Used to Support MRLs

Commodity	Application Method/ Total Application Rate (g a.i./ha) <sup>1</sup>	Preharvest Interval (days)	Lowest Average Field Trial Residues (ppm)	Highest Average Field Trial Residues (ppm)	Experimental Processing Factor
Lychee	Foliar application/ 224	9	0.276	0.276	n.a.
Pomegranate	Foliar application/ 223-228	1	0.094	0.123	n.a.

g a.i./ha = grams of active ingredient per hectare

Following the review of all available data, MRLs as proposed in Table 1 are recommended to cover residues of chlorantraniliprole. Residues of chlorantraniliprole in these imported crop commodities at the proposed MRLs will not pose an unacceptable risk to any segment of the population, including infants, children, adults and seniors.