CENTRAL MORTGAGE AND HOUSING CORPORATION ECONOMIC RESEARCH DEPARTMENT

HOUSING IN CANADA

A FACTUAL SUMMARY

JANUARY, 1950

OTTAWA, CANADA

CONTENTS

	PAGE
Foreword	. 3
List of Tables and Charts	. 5
Part I.—Factual Summary	. 9
Part II.—Tabular Material	. 27
1. Population Trends	. 29
2. House-Building Activity	. 33
3. Publicly-Assisted House-Building	. 38
4. Real Estate Lending and Loans for Building Purposes	. 60
5. Building Materials	. 64
6. Building Labour	. 78
7. Building Costs	. 88
8. Building and Real Estate Industries	. 92
9. Newfoundland	. 96
Part III.—Sources and Explanatory Notes	. 99
Indov	115

FOREWORD

Housing in Canada is published quarterly, designed to provide factual information which will afford as complete and current a picture of the housing situation as possible.

The first issue, published in October, 1946, provided information on an annual basis for the period 1919-1945. In each subsequent issue the established material has been kept up to date on a quarterly basis and new data added. The present issue covers the period 1939-1949, providing monthly or quarterly data for 1948 and 1949. Each issue is arranged in three parts. The first part comprises a brief factual summary highlighting the results of the statistical material. The second part consists of the tabular material itself and is arranged in nine sections: (1) population trends; (2) house-building activity; (3) publicly-assisted house-building; (4) real estate lending and loans for building purposes; (5) building materials; (6) building labour; (7) building costs; (8) building industry; (9) Newfoundland. The third and final part of this report provides sources of the factual material and explanatory notes where interpretation of the series seems appropriate.

With this issue available data on the Province of Newfoundland are presented for the first time. These data will be expanded with successive issues.

Part of the material incorporated in this report is obtained from original sources with another part submitted by various Federal Government departments, including the Department of Finance, Department of Trade and Commerce, Department of Labour, Department of Veterans' Affairs, Department of Citizenship and Immigration, Department of National Defence, the Superintendent of Insurance, the Superintendent of Bankruptcy, the Foreign Exchange Control Board, the Dominion Bureau of Statistics, and the Bank of Canada. Data are also provided by the Ontario Government through its Department of Planning and Development and the Quebec Government through its Farm Credit Bureau.

Housing in Canada concentrates on major trends in the housing field only and provides all available information of substance. As new and improved statistical series become available, they will be incorporated in future issues.

Economic Research Department Central Mortgage and Housing Corporation

Ottawa, January, 1950.

		LIST OF TABLES	
7	[ABL		PAGE
	1.	Number of Births, Deaths, Marriages, Divorces and Total Population, Canada, 1939—1949	29
	2.	Number of Immigrants to Canada, by Sex, Marital Status and Age Group, 1939 — 1949.	30
	3.	Emigration from Canada, 1939 — 1949	31
	4.	Birth, Death, Marriage and Divorce Rates, Canada, 1939 — 1949	32
	5.	Number of New Housing Units Started, Completed, and Under Construction, Canada, 1945 — 1949	33
	6.	Number of New Housing Units Started, Completed and Under Construction in Metropolitan Areas and Municipalities of 5,000 Population and Over, Canada, 1946—1949	34
	7.	New Residential Construction, Building Permits Issued in 204 Municipalities, Canada, 1940 — 1949	35
	8.	New Residential Construction, Construction Contracts Awarded, Canada, 1939 — 1949	36
	9.	Expenditures on New Construction, Major Improvements, Repair and Maintenance, Residential and Other, Canada, $1945-1949$	37
	10.	Number of New Permanent Housing Units Started, Publicly-Initiated Housing, and Privately-Initiated Housing With and Without Federal Government Financial Assistance, Canada, 1947 — 1949	38
	11.	Lending Operations Under The National Housing Act, 1944, Number and Amount of Gross Loans Approved and Number of Housing Units Financed, Canada, February, 1945 — December, 1949	39
	12.	Lending Operations Under The National Housing Act, 1944, Net Loans Approved, By Type of Loan, Canada, 1948 and 1949	40
	13.	Lending Operations Under The National Housing Act, 1944, Analysis of Gross Loans Approved Showing Average Estimated Cost, Lending Value, Amount of Loan, Floor Area, and Construction Cost per Square Foot, by Type of Housing Unit, Canada, 1948 and 1949.	41
	14.	Lending Operations Under The National Housing Act, 1944, Home Extension Loan Guarantees Approved, Canada, April 1946 — 1949	42
	15.	Veterans' Rental Housing Projects By Central Mortgage and Housing Corporation, Number of New Housing Units Started, Completed, and Under Construction and Actual Expenditure, Canada, 1941—1949	43
	16.	Veterans' Rental Housing Projects By Central Mortgage and Housing Corporation, Construction Under Contract, By Units, Canada, 1945 — January, 1950	44
	17.	Veterans' Rental Housing Projects By Central Mortgage and Housing Corporation, Housing Units Under Contract, By Twenty-three Stages of Construction, Canada, Year Ends, 1947 — 1949	45
	18.	Construction Operations Under The Veterans' Land Act, 1942, Number and Amount of Appropriations and Applications for Assistance Approved, By Type of Project, Canada, September 23, 1943—1949	46
	19.	Construction Operations Under The Veterans' Land Act, 1942, Number of New Housing Units Started, Completed and Under Construction and Expenditure, By Type of Project, Canada, September 23, 1943—1949	47
	20.	Armed Service Married Quarters, Permanent and Temporary Housing, Number Started, Completed and Under Construction, and Expenditures, Canada, 1947—1949.	48
1	21.	Armed Service Married Quarters, Construction Operations By Central Mortgage and Housing Corporation, Number of Housing Units Started, Completed and Under Construction, and Actual Expenditures, Canada, January — December, 1949	49
1 4	22.	Lending Operations Under The Canadian Farm Loan Act, 1927, Canada, 1929 — 1949.	50
2	23.	Lending Operations Under The Farm Improvement Loans Act, 1944, Canada, March 1945 — 1949	51

24.	Property Management Operations Under Central Mortgage and Housing Corporation, Number of Rental Units Under Administration and Per Cent Vacant, By Type of Unit, Canada, 1947 — 1949	
25.	Operations Under The National Housing Act, 1944 Rental Insurance Plan, Number of Projects, Units, and Total Estimated Cost for Approved Projects with Loans	1
	Under The N.H.A., and with Conventional Loans, Canada, July, 1948 — December, 1949	
26.	Operations Under The National Housing Act, 1944, Rental Insurance Plan, Average Number of Rooms, Floor Area, Estimated Cost, and Maximum Rent Per Unit, for Projects Approved, Canada, July, 1948 — December, 1949	
27.	Approved Applications for Double Depreciation on Rental Housing Projects, Number of Projects and Units and Total Estimated Cost, Canada, June, 1947—1949	
28.	Approved Applications for Double Depreciation on Rental Housing Projects, Average Estimated Costs Per Unit, Floor Area, Number of Rooms and Monthly Rent Per Unit and Estimated Construction Costs Per Square Foot, Canada, June, 1947 — 1949	
29.	Number of Housing Units for Which Priority Assistance for Building Materials Has Been Approved, By Type of Project, Canada, August 23, 1945 — January, 1950	
30.	Operations Under The Housing Corporation, Province of Ontario Number of Loans and Housing Units Approved, Amount of Loans Approved, and Amount of Loans Advanced, May, 1948 — January, 1950	
31.	Operations Under The Quebec Housing Act, Number and Amount of Loans Approved, Number of Housing Units Involved and Provincial Commitments, January, 1948 — January, 1950	
32.	Gross Mortgage Loans on Real Estate Approved By Lending Institutions, By Type of Loan, Canada, 1947 — 1949	
33.	Gross Mortgage Loans Approved on New Non-Farm Housing Construction, By Type of Lending Institution, and By Type of Housing Unit, Canada, 1947 — 1949.	
34.	Loans for Building Purposes and Other Loans Made by Chartered Banks, Canada, 1939 — 1949	
35.	Indexes of Production of Construction Materials, By Lumber, Other Construction Materials, and Total, and Index of Domestic Disappearance of Construction Materials Excluding Lumber, Canada, 1939 — 1949	
36.	Production of Selected Building Materials, Canada, 1939 — 1949	
37.	Sales and Stocks of Selected Building Materials, Canada, 1948 and 1949	
38.	Imports of Selected Building Materials, Canada, 1939 — 1949	
39.	Exports of Selected Building Materials, Canada, 1939 — 1949	
40.	Movement By Rail of Building Materials, Canada, 1939 — 1949	
41.	Employment and Weekly Payrolls in the Building Material Industries, Canada, 1946—1949	
42.	Capital Expenditures in Building Material Industries, Canada, 1945 — 1949	
43.	Employment and Unemployment in the Construction, Non-Agricultural Industries, and All Industries, Canada, Quarterly, November, 1945 — October, 1949	
44.	Employment and Weekly Payrolls in the Building Industry and Indexes of Employment in the Building and Non-Agricultural Industries, Canada, 1945 — 1949	
45.	Number of Hourly Wage-Earners, Average and Total Number of Hours Worked Per Week, Average Hourly and Weekly Earnings, Building Industry, Canada, 1945 — 1949	
46.	Unfilled Vacancies and Unplaced Applicants in Construction Trades, Canada, December, 1944 — 1949	
47.	Unemployment in the Construction Industry, Percentage of Trade Union Member-	
	ship Unemployed, By Trade, Canada, 1939 — 1949	
	Number of Male Workers in Construction Trades Applying for Unemployment	

TABI	.E	PAGE
49.	Vocational and Apprenticeship Training in Construction Trades, By Number in Training, Canada, 1947 — 1949	84
50.	Immigration of Construction Workers, By Trade, Canada, 1939 — 1949	85
51.	Emigration of Skilled Construction Workers, By Trade, Canada, 1948 — 1949	86
52.	Strikes in the Building Industry, Canada, 1939 — January, 1950	87
53.	Indexes of Wholesale Prices of Residential Building Materials, and Composite Index of All Construction Materials, Canada, 1939—1949	88
54.	Indexes of Average Hourly Wage Rates in Construction Trades, Canada, 1939 — 1949	89
55.	Composite Index of Wage Rates in the Construction Industry With Wholesale Prices of Residential Building Materials, and with Wholesale Prices of all Construction Materials, Wholesale Price Index of all Commodities and Indexes of Cost of Living and Rent, 1939 — 1949	90
56.	Percentage Distribution of New Completed Housing Units By Number of Months Under Construction and Average Number of Months Under Construction, By Month of Completion, Canada, 1946 — 1949	91
57.	Bankruptcies in the Construction Industry, Building Material Industries, and in all Industries, Canada, 1939 — 1949	92
58.	Financial Statistics, Summary Statement, Eleven Real Estate Companies, Canada, 1939 — 1948	93
59.	Indexes of Stock Prices of Common Shares of Sixteen Building Material Companies and Eighty-two Industrial Companies, Canada, 1939 — January, 1950	95
60.	Number of Births, Deaths, Marriages and Total Population, Newfoundland, 1939 — 1949	96
61.	Selected Data on Publicly-Assisted House-Building, Newfoundland, 1949	97
	LIST OF CHARTS	
Figu	RE	PAGE
1.	House-Building Activity, Canada, 1948 — 1949.	12
2.	Number of Housing Units Started in Canada, Quarterly, 1947 — 1949	13
3.	Volume of Production of Eighteen Building Materials, 1939, 1948 and 1949	19
		19
4.	Indexes of Domestic Disappearance of Construction Materials and Employment in The Construction Industry, 1939 — 1949	22

PART I FACTUAL SUMMARY

SECTION 1.—POPULATION TRENDS (See Tables 1-4)

During 1949, for the first year since the end of the war, the rate of new families formed in Canada showed a notable decline. A small decline in the natural increase—marriages were down 2,760—was supplemented by a decrease of 4,300 in the number of immigrant married females. The full effect of this decrease in immigration was partially offset by a decrease in emigration. Emigration of married females at 6,200 for 1949 decreased 7 percent from 1948. Deaths changed little during the period.

With housing completions reaching peak levels in 1949 (see Section 2), new families formed were exceeded notably, for the first time since the end of World War II, by the large number of new houses built, contributing to a reduction in the housing backlog.

SECTION 2.—HOUSE-BUILDING ACTIVITY (See Tables 5-9)

Starts and Completions

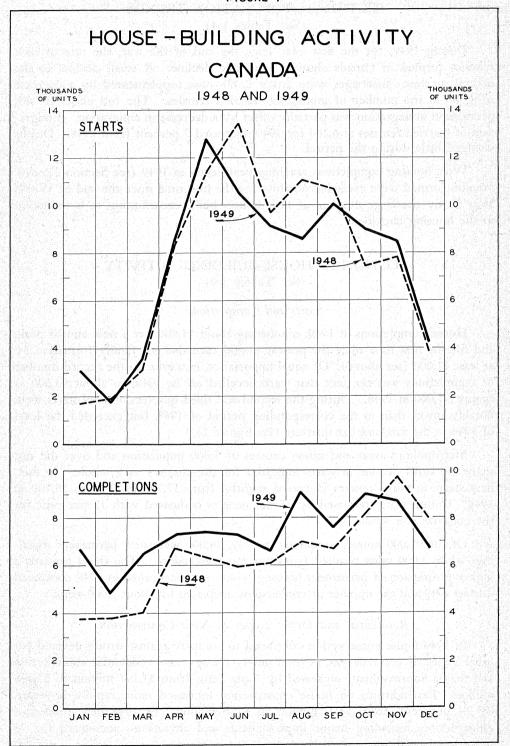
House completions in 1949, numbering about 91,000, set a new annual peak, and for the first time since the prewar period exceeded net family formation by at least 11,000 (see above). Of equal importance, however, to the record number of completions was the fact that starts levelled off in 1949, to about 93,000 as against 95,000 in 1948. During the second and third quarters of 1949 starts were notably lower than in the corresponding period of 1948, but exceeded the level of 1948 in the first and last quarters (see Figure 1).

Metropolitan areas and urban centres of 5,000 population and over did not share the small decline in starts indicated for the country as a whole. In fact, new starts in these centres increased slightly, from 57,700 in 1948 to 58,100 in 1949. Completions increased by 25 per cent as compared with 12 per cent for the country as a whole.

Of the 91,000 houses completed in 1949, 88,000 were new permanent dwellings while 3,000 units resulted from housing conversions. The trend towards a higher proportion of permanent housing which was established in 1948 continued during 1949 and the number of conversions decreased by about 2,000 units.

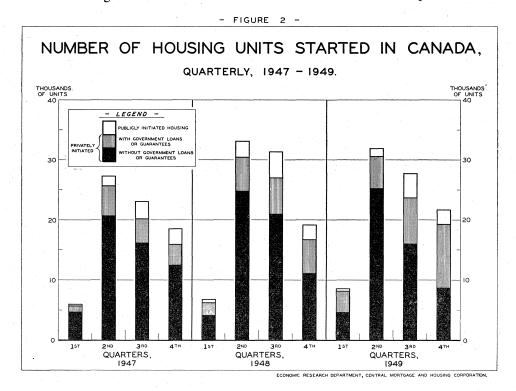
Residential and Other Types of New Construction

In 1949 house construction continued to compete against strong demand for other types of construction, as total outlay on new non-residential construction and major improvements increased by 7 per cent, from \$1,191 million to \$1,278 million. Expenditures on house construction increased more rapidly however, by 14 per cent, from \$682 million to \$775 million. In 1949 new residential construction, including major improvements and alterations, accounted for 35 per cent of total new construction work put in place.



SECTION 3.—PUBLICLY-ASSISTED HOUSE-BUILDING (See Tables 10-31)

While total housing starts levelled off in 1949, Government-assisted housing starts showed a continuing increase over 1948 (see Figure 2). Total Government-assisted housing starts numbered 35,300 in 1949, an increase of 20 per cent over



1948. Although publicly-initiated starts under the direct Government rental housing programmes declined from 1948, Government-assisted starts in the privately-initiated housing sector increased by 42 per cent from 19,400 in 1948, to 27,500 in 1949.

The National Housing Act, 1944

Lending operations under the National Housing Act for 1949 were at record levels. During 1949, the total number of housing units for which gross loans were approved under the Act at 28,800 was 38 per cent higher than during 1948. The loans involved had a value of \$160 million in 1949, as against \$109 million in 1948. Net loans in 1949 numbered 18,100, representing 24,900 housing units and a net loan value of \$139 million, an increase over 1948 of 33 per cent in terms of the number of units financed and 32 per cent in total value.

Activity under the rental provisions of the Act showed the most notable rise during 1949. Approvals for home ownership housing also increased. Rental housing units for which gross loans were approved numbered 9,000 during 1949 more than twice the number for the preceding year. This increase affords evidence of the impact of the rental insurance plan which did not come into effect until July, 1948, and under which loans were approved for 6,200 units

during 1949. Individual rental loans and loans to limited dividend corporations and primary industries were approved in respect to 2,800 housing units in 1949, as against 3,300 in 1948.

Under the home ownership provisions, despite a falling off of activity under the Integrated Housing Plan, the number of units for which loans were approved increased by 14 per cent from 17,400 in 1948 to 19,800 in 1949.

The downward trend of loans under the Integrated Housing Plan was associated with steps taken early in the year to afford greater protection to the purchaser. Under the Corporation requirements effective in 1949, the builder must give a conveyance of land to the Corporation at the first floor joist stage, and must trustee all purchasers' deposits until completion of the houses. The principal incentive offered to the builder under the plan is the Corporation's guarantee to purchase any unsold houses.

One-storey single-family housing units accounted for 33 per cent of the units approved for gross loans during 1949. Apartments, which represented only 11 per cent of the units approved during 1948, accounted for 27 per cent of the units approved during 1949, as a result of the role played by the rental insurance provisions of the Act.

Builders estimated construction costs per square foot for units approved increased by 6 per cent in respect to bungalows from \$7.62 in 1948, to \$8.05 in 1949. The corresponding increase in respect to apartments was 5 per cent. Increasing costs were not accompanied by equal increases in the amount of loans authorized with the result that equity requirements in 1949 were more severe than in 1948. The average equity for all units for which gross loans were approved rose by 4 per cent from \$2,400 during 1948 to \$2,500 during 1949. The trend of increase in equity requirements represented one of the principal factors underlying the amendments to Section 4 of the National Housing Act assented to on December 10, 1949. (1)

Veterans' Rental Projects Under Central Mortgage and Housing Corporation

Starts of rental housing units for veterans under the Central Mortgage and Housing Corporation dropped from 8,200 in 1948 to 4,900 in 1949. Completions were up from 6,900 to 7,800 and units under construction at the end of December, 1949, were down from 6,700 to 3,700. Expenditures during 1949 at \$44 million were down 17 per cent from the 1948 figure. With the winding up of the 1949 undertakings, operations under the Veterans' Rental Housing Programme will come to an end. Direct low cost housing construction for rent and for sale will henceforth be conducted as joint Federal-Provincial projects as provided for under the new Section 35 of The National Housing Act, 1944.⁽¹⁾

Veterans' Land Act, 1942

House-building starts under the Veterans' Land Act during 1949 proceeded at the 1948 rate. Starts numbered 1,980 in 1949 as against 1,880 in 1948. Completions, however, were down 20 per cent from 1,930 in 1948 to 1,560 in 1949. Construction expenditures on new units, repairs and other services at \$14 million in 1949 were 13 per cent higher than in 1948. In 1949, 1,350 completions or 87 per cent of the total were on small holdings of the individual project type.

⁽¹⁾ See Housing in Canada, October, 1949, pp. 10-11, and Annual Report, 1949, C.M.H.C. p. 9.

Armed Service Married Quarters

Overall housing operations under the Department of National Defence during 1949 involved 3,155 permanent starts, 1,724 completions, and an outlay of \$25.3 million.

The 1949 housing programme of the Department of National Defence is conducted by the Construction Division of the Central Mortgage and Housing Corporation. A part of this programme is carried out in remote areas and financed through the Central Mortgage and Housing Corporation. Starts in remote areas numbered 219, and completions 29, involving an outlay of \$1.3 million. The rest of the 1949 programme involved 2,760 starts, 20 completions, and construction expenditures of \$11.5 million.

Operations under the 1949 housing programme, conducted by the Department of National Defence itself, continued with 172 permanent starts and 1,675 completions during 1949. Expenditures amounted to \$12 million. A total of 460 housing units remains to be completed under this programme.

Double Depreciation for Rental Housing Projects

Over 6 times as many rental units were approved for double depreciation during 1949, as during 1948. Projects numbering 96 and involving 2,660 units received approval in 1949 as compared with 40 projects accounting for 400 units during 1948. The increase in double depreciation project approvals during 1949 is largely attributable to the effects of the rental insurance provisions of the National Housing Act. All projects approved for rental insurance qualify for double depreciation benefits.

The number of units approved for double depreciation without National Housing Act loans or Rental Insurance assistance represented only 3 per cent of the total number of units approved.

Construction costs per square foot for the units approved in 1949 are estimated at \$6.35 a decrease of 1 per cent from 1948. Monthly rents averaged \$76.00 for the units approved in 1949 as against \$62.00 for those approved in 1948.

The provisions of Order-in-Council P.C. 1095, 1947,⁽¹⁾ as amended by P.C. 3882, 1948,⁽¹⁾ regarding double depreciation, lapsed as of December 31, 1949. Whereas rental housing projects which were commenced prior to January 1, 1950, are still eligible for double depreciation no applications for double depreciation may be accepted in respect to projects started *after* January 1, 1950.

Priorities Assistance for House-Building

Priority ratings for building materials in house construction were approved for 15,000 housing units in 1949 representing a decline of 39 per cent from 1948. The decline is attributable in part to the decline in starts under the Integrated Housing Plan and the Veterans' Rental Programme of Central Mortgage and Housing Corporation.

Property Management Operations Central Mortgage and Housing Corporation

The number of rental housing units under the management of the Corporation increased from 37,000 at the end of December, 1948, to 41,000 at the end of December, 1949.

The vacancy rate at the end of December, 1949, at .4 per cent, was negligible.

⁽¹⁾ For details of the double depreciation provisions, see Housing in Canada, April 1947, pp. 15-16.

Rental Insurance Plan

Net approvals under the Rental Insurance Plan during 1949 were made in respect of 118 projects involving 7,700 rental dwellings. Total costs per unit as estimated by applicants averaged \$7,000. Floor areas per unit averaged 920 square feet, number of rooms 4.1 and maximum monthly rentals \$68.00. From July, 1948, when the first project was approved under the plan, to December, 1949, a net total of 154 projects involving 9,700 rental units have been authorized. Of these 72 projects representing 4,500 units were approved for direct loans by the Central Mortgage and Housing Corporation.

Canadian Farm Loan Act, 1927

Loans having a total value of \$148,000 for the construction of 86 new farm houses were approved during 1949 and 162 loans with a value of \$73,000 were approved for the alteration and improvement of existing farm homes.

During 1948, loans were approved with a value of \$85,000 for 62 new farm houses and 145 loans with a value of \$66,000 were approved for residential improvements and alterations.

Farm Improvement Loans Act, 1944

Guarantees under the Farm Improvement Loans Act, 1944, were made in respect of 430 loans for new farm houses and 900 loans for the improvement and alteration of existing farm residential property in 1949. The loans for the new units had a total value of \$637,000 and for the improvements and alterations \$791,000. In 1948 loans were lower both for new farm houses, 328 valued at \$448,000, and for improvements and alterations, 524 valued at \$434,000.

Housing Corporation, Province of Ontario

Approvals of second mortgage loans by the Housing Corporation of the Province of Ontario numbered 10,700 during 1949 involving \$11.8 million.

From the commencement of operations in May, 1948, to the end of January, 1950, 15,000 second mortgage loans representing \$16.5 million have been approved by the Housing Corporation.

With the amendments of The National Housing Act, 1944, assented to on December 10, 1949, and providing for loans to home owners in addition to the basic joint loan, (1) second mortgage loan assistance under the Housing Corporation of the Province of Ontario was brought to an end. Although loan approvals under the Corporation continued in 1950, no applications made after December 31, 1949, may be approved.

The Province of Quebec Farm Credit Bureau

An act to improve housing conditions in the Province of Quebec was passed on March 11, 1948. (2)

The Provincial Government was authorized to guarantee and to pay the portion of interest in excess of 2 per cent on all loans made for the building of new dwellings excluding apartments by a credit union or a loan society, either to individuals, to syndicates or co-operative building societies provided that:

a) the rate of interest does not exceed 5 per cent per annum on each loan, or the period of repayment, 30 years;

⁽¹⁾See Housing in Canada, October, 1949, pp. 10-11. (2)Chapter 6, 12 George VI. Statutes of the Province of Quebec.

- b) the amount of loan is not over \$6,000 for a single family dwelling; nor over an amount equal to \$6,000 for the first unit and \$4,000 per additional unit in the case of a multiple-family dwelling;
- c) single-family dwellings are to be constructed for the use of the borrower or for the members of syndicates or building societies concerned; multiple-family dwellings must have one unit assigned for the borrower or a member of the syndicate or building society concerned.

The Quebec Farm Credit Bureau is entrusted with the administration of the housing provisions of this Act and requires that each dwelling comprise at least 5 rooms including 3 closed bedrooms, and that each lot measure at least 50 feet by 75 feet except in certain cases accepted by the Bureau where a lot may be $37\frac{1}{2}$ feet by 75 feet.

Since commencement of operations, January 15, 1948, to January 31, 1950, 2,349 applications have been approved, involving 2,727 housing units. These have involved an interest subsidy commitment of \$3.9 million, or an average contribution of \$1,649 per loan.

SECTION 4.—REAL ESTATE LENDING AND LOANS FOR BUILDING PURPOSES

(See Tables 32-34)

Real Estate Lending(1)

Institutional mortgage lending for *new* non-farm residential construction continued upwards in 1949, in line with the increase in housing starts in metropolitan areas and urban centres of 5,000 population and over mentioned in Section 2 (see p. 11). Mortgage lending for *existing* non-farm residential property however levelled off during 1949, interrupting a trend of continuous post-war increase.

The number of *new* non-farm housing units for which institutional mortgage loans were approved, at 43,000 during 1949, was 19 per cent higher than during the year 1948. This increase of 6,900 units consisted of 1,300 new multiple housing units and 5,600 new single housing units.

The number of *existing* non-farm units for which loans were approved in 1949, at 35,600, remained roughly at the 1948 level. The value of these loans however was 5 per cent higher in 1949 than in 1948.

A similar disparity in the trend of institutional mortgage lending is indicated between new and existing property on non-farm *non-residential* real estate. The value of loans approved for new property in this sector increased by about 10 per cent from \$33.6 million in 1948 to \$36.9 million in 1949, while the value of loans on existing property declined from \$42.5 million to \$40.5 million during the period.

Loans for Building Purposes

Following the trend of construction activity in Canada, bank loans for building purposes increased by 9 per cent from \$104 million in 1948 to \$113 million in 1949. Total loans made by chartered banks for all purposes increased by 14 per cent from \$2.1 billion to \$2.4 billion. The loans for building purposes in 1949 were more than double the 1945 level, the increase reflecting a rise in both the physical amount of construction financed and the cost of construction.

⁽¹⁾ For a detailed account of real estate lending in Canada during 1949, see Mortgage Lending in Canada, 1949, Central Mortgage and Housing Corporation, April, 1950.

SECTION 5.—BUILDING MATERIALS (See Tables 35-42)

Production of Building Materials

Output of construction materials was up for the most part during 1949, although declines occurred in a number of items (see Figure 3). During the year 1949, the composite index of production of construction materials other than lumber averaged 256 on the 1939 base, an increase of 8 per cent over the 1948 average of 236. More closely reflecting the absorption of materials by the construction industry, the index of domestic disappearance showed an increase of 18 per cent providing additional evidence that 1949 was a year of peak construction activity.

Comparable statistics are available for the full year 1949 for all but 3 of the 35 building materials covered in this review. Eleven-month data are available for the remaining three items.

Of the 35 materials covered, 10 showed increases in output of 20 to 46 per cent in 1949 as compared with 1948. Both rock wool batts and granulated and loose rock wool led this group, followed by sinks and steel pipe, tubes and fittings with gains of 40 per cent. Twelve materials registered increases of less than 20 per cent and thirteen materials declined in output. Of these cement pipe and tile, cast-iron radiators, domestic heating boilers and vitrified clay sewer pipe registered drops of 10 per cent or more. The other materials, which declined less than 10 per cent in output include electric wiring devices, sawn lumber, concrete blocks, gypsum wall board and cast-iron pressure and soil pipe.

Supply of and Demand for Building Materials

At the end of 1949 producers' stocks were in a somewhat better position than at the end of 1948. The majority, however, ranged from one to three weeks production and were either on order or awaiting shipment.

Regionally, requirements for materials dropped particularly on the West Coast and in the Prairie Provinces where new building was virtually at a stand-still from the middle of December through January due to adverse climatic conditions and construction in the more advanced stages was similarly affected, although to a somewhat less degree. The Eastern Provinces had good weather and demands continued to be high, notably in the smaller communities and rural areas.

Cement and Cement Products—Production during 1949 was at capacity. For 1950 the industry anticipates output to be only slightly higher than in 1949. (1) In the East it was expected that large quantities which had gone into hydro developments during 1949 would be available for other types of construction during 1950, but heavy requirements for such construction programmes as the Toronto subway, roads, streets, etc., will tend to absorb them. There appeared to be slight relief in sight for the Prairie Provinces while in British Columbia a small increase in output was expected which would be absorbed by new industrial and engineering construction work for which heavy imports had been necessary in 1949.

Clay Products—Although demand for vitrified clay sewer pipe, flue linings and building brick continued heavy, producers were operating to the maximum

⁽¹⁾ See Supply of Building Materials, Canada, Outlook, 1950. Department of Trade and Commerce, Ottawa, 1950.

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where conditions permitted and were building up some stocks for the first time. Imports were down but still substantial.

Gypsum Products—Although production of wallboard, lath and hardwall plaster during 1949 was high, requirements were heavy in all regions, particularly for lath, and accumulation of stocks was negligible, resulting in a heavy volume of applications for the import of lath which were met in part under the Emergency Import Control Regulations.

Asphalt Products—With the slowing down in "closing in" operations these products came into satisfactory supply and production fell off in line with demand since storage facilities were limited at the manufacturing level and distributors and dealers were not inclined to stock.

Iron and Steel Products—At the end of 1949 there were ample supplies of raw materials such as pig iron and scrap for the production of castings. Output of most products during 1949 was considerably higher than in 1948, exceptions being cast iron soil pipe and cast iron pressure pipe of which the production was slightly less, but meeting requirements.

Steel Pipe and Fittings—The production of steel pipe and fittings in December amounted to 14,200 tons compared to 10,600 tons in December, 1948. This brought the total for the year to 186,000 tons compared to 133,500 tons for 1948, an increase of about 38 per cent.

Heating Equipment—Due to exceptional production of warm air furnaces during the 4th quarter of 1949 supplies were much better in December, 1949, than in earlier months. A considerable drop in the production of heating boilers was due to higher costs and the difficulties in obtaining installation pipe, as well as a falling demand associated with a growing preference for warm air systems due to lower costs.

Sanitary Ware—Whereas production of sanitary ware was much higher in 1949 than in 1948, a drop in the production of bath tubs and sinks was experienced in December, 1949, which was accounted for by the shortage of imported shapes for the pressed steel items. Production of wash basins and closet bowls was maintained at a high level. Demand continued high as indicated by the volume of imports of all types of sanitary ware.

Other Building Materials—The major items in this group were rockwool products, lumber products, pulp and fibre wallboards, builders' hardware, window glass, copper tubing, and electric wiring and wiring devices. The supplies of these items, with the exception of standard rigid electrical conduit were adequate to meet requirements.

A decline in the tonnage of building materials loaded on Canadian railway cars is indicated by data on a group of items including timber, gravel, sand, crushed stone, brick, cement, sewer pipe and drain tile. A total of 14.4 million tons were loaded in the year 1949 as against 15.5 million during 1948. The decline is mainly attributable to the drop in lumber output associated with reduced sales abroad.

Imports.

With the exception of paints, pigments and varnishes, glass and gypsum plaster which were in good supply, imports of building materials in 1949 were a great deal higher than during 1948.

Imports of building board and lath amounting to 95.5 millions of square feet were considerable, consisting mainly of gypsum lath brought in by special

arrangement through the Emergency Import Control Division, Department of Finance. In 1948 such shipments were banned. Imports of brick at 22 million, wire nails at 13,000 tons and cement at 2.3 million barrels were two to three times greater in 1949 than in 1948. Imports of sanitary ware were considerably up.

Exports

With the exception of cast-iron soil pipe and steel pipe and tubing, exports of building materials were lower during 1949 than during 1948. All steel pipe and nails exported were converted from imported materials and not from domestic products.

Exports of wire nails and spikes at 495 tons and cement at 19,000 barrels dropped about 75 per cent. Lumber exports at 2,189 million board feet and wood shingles at 2.1 million squares dropped about 11 per cent and pulp-fibre board at 30 million square feet was down 25 per cent. Exports of brick 4.3 million during 1949 approximated the 1948 figure.

Employment in the Building Material Industries

Returns from a group of building material producers, employing 15 or more employees indicate that the increase in building material production from 1948 to 1949 was accompanied by a rise in employment. An average of 109,400 employees were reported during 1949 as against 104,900 during 1948.

Capital Expenditures in Building Material Industries

The post-war demand for new housing, industrial plant, commercial buildings and utilities induced building material producers to expand productive facilities, and resulted in a continuous post-war increase of building material output to meet the high demand. The programme of plant extension in these industries reached a peak in 1948. In 1949, with a great part of expansion programme completed, capital outlay by building material industries declined 34 per cent to \$24.5 million.

A large part of the decline was attributable to a drop of \$7.4 million in the amount invested in plant, machinery and equipment for the sawn lumber industry, and suggests that existing facilities in this line are considered adequate in the face of an uncertain export market. Capital expenditures in the cement industry declined by about 25 per cent during the period despite a continued capacity demand. Capital outlay by producers of iron and steel building materials more than doubled during the period and investments in the clay products industries were up about 10 per cent.

SECTION 6.—BUILDING LABOUR (See Tables 43-52)

Employment and Earnings

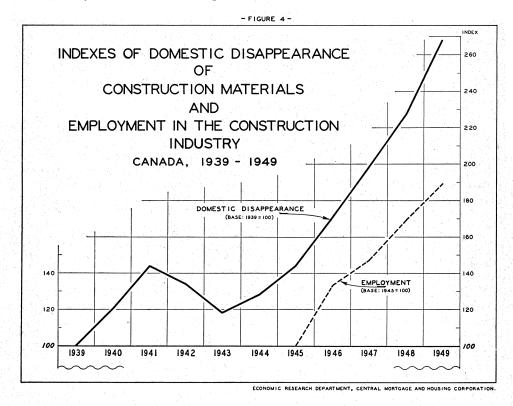
Employment in the construction industry reached a new peak in 1949, increasing 12 per cent from an average level of 289,000 persons in 1948 to 323,000 in 1949. The increase compares with a rise of only 3 per cent in total non-agricultural employment during the period.

Returns from employers with 15 or more employees indicate that employment in the building industry, which excludes engineering and highway construction rose at a less rapid rate between 1948 and 1949 than total construction

employment. The index of employment in the building industry averaged 378 in 1949, an increase of 10 per cent over the corresponding level in 1948. Weekly earnings in the building industry averaged \$44.37 in 1949 as against \$41.41 in 1948. Data on hourly wage-earners, who represent about 82 per cent of the employees covered indicate that the increase is attributable principally to a 7 per cent increase in hourly earnings which averaged \$1.01 in 1948 and \$1.08 in 1949.

The Labour Market

Unemployment in construction trades was higher in 1949 than in any year since the end of the war, but in comparison with 1939 it remained low. Construction unemployment in 1949 averaged about 25,000 during the year and reached a seasonal peak of 47,000 in the first quarter. Construction trade unions reported an average of 9 per cent of their membership as unemployed to the Department of Labour. Although higher than in other post war years the proportion was considerably lower than the 29 per cent ratio recorded in 1939.



Supply of Construction Workers

Immigration of construction workers into Canada was down 49 per cent from 6,500 in 1948 to 3,300 in 1949. Of the immigrants in 1949, 2,300 were skilled and 1,000 were semi-skilled and unskilled. Emigration of skilled construction tradesmen during 1949 totalled 800 resulting in a net immigration of skilled construction workers of 1,500 during the period. This represents a decline of 1,000 from 1948. In addition to the decline in the number of building workers migrating to Canada there has been a reduction in the number of trainees in the

building trades assisted under the Dominion-Provincial training scheme begun in 1945. Apprentices for the building trades under this scheme numbered 5,200 in December, 1949, a decline of 13 per cent from December, 1948. Vocational training for the building trades under the scheme came to an end during the year.

Strikes in the Building Industry

Time lost through strikes in the building industry during 1949 totalled 41,100 man-working days only slightly higher, 1,600 man-working days, than in 1948. This total time lost during the year represents roughly the working time required to complete something less than 200 houses. Accordingly, even though the total delay occasioned by walkouts is greater than the actual time lost by the workers directly concerned, it is apparent that in the overall picture the impact of strikes on the amount of construction work carried out in 1949 has been relatively small.

SECTION 7.—BUILDING COSTS (See Tables 53-56)

The trend in house-building costs showed a distinct tendency to level off in 1949. Although the combined index of *residential* building material prices and hourly wage rates in the construction industry averaged 5 per cent higher in 1949 than in 1948, the increase from the end of 1948 to the end of 1949 was only 1 per cent. The combined index during 1949 averaged 207 (1939=100).

The combined index reflects changes in material prices and wage rates only, and does not measure changes in man-hour productivity in house-building or the cost of overhead and profit. It appears, however, that with the continued expansion in the volume of house-building activity during 1949, and an increase in the average time required to complete a house from 6.5 months in 1948 to 7 months in 1949, little opportunity was afforded for improvements in output per man-hour during the year.

Residential Building Material Prices

The index of wholesale prices of *residential* building materials (1939=100) increased only 5 per cent from a monthly average of 213 in 1948 to 223 in 1949. From December 1948 to December 1949, the index dropped 1 per cent.

At December 1949 with the index at 221 residential building material prices were well over twice the 1939 level. The greatest increase occurred in the prices of lumber and its products, the index for which stood at 303 at the end of 1949. Prices of all other groups of materials were less than double the 1939 level. The 1949 year end index for roofing materials stood at 187, paint and glass 180, plumbing and heating equipment 174, electrical equipment and fixtures 171, brick, tile and stone 162, cement, gravel and sand 137, lath plaster and insulation materials 119, and other materials 166.

Wage Rates in Construction Trades

The composite index of wage rates in the construction trades (including holiday pay allowances) increased 6 per cent from an average of 174 in 1948 to 185 in 1949. The increase from the end of 1948 to the end of 1949 was 4 per cent.

In 1949, wage rates were about 85 per cent higher than in 1939. Unskilled workers showed the largest gain over the period with wage rates in 1949 about 100 per cent higher than in 1939. Among the skilled workers, carpenters',

plasterers' and plumbers' wage rates increased most rapidly rising 80 per cent over the period, followed by the rates of painters and electricians which rose 78 per cent.

Cost of Living and Rent

Both the index of rents and the cost of living increased at the rate of 3 per cent from 1948 to 1949. The index of rent increased from an average of 116 in 1948 to 119 in 1949 and the cost of living index increased from 153 to 158 during the period.

Wartime Prices and Trade Board Order No. 813 which became effective December 15, 1949, authorized the following maximum rentals and termination of leases for self-contained dwellings and lodgings.

Maximum rentals of all lodgings were increased by 20 per cent and the landlord of any lodging was authorized to give to his tenant an unconditional notice to vacate within six months.

The existing ceiling-rentals of all self-contained dwellings were increased by 22 per cent for heated and 18 per cent for unheated accommodation.

Effective December 15, 1949, the landlord of any self-contained dwelling may offer to his tenant a renewal lease, at the authorized higher rental, for a term of not less than one year, expiring not earlier than May 1, 1951, and providing that the tenant may terminate the lease at any time upon giving the landlord one month's notice.

The landlord of any self-contained dwelling who owned it prior to November 1, 1949, and who needs to recover possession of the dwelling so as to use it as a home for himself and his family may do so by giving the tenant a six month notice to vacate.

Rental increases incidental to the new regulations could not take effect until February of 1950, so that the rental index remained unaffected by this change of regulations during 1949.

SECTION 8.—BUILDING AND REAL ESTATE INDUSTRIES (See Tables 57-59)

Bankruptcies in the Construction Industry and in Building Material Industries

Bankruptcies in the construction industry during 1949 were slightly higher than during 1948. Assignments and receiving orders numbered 80 representing liabilities of \$1.7 million as against 73 in 1948 with liabilities amounting to \$1.4 million. Commercial failures in the building material industries during 1949 were more than double the 1948 rate. In 1949 there were 54 bankruptcies with liabilities of \$2.5 million and in 1948 there were only 25 failures with liabilities of \$1.3 million.

Bankruptcies in all industries increased however from 800 in 1948 to 950 in 1949. The value of total liabilities involved in these failures increased 15 per cent from \$18.2 million in 1948 to \$20.9 million in 1949.

Common Stock Prices

The average level of common stock prices in 16 building material companies rose 6 per cent between 1948 and 1949. The price index (1939=100) of common shares of these companies averaged 138 in 1948 and 146 in 1949.

The composite price index of common shares in 82 industrial companies decreased 4 per cent from 118 to 113 during the period.

Financial Statistics, Eleven Real Estate Companies, 1939-1948

An indication that rental receipts from 1939-1948 have substantially kept pace with operating expenses of larger residential rental properties is provided by financial statistics on 11 real estate companies operating 610 rental units and having land and buildings value at \$3.1 million. The aggregate ratio of operating expenses to gross operating revenue was 62 per cent in 1939 and 58 per cent in 1948.

Net operating revenue (excluding depreciation) was comparatively stable over the period varying from a low of \$113,000 in 1940 to a high of \$165,000 in 1948. Despite the stability of net operating revenue the aggregate net position showed a marked improvement in 1940, 1945, and 1947. These improvements were brought about by a reduction of bond interest charges in these years, occasioned by reorganization of three of the companies.

SECTION 9.—NEWFOUNDLAND (See Tables 60-61)

On March 31, 1949, Newfoundland formally entered Confederation as Canada's tenth province. While Newfoundland now represents an integral part of Canada, data in *Housing in Canada* are shown separately for that province. The separation has been made partly in the interest of continuity of the tabular material for the rest of Canada, and partly because of the immediate scarcity of statistical information for the province of Newfoundland itself.

Housing data fully comparable to the information obtained for the rest of Canada are not available for Newfoundland but some indication of residential building can be obtained from data on starts and completions in the metropolitan area of St. John's. (1) Housing starts in St. John's in 1949 totalled about 200 and completions 125. Although the population of St. John's, at about 60,000, represents less than one-fifth of the total population of Newfoundland, housing starts and completions in the St. John's area probably account for one-third or more of the total.

Confederation with Canada should prove a stimulus to house-building in Newfoundland. For one thing it has brought about a decline in prices of building materials which will tend to make home purchases more attractive. Also it has introduced to the province the assistance to house-building provided under the National Housing Act, 1944.

Publicly-initiated starts under the Veterans' Rental Housing Programme numbered 50 in Newfoundland in 1949, and starts under the National Defence Department's Armed Service Married Service Quarters Programme numbered 22. Loans under the National Housing Act, 1944, were approved for 21 housing units, all of which were for home ownership.

⁽¹⁾ See p. 101 in Part III.

PART II TABULAR MATERIAL•

^{*}Sources of tables shown in Part II together with explanatory notes will be found in Part III.

Section 1 POPULATION TRENDS

Table 1.— Number of Births, Deaths, Marriages and Divorces, and Total Population, Canada, (1) 1939—1949.

Period	Births	Deaths	Marriages	Divorces (2)	Population (2)
1939 1940 1941 1942 1943 1944 1945 1946	229,468 244,316 255,317 272,313 283,580 284,220 288,730 330,732 359,094(s)	108,951 110,927 114,639 112,978 118,635 116,052 113,414 114,931 117,725(3)	103,658 123,318 121,842 127,372 110,937 101,496 108,031 134,088 127,311	2,068 2,369 2,461 3,089 3,263 3,788 5,076 7,683 8,199	11,250 11,364 11,490 11,637 11,795 11,958 12,102 12,283 (3) 12,558
1948 January February March 1st Quarter	26,125 25,710 27,233 79,068	10,912 10,295 10,154 31,361	5,668 5,617 4,982 16,267		
April May June 2nd Quarter	30,683 29,379 29,857 89,919	10,782 10,081 9,685 30,548	7,731 9,570 16,110 33,411		12,859
July August September 3rd Quarter	29,317 31,002 29,881 90,200	9,091 9,635 8,830 27,556	15,179 12,443 14,591 42,213		
October November December 4th Quarter	30,118 26,877 29,507 86,502	9,521 9,462 11,022 30,005	12,894 10,101 8,751 31,746		
Total, 1948(4)	345,689	119,470	123,637	6,881	
1949 January February March 1st Quarter	23,637 24,446 29,401 77,484	8,870 8,787 11,123 28,780	4,905 5,229 5,341 15,475	=	
April May June 2nd Quarter	30,182 32,046 30,187 92,415	11,127 11,148 9,528 31,803	6,262 10,151 12,822 29,235		13,177 ⁽⁵⁾
July August September 3rd Quarter	30,415 32,463 30,594 93,472	9,917 9,012 9,511 28,440	14,782 13,936 14,154 42,872		
October November December 4th Quarter	30,302 27,845 28,885 87,032	9,048 10,353 10,878 30,279	13,357 12,188 7,748 33,293		13,356(5)
Total, 1949(4)	350,403	119,302	120,875	(6)	

⁽¹⁾ Excluding Yukon, North West Territories and Newfoundland.
(2) Monthly data not available.
(3) Revised.
(4) Preliminary.
(5) Including Newfoundland, population numbered 13,525,000 at June 1, and 13,704,000, at December 31.
(6) Not yet available.

Table 2.— Number of Immigrants to Canada, by Sex, Marital Status and Age Group, 1939—1949.

Period		Males			Females		18	Years and	Over	U	nder 18 Ye	ars	Total
	Married	Single	Sub-total	Married	Single	Sub-total	Male	Female	Sub-total	Male	Female	Sub-total	
1939	2,986	4,695	7,681	4,346	4,967	9,313	4,866	6,820	11,686	2,815	2,493	5,308	16,994
1940	2,019	3,352	5,371	2,786	3,167	5,953	3,939	4,517	8,456	1,432	1,436	2,868	11,324
1941	1,580	3,211	4,791	2,011	2,527	4,538	3,851	3,489	7,340	940	1,049	1,989	9,329
1942	1,187	2,021	3,208	2,027	2,341	4,368	2,280	3,429	5,709	928	939	1,867	7,576
1943	1,284	2,006	3,290	2,468	2,746	5,214	2,113	4,064	6,177	1,177	1,150	2,327	8,504
1944	1,513	2,981	4,494	4,590	3,717	8,307	2,391	6,253	8,644	2,103	2,054	4,157	12,801
1945	2,695	5,006	7,701	9,470	5,551	15,021	4,259	11,620	15,879	3,442	3,401	6,843	22,722
1946	6,694	13,799	20,493	36,457	14,779	51,236	9,934	40,818	50,752	10,559	10,408	20,967	71,719
1947	13,799	19,636	33,435	13,162	17,530	30,692	27,281	24,787	52,068	6,154	5,905	12,059	64,127
1948	25,843	41,247	67,090	24,676	33,638	58,324	52,986	45,191	98,177	14,104	13,133	27,237	125,414
January February March 1st Quarter	1,513	2,214	3,727	1,607	2,115	3,722	2,884	2,845	5,729	843	877	1,720	7,449
	1,224	2,325	3,549	1,451	1,648	3,099	2,797	2,342	5,139	752	757	1,509	6,648
	1,939	2,945	4,884	1,991	2,293	4,284	3,690	3,104	6,794	1,194	1,180	2,374	9,168
	4,676	7,484	12,160	5,049	6,056	11,105	9,371	8,291	17,662	2,789	2,814	5,603	23,265
April	2,093	3,163	5,256	1,786	2,038	3,824	4,399	3,018	7,417	857	806	1,663	9,080
May	3,738	1,393	5,131	1,861	2,174	4,035	3,978	2,959	6,937	1,153	1,076	2,229	9,160
June	2,612	4,001	6,613	2,409	2,925	5,334	5,226	3,967	9,193	1,387	1,367	2,754	11,947
2nd Quarter	8,443	8,557	17,000	6,056	7,137	13,193	13,603	9,944	23,547	3,397	3,249	6,646	30,193
July	2,629	3,219	5,848	2,372	2,384	4,756	4,450	3,538	7,988	1,398	1,218	2,616	10,604
August	1,583	2,477	4,060	1,634	2,139	3,773	3,047	2,849	5,896	1,013	924	1,937	7,833
September	907	1,319	2,226	879	1,056	1,935	1,700	1,487	3,187	526	448	974	4,161
3rd Quarter	5,119	7,015	12,134	4,885	5,579	10,464	9,197	7,874	17,071	2,937	2,590	5,527	22,598
October	2,758	2,246	3,803	1,770	1,958	3,728	2,821	2,899	5,720	982	829	1,811	7,53:
November	2,130	1,861	3,247	1,470	1,626	3,096	2,425	2,385	4,810	822	711	1,533	6,34:
December	4,839	1,691	2,734	1,135	1,289	2,424	1,951	1,832	3,783	783	592	1,375	5,158
4th Quarter	1,162	5,798	9,784	4,375	4,873	9,248	7,197	7,116	14,313	2,587	2,132	4,719	9,032
Total, 1949	85,603	28,854	51,078	20,365	23,645	44,010	39,368	33,225	72,593	11,710	10,785	22,495	95,088

TABLE 3.— EMIGRATION⁽¹⁾ FROM CANADA, 1939 — 1949.

'ear	Total	Married Females (2)	Children under 18 Years ⁽²⁾
1939	15,200		
1940	15,800		<u>_</u>
1941	15,500		
1942	14,300	- 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1	
1943	13,900	-	
1944	14,900	- ,	_
1945	22,500	<u> </u>	<u></u>
1946	33,900	_	- 1
1947	35,000	-	4
1948 1st Quarter	8,200	1,300	1,200
2nd Quarter	8,200	1,700	1,600
3rd Quarter	8,500	1,900	1,800
4th Quarter	9,500	1,800	1,600
Total, 1948	34,400	6,700	6,200
1949 ⁽³⁾ 1st Quarter	8,100	1,500	1,300
2nd Quarter	8,500	1,700	1,400
3rd Quarter	8,500	1,600	1,300
4th Quarter	7,400	1,400	1,300
Total, 1949	32,500	6,200	5,300

⁽¹⁾ Estimated.(2) Not available prior to 1948.(3) Preliminary.

Table 4.— Birth, Death, Marriage and Divorce Rates, Canada, 1939 — 1949.

(In Thousands)

Year	Birth Rate	Death Rate	Marriage Rate	Divorce Rate
1939	20.3	9.7	9.2	.02
1940	21.4	9.8	10.8	.02
1941	22.2	10.0	10.6	.02
1942	23.3	9.7	10.9	.03
1943	24.0	10.1	9.4	.03
1944	23.7	9.7	8.4	.03
1945	23.8	9.3	8.9	.04
1946	26.9	9.3	10.9	.06
1947	28.6	9.4	10.1	.07
1948	26.8	9.3	9.6	.05
1949	26.6	9.1	9.1	(1)

⁽¹⁾ Not yet available.

SECTION 2 HOUSE-BUILDING ACTIVITY

TABLE 5.— NUMBER OF NEW HOUSING UNITS STARTED, COMPLETED, AND Under Construction, Canada, 1945 — 1949.

Type of Unit and Period	Starts	Completions	Under Construction (At End of Period) (1)
New Permanent and Temporary Housing and Conversions			
1945	—(2)	48,599	<u> (2) </u>
1946	(2)	67,315	(2)
1947	81,404(3)	79,359	—(2)
1948(4)	95,340(3)	81,243	(2)
1949(4)	92,931(3)	90,955(3)	(2)
New Permanent Housing			
1945	<u> (2)</u>	42,617	—(2)
1946	—(2)	60,575	40,170
1947	74,391	72,346	42,215
1948(4) 1st Quarter	6,678	11,569	37,529
2nd Quarter	33,090	18,959	52,143
3rd Quarter	31,348	19,710	63,656
4th Quarter	19,078	25,859	56,456
Total, 1948(4)	90,194	76,097	
1949(4) January February March 1st Quarter	3,066 1,745 3,585 8,396	6,643 4,807 6,388 17,838	52,852 49,667 46,886
April May June 2nd Quarter	8,466 12,809 10,528 31,803	7,251 7,374 7,275 21,900	48,080 53,533 56,787
July August September 3rd Quarter	9,086 8,542 10,035 27,663	6,588 9,109 7,563 23,260	59,203 58,677 61,115
October November December 4th Quarter	8,964 8,434 4,249 21,647	9,059 8,700 6,776 24,535	61,027 60,749 58,169
Total, 1949	89,509	87,533	

Total starts less completions do not equal the number of units under construction because of adjustments (see p. 102).
 Not available.
 Estimated.
 Data for 1948 and 1949 exclude Yukon and Northwest Territory.

Table 6.— Number of New Housing Units Started, Completed, and Under Construction in Metropolitan Areas and Municipalities of 5,000 Population and Over, Canada, 1946 — 1949.

			Starts				C	ompletion	ns				ler Constr End of P		
Period	Veterans' Rental Projects by C.M.H.C.	Housing Enterprises Limited	Integrated Housing Projects	Other	Total	Veterans' Rental Projects by C.M.H.C.	Housing Enterprises Limited	Integrated Housing Projects	Other	Total	Veterans' Rental Projects by C.M.H.C.	Housing Enterprises Limited	Integrated Housing Projects	Other (:)	Total
1946 1947 1948	5,147 7,227	 502 1	5,088 5,417	35,090 45,026	45,827 57,671	4,473 5,556	3,010 305	2,500 5,998	34,470 36,148	44,453 48,007	3,557 4,231 5,790	2,811 304	1,440 4,028 3,064	19,781 20,947 30,363	27,589 29,510 39,217
January February March 1st Quarter	54 27 121 202		181 304 92 577	1,758 1,013 2,755 5,526	1,993 1,344 2,968 6,305	486 597 847 1,930	_	413 304 271 988	3,653 2,916 3,651 10,220	4,552 3,817 4,769 13,138	5,335 4,765 4,035	_ _ _	2,705 2,428 2,278	28,705 26,903 25,998	36,638 34,096 32,305
April May June 2nd Quarter	171 502 502 1,175	_ _ _	69 109 291 469	5,566 6,199 6,586 18,351	5,806 6,810 7,379 19,995	737 596 1,098 2,431		525 287 507 1,319	3,944 3,901 3,909 11,754	5,206 4,784 5,514 15,504	3,516 3,422 2,826	 	1,924 2,139 1,923	27,445 29,368 32,046	32,885 34,929 36,795
July August September 3rd Quarter	380 573 976 1,929	——————————————————————————————————————	318 408 372 1,098	4,561 4,501 5,071 14,133	5,259 5,482 6,419 17,160	484 446 469 1,399	— — —	341 353 301 995	3,924 4,201 3,925 12,050	4,749 5,000 4,695 14,444	2,722 2,849 3,356	_ _ _	1,900 1,955 2,026	32,613 32,956 34,069	37,235 37,760 39,451
October November December 4th Quarter	723 330 30 1,083	_ _ _ _	209 123 236 568	4,879 4,470 3,575 12,924	5,901 4,923 3,841 14,665	295 578 244 1,117		355 291 382 1,028	5,505 4,609 4,440 14,554	6,155 5,478 5,066 16,699	3,784 3,536 3,322	 	1,880 1,712 1,566	33,525 33,374 32,456	39,189 38,622 37,344
Total, 1949	3,306	_	2,712	50,934	58,125	6,877	_	4,330	48,578	59,785			_		

⁽¹⁾ Data for 1948 and 1949 adjusted (see p. 102).

Table 7.— New Residential Construction, Building Permits Issued in 204 Municipalities, Canada, 1940 — 1949.

	1					
Period	Build	Value of lential Constru ling Permits Is illions of Dolla	ssued	Number o	of New Housin	ng Units
	New Residential Construction	Additions, Alterations and Repairs	Total	Apartments and Flats	All Other Housing Units	Total
1940 1941 1942 1943 1944 1945 1946 1947	50.1 61.1 44.6 41.2 70.7 105.5 182.7 161.9	7.4 8.9 8.5 8.7 12.2 12.4 18.0 16.0	57.5 70.0 53.1 49.9 82.9 117.9 200.7 177.9	- (1) - (1) 601 1,164 4,203 4,918 6,274 3,967	- (1) - (1) 14,326 12,019 19,492 23,645 39,023 33,250	- (1) - (1) 14,927 13,183 23,695 28,563 45,297 37,217
1948 January February March 1st Quarter	4.8 7.4 16.9 29.1	.9 .9 1.6 3.4	5.7 8.4 18.5 32.6	183 377 908 1,468	914 1,362 2,717 4,993	1,097 1,739 3,625 6,461
April May June 2nd Quarter	31.4 33.3 33.8 98.5	2.4 3.5 2.8 8.7	33.7 36.8 36.6 107.1	478 397 659 1,534	5,334 5,880 5,570 16,784	5,812 6,277 6,229 18,318
July August September 3rd Quarter	29.4 29.1 24.7 83.2	2.4 2.2 1.9 6.5	31.8 31.3 26.6 89.7	657 386 561 1,604	4,590 4,791 4,004 13,385	5,247 5,177 4,565 14,989
October November December 4th Quarter	24.6 22.1 18.8 65.5	1.9 1.4 1.2 4.5	26.5 23.5 20.0 70.0	881 591 395 1,867	3,595 3,164 2,917 9,676	4,476 3,755 3,312 11,543
Total, 1948	276.3	23.1	299.5	6,473	44,838	51,311
1949 January February March 1st Quarter	8.7 10.4 27.0 46.1	.9 1.1 1.8 3.8	9.6 11.5 28.8 49.9	351 439 1,001 1,791	1,296 1,372 3,683 6,351	1,647 1,811 4,684 8,142
April May June 2nd Quarter	38.8 40.9 35.7 115.4	2.8 5.3 3.0 11.1	41.6 46.2 38.7 126.5	1,108 508 1,156 2,772	5,364 ⁽²⁾ 6,201 ⁽²⁾ 4,859 ⁽²⁾ 16,414 ⁽²⁾	$\substack{6,472^{(2)}\\6,709^{(2)}\\6,015^{(2)}\\19,196^{(2)}}$
July August September 3rd Quarter	30.6 30.6 34.4 95.6	$\begin{array}{c} 2.3^{(2)} \\ 2.4^{(2)} \\ 2.2^{(2)} \\ 6.9^{(2)} \end{array}$	32.9 33.0 36.6 102.5	605 951 1,137 2,693	4,619 ⁽²⁾ 4,262 ⁽²⁾ 4,806 ⁽²⁾ 13,687 ⁽²⁾	5,224(2) 5,213(2) 5,943(2) 16,380(2)
October November December 4th Quarter	24.5 26.5 20.1 71.1	2.2 1.4 .9 4.5	26.7 27.9 21.0 75.6	649 1,004 986 2,639	3,413 3,335 2,171 8,919	4,062 4,339 3,157 11,558
Total, 1949	328.2	26.3	354.5	9,895	45,381	55,276

Not available.
 Revised.

Table 8.— New Residential Construction, Construction Contracts Awarded, Canada, 1939 — 1949.

Period	Construction	of New Reside on Contracts A lions of Dollar	warded '	Number o	of New Housin	ng Units
Teriou	Apartments	All Other Residential Dwellings	Total	Apartments	All Other Residential Dwellings	Total
1939 1940 1941 1942 1943 1944 1945 1946 1947	9.8 8.5 6.2 .9 .9 8.8 6.3 19.1	57.7 59.2 86.2 78.4 78.2 122.4 189.7 194.1 185.0	67.5 67.7 92.4 79.3 79.1 131.2 196.0 213.1 197.2	2,403 1,960 1,330 171 169 1,580 1,103 3,139 1,743	21,559 20,554 29,140 29,823 29,720 36,725 48,344 38,162 36,458	23,962 22,514 30,470 29,994 29,889 38,305 49,447 41,301 38,201
1948 January February March 1st Quarter	.8	14.1	15.0	112	2,264	2,376
	1.1	14.0	15.1	140	2,130	2,270
	3.2	17.3	20.5	418	3,166	3,584
	5.1	45.4	50.6	670	7,560	8,230
April	1.9	31.3	33.2	250	5,286	5,536
May	2.4	49.4	51.8	305	10,442	10,747
June	1.7	39.2	40.9	215	6,734	6,949
2nd Quarter	6.0	119.9	125.9	770	22,462	23,232
July	3.0	35.3	38.3	373	6,830	7,203
August	2.7	41.7	44.5	337	7,287	7,624
September	1.4	32.7	34.1	173	6,947	7,120
3rd Quarter	7.1	109.7	116.9	883	21,064	21,947
October	2.5	29.7	32.1	294	5,011	5,305
November	6.7	23.1	29.8	793	3,908	4,701
December	2.7	15.1	17.8	320	2,495	2,815
4th Quarter	11.9	67.9	79.7	1,407	11,414	12,821
Total, 1948	30.1	342.9	373.1	3,730	62,500	66,230
1949 January February March 1st Quarter	15.1 3.8 5.8 24.7	15.2 15.5 14.1 44.8	30.3 19.2 19.9 69.5	1,788 448 686 2,922	2,334 2,313 2,266 6,913	4,122 2,761 2,952 9,835
April	5.2	31.1	36.4	616	4,880	5,496
May	4.2	43.9	48.2	501	7,277	7,778
June	2.6	44.3	46.9	306	7,544	7,850
2nd Quarter	12.0	119.3	131.5	1,423	19,701	21,124
July	5.6	46.6	52.2	663	7,382	8,045
August	4.3	51.6	55.9	513	8,665	9,178
September	11.0	39.8	50.8	1,305	6,331	7,636
3rd Quarter	20.9	138.0	158.9	2,481	22,378	24,859
October	5.8	38.9	44.7	683	6,846	7,529
November	2.7	28.6	31.3	323	4,931	5,254
December	3.2	25.3	28.5	372	3,478	3,850
4th Quarter	11.7	92.8	104.5	1,378	15,255	16,633
Total, 1949	69.3	394.9	464.4	8,204	64,247	72,451

⁽¹⁾ Revised estimates (p. 103).

Table 9.— Expenditures on New Construction, Major Improvements, Repair And Maintenance, Residential and Other, Canada, 1945 — 1949.

(Millions of Dollars)

	New	Constru	ction	Repair a	ınd Mair	ntenance	Total			
Year	Housing	Other	Sub- total	Housing	Other	Sub- total	Housing	Other	Total	
1945	285.6	420.4	706.0	96.3	368.7	465.0	381.9	767.7	1,171.0	
1946	412.0	602.0	1,014.0	105.3	395.7	501.0	517.3	990.7	1,515.0	
1947	533.0	887.0	1,420.0	136.5	456.5	593.0	669.5	1,343.5	2,013.0	
1948 1st Quarter	113.0	195.0	308.0	38.1	82.8	110.9	141.1	277.8	418.9	
2nd Quarter	132.0	289.0	421.0	32.6	119.5	152.1	164.6	408.5	573.1	
3rd Quarter	216.0	366.0	582.0	53.6	156.6	210.2	269.6	522.6	792.2	
4th Quarter	221.0	341.0	562.0	54.7	148.1	202.8	275.7	489.1	764.8	
Total, 1948	681.8	1,191.2	1,873.0	169.0	507.0	676.0	676.0	1,698.2	2,549.0	
1949 1st Quarter	147.1	230,0	377.1	33.8	89.9	123.7	180.9	319.9	500.8	
2nd Quarter	173.1	321.0	494.1	39.3	122.3	161.6	212.4	443.3	655.7	
3rd Quarter	228.2	381.4	609.6	52.4	147.7	200.1	280.6	529.1	809.7	
4th Quarter	236.3	345.6	581.9	54.0	136.6	190.6	290.3	482.2	772.5	
Total, 1949	784.7	1,278.0	2,062.7	179.5	496.5	676.0	964.2	1,774.5	2,738.7	

Section 3 PUBLICLY ASSISTED HOUSE-BUILDING

Table 10.— Number of New Permanent Housing Units Started, Publicly-Initiated Housing and Privately-INITATED HOUSING WITH AND WITHOUT FEDERAL GOVERNMENT FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE, CANADA, 1947 — 1949.

Period In			Total					
	Publicly- Initiated Housing	With Gov	ernment Financial	1 Assistance	Other	Total Privately-	Publicly Assisted Housing ⁽²⁾	Total Housing
		Loans	Guarantees	Sub-total ⁽¹⁾		Initiated Housing		
1947 1st Quarter 2nd Quarter 3rd Quarter 4th Quarter	230 1,570 2,932 2,458	997 4,739 3,930 3,297	89 165 84 49	1,086 4,904 4,114 3,465	4,531 20,651 16,019 12,431	5,617 25,555 20,133 15,896	1,316 6,474 7,046 5,923	5,847 27,125 23,065 18,354
Year	7,190	12,963	387	13,569	53,632	67,201	20,759	74,391
1948 1st Quarter 2nd Quarter 3rd Quarter 4th Quarter	537 2,703 4,418 2,450	1,972 5,555 5,533 4,303	56 106 443 1,282	2,032 5,729 6,010 5,591	4,109 24,658 20,920 11,037	6,141 30,387 26,930 16,628	2,569 8,432 10,428 8,041	6,678 33,096 31,348 19,078
Year	10,108	17,363	1,887	19,362	60,724	80,086	29,470	90,194
1949 ⁽³⁾ 1st Quarter 2nd Quarter 3rd Quarter 4th Quarter	364 1,248 3,871 2,319	2,812 5,265 6,204 9,298	573 159 1,674 1,474	3,385 5,424 7,878 10,772	4,647 25,131 15,914 8,556	8,032 30,555 23,792 19,328	3,749 6,672 11,749 13,091	8,396 31,803 27,663 21,647
Year	7,802	23,579	3,880	27,459	54,248	81,707	35,261	89,509

⁽¹⁾ Includes in addition to units started with loan and guarantee assistance, units approved under the double depreciation provisions without National Housing Act loans o

guarantees.

(2) Includes direct Government housing and privately-initiated housing with Government financial assistance.

(3) Revised.

Table 11.—Lending Operations Under The National Housing Act, 1944, (1)
Number and Amount of Gross Loans Approved and Number of Housing
Units Financed, Canada, February, 1945 — December, 1949.

Period	Number of Loans ⁽²⁾	Number of Housing Units ⁽²⁾	Amount of Loans ⁽²⁾ \$000	
1945(3)	5,142	5,695	23,832	
1946	8,429	13,042	61,635	
1947	10,549	12,734	61,709	
1948 January February March 1st Quarter	507 531 906 1,944	540 628 1,294 2,462	2,644 3,006 6,368 12,018	
AprilMayJuneJune	1,529 1,953 1,850 5,332	1,895 2,361 2,408 6,664	9,698 12,515 12,696 34,909	
JulyAugustSeptember3rd Quarter	1,811 1,647 2,164 5,622	2,152 1,858 2,556 6,566	11,453 9,937 13,570 34,960	
October November December 4th Quarter	1,611 ⁽⁴⁾ 1,243 1,187 4,041 ⁽⁴⁾	1,757 ⁽⁴⁾ 1,693 1,640 5,090 ⁽⁴⁾	9,517 ⁽⁴⁾ 8,796 8,433 26,746 ⁽⁴⁾	
Sub-total Sub-total	16,939(4)	20,782(4)	108,633(4)	
1949 January February March 1st Quarter	816 783 1,137 2,736	1,557 1,356 1,845 4,758	8,314 7,403 9,879 25,596	
April May June 2nd Quarter	1,786 1,873 2,247 ⁽⁴⁾ 5,906 ⁽⁴⁾	2,859 2,301 3,293 ⁽⁴⁾ 8,453 ⁽⁴⁾	15,395 12,283 17,744(4) 45,422(4)	
JulyAugustSeptember3rd Quarter	2,132 ⁽⁴⁾ 2,116 ⁽⁴⁾ 1,541 ⁽⁴⁾ 5,789 ⁽⁴⁾	2,485 ⁽⁴⁾ 3,838 ⁽⁴⁾ 2,010 ⁽⁴⁾ 8,333 ⁽⁴⁾	13,894(4) 20,861(4) 11,127(4) 45,882(4)	
October November December 4th Quarter	1,385 2,252 1,668 5,305	1,596 3,005 2,630 7,231	9,240 18,123 15,994 43,357	
Sub-total Sub-total	19,736	28,775	160,257	
Total, Feb. 1, 1945 —Dec. 31, 1949	60,795	81,028	416,066	

For information on operations under the Dominion Housing Act, 1935, and the National Housing Act, 1938, see Housing in Canada, October, 1946, p. 29.
 Figures shown are gross, i.e. total loans approved with no allowance for cancellations, reinstatements and adjustments.
 Covers period February 1 to December 31.
 Revised.

Table 12.— Lending Operations Under The National Housing Act, 1944, Net Loans Approved, By Type of Loan, Canada, 1948 and 1949.

		19	48		1949				
Type of Loan	Number of Loans	Number of Housing Units	Amount \$000	Average Loan per Housing Unit	Number of Loans	Number of Housing Units	Amount \$000	Average Loan per Housing Unit	
Housing for Home-Ownership: Loans to home-owners Loans to builders for sale:	4,316	4,367	23,025	5,272	6,251	6,474	36,261	5,602	
Integrated housingOther	$\frac{5,840}{6,149}^{(1)}$	6,434 6,560	35,654 34,680	5,541 5,287	$\frac{2,275}{9,973}$	2,738 10,577	$16,585 \\ 60,453$	6,057 5,715	
Sub-total	16,305(1)	17,361	93,359	5,378	18,949	19,789	113,299	5,725	
Housing for Rental Purposes: Loans to individuals Rental Insurance Primary industries Limited Dividend Corporations	627 1 2 4	3,213 100 23 85	14,212 510 62 490	4,423 5,100 2,678 5,768	490 271 —	2,669 6,152 — 144	12,060 33,850 — 924	4,518 5,502 6,416	
Sub-total	634	3,421	15,274	4,465	766	8,965	46,834	5,224	
Total Gross Loans	16,939	20,782	108,633	5,227	19,715	28,754	160,132	5,569	
Cancellations, adjustments, and reinstatements	1,600	1,954	4,109	_	1,577	3,871	20,759		
Total Net Loans	15,339	18,828	104,524	5,551	18,138	24,883	139,374	5,601	

⁽¹⁾ Includes a number of loans on duplexes, part of which may be for rent.

Table 13.— Lending Operations Under The National Housing Act, 1944,⁽¹⁾ Analysis of Gross Loans Approved Showing Average Estimated Cost, Lending Value, Amount of Loan, Floor Area, and Construction Cost per Square Foot, by Type of Housing Unit, Canada, 1948 and 1949.

Type of Housing Unit	Number of Loans				Average Esti	mated Cost	ts	Average			
		Number of Housing Units	Amount of Loans	Land	Con- struction	Other	Total	Lending Value	Loan	Finished Floor Area	Con- struction Cost per
			\$000	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	Sq. Ft.	Sq. Ft.
948											
Single 1-Storey	7,785	7,793	38,914	570	6,685	124	7,379	5,966	4,993	877	7.62
Single 1½-Storey	5,100(2)	$5,103^{(2)}$	29,833(2)	597	7,411	154	8,162	6,982	5,847	1,191	·
Single 2-Storey	1,959	1,985	12,737	687	8,818	177	9,682	8,023	6,417	1,303	6.77
Semi-Detached	494	555	3,294	519	8,076	202	8,797	7,403	5,935	1,067	7.57
Duplex	280	560	2,559	380	6,727	163	7,270	5,880	4,569	919	7.32
Triplex	52	158	655	417	6,496	195	7,180	5,319	4,145	998	6.51
Double Duplex	512	1,079	5,060	415	6,427	204	7,046	5,945	4,690	952	6.75
Row House	553	1,143	4,948	284	5,585	151	6,020	5,443	4,329	921	6.07
Apartment	197	2,298	9,996	284	5,731	379	6,394	5,480	4,350	893	6.42
Γotal	16,932(2)	20,674(2)	107,996(2)	524	6,926	174	7,624	6,362	5,224	961	7.37
949											
Single 1-Storey	9,420	9,420	50,969	658	7,327	146	8,131	6,489	5,410	910	8.0
Single 1½-Storey	6,364	6,364	38,820	694	7,843	178	8,715	7,302	6,100	1,002	_
Single 2-Storey	1,914	1,918	12,914	782	9,462	202	10,446	8,434	6,737	1,351	7.0
Semi-Detached	570	673	4,378	676	8,430	228	9,334	7,834	6,505	1,166	7.2
Duplex	429	939	4,235	470	6,606	154	7,230	5,805	4,509	1,062	6.2
Triplex	67	201	831	472	6,725	230	7,427	5,355	4,133	995	6.7
Double Duplex	358	930	4,714	464	6,906	273	7,643	6,243	5,069	992	6.9
Row House	200	416	1,737	297	5,571	154	6,022	5,360	4,176	931	5.9
Apartment	408	7,738	40,586	325	6,243	483	7,051	6,231	5,244	926	6.7
Total (3)	19,730	28,599	159,184	566	7,251	255	8,072	6,708	5,566	979	7.3

⁽¹⁾ Excluding loan approvals under Sections 9 and 9a.
(2) Revised.
(3) Excludes one loan for \$150,000 approved for a staff house to contain 32 units.

Table 14. — Lending Operations Under The National Housing Act, 1944, Home Extension Loan Guarantees Approved, Canada, April, 1946 — 1949.

Period	Number of Loans	Number of New Housing Units	Amount	Average Loan per New Housing Unit
1946	25	48	76,315	1,590
1947	11	16	30,775	1,923
1948 1st Quarter	1	1	1,000	1,000
2nd Quarter	0			_
3rd Quarter	2	3	6,000	2,000
4th Quarter	0	_		_
Sub-total	3	4	7,000	1,750
1949	0			
Total, April, 1946 — December, 1949	39	68	114,090	1,678

Table 15.—Veterans' Rental Housing Projects By Central Mortgage and Housing Corporation, (1) Number of New Housing Units Started, Completed, and Under Construction, and Actual Expenditure, Canada, 1941—1949.

		Number of ousing Un			Actual Ex	penditure 00	
Period	Started	Com- pleted	Under Construc- tion (At End of Period)	Housing	Supple- mentary Buildings	Land, Improve- ments and Other Outlay	Total
1941–1945 ⁽²⁾ 1946 1947	23,704 6,133 6,709	18,774 6,997 5,421	4,930 4,066 5,354	60,941 34,314 26,701	13,779 47 21	16,671 2,179 1,893	91,391 36,540 28,615
1948 January February March 1st Quarter	21 214 99 334	508 731 726 1,965	4,867 4,350 3,723	3,821 3,303 5,225 12,349		198 239 355 792	4,019 3,544 5,583 13,146
April May June 2nd Quarter	530 371 1,042 1,943	1,040 813 671 2,524	409 2,771 3,142	1,937 2,022 4,368		468 ⁽³⁾ 267 356 1,091 ⁽³⁾	877 ⁽³⁾ 2,204 2,378 5,459 ⁽³⁾
July August September 3rd Quarter	987 1,389 1,455 3,831	563 358 436 1,357	3,566 4,597 5,616	2,916 2,976 5,077 10,969	1 3 4	352 338 482 1,172	3,268 3,315 5,562 12,145
October November December 4th Quarter	1,364 588 139(3) 2,091(3)	264 363 461 1,088	6,716 6,941 6,619 ⁽³⁾	7,182 5,464 8,848 21,494	10 8 12 30	246 ⁽³⁾ 329 535 1,110 ⁽³⁾	7,438 ⁽³⁾ 5,801 9,395 23,034 ⁽³⁾
Sub-total	8,199(3)	6,934	_	49,180	39	4,165(3)	53,384(3)
January February March 1st Quarter	54 27 113 194	521 656 981 2,158	6,152 ⁽³⁾ 5,523 ⁽³⁾ 4,655 ⁽³⁾	951 4,028 6,320 11,299	 2 2 4	394(3) 251(3) 670(3) 1,315(3)	1,345 ⁽³⁾ 4,281 ⁽³⁾ 6,992 ⁽³⁾ 12,618 ⁽³⁾
April May June 2nd Quarter	183 526 539 1,248	891 719 1,282 2,892	3,947 ⁽³⁾ 3,754 ⁽³⁾ 3,011 ⁽³⁾	746 2,552 2,095 5,393	$-\frac{{2\atop 3}}{{5\atop 5}}$	217 ⁽³⁾ 180 ⁽³⁾ 312 ⁽³⁾ 709 ⁽³⁾	$965 \stackrel{(3)}{\stackrel{()}}{\stackrel{()}}{\stackrel{()}}\stackrel{()}{\stackrel{()}}}\stackrel{()}}{\stackrel{()}}\stackrel{()}}{\stackrel{()}}\stackrel{()}}{\stackrel{()}}\stackrel{()}}{\stackrel{()}}\stackrel{()}}\stackrel{()}}{\stackrel{()}}}\stackrel{()}}\stackrel{()}}\stackrel{()}}\stackrel{()}}\stackrel{()}}\stackrel{()}}\stackrel{()}()$
July August September 3rd Quarter	380 626 1,111 2,117	604 512 533 1,649	2,787 ⁽³⁾ 2,901 ⁽³⁾ 3,479 ⁽³⁾	2,827 3,139 3,186 9,152		408(3) 562(3) 418(3) 1,388(3)	3,235(3) 3,703(3) 3,607(3) 10,545(3)
October November December 4th Quarter	830 427 50 1,307	339 597 169 1,105	3,970 3,800 3,681 —	3,867 3,602 5,053 12,522	101 4 41 146	523 413 885 1,821	4,491 4,019 5,989 14,489
Sub-total	4,866	7,804		38,366	160(4)	5,233	43,759
Total, April 1941 -December, 1949	49,713	45,930	_	209,502(3)	14,046	30,141	253,689

Operations during 1941-1947 conducted by Wartime Housing Limited.
 Covers war workers' housing built between April, 1941 and December 31, 1945.
 Revised (see p. 104).
 Covers expenditures on 200 garages not shown as supplementary buildings in Table 16 on p. 44.

Table 16.— Veterans' Rental Housing Projects by Central Mortgage and Housing Corporation, (1) Construction Under Contract, by Units, Canada, 1945 — January, 1950.

	Const	ruction Under C	Contract
As at Date of Reporting Closest		Number	
to End of Month	Projects	Housing Units	Supplementary Buildings
1945—March	11	558	4
June	7	602	4
September	37	4,276	1
December	60	5,524	1
1946—March	59	5,288	1
June	83	5,675	0
September	78	5,513	5
December	80	4,660	9
1947—March	72	2,873	6
June	61	3,451	6
September	87	6,332	7
December	98	6,486	7
1948—January	98	6,145	7
February	100	5,609	8
March	88	4,698	8
April	82	3,912	7
May	92	5,186	5
June	90	6,410	4
July	81	6,588	-
August	93	7,775	_
September	107	8,442	_
October	111	8,569	_
November	110	8,21 6	_
December	104	7,745	_
1949—January	97	7,235	3
February	91	6,755	4
March	84	5,940	4
April	73	5,049	4
May	68	4,476	4
June	48	4,028	4
July	48	3,844	4
August	48	3,797	4
September	65	4,677	4
October	63	4,816	4
November	59	4,219	4
December	51	4,077	1
1950—January	51	3,320	5(3)

(1) Operations during 1945-1947 conducted by Wartime Housing Limited.
(2) Number of municipalities in which projects were in progress at January 31, 1950, total 37.
(3) See footnote (4) to Table 15 on p. 43.

Table 17. — Veterans' Rental Housing Projects by Central Mortgage and Housing Corporation, Housing Units Under Contract, by Twenty-Three Stages of Construction, Canada, Year Ends, 1947 — 1949.

Item	Stage of Construction Yet to be Completed	Nun	nber of Housing	Units
		1947	1948	1949
1.	Excavation	1,132	1,024	396
2.	Foundation	1,442	1,296	457
3.	Water and Sewer under Building	1,964	3,021	1,180
4.	Framing	2,268	2,551	1,240
5.	Doors, frames and window sash	3,327	3,665	1,650
6.	Chimneys	3,262	4,357	1,792
7.	Roofs shingled	3,420	3,942	1,911
8.	Plumbing roughed in	3,824	4,554	1,768
9.	Wiring roughed in	4,130	5,138	2,364
10.	Insulation	4,528	5,705	2,678
11.	Wall and ceiling board and taping	4,955	6,274	3,021
12.	Finished flooring laid	4,854	6,373	3,011
13.	Exterior finish, including siding and trim	4,268	5,205	2,533
14.	Porches	3,510	5,390	2,417
15.	Interior trim	5,583	7,118	3,394
16.	Interior painting	6,188	7,482	3,704
17.	Hardware	6,138	7,327	3,723
18.	Plumbing fixtures	6,220	7,278	3,778
19.	Electrical work complete	6,351	7,482	3,784
20.	Exterior painting	8,005	8,575	4,189
21.	Water and sewer to main	3,925	3,866	1,801
22.	Electrical services connected	5,973	7,529	3,828
23.	Final inspection	6,486	7,745	4,077

Table 18. — Construction Operations Under The Veterans' Land Act, 1942, Number and Amount of Appropriations and Applications for Assistance Approved, By Type of Project, Canada, September 23, 1943 — 1949.

	Number of	Amount of Appropriations and Applications for Assistance Approved \$000							
Type of Project	Applications for Assistance	Constr	uction	T					
	Approved	New Housing	Repair and other Services	Land and Existing Buildings	Total				
1. Small Holdings, Sub-division Projects: Sept., 23 1943—Mar., 1949. 2nd Quarter, 1949. 3rd Quarter, 1949. 4th Quarter, 1949.	2,673 0 0 0	17,570 ⁽¹⁾ - - -	4,128 ⁽¹⁾ - - -	1,514 ⁽¹⁾ - - -	23,212(1)				
Sub-total	2,673	17,570(1)	4,128(1)	1,514(1)	23,212(1)				
2. Small Holdings, Individual Projects: Sept. 23, 1943—Mar., 1949. 2nd Quarter, 1949. 3rd Quarter, 1949. 4th Quarter, 1949.	12,699 770 882 618	35,723 3,146 3,243 1,826	4,382 205 258 201	18,504 480 831 374	58,609 3,831 4,332 2,401				
Sub-total	14,969	43,938	5,046	20,189	69,173				
3. Full-Time Farming: Sept. 23, 1943—Mar., 1949. 2nd Quarter, 1949 3rd Quarter, 1949 4th Quarter, 1949	7,614 166 225 188	1,819 46 60 27	4,204 120 99 37	15,104 1,294 720 250	21,127 1,460 879 314				
Sub-total	8,193	1,952	4,460	17,368	23,780				
4. Commercial Fishing, Dominion and Provincial Land Grants to Indian Veterans: Sept. 23, 1943—Mar., 1949. 2nd Quarter, 1949. 3rd Quarter, 1949. 4th Quarter, 1949.	2,934 133 107 261	2,484 187 124 293	387 206 55 8	680 74 35 68	3,551 467 214 369				
Sub-total	3,435	3,088	656	857	4,601				
5. Total All Projects: Sept. 23, 1943—Mar., 1949 2nd Quarter 1949 3rd Quarter, 1949 4th Quarter, 1949	25,920 1,069 1,214 1,067	57,596 3,379 3,427 2,146	13,101 531 412 246	35,802 1,848 1,586 692	106,499 5,758 5,425 3,084				
Total	29,270	66,548	14,290	39,928	120,766				

⁽¹⁾ Revised.

Table 19.— Construction Operations Under The Veterans' Land Act, 1942
Number of New Housing Units Started, Completed and Under
Construction, and Expenditure, by Type of Project, Canada,
September 23, 1943 — 1949.

		·		
	Numl	per of Housing	y Units	Expenditure on Housing Units
Type of Project	Started	Completed	Under Con- struction (At End of Period)	Completed, Current Construction, Repairs and Other Services \$000
1. Small Holdings, Sub-Division Projects: Sept. 1943—Dec. 1948 1949—1st Quarter 2nd Quarter 3rd Quarter 4th Quarter Total, 1949	2,673 - - - - - -	2,673 	- - - - -	21,231
Sub-total	2,673	2,673		21,449
2. Small Holdings, Individual Projects: Sept. 1943—Dec. 1948 1949—1st Quarter 2nd Quarter 3rd Quarter 4th Quarter Total, 1949	4,567 183 391 826 353 1,753	2,910 112 436 374 423 1,345	1,657 1,728 1,683 2,135 2,065	22,836 2,194 1,484 3,075 3,679 10,432
Sub-total	6,320	4,255	_	33,268
3. Full-Time Farming Projects: Sept. 1943—Dec. 1948 1949—1st Quarter 2nd Quarter 3rd Quarter 4th Quarter Total, 1949	682 19 12 59 22 112	430 41 18 25 34 118	252 230 224 258 246	3,417 241 194 1,082 322 1,839
Sub-total	794	548	_	5,256
4. Other Projects: Sept. 1943—Dec. 1948 1949—1st Quarter 2nd Quarter 3rd Quarter 4th Quarter Total, 1949	719 36 13 52 16 117	426 21 15 42 20 98	293 317 308 214 312	2,703 209 166 434 301 1,110
Sub-total	836	524	_	3,813
5. All Projects: Sept. 1943—Dec. 1948 1949—1st Quarter 2nd Quarter 3rd Quarter 4th Quarter Total, 1949	8,641 238 416 937 391 1,982	6,439 174 469 441 477 1,561	2,202 2,275 2,215 2,675 2,623	50,187 2,644 2,018 4,635 4,302 13,599
Total, September 1943— December 1949	10,623	8,000	-	63,786

TABLE 20.— ARMED SERVICE MARRIED QUARTERS, PERMANENT AND TEMPORARY HOUSING, NUMBER STARTED, COMPLETED, AND UNDER CONSTRUCTION, AND EXPENDITURES, CANADA. 1947 --- 1949.(1)

Period		Starts			Completions			Under Construction (At End of Period)			Construction Expenditures \$000		
	Per- manent	Tem- porary	Total	Per- manent	Tem- porary	Total	Per- manent	Tem- porary	Total	Per- manent	Tem- porary	Total	
1947	481	824	1,305	18	438	456	523	576	1,099(2)	522	522	1,044	
1948	1,807	174	1,981	363	643	1,006	1,967	30	1,997	10,845	636	11,481	
1949(3) 1st Quarter	170	2	172	545	14	559	1,592	18	1,610	3,556	2	3,558	
2nd Quarter	101	0	101	565	0	565	1,128	18	1,146	2,263	9	2,272	
3rd Quarter	2	0	2	273	5	278	857	13	870	4,317	4	4,321	
4th Quarter	118	0	118	321	12	333	654	1	655	3,596	·2	3,598	
Sub-total	391	2	393	1,704	* 31	1,735	-	_	_	13,732	17	13,749	
Total, Jan., 1947— Dec., 1949	2,679	1,000	3,679	2,085	1,112	3,197		_	· _	25,099	1,175	26,274	

Includes housing units built for employees of the Defence Research Board.
 Prior to January, 1947, starts were made on 60 permanent and 190 temporary units.
 Revised to include 219 units started in remote areas. 29 of which were completed and expenditure on which amounted to \$1.3 million.

TABLE 21.— ARMED SERVICE MARRIED QUARTERS, CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS BY CENTRAL MORTGAGE AND HOUSING CORPORATION, (1) NUMBER OF HOUSING UNITS STARTED, COMPLETED AND UNDER CONSTRUCTION, AND ACTUAL EXPENDITURES, CANADA, JANUARY — DECEMBER, 1949.

	Numb	er of Housin	g Units	Actual Expenditures \$000				
Period	Started	Started Completed C		Housing	Land, Improvements and Other Outlay	Total		
1949(2)								
1st Quarter	_		_	2	_	2		
2nd Quarter	_			53	11	64		
July	97		97	50	_	50		
August	559		656	295	21 54	316		
September 3rd Quarter	1,096 1,752	_	1,752	1,248 1,593	75	1,302 1,668		
October	649		2,401	3,041	192	3,233		
November	271	_	2,672	2,235	269	2,504		
December	92	20	2,744	3,309	725	4,034		
4th Quarter	1,012	20	-	8,585	1,186	9,771		
Total, 1949	2,764	20	·	10,233	1,272	11,505		

The construction operations in respect to the 1949 program of Armed Service Married Quarters are being conducted by the Construction Division, C.M.H.C. on behalf of the Department of National Defence. For progress of 1947 and 1948 program see Table 20.
 Not shown are 219 units started in 1949 in remote areas, 29 of which were completed and expenditures, on which amounted to \$1.3 million.

TABLE 22. — LENDING OPERATIONS UNDER THE CANADIAN FARM LOAN ACT, 1927, CANADA, 1929 — 1949.

	Re	esidential	Construct	ion				
Period	New St	ructures	Impro of Ex	ion and vement isting tures	Other F	urposes	Total	
	Number of Loans	Amount of Loans \$000	Number of Loans	Amount of Loans \$000	Number of Loans	Amount of Loans \$000	Number of Loans(1)	Amount of Loans \$000
May 1, 1929— Mar. 31, 1945 1945(3) 1946 1947	(2) 	(2) 48 49 58	(2) 25 49 49	(2) 10 25 18	(2) 794 1,299 1,222	(2) 1,973 3,311 3,191	26,832 804 1,309 1,227	54,694 2,031 3,386 3,267
1948 1st Quarter	6	6	18	7	233	620	234	633
2nd Quarter	10	12	23	10	295	759	298	781
3rd Quarter	31	38	60	28	664	1,620	669	1,686
4th Quarter	15	29	44	21	621	1,664	627	1,714
Sub-total	62	85	145	66	1,813	4,663	1,828	4,814
January February March 1st Quarter	6 0 1 7	7 2 9	8 2 0 10	3 2 — 5	151 58 43 252	446 181 133 760	152 58 44 254	457 182 135 774
April May June 2nd Quarter	0 8 16 24	 13 30 43	1 7 21 29	1 5 13 19	39 126 238 403	101 344 584 1,029	39 128 243 410	102 362 627 1,091
July August September 3rd Quarter	11 12 15 38	25 17 25 67	19 28 28 75	8 10 11 29	192 234 223 649	489 571 587 1,647	200 238 226 664	522 598 623 1,743
October November December 4th Quarter	7 3 7 17	10 2 17 29	21 17 10 48	10 5 5 20	208 214 232 654	554 543 625 1,722	211 215 235 661	574 550 647 1,771
Sub-total	86	148	162	73	1,958	5,158	1,989	5,379
Total, May, 1929— Dec., 1949	-						33,989	73,571

Because the amount loaned on a single mortgage may be applied for several purposes, the number of loans referred to in the total column has reference to the number of applications approved and consequently is at variance with a total of the number of loans shown in the other three columns.
 Not available.
 Covers period April 1 to December 31.

Table 23.— Lending Operations Under The Farm Improvement Loans Act, 1944, Canada, March, 1945 — 1949.

	Re	esidential	Construct	ion					
Period	New St	ructures	Impro of Ex	Alteration and Improvement of Existing Structures		Purposes	Total		
	Number of Loans	Amount of Loans \$000	Number of Loans	Amount of Loans \$000	Number of Loans	Amount of Loans \$000	Number of Loans	Amount of Loans \$000	
1945 ⁽¹⁾ 1946 1947	232 375 387	259 408 488	246 351 448	145 237 333	3,833 12,304 21,211	2,978 9,235 17,340	4,311 13,030 22,046	3,382 9,880 18,160	
1948 1st Quarter	56	77	56	44	4,147	3,788	4,259	3,908	
2nd Quarter	106	134	157	150	9,196	8,044	9,459	8,329	
3rd Quarter	80	108	139	116	9,581	10,292	9,800	10,516	
4th Quarter	86	129	172	124	6,655	6,325	6,913	6,578	
Sub-total	328	448	524	434	29,579	28,449	30,431	29,331	
1949 January February March 1st Quarter	9 10 13 32	10 16 23 49	26 22 54 102	21 16 46 82	1,493 1,445 3,254 6,192	1,507 1,421 3,143 6,071	1,528 1,477 3,321 6,326	1,538 1,453 3,212 6,203	
April May June 2nd Quarter	33 42 69 144	46 73 115 234	52 103 128 283	46 98 121 265	5,385 3,496 3,305 12,186	4,823 3,269 3,111 11,203	5,470 3,641 3,502 12,613	4,915 3,440 3,347 11,702	
July August September 3rd Quarter	63 36 ⁽²⁾ 31 130 ⁽²⁾	92 42 43 177	98 60 74 232	89 58 63 210	3,695 6,446 4,847 14,988	3,786 7,824 5,474 17,084	3,856 6,542 ⁽²⁾ 4,952 15,350 ⁽²⁾	3,967 7,924 5,580 17,471	
October November December 4th Quarter	57 47 24 128	73 67 37 177	107 107 73 287	88 85 61 234	5,122 3,278 1,681 10,081	5,259 3,195 1,647 10,101	5,286 3,432 1,778 10,496	5,420 3,347 1,744 10,511	
Sub-total	434	637	904	791	43,447	44,459	44,785	45,887	
Γotal, March, 1945 —Dec., 1949	1,756	2,240	2,473	1,940	110,374	102,461	114,603	106,640	

Covers period March 1 December 31.
 Revised.

Table 24.— Property Management Operations Under Central Mortgage and Housing Corporation, Number of Rental Units Under Administration and Per Cent Vacant, By Type of Unit, Canada, 1947—1949.

			Units in New							
As at End of Month	Single Units		Multiple Units		Total		Home Conversion Plan		All Units	
	Number of Units	Per cent Vacant	Number of Units	Per cent Vacant	Number of Units	Per cent Vacant	Number of Units	Per cent Vacant	Number of Units	Per cen Vacant
947										
March	26,867	. 7	42	-	26,909	. 7	2,081		28,990	.6 .5 .5
June	28,074	. 5	42	_	28,116	.5 .6 .6	2,098	_	30,214	.5
September	28,769	.4	539	2.0	28,811	.6	2,085	_	30,896	. 5
December	30,392	.6	799	. 1	31,191	.0	2,079	-	33,270	.5
948										
March	31,606	.4	1,132	-	32,738	.4	2,065	_	34,803	.4
June	33,260	. 8	1,142	_	34,402	. 4 . 7	2,013	-	36,415	.7
September	33,731	.4 .8 .4 .3	1,392	_	35,123	.4	1,990	. 5	37,113	.4
December	33,900	.3	1,388	. 1	35,288	.3	1,827	-	37,115	.4 .7 .4 .3
949		,								
January	34,182	.4	1,416	.1	35,598	.3	1,791	.3	37,389	. 3
February	34.613	.6	1,466	_	36.079	.6	1,770	.5	37.849	.6
March	35.373	. 7	1,505	-	36,878	.7	1,671	.3	38,549	. 7
April	35,979	.6 .7 .8 .7	1,533	.3	37,512	.6 .7 .8 .7	1,633	1.1	39,145	.8
May	37,046	.7	1,603	. 6 . 7	38,649	. 7	1,574	2.0	40,223	. 7
June	37,461	. 6 . 7 . 7	1,642		39,103	.6 .8 .7 .7	1,512	.9	40,615	.7
July	37,791	. 7	1,697	1.6	39,488	.8	1,513	.4	41,001	.8
August	37,919	.7	1,725	1.6	39,644	. 7	1,477	.9	41,121	. 7
September	38,765	.7 .5	1,752	. 7	40,517	. 7	1,361	1.2	41,878	.7
October	38,490	.5	1,766	.8	40,256	. 5	1,301	1.3	41,557	.6 .7 .8 .7 .7 .8 .7 .7
November December	38,375 38,374	.4 .4	1,766 1,768	1.1	40,141 40,142	.4 .4	1,247 1,213	2.2	41,388 41,355	.5

Table 25.— Operations Under The National Housing Act, 1944, Rental Insurance Plan, (1) Number of Projects, Units, and Total Estimated Cost for Approved Projects with Loans Under The N.H.A. and With Conventional Loans, Canada, July, 1948 — December, 1949.

	With Lo	ans Under Th	e N.H.A.	With	Conventional	Loans		Total	
Period	Number of Projects	Number of Units	Estimated Cost \$000	Number of Projects	Number of Units	Estimated Cost \$000	Number of Projects	Number of Units	Estimated Cost \$000
1948 3rd Quarter	1	100	614	9	363	2,799	10	463	3,413
4th Quarter	5	120	748	21	1,405	10,324	26	1,525	11,072
Sub-total	6	220	1,362	30	1,768	13,123	36	1,988	14,485
1949 January February March 1st Quarter	5 7 11 23	224 330 439 993	1,611 2,448 3,349 7,408	4 4 15 23	158 78 305 541	1,195 572 2,463 4,230	9 11 26 46	382 408 744 1,534	2,806 3,020 5,812 11,638
April May June 2nd Quarter	3 7 9 19	52 261 989 1,302	345 1,936 7,312 9,593	14 -1 -7 6	404 - 62 -327 15	2,888 - 455 -2,400 33	17 6 2 25	456 199 662 1,317	3,233 1,481 4,912 9,626
July August September 3rd Quarter	7 5 5 17	458 737 95 1,290	3,235 4,703 591 8,529	9 0 1 10	403 30 1,121 1,554	3,299 158 7,861 113,18	16 5 6 27	861 767 1,216 2,844	6,534 4,861 8,452 19,847
October November December 4th Quarter	5 1 1 7	139 48 502 689	1,090 285 3,278 4,653	3 5 5 13	84 443 809 1,336	623 2,519 4,962 8,104	8 6 6 20	223 491 1,311 2,025	1,713 2,804 8,240 12,757
Sub-total	66	4,274	30,183	52	3,446	23,685	118	7,720	53,868
Total, July, 1948— December, 1949	72	4,494	31,545	82	5,214	36,808	154	9,708	68,353

⁽¹⁾ Data to October, 1949 revised to show net instead of gross figures. (See p. 105).

Table 26.— Operations Under the National Housing Act, 1944, Rental Insurance Plan, (1)
Average Number of Rooms, Floor Area, Estimated Cost, and Maximum Rent
Per Unit, for Projects Approved, Canada, July, 1948 — December, 1949.

Period	Number of Rooms	Floor Area (Sq. Ft.)	Estimated Cost \$	Maximum Monthly Rent
July August September 3rd Quarter	4.0	865	8,036	83.86
	4.0	912	7,320	69.00
	4.0	904	7,328	79.97
	4.0	902	7,371	79.85
October	4.0	869	6,779	78.50
November	3.7	844	7,149	81.48
December	3.9	898	7,452	82.55
4th Quarter	3.8	873	7,261	81.71
Sub-total	3.9	879	7,286	81.28
1949 January February March 1st Quarter	3.8 3.7 4.1 3.9	912 952 896 915	7,345 7,403 7,811 7,587	83.65 85.59 80.12 82.46
April	3.7	912	7,089	78.45
May	3.6	917	7,445	84.94
June	4.2	906	7,419	70.23
2nd Quarter	4.0	910	7,309	75.30
July	4.0	924	7,589	73.81
August	4.1	936	6,337	57.09
September	4.1	880	6,951	63.07
3rd Quarter	4.1	908	6,978	64.71
October	3.6	895	7,679	78.52
November	3.8	938	5,711	49.32
December	4.6	957	6,285	58.33
4th Quarter	4.3	945	6,299	58.37
Sub-total	4.1	920	6,978	68.38
Total, July, 1948— December, 1949	4.0	911	7,040	71.02

⁽¹⁾ Data to October, 1949 revised to show net instead of gross figures (see p. 105).

Table 27.— Approved Applications for Double Depreciation on Rental Housing Projects, Number of Projects and Units and Total Estimated Cost, Canada, June, 1947 — 1949.

		h Loans U ional Hou			Guarantees Ital Insura		With D A	ouble Depr pproval Or	reciation lly		Total	
Period	Number of Projects	Number of Units	Estimated Cost . \$000	Number of Projects	Number of Units	Estimated Cost \$000	Number of Projects	Number of Units	Estimated Cost \$000	Number of Projects	Number of Units	Estimated Cost \$000
1947(1)	22	151	760	0		_	6	219	1,783	28	370	2,543
1948 1st Quarter 2nd Quarter 3rd Quarter 4th Quarter	12 6 1 7	87 76 8 82	532 547 59 615	0 0 0 1	- - - 40	- - - 247	- 7 4 2	4 68 34 6	26 671 183 277	13 13 5 9	91 144 42 128	558 1,218 242 892
Sub-total	26	253	1,753	1	40	247	14	112	1,157	40	405	2,910
1949 January February March 1st Quarter	3 3 5 11	64 50 82 196	413 274 540 1,227	5 5 7 17	128 64 200 392	874 430 1,499 2,803	0 6 2 8	30 12 42	336 102 438	5 8 12 25	128 101 230 459	874 669 1,685 3,228
April May June 2nd Quarter	2 1 0 3	30 36 - 66	192 290 - 482	4 5 0 9	77 184 - 261	539 1,384 - 1,923	1 1 0 2	14 - 18	11 92 - 103	5 6 0 11	81 198 - 279	550 1,475 - 2,025
July August September 3rd Quarter	1 0 0 1	144 - - 144	842 - - 842	23 3 3 29	421 114 52 587	2,750 867 365 3,982	6 0 0 6	6 - - 6	154 - - 154	29 3 3 35	427 114 52 593	2,904 867 365 4,136
October November December 4th Quarter	0 1 2 3	15 190 205	89 1,512 1,601	3 2 19 24	99 30 1,132 1,261	604 177 7,539 8,320	0 0 0 0	- - - -		3 2 20 25	99 30 1,196 1,325	604 177 8,004 8,785
Sub-total	18	611	4,152	79	2,501	17,028	16	66	695	96	2,656	18,174
Total, June, 1947— Dec. 1949	66	1,015	6,665	80	2,541	17,275	36	397	3,635	164	3,431	23,627

⁽¹⁾ Covers period June to December.

Table 28.— Approved Applications for Double Depreciation on Rental Housing Projects, Average Estimated Costs Per Unit, Floor Area, Number of Rooms and Monthly Rent per Unit, and Estimated Construction Costs Per Square Foot, Canada, June, 1947 — December, 1949.

		Estimat	ed Costs		Floor Area	Construction	Number of	Monthly
Period	Land	Construction	Equipment and Other	Total	per Housing Unit	Costs per Sq. Ft.	Rooms per Housing Unit	Rent per Housing Unit
	\$. \$	\$	\$	Sq. Ft.	\$		\$
1947(1)	207	5,914	753	6,874	969	6.10	4.7	58.06
1948								
1st Quarter	457	5,365	313	6,135	922	5.82	4.6	68.07
2nd Quarter	214	7,407	392	8,013	1,019	7.16	4.8	47.70
3rd Quarter	164	5,291	307	5,762	1,055	5.02	4.3	67.68
4th Quarter	237	6,317	416	6,970	956	6.61	4.6	71.78
Annual Average	270	6,404	373	7,047	981	6.44	4.6	61.96
1949 January February March 1st Quarter	298 343 451 385	5,915 5,960 6,403 6,169	614 320 473 479	6,827 6,623 7,327 7,033	861 974 976 944	6.87 6.12 6.56 6,54	3.6 4.6 3.9 4.0	85.35 76.01 85.30 83.27
April May June	371 413	5,746 6,332	669 707	6,786 7,452	889 948 —	6.23 6.68	3.8	75.95 87.48
2nd Quarter	400	6,162	696	7,258	934	6.58	3.8	84.13
July August September 3rd Quarter	367 530 470 408	5,916 6,159 5,978 5,968	518 916 569 599	6,801 7,605 7,017 6,975	1,013 984 906 998	5.84 7.73 7.75 6.98	4.7 4.7 3.7 4.6	76.47 63.09 82.21 74.39
October November December 4th Quarter	139 240 392 370	5,143 5,172 5,877 5,806	811 493 423 454	6,093 5,905 6,692 6,630	841 889 930 922	6.12 5.82 6.32 6.29	3.5 4.0 3.8 3.8	72.44 53.23 72.69 72.22
Annual Average	384	5,942	516	6,842	937	6.35	4.0	75.87
Average, June, 1947– December, 1949	352	6,009	525	6,886	945	6.36	4.2	72.30

⁽¹⁾ Covers period June to December.

Period	Veterans' Land Act, 1942	Veterans' Rental Projects by C.M.H.C.	Housing Enterprises of Canada, Limited	Integrated Housing Projects	P.B1048	Rental Housing Projects	Armed Service Married Quarters(1)	Pre- fabricated Houses	Miscel New	laneous Conversion	Total
1945(2) 1946 1947	2,657 1,703 1,213	6,923 5,210 7,282	3,315	3,238 5,748	7,216 9,132	<u> </u>		1,000 1,035 1,496	238 1,245 1,220	2,826 2,447	10,818 25,788 29,909
1948 1st Quarter 2nd Quarter 3rd Quarter 4th Quarter	118 282 480 346	520 3,565 3,720 516		1,180 2,654 1,614 872	503 850 971 896	64 222 509 884	369 447 755 429	363 50 153 18	278 124 270 56		3,395 8,333 8,472 4,237
Sub-total	1,226	8,321	_	6,320	3,220	1,679	2,000	584	728	359	24,437
1949 January February March 1st Quarter	38 41 30 109	220 — 320 540	-	447 16 96 559	126 115 104 345	676 40 189 905		6 — 95 101			1,513 218 834 2,559
April May June 2nd Quarter	42 45 54 141	159 881 1,040		194 409 316 919	74 65 51 190	204 201 284 689			5 196 42 243		618 916 1,660 3,254
July August September 3rd Quarter	29 68 51 148	495 1,423 561 2,479	— — —	284 296 331 911	72 34 15 121	235 205 73 513	1,128 1,885 329 3,342	 	41 35 28 104		2,284 3,946 1,388 7,618
October November December 4th Quarter	24 19 — 43	335 24 — 359		244 157 173 574	26 16 12 54	247 187 — 434	283 12 — 295	_ _ _	7 16 7 30	— —	1,166 431 192 1,789
Sub-total	441	4,418		2,963	710 ·	2,541	3,637	133	377	_	15,220
1950 January	6	125		31	6			_	303		471
Total, Aug. 23, 1945 —January, 1950	7,246	32,279	3,332	18,300	20,284	4,762	6,449	4,248	4,111	5,632	106,643

⁽¹⁾ Covers housing units built for members of the permanent armed forces and for employees of the Defence Research Board, (2) Covers period Aug. 23 — December 31.

Table 30.— Operations Under the Housing Corporation, Province of Ontario, Number of Loans and Housing Units Approved, Amount of Loans Approved, and Amount of Loans Advanced,

May, 1948 — January, 1950.

Period	Number of Loans	Amount of	Amount of
	and Housing	Loans Approved	Loans Advanced
	Units Approved	\$000	\$000
1948 May-June	597	623	90
July August September 3rd Quarter	330	343	202
	404	421	226
	495	527	334
	1,229	1,292	763
October	564	608	449
November	534	587	431
December	744	819	667
4th Quarter	1,842	2,015	1,548
Sub-total	3,668	3,929	2,401
1949 January February March 1st Quarter	536	603	607
	588	705	602
	681	705	712
	1,805	2,013	1,921
April	563	638	701
	742	861	836
	862	994	864
	2,167	2,493	2,401
July August September 3rd Quarter	638	737	858
	1,049	1,310	997
	1,338	1,198	1,093
	3,025	3,245	2,948
October November December 4th Quarter	1,111	1,040	1,390
	1,430	1,650	1,362
	1,151	1,323	1,487
	3,692	4,013	4,239
Sub-total	10,689	11,764	11,509
1950—January	694	795	1,196
Total, May, 1948— January, 1950	15,051	16,488	15,106

Table 31.— Operations Under The Quebec Housing Act, (1) Number and Amount of Loans Approved, Number of Housing Units Involved, and Provincial Commitments, January, 1948 — January, 1950.

Period		oans roved		vincial nitment	Number of Housing	
	Number	Amount \$000	Total \$000	Average per Loan	Units	
January, 1948—October, 1949	1,718	8,908	2,751	1,599	1,989	
November, 1949	259	1,473	444	1,714	296	
December, 1949	198	1,165	359	1,813	242	
January, 1950	174	963	320	1,839	200	
Total, January, 1948— January, 1950	2,349	12,,509	3,874	1,649	2,727	

⁽¹⁾ An Act to Improve Housing Conditions, Chapter 6, 12 George VI, Statutes of the Province of Quebec.

SECTION 4 REAL ESTATE LENDING AND LOANS FOR BUILDING PURPOSES

Table 32. — Gross Mortgage Loans on Real Estate Approved by Lending Institutions, By Type of Loan, Canada, 1947 — 1949.

		Non-Fa	rm Reside	ential Rea	l Estate		Non-l	Farm Oth	er Real I	Estate	Fa	rms	To	otal
Period	New	v Construc	ction	Exis	sting Prop	erty	New Con	struction	Existing	Property				
	Number of Loans	Number of Housing Units	of Loons	Number of Loans	Number of Housing Units	-C T		Amount of Loans \$000		Amount of Loans \$000		Amount of Loans \$000		Amount of Loans
1947	19,603	25,582	106,143	20,688	31,866	82,176	1,054	27,253	1,480	35,882	1,560	6,680	44,385	258,134
1948	28,596	36,137	168,534	22,492	35,315	92,003	1,122	33,551	1,797	42,541	1,593	6,675	55,600	343,304
1949 January February March 1st Quarter	1,830	2,729	12,104	1,278	1,925	5,126	66	2,087	100	2,374	85	423	3,359	22,114
	1,605	2,152	10,161	1,488	2,455	6,207	102	3,617	109	2,060	87	460	3,391	22,505
	2,227	3,219	15,690	1,978	3,054	8,170	84	2,201	171	4,684	108	552	4,568	31,297
	5,662	8,100	37,955	4,744	7,434	19,503	252	7,905	380	9,118	280	1,435	11,318	75,916
April	2,910	3,853	19,072	2,217	3,644	9,558	106	2,184	133	2,090	180	720	5,546	33,624
May	2,787	3,662	18,176	2,319	3,272	9,334	88	3,715	140	2,744	149	675	5,483	34,644
June	3,568	4,311	21,231	2,407	3,731	10,381	86	2,739	128	2,700	136	536	6,325	37,587
2nd Quarter	9,265	11,826	58,479	6,943	10,647	29,273	280	8,638	401	7,534	465	1,931	17,354	105,855
July	3,281	3,835	19,744	1,988	2,645	7,653	72	1,504	125	3,664	81	360	5,547	32,925
August	3,897	4,632	22,953	2,031	2,828	7,801	91	4,106	118	2,682	93	351	6,230	37,893
September	3,315	4,002	18,977	2,078	3,030	8,126	99	5,297	150	4,844	146	615	5,788	37,859
3rd Quarter	10,493	12,469	61,674	6,097	8,50	23,580	262	10,907	393	11,190	320	1,326	17,565	108,677
October	2,837	3,400	16,620	2,050	3,266	8,572	96	5,283	142	2,251	185	777	5,310	33,504
November	3,515	4,206	22,064	2,132	3,190	8,785	91	2,500	156	9,004	179	790	6,073	43,143
December	2,435	3,024	15,382	1,583	6,193	7,279	61	1,678	106	1,354	150	657	4,335	26,351
4th Quarter	8,787	10,630	54,066	5,765	8,970	24,636	248	9,462	404	12,609	514	2,224	15,718	102,998
Total, 1949	34,207	43,025	212,174	23,549	35,554	96,992	1,042	36,912	1,578	40,451	1,579	6,916	61,955	393,446

⁽¹⁾ The figure shown here is slightly larger than the sum of the number of loans for single units and the number of multiple units shown in Table 33 because in two instances one loan covered several single dwellings (see footnotes 1, page 61, and 3, page 62, of Table 33).

60

TABLE 33.— GROSS MORTGAGE LOANS APPROVED ON NEW NON-FARM HOUSING CONSTRUCTION, BY TYPE OF LENDING INSTITUTION, AND BY TYPE OF HOUSING UNIT, CANADA, 1947 — 1949.

		Life Ins	urance Co	mpanies			Trus	t Compa	nies			Loa	n Compa	nies	
Period	Single	Units	М	Multiple Units		Single Units		Μι	ıltiple Uı	nits	Single	Units	Multiple Units		
	Number of Loans	Amount \$000	Number of Loans			Number of Loans	Amount \$000	Number of Loans	Number of Units	Amount \$000	Number of Loans	Amount \$000		Number of Units	Amount \$000
1947	14,336(1)	67,657	1,298	6,052	20,443	846	2,907	123	387	808	2,467	9,664	282	1,016	2,736
1948	20,765	107,802	2,086	8,091	32,129	1,564	7,412	106	385	876	3,084	12,564	372	1,179	2,857
July 1949 (2) January February March 1st Quarter April May June 2nd Quarter July	1,240 1,010 1,403 3,653 1,962 1,957 2,489 6,408	6,577 5,610 7,570 19,757 11,150 10,960 13,708 35,818 13,968	228 144 201 573 171 171 174 516	1,039 617 1,063 2,719 776 933 757 2,466	3,783 2,440 4,745 10,968 3,908 4,109 3,067 11,084 2,408	87 136 206 429 145 153 171 469	455 485 1,228 2,168 751 743 779 2,272 621	4 2 6 12 3 3 7 13	28 4 19 51 8 7 20 35	70 18 71 159 24 18 80 122	231 259 258 748 468 369 564 1,401	932 1,161 1,115 3,208 2,078 1,499 2,440 6,017	20 27 39 86 27 27 48 102	68 84 113 265 96 68 149 313	142 246 210 598 145 147 370 662
August September 3rd Quarter	3,008 2,368 7,826	16,861 12,978 43,807	140 136 405	748 574 1,828	2,681 2,243 7,332	171 106 408	725 428 1,774	14 9 32	45 27 99	118 70 264	448 470 1,344	1,886 1,965 5,689	36 63 161	102 203 511	245 362 1,044
October November December 4th Quarter	2,055 2,609 1,760 6,424	11,491 15,457 10,407 37,355	132 149 184 465	562 668 622 1,852	1,709 2,781 2,561 7,051	226 208 96 530	1,246 1,093 428 2,767	3 13 8 24	8 44 21 73	17 138 55 210	331 420 260 1,011	1,470 1,797 1,054 4,321	66 42 58 166	186 136 172 494	502 325 447 1,273
Total, 1949	24,311	136,737	1,959	8,865	36,435	1,836	8,982	81	258	755	4,504	19,235	515	1,583	3,577

⁽¹⁾ Includes one loan approved for 2 single units and one for 21 single units, (2) Revised.

TABLE 33. — GROSS MORTGAGE LOANS APPROVED ON NEW NON-FARM HOUSING CONSTRUCTION, BY TYPE OF LENDING INSTITUTION, AND BY TYPE OF HOUSING UNIT, CANADA, 1947 — 1949.— Continued.

		Frater	nal Socie	ties ⁽¹⁾			Fire Ins	urance Co	mpanies			All Lend	ing Insti	tutions(2)	
Period	Single	Units	Mu	Multiple Units		Single Units		М	ultiple Un	nits	Single	Units	M	lultiple U	nits
	Number of Loans	Amount \$000	Number of Loans			Number of Loans	Amount \$000	Number of Loans	Number of Units	Amount \$000	Number of Loans			Number of Units	Amount \$000
1947	102	519	134	320	1,242	2	30	13	33	137	17,573	80,776	1,850	7,808	25,366
1948	362	2,034	242	651	2,628	3	23	12	53	209	25,778	129,835	2,818	10,359	38,699
1949(4) January February March 1st Quarter April May June 2nd Quarter	8 14 86 108 105 87 74 266	43 77 533 653 684 497 426 1,607	9 10 27 46 27 18 36 81	24 22 70 116 290 43 77 410	91 95 204 390 314 148 315 777	2 1 1 4 1 0 1 2	6 4 14 24 6 - 4	1 2 0 3 1 2 4 7	2 5 7 2 45 9 56	5 25 30 12 54 42 108	1,568 1,420 1,954 4,942 2,681 2,566 3,299 8,546	8,013 7,337 10,460 25,810 14,668 13,700 17,357 45,725	262 185 273 720 229 221 269 719	1,161 732 1,265 3,158 1,172 1,096 1,012 3,280	4,091 2,824 5,230 12,145 4,403 4,475 3,875 12,753
July August September 3rd Quarter	37 57 82 176	215 275 415 905	11 22 80 113	23 52 171 246	78 154 512 744	24 1 1 26	83 7 4 95	2 0 0 2	5 - - 5	20 - - 20	3,068 3,685 3,027 9,780	16,725 19,755 15,791 52,271	213 212 288 713	767 947 975 2,689	3,019 3,199 3,180 9,404
October November December 4th Quarter	17 38 53 108	124 179 299 602	3 30 11 44	8 74 27 109	25 235 84 344	2 4 0 6	22 32 - 54	2 2 5 9	5 5 13 23	16 26 50 92	2,631 3,279 2,169 8,079	14,352 18,559 12,188 45,099	206 236 266 708	769 927 855 2,551	2,269 3,505 3,197 8,971
Total, 1949	658	3,768	284	881	2,255	38	183	21	91	250	31,347	168,905	2,860	11,678	43,273

Including mutual benefit societies and pension fund associations.
 The sum total of lending operations on single and multiple units by all lending institutions is shown in columns 2 to 4 in Table 32.
 Includes one loan approved for 2 single units and one for 21 single units.
 Revised.

Table 34.— Loans for Building Purposes and Other Loans Made by Chartered Banks, Canada, 1939 — 1949.

(Millions of Dollars)

	Class of Loans												
Year	Building	Agricultural	Financial	Manufacturing and Other	Total	Percentage of Total Loans							
1939	45.8	268.4	220.0	609.3	1,143.5	4.0							
1940	52.1	289.1	207.3	636.3	1,184.8	4.4							
1941	50.4	340.3	214.1	670.3	1,275.1	4.0							
1942	49.4	340.1	147.8	569.0	1,106.3	4.5							
1943	45.5	295.8	166.8	569.7	1,077.8	4.2							
1944	39.0	267.0	209.5	534.1	1,049.6	3.7							
1945	47.6	180.8	337.3	573.8	1,139.5	4.2							
1946	71.8	177.5	382.4	807.2	1,438.9	5.0							
1947	93.9	215.2	347.8	1,281.3	1,938.2	4.8							
1948	103.6	265.2	341.8	1,390.1	2,100.7	4.9							
1949	113.3	374.5	394.5	1,526.1	2,408.4	4.7							

SECTION 5 **BUILDING MATERIALS**

Table 35.— Indexes of Production of Construction Materials, by Lumber, Other Construction Materials, and Total, and Index of Domestic DISAPPEARANCE OF CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS EXCLUDING Lumber, Canada, 1939 — 1949.

(1939 = 100)

		Production		Domestic ⁽¹⁾
Period	Lumber	Other Construction Materials	Total	Disappearance
1939 1940 1941 1942 1943 1944 1945 1946 1947	100.0 116.7 124.6 124.5 110.2 114.0 114.0 128.4 134.9	100.0 123.0 148.0 136.1 123.1 131.4 147.6 174.4 209.7	100.0 118.2 130.3 127.3 113.3 118.2 122.1 139.6 153.6	100.0 120.0 143.7 134.2 118.3 127.9 144.3 170.7 198.6
1948 January February March April May June July August September October November December	103.4 114.9 123.8 106.4 152.8 183.3 188.0 177.7 158.8 124.5 87.7 89.5	215.3 208.6 226.6 228.8 222.4 243.5 221.5 246.0 263.0 270.6 257.5 231.6	131.0 138.0 149.2 136.7 169.8 183.7 195.9 194.3 184.5 160.7 129.9 124.7	199.6 195.2 222.6 229.7 227.3 238.5 214.1 229.7 257.3 251.8 254.3 209.2
Annual Average	134.2	236.3	158.2	227.4
1949 (2) January. February. March. April. May. June. July. August. September. October. November. December.	102.3 110.5 134.2 100.0 166.2 209.5 183.0 174.4 146.3 117.0 97.8 93.2	235.1 214.2 258.5 237.2 253.3 271.2 228.7 272.0 280.2 296.8 284.1 244.5	135.2 168.3 164.9 134.0 187.6 224.5 194.0 198.4 179.4 161.6 143.9 130.8	209.9 204.1 255.7 252.4 266.6 272.0 236.2 276.8 282.4 340.0 333.7 284.9
Annual Average	136.2	256.3	168.6	267.9

⁽¹⁾ Excludes lumber (see p. 106).(2) Preliminary.

TABLE 36.— PRODUCTION OF SELECTED BUILDING MATERIALS, CANADA, 1939 — 1949. (In Units Specified)

	Lumber a	and Lumber	Products		Clay P	roducts	
Period	Sawn Lumber (1)	Hardwood Flooring (2)	Wood Fibre Insulating Board	Building Brick ⁽³⁾	Flue Linings (4)	Vitrified Sewer Pipe ⁽⁴⁾	Structural Tile ⁽³⁾
	Millions of Ft. B.M.	Thousands of Sq. Ft.	Millions of Sq. Ft. ½"B.	Millions of Bricks	Thousands of Feet	Thousands of Feet	Thousands of Tons
1939 1940 1941 1942 1943 1944 1945 1946 1947	3,976.9 4,629.1 4,941.1 4,935.1 4,363.6 4,512.2 4,514.2 5,083.3 5,877.9 ⁽⁵⁾		98.1 130.8 169.4 154.7 159.4 153.8 164.7 161.8 203.1	165.0 191.2 208.9 169.3 138.7 154.8 190.9 274.4 292.2	940.1 1,025.0		86.1 105.1 117.5 109.9 84.5 87.8 90.2 134.4 150.2
1948 1st Quarter 2nd Quarter 3rd Quarter 4th Quarter	1,198.0 ⁽⁵⁾ 1,528.0 ⁽⁵⁾ 1,797.9 ⁽⁵⁾ 1,069.1 ⁽⁵⁾	15,583 15,957 16,557 17,910	49.8 54.4 57.2 59.3	57.2 78.5 92,9 88.1	300.2 274.6 325.9 296.9	1,171.7 1,171.9 1,295.4 1,427.7	30.4 40.6 44.4 41.9
Total, 1948	$5,593.0^{(5)}$	66,007	220.7	316.7	1,197.6	5,066.7	157.3
1949 January February March 1st Quarter	338.3 ⁽⁵⁾ 365.1 ⁽⁵⁾ 443.5 ⁽⁵⁾ 1,146.9 ⁽⁵⁾	5,759 6,394 7,228 19,381	20.2 20.1 23.0 63.3	23.9 20.9 23.2 68.0	105.6 85.7 116.9 308.2	407.7 431.5 386.2 1,225.4	13.8 12.0 14.1 39.9
April May June 2nd Quarter	330.4 ⁽⁵⁾ 549.5 ⁽⁵⁾ 692.7 ⁽⁵⁾ 1,572.6 ⁽⁵⁾	6,580 6,300 6,270 19,150	22.5 20.8 21.1 64.4	24.2 29.6 30.6 84.4	94.7 92.7 86.2 273.6	360.3 382.9 413.0 1,156.2	10.3 13.6 14.1 38.0
July August September 3rdQuarter	$605.0^{(5)} 576.5^{(5)} 483.5^{(5)} 1,665.0^{(5)}$	5,406 6,401 6,207 18,014	12.2 13.9 14.9 41.0	31.3 31.5 31.6 94.4	74.4 120.2 76.1 270.7	342.4 304.7 328.3 975.4	17.7 16.8 15.1 49.6
October November December 4thQuarter	386.7 323.4 308.1 1,018.2	7,855 7,680 7,420 22,955	18.3 19.3 17.2 54.8	32.3 31.2 27.7 91.2	101.5 150.6 108.4 360.5	329.7 320.7 355.6 1,006.0	15.8 15.8 13.9 45.5
Total, 1949	5,402.7	79,500	223.5	338.0	1,213.0	4,363.0	173.0

Data for 1949 are estimated.
 Data for the period 1939-1945 are not available (see p. 107).
 Data for the period 1939-1944 are factory sales. estimated (see p. 107).
 Data for the period 1939-1945 are not available.
 Pata for the period 1939-1945 are not available.

Table 36.—Production of Selected Building Materials, Canada, 1939 — 1949.— Continued. (In Units Specified)

		Iron as	nd Steel Pro	ducts		Rock	Wool
Period	Cast-Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings	Cast-Iron Pressure Pipe and Fittings	Steel Pipe, Tubes and Fittings ⁽¹⁾	Structural Steel ⁽²⁾	Wire Nails and Spikes	Batts(3)	Granul- ated and Loose (3)
	Thousands of Tons	Thousands of Tons	Thousands of Tons	Thousands of Tons	Thousands of Tons	Millions of Sq. Ft.	Millions of Cu. Ft.
1939 1940 1941 1942 1943 1944 1945 1946 1947	16.5 23.7 26.4 20.7 14.2 15.3 20.8 25.1(4) 32.5(4)	33.1 39.4 48.2 50.0 27.8 28.0 45.9 65.2 77.7	90.5 128.0 158.1 138.6 112.2 128.3 139.3(4) 123.1 120.2	136.3 104.5 122.0 150.2 115.5 161.2	66.5 73.3 82.6 74.4 73.6 64.9 70.0 58.9(4) 77.4	9.1 20.3 32.8 44.7 73.6 35.1 34.4 ⁽⁴⁾ 54.8 82.3 ⁽⁴⁾	1.8 1.9 2.0 2.7 3.9 4.5 5.4 ⁽⁴⁾ 10.1 9.8 ⁽⁴⁾
1948 1st Quarter 2nd Quarter 3rd Quarter 4th Quarter	10.9(4)	23.8 ⁽⁴⁾ 22.2 ⁽⁴⁾ 22.1 ⁽⁴⁾ 25.3 ⁽⁴⁾	38.7 31.5 30.2 33.1	46.7 43.4 42.7 40.1	19.9 ⁽⁴⁾ 22.0 ⁽⁴⁾ 22.2 ⁽⁴⁾ 22.7 ⁽⁴⁾	15.3 18.0 23.8 36.3 ⁽⁴⁾	2.1 ⁽⁴⁾ 2.2 ⁽⁴⁾ 2.3 ⁽⁴⁾ 3.5 ⁽⁴⁾
Total, 1948	45.7(4)	93.4(4)	133.5	172.9	86.8(4)	93.4(4)	10.1(4)
1949 January February March 1st Quarter	4.6 3.8 4.0 12.4	8.1 8.4 9.3 25.8	15.2 13.9 18.6 47.7	17.2 10.4 18.2 45.8	7.2 6.5 7.5 21.2	13.6 9.7 5.7 29.0	1.2 .9 .8 2.9
April May June 2nd Quarter	3.0 2.9 ⁽⁴⁾ 2.5 ⁽⁴⁾ 8.4 ⁽⁴⁾	7.5 7.9 7.5 22.9	16.0 16.0 20.5 52.5	15.3 9.2 17.0 41.5	7.7 8.1 8.2 24.0	6.2 8.7 9.4 24.3	.9 ⁽⁴⁾ 1.0 1.3 3.2 ⁽⁴⁾
July August September 3rd Quarter	$\begin{array}{c} 2.3^{(4)} \\ 3.4^{(4)} \\ 4.5^{(4)} \\ 10.1^{(4)} \end{array}$	3.4 7.7 8.0 19.1	13.2 14.4 15.4 43.0	15.9 13.8 14.3 44.0	4.4 7.5 8.3 20.2	10.2 14.3 14.7 39.2	1.1 1.5 1.7 4.3
October November December 4th Quarter	4.6 5.5 4.4 14.5	8.0 8.3 7.3 23.6	12.1 16.5 14.2 42.8	19.2 13.5 16.2 48.9	7.9 8.4 8.0 24.3	17.3 14.8 11.8 43.9	1.6 1.4 1.3 4.3
Total, 1949	45.4	91.4	186.0	180.2	89.7	136.4	14.7

Data for the period 1939-1944 exclude tubes.
 Data for the period 1939-1941 are not available (see p. 108).
 Data for the period 1939-1942 are factory sales.
 Revised.

TABLE 36.— PRODUCTION OF SELECTED BUILDING MATERIALS, CANADA, 1939 — 1949.— Continued. (In Units Specified)

	Cement a	and Cement	Products	Electri	ical Wire an	d Wiring De	evices (1)
Period	Cement	Concrete Blocks (1)	Cement Pipe and Tile ⁽²⁾	Single Pole Switches	Duplex Recep- tacles	Outlet Boxes	Non- Metallic Sheathed Cable
	Millions of Barrels of 350 lbs.	Millions of Blocks	Thousands of Tons	Thousands of Units	Thousands of Units	Thousands of Units	Millions of Feet
1939 1940 1941 1942 1943 1944 1945 1946	5.7 6.9 8.5 8.6 8.0 7.6 7.8		— — — — — — 94.8(3)	1,808.7			 45.4
1947 1948 1st Quarter 2nd Quarter 3rd Quarter 4th Quarter	3.1 3.4 3.8 3.7	8.7 ⁽³⁾ 13.4 ⁽³⁾ 14.5 ⁽³⁾ 13.6 ⁽³⁾	32.8 41.9 51.4 33.2	798.0 716.0 534.5 584.0	559.1 602.5 439.3 601.5	2,266.7 2,317.9 2,350.7 2,255.1	19.8 23.4 15.4 22.5
Total, 1948	14.0	50.2(3)	159.3	2,627.5	2,202.4	9,190.4	81.1
1949 January February March 1st Quarter	1.1 1.1 1.3 3.5	3.1 3.0 3.5 9.6	6.9 8.0 8.3 23.2	208.2 180.0 281.8 670.0	143.0 262.3 231.1 636.4	762.4 773.1 884.0 2,419.5	10 3 8.2 6.9 25 4
April May June 2nd Quarter	1.3 1.4 1.4 4.1	3.8 4.6 5.0 13.4	8.1 11.0 12.0 31.1	226.3 166.3 166.2 558.8	159.1 174.3 158.4 491.8	727.4 736.6 622.9 2,086.9	4.8 3.8 4.0 12.6
July August September 3rd Quarter	1.4 1.5 1.4 4.3	4.5 4.5 4.4 13.4	11.0 11.3 10.3 32.6	107.6 138.2 88.1 339.9	79.8 175.5 104.4 359.7	311.7 ⁽³⁾ 429.5 241.1 982.3	4.9 7.9 ⁽³⁾ 8.2 21.0
October November December 4th Quarter	1.5 1.4 1.3 4.2	4.2 4.6 3.0 11.8	11.0 9.9 9.3 30.2	166.7 149.8 —(4) —(4)	185.1 159.9 —(4) —(4)	332.4 499.2 —(4) —(4)	8.6 10.4 9.2 28.2
Total, 1949	16.1	48.2	117.1	(4)	(4)	(4)	87.2

Data for the period 1939-1945 are not available.
 Data for the period 1939-1945 are not available.
 Cement pipe and tile includes drain pipe, sewer pipe. water pipe and culvert tile.
 Revised.
 Not yet available.

TABLE 36.— PRODUCTION OF SELECTED BUILDING MATERIALS, CANADA, 1939 — 1949.—Continued. (In Units Specified)

	Gy	psum Produ	icts	Builders' (2)	Sa	anitary War	e
Period	Gypsum Wallboard	Gypsum Lath ⁽¹⁾	Gypsum Plaster (2)	Hardware	Bath Tubs	Sinks(3)	Wash Basins (3)
	Millions of Sq. Ft.	Millions of Sq. Ft.	Thousands of Tons	\$000	Thousands of Units	Thousands of Units	Thousands of Units
1939 1940 1941 1942 1943 1944 1945 1946 1947	78.1 114.5 154.8 164.4 192.2 179.2 134.0 203.4 213.7		69.9 69.9 80.2 51.5 39.9 65.6 67.1 97.3 119.7	2,541.9 2,691.8 4,281.6 3,778.7 3,749.0(4) 3,963.4(4) 4,243.8(4) 5,596.8 5,903.9(4)	48.9	103.7 120.7	78.6 91.7
1948 1st Quarter 2nd Quarter 3rd Quarter 4th Quarter	61.5 ⁽⁴⁾ 56.1 ⁽⁴⁾ 58.1 62.0	30.3 38.8 40.9 43.9	27.7 ⁽⁴⁾ 33.3 ⁽⁴⁾ 38.5 ⁽⁴⁾ 37.6 ⁴⁽⁾	2,248.4 ⁽⁴⁾ 2,475.0 ⁽⁴⁾ 2,182.0 ⁽⁴⁾ 2,513.8 ⁽⁴⁾	26.0 21.9	35.5 36.9 29.4 37.8	26.1 26.9 24.1 32.5
Total, 1948	237.7(4)	153.0(4)	137.1(4)	9,419.2(4)	102.1	139.6	109.6
January February March 1st Quarter	18.1 15.9 19.9 53.9	16.2 13.9 14.4 44.5	10.6 10.9 12.5 34.0	848.0 805.5 982.0 2,635.5	11.1 10.5 11.6 33.2	12.8 13.8 19.4 46.0	10.0 9.1 10.1 29.2
May June 2nd Quarter	19.8 19.9 19.4 59.1	14.9 15.4 43.9	13.5 14.9 42.2	809.6 842.2 2,512.9	11.4 11.2 33.8	21.2 17.0 61.1	10.7 10.8 32.9
July August September 3rd Quarter	15.7 20.1 16.6 52.4	9.8 14.2 17.0 41.0	13.3 14.9 16.1 44.3	636.0 735.7 897.2 2,268.9	6.3 11.4 13.2 30.9	8.5 11.8 13.5 33.8	8.3 11.8 16.4 36.5
October November December 4th Quarter	21.3 20.9 20.5 62.7	15.9 15.9 15.8 47.6	16.1 14.3 13.1 43.5	846.9 857.6 674.0 2,378.5	13.8 12.4 8.4 34.6	14.8 23.8 16.0 54.6	13.2 13.9 14.6 41.7
Total, 1949	228.1	177.0	164.0	9,795.8	132.5	195.5	140.3

Production data for the period 1939-1944 are not available.
 Data for 1949 are estimated (see p. 108).
 Data for the period 1939-1945 are not available.
 Revised.

TABLE 36.— PRODUCTION OF SELECTED BUILDING MATERIALS, CANADA, 1939 — 1949.— Continued. (In Units Specified)

		Plumbing a	and Heating	Equipment		Asphalt	Products
P e riod	Warm Air (1) Furnaces	Domestic Heating Boilers	Cast-Iron Radiators	Hot Water Storage Tanks	Electric Hot Water Tank Heaters	Asphalt ⁽²⁾ Shingles	Tar and Asphalt Felts
	Thousands of Units	Thousands of Units	Thousands of Sq. Ft.	Thousands of Units	Thousands of Units	Thousands of Squares	Thousand of Tons
1939 1940 1941 1942 1943 1944 1945 1946 1947	25.1 29.8 31.1 27.1 23.5 25.8 35.2 46.6 54.3	14.5 10.0 13.0 10.2 10.7 11.7 13.6(3) 14.3(3) 18.1(3)	4,982.6 5,758.3 6,417.1 6,568.9 6,740.9 6,983.9 7,179.1 8,006.9 8,726.7	96.8 98.6 87.2 56.1 85.9 85.2 128.8 138.4 157.7	23.0 24.8 87.2 22.0 11.5 16.1 57.2 76.6 121.0 ⁽³⁾	524.1 613.2 794.7 689.9 862.0 1,106.6 1,433.0 1,982.6 2,085.6	—(4) —(4) 28.3 27.4 24.4 25.0 29.5 38.8 46.7
1948 1st Quarter 2nd Quarter 3rd Quarter 4th Quarter	13.7 13.3 13.4 22.1	4.7 4.1 4.0 5.4	2,403.2 2,159.1 1,765.6 2,257.8	53.7 ⁽³⁾ 48.3 ⁽³⁾ 36.4 42.2	30.5 32.2 28.5 34.1	501.7 518.1 572.6 451.4	13.0 10.2 11.0 11.2
Total, 1948	62.5	18.2	8,585.7	180.6	146.7(3)	2,043.8	45.4
1949 January February March 1st Quarter	5.8 5.8 6.2 17.8	1.4 1.3 1.2 3.9	667.7 666.3 747.9 2,081.9	16.5 12.2 13.7 42.4	9.2 8.8 9.6 27.6	123.3 99.5 128.9 351.7	2.5 2.4 2.5 7.4
April May June 2nd Quarter	4.8 5.4 6.0 16.2	1.0 .9 .9 2.8	548.7 458.8 458.4 1,465.9	15.8 20.0 18.2 54.0	13.3 14.4 16.6 44.3	150.0 248.0 288.0 686.0	3.1 2.6 3.0 8.7
July August September 3rd Quarter	3.6 5.5 7.5 16.6	.6 1.1. 1.2 2.9	227.1 ⁽³⁾ 412.1 426.4 1,065.6 ⁽³⁾	13.3 16.2 18.7 48.2	10.8 10.0 14.2 35.0	277.0 307.9 335.4 920.3	3.2 4.4 4.3 11.9
October November December 4th Quarter	7.8 9.4 7.1 24.3	1.7 1.6 1.7 5.0	471.8 557.8 759.8 1,789.4	20.7 20.9 11.6 53.2	11.3 22.4 14.9 48.6	287.2 197.2 88.6 573.0	4.5 4.6 2.8 11.9
Total, 1949	74.9	14.6	6,402.8	197.8	155.5	2,531.0	39.9

Data for 1949 estimated (see p. 109).
 Includes siding.
 Revised.
 Not available.

70

Table 37. — Sales and Stocks of Selected Building Materials, Canada, $1948-1949. \\ (\text{In Units Specified})$

	Ce	ement		lding rick	Flue	Linings		ron Soil d Fittings		l Pipe, id Fittings		e Nails Spikes
Period		of Barrels 50 lbs.	Millions	of Bricks	Thousan	ds of Feet	Thousan	ds of Tons	Thousan	ds of Tons	Thousar	ds of Tons
	Sales	Stocks at End of Month	Sales	Stocks at End of Month	Sales	Stocks at End of Month	Sales	Stocks at End of Month	Sales	Stocks at End of Month	Sales	Stocks at End of Month
January February March April May June July August September October November December	.5 .6 1.1 1.4 1.4 1.5 1.4 1.4 1.5 1.4	1.2 1.6 1.6 1.4 1.1 1.1 .7 .6 .3 .4 .3	16.6 17.2 21.1 23.5 25.1 28.3 29.4 28.3 31.0 39.3 30.0 25.5	21.4 22.6 20.9 19.8 18.5 19.8 21.3 22.3 21.2 20.7 19.4 20.2	75.9 90.0 123.0 105.7 85.7 97.2 116.0 115.1 105.1 89.4 115.8 96.3	24.2 29.7 33.6 27.9 20.4 23.8 14.7 16.0 12.8 10.5 10.7 19.0	1.5 3.2 3.9 3.5 3.6 3.4 3.3 3.6 4.2 4.0 4.6	1.5 1.2 1.7 1.9 1.8 1.9 1.6 1.7 1.8 2.0 2.3 2.9	9.3 10.8 11.7 13.1 10.2 9.1 8.0 8.6 11.3 12.3 11.6 11.9	8.7 10.1 10.4 9.5 7.9 9.2 7.3 8.8 10.2 7.8 8.8 7.5	7.3 6.5 8.0 5.2 8.2 8.8 7.1 6.8 8.1 7.5 5.2	4.0 2.3 2.2 4.2 2.6 1.8 1.2 2.1 1.8 1.7 1.5
January February March April May June July August September October November December	.6 .9 1.4 1.5 1.5 1.6 1.5 1.7 1.6 1.5	1.1 1.3 1.2 1.0 .9 .7 .6 .4 .2 .3 .7	22.0 19.6 23.0 20.7 27.9 29.1 29.0 30.2 30.5 30.7 28.6 23.9	20.9 20.1 19.5 22.0 22.5 24.1 26.0 26.1 25.7 25.0 29.5 30.1	108.4 77.1 108.3 89.8 104.9 91.9 80.7 119.4 78.0 95.3 137.6 99.1	16.2 24.8 33.4 38.3 26.1 20.5 14.3 15.1 13.2 20.1 33.1 35.9	4.1 2.9 2.7 2.4 2.7 3.0 3.6 4.6 4.4 4.8 3.2	3.4 4.3 5.6 6.2 6.4 5.6 4.6 4.2 1.5 3.5 3.8 6.0	13.2 14.0 17.2 17.2 18.6 17.4 15.2 14.5 16.7 15.2	8.5 6.6 7.2 6.0 3.4 6.5 4.5 5.3 —(1) —(1)	8.5 6.6 7.2 7.3 8.8 9.2 5.4 6.9 8.0 8.2 8.2 4.3	2.1 2.0 2.0 2.4 1.7 7 1.1 2.9 4.4 4.7 3.9

⁽¹⁾ Not yet available.

Table 37.— Sales and Stocks of Selected Building Materials, Canada, 1948 — 1949.— Continued.

(In Units Specified)

		Bath	Tubs	Si	nks	Gypsum	Wallboard	Gypsu	m Lath	Gypsun	n Plaster	Rock W	ool Batts
	Period	Thousand	ds of Units	Thousand	ds of Units	Millions	of Sq. Ft.	Millions	of Sq. Ft.	Thousand	ds of Tons	Millions	of Sq. Ft.
		Sales	Stocks at End of Month	Sales	Stocks at End of Month	Sales	Stocks at End of Month	Sales	Stocks at End of Month	Sales	Stocks at End of Month	Sales	Stocks at End of Month
1	948 January February March April May June July August September October November December	7.5 9.1 9.4 10.0 7.9 7.5 7.1 6.4 8.3 8.5 10.3 9.5	1.1 1.0 1.3 1.2 1.3 1.5 1.7 1.7 1.2 1.5	11.5 11.0 12.8 13.3 11.9 12.2 10.0 8.5 11.7 12.8 13.6 14.6	4.9 5.6 6.0 7.0 6.2 6.7 6.4 5.3 6.5 6.7 6.9 4.3	18.7 20.8 21.7 21.5 20.0 15.2 19.5 18.4 19.4 21.9 19.9 21.0	1.3 1.9 1.7 2.1 1.4 1.3 1.5 1.3 2.1 1.7	10.6 8.5 11.2 12.1 14.4 12.1 11.5 15.2 14.3 14.0 15.4 14.8	.8 1.2 .6 .6 1.7 .8 .4 1.3 .8 1.3	10.0 10.3 12.4 12.5 14.0 12.5 14.5 14.6 15.6 17.4 15.2 11.5	.8 .8 .7 .7 .9 .8 .7 .7 .7 1.0 1.2 1.0	5.7 5.1 4.4 5.9 6.0 6.1 6.0 8.4 9.3 12.5 11.2 12.7	.8 .6 .6 .7 .6 .5 .5 .4 .7 .9 .8
:	January February March April May June July August September October November December	10.1 10.6 11.5 10.6 10.7 9.9 6.7 10.3 13.8 13.7 12.1 9.5	1.6 1.0 1.1 7.9 6.7 2.2 1.8 3.6 2.3 2.4 2.6 1.2	12.6 13.4 18.1 22.4 16.1 16.7 18.3 10.6 13.8 15.2 17.4	4.3 4.1 5.4 11.6 15.0 6.9 5.8 14.1 7.9 7.3 13.8 12.1	18.1 15.8 19.7 19.9 20.2 19.6 15.4 19.9 17.2 21.1 20.3 21.2	1.5 1.7 1.9 1.8 1.5 1.3 1.7 1.8 1.2 1.4 1.9	14.9 13.7 14.5 14.1 15.1 15.6 9.9 13.6 17.0 15.7 16.4 15.9	1.8 1.9 1.8 1.3 1.0 .8 .7 1.2 1.3 1.4 .9	12.1 12.7 14.4 16.2 15.3 17.6 15.4 17.2 18.7 18.5 16.7 15.5	1.2 1.1 1.2 .9 1.3 1.0 1.1 1.2 1.1 1.2 1.1	10.7 6.7 6.3 6.2 8.9 9.5 10.5 13.5 14.4 17.2 15.1 11.6	.9 1.2 1.5 1.5 1.4 1.2 .9 2.0 2.1 2.1 1.9

72

Table 37.— Sales and Stocks of Selected Building Materials, Canada, 1948 — 1949.— Continued.

(In Units Specified)

	Single Pol	e Switches	Outlet	Boxes		Metallic ed Cable		nestic g Boilers		Water e Tanks		ectric ater Tank iters
Period	Thousand	ls of Units	Thousand	ls of Units	Million	s of Feet	Thousand	ds of Units	Thousand	ls of Units	Thousan	ds of Units
	Sales	Stocks at End of Month	Sales	Stocks at End of Month	Sales	Stocks at End of Month	Sales	Stocks at End of Month	Sales	Stocks at End of Month	Sales	Stocks at End of Month
January February March April May June July August Septembe October Novembe	186.6 188.8	16.8 19.5 36.3 30.5 20.9 30.0 13.1 24.1 37.4 29.6 44.9 54.7	544.4 843.8 914.4 804.4 819.4 657.0 492.5 805.8 962.5 813.0 748.9 896.4	298.2 127.7 81.1 143.5 61.3 118.4 247.0 184.5 214.0 259.5 204.7 134.8	6.6 6.2 7.2 5.7 8.0 7.6 2.8 7.1 6.2 8.3 8.4	.5 .6 .7 2.5 1.7 1.4 3.7 2.1 1.2 .9 .4	1.7 1.5 1.4 1.3 1.5 1.6 .9 1.4 1.7 1.6 2.0	0(1) 0(1) 0(1) 0(1) 0(1) 0(1) 0(1) 0(1)	20.4 15.1 18.2 16.9 13.2 17.9 8.8 7.4 13.5 11.7	.3 .2 0(1) .3 .3 .4 .3 .2 .4 .3 .2	6.5 4.4 5.1 6.6 7.4 6.2 4.9 6.0 7.0 6.6 6.4 6.7	3.4 5.9 7.6 6.8 5.7 7.8 7.5 9.8 9.1 9.9 12.8 12.1
January February March April May June July August Septembe October Novembe Decembe	223.5 182.7 155.2 217.5 127.0 235.7 120.6 159.4 er 209.7	68.0 66.4 135.2 172.7 290.9 258.4 211.0 121.7 42.9 40.1 58.2 60.0	802.9 705.7 902.1 687.2 621.3 540.1 473.6 384.6 275.0 376.5 503.6 309.4	91.9 159.3 141.3 175.7 351.3 414.7 352.8 294.2 143.3 98.2 83.6 152.7	10.3 7.4 4.8 2.0 3.2 5.4 6.2 8.6 9.2 8.5 10.2 9.4	.7 1.4 4.9 6.6 5.8 4.3 2.8 1.9 .7 .8 1.4	1.2 .9 .8 .5 .6 .8 .7 1.8 1.8 2.1	.3 .6 .9 1.3 1.5 1.6 1.4 1.0 .8 .4	15.9 12.7 13.7 15.6 20.0 17.2 14.7 14.4 19.1 22.1 19.6 11.1	.4 .2 .3 .4 .3 1.3 .7 2.4 2.0 .5 1.3 1.2	9.8 8.6 10.9 11.6 16.5 14.9 12.7 10.1 14.9 14.3 20.0 16.0	16.0 16.2 14.8 16.2 14.6 15.1 14.3 14.1 11.1 10.3 18.5 18.1

⁽¹⁾ Indicates less than 50 units.

Table 38.— Imports of Selected Building Materials, Canada, 1939 — 1949. (In Units Specified)

	Building Brick	Wire Nails	Cement	Gypsum Plaster	Building Board and Lath	Bath Tubs	Paints, Pigments and Varnishes	Glass
Period	Millions of Bricks	Tons	Thousands of Barrels of 350 lbs.	Thousands of Tons	Millions of Sq. Ft. ½" Basis	\$000	\$000	Millions of Sq. Ft.
1939 1940 1941 1942 1943 1944 1945 1946 1947	.7 .5 .4 .5 .4 1.4 1.4(1) 1.1(1) 8.9(1) 8.3(1)	306 40 229 1,194 547 152 71 680 4,146 6,315	16.7 13.2 12.0 26.3 18.6 14.0 32.7 350.1 1,248.6 1,120.7	1.5 1.3 1.5 1.4 1.2 1.6 2.9 7.6 10.1	13.1 14.1 9.5 5.1 3.3 9.9 12.1 18.7 39.9 18.3	74 56 2 0 1 0 7 206 1,044 231	14,723 16,506 7,695 6,420 6,281 7,465 8,660 9,436 13,441 14,276	48.8 47.0 43.3 44.1 36.1 45.3 39.8 43.7 70.2 96.3
1949 January February March 1st Quarter	.9 .7 .8 2.4	534 610 951 2,095	8.1 4.2 48.9 61.2	.4 .4 .3 1.1	4.4 8.4 22.7 35.5	6 44 70 120	1,121 1,005 1,082 3,208	5.3 ⁽¹⁾ 4.0 ⁽¹⁾ 4.7 14.0 ⁽¹⁾
April May June 2nd Quarter	1.0 .9 1.9 3.8	724 1,709 2,818 5,251	110.7 232.0 292.9 635.6	.6 .4 .7 ⁽¹⁾ 1.7 ⁽¹⁾	15.5 6.1 4.1 25.7	80 32 23 135	1,013 ⁽¹⁾ 1,126 1,171 3,310 ⁽¹⁾	6.4 6.0 5.0 17.4
July August September 3rd Quarter	2.3 2.6 4.5 9.4	1,899 1,607 1,478 4,984	203.2 288.3 430.1 921.6	1.0 .8 ⁽¹⁾ .7 2.5 ⁽¹⁾	3.2 5.1 6.3 14.6	57 67 23 147	887 913 1,155 2,955	4.5 5.7 5.1 15.3
October November December 4th Quarter	3.1 2.1 1.0 6.2	610 205 160 975	360.8 274.2 30.6 665.6	.9 1.9 .6 3.4	7.2 8.4 4.1 19.7	35 25 31 91	1,495 1,636 1,262 4,394	5.8 7.2 4.9 17.9
Total, 1949	21.9	13,305	2,284.0	8.7	95.5	493	13,867	64.6

⁽¹⁾ Revised.

Table 39.— Exports of Selected Building Materials, Canada, 1939 — 1949. (In Units Specified)

•	Period	Lumber	Wood Shingles	Building Brick	Cast Iron Soil Pipe	Steel Pipe and Tubing	Wire Nails and Spikes	Cement (2)	Pulp and Fibre Wallboard	Paints, Pigments and Varnishes
		Millions of Ft. B.M.	Thousands of Squares	Millions of Bricks	Tons	Tons	Tons	Thousands of Barrels of 350 lbs.	Millions of Sq. Ft.	\$000
	1939 1940 1941 1942 1943 1944 1945 1946 1947	2,202.0 2,545.8 2,297.3 2,179.0 1,740.6 1,881.9 2,000.5 2,083.3 2,735.0 2,467.7	2,935 2,811 3,292 2,694 1,450 1,475 1,651 1,775 2,051 2,353	1.3 1.8 1.9 1.4 1.7 2.0 3.7 6.1 4.2 4.9	(1) 749 1,966 802 95 670 506 157 207 658	(1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (3,158 184 2,812	8,053.7 8,271.6 10,656.2 1,457.2 869.0 1,335.4 813.6 1,270.5 31.9 1,854.1	156.6 300.0 310.9 273.9 172.6 210.4 281.9 114.4 88.0 73.0	44.6 72.9 85.3 52.3 33.4 34.5 45.3 36.1 51.1 40.2	1,560 2,325 2,260 1,903 1,867 2,534 3,973 4,407 7,346 6,235
74	1949 January February March 1st Quarter	141.5 133.5 148.2 423.0	93 100 176 369	.2 .2 .3 .7	12 22 124 158	921 1,548 2,852 5,321	421.3 .5 40.2 462.0	.7 1.2 .1 2.0	.3 .3 .3	424 260 351 1,035
	April May June 2nd Quarter	146.4 167.3 160.5 474.2	174 172 157 503	.1 .6 .5	144 162 59 365	3,119 1,908 2,135 7,162	.2 .0 31.2 31.4	.3 4.5 3.9 8.7	4.2 4.9 4.3 13.4	360 254 362 976
	July August September 3rd Quarter	169.8 178.0 212.6 560.4	147 176 217 540	.7 .5 .5	4 108 92 204	1,173 859 359 2,391	.6 .4 .3 1.3	.3 7.9 .3 8.5	4.9 5.3 2.8 13.0	348 200 265 813
	October November December 4th Quarter	269.5 243.5 218.1 731.1	244 245 250 739	.4 .3 .0 .7	60 148 63 271	159 59 1,714 1,932	.0 .1 .0 .1	.0 .0 .0	.6 1.0 1.5 3.1	277 231 272 780
	Total, 1949	2,188.7	2,121	4.3	998	16,806	494.8	19.2	30.4	3,604

⁽¹⁾ Not available.(2) Revised.

Table 40.— Movement by Rail of Building Materials, Canada, 1939 — 1949.
(In Thousands of Tons)

Period	Lumber, Timber, Box, Crate and Cooperage Material	Gravel, Sand and Crushed Stone	Lime and Plaster	Brick and Artificial Stone	Cement	Sewer Pipe and Drain Tile	Total
1939 1940 1941 1942 1943 1944 1945 1946 1947	3,053.9 4,549.1 5,551.9 5,876.3 5,323.6 5,520.9 5,517.3 5,869.4 6,648.3	2,403.3 4,272.0 3,880.0 3,963.1 3,713.4 3,681.5 3,923.4 4,716.7 5,800.5	284 . 2 348 . 1 420 . 4 445 . 8 450 . 5 433 . 2 415 . 6 472 . 6 552 . 4	158.4 204.8 231.1 245.0 226.9 225.7 280.4 368.2 428.7	547.5 746.5 798.0 995.0 825.2 729.1 857.3 1,160.0 1,228.9	28.6 36.5 35.0 64.8 47.1 35.9 53.1 58.4 73.1	6,475.9 10,157.1 10,916.4 11,590.1 10,596.7 10,626.4 11,047.0 12,645.3 14,731.8
1948 1st Quarter	1,544.8	597.1	138.2	77.2	271.2	12.9	2,641.4
2ndQuarter	1,517.7	1,583.8	157.8	116.2	459.4	20.8	3,855.7
July August September 3rd Quarter	622.9 633.2 648.2 1,904.3	801.2 828.3 800.5 2,430.0	51.4 56.1 57.5 165.0	43.9 39.5 39.1 122.5	143.6 141.0 140.5 425.1	9.2 8.1 7.2 24.5	1,672.2 1,706.1 1,693.0 5,071.4
October November December 4th Quarter	615.4 569.9 456.8 1,642.1	760.0 561.7 305.5 1,627.2	57.3 55.5 47.4 160.2	40.7 38.0 30.6 109.3	135.6 140.3 83.8 359.7	8.0 8.5 5.1. 21.6	1,617.1 1,373.9 929.2 3,920.2
Total, 1948	6,608.9	6,238.1	621.2	425.2	1,515.5	79.8	15,488.8
1949 January February March 1st Quarter	368.7 379.6 477.4 1,225.7	162.5 146.0 205.9 514.4	46.8 43.1 53.0 142.9	27.9 26.2 24.2 78.3	72.8 120.1 175.4 368.3	3.8 3.4 4.4 11.6	682.5 718.4 940.3 2,341.2
April May June 2nd Quarter	406.8 451.8 514.4 1,373.0	347.8 531.4 700.3 1,579.5	54.2 54.4 59.4 168.0	29.5 35.1 34.4 99.0	193.2 162.5 169.3 525.0	5.1 7.5 9.0 21.6	1,036.6 1,242.7 1,486.8 3,766.1
July August September 3rd Quarter	495.4 526.3 480.2 1,501.9	696.4 744.1 654.6 2,095.1	48.2 56.0 56.1 160.3	32.0 32.7 32.9 97.6	162.6 171.7 164.5 498.8	8.2 9.0 7.5 24.7	1,442.8 1,539.8 1,395.8 ⁽¹⁾ 4,378.4 ⁽¹⁾
October November December 4th Quarter	531.8 507.4 —	504.0 445.4 —	57.9 56.9 —	31.8 30.0	157.5 161.4 —	7.9 4.9 —	1,290.9 1,205.0 1,456.4 ⁽²⁾ 3,952.3 ⁽²⁾
Total, 1949				_		_	14,437.9(2)
-	1	1		1	1	1	

⁽¹⁾ Revised.(2) Preliminary estimate. Detailed data not yet available.

Table 41.— Employment and Weekly Payrolls in the Building Material Industries, Canada, $^{(1)}$ 1946 — 1949.

Period	Number of Persons Employed	Aggregate Weekly Payroll \$000	Average Weekly Earnings \$
1946 Annual Average	84,203	2,704	32.11
1947			
Annual Average	97,787	3,539	36.09
1948—March	100,701	4,023	39.95
June	105,904	4,119	38.89
September	110,432	4,451	40.30
December	102,542	4,179	40.76
Annual Average	104,916	4,165	39.69
1949—January	102,011	4,149	40.67
February	103,606	4,091	39.48
March	103,289	4,539	43.94
April	104,683	4,392	43.95
May	106,041	4,619	43.56
June	110,806	4,688	42.31 43.62
July August	114,370 115,056	4,987 4,988	43.02 43.35
September	115,589	5,090	44.03
October	113,369	5,110	44.57
November	113,332	5,099	44.99
December	109,367	4,956	45.32
Annual Average	109,401	4,726	43.32

⁽¹⁾ As reported by employers with 15 or more employees.

Table 42.— Capital Expenditures in Building Material Industries, Canada, 1945 — 1949. (Thousands of Dollars)

Year and Type of Investment	Sawn Lumber and Hardwood Flooring	Cement and Cement Products	Clay Products	Plumbing and Heating Equipment	Other Iron and Steel Products	Electrical Equipment	Lath, Plaster Roofing and Insulation Materials	Paint and Paint Materials	Total
1945 Construction Machinery and Equipment Total	4,081	345	330	208	379	26	277	553	6,199
	2,339	376	58	354	343	68	824	238	4,600
	6,420	721	388	562	722	94	1,101	791	10,799
1946 Construction Machinery and Equipment Total	2,971	1,468	351	178	676	57	484	1,399	7,584
	3,101	1,222	435	497	1,196	105	785	1,028	8,369
	6,072	2,690	786	675	1,872	162	1,269	2,427	15,953
1947 Construction Machinery and Equipment Total	4,011	2,134	173	391	444	122	1,128	943	9,346
	8,811	3,290	417	1,294	1,361	183	2,007	1,057	18,420
	12,822	5,424	590	1,685	1,805	305	3,135	2,000	27,766
1948 Construction Machinery and Equipment Total	5,474 11,857 17,531	2,716 5,516 8,232	1,095 1,898 2,993	493 1,254 1,747	247 1,520 1,767	101 191 292	662 1,457 2,119	1,018 1,816 2,834	11,806 25,509 37,315
1949 ⁽¹⁾ Construction Machinery and Equipment Total	4,392	1,958	1,020	220	444	14	393	727	9,168
	5,568	4,273	2,287	965	3,415	142	758	920	18,328
	9,960	6,231	3,307	1,185	3,859	156	1,151	1,647	24,496

⁽¹⁾ Preliminary.

SECTION 6 BUILDING LABOUR

Table 43.— Employment and Unemployment in The Construction Industry, Non-Agricultural Industries, and All Industries, Canada, Quarterly, November, 1945 — October, 1949.

(In Thousands)

			ousanus)				
	Per	sons Employ	ed ed	Perso	ons Unemplo	y e d	
Week Ending	Construction Industry	Non- Agricultural Industries	All Industries	Construction Industry	Non- Agricultural Industries	All Industries	
1945—November 17	184	3,268	4,326	13	165	172	
1946—February 23	154	3,229	4,312	21	207	213	
June 1	241	3,428	4,702	8	123	126	
August 31	267	3,543	4,860	9	115	117	
November 9	244	3,662	4,733	13	110	115	
Annual Average	227	3,465	4,652	13	139	143	
1947—March 1	187	3,634	4,565	21	136	141	
May 31	254	3,658	4,821	8	89	91	
August 16	283	3,709	5,008	8	71	73	
November 8	284	3,779	4,847	12	82	87	
Annual Average	252	3,695	4,810	12	94	98	
1948—February 21	219	3,704	4,669	33	149	156	
June 5	295	3,762	4,948	7	80	82	
September 4	323	3,795	5,042	8	65	67	
November 20	317	3,872	4,858	17	101	106	
Annual Average	289	3,783	4,879	16	99	103	
1949—March 5	251	3,744	4,700	47	192	199	
June 4	350	3,895	5,018	16	101	103	
August 20	362	3,920	5,155	15	95	98	
October 29	329	4,005	5,053	22	137	147	
Annual Average	323	3,891	4,981	25	131	137	

Table 44.— Employment and Weekly Payrolls in The Building Industry and Indexes of Employment in the Building and non-Agricultural Industries, Canada, $^{(1)}$ 1945 — 1949.

	В	uilding Industry	7		Employment = 100)
Period	Number of Persons Employed	Aggregate Weekly Payroll \$000	Average Weekly Earnings \$	Building Industry	Non-Agri- cultural Industries
1945					
Annual Average 1946	44,932	1,533	34.03	163.9	153.7
Annual Average 1947	65,386	2,230	33.97	234.6	152.1
Annual Average	88,124	3,322	37.41	306.9	165.0
1948—January	89,706	3,139	35.00	308.7	170.1
February	85,344	3,523	41.28	293.9	166.2
March	82,758	3,489	42.16	284.9	165.8
April	84,828	3,315	39.08	290.7	163.8
May	89,385	3,695	41.34	305.8	163.7
June	98,223	3,932	40.03	.334.9	168.8
July	105,709	4,317	40.84	360.2	173.8
August	110,067	4,627	42.04	374.9	176.4
September	111,768	4,817	42.72	383.9	177.2
October	114,757	5,053	44.03	387.1	178.5
November	118,425	5,260	44.42	395.3	178.8
December	116,738	5,135	43.99	387.4	179.4
Annual Average	100,642	4,192	41.41	342.3	171.9
1949—January	103,523	4,095	39.56	341.4	172.1
February	100,261	4,426	44.15	329.3	167.3
March	97,306	4,389	45.11	318.5	165.8
April	99,345	4,470	45.00	325.4	164.7
May	104,561	4,683	44.79	342.0	166.0
June	110,869	4,753	42.87	363.9	170.8
July	119,709	5,176	43.23	398.9	174.6
August	125,880	5,613	44.81	412.9	175.3
September	130,291	5,896	45.27 45.92 ⁽²⁾	427.7 429.0 ⁽²⁾	177.4
October November	130,891	6,041	45.92(2)	429.0(2)	177.5 ⁽²⁾ 177.3
December December	130,792 127,348	6,011 5,850	45.82	428.0 414.0	177.3
Annual Average	115,065	5,118	44.37	377.6	172.2

⁽¹⁾ As reported by employers with 15 or more employees.
(2) Revised.

Table 45.— Number of Hourly Wage-Earners, Average and Total Number of Hours Worked Per Week, Average Hourly and WEEKLY EARNINGS, BUILDING INDUSTRY, CANADA, (1) 1945 — 1949.

Period	Number of Hourly (2) Wage-Earners	Average Number of Hours Worked Per Week	Total Number of Hours Worked Per Week (Thousands)	Average Hourly Earnings (Cents)	Average Weekly Earnings \$
1945					
Annual Average 1946	33,770	40.4	1,364	80.9	32.68
Annual Average	52,899	38.7	2,057	83.4	32.28
Annual Average	72,738	39.3	2,867	91.0	35.79
1948—January	73,546	33.8	2,485	96.6	32.65
February	70,878	40.1	2.845	99.3	39.82
March	68,650	41.2	2,825	99.2	40.87
April	69,418	37.6	2,610	99.1	37.26
May	73,110	40.8	2,984	98.6	40.23
June	79,047	38.8	3,069	99.6	38.64
July	86,385	40.0	3,455	100.0	40.00
August	90,120	40.8	3,675	101.6	41.45
September	92,531	40.9	3,781	103.0	42.13
October	93,349	41.8	3,906	104.1	43.51
November	96,726	41.7	4,037	104.7	43.66
December	94,329	41.1	3,881	105.0	43.16
Annual Average	82,341	39.9	3,296	100.9	40.45
1949—January	82,074	35.6	2,925	105.7	37.63
February	79,568	39.6	3,148	108.9	43.12
March	77,140	40.8	3,145	108.0	44.06
April	79,493	40.5	3,221	108.9	44.10
May	84,013	40.4	3,391	108.5	43.83
June	90,382	38.6	3,493	107.0	41.30
July	100,100	39.1	3,914	107.2	41.92
August	103,977	41.1	4,270	106.7	43.85
September	108,155	41.1	4,448	107.8	44.31
October(3)	108,380	41.5	4,499	108.2	44.90
November	108,078	41.2	4,490	109.0	44.91
December	103,338	40.9	4,229	109.2	44.66
Annual Average	93,725	40.0	3,764	107.9	43.21

As reported by employers with 15 or more employees.
 Refers to employees paid by the hour (see p. 111).
 Revised.

Table 46.— Unfilled Vacancies and Unplaced Applicants in Construction Trades, Canada, December, 1944—1949.

Period	Bricklayers, Masons and Plasterers	Carpenters and Joiners	Painters, Decorators and Paperhangers	Plumbers and Steamfitters	Electricians	Other Construction Workers	All Construction Workers
1939 1940 1941 1942 1943 1944 1945 1946	37.5 29.2 20.9 16.8 8.8 8.1 3.1 2.5	28.0 18.0 13.2 8.1 4.8 3.0 1.5 2.1	34.8 16.0 6.4 3.7 .7 .8 1.3 2.1	21.1 12.2 4.0 3.4 1.1 1.4 2.7 1.0	7.4 2.8 .4 .4 0 .5 1.6 3.2	46.6 27.8 16.7 9.7 4.9 1.9 1.6	29.1 18.2 11.4 7.6 4.0 2.7 1.8
1947 March June September December	2.4 1.0 .4 2.0	8.9 .3 .7 9.5	2.6 .2 .1 7.2	1.0 .1 .1 .4	1.0 1.1 .1 0	3.4 .4 1.8 5.2	5.0 .4 .8 6.5
Annual Average	1.5	4.9	2.5	.4	.6	2.7	3.2
1948 March June September December	1.8 .3 .2 6.3	12.8 1.0 2.4 10.5	1.5 0 1.2 7.7	1.2 3.2 .7 2.6	.4 1.7 1.4 2.2	12.4 3.4 .9 5.4	8.1 1.5 1.5 7.9
Annual Average	2.3	7.0	2.4	1.9	1.5	5.7	4.8
1949 March June September December	8.6 1.1 .3 8.2	17.0 5.8 6.5 19.8	5.3 .1 2.4 20.2	4.9 4.0 3.6 5.4	4.2 3.5 1.0 4.3	12.6 9.1 4.4 17.3	11.4 4.3 4.6 15.0
Annual Average	4.5	12.3	7.0	4.5	3.2	10.8	8.8

⁽¹⁾ For coverage (see p. 111.)

Table 48. — Number of Male Workers in Construction Trades Applying for Unemployment Insurance Benefits and Establishing Benefit Years, Canada, 1942 — 1949.

Period	Bricklayers	Carpenters	Painters	Plasterers	Plumbers	Electricians	Other Construction Workers ⁽¹⁾	Total Construction Workers
1942	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	2,313
1943	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	4,512
1944	532	5,396	1,259	67	906	695	646	9,501
1945	410	7,588	4,333	81	1,550	2,761	842	17,565
1946	316	11,814	5,618	150	1,804	2,682	1,249	23,633
1947	367	13,067	5,207	152	1,648	1,884	1,300	23,625
1948	1,375	24,425	7,728	411	2,796	2,561	4,988	44,284
1949								
January	564	7,109	1,852	162	576	488	1,431	12,182
February	576	6,856	1,260	175	680	589	1,158	11,294
March	331	4,172	731	75	723	536	774	7,342
1st Quarter	1,471	18,137	3,843	412	1,979	1,613	3,363	30,818
April	228	2,598	502	70	566	498	491	4,953
May	71	911	300	28	268	296	279	2,153
June	49	564	158	21	192	260	173	1,417
2nd Quarter	348	4,073	960	119	1,026	1,054	943	8,523
July	38	609	250	6	171	170	135	1,379
August	43	783	409	14	176	248	182	1,855
September	33	705	439	7	150	228	208	1,770
3rd Quarter	114	2,097	1,098	27	497	646	525	5,004
October	68	1,242	787	31	183	275	363	2,954
November	159	2,811	1,604	81	274	305	910	6,144
December	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
4th Quarter	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)
Total, 1949	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)	(2)

⁽¹⁾ Comprises foremen, inspectors, managers, structural iron workers, and other construction occupations.(2) Not yet available.

Table 49.— Vocational and Apprenticeship Training in Construction Trades, By Number in Training, Canada, 1945-1949. (1)

Trade and Type of Training	Dec. 31, 1945	Dec. 31, 1946	Dec. 31, 1947	Dec. 31, 1948	Dec. 31, 1949
Bricklaying Vocational Apprenticeship Sub-total	129 77 206	386 263 649	133 677 810	2 573 575	- 358 358
Carpentry Vocational Apprenticeship Sub-total	729 291 1,020	1,103 1,021 2,124	177 1,566 1,743	23 1,365 1,388	1,047 1,047
Painting and Decorating Vocational Apprenticeship Sub-total	133 67 200	206 443 649	16 323 339	0 230 230	167 167
Plastering Vocational Apprenticeship Sub-total	. 48 36 84	34 129 163	7 237 244	1 245 246	252 252
Plumbing and Steam Fitting Vocational Apprenticeship Sub-total	303 395 698	410 1,097 1,507	71 1,601 1,672	3 1,704 1,707	- 1,613 1,613
Electrical Vocational Apprenticeship Sub-total	706 470 1,176	834 1,017 1,851	215 1,373 1,588	34 1,336 1,370	- 1,289 1,289
Sheet Metal Vocational Apprenticeship Sub-total	238 193 431	131 409 540	20 636 656	0 571 571	519 519
All Trades Vocational Apprenticeship Total	2,286 1,529 3,815	3,104 4,379 7,483	639 6,413 7,052	63 6,024 6,087	5,245 5,245

⁽¹⁾ Apprenticeship figures do not include Prince Edward Island which has no organized apprenticeship training and Quebec for which no reports on apprenticeship training are available.

Table 50.— Immigration of Construction Workers, By Trade, Canada, 1939—1949.

Period	Bricklayers and Masons	Carpenters	Painters	Plasterers	Plumbers	Electricians	Sheet Metal Workers	Total Skilled Construction Workers	Semi-Skilled and Unskilled Construction Workers	Total Construction Workers
1939(1)	8	35	20	6	13	20	17	119	6	125
1940 ⁽¹⁾	6	58	16	3	11	21	6	121	15	136
1941 ⁽¹⁾	5	59	12	4	11	16	4	111	10	121
1942(1)	6	74	9	1	14	22	1	127	11	138
1943(1)	5	106	13	0	25	18	6	300	6	306
1944(1)	10	166	22	1	34	27	.5	265	0	265
1945	8	264	30	2	31	65	45	445	0	445
1946	21	267	80	_8	64	169	24	633	51	684
1947 1948	164	778	241	55	164	653	141	2,196	671	2,867
1948	454	1,281	348	122	234	827	161	3,427	3,075	6,502
1949										
January	40	82	20	10	19	58	5	234	15	249
February	31	65	15	6	13	43	6	179	24	203
March	59	93	31	6	9	46	8	252	79	331
1st Quarter	130	240	66	22	41	147	19	665	118	783
April	56	82	23	9	18	61	6	255	166	421
May	51	60	15	6	18	40	$\overset{\circ}{4}$	194	69	263
Iune	38	84	36	13	12	70	$1\hat{3}$	266	262	528
2nd Quarter	145	226	74	28	48	171	23	715	497	1,212
July	27	100	14	6	10	76	4	237	224	461
August	27	66	17	2	12	46	7	177	46	223
September	18	24	10	7	6	36	4	105	15	120
3rd Quarter	72	190	41	15	28	158	15	519	285	804
October	20	54	18	2	6	40	8	148	22	170
November	23	57	15	6	15	34	5	155	34	189
December	23	42	11	3	3	31	2	115	13	128
4th Quarter	66	153	44	11	24	105	15	418	69	487
Total, 1949	413	809	225	76	141	581	72	2,317	969	3,286

⁽¹⁾ Estimated from fiscal year figures.

Table 51.— Emigration of Skilled Construction Workers, By Trade, Canada, 1948 — December, 1949.(1)

	Period	Bricklayers and Masons	Carpenters	Painters	Plasterers	Plumbers	Electricians	Sheet Metal Workers	Other Skilled Construction Workers	Total Skilled Construction Workers
194 1	8 st Quarter	19	74	22	4	8	32	7	15	181
2	and Quarter	34	102	20	8	31	33	10	11	249
3:	ord Quarter	32	88	29	6	21	41	23	6	246
4	th Quarter	33	102	41	12	25	35	14	16	278
Tot	tal, 1948	118	366	112	30	85	141	54	48	954
F N 1 A	19 anuary February March st Quarter April May une	7 7 5 19 6 4 3	36 28 31 95 25 29 20	9 11 13 33 13 9	2 1 1 4 4 3	11 8 8 27 11	10 8 14 32 13 12	5 2 6 13	3 2 6 11 5	83 67 84 234 80 75 56
2	2nd Quarter	13	74	35	0 7	3 23	15 40	1 8	1 11	56 211
A S	uly August September Ird Quarter	10 1 6 17	21 28 19 68	11 11 9 31	2 0 4 6	6 4 4 14	8 15 17 40	2 6 3 11	4 6 4 14	64 71 66 201
N L	October November December eth Quarter	8 5 1 14	20 29 11 60	7 6 10 23	6 4 1 11	7 6 3 16	8 8 5 21	4 5 2 11	5 4 4 13	65 67 37 169
Tot	tal, 1949	63	297	122	28	80	133	43	49	815

⁽¹⁾ Data are preliminary (see p. 112).

Table 52.— Strikes in The Building Industry, Canada, 1939 — January, 1950.

Period	Strikes Number	Establishments Number	Workers Number	Time Lost in Working Days
1939 1940 1941 1942 1943 1944 1945 1946	3 6 13 22 4 6 5 12 32	42 21 212 27 4 50 12 76 391	149 508 3,384 2,872 397 427 325 892 6,057	295 1,398 9,365 3,420 1,186 1,212 2,848 6,535 44,262
1948— January February March April May June July August September October November December	1 0 0 4 5 3 2 1 2 2 2 2 2	1 ————————————————————————————————————	80 — 1,310 933 201 124 328 520 93 135 640	700 — 11,400 10,150 1,240 2,291 1,050 1,935 330 1,450 9,000
Γotal, 1948 ⁽¹⁾	18	257	3,322	39,546
1949 — January February March April May June July August September October November December	1 1 0 0 3 3 3 1 2 1 0 1	14 1 122 9 1 2 28 1 37	90 14 — 1,600 659 12 627 360 — 15 375	900 42 ——————————————————————————————————
Γotal, 1949 ⁽¹⁾	14	215	3,752	41,120
950—January	1	37	375	7,000

⁽¹⁾ Since some strikes overlap from one month into another, annual totals of the number of strikes, number of establishments, and number of workers involved, need not equal the sums of the respective monthly figures.

Section 7 BUILDING COSTS

Table 53.— Indexes of Wholesale Prices, of Residential Building Materials, and Composite Index of All Construction Materials, Canada, 1939 — 1949. (1939 = 100)

	Per <i>i</i> od	Lumber and its Products	Cement, Gravel and Sand	Brick, Tile and Stone	Paint and Glass	Lath, Plaster and Insulation Materials	Roofing Materials	Plumbing and Heating Equipment	Electrical Equipment and Fixtures	Other Materials	Composite Index Residential Building Materials	Composite Index All Con- struction Materials
193	9	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
194	.0	113.5	100.6	100.8	118.5	100.3	106.0	103.4	104.6	104.4	107.8	106.6
194	1	132.7	105.4	108.1	140.1	103.4	114.0	111.3	106.4	107.6	119.8	119.6
194	2	146.0	107.2	112.1	151.1	105.4	118.5	116.5	107.7	112.4	128.0	128.4
194	13	163.3	107.7	116.4	153.7	105.4	125.0	116.5	107.7	112.7	136.0	135.1
194		179.6	108.3	118.2	150.8	105.4	130.6	116.5	107.7	112.7	143.3	141.9
194		182.4	108.6	119.8	146.3	105.4	130.2	118.6	108.8	121.8	145.0	141.9
194		192.7	108.5	124.5	148.4	104.8	140.4	123.5	114.2	120.8	151.0	149.5
194	17	230.7	116.8	137.3	174.5	107.9	165.5	141.0	143.9	136.7	176.4	185.5
194	8-March	278.6	124.2	142.9	190.0	113.4	195.0	154.9	153.5	149.7	203.7	207.6
	June	289.6	131.8	144.3	188.0	119.4	196.3	162.7	164.2	149.7	211.6	217.1
	September	292.9	133.4	152.9	187.8	119.4	196.3	170.6	176.7	163.1	216.6	223.2
	December	309.9	133.9	153.5	188.3	119.4	186.0	172.7	176.6	164.3	223.8	227.2
An	nual Average	291.5	130.1	147.2	188.3	117.4	193.6	163.4	165.8	155.1	212.6	218.0
194	19—January	310.0	134.1	153.5	190.0	119.4	186.0	176.8	176.7	167.4	224.8	227.8
	February	310.0	134.1	153.5	190.8	119.4	186.0	176.8	176.7	167.4	225.2	227.8
	March	309.1	134.1	153.5	189.5	119.4	186.0	176.8	176.7	169.3	224.5	229.0
	April	309.1	135.0	153.5	189.5	119.4	186.0	175.5	176.7	168.4	224.3	227.8
	May	309.1	135.2	155.4	189.5	118.8	182.9	175.2	172.5	170.2	223.9	226.0
	June	308.5	135.2	155.4	183.5	118.8	179.9	174.1	161.3	168.4	222.9	224.4
	July	308.5	135.2	155.4	181.8	118.8	177.0	174.1	157.1	167.1	222.6	223.7
	August	304.8	135.2	155.4	181.8	118.8	177.0	174.1	162.4	166.9	221.1	222.0
	September	305.1	135.2	155.4	175.9	118.8	179.9	174.1	162.4	165.0	221.0	220.3
	October	305.9	135.6	155.4	183.2	118.8	181.5	174.1	166.3	165.0	221.9	222.2
	November	303.6	135.6	155.4	181.9	118.8	187.2	174.1	171.3	165.0	221.2	222.5
	December	303.3	136.7	161.6	180.4	118.8	187.2	173.7	171.3	166.2	221.2	224.0
An	nual Average	307.2	135.1	155.3	184.8	119.0	185.1	174.9	169.3	167.2	222.9	224.8

Table 54.— Indexes of Average Hourly Wage Rates in Construction Trades, Canada, (1) 1939—1949. (1939 = 100)

	Period	Bricklayers	Carpenters	Painters	Plasterers	Plumbers	Electricians	Sheet Metal Workers	Unskilled Construction Workers	All Construction Workers	All Construction Workers (Including Holiday Pay Allowances)
89	1939 1940 1941 1942 1943 1944 1945 1946 1947	100.0 103.6 109.4 112.9 118.9 120.4 122.4 134.0 154.1	100.0 105.1 112.9 119.2 127.6 129.0 131.4 144.4 156.4	100.0 104.5 111.0 117.1 127.9 129.3 131.4 143.1 150.8	100.0 105.7 110.7 113.6 121.3 122.6 125.7 136.1 150.0	100.0 104.4 113.1 118.4 122.9 123.6 124.9 137.0 148.4	100.0 107.0 112.3 118.0 125.5 126.3 129.0 141.9 148.6	100.0 103.8 113.8 116.3 125.3 125.3 125.3 141.8 154.4	100.0 104.8 108.4 125.4 142.6 148.1 150.5 160.0 173.7	100.0 104.5 111.6 118.6 127.7 129.6 131.1 143.9 155.0	100.0 104.5 111.6 118.6 127.4 130.4 132.0 145.1 158.6
	1948 ⁽²⁾ March June September December	157.7 163.9 172.7 172.7	157.5 169.2 176.1 175.1	155.5 168.9 172.4 172.4	152.8 166.3 178.1 176.9	158.7 162.7 171.3 171.3	155.0 167.0 171.7 171.7	155.7 166.2 169.6 170.4	178.5 189.6 197.4 198.0	159.5 169.6 176.3 176.1	163.2 173.5 180.4 180.2
	Year 1949 ⁽³⁾ March June September December	166.7 163.9 166.1 168.4 168.4	169.5 175.5 180.7 182.7 182.7	167.3 172.6 174.7 183.7 183.7	168.5 177.6 180.6 180.2 180.2	176.3 180.0 182.2 182.2	166.3 173.5 179.0 179.2 180.2	165.5 171.1 174.4 177.0 177.8	190.9 198.0 198.0 203.6 204.6	170.4 177.1 180.8 181.4 183.0	181.2 185.0 185.6 187.2
	Year	166.7	180.4	178.7	179.7	180.2	178.0	175.1	201.0	180.6	184.7

For source and details of compilation see p. 113.
 Revised.
 Data for 1949 are preliminary.

Table 55.— Composite Index of Wage Rates in The Construction Industry with Whole-SALE PRICES OF RESIDENTIAL BUILDING MATERIALS, AND WITH WHOLESALE PRICES OF ALL CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS, WHOLESALE PRICE INDEX OF ALL Commodities and Indexes of Cost of Living and Rent, 1939 — 1949. (1939 = 100)

Period	Residential Building Materials and Wage Rates ⁽¹⁾	All Construction Materials and Wage Rates ⁽¹⁾	All Commodities	Cost of Living	Rent
1939	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
1940	106.4	105.7	109.9	104.0	102.4
1941	116.4	116.3	119.4	110.0	105.4
1942	124.1	124.4	126.8	115.3	107.2
1943	132.5	132.0	132.6	116.7	107.4
1944	137.6	137.1	135.9	117.1	107.8
1945	139.2	137.8	137.4	117.7	108.0
1946	148.0	147.7	144.2	121.8	108.6
1947	168.3	173.6	171.3	133.5	112.4
1948—January February March April May June July August September October November December	184.1(2) 184.5(2) 186.8(2) 188.3(2) 190.4(2) 195.7(2) 195.8(2) 197.6(2) 201.5(2) 205.7(2) 205.8(2) 205.6(2)	188. 2 (2) 188. 3 (2) 189. 1 (2) 189. 8 (2) 193. 2 (2) 198. 9 (2) 199. 3 (2) 201. 9 (2) 205. 4 (2) 209. 0 (2) 208. 9 (2) 207. 6 (2)	194.8 195.4 194.8 196.9 198.9 201.5 201.6 209.3 209.8 211.1 211.8 211.5	146.1 147.9 148.6 149.4 151.0 152.0 154.6 155.2 156.6 157.2 157.2	115.5 115.5 115.5 116.5 116.5 116.5 116.5 116.6 116.6 116.6
Annual Average	196.6(2)	199.8(2)	203.1	152.7	116.3
1949—January February March April. May June July August September October November December	206 . 2 (2) 206 . 4 (2) 206 . 4 (2) 206 . 3 (2) 206 . 1 (2) 207 . 1 (2) 206 . 9 (2) 206 . 0 (2) 206 . 2 (2) 206 . 8 (2) 206 . 4 207 . 0	208.0(2) 208.0(2) 209.1(2) 208.4(2) 207.3(2) 208.0(2) 207.6(2) 206.6(2) 205.8(2) 206.9(2) 207.1	211.3 209.7 209.0 208.9 207.4 207.3 206.2 206.1 206.1 208.4 208.2 207.6	157.2 157.1 156.8 156.9 157.0 158.1 159.7 160.4 159.9 159.8 159.3 159.0	117.2 117.2 117.2 117.9 117.9 117.9 118.9 118.9 119.4 119.4 119.4 120.4
Annual Average	206.5	207.6	208.1	158.4	118.5

⁽¹⁾ For weighting and method of compilation see p. 113.(2) Revised.

Table 56.— Percentage Distribution of New Completed Housing Units by Number of Months Under Construction, and Average Number of Months Under Construction, by Month of Completion, Canada, 1946—1949.

Period	Ŋ	Number of M	onths under (Construction	(1)	Average Number of
of Completion	1 - 3 *	4 - 6	7 - 9	10 - 12	More than 12	Months under
	(per cent)	(per cent)	(per cent)	(per cent)	(per cent)	Construction
1946	- .	_	_	_	_	11
1947	~	_	_	_	-	8
1948	20	32	27	12	9	6.5
1949						
January	12	39	36	4	9	7.0
February	10	35	38	10	7	7.3
March	3	31	49	11	6	7.9
April	6	28	41	19	6	7.9
May	8	25	41	20	6	8.0
June	20	16	42	15	7	7.4
July	29	16	29	16	10	7.3
August	31	27	15	14	13	6.9
September	30	43	8	10	9	5.9
October	21	53	10	8	8	6.1
November	25	46	14	4	11	6.3
December	17	45	27	3	8	6.5
Annual Average	18	34	29	11.	8	7.0

⁽¹⁾ Not available for 1946 and 1947.

SECTION 8 BUILDING AND REAL ESTATE INDUSTRIES

Table 57.— Bankruptcies in the Construction Industry, Building Material Industries, And in All Industries, Canada, 1939 — 1949.

	Cons	truction Ind	ustry	Buildin	g Material In	ndustries		All Industries	;
Period	Number of Bank- ruptcies(1)	Assets \$000	Liabilities \$000	Number of Bank- ruptcies(1)	Assets \$000	Liabilities \$000	Number of Bank- ruptcies(1)	Assets \$000	Liabilities \$000
1939 1940	58 72	401 672	688 942	17 12	258 160	361 173	1,109 1,003	12,212 10,433	15,946 13,184
1941	91	538	1,202	14	192	279	918	6,600	9,471
1942	73	526	770	13	414	364	725	7,715	10,709
1943	53	393	576	10	378	523	416	2,275	4,676
1944 1945	32	211 248	425 645	8 12	67 105	169 290	273 264	2,112 1,650	4,203 3,792
1945	56 35	358	580	3	41	56	169	3,411	5,984
1947	53	581	1,102	29	878	1,107	509	6,994	11,107
1948	73	679	1,375	25	1,286	1,309	799	12,849	18,151
1949(2)									7
1st Quarter	28	216	375	20	809	887	262	4,068	6,744
2nd Quarter	18	251	·388	10	81	256	219	3,769	4,696
3rd Quarter	10	261	462	11	503	686	149	2,558	3,548
4th Quarter	24	297	510	13	423	622	325	3,507	5,863
Total, 1949	80	1,025	1,735	54	1,816	2,451	955	13,902	20,851

See p. 114.
 Preliminary.

Table 58.— Financial Statistics, Summary Statement, Eleven Real Estate Companies, Canada, 1939 — 1948.

(In Dollars)

PROFIT STATISTICS

	1939	1940	1941	1942	1943
1. Gross Operating Revenue 2. Less Operating Expense 3. Less Depreciation	563,122 344,146 105,637	521,753 324,501 84,626	537,522 334,298 81,317	554,557 336,957 102,626	570,476 334,449 109,814
4. Net Operating Revenue	113,339	112,626	121,907	114,974	126,213
5. Non-Operating Income 6. Less Bond Interest 7. Less Income Tax	8,498 228,982 9	9,680 161,560 234	11,455 175,191 1,207	12,824 163,534 1,062	15,667 150,191 4,341
8. Net Income Available	107,154	39,488	43,036	36,798	12,652
9. Less Cash Dividends	1,284	-	_		7,800
10. Undistributed Income	108,438	39,488	43,036	36,798	20,452
	BALA	NCE SHEE	Γ		
	1939	1940	1941	1942	1943
Assets 1. Current Assets 2. Land and Building Net 3. Investments 4. Miscellaneous Assets 5. Deficit	153,912 4,570,394 124,137 160,816 1,338,428	139,872 3,872,367 119,815 66,763 917,781	136,291 3,795,758 146,185 66,441 953,142	164,335 3,713,705 156,964 69,132 972,142	194,280 3,619,170 196,838 54,599 967,637
Total	6,347,687	5,116,598	5,097,817	5,076,278	5,032,524
Liabilities 1. Current Liabilities 2. Miscellaneous Liabilities 3. Funded Debt 4. Capital Stock 5. Capital Surplus 6. Sinking Fund and General Reserves	703,001 10,150 4,128,753 1,214,292 290,281 1,210	441,123 12,213 3,615,835 751,712 291,064 4,551	465,219 14,350 3,569,436 751,712 292,775 4,325	492,366 16,482 3,510,968 751,712 300,553 4,197	534,225 17,270 3,430,019 751,712 295,277
Total	6,347,687	5,116,598	5,097,817	5,076,278	5,032,524
	OPERA'	ring rati	OS		
	1939	1940	1941	1942	1943
Operating Expense to Gross Operating Revenue (1) Excluding Depreciation (2) Including Depreciation Gross Operating Revenue to	61.6 79.9	62.2 78.4	62.2 77.3	62.2 79.3	58.6 77.9
(1) Fixed Assets (2) Share Capital	12.3 46.4	13.5 69.4	14.2 71.5	14.9 73.8	15.8 75.9
3. Net Income to Share Capital	8,8	5.3	5.7	4.9	1.7

Table 58.— Financial Statistics, Summary Statement, Eleven Real Estate Companies, Canada, 1939 — 1948.— *Continued*. (In Dollars)

PROFIT STATISTICS

	1944	1945	1946	1947	1948
 Gross Operating Revenue Less Operating Expense Less Depreciation 	578,975 332,538 128,397	582,988 334,009 128,893	589,096 348,647 126,417	604,473 336,397 105,989	649,115 376,170 107,928
4. Net Operating Revenue	118,040	120,086	114,032	162,087	165,017
5. Non-Operating Income 6. Less Bond Interest 7. Less Income Tax	16,292 145,380 4,712	11,729 123,891 5,579	11,738 125,767 8,653	8,900 99,784 48,294	6,244 105,319 49,025
8. Net Income Available	15,760	2,345	8,650	22,909	16,917
9. Less Cash Dividends	9,300	9,300	10,584	10,584	11,012
10. Undistributed Income	25,060	6,955	19,234	12,325	5,905
	BALA	NCE SHEE	Γ		
	1944	1945	1946	1947	1948
Assets 1. Current Assets 2. Land and Building Net 3. Investments 4. Miscellaneous Assets 5. Deficit	219,864 3,500,342 89,413 51,951 963,935	278,490 3,383,456 58,526 60,680 752,605	200,757 3,305,712 97,138 67,421 751,415	168,161 3,226,073 74,131 81,410 228,574	110,014 3,133,462 89,596 112,616 226,800
Total	4,825,505	4,533,757	4,422,443	3,778,349	3,672,488
Liabilities 1. Current Liabilities 2. Miscellaneous Liabilities 3. Funded Debt 4. Capital Stock 5. Capital Surplus 6. Sinking Fund and General Reserves	537,107 18,116 3,089,439 751,712 426,911 2,220	486,617 18,385 2,897,170 674,720 457,358	503,443 2,770,550 674,720 477,342 3,612	209,145 110 2,537,190 581,276 422,403 28,225	267,157 231 2,359,190 1,212,576 435,687 28,947
Total	4,825,505	4,533,757	4,422,443	3,778,349	3,672,488
	OPERA?	ΓING RATI	os .		-
	1944	1945	1946	1947	1948
1. Operating Expense to Operating Revenue (1) Excluding Depreciation (2) Including Depreciation	57.4 79.6	57.3 79.4	59.2 80.6	55.7 73.2	58.0 74.6
Gross Operating Revenue to (1) Fixed Assets (2) Share Capital	16.5 77.0	17.2 86.4	17.8 87.3	18.7 104.0	20.7 53.5
3. Net Income Available to Share Capital	2.1	.3	1.3	3.9	1.4

Table 59.— Indexes of Stock Prices of Common Shares of Sixteen Building Material Companies and Eighty-Two Industrial Companies,

Canada, 1939 — January, 1950.

(1939 = 100)

Period	Sixteen Building Material Companies	Eighty-two Industrial Companie
1939	100.0	100.0
1940	92.2	81.4
1941	79.7	70.1
1942	75.8	66.2
1943	90.6	86.2
1944	94.3	86.4
1945	118.0	102.7
946	152.2	119.1
1947	139.9	108.9
948— January	134.9	111.8
February	124.6	105.3
March	123.5 134.3	105.0
April	134.3	113.7 121.6
June	146.6	121.0
July	141.9	121.7
August	139.5	118.5
September	139.1	118.6
October	142.3	122.4
November	143.0	124.5
December	142.0	121.8
Annual Average	138.1	117.5
949—January	145.5	119.8
February	142.1	112.1
March	139.8	110.1
April	142.0	109.4
May	138.6	108.3
June	133.7	101.4
July	139.4	106.8
August	142.4	111.1
September	145.5	112.1
October	154.0	118.3
November December	161.3 166.0	$123.8 \\ 123.3$
Annual Average	145.8	113.1
950—January	172.0	124.2

SECTION 9. NEWFOUNDLAND

TA	Table 60.— Number of Births, Deaths, Marriages, and Total Population, Newfoundland, 1939 — 1949.					
Period	Births	Deaths	Marriages	Po		
1939	8,226	3,502	2,492	2		

Period	Births	Deaths	Marriages	Population (2)
1939	8,226	3,502	2,492	298,130
1940	7,937	3,547	2,331	301,482
1941	8,288	3,784	2,684	303,303
1942	8,791	3,802	3,269	307,803
1943	8,861	3,581	2,729	313,022
1944	9,295	3,892	3,000	316,334
1945	11,223	3,346	3,154	321,819
1946	12,033	3,427	3,067	329,776
1947	_(1)	_(1)	_(1)	336,000(3)
1948	_(1)	_(1)	_(1)	342,000(3)
1949	_(1)	_(1)	_(1)	348,000

 ⁽¹⁾ Not available.
 (2) As of June 1.
 (3) Estimated.

Table 61.— Selected Data on Publicly Assisted House-Building, Newfoundland, 1949.

Item	Number of Projects	Number of Loans	Number of Units	Amount of Loans
(1) N.H.A. Loans Approved (a) Gross Rental Ownership Total (b) Net Total	= = =	21 21 21 21	21 21 21 21	125.4 125.4 125.4 125.4
(2) Veterans Rental Projects Started by C.M.H.C.	1		50	_
(3) Armed Service Married Quarters, Projects Started	1		22	_

PART III SOURCES AND EXPLANATORY NOTES

SOURCES AND EXPLANATORY NOTES

Sources and explanatory notes are organized in the order of the factual material referred to in Parts I and II. Where figures are rounded to the nearest thousand or million, totals do not necessarily equal the sum of their constituent items. Frequent references are made to the Dominion Bureau of Statistics and to the Central Mortgage and Housing Corporation. In the following notes these organizations are designated by the abbreviations, "D.B.S." and "C.M.H.C." respectively.

PART I

Note Re Housing Starts and Completions in St. John's Newfoundland (footnote 1 on p. 25). The Central Mortgage and Housing Corporation survey of starts and completions in centres of 5,000 population and over was begun in St. John's in July, 1949. The data used on page 25 in the factual summary are estimated on the basis of starts and completions during the last six months of the year.

CHARTS

FIGURE 1.—HOUSE-BUILDING ACTIVITY, CANADA, 1948-1849.

Chart based on data shown in Table 5.

FIGURE 2.—NUMBER OF HOUSING UNITS STARTED IN CANADA, QUARTERLY, 1947-1949.

Chart based on data shown in Table 10.

FIGURE 3.—VOLUME OF PRODUCTION OF EIGHTEEN BUILDING MATERIALS, 1939, 1948 AND 1949.

Chart based on data shown in Table 36.

FIGURE 4.—INDEXES OF DOMESTIC DISAPPEARANCE OF CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS, AND EMPLOYMENT IN THE CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRY, 1939-1949.

Chart based on data shown in Tables 35 and 43.

PART II

TABULAR MATERIAL

TABLE 1.—NUMBER OF BIRTHS, DEATHS, MARRIAGES AND DIVORCES, AND TOTAL POPULATION, CANADA, 1939-1949.

Data for births, deaths, marriages and divorces and figures for total population as at December 31, 1949, obtained by courtesy the Vital Statistics Section, Division of Social Welfare, D.B.S. Other data for total population obtained from *Population of Canada by Provinces*, 1921-1949, estimated for Intercensal Years, D.B.S.

TABLE 2.—NUMBER OF IMMIGRANTS TO CANADA, BY SEX, MARITAL STATUS AND AGE GROUP, 1939-1949.

Data compiled by courtesy of D.B.S. from data supplied by the Immigration Branch, Department of Citizenship and Immigration.

TABLE 3.—EMIGRATION FROM CANADA, 1939-1949.

Figures are estimated by the Economic Research Department, C.M.H.C., on the basis of data supplied by D.B.S., and the Foreign Exchange Control Board. All data are provisional and subject to adjustment following the 1951 Census.

Estimates of total emigration for the period 1939 to June 1949 are based on the number of Canadian immigrants entering the United States as supplied by the Immigration and Naturalization Service of the United States Department of Justice. For the period after 1945, data were also available on the number of Canadian immigrants entering the United Kingdom, as obtained from periodic issues of the British Board of Trade Journal. An

allowance was made for emigration to other countries. Estimates for the second half of 1949 are based on the number of persons who applied to the Foreign Exchange Control Board for change of status from resident to non-resident, with the intention of leaving the country permanently. An allowance was made for emigrants leaving Canada without making application to the Foreign Exchange Control Board.

Estimates for emigration of married females and children under eighteen years of age are based on data supplied by the Foreign Exchange Control Board as indicated above.

- TABLE 4.—BIRTH, DEATH, MARRIAGE AND DIVORCE RATES, CANADA, 1939-1949.

 Rates calculated on the basis of data shown in Table 1.
- TABLE 5.—NUMBER OF NEW HOUSING UNITS STARTED, COMPLETED, AND UNDER CONSTRUCTION, CANADA, 1945-1949.

Sources of data shown in Table 5 are as follows:

1945 Housing Statistics, 1946, D.B.S.

1946 Data for completions obtained from Dwelling Units and New Buildings Containing Dwelling Units Reported by Municipalities and other Areas as Completed in the Nine Months Ending September 30, 1947, D.B.S.

Data for starts during 1947 estimated by Economic Research Department, C.M.H.C. from figures supplied by Public Finance Statistics Division, D.B.S.

1948-1949 Data obtained from monthly issues Housing Bulletin, D.B.S.

Data for housing units completed in Canada during 1945, 1946 and 1947 are based on returns received from 623 municipalities out of a total of 3,845 or approximately 66 per cent of the total population of incorporated municipalities. For detailed explanation of coverage and statistical technique used see *Housing Statistics*, 1946, D.B.S.

Data for 1948 and 1949 are based on the results of a nation-wide survey carried out each month by D.B.S. with the co-operation of C.M.H.C. All metropolitan areas and urban centres with a population of 5,000 or more are enumerated completely. Approximately 400 sample areas lying outside these municipalities are also chosen for complete enumeration.

The number of units under construction as shown for the end of December, 1949 does not equal the number shown as under construction at the end of 1948 plus starts less completions during 1949. The figures for units under construction are subject to adjustment each month because of errors in the designation of starts between single and multiple units, and also because of the cancellation of some starts reported in previous months.

TABLE 6.—NUMBER OF NEW HOUSING UNITS STARTED, COMPLETED, AND UNDER CONSTRUCTION IN METROPOLITAN AREAS AND MUNICIPALITIES OF 5,000 POPULATION AND OVER, CANADA, 1946-1949.

Data for 1946 and 1947 compiled by the Program Section, Construction Division, C.M.H.C. Data for 1948 compiled by the Program Section, Construction Division, C.M.H.C. and the Housing Research Section, Central Research and Development Division, D.B.S. Data for 1949 compiled by the Economic Research Department, C.M.H.C. and the Housing Research Section, Central Research and Development Division, D.B.S. The number of units under construction at the end of December, 1949, need not equal the sum of all units started less total completions. For explanation see notes to Table 5.

TABLE 7.—NEW RESIDENTIAL CONSTRUCTION, BUILDING PERMITS ISSUED IN 204 MUNICIPALITIES, CANADA, 1940-1949.

Data for 1940-February, 1947, obtained from annual and monthly issues of *Building Permits Issued in Canada*, Construction Statistics Section, Census of Industry and Merchandising Division, D.B.S. Data for March-December, 1947, compiled by the Economic Research Department, C.M.H.C., from returns made to D.B.S. Data for 1948-1949, provided by courtesy the Construction Statistics Section, Census of Industry and Merchandising Division, D.B.S.

The number of new dwelling units includes conversions.

The 204 municipalities reporting to D.B.S. represented some 5,257,000 persons or 46 per cent of the total population of Canada as at the date of the 1941 census.

Data for May to November, 1948 based on returns from 203 municipalities, and December 1948, 202.

TABLE 8.—NEW RESIDENTIAL CONSTRUCTION, CONSTRUCTION CONTRACTS AWARDED, CANADA, 1939-1949.

Data obtained from monthly issues of *The Building Reporter*, published by Hugh C. McLean Publications Limited, Toronto.

Contracts awarded may be used as an indicator of trends but they are liable to misinterpretation if used as indicators of total volume of residential activity. They relate only to projected work which may or may not be commenced. Coverage is apt to vary over a period of time.

Data on the number of new housing units estimated to be involved in contract awards for apartments which replace the series on apartment blocks shown in The Building Reporter have been derived by the application of a conversion factor to the value of contract awards for apartments made during the periods shown. This has been done to make the data more comparable with the series on building permits issued.

The conversion factor used is simply the average construction cost per dwelling unit of an apartment of the solid masonry type (brick facing and masonry blocks) prevailing throughout Canada during the first six months of 1946 as outlined in the study Manpower and Material Requirements for a Housing Programme in Canada, Department of Reconstruction and Supply, Ottawa, 1946, pp. 40-41. 1946 construction costs for the units are estimated at \$6,053, of which \$3,178 are material costs, \$2,270 are on-site labour costs and \$605 are overhead and profits. This conversion factor was adjusted according to variations in the composite index of wholesale prices of residential building materials and wage rates in the construction industry as contained in Table 55.

TABLE 9.—EXPENDITURES ON NEW CONSTRUCTION, MAJOR IMPROVE-MENTS, REPAIR AND MAINTENANCE, RESIDENTIAL AND OTHER, CANADA, 1945-1949.

Data for total construction obtained from *Private and Public Investment in Canada*, *Outlook 1950*, Department of Trade and Commerce, Ottawa, 1950. Housing data estimated by the Economic Research Department, C.M.H.C. The quarterly distribution for housing for 1948-1949 estimated on the basis of quarterly data on starts, completions and the number of months required to complete a house.

TABLE 10.—NUMBER OF NEW PERMANENT HOUSING UNITS STARTED, PUBLICLY-INITIATED HOUSING AND PRIVATELY-INITIATED HOUSING WITH AND WITHOUT FEDERAL GOVERNMENT FINANCIAL ASSISTANCE, CANADA, 1947-1949.

Data compiled by Economic Research Department, C.M.H.C. Publicly-initiated housing comprises starts under the Veterans' Rental Housing Programme of C.M.H.C. and the Armed Service Married Quarters' Programme of the Department of National Defence. Privately-initiated housing with Federal Government financial assistance in the form of loans cover starts under the National Housing Act, 1944, The Farm Loan Act, 1927, and the Veterans' Land Act, 1942. Privately-initiated housing with Federal Government financial assistance in the form of guarantees comprises starts under the Farm Improvement Loans Act, 1944, and the rental insurance plan, except those rental insurance units approved for National Housing Act loans.

National Housing Act starts for 1947 and 1948 were distributed by quarter according to the pattern established by the number of housing units approved for loans. Starts under the rental insurance plan, the Farm Loan Act, 1927, and the Farm Improvement Loans Act, 1944, were considered to be equal to the number of units approved under these provisions.

As this tabulation covers new permanent houses only, Federal Government guarantees under the home extension provisions of The National Housing Act, 1944, financial assistance for Emergency Shelter units, and construction of temporary units by the Department of National Defence, are excluded.

TABLE 11.—LENDING OPERATIONS UNDER THE NATIONAL HOUSING ACT, 1944, NUMBER AND AMOUNT OF GROSS LOANS APPROVED AND NUMBER OF HOUSING UNITS FINANCED, CANADA, FEBRUARY, 1945—DECEMBER, 1949.

Data compiled by the Economic Research Department, C.M.H.C.

TABLE 12.—LENDING OPERATIONS UNDER THE NATIONAL HOUSING ACT, 1944, NET LOANS APPROVED BY TYPE OF LOAN, CANADA, 1948 AND 1949.

Data compiled by the Economic Research Department, C.M.H.C.

TABLE 13.—LENDING OPERATIONS UNDER THE NATIONAL HOUSING ACT, 1944, ANALYSIS OF GROSS LOANS APPROVED SHOWING AVERAGE ESTIMATED COST, LENDING VALUE, AMOUNT OF LOAN, FLOOR AREA, AND CONSTRUCTION COST PER SQUARE FOOT, BY TYPE OF HOUSING UNIT, CANADA, 1948-1949.

Data compiled by the Economic Research Department, C.M.H.C.

TABLE 14.—LENDING OPERATIONS UNDER THE NATIONAL HOUSING ACT, 1944, HOME EXTENSION LOAN GUARANTEES APPROVED, CANADA, APRIL, 1946-1949.

Data compiled by the Mortgage Department, C.M.H.C.

TABLE 15.—VETERANS' RENTAL HOUSING PROJECTS BY CENTRAL MORT-GAGE AND HOUSING CORPORATION, NUMBER OF NEW HOUSING UNITS STARTED, COMPLETED, AND UNDER CONSTRUCTION, AND ACTUAL EXPENDITURE, CANADA, 1941-1949.

Data to the end of 1946 compiled by Wartime Housing Limited.

Financial data for 1947-1949 compiled by the Accounting Division, C.M.H.C. For the years 1947 and 1948, data on the number of housing units started, completed and under construction compiled by the Program Section, Construction Division, and for 1949 by the Economic Research Department, C.M.H.C. Financial data for 1948 and 1949 revised to include recoverable expenditures made by C.M.H.C. on behalf of municipalities. Data on housing units also revised in accordance with year end review of data.

TABLE 16.—VETERANS' RENTAL HOUSING PROJECTS BY CENTRAL MORT-GAGE AND HOUSING CORPORATION, CONSTRUCTION UNDER CONTRACT, BY UNITS, CANADA, 1945—JANUARY, 1950.

Data to the end of 1948 compiled by the Program Section, Construction Division, and for 1949 by the Economic Research Department, C.M.H.C.

TABLE 17.—VETERANS' RENTAL HOUSING PROJECTS BY CENTRAL MORT-GAGE AND HOUSING CORPORATION, HOUSING UNITS UNDER CONTRACT BY TWENTY-THREE STAGES OF CONSTRUCTION, CANADA, YEAR ENDS, 1947-1949.

Data to the end of 1948 compiled by the Program Section, Construction Division, and for 1949 by the Economic Research Department, C.M.H.C.

TABLE 18.—CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS UNDER THE VETERANS' LAND ACT, 1942, NUMBER AND AMOUNT OF APPROPRIATIONS AND APPLICATIONS FOR ASSISTANCE APPROVED, BY TYPE OF PROJECT, CANADA, SEPTEMBER 23, 1943-1949.

Data compiled by the Economic Research Department, C.M.H.C. from information obtained by courtesy of the Research and Statistics Division, Department of Veterans' Affairs.

Data cover housing operations only under the Veterans' Land Act, 1942, from the date of the first loan approved to the end of 1949. Operations prior to September, 1943, consisted mainly of land and building material acquisitions for future operations.

TABLE 19.—CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS UNDER THE VETERANS' LAND ACT, 1942, NUMBER OF NEW HOUSING UNITS STARTED, COMPLETED AND UNDER CONSTRUCTION AND EXPENDITURE, BY TYPE OF PROJECT, CANADA, SEPTEMBER 23, 1943-1949.

Data compiled by the Economic Research Department, C.M.H.C. from information obtained by courtesy of the Research and Statistics Division, Department of Veterans' Affairs.

TABLE 20.—ARMED SERVICE MARRIED QUARTERS, PERMANENT AND TEM-PORARY HOUSING, NUMBER STARTED, COMPLETED, AND UNDER CONSTRUCTION, AND EXPENDITURES, CANADA, 1947-1949.

Data obtained by courtesy the Joint Services Accommodation Committee, Department of National Defence. Figures compiled by the construction branches of the Department of National Defence.

No land costs are shown because the units were constructed on crown-owned property.

The designation "temporary units" refers to conversions but excludes emergency conversions.

TABLE 21.—ARMED SERVICE MARRIED QUARTERS, CONSTRUCTION OPERATIONS BY CENTRAL MORTGAGE AND HOUSING CORPORATION, NUMBER OF HOUSING UNITS STARTED, COMPLETED AND UNDER CNSTRUCTION, AND ACTUAL EXPENDITURES, CANADA, JANUARY—DECEMBER, 1949.

Data compiled by the Economic Research Department, C.M.H.C.

TABLE 22.—LENDING OPERATIONS UNDER THE CANADIAN FARM LOAN ACT, 1927, CANADA, 1929-1949.

Data obtained by courtesy of the Canadian Farm Loan Board, Department of Finance.

TABLE 23.—LENDING OPERATIONS UNDER THE FARM IMPROVEMENT LOANS ACT, 1944, CANADA, MARCH, 1945-1949.

Data obtained by courtesy of the Supervisor, The Farm Improvement Loans Act, Department of Finance.

TABLE 24.—PROPERTY MANAGEMENT OPERATIONS UNDER CENTRAL MORT-GAGE AND HOUSING CORPORATION, NUMBER OF RENTAL UNITS UNDER ADMINISTRATION, AND PER CENT VACANT, BY TYPE OF UNIT, CANADA, 1947-1949.

Data compiled by Economic Research Department from data supplied by the Property Management Section, Real Estate Division, C.M.H.C.

TABLE 25.—OPERATIONS UNDER THE NATIONAL HOUSING ACT, 1944, RENTAL INSURANCE PLAN, NUMBER OF PROJECTS, UNITS, AND TOTAL ESTIMATED COST FOR APPROVED PROJECTS WITH LOANS UNDER THE N.H.A. AND WITH CONVENTIONAL LOANS, CANADA, JULY, 1948—DECEMBER, 1949.

Data compiled by the Economic Research Department, C.M.H.C. These data have been revised to show net figures in place of the gross figures appearing in previous issues of Housing in Canada. As it is not possible to match allowances for cancellations, adjustments and reinstatements with the original approvals these allowances have been made in the month they were reported. As a result negative figures may appear in a particular month during which there were more cancellations reported than approvals made.

TABLE 26.—OPERATIONS UNDER THE NATIONAL HOUSING ACT, 1944, RENTAL INSURANCE PLAN, AVERAGE NUMBER OF ROOMS, FLOOR AREA, ESTIMATED COST, AND MAXIMUM MONTHLY RENT PER UNIT, FOR PROJECTS APPROVED, CANADA, JULY, 1948-1949.

Data compiled by the Economic Research Department, C.M.H.C. For explanation see notes to Table 25.

TABLE 27.—APPROVED APPLICATIONS FOR DOUBLE DEPRECIATION ON RENTAL HOUSING PROJECTS, NUMBER OF PROJECTS AND UNITS AND TOTAL ESTIMATED COST, CANADA, JUNE, 1947—DECEMBER, 1949.

Data compiled by Economic Research Department, C.M.H.C. In June, 1948, one project comprised 18 housing units, 8 stores and 1 garage. In this month estimated costs are based on dwellings, stores and garages.

TABLE 28.—APPROVED APPLICATIONS FOR DOUBLE DEPRECIATION ON RENTAL PROJECTS, AVERAGE ESTIMATED COSTS PER UNIT, FLOOR AREA, NUMBER OF ROOMS AND MONTHLY RENT PER UNIT, AND ESTIMATED CONSTRUCTION COSTS PER SQUARE FOOT, CANADA, JUNE, 1947—DECEMBER, 1949.

Data compiled by Economic Research Department, C.M.H.C. In June, 1948, one project comprised 18 housing units, 8 stores and 1 garage. In this month average estimated costs are based on dwellings, stores and garages. Construction cost per square foot is based on one project only, as costs of housing units are not shown separately from costs of stores and garage for the other project.

TABLE 29.—NUMBER OF HOUSING UNITS FOR WHICH PRIORITY ASSISTANCE FOR BUILDING MATERIALS HAS BEEN APPROVED, BY TYPE OF PROJECT, CANADA, AUGUST 23, 1945—JANUARY, 1950.

Data to July, 1947, compiled by the Economic Research and Development Branch, Department of Trade and Commerce. Data for August, 1947—January, 1950, compiled by the Priorities Branch, Department of Trade and Commerce.

TABLE 30.—OPERATIONS UNDER THE HOUSING CORPORATION, PROVINCE OF ONTARIO, NUMBER OF LOANS AND HOUSING UNITS APPROVED, AMOUNT OF LOANS APPROVED, AND AMOUNT OF LOANS ADVANCED, MAY, 1948—JANUARY, 1950.

Data obtained by courtesy, The Housing Corporation, Province of Ontario.

TABLE 31.—OPERATIONS UNDER THE QUEBEC HOUSING ACT, NUMBER AND AMOUNT OF LOANS APPROVED, NUMBER OF HOUSING UNITS INVOLVED AND PROVINCIAL COMMITMENTS, JANUARY, 1948—JANUARY, 1950.

Data obtained by courtesy of the Quebec Farm Credit Bureau.

TABLE 32.—GROSS MORTGAGE LOANS ON REAL ESTATE APPROVED BY LENDING INSTITUTIONS, BY TYPE OF LOAN, CANADA, 1947-1949.

Data compiled by the Economic Research Department, C.M.H.C., from monthly reports submitted by 113 lending institutions comprising 39 life insurance companies, 35 trust companies, 22 loan companies, 8 fire insurance companies, and 9 fraternal societies. These companies advanced 96 per cent of the total cash disbursements on mortgage loan account for Canadian real-estate made by all companies of these types in 1949.

TABLE 33.—GROSS MORTGAGE LOANS APPROVED ON NEW NON-FARM HOUSING CONSTRUCTION, BY TYPE OF LENDING INSTITUTION, AND BY TYPE OF HOUSING UNIT, CANADA, 1947-1949.

Data compiled by Economic Research Department, C.M.H.C. Source is the same as for Table 32.

TABLE 34.—LOANS FOR BUILDING PURPOSES AND OTHER LOANS MADE BY CHARTERED BANKS, CANADA, 1939-1949.

Data obtained from monthly issues of Statistical Summary, Bank of Canada.

This classification of bank loans in Canada was commenced in 1934 in pursuance of an amendment to the Bank Act of 1934, and is prepared on the basis of loans outstanding as at October 31 of each year during the period 1939-1946, and as at September 30 in 1947-1949

"Building Loans" refers to loans to building contractors and other persons or firms for building purposes.

TABLE 35.—INDEXES OF PRODUCTION OF CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS, BY LUMBER, OTHER CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS, AND TOTAL, AND INDEX OF DOMESTIC DISAPPEARANCE OF CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS EXCLUDING LUMBER, CANADA, 1939-1949.

Data compiled by Economic Research Department, C.M.H.C. from information provided by courtesy of D.B.S.

The combined index of construction material production is based on the total value of output of the more important construction materials in terms of 1946 prices. It is

designed to measure the overall trend in the physical output of construction materials. Because of the high degree to which producers of construction materials, with the exception of lumber, are responsive mainly to the requirements of the domestic market, the output index provides a rough indication of trends in domestic construction activity.

A closer indication of trends in domestic construction activity however, can be obtained from the index of domestic disappearance, designed to measure the rate at which the construction industry absorbs materials. To obtain this index, the production index was adjusted, where possible, by the addition of imports, the deduction of exports, and the replacement of the original production data with data on factory sales of materials to take account of producers' inventory changes. The series on domestic disappearance is subject to the limitation that it does not reflect changes in the level of dealers' inventories. This means that in respect to materials such as lumber, where dealers' inventories represent a comparatively high proportion of yearly output or factory shipments, the series shown here cannot be relied on to give an accurate short term indication of the actual absorption of materials on the site. For this reason, lumber was excluded from the series on domestic disappearance shown in this tabulation.

The indexes are based on 23 materials, including lumber, for the period 1939-1945, and on 41 materials for the period 1946-1949. The lumber index in the production series is shown separately because of its heavy weight in relation to the other materials.

TABLE 36.—PRODUCTION OF SELECTED BUILDING MATERIALS, CANADA, 1939-1949.

Sources of data for building materials listed in Table 36 are as follows:

Sawn Lumber:

1939-1948 Annual issues The Lumber Industry in Canada, D.B.S.

Monthly issues Production, Shipments and Stocks on Hand of Sawmills, D.B.S.

Hardwood Flooring:

1946—1949 By courtesy the Timber Controller, Department of Trade and Commerce. The unit measure, square feet, represents a surface measure, plus an allowance for waste and tongue irrespective of thickness.

Wood Fibre Insulating Board

1939-1948 By courtesy the Forest Products Statistics Section, D.B.S.

Monthly issues Rigid Insulating Board Industry, D.B.S.

Building Brick: Data relate to face and common clay brick.

1939-1944 Annual issues The Clay and Clay Products Industry in Canada, D.B.S.

1945—1949 Estimates prepared by Economic Research Department, C.M.H.C., based on actual production reported to D.B.S. by 55 producers accounting for approximately 97 per cent of brick shipments during 1945.

Data on production of brick, 1946-1949 shown in Canadian Statistical Review, D.B.S. represent production of these firms only.

Flue Linings:

1946—1949 By courtesy the Mining, Metallurgical and Chemical Statistics Section, D.B.S.

Vitrified Sewer Pipe:

1946—1949 By courtesy the Mining, Metallurgical and Chemical Statistics Section, D.B.S.

Structural Tile:

1939—1944 Annual issues The Clay and Clay Products Industry, in Canada, D.B.S.

1945-1949 Monthly issues of Report on Clay Products Made from Canadian Clays, D.B.S.

Cast-Iron Soil Pipe and Fittings:

1939-1942 Iron and Steel and Their Products in Canada, 1940-1942, D.B.S.

1943-1945 Iron and Steel and Their Products in Canada, 1943-1945, D.B.S.

1946—1949 By courtesy the Mining, Metallurgical and Chemical Statistics Section, D.B.S.

Cast-Iron Pressure Pipe and Fittings:

1939-1942 Iron and Steel and Their Products in Canada, 1940-1942, D.B.S.

1943-1945 Iron and Steel and Their Products in Canada, 1943-1945, D.B.S.

1946-1949 By courtesy the Mining, Metallurgical and Chemical Statistics Section, D.B.S.

Steel Pipe and Fittings:

1939-1942 Iron and Steel and Their Products in Canada, 1940-1942, D.B.S.

1943-1945 Iron and Steel and Their Products in Canada, 1943-1945, D.B.S.

1946-1949 By courtesy the Mining, Metallurgical and Chemical Statistics Section, D.B.S.

Structural Steel:

1942—1949 By courtesy the Steel Controller, Department of Trade and Commerce. Structurals include T-bars, Z-bars, H-beams, I-Beams, uprights, angles, etc., where any one leg of the section is 3 inches or over.

Wire Nails and Spikes:

1939-1942 Iron and Steel and Their Products in Canada, 1940-1942, D.B.S.

1943-1945 Iron and Steel and Their Products in Canada, 1943-1945, D.B.S.

1946 The Hardware, Tools and Cutlery Industry in Canada, 1946, D.B.S.

1947-1949 Monthly issues Nails, Tacks and Staples, D.B.S.

Rock Wool Batts:

1939-1947 Annual issues The Stone Industry in Canada, D.B.S.

1948-1949 Monthly issues Rock Wool, D.B.S.

Granulated and Loose Rock Wool:

1939-1947 Annual issues The Stone Industry in Canada, D.B.S.

1948-1949 Monthly issues Rock Wool, D.B.S.

Cement:

1939-1948 Annual issues The Cement Manufacturing Industry in Canada, D.B.S.

1949 Monthly issues Cement, D.B.S.

Concrete Blocks:

1946—1947 By courtesy the Mining, Metallurgical and Chemical Statistics Section, D.B.S.

1948—1949 Estimates prepared by the Economic Research Department, C.M.H.C. based on monthly issues Concrete Building Blocks and Cement Pipe, D.B.S. which accounts for 82 per cent of total production.

Cement Pipe and Tile:

By courtesy the Mining, Metallurgical and Chemical Statistics Section, D.B.S.

1947-1949 Monthly issues Concrete Building Blocks and Cement Pipe, D.B.S.

Single Pole Switches:

1946—1949 By courtesy the Mining, Metallurgical and Chemical Statistics Section, D.B.S.

Duplex Receptacles:

1946—1949 By courtesy the Mining, Metallurgical and Chemical Statistics Section, D.B.S.

Outlet Boxes:

1946—1949 By courtesy the Mining, Metallurgical and Chemical Statistics Section, D.B.S.

Non-Metallic Sheathed Cable:

1946—1949 By courtesy the Mining, Metallurgical and Chemical Statistics Section, D.B.S.

Gypsum Wallboard:

1939—1947 Annual issues The Gypsum Industry in Canada, D.B.S.

1948-1949 Monthly issues Production, Shipments and Stocks of Gypsum Products, D.B.S.

Gypsum Lath:

1945—1947 Annual issues The Gypsum Industry in Canada, D.B.S.

1948-1949 Monthly issues Production, Shipments and Stocks of Gypsum Products, D.B.S.

Gypsum Plaster:

1939-1948 Annual issues The Gypsum Industry in Canada, D.B.S.

Estimates prepared by the Economic Research Department, C.M.H.C. Production data shown in monthly issues of *Production*, *Shipments and Stocks of Gypsum Products* include sundry plasters such as moulding plaster, etc. These were excluded in the figures shown in this table.

Builders' Hardware:

1939-1942 Iron and Steel and Their Products 1940-1942, D.B.S.

1943-1945 Iron and Steel and Their Products 1943-1945, D.B.S.

1946-1947 Annual issues The Hardware, Tools and Cutlery Industry in Canada, D.B.S.

1948—1949 Estimates prepared by Economic Research Department, C.M.H.C. based on factory sales reported to D.B.S. by firms accounting for about 58 per cent of total sales in 1948.

Bath Tubs:

By courtesy the Mining, Metallurgical and Chemical Statistics Section, D.B.S.

Sinks:

By courtesy the Mining, Metallurgical and Chemical Statistics Section, D.B.S.

Wash basins:

By courtesy the Mining, Metallurgical and Chemical Statistics Section, D.B.S.

Warm Air Furnaces:

1939-1948 Special Statements on Warm Air Furnaces, D.B.S.

Monthly estimates prepared by Economic Research Department, C.M.H.C. based on returns made to D.B.S. from firms accounting for about 77 per cent of production in 1948.

Domestic Heating Boilers:

1939—1947 Annual issues The Cooking and Heating Apparatus Industry in Canada, D.B.S.

1948-1949 By courtesy the Mining, Metallurgical and Chemical Statistics Section, D.B.S.

Cast-Iron Radiators:

1939-1948 Annual issues The Boilers, Tanks and Plate Work Industry in Canada, D.B.S.

By courtesy the Mining, Metallurgical and Chemical Statistics Section, D.B.S.

Hot Water Storage Tanks:

1939-1947 Annual issues The Sheet Metal Products Industry in Canada, D.B.S.

1948—1949 By courtesy the Mining, Metallurgical and Chemical Statistics Section, D.B.S.

Electric Hot Water Tank Heaters:

1939-1943 Manufacture of the Non-Ferrous Metals in Canada, 1939-1943, D.B.S.

1944-1948 Annual issues The Electrical Apparatus and Supplies Industry in Canada, D.B.S.

1949 Estimates prepared by the Economic Research Department, C.M.H.C. based on returns made to D.B.S. from firms accounting for about 86 per cent of production in 1948.

Asphalt Shingles:

By courtesy the Forest Products Statistics Section, D.B.S.

1940-1942 Asphalt Roofing Industry, December, 1945, D.B.S.

1943—1947 Asphalt Roofing Industry, March, 1948, D.B.S.

1948-1949 Monthly issues Asphalt Roofing Industry, D.B.S.

Tar and Asphalt Felts:

1941-1945 By courtesy the Forest Products Statistics Section, D.B.S.

1946—1947 Asphalt Roofing Industry, March, 1948, D.B.S.

1948—1949 Monthly issues Asphalt Roofing Industry, D.B.S.

TABLE 37.—SALES AND STOCKS OF SELECTED BUILDING MATERIALS, CANADA, 1948-1949.

Data based on monthly reports supplied by courtesy the Mining, Metallurgical and Chemical Statistics Section, D.B.S.

TABLE 38.—IMPORTS OF SELECTED BUILDING MATERIALS, CANADA, 1939-1949. Data obtained from monthly issues of *Trade of Canada—Imports entered for Consumption*, Department of Trade and Commerce.

TABLE 39.—EXPORTS OF SELECTED BUILDING MATERIALS, CANADA, 1939-1949.

Data obtained from monthly issues of *Trade of Canada—Exports—Canadian Produce*, Department of Trade and Commerce.

Data on lumber exports include planks, boards and squared timber.

Data for lumber in monthly issues of the Canadian Statistical Review, D.B.S., include planks and boards only.

TABLE 40.—MOVEMENT BY RAIL OF BUILDING MATERIALS, CANADA, 1939-1949. Data to November, 1949, obtained from monthly issues of *Monthly Traffic Report*of Railways of Canada, D.B.S. Data for December 1949, estimated on the basis of car loadings as shown in weekly issues of Car Loadings, D.B.S.

TABLE 41.—EMPLOYMENT AND WEEKLY PAYROLLS IN THE BUILDING MATERIAL INDUSTRIES, CANADA, 1946-1949.

Data compiled by the Economic Research Department, C.M.H.C., from information supplied by courtesy of the Employment and Payrolls Statistics Section, D.B.S.

Data are based on monthly reports from employers with 15 or more employees. The materials covered include: lumber, brick, tiles, paints, pigments, varnishes, building blocks, roofing and sheathing paper, prefabricated houses, stoves, heaters, furnaces, iron pipe, sheet metal, wallboards, structural iron and steel fabrication, builders' hardware, glass, lime, gypsum products, cement, asbestos building materials, sanitary ware, rock wool, sand and gravel.

TABLE 42.—CAPITAL EXPENDITURES IN BUILDING MATERIAL INDUSTRIES, CANADA, 1945-1949.

Data prepared by the Economic Research and Development Branch, Department of Trade and Commerce, from information collected by D.B.S.

The estimates of capital expenditure were based on returns from a selected group of establishments covering in the main those with an annual gross value of output equal to or in excess of \$50,000.

Some of the reporting establishments which are in the building materials field produce other commodities as well, which are not classed as building materials. In such cases of joint production the proportion of investment allocated to the building materials field is estimated on the basis of the proportion of the gross value of output deriving from building material production. In terms of gross value of output a significant degree of joint production occurs in only 16 per cent of the establishments covered.

The building material industries comprise firms producing the following items: cement, building brick, flue linings, vitrified sewer pipe, sawn lumber, hardwood flooring, wood fibre insulating board, builders' hardware, warm air furnaces, domestic heating boilers, cast-iron radiators, hot water storage tanks, electric hot water tank heaters, asphalt shingles, asphalt rolls, cast-iron soil pipe, steel pipe, wire nails and spikes, gypsum wall board, gypsum lath, gypsum plaster, single-pole switches, duplex and single receptacles, outlet boxes, non-metallic sheathed cable, bath tubs, sinks, wash basins, concrete brick, concrete building blocks, cement sewer pipe, drain pipe and culvert tile, structural tile, drain tile, sand lime brick, granulated rock wool, bulk or loose rock wool, gypsum block and tile, tar and asphalt felts, tar and asphalt sheathings, wrought iron pipes and fittings, lead pipe (\frac{3}{4}" water service), copper tubing (water service), closet bowls, closet tanks, toilet seats, structural steel shapes, cast-iron water pipe, rock wool batts, paints, pigments, and varnishes.

TABLE 43.—EMPLOYMENT AND UNEMPLOYMENT IN THE CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRY, NON-AGRICULTURAL INDUSTRIES, AND ALL INDUSTRIES, CANADA, NOVEMBER, 1945-1949.

The data in this table are based on the results of sample surveys undertaken by D.B.S. on an approximate quarterly basis. Results of these samples are published in periodic issues of *The Labour Force Bulletin*, D.B.S.

The estimates in Table 43 are subject to sampling error. In general, the smaller the estimate the larger the relative sampling error. In the case of unemployment estimates in the construction industry, the percentage error is apt to be quite high, and reliance can be placed on these figures only with careful reservations. The coefficient of variation for estimates of employment in the construction industry is estimated at 6 per cent. Roughly this means that there are about two chances out of three that the sampling

error will be less than 6 per cent; and about one chance in twenty that it will amount to more than 12 per cent.

It should be borne in mind that the construction industry referred to in Table 43 includes engineering as well as building construction, whereas the following tables, numbers 44 and 45 cover the building industry only.

TABLE 44.—EMPLOYMENT AND WEEKLY PAYROLLS IN THE BUILDING INDUSTRY AND INDEXES OF EMPLOYMENT IN THE BUILDING AND NON-AGRICULTURAL INDUSTRIES, CANADA, 1945-1949.

Data compiled by the Employment Statistics Section, D.B.S., from reports made by employers with 15 or more employees. Indexes of employment converted from a 1926 to a 1939 base. The data are published monthly in issues of *The Employment Situation*, D.B.S.

TABLE 45.—NUMBER OF HOURLY WAGE-EARNERS, AVERAGE AND TOTAL NUMBER OF HOURS WORKED PER WEEK, AVERAGE HOURLY AND WEEKLY EARNINGS, BUILDING INDUSTRY, CANADA, 1945-1949.

Data compiled by the Employment Statistics Section, D.B.S., from reports made by employers with 15 or more employees. Data are published monthly in Statistics of Average Hours Worked and Average Hourly Earnings, D.B.S.

The number of hourly wage-earners comprises workers who are employed by the hour and excludes salaried personnel and other employees whose earnings are not directly dependent on the number of hours worked. Consequently the total number of hourly wage-earners shown in this table is smaller than the number of persons employed as shown in Table 44.

The statistics on hours worked include overtime as well as the hours put in by parttime and casual workers. Hours credited to persons on leave with pay are also included.

The average hourly and weekly earnings shown represent gross earnings before deduction for taxes, unemployment insurance, etc.

TABLE 46.—UNFILLED VACANCIES AND UNPLACED APPLICANTS IN CONSTRUCTION TRADES, CANADA, DECEMBER, 1944-1949.

Compiled by the Research and Statistics Branch, Department of Labour, based on weekly reports submitted by local offices of the Unemployment Insurance Commission.

TABLE 47.—UNEMPLOYMENT IN THE CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRY, PERCENT-AGE OF TRADE UNION MEMBERSHIP UNEMPLOYED, BY TRADE, CANADA, 1939-1949.

Data obtained by courtesy the Research and Statistics Branch, Department of Labour. The figures are based on returns from trade unions reporting to the Department of Labour. The number of unions reporting varies from one period to another with consequent variations in the membership upon which the percentage of unemployment is based.

The annual percentages of membership unemployed represent averages of the percentages unemployed at the end of each quarter.

Unemployment in this tabulation refers only to involuntary idleness, due to economic causes. Persons who are without work because of illness, a strike, or a lockout, or who are engaged in work outside their own trade, are not considered unemployed.

Although trade union membership itself may be affected by conditions of employment over long periods, the percentages of trade union members unemployed are useful indicators of unemployment in the occupations covered. These data are supplementary to data on employment and unemployment of workers in the construction industry shown in Tables 43, 46, 48.

TABLE 48.—NUMBER OF MALE WORKERS IN CONSTRUCTION TRADES APPLY-ING FOR UNEMPLOYMENT INSURANCE BENEFITS AND ESTAB-LISHING BENEFIT YEARS, CANADA, 1942-1949.

Data compiled by the Unemployment Insurance Statistics Section. D.B.S.

A person who has made at least 180 days' contribution into the Unemployment Insurance Fund, during the two year period immediately preceding a claim for benefits

establishes a benefit year. The series on the number of male workers in the construction industry applying for unemployment insurance benefits and establishing benefit years may be used as an index of unemployment supplementary to data shown in Tables 43, 46, 47.

The chief limitations of the data in Table 48 as an index of unemployment are as follows: (1) coverage is confined to male workers in construction occupations who come under the terms of the Unemployment Insurance Act, 1941; to the end of 1947 these comprise employees on salary who earn less than \$2,400 annually, employees paid by the hour or by the day, and employees paid by the week unless they earn more than \$3,120 annually and apply for exemption from the Act; since January 1, 1948, salaried personnel earning less than \$3,120 have come under the Act; there are therefore a number of construction workers not covered in this tabulation: (2) not all unemployed workers have made 180 days' contribution prior to their period of unemployment; (3) a worker who is unemployed twice during a 12 month period does not as a rule establish a benefit year the second time; (4) the establishment of a benefit year does not give an indication of the duration of unemployment.

TABLE 49.—VOCATIONAL AND APPRENTICESHIP TRAINING IN CONSTRUCTION TRADES, BY NUMBER IN TRAINING, CANADA, 1945-1949.

Data compiled by the Vocational Training Branch, Department of Labour

TABLE 50.—IMMIGRATION OF CONSTRUCTION WORKERS, BY TRADE, CANADA, 1939-1949.

Data compiled by the Economic Research Department, C.M.H.C., from data supplied by courtesy of D.B.S. and the Immigration Branch, Department of Citizenship and Immigration.

TABLE 51.—EMIGRATION OF SKILLED CONSTRUCTION WORKERS, BY TRADE, CANADA, 1948-1949.

This series shows the number of persons who applied to the Foreign Exchange Control Board for change of status from resident to non-resident with the intention of leaving the country permanently. The data cover skilled construction workers only, with no separate information available on semi-skilled and unskilled construction workers who are lumped with "general labour". The monthly figures are by "date of application" and there is usually a time lag of a month or two between this date and the actual date of departure of the emigrant. The series is currently in the process of being checked and developed further. As revised data become available, they will replace the preliminary series shown here. The data are supplied by courtesy of D.B.S. and the Foreign Exchange Control Board, the compilations being prepared by D.B.S. on the basis of information supplied by the Foreign Exchange Control Board.

TABLES 52.—STRIKES IN THE BUILDING INDUSTRY, CANADA, 1939—JANUARY,

Data obtained from monthly issues of The Labour Gazette, Department of Labour.

TABLE 53.—INDEXES OF WHOLESALE PRICES OF RESIDENTIAL BUILDING MATERIALS, AND COMPOSITE INDEX OF ALL CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS, CANADA, 1939-1949.

Composite index of wholesale prices of all construction materials obtained from issues of *Prices and Price Indexes*, D.B.S. Index is based on 111 items and is converted from a 1926 to a 1939 base.

Indexes of wholesale prices of residential building materials obtained from Prices Index Numbers of Residential Building Materials, March, 1948, D.B.S. and from Prices and Price Indexes, March, 1949, D.B.S. Indexes are converted from a 1935-1939 to a 1939 base. These indexes replace the series formerly published in previous issues of Housing in Canada on wholesale prices of construction materials in general. The composite index in this new series is weighted according to the value of each listed group of materials entering into residential construction as estimated in Manpower and Material Requirements for a Housing Programme in Canada, Department of Reconstruction and Supply, Ottawa, 1946, pp. 60-67. Insofar as possible the price index for each group of materials is based on the component items shown in the above publication, and weighted accord-

ingly. In some cases however, where the specific material components listed in the publication covered a wide variety of individual items, representative material items were chosen and weighted according to total production in Canada.

The trend of residential building material prices does not vary to a significant extent from the trend for construction materials in general over the period 1926-1949. At December, 1949, the index for residential materials stood at 221.2 on the 1939 base, or 2.8 lower than the index for construction materials which was at 224.0 in December, 1949.

TABLE 54.—INDEXES OF AVERAGE HOURLY WAGE RATES IN CONSTRUCTION TRADES, CANADA, 1939-1949.

Data obtained from the Department of Labour.

Indexes for the individual trades other than sheet metal workers, obtained by courtesy of the Research and Statistics Branch for the years 1939-1947 and for the month of September, 1948 and 1949. Quarterly interpolations on these indexes for the years 1948 and 1949 were made on the basis of wage rate schedules for 15 cities supplied by courtesy of the Industrial Relations Branch. Each city in these calculations was weighted according to the number of housing unit completions in 1946. The weights used in calculating the index for all construction workers in these interpolations are based on the value of the on-site labour of each trade engaged in residential building as established in *The Labour Value of the Building Dollar*, Housing Administration, Department of Finance, Ottawa, 1943, p. 29. The indexes for 1939-1947 do not properly represent annual averages as they are based on surveys relating to pay periods which vary somewhat from year to year. The indexes for 1939-1941 relate to June; for 1942-1943 and 1946 December; for 1944-1945 October and 1947 July.

The index for sheet metal workers was calculated by the Economic Research Department, C.M.H.C., on the basis of rates for 15 cities obtained from annual issues of *Wages and Hours of Labour in Canada*, Department of Labour, for the years 1939-1947, and by courtesy of the Industrial Relations Branch for the four quarters of 1948 and 1949.

Yearly indexes for 1948 and 1949 were calculated by the Economic Research Department, C.M.H.C., as the average of the four quarters shown in each year. These yearly indexes do not correspond exactly with the yearly indexes calculated by the Research and Statistics Branch because the latter indexes refer to an October pay period in 1948 and 1949, whereas the yearly indexes in Table 54 represent annual averages.

The index for all construction workers, including holiday pay allowances represents the index for all construction workers plus a percentage allowance to cover holiday pay assessments effective in most cities in Canada.

TABLE 55.—COMPOSITE INDEX OF WAGE RATES IN THE CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRY WITH WHOLESALE PRICES OF RESIDENTIAL BUILDING MATERIALS, AND WITH WHOLESALE PRICES OF ALL CONSTRUCTION MATERIALS, WHOLESALE PRICE INDEX OF ALL COMMODITIES, AND INDEXES OF COST OF LIVING AND RENT, 1939-1949

Composite index of residential building material wholesale prices and wage rates in the construction trades based on the composite material index shown in Table 53 and the index of wage rates of all construction workers, including holiday pay allowances, shown in Table 54. Composite index of all construction material wholesale prices and wage rates in the construction trades based on the composite material index obtained from issues of *Prices and Price Indexes*, D.B.S., converted to a 1939 base, and the index of wage rates of all construction workers, including holiday pay allowances, shown in Table 54. The weights are based on the proportions established in *Manpower and Material Requirements for a Housing Programme in Canada*, Department of Reconstruction and Supply, Ottawa, 1946, p. 36. The materials are weighted 58.3 in percentage terms, and the wage rates 41.7.

Remaining data obtained from issues of Prices and Price Indexes, D.B.S., and converted to a 1939 base.

TABLE 56.—PERCENTAGE DISTRIBUTION OF NEW COMPLETED HOUSING UNITS BY NUMBER OF MONTHS UNDER CONSTRUCTION, AND AVERAGE NUMBER OF MONTHS UNDER CONSTRUCTION, BY MONTH OF COMPLETION, CANADA, 1946-1949.

Data for 1946 and 1947 obtained from Annual Report, 1947, C.M.H.C., p. 18. Data for 1948 and 1949 obtained from monthly issues of *Housing Bulletin*, D.B.S.

TABLE 57.—BANKRUPTCIES IN THE CONSTRUCTION INDUSTRY, BUILDING MATERIAL INDUSTRIES, AND IN ALL INDUSTRIES, CANADA, 1939-

Tabulation based on data obtained by courtesy the Superintendent of Bankruptcy, Department of Justice. The data on bankruptcies in all industries do not correspond exactly with the series published in the D.B.S. quarterly Commercial Failures, chiefly because the latter publication includes closures under the Winding Up Act, whereas the series in Table 57 covers the Bankruptcy Act only. There is the additional factor that the D.B.S. series excludes certain assignments and receiving orders under the Bankruptcy Act where the debtor makes a composition of assets and continues in business, whereas all receiving orders and assignments are covered in Table 57.

The series on building material industries is designed to cover firms engaged in the production of: lumber, wallboard, bricks, flue linings, vitrified sewer pipe, structural tile, drain tile, cement, concrete brick, concrete building blocks, cement drain pipe and culvert tile, warm air furnaces, cast-iron radiators, hot water storage tanks, hot water tank heaters, domestic heating boilers, asphalt shingles, asphalt rolls, tar and asphalt felts, cast-iron soil pipe, sanitary ware, wrought iron pipes, lead pipe water service, structural steel, steel pipe, wire nails and spikes, rock wool insulation, gypsum wallboard, gypsum lath, gypsum plaster, gypsum block and tile, electrical equipment, and wood fibre insulating board.

The classification of bankruptcies in the construction industry, covers general and trade contractors and small builders classed as "wage earners in the construction trades".

TABLE 58.—FINANCIAL STATISTICS, SUMMARY STATEMENT, ELEVEN REAL ESTATE COMPANIES, CANADA, 1939-1948.

Special compilation by the Mortgage Section, Economic Research Department, C.M.H.C., based on data obtained from annual issues of *Real Estate Securities*, The Financial Post Corporation Service, Toronto.

TABLE 59.—INDEXES OF STOCK PRICES OF COMMON SHARES OF SIXTEEN BUILDING MATERIAL COMPANIES AND EIGHTY-TWO INDUSTRIAL COMPANIES, CANADA, 1939—JANUARY, 1950.

Data for period 1945-1946 obtained from Prices and Price Indexes, December, 1946, D.B.S.

Data for 1947—January, 1950 obtained from monthly issues of Prices and Price Indexes, D.B.S.

- (1) Building materials index based on 16 stocks.
- (2) All industrial index based on 74 stocks during 1945-1947, 76 during 1948 and 82 during 1949.
- (3) Data converted from a 1935-1939 to a 1939 base.

TABLE 60.—NUMBER OF BIRTHS, DEATHS, MARRIAGES AND TOTAL POPULATION, NEWFOUNDLAND, 1939-1949.

Data for period 1939-1946 obtained from *Province of Newfoundland*, *Statistical Background*, 1949, D.B.S. Population data for 1947-1948 estimated by Economic Research Department, C.M.H.C., and for 1949 obtained by courtesy the Vital Statistics Section, D.B.S.

TABLE 61.—SELECTED DATA ON PUBLICLY-ASSISTED HOUSE-BUILDING, NEW-FOUNDLAND, 1949.

Data compiled by the Economic Research Department, C.M.H.C.

INDEX OF CONTENTS

Note.—Page numbers in light type refer to subject matter in the Factual Summary, while those in heavier type refer to Tabular Material.

,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	_
	PAGE
Apprenticeship training, construction trades	22, 84
Approved priorities, building materials	15, 5 7
Armed service married quarters	15, 48, 49
Bank loans for building purposes	17, 63
Bankruptcies:	
all industries	24, 92
building material industries	24, 92 :
construction industry	24, 92 :
Benefit years established, construction industry	22, 83
Births	29
Birth rate	32:
Building costs:	-
completion time	23, 91
labour	23, 89
materials	23, 88
Building industry:	20, 66
common stock prices	25, 95
earnings	23, 89
strikes.	•
	23, 87
Building labour:	22 64
apprenticeship training	22, 84
earnings	23, 89
emigration	11, 86
employment	21, 78
immigration	11, 85
strikes	23, 87
unemployment	22, 78
unfilled vacancies	81
unplaced applicants	81
vocational training	22, 84
Building materials:	
approved priorities	15, 57
costs	23, 88
companies, stock prices	25, 95
exports	21, 74
imports	20, 73
loading on railway cars	20, 75
price indexes	23, 88
production	18, 64 , 65
railway tons loaded	20, 75
sales	70
stocks	18, 70
supply	18, 70
Building material industries:	
bankruptcies	24, 92
capital expenditures	21, 77
earnings	76
employment	21, 76
Building permits issued, residential	35
Canadian Farm Loan Act, 1927.	16, 50

	PAGE
Capital expenditures:	
building material industries	21, 77
construction industry	11, 37
house-building industry	11, 37
Chartered bank loans	17, 63
Commodity price indexes	24 , 90
Common stock prices	25, 95
Completions, housing units	11, 33
Completion time	23, 91
Construction expenditures	11, 37
Construction industry:	
apprenticeship training	22, 84
bankruptcies	24, 92
benefit years established	22, 83
earnings	23, 89
employment	21, 78
expenditures	11, 37
financial statistics	25, 93
unemployment	22, 78
unemployment, trade unions	22, 82
unfilled vacancies	81
unplaced applicants	81
vocational training.'	22, 84
Construction material indexes	23, 88
Contracts awarded, residential	35
Costs, building	23, 88, 89
Cost of living index	24, 90
Deaths	11, 29
Death rate	32
Direct Federal Government Housing	13, 38
Divorces	29
Divorce rate	32
Double Depreciation, rental housing projects	15, 55 , 56
Earnings:	
building industry	23, 89
building material industries	76
Emigration:	22.04
building labour	22, 86
total Employment:	11, 31
all industries	21, 78
building industry	21, 78
building material industries	21, 76
construction industry	21, 78
non-agricultural industries.	21, 78
Exports, building materials.	21, 74
Farm Credit Bureau Province of Quebec	16, 59
Farm Housing:	-,
Canadian Farm Loan Act, 1927	16, 50
Farm Improvement Loans Act, 1944	16, 51
Veterans' Land Act, 1942	14, 47
Farm Improvement Loans Act, 1944	16, 51
Farm Loan Act, 1927	16, 50
Federal Government Housing	13, 38

	PAGE
Financial statistics:	
construction companies	25, 95
real estate companies	25, 93
Government assisted housing	13, 38
Gross loans, N.H.A., 1944	13, 39
Home Extension Loan Guarantees, N.H.A., 1944	42
Home-ownership loans	14, 40
House-building activity:	
completions	11, 33
privately initiated	13, 38
publicly assisted	13, 38
starts	11, 33
under construction	11, 33
Housing Corporation, Province of Ontario	16, 30
Housing units:	
completions	11, 33
privately initiated	13, 38
publicly assisted	13, 38
starts	11, 33
under construction	11, 33
Immigration:	
building labour	11, 85
total	11, 30
Imports, building materials	20, 73
Improvement Loans Act, Farm, 1944	16, 5 1
Indexes:	
all commodity prices	90
all construction materials	23, 88
common stock prices	25, 95
composite, all construction material prices and wage rates	22, 90
composite, residential building material prices and wage rates	22, 90
cost of livingemployment, building industry	24, 90
employment, building industryemployment, non-agricultural industries	21, 78 21, 78
rent	21, 78
residential building material prices	23, 88
wage rates, construction workers.	23, 89
Institutional mortgage lending	17, 60, 61
Insurance, unemployment benefit years established	22, 83
Integrated housing loans	14, 40
Labour:	,
apprenticeship training	22, 84
costs	23, 89
earnings	23, 89
emigration, building labour	11, 86
immigration, building labour	11, 85
market	22
strikes	23, 87
unemployment	22, 82
unfilled vacancies	81
unplaced applicants	81
vocational training	22, 84
Loadings, building materials on railway cars	20, 75
Loadings, building matchas on ranway cars	20, 13

	_
Loans:	Page
gross under N.H.A., 1944	13, 39
home extension guarantees.	13, 37
home ownership.	14, 40
integrated housing	14, 40 14, 40
rental housing	14, 40
Management, rental housing	•
Marriages	14, 43 11, 29
Marriage rates	32
Married quarters, armed service	15, 48 , 49
Mortgage loans:	10, 10, 17
Housing Corporation, Province of Ontario	16, 30
lending institutions	17, 60, 61
National Housing Act, 1944	13, 39
National Housing Act, 1944:	,
gross loans	13, 39
home extension loans	42
integrated housing	14, 40
loans for home-ownership	14, 40
loans for rental purposes	14, 40
Newfoundland:	
births	96
deaths	96
housing	25, 97
marriages	96
population	96
Non-agricultural industries, employment	21, 78
Permits issued, residential building	35
Population trends births	29
deaths	11, 29
immigration	11, 29
marriages	11, 29
Prices, common stock.	25, 95
Price indexes, construction materials	23, 88
Priority assistance, building materials	15, 57
Privately-initiated housing	13, 38
·	18, 64, 65
Property management, C.M.H.C	14, 52
Province of Ontario Housing Corporation	16, 30
Province of Quebec Farm Credit Bureau	16, 59
Publicly-assisted house-building	13, 38
Quebec Farm Credit Bureau	16, 59
Railway tons loaded, building materials	20, 75
	17, 60, 61
Real estate Companies financial Statistics	25, 93
Rental housing:	15 10 10
•	15, 48, 49
•	15, 55, 56
	17, 60, 61
management under C.M.H.C	14, 43 13, 40
National Housing Act, 1944rental insurance projects	15, 40 16, 53, 54
veterans' housing projects	14, 43
Rent indexes	24, 90
ACID INCORCO	~ ±, , , •

	Page
Rental insurance projects	16, 53, 54
Residential building materials, wholesale prices	23, 88
Residential building permits issued	35
Residential Capital expenditures	11, 37
Residential contracts awarded	35
Sales, building materials	70
Starts of Housing units	11, 33
Stocks, building materials	18, 70
Stock prices, common	25, 95
Strikes, building industry	23, 87
Supply, building materials	18
Trade unions, unemployment	22, 82
Training, vocational in building trades	22, 84
Under construction, housing	11, 33
Unemployment:	
all industries	22, 78
construction industry	22, 78
non-agricultural industries	22, 78
trade unions, building trades	22, 82
Unfilled vacancies, construction industry	81
Unplaced applicants, construction industry	81
Vacancies, construction industry	81
Veterans' Land Act, 1942	14, 47
Veterans' Rental Housing projects	14, 43
Vocational training, building trades	22, 84
Wage rates:	
building industry	23, 89
building material industries	76
Wholesale price indexes:	
all commodities	90
construction materials	23, 88
residential building materials	23. 88