

## The Daily <br> Statistics Canada

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## MAJOR RELEASES

- Wholesale trade, November 1996

Although sales were down slightly in November, 1996 has been a good year for wholesalers.

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## MAJOR RELEASES

## Wholesale trade

November 1996 (preliminary)
Although sales were down slightly in November, 1996 has been a good year for wholesalers.

Following a relatively stable 1995, sales grew steadily throughout 1996, though more slowly than in 1993 and 1994. Year-to-date sales were almost $4 \%$ higher than those in the corresponding period in 1995. In fact, sales by all trade groups were in better shape than they were at the same time last year.

Two of the 11 groups (beverage, drug and tobacco products, and farm machinery, equipment and supplies) and one province (Manitoba) have already surpassed the sales they recorded in 1995.


## Slight pause in sales for wholesalers

Even though wholesalers' total sales were down slightly in November ( $-0.7 \%$ ), sales have continued a generally upward movement since the beginning of 1996. Six of the 11 trade groups recorded lower sales in November compared with October. Sales by wholesalers totalled $\$ 21.7$ billion in November, an 8.0\% increase over the same month in 1995.

In November 1996, the most pronounced decreases in dollar terms were recorded by wholesalers of computers, packaged software and other electronic equipment ( $-7.6 \%$ ), and wholesalers of
metal, hardware, plumbing and heating equipment and supplies (-3.0\%).


The drop in sales of computers, packaged software and other electronic equipment followed three months of strong growth. Monthly sales in this trade group have been very volatile since the beginning of 1995, but have generally maintained an upward movement for almost two years. This trade group deals with products that are influenced greatly by innovation and improvement, such as computers, electronic alarm systems, telecommunication equipment (cellular phones) and electronic supplies (machines, parts and repairs). The introduction to the market of new products, combined with price variations, partly explains the fluctuations in sales experienced by this trade group.

The strongest sales increases in dollar terms were by wholesalers of other products ( $+2.5 \%$ ) and wholesalers of lumber and building materials (+2.0\%).


Sales by wholesalers of lumber and building materials rose for the second consecutive month, strongly encouraged by the November increase in housing starts. An increase in demand, associated
with a price increase, contributed to higher sales by wholesalers of Canadian lumber this month. Even though sales in this trade group have risen almost $21 \%$ since the beginning of the year, they have not surpassed the peak registered in January 1995.

## Inventories rise slightly

In November, wholesalers saw their stocks rise $0.8 \%$. At $\$ 31.8$ billion, inventories were at their highest level since the beginning of the year, but are still lower than the November and December 1995 levels. After several stable months at the beginning of 1996, the rate of increase began to resemble that observed throughout 1995; a slow but steady increase has been established since then.

Available on CANSIM: matrices 59, 61, 648 and 649.
The November 1996 issue of Retail trade ( $63-008-X P B, \$ 18 / \$ 180$ ) will be available shortly. See How to order publications.

For further information on this release, contact Catherine Mamay (613-951-9683) or Sylvie Ouellette (613-951-3552), Industry Division.

The Daily, January 21, 1997

Wholesale merchants' sales and inventories

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Nov. } \\ 1995 \end{gathered}$ | Aug. $1996^{r}$ | Sept. $1996^{r}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Oct. }{ }^{\text {r }} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Nov. } \\ & 1996 \end{aligned}$ | Oct. to Nov. 1996 | Nov. 1995 to Nov. 1996 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \$ millions |  |  |  |  | \% change |  |
| Sales, all trade groups | 20,080 | 21,443 | 21,545 | 21,857 | 21,695 | -0.7 | 8.0 |
| Food products | 3,530 | 3,758 | 3,734 | 3,808 | 3,779 | -0.8 | 7.1 |
| Beverage, drug and tobacco products | 1,241 | 1,296 | 1,318 | 1,338 | 1,298 | -3.0 | 4.6 |
| Apparel and dry goods | 440 | 462 | 454 | 460 | 460 | 0.1 | 4.5 |
| Household goods | 612 | 668 | 671 | 681 | 677 | -0.6 | 10.7 |
| Motor vehicles, parts and accessories | 2,155 | 2,247 | 2,364 | 2,415 | 2,383 | -1.3 | 10.6 |
| Metals, hardware, plumbing and heating equipment and supplies | 1,611 | 1,680 | 1,652 | 1,704 | 1,653 | -3.0 | 2.6 |
| Lumber and building materials | 1,624 | 1,837 | 1,826 | 1,865 | 1,901 | 2.0 | 17.1 |
| Farm machinery, equipment and supplies | 456 | 657 | 672 | 669 | 697 | 4.2 | 53.0 |
| Industrial and other machinery, equipment and supplies | 3,065 | 3,199 | 3,220 | 3,194 | 3,211 | 0.5 | 4.8 |
| Computers, packaged software and other electronic machinery | 1,851 | 2,120 | 2,178 | 2,292 | 2,118 | -7.6 | 14.4 |
| Other products | 3,494 | 3,519 | 3,456 | 3,431 | 3,517 | 2.5 | 0.6 |
| Newfoundland | 183 | 183 | 186 | 183 | 182 | -0.7 | -0.8 |
| Prince Edward Island | 49 | 48 | 45 | 50 | 50 | 1.2 | 2.9 |
| Nova Scotia | 473 | 476 | 476 | 494 | 499 | 1.1 | 5.5 |
| New Brunswick | 284 | 298 | 307 | 305 | 305 | -0.3 | 7.1 |
| Quebec | 4,448 | 4,663 | 4,588 | 4,747 | 4,674 | -1.5 | 5.1 |
| Ontario | 8,799 | 9,338 | 9,497 | 9,489 | 9,471 | -0.2 | 7.6 |
| Manitoba | 690 | 780 | 799 | 828 | 826 | -0.2 | 19.8 |
| Saskatchewan | 638 | 713 | 709 | 719 | 728 | 1.3 | 14.1 |
| Alberta | 1,857 | 2,086 | 2,103 | 2,120 | 2,078 | -2.0 | 11.9 |
| British Columbia | 2,633 | 2,834 | 2,812 | 2,899 | 2,860 | -1.3 | 8.6 |
| Yukon | 10 | 11 | 12 | 11 | 11 | -5.2 | 10.1 |
| Northwest Territories | 15 | 13 | 13 | 12 | 12 | -1.6 | -16.9 |
| Inventories, all trade groups | 31,880 | 31,449 | 31,576 | 31,548 | 31,790 | 0.8 | -0.3 |
| Food products | 2,350 | 2,390 | 2,433 | 2,415 | 2,455 | 1.7 | 4.4 |
| Beverage, drug and tobacco products | 1,476 | 1,613 | 1,598 | 1,622 | 1,613 | -0.5 | 9.3 |
| Apparel and dry goods | 1,044 | 1,043 | 1,021 | 1,029 | 1,032 | 0.3 | -1.2 |
| Household goods | 1,515 | 1,460 | 1,457 | 1,425 | 1,404 | -1.4 | -7.3 |
| Motor vehicles, parts and accessories | 4,252 | 3,887 | 3,913 | 3,870 | 3,830 | -1.0 | -9.9 |
| Metals, hardware, plumbing and heating equipment and supplies | 2,880 | 2,660 | 2,674 | 2,703 | 2,659 | -1.6 | -7.7 |
| Lumber and building materials | 3,183 | 3,078 | 3,043 | 3,012 | 3,123 | 3.7 | -1.9 |
| Farm machinery, equipment and supplies | 1,598 | 1,580 | 1,600 | 1,621 | 1,685 | 4.0 | 5.5 |
| Industrial and other machinery, equipment and supplies | 7,019 | 7,015 | 7,101 | 7,089 | 7,178 | 1.2 | 2.3 |
| Computers, packaged software and other electronic machinery | 1,868 | 1,898 | 1,944 | 1,960 | 2,021 | 3.1 | 8.2 |
| Other products | 4,694 | 4,825 | 4,792 | 4,803 | 4,791 | -0.3 | 2.1 |

[^0]
## OTHER RELEASES

## Sales of natural gas

November 1996 (preliminary)
Natural gas sales totalled 6800114 thousand cubic metres in November, up 11.3\% from November 1995. Unusually cold weather throughout most of the country resulted in sharply higher sales to the residential and commercial sectors (both $+11.9 \%$ ). The $10.8 \%$ gain in sales to the industrial sector (including direct sales) was due to higher demand for natural gas by electric utilities and the chemical industry.

Year-to-date sales to the end of November were up $6.1 \%$ from the same period in 1995. Sales to the residential ( $+12.4 \%$ ) and commercial ( $+9.8 \%$ ) sectors increased, largely due to the unseasonably cold weather in 1996. Sales to the industrial sector (including direct sales) posted a $2.4 \%$ increase from the same period last year.

## Sales of natural gas

|  | Nov. $1996{ }^{\text {p }}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Nov. } \\ 1995 \end{gathered}$ | Nov. 1995 to Nov. 1996 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | '000 cubic metres |  | \% change |
| Natural gas sales Residential Commercial Industrial | 6800114 | 6109167 | 11.3 |
|  | 1889433 | 1688299 | 11.9 |
|  | 1355985 | 1211815 | 11.9 |
|  | 2321409 | 2125230 |  |
| Direct | 1233287 | 1083823 |  |
|  | Jan. to Nov. $1996{ }^{\text {p }}$ | Jan. to Nov. 1995 | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Jan.-Nov. } \\ 1995 \\ \text { to } \\ \text { Jan.-Nov. } \\ 1996 \end{array}$ |
|  | '000 cubic metres |  | \% change |
| Natural gas sales | 59327415 | 55905158 | 6.1 |
| Residential | 15001598 | 13348361 | 12.4 |
| Commercial | 10803447 | 9836037 | 9.8 |
| Industrial | 22189879 | 22225269 | 2.4 |
| Direct | 11332491 | 10495491 |  |

[^1]Available on CANSIM: matrices 1052-1055.

The November 1996 issue of Gas utilities ( $55-002-\mathrm{XPB}, \$ 14 / \$ 140$ ) will be available in February. See How to order publications.

For further information on this release, contact Gary Smalldridge (613-951-3567; Internet: smalldry@statcan.ca), Energy Section, Industry Division.

## Farm families' total income 1994

Farm families earned an average $\$ 53,274$ in 1994, up $3.6 \%$ from 1993. Their average income advanced at a faster pace in 1994 largely because of an increase in all sources of off-farm income except investment income, which declined moderately.

The overall increase resulted from a $6.1 \%$ gain in off-farm income, which more than offset a $1.5 \%$ decrease in average net operating income before depreciation.

Farm families in Prince Edward Island posted the highest average income and took the lead over Alberta and British Columbia farm families.

These estimates refer to the income of families (husband-wife, common-law and lone-parents) involved in a single unincorporated farm with a gross operating revenue of $\$ 10,000$ or more in 1993.

Sources of total income

|  | 1993 | 1994 | $\begin{array}{r} 1993 \\ \text { to } \\ 1994 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \% \\ \text { change } \end{gathered}$ |
| Off-farm employment income | 22,751 | 23,931 | 5.2 |
| Wages and salaries | 21,032 | 22,107 | 5.1 |
| Net non-farm self-employment | 1,720 | 1,825 | 6.1 |
| Investment income | 4,450 | 4,171 | -6.3 |
| Pension income | 3,673 | 4,078 | 11.0 |
| Other off-farm income | 3,384 | 4,170 | 23.2 |
| Total off-farm income | 34,258 | 36,350 | 6.1 |
| Net farm operating income | 17,181 | 16,924 | -1.5 |
| Total income | 51,440 | 53,274 | 3.6 |

For further information on this release, contact Paul Spooner (613-951-5027), Agriculture Division.

## Railway carloadings

Seven-day period ending January 7, 1997
Carloadings of freight (excluding intermodal traffic) during the seven-day period ending January 7 decreased $14.7 \%$ to 3.0 million tonnes from the same period of 1996. The number of cars loaded decreased 14.0\%.

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

## Shipping in Canada, 1995

## Catalogue number 54-205-XPB

(Canada: \$50; United States: US\$60; other countries: US\$70).

Building permits, November 1996, microfiche version Catalogue number 64-001-XMB
(Canada: \$25/\$135; United States: US\$30/US\$162; other countries: US\$35/US\$189).

Bulding permits, November 1996, paper version Catalogue number 64-001-XPB
(Canada: \$24/\$240; United States: US\$29/US\$288; other countries: US\$34/US\$336).



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Editor: Anne Beutler (613-951-1103)
Head of Official Release: Andrée Hébert (613-951-1088)
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[^0]:    p Revised figures
    $p \quad$ Preliminary figures.

[^1]:    $p$ Preliminary figures.

