Wednesday, January 22, 1997
For release at 8:30 a.m.

## MAJOR RELEASES

- Composite Index, December 19962The financial and housing sectors again led the growth of the index, which rose $0.7 \%$ inDecember.- Retail trade, November 19964Retail sales continued to increase in November as consumers spent more on big-ticket items.
OTHER RELEASES
Production and disposition of tobacco products, December 1996 ..... 7
Industrial monitor on CD-ROM, January 1997 ..... 7
Waste Management Industry Survey: business sector, 1994 ..... 7
Annual Survey of Manufactures, 1995 ..... 8
PUBLICATIONS RELEASED ..... 9
REGIONAL REFERENCE CENTRES ..... 10


## MAJOR RELEASES

## Composite Index

## December 1996

The leading indicator ended the year on a good note, rising $0.7 \%$ in December after a $0.8 \%$ gain in November - the best back-to-back increases of the year. The financial markets continued to lead the way, while housing showed a strong response to historically low interest rates. However, weakening demand for exports checked the growth of manufacturing.

The housing index was up 2.8\%, its best showing in five years. Starts of single-family homes continued to accelerate, following increased house sales last autumn. Spending on durable goods began to pick up, another sign of improving confidence. Conversely, demand for services remained sluggish, reflecting the slack in incomes.

The stock market trended up by $3.1 \%$ in December, before improving further early in the new year. The money supply posted its largest monthly expansion since 1994.

Manufacturing activity sagged, partly reflecting the slowing trend of the U.S. economy throughout the
second half of 1996. New orders showed weakness, as exports remained slow partly due to the effects of the General Motors auto strike. The average work week shrank by 0.4 hours from its April peak.

The U.S. leading indicator showed the same sources of strength and weakness as Canada's. Growth was concentrated in the financial markets and housing, while manufacturing demand slowed.

## Available on CANSIM: matrix 191.

For further information on the economy, the January 1997 issue of Canadian economic observer (11-010-XPB, $\$ 22 / \$ 220$ ) will be available shortly. The Historical statistical supplement (11-210-XDB, \$50) is also available in electronic format. This diskette allows you to use the software of your choice to easily manipulate the CEO's extensive range of economic data. See How to order publications.

For further information on this release, contact Francine Roy (613-951-3627), Current Economic Analysis Group.


## Composite Index

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { July } \\ 1996 \end{gathered}$ | Aug. <br> 1996 | Sept. <br> 1996 | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Oct. } \\ 1996 \end{array}$ | Nov. 1996 | $\begin{gathered} \text { Dec. } \\ 1996 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Last } \\ \text { month } \\ \text { of } \\ \text { data } \\ \text { available } \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | \% change |
| Composite leading indicator (1981=100) | 178.8 | 179.6 | 180.6 | 181.7 | 183.2 | 184.4 | 0.7 |
| Housing index (1981=100) ${ }^{1}$ | 115.5 | 117.0 | 118.6 | 119.7 | 122.5 | 125.9 | 2.8 |
| Business and personal services employment ('000) | 2,052 | 2,056 | 2,058 | 2,058 | 2,058 | 2,059 | 0.0 |
| TSE 300 stock price index (1975=1,000) | 5,087 | 5,104 | 5,140 | 5,222 | 5,377 | 5,542 | 3.1 |
| Money supply, M1 (\$ millions, 1981) ${ }^{2}$ | 32,763 | 32,877 | 33,002 | 33,255 | 33,684 | 34,145 | 1.4 |
| U.S. composite leading indicator $(1967=100)^{3}$ | 215.9 | 216.7 | 217.5 | 218.3 | 218.8 | 219.3 | 0.2 |
| Manufacturing <br> Average work week (hours) | 38.4 | 38.3 | 38.2 | 38.2 | 38.1 | 38.1 | 0.0 |
| New orders, durables (\$ millions, 1981) ${ }^{4}$ | 12,532 | 12,590 | 12,698 | 12,767 | 12,812 | 12,752 | -0.5 |
| Shipments/inventories of finished goods ${ }^{4}$ | 1.58 | 1.60 | 1.63 | 1.65 | 1.67 | 1.67 | 0.00* |
| Retail trade <br> Furniture and appliance sales (\$ millions, 1981) ${ }^{4}$ | 1,137.1 | 1,137.5 | 1,138.6 | 1,141.6 | 1,148.2 | 1,154.3 | 0.5 |
| Other durable goods sales (\$ millions, 1981) ${ }^{4}$ | 3,977.3 | 3,976.0 | 3,975.0 | 3,975.1 | 3,977.5 | 3,987.1 | 0.2 |
| Unsmoothed composite | 180.2 | 181.5 | 183.1 | 184.7 | 187.7 | 186.1 | -0.9 |

[^0]
## Retail trade

November 1996 (preliminary)
Retail sales continued to increase in November as consumers spent more on big-ticket items. Sales rose $0.9 \%$ in November to $\$ 18.4$ billion, following a similarly large increase in October (+1.3\%). This growth spurt contrasts with the slow growth that retailers had been experiencing since the end of 1995.


## Durable goods stores lead growth

Sales by retailers of durable goods accounted for most of the growth in retail sales. In dollar terms, advances were greatest in the automotive ( $+2.9 \%$ ), furniture ( $+3.5 \%$ ) and general merchandise ( $+1.3 \%$ ) sectors. Stores selling other durable and semi-durable goods also saw an increase in sales ( $+1.1 \%$ and $+0.6 \%$, respectively). The cumulative impact of interest rate reductions may have influenced consumers to purchase big-ticket items at low rates of financing.

Sales in the automotive sector advanced for the fourth consecutive month, led by motor vehicle and recreational vehicle dealers ( $+2.9 \%$ ). With the exception of the winter of 1994/95, when sales declined slightly, the automotive sector has generally been growing. While the number of new vehicles sold rose $0.5 \%$, their cost climbed $3.9 \%$ in November.

The growth in the furniture sector offset the decrease observed in October. Sales in this sector have generally grown since April 1996. While in dollar terms, furniture sales have not been this high since

March 1995, they are still below the peak reached in December 1994.

Sales in the general merchandise sector increased for the second consecutive month. These increases more than offset declines in August ( $-0.1 \%$ ) and September ( $-1.9 \%$ ). Sales from January to November 1996 were $5.4 \%$ larger than during the same period in 1995, and $10.3 \%$ greater than the same period in 1994.

The drugstore sector grew ( $+1.2 \%$ ) for the third consecutive month. These three months, however, did not offset the large decline observed in August. Drug store sales have been generally declining since July 1996, after a period of sustained growth from July 1995 to May 1996. Sales from January to November 1996 were $4.8 \%$ greater than during the same period in 1995, but were only $3.5 \%$ higher than the same period in 1994.

The decline in both the clothing ( $-2.3 \%$ ) and food $(-1.1 \%)$ sectors virtually cancelled October's large increase. Sales in the clothing sector from January to November 1996 were $2.5 \%$ smaller than the same period in 1995. Cumulative sales in the food sector for the first 11 months of 1996 have declined $2.3 \%$ from the same period in the previous year.

## Surging sales in Saskatchewan

For the first 11 months of 1996, the Prairie provinces (led by Saskatchewan) and the Atlantic provinces (except Newfoundland) have fared better than the national average. Retail sales in British Columbia grew, but at a rate below the national level. Ontario and Newfoundland were the only provinces recording declines.

Retail sales in the Prairies have surged since June 1996, as wheat production surpassed the billion bushel mark for the first time since 1993 and record levels were reached for barley production.

The growth experienced in New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island has moderated somewhat. Both provinces experienced a decline in retail sales in the month of November ( $-1.5 \%$ and $-1.8 \%$ respectively).

## Early indicators of December sales

Employment in trade increased 0.2\% in December. Housing starts rose $17 \%$ in November. Early indications point to an increase in the number of vehicles sold in December. Retail sales in the United States were up $0.6 \%$ in December, following a $0.4 \%$ decrease in November.

## Available on CANSIM: matrices 2299, 2398-2417 and 2420.

The November 1996 issue of Retail trade (63-005-XPB, $\$ 20 / \$ 200$ ) will be available shortly. See How to order publications.

For further information on this release, contact Louise Généreux (613-951-3549). For analytical information, contact Greg Peterson (613-951-3592), Retail Trade Section, Industry Division.

Retail sales

|  | Nov. 1995 | Aug. $1996{ }^{r}$ | Sept. $1996^{r}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Oct. } \\ 1996{ }^{r} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Nov. } \\ & 1996{ }^{\text {p }} \end{aligned}$ | Oct. to Nov. 1996 | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Nov. } \\ 1995 \\ \text { to } \\ \text { Nov. } \\ 1996 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | \$ millions |  |  |  |  | \% change |  |
| Food | 4,434 | 4,421 | 4,423 | 4,512 | 4,462 | -1.1 | 0.6 |
| Supermarkets and grocery stores | 4,092 | 4,082 | 4,068 | 4,147 | 4,094 | -1.3 | 0.1 |
| All other food stores | 343 | 339 | 354 | 364 | 368 | 1.1 | 7.4 |
| Drug and patent medicine stores | 1,017 | 1,021 | 1,030 | 1,032 | 1,044 | 1.2 | 2.6 |
| Clothing | 1,039 | 1,035 | 1,040 | 1,066 | 1,041 | -2.3 | 0.1 |
| Shoe stores | 143 | 144 | 144 | 148 | 145 | -1.8 | 1.3 |
| Men's clothing stores | 130 | 126 | 127 | 131 | 128 | -2.3 | -1.1 |
| Women's clothing stores | 328 | 328 | 336 | 336 | 335 | -0.2 | 2.2 |
| Other clothing stores | 439 | 437 | 433 | 451 | 432 | -4.2 | -1.5 |
| Furniture | 877 | 888 | 901 | 894 | 925 | 3.5 | 5.5 |
| Household furniture and appliance stores | 683 | 691 | 701 | 689 | 724 | 5.1 | 6.1 |
| Household furnishings stores | 194 | 198 | 200 | 205 | 201 | -1.9 | 3.4 |
| Automotive | 6,372 | 6,630 | 6,672 | 6,796 | 6,990 | 2.9 | 9.7 |
| Motor vehicle and recreational vehicle dealers | 4,164 | 4,292 | 4,323 | 4,422 | 4,625 | 4.6 | 11.1 |
| Gasoline service stations | 1,232 | 1,331 | 1,308 | 1,339 | 1,328 | -0.8 | 7.8 |
| Automotive parts, accessories and services | 977 | 1,007 | 1,041 | 1,035 | 1,037 | 0.2 | 6.1 |
| General merchandise stores | 1,902 | 2,000 | 1,989 | 2,009 | 2,036 | 1.3 | 7.1 |
| Retail stores not elsewhere classified | 1,990 | 1,935 | 1,972 | 1,945 | 1,927 | -0.9 | -3.2 |
| Other semi-durable goods stores | 576 | 603 | 639 | 622 | 626 | 0.6 | 8.6 |
| Other durable goods stores | 440 | 482 | 474 | 467 | 472 | 1.1 | 7.2 |
| All other retail stores not elsewhere classified. | 973 | 850 | 858 | 856 | 829 | -3.1 | -14.8 |
| Total, retail sales | 17,632 | 17,930 | 18,026 | 18,252 | 18,425 | 0.9 | 4.5 |
| Total excluding motor vehicle and recreational vehicle dealers | 13,468 | 13,638 | 13,703 | 13,830 | 13,799 | -0.2 | 2.5 |
| Department store type merchandise | 5,852 | 6,029 | 6,073 | 6,089 | 6,144 | 0.9 | 5.0 |
| Provinces and territories |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Newfoundland | 287 | 284 | 274 | 286 | 287 | 0.3 | -0.1 |
| Prince Edward Island | 79 | 78 | 79 | 81 | 79 | -1.8 | 0.6 |
| Nova Scotia | 520 | 565 | 552 | 578 | 581 | 0.6 | 11.8 |
| New Brunswick | 435 | 452 | 447 | 450 | 443 | -1.5 | 2.0 |
| Quebec | 4,220 | 4,276 | 4,359 | 4,464 | 4,415 | -1.1 | 4.6 |
| Ontario | 6,439 | 6,444 | 6,526 | 6,461 | 6,600 | 2.2 | 2.5 |
| Manitoba | 604 | 660 | 663 | 670 | 672 | 0.4 | 11.3 |
| Saskatchewan | 560 | 594 | 590 | 602 | 616 | 2.3 | 9.9 |
| Alberta | 1,870 | 1,915 | 1,933 | 1,975 | 1,991 | 0.8 | 6.5 |
| British Columbia | 2,560 | 2,599 | 2,541 | 2,622 | 2,677 | 2.1 | 4.6 |
| Yukon | 20 | 23 | 23 | 24 | 23 | -4.3 | 13.0 |
| Northwest Territories | 36 | 39 | 39 | 39 | 39 | -1.7 | 7.0 |

[^1]Retail sales

|  |  | Oct. | Nov. |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: |
|  | Nov. |  |  |
|  | 1995 | 1996 |  |

[^2]
## OTHER RELEASES

## Production and disposition of tobacco products

December 1996
Cigarette production in December experienced its usual year-end drop, while November sales were up; this resulted in lower closing inventories.

Manufacturers produced 3.2 billion cigarettes in December, down $39.9 \%$ from the previous month. December production was at its lowest level in three years and was 22.4\% lower than in December 1995. Cigarette production in 1996 was $2.5 \%$ lower than the previous year.

Seasonal sales pushed December shipments to 4.7 billion cigarettes, up a strong $18.5 \%$ from the previous month, but $2.4 \%$ less than a year earlier. The domestic portion of shipments was higher than those in the same month a year earlier, while exports continued to decline. On an annual basis, 1996 shipments were down $2.5 \%$ from the previous year, as a $3.4 \%$ increase in the domestic market was more than offset by a $54.0 \%$ drop in exports.

After a three-month build-up, inventories were drawn down by almost $30 \%$ to a relatively low 4 billion cigarettes. This is $4.3 \%$ below 1995 year-end inventories.

Domestic shipments data are the aggregate of shipments reported by Canadian manufacturers. They are not retail level sales or final consumption.

Note: Beginning with the January 1997 issue of Production and disposition of tobacco products, the publication will contain seasonally adjusted data on the production and disposition (domestic shipments, exports and changes in inventories) of cigarettes.

## Available on CANSIM: matrix 46.

The December 1996 issue of Production and disposition of tobacco products (32-022-XPB, \$6/\$60) will be available shortly. See How to order publications.

For further information on this release, contact Peter Zylstra (613-951-3511; Internet: zylstra@statcan.ca), Industry Division.

## Industrial monitor on CD-ROM <br> January 1997

Industrial monitor on CD-ROM offers data on 165 manufacturing industries and 33 non-manufacturing
industries covering construction, wholesale and retail trade. This extremely current information is offered on 24 sectors, and can be purchased by individual sector or as a complete package.

For each industry, up to 50 variables are organized in the Table viewer in five table types that include supply, demand, price, labour/employment, and investment/capital stock. The underlying database is also available via the Series browser for more extensive time series analysis and inter-industry comparisons.

Industrial monitor on $C D-R O M$ is linked to the Standard industrial classification manual, provides "pop-up" textual descriptions for every series, and embodies consistent data conventions - all features designed to make analysis easy and accurate. State-of-the-art functions offer searching, graphing, viewing, exporting and transforming capabilities, providing you with the exact information you require quickly and easily.

The January 1997 issue of Industrial monitor on $C D-R O M$ is now available. The full package (15F0015XCB) costs $\$ 3,000$, a savings of more than $40 \%$ over the annual subscription price of $\$ 250$ per individual sector. You will receive an updated CD-ROM once each month. See How to order publications.

For further information on this release, or to request a demonstration CD-ROM, contact Milt Ingalls (613-951-9060), Industry Measures and Analysis Division or the Statistics Canada Regional Reference Centre nearest you.

## Waste Management Industry Survey: business sector 1994

The report, 1994 Waste Management Industry Survey: business sector presents detailed results from the 1994 Waste Management Industry Survey: business sector. This report (16F0003XPE, \$30) is now available in paper format and on the Internet (http://www.statcan.ca).

For further information on the release, or to order a paper copy, contact the information officer (613-951-3640; fax: 613-951-3618), National Accounts and Environment Division.

## Annual Survey of Manufactures

 1995The Annual Survey of Manufactures provides information on over 200 different industries. Principal statistics for each industry will be released as they become available. Data for the industries listed in the table below are now available.

As of today, principal statistics at the national level are available for a total of 41 industries.

Data for the industries listed in the table will appear in Clothing industries (34-252-XPB, \$38), Wood industries (35-250-XPB, \$53), Fabricated metal products industries (41-251-XPB, \$38) and Nonmetallic mineral products industries (44-250-XPB, $\$ 38)$. The publications will be released at a later date. See How to order publications.

For further information, see the contacts listed below (fax: 613-951-9499; Internet: desrosi@statcan.ca).

Available on CANSIM: matrices 5444, 5467, 5529, 6849 and 6863.

Value of shipments

|  | 1994 | 1995 | $\begin{array}{r} 1994 \\ \text { to } \\ 1995 \\ \hline \end{array}$ | Catalogue number | Contact | Telephone (613) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \$ millions |  | change |  |  |  |
| Industry (SIC) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Men's and boys' clothing contractors (2435) | 169.3 | 162.2 | -4.2 | 34-252-XPB | N. Charron | 951-3510 |
| Wooden box and pallet (2561) | 273.3 | 303.7 | 11.1 | 35-250-XPB | B. Pépin | 951-3516 |
| Industrial fastener (3053) | 626.7 | 693.0 | 10.6 | 41-251-XPB | D. Higgins | 951-9837 |
| Clay products (from domestic clay) (3511) | 102.3 | 91.3 | -10.8 | 44-250-XPB | S. O'Brien | 951-3514 |
| Non-metallic mineral insulating materials (3594) | 397.2 | 409.7 | 3.2 | 44-250-ХРВ | S. O'Brien | 951-3514 |

## PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

## Construction type plywood, November 1996 Catalogue number $35-001-X P B$

(Canada: \$6/\$60; United States: US\$ 8/US\$72; other countries: US\$9/US\$ 84).

Primary iron and steel, November 1996
Catalogue number 41-001-XPB
(Canada: $\$ 6 / \$ 60$; United States: US\$ 8/US\$72; other countries: US\$9/US\$ 84).

Oil pipeline transport, October 1996
Catalogue number 55-001-XPB
(Canada: \$11/\$110; United States: US\$ 14/US\$132; other countries: US\$16/US\$154).

Communications service bulletin: Cellular
telephone, 1995, vol. 26, no. 3
Catalogue number 56-001-XPB
(Canada: $\$ 12 / \$ 40$; United States: US\$ 15/US\$48; other countries: US\$17/US\$ 56).

Telephone statistics, October 1996
Catalogue number 56-002-XPB
(Canada: \$9/\$90; United States: US\$ 11/US\$108; other countries: US\$13/US\$126).

## The consumer price index, December 1996 Catalogue number 62-001-XPB

(Canada: \$10/\$100; United States: US\$ 12/US\$120; other countries: US\$14/US\$140).
Publication and release available at 7:00 a.m. on Thursday, January 23. For release, see the Internet (www.statcan.ca).

Retail chain and department stores, 1994
Catalogue number 63-210-XPB
(Canada: \$37; United States: US\$45; other countries: US\$52).

Touriscope international travel, advance information, November 1997 Catalogue number 66-001-PPB
(Canada: \$7/\$70; United States: US\$ 9/US\$84; other countries: US\$10/US\$ 98).

Published by authority of the Minister responsible for Statistics Canada. © Minister of Industry, 1997. Citation in newsprint, magazine, radio, and television reporting is permitted subject to the requirement that Statistics Canada is acknowledged as the source. Any other reproduction is permitted subject to the requirement that Statistics Canada is acknowledged as the source on all copies as follows: Statistics Canada, The Daily, catalogue 11-001E, along with date and page references.

## How to order publications

Simplify your data search with Statistics Canada Catalogue, 1994 (11-204E, $\$ 15$; United States: US\$18; other countries: US\$21).
Its keyword index will guide you to statistics on Canada's social and economic activity.
Order The Daily and other publications by phone:
Please refer to the - Title - Catalogue number - Volume number - Issue number - Your VISA or MasterCard number.

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
\text { In Canada and the United States call: } & 1-800-267-6677 \\
\text { From other countries call: } & 1-613-951-7277 \\
\text { Or fax your order to us: } & 1-613-951-1584
\end{array}
$$

For address changes: Please refer to your customer account number.
To order a publication by mail write: Sales and Service, Marketing Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa, K1A OT6.
Include a cheque or money order payable to Receiver General of Canada/Publications. Canadian customers add 7\% GST.
Statistics Canada Regional Reference Centres provide a full range of the Agency's products and services.
For the reference centre nearest you, check the blue pages or your telephone directory under Statistics Canada.
Authorized agents and bookstores also carry Statistics Canada's catalogued publications.

## REGIONAL REFERENCE CENTRES

Statistics Canada's Regional Reference Centres offer a full range of the Agency's products and services. Each reference centre is equipped with a library and sales counter where you can consult or purchase publications, diskettes, CD-ROM discs, microfiche, maps and more.

Each centre has facilities to retrieve information from CANSIM and E-STAT, Statistics Canada's data retrieval systems. A telephone inquiry service is available with toll-free access for those located outside local calling areas. Many other valuable services-from seminars to consultations-are also offered. For information, contact your nearest Regional Reference Centre.
Newfoundland and Labrador, Nova
Scotia, Prince Edward Island and
New Brunswick
Advisory Services
Statistics Canada
1770 Market Street
3rd Floor
Halifax, Nova Scotia
B3J 3M3
Local calls: (902) 426-5331
Toll free: 1-800-263-1136
Fax: 1-902-426-9538

Fax: 1-902-426-9538

## Quebec

Advisory Services
Statistics Canada
Suite 412, East Tower
Guy Favreau Complex
200 René Lévesque Blvd. W.
Montréal, Québec
H2Z 1X4
Local calls: (514) 283-5725
Toll free: 1-800-263-1136
Fax: 1-514-283-9350

## National Capital Region

Statistical Reference Centre (NCR)
Statistics Canada
Lobby, R.H. Coats Building
Holland Avenue
Tunney's Pasture
Ottawa, Ontario
K1A 0T6
If outside the local calling area,
please dial the toll free number for
your province.
Local calls: (613) 951-8116
Fax: 1-613-951-0581

## Ontario

Advisory Services
Statistics Canada
$10^{\text {th }}$ Floor
Arthur Meighen Building
25 St. Clair Avenue East
Toronto, Ontario
M4T 1M4
Local calls: (416) 973-6586
Toll free: 1-800-263-1136
Fax: 1-416-973-7475

## Manitoba

Advisory Services
Statistics Canada
Suite 300, MacDonald Building
344 Edmonton Street
Winnipeg, Manitoba
R3B 3L9
Local calls: (204) 983-4020
Toll free: 1-800-263-1136
Fax: 1-204-983-7543

## Saskatchewan

Advisory Services
Statistics Canada
Avord Tower, 9th Floor
2002 Victoria Avenue
Regina, Saskatchewan
S4P 0R7
Local calls: (306) 780-5405
Toll free: 1-800-263-1136
Fax: 1-306-780-5403

Southern Alberta
Advisory Services
Statistics Canada
Discovery Place, Room 201
3553-31 Street N.W.
Calgary, Alberta
T2L 2K7
Local calls: (403) 292-6717
Toll free: 1-800-263-1136
Fax: 1-403-292-4958

## Alberta and the Northwest

Territories
Advisory Services
Statistics Canada
$8^{\text {th }}$ Floor, Park Square
10001 Bellamy Hill
Edmonton, Alberta
T5J 3B6
Local calls: (403) 495-3027
Toll free: 1-800-263-1136
Fax: 1-403-495-5318

British Columbia and the Yukon
Advisory Services
Statistics Canada
Library Square Tower, Suite 600
300 West Georgia Street
Vancouver, B.C.
V6B 6C7
Local calls: (604) 666-3691
Toll free: 1-800-263-1136
Fax: 1-604-666-4863

Telecommunications Device for
the Hearing Impaired
Toll free: 1-800-363-7629


[^0]:    Composite index of housing starts (units) and house sales (multiple listing service).
    Deflated by the Consumer Price Index for all items.
    The figures in this row are published in the month indicated, but refer to data for the previous month.
    4 The figures in this row are published in the month indicated, but refer to data for two months earlier.

    * Difference from previous month.

[^1]:    $r$ Revised figures.
    $p$ Preliminary figures.

[^2]:    $r$ Revised figures.
    $p$ Preliminary figures.

