

# Statistics Canada

### Wednesday, November 17, 1999

For release at 8:30 a.m.

### **MAJOR RELEASES**

There are no major releases today.

### OTHER RELEASES

Impaired driving, 1998
Railway carloadings, ten-day period ending October 31, 1999

### **PUBLICATIONS RELEASED**

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Statistics

Canada

### ■ End of release

### OTHER RELEASES

## Impaired driving

The rate of persons charged with impaired driving declined 3.6% in 1998, the 15th consecutive annual decline. While most indicators point to a real decline in impaired driving, some of the drop in charges may be due to the increased use of roadside licence suspensions by police.

Police charged 70,587 persons with an impaired driving offence last year, less than half the number charged in the early 1980s. Since the rate peaked in 1981, there has been a 65% decrease in impaired driving charges.

Other data support a general decline in impaired driving. For example, 103 persons were charged with impaired driving causing death in 1998, the lowest level in a decade. As well, 886 individuals were charged with impaired driving causing bodily harm, down 27.6% since 1989. There has also been a drop since the early 1990s in the proportion of fatally injured drivers found to be legally impaired.

In addition, as the population ages, there are proportionally fewer drivers in the younger higher-risk age categories. Other factors include stronger penalties for conviction, which act as a deterrent, declining alcohol consumption among Canadians and the growing use of designated drivers.

Except for small increases in Nova Scotia and Manitoba, all provinces and territories followed the national trend of a decline in impaired driving charges in 1998. Yukon reported the highest rate (1,148 persons charged for every 100,000 population aged 16 and over). Saskatchewan had the highest rate (683) among the provinces for the 10th consecutive year, even with a 6.7% drop in 1998. Newfoundland had the lowest rate (218) for the third year in a row.

Among the nine largest census metropolitan areas, Edmonton posted the highest rate (374) for the third straight year, although this was an 8.0% decline from 1997. Toronto reported the lowest rate (126). Since 1996, Winnipeg has been the only major census metropolitan area to show a significant increase in impaired driving charges. According to Winnipeg police, this increase has been a direct result of additional public and private funding specifically for impaired driving enforcement.

Data from a sample of 169 police services show that the 19 to 24 age group had the highest rate of impaired driving in 1998. Rates gradually declined from the peak age of 20 until the early 30s. There was a second smaller peak among those aged 33 to 37.

Court data from seven provinces and the territories show that impaired driving cases accounted for 15% of all cases heard in adult criminal courts in the 1997/98 fiscal year. Over three-quarters (77%) of these impaired driving cases resulted in a conviction. The proportion of these convictions has been decreasing in recent years, while acquittals have been increasing. Among those convicted of impaired driving in 1997/98, 19% were sentenced to jail, compared with 22% three years earlier.

# Persons charged with impaired driving 1998

	Number	Rate <sup>1</sup>	1997 to 1998
			% change
Canada	70,587	295	-3.6
Newfoundland	947	218	-0.5
Prince Edward Island	397	375	-18.9
Nova Scotia	2,284	307	1.5
New Brunswick	2,293	381	-8.1
Quebec	17,341	295	-2.4
Ontario	20,123	224	-2.6
Manitoba	3,417	389	0.6
Saskatchewan	5,333	683	-6.7
Alberta	9,807	439	-8.4
British Columbia	8,020	251	-1.6
Yukon Northwest Territories	276	1,148	-3.8
(including Nunavut)	349	776	-7.6

Rates are calculated on the basis of 100,000 persons aged 16 years and over

Juristat: Impaired driving in Canada, 1998, vol. 19, no. 11 (85-002-XPE, \$10/93; 85-002-XIE, \$8/70) is now available. See *How to order publications*.

For more information, or to enquire about the concepts, methods or data quality of this release, contact Information and Client Services (613-951-9023 or 1 800 387-2231), Canadian Centre for Justice Statistics.

#### Railway carloadings

Ten-day period ending October 31, 1999

Non-intermodal traffic loaded during the ten-day period ending October 31, 1999, increased 0.1% to 6.7 million tonnes compared with the same period last year. The number of cars loaded decreased 1.0%.

Intermodal traffic tonnage totalled 615 000 tonnes, a 8.2% increase from the same period last year. The year-to-date figures increased 13.7%.

Total traffic increased 0.8% during the period. This brought the year-to-date total to 212.6 million tonnes, a decrease of 0.9% from the previous year.

All year-to-date figures have been revised.

For more information, or to enquire about the concepts, methods or data quality of this release,

contact Robert Larocque (613-951-2486; fax: 613-951-0009; *laroque* @ statcan.ca), Transportation Division.

### PUBLICATIONS RELEASED

Production and shipments of steel pipe and tubing, September 1999

Catalogue number 41-011-XIB

(Canada: \$5/\$47).

Industry price indexes, September 1999 Catalogue number 62-011-XPB

(Canada: \$22/\$217; outside Canada: US\$22/US\$217).

Touriscope, international travel, vol. 15, no. 9 Catalogue number 66-001-PPB

(Canada: \$8/\$73; outside Canada: US\$8/US\$73).

Juristat: Impaired driving in Canada, 1998, vol. 19,

no. 11

Catalogue number 85-002-XIE

(Canada: \$8/\$70).

**Juristat: Impaired driving in Canada, 1998**, vol. 19, no. 11

Catalogue number 85-002-XPE

(Canada: \$10/\$93; outside Canada: US\$10/US\$93).

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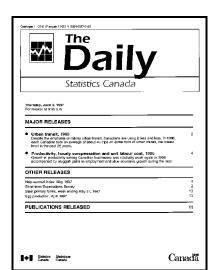
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