# NATIONAL ACCOUNTS INCOME AND EXPENDITURE 

 SECOND QUARTER 1967Published by Authority of
The Minister of Trade and Commerce

DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS<br>National Accounts, Production and<br>Productivity Division<br>National Accounts Section

In order to obtain a complete historical record of the quarterly National Accounts, the following publications should be consulted:
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G.N.P. rose 2.2 per cent in the second quarter. In real terms the advance wos close to I per cent.


CURRENT ACCOUNT deficit increased as an improvement of $\$ 300$ million in service balance less than offset a drop of $\$ 424$ million in merchandise balance

G.N.E. in current dollars rose $\$ 1.3$ billion in the second quarter as increases in




offset a drop in spending on
PLANT ANO EQUIPMENT

and a rise in


[^0](This report incorporates revised Balance of Payments data for the years 1964, 1965, 1966 and the first quarter of 1967. Factors affecting some of these revisions are discussed in the "Quarterly Estimates of the Canadian Balance of International Payments, Second Quarter 1967", catalogue No. 67-001.

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## INMRODUCTORY REVIEN

Gross National Product in the second quarter reached a level of $\$ 61.5$ billion, seasonally adjusted at annual rates, an increase of 2.2 per cent from the first quarter. With prices rising, this advance represented a gain of close to 1 per cent in real terms.

Although the rise in the current value of GNP roughly matches the average increase in three of the four preceding quarters, as a result of continuing price increases the advance in constant dollars compares less favourably, as shown in the following comparison:

## Percentage Change from Preceding Quarter Seasonally Adjustod Data

|  | 18166 | $2 Q 166$ | $38^{166}$ | 42166 | 18167 | 20167 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| GNP Current \$ | 4.5 | 2.0 | 0.5 | 2.2 | 1.8 | 2.2 |
| GNE Constant | 2.7 | 1.0 | -0.7 | 1.3 | 0.5 | 0.8 |
| Price (Implicit) | 1.8 | 1.0 | 1.2 | 0.9 | 1.3 | 1.4 |

At over $\$ 2$ billion, the increase in total demand (GNE plus imports) was the largest in five quarters; components of demand displayed wide fluctuations. On the income side the factors of production contributed fairly evenly to the domestic portion of this increase; this was strongly reinforced by supplies coming from abroad. Although its effect cannot be fully evaluated in quantitative terms, centennial celebrations and in particular Expo had a pervasive effect on the economy.

In absolute terms, seasonally adjusted, the main strength in demand came about equally from the government sector and persons. Expenditures on new residential construction increased sharply after three quarters of decline. Exports continued to advance with a gain of nearly $\$ 700$ million, following a $\$ 1$ billion advance in the first quarter. Offsetting these increases were declines in business construction and machinery and equipment, while investment in nonmarm inventories added very little to overall demand.

The $\$ 800$ million increase in personal expenditure was widely shared. Aided by a 14 per cent rise in new car purchases - only the second increase in the last seven quarters - durables reversed the decline of the two previous quarters and advanced by $6 \frac{7}{2}$ per cent, while many other items also increased substantially. A 22 per cent increase in outlays for new residential construction
 funds. This of iset the declines of the last three quarters and restored expenditures to the level of a year ago. However, the availability of mortgage funds is decreasing, and housing starts in urban areas have been declining from the high point in May. The rate of investment in machinery and equipment declined for only the third time since 1961; a contributing factor to the lower value of investment was the reduction in April and the elimination in June of the sales tax on production machinery.

After a sizeable cut-back in the rate of accumalation in the first quarter, the rate of investment in non-farm business inventories showed virtually no change. Unlike the situation in the United States, where a substantial decline in the rate of accumulation took place in the last two quarters, in Canada this process was spread more evenly over the last four quarters.

The deficit on current account widened somewhat as the largest increase in imports in the expansion more than offset a considerable rise in exports. The gsin in the exports was more than fully accounted for by a net gain in the travel account of $\$ 800$ million, while the surplus on merchandise account declined by over $\$ 400$ million as exports increased only fractionally from the exceptionally high levels of the first quarter.

On the income side, labour income increased by less than 2 per cent - the smallest quarterly gain since the fourth quarter of 1964. The trend of the previous quarter continued with small payroll inoresses in the goods-producing industries compared with the service industries. Most of the gain in omployment was absorbed by the service sector; employment in goods-producing industries actually declined. Seasonally adjusted unemployment rates showed month-tomonth increases in May and June but declined in both July and August. Corporation profits increased some $5 \frac{7}{2}$ per cent from the low first quarter level, but remained significantly below the level of the first half of last year.

## Price Moverents

The implicit price index of grose national expenditure rose l. 4 per cent from the first quarter.
Seasonally adjusted food prices, which fell 1.2 per cent in the first quarter, declined fractionally this quarter; they were about 0.8 per cent below thedr leval of the second quartar of 2066. Some increase occured in miscellaneous meats, vegetables, and fish, but these were more than offset by price decreases in beef, eggs, pork, and poultry.

Non-food conmodities showed an overall price increase of more than 1 per cent. This was partly a reflection of changes in sales tax. Tax increases in Quebec and in Newfoundland from 6 to 8 per cent and 5 to 6 per cent respectively affected the entire quarter, while a 5 per cent sales tar was introduced in Manitoba effective June first. Within non-durables, prices for men's clothing, footwear, and newspapers and magazines all increased by about 2 per cent on a seasonally adjusted basis. Electricity showed a sharp 10 per cent increase owing mainly to higher rates in Quebec and British Columbia. Price increase in durable goods was mare moderate than in non-durables. Increases were relatively large in home furnishings, jewellery, and furniture, all of which increased by more than $I$ per cent. A one-half per cent increase occurred in the seasonally adjusted price of cars.

Nearly all items contributed to the $2 \frac{1}{2}$ per cont $M$ ise in service prices. Purchased transportation, education, and recreation rose by more than 3 per cent; a similar increase in medical care was largely the result of rises in the fees charged by medical practitioners and dentists.

The implicit price index for business gross flxed capital formation declined fractionally, the net effect of an upward movement in construction prices and a fall in the prices of machinery and equipment. Price increases in residential and non-residential construction reflected higher costs -mostily in labour, but also in materials. The $2 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent decline in seasonally adjusted machinery prices was largely due to changes in the federal sales tax on production machinery, which was lowered from 11 to 6 per cent in April and eliminated in June.

The following table sunmarizes the price changes outilned above:
Implicit Price Indexes
Percentage Change from the Proceding Quarter
(Based on Seasonally Adjusted Data)

|  | 1966 |  |  | 1967 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | IV | I | II |
| Personal expenditure | 1.3 | 1.1 | 0.51/ | 0.9 | 0.6 | 1.2 |
| Non-durable goods .......................... | 1.8 | 1.0 | 0.5I/ | 0.5 | -0.1 | 0.9 |
| Durable goods ............................... | -0.5 | 1.0 | -0.3y | 1.3 | 0.4 | 0.8 |
| Total goods . | 1.3 | 1.4 | 0.41 | 0.8 | 0.1 | 0.8 |
| of which: food. | 3.1 | 1.1 | 0.5 | - | $-1.2$ | -0.1 |
| non-food goods. | 0.4 | 1.2 | $0.31 /$ | 1.2 | 0.7 | 1.3 |
| Services, excluding net expenditare abroad | 1.2 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.4 | 2.4 |
| Goverrment expenditure on goods and services | 3.01/ | 0.63 | $1.51 /$ | 2.11/ | 3.02/ | $2.12 /$ |
| Business gross flxed capital formation ...... | 1.3 | 1.0 | 0.7 | 1.5 | 1.1 | -0.2 |
| New residential construction .. | 1.6 | 0.9 | 1.1 | 2.3 | 0.6 | 2.2 |
| New non-residential construction .......... | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.1 | 1.5 | 0.9 | 1.5 |
| New machinery and equipment ................ | 0.7 | 0.7 | 0.5 | 1.4 | 1.5 | $-2.7$ |
| Exports of goods and services ............... | 0.8 | 0.7 | 1.71 | 0.41 | $0.31 /$ | $0.11 /$ |
| Imports of goods and serrices ................ | 0.3 | 0.4 | 0.5 | 0.9 | $-0.3$ | 0.3 |
| Gross national expenditure .................. | 1.8 | 1.0 | 1.2 | 0.9 | 1.3 | 1.4 |
| (Base-weighted price index of gross national expenditure) | 1.3 | 1.6 | 1.3 | 1.1 | 0.8 | 1.2 |

1. The implicit price indexes in some quarters may not provide reasonable measures of price change as a result of marked quarter-to-quarter changes in expenditure patterns. Such was the case notably in the third quarter of 1966. The quarter-to-quarter changes footnoted in the table are based on price indexes in which the effect of changes in expenditure patterns has been discounted.

2/ Changes in this component for the first and second quarters of 1967 are not necessarily analytically significent.

## The Componente of Demard

## Personal Expenditure on Consumer Goods and Services

Total personal expenditure reached a level of $\$ 37.3$ billion, seasonally adjusted at anmual rates, an increase of more than 2 per cent from the first quarter as compared with a little less than li per cent advance in the previous quarter. It should be noted that this total does not inolude the surge of expenditure made by foreign tourists coincident with EXPO 67 and centanial celebrations. I/

The table below indicates the impact of this item on totel personal expenditure in Canada:

|  | Millions of dollars, seasonally adjusted, at amual rates |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 48, 66 | 12167 | 28167 | Change |  |
|  |  |  |  | 48-18 | 18-29 |
| Non-churables ............................................ | 17,520 | 17,740 | 18,372 | 220 | 632 |
| Durables .. | 4,268 | 4,268 | 4,440 | -100 | 272 |
| Services (excluding NEA) ........................... | 14,104 | 14,512 | 15,108 | 408 | 596 |
| Total personal expenditure in Canada .............. | 35,892 | 36,420 | 37,920 | 528 | 1,500 |
| Net eqpenditure abroad (NEA) ....................... | 96 | 68 | -632 | -28 | -700 |
| Personal expenditare on consumer goods and eervices | 35,988 | 36,488 | 37,288 | 500 | 800 |

1/ Personal expenditure on consumer goods and services is a measure of all expenditures by Canadian residents, including those temporarily abroad. Since measures of the value of outilay on consumer goods and services in Canada are derived from sales made within the territorial boundaries of Canada, the values must be adjusted to include expenditures abroad by Canadien residents and to exclude outlays in Canada by non-residents. This adjustment is called Net expenditare abroad.

Net expenditure abroad is composed of outhays on both comodities and services. is it is impassible to determine these elements in the net figures, the whole adjustment has traditionally been included with services. The item is generally amall and does not significantily distort quarter-to-quarter comparisons of either aggregates or individual series. However, with the exceptional influx of touxists accurring in the second quarter of 1967 the adjustment to axclude purchases by non-residents has become large, distorting the analytical continuity of the Services series. The values of net expenditure abroad and the values of services excluding net expenditure abroad for the last six quarters are show in the table belaw (In millions of dollars and seasonally adfusted at anmual rates):

|  | 12166 | 2 2166 | $32 \cdot 66$ | 48:66 | 18.67 | $20 \cdot 67$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Services including NEA | 13,384 | 13,556 | 13,892 | 14,200 | 14,580 | 14,476 |
| Services excluding NEA | 13,268 | 13,488 | 13,772 | 14,104 | 14,512 | 15,108 |
| Net expenditure abroad. | 116 | 68 | 120 | 96 | 68 | -632 |

11most all conponents of the non-durables category showed increases from the previous quarter. The largest increase occurred in expenditures on energy sources (fuel, electricity, gas) wifh rose by $7 \frac{3}{2}$ per cent. The olothing eategory increased by 5 per cent. Within this category men'a clothing showed the strongest gain, while wanen's and children's clothing advanced more moderately. Bependitures on tobacco increased by $4 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent and on alcoholio beverages by 6 per cent. The food category rose by 2 per cent, while food prices decreased alightly. Spending for gasoline, oil and grease increased fractionally, declined 1 per cent for auto parts and accessories, and rose 3t per cent for household non-durables.

The dominant feature of the $6 \frac{3}{3}$ per cent gain in durables was a 4 per cent increase in expenditures on new automobiles. A parallel increase in trade-ins coupled with a small dealine in used car purchesea resulted in a large decline in the net value of used cacs purchased; taken together, expenditares on now and used autos rose by 9 per cent. Furniture showed an 11 per cent gain as against a 3 per cent deoline last quarter, while appliances and radios rose by 4 per cent and home fumishings registered a second successive $4 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent increase. Jewellery purchases rose by $5 \frac{2}{2}$ per cent.

The 4 per cent increase in services inclusive of non-resident spending was largely centered in the three coraponents significantiy affected by EXPO. Sharpest was the $25 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent gain in recreation expenditures, but notable also were the $9 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent increase in purchased transportation (the revenues of urban transit frcilities in Quebec in May and June were almost double those for the corresponding period in 1966) and the 4 妾 per oent increase in miscellaneous services, which includes accommodations in hotels and motels. Gains of 2 to $2 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent were made in user-operated transportation, household operations, and medical care; personal services rose by 1 per cent. The shelter component, accounting for nearly 40 per cent of the value af services, increased by one half of 1 per cent.

A 2 per cent increase in personal income, together with a $6 \frac{1}{3}$ per cent decline in personal direct taxes, a largely irregular offect resulting from later than usual income tax refunds, produced a 3 per cent rise in personal disposable income and permitted both a 2 per cent advance in personal. expenditure and nearly half a billion dollar inorease in personal net saving.

## Jusiness Gross Fixed Capital Formath on

Gross fixed capital formation in the second quarter was ranning at a seasonally adjusted annual. rate of $\$ 12.5$ billion, some 1 per cent lower than in the flrst quarter, as increased outlays for housing failed to offset lower axpenditures for new plant and equipment.

Popenditurea for residential construction rose by 22 per cent between the first and second quarters of 1967. Housing starts, seasonally adjusted and at annusl rates, fumped by 76,600 units to a record level of 198,200 units. Housing campletions olimbed 19,300 units to a level of 136,900 units.

Starts in urban areas dropped frow 98,000 units, seasonally adjusted, in Jamary to 92,600 in February, then rose in each of the next three months to a peak of 171,400 units in May. They showed 11ttle change in June and then alipped to 252,000 in July.

Accorting to the mid-year review of investment intentions, spending on now housing was expected to reach $\$ 2.26$ billion, raising housing starts to abore the 134,000 of last year. Because of the reduced camyover of incomplete houses into 1967, the number of unfts completed was expected to be considerably less than the 162,000 last pear.

Business outlays on plant and equipment dropped 5.1 per cent between the first and second quarters. Non-residential construction expenditures declined by 5.7 per cent, and outlays for machinery and equipment by 4.5 per cent. Both domestic shipments and imports of producers' non-ferm durable goods (other than transportation equipment) dropped in the second quarter. A special factor in the second quarter was the tex change relating to production machinery and equipment. This accounted for about half of the decrease in 7 ilue of investment in machinery and equipment; in constant dollars the decline was about 2 per cent.

In the first six months of 1967, business outlays for plant and equipment at $\$ 10.4$ billion were very close to the rid-year investment intertions aigure of $\$ 10.3$ billion.

## 35n-ixua Butinese maventories

As in the first quarter, investment in non-fama business inventories contriouted very littie to the level of economic activity in the second quarter of 1967. Investraent in inventories at a seasonally adjusted annual rate was $\$ 184$ million. From the following table it may be noted that although stocks of manufacturing industries increased, stocks of retailers declined while stocks of wholesalers remained virtually unchanged.

## Value of Physical Change in Non-Farm Business Inventories <br> (Seasonally ldjusted, at Annual Rates)

|  | 181967(millions of dollars) |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Manufacturing | 40 | 248 |
| Durables | 88 | 132 |
| Non-durables | $-48$ | 116 |
| Wholesale | 124 | 12 |
| Potail | 108 | -88 |
| "Other" ${ }^{\text {H }}$ industries | -96 | 12 |
| Grand Total | 176 | 184 |

Among manufacturing industries, though the accumulation was almost equal at the total level between durable and non-durable goods-producing industries, the change in the rate of increase from the previous quarter was much more pronounced in non-durables, where a ghift fram liquidation to accumulation took place. A small liquidation in the stocks of electrical and non-metallic industries was more than offset by a general increase in the stocks of other durable goods industries. Among the non-durable goods industries, significant increases in the food, tobacco and petroleum industries handsomely counterbalanced the liquidation which occurred in the stocks of paper and rubber industries.

Classified by level of processing, manufacturing stocks increased at all levels but more evidentily in finished goods. With shipments being higher than new orders, the quarter ended with a lower backlog of unfilled orders. The ratio of total stocks-to-shipment was belor that of the preceding quarter, but above the average of the past six years.

Stocks of retail trades of both durable and non-durable lines were laver at the total level, partily as a result of a notable increase in retail sales. The substantial accumulation of stocks of non-durables in the previous quarter was reversed and atocks were liquidated with the exception of food. Retailers of non-durable goods reduced their stocks at a fester rate than those of durable goods. Motor vehicle dealers continued to draw down their inventories although at a lower rate than that of the previous quarter. Even so, this liquidation more than offaet the total accumalation in the rest of the curable goods trades.

Wholesalo trades were $2 l s 0$ responsible for the moderate investment in stocks in the present quarter, showing almost no change from the previous quarter. A small sccumulation in the stocks of durable goods lines which was mainly concentrated in industrial, transportation, commercial, institutional, and service equipnent and supplies, was to some extent offset by a small liquidation in the non-durable segment of wholesale trade.

Exports and Imports of Goods and Services
The deficit in Canada's external account, on a national accounts basis, moved from a seasonally adjusted annual rate of $\$ 536$ million in the first quarter to $\$ 660$ million in the second. From the following table it may be noted that the change of $\$ 124$ million resulted fron an improvement of $\$ 300$ million in non-merchandise trade failing to offset a drop of $\$ 42 h$ million in the merchandise trade surplus.

Exports and Inports of Goods and Servioes*
(Seasonally adjustod, at annual rates, in millions of dollara)

| Year | Quarter | Goods |  |  | Services |  |  | Current balance |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Exports | Irports | Net | Exports | Imports | Not |  |
| 1966 | $18 t$ | 9,968 | 9,576 | 392 | 2,692 | 3,972 | -1,280 | -888 |
|  | 2nd | 10,072 | 9,944 | 128 | 2,748 | 4,052 | -1,304 | -1,176 |
|  | 3 rd | 10,532 | 10,344 | 188 | 2,744 | 4,332 | -1,588 | -1,400 |
|  | 4 th | 10,732 | 10,544 | 188 | 2,804 | 4,356 | -1,552 | -1,364 |
| 1967 | $18 t$ | 11,596 | 10,840 | 756 | 2,912 | 4,204 | -1,292 | -536 |
|  | 2nd | 11,684 | 21,352 | 332 | 3,496 | 4,488 | -992 | -660 |
| 18:67 to 2Q:67 | \% | 0.8 | 4.7 |  | 20.1 | 6.8 |  |  |

*National Accounts figures do not include estimates of nugrant Iunds and inheritances.
The improvement in the non-merchandise trade can be ascribed to a very large increase in EXPOoriented tourist and travel receipts.There was as well a sharp drop in travel payments, along with a minor increase in freight and shipping receipts. Offsetting these favourable changes in part, however, was a rise in payments combined with a maller dealine in receipts of interest, dividends and miscellaneous transactions.

The decline in merchanctise surplus resulted from an increase in merchandise exports of $\$ 88$ million compared with a rise of $\$ 512$ million in merchandise imports.

In exports, gains were made over the first quarter in newsprint, wheat clearances, crude petroleum, non-farm machinery, asbestos, natural gas, iron ore and re-exports. Declines were recorded in lumber, wood pulp, fish, aluminum, nickol, copper, zinc, fertilizers, and farm machinery.

Data are not available to indicate the iteres which contributed to the increase in imports from the first quarter. It is known that these increases were largely ircon United States sources.

## Tho Gorermment Sector

Total expenditures of all governments combined, excluding inter-governmental transfers, increased by over 7 per cent in the second quarter to $\$ 21,252$ miliion from the first quarter of $\$ 19,728$ million. Over half of this inorease resulted from higher expenditures on goods and services with the federal and provincial-xunicipal levels contributing about equally to the rise. At the federal level, higher cutlays were made on both defence and non-delence items. The rise in expenditures on goods and services by provincial and municipal governments were in general the result of higher salaries and wages and higher spending on capital goods at the municipal level.

Also, federal transfer payments to other levels of government rose markedly in the quarter. This reflected, in part, changes in the now fiscal arrangements with the provinces which resulted in larger equallaation payments. The new arrangements inciuded a system of post-secondary education payments to the provinces which began in the second quarter and overlapped the former system of grants to universities. Payments under the Canada Assistance Plan, which commenced durimg the secont quarter, aiso contributed th the shary imovease in fedwal trandire to sther Jovala.
 first quarter to $\$ 20,580$ miliion in the second quarter. However, there were divergent and irreguler movements in the components.

Revenues from personal direct taxes declined by $6 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent from the unusually high rate of the first quarter. The irregular movement in this series is partly a reflection of a later start in processing of the 1966 incane tax returns, causing a shift in the pattern of refunds fran the first to the second quarter.

Revenues from indirect taxes declined by slightly less than 1 per cent. Federal revenues from this source declined by almost 3 per cent, mainly due to changes in the sales tax rate on production machinery and equipment. The federal deciline wes partially offset by rising provincial-municipal revanues which were affected by higher retail sales tax rates in Quebec and the imposition of a retad 1 sales tax in Manitoba.

Offsetting the declines in revenues from personal direct taxes and from indirect taxes were increased corporation tax liabilities and a sharp rise In investment incane, largely due to higher trading profits of federal goverment enterprises.

With total goverment spending increasing by over $7 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent while govermment revenues remained virtually unchanged, the govermment sector as a whole (Inclusive of the Canada and Quebec pension plans) moved from a surplus, on a National Accounts basis and seasonally adjusted at anmal rates, of \$808 million in the first quarter to a deflcit of $\$ 672 \mathrm{million}$ in the second quarter. Most of the change came at the federal level and resulted, in part, from the irregular movenents mentioned above in both the revenue and expenditare series in the first and second quarters. It should be noted that in a period of such irregularities the averaging process inherent in the seasonal procechre may sometimes not fully reflect the true movement of the current situation. This is particularly true where a series is not seasonally adjusted directly but is obtained as a difference of large, seasonally adjusted aggregates, suoh as in the case of the surplus or deficit pasition of govemment.

The deflicit at the provincial-municipal leval narrowed slightly during the quarter while the surplus of the Canada and Quebec pension plans showed little change.

## The Components of Incane

## Labour Income

During the second quarter of 1967 the total labour income (seasonally adjusted) 1ncreased by almost 2 per cent. This compared with an inarease of over $2 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent in the first quarter of 1967. The goods-produoing industries were responsible for this reduced rate of payroll increase, showing littile ahange compered with a 2 per cent rise in the first quarter, while the service-producing industries continued their advance, inoreasing by over 3 per oent.

The total labour force in the country continued to grow with increasing participation from females and juveniles as well as regular growth increases. The bulk of the increase in the quarter was absorbed by the service industries. The goods-producing industries experienced a decline in employment whioh was apparent in most of the industries, notably so in manufacturing, construction (especially in the ongineering sector), and forestry. This decline in the goods-proctucing industries was partially offset by increases in average weekly hours worked from a low in the first quarter and by slight increases in average hourly earnings.

Seasonally adfusted, the increase in wages and salaries in the mampacturing industries was 1 per cont and in mining, 3 per cent. However, in construction and forestry they declined by $2 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent and 5 per cent respectively. All service-producing industries showed continued increases in wages and salaries, roughly at the rate established in 1966 and in the first quarter of 1967. Lower average weekly wages and salaries in the service-produoing industries, relative to the goods-producing industries, affected the lower rate of increase in total labour income in the second quarter.

## Corporation Profits

Seasonslly adjusted at ammal rates, net corporation profits (belore taxes and before dividends paid to non-residents) moved ahead to a level of $\$ 4.9$ billion in the second quarter of 1967. This represents an improvement of $5 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent over the first quarter level.

The long pronounced general rise in the level of net proflts which conmenced in mid-1961 levelled off in the last quarter of 1965 and remained stable through the first half of 1966 . After a fall-off in the profit level in the third quarter of 1966 , profits rebounded in the fourth quarter, but slipped again in the first quarter of 1967. Second quarter profits moved ahead at a brisk pace, but failed to advance to the high levels that prevailed in the late stages of the upswing in profits.

Within the industry groupings, marked rises were recorded in the transportation storage and comunication industryswhere subsidies influenced the upward trend, and the retail and service industries, whereas a moderate rise of 5 per cent was experienced in the wholesale trade industry. Profits in the manufacturing and finance industries held virtually steady wh th changes of less than 1 per cent.

A widespread mixture of rises and declines was scored in the manufacturing group. The strikeaffected olectrical industry experienced a slight rise in profits but remained at a relatively lor level compared with profits achieved in earlier periods. Profits in the textile, wood, non-metallic mineral and miscellaneous categories decreased by more than 12 per cent from their first quarter level, whereas declines in the paper, printing, and petroleum and coal industries were more moderate -7, 10 and 4 per cent respectively. Offsetting these declines was a step-up in the profit level of the food and beverage industry, with a rise of 12 per cent, metal, 6 per cent, and chemicals, 2 per cent.

Net profits for the flrst half of 1967 showed a decline of 9 per cent from the corresponding period of 1966. This decline was more pronounced in the first quarter. The advance in capital consumption allowances in the first half of 1967 accounts for the greater part of this drop. On a gross basis, corporate profits edged dow only 3 per cent.

In the half year comparison, net corporation profits slipped noticeably in the mining, manufacturing, transportation storage and communication, and wholesale trade industries with all showing declines exceeding 10 per cent. Profits in the retail trade industry drifted down 6 per cent. Profit rises nere pronounced in the utility and service industries each with gains of over 15 per cent. The finance industry profits rose by 4 per cent.

Total manufacturing half gear proflts, as noted above, fell off with a large portion of the Industries following this pattern. The electrical products industry experienced a significent slump in profits, with the food and beverage, textils, wood, paper, metal, non-metallic mineral, and chemical industries all registering drops of more than 10 per cent. Profits in the rubber, printing, and petroleum and coal industries exceeded their respective first half of 1966 levels.

## Rent, Interest and Miscellaneous Investment Income

Seasonally adjusted, rent, interest and miscellaneous investment income rose by 7.4 per cent during the second quarter, reaching a record level of $\$ 4,3 \mathrm{l}_{4}$ miliion at annual rates. Profits of government business enterprises accounted for $\$ 228$ million of the total increase of $\$ 296$ million in the quarter.

## Accrued Net Income of Farm Operators

Accrued not incame of fam operators from farm production seasonally adjusted showed little change fron the first quarter. The value of livestock production increased sharply due mainly to inventory accumulation, uhile the value of grain production rose slightly. Offsetting these incresses was a decline in cash incone from the sale of other farm products, mostly the result of a substantial drop in cash income from the sale of tobacco from an irregularly high first quarter.

## Net Income of Non-farm Unincorporated Business

Net income of non-farm unincorporated business rose to a seasonally adjusted annal rate of $\$ 3,124$ million, 5.5 per cent above the first quarter. Higher netincomes in the construction and service industries were mainly responsible for the increase.

Real Gross Damestic Product at Factor Cost

## Production by Industry

Seasonally adjusted real domestic product less agriculture for the second quarter of 1967 rose by 1. 6 per cent, resuming the quarter-to-quarter upward climb in non-agricultural output that had been interrupted by the slight drop that occurred in the first quarter of this year.

The service-producing industries provided the strength shown in the second-quarter increase, with the goods-producing industries adding only fractionally to their procuction.

Within the service industries, trade showed the largest advance, increasing by $4 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent. This increase amounted to a contribution of 40 per cent toward the total increase in non-agricultural output. Wholesale trade rose by 6 per cent, while retail trade went up $3 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent. Sales by motor vehicle dealers, which rose by $9 \frac{1}{2}$ per cent, oontributed significantly to the increase in retail trade; most of the other retail components also recorded advances. Many of the components of wholesale trade also increased, recovering from the low levels experienced in the first quarter of this year.

The community, recreation, business and personal service group contributed 21 per cent to the second quarter increase in total output. Production in both the business and personal service groupa was apparently increased by EXPO.

The transportation, storage and commaication grouping accounted for 18 per cent of the total increase in non-agricultural output. An increase of 3 per cent in this grouping was concentrated mainly in the transportation components. Statistics for the transportation of passengers appear to indicate that travel to and from KXPO was a major factor.

Within the goods-producing industries, mining, with a rise of 3 per cent, contributed 12 per cent to the total increase in non-auricultural output, largely becanse of a patper aent advance in the mining of crude petroleum.

Manufacturing, in contrast to most quarters, made only a minor contribution, of 9 ner cent, to the change in total non-agricultural output. Almost all of this contribution came from the manufactaring of non-durables, chiefly the textile products and foods and beverages components. Although durables-manufactaring as a whole contributed little to the increase in total output for this quarter, the manufacture of motor vehicles rose by 11 per cent.

Electric power and gas utilities rose by $2 \frac{2}{2}$ per cent. The contribution of this grouping, of 7 per cent, was divided almost evenly between the two components.

Construction, which was strike-affected, was one of the few industries to show a drop in the second-quarter. This decrease of li $\frac{1}{2}$ per cent, was the result of a 7 per cent fall in public construction. Within the private construction component, a large increase in housing, which represented a recovery to the levels of the first half of 1966, was almost totally offset by a decrease in non-residential construction. The decrease in total construction had only a mincr dampening effect on the rise in total non-agricultural output.

TABLE 1. National Income and Grose National Product, by Quarters, 1964 and 1965
(millione of dollare)

|  | 1964 |  |  |  |  | 1965 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | IV | Year | I | II | III | IV | Year |
| Wagea, alarles, and supplementary labour income | 5,482 | 5,809 | 6,074 | 6,068 | 23,433 | 6,026 | 6,431 | 6,74 | 6,835 | 26,033 |
| Milltary pay and allowancer .............. | 140 | 150 | 147 | 146 | 583 | 145 | 153 | 149 | 140 | 587 |
| Corporation profits before taxes ......... | 972 | 1,313 | 1,204 | 1,330 | 4, 819 | 1,055 | 1,409 | 1,330 | 1, 405 | 5,199 |
| Deduct: Dividends paid to non-residents (i) ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | - 185 | - 137 | - 164 | - 267 | - 753 | - 197 | - 148 | - 16 | - 274 | - 780 |
| Rent, interest and miscellaneous Inventment income | 786 | 766 | 812 | 898 | 3,262 | 833 | 845 | 874 | 1,002 | 3,554 |
| Accrued net income of farm operators from farm production(2) | 12 | 186 | 1,118 | 148 | 1,464 | 10 | 100 | 1,305 | 230 | 1,645 |
| ```Net income of non-farm unincorporated bus1ness(3)``` | 557 | 666 | 654 | 843 | 2,720 | 581 | 720 | 712 | 864 | 2,877 |
| Inventory valuation adjustment(4) ........ | - 44 | - 90 | 25 | - 22 | - 131 | - 41 | - 117 | - 55 | - 112 | - 325 |
| NET MATIONAL INCOME AT FACTOR $\operatorname{COST}{ }^{2}$ | 7,720 | 8,663 | 9,870 | 9,144 | 35,397 | 8,412 | 9,393 | 10,895 | 10,090 | 38,790 |
| Indirect taxes leas subsidies ............ | 1,512 | 1,599 | 1.642 | 1,619 | 6,372 | 1,693 | 1,780 | 1,84 | 1,858 | 7,172 |
| Capital consumption allowances and miscellaneous valuation adjustments | 1,325 | 1,404 | $1,392$ | $1,479$ | 5,600 | $1,432$ | $1,546$ | $1,51$ | $1,616$ | 6,110 |
| Residual error of estimeter .............. | - 62 | - 62 | $78$ | $70$ | 24 | $\text { - } 103$ | $-26$ |  | $74$ | $26$ |
| gross natiomal product at market pricess | 10,495 | 11,604 | 12,982 | 12,312 | 47,393 | 11,434 | 12,693 | 14,3 | 13,638 | 52,098 |
| (Grose netional product at market prices excluding accrued net income of farm operators)r | (10,483) | 11,418) | 11,864) ( | 12,164) | $(45,929)$ | $(11,424)$ | 12,593) | 13,028 | 13, 408) | $(50,453)$ |

(1) Includes the withholding tax applicable to this item.
(2) Includes change in farm inventories asown in line 11 , Table 4 . An adjustment has been made to take account of the accrued earnings of farm operators arising out of the operat lons of the hadita wheat homrd.
(3) Includes net income of independent professional practitioners.
(4) See footnote 4, Table 2.
$r$ Revised figures. See paga 5.

(millions of dollars)

|  | 1964 |  |  |  |  | 1965 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 | II | III | IV | Year | 1 | II | III | IV | Year |
| Personal expenditure on consumer goods and services | 6,909 | 7,356 | 7,244 | 8,157 | 29,666 | 7,310 | 7,976 | 7,828 | 8,949 | 32,063 |
| Government expenditure on goods and services $(1,2)$ | 1,948 | 2,154 | 2,323 | 2,229 | 8,654 | 2,091 | 2,427 | 2,606 | 2,472 | 9,596 |
| Business gross fixed capital formation(3) | 1,879 | 2,335 | 2,381 | 2,508 | 9,103 | 2,136 | 2,650 | 2,866 | 2,999 | 10,651 |
| New residential construction .......... | 462 | 451 | 513 | 595 | 2,021 | 469 | 510 | 548 | 597 | 2,124 |
| New non-residentisl construction | 570 | 810 | 1,017 | 961 | 3,358 | 714 | 912 | 1,219 | 1,179 | 4,024 |
| New machinery and equipment | 847 | 1,074 | 851 | 952 | 3,724 | 953 | 1,228 | 1,099 | 1,223 | 4,503 |
| Value of physical change in inventories(4) | 25 | -158 | 896 | - 377 | 386 | 214 | - 15 | 1,085 | - 336 | 948 |
| Non-farm business inventories | 313 | 32 | 156 | 15 | 516 | 492 | 96 | 164 | 153 | 905 |
| Farm inventories and grain in commercial channels | - 288 | - 190 | 740 | - 392 | - 130 | - 278 | - 111 | 921 | - 489 | 43 |
| Exports of goods and servicest ${ }^{\text {c }}$......... | 2,155 | 2,739 | 2,939 | 2,745 | 10,578 | 2,289 | 2,782 | 3,128 | 3,066 | 11,265 |
| Deduct: Imports of goods and servicest Residual error of estimater | 2,483 62 | 2,885 63 | 2,723 $-\quad 78$ | 2,879 $-\quad 71$ | - 10,970 | 2, 709 103 | - 3,154 $\begin{array}{r}27\end{array}$ | - 3,098 -82 | $-3,439$ -73 | $-12,400$ .25 |
| GROSS NATIONAL EXPENDITURE AT MARKET PRICES ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | 10,495 | 11,604 | 12,982 | 12,312 | 47,393 | 11,434 | 12,693 | 14,333 | 13,638 | 52,098 |

(1) Includes outlays on new durahle asset: buch as building and highwy construction by governments, other than government business enterprises. Also includes net purchases of government comodity agencies.
(2) For detalls of defence expenditures see line 3, Table 6.
(3) Includes capital expenditures by private and government buiness enterprises, private non-comercial institutions, and outlays on new residential construction by individuals and business investors.
(4) The book value of inventories is deflated to remove the effect of price changes and the derived "physical" change is ther. valued at average prices of the current period to obtain the value of physical change. The difference between this value of physical change and the change in book value is called the inventory valuation adjustment. (See line 8, Table l).
Reviged figures. See page 5.
(millions of dollars)

|  | 1966 |  |  |  |  | 1967 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 | II | III | IV | Year | 1 | II | III | IV | Year |
| Wages, selaries, and supplementary lebour Income | 6,840 | 7,269 | 7,571 | 7,644 | 29,324 | 7,563 | 7,987 |  |  |  |
| Military pay and allowances .............. | 168 | 145 | 147 | 162 | 621 | 183 | 172 |  |  |  |
| Corporation profits before taxes .........th | 1,124 | 1,449 | 1,234 | 1,380 | 5,187 | 997 | 1,382 |  |  |  |
| Deduct: Dividends paid to non-residents(1) | - 174 | - 144 | - 152 | - 327 | - 797 | - 151 | - 145 |  |  |  |
| Rent, interest and misceliseous Investment income | 921 | 948 | 947 | 1,087 | 3,903 | 980 | 1,045 |  |  |  |
| Accrued ret income of farm operthor from farm production(2) | 100 | 201 | 1,662 | 241 | 2,204 | 138 | $206$ |  |  |  |
| Net income of non-farm unincorporated buelness(3) | 622 | 712 | 722 | 893 | 2,949 | 629 | $775$ |  |  |  |
| Inventory valuation adjustment (4) ........ | - 118 | -86 | -65 | - 49 | - 318 | - 77 | - 82 |  |  |  |
| Net national income at factor $\cos \mathrm{T}^{\text {r }} \ldots \ldots$. | 9,483 | 10,494 | 12,066 | 11,030 | 43,073 | 10,262 | 11,340 |  |  |  |
| Indirect taxes less subaidies ............. | 1,902 | 1,962 | 2,002 | 1,934 | 7,800 | 2,099 | 2,111 |  |  |  |
| Capital consumption allowances and <br> miscellareous valuation adjustments .... <br> Residual error of estimete | 1,554 -87 | 1,691 | 1,613 201 | 1,733 | $\begin{array}{r}6,591 \\ \hline 274\end{array}$ | 1,696 -167 | 1,839 $-\quad 64$ |  |  |  |
| Gross mational product at market prices ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | 12,852 | 14,156 | 15,882 | 14,848 | $57,738=$ | - 13,890 | 15,226 |  |  |  |
| (Gross national product at market prices exciuding accrued net income of farm operasors) | $(12,752)$ | 13,955) | (14,220) ( | 14,607) | $(55,534)$ | $(13,752)$ | $15,020)$ |  |  |  |

(1) Includes the witholding tax eppliceble to this item.
(2) Includes change in farm inventories as shown in line 11 , Table 4 . An sdjustment has been made to take account of the accrued earnings of farm operatora ariaing out of the operations of the Caradian Wheat Board.
(3) Includes net income of Independent professional practitioners.
(4) See footnote 4, Table 2.


TABLE 2. Gross Netional Expenditure, by Quarters, 1966 and 1967
(millions of dollexs)

| . | 1966 |  |  |  |  | 1967 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | IV | Year | I | II | III | IV | Yeser |
| Personsl expenditure on consumer goods and services | 8,059 | B,553 | 8,556 | 9,672 | 34,840 | 8,689 | 9,370 |  |  |  |
| Government expenditure on goods and services ( 1,2 ) | 2,438 | 2,676 | $3,177$ | 2,878 | 11,169 | 2,712 | $2,935$ |  |  |  |
| Business gross fixed capltal formacton(3) | 2,626 | 3,218 | 3,116 | 3,254 | 12,214 | 2,733 | 3,303 |  |  |  |
| Net residentlal construction $\therefore . . . . .$. | 514 | . 564 | 536 | 564 | 2,178 | 406 | 598 |  |  |  |
| New non-residentisl construction | 920 | 1,187 | 1,356 | 1,348 | 4,811 | 977 | 1.158 |  |  |  |
| New mehinery and equipment ........... | 1,192 | 1,467 | 1,224 | 1,342 | 5,225 | 1,350 | 1,547 |  |  |  |
| Value of physical change in inventortes(4) | 45 | 120 | 1,219 | - 389 | 995 | $-88$ | $-148$ |  |  |  |
| Non-farm business inventories .......... Farm inventorles and grein in commercial | 390 | 272 | 1,67 | 103 | 832 | 243 | $-5$ |  |  |  |
| channels ................. | - 345 | $-152$ | 1,152 | -492 | 163 | - 331 | - 143 |  |  |  |
| Exports of goods and servicest ...... | 2,729 | 3,253 | 3,624 | 3,467 | 13,073 | 3,151 | 3.834 |  |  |  |
| Deduct: Imports of goods and services Residusl error of estimate ${ }^{r}$............. | $\begin{array}{r} 3,133 \\ 88 \end{array}$ | 3,655 -9 | $\begin{aligned} & 3,609 \\ & -201 \end{aligned}$ | $-3,883-$ -151 | 14,280 -273 | $\begin{array}{r} -3,475 \\ 168 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} =4,133 \\ 65 \end{array}$ |  |  |  |
| GROSS MATIONAL EXPENDITURE AT MARKET |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| PRICES | 12,852 | 14,156 | 15,882 | 14,848 | 57,738 | 13,890 | 15,226 |  |  |  |

(1) Includes outlays on new durable assets such as building and highway construction by governments, other than government busines enterprises. Also includes net purchases of government comodity egencies.
(2) For detalls of defence expenditures see line 3, Table 6.
(3) Includes capital expenditures by private and governgent busineas enterprises, private non-comercial institutions, and outlays on new residential conetruction by individuals and business investors.
(6) The book value of Inventories in deflated to remove the effect of price changes and the derived "physical" change is then valued at average prices of the current period to obtain the value of physical change. The difference between this value of physical change and the change in book value is called the inventory valuation adjustment. (See ine 8 , Table i). Revised flgures. See page 5.

TABLE 3. Source of Personal Income, by Quarters, 1964 and 1535
(millions of dollars)

|  | 1964 |  |  |  |  | 1965 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | IV | Year | I | II | III | IV | Year |
| Wages, salaries, and supplementary <br> labour income | 5,482 | 5,809 | 6,074 | 6,068 | 23,433 | 6,026 | 6,431 | 6,741 | 6,835 | 26,033 |
| Deduct: Employer and employee contributions to social insurance and government persion funds $\qquad$ | - 223 | - 222 | - 233 | - 234 | - 912 | - 232 | - 231 | - 247 | - 249 | - 959 |
| Military pay and allowances ............... | 140 | 150 | 147 | 146 | 583 | 145 | 153 | 149 | 140 | 587 |
| Net income recelved by farm operstors from farm production(1) .................... | 162 | 97 | 1,020 | 74 | 1,353 | 262 | 55 | 1,226 | 146 | 1,689 |
| Net income of non-farm unincorporated business $\qquad$ | 557 | 666 | 654 | 843 | 2,720 | 581 | 720 | 712 | 864 | 2,877 |
| Interest, dividende and net rental <br> income of persons(2) | 920 | 951 | 936 | 992 | 3,799 | 998 | 1,015 | 1,019 | 1,097 | 4,129 |
| Transfer peyments to pernons: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Prom government (excluding interest) .... | 1,119 | 1,025 | 979 | 1,010 | 4,133 | 1,204 | 1,104 | 1,096 | 1,098 | 4,502 |
| Charitable contributions by corporations | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 44 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 44 |
| PERSGOAL INCORE ................................ | 8,168 | 3,487 | 9,588 | 8,910 | 35,153 | 8,995 | 9,258 | 10,707 | 9,942 | 38,902 |

 net earnings ariaing out of the operations of the Canadian theat Board
(2) Includes all government debt interest pard to persons.

TABLE 4. Disposition of Personal Income, by Ruarters, fivi ata 1905
(millions of dollars)

|  | 1964 |  |  |  |  | 1965 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | IV | Year | I | II | III | IV | Year |
| Personsl direct taxes | 768 | 916 | 856 | 888 | 3,428 | 911 | 1,044 | 958 | 999 | 3,912 |
| Income taxes | 624 | 801 | 756 | 776 | 2,957 | 746 | 914 | 830 | 865 | 3,355 |
| succession dutics and estate taxes | 41 | 55 | 37 | 46 | 179 | 42 | 49 | 60 | 58 | 209 |
| Miscellaneous | 103 | 60 | 63 | 66 | 292 | 123 | 81 | 68 | 76 | 348 |
| Personal expenditure on consumer goods and services | 6,909 | 7,356 | 7,244 | 8,157 | 29,666 | 7,310 | 7,976 | 7,828 | 8,949 | 32,063 |
| Noa-dur able good | 3,259 | 3,408 | 3,578 | 4,144 | 14,389 | 3,417 | 3,663 | 3,847 | 4,507 | 15,434 |
| Darable good. ... | 805 | 1,002 | 803 | 982 | 3,592 | 827 | 1,115 | 889 | 1,170 | 4,001 |
| Services (1). | 2,845 | 2,946 | 2,863 | 3,031 | 11,685 | 3,066 | 3,198 | 3,092 | 3,272 | 12,628 |
| Personal net saving .......................... | 491 | 215 | 1,488 | - 135 | 2,059 | 774 | 238 | 1,921 | - 6 | 2,927 |
| Fersonal suving excludiag change in farw inventories | 757 | 338 | 740 | 323 | 2,158 | 1,029 | 326 | 984 | 532 | 2,871 |
| Value of physical change in farm inventories | - 266 | - 123 | 748 | - 458 | - 99 | - 255 | - 88 | 937 | - 538 | 35 |
| PERSONAL INCOnE | 8,168 | 8,487 | 9,588 | 8,910 | 35,153 | 8,995 | 9,258 | 10,707 | 9,942 | 38,902 |
| (Personal disposable income) (2)........... | (7,400) | $(7,571)$ | (8,732) | $(8,022)$ | $(31,725)$ | $(8,084)$ | $(8,214)$ | $(9,749)$ | (8,943) | $(34,420)$ |

(1) Includer net expenditure abroad.
(2) Personal Income less Total Personal Direct Taxes.

TiBLE 3. Source of Personal Income, by Quarters, 1966 and 1967
(millions of dollers)

|  | 1966 |  |  |  |  | 1967 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | IV | Year | I | II | III | IV | Year |
| Wages, salaries, and supplementary <br> labour income | 6,840 | 7,269 | 7,571 | 7,644 | 29,324 | 7,563 | 7,987 |  |  |  |
| Deduct: Employer and employee contributions to social insurance and government pention funds $\qquad$ | - 384 | - 477 | - 487 | - 468 | - 1,816 | - 490 | - 533 |  |  |  |
| Milltary pay and allowances | 168 | 145 | 147 | 161 | 621 | 183 | 172 |  |  |  |
| Net income recelved by farm operators from farm production(1) ...................... | 275 | 112 | 1,525 | 136 | 2,048 | 389 | 111 |  |  |  |
| Net income of non-farm unincorporated business $\qquad$ | 622 | 712 | 722 | 893 | 2,949 | 629 | 775 |  |  |  |
| Interest, dividends and met rental income of persons (2) | 1,084 | 1,111 | 1,129 | 1,212 | 4,536 | 1,165 | 1,203 |  |  |  |
| Trambfer payments to permons: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| From government (excluding interest) | 1,276 | 1,217 | 1,224 | 1,289 | 5,006 | 1,542 | 1,536 |  |  |  |
| Charitable contributions by corparations | 11 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 44 | 11 | 11 |  |  |  |
| PERSONAL INCORE | 9,892 | 10,100 | 11,842 | 10,878 | 42,712 | 10,992 | 11,262 |  |  |  |

: This item differs from line 6 , of Table 1 , by excluding the adjustaent which has been made to take account of the accrued net earnings arising out of the operations of the Canadian Wheat soard.
$\therefore$ Includes all government debt interest paid to peraoms.

TABLE 4. Disposition of Personal Income, by Quarters, 1966 and 1967
(millons of dallars)

|  | 1966 |  |  |  |  | 1967 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | IV | Year | I | II | III | IV | Yeax |
| Personal direct taxes | 1,029 | 1,106 | 1,113 | 1,186 | 4,434 | 1,319 | 1,349 |  |  |  |
| Incose terew ........................ | 852 | 968 | 981 | 1,053 | 3,854 | 1,144 | 1,204 |  |  |  |
| Succession duties and estate tames ...... | 59 | 53 | 63 | 53 | 228 | 49 | 53 |  |  |  |
| Miscellaneous ............................... | 118 | 85 | 69 | 80 | 352 | 126 | 92 |  |  |  |
| Personel expenditure on consumer goods and services | 8,059 | 8,553 | 8,556 | 9,672 | 34,840 | 8,689 | 9,370 |  |  |  |
| Non-durable soods | 3,751 | 4,023 | 4,227 | 4,912 | 16,913 | 4,097 | 4,421 |  |  |  |
| Durable gooda Services (1). | 958 | 1,062 | 951 | 1,198 | 4, 1.69 | 924 | 1,229 |  |  |  |
| Services(1) | 3,350 | 3,468 | 3,378 | 3,562 | 13,758 | 3,668 | 3,720 |  |  |  |
| Persomal net saving | 804 | 441 | 2,173 | 20 | 3,438 | 984 | 543 |  |  |  |
| Personal eying excluding change in farm inventories | 1,098 | 558 | 1,073 | 560 | 3,289 | 1,285 | 682 |  |  |  |
| inventories | - 294 | - 117 | 1,100 | - 540 | 149 | - 301 | - 139 |  |  |  |
| Personal incone | 9,892 | 10,100 | 11,842 | 10,878 | 42,712 | 10,992 | 11,262 |  |  |  |
| (Personal disposable Lncoue) (2) ............ | $(8,863)$ | $(8,994)$ | (0,729) | $(9,692)$ | $(38,278)$ | $(9,673)$ | $(9,913)$ |  |  |  |

(1) Includes ret expenditure abroad.
(2) Personal Income less Total Personal Direct Taxes.

TABLE 5. Government Revenue, by Quarters, 1964 and 1253
(millions of dollars)


TABLE 5. Government Revenue, by Quarters, 1966 and 1967 (millions of dollars)


|  | 1964 |  |  |  |  | 1965 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 | II | III | IV | Year | 1 | II | III | IV | Year |
| Goods and services | 1,948 | 2, 154 | 2,323 | 2,229 | 8,654 | 2,091 | 2,427 | 2,606 | 2,472 | 9,596 |
| Federal | 780 | 738 | 781 | 747 | 3,046 | 823 | 761 | 866 | 817 | 3,267 |
| (Defence) | (455) | (379) | (362) | (388) | ( 1,584 ) | (460) | (352) | (380) | (370) | $(1,562)$ |
| Proviacial and municipal | 1,168 | 1,416 | 1,542 | 1,482 | 5,608 | 1,268 | 1,666 | 1,740 | 1,655 | 6,329 |
| Transfer payments to persons (excluding interest ra the public debt) .......... | 1,119 | 1,025 | 979 | 1,010 | 4,133 | 1,204 | 1,104 | 1,096 | 1,098 | 4,502 |
| Federal. | 633 | 566 | 505 | 535 | 2,239 | 657 | 594 | 534 | 531 | 2,316 |
| Provincial and municipal | 486 | 459 | 474 | 475 | 1,894 | 547 | 510 | 562 | 567 | 2,186 |
| Interest on the pubific debe | 350 | 404 | 366 | 406 | 1,526 | 375 | 436 | 389 | 435 | 1.635 |
| Federal. | 236 | 259 | 253 | 247 | 995 | 253 | 271 | 262 | 266 | 1,052 |
| Provincial and municipal | 114 | 145 | 113 | 159 | 531 | 122 | 165 | 127 | 169 | 583 |
| Subsidiea | 65 | 65 | 77 | 116 | 323 | 52 | 56 | 83 | 119 | 310 |
| Federal. | 61 | 60 | 51 | 105 | 277 | 44 | 50 | 56 | 109 | 758 |
| Provinclal. | 4 | 5 | 26 | 11 | 46 | 8 | 6 | 27 | 10 | 51 |
| Capltal Assistance: (1) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Federal. | 20 | 28 | 22 | 12 | 82 | 20 | 21 | 21 | 22 | 84 |
| Transfers to other levels of goverament: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Feders 1. | 298 | 326 | 305 | 323 | I, 252 | 386 | 367 | 313 | 361 | 1,427 |
| Totel expenditure | 3,800 | 4,002 | 4,072 | 4,096 | 15,970 | 4,128 | 4,411 | 4,508 | 4,507 | 17,554 |
| Federal. | 2,028 | 1,977 | 1,917 | 1,969 | 7,891 | 2,183 | 2,064 | 2,052 | 2,106 | 8,405 |
| Provincial and manicipal | 1,772 | 2,025 | 2,155 | 2,127 | 8,079 | 1,945 | 2,347 | 2,456 | 2,401 | 9,149 |
| Deficit (-) or Surplus | - 130 | 40 | - 55 | 124 | - 21 | 7 | 88 | - 91 | 242 | 246 |
| Federel(2) ............................. | - 248 | 140 | 158 | 246 | 296 | $=230$ | 269 | 190 | 339 | 568 |
| Provinctal and municipal | 118 | - 100 | - 213 | - 122 | - 317 | 237 | - 181 | - 281 | -97 | - 322 |
| Cande Fension Plan ..................... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| FEDERAL | 1, 780 | 2,117 | 2,075 | 2,215 | 8,187 | 1,953 | 2,333 | 2;242 | 2,445 | 8,973 |
| Provinctal and muntcipal | 1,890 | 1,925 | 1,942 | 2,005 | 7,762 | 2,182 | 2,166 | 2,175 | 2,304 | 8,927 |
| CANADA PGESION PLAN ........................ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| quEDEC PTASION PLAM .................. |  |  |  |  |  |  | \% |  |  |  |

[^1]Th.BLE 6. Government Expenditure, by Quarters, 1966 and 1967
(millions of dollars)

|  | 1966 |  |  |  |  | 1967 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | IV | Year | I | II | III | IV | Year |
| Goods and services ........................... | 2,438 | 2,676 | 3,177 | 2,878 | 11,169 | 2,712 | 2,935 |  |  |  |
| Pederal....................................... | 952 | 870 | 1,047 | 1,011 | 3,880 | 1,036 | 1,025 |  |  |  |
| (Defence) | (481) | (371) | (406) | (455) | (1,713) | (471) | (429) |  |  |  |
| Provincial and municipal | 1,486 | 1,806 | 2,130 | 1,867 | 7,289 | 1,676 | 1,910 |  |  |  |
| Transfer payments to persons (excluding interest on the public debt) ......... | 1,276 | 1,217 | 1,224 | 1,289 | 5,006 | 1,542 | 1,536 |  |  |  |
| Federal. | 675 | 623 | 580 | 600 | 2,478 | 777 | 778 |  |  |  |
| Provincial and municipai | 601 | 594 | 644 | 689 | 2,528 | 765 | 758 |  |  |  |
| Interest on the pubilic debt | 409 | 474 | 433 | 473 | 1,789 | 433 | 515 |  |  |  |
| Federal. | 278 | 293 | 293 | 287 | 1,151 | 282 | 315 |  |  |  |
| Provincial and municipa | 131 | 181 | 140 | 186 | 638 | 151 | 200 |  |  |  |
| Subsidies | 83 | 83 | 112 | 199 | 477 | 93 | 109 |  |  |  |
| Eederal | 54 | 73 | 68 | 175 | 370 | 58 | 100 |  |  |  |
| Proviacial. | 29 | 10 | 44 | 24 | 107 | 35 | 9 |  |  |  |
| Capital Assistance: (1) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Federel. | 8 | 22 | 14 | 15 | 59 | 13 | 16 |  |  |  |
| Tranofers to other levels of govermment: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Feders 1. | 391 | 432 | 388 | 448 | 1,659 | 441 | 539 |  |  |  |
| Total expenditure | 4,605 | 4,904 | 5,348 | 5,302 | 20,159 | 5,234 | 5,650 |  |  |  |
| Federal | 2,358 | 2,313 | 2,390 | 2,536 | 9,597 | 2,607 | 2,773 |  |  |  |
| Proviacial and manicipal | 2,247 | 2,591 | 2,958 | 2,766 | 10,562 | 2,627 | 2,877 |  |  |  |
| Deficit (-) or Surplus | 102 | 276 | - 232 | 134 | 280 | 121 | 153 |  |  |  |
| Federal(2) .................................. | - 222 | 186 | 43 | 117 | 124 | $=221$ | - 72 |  |  |  |
| Provincial and municipal ................... | 198 | - 117 | - 475 | - 164 | - 558 | 130 | - 25 |  |  |  |
| Carsde Pension Plan ........................ | 95 | 150 | 147 | 139 | 531 | 159 | 186 |  |  |  |
| Quebec Peusion Plan ........................ | 31 | 57 | 53 | 42 | 283 | 53 | 64 |  |  |  |
| TOTAL EXPEDDITURE MINUS DEFICIT OR PLUS SURPLUS $\qquad$ | 4,707 | 5,180 | 5,116 | 5,436 | 20,439 | 5,355 | 5,803 |  |  |  |
| FEDERAL ....................................... | 2,136 | 2,499 | 2,433 | 2,653 | 9,721 | 2,386 | 2,701 |  |  |  |
| Provinctal and municipal | 2,445 | 2,474 | 2,483 | 2,602 | 10,004 | 2,757 | 2,852 |  |  |  |
| CAMADA PENSIOR PTAAN ........................ | 95 | 150 | 147 | 139 | 531 | 159 | 186 |  |  |  |
| QUEBEC FEASION PLAN | 31 | 57 | 53 | 42 | 183 | 53 | 64 |  |  |  |

(1) From 1961 on, this item is treated as government current expenditure; prior to 1961 , it was treated at capital transfer.
(2) The federal surplus/deficit position has been affected by irregular movements in both the income and expenditure series. For detalls see pages 7 and 8 .

TABLE 7. Source of National Saving, by Quarters, 1964 and 1955 (millions of dollars)

|  | 1964 |  |  |  |  | 1965 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 | II | III | IV | Year | I | 1 I | III | Iv | Year |
| Personal net saving | 491 | 215 | 1,488 | - 135 | 2,059 | 774 | 238 | 1,921 | - 6 | 2,927 |
| Business gross saving ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | 1,383 | 1,991 | 1,879 | 1,889 | 7,142 | 1,396 | 2,107 | 2,043 | 2,019 | 7,565 |
| Undistributed corporation profits ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | 188 | 470 | 367 | 324 | 1,349 | 196 | 495 | 427 | 297 | 1,415 |
| Capital consumption allownces and miscellaneous valuation adjustments | 1,325 | 1,404 | 1,392 | 1,479 | 5,600 | 1,432 | 1,546 | 1,516 | 1,616 | 6,110 |
| Adjustment on grein transactions(1) | - 150 | 89 | 98 | 74 | 111 | - 252 | 45 | 79 | 84 | - 44 |
| Capital assistance | 20 | 28 | 22 | 12 | 82 | 20 | 21 | 21 | 22 | 84 |
| Inventory valuation adjustment | - 44 | - 90 | 25 | - 22 | - 131 | - 41 | - 117 | - 55 | - 112 | - 325 |
| Government surplus or deficit (-) | - 130 | 40 | - 55 | 124 | - 21 | 7 | 88 | - 91 | 242 | 246 |
| Residual error of estimater | - 62 | - 62 | 78 | 71 | 25 | - 103 | - 26 | 81 | 74 | 26 |
| Totals ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | 1,638 | 2,094 | 3,415 | 1,927 | 9,074 | 2,033 | 2,290 | 3,899 | 2,217 | 10,439 |
| (1) This item is an adfurtment to turo Canadian wheat board. See aiso ? at <br> r Revised figures. See page 5. | $1, \tau \leqslant b 1$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Aserote } \\ & 2 . \end{aligned}$ | aran: | $12 f 28$ | 57e\% | is $0^{\text {ath }}$ | $8 . .1$ |  | -acis |  |

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { (mithions of dociars) }
\end{aligned}
$$

|  | 1964 |  |  |  |  | 1965 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | 11 | III | IV | Year | I | 11 | III | IV | Year |
| Business gross fixed capital formation | 1,879 | 2,335 | 2,381 | 2,508 | 9,103 | 2,136 | 2,650 | 2,866 | 2,999 | 10,651 |
| New resiaential construction | 462 | 451 | 513 | 595 | 2,021 | 469 | 510 | 548 | 597 | 2,124 |
| New non-residential construction | 570 | 810 | 1,017 | 961 | 3,358 | 714 | 912 | 1,219 | 1,179 | 4,024 |
| New machinery and equipment | 847 | 1,074 | 851 | 952 | 3,724 | 953 | 1,228 | 1,099 | 1,223 | 4,503 |
| Value of physical change in inventories | 25 | - 158 | 896 | - 377 | 386 | 214 | - 15 | 1,085 | - 336 | 948 |
| Surplus or deficit ( - ) on current sccount with non-residents ${ }^{5}$... | - 328 | - 146 | 216 | - 134 | - 392 | - 420 | - 372 | 30 | - 373 | - 1,135 |
| Residual error of estimater | 62 | 63 | - 78 | - 70 | - 23 | 103 | 27 | - 82 | - 73 | - 25 |
| Totals ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | 1,638 | 2,094 | 3,415 | 1,927 | 9,074 | 2,033 | 2,290 | 3,899 | 2,217 | 10,438 |

[^2]TABLE 7. Source of National Saving, by Qusrters, 1966 and 1967 (a1111ons of dollars)

|  | 1966 |  |  |  |  | 1967 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | II I | IV | Year | I | T. 1 | 111 | IV | Year |
| Persanal net saving . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 804 | 441 | 2,173 | 20 | 3,438 | 984 | 543 |  |  |  |
|  | 1,654 | 2,287 | 2,072 | 2,042 | 8,055 | 1,628 | 2,371 |  |  |  |
| Undistributed corporation profits ${ }^{\text {r }}$. ...... | 267 | 485 | 308 | 189 | 1,249 | 170 | 421 |  |  |  |
| Capital consumption allowances and miscellaneous valuation adjustments ... | 1,554 | 1,691 | 1,613 | 1,733 | 6,591 | 1,696 | 1,839 |  |  |  |
| Adjustment on grain transactions(1) ..... | - 175 | 89 | 137 | 105 | 156 | - 251 | 95 |  |  |  |
| Capltal asistance .................... | 8 | 22 | 14 | 15 | 59 | 13 | 16 |  |  |  |
| Inventory valuation adjustment | - 118 | -86 | - 65 | - 49 | - 318 | - 77 | - 82 |  |  |  |
| Government aurplus or deficit (-) ........ | 102 | 276 | - 232 | 134 | 280 | 121 | 153 |  |  |  |
| Residual error of estimate ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | - 87 | 9 | 201 | 151 | 274 | - 167 | - 64 |  |  |  |
| Totala | 2,355 | 2,927 | 4,149 | 2,298 | 11,729 | 2,489 | 2,921 |  |  |  |

(1) Ihis item is an adjustment to take account of the accrued earnings of farm operators arishog out of the operations of the Canadlan Wheat Board. See also footnote 1 . Table 3.
Rev!ned ffguriag. Bee vage 5.
TABLE 8. Disposition of National Saving, by Quarters, (millions of dollars)

|  | 1966 |  |  |  |  | 1967 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | I I I | IV | Year | I | II | III | IV | Yest |
| Business gross £ixed capital formation ..... | 2,626 | 3,218 | 3,116 | 3,254 | 12,214 | 2,733 | 3,303 |  |  |  |
| New residentisl construction | 514 | 564 | 536 | 564 | 2,178 | 406 | 598 |  |  |  |
| New non-residential construction | 920 | 1,187 | 1,356 | 1,348 | 4,811 | 977 | 1,158 |  |  |  |
| New machinery and equipment ............... | 1,192 | 1,467 | 1,224 | 1,342 | 5,225 | 1,350 | 1,547 |  |  |  |
| Value of physical change in inventories .... | 45 | 120 | 1,219 | - 389 | 995 | - 88 | - 148 |  |  |  |
| Surplus or deficit (-) on current sccount with non-reaidents ${ }^{r}$.............. | - 404 | - 402 | 15 | $-416$ | - 1,207 | - 324 | - 299 |  |  |  |
| Realdual error of estimate | 88 | - 9 | - 201 | - 151 | - 273 | 168 | 65 |  |  |  |
| Totals ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | 2,355 | 2,927 | 4,149 | 2,298 | 11,729 | 2,489 | 2,921 |  |  |  |

TABLE 9. Relation between Gross National Product at Market Prices and Gross Domestic Prodict at Factor Cost, by Quarters, 1964 and 1965
(millions of dollers)

|  | 1964 |  |  |  |  | 1965 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | IV | Year | I | II | III | IV | Year |
| GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT AT MARKET PRICES ${ }^{\text {² }}$ | 10,495 | 11,604 | 12,982 | 12,312 | 47,393 | 11,434 | 12,693 | 14,333 | 13,638 | 52,098 |
| Deduct: Residual error of estimate ${ }^{\text {r }}$... | 62 |  | - 78 | - 70 | - 24 | 103 | 26 | - 81 | - 74 | - 26 |
| Indirect taxes less subsidies | - 1, 512 | 1,599 | 1,642 | -1,619 | -6,372 | - 1,693 | 1,780 | 1,841 | - 1,858 | - 7,172 |
| Income received from nonresidents ${ }^{\text {r }}$...................... | - 67 | - 60 | - 54 | - 151 | - 332 | - 70 | - 76 | - 73 | - 103 | - 322 |
| Add: Income paid to non-residents ${ }^{5}$ | 239 | 21.9 | 219 | 333 | 1,010 | 260 | 244 | 225 | 357 | 1,086 |
| GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT AT FACTOR COST | 9,217 | 10,226 | 11,427 | 10,805 | 41,675 | 10,034 | 11,107 | 12,563 | 11,960 | 45,664 |

(1) Annual data for earlier years are avallable in "National Accounts, Income and Expendlture, 1966 ", and previous years; (Catalogue No. 13-201); quarterly data are avallable on request.
I Revised Elgures. See page 5.
TABLE 10. Gross National Expenditure in Constant (1957) Dollars, by Quarters, 1964 and 1965(1)
(millions of doliars)

|  | 1964 |  |  |  |  | 1965 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | IV | Year | 1 | II | III | IV | Year |
| Personal expenditure on consumer goods and sexvices | 6,302 | 6,678 | 6,511 | 7,355 | 26,846 | 6,564 | 7,111 | 6,896 | 7,891 | 28.553 |
| Non-durable goods | 3,032 | 3,144 | 3,255 | 3,803 | 13,234 | 3,146 | 3,314 | 3,436 | 4,017 | 13.513 |
| Dureble goods ... | 803 | 999 | 808 | . 975 | 3,585 | 827 | 1,116 | -892 | 1,170 | $4.005$ |
| Services. | 2,467 | 2,535 | 2,448 | 2,577 | 10,027 | 2,591 | 2,681 | 2,568 | 2,704 | 10,544 |
| Govermment expenditure on goods and seryices .................................... | 1,546 | 1,791 | 1,989 | 1,787 | 7,113 | 1,595 | 1,919 | 2,166 | 1,891 | 7,571 |
| Business gross fixed capital formation. | 1,598 | 1,952 | 1,982 | 2,074 | 7,606 | 1,729 | 2,124 | 2,299 | 2,382 | 8,534 |
| New residential construction | 384 | 369 | 413 | 475 | 1,641 | 370 | 396 | 423 | 455 | 1,644 |
| New non-residential construction | 490 | 684 | 856 | 800 | 2,830 | 576 | 725 | 971 | 924 | 3,196 |
| New machinery and equipment ........... | 724 | 899 | 713 | 799 | 3,135 | 783 | 1,003 | 905 | 1,003 | 3,694 |
| Change in inventories ................... | 78 | - 179 | 795 | - 340 | 354 | 253 | - 36 | 976 | - 255 | 938 |
| Non-farm business inventories ......... | 323 | 45 | 110 | 8 | 486 | 481 | 109 | 115 | 169 | 874 |
| commercial channels ....... | - 245 | - 2224 | 685 | - 348 | - 132 | - 228 | - 145 | 861 | - 424 | 64 |
| Exports of goods and services ${ }^{\text {r }}$.......... (of which merchandise) | $\begin{array}{r} 1,981 \\ (1,626) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,488 \\ (2,039) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,655 \\ (2,015) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,486 \\ (1,974) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 9,610 \\ (7,654) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,081 \\ (1,710) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,509 \\ (2,032) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,783 \\ (2,076) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,725 \\ (2,253) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 10,098 \\ (8,071) \end{array}$ |
| Deduct: Imports of goods and services ${ }^{5}$.. (of which merchandise) (2) | $(1,500)$ | $\begin{aligned} & -2,513 \\ & (1,812) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,397 \\ (1,653) \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -2,555 \\ & (1,789) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -9,632 \\ & (6,754) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -2,364 \\ & (1,666) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,779 \\ (2,016) \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -2,692 \\ & (1,891) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3,003 \\ (2,192) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -10,838 \\ (7,765) \end{array}$ |
| Residul error of estimater ${ }^{\text {r }}$........... | 54 | 56 | -69 | - 62 | - 21 | 88 | 23 | - 70 | - 62 | - 21 |
| gross national expenditure in constant (1957) DOLIARS ${ }^{\text {T }}$ | 9,392 | 10,273 | 11,466 | 10,745 | 41,876 | 9,946 | 10,871 | 12,358 | 11,569 | 44,744 |

[^3] at Fector Cost, by Quarters, 1966 and 1967
(millions of dollars)

|  | 1966 |  |  |  |  | 1967 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | IV | Year | 1 | II | III | IV | Year |
| GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT AT MARKEI PRICES ${ }^{\text {I }}$ | 12,852 | 14,156 | 15,882 | 14,848 | 57,738 | 13,890 | 15,226 |  |  |  |
| Deduct: Residual error of estimater... | 87 | 9 | - 201 | - 151 | - 274 | 167 | 64 |  |  |  |
| Indirect taxes less subsidies | - 1,902 | - 1,962 | - 2,002 | - 1,934 | $-7,800$ | - 2,099 | - 2, 111 |  |  |  |
| Income received from nonresident $\boldsymbol{g}^{\boldsymbol{r}}$..................... | - 71 | - 81 | - 55 | - 116 | - 323 | - 62 | - 54 |  |  |  |
| Add: Income paid to non-resilentst | 247 | 250 | 230 | 408 | 1,135 | 237 | 261 |  |  |  |
| GROSS DORESTIC PRODUCT AT FACTOR COST | 11,213 | 12.354 | 13,854 | 13,055 | 50,476 | 12,133 | 13,386 |  |  |  |

(1) Annual data for earlier years are available in 'National Accounts, Income and Expenditure, l966", and previous years; (Catalogue No. 13-201); quarterly data are avaliable on request.
5 Revised figures. See page 5.
TABLE 10. Gross National Expenditure in Constant (1957) Dollars, by quarters, 1966 and 1967(1)
(millions of dollars)

|  | 1966 |  |  |  |  | 1967 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | IV | Year | I | II | III | IV | Year |
| Personal expenditure on consumer goods and services | 7,019 | 7,358 | 7,282 | 8,233 | 29,892 | 7,346 | 7,832 |  |  |  |
| Non-durable goods | 3,310 | 3,494 | 3,616 | 4,227 | 14,647 | 3,554 | 3,774 |  |  |  |
| Durable goods ................................. | , 972 | 1,063 | 957 | 1,181 | 4,173 | $920$ | 1,210 |  |  |  |
| Services | 2,737 | 2,801 | 2,709 | 2,825 | 11,072 | 2,872 | 2,848 |  |  |  |
| Govermment expenditure on goods and services | 1,753 | 2,004 | 2,436 | 2,057 | 8,250 | 1,831 | 2,009 |  |  |  |
| Business gross fixed capltal formation .. | 2,060 | 2,498 | 2,399 | 2,473 | 9,430 | 2,055 | 2,488 |  |  |  |
| New residential construction | 386 | 418 | 394 | 407 | 1,605 | 290 | 417 |  |  |  |
| New non-residential construction ..... | 704 | $899$ | $1,024$ | $1,001$ | $3,628$ | $711$ | $833$ |  |  |  |
| New machinery and equipment .......... | 970 | 1,181 | $981$ | 1,065 | 4,197 | 1,054 | 1,238 |  |  |  |
| Change in inventories .................... | 106 | 66 | 1,052 | - 282 | 942 | $=37$ | - 202 |  |  |  |
| Non-farm business inventorles ....... | 380 | 272 | $-4$ | 129 | 777 | 224 | 12 |  |  |  |
| commercial channels ...... | - 274 | - 206 | 1,056 | - 411 | 165 | - 261 | - 214 |  |  |  |
| Exports of goods and servicest (of which: merchandise) | $\begin{array}{r} 2,415 \\ (2,025) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,846 \\ (2,346) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3,095 \\ (2,379) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,989 \\ (2,494) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 11,345 \\ (9,244) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,714 \\ (2,321) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 3,288 \\ (2,692) \end{array}$ |  |  |  |
| Deduct: Imports of goods and services ${ }^{r}$.. (of which: merchandise)(2) ............ | $\left(\begin{array}{r} 2,701 \\ (1,971) \end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{aligned} & -3,140 \\ & (2,350) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -3,077 \\ & (2,197) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -3,322 \\ & (2,443) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} -12,240 \\ (8,961) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2,947 \\ (2,205) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -3,506 \\ & (2,658) \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| Residual error of estimate ${ }^{r}$............. | 73 | - 8 | - 165 | - 123 | $-223$ | 134 | 51 |  |  |  |
| GROSS NATIONAL EXPENDITURE IN CONSTANT <br> (1957) DOLLARS ${ }^{\text {K }}$ | 10,725 | 11,624 | 13,022 | 12,025 | 47,396 | 11,096 | 11,960 |  |  |  |

(1) The implicit price deflators of the seasonally unadjusted components of Gross National Expenditure, derived by dividing the value figures in Table 2 by the constant dollar figures in Table lo, are not suitable as indicators of quarter-toquarter price change. This is because they are currently weighted and therefore are affected by compositional shifts which occur within the unadjusted components of Gross National Expenditure, on a quarter-to-quarter basis. Quarter-toquarter comparisons based on seasonally adjusted data are less subject to the problem of shifting weights and may be used as measure of price change.
(2) The statistical basis for deflating merchandise imports is subject to a significant margin of error. Revised figures. See page 5.

TABLE 11. National Income and Gross National Product, by Quarters, 1964 and 1965 Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates (millions of dollars)

|  | 1964 |  |  |  |  | 1965 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | IV | Year | I | II | I I I | IV | Yest |
| Wages, salaries, and supplementary labour income | 22,744 | 23,112 | 23,724 | 24,152 | 23,433 | 25,008 | 25,600 | 26,344 | 27,180 | 26,033 |
| M1licary pay and allowances ............... | , 572 | +576 | +584 | -600 | $\begin{array}{r}583 \\ \hline 819\end{array}$ | 596 | 592 5.112 | 600 5,344 | 560 | 587 5,199 |
| Corporation profits before taxes | 4,692 | 4,756 | 4,772 | 5,056 | 4,819 | 5,040 | 5,112 | 5,344 | 5,300 | 5,199 |
| Deduct: Dividends paid to non-residents(1) ${ }^{T}$ | - 748 | - 684 | - 792 | - 788 | - 753 | - 800 | - 756 | - 788 | - 776 | - 780 |
| Rent, interest and miscellaneous investment income | 3,224 | 3,176 | 3,276 | 3,372 | 3,262 | 3,384 | 3,516 | 3,516 | 3,800 | 3,554 |
| Accrued net income of farm aperators from farm praduction(2) | 1,404 | 1,676 | 1,424 | 1,352 | 1,464 | 1,564 | 1,496 | 1,780 | 1,740 | 1,645 |
| Net income of non-farm unincorporated business(3) | 2,644 | 2,676 | 2,736 | 2,824 | 2,720 | 2,736 | 2,872 | 2,980 | 2,920 | 2,877 $-\quad 325$ |
| Inventory valuation adjustment ............ | - 200 | - 224 | 4 | - 104 | - 131 | - 188 | - 308 | - 340 | - 464 | - 325 |
| NET NATIONAL INCOME AT PACTOR COST ${ }^{\text {r }}$. ....... | 34,332 | 35,064 | 35,728 | 36,464 | 35,397 | 37,340 | 38,124 | 39,436 | 40,260 | 38,790 |
| Indirect taxes less subsidies | 6,148 | 6,396 | 6,548 | 6,396 | 6,372 | 6,924 | 7,128 | 7,320 | 7,316 | 7,172 |
| Capital consumption allowances and miscellaneous valuation adjustments | 5,488 | 5,520 | $5,632$ | $5,760$ | $5,600$ | 5,944 | $6,092$ | $6,128$ | $6,276$ | $6,110$ |
| Residual error of estimate ${ }^{\text {r }}$.............. |  | 104 | $-12$ | - 52 | $24$ | - 32 | $24$ | $=40$ | $152$ | $26$ |
| GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT AT MARKET PRICES ${ }^{5}$ | 46,024 | 47,084 | 47,896 | 48,568 | 47,393 | 50,176 | 51,368 | 52,844 | 54,004 | 52,098 |
| (Gross national product at market prices excluding accrued net income of farm operators $)^{\text {r }}$ | $(44,620)$ | 45, 408) | 46,472)( | 47,216) | $(45,929)$ | $(48,612)$ | 49,872) | 51,064) | $(52,264)$ | $(50,453)$ |

(1) See footnote 1, Table 1
(2) Includes an arbitrary smoothing of crop production and standard seasonal adjustments for withdrawals of grain from farm stocks and the change in livestock items. Because of the artitialy thents, tho prerist an interpretation should hot hp given the seasonally adjusted figures of accrued net income at is min ofators
(3) Includes net income of independent professional practitioners
$r$ Revised figures. See page 5.
 (millions of dollars)

|  | 1964 |  |  |  |  | 1965 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | 11. | IV | Year | I | II | III | IV | Year |
| Personal expenditure on consumer goods and services | 29,000 | 29,296 | 29,984 | 30,384 | 29,666 | 30,748 | 31,644 | 32,520 | 33,340 | 32,063 |
| Government expenditure on goods and services(1, 2) | 8,536 | 8,600 | 8,552 | 8,928 | 8,654 | 9,248 | 9,540 | 9,660 | 9,936 | 9,596 |
| Business gross fixed capital formation(3) | 8,828 | 9,008 | 9,068 | 9,508 | 9,103 | 9,848 | 10,172 | 11,000 | 11,584 | 10,651 |
| New residential construction | 2,008 | 1,944 | 1,996 | 2,136 | 2,021 | 2,052 | 2,136 | 2,144 | 2,164 | 2,124 |
| New non-residential construction | 3,220 | 3,304 | 3,428 | 3,480 | 3,358 | 3,816 | 3,728 | 4,148 | 4,404 | 4,024 |
| New machinery and equipment ... | 3,600 | 3,760 | 3,644 | 3,892 | 3,724 | 3,980 | 4,308 | 4,708 | 5,016 | 4,503 |
| Value of physical change in inventories | 364 | 516 | 436 | 228 | 386 | 1,288 | 1,168 | 728 | 608 | 948 |
| Non-farm business inventorles ....... | 488 | 704 | 784 | 88 | 516 | 1,108 | 980 | 836 | 696 | 905 |
| Farm inventories and grain in comercial channels(4) | - 124 | - 188 | - 348 | 140 | - 130 | 180 | 188 | - 108 | - 88 | 43 |
| Exports of goods and services ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | 10,096 | 10,748 | 10,832 | 10,636 | 10,578 | 10,712 | 10,940 | 11,460 | 11,948 | 11,265 |
| Deduct: I morts of goods and services ${ }^{2}$ | -10,740 | -10,976 | $-10,992$ | -11,172 | -10,970 | -11,704 | -12,076 | -12,564 | -13,256 | $-12,400$ |
| Residual error of estimate ${ }^{\text {I }}$............ | - 60 | - 108 | 16 | 56 | - 24 | 36 | $-20$ | 40 | -156 | - 25 |
| gross national expenditure at market prices ${ }^{\text {T }}$ | 46,024 | 47,084 | 47,896 | 48,568 | 47,393 | 50,176 | 51,368 | 52,844 | 54,004 | 52,098 |
| Detail of Farm Inventories and GICC: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Value of grain crop production | 1,132 | 1,132 | 1,136 | 1,132 | 1,133 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Depletions of farm stocks of grain |  | - 1,324 |  | - 1,172 | - 1,282 | $-1,188$ | $-1,168$ | $=1,116$ | - 1,340 | $=1,203$ |
| Change in livestock inventories.. | 48 | 92 | 16 | $44$ | 50 | - 4 | - 40 | - 28 | -96 | - 42 |
| Grain in Comercial Channels.. | 80 | - 88 | - 252 | 136 | - 31 | 72 | 96 | - 264 | 44 | - 13 |

(1) See footnote 1, Table 2.
(2) For details of defence expenditures, see line 3 , Table 16.
(3) See footnote 3, Table 2.

 series are seasonally adjusted by standard techniquas.
r Revised Eizures. See pase 5.

FABLE 11. National Income and Gross Nat ional Product, by Quarters, 1966 and 1967 Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates (millions of dollars)

(1) See footnote 1 , Table 1
(2) Includes an arbitrary smoothing of crop production and standard seasonal adjustments for withdrawals of grain from farm stocks and the change in livestock items. Becsuse of the arbitrary elements, too precise an interpretation should not be glven the seasonally adfusted figures of accxued net income of farm operators.
(3) Tncludes net income of independent professional practitioners.
c zavisad ficures. See page 5.
Cate 12. Gross National Expenditure, by Quarters, 1966 and 1967 Seasonally Adjusted at Annusl Rates (millions of dollars)

| , | 1966 |  |  |  |  | 1967 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | 11 | III | IV | Year | I | I I | III | IV | Yeax |
| Personal expenditure on consumex goods and services | 33,956 | 34,112 | 35,304 | 35,988 | 34,840 | 36,488 | 37,288 |  |  |  |
| Government expenditure on goods and services(1, 2) | 10,592 | $10,872$ | $11,648$ | $11,564$ | $11,169$ | $11,708$ | 12,596 |  |  |  |
| Business gross fixed capital formetion(3) .. | 12,016 | 12,324 | 12,000 | 12,516 | 12,214 | 12,612 | 12,504 |  |  |  |
| New residential construction | 2, 220 | 2,336 | -2,096 | 2,060 | 2,178 | 1,928 | 2,360 |  |  |  |
| New non-residential construction | 4,788 | -4,832 | 4,628 | 4,996 | 4,811 | 5,008 | 4,724 |  |  |  |
| New machinery and equipment .............. | 5,008 | - 5,156 | 5,276 | 5,460. | 5, $\overline{225}$ | 5,676 | 5,420 |  |  |  |
| Value of physical change in inventories .... | 988 | 1,668 | 588 | 736 | 995 | 24 | 52 |  |  |  |
| Non-farm business inventories ........... | 792 | 1,392 | 564 | 580 | 832 | 176 | 184 |  |  |  |
| Farm inventories and grain in comercial channels(4) | 196 | 276 | 24 | 156 | 163 | -152 | $-132$ |  |  |  |
| Exports of goods and services ${ }^{T}$. ............. | 12,660 | 12,820 | 13,276 | 13,536 | 13,073 | 14,508 | $15,180$ |  |  |  |
| Deduct: Imports of goods and services ${ }^{\text {r }}$. .. . | -13,548 | $-13,996$ | $-14,676$ | -14,900 | $-14,280$ | $-15,044$ | $-15,840$ |  |  |  |
| Residual error of estimatex ................. | -240 | $-244$ | -292 | $-316$ | $-273$ | $-116$ | $-264$ |  |  |  |
| gross national expenditure at market prices x | 56,424 | 57,556 | 57,848 | 59,124 | 57,738 | 60,180 | 61,516 |  |  |  |
| Detail of Farm Inventories and GICC: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Value of grsin crop production ... | 1,564 | 1,564 | 1,564 | 1,564 | 1,564 | 1,172 | 1,172 |  |  |  |
| Depletions of farm stocks of grain | -1,224 | -1,372 | -1,612 | -1,404 | -1,403 | -1,324 | -1,512 |  |  |  |
| Change in livestock inventories | -100 | 36 | 48 | -32 | -12 | -36 | $96$ |  |  |  |
| Grain in Commercial Channeis | -44 | 48 | 24 | 28 | 14 | 36 | 112 |  |  |  |

(1) See footnote 1 , Table 2 .
(2) For detalls of defence expenditures, see line 3, Table 16.
(1) Sce footnote 3, Table 2 .
(4) In the seasonaily adjusted series, the value of grain production in each quarter is taken as one-fourth of the estimated value of crop production for the year as a whole (see footnote 2, Table 1l). All other items in the farm inventories steriea are seasonally adjusted by standard techniques.
4. Rovised figures. See page 5.

TABLE 13. Source of Personal Income, by Quarters, 1964 and 1965 Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Raters (millions of dollars)

|  | 1964 |  |  |  |  | 1965 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | IV | Year | I | II | III | IV | Year |
| Wages, saluries, and supplementary labour income | 22,744 | 23,112 | 23,724 | 24,152 | 23,433 | 25,008 | 25,600 | 26,344 | 27,180 | 26,033 |
| Deduct: Employer and employee contributions to social insurance and government pension funds ..... | - 884 | $\begin{array}{r} -912 \\ 576 \end{array}$ | -924 -584 | $\begin{array}{r}-928 \\ \hline 600\end{array}$ | -912 -583 | - 920 596 | $\begin{array}{r} 948 \\ -992 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -980 \\ 600 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -988 \\ 560 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -959 \\ 587 \end{array}$ |
| Mlitary pay and allowances ........ Net income received by farm operators from farm production(1) | 572 1,572 | 576 1,248 | 584 1,272 | 600 1,320 | 583 1,353 | 2,080 | 1,244 | 1,720 | 1,712 | 1,689 |
| Net income of non-farm unincorporated business ...... | 2,644 | 2,676 | 2,736 | 2,824 | 2,720 | 2,736 | 2,872 | 2,980 | 2,920 | 2,877 |
| Interest, dividends and net rental 1ncome of persons(2) ................ | 3,748 | 3,784 | 3,812 | 3,852 | 3,799 | 4,048 | 4,044 | 4,164 | 4,260 | 4,129 |
| Transfer payments to persons: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| From government (excluding interest) | 4,080 | 4,104 | 4,136 | 4,212 | 4,133 | 4,404 | 4,424 | 4,604 | 4,576 | 4,502 |
| Charitable contributions by corporations | 44 | 44 | 44 | 44 | 44 | 44 | 44 | 44 | 44 | 44 |
| PERSONAL INCOME | 34,520 | 34,632 | 35,384 | 36,076 | 35,153 | 37,996 | 37,872 | 39,476 | 40,264 | 38,902 |

 earnings arising out of the operations of the Canadian When: Jostd

 (mililons of dollars)

|  | 1964 |  |  |  |  | 1965 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | IV | Year | I | II | III | IV | Year |
| Personal direct taxes | 3.196 | 3,396 | 3,500 | 3,620 | 3,428 | 3,800 | 3,852 | 3,932 | 4,064 | 3,912 |
| Income taxes | 2,760 | 2,912 | 3,036 | 3,120 | 2.957 | 3,284 | 3,308 | 3,352 | 3,476 | 3,355 |
| Succession duties and estate taxes | 164 | 220 | 148 | 184 | 179 | 168 | 196 | 240 | 232 | 209 |
| Miscellaneous | 272 | 264 | 316 | 316 | 292 | 348 | 348 | 340 | 356 | 348 |
| Personal expenditure on consumer goods and services ................ | 29,000 | 29,296 | 29,984 | 30,384 | 29,656 | 30,748 | 31,644 | 32,520 | 33,340 | 32,063 |
| Non-durable goods | 14,036 | 14,252 | 14,472 | 14,796 | 14,389 | 14,784 | 15,260 | 15,584 | 16,108 | 15,434 |
| Durable goods | 3,592 | 3,524 | 3,744 | 3,508 | 3,592 | 3,708 | 3,892 | 4,224 | 4,180 | 4,001 |
| Services(1) | 11,372 | 11,520 | 11.768 | 12,080 | 11,685 | 12,256 | 12,492 | 12,712 | 13,052 | 12,628 |
| Personal net saving | 2,324 | 1,940 | 1,900 | 2,072 | 2,059 | 3,448 | 2,376 | 3,024 | 2,860 | 2,927 |
| PERSONAL INCOME | 34,520 | 34,632 | 35,384 | 36,076 | 35,153 | 37,996 | 37.872 | 39,476 | 40,264 | 38,902 |
| (Personal disposable Income) (2) .... | $(31,324)$ | (31,236) | $(31,884)$ | $(32,456)$ | (31,725) | $(34,196)(3$ | (34,020) | $(35,544)$ | $(36,200)$ | (34,990) |

(1) Includes net expenditure abroad.
(2) Personal Income less Total Personal Direct Taxes.
 (:ㅍNllons of dollars)

(1) This item differs from line 6, Table 10 by excluding the adjustment which has been made to eake account of the accrued net earnings arising out of the operations of the Canadian Wheat Board.
(2) Includes all government debt taterest atit to persons.
 (millions of dollars)

|  | 1966 |  |  |  |  | 1967 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $I$ | II | III | IV | Year | I | II | 111 | IV | Year |
| Personal direct taxes | 4,216 | 4,156 | 4,564 | 4,800 | 4,434 | 5,472 | 5,112 |  |  |  |
| Income texes | 3,652 | 3,580 | 3,972 | 4,212 | 3,854 | 4,912 | 4,508 |  |  |  |
| Succession duties and estate taxes | 236 | 212 | 252 | 212 | 228 | 196 | 212 |  |  |  |
| Misce!laneous | 328 | 364 | 340 | 376 | 352 | 364 | 392 |  |  |  |
| Personal expenditure on consumer goods and services ............. | 33,956 | 34,112 | 35,304 | 35,988 | 34,840 | 36,488 | 37,288 |  |  |  |
| Non-durable goods | 16,300 | 16,728 | 17,104 | 17,520 | 16,913 | 17,740 | 18,372 |  |  |  |
| Pharable goods ... | 4,272 13,384 | 3,828 13,556 | 4,308 13,892 | 4,268 14,200 | 4,169 13,758 | 4,168 14,580 | $\begin{array}{r} 4,440 \\ 14,476 \end{array}$ |  |  |  |
| Persunal net seving | 3,452 | 3,732 | 3,164 | 3,404 | 3,438 | 3,504 | 3,940 |  |  |  |
| PERSONAL INCORE | 41,624 | 42,000 | 43,032 | 44.192 | 42,712 | 45,464 | 46,340 |  |  |  |
| T'ersonal disposable inconse)(2) .... | (37,408) | ( 37,844 ) | $(38,468)$ | $(39,392)$ | $(38,278)$ | $(39,992)$ | $(41,228)$ |  |  |  |

[^4]
(4) Estimates of a normal quarterly pattern have been used to seasonally adjust the contributions to the Canada and Quebec Pension Plans. No precise interpretation can be placed on the quarterly movements of these series until a later date.

Tible 15. Government Revenue, by Quarters, 1966 and 1967 Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates
(millions of dollars)

|  | 1966 |  |  |  |  | 1967 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | IV | Year | I | II | III | IV | Year |
| Direct taxes - Persons | 4,216 | 4,156 | 4,564 | 4,800 | 4,434 | 5,472 | 5,112 |  |  |  |
| Federal | 2,832 | 2,744 | 3,048 | 3,196 | 2,955 | 3,692 | 3,296 |  |  |  |
| Provincial and municipal | 1,384 | 1,412 | 1,516, | 1,604 | 1,479 | 1,780 | 1,816 |  |  |  |
| Direct taxes - Corporations | 2,128 | 2,248 | 2,188 | 2,196 | 2,190 | 2,052 | 2,164 |  |  |  |
| Federal(1) | 1,596 | 1,688 | 1,636 | 1,648 | 1,642 | 1,500 | 1,584 |  |  |  |
| (Federal tax collections)(1) | ( 1,724 ) | $(1,724)($ | $(1,740)$ | ( 1,732 ) | ( 1,730 ) | $(1,740)$ | ( 1,856 ) |  |  |  |
| Provincial | 532 | 560 | 552 | 548 | 548 | 552 | 580 |  |  |  |
| (Provincial tax collections) | (548) | (636) | (540) | (564) | (572) | (548) | (652) |  |  |  |
| Witholding taxes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Federal(2) | 176 | 204 | 200 | 232 | 203 | 196 | 240 |  |  |  |
| Indirect taxes | 8,148 | 8,208 | 8,344 | 8,408 | 8,277 | 8,968 | 8,900 |  |  |  |
| Federal | 3,524 | 3,556 | 3,596 | 3,632 | 3,577 | 3,832 | 3,720 |  |  |  |
| Provincial and raunicipal(3) | 4,624 | 4,652 | 4,748 | 4,776 | 4,700 | 5,136 | 5,180 |  |  |  |
| Tavestment income | 1,796 | 1,912 | 1,804 | 1,928 | 1,860 | 1,860 | 2,100 |  |  |  |
| Federal. | 612 | 716 | 608 | 716 | 663 | 572 | 756 |  |  |  |
| Provincial and municipal ................... | 1,184 | 1,196 | 1,196 | 1,212 | 1,197 | 1,260 | 1,316 |  |  |  |
| Canada Pension Plan ................... |  |  |  |  |  | 28 | 28 |  |  |  |
| Rmployer and employee contributions to social insurance and government pension funds .... | 1,504 | 1,852 | 1,928 | 1,980 | 1,816 | 1,988 | 2,064 |  |  |  |
| Federal. | 624 | 696 | 700 | 704 | 681 | 680 | 720 |  |  |  |
| Provincial and municipal | 400 | 412 | 436 | 436 | 421 | 452 | 464 |  |  |  |
| Canada Penston Plan (4) | 360 | 552 | 584 | 628 | 531. | 640 | 660 |  |  |  |
| Quebec Pension Plan (4) | 120 | 192 | 208 | 212 | 183 | 216 | 220 |  |  |  |
| Transfers from Federal : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Provincial and municipal. | 1,508 | 1,684 | 1,636 | 1,808 | 1,659 | 1,720 | 2,172 |  |  |  |
| total revenue . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 19,476 | 20,264 | 20,664 | 21,352 | 20,439 | 22,256 | 22.752 |  |  |  |
| FEDERAL | 9,364 | 9,604 | 9,788 | 10,128 | 9,721 | 10,472 | 10,316 |  |  |  |
| PROVINCIAL AND MUNICIPAL . ................... | 9,632 | 9,916 1 | 10,084 | 10,384 | 10,004 | 10,900 | 11, 528 |  |  |  |
| Canada penstion plan ....................... | 360 | 552 | 584 | 628 | 531 | 668 | 688 |  |  |  |
| QUEBEC PENSION PLAN ......................... | 120 | 192 | 208 | 212 | 183 | 216 | 220 |  |  |  |

(i) "See footnote 1, Table 5."
(2) "See footnote 2, Table 5."
(*) The quarterly figures of real property taxes unadjusted and seasonally adjusted are obtained by dividing annual totals by four since real property taxes accrue uniformly throughout the taxation year. Because in recent years, changes in real property tax rates have been generally upward this treatment gives rise to fictitious seasonal between the fourth and first quarters in the seasonally adjusted indirect taxes series.
(4) Estimates of a normal quarterly pattern have been used to seasonally adjust the contributions to the Canada and Quebec Pension Plans. No precise incerpretation can be placed on the quarterly movements of these series until a later date.

(millions of dollars;

|  | 1964 |  |  |  |  | 905 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | IV | Year | I | II | III | IV | Year |
| Goods and services | 8,536 | 8,600 | 8,552 | 8,928 | 8,654 | 9,248 | 9.540 | 9,660 | 9,936 | 9,596 |
| Federal | 3,028 | 3.052 | 2,996 | 3,108 | 3,046 | 3,204 | 3,132 | 3,312 | 3,420 | 3,267 |
| (Defence) | $(1,620)$ | $(1,616)(1$ | 1,512) | ( 1,588 ) | $(1,584)$ | $(1,620)$ | $(1,512)(1$ | (1,584) | $(1,532)$ | $(1,562)$ |
| Provinclal and rountcipal | 5,508 | 5,548 | 5,556 | 5,820 | 5,608 | 6,044 | 6,408 | 6,348 | 6,516 | 6,329 |
| Transfer payments to persons (excludiag interest on the public debt) .......... | 4,080 | 4,104 | 4,136 | 4,212 | 4,133 | 4,404 | 4,424 | 4,604 | 4,576 | 4,502 |
| Federal | 2,196 | 2,228 | 2,252 | 2,280 | 2,239 | 2,292 | 2,348 | 2,360 | 2,264 | 2,316 |
| Provincial and mumicipal | 1,884 | 1.876 | 1,884 | 1,932 | 1,894 | 2,112 | 2,076 | 2,244 | 2,312 | 2,186 |
| Interest on the public debt | 1,488 | 1,520 | 1,528 | 1.568 | 1,526 | 1,608 | 1,624 | 1,640 | 1,668 | 1,635 |
| Federal | 976 | 996 | 992 | 1,016 | 995 | 1,052 | 1,036 | 1,040 | 1,080 | 1,052 |
| Provincial and municipal | 512 | 524 | 536 | 552 | 531. | 556 | 588 | 600 | 588 | 583 |
| Subsidies | 304 | 272 | 248 | 468 | 323 | 240 | 244 | 272 | 484 | 310 |
| Federal | 260 | 228 | 200 | 420 | 277 | 192 | 192 | 220 | 432 | 259 |
| Provincial | 44 | 44 | 48 | 48 | 46 | 48 | 52 | 52 | Si | 51 |
| Capital Asailecance: (1) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Federal | 80 | 112 | 88 | 48 | 82 | 80 | 84 | B4 | 88 | 3 |
| Transfers to other levels of government: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pederal | 1,160 | 1,272 | 1,272 | 1,304 | 1,252 | 1,496 | 1,444 | 1,316 | 1,452 | 1,427 |
| Total expenditure | 15,648 | 15,880 | 15,824 | 16,528 | 15,970 | 17,076 | 17,360 | 17,576 | 18,204 | 17,554 |
| Pederal | 7,700 | 7,888 | 7,800 | 8,176 | 7,891 | 8,316 | 8,236 | 8,332 | 8,736 | 8,405 |
| Frowincial and municipal | 7,948 | 7,992 | 8,024 | 8,352 | 8,079 | 8,760 | 9,124 | 9,244 | 9,468 | 9,149 |
| Deficit (-) or surplus | - 368 | - 88 | 352 | 20 | - 21 | 116 | 224 | 244 | 400 | 246 |
| Federal (2) | 168 | 196 | 492 | 328 | 296 | 300 | 680 | 640 | 652 | 568 |
| Provinctal and municipal | - 536 | - 284 | - 140 | - 308 | - 317 | - 184 | - 456 | - 396 | - 252 | - 322 |
| Canada Pension Plan Quebec Pension Plan |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| FEDERAL | 7,868 | 8,084 | 8,292 | 8,504 | 8,187 | 8,616 | B,916 | 8,972 | 9,388 | 8,973 |
| provinctal and municipal | 7,412 | 7,708 | 7,884 | 8,044 | 7,762 | 8,576 | 8,668 | 8,848 | 9,216 | 8,827 |
| CANADA PENSION PLAN ......................... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| QUEBEC PENSION PLAN $=0=0.0$......... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

(1) See footnote i, Table 6.
(2) The federal surplus deficit position has been affected by irregular movements in both the income and expenditure series. For details see pages 7 and 8.

TABLE 16. Government Expendicure, by Quarters, 1966 and 1967 Sea*onally Adjusted at Annual Rates (millions of dollars)

(i) See footnote 1, Table 6 .
(2) The federal surplus 1 deficit position has been affected by irregular movements in both che income and expenditure series. For detalls see pages 7 and 8.

TABLE 17. Source of National Saving, by Quarters, 1964 and 1965 Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Ratbs (millions of dollars)

|  | 1964 |  |  |  |  | 1965 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | IV | Year | I | II | III | IV | Year |
| Personal net saving | 2,324 | 1,940 | 1,900 | 2,072 | 2,059 | 3,448 | 2,376 | 3,024 | 2,860 | 2,927 |
| Business gross saving ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 6,676 | 7,456 | 7,116 | 7,320 | 7,142 | 6,836 | 7,868 | 7,776 | 7,780 | 7,565 |
| Undistributed corporation profits ${ }^{\text {r }}$. | 1,276 | 1,396 | 1,244 | 1,480 | 1,349 | 1,328 | 1,440 | 1,504 | 1,388 | 1,415 |
| Capital consumption allowances and miscellaneous valuation adjustments | 5,488 | 5,520 | 5,632 | 5,760 | 5,600 | 5,944 | 6,092 | 6,128 | 6,276 | 6,110 |
| Adfustment on grain transactions (1) | - 168 | 428 | 152 | 32 | 111 | - 516 | 252 | 60 | 28 | - 44 |
| Capital assistance | 80 | 112 | 88 | 48 | 82 | 80 | 84 | 84 | 88 | 84 |
| Inventory valuation adfustment | - 200 | - 224 | 4 | - 104 | - 131 | - 188 | - 308 | - 340 | - 464 | - 325 |
| Government surplus or deficit (-) | - 368 | - 88 | 352 | 20 | - 21 | 116 | 224 | 244 | 400 | 246 |
| Residual error of estimate ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | 56 | 104 | - 12 | - 52 | 24 | - 32 | 24 | - 40 | 152 | 26 |
| Totals ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | 8,488 | 9,188 | 9,360 | 9,256 | 9,073 | 10,180 | 10,184 | 10,664 | 10,728 | 10,439 |

 Canadian wheat Board See alao zoosawke 1. Ksbia. 3.

 (millions of doliars)

|  | 1964 |  |  |  |  | 1965 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | IV | Year | I | II | III | IV | Year |
| Business gross Eixed capital formation | 8,828 | 9,008 | 9,068 | 9,508 | 9,103 | 9,848 | 10,172 | 11,000 | 11,584 | 10,651 |
| New residential construction | 2,008 | 1,944 | 1,996 | 2,136 | 2,021 | 2,052 | 2,136 | 2,144 | 2,164 | 2,124 |
| New non-residential construction | 3,220 | 3,304 | 3,428 | 3,480 | 3,358 | 3,816 | 3,728 | 4,148 | 4,404 | 4,024 |
| New machinery and equipment | 3,600 | 3,760 | 3,644 | 3,892 | 3,724 | 3,980 | 4,308 | 4,708 | 5,016 | 4,503 |
| Value of physical change in inventories | 364 | 516 | 436 | 228 | 386 | 1,288 | 1,168 | 728 | 608 | 948 |
| Surplus or deficit (-) on current account with non-residents ${ }^{r}$... | - 644 | - 228 | - 160 | - 536 | - 392 | - 992 | - 1,136 | - 1,104 | - 1,308 | - 1,135 |
| Residual error of estimate ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | - 60 | - 108 | 16 | 56 | - 24 | 36 | - 20 | 40 | - 156 | - 25 |
| Totals ${ }^{5}$ | 8,488 | 9,188 | 9,360 | 9,256 | 9,073 | 10,180 | 10,184 | 10,664 | 10,728 | 10,435 |


 (willions of dollars)

|  | 1966 |  |  |  |  | 1967 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | 111 | IV | Year | I | II | III | IV | Year |
| Personal net saving | 3,452 | 3,732 | 3,164 | 3,404 | 3,438 | 3,504 | 3,940 |  |  |  |
| Business gross saving ${ }^{\text {r }}$. | 8,128 | 8,244 | 7,736 | 8,112 | 8,055 | 7,864 | 8,344 |  |  |  |
| Undistributed corporation profits ${ }^{\text {r }}$. . | 1,528 | 1,348 | 948 | 1,172 | 1,249 | 984 | 980 |  |  |  |
| Capital consumption allowances and miscellaneous valuation adjustments | 6,428 | 6,644 | 6,536 | 6,756 | 6,591 | 6,936 | 7,128 |  |  |  |
| Adjustment on grain transactions(1) | 140 | 164 | 196 | 124 | 156 | $=108$ | 172 |  |  |  |
| Capital assistance ....... | 32 | 88 | 56 | 60 | 59 | 52 | 64 |  |  |  |
| Inventory valuation adjustment | - 488 | - 232 | - 340 | - 212 | - 318 | - 308 | - 240 |  |  |  |
| Government surplus or deficit (-) | 544 | 588 | 40 | - 52 | 280 | 808 | - 672 |  |  |  |
| Residual error of estimate ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | 240 | 240 | 296 | 320 | 274 | 116 | 260 |  |  |  |
| Totals ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | 11,876 | 12,572 | 10,896 | 11,572 | 11,729 | 11,984 | 11,632 |  |  |  |

 (millions of dollars)

|  | 1966 |  |  |  |  | 1967 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 | II | III | IV | Year | 1 | II | III | IV | Year |
| Business gross fixed capital formation | 12,016 | 12,324 | 12,000 | 12,516 | 12,214 | 12,612 | 12,504 |  |  |  |
| New residential construction | 2,220 | 2,336 | 2,096 | 2,060 | 2,178 | 1,928 | 2,360 |  |  |  |
| New non-residential construction. | 4,788 | 4,832 | 4,628 | 4,996 | 4,811 | 5,008 | 4,724 |  |  |  |
| New machinery and equipment | 5,008 | 5,156 | 5,276 | 5,460 | 5,225 | 5,676 | 5,420 |  |  |  |
| Value of physical change in inventories | 988 | 1,668 | 588 | 736 | 995 | 24 | 52 |  |  |  |
| Surplus or deficit (-) on current azcount with non-residents ${ }^{r}$... | - 888 | $-1,176$ | - 1,400 | - 1,364 | - 1,207 | - 536 | - 660 |  |  |  |
| Residusl error of estimate ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | - 240 | - 244 | - 292 | - 316 | - 273 | - 116 | - 264 |  |  |  |
| Totals ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | 11,876 | 12,572 | 10,896 | 11,572 | 11,729 | 11,984 | 11,632 |  |  |  |

[^5]TABLE 19. Relation between Gross National Product at Market Pricas ane Gupas Deake: fo Prodac: at Factor Cost, by Quarters, 1964 and 1955 Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rater
(millions of dollars)

|  | 1964 |  |  |  |  | 1965 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | II I | IV | Year | 1 | II | III | IV | Year |
| gross national product at market pricest | 46,024 | 47,084 | 47,896 | 48,568 | 47,393 | 50,176 | 51,368 | 52,844 | 54,004 | 52,098 |
| Deduct: Residual error of estimate ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | - 56 | - 104 | 12 |  | - 24 | 32 | - 24 |  | - 152 | - 26 |
| Indirect taxes less subsidies | 6,148 | - 6,396 | - 6,548 | - 6,396 | - 6,372 | - 6,924 | - 7,128 | - 7, 320 | - 7,316 | - 7,172 |
| Income received from nonresidents ${ }^{\text {r }}$.............. | - 340 | - 264 | - 292 | - 432 | - 332 | - 328 | - 31.2 | - 368 | - 280 | - 322 |
| Add: Income pald to non-residents ${ }^{5}$ | 992 | 940 | 1,052 | 1,056 | 1,010 | 1,092 | 1,068 | 1,088 | 1,096 | 1,086 |
| GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT AT EACTOR COSI ${ }^{5}$ | 40,472 | 41,260 | 42,120 | 42,848 | 41,675 | 44,048 | 44,972 | 46,284 | 47,352 | 45,664 |

(1) See footnote 1, Table 9.

Revised figures. See page 5.

TABLE 20. Gross National Expenditure in Constant (1957) Doilars. by Quarters, 1964 and 1965(1) Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates
(millions of dollars)

|  | 1964 |  |  |  |  | 1965 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | IV | Year | I | II | III | IV | Yoar |
| Personal expenditure on consumer goods and services | 26,404 | 26,568 | 27,076 | 27,336 | 26,846 | 27,564 | 28,144 | 28,808 | 29,332 | 2f.45? |
| Non-durable goods | 12,968 | 13,132 | 13,256 | 13,580 | 13,234 | 13,512 | 13,780 | 14,000 | 14,360 | 13,913 |
| Durable goods ... | 3,576 | 3,516 | 3,756 | 3,492 | 3,585 | 3,704 | 3,888 | 4,236 | 4,192 | 4,005 |
| Services .... | 9,860 | 9,920 | 10,064 | 10,264 | 10,027 | 10,348 | 10,476 | 10,572 | 10,780 | 10,544 |
| Government expenditure on goods and services | 7,220 | 7,120 | 6,908 | 7,204 | 7,1.13 | 7,380 | 7,544 | 7,676 | 7,684 | 7,571 |
| Business gross Eixed capital formation ..... | 7,520 | 7,536 | 7,528 | 7,840 | 7,606 | 7,956 | 8,156 | 8,828 | 9,196 | 8,534 |
| New residential construction | 1,664 | 1,592 | 1,608 | 1,700 | 1,641 | 1,616 | 1,656 | 1,656 | 1,648 | 1,644 |
| New non-residential construction | 2,780 | 2,792 | 2,864 | 2,884 | 2,830 | 3,096 | 2,968 | 3,284 | 3,436 | 3,196 |
| New mahinery and equipwent ... | 3,076 | 3,152 | 3,056 | 3,256 | 3,135 | 3,244 | 3,532 | 3,888 | 4,112 | 3,694 |
| Change in inventories | 332 | 480 | 392 | 212 | 354 | 1,252 | 1,156 | 720 | 624 | 938 |
| Non-farm business inventories .............. | 468 | 676 | 736 | 64 | 486 | 1,080 | 944 | 804 | 668 | 874 |
| Farm inventories and grain in commercial channels | - 136 | - 196 | - 344 | 148 | - 132 | 172 | 212 | - 84 | - 44 | 64 |
| Exports of goods and services $r$ (of which merchandise) ...... | $\begin{array}{r} 9,232 \\ (7,300) \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 9,792 \\ (7,892) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 9,788 \\ (7,860) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 9,628 \\ (7,564) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 9,610 \\ (7,654) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 9,708 \\ (7,708) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 9,860 \\ (7,848) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 10,216 \\ (8,116) \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 10,608 \\ (8,612) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 10,098 \\ (8,071) \end{gathered}$ |
| Deduct: Imports of goods and services ${ }^{5}$ (of which merchandise)(2) ........... | $\left(\begin{array}{r} 9,400 \\ (6,540) \end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{array}{r} -9,596 \\ (6,804) \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -9,704 \\ & (6,812) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & =9,828 \\ & (6,860) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -9,632 \\ & (6,754) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -10,240 \\ & (7,240) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -10,668 \\ (7,596) \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -10,960 \\ & (7,868) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -11,484 \\ & (8,356) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -10,838 \\ & (7,765) \end{aligned}$ |
| Residual error of estimate ${ }^{\text {r }}$ | - 52 | - 96 | 16 | 48 | - 21 | 28 | - 16 | 36 | - 132 | - 21 |
| GROSS NATIONAL EXPENDITURE IN CONSTANT (1957) DOLLARS ${ }^{5}$ | 41,256 | 41,804 | 42,004 | 42,440 | 41,876 | 43,648 | 44,176 | 45,324 | 45,828 | 44,744 |

[^6]Thut 2 49. Xeinc.sn bpanten Gross National Product at Market Prices and Gross Domestic Product at. Factor Cost, by Quarters, 1966 and 1967 Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates
(millions of dollars)

(1) See footnote 1 , Table 9.
r Revised figures. Scu page 5.

TABLE 20. Gross National Expenditure in Constant (195\%) Dollars. by Quarters 1966 and 1967(1) Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates
(millions of dollars)

|  | 1966 |  |  |  |  | 1967 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 | II | III | IV | Year | I | II | III | IV | Year |
| Petsonal expenditure on consumer goods and services | 29,484 | 29,292 | 30,240 | 30,552 | 29,892 | 30,808 | 31,124 |  |  |  |
| Non-durable goods | 14.256 | 14,508 | 14,772 | 15,052 | 14,647 | 15,268 | 15,680 |  |  |  |
| Durable goods | 4,308 | 3,820 | 4,332 | 4,232 | 4,173 | 4,124 | 4,356 |  |  |  |
| Services. | 10,920 | 10,964 | 11,136 | 11,268 | 11,072 | 11,416 | 11,088 |  |  |  |
| Government expenditure on goods and services .......................................... | 7,924 | 8,148 | 8,600 | 8,328 | 8,250 | 8,180 | 8,620 |  |  |  |
| Business gross fixed capital formation ...... | 9,416 | 9,560 | 9,248 | 9,496 | 9,430 | 9,472 | 9,400 |  |  |  |
| New residential construction | 1,664 | 1,736 | 1,540 | 1,480 | 1,605 | 1,376 | 1,648 |  |  |  |
| New non-residential construction | 3,684 | 3,664 | 3,472 | 3,692 | 3,628 | 3,668 | 3,408 |  |  |  |
| New machinery and equipment ............... | 4,068 | 4,160 | 4,236 | 4,324 | 4,197 | 4,428 | 4,344 |  |  |  |
| Change in inventories | 1,004 | 1,564 | 528 | 672 | 942 | - 8 | - 36 |  |  |  |
| Non-farm business inventories | 788 | 1,280 | 496 | 544 | 777 | 152 | 132 |  |  |  |
| channels | 216 | 284 | 32 | 128 | 165 | - 160 | - 168 |  |  |  |
| Exports of goods and services ${ }^{2}$ (of which merchandise) ..... | $\begin{gathered} 11,152 \\ (9,048) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 11,212 \\ (9,088) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 11,380 \\ (9,300) \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 11,636 \\ & (9,540) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 11,345 \\ (9,244) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 12,464 \\ (10,308) \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 12,956 \\ 10,384) \end{array}$ |  |  |  |
| Deduct: Imports of goods and servicesr ..... (of which merchandise) (2) | $\begin{aligned} & -11,708 \\ & (8,556) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -12,044 \\ & (8,848) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -12,568 \\ & (9,188) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -12,640 \\ & (9,252) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -12,240 \\ & (8,961) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -12,804 \\ & (9,576) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -13,448 \\ & 10,028) \end{aligned}$ |  |  |  |
| Residual error of estimater | - 200 | - 200 | - 236 | - 256 | - 223 | - 92 | - 208 |  |  |  |
| GROSS NATIONAL EXPENDITURE IN OONSTANT (1957) DOLLARS ${ }^{5}$ | 47,072 | 47,532 | 47,192 | 47,788 | 47,396 | 48,020 | 48,408 |  |  |  |

Tl) See footnote 1 , Table 10.
(a) Ste footnote 2, Table 10.

Revised figures. See page 5 .




[^0]:    ALL DATA SEASONALLY AOJUSTEO, AT ANNUAL RATES

[^1]:    (1) From 1961 on, this item is treated as govermment current expenditure; prior to 1961 , it was treated as capital transfer.
    (2) The federal surplus/deficit position has been affected by irregular movements in both the income and expenditure setics. For detalls see pages 7 and 8.

[^2]:    

[^3]:    (1) The implicit price deflators of the seasonally unadjusted components of Gross National Expenditure, derived by dividing the value figures in Table 2 by the constant dollar figures in Table lo, are not suitable as indicators of quarter-toquarter price change. This is because they are currently weighted and therefore are affected by compositional shifts which occur within the unadjusted components of Gross National Expenditure, on quarter-to-quarter jasis. furtbr-toquarter comparisons based on seasonally adjusted data are less subject to the problem of shifting wefghes and mat be used as a measure of price change.
    (2) The statistical basis for deflating merchandise imports is subject to a significant margin of erret Revised figures. See page 5.

[^4]:    1,) Includes net expenditure sbrosd.
    2) Personal Income less Total Personal Direct Texes.

[^5]:    Thetisot tigarus. sub age 5.

[^6]:    (1) See footnote 1 , Table 10.
    (2) See footnote 2, Table 10 .

    Revisud iifures. Seb pabe 2.

