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SYSTEM OF NATIONAL ACCOUNTS
National Income
and Expenditure Accounts
FOURTH QUARTER AND
PRELIMINARY ANNUAL 1970

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# NATIONAL INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNTS 

FOURTH QUARTER AND PRELIMINARY ANNUAL 1970

Published by Authority of
The Minister of Industry, Trade and Commerce


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## HIIE SYSIEM OF NATIONAL ACCOLNTS

In Canada, the National Accounts have been developed since the close of the second World War in a series of publications relating to their constituent parts. These have now reached a stage of evolution where they can be termed a "System of National Accounts". For purposes of identification, all publications (containing tables of statistics, descriptions of conceptual frameworks, and descriptions of sources and methods) which make up this System will now carry the term "System of National Accounts:" as a general title.

The System of National Accounts in Canada consists of several parts. The annual and quarterly Income and Expenditure Accounts (included with Catalogue Nos, carrying the prefix 13) were, historically speaking, the first set of statistics to be referred to with the title "National Accounts" (National Accounts, Income and Expenditure). The Balance of International Payments data, (Catalogue Nos, with prefix 67), in their more summary form, are also part of the System of National Accounts 7iol they, in fact, pre-date the Income and Expendihare Accounts.

Greatly expanded structural detail on industries anc on goods and services is portrayed in the InputOutput Tables of the System (Catalogue Nos. with prefix 15). The Indexes of Real Domestic Product by Industry (included with Catalogue Nos. carrying the prefix 61) provide "constant dollar" measures of the contribution of each industry to gross domestic product at factor cost. Inputs and outputs are related in Productivity Studies (Catalogue Nos, with prefix 14).

Both the Input-Output Tables and Indexes of Real Domestic Product by Industry use the establishment as the primary unit of industrial production. Measures of financial transactions are provided by
the Financial Flow Accounts (Catalogue Nos. with prefix 13). Types of lendersand financial instruments are the primary detail in these statistics, and the legal entity is the main unit of classification of transactors. Also, provision is made in the system for incorporation of balance sheet (wealth) estimates when such data are sufficiently developed.

The system of National Accounts provides an overall conceptually integrated framework in which the various parts can be considered as interrelated sub-systems. At present, direct comparisons amongst those parts which use the establishment as the basic unit and those which use the legal entity can be carried out only at highly aggregated levels of data. However, the Dominion Bureau of Statistics is continuing research on enterprise-companyestablishment relationships; it may eventually be feasible to reclassify the data which are on one basis (say the establishment basis) to correspond to the units employed on another (the company or the enterprise basis).

In its broad outline, the Caıradian system of National Accounts bears a close relationship to the international standard as described in the United Nations publication, "A System of National Accounts" (s.udies in Methods, Series F., No. 2, Rev. 3, Statistical Office, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, United Nations, New York, 1968). In the future, a document on the conceptual framework of the Canadian System of National Accounts will be prepared for publication by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. This document will furnish the broad theoretical outline of the system. The finer conceptual details, the statistical tables, and the descriptions of sources and methods as they pertain to the individual parts of the System, will appear in the various regular and occasional publications relating to those parts.

## TECH


#### Abstract

The Business Finance Division of the Bureau has released a new publication "Industrial Corporations - Financial Statistics". This publication contains quarterly financial data by industry (excluding Finance) for the period 1962 to 1969

Because of certain conceptual differences and because the National Income and Expenditure Accounts annual figure for corporate profits is basically derived from financial statistics emanating from the administration of the Corporations add Labour Unions Returns Act, a reconciliation between the two series cannot readily ba carried out at the present time.


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GNP rose 7.5 per cent at current prices and 3.3 percent in real terms in 1970. The rotes were 10.0 and 5.1 per cent in 1969.

A surge in exports in 1970 together with a moderate rise in imports resulted in record 1970 surpluses on transoctiors with non-residents.


The pace of spending moderated in 1970. Nel exports, government purchases, and fixed capital formotion (ex housing) occelerated, but other demand cotegories increased of a slower rate or declined

ANNUAL CHANGES IN GNE AND COMPONENTS


GNE increased by $\$ 1.39$ billion in the fourth quarter of 1970 . The gain in net exports of goods and services was the major factor contributing ta the exponsion.

QUARTERLY CHANGES IN GNE AND COMPONENTS


Whis report incorporates revisions to exports and imports of goods and services for 1968-70 (based on data in Quarterly Estimates of the Canadian Balance of International Payments, Third Quarter 1970 , DBS Catalogue No. 67-001 and advance information for the Fourth Quarter 1970 given in the DBS Dally Eulletin of February 16, 1971) and to gross fixed capital formation for 1969-70 (based on preI iminary direct survey information).)

## ANNUAL REVIEW 1970

Preliminary fourth quarter 1970 estimates of the National Income and Expenditure Accounts and revised estimates for the earlier quarters indicate continued expansion in 1970. In real terms, the gain in the final quarter of the year was particularly strong.

The aggregate value of Canada's production of goods and services rose by 7.5 per cent in 1970, to reach a level of $\$ 84.5$ billion. This rate of increase is somewhat lower than those witnessed in most recent years, except in 1967 when the economy also experienced some slowing down. The rise in the implicit price deflator for GNP of 4.1 per cent, though smaller than the 4.7 per cent rise in 1969, was still one of the largest annual price increases recorded in recent years. However, most of the annual increase was attributable to the momentum of rising prices at the beginning of the year. In the course of 1970 there was some deceleration. After allowing for rising prices, the physical volume of production rose by 3.3 per cent. This compares with increases of 3.5 per cent in 1967 and of around 5 per cent in 1968 and in 1969.

Fiscal and monetary policies adopted in 1969 apparently played some role in slowing down the growth of incomes and domestic demand in the first half of the year and at the same time contributed to the moderation of price advance. Some easing of these policies appears to have had an effect in the recovery of demand in the latter part of 1970 . The quickened pace of activity in the fourth quarter was noteworthy, especially in view of the fact that it occurred despite a major strike in the automobile industry through most of that period. A remarkable development in 1970 which contributed to the continued growth of the economy was the spectacular gain in exports realized in the first quarter and maintained through the remainder of the year.

Prices showed a progressive deceleration as the year wore on. However, despite some indications a 0 moderate productivity gains, there was no comparable evidence of a parallel decrease in cost pressure. The sharp decline in corporation profits reflected these underlying cost-price relationsiiips as well as certain special factors, in particular numerous work stoppages and the effect on s?me export-oriented industries of the appreciation of the Canedian dollar, which resulted from the Freeing of the exchange rate in the month of June. Employment increases were unusually small and insufficient to absorb the rapid rise in the labour force. As a result, the unemployment rate for the year jumped from 4.7 per cent to 5.9 per cent - its highest level since 1962.

## Consumer Demand

Consumer spending continued to be an important element in explaining cyclical changes in aggregate demand. Personal expenditure on consumer goods and services rose by 5.3 per cent, compared with increases of between 8 per cent and 10 per cent in the previous few years

Not unexpectedly, the principal weakness occurred in the purchases of the more expensive durable goods items, where the consumer has the greatest scope for discretionary spending. Outlays on new passenger cars fell by 17 per cent. A steep decline in this component occurred in the first quarter; after recovering ground in the following two quarters, spending fell again in the fourth quarter, when sales were affected by the automobile strike. (Only outlays on automobiles of North American manufacture were diminished; spending on overseas models rose strongly for a second consecutive year.) Among other durable goods, recreation equipment and home appliances also showed declines, while outlays on furniture, fixtures (such items as lamps and curtains) and floor coverings stayed around their 1969 level.

Sluggishness of demand was also evident in the other major categories of consumer spending. The slowdown in semi-durable goods was especially marked in clothing and footwear. In services, the deceleration was largely due to the further extension of the medicare program, which has the effect of shifting most medical expenses from the personal to the government sector. However, services other than medical also showed a deceleration. Dutlays on non-durable goods, which were propped up by accelerated rises in electricity and frel, rose at an only slighty lower rate than in the prevaous yaec.

## Fixed Capital Outlave

High levels of mortgage interest rates in 1469 and tarly 1970 had an influence on investaent outlays for new housing. New residential construction fell by 8 per cent in the year. Starts of ind residential structures fell abruptly in March 1969 and continued to slide down until May 1970. This was reflected, with a usual time lag, in strongly declining outlays in the latter part of 1969 and in the first two quarters of 1970 . In response to the easing in mortgage markets since mid-year, and to the injection of federal mortgage funds for direct lending in low rental housing, especiolly in the fourth quarter, starts climbed sharply from July onward. This rebound in starts showed up in a very sharp 12.7 per cent advance in outlays in the closing quarter.

Business fixed investment excluding housing rose by 8.0 per cent to a level of $\$ 11,172$ million. These latest results, which are based on preliminary annual survey information, reveal a much better performance than could have been inferred from a reading of the quarterly estimates published earlier in the year. The indicators normally used in the preliminary estimation of quarterly spendin 3 did not capture in 1970 the strength of business spending on plant and equipment. Despite falling profits and sluggish sales in domestic markets, the current results are much closer to the expressed intentions declared at the beginning of the year in the survey of business investment. Spending on non-residential construction was up by 10.1 per cent versus 5.1 per cent last year. Outlays on machinery and equipment rose at a lesser rate than last year - by 6.2 per cent compared with 11.1 per cent.

## Inventory Investment

The bulk of the sharp decline in inventory investment was attributable to the farm component, which swung from an accumulation of $\$ 503$ million to a decumulation of $\$ 178$ million. The facm inventory movement reflected a sharp reduction in the value of the new crop, partly in response to the government "Lower Inventory for Tomorrow" program; it also reflected considerable declines in grain stocks in comercial channels, coinciding with rising grain exports.

Investment in non-farm business inventories also declined somewhat. This was largely due to sharp depletions in the fourth quarter, especially in the stocks of motor vehicle dealers which vara drawn down as a result of the automobile strike. For the year as a whole, the stock-to-shipment: ratio in manufacturing industries and stock-to-sales ratios in both retail and wholesale trade weta higher than in 1969.

## Exports and Imports

Strong foreign demand for Canadian goods and services provided by far the greatest stimulus to the economy. The gains were concentrated in the first quarter, when they accounted for practically all of the increase in total demand. Exports were thereafter maintained at only slightly lower levels than in the first quarter, resulting in a gain of 13.5 per cent for the year as a whole compared with 10.5 per cent in 1969. As is illustrated in the following table, increases in merchandise exports were widespread, but particularly notable in metals and in cereals. An unusual feature of this ex pansion was the altered direction of the flow of export gains. Exports to the United States, Canada's largest customer, increased very moderately, in line with the marked economic slowdown in that country, whereas exports to overseas countries, especially to the European Economic Community, to the United Kingdom and to Japan rose spectacularly. In sharp contrast with exports, imports of goods and services rose by only 2.0 per cent. These developments in the external sector caused a huge swing of $\$ 2.1$ billion in the balance on transactions in goods and services with non-residents, from a deficit of $\$ 967$ million to a surplus of $\$ 1,136$ million - the highest surplus ever recorded in Canada.

|  | Exports |  |  | Imports |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1969 | 1970 | Change 21 | 1969 | 1970 | Change 21 |
|  | millions of dollars |  |  |  |  |  |
| Live animals | 50 | 64 | 15 | 17 | 20 | 3 |
| Cereals ... | 541 | 862 | 321 | 64 | 61 | -2 |
| Tobacco and beverages | 233 | 219 | -14 | 184 | 208 | 24 |
| Other food and feed.. | 509 | 596 | 88 | 691 | 722 | 31 |
| Textile materials | 67 | 82 | 15 | 490 | 500 | 10 |
| Animal and vegetable product materials | 175 | 215 | 40 | 138 | 145 | 8 |
| Lumber and wood . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 824 | 806 | -17 | 110 | 87 | -23 |
| Pulp, paper, allied | 1,819 | 1,870 | 51 | 81 | 84 | 3 |
| Chemicals ........ | 414 | 497 | 83 | 608 | 657 | 49 |
| Fuels and lubricants | 701 | 883 | 182 | 681 | 702 | 20 |
| Metals and basic products | 2,514 | 3,425 | 911 | 1,111 | 1,125 | 14 |
| Non-metallic minerals and basic products | 386 | 401 | 15 | 211 | 211 | - |
| Other materials . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 77 | 114 | 37 | 208 | 214 |  |
| Farm machinery and tractors | 184 | 163 | -21 | 330 | 289 | -40 |
| Non-farm machinery . . . . . . | 398 | 438 | 40 | 1,319 | 1,366 | 48 |
| Transportation equipment | 3,699 | 3,781 | 82 | 3,741 | 3,538 | -204 |
| Communication equipment .. | 196 | 224 | 29 | 357 | 348 | -9 |
| Other equipment and tools | 329 | 403 | 74 | 1,168 | 1,193 | 25 |
| Personal and household goods ....... | 125 | 148 | 23 | 508 | 519 | 11 |
| Miscellaneous end products and special trade | 260 | 279 | 19 | 871 | 903 | 32 |
| Total . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 13,500 | 15,474 | 1,974 | 12,888 | 12,894 | 6 |

1 DBS Catalogue No. 65-002 and 65-005.
Figures may not add because of rounding.

## Government Current Expenditure on Goods and Services

Rising government current expenditure on goods and services was another important sustaining force. This year's rise of 15.5 per cent was the highest since 1966. Almost half of the gain occurred at the provincial level of government, up 37 per cent, largely due to increased expenditures under medicare programs. Expenditure of local governments and of hospitals also recorded sizable increases of over 10 per cent. Federal government current expenditure on goods and services rose by 5.1 per cent.

## Incomes

On the income side, wages, salaries and supplementary labour income made a substantial gain of 8.9 per cent. Though this increase was smaller than those recorded in recent years (when annual increases generally exceeded 10 per cent), it was nevertheless well ahead of the increase of 7.5 per cent in GNP. Higher average earnings accounted for most of the increase in labour income. With most of the increase in employment absorbed by service-producing industries, there was an accentuation of the tendency towards faster increases in this group than in goods-producing industries.

The deceleration in the rate of increase of wages and salaries in the goods-producing industries was entirely due to slow growth in strike-affected manufacturing, where the rate of increase was about half that of the previous year - 5.6 per cent versus 10.7 per cent. Construction, which also experienced labour disputes, showed an increase similar to that shown in 1969. A sharp acceleration in mining, from 4.4 per cent to 17.5 per cent reflected a rebounce in production following strikes in 1969. In the service producing industries, although all groups showed smaller rises in labour income, the deceleration was most evident in public administration.

Preliminary estimates of corporation profits before taxes indicate a decline of 6.2 per cent for the year. This was the first annual decline since 1967 , when profits fell by 2.0 per cent. After Galling in mid-1969, profits moved somewhat erratically along an apparently flat trend line from the third quarter 1969 until the third quarter 1970 , then plunged by 11.7 per cent in the strikeaffected fourth quarter. The year's rise of 9.3 per cent in capital consumption allowances cushioned che fall in gross profits (which include these provisions for depreciation); gross profits declined by a moderate 0.9 per cent.

Other income components either fell, or rose at slower rates than in 1969 Accrued net facm income fell by almost 20 per cent, mostly due to the lower crop. (Swings of tis magnitude are not uncommon in this series.) Net income of non-farm unincorporated business incliding rent rose by J. 2 per cent compared with 4.6 per cent in 1969 ; interest and miscellaneous investinent income was up ly 13.4 per cent after an unusually large 24 per cent increase in 1969.

Personal disposable income (personal income after tax and other deductions) rose by 6 per cent a slower pace than in any year since 1961. However, because personal expenditure on goods and services was even more sluggish, the personal saving ratio (personal saving as a jroportion of personal disposable income) increased in 1970.

## Price Movements

For the year 1970 as a whole, the implicit price index for gross national expenditure rose by 4.1 per cent compared with a 4.7 per cent rise in 1969 . While conceptually different, base-weighted price indexes such as the Consumer Price Index, the Industry Selling Price Indexes and the General Wholesale Price Index, also showed price moderation this year. The price indexes for most major categories of final expenditure recorded lower increases than last year. Vithin 1970 , the overall implicit price index decelerated, mainly as a result of the moderation from the second quarter onward of the rise in the implicit price index for personal expenditure on goods and of that for exports.

The implicit price index for exports rose by 3.3 per cent. The increase was concentrated in the first quarter, which showed an unusually strong 2.1 per cent rise. Export prices rose very little in the rest of the year. The effect on export prices of the freeing of the exchange rate in June 1970 is not yet clear. It would appear that for many export commodities where prices are determined in world markets or contractually fixed in United States dollars it caused a lowering of the Canadian prices. The impact of the appreciation of the Canadian dollar on import prices was, as expected, to ease their rate of increase.

The implicit price index for total personal expenditure rose by 3.2 per cent - a deceleration from the increases of about 4.0 per cent recorded in each of the previous two years. All componedie except durables decelerated. A marked easing in the price of rents explains the slowdown in servipas as most other items in the services group continued to rise strongly. The softening in non-durablea was due to declining food prices. The decline in these prices, which was one of the more striking developments of the year, was related to depressed markets for certain agricultural products, to lower prices of food imports, and, in the latter part of the year, to intense competition among large retail chain stores. The rise in durable goods prices was centered on the first quarter

$$
\frac{\text { Implicit Price Indexes }}{\text { Percentage Change from the Previous Year }}
$$


The increase of 3.0 per cent shown by the implicit price index for business gross fixed capital formacion was notably lower than that of 4.6 per cent shown in 1969 . The deceleration occurred in construction prices. The implicit price index for residential construction rose by 3.3 per cent; that for non-residential construction by 4.2 per cent. This comoares with increases in 1969 of 5.2 per cent and 6.3 per cent respectively. The rise in the price of residential construction was entirely due to increased price of the labour component; in non-residential construction both labour and materials contributed to the increase. The price for machinery and equipment rose at the same rate of 2.5 per cent as in 1969 .

## The Government Sector

Total revenues of all levels of government combined (excluding inter-governmental transfers) rose by just over 9 per cent in 1970 from the 1969 level, the smallest annual increase in several years All categories, with the exception of corporate direct taxes, increased. Over half of the increase was accounted for by a 14 per cent gain in revenue from personal direct taxes, the larger part of which took place at the federal level. Revenue from indirect taxes rose by over $\$ 650$ million with the gain concentrated at the provincial and local government levels, due mainly to higher returns from retail sales, gasoline and property taxes; federal indirect taxes were virtually unchanged. The investment income of governments also rose during the year and was mainly attributed to higher interest receipts.

Total expenditures of all levels of government rose more than revenues, by over 13.5 per cent, with about two-thirds of the increase due to higher outlays on goods and services. A significant part of this increase in goods and services took place at the provincial level, where a major factor was the medicare program, reflecting a full year's operation in some provinces and its introduction during the year in other provinces. Transfer payments to persons rose by $\$ 744$ million in 1970. At the federal level the gain was due to higher old age security pensions and unemployment insurance benefits while at the provincial level there were higher transfers to post-secondary educational institutions and to benevolent associations.

With revenues rising less sharply than expenditures, the surplus of the government sector, on a Hational Accounts besis, declined from $\$ 2,208$ million in 1969 to $\$ 1,278$ million in 1970 . The federal sovernment moved from a surplus of $\$ 773$ million in 1969 to a deficit of $\$ 12$ million in 1970 while the provincial government also moved to deficit position. Local governments recorded a smell surplus in 1970 and the surplus of the Canada and Quebec Pension Plans rose

## FOURTH QUARTER 1970

Preliminary estimates of the National Income and Expenditure Accounts indicate an acceleration in the rate of economic activity in the closing quarter of 1970 . The fact that a substantial gain was realized in spite of a major strike in the automobile industry suggests an improvement in the underlying trend of the economy. Gross National Product at market prices, seasonally adjusted at annual rates, rose by 1.6 per cent to reach a level of $\$ 86.4$ billion. In each of the previous two quarters, the increases had been at a somewhat smaller rate of 1.4 per cent. As there was practically no change in the overall implicit price index in the quarter, the volume of physical production rose by almost as much - 1.5 per cent. This was the largest gain in real terms since the third quarter of 1969.

Demand
The significant contributions to aggregate demand in the fourth quarter were found in personal expenditure on consumer goods and services, up 1.6 per cent; in government current expenditure on goods and services, up 3.4 per cent (half at the federal level); and in business gross fixed capital formation, up 2.9 per cent.

After declining in the first quarter, consumer expenditure have made increasingly larger gains in the remaining quarters of the year. Because prices markedly slowed their rate of advance from the second quarter onward, the acceleration was particularly evident in volume terms. In the fourth quarter, constant dollar personal expenditure rose by 1.6 per cent. This compares with 1.3 per cent an the third quarter and with an average quarterly rate of real growth of 1.1 per cont in the docade siasm 1266

Within consumer expenditure, semi-durable goods mede the largest percentage gain, mostly an account of a sharp increase in spending on women's and children's clothing. Ho:ever, spending on other items also rose in the quarter, and in particular spending on personal accessories and on statdurable household equipment (items such as pots and pans, dishes and cutlery). Expenditure on monc durable goods also rose quite strongly, though a decline in spending on new cars, probably partly reflecting the automobile strike, dampened the rise in that category. Among durable goods items showing substantial increases were recreation equipment, home appliances and auto parts, maintenance and repairs. Spending on the other two major categories of personal expenditure, non-durable goods and services, showed a deceleration in the fourth quarter.

The increase in business gross fixed capital formation was apparently due to an upsurge in residential construction, which rose by 12.7 per cent - the largest percentage gain since the fourth quarter of 1963 . This increase reflected the large number of starts initiated during the quarter. Plant and equipment spending remained flat in the quarter, as an increase in non-residential construction was offset by a decline in machinery and equipment.

In contrast to the above mentioned categories of demand, investment in non-farm business inventories declined sharply, from an accumulation of $\$ 760$ million in the third quarter to a decumulation of $\$ 652$ million in the fourth quarter. The most notable depletion occurred in the stocks of motor vehicle dealers. However, inventory investment other than motor vehicles also fell quite sharply at all major industry levels.

$$
\frac{\text { Value of Physical Change in Non-Farm Business Inventories }}{\text { Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates }}
$$



The final quarter of the year saw the balance on current transactions in goods and services with non-residents rise spectacularly from a surplus of $\$ 580 \mathrm{million}$ to one of $\$ 2,196$ million, as a marginal increase in exports was dwarfed by a 7.6 per cent fall in imports. Most of the sharp drop in merchandise imports was in goods from the United States, particularly automotive products. (Exports of automotive products also fell in the quarter.) Lower deficits in the travel and income accounts also contributed to the unprecedentedly large overall surplus.

## Incomes

The most notable development on the income side was a severe drop of 11.7 per cent in corporation profits. The drop was substantial even after allowing for the influence of the industrial dispute in the automobile industry. The declining trend in corporation profits which started in the first half of 1969 was sharply accentuated by this further setback which brought profits down to their 1967 level.

In contrast, the gain in labour income of 2.4 per cent represented an ecceleration over the gains of 1.7 per cent in the third quarter and of 0.6 per cent in the second quarter. Wages and salarius showed accelerations in both goods-producing and service-producing industries. In the former, th: gain was entirely due to increases in average earnings, as employment declined slightly, mainly ascause of industrial disputes. Within goods-producing industries, construction rose by a strong 6.8

Der cent, mostly reflecting recovery from strikes in the third quarter. In the service-producing Industries both employment and average earnings contributed to the increase. Sizable gains were recorded in communications, where retroactive payments to post office employees were a factor, in community, business and personal services, and in trade. The gain in the letter of 3 . 1 per cent marked a notable recovery from the low levels experienced through most of the year.

Among other income components, accrued net income of farm operators rose by 29 per cent, reflecting increased value of grain and livestock production. Net income of non-farm unincorporated business including rent rose by 2.3 per cent. Both personal income and personal disposable income showed appreciably larger gains in the fourth quarter than in previous recent quarters.

## Price Movements

A feature of the year was the pronounced easing in the quarterly rates of increase of the implicit deflator for gross national expenditure. This was most evident in the final quarter, when it rose by a negligible 0.1 per cent. However, this easing was partly due to a substantial weight shift between the value of physical change in inventories, which declined steeply in the quarter, and the other components of gross national expenditure. Excluding inventories, the rise in the overall deflator was 0.4 per cent, compared with 0.8 per cent in the previous two quarters. The slowdown in these overall implicit price indexes reflected a slight decline in the implicit price index for personal expenditure, a deceleration in that for government curcent expenditure, and a stable implicit price index for exports. With the continuing appreciation of the Canadian dollar, import prices $1 /$ fell for a second consecutive quarter. The decline in the deflator for merchandise imports of $1 . \overline{5}$ per cent was especially notable. The price index for business gross fixed capital formation was the only major component to show an accelerated rise.

## Selected Implicit Price Indexes - Seasonally Adjusted <br> Percentage Change from the Previous Quarter


*In the third quarter 1970 publication the movement from the fourth quarter 1969 to the first quarter 1970 had been erroneously computed as a decrease of 0.3 .
if it mey be noted that since imports are a negative entry in gross national expenditure a price decline in this component appears to raise the implicit price index. Homever, import prices will already have been reflected in the various other categories of gross national expenditure. The thplicit price index is accordingly a price measure for domestically produced goods and services.

The decline in the price for personal expenditure on consumer goods and services - the first since the fourth quarter of 1963 - was entirely due to a fall of 1.0 per cent in the non-durablo goods component. A second consecutive sharp decline in food prices was responsible for the fall th non-durable prices. (Falling food prices in the quarter were due both to lower prices of imported food items, and to competitive price cutting by large retail chain stores.) The implicit price indexes for durable and semi-durable goods showed little change, while that for services, where increases were widespread, continued to rise at the same rate of 1.0 per cent as in the previous quarter.

The upsurge of 1.4 per cent in the implicit price index for business gross fixed capital formation contrasted sharply with the relatively small increases of less than half a per cent in the previous two quarters. The acceleration was mostly due to higher prices for construction. Increases in the prices for residential and non-residential building resulted from a higher price for labour input, as material prices remained unchanged. In engineering construction, both labour and materials components showed increases.

## The Government Sector

Total government revenues of all levels of government combined (excluding inter-governmental transfers) declined by 0.4 per cent during the quarter. Most categories showed decreases, particularly corporate direct taxes and indirect taxes, although these were partially offset by higher revenues from personal direct taxes. Total government expenditures rose by 1.6 per cent with the major gain occurring in outlays on goods and services. Thus, with expenditures rising and revenues declining, the surplus of the government sector, on a National Accounts basis and seasonally adjusted at annual rates, was more than halved, moving from a rate of $\$ 1,256$ million in the third quarter to a rate of $\$ 660$ million in the fourth quarter.

Much of the change in the government sector surplus took place at the federal and provincial levels of government, which both registered deficits in the quarter. The federal government moved from a surplus of $\$ 276$ million in the third quarter to a deficit of $\$ 60$ million in the fourth, whit at the provincial level, a deficit of $\$ 552$ million was recorded, compared to a surplus $\$ 108$ millien in the third quarter. Offsetting somewhat the movements at the federal and provincial levels, tige local government deficit narrowed while the surplus of the Canada and Quebec Pension Plans rose


TABLE 1. National Incone and Gross National Product, by Quarters, 1967 and 1968 (millions of dollars)

|  | 1967 |  |  |  |  | 1968 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | IV | Year | I | II | III | IV | Year |
| 1. Wages, salaries, and supplementary <br> labour income | 8,253 | 8,771 | 9,190 | 9,061 | 35,275 | 8,926 | 9,519 | 9,977 | 10,071 | 38,493 |
| 2. Military pay and allowances ........... | , 210 | , 207 | , 223 | , 199 | -839 | , 213 | 194 | - 218 | , 235 | . 860 |
| 3. Corporation profits before taxes(1)* | 1,500 | 1,803 | 1,640 | 1,831 | 6,774 | 1,567 | 1,988 | 1,799 | 2,088 | 7,442 |
| 4. Deduct: Dividends paid to non-residents (2) | - 171 | - 160 | - 198 | - 325 | - 854 | - 188 | - 186 | - 191 | - 262 | - 827 |
| 5. Interest, and miscellaneous investment income (3) | 592 | 549 | 560 | 634 | 2,335 | 610 | 589 | 654 | 718 | 2,571 |
| 6. Accrued net income of farm operators from farm production (4) . ............. | - 73 | 38 | 1,363 | - 22 | 1,306 | - 118 | - 105 | 1,636 | 58 | 1,471 |
| 7. Net income of non-farm unicorporated business including rent(5) | 867 | 970 | 1,016 | 1,073 | 3,926 | 955 | 2,060 | 1,065 | 1,138 | 4, 218 |
| 8. Inventory valuation adjustment (6) .... | - 131 | -43 | - 45 | - 104 | - 323 | - 108 | - 53 | - 29 | - 127 | - 317 |
| 9. NET NATIONAL INCOME AT FACTOR COST | 11,047 | 12,135 | 13,749 | 12,347 | 49,278 | 11,857 | 13,006 | 15,129 | 13,919 | 53,911 |
| 10. Indirect taxes less subsidies ........ | 2,164 | 2,169 | 2,185 | 2,268 | 8,786 | 2,340 | 2,345 | 2,427 | 2,565 | 9,677 |
| 11. Capital consumption allowances and miscellaneous valuation adjustments | 1,900 | 1,998 | 1,964 | 2,015 | 7,877 | 2,003 | 2,131 | 2,124 | $2,153$ | 8,411 |
| 12. Residual error of estimate ........... | - 234 | - 101 | - 56 | 172 | - 219 | - 246 | - 236 | - 137 | $8$ | $-611$ |
| 13. GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT AT MARKET PRICES | 14,877 | 16,201 | 17,842 | 16,802 | 65,722 | 15,954 | 17,246 | 19,543 | 18,645 | 71,388 |
| 14. (Gross national product at market prices excluding accrued net income of farm operators) | (14,950) | $(16,163)$ | $(16,479)$ | $(16,824)$ | $(64,416)$ | $(26,072)$ | (17,351) | $(17,907$ | $(18,587)$ | $(69,917)$ |

See footnote (s) below.
TABLE 1. National Income and Gcoss National Product, by Quarters, 1969 and 1,70
(millions of dollars)

|  | 1969 |  |  |  |  | 1970 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | IV | Year | I | II | III | IV | Year |
| 1. Wages, salaries, and supplementary labour income | 10,088 | 10,695 | 11,215 | 11,205 | 43,203 | 11,177 | 11,665 | 12,096 | 12,105 | 47,043 |
| 2. Military pay and allowances | , 214 | 224 | -222 | 238 | -898 | 229 | , 220 | . 222 | , 235 | - 906 |
| 3. Corporation profits before taxes (I)* | 1,845 | 2,203 | 1,801 | 2,003 | 7,852 | 1,767 | 2,030 | 1,800 | 1,767 | 7,364 |
| 4. Deduct: Dividends paid to non-resi= dents (2) | - 183 | - 169 | - 170 | - 296 | - 818 | - 249 | - 182 | - 202 | - 273 | - 906 |
| 5. Interest, and miscellaneous investment income (3) | 801 | 739 | 793 | 854 | 3,187 | 901 | 842 | 937 | 934 | 3,614 |
| 6. Accrued net income of farm operators from farm production(4) ............. | - 115 | 10 | 1,713 | 87 | 1,695 | - 49 | 210 | 1,103 | 105 | 1,369 |
| 7. Net income of non-farm unincorporated business including rent(5) | 1,000 | 1,108 | 1,124 | 1,178 | 4,410 | 1,046 | 1,134 | 1,146 | 1,225 | 4,551 |
| 8. Inventory valuation adjustment (6) .... | - 156 | - 156 | - 74 | - 163 | - 549 | - 118 | -48 | 21 | - 26 | - 171 |
| 9. NET NATIONAL JNCOME AT FACTOR COST | 13,494 | 14,654 | 16,624 | 15,106 | 59,878 | 14,704 | 15,871 | 17,123 | 16,072 | 63,770 |
| 10. Indirect taxes less subsidies ........ | 2,568 | 2,592 | 2,676 | 2,811 | 10,647 | 2,755 | 2,724 | 2,851 | 2,921 | 11,251 |
| 11. Capital consumption allowances and miscellaneous valuation adjustments | 2,160 | 2,246 | 2,300 | 2,360 | 9,066 | 2,376 | 2,520 | 2,528 | 2,474 | 9,898 |
| 12. Residual error of estimate ........... | - 431 | - 426 | - 288 | 114 | - 1,031 | - 439 | - 223 | - 165 | 376 |  |
| 13. GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT AT MARKET PRICES | 17,791 | 19,066 | 21,312 | 20,391 | 78,560 | 19,396 | 20,892 | 22,337 | 21,843 | 84,468 |
| 14. (Gross national product at market prices excluding accrued net income of Earm operators) ....................... | (17,906) | $(19,056)$ | $(19,599)$ | $(20,304)$ | (76,865) | (19,445 | $(20,682)$ | $(21,234)$ | $(21,738)$ | $(83,099)$ |

(1) Excludes profits of government business enterprises. *See Technical Note re Corporation and Labour Unions Returns Act. Difu 4,
(2) Includes the withholding tax applicable to this item.
(3) Includes profits (net of losses) of government business enterprises and other government investment income.
(4) Includes value of physical change in farm inventories as shown in line 14, Table 5. An adjustment has becu wade to tale account of the accrued earnings of farm operators arising out of the operations of the Canadian Wheat Board.
(5) Includes net income of independent professional practitioners.
(6) See footnote 4, Table 2.

ThisLe 2. Gross National Expenditure, by Quarters, 1967 and 1968
(millions of dollars)

(1) Zucin es defence expenditures. Data for the years 1967-1968 are shown in line 3, Table 6.
(2) Includes outlay on new durable assets such as building and highway construction by governments, other than government business enterprises. Excludes defence construction and equipment which are defined as current expenditure.
(3) Comprises capital expenditures by private and government business enterprises, private non-conercial institutions and outlays on new residential construction by individuals. Capital expenditure is defined to include all transfer costs on the sales and purchases of existing fixed assets.
(4) The book value of inventories is deflated to remove the effect of price changes and the derived "physical" change is then valued at average prices of the current period to obtain the value of physical change. The difference between this value of physical change and the change in book value is called the inventory valuation adjustment (see line 8 , Table 1).

TABLE 3. Relation between Gross National Product at Market Prices and Gross Domestic Product at Factor Cost, by Quarters, 1967 and 1968
(millions of dollars)


TABLE 2. Gross National Expenditure, by Quarters, 1969 and lyTD
(millions of dollars)

|  | 1969 |  |  |  |  | 1970 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | IV | Year | I | II | ITI | IV | Year |
| Personal expenditure on consumer goods and services | 10,710 | 11,501 | 11,339 | 12,981 | 46,531 | 11,367 | 12,155 | 12,005 | 13,468 | 48,995 |
| goods and services(1) ........ | 3,382 | 3,226 | 3,455 | 3,617 | 13,680 | 3,912 | 3,759 | 3,910 | 4,221 | 15,802 |
| 3. Gross fixed capital formation | 3,688 | 4,328 | 4,652 | 4,574 | 17,242 | 3,860 | 4,403 | 4,854 | 4,844 | 17,961 |
| 4. Government (2) | 585 | 706 | 935 | 826 | 3,052 | 613 | 752 | 998 | 889 | 3,252 |
| 5. Residential construction | 2 | 3 | 4 | 3 | 12 | 5 | 6 | 6 | 4 | 21 |
| $6 . \quad$ Non-residential construction | 505 | 628 | 833 | 740 | 2,706 | 537 | 675 | 896 | 799 | 2,907 |
| 7. Machinery and equipment | 78 | 75 | 98 | 83 | 334 | 71 | 71 | 96 | 86 | 324 |
| 8. Business (3) | 3,103 | 3,622 | 3,717 | 3,748 | 14, 190 | 3,247 | 3,651 | 3,856 | 3,955 | 14,709 |
| 9. Residential construction | 791 | 945 | 1,075 | 1,032 | 3,843 | 750 | 789 | 941 | 1,057 | 3,537 |
| 10. Non-residential construction | 1,001 | 1,120 | 1,353 | 1,299 | 4,773 | 1,088 | 1,229 | 1,498 | 1,438 | 5,253 |
| 11. Machinery and equipment | 1,311 | 1,557 | 1,289 | 1,417 | 5,574 | 1,409 | 1,633 | 1,417 | 1,460 | 5,919 |
| 12. Value of physical change in inventories | - 117 | - 20 | 1,605 | - 425 | 1,043 | - 191 | 159 | 935 | - 781 | 122 |
| 13. Government | - 24 | 13 | 31 | - 14 | 6 | - 29 | 10 | 31 | - 25 | - 13 |
| Business |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 14. Non-farm (4) | 393 | 2 | 95 | 44 | 534 | 280 | 97 | 198 | - 252 | 313 |
| 15. <br> Farm and grain in commercial channels | - 486 | - 35 | 1,479 | - 455 | 503 | $=442$ | 52 | 705 | - 494 | - 178 |
| 16. Exports of goods and services ........ | 4,128 | 4,700 | 4,741 | 4,899 | 18,468 | 4,724 | 5,552 | 5,431 | 5,252 | 20, 0, \% |
| 17. Deduct: Imports of goods and services | -4,430 | - 5,095 | - 4,769 | - 5,141 | -19,435 | - 4,714 | - 5,360 | - 4,963 | - 4,796 | - 19, 33 |
| 18. Residual error of estimate | 430 | 426 | 289 | - 114 | 1,031 | 438 | 224 | 165 | - 375 | . 52 |
| 19. GROSS NATIONAL EXPENDITURE AT MARKET PRICES | 17,791 | 19,066 | 21,312 | 20,391 | 78,560 | 19,396 | 20,892 | 22,337 | 21,84, | 84,468 |

(1) Includes defence expenditures. Data for 1969 and 1970 are shown in line 3, Table 6 .
(2) Includes outlay on new durable assets such as building and highway construction by governments, other than government business enterprises. Excludes defence construction and equipment which are defined as current expenditure.
(3) Comprises capital expenditures by private and govermment business enterprises, private non-commercial institutions and outlays on new residential construction by individuals. Capital expenditure is defined to include all transfer costs on the sales and purchases of existing fixed assets.
(4) The book value of inventories is deflated to remove the effect of price changes and the derived "physical" change is then valued at average prices of the current period to obtain the value of physical change. The difference between this value of physical change and the change in book value is called the inventory valuation adjustment (see line 8 , Table 1 ).

TAbLE 3. Relation between Gross National Product at Market Prices and Gross Domestic Product at Factor Cost, by Quarters, 1969 and 1970
(millions of dollars)

|  | 1969 |  |  |  |  | 1970 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | IV | Year | I | II | III | IV | Year |
| 1. Gross national product at market prices | 17.791 | 19,066 | 21,312 | 20,391 | 78,560 | 19,396 | 20,892 | 22,337 | 21,843 | 84,468 |
| 2. Deduct: Residual error of estimate... | 431 | 426 | 288 | - 114 | 1,031 | 439 | 223 | 165 | - 376 | 451 |
| 3. Indirect taxes less subsidies | - 2,568 | - 2,592 | - 2,676 | - 2,811 | -10,647 | - 2,755 | - 2,724 | - 2,851 | - 2,921 | - 11,251 |
| 4. Income received from nonresidents ............... | - 190 | - 214 | - 195 | - 248 | - 847 | - 253 | - 261 | - 264 | - 296 |  |
| 5. Add: Income paid to non-residents | 452 | 508 | 454 | 622 | 2,036 | 580 | 556 | 526 | 658 | 2,370 |
| 6. GROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT AT FACTOR COST | 15,916 | 17,194 | 19,183 | 17,840 | 70,133 | 17,407 | 18,686 | 19,913 | 18,908 | 74,9.4 |

TADIZ 4. Sourcis of Fa mimal Income, by Quarters, 1967 and 1968
fat llions of dollars)

|  | 1967 |  |  |  |  | 1968 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | IV | Year | I | II | III | IV | Year |
| 1. Wages, salaries, and supplementary labour income | 8,253 | 8,771 | 9,190 | 9,061 | 35,275 | 8,926 | 9,519 | 9,977 | 10,071 | 38,493 |
| 2. Military pay and allowances | 210 | 207 | 223 | 199 | 839 | 213 | 194 | 218 | 235 | 860 |
| 3. Net income received by farm operators from farm production(1) .............. | 176 | - 61 | 1,310 | - 46 | 1,379 | - 20 | 95 | 1,596 | 19 | 1,690 |
| - Net income of non-farm unincorporated business including rent .............. | 867 | 970 | 1,016 | 1,073 | 3,926 | 955 | 1,060 | 1,065 | 1,138 | 4,218 |
| Interest, dividends, and miscellaneous investment income(2) ................. | 938 | 977 | 982 | 1,084 | 3,981 | 1,034 | 1,089 | 1,087 | 1,168 | 4,378 |
| 6. From government ...................... | 1,191 | 1,144 | 1,103 | 1,207 | 4,645 | 1,331 | 1,307 | I, 319 | 1,395 | 5,352 |
| 7. Transfer payments to persons | 1,189 | 1,143 | 1,102 | 1,206 | 4,640 | 1,329 | 1,306 | 1,317 | 1,394 | 5,346 |
| 9. From corporations (3) | 30 | 30 | 29 | 31 | 120 | 32 | 32 | 31 | 32 | 127 |
| 10. From non-residents | 10 | 11 | 11 | 11 | 43 | 23 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 95 |
| 11. PERSONAL INCOME | 11,675 | 12,049 | 13,864 | 12,620 | 50,208 | 12,494 | 13,320 | 15,317 | 14,082 | 55,213 |

See Eootnote(s) below.

(millions of dollars)

(1) This item differs from line 6, Table 1 by excluding the adjustment which has been made to take account of the accrued net earnings arising aut of the operations of the Canadian Wheat Roard.




See footnote(s) below.

TABLE 5. Disposition of Personal Income, by Quarters, 1969-1970
(millions of dollars)

(1) Includes net expenditure ahroad.


TABL. F. 6. Government Revenue, Expenditure and Surplus or Deficit, by Level of Government, by Quarters
(millions of dollars)

|  |  |  |  | 1967 |  |  |  |  | 1968 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1 | II | 111 | IV | Year | 1 | 11 | 111 | IV | Year |
| REVENUE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. | Direct taxes - Persons | 1,718 | 1,720 | 1,786 | 1,787 | 7,011 | 2,005 | 2,002 | 2,051 | 2,189 | 8,247 |
| 2. | Federal(1) | 1,027 | 1,075 | 1,072 | 1,117 | 4,291 | 1,230 | 1,242 | 1,240 | 1,395 | 5,107 |
| 3. | Provincial | 486 | 402 | 480 | 503 | 1,871 | 547 | 495 | 563 | 610 | 2,215 |
| 4. | Local | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - |
| 5. | Canada Pension Plan | 152 | 179 | 172 | 121 | 624 | 168 | 193 | 191 | 134 | 686 |
| 6. | Quebec Pension Plan | 53 | 64 | 62 | 46 | 225 | 60 | 72 | 57 | So | 239 |
| 7. | Direct taxes - Corporate and Government business enterprises ........... | 544 | 643 | 574 | 636 | 2,397 | 615 | 729 | 664 | 801 | 2,809 |
| 8. | Federal(2) ........................ | 404 | 479 | 430 | 473 | 1,786 | 461 | 546 | 498 | 600 | 2,105 |
| 9. | (Federal tax collections)(2) ...... | (404) | (572) | (433) | (414) | $(1,823)$ | (411) | (486) | (563) | $(431)$ | ( 1,891 ) |
| 10. | Provincial(3) .................. | 140 | 164 | 144 | $163$ | 611 | $154$ |  |  |  |  |
| 11. | (Provincial tax collections) | (149) | (161) | (162) | (140) | (612) | (180) | (166) | (187) | $(150)$ | (683) |
| 12. | Direct taxes-Non-residents-Federal(4) | 41 | 66 | 37 | 74 | 218 | 49 | 60 | 40 | 60 | 209 |
| 13. | Indirect taxes | 2,281 | 2,316 | 2,387 | 2,458 | 9,442 | 2,467 | 2,475 | 2,628 | 2,750 | 10,320 |
| 14. | Federal | 878 | 940 | 919 | 968 | 3,705 | 855 | 905 | 948 | 1,053 | 3,761 |
| 15. | Provincial | 717 | 689 | 778 | 798 | 2,982 | 838 | 795 | 902 | 916 | 3,451 |
| 16. | Local. | 686 | 687 | 690 | 692 | 2,755 | 774 | 275 | 778 | 781 | 3.108 |
| 17. | Other current transfers from persons | 137 | 97 | 80 | 91 | 405 | 158 | 123 | 115 | 143 | 539 |
| 18. | Federal | 1 | 1 | - | 1 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 4 |
| 19. | Provincial | 123 | 81 | 63 | 74 | 341 | 142 | 105 | 97 | 125 | 469 |
| 20. | Local | 13 | 14 | 16 | 15 | 58 | 15 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 63 |
| 21. | Hospitals | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3 | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| 22. | Investment income | 306 | 362 | 326 | 439 | 1,433 | 349 | 384 | 391 | 453 | 1,577 |
| 23. | Federal | 130 | 197 | 183 | 239 | 749 | 156 | 206 | 202 | 216 | 780 |
| 24. | Provincial | 155 | 137 | 117 | 167 | 576 | 163 | 135 | 153 | 185 | 636 |
| 25. | Local | 13 | 20 | 15 | 20 | 68 | 15 | 22 | 17 | 23 | 77 |
| 26. | Hospitals | 1 | 1 | 1 | - | 3 | , | 1 | 1 | 1 | 4 |
| 27. | Canada Pension Plan | 7 | 7 | 10 | 13 | 37 | 14 | 20 | 18 | 28 | 80 |
| 28.29.30.31.32.33.34. | Current transfers from other levels of government | 1,230 | 1,506 | 1,415 | 1,490 | 5,641 | 1,500 | 1,814 | 1,610 | 1,713 | 6,637 |
|  | Provinces - From Canada ........... | 410 | 517 | 470 | 503 | 1,900 | 576 | 613 | 552 | 619 | 2,360 |
|  | - From local governments | 12 | 7 | 9 | 10 | 38 | 10 | 10 | 11 | 14 | 45 |
|  | Local governments - From Canada .... | 36 | 21 | 25 | 10 | 92 | 15 | 40 | 19 | 18 | 92 |
|  | - From provinces | 398 | 599 | 546 | 584 | 2.127 | 463 | 723 | 595 | 623 | 2,404 |
|  | Hospitals - From provinces ......... | 370 | 358 | $360$ | $378$ | $1,466$ | 431 | 423 | 428 | 433 | 1,715 |
|  | - From local governments |  | 4 | 5 | 5 | $18$ | 5 | 5 | 5 | 5 | 21 |
| 35. | Tocal revenue . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 6,257 | 6,710 | 6,605 | 6.975 | 26,547 | 7,143 | 7,587 | 7,499 | 8,109 | 30,338 |
| 36. | Federal | 2,481 | 2,758 | 2,641 | 2,872 | 10,752 | 2,752 | 2,960 | 2,929 | 3,325 | 11,966 |
| 37. | Provinetal | 2,043 | 1,997 | 2,061 | 2,218 | B,319 | 2,430 | 2,336 | 2,444 | 2,670 | 9,880 |
| 38. | Local | 1,146 | 1,341 | 1,292 | 1,321 | 5,100 | 1.282 | 1,576 | 1,425 | 1.461 | 5,744 |
| 39. | Hospitals .......................... | 375 | 364 | 367 | 384 | 1,490 | 437 | 430 | 435 | 441 | 1.743 |
| 40. | Canada Pension Plan | 159 | 186 | 182 | 134 | 661 | 182 | 213 | 209 | 162 | 766 |
| 41. | Quebec Pension Plan ............... | 53 | 64 | 62 | 46 | 225 | 60 | 72 | 57 | 50 | 239 |
| CURRENT EXPENDITURE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 42. Current exp services |  |  | 2,669 | 2,708 | 2,844 | 10,934 | 3,023 | 2,833 | 3,023 | 3,279 | 12,158 |
| 43. |  | 933 | 843 | $906$ | $892$ | 3,574 | $1,002$ | $845$ | $930$ | 1,015 | 3,792 |
| 44. | (Defence) | (470) | (426) | $(471)$ | $(438)$ | $(1,805)$ | (481) | $(419)$ | (433) | (479) | $(1,812)$ |
| 45. | Provincial . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 618 | 550 | 522 | 560 | 2,250 | 668 | 555 | 633 | 704 | 2,560 |
| 46. | Local . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 826 | 925 | 913 | 1.010 | 3,674 | 966 | 1,041 | 1,063 | 1,157 | 4,227 |
| 47. | Hospitals . ........................ | 336 | 351 | 367 | 382 | 1,436 | 387 | 392 | 397 | 403 | 1,579 |
| 48. | Transfer payments to persons | 1,189 | 1,143 | 1,102 | 1,206 | 4,640 | 1,329 | 1,306 | 1,317 | 1,394 | 5,346 |
| 49. | Federal . .................. | 770 | 777 | 685 | 700 | 2,932 | 856 | 878 | 757 | 786 | 3,277 |
| 50. | Provincial | 397 | 343 | 394 | 482 | 1,616 | 449 | 401 | 526 | 577 | 1,953 |
| 51. | Local . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 22 | 23 | 23 | 24 | 92 | 23 | 24 | 30 | 24 | 101 |
| 侤. | Canada Pension Plan | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | 2 | 3 | 5 | 11 |
| 53. | Quebec Pension Plan ................ | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 | 1 | 2 | 4 |
| 54. | Subsidies | 117 | 147 | 202 | 190 | 656 | 127 | 130 | 201 | 185 | 643 |
| \$5. | Federal | 91 | 134 | 146 | 153 | 524 | 104 | 114 | 141 | 159 | 518 |
| 35. | Provincial | 26 | 13 | 56 | 37 | 132 | 23 | 16 | 60 | 26 | 125 |

Seat footnote(s) at end of table.

TABLE 6. Government Revenue, Expenditure and Surplus or Deficit, by Level of Government, by Quarters . Continued (millions of dollars)


[^0]"ABLE 6. Government Revenue, Expenditure and Surplus or Deficit, by Level of Government, by Quarters = Continued (millions of dollars)

|  |  | 1969 |  |  |  |  | 1970 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | I | 11 | ITI | IV | Year | 1 | 11 | 111 | IV | Year |
| REVENUE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. | Direct taxes - Persons | 2,275 | 2,599 | 2,563 | 2,610 | 10,047 | 2,670 | 2,982 | 2,865 | 2,939 | 11,456 |
| 2. | Federal(1) .......... | 1,446 | 1,684 | 1,636 | 1,735 | 6,501 | 1,735 | 1,899 | 1,843 | $1,92!$ | $7,3 \cdot 3 j$ |
| 3. | Provincial | 580 | 614 | 650 | 695 | 2,539 | 682 | 766 | 739 | 81i | 3,003 |
| 4. | Local | - |  | - | - | - | - | - | 73 | - | - |
| 6 | Canade Pension Plan | 180 | 219 | 208 | 131 | 738 | 188 | 232 | 200 | 153 | $773$ |
| 6. | Quebec Pension Plan | 69 | 82 | 69 | 49 | 269 | 65 | 85 | 83 | 49 | $282$ |
| Direct taxes - Corporate and government business enterprises $\ldots \ldots . .$. 754 841 686 789 3,070 705 786 677 686 2,854 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8. | Federal(2) ....................... | 564 | 628 | 512 | 590 | 2,294 | 527 | $\begin{aligned} & 786 \\ & 594 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 677 \\ & 509 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 68 \% \\ & 512 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 2,854 \\ & 2,142 \end{aligned}$ |
| 9. | (Federal tax collections)(2) ...... | (633) | (941) | (636) | (559) | $(2,769)$ | (689) | (839) | (529) | (490) | $(2,547)$ |
| 10. | Provincial(3) ....................... | 190 | 213 | 174 | 199 | -776 | $178$ |  |  |  |  |
| 11. | (Provincial tax collections) ...... | (242) | (240) | (237) | (183) | (902) | (247) | (225) | (229) | (159) | (860) |
| 12. | Direct taxes-Non-residents-Federal (4) | 46 | 73 | 48 | 65 | 232 | 66 | 70 | 45 | 86 | 267 |
| 13. | Indirect taxes | 2.711 | 2,737 | 2,88! | 2,993 | 11,322 | 2,903 | 2,911 | 3,068 | 3,093 | 11,975 |
| 14. | Federal . | 929 | 983 | 1,011 | 1,101 | 4,024 | 929 | 987 | 1,040 | 1,077 | 4,033 |
| 15. | Provincial | 928 | 898 | 1,012 | 1,033 | 3,871 | 1,029 | 977 | 1,079 | 1,065 | 4,150 |
| 16. | Local | 854 | 856 | 858 | 859 | 3,427 | 945 | 947 | 949 | 951 | 3,792 |
| 17. 18. | Other current transfers from persons | 235 | 165 | 157 | 237 | 794 | 307 | 245 | 238 | 259 | 1,049 |
| 18. | Federal <br> Provincial | 217 | 1 146 | 1 138 | 1 217 | 4 718 | 1 289 | 1 225 | 1 | - | 3 |
| 20. | Local | 17 | 17 | 17 | 18 | 69 | 17 | 18 | 19 | 19 | 70 |
| 21. | Hospitals | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 19 | 73 3 |
| 3 | Investment income | 477 | 506 | 471 | 591 | 2,045 | 565 | 588 | 607 | 694 | 2,454 |
| 23 | Federal | 229 | 254 | 238 | 315 | 1,036 | 245 | 304 | 305 | 357 | 1,211 |
| 2e | Provincial | 206 | 192 | 184 | 206 | 788 | 259 | 208 | 235 | 249 | 951 |
| 25. | Local | 19 | 24 | 20 | 25 | 88 | 22 | 25 | 22 | 25 | 94 |
| 38 | Hospitals .......................... | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 5 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 5 |
| 27. | Canada Pension Plan ............... | 22 | 35 | 28 | 43 | 128 | 38 | 50 | 44 | 61 | 193 |
| 35. | Current transfers from other levels of government | 1.704 | 2,179 | 1,644 | 1,835 | 7,362 | 2,022 | 2,401 | 2,165 | 2,322 |  |
| 29. | Provinces - From Canada ............ | 671 | 678 | 615 | 666 | 2,630 | 760 | 803 | 875 | 2,877 | 3,315 |
| 30. | - From local governments | 12 | 11 | 8 | 13 | 44 | 12 | 6 | 11 | 16 |  |
| 31. | Local governments - From Canada ... | 25 | 26 | 29 | 18 | 98 | 15 | 28 | 21 | 18 | 82 |
| 32. | - From provinces | 498 | 974 | 503 | 631 | 2,606 | 632 | 1,006 | 690 | 836 | 3,164 |
| 33. | Hospitals - From provinces ........ | 493 | 484 | 483 | 501 | 1,961 | 597 | 552 | 562 | 569 | 2,280 |
| 34. | - From local govermments | 5 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 23 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 5 | - 24 |
| 35. | Total revenue | 8,202 | 9,100 | 8,450 | 9,120 | 34,872 | 9,238 | 9,983 | 9,665 | 10,079 | 38,965 |
| 36. | Federal. | 3,215 | 3,623 | 3,446 | 3,807 | 14,091 | 3,503 | 3,855 | 3,743 | 3,953 | $15,054$ |
| 37. | Provincie: | 2,804 | 2,752 | 2,781 | 3,029 | 11,366 | 3,209 | 3,177 | 3,324 | 3,436 | $13,146$ |
| 38. | Loca! . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 1,413 | 1,897 | 1,427 | 1,551 | 6,288 | 1,631 | 2,024 | 1,701 | 1,849 | 7,205 |
| 39. | Hospitals ......................... | 499 | 492 | 491 | 510 | 1,992 | 604 | 560 | 570 | 1,578 | 2,312 |
| 40. | Canada Pension Plan . ............... | 202 | 254 | 236 | 174 | 866 | 226 | 282 | 244 | 214 | $966$ |
| 41. | Quebec Pension Plan .............. | 69 | 82 | 69 | 49 | 269 | 65 | 85 | 83 | $49$ | $282$ |
| CURRENT EXPENDITURE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 42. Gurrent expenditure on goods and |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | services (5).. | 3,382 | 3,226 | 3,455 | 3,617 | 13,680 | 3,912 | 3,759 | 3,910 | 4,221 | 15,802 |
| 43. | Federal (Defence) | $\begin{aligned} & 1,166 \\ & (493) \end{aligned}$ | 957 (396) | 1,078 | 1,092 | 4,293 | 1,271 | 1,123 | 1,017 | 1,100 | 4,511 |
| 45. | (Defence) Provincial | $(493)$ 687 | (396) | (454) | (463) 782 | $(1,806)$ <br> 2,736 | (530) | $(430)$ 779 | (449) | (459) | (1,868) |
| 46. | Local | 1,111 | 1,225 | 1,274 | 1,281 | 4,891 | 1,244 | 1,373 | 970 1,428 | 1,074 | 3,747 5,586 |
| 47. | Hospitals | - 418 | - 433 | 1,247 | - 462 | 1,760 | 1, 473 | -484 | 1,428 495 | 1,541 506 | 1,586 |
| 48. | Transfer payments to persons ........ | 1,517 | 1,491 | 1,490 | 1,562 | 6,060 | 1,748 | 1,633 | 1,694 | 1,729 | 6,804 |
| 49. | Federal ............................... | 966 | 940 | 847 | 849 | 3,602 | 1,066 | 1,053 | -,956 | - 978 | 4,053 |
| 50. | Provincial | 518 | 513 | 601 | 670 | 2,302 | 637 | 526 | 682 | 688 | 2,533 |
| 51. | Local . .............................. | 25 | 26 | 27 | 27 | 105 | 25 | 29 | 29 | 31 | 2, 114 |
| 52. | Canada Pension Plan | 6 | 9 | 11 | 12 | 38 | 15 | 19 | 20 | 24 | 114 78 |
| 22. | Quebec Pension Plan ............... | 2 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 13 | 5 | 6 | 7 | - 8 | 26 |
| 54. | Subsidies | 143 | 145 | 205 | 182 | 675 | 148 | 187 | 21.7 |  |  |
| 55. | Federal | 120 | 134 | 151 | 155 | 560 | 131 | 168 | 151 | 143 | 724 593 |
| 54. | Provincial | 23 | 11 | 54 | 27 | 115 | 17 | 19 | 66 | 129 | 131 |

San footnote(s) at end of cable.

TABLE 6. Government Revenue, Expenditure and Surplus or Deficit, by Level of Government, by Quarters - Continuet (millions of dollars)

|  |  | 1969 |  |  |  |  | 1970 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | I | II | 111 | IV | Year | 1 | I I | 111 | 1v | Year |
| 57. | Capital Assistance | 20 | 28 | 23 | 36 | 107 | 33 | 41 | 22 | 28 | 124 |
| 58. | Federal . | 16 | 26 | 17 | 29 | 88 | 25 | 39 | 16 | 20 | 100 |
| 59. | Erovincial | 4 | 2 | 6 | 7 | 19 | 8 | 2 |  | 8 | 24 |
| 60. | Current transfers to Non-residents Federal | 26 | 59 | 55 | 44 | 184 | 42 | 53 | 89 | 60 | 244 |
| 61. | Interest on the pubiic debt .......... | 577 | 700 | 624 | 720 | 2,621 | 688 | 808 | 720 | 814 | 3,030 |
| 62. | Federal (6) ......................... | 341 | 416 | 404 | 428 | 1,589 | 427 | 487 | 463 | 484 | 1,861 |
| 63. | Provincial | 155 | 145 | $127$ | $160$ | 587 | 172 | 157 | 161 | 189 | 679 |
| 64. | tocal | 81 | 139 | $93$ | $132$ | 445 | 89 | 164 | 96 | 141 | 490 |
| 65. | Current transfers to other levels of government | 1,704 | 2,179 | 1,644 | 1,835 | 7,362 | 2,022 | 2,401 | 2,165 | 2,322 | 8,910 |
| 66. | Canada - To provinces . . . . . . . . . . . . | 671 | 678 | 615 | 666 | 2,630 | 760 | 803 | 875 | 877 | 3,315 |
| 67. | - To local governments ..... | 25 | 26 | 29 | 18 | 98 | 15 | 28 | 21 | 18 | 82 |
| 68. | Provinces - To local governments .. | 498 | 974 | 503 | 631 | 2,606 | 632 | 1,006 | 690 | 836 | 3,164 |
| 69. | - To hospitals .......... | 493 | 484 | 483 | 501 | 1,961 | 597 | 552 | 562 | 569 | 2,280 |
| 70. | Local governments - To provinces .. | 12 | 11 | 8 | 13 | - 44 | 12 | 6 | 11 | 16 | 45 |
| 71. | - To hospitals. | 5 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 23 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 24 |
| 72. | Total current expenditure(7) ........ | 7,369 | 7,828 | 7,496 | 7,996 | 30,689 | 8,593 | 8,882 | 8,817 | 9,346 | 35,638 |
| 73. | Federal .............................. | 3,331 | 3,236 | 3,196 | 3,281 | 13,044 | 3,737 | 3,754 | 3,588 | 3,680 | 14,759 |
| 74. | Provinctal | 2,378 | 2,740 | 2,430 | 2,778 | 10,325 | 2,96,7 | 3,041 | 3,137 | 3,393 | 12,558 |
| 75. | Local .............................. . . | 1,2:14 | 1,407 | 1,438 | 1,459 | 5,508 | 1,376 | 1,578 | 1,570 | 1,735 | 6,259 |
| 76. | Hospitals | 418 | 433 | 447 | 462 | 1,760 | 473 | 484 | 495 | 506 | 1,958 |
| 77. | Canada Pension Plan | 6 | 9 | 11 | 12 | 38 | 15 | 19 | 20 | 24 | 78 |
| 78. | Quebec Pension Plan | 2 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 13 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 26 |
| 79. | Saving (Total revenue less total current expenditure) | 833 | 1,272 | 954 | 1,124 | 4,183 | 645 | 1,101 | 848 | 733 | 3.327 |
| 80. | Federal ... | -115 | 387 | 250 | 526 | 1,047 | -234 | 101 | 155 | 273 | 295 |
| 81. | Provincial | 426 | 12. | 351 | 251 | 1,040 | 222 | 136 | 187 | 43 | 588 |
| 82. | Local | 179 | 490 | 19 | 92 | 780 | 255 | 446 | 131 | 114 | 56 |
| 83. | Hospitals | 81 | 59 | 44 | 48 | 232 | 131 | 76 | 75 | 72 | 354 |
| 84. | Canada Eension Plan | 196 | 245 | 225 | 162 | 828 | 211 | 263 | 224 | 190 | 368 |
| 85. | Quebec Pension Plan | 67 | 79 | 65 | 45 | 256 | 60 | 79 | 76 | 41 | 256 |
|  | SURPLUS OR DEFICIT ON A NATIONAL ACCOUNTS BASIS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Saving as above: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Add: Capital consumption allowances |  |  |  | 280 | 1,083 | 287 | 294 | 301 | 308 | 1, 190 |
| 87. | Federal | 50 | 52 | 53 | 54 | 209 | 55 | 57 | 58 | 60 | 230 |
| 88. | Provincial | 83 | 85 | 86 | 86 | 340 | 88 | 90 | 91 | 92 | 361 |
| 89. | Local | 105 | 108 | 111 | 115 | 440 | 119 | 121 | 125 | 129 | 494 |
| 90. | Hospitels | 22 | 23 | 24 | 25 | 94 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 27 | 105 |
| 91. | Deduct: Gross capital formation | 561 | 719 | 966 | 812 | 3,058 | 584 | 762 | 1,029 | 864 | 3,239 |
| 92. | Federal | 85 | 101 | 168 | 129 | 483 | 92 | 115 | 194 | 136 | 537 |
| 93. | Provincial | 234 | 193 | 290 | 308 | 1,025 | 233 | 212 | 309 | 308 | 1,062 |
| 94. | Loca $1 . .$. | 192 | 372 | 455 | 318 | 1,337 | 207 | 380 | 470 | 363 | 1,420 |
| 95. | Hospitals | 50 | 53 | 53 | 57 | 21.3 | 52 | 55 | 56 | 57 | 220 |
| 96. | Equals: Surplus $(+)$ or deficit ( - ) .... | 533 | 821 | 262 | 592 | 2,208 | 348 | 633 | 120 | 177 | 1,278 |
| 97. | Federal .............................. | -151 | 338 | 135 | 451 | 773 | -271 | 43 | 19 | 197 | - 12 |
| 98. | Provincial | 275 | -96 | 147 | 29 | 355 | 77 | 14 | -31 | -1.73 | -113 |
| 99. | Local | 93 | 226 | -325 | -111 | -117 | 167 | 187 | -214 | -120 | 20 |
| 100. | Hospitals . | 53 | 29 | 15 | 16 | 113 | 104 | 47 | 46 | 42 | 239 |
| 101. | Canada Pension Plan | 196 | 245 | 225 | 162 | 828 | 211 | 263 | 224 | 190 | 888 |
| 102. | Quebec Pension Plan | 67 | 79 | 65 | 45 | 256 | 60 | 79 | 76 | 41 | 256 |

(1) Includes the newly imposed taxes on life insurance companies. At the present time, for national accounts purposes, life insurance companies are treated as associations of individuals in so far as their investment activities are concerned. The new taxes are thus included here pending a complete review of the treatment of insurance.
(2) Excludes the refundable tax on corporate cash profits introduced May 1966. Refunding of the tax began in the third quarter of 1968. The amounts are as follows:

(3) For the years 1950-1956 the data refer to provincial income tax collections; from 1957 on they refer to tax liabilitias
(4) Withholding taxes.
(5) Inctudes capital consumption allowances as shown in line 86.
(6) From 1951, interest on the federal public debt is on an accrual basis; prior to 1951 it is on a "due" date basis.
(7) See footnote 5 .

MBLE 7. Transactions of Residents with Non-residents in the National Income and Expenditure Accounts, by Quarters, 1967 and 1968
(millions of dollars)

|  | 1967 |  |  |  |  | 1968 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | IV | Year | I | II | III | IV | Year |
| 1. Exports of goods and services | 3,175 | 3,846 | 3,926 | 3,766 | 14,713 | 3,597 | 4,310 | 4,420 | 4,392 | 16,719 |
| 2. Merchandise . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 2,596 | 3,003 | 2,691 | 3,048 | 11,338 | 3,017 | 3,532 | 3,321 | 3,667 | 13,537 |
| 3. Non-merchandise | 579 | 843 | 1,235 | 718 | 3,375 | 580 | 778 | 1,099 | 725 | 3,182 |
| 4. Deduct: Imports of goods and services | -3,467 | -4,099 | $-3,751$ | -3,918 | -15,235 | -3,851 | -4,349 | -4, 160 | -4,650 | -17,010 |
| 5. Merchandise | -2,481 | -2,975 | -2,591 | -2,725 | -10,772 | -2,754 | -3, 140 | -2,859 | -3,409 | -12,162 |
| 6. Non-merchandise | . 986 | -1,124 | -1,160 | -1,193 | -4,463 | -1,097 | -1,209 | -1,301 | -1,241 | $-4,848$ |
| 7. Add: Net current tranafers abroad .... | -38 | -62 | -14 | 21 | -93 | 20 | 8 | -22 | 17 | 23 |
| 8. Current transfers to abroad (-) (1) .. | -89 | -139 | -62 | -64 | - 354 | -52 | -76 | -86 | -67 | -281 |
| 9. Current transfers from abroad ( + ) (2) | 51 | 77 | 48 | 85 | 261 | 72 | 84 | 64 | 84 | 304 |
| 10. Equals: Saving (3) | -330 | -315 | 161 | -131 | -615 | -234 | -31 | 238 | -241 | -268 |
| Reconcilation with the "Canadian Balance of International Payments": |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Saving as above ........... | -330 | -315 | 161 | -131 | -615 | -234 | -31 | 238 | -241 | -268 |
| Add: Net inheritances and migrants ${ }^{*}$ funds | 17 | 46 | 39 | 14 | 116 | 7 | 46 | 75 | 33 | 161 |
| Equals: Surplus ( $t$ ) or deficit( $(-)$ on current account as per "Canadian Balance of International Paye |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ments ${ }^{\prime \prime}(4)$. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | -313 | -269 | 200 | -117 | -499 | -227 | 15 | 313 | -208 | -207 |

Spe (oosme ce (e) baiow


(millions of dollars)

|  | 1969 |  |  |  |  | 1970 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | IV | Year | I | II | III | IV | Year |
| 1. Exports of goods and services | 4,128 | 4,700 | 4,741 | 4,899 | 18,468 | 4,724 | 5,552 | 5,431 | 5,262 | 20,969 |
| 2. Merchandise | 3,467 | 3,809 | 3,545 | 4,053 | 14,874 | 3,950 | 4,540 | 4,056 | 4,332 | 16,878 |
| 3. Non-merchandise | 661 | 891 | 1,196 | 846 | 3,594 | 774 | 1,012 | 1,375 | 930 | 4,091 |
| 4. Deduct: Imports of goods and services | -4,430 | -5,095 | -4,769 | -5,141 | -19,435 | -4,714 | -5,360 | -4,963 | -4,796 | -19,833 |
| 5. Merchandise . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | -3,226 | -3,706 | -3,303 | -3,752 | -13,987 | -3,305 | -3,875 | -3,317 | -3,337 | -13,834 |
| 6. Non-merchandise | -1,204 | -1,389 | -1,466 | -1,389 | -5,448 | -1,409 | -1,485 | -1,646 | -1,459 | -5,999 |
| 7. Add: Net current transfers abroad . . . | 7 | 5 | - 17 | 12 | 7 | 13 | 4 | -52 | 14 | -21 |
| 8. Current transfers to abroad (-) (1) .. | -61 | -91 | -88 | -76 | -316 | -77 | -90 | -122 | -96 | -385 |
| 9. Current transfers from abroad ( + ) (2) | 68 | 96 | 71 | 88 | 323 | 90 | 94 | 70 | 110 | 364 |
| 10. Equals: Saving (3) .................... | -295 | -390 | -45 | -230 | -960 | 23 | 196 | 426 | 480 | 1,115 |
| Reconcilation with the "Canadian Balance of International Payments": |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Saving as above | -295 | -390 | -45 | -230 | 960 | 23 | 196 | 416 | 480 | 1,115 |
| Add: Net inheritances and migrants' funds | 22 | 56 | 51 | 40 | 169 | 30 | 52 | 60 | 22 | 164 |
| Equals: Surplus(+) or deficit(-) on current account as per "Canadian Balance of International Pay- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ments" ${ }^{\prime \prime} 4$ ) ....................... | -273 | -334 | 6 | . 190 | .791 | 53 | 248 | 476 | 502 | 1,279 |

Th Includes personal remittances, government official contributions and government pension payments.
(2) Includes withholding taxes and personal remittances from abroad.
(3) Saving of residents on transactions with non-residents in the national income and expenditure accounts. A negative figure indicates savings made available to the economy by non-residents (see line 8, Table 8),
(6) See "Quarterly Estimates of the Canadian Balance of International Payments", DBS 67-001.

TABLE 8. Sources of Gross Saving, by Quarters, 1967 and 1968
(millions of dollars)


See footnote below.

Thbut 3. Souctad of Gcose Saving, by Quartarn 1969 and 1970
(miilions of dollars)

 Canadian Wheat Board. See also footnote 1, Table 4 .

TABLE 9. Disposition of Gross Saving, by Quarters, 1967 and 1968 (millions of dollars)


See footnote below.

TABLE 9. Disposition of Gross Saving, by Quarters, 1969 and 1970 (millions of dollars)

|  | 1969 |  |  |  |  | 1970 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | IV | Year | I | II | III | IV | Year |
| 1. Total gross fixed capital formation(1) | 3,688 | 4,328 | 4,652 | 4,574 | 17,242 | 3,860 | 4,403 | 4,854 | 4,844 | 17,961 |
| 2. Residential construction ........... | 793 | 948 | 1,079 | 1,035 | 3,855 | 755 | 795 | 947 | 1,061 | 3,558 |
| 3. Non-residential construction | 1,506 | 1,748 | 2,186 | 2,039 | 7,479 | 1,625 | 1,904 | 2,394 | 2,237 | 8,160 |
| 4. Machinery and equipment | 1,389 | 1,632 | 1,387 | 1,500 | 5,908 | 1,480 | 1,704 | 1,513 | 1,546 | 6,243 |
| 5. Value of physical change in inventories | - 117 | - 20 | 1,605 | - 425 | 1,043 | - 191 | 159 | 935 | - 781 | 122 |
| b. Residual error of estimate | 430 | 426 | 289 | - 114 | 1,031 | 438 | 224 | 165 | - 375 | 452 |
| 7. Total | 4,001 | 4,734 | 6,546 | 4,035 | 19,316 | 4,107 | 4,786 | 5,954 | 3,688 | 18,535 |

(1) For a breakdown between goverment and business, see Table 2.

TABLE 10. Gross National Expenditure in Constant (1961) Dollars, by Quarters, 1967 and 1968(1)
(millions of dollars)


Talliz 10. Gross National Expenditure in Constant (1961) Dollars, by Quarters, 1969 and 1970(1) (millions of dollars)

(1) The implicit price deflators of the seasonally unadjusted components of Gross National Expenditure, derived by dividing the value figures in Table 2 by the constant dollar figures in Table 10, are not suitable as indicators of quarter-toquarter price change. This is because they are currently weighted and therefore are affected by compositional shifts which occur within the unadjusted components of Gross National Expenditure on a quarter-to-quarter basis. Quarter-toquarter movements in the implicit price deflators based on seasonally adjusted data are less subject to the problem of shifting weights and may be used as a measure of price change.
(millions of dollars)

|  | 1967 |  |  |  |  | 1968 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | IV | Year | 1 | II | III | IV | Year |
| 1. Wages, salaries, and supplementary labour income | 34,208 | 34,996 | 35,756 | 36,140 | 35,275 | 36,912 | 37,976 | 38,876 | 40,208 | 38,493 |
| 2. Military pay and allowances .. | 820 | 848 | 884 | 804 | 839 | 868 | 808 | 38,864 | 40, 940 | -860 |
| 3. Corporation profits before taxes(1)* | 6,664 | 6,640 | 6,844 | 6,948 | 6,774 | 6,960 | 7,316 | 7,568 | 7,924 | 7,442 |
| 4. Deduct: Dividends paid to non-residents(2) | - 736 | - 824 | - 920 | -936 | -854 | -816 | -892 | -860 | -740 | -827 |
| 5. Interest, and miscellaneous investment income (3) | 2,308 | 2,304 | 2,332 | 2,396 | 2,335 | 2,356 | 2,492 | 2,704 | 2,732 | 2,571 |
| 6. Accrued net income of farm operators from farm production(4) ........... | 1,452 | 1,540 | 1,212 | 1,020 | 1,306 | 1,536 | 1,256 | 1,516 | 1,576 | 1,471 |
| 7. Net income of non-farm unincorporated business including rent(5) .......... | 3,708 | 3,864 | 4,048 | 4,084 | 3,926 | 4,104 | 4,208 | 4,244 | 4,316 | 4,218 |
| 8. Inventory valuation adjustment(6) .... | - 448 |  | - 324 | - 368 | - 323 | -352 | -196 | -272 | -448 | -317 |
| 9. NET NATIONAL INCOME AT FACTOR COST | 47,976 | 49,216 | 49,832 | 50,088 | 49,278 | 51,528 | 52,968 | 54,640 | 56,508 | 53,911 |
| 10. Indirect taxes less subsidies | 8,796 | 8,784 | 8,744 | 8,820 | 8,786 | 9,516 | 9,512 | 9,700 | 9,980 | 9,677 |
| 11. Capital consumption allowances and miscellaneous valuation adjustments | 7,752 | 7,900 | 7.848 | 8,008 | 7,877 | 8,168 | 8,416 | 8,488 | 8,572 | 8,411 |
| 12. Residual error of estimate .......... | - 292 | - 144 | - 200 | -240 | - 219 | -312 | -664 | -548 | -920 | -611 |
| 13. GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT AT MARKET PRICES | 64,232 | 65,756 | 66,224 | 66,676 | 65,722 | 68,900 | 70,232 | 72,280 | 74,140 | 71,388 |
| 14. (Gross national product at market prices excluding accrued net income of farm operators) | $(62,780)$ | $(64,216)$ | $(65,012)$ | $(65,656)$ | $(64,416)$ | $(67,364)$ | $(68,976)$ | $(70,764)$ | $(72,564)$ | $(69,917)$ |

See footnote(s) below.

TABLE 11. National Income and Gross National Product, by Quarters, 1969 and : 770 Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates
(millions of dollars)

|  | 1969 |  |  |  |  | 19.0 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | IV | Year | I | II | III | IV | Year |
| 1. Wages, salaries, and supplementary labour income | 41,672 | 42,612 | 43,724 | 44,804 | 43,203 | 46,156 | 46,444 | 47,212 | 48,360 | 47,043 |
| 2. Military pay and allowances ...... | 840 | 920 | -884 | -948 | 898 | -896 | -908 | 8884 | - 936 | -906 |
| 3. Corporation profits before taxes(1)* | 8,160 | 8,084 | 7.576 | 7,588 | 7,852 | 7,740 | 7,412 | 7,596 | 6,708 | $7,364$ |
| 4. Deduct: Dividends paid to non-residents(2). | -808 | -832 | -772 | -860 | -818 | -1,076 | -868 | -896 | -784 | -906 |
| 5. Interest, and miscellaneous investment income (3) | 3,076 | 3,132 | 3,252 | 3,288 | 3,187 | 3,416 | 3,560 | 3,836 | 3,644 | 3,614 |
| 6. Accrued net income of fam operators from farm production(4) ............. | 1,540 | 1,552 | 1,964 | 1,724 | 1,695 | 1,380 | 1,536 | 1,116 | 1,444 | 1,369 |
| 7. Net income of non-fsm unincorporated business including rent (5) ......... | 4,292 | 4,388 | 4,480 | 4,480 | 4,410 | 4,488 | 4,484 | 4,564 | $4,668$ | $4,551$ |
| 8. Inventory valuation adjustment (6) .... | -536 | -616 | -460 | -584 | -549 | -380 | -188 | $-84$ | $-32$ | $-171$ |
| 9. net national income at factor cost . | 58,236 | 59,240 | 60,648 | 61,388 | 59,878 | 62,620 | 63,288 | 64,228 | 64,944 | 63,770 |
| 10. Indirect taxes less subsidies ....... | 10,456 | 10,524 | 10,692 | 10.916 | 10,647 | 11,152 | 11,096 | 11,420 | 11,336 | 11,251 |
| 11. Capital consumption allowances and miscellaneous valuation adjustments | 8,796 | $8,872$ | $9,200$ | 9,396 | $9,066$ | 9,732 | 9,924 | 10,080 | 9,856 | 9,898 |
| 12. Residual error of estimate .......... | -1,044 | -1,184 | $-1,200$ | -696 | -1,031 | -820 | -484 | -740 | 240 | -451 |
| 13. GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT AT MARKET PRICES | 76,444 | 77,452 | 79,340 | 81,004 | 78,560 | 82,684 | 83,824 | 84,988 | 86, 376 | 84,468 |
| 14. (Gross national product at market prices excluding accured net income of famm operators) ..................... | (74,904) | $(75,900)$ | $(77,376)$ | $(79,280)$ | $(76,865)$ | $(81,304)$ | $(82,288)$ | 53.802 | (84. 238$)$ | 43, 4903 |

(1) See footnote 1, Table 1. *See Technical Note re Corporation and Labour Unions Returns Act, page 4.
(2) See footnote 2, Table 1.
(3) See footnote 3, Table 1.
(4) IncIudes an arbitrary smoothing of crop production, and standard seasonal adjustments for withitaulat of gtaln from tara stocks and for the change in farm-held livestock and other inventories. Because of the arbitrary aicnent, iwo prucist an interpretation should not be given the seasonally adjusted figures of accrued net income of farm operators,
(5) See footnote 5, Table 1.
(6) See footnote 4, Table 2.
(millions of dollars)

|  | 1967 |  |  |  |  | 1968 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | IV | Year | I | II | III | IV | Year |
| and services | 37,596 | 38,524 | 39,580 | 40,292 | 38,998 | 41,104 | 41,596 | 42,812 | 43,928 | 42,360 |
| goods and services(1) | 10,452 | 11,048 | 11,036 | 11,200 | 10,934 | 11,660 | 11,744 | 12,328 | 12,900 | 12,158 |
| 3. Gross fixed capital formation | 16,004 | 15,956 | 15,624 | 15,152 | 15,684 | 15,744 | 15,548 | 15,744 | 16,200 | 15,809 |
| 4. Covernment (2) ........................ | 2,952 | 2,980 | 2,980 | 2,964 | 2,969 | 2,988 | 3,012 | 2,988 | 2,992 | 2,995 |
| 6. Non-residential construction | 2,584 | 2,612 | 2,600 | 2,600 | 2,599 | 2,592 | 2,608 | 2,600 | 2,608 | 2,602 |
| 79 Machinery and equipment ... | 356 | 356 | 368 | 348 | 357 | 388 | 392 | 372 | 368 | 380 |
| 8. Business (3) | 13,052 | 12,976 | 12,644 | 12,188 | 12,715 | 12,756 | 12,536 | 12,756 | 13,208 | 12,814 |
| 9. Residential construction | 2,584 | 2,712 | 2,964 | 2,976 | 2,809 | 3,024 | 3,200 | 3,208 | 3,584 | 3,254 |
| 10. Non-residential construction | 4,628 | 4,544 | 4,504 | 4,456 | 4,533 | 4,532 | 4,536 | 4,536 | 4,564 | 4,542 |
| 11. Machinery and equipment .... | 5,840 | 5,720 | 5,176 | 4,756 | 5,373 | 5,200 | 4,800 | 5,012 | 5,060 | 5,018 |
| 12. Value of physical change in inventories | 440 | 640 | 668 | - 116 | 408 | 656 | 508 | 1,016 | 784 | 741 |
| 13. Government | 12 | 32 | 36 | 36 | 29 | 20 | 20 | 40 | 36 | 29 |
| Business |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 14. Non-farm(4) ................. | 540 | 540 | 612 | - 224 | 367 | 408 | 364 | 816 | 304 | 473 |
| channels(5) ......... | - 112 | 68 | 20 | 72 | 12 | 228 | 1.24 | 160 | 444 | 239 |
| 16. Exports of goods and services | 14,436 | 14,912 | 14,516 | 14,988 | 14,713 | 16,032 | 16,572 | 16,808 | 17,464 | 16,719 |
| 17. Ceduct: Imports of goods and services | -14,984 | -15,472 | -15,400 | -15,084 | - 15,235 | -16,608 | -16,400 | $-16,972$ | -18,060 | - 17,010 |
| 18. Residual error of estimate. | 288 | 148 | 200 | 244 | 220 | 312 | 664 | 544 | 924 | 611 |
| 19. GROSS NATIONAL EXPENDITURE AT MARKET PRICES | 64,232 | 65,756 | 66,224 | 66,676 | 65,722 | 68,900 | 70,232 | 72,280 | 74,140 | 71,388 |
| Detail of Farm Inventories and GICC: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Depletions of farm stocks of gralin | 1,208 $-1,308$ | 1,208 $-1,440$ | 1,208 $-1,452$ | 1,212 $-1,232$ | 1,209 $-1,358$ | 1,480 $-1,428$ | 1,484 $-1,172$ | 1,484 -988 | 1,484 $-1,296$ | 1,483 $-1,221$ |
| Change in other farm-held inventories | -36 | 140 | - -84 | - 20 | - | - 28 | - 56 | - 64 | - 24 | - 29 |
| Grain in comercial channels | 24 | 160 | 348 | 112 | 161 | 148 | - 132 | - 272 | 280 | 6 |

(1) Includes defence expenditures. Data for the years 1967-1968 are shown in line 44, Table 16.
(2) See footnote 2, Table 2.
(3) See footnote 3, Table 2 .
(4) See footnote 4, Table 2 .
(5) In the seasonally adjusted series, the value of grain crop production in each quarter is taken as one-fourth of the estimated value of crop production for the vear as a whole (see footnote 4, Table 1l). All other items in the farm inventories series are seasonally adjusted by standard techniques.

TABLE 13. Relation between Gross National Product at Market Prices and Gross Domestic Product at Factor Cost, by Quarters, 1967 and 1968 Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Retes
(millions of dollars)

|  | 1967 |  |  |  |  | 1968 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | IV | Yeat | I | II | III | IV | Year |
| 1. GROSS MATIONAL PRODUCT AT MARKET Prices | 64,232 | 65,756 | 66,224 | 66,676 | 65,722 | 68,900 | 70,232 | 72,280 | 74,140 | 71,388 |
| 2. Deduct: Residual error of estimate | 292 | 144 | 200 | 240 | 219 | 312 | 664 | 548 | 920 | 611 |
| 3. Indirect taxes less subsidies <br> Income received from non-resi- | - 8,796 | - 8,784 | - 8,744 | 8,820 | - 8,786 | - 9,516 | - 9,512 | -9,700 | - 9,980 | - 9,677 |
| cents | - 492 | - 400 | - 488 | - 476 | - 464 | - 516 | - 572 | - 640 | - 632 | - 590 |
| 5. Add: Income paid to non-residents | 1,580 | 1,700 | 1,808 | 1,844 | 1,733 | 1,796 | 1,864 | 1,900 | 1,804 | 1,841 |
| 6. EROSS DOMESTIC PRODUCT AT FACTOR COST | 56,816 | 58,416 | 59,000 | 59,464 | 58,424 | 60,976 | 62,676 | 64,388 | 66,252 | 63,573 |

TABIE 12. Gross National Expenditure, by Quarters, 1969 and 1974 Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates
(millions of dollars)

(1) Includes defence expenditures. Data for 1969 and 1970 are shown in line 44, Table 16 .
(2) See footnote 2, Table 2.
(3) See footnote 3, Table 2.
(4) See footnote 4, Table 2.
(5) In the geasonally adjusted series, the value of grain crop production in each quarter is taken as one-fourth of the estimated value of crop production for the year as a whole (see footnote 4, Table 11 ). All other items in the farm inventories geries are seasonally adjusted by standard techniques.

TABLE 13. Relation between Gross National Product at Market Prices and Gross Domestic Product at Factor Cost, by Quarters, 1969 and 1970 Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates
(millions of dollars)

|  | 1969 |  |  |  |  | 1970 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 | II | III | IV | Year | I | II | III | IV | Year |
| 1. Gross national product at market prices | 76,444 | 77,452 | 79,340 | 81,004 | 78,560 | 82,684 | 83,824 | 84,988 | 86,376 | 84,468 |
| 2. Deduct: Residual error of estimate.... | 1,044 | 1,184 | 1,200 | 696 | 1,031 | 820 | 484 | 740 | - 240 | $451$ |
| 3. Indirect taxes less subsidies | -10,456 | -10,524 | -10,692 | $-10,916$ | - 10,647 | $-11,152$ | -11,096 | $-11,420$ | -11,336 | $-11,25!$ |
| 4. Income received from non-residents | - 768 | - 852 | - 860 | -908 | -847 | - 1,004 | - 1,036 | $-1,176$ | $-1,080$ | $-1,+\pi$ |
| 5. Add: Income paid to non-residents .. | 1,936 | 2.040 | 2,068 | 2,100 | 2,036 | 2,456 | 2.224 | $\begin{aligned} & 1,100 \\ & 2,360 \end{aligned}$ | $2,240$ | $2,780$ |
| 6. GROSS dOMESTIC PRODUCT AT FACTOR COST | 68,200 | 69,300 | 71,056 | 71,976 | 70,133 | 73,804 | 74,400 | 75,492 | 75,960 | 74, 314 |


|  | 1967 |  |  |  |  | 1968 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 | II | III | IV | Year | 1 | II | III | IV | Year |
| 1. Wages, salaries, and supplementary labour income | 34,208 | 34,996 | 35,756 | 36, 140 | 35,275 | 36,912 | 37,976 | 38,876 | 40,208 | 38,493 |
| 2. Military pay and allowances | 820 | 848 | 884 | 804 | 839 | 828 | 808 | 864 | 940 | 860 |
| Net income received by farm operators frow farm production(1) ............. | 1,508 | 1,532 | 1,400 | 1,076 | 1,379 | 1,764 | 1,508 | 1,768 | 1,720 | 1,690 |
| 4. Net income of non-farm unincorporated business including rent .............. | 3,708 | 3,864 | 4,048 | 4,084 | 3,926 | 4,104 | 4,208 | 4,244 | 4,316 | 4,218 |
| Interest, dividends, and miscellaneous investment income (2) .................. | 3,832 | 3,908 | 4,028 | 4,156 | 3,981 | 4,232 | 4,344 | 4,456 | 4,480 | 4,378 |
| 6. $\frac{\text { Current transfers }}{\text { From zovernment }}$ | 4,396 |  |  | 4,936 | 4,645 | 4,900 |  |  | 5,696 |  |
| 7. Transfer payments to persons | 4,388 | 4,632 | 4,608 | 4,932 | 4,640 | 4,892 | 5,288 | 5,512 | 5,692 | 5,346 |
| 8. Capital assistance ................ | 8 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 5 | 8 | 4 | 8 | 4 |  |
| 9. From corporations(3) ............... | 120 | 120 | 116 | 124 | 120 | 128 | 128 | 124 | 128 | 127 |
| 10. From non-residents ................. | 40 | 44 | 44 | 44 | 43 | 92 | 96 | 96 | 96 | 95 |
| 11. PERSONAL INCOAE . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 48,632 | 49,948 | 50,888 | 51,364 | 50,208 | 52,960 | 54,360 | 55,948 | 57,584 | 55,213 |

See footnote (s) below.
 Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates
(millions of dollars)

|  | 1969 |  |  |  |  | 1970 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 | II | III | IV | Year | I | II | III | IV | Year |
| labour income | 41,672 | 42,612 | 43,724 | 44,804 | 43,203 | 46,156 | 46,444 | 47,212 | 48,360 | 47,043 |
| 2. Military pay and allowances | 840 | 920 | 884 | 948 | 898 | 896 | 908 | 884 | 936 | 906 |
| - Net income received by farm operators from farm production(1) ............. | 1,412 | 1,524 | 1,976 | 1,664 | 1,644 | 1,200 | 1,356 | 916 | 1,176 | 1,162 |
| Net income of non-farm unincorporated business including rent ............. | 4,292 | 4,388 | 4,480 | 4,480 | 4,410 | 4,488 | 4,484 | 4,564 | 4,668 | 4,551 |
| Interest, dividends, and miscellaneous investment income (2) | 4,712 | 4,908 | 5,060 | 5,164 | 4,961 | 5,248 | 5,416 | 5,464 | 5,472 | 5,400 |
| 6. $\frac{\text { Current transfers }}{\text { From government }}$ | 5,632 | 6,056 | 6,224 | 6,344 | 6,064 | 6,472 | 6,588 | 7,068 | 7,100 | 6,807 |
| 7. Transfer payments to persons | 5,628 | 6,052 | 6,216 | 6,344 | 6,060 | 6,472 | 6,584 | 7,064 | 7,096 | 6,804 |
| 8. Capital assistance .......... | 4 | 4 | B | - | 4 | - | 4 | 4 | 4 | 3 |
| 9. From corporations (3) | 124 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 127 | 128 | 136 | 136 | 136 | 134 |
| 10. From non-residents | 88 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 91 | 100 | 96 | 100 | 92 | 97 |
| 11. PERSONAL INCOME | 58,772 | 60,628 | 62,568 | 63,624 | 61,398 | 64,688 | 65,428 | 66,344 | 67,940 | 66,100 |

(1) See footnote 1 , Table 4 .

13: Toa toocnicu i, Table 4 .
(3) than Yoocia: 3. Table 4.

Seasonally Adjusted at Amnual Ratus
(millons of dollars)


See footnote(s) below.

Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates
(millions of dollars)

|  | 1969 |  |  |  |  | 1970 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | IV | Year | $I$ | II | III | IV | Year |
| and services. | 45,256 | 46,032 | 46,648 | 48,188 | 46,531 | 48,008 | 48,580 | 49,312 | 50,080 | 48,995 |
| 2. Durable goods | 5,864 | 5,796 | 5,896 | 6,124 | 5,920 | 5,372 | 5,612 | 5,664 | 5,728 | 5,594 |
| 3. Semi-durable goods | 4,940 | 5,060 | 4,888 | 5,080 | 4,992 | 5,116 | 5,148 | 4,980 | 5,232 | 5,119 |
| 4. Non-durable goods | 17,384 | 17,648 | 17,936 | 18,756 | 17,931 | 19,156 | 19,136 | 19,560 | 19,788 | 19,410 |
| 5. Services (1) | 17,068 | 17,528 | 17,928 | 18,228 | 17,688 | 18,364 | 18,684 | 19,108 | 19,332 | 18,872 |
| Current transfers |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| To government |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6. Income taxes ...................... | 6,544 | 7,476 | 7,744 | 8,112 | 7,469 | 8,028 | 8,908 | 8,904 | 9,276 | 8,779 |
| 7. Succession duties and estate taxes <br> 8. Employer and employee contribu- | 236 | 232 | 240 | 240 | 237 | 240 | 256 | 296 | 236 | 257 |
| government pension funds ....... | 2,340 | 2,356 | 2,376 | 2,292 | 2,341 | 2,408 | 2,416 | 2,404 | 2,452 | 2,420 |
| 9. Other ............................... | 768 | 688 | 728 | 992 | 794 | 1,004 | 1,032 | 1,084 | 1,076 | 1,049 |
| 10. To corporations (2) | 440 | 456 | 472 | 472 | 460 | 476 | 480 | 488 | 492 | 484 |
| 11. To non-residents | 132 | 124 | 136 | 136 | 132 | 132 | 144 | 136 | 152 | 141 |
| 12. Personal saving | 3,056 | 3,264 | 4,224 | 3,192 | 3,434 | 4,392 | 3,612 | 3,720 | 4,176 | 3,975 |
| 13. PERSONAL INCOME | 58,772 | 60,628 | 62,568 | 63,624 | 61,398 | 64,688 | 65,428 | 66,344 | 67,940 | 66,100 |
| 14. (Personal disposable income) $(13-6-7-8-9) \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$ | $(48,884)$ | $(49,876)$ | $(51,480)$ | (51,988) | $(50,557)$ | (53, 008 | 52,816 | 53.656 | (54,900) | (53, 595 ) |

[^1] Teasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates
(millions of dollars)


[^2]TABLE 16. Government Revenue, Expenditure and Surplus or Deficit, by Level of Government, by Quartis Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates - Continued
(millions of dollars)


[^3]TilliL 16. Gavernment Reveest, Expenditure and Surplus or Deficit, by Level of Government, by Quarters Stasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates - Continued
(millions of dollars)

|  |  | 1969 |  |  |  |  | 1970 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1 | 11 | 111 | IV | Year | 1 | 11 | 111 | IV | Year |
| REVENUE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1 | Direct taxes - Persons | 9,120 | 10,064 | 10,360 | 10,644 | 10,047 | 10,676 | 11,580 | 11,604 | 11,964 | 11,456 |
| 2. | Federal (1) | 5,820 | 6,516 | 6,708 | 6,960 | 6,501 | 6,964 | 7,356 | 7,560 | 7,712 | 7,398 |
| 3. | Provincial | 2,288 | 2,512 | 2,624 | 2,732 | 2,539 | 2,692 | 3,132 | 2,988 | 3,200 | 3,003 |
| 4 | Local | - | - |  | - | - | - | - |  | - | - |
| 5. | Canada Pension Plan | 736 | 760 | 760 | 696 | 738 | 760 | 804 | 724 | 804 | 773 |
| 6. | Quebec Pension Plan | 276 | 276 | 268 | 256 | 269 | 260 | 288 | 332 | 248 | 282 |
| Direct taxes - Corporate and government business enterprises $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$ 3,184 3,096 2,968 3,032 3,070 2,952 2,908 2,920 2,636 2,854 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8. | Federal (2) ............. | 2,384 | 2,312 | 2,212 | 2,268 | 2,294 | 2,208 | 2,196 | 2,192 | 1,972 | 2,142 |
| 9. | (Federal tax collections) (2) ....... | (2,788) | $(2,988)$ | $(2,744)$ | $(2,556)$ | $(2,769)$ | $(3,028)$ | $(2,648)$ | $(2,276)$ | $(2,236)$ | $(2,547)$ |
| $10 .$ | Provincial(3) | $800$ | $784$ | $756$ |  |  |  |  |  | $664$ | $712$ (860) |
| $11 .$ | (Provincial tax collections) ........ | (944) | (888) | (912) | (864) | (902) | (980) | (840) | (876) | (744) | $(860)$ |
| 12. | Direct taxes-Non-residents-Federal (4) | 212 | 248 | 260 | 208 | 232 | 304 | 244 | 244 | 276 | 267 |
| 13. | Indirect taxes | 11,108 | 11,212 | 11,380 | 11,588 | 11,322 | 11,848 | 11,952 | 12,132 | 11,968 | 11,975 |
| 14. | Federal .... | 3,984 | 3,944 | 4,048 | 4,120 | 4,024 | 3,972 | 3,960 | 4,172 | 4,028 | 4,033 |
| 15. | Provincial | 3,704 | 3,844 | 3,900 | 4,036 | 3,871 | 4,092 | 4,204 | 4,164 | 4,140 | 4, 150 |
| 16. | Local (5) | 3,420 | 3,424 | 3,432 | 3,432 | 3,427 | 3,784 | 3,788 | 3,796 | 3,800 | 3,792 |
| 17. | Other current transfers from persons | 768 | 688 | 728 | 992 | 794 | 1,004 | 1,032 | 1,084 | 1,076 | 1,049 |
| 18. | Federal | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | - | 3 |
| 19. | Provincial | 696 | 612 | 652 | 912 | 718 | 932 | 952 | 1,000 | 996 | 970 |
| 20. | Local | 68 | 68 | 68 | 72 | 69 | 68 | 72 | 76 | 76 | 73 |
| 21. | Hospitals | - | 4 | 4 | 4 | 3 | - | 4 | 4 | 4 | 3 |
| 22. | Investment income | 1,992 | 2,016 | 2,032 | 2,140 | 2,045 | 2,320 | 2,356 | 2,604 | 2,536 | 2,454 |
| 23. | Federal ....... | 1,064 | 972 | 1,028 | 1,080 | 1,036 | 1,132 | 1,172 | 1,300 | 1,240 | 1,211 |
| 23. | Provincial | 748 | 816 | 800 | 788 | 788 | 932 | 892 | 1,028 | 952 | 951 |
| 25. | Local | 88 | 84 | 88 | 92 | 88 | 100 | 88 | 96 | 92 | 94 |
| 26. | Hospitals .......................... . | 4 | 4 | 4 | 8 | 5 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 8 | 5 |
| 27. | Canada Pension Plan ................ | 88 | 140 | 112 | 172 | 128 | 152 | 200 | 176 | 244 | 193 |
| 28. Current transfers from other levels of |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 29. | Frovinces - From Canada ............. | 2,588 | 2,660 | 2.656 | 2,616 | 2,630 | 3,064 | 3,104 | 3,656 | 3,436 | 3,315 |
| 30 | - From local governments | 44 | 48 | 36 | 48 | 44 | 44 | 28 | 48 | 60 | 45 |
| 31. | Local governments - From Canada ... | 88 | 92 | 112 | 100 | 98 | 48 | 100 | 80 | 100 | 82 |
| 32. | - From provinces | 2,532 | 3,244 | 2,120 | 2,528 | 2,606 | 3,208 | 3,348 | 2,764 | 3,336 | 3,164 |
| 33. | Hospitals - From provinces ......... | 1,876 | $1,940$ | $1,984$ | $2,044$ | $1,961$ | 2,272 | 2,212 | 2,312 | 2,324 | $2,280$ |
| 34. | - From local governments | $20$ | $24$ | $24$ | $24$ | $23$ | $24$ | 24 | 24 | 24 | $24$ |
| 35. | Total revenue | 33,532 | 35,332 | 34,660 | 35,964 | 34,872 | 37,764 | 38,888 | 39,472 | 39.736 | 38,965 |
| 36. | Federal.. | 13,468 | 13,996 | 14,260 | 14,640 | 14,091 | 14,584 | 14,932 | 15,472 | 15,228 | 15,054 |
| 37. | Provincial | 10,868 | 11,276 | 11,424 | 11,896 | 11,366 | 12,500 | 13,024 | 13,612 | 13,448 | 13, 146 |
| 38. | Local | 6,196 | 6,912 | 5,820 | 6,224 | 6,288 | 7,208 | 7,396 | 6,812 | 7,404 | 7,205 |
| 39. | Hospitals | 1,900 | 1,972 | 2,016 | 2,080 | 1,992 | 2,300 | 2,244 | 2,344 | 2,360 | 2,312 |
| 40. | Canada Pension Plan | 824 | 900 | 872 | 868 | 866 | 912 | 1,004 | 900 | 1,048 | 966 |
| 41. | Quebec Pension Plan | 276 | 276 | 268 | 256 | 269 | 260 | 288 | 332 | 248 | 282 |
| CURRENT EXPENDITURE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 42. Current expenditure on goods and |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 15,802 |
| 43. | Federal ....................... | 4,224 | 4,136 | 4,404 | 4,408 | 4,293 | 4,612 | 4,840 | 4,152 | 4,440 | 4,511 |
| 44. | (Defence) | $(1,820)$ | (1,740) | ) (1,840) | $(1,824)$ | $(1,806)$ | $(1,964)$ | (1,880) | $(1,820)$ | (1, 808) | (1,868) |
| 45. | Provincial | 2,448 | 2,668 | 2,760 | 3,068 | 2,736 | 3,276 | 3,412 | 4,092 | 4,208 | 3,747 |
| 46. | Local | 4,652 | 4,832 | 5,116 | 4,964 | 4,891 | 5,244 | 5,520 | 5,744 | 5,836 | 5,586 |
| 47. | Hospitals | 1,672 | 1,732 | 1,788 | 1,848 | 1,760 | 1,892 | 1,936 | 1,980 | 2,024 | 1,958 |
| 48. | Transfer payments to persons | 5,628 | 6,052 | 6,216 | 6,344 | 6,060 | 6,472 | 6,584 | 7,064 | 7,096 | 6,804 |
| 49. | Federal .. | 3,480 | 3,596 | 3,700 | 3,632 | 3,602 | 3,800 | 3,992 | 4,172 | 4,248 | 4,053 |
| 50. | Provincial | 2,012 | 2,304 | 2,352 | 2,540 | 2,302 | 2,488 | 2,376 | 2,672 | 2,596 | 2,533 |
| S1. | Local | 104 | 104 | 104 | 108 | 105 | 104 | 116 | 112 | 124 | 114 |
| 52. | Canada Pension Plan | 24 | 36 | 44 | 48 | 38 | 60 | 76 | 80 | 96 | 78 |
| 53. | Quebec Pension Plan | 8 | 12 | 16 | 16 | 13 | 20 | 24 | 28 | 32 | 26 |
| 54. | Subsidies | 652 | 688 | 688 | 672 | 675 | 696 | 856 | 712 | 632 | 724 |
| 55. | Federal | 544 | 576 | 564 | 556 | 560 | 588 | 716 | 560 | 508 | 593 |
| 56. | Provincial | 108 | 112 | 124 | 116 | 115 | 108 | 140 | 152 | 124 | 131 |

[^4]TABLE 16. Government Revenue, Expenditure and Surplus or Deficit, by Levai: of Goverumenc, by quackers Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates - Concludew
(millions of dollats)

|  |  | 1969 |  |  |  |  | 51.70 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1 | 11 | 111 | 1V | Year | 1 | 11 | 111 | IV | Year |
| 57. | Capical Assistance ................... | 92 | 92 | 112 | 132 | 107 | 148 | 136 | 108 | 104 | 124 |
| 58. | Federal ........ | 76 | 84 | 88 | 104 | 88 | 116 | 128 | 84 | 72 | 100 |
| 59. | Provincial | 16 | 8 | 24 | 28 | 19 | 32 | 8 | 24 | 32 | 24 |
| 60. | Current transfers to Non-residentsFederal | 156 | 188 | 188 | 204 | 184 | 224 | 168 | 316 | 268 | 244 |
| 61. | Interest on the public debt | 2,476 | 2,580 | 2,648 | 2,780 | 2,621 | 2,940 | 2,976 | 3,080 | 3,124 | 3,030 |
| 62. | Federal (7) | 1,460 | 1. 592 | 1,588 | 1,716 | 1,589 | 1,824 | 1,864 | 1,812 | 1,944 | 1,861 |
| 63. | Provincial .......................... | 564 | 572 | 620 | 592 | 587 | 620 | 620 | 784 | 692 | 679 |
| 64. | Local . ............................... | 452 | 416 | 440 | 472 | 445 | 496 | 492 | 484 | 488 | 490 |
| 65666768697071 | Current transfers to other levels of government | 7,148 | 8,008 | 6,932 | 7,360 | 7,362 | 8,660 | 8,816 | 8,884 | 9,280 | 8,910 |
|  | Canada - To provinces . .............. | 2,588 | 2,660 | 2,656 | 2,616 | 2,630 | 3,064 | 3,104 | 3,656 | 3,436 | 3,315 |
|  | - To local governments ...... | -88 | 92 | 112 | 100 | , 98 | -48 | 100 | 80 | 100 | 82 |
|  | Provinces - To local governments ... | 2,532 | 3,244 | 2,120 | 2,528 | 2,606 | 3,208 | 3,348 | 2,764 | 3, 336 | 3,164 |
|  | - To hospitals | 1,876 | 1,940 | 1,984 | 2,044 | 1,961 | 2,272 | 2,212 | 2,312 | 2,324 | 2,280 |
|  | Local governments - To provinces ... | 44 | 48 | 36 | 48 | 44 | 44 | 28 | 48 | 60 | 45 |
|  | - To hospitals ... | 20 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 23 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 24 |
| 72. | Total current expenditure(8) ......... | 29,148 | 30,976 | 30,852 | 31,780 | 30,689 | 34, 164 | 35,244 | 36,132 | 37,012 | 35,638 |
| 73. | Federal . ............................ | 12,616 | 12,924 | 13,300 | 13,336 | 13,044 | 14,276 | 14,912 | 14,832 | 15,016 | 14,759 |
| 74. | Provincial | 9,556 | 10,848 | 9,984 | 10,916 | 10,326 | 12,004 | 12,116 | 12,800 | 13,312 | 12,558 |
| 75. | Local | 5,272 | 5,424 | 5,720 | 5,616 | 5,508 | 5,912 | 6,180 | 6,412 | 6,532 | 6,259 |
| 76. | Hospitals | 1,672 | 1,732 | 1,788 | 1,848 | 1,760 | I, 892 | 1,936 | 1,980 | 2,024 | 1,958 |
| 77. | Canada Pension Plan ................ | 24 | 36 | 44 | 48 | 38 | 1,60 | 76 | 80 | 96 | . 78 |
| 78. | Quebec Pension Plan ............... | 8 | 12 | 16 | 16 | , 13 | 20 | 24 | 28 | 32 | 26 |
| 79. <br> 80. <br> 81. <br> 82. <br> 83. <br> 84. <br> 85. | Saving (total revenue less total current expenditure) .................... | 4,384 | 4,356 | 3,808 | 4,184 | 4,183 | 3,600 | 3,644 | 3,340 | 2,724 | 3.327 |
|  | Federal . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 852 | 1,072 | 960 | 1,304 | 1,047 | 308 | 20 | 640 | 212 | 295 |
|  | Provinctal | 1,312 | 428 | 1,440 | 980 | 1,040 | 496 | 908 | 812 | 136 | 588 |
|  | Local | 924 | 1,488 | 100 | 608 | 780 | 1,296 | 1,216 | 400 | 872 | 946 |
|  | Hospitals ......................... | 228 | 240 | 228 | 232 | 232 | 408 | 308 | 364 | 336 | 354 |
|  | Canada Pension Plan | 800 | 864 | 828 | 820 | 828 | 852 | 928 | 820 | 952 | 888 |
|  | Quebec Pension Plan | 268 | 264 | 252 | 240 | 256 | 240 | 264 | 304 | 216 | 256 |
|  | $\frac{\text { SURPLUS OR DEFICIT ON A NATIONAL }}{\text { ACCOUNTS BASIS }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Saving as above: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 86. | Add:Capital consumption allowances ... | 1,044 |  |  | 1,120 | 1,083 | 1,148 | 1,176 | 1,204 |  |  |
| 87. | Federal . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 200 | 208 | 212 | 216 | 209 | 220 | 228 | 232 | 240 | 230 |
| 88. | Provincial . ....................... | 332 | 340 | 344 | 344 | 340 | 352 | 360 | 364 | 368 | 361 |
| 89. | Local | 424 | 432 | 444 | 460 | 440 | 476 | 484 | 500 | 516 | 494 |
| 90. | Hospitals . ...................... | 88 | 92 | 96 | 100 | 94 | 100 | 104 | 108 | 108 | 105 |
| 91. | Deduct: Gross capital formation ...... | 3,024 | 3,028 | 3,080 | 3,100 | 3,058 | 3,164 | 3,208 | 3,288 | 3,296 | 3,239 |
| 92. | Federal | 480 | 464 | 496 | 492 | 483 | 508 | 532 | 596 | , 512 | 537 |
| 93. | Provincial | 1,068 | 960 | 1,008 | 1,064 | 1,025 | 1,068 | 1,056 | 1,068 | 1,056 | 1,062 |
| 94. | Local | 1,260 | 1,392 | 1,372 | 1,324 | 1,337 | 1,364 | 1,400 | 1,408 | 1,508 | 1,420 |
| 95. | Hospitals ......................... . | 216 | 212 | 204 | 220 | 213 | 224 | 220 | 216 | 220 | 220 |
| 96. | Equals: Surplus ( + ) or deficit (-) .... | 2,404 | 2,400 | 1,824 | 2,204 | 2,208 | 1,584 | 1,612 | 1,256 | 660 | 1,278 |
| 97. | Federal ............................ | 572 | 816 | 676 | 1,028 | 773 | 20 | - 284 | 276 | -60 | - 12 |
| 98. | Provinctal .......................... | 576 | - 192 | 776 | 260 | 355 | - 220 | 212 | 108 | - 552 | - 113 |
| 99. | Local . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 88 | 528 | - 828 | - 256 | - 117 | 408 | 300 | - 508 | - 120 | 20 |
| 100. | Hospitals . .......................... . | 100 | 120 | 120 | 112 | 113 | 284 | 192 | 256 | 224 | 239 |
| 101. | Canada Pension Plan ................ | 800 | 864 | 828 | 820 | 828 | 852 | 928 | 820 | 952 | 888 |
| 102. | Quebec Pension Plan ............... | 268 | 264 | 252 | 240 | 256 | 240 | 264 | 304 | 216 | 256 |

(1) See footnote 1, Table 6.
(2) See footnote 2, Table 6.
(3) See footnate 3. Table 6.
(4) See footnote 4, Table 6.
(5) The quarterly figures of real property taxes unadjusted and seasonally adjusted are obtained by dividing annual totals by four since real property taxes accrue uniformly throughout the taxation year. Because in recent years, changes in roal property tax rates have been generally upward, this treatment gives rise to a fictitious seasonal between the fouth thit first quarters in the seasonally adjusted taxes series.
(6) Includes capital consumption allowances as shown in line 86
(7) See footnote 6 . Table 6.
(8) See footnote 6, Table 6.
 Expeadziture Accounts, by Quarters, 1967-1968

Getsionally Adjusted at Annual Rates
(millions of dollars)

|  |  | 1967 |  |  |  | 1968 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II III | IV | Year | I | II III | IV | Year |
| 1. Exports of goods and services | 14,436 | $14,91214,516$ | 14,988 | 14,713 | 16,032 | 16,572 16,808 | 17.464 | 16,719 |
| 2. Merchandise | 11,344 | 11,452 10,700 | 11,856 | 11,338 | 12,960 | 13,392 13,556 | 14,240 | 13,537 |
| 3. Non-merchandise | 3,092 | 3,460 3,816 | 3,132 | 3,375 | 3,072 | $3.180 \quad 3,252$ | 3,224 | 3,182 |
| 4. Deduct: Imports of goods and services | -14,984 | -15,472-15,400 | -15, 084 | $-15,235$ | -16,608 | $-16,400-16,972$ | -18,060 | -17,010 |
| 5. Merchandise ........................... | -10,688 | -11, 028-10,880 | -10,492 | $-10,772$ | -11,860 | - 11,648-12,032 | $-13,108$ | $-12,162$ |
| 6. Non-merchandise . ..................... | -4,296 | $-4,444-4,520$ | -4,592 | $-4,463$ | -4,748 | $-4,752-4,940$ | -4,952 | -4,848 |
| 7. Add: Net current transfers abroad.... | -144 | $\begin{array}{lr}-240 & 32\end{array}$ | -20 | -93 | 72 | 44 | -24 | 23 |
| 8. Current transfers abroad ( - ) (1) .... | -376 | -520 -224 | -296 | -354 | -244 | -260-312 | -308 | -281 |
| 9. Current transfers from abroad( + ( (2) | 232 | 280256 | 276 | 261 | 316 | 304312 | 284 | 304 |
| 10. Equals: Saving (3) <br> Reconcilation with the Canadian Balance of International Payments: <br> Saving as above <br> Add: Net inheritances and migrants. funds | -692 | -800-852 | -116 | $-615$ | -504 | $216-164$ | -620 | $-268$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | -692 | $-800-852$ | -116 | -615 | -504 | $216-164$ | -620 | -268 |
|  | 120 | 136108 | 100 | 116 | 84 | 140244 | 176 | 161 |
| Equals: Surplus( + ) or deficit( - ) on current account as per "Canadian Balance of International Payments" (4) | -572 | -664-744 | - 16 | -499 | -420 | 35680 | -444 | -107 |

See fostriter(a) below.
TABLE 17. Transactions of Residents with Non-residents in the National Income and Expenditure Accounts, by Quarters, 1969 and 1970 Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates
(millions of dollars)

|  | 1969 |  |  | 1970 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $I$ | II III | IV | Year | I | II III | IV | Year |
| 1. Exports of goods and services | 18,312 | 18,048 18,104 | 19,408 | 18,468 | 21,132 | $21,09620,780$ | 20,868 | 20,969 |
| 2. Merchandise ............... | 14,872 | 14,456 14,548 | 15,620 | 14,874 | 17,100 | 17,048 16,648 | 16,716 | 16,878 |
| 3. Non-merchandise | 3,440 | 3,592 3,556 | 3,788 | 3,594 | 4,032 | 4,048 4,132 | 4,152 | 4,091 |
| 4. Deduct: Imports of goods and services | -19,144 | -19,120-19,396 | -20,080 | -19,435 | $-20,320$ | -20,140-20.200 | -18,672 | -19.833 |
| 5. Merchandise | -13,932 | -13,688-13,872 | -14,456 | -13,987 | -14,240 | -14, 332-14, 032 | -12,732 | -13,834 |
| 6. Non=merchandise | -5,212 | -5,432-5,524 | -5,624 | -5,448 | -6,080 | -5,808-6,168 | -5,940 | -5,999 |
| 7. Add: Net current transfers abroad .... <br> 8. Gurrent transfers to abroad(-) (1) .. <br> 9. Current transfers from abroad ( $($ ) (2) | 12 | $28 \quad 28$ | -40 | 7 | 48 | $28-108$ | -52 | -21 |
|  | -288 | -312-324 | -340 | -316 | -356 | -312-452 | -420 | -385 |
|  | 300 | $340 \quad 352$ | 300 | 323 | 404 | 34034 | 368 | 364 |
| 10. Equals: Saving (3) <br> Reconcilation with the Canadian Balance of International Payments: | -820 | -1.044-1,264 | -712 | -960 | 860 | $984 \quad 47$ | 2,144 | 1,115 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Saving as above | -820 | -1,044-1,264 | -712 | -960 | 860 | $984 \quad 472$ | 2,144 | 1,115 |
| Add: Net inheritances and migrants ${ }^{\prime}$ funds | 160 | 168148 | 200 | 169 | 196 | 152184 | 124 | 164 |
| Equals: Surplus ( + ) or deficit( - ) on current becount as per "Canadian Balance of International Payments ${ }^{\prime \prime}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| (4) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | -660 | -876-1,116 | -512 | -791 | 1,056 | 1,136 656 | 2,268 | 1,279 |

(1) See footnote 1, Table 7.
(2) See footnote 2, Table 7.
(3) Saving of residents on transactions with non-residents in the national income and expenditure accounts. A negative figure indicates savings made available to the economy by non-residents (see line 8 , Table 18 ),
(4) See footnote(4) Table 7.

TABLE 18. Sources of Gross Saving, by Quarters, 1967 and 1058
Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates
(millions of dollars)


See footnote(s) below.

TABLE 18. Sources of Gross Saving, by Quarters, 1969 and 1970 Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates (millions of dollars)



Tt3LE 19. Dieposition of Gross Saving, by Quarters, 1967 and 1968 Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates (millions of dollars)


Spe footnote(s) below.

TABL 19. Disposition of Gross Saving, by Quarters, 1969 and 1970 Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates (millions of dollars)

(1) See footnote 1, Table 12.

TABLE 20. Gross National Expenditure in Constant (196I) Dollars, by Quarters lac.? and incs: ! . W
Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates
(millions of dollars)


Worice 20. Gross National Expenditure in Constant (1961) Dollars, by Quarters, 1969 and 1970(1, 2) Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates
(millions of dollars)

|  | 1969 |  |  |  |  | 1970 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | IV | Year | I | II | III | IV | Year |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2. Durable goods | 5,548 | 5,444 | 5,544 | 5,720 | 5,564 | 4,908 | 5,128 | 5,176 | 5,232 | 5,111 |
| 3. Semi-durable goods | 4,044 | 4,096 | 3,928 | 4,076 | 4,036 | 4,088 | 4,096 | 3,952 | 4,148 | 4,071 |
| 4. Non-durable goods | 14,672 | 14,680 | 14,816 | 15,416 | 14,896 | 15,552 | 15,472 | 15,892 | 16,240 | 15,789 |
| 5. Services ........ | 13,120 | 13,332 | 13,432 | 13,520 | 13,351 | 13,436 | 13,584 | 13,756 | 13,780 | 13,639 |
| goods and services | 8,804 | 8,656 | 8,904 | 8,900 | 8,816 | 9,508 | 9,648 | 9,628 | 9,860 | 9,661 |
| 7. Gross fixed capital formation | 13,592 | 13,716 | 13,796 | 13,968 | 13,768 | 13,736 | 13,560 | 14,092 | 14,312 | 13,925 |
| 8. Government . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 2,380 8 | 2,440 8 | 2,420 12 | 2,428 8 | 2,417 9 | $\begin{array}{r} 2,444 \\ 16 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,480 \\ 16 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,516 \\ 16 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,560 \\ 12 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2,500 \\ 15 \end{gathered}$ |
| 10. lon-residential construction.... | 2,076 | 2,120 | 2,100 | 2,136 | 2,108 | 2,156 | 2,188 | 2,208 | 2,260 | 2,2083 |
| 11. Machinery and equipment ... | 296 | 312 | 308 | 284 | 300 | 272 | 276 | 292 | 288 | 282 |
| 12. Business ............ | 11,212 | 11,276 | 11,376 | 11,540 | 11,351 | 11,292 | 11,080 | 11,576 | 11,752 | 11,425 |
| 13. Residential construction | 2,808 | 2,880 | 2,856 | 2,760 | 2,826 | 2,628 | 2,352 | 2,416 | 2,676 | 2,518 |
| 14. Non-residential construction | 3,772 | 3,688 | 3,712 | 3,780 | 3,738 | 3,856 | 3,880 | 3,980 | 4,072 | 3,947 |
| 15. Machinery and equipment . | 4,632 | 4,708 | 4,808 | 5,000 | 4,787 | 4,808 | 4,848 | 5,180 | 5,004 | 4,960 |
| 16. Value of physical change in inventories ..................................... 1,028 548 1,284 780 <br> 9100 $132 \quad 472 \quad 92-528$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 17. Government | 8 | 4 | 8 | - 8 | 3 | - 4 | - 4 | - | - 52 | - 15 |
| Business |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| channels | 160 | 344 | 964 | 336 | 451 | - 236 | - 128 | -432 | - 16 | - 203 |
| 20. Exports of goods and services <br> 21. (of which: merchandise) ... | $\begin{gathered} 15,704 \\ (13,116) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 15,296 \\ (12,624) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 15,340 \\ (12,740) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 16,348 \\ (13,612) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 15,672 \\ (13,023) \end{gathered}$ | $\left(\begin{array}{l} 17,428 \\ (4,5,540) \end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{gathered} 17,324 \\ (14,448) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 17,044 \\ (14,120) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 17,108 \\ (14,188) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 17,226 \\ (14,324) \end{gathered}$ |
| 22. Deduct : Imports of goods and services <br> 23. (of which: merchandise) ............. | $\left\{\begin{array}{l} -16,656 \\ (12,540) \end{array}\right.$ | $\begin{aligned} & -16,444 \\ & (12,220) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -16,440 \\ & (12,156) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -16,892 \\ & (12,576) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -16,608 \\ & (12,373) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 46,976 \\ & (2,384) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -16,744 \\ & (12,420) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -16,932 \\ & (12,316) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -15,744 \\ & (11,348) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & -16,599 \\ & (12,117) \end{aligned}$ |
| 24. Residual error of estimate | 828 | 932 | 932 | 544 | 809 | 628 | 368 | 564 | $-180$ | 345 |
| 25. GROSS NATIONAL EXPENDITURE IN CONSTANT (1961) DOLIARS ... | 60,684 | 60,256 | 61,536 | 62,380 | 61,214 | 62,440 | 62,908 | 63,264 | 64,228 | 63,210 |

(1) See footnote 1, Table 10.
(2) See footnote 2, Table 10.

TABLE 21. Implicit Price Indexes, Gross National Expenditure, by Quarters, 1967 and 1968 Using Seasonally Adjusted Data
$1961=100.0$

|  | 1967 |  |  |  |  | 1968 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | IV | Year | I | 11 | III | IV | Year |
| and services | 112.0 | 113.0 | 114.5 | 115.1 | 113.7 | 116.6 | 117.6 | 118.5 | 119.8 | 118.1 |
| 2. Durable goods | 101.7 | 102.0 | 103.4 | 103.8 | 102.7 | 104.9 | 105.0 | 105.2 | 105.6 | 105.2 |
| 3. Semi-durable goods | 114.4 | 116.2 | 117.6 | 117.4 | 116.4 | 118.7 | 119.7 | 120.0 | 121.3 | 119.9 |
| 4. Non-durable goods | 110.8 | 111.5 | 113.0 | 113.5 | 112.2 | 115.4 | 116.5 | 117.2 | 118.3 | 116.8 |
| 5. Services | 116.6 | 118.5 | 119.9 | 120.7 | 118.9 | 122.1 | 123.4 | 125.1 | 126.9 | 124.4 |
| Government current expenditure on goods and services | 129.2 | 131.9 | 136.0 | 134.7 | 132.9 | 137.6 | 139.7 | 143.6 | 148.3 | 142.4 |
| 7. Gross fixed capital formation | 118.8 | 118.4 | 118.7 | 119.8 | 118.9 | 118.7 | 119.9 | 120.3 | 121.0 | 120.0 |
| 8. Govermment | 121.0 | 121.9 | 121.9 | 122.7 | 121.9 | 120.7 | 122.8 | 122.1 | 121.8 | 121.8 |
| 9. Non-residential construction | 123.3 | 124.4 | 124.3 | 125.0 | 124.2 | 122.7 | 125.1 | 124.3 | 124.0 | 124.0 |
| 10. Machinery and equipment | 106.0 | 106.0 | 107.0 | 107.4 | 106.6 | 109.0 | 108.9 | 108.1 | 108.2 | 108.6 |
| 11. Business | 118.3 | 117.6 | 117.9 | 119.2 | 118.2 | 118.2 | 119.2 | 119.9 | 120.9 | 119.5 |
| 12. Residential construction | 124.2 | 125.8 | 127.1 | 129.2 | 126.6 | 126.6 | 128.4 | 130.0 | 131.6 | 129.2 |
| 13. Non-residential construction | 117.0 | 117.7 | 118.7 | 119.7 | 118.2 | 119.0 | 119.9 | 120.4 | 121.1 | 120.1 |
| 14. Machinery and equipment | 116.9 | 113.9 | 112.6 | 113.2 | 114.2 | 113.1 | 113.2 | 113.8 | 114.1 | 113.6 |
| 15. Exports of goods and services ........ | 113.5 | 113.5 | 113.9 | 113.9 | 113.7 | 115.3 | 115.2 | 115.3 | 115.2 | 115.2 |
| 16. (of which: merchandise) ............ | 111.2 | 110.7 | 110.0 | 111.0 | 110.7 | 112.7 | 112.3 | 112.3 | 111.9 | 112.3 |
| 17. Deduct; Imports of goods and services | 111.2 | 111.3 | 111.6 | 112.3 | 111.6 | 113.4 | 113.7 | 113.8 | 114.7 | 113.9 |
| 18. (of which: merchandise) ............. | 108.2 | 108.2 | 108.3 | 108.8 | 108.3 | 109.3 | 109.6 | 109.2 | 110.2 | 109.6 |
| 19. GROSS NATIONAL EXPENDITURE | 117.0 | 118.1 | 119.2 | 119.1 | 118.4 | 121.2 | 121.7 | 123.1 | 124.2 | 122.5 |

TABLE 21. Implicit Price Indexes, Gross National Expenditure, by Quarters, 1969 and $19: 0$ Using Seasonally Adjusted Data $1961=100.0$

|  | 1969 |  |  |  |  | 1970 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | IV | Year | I | II | III | IV | Year |
| 1. Personal expenditure on consumer goods and services $\qquad$ | 121.1 | 122.6 | 123.7 | 124.4 | 122.9 | 126.4 | 126.9 | 127.2 | 127.1 | 126.9 |
| 2. Durable goods ....................... | 105.7 | 106.5 | 106.3 | 107.1 | 106.4 | 109.5 | 109.4 | 109.4 | 109.5 | 109.5 |
| 3. Semi-durable goods | 122.2 | 123.5 | 124.4 | 124.6 | 123.7 | 125.1 | 125.7 | 126.0 | 126.1 | 125.7 |
| 4. Non-durable goods.. | 118.5 | 120.2 | 121.1 | 121.7 | 120.4 | 123.2 | 123.7 | 123.1 | 121.8 | 122.9 |
| 5. Services ........ | 130.1 | 131.5 | 133.5 | 134.8 | 132.5 | 136.7 | 137.5 | 138.9 | 140.3 | 138.4 |
| 6. Government current expenditure on goods and services | 147.6 | 154.4 | 158.0 | 160.5 | 155.2 | 158.0 | 162.8 | 165.8 | 167.4 | 163.6 |
| 7. Gross fixed capital formation | 123.6 | 124.6 | 125.9 | 126.7 | 125.2 | 128.1 | 128.3 | 128.9 | 130.5 | 129.0 |
| 8. Government | 126.6 | 123.4 | 126.8 | 128.3 | 126.3 | 129.8 | 129.2 | 130.2 | 131.1 | 130.1 |
| 9. Non-residential construction | 129.1 | 125.1 | 129.0 | 130.3 | 128.4 | 131.9 | 130.9 | 132.1 | 132.9 | 132.0 |
| 10. Machinery and equipment . | 109.5 | 111.5 | 111.7 | 112.7 | 111.3 | 113.2 | 114.5 | 115.1 | 116.7 | 114.9 |
| 11. Business . ................. | 123.0 | 124.9 | 125.7 | 126.4 | 125.0 | 127.7 | 128.2 | 128.6 | 130.4 | 128.7 |
| 12. Residential construction | 134.6 | 137.1 | 136.1 | 136.1 | 136.0 | 137.7 | 139.5 | 141.1 | 143.5 | 140,5 |
| 13. Nor-residential construction. | 124.3 | 126.5 | 128.7 | 131.3 | 127.7 | 132.1 | 132.0 | 133.3 | 135.0 | 133.1 |
| 14. Machinery and equipment ........... | 114.9 | 116.1 | 117.2 | 117.4 | 116.4 | 118.7 | 119.6 | 119.3 | 119.7 | 119.3 |
| 15. Exports of goods and services ........ | 116.6 | 118.0 | 118.0 | 118.7 | 117.8 | 121.3 | 121.8 | 121.9 | 122.0 | $121.7$ |
| 16. (of which: merchandise) ............ | 113.4 | 114.5 | 114.2 | 114.8 | 114.2 | 117.6 | 118.0 | 117.9 | 117.8 | $117.8$ |
| 17. Deduct: Imports of goods and services | 114.9 | 116.3 | 118.0 | 118.9 | 117.0 | 119.7 | 120.3 | 119.3 | 118.6 | $119.5$ |
| 18. (of which: metchandise) ............ | 111.1 | 112.0 | 114.1 | 114.9 | 113.0 | 115.0 | 115.4 | 113.9 | 112.2 | $114.2$ |
| 19. GROSS National expenditure | 126.0 | 128.5 | 128.9 | 129.9 | 128.3 | 132.4 | 133.2 | 134.3 | 134.5 | 183.6 |




[^0]:    See footnote(s) at end of table

[^1]:    (1) See footnote 1, Table
    (2) See fontmore 2, Totiln 5.

[^2]:    sue footnote(s) at end of table.

[^3]:    See footnotes(s) at end of table.

[^4]:    See footnote(s) at end of table.

