

SYSTEM OF NATIONAL ACCOUNTS

## National Income and Expenditure Accounts

FIRST QUARTER 1971

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# NATIONAL INCOME AND EXPENDITURE ACCOUNTS 

## FIRST QUARTER 1971

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## [HE SYSTEM OF NATIONAL ACCOUNTS

In Canada, the National Accounts have been developed since the close of the Second World War in a series of publications relating to their constituent parts. These have now reached a stage of evolution where they can be termed a "System of National Accounts". For purposes of identification, all publications (containing tables of statistics, descriptions of conceptual frameworks, and descriptions of sources and methods) which make up this System will now carry the term "System of National Accounts" as a general title.

The System of National Accounts in Canada consists of several parts. The annual and quarterly Income and Expenditure Accounts (included with Catalogue Nos. carrying the prefix 13) were, historically speaking, the first set of statistics to be referred to with the title "National Accounts" (National Accounts, Income and Expenditure). The Balance of International Payments data, (Catalogue Nos. with prefix 67), in their more summary form, are also part of the System of National Accounts and they, in fact, pre-date the Income and Expendiiure Accounts.

Greatly expanded structural detail on industries and on goods and services is portrayed in the InputOutput Tables of the System (Catalogue Nos. with prefix 15). The Indexes of Real Domestic Product by Industry (included with Catalogue Nos. carrying the prefix 61) provide "constant dollar" measures of the contribution of each industry to gross domestic product at factor cost. Inputs and outputs are related in Productivity Studies (Catalogue Nos. with prefix 14).

Both the Input-Output Tables and Indexes of Real Domestic Product by Industry use the establishment as the primary unit of industrial production. Measures of financial transactions are provided by
the Financial Flow Accounts (Catalogue Nos. with prefix 13). Types of lenders and financial instruments are the primary detail in these statistics, and the legal entity is the main unit of classification of transactors. Also, provision is made in the System for incorporation of balance sheet (wealth) estimates when such data are sufficiently developed.

The system of National Accounts provides an overall conceptually integrated framework in which the various parts can be considered as interrelated sub-systems. At present, direct comparisons amongst those parts which use the establishment as the basic unit and those which use the legal entity can be carried out only at highly aggregated levels of data. However, the Dominion Bureau of Statistics is continuing research on enterprise-companyestablishment relationships; it may eventually be feasible to reclassify the data which are on one basis (say the establishment basis) to correspond to the units employed on another (the company or the enterprise basis).

In its broad outline, the Canadian System of National Accounts bears a close relationship to the international standard as described in the United Nations publication. "A System of National Accounts" (Studies in Methods, Series F., No. 2, Rev. 3, Statistical Office, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, United Nations, New York, 1968). In the future, a document on the conceptual framework of the Canadian System of National Accounts will be prepared for publication by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. This document will furnish the broad theoretical outline of the system. The finer conceptual details, the statistical tables, and the descriptions of sources and methods as they pertain to the individual parts of the system, will appear in the various regular and occasional publications relating to those parts.

## TECHMTEAL NOGE

The Business Finance Division of the Bureau has released a new publication "Industrial Corporations - Financial Statistics". This publication contains quarterly financial data by industry (excluding Finance) for the period 1962 to 1969.

Because of certain conceptual differences and because the National Inown and Expenditure Accounts annual figure for corporate profits is basically derivad from financial statistics emanating from the administration of the Corporations and Labour Unions Returns Act, a reconciliation between the two series cannot readily be carried out at the present time.
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GNP at market prices rose 1.7 per cent to reach $\$ 87.9$ billion. Real GNP seems to have lost momentum; it moved at .6 per cent against fourth's quarter 1.5 per cent to a level of $\$ 64.6$ billion.


Notable contributions made by consumer purchases of durables and by government purchases more than offset a very large foll in net exports of goods and services. The swing in non-farm business inventories although large, accompanied a nominal accumulation


ALI OATA SEASONALLY ADJUSTED AT ANNUAL RATES.

Reversed movements on both goods and services bolances, mare particularly on goods, resulted in a reduced surplus, from \$2196 million in the fourth quarter to \$896 million in the first


Labour income, indirect taxes and capital consumption allowances are the components that contributed the most to the rise in GNP


A rather mixed picture emerges from a reading of preliminary estimates of the National Income and Expenditure Accounts for the first quarter of 1971. The preliminary fourth quarter 1970 estimates of Eross National Product in real terms suggested a renewed strong pace of activity, which appeared remarkable in view of the loss of production due to the automobile strike. This rate of expansion was apparently not maintained in the first quarter, despite the post-strike recovery in the automobile industry. On the other hand, domestic demand accelerated sharply in the quarter, but most of this increased demand was met by imports rather than by domestic production.

Gross National Product at market prices, seasonally adjusted at annual rates, rose by 1.8 per cent to reach $\$ 87.9$ billion, compared with a rise of 1.6 per cent in the fourth quarter. However, most of this gain reflected higher prices, as the implicit price deflator for GNP, which had remained practically unchanged in the fourth quarter, rose by 1.1 per cent in the first quarter. After adjusting for price changes, constant dollar GNP rose by 0.6 per cent in the first quarter compared with a rise of 1.5 per cent in the fourth quarter. (There are indications at the moment of issuing this report that the first estimates of the balance of external transactions incorporated here might be revised upward; if these indications are confirmed, they will result in a somewhat higher GNP estimate.)


#### Abstract

Domestic demand, that is the demand for goods and services by Canadian residents whether on goods and services produced in Canada or abroad, was very strong in the first quarter, showing a rise of 3.3 per cent compared with a decline of 0.3 per cent in the fourth quarter. Much of the rise in domestic demand was due to increased spending on products of the North-American automobile industry, including a rebuilding of the stocks of motor vehicle dealers, as normal supplies of these products became available again upon Lermination of strikes in the industry. Demand for other goods and services also appears to have increased at a faster rate in the quarter. This was reflected in increases in most expenditure components as well as in increased imports of both automotive and other products. However, due to the higher import content of domestic demand in the quarter, which was only partially offset by increased exports, the value of Canadian production rose by much less than domestic demand.


## Transactions with Non-Residents

Quarterly changes in Gross National Expenditure in the fourth and first quarters were dominated by swings in the balance of transactions in goods and services with non-residents. In the fourth quarter the balance (on a revised basis) rose by $\$ 1.5$ billion as compared to the previous quarter to Feach an unprecedented surplus of $\$ 2.1$ billion. It then fell back sharply in the first quarter by $\$ 1.2$ billion to a level of $\$ 0.9$ billion. These swings in the overall balance originated in the merchandise account and were attributable to two effects reinforcing each other. First, the automobile strikes had a greater impact on Canada's automotive imports than on its automotive exports and this led to a sharp improvement in the balance of trade in these products in the fourth quarter and to a subsequent sharp deterioration in the first quarter. (It may be noted that the gain in net exports of automotive products (exports less imports) in the fourth quarter was more than offset by declines in inventories and in other final expenditure components.) Second, there were similar swings in the balance of transactions in other than automotive products due to increases in such exports in the fourth quarter, while imports remained flat, and to flat exports in the first quarter while imports rose.

## Consumer Demand and New Housing

The major strength in private demand was shown by household expenditure on durable goods and by new residential construction. The relative buoyancy of this demand may have been partly due to generally easier credit conditions in recent months.

The increase in consumer spending on durable goods of 4.5 per cent was one of the largest in recent years. Much of this gain was in expenditure on new automobiles, up by nearly 15 per cent from the strike-affected fourth quarter. However, spending on other durable goods also rose quite strongly, particularly on home furnishings (for example furniture and carpets), and household appliances - goods which are partly associated with new housing. The gains made by these two categories of 6.5 per cent and of 8.2 per cent respectively were well above their quarterly increases in the last two years.

Consumer spending on other than durable goods was rather sluggish, especially in volume terms. Expenditures on semi-durable goods showed a rise of only 0.5 per cent, after an unusually strong 5.1 per cent gain in the fourth quarter. Women's and children's clothing were the only items in that giomp to show significant increases. Spend:ng on non-durable goods decelerated, particularly in
volume terms, largely because of declines in alcoholic beverages. Services showed an estimated 1.4 per cent rise, but in real terms also registered a smaller than usual rate of advance. The relativeiy slow pace of advance of these categories of consumer expenditure offset the large gain shown by durable goods, so that although total personal expenditure on consumer goods and services made approximately the same current dollar gain of 1.5 per cent as in the previous two quarters, it showed a volume deceleration; the constant dollar increase of 1.0 per cent compared with gains of 1.6 per cent in the fourth quarter and of 1.3 per cent in the third quarter of 1970 .

Expenditure on new housing rose by 5.6 per cent. Although this increase was much smaller than the 12.7 per cent gain shown in the fourth quarter, when the sector benefited from the high level of starts in the latter part of 1970, the current increase was nevertheless sizable. Most of the gain in new residential construction was attributable to work carried over and especially to completions, which rose by nearly 10 per cent. An unusually severe winter in many parts of Canada may have contributed to the lower level of starts of residential structures in the quarter. They slowed from an annual rate of 256,000 units in the fourth quarter to a rate of 203,800 units in the first quarter. In April, starts rebounded to an annual rate of 253,100 units.

## Government Outlays

The government sector was another area of support to economic activity. Goversment current expenditure on goods and services rose by 3.6 per cent, with all three levels of government showing substantial increases. The most notable gains were shown by wages and salaries and by provincial medicare expenditure. Government fixed capital formation rose by 3.2 per cent, with the major part of the increased outlays due to highway construction by provincial governments. Other government payments, especially transfer payments to persons at the provincial level, also rose substantially. With total outlays outpacing the growth in revenues, the surplus of the government sector as a whole, on a national accounts basis and seasonally adjusted at annual rates, fell from $\$ 660$ million in the fourth quarter to $\$ 184$ million in the first quarter.

## Business Investment Excluding Housilg

 rose by 0.6 per cent, with all of the increase in spending on non-residential construction, which was up by 1.3 per cent. There was no change in the rate of investment in machinery and equipment. After discounting accelerated price rises this quarter in both non-residential construction (where there were renewed sharp increases in costs of materials) and in machinery and equipment, plant and equipment spending in real terms fell by 0.7 per cent. Though the survey of business intentions indicates very little stimulus from machinery and equipment spending this year, partly because manufacturing industries are expected to show a decline in their investment outlays, it does suggest some strength in non-residential construction for most other industries and especially utilities; the intended percentage increase in spending on business non-residential construction in 1971 of close to 10 per cent is approximately the same rate as was realized in 1970.

Business non-farm inventories, which had been depleted by $\$ 652$ million in the fourth quarter, registered a nominal increase of $\$ 36 \mathrm{million}$ in the first quarter, despite a substantial accumulation in the stocks of retail trade entirely accounted for by the rebuilding of motor vehicle inventories. Depletions were most marked in manufacturing, where they were concentrated in the stocks of durables, particularly electrical goods. This reduction in manufacturers durable goods inventories may have resulted in part from the strength of consumer demand for such goods in the quarter. With new orders runsing ahead of shipments, the period ended with an increased backlog of unfilled orders.

## Incomes

On the income side a notable gain was shown by corporation profits, up by about 10 per cent. However, this gain, in large part due to resumption of normal production in the automobile isdustry, apparently did not fully reverse a decline of around 11.5 per cent in the strike-affected fourth quarter. Apart from the fourth quarter, profits were at their lowest level since the second quarter of 1988. (Because corporation profits estimates are very preliminary, no industrial detail is yet available.)

Wages, salaries and supplementary labour income rose by 1.8 per cent in the first quarter compared with 2.4 per cent in the fourth quarter. The first quarter gain was approximately the same as the average quarterly rate of increase during 1970. Wages and salaries in the goods-producing industries went up by 2.0 per cent and accounted for about 40 per cent of the total increase. Most of this gain
occurred in manufacturing, which was up by 3.0 per cent. The recovery of production in the automobile industry was of course a factor behind this strong increase. In the service-producing industries, sizable gains in finance and in commercial and non-commercial services were somewhat offset by smaller than usual gains in transportation, commencations and other utilities and in trade.

Other income components frequently display quite volatile changes. On balance their movements dampened the growth in national income in the first quarter. In particular, accrued net income of farm operators from farm production fell by 23.5 per cent. Although the value of grain production was virtually unchanged (an increase in the estimated value of the new crop offsetting a decline in the profits of the Canadian Wheat Board), both the value of livestock production and cash returns from other products declined in the quarter. Dividends paid to non-residents (a negative entry) rebounded sharply by 28 per cent from a low fourth quarter level. The inventory valuation adjustment registered a large negative figure of $\$ 448$ million in the first quarter compared with minus $\$ 32$ million in the fourth quarter. (The inventory valuation adjustment is an entry designed to eliminate from the income side capital gains or losses in inventories; when inventory prices are rising, the entry is negative, when they are falling, it is positive.)

Partly due to a sharp increase in transfer payments to persons, up 6.1 per cent, personal income made a further sizable gain in the first quarter of 2.1 per cent. The fourth quarter gain was 2.4 per cent, but the average quarterly gain during 1970 was notably smaller. With income taxes and other transfers to government rising by a moderate 1.6 per cent, personal disposable income also rose notably for a second consecutive quarter - up by 2.3 per cent in the fourth quarter and by 2.2 per cent in the first quarter. Because personal expenditure did not advance as rapidly as personal disposable income, the personal saving ratio (personal saving as a proportion of personal disposable income) rose further to 8.1 per cent in the first quarter. This ratio has been rising since the second quarter of 1970 , when it was 6.8 per cent.

## Price Movements

The rise in the implicit price index for Gross National Expenditure accelerated sharply in the sirst quarter of 1971. The rise of 1.1 per cent - the largest since the first quarter of 1970 - comjared with a 0.1 per cent increase in the fourth quarter. It may be noted, however, that the overall arice deflator reflects shifting weights among the components of gross national expenditure as well as price changes of individual items. Such weight shifts have been sizable in both the fourth and first quarters, especially with respect to the external trade sector. An alternative price measure with fixed weights based on the fourth quarter composition of Gross National Expenditure would have shown a lesser price increase.

As is shown in the following table, price rises occurred in practically all categories of demand. The implicit price index for personal expenditure on consumer goods and services, which has been remarkably stable in recent periods, rose by a moderate 0.5 per cent in the first quarter. This increase was mostly due to a sharp rise in the durable gcods price index component, which was affected by substantial increases in the prices of new and used automobiles. A small rise in the non-durable goods implicit price index of 0.3 per cent followed declines in the preceding two quarters. The services implicit price index rose at about the same rate as in recent periods. The only component price index of personal expenditure on consumer goods and services to show a decline was that for semi-durable goods, entirely because of falling prices of clothing and footwear.

The increase in the implicit price index for government current expenditure on goods and services showed an acceleration, 1.3 per cent compared with 0.9 per cent in the fourth quarter, mostly due to increases in indexes for the salaries and wages in provincial and municipal governments, including that for wages and salaries in education.

Although the implicit price index for business gross fixed capital formation as a whole showed the same price rise of 1.4 per cent as in the previous quarter, there were significant changes in its components. The price index for machinery and equipment showed an acceleration from a rise of 0.3 per cent in the fourth quarter to a rise of 1.0 per cent in the first quarter. Construction price indexes continued to rise at sizable rates. The wage components showed somewhat smaller rises in both residential and in non-residential construction, but the materials price indexes, which had shown price moderation in recent periods, rose sharply in the first quarter.

The appreciation of the Canadian dollar had no doubt been an important factor behind the smaller than usual increases in the implicit price index for exports and the declines in that for imports in the second half of 1970 . By the beginning of 1971 , most of the effects of the appreciation may have
been incorporated in the trade price structure; both the exports and the imports implicit price indexes rose in the first quarter, though at very moderate rates. However, the rise in the implicit index for import prices was considerably dampened by an unusually large weight shift as between service imports and merchandise imports, as the value of transactions in the latter, which has the lower price index, rose very strongly in the quarter. The components of the implicit price index for imports show a 0.8 per cent increase for merchandise and 0.3 per cent increase for services.

Selected Implicit Price Indexes - Seasonally Adjusted $1 /$
Percentage Change from the Previous Quarter

|  | 1970 |  |  |  | $\frac{1971}{1 Q}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $1 Q$ | 2Q | 3Q | $4 Q$ |  |
| 1. Personal expenditure on consumer goods and services | 1.6 | 0.4 | 0.2 | -0.1 | 0.5 |
| Durable goods | 2.2 | - | - | - | 0.9 |
| Semi-durable goods | 0.4 | 0.4 | 0.3 | 0.1 | -0.7 |
| Non-durable goods | 1.2 | 0.4 | -0.5 | -1.0 | 0.3 |
| Services | 1.4 | 0.6 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 1.1 |
| 2. Government current expenditure on goods and services | $-1.6$ | 3.0 | 1.9 | 0.9 | 1.3 |
| 3. Business gross fixed capital formation | 1.0 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 1.4 | 1.4 |
| Residential construction | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.2 | 1.7 | 1.1 |
| Non-residential construction | 0.6 | -0.1 | 1.0 | 1.3 | 1.5 |
| Machinery and equipment | 1.2 | 0.8 | -0.3 | 0.3 | 1.0 |
| 4. Exports | 2.1 | 0.4 | 0.1 | - | 0.2 |
| 5. Imports | 0.7 | 0.5 | -0.8 | -0.6 | 0.3 |
| 6. Gross national expenditure | 2.0 | 0.6 | 0, 8 | 0.1 | 1.1 |
| 7. Gross national expenditure excluding value of physica change in inventories | 1.4 | 0.8 | 0.8 | 0.4 | 1.1 |

I/ Implicit price indexes are currently weighted (Pasche) and therefore reflect changes in expenditure patterns as well as price changes of individual items.

## The Government Sector

Total revenues of all levels of government combined (excluding inter-governmental transfers) rose by 3.0 per cent in the first quarter of 1971 . Much of the increase took place in revenues from indirect taxes, particularly at the provincial and local government levels where revenues from sales taxes, gasoline taxes and property taxes were considerably higher. Revenues from personal direct taxes rose by over $\$ 200$ million, with the increase concentrated at the provincial level and in contributions to the Canada Pension Plan. Returns from corporate direct taxes also rose, by $\$ 160$ million.

Total expenditures of all levels of government combined increased by over 4.5 per cent in the quarter. About half of the rise was in government current spending on goods and services with higher medicare expenditures and wages and salaries being major factors in the increase. Transfer payments to persons also rose substantially in the quarter, particularly at the provincial level.

As a result of expenditures increasing more rapidly than revenues, the surplus of the government sector as a whole, on a National Accounts basis and seasonally adjusted at annual rates, fell from a rate of $\$ 660$ million in the fourth quarter to a rate of $\$ 184$ million in the first quarter. The most dramatic shift took place at the federal level which moved from a deficit of $\$ 60$ million in the fourth quarter to a deficit of $\$ 1,096$ million in the first quarter, the major factor in this swing being a sharp increase in transfer payments to the provincial governments. On the other hand, the deficit of $\$ 552$ million at the provincial level in the fourth quarter moved to a surplus of $\$ 36$ million in the first quarter, reflecting the irregularly high payments from the federal government and partially offsetting the movement in the federal deficit. The combined surplus of the othec levels of government showed little change.

The Balance of Payments Division revised data for 1969 and 1970 . Revised figures are shown in "Quarterly Estimates $c \frac{2}{}$ chat Cavasian Balance of International Payments Second Quarter 1970", DBS 67-001. These revisions have not been incorpora:th in the National Accounts. They are shown below on a National Accounts Basis.

millions of dollars


TABLE 1. National Income and Gross National Product, by Quarters, 1968 and 1057
(millions of dollars)

|  | 1968 |  |  |  |  | 1969 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | IV | Yеат | I | II | III | IV | Year |
| 1. Wages, salaries, and supplementary labour income | 8,926 | 9,519 | 9,977 | 10,071 | 38,493 | 10,088 | 10,695 | 11,215 | 11,205 | 43,203 |
| 2. Military pay and allowances .......... | 213 | 194 | - 218 | 235 | 860 | , 214 | 224 | , 222 | 238 | 898 |
| 3. Corporation profits before taxes (1)* | 1,557 | 1,988 | 1,799 | 2,088 | 7,442 | 1,845 | 2,203 | 1,801 | 2,003 | 7,852 |
| 4. Deduct: Dividends paid to non-residents (2) | - 188 | - 186 | - 191 | - 262 | - 827 | - 283 | - 169 | - 170 | - 296 | - 818 |
| 5. Interest, and miscellaneous investment income (3) | 610 | 589 | 654 | 718 | 2,571 | 801 | 739 | 793 | 854 | 3,187 |
| 6. Accrued net income of farm operators from farm production (4) . ............ | - 118 | - 105 | 1,636 | 58 | 1,471 | - 125 | 10 | 1,713 | 87 | 1,695 |
| 7. Net income of non-farm unicorporated busi:tess including rent(5) ......... | 955 | 1,060 | 1,065 | 1,138 | 4,218 | 1,000 | 1,108 | 1,124 | 1,178 | 4,410 |
| 8. Inventory valuation adjustment ( 6 ) .... | - 108 | - 53 |  | - 127 | - 317 | - 156 | - 156 | - 74 | -163 | - 549 |
| 9. NET NATIONAL INCOMF AT FACTOR COST | 11,857 | 13,006 | 15,129 | 13,919 | 53,911 | 13,494 | 14,654 | 16,624 | 15,106 | 59,878 |
| 10. Indirect taxes less subsidies | 2,340 | 2,345 | 2,427 | 2,565 | 9,577 | 2,568 | 2,592 | 2,676 | 2,811 | 10,647 |
| 11. Capital consumption allowances and miscellaneous valuation adjustments | 2,003 | 2,131 | 2,124 | 2,153 | 8,411 | 2,160 | 2,246 | 2,300 | 2,360 | 9,066 |
| 12. Residual error of estimate ........ | - 246 | - 236 | - 137 | 8 | - 611 | - 431 | - 426 | - 288 | 114 | 1,031 |
| 13. GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT AT MARKET PRICES | 15,954 | 17,246 | 19,543 | 18,645 | 71,3R3 | 17,791 | 19,066 | 21,312 | 20,391 | 78,560 |
| 14. (Gross national product at market prices excluding accrued net income of farm operators) | (16,072) | $(17,351)$ | $(17,907)$ | $(18,587)$ | (69,917) | (17,906) | $(19,056)$ | $(19,599)$ | $(20,304)$ | (76,865) |

See footnote(s) below.
TABLE 1. National Income and Gross National Product, by Quarters, 1970 and 1471
(millions of dollars)

|  | 1970 |  |  |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | IV | Year | I | II | III | IV | Year |
| 1. Wages, salaries, and supplementary labour income | 11,177 | 11,665 | 12,096 | 12,105 | 47,043 | 11,935 |  |  |  |  |
| 2. Military pay and allowances ........ | , 229 | , 220 | , 222 | , 235 | -906 | , 225 |  |  |  |  |
| 3. Corporation profits before taxes (1)* | 2,767 | 2,030 | 1,800 | 1,767 | 7,364 | 1,689 |  |  |  |  |
| 4. Deduct: Dividends paid to non-residents (2) | - 249 | - 182 | - 202 | - 273 | - 906 | - 234 |  |  |  |  |
| 5. Interest, and miscellaneous investment income (3) | 901 | 842 | 937 | 934 | 3,514 | 984 |  |  |  |  |
| 6. Accrued net income of farm operators from farm production(4) | - 49 | 210 | 1,103 | 105 | 1,369 | - 174 |  |  |  |  |
| 7. Net income of non-farm unincorporated business including rent(5) | 1,046 | 1,134 | 1,146 | 1,225 | 4,551 | 1,092 |  |  |  |  |
| 8. Inventory valuation adjustment (6) .... | - 118 | - 48 | 21 | - 26 | - 171 | - 138 |  |  |  |  |
| 9. NET NATIONAL IMCOME AT FACTOR COST . . | 14,704 | 15,871 | 17,123 | 16,072 | 63,770 | 15,379 |  |  |  |  |
| 10. Indirect taxes less subsidies ........ | 2,755 | 2,724 | 2,851 | 2,921 | 11,251 | 2,966 |  |  |  |  |
| 11. Capital consumption allowances and miscellaneous valuation adjustments | 2,376 | 2,520 | 2,528 | 2,474 | 9,898 | 2,541 |  |  |  |  |
| 12. Residual ertor of estimate ........... | - 439 | - 223 | - 165 | 376 | - 451 | - 302 |  |  |  |  |
| 13. GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT AT MARKET PRICES | 19,396 | 20,892 | 22,337 | 21,843 | 84,468 | 20,584 |  |  |  |  |
| 14. (Gross national product at market prices excluding accrued net income of farm operators) | $(19,445)$ | $(20,682)$ | $(21,234)$ | (21, 738 ) | $(83,099)$ | (20,758) |  |  |  |  |

(1) Excludes profits of government business enterprises. *See Technical Note re Corporation and Labour Unions Returns Act, page 4 .
(2) Includes the withholding tax applicable to this item.
(3) Includes profits (net of losses) of government business enterprises and other government investment income.
(4) Includes value of physical change in farm inventories as shown in line 14, Table 5. An adjustment has been wafts: atie account of the accrued earnings of farm operators arising out of the operations of the Canadian Wheat Board
(5) Includes net income of independent professional practitioners.
(6) See footnote 4, Table 2.

TABLE 2. Gross National Expenditure, by Quarters, 1968 and 1969
(millions of dallars)

|  | 1968 |  |  |  |  | 1969 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $I$ | II | III | IV | Year | I | II | III | IV | Year |
| and services. | 9,716 | 10,380 | 10,344 | 11,920 | 42,360 | 10,710 | 11,501 | 11,339 | 12,981 | 46,531 |
| goods and services(1) | 3,023 | 2,833 | 3,023 | 3,279 | 12,158 | 3,382 | 3,226 | 3,455 | 3,617 | 13,680 |
| 3. Gross fixed capital formation 4. Government (2) ............. | 3,440 589 | 3,968 700 | 4,254 917 | 4,147 789 | 15,809 2,995 | 3,688 585 | 4,328 706 | 4,652 | 4,574 | 17,242 |
| 5. Residential construction | 589 2 | 700 3 | 917 | 789 | 2,995 13 | 585 2 | 706 3 | 935 4 | 826 3 | 3,052 12 |
| 6. Non-residential construction | 486 | 617 | 811 | 688 | 2,602 | 505 | 628 | 833 | 740 | 2,706 |
| 7. Machinery and equipment | 101 | 80 | 102 | 97 | 380 | 78 | 75 | 98 | 83 | 334 |
| 8. Business (3) . . . . . . . . . . . | 2,851 | 3,268 | 3,337 | 3,358 | 12,814 | 3,103 | 3,622 | 3,717 |  | 14,190 |
| 9. Residential construction | 520 | , 773 | , 900 | ,961 | 3,254 | 791 | , 945 | 1,075 | 1,032 | 3,843 |
| 10. Non-residential construction | -963 | 1,100 | 1,297 | 1,182 | 4,542 | 1,001 | 1,120 | 1,353 | 1,299 | 4,773 |
| 11. Machinery and equipment | 1,268 | 1,395 | 1,140 | 1,215 | 5,018 | 1,311 | 1,557 | 1,289 | 1,417 | 5,574 |
| 12. Value of physical change in inventories | -217 | -132 | 1,525 | -435 | 741 | -117 | -20 | 1,605 | -425 | 1,043 |
| 13. Government | -21 | 14 | 37 | -1 | 29 | -24 | 13 | 31 | -14 | 6 |
| Business |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 14. Non-farm(4) ................. | 236 | 39 | 181 | 17 | 473 | 393 | 2 | 95 | 44 | 534 |
| 15. Farm and grain in cormercial channels | -432 | -185 | 1,307 | -451 | 239 | -486 | -35 | 1,479 | -455 | 503 |
| 16. Exports of goods and services | 3,597 | 4,310 | 4,420 | 4,392 | 16,719 | 4,128 | 4,700 | 4,741 | 4,899 | 18,468 |
| 17. Deduct: Imports of goods and services | -3,851 | -4,349 | -4,160 | -4,650 | -17,010 | -4,430 | -5,095 | -4,769 | -5,141 | -19,435 |
| 18. Realdual error of estimate | 246 | 236 | 137 | -8 | 611 | 430 | 426 | - 289 | - 114 | 1,031 |
| 10. GNOTE NATI ONAL EXPENDITURE AT MARKET Peuces | 15,954 | 17,246 | 19,543 | 18,645 | 71,388 | 17,791 | 19.066 | 21,312 | 20,391 | 78,560 |

(1) Becludes defence expenditures. For amounts see line 3, Table 6.
(2) Incindes outlay on new durable assets such as building and highway construction by governments, other than government business enterprises. Excludes defence construction and equipment which are defined as current expenditure.
(3) Comprises capital expenditures by private and government business enterprises, private non-comercial institutions and outlays on new residential construction by individuals. Capital expenditure is defined to include all eransfer costs on the sales and purchases of existing fixed assets.
(4) The book value of inventories is deflated to remove the effect of price changes and the derived "physical" change is then valued at average prices of the current period to obtain the value of physical change. The difference between this value of physical change and the change in book value is called the inventory valuation adjustment (sce line 8 , Table 1).

TABLE 3. Relation between Gross National Product at Market Prices and Gross Domestic Product at Factor Cost, by Quarters, 1968 and 1969 (millions of dollars)

|  | 1968 |  |  |  |  | 1969 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | IV | Year | I | II | III | IV | Year |
| 1. GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT AT MARKET PRICES | 15,954 | 17,246 | 19,543 | 18,645 | 71,388 | 17,791 | 19,066 | 21,312 | 20,391 | 78,560 |
| 2. Deduct: Residual error of estimate... | 246 |  | 137 | -8 |  | 431 | 426 | 288 | -114 | 1,031 |
| 3. Indirect taxes less subsidies 4. | $-2,340$ | $-2,345$ | $-2,427$ | -2,565 | -9,677 | -2,568 | -2,592 | -2,676 | $-2,811$ | -10,647 |
| dents | -128 420 | -140 | - 141 | -181 | -590 | -190 | -214 | -195 | -248 | -847 |
| 3. Add: Income paid to nor-residents .. | 420 | 459 | 419 | 543 | 1,841 | 452 | 508 | 454 | 622 | 2,036 |
| i. GROSS domestic product at factor cost | 14,152 | 15,456 | 17,531 | 16,434 | 63,573 | 15,916 | 17,194 | 19,183 | 17,840 | 70,133 |

TABLE 2. Gross National Expenditure, by Quarters, 1970 and 1971
(millions of dollars)

(1) Includes defence expenditures. For amounts see line 3, Table 6.
(2) Includes outlay on new durable assets such as building and highway canstruction by governments, other tian government business enterprises. Excludes defence construction and equipment which are defined as current expenditure.
(3) Comprises capital expenditures by private and government business enterprises, private non-cometcial institutions and outlays on new residential construction by individuals. Capital expenditure is defined to include all transfer costs on the sales and purchases of existing fixed assets.
(4) The book value of inventories is deflated to remove the effect of price changes and the derived "physical" change is then valued at average prices of the current period to obtain the value of physical change. The difference between this value of physical change and the change in book value is called the inventory valuation adjustment (see line 8 , Table 1).

TABLE 3. Relation between Gross National Product at Market Prices and Gross Domestic Product at Factor Cost, by Quarters, 1970 and 1971 (millions of dollars)


ThEC: 4. Sources of Personal Income, by Quarters, 1968 and 1969
(millions of dollars)

|  | 1968 |  |  |  |  | 1969 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | 11 | III | IV | Year | I | II | III | IV | Year |
| 1. Wages, salaries, and supplementary labour income | 8,926 | 9,519 | 9,977 | 10,071 | 38,493 | 10,088 | 10,695 | 11,215 | 11,205 | 43,203 |
| 2. Military pay and allowances .......... | 213 | 194 | 218 | 235 | 860 | 214 | 224 | 222 | 238 | 898 |
| 3. Net income received by farm operators from farm production(1) ............. | - 20 | 95 | 1,596 | 19 | 1,690 | - 115 | 13 | 1,691 | 55 | 1,644 |
| 4. Net income of non-farm unincorporated business including rent ............. | 955 | 1,060 | 1,065 | 1,138 | 4,218 | 1,000 | 1,108 | 1,124 | 1,178 | 4,410 |
| 5. Interest, dividends, and miscellaneous investment income(2) ................. <br> Current transfers | 1,034 | 1,089 | 1.087 | 1,168 | 4,378 | 1,147 | 1,232 | 1,234 | 7,348 | 4,961 |
| 6. From government ................ | 1,331 1,329 | 1,307 1,306 | 1,319 1,317 | 1,395 1,394 | 5,352 5,346 | 1,518 1,517 | 1,492 1,491 | 1,492 1,490 | 1,562 1,562 | 6,064 6,060 |
| 8. Capital assistance ............ | 1,329 |  | 1,3 2 | 1,394 1 | $\begin{array}{r}5,346 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 1,517 | 1,491 | 1,490 2 |  | 6,060 4 |
| 9. From corporations (3) ............... | 32 | 32 | 31 | 32 | 127 | 31 | 32 | 32 | 32 | 127 |
| 10. From non-residents ................ | 23 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 95 | 22 | 23 | 23 | 23 | 91 |
| 11. PERSONAL INCOME ...................... | 12,494 | 13,320 | 15,317 | 14,082 | 55,213 | 13,905 | 14,819 | 17,033 | 15,641 | 61,398 |

See footnote(s) below.

(millions of dollars)

(1) This item differs from line 6, Table 1 by excluding the adjustment which has been made to take account of the accrued net earnings arising out of the operations of the Canadian Wheat Board.
Tt, Fricludes all interest on the public debt paid by government to persons.
(3. Sharitable contributions and bad debt allowances.

TABLE 5. Disposition of Personal Income, by Quarters, 1968 and 1969
(millions of dollars)


See footnote(s) below.

TABLE 5. Disposition of Personal Income, by Quarters, 1970 and 1971 (millions of dollars)

(1) Includes net expenditure abroad.


Thll E: 6. Government Revenue, Expenditure and Surplus or Deficit, by Level of Government, by Quarters (millions of dollars)

|  |  | 1968 |  |  |  |  | 1969 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1 | II | IIT | IV | Year | I | II | III | IV | Year |
| REVENUE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. | Direct taxes - Persons | 2,005 | 2,002 | 2.051 | 2,189 | 8,247 | 2,275 | 2,599 | 2,563 | 2,610 | 10,047 |
| 2. | Federal(1) | 1,230 | 1,242 | 1,240 | 1,395 | 5,107 | 1,446 | 1,684 | 1,636 | 1,735 | 6,501 |
| 3. | Provincial | 547 | 495 | 563 | 610 | 2,215 | 580 | 614 | 650 | 695 | 2,539 |
| 4. | Local . . | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | 2,539 |
| 5. | Canada Pension Plan | 168 | 193 | 191 | 134 | 686 | 180 | 219 | 208 | $131$ | 738 |
| 6. | Quebec Pension Plan | 60 | 72 | 57 | 50 | 239 | 69 | 82 | 69 | $49$ | $269$ |
| Direct taxes - Corporate and Government business enterprises ........... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8. | Federal(2) | 461 | 546 | 498 | 600 | 2,105 | 564 | 628 | 512 | 590 | 2,294 |
| 9. | (Federal tax collections)(2) ...... | (411) | (486) | (563) | (431) | $(1,891)$ | (633) | (941) | (636) | (559) | $(2,769)$ |
| 10. | Provincial(3) ........................ | 154 | 183 | 166 | 201 | 704 | $190$ |  |  |  | $776$ |
| 11. | (Provincial tax collections) | (180) | (166) | (187) | (150) | (683) | (242) | (240) | (237) | (183) | (902) |
| 12. | Direct taxes-Non-residents-Federal (4) | 49 | 60 | 40 | 60 | 209 | 46 | 73 | 48 | 65 | 232 |
| 13. | Indirect taxes | 2,467 | 2,475 | 2,628 | 2,750 | 10,320 | 2,711 | 2,737 | 2,881 | 2,993 | 11,322 |
| 14. | Federal | 855 | 905 | 948 | 1.053 | 3,761 | 929 | 983 | 1,011 | 1,101 | 4,024 |
| 15. | Provincial | 838 | 795 | 902 | 916 | 3,451 | 928 | 898 | 1,012 | 1,033 | 3,871 |
| 16. | Local | 774 | 775 | 778 | 781 | 3,108 | 854 | 856 | 858 | -859 | 3,427 |
| 17. | Other current transfers from persons | 158 | 123 | 115 | 143 | 539 | 235 | 165 | 157 | 237 | 794 |
| 18. | Federal .......................... | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 4 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 4 |
| 19. | Provincial | 142 | 105 | 97 | 125 | 469 | 217 | 146 | 138 | 217 | 718 |
| 20. | local | 15 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 63 | 17 | 17 | 17 | 18 | 69 |
| 21. | Hospitals | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3 | - | , | 1 | 1 | 3 |
| 22. | ? $n$ vestment income | 349 | 384 | 391 | 453 | 1,577 | 477 | 506 | 471 | 591 | 2,045 |
| 23. | Federal . . | 156 | 206 | 202 | 216 | 780 | 229 | 254 | 238 | 315 | 1,036 |
| 24. | Provincial | 163 | 135 | 153 | 185 | 636 | 206 | 192 | 184 | 206 | 788 |
| 25. 26. | Local ... | 15 | 22 | 17 | 23 | 77 | 19 | 24 | 20 | 25 | 88 |
| 26. | Hospitals | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 4 |  | 1 | 1 | 2 | 5 |
| 27. | Canada Pension Plan | 14 | 20 | 18 | 28 | 80 | 22 | 35 | 28 | 43 | 128 |
|  | 28. Current transfers from other levels of |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 7,362 |
| 29. | Provinces - From Canada ........... | 576 | 613 | - 552 | 619 | 2,360 | 671 | 678 | 615 | -666 | 2,630 |
| 30. | - From local governments | 10 | 10 | 11 | 14 | 45 | 12 | 11 | 8 | 13 | 44 |
| 31. | Local governments - From Canada | 15 | 40 | 19 | 18 | 92 | 25 | 26 | 29 | 18 | 98 |
| 32. | - From provinces | 463 | 723 | 595 | 623 | 2,404 | 498 | 974 | 503 | 631 | 2,606 |
| 33. | Hospitals - From provinces ........ | 431 | 423 | 428 | 433 | 1,715 | 493 | 484 | 483 | $501$ | $1,961$ |
| 34. | - From local governments | 5 | 5 | 5 | 6 | 21 | 5 | 6 | 6 | 6 | $23$ |
| 35. | Total revenue | 7,143 | 7,587 | 7,499 | 8,109 | 30,338 | 8,202 | 9,100 | 8,450 | 9,120 | 34,872 |
| 36. | Federa! | 2,752 | 2,960 | 2,929 | 3,325 | 11,966 | 3,215 | 3,623 | 3,446 | 3,807 | 14,091 |
| 37. | Provincial | 2,430 | 2,336 | 2,444 | 2,670 | 9.880 | 2,804 | 2,752 | 2,781 | 3,029 | 11,366 |
| 38. | Local | 1,282 | 1,576 | 1,425 | 1,461 | 5,744 | 1,413 | 1,897 | 1,427 | 1,551 | 6,288 |
| 39. | Hospitals | 437 | 430 | 435 | 441 | 1,743 | 499 | 492 | 491 | 510 | 1,992 |
| 40. | Canada Pension Plan | 182 | 213 | 209 | 162 | 766 | 202 | 254 | 236 | 174 | 866 |
| 41. | Quebec Pension Plan . .............. | 60 | 72 | 57 | 50 | 239 | 69 | 82 | 69 | 49 | 269 |
| CURRENT EXPENDITURE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 42. | Current expenditure on goods and services(5) | 3,023 | 2,833 | 3,023 | 3,279 | 12,158 | 3,382 | 3,226 | 3,455 | 3,617 | 13,680 |
| 43. | Federal | 1,002 | 845 | 930 | 1,015 | 3,792 | 1,166 | 957 | 1,078 | 1,092 | 4,293 |
| 44. | (Defence) | (481) | (419) | (433) | (479) | $(1,812)$ | (493) | (396) | (454) | (463) | $(1,806)$ |
| 45. | Provincial | 668 | 555 | 633 | 704 | 2,560 | 687 | 611 | 656 | 782 | 2,736 |
| 46. | Local .... | 966 | 1,041 | 1,063 | 1,157 | 4,227 | 1,111 | 1,225 | 1,274 | 1,281 | 4,891 |
| 47. | Hospitals | 387 | 392 | 397 | 403 | 1,579 | 418 | 433 | 447 | 462 | 1,760 |
| 48. | Transfer payments to persons ........ | 1,329 | 1,306 | 1,317 | 1,394 | 5,346 | 1,517 | 1,491 | 1,490 | 1,562 | 6,060 |
| 49. | Federal ............................. | -856 | 878 | . 757 | $\bigcirc 86$ | 3,277 | - 966 | 1,4910 940 | 1.490 | - 849 | 3,602 |
| 50. | Provincial | 449 | 401 | 526 | 577 | 1,953 | 518 | 513 | 601 | 670 | 2,302 |
| 51. | Local ............ | 23 | 24 | 30 | 24 | 101 | 25 | 26 | 27 | 27 | ${ }^{2} 105$ |
| 52. | Canada Pension Plan . . . . . . . . . . . . | 1 | 2 | 3 | 5 | 11 | 6 | 9 | 11 | 12 | 38 |
| 53. | Quebec Pension Plan | - | 1 | 1 | 2 | 4 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 4 | 13 |
| 54. | Subsidies | 127 | 130 | 201 | 185 | 643 | 143 | 145 | 205 | 182 | 675 |
| 55. | Federal | 104 | 114 | 141 | 159 | 518 | 120 | 134 | 151 | 155 | 560 |
| 36. | Provincial | 23 | 16 | 60 | 26 | 125 | 23 | 11 | 54 | 27 | 115 |

See footnote(s) st end of table.

TABLE 6. Government Revenue. Expenditure and Surplus or Deficit, by Level of Government, by Quarters - Continit. (millions of dollars)


[^0]TAM. 5 . Government Revenue, Expenditure and Surplus or Deficit, by Level of Government, by Quarters - Continued (millions of dollars)

|  |  |  |  | 1970 |  |  |  |  | 1971 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | I | 11 | 111 | IV | Year | 1 | 11 | 111 | IV | Year |
| REVENUE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. | Direct caxes - Persons | 2,670 | 2,982 | 2,865 | 2,939 | 11,456 | 3,006 |  |  |  |  |
| 2. | Federal(i) | 1,735 | 1,899 | 1,843 | 1,921 | 7,398 | 1,872 |  |  |  |  |
| 3. | Provincial | 682 | 766 | 739 | 816 | 3,003 | 845 |  |  |  |  |
| 4. | Local | - | - | - | - | - | . |  |  |  |  |
| 5. | Canada Pension Plan .. | 188 | 232 | 200 | 153 | 773 | 228 |  |  |  |  |
| 6. | Quehec Pension Plan .. | 65 | 85 | 83 | 49 | 282 | 61 |  |  |  |  |
| 7891011 | Direct takes - Corporate and government business enterprises ......... | 705 | 786 | 677 | 686 | 2,854 | 669 |  |  |  |  |
|  | Federat(2) ......................... | 527 | 594 | 509 | 512 | 2,142 | 500 |  |  |  |  |
|  | (Federal tax collections)(2) | (689) | (839) | (529) | (490) | $(2,547)$ | (479) |  |  |  |  |
|  | Provincisl(3) ...................... | 178 | 192 | 168 | 174 | 712 | 169 |  |  |  |  |
|  | (Provincial tax collections) ....... | (247) | (225) | (229) | (159) | (860) | (228) |  |  |  |  |
| 12. | Direct taxes-Non-residents-Federal(4) | 66 | 70 | 45 | 86 | 267 | 60 |  |  |  |  |
| 13. | Indirect taxes | 2,903 | 2,911 | 3,068 | 3,093 | 11,975 | 3,107 |  |  |  |  |
| 14. | Federal ... | -929 | 987 | 1,040 | 1,077 | 4,033 | -198 |  |  |  |  |
| 15. | Provinciai . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 1,029 | 977 | 1,079 | 1,065 | 4,150 | 1,116 |  |  |  |  |
| 16. | Local . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 945 | 947 | 949 | 951 | 3,792 | 1,023 |  |  |  |  |
| 17. | Other current transfers from persons | 307 | $\begin{array}{r} 245 \\ 1 \end{array}$ | 238 | 259 | 1,049 | 3281 |  |  |  |  |
| 18. | Federal ............................ |  |  | 1 | - | 3 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 19. | Provincial | 289 | 225 | 217 | 239 | 970 | 307 |  |  |  |  |
| 20. | Local | 17 | 18 | 19 | 19 | 73 | 20 |  |  |  |  |
| 21. | Hospitals | - | 1 | 1 | 1 | 3 | - |  |  |  |  |
| 4. | Investment income | 565 | 588 | 507 | 694 | 2,454 | 619 |  |  |  |  |
| 23. | Federal | 245 | 304 | 305 | 357 | 1,211 | 286 |  |  |  |  |
| 28 | Provinctal | 259 | 208 | 235 | 249 | 951 | 258 |  |  |  |  |
| 25. | Local | 22 | 25 | 22 | 25 | 94 | 23 |  |  |  |  |
| 24 | Hospitals | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 5 | 1 |  |  |  |  |
| T | Canada Pension Plan | 38 | 50 | 44 | 61 | 193 | 51 |  |  |  |  |
| 83. | Current transfers from other levels of government. $\qquad$ <br> Provinces - From Canada | 2,022 | 2,401 | 2,165 | 2,322 | 8,910 | 2,427 |  |  |  |  |
| 29. 30. |  | 760 | 803 | 875 | 877 | 3,315 | 1,119 |  |  |  |  |
| 30. | Local governments - From Canads ... | 12 | 6 | 11 | 1.6 | 45 | 7 |  |  |  |  |
| 31. |  | 15 | 28 | 21 | 18 | 82 | 18 |  |  |  |  |
| 32. | Hospitals - From provinces ....... | 632 | 1,006 | 690 | 836 | 3,164 | 630 |  |  |  |  |
| 33. |  | 597 | 552 | 562 | 569 | 2,280 | 647 |  |  |  |  |
| 34. |  | 6 | 6 | 6 | 6 | 24 | 6 |  |  |  |  |
| 35. | Total revenue | 9,238 | 9,983 | 9,665 | 10,079 | 38,965 | 10,216 |  |  |  |  |
| 36. | Federal | 3,503 | 3,855 | 3,743 | 3,953 | 15, 054 | 3,687 |  |  |  |  |
| 37. | Provincial | 3,209 | 3,177 | 3,324 | 3,436 | 13,146 | 3,821 |  |  |  |  |
| 38. | Local. | 1,631 | 2,024 | 1,701 | 1,849 | 7,205 | 1,714 |  |  |  |  |
| 39. | Hospitals | 604 | 560 | 570 | 1578 | 2,312 | - 654 |  |  |  |  |
| 40. | Canada Pension Plen | 226 | 282 | 244 | 214 | 966 | 279 |  |  |  |  |
| 41. | Quebec Pension Plan | 65 | 85 | 83 | 49 | 282 | 61 |  |  |  |  |
|  | CURRENT EXPENDITURE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 42. | Current expenditure on goods and services (5) $\qquad$ | 3,912 | 3,759 | 3,910 | 4,221 | 15,802 | 4,436 |  |  |  |  |
| 43. | Federal ............ | 1,271 | 1,123 | 1,017 | 1,100 | 15,802 | 4,436 1,298 |  |  |  |  |
| 44. | (Defence) | (530) | (430) | (449) | (459) | $(1,868)$ | (518) |  |  |  |  |
| 45. | Provincial | 924 | 779 | 970 | 1,074 | 3,747 | 1,199 |  |  |  |  |
| $46 .$$47 .$ | Local ... | 1,244 | 1,373 | 1,428 | 1,541 | 5,586 | 1,420 |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | 473 | 484 | 495 | 506 | 1,958 | 51.9 |  |  |  |  |
| 48. | Transfer payments to persons | 1,748 | 1,633 | 1,694 | 1,729 | 6,804 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 49. | Federal . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 1,066 | 1,053 | 1,956 | - 978 | 4,053 | $1,204$ |  |  |  |  |
| 50. | Provincial | 637 | 526 | 682 | 688 | 2,533 | 717 |  |  |  |  |
| 51. | Local .... | 25 | 29 | 29 | 31 | -114 | 35 |  |  |  |  |
| 52. | Canada Pension Plan | 15 | 19 | 20 | 24 | 78 | 27 |  |  |  |  |
| 23. | Quebec Pension Plan | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 26 | 9 |  |  |  |  |
| 54. | Subsidies | 148 | 187 | 217 | 172 | 724 | 141 |  |  |  |  |
| 55. | FederalProvincial | 131 | 168 | 151 | 143 | 593 | 107 |  |  |  |  |
| 56. |  | 17 | 19 | 66 | 29 | 131 | 34 |  |  |  |  |

[^1]TABLE 6. Government Revenue, Expenditure and Surplus or Deficit, by Level of Government, by Quarters - Contintirl (millions of dollars)

(1) Includes the newly imposed taxes on life insurance companies. At the present time, for national accounts purposes, life insurance companies are treated as assaciations of individuals in so far as their investment activities are concerned. The new taxes are thus fncluded here pending a complete review of the treatment of insurance.
(2) Excludes the refundable tax on corporate cash profits introduced May 1966 . Refunding of the tax began in the third quarter of 1968 . The amounts are es follows:
I II III IV Year I II IIT IV Year I II III IV Year I II II IV Year I II III IV 泣s:
(3) For the years 1950-1956 the data refer to provincial income tax collections; from f957 on they refer to tax Iiabilitiet.
(4) Withholding taxes.
(5) Includes capital consumption allowances as shown in line 86.
(6) From 1951, interest on the federal publis debt is on an accrual basis; prior to 1951 it is on a "due" date basis.
(7) See footnote 5 .

1Allif: 7. Transactions of Residents with Non-residents in the National Income and Expenditure Accounts, by Quarters, 1968 and 1969
(millinns of dollars)

|  | 1968 |  |  |  |  | 1969 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | IV | Year | I | II | III | IV | Year |
| 1. Exports of goods and services | 3,597 | 4,310 | 4,420 | 4,392 | 16,719 | 4,128 | 4,700 | 4,741 | 4,899 | 18,468 |
| 2. Merchandise ......... | 3,017 | 3,532 | ?,321 | 3,667 | 13,537 | 3,467 | 3,809 | 3,545 | 4,053 | 14,874 |
| 3. Non-merchandise | 580 | 778 | 1,099 | 725 | 3,182 | 661 | 891 | 1,196 | 846 | 3,594 |
| 4. Deduct: Imports of goods and services | -3,851 | -4,349 | -4,160 | -4,650 | -17,010 | -4,430 | -5,095 | -4,769 | -5,141 | -19,435 |
| 5. Merchandise . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | -2,754 | -3,140 | -2,859 | -3,409 | -12,162 | -3,226 | -3,706 | -3,303 | -3,752 | -13,987 |
| 6. Non-merchandise . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | $-1,097$ | -1,209 |  | -1,241 | -4,848 | -1,204 | -1,389 | -1,466 | -1,389 | -5,448 |
| 7. Add: Net current transfers abroad .... |  | 8 | -22 | 17 | 23 | 7 | 5 | -17 | 12 | 7 |
| 8. Current transfers to abroad (-) (1) .. | -52 | -76 | -86 | -67 | -281 | -61 | -91 | -88 | -76 | -316 |
| 9. Current transfers from abroad (t)(2) | 72 | 84 | 64 | 84 | 304 | 68 | 96 | 71 | 88 | 323 |
| 10. Equals: Saving (3) .................. | -234 | - 31 | 238 | -241 | -268 | -295 | -390 | -45 | -230 | -960 |
| Reconcilation with the "Canadian Balance of International Payment $8^{\prime \prime}$ : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Saving as above | -234 | -31 | 238 | -241 | -268 | -295 | -390 | -45 | -230 | -960 |
| Add: Net inheritances and migrants' funds | 7 | 46 | 75 | 33 | 161 | 22 | 56 | 51 | 40 | 169 |
| Equals: Surplus ( + ) or deficit ( - ) on current account as per "Canadian Balance of International Payments" (4) | -227 | 15 | 313 | -208 | -107 | -273 | -334 | 6 | -190 | -791 |

32e kooxad a (a) iatiow.


(millions of dollars)

(1) Includes personal remittances, govermment official contributions and government pension payments.
if Includes withholding taxes and personal remittances from abroad.
(5) Saving of residents on transactions with non-residents in the national income and expenditure accounts. A negative figure indicates savings made available to the econory by non-residents (see line 8, Table 8).
(10) See "Quarterly Estimates of the Canadian Balance of International Payments", DBS 67-001.

TABLE 8. Sources of Gross Saving, by Quarters, 1968 and 1969
(millions of dollars)


See footnote below.

Thble 9. Snoiced of Grass Seving, by guaccasts. 1970 and 1971
iriilions of tollers)

 Canadian Wheat Roard. See also footnote 1, Tabli, 4.

Thal: 9. Disposition of Gross Saving, by Quarters, 1968 and 1969 (millions of dollars)


See footnote below.
 (ris: Llions of dollars)

(1) For a breakdown between government and business, see Table 2.

TABLE 10. Gross National Expenditure in Constant(1961) Dollars, by Quarters, 1968 and 19.9(1)
(millions of dollars)

(1) The Implicit price deflators of the seasonnally unadjusted components of Gross National Expenditure, derived by dividing the value figures in Table 2 by the constant dollar figures in Table lo, are not suitable as indicators of quarter-toquarter price change. This is because they are currently weighted and therefore are affected by compositional shifts which occur within the unadjusted components of Gross National lxpenditure on a quarter-to-quarter basis. fuartur-to-quarter
 weights and may be used as a measure of price chatore.

TanTE 10. Gross National Expenditure in Constant(1961) Dollars, by Quarters, 1970 and 1971(1)
(millions of dollats)


Sersonally Adjusted at Annual kutas
(millions of dollars)

|  | 1968 |  |  |  |  | 1969 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 | II | III | IV | Year | I | II | III | IV | Year |
| 1. Wages, salaries, and supplementary labour income <br> 2. Military pay and allowances <br> 3. Corporation profits before taxes(1)* <br> 4. Deduct: Dividends pald to non-residents (2) | 36,912 | 37,976 | 38,876 | 40,208 | 38,493 | 41,672 | 42,612 | 43,724 | 44.804 | 43,203 |
|  | 828 | 808 | 864 | +940 | r8, 860 | 840 | 920 | 884 | 7,948 | 898 |
|  | 6,960 | 7,316 | 7,568 | $7,924$ | $7,442$ | 8,160 | 8,084 | 7,576 | 7,588 | 7,852 |
|  | -816 | -892 | -860 | -740 | -827 | -808 | -832 | $-772$ | -860 | -818 |
| 5. Interest, and miscellaneous investment income (3) | 2,356 | 2,492 | 2,704 | 2,732 | 2,571 | 3,076 | 3,132 | 3,252 | 3,288 | 3,187 |
| 6. Accrued net income of farm operators from farm production(4) ............. | 1,536 | 1,256 | 1,516 | 1,576 | 1,471 | 1,540 | 1,552 | 1,964 | 1,724 | 1,695 |
| 7. Net income of non-farm unincorporated business including rent(5) .......... | 4,104 | 4,208 | 4,244 | 4,316 | 4,218 | 4,292 | 4,388 | 4,480 | 4,480 | 4,410 |
| 8. Inventory valuation adjustment (6) .... | -352 | -196 | -272 | -448 | -317 | -536 | -616 | -460 | -584 | $.549$ |
| 9. NET NATIONAL INCOME AT FACTOR COST. | 51,528 | 52,968 | 54,640 | 56,508 | 53,911 | 58,236 | 59,240 | 60,648 | 61,388 | 59,878 |
| 10. Indirect taxes less subsidies | 9,516 | 9,512 | 9,700 | 9,980 | 9,677 | 10,456 | 10,524 | 10,692 | 10,916 | 10,647 |
| 11. Capital consumption allowances and miscellaneous valuation adjustments | 8,168 | $8,416$ | $8,488$ | 8,572 | 8,411 | $8,796$ | $8,872$ | $9,200$ | $9,396$ | 9,066 |
| 12. Regidual error of estimate ........... | -312 | -664 | $-548$ | -920 | -611 | -1,044 | $-1,184$ | $-1,200$ | $-696$ | $-1,031$ |
| 13. GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT AT MARKET PRICES | 68,900 | 70,232 | 72,280 | 74,140 | 71,388 | 76,444 | 77,452 | 79,340 | 81,004 | 78,560 |
| 14. (Gross national product at market prices excluding accrued net income of farm operators) ................... | $(67,364)$ | $(68,976)$ | $(70,764)$ | (72,564) | $(69,917)$ | (74,904) | 75,900) | 7,376) | 9, 280) | $(76,865)$ |

See footnote(s) below.

TABLE 11. National Income and Gross National Product, ig Caascats, 1970 3nd 1978
Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Fin:isa
(millions of dollars)

(1) See footnote 1, Table 1. WSee Technical Note re Corporation and Labour Unions Returns Act, page 4.
(2) See footnote 2, Table 1.
(3) See footnote 3, Table 1.
 stocks and for the change in farm-held livestock and other inventories. Because of the arbitrary element, too precise an interpretation should not be given the seasonally adjusted figures of accrued net income of farm operators.
(5) See footnote 5, Table 1.
(6) See footnote 4, Table 2.

T11: 2 12. Cross Whtionat Expenditure, by Quarters, 1968 and 1969
Samaicosily Adjusted at Amnual Rates
fillions of dollars)

|  | 1968 |  |  |  |  | 1969 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 | II | III | IV | Year | I | II | III | IV | Year |
| 1. Personal expenditure on consumer goods and services | 41,104 | 41,596 | 42,812 | 43,928 | 42,360 | 45,256 | 46,032 | 46,648 | 48,188 | 46,531 |
| 2. Government current expenditure on goods and services(l) ................ | 11,660 | 11,744 | 12,328 | 12,900 | 12,158 | 12,996 | 13,368 | 14,068 | 14,288 | 13,680 |
| 3. Gross fixed capital formstion | 15,744 | 15,548 | 15,744 | 16,200 | 15,809 | 16,804 | 17,092 | 17,368 | 17,704 | 17,242 |
| 4. Government (2) ........ | 2,988 | 3,012 | 2,988 | 2,992 | 2,995 | 3,012 | 3,012 | 3,068 | 3,116 | 3,052 |
| 5. Residential construction | 8 | 12 | 16 | 16 | 13 | 8 | 12 | 16 | 12 | -12 |
| 6. Non-residential construction | 2,592 | 2,608 | 2,600 | 2,608 | 2,602 | 2,680 | 2,652 | 2,708 | 2,784 | 2,706 |
| 79 Machinery and equipment | 388 | 392 | 372 | 368 | 380 | 324 | 348 | 344 | 320 | 334 |
| 8. Business(3) | 12,756 | 12,536 | 12,756 | 13,208 | 12,814 | 13,792 | 14,080 | 14,300 | 14,588 | 14,190 |
| 9. Residential construction | 3,024 | 3,200 | 3,208 | 3,584 | 3,254 | 3,780 | 3,948 | 3,888 | 3,756 | 3,843 |
| 10. Non-residential construction | 4,532 | 4,536 | 4,536 | 4,564 | 4,542 | 4,688 | 4,664 | 4,776 | 4.964 | 4,773 |
| 11. Machinery and equipment | 5,200 | 4,800 | 5,012 | 5,060 | 5,018 | 5,324 | 5,468 | 5,636 | 5,868 | 5,574 |
| 12. Value of physical change in inventories | 656 | 508 | 2,016 | 784 | 741 | 1,180 | 848 | 1,348 | 796 | 1,043 |
| 13. Government | 20 | 20 | 40 | 36 | 29 | 12 | 16 | 12 | - 16 | 6 |
| Business |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 408 | 364 | 816 | 304 | 473 | 1,064 | 196 | 420 | 456 | 534 |
|  | 228 | 124 | 160 | 444 | 239 | 104 | 636 | 916 | 356 | 503 |
| 16. Exports of goods and services ........ <br> 17. Deduct: Imports of goods and services <br> 18. Residual error of estimate ........... | 16,032 | 16,572 | 16,808 | 17,464 | 16,719 | 18,312 | 18,048 |  |  |  |
|  | -16,608 | $-16,400$ | -16,972 | -18,060 | - 17,010 | -19,144 | -19,120- | 19,396 | -20,080 | -19,435 |
|  | 312 | 664 | 544 | 924 | 611 | 1,040 | 1,184 | 1,200 | 700 | 1,031 |
| 9. GROSS NATIONAL EXPENDITURE AT MARKET PRICES | 68,900 | 70,232 | 72,280 | 74,140 | 71,388 | 76,444 | 77,452 | 79,340 | 81,004 | 78,560 |
| Detail of Farm Inventories and GICC: | 1,480 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Value of grain crop production ..... Depletions of farm stocks of grain Change in other farm-held inventories Gain in comercial channels ....... | - 1,428 | -1,172 | -,988 | - 1,296 | - 1,221 | 1,444 $-1,288$ | - 1,444 | -1,444 | 1,444 -980 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,444 \\ -1,204 \end{array}$ |
|  |  | - 56 | - 64 | - 24 | - 29 | - 212 | 88 | -1,392 | - 32 | - 75 |
|  | 148 | - 132 | - 272 | 280 | 6 | 160 | 168 |  |  | 188 |

(1) Includes defence expenditures. For amounts see line 44, Table 16.
(2) See footnote 2, Table 2.
(3) See footnote 3, Table 2 .
(4) See footnote 4, Table 2.
(5) In the seasonally adjusted series, the value of grain crop production in each quarter is taken as one-fourth of the estimated value of crop oroduction for the vear as a whole (see footnote 4, Table 11). All other items in the farm inventories series are seasonally adjusced by standard techniques.

TABLE 13. Relation between Gross National Product at Market Prices and Gross Domestic Product at Factor Cost, by Quarters, 1968 and 1969 Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates
(millions of dollars)

|  | 1968 |  |  |  |  | 1969 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II. | III | IV | Year | I | II | III | IV | Year |
| 1. gross mational product at market prices | 68,900 | 70,232 | 72,280 | 74,140 | 71,388 | 76,444 | 77,452 | 79,340 | 81,004 | 78,560 |
| 2. Deduct: Residual error of estimate .... | 312 | 664 | 548 | 920 | 611 | 1,044 | 1,184 | 1,200 | 696 | 1,031 |
| 3. Indirect taxes less subsidies <br> 4. Income received from non-resi- | 9,516 | 9,512 | - 9,700 | - 9,980 | -9,677 | -10,456 | -10,524-10 | 10,692 | $-10,916$ | -10,647 |
| dents | - 516 | - 572 | - 640 | -632 | - 590 | - 768 | - 852 | - 860 | -908 | - 847 |
| 3. Add: Income paid to non-residents | 1,796 | 1,864 | 1,900 | 1,804 | 1,841 | 1,936 | 2,040 | 2,068 | 2,100 | 2,036 |
| 5. gross domestic product at factor cost | 60,976 | 62,676 | 64,388 | 66,252 | 63,573 | 68,200 | 69,300 | 71,056 | 71,976 | 70,133 |

TABLE 12. Gross National Expenditure, by Quarters, 1970 and 147 Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates
(millions of dollars)

(1) Includes defence expenditures. For amounts see line 44, Table 16.
(2) See footnote 2, Table 2.
(3) See footnote 3, Table 2 .
(4) See footnote 4, Table 2.
(5) In the seasonally adjusted series, the value of grain crop production in each quarter is taken as one-fourth of the estimated value of crop production for the year as a whole (see footnote 4 , Table 11 ). All other items in the farm inventories series are seasonally adjusted by standard techniques.

TABLE 13. Relation between Gross National Product at Market Prices and Gross Domestic Product at Factor Cost, by Quarters, 1970 and 1971 Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates
(millions of dollars)

|  | 1970 |  |  |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $I$ | II | III | IV | Year | I | II | III | IV | Year |
| 1. Gross mational product at market prices | 82,684 | 83,824 | 84,988 | 86,376 | 84,468 | 87,888 |  |  |  |  |
| 2. Deduct: Residual error of estimate .... | 820 | 484 | 740 | $-240$ | 451 | 116 |  |  |  |  |
| 3. Indirect taxes less subsidies | -11,152 | -11,096 | $-11,420$ | -11,336 | - 11,251 | - 11,944 |  |  |  |  |
| 4. Income received from non-residents ........................... | - 1,004 | - 1,036 | - 1,176 | - 1,080 | - 1,074 | - 1,028 |  |  |  |  |
| 5. Add: Income paid to non-residents .. | 2,456 | 2,224 | 2,360 | 2,240 | 2,320 | 2,440 |  |  |  |  |
| 6. GROSS domestic product at factor cost | 73,804 | 74,400 | 75,492 | 75,960 | 74,914 | 77,472 |  |  |  |  |

(millions of dollars)

|  | 1968 |  |  |  |  | 1969 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | IV | Year | I | II | 111 | IV | Year |
| 1. Wages, salaries, and supplementary labour income | 36,912 | 37,976 | 38,876 | 40,208 | 38,493 | 41,672 | 42,612 | 43,724 | 44,804 | 43,203 |
| 2. Military pay and allowances | 828 | 808 | 864 | 940 | 860 | 840 | 920 | 884 | 948 | 898 |
| 3. Net income received by farm operators from farm production(1) | 1,764 | 1,508 | 1,768 | 1,720 | 1,690 | 1,412 | 1,524 | 1,976 | 1,664 | 1,644 |
| 4. Net income of non-farm unincorporated business including rent ............. | 4,104 | 4,208 | 4,244 | 4,316 | 4,218 | 4,292 | 4,388 | 4,480 | 4,480 | 4,410 |
| 5. Interest, dividends, and miscellaneous investment income (2) | 4,232 | 4,344 | 4,456 | 4,480 | 4,378 | 4,712 | 4,908 | 5,060 | 5,164 | 4,961 |
| Current cransfers |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6. From goverrment ..................... | 4,900 | 5,292 | 5,520 | 5,696 | 5,352 | 5,632 | 6,056 | 6,224 | 6,344 | 6,064 |
| 7. Transfer payments to persons..... | 4,892 | 5,288 | 5,512 | 5,692 | 5,346 | 5,628 | 6,052 | 6,216 | 6,344 | 6,060 |
| 8. Capital assistance ................ | 8 | 4 | 8 | 4 | 6 | 4 | 4 | 8 | - | 4 |
| 9. From corporations (3) ............... | 128 | 128 | 124 | 128 | 127 | 124 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 127 |
| 10. From non-residents | 92 | 96 | 96 | 96 | 95 | 88 | 92 | 92 | 92 | 91 |
| 11. PERSONAL INCOME | 52,960 | 54,360 | 55,948 | 57,584 | 55,213 | 58,772 | 60,628 | 62,568 | 63,624 | 61,398 |

See footnote(s) below.

TABEE 14. Sourcesi of Personal Income, by Uuarters, 197 and 1971 Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates
(mfllions of dollars)

|  | 1970 |  |  |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 | II | III | IV | Year | I | II | III | IV | Year |
| 1. Wages, salaries, and aupplementary labour income | 46,156 | 46,444 | 47,212 | 48,360 | 47,043 | 49,244 |  |  |  |  |
| 2. Military pay and allowances .......... | 896 | 908 | 884 | 936 | 906 | 900 |  |  |  |  |
| 3. Net income received by farm operators from farm production(1) ............. | 1,200 | 1,356 | 916 | 1,176 | 1,162 | 880 |  |  |  |  |
| 4. Net income of non-farm unincorporated business including rent ............. | 4,488 | 4,484 | 4,564 | 4,668 | 4,551 | 4,752 |  |  |  |  |
| 5. Interest, dividends, and miscellaneous investment income (2) .................. | 5,248 | 5,416 | 5,464 | 5,472 | 5,400 | 5,788 |  |  |  |  |
| Current cransfers |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 6. Frow government ...................... | 6,472 | 6,588 | 7,068 | 7,100 | 6,807 | 7,536 |  |  |  |  |
| 7. Transfer payments to persons ..... | 6,472 | 6,584 | 7,064 | 7,096 | 6,804 | 7,532 |  |  |  |  |
| 8. Capital assistance ................. | 6, | 4 | 4 | 4 | 3 | 4 |  |  |  |  |
| 9. From corporations (3) ................ | 128 | 136 | 136 | 136 | 134 | 136 |  |  |  |  |
| 10. From non-residents ................. | 100 | 96 | 100 | 92 | 97 | 120 |  |  |  |  |
| 11. PERSONAL INCOME | 64,688 | 65,428 | 66,344 | 67,940 | 66,100 | 69,356 |  |  |  |  |

(1) See footnote 1, Table 4 .
(2) See footnote 2, Table 4.
(3) See footnote 3, Table 4.

TABLE 15. Disposition of Personal Income; by Quarte: 5 , 1963 ats 1959 Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rate..
(millions of dollars)


See footnote(s) below.

Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates
(millions of dollars)

(1) See footnote 1 , TabluS.
(2) See footnote 2, Tahli 5.

TABLE 16. Government Revenue, Expenditure and Surplus or Deficit, by Level of Goverment, by Quarters Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates
(millions of dollars)


[^2]TABLE 16. Government Revenue, Expenditure and Surplus or Deficit, by Level of Goverment, by Quartaso Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates - Continued (millions of dollars)


See footnotesis) at end of table.
 Easonally Adjusted at Annual Rates - Continued (millions of dollars)

|  |  | 1970 |  |  |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1 | 11 | 111 | IV | Year | 1 | 11 | 111 | 1 V | Year |
| REVENUE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. | Direct taxes - Persons | 10,676 | 11,580 | 11,604 | 11,964 | 11,456 | 12,180 |  |  |  |  |
| 2. | Federal (1) | 6,964 | 7,356 | 7,560 | 7,712 | 7,398 | 7,628 |  |  |  |  |
| 3. | Provincial | 2,692 | 3,132 | 2,988 | 3,200 | 3,003 | 3,384 |  |  |  |  |
| 4. | Local | - | - | - | - | - | - |  |  |  |  |
| 5. | Canada Pension Plan | 760 | 804 | 724 | 804 | 773 | 924 |  |  |  |  |
| 6. | Quebec Pension Plan | 260 | 288 | 332 | 248 | 282 | 244 |  |  |  |  |
| 7. | Direct taxes - Corporate and government business enterprises | 2,952 | 2,908 | 2,920 | 2,636 | 2,854 | 2,796 |  |  |  |  |
| 8. | Federal (2) ........................... | 2,208 | 2,196 | 2,192 | 1,972 | 2,142 | 2,092 |  |  |  |  |
| 9. | (Federal tax collections) (2) ....... | $(3,028)$ | $(2,648)$ | (2,276) | $(2,236)$ | $(2,547)$ | (1,900) |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 10 . \\ & 11 . \end{aligned}$ | Provincial (3) <br> (Provincial tax collections) | $\begin{gathered} 744 \\ (980) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 712 \\ (840) \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 728 \\ (876) \end{gathered}$ | 664 $(744)$ | $\begin{gathered} 712 \\ (860) \end{gathered}$ | $704$ (888) |  |  |  |  |
| 12. | Direct Laxes-Non-residents-Federal (4) | 304 | 244 | 244 | 276 | 267 | 244 |  |  |  |  |
| 13. | Indirect taxes | 11,848 | 11,952 | 12,132 | 11,968 | 11,975 | 12,596 |  |  |  |  |
| 14. | Federal | 3,972 | 3,960 | 4,172 | 4,028 | 4,033 | 4,136 |  |  |  |  |
| 15. | Provincial | 4.092 | 4,204 | 4,164 | 4,140 | 4,150 | 4,372 |  |  |  |  |
| 16. | Local (5) | 3,784 | 3,788 | 3,796 | 3,800 | 3,792 | 4,088 |  |  |  |  |
| 17. | Other current transfers from persons | 1,004 | 1,032 | 1,084 | 1,076 | 1,049 | 1,072 |  |  |  |  |
| 18. | Federal . .......................... | 4 | 4 | , 4 | - | 3 | 4 |  |  |  |  |
| 19. | Provincial | 932 | 952 | 1,000 | 996 | 970 | 988 |  |  |  |  |
| 20. | Local | 68 | 72 | 76 | 76 | 73 | 80 |  |  |  |  |
| 71. | Hospitals .......................... | - | 4 | 4 | 4 | 3 | - |  |  |  |  |
| 22. | Investment income | 2,320 | 2.356 | 2,604 | 2,536 | 2,454 | 2,472 |  |  |  |  |
| 33. | Federal | 1,132 | 1,172 | 1,300 | 1,240 | 1,211 | 1,224 |  |  |  |  |
| 24. | Provincial | 932 | 892 | 1,028 | 952 | 951 | 932 |  |  |  |  |
| 35. | Local | 100 | 88 | 96 | 92 | 94 | 108 |  |  |  |  |
| 56. | Hospitals ......... | 4 152 | 4 | 4 | 8 | 5 | 4 204 |  |  |  |  |
| 27. | Canada Pension Plan | 152 | 200 | 176 | 244 | 193 | 204 |  |  |  |  |
| 28. | Current transfers from other levels of government | 8,660 | 8,816 | 8,884 | 9,280 | 8,910 | 10,020 |  |  |  |  |
| 29. | Provinces - From Canada ........... | 3,064 | 3, 104 | 3,656 | 3,436 | 3,315 | 4,284 |  |  |  |  |
| 30 | - From local governments | 44 | 28 | 48 | 60 | 45 | 28 |  |  |  |  |
| 31. | Local governments - From Canada .... | 48 | 100 | 80 | 100 | 82 | 80 |  |  |  |  |
| 32. | - From provinces | 3,208 | 3,348 | 2,764 | 3,336 | 3,164 | 3,144 |  |  |  |  |
| 33. | Hospitals - From provinces ......... | 2,272 | 2,212 | 2,312 | 2,324 | 2,280 | 2,460 |  |  |  |  |
| 34. | - From local governments | 24 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 24 |  |  |  |  |
| 35. | Total revenue | 37,764 | 38,888 | 39,472 | 39.736 | 38,965 | 41,380 |  |  |  |  |
| 36. | Federal | 14,584 | 14,932 | 15,472 | 15,228 | 15,054 | 15,328 |  |  |  |  |
| 37. | Provincial | 12,500 | 13,024 | 13,612 | 13,448 | 13, 146 | 14,692 |  |  |  |  |
| 38. | Local | 7,208 | 7,396 | 6,812 | 7,404 | 7,205 | 7,500 |  |  |  |  |
| 39. | Mospitals ........................... | 2,300 | 2,244 | 2,344 | 2,360 | 2,312 | 2,488 |  |  |  |  |
| 40. | Canada Pension Plan ................ | 912 | 1,004 | 900 | 1,048 | 966 | 1,128 |  |  |  |  |
| 41. | Quebec Pension Plan ................ | 260 | 288 | 332 | 248 | 282 | 244 |  |  |  |  |
| CURRENI EXPENDITURE |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 42. | Current expenditure on goods and services (6) | 15,024 | 15,708 | 15,968 | 16,508 | 15,802 | 17,108 |  |  |  |  |
| 43. | Federal .............................. . | 4.612 | 4.840 | 4,152 | 4,440 | 4,511 | 4,624 |  |  |  |  |
| 44. | (Defence) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | $(1,964)$ | (1,880) | (1,820) | (1,808) | (1, 868) | $(1,864)$ |  |  |  |  |
| 45. | Provincial . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 3.276 | 3.412 | 4,092 | 4,208 | 3,747 | 4,348 |  |  |  |  |
| 46. | Local . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 5,244 | 5,520 | 5,744 | 5,836 | 5,586 | 6,060 |  |  |  |  |
| 47. | Hospitals .......................... | 1,892 | 1,936 | 1,980 | 2,024 | 1,958 | 2,076 |  |  |  |  |
| 48. | Transfer payments to persons ......... | 6,472 | 6,584 | 7,064 | 7,096 | 6,804 | 7,532 |  |  |  |  |
| 49. | Federal .............................. . | 3,800 | 3,992 | 4,172 | 4,248 | 4,053 | 4,276 |  |  |  |  |
| 50. | Provincial . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 2,488 | 2,376 | 2,672 | 2,596 | 2,533 | 2,964 |  |  |  |  |
| 51. | Local ................................. | 104 | 116 | 112 | 124 | 114 | 148 |  |  |  |  |
| 52. | Canada Pension Plan ............... | 60 | 76 | 80 | 96 | 78 | 108 |  |  |  |  |
| 53. | Quebec Pension Plan ................ | 20 | 24 | 28 | 32 | 26 | 36 |  |  |  |  |
| 34. | Subsidies ................................ | 696 | 856 | 712 | 632 | 724 | 652 |  |  |  |  |
| 55. | Federal ............................. | 588 | 716 | 560 | 508 | 593 | 480 |  |  |  |  |
| 50. | Provincial | 108 | 140 | 152 | 124 | 131 | 172 |  |  |  |  |

[^3]TABLE 16. Government Revenue, Expenditure and Surplus or Deficit, by Leval of Poverament, hy Quartera Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates - Conclulad
(millions of dollars)

(1) See footnote 1, Table 6 .
(2) See footnote 2, Table 6.
(3) See footnote 3. Table 6.
(4) See foornote 4, Table 6.
(5) The quarterly figures of real property taxes unadjusted and seasonally adjusted are obtained by dividing annual total. b; four since real property taxes accrue uniformly throughout the taxation year. Because in recent years, changes in reai property tax rates have been generally upward, this treatment gives rise to a fictitious seasonal between the fourth and first quarters in the seasonally adjusted faxes series.
(6) Includes capital consumption allowances as shown in line 86.
(7) See footnote 6. Table 6.
(8) See footnote 6, Table 6.

That: 17. Iremsecilits of Residents with Non-residents in the National Income and
Eapead: ture Accounts, by Quarters, 1968 and 1969
ECasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates
(millions of dollars)

|  | 1968 |  |  |  |  | 1969 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | IV | Year | I | II | III | IV | Year |
| 1. Exports of goods and services | 16,032 | 16,572 | 16,808 | 17,464 | 16,719 | 18,312 | 18,048 | 18,104 | 19,408 | 18,468 |
| 2. Merchandise ............... | 12,960 | 13,392 | 13,556 | 14, 240 | 13,537 | 14,872 | 14,456 | 14,548 | 15,620 | 14,874 |
| 3. Non-merchandise | 3,072 | 3,180 | 3,252 | 3,224 | 3,182 | 3,440 | 3,592 | 3,556 | 3,788 | 3,594 |
| 4. Deduct: Imports of goods and services | -16,608 | -16,400. | 16,972 | -18.060 | -17.010 | -19,144 | -19,120 | 19,396 | -20,080 | -19,435 |
| 5. Merchandise .......................... | -11,860 | -11,648- | 12,032 | -13,108 | -12,162 | -13,932 | -13,688 | 13,872 | -14,456 | -13,987 |
| 6. Non-merchandise | -4,748 | -4,752 | -4,940 | -4,952 | -4,848 | -5,212 | $-5,432$ | -5,524 | -5,624 | -5,448 |
| 7. Add: Net current transfers abroad .... <br> 8. Current transfers abroad (-)(1) .... | 72 -244 | 44 -260 | -312 | -24 -308 | 23 -281 | 12 -288 | 28 -312 | 28 -324 | -40 -340 | -316 |
| 9. Current transfers from abroad ( + ) ( 2 ) | 316 | - 304 | -312 312 | - 284 | - 304 | -288 300 | -312 340 | -324 -352 | -340 300 | -316 323 |
| 10. Equals: Saving (3) | -504 | 216 | -164 | -620 | -268 | -820 | -1,044 | -1,264 | -712 | -960 |
| Reconcilation with the Canadian Balance of International Payments: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Saving as above | -504 | 216 | -164 | -620 | -268 | -820 | -1,044 | -1,264 | -712 | -960 |
| Add: Net inheritances and migrants' funds | 84 | 140 | 244 | 176 | 161 | 160 | 168 | 148 | 200 | 169 |
| Equals: Surplus( + ) or deficit( - ) on current account as per "Canadian Balance of International Payments" |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| (4) | -420 | 356 | 80 | -444 | -107 | -660 | -876 | -1,116 | -512 | -791 |

Ser eantancess) holow
FiBle 17. Transactions of Residents with Non-residents in the National Income and Expenditure Accounts, by Quarters, 1970 and 1971 Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates
(millions of dollars)

|  | 1970 |  |  |  | 1971 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II III | IV | Year | I | II | III | IV | Year |
| 1. Exports of goods and services | 21,132 | 21,096 20,780 | 20,868 | 20,969 | 21,636 |  |  |  |  |
| 2. Merchandise .......................... | 17, 100 | 17,048 16,648 | 16,716 | 16,878 | 17,388 |  |  |  |  |
| 3. Non-merchandise ..................... | 4.032 | 4,048 4,132 | 4,152 | 4,091 | 4,248 |  |  |  |  |
| 4. Deduct: Imports of goods and services | -20,320 | -20,140-20,200 | -18,672 | -19,833 | 20,740 |  |  |  |  |
| 5. Merchandise <br> 6. Non-merchandise | -14,240 | -14,332-14,032 | -12,732 | -13,834 | 14,532 |  |  |  |  |
| 6. Non-merchandise . .................... | -6,080 | -5,808-6,168 | -5,940 | -5,999 | -6,208 |  |  |  |  |
| 7. Add: Net current transfers abroad .... | 48 | $\begin{array}{ll} 28 & -108 \end{array}$ | -52 | -21 | -92 |  |  |  |  |
| 8. Current transfers to abroad ( - )(1) ${ }^{\text {9. }}$. | -356 | -312-452 | -420 | -385 | -456 |  |  |  |  |
| 9. Current transfers from abroad (+) (2) | 404 | 340344 | 368 | 364 | 364 |  |  |  |  |
| 10. Equals: Saving(3) | 860 | 984472 | 2,144 | 1,115 | 804 |  |  |  |  |
| Reconcilation with the Canadian Balance of International Payments: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Saving as above .................... | 860 | $984 \quad 472$ | 2,144 | 1,115 | 804 |  |  |  |  |
| Add: Net inheritances and migrants' funds | 196 | 152184 | 124 | 164 | 212 |  |  |  |  |
| Equals: Surplus ( + ) or deficit(-) on current account as per "Canadian Balance of International Payments" |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| (4) ............................. | 1.056 | $1,136 \quad 656$ | 2,268 | 1,279 | 1,016 |  |  |  |  |

[^4]
# TABLE 18. Sources of Gross Saving, by Quettara. 1205 su4, iS69 Seasonally Adjusted at Annasl :ates 

 (millions of dollar:)

See foutrate ( s ) helno.


(millions of dollars)


TAl: 2 1.3. Dasetition of Gross Saving, by Quarters, 1968 and 1969
Selasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates
(millions of dollars)


See Eootnote(s) below.

ThisLE 19. Disposition of Gross Saving, by Quarters, 1970 and 1971 Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates (millions of dollars)

(1) See footnote 1, Table 12.

TABLE 20. Gross National Expenditure in Constant (1961) Dollars, ay Quariars 4568 and 2969(1. 1) Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rat. :
(millions of dollars)

(1) See footnote 1 , Table 10.
(2) See footnote 2, Table 10.

TaHLY 23. Sroses datzonal Fopenalture in Constant (1961) Dollars, by Quarters, 1970 and $1971(1,2)$ Searsonally Adjusted at Annual Rates
(millions of dollars)

(1) See footnote 1, Table 10 .
(2) See footnote 2, Table 10.

TABLE 21. Implicit Price Indexes, Gross National Expenditare, by Goarterm, 1908 and 1959 Using Seasonally Adjusted Inca $1961=100.0$

|  | 1968 |  |  |  |  | 1969 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | IV | Year | I | II | III | IV | Year |
| 1. Personal expenditure on consumer goods and services | 116.6 | 117.6 | 118.5 | 119.8 | 118.1 | 121.1 | 122.6 | 123.7 | 124.4 | 122.9 |
| 2. Durable goods | 104.9 | 105.0 | 105.2 | 105.6 | 105.2 | 105.7 | 106.5 | 105.3 | 107.1 | 1.06 .4 |
| 3. Semi-durable goods | 118.7 | 119.7 | 120.0 | 121.3 | 119.9 | 122.2 | 123.5 | 12/1.4 | 124.6 | 123.7 |
| 4. Non-durable goods | 115.4 | 116.5 | 117.2 | 118.3 | 116.8 | 118.5 | 120.2 | 121.1 | 121.7 | 120.4 |
| 5. Services ........ | 122.1 | 123.4 | 12:. 1 | 125.9 | 124.4 | 130.1 | 131.5 | 133.5 | 134.8 | 132.5 |
| 6. Government current expenditure on goods and services | 137.6 | 139.7 | 143.6 | 148.3 | 142.4 | 147.6 | 154.4 | 158.0 | 160.5 | 155.2 |
| 7. Gross fixed capital formation | 118.7 | 119.9 | 120.3 | 121.0 | 120.0 | 123.6 | 124.6 | 125.9 | 126.7 | 125.2 |
| 9. Goverrment | 120.7 | 122.8 | 122.1 | 121.8 | 121.8 | 126.6 | 123.4 | 126.8 | 128.3 | 126.3 |
| 9. Non-residential construction | 122.7 | 125.1 | 124.3 | 124.0 | 124.0 | 129.1 | 125.1 | 129.0 | 130.3 | 128.4 |
| 10. Machinery and equipment. | 109.0 | 108.9 | 108.1 | 108.2 | 108.6 | 109.5 | 111.5 | 111.7 | 112.7 | 111.3 |
| 11. Business | 118.2 | 119.2 | 119.9 | 120.9 | 119.5 | 123.0 | 124.9 | 125.7 | 126.4 | 125.0 |
| 12. Residential construction | 126.6 | 128.4 | 130.0 | 131.6 | 129.2 | 134.6 | 137.1 | 136.1 | 136.1 | 136.0 |
| 13. Non-residential construction | 119.0 | 119.9 | 120.4 | 121.1 | 120.1 | 124.3 | 126.5 | 128.7 | 131.3 | 127.7 |
| 14. Machinery and equipment .......... | 113.1 | 113.2 | 113.8 | 114.1 | 113.6 | 114.9 | 116.1 | 117.2 | 117.4 | 116.4 |
| 15. Exports of goods and services | 115.3 | 115.2 | 115.3 | 115.2 | 115.2 | 116.6 | 118.0 | 118.0 | 118.7 | 117.8 |
| 16. (of which: merchandise) ... | 112.7 | 112.3 | 112.3 | 111.9 | 112.3 | 113.4 | 114.5 | 114.2 | 114.8 | 114.2 |
| 17. Deduct: Imports of goods and services | 113.4 | 113.7 | 113.8 | 114.7 | 113.9 | 114.9 |  | 118.0 | 118.9 | $117.0$ |
| 18. (of which: merchandise) ............... | 109.3 | 109.6 | 109.2 | 110.2 | 109.6 | 111.1 | 112.0 | 114.1 | 114.9 | $113.0$ |
| 19. GROSS NATIONAL EXPENDITURE . . . . . . . . . | 121.2 | 121.7 | 123.1 | 124.2 | 122.5 | 126.0 | 128.5 | 128.9 | 129.9 | 128.3 |

TABIE 21. Implicit Price Indexes, Gross National Expenditure, by Quarters, 1970 and 1971 Using Seasonally Adjusted Data $1961=100.0$



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[^0]:    See footnote(s) at end of table.

[^1]:    Sas footnote(B) at end of table.

[^2]:    See lootnote(s) at end of table.

[^3]:    See footnote(s) at end of table

[^4]:    1) See footnote 1, Table 7.
    2) See footnote 2, Table 7.
    (3) Saving of residents on transactions with non-residents in the national income and expendicure accounts. A negative Eigure indicates savings made available to the econamy by non-residents (see line 8 , Table 18 ).
    (4) See footnote(4) Table 7 .
