# DTS mot cimula NE PAS PRîter 

# NATIONAL ACCOUNTS INCOME AND EXPENDITURE 

## FOURTH QUARTER AND PRELIMINARY ANNUAL

1960

## DOMliach EURE:3 OF SMAMSTCS

APR 13 196
BROROTY CE THE


Published by Authority of
The Honourable George Hees, Minister of Trade and Commerce

DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS
National Accounts Division

THE ADVANCE IN GROSS NATIONAL PRODUCT WAS INTERRUPTED IN 1960; PRODUCTION DECLINED IN THE SECOND

QUARTER OF THE YEAR
(seasonally adjusted at annual rates)


CUT-BACKS IN THE INVENTORY SECTOR WERE A MAJOR FACTOR CONTRIBUTING TO THE SLOW-DOWN IN ACTIVITY;BY THE THIRD QUARTER OF THE YEAR, FINAL DEMAND WAS BEING MET IN PART BY DRAWING UPON STOCKS ON HAND, BUT THE LIQUIDATION DID NOT CONTINUE INTO THE FOURTH QUARTER


THE VALUE INCREASE FOR THE YEAR AS A WHOLE AMOUNTED TO 3 PER CENT, WITH THE VOLUME OF PRODUCTION HIGHER BY ABOUT 2 PER CENT
-

BUSINESS OUTLAYS FOR NEW PLANT AND EQUIPMENT WEAKENED IN THE LATTER PART OF 1959 , BUT THE DECLINE WAS HALTED IN THE LAST HALF OF 1960. OUTLAYS FOR NEW HOUSING MOVED DOWNWARD DURING THE YEAR
(SEASONALLY ADJUSTED AT ANNUAL RATES)

CONSUMER EXPENDITURE CONTINUED TO PROVIDE STRENGTH ON THE DEMAND SIDE, ALTHOUGH THE ADVANCE WAS UNEVEN; OUTLAYS FOR DURABLE GOODS CONTINUED WEAK UNTIL THE FINAL QUARTER OF THE YEAR


EXPORTS OF GOOOS MOVED IRREGULARLY DURING THE YEAR, AND FOR 1960 AS A WHOLE AVERAGED 4 PER CENT ABOVE 1959, REFLECTING THE STRENGTH OF OVERSEAS DEMAND. IMPORTS WERE ONLY FRACTIONALLY ABOVE 1959 LEVELS.
THE DEFICIT ON MERCHANDISE ACCOUNT WAS REDUCED,
BUT THE DEFICIT ON SERVICES CONTINUED TO WIDEN
(BILLIONS OF DOLLARS)


GOVERNMENT EXPENDITURE ON GOODS AND SERVICES MOVED UPWARD IN I960, AND CONTRIBUTED AN IMPORTANT ADDITIONAL ELEMENT OF STRENGTH ON THE DEMAND SIDE


THE ADVANCE IN LABOUR INCOME SLOWED IN I960, AND CORPORATION PROFITS DECLINED
(日ILLIONS OF oollars)

( IN ALL CHARTS DATA ARE SEASONALLY ADJUSTEO at annual rates)

## INTRODULTORY REVIEW

> (This report incorporates revisions to data for the years 1957, 1958, 1959, and the first three quarters of 1960. In large part, the revisions represent information which has become available during the past year from final tabulations of annual survey data. New information form "Taxation Statistics $1960^{\prime \prime}$ has also been incorporated in the figures, as well. as the results of the most recent survey, "Private and Public Investment in Canada - Outlook, 1961". The "old" and "revised" Gross National Product series, by quarters, from 1957 to date, are shown in Chart form on page 22).

The acivance in Gross National Product was interrupted in 1960, as the level of economic activity eased in response to dowward tendencias in several components of end-product demand. During the year, the pattern of developrnents was highlighted by a slackening in the growth of total final purchases in the first quarter and a decline in both final purchases and in the value of production in the second quarter. Although final demand recovered in the third quarter, the renewed strength was not fully transmitted to production since the increased requirements were met, in part, by cut-backs in the inventory sector. In the fourth quarter, while both final and inventory demand were once more exerting an expansionary influence on Gross National Product, the gains were somewhat modified by a decline in external demand for Canadian export products.

These conflicting movements within the year 1960 combined to yield a level of Gross National Product for the full year which averaged about 3 per cent above the level of the year 1959. It is estinated that the physical volume of output in 1960 was about 2 per cent above that of the preceding year 1/, with final product prices hisher by around $11 / 2$ per cent.

The weakness in end-product demand during the year was centered in business outlays for new plent and equipment, housing construction, and consumer purchases of durable goods other than autonobiles. Business outlays for plent and equipment

1/ The figures include the value of the 1960 grain crop, which is estimated to be about 11 per cent above the year 1959.
failed to come up to the levels anticipated in the survey of investment intentions at the beginning of 1900 , and for the year as a whole were slightly below 1959. Housing outlays were affected by a number of factore, among which were a sharp contraction in the lending activity of the chartered banks and Central Mortgage and Housing Corporation, and an apparent change in basic demand factors. Consumer purcheses of durable goods, in turn, were affected by the lower levels of sales of major household appliances, home furnishings, and furniture, associated in part with conditions in the housing market. Cut-backs in the rate of inventory accurulation in the second quarter, and a shift to liquidation in the third quarter, were also among the factors tending to hold production in check. 2/ The main support to the level of activity over the course of the year came from consumer expenditures for non-durable goods and for services; from govemment purchases of goods and services; and from exports to overseas countries, in particular the United Kingdom and other countries of Western Europe. A perspective on these developments in terms of annual averages and in terms of the quarter-to-quarter changes during the year is giver in the following two Tables.

Changes in Components of Gross National Expenditure, 1959 to 1960

| Year Year | Per Cent <br> 1959 <br> 1960 | Change Change |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |

Fixed Capital Formation plus Inventories

| Resiaential Construction | 1.7 | 1.5 | -0.3 | -14.9 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Non-Residential Construction | 2.6 | 2.6 | - | -0.8 |
| Machinery and Equipment | 2.6 | 2.6 | - | -0.1 |
| Inventories | 0.3 | 0.3 | - |  |
| (Non-Farm Business Inventories) | (0.4) | (0.2) | (-0.1) |  |
| Sub-Total | 7.2 | 6.9 | -0.3 | -3.7 |

Other Purchases

| Consumer Expendi |  | 22.5 | 23.4 | 0.9 | 4.1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Government Expeniitur | . | 6.4 | 6.7 | 0.3 | $4 . ?$ |
| Exports |  | 6.7 | 7.0 | 0.3 | 4.2 |
|  | Sub-Total | 35.6 | 37.1 | 1.5 |  |

Total Final Purchases plus Inventory
Investment (Total Supply)
Less Imports:
Gross National Exvenditure (Total Production) ...... $34.9 \quad 36.0$ 1.1 3.2

Figures will not add by +0.1 or -0.1 due to rounding. Percent changes are based on unrounded data.
2) The level of demand was also affected in the first quarter by a small but unusual drop in consumer spending for non-durable goods, and by a sharp decline in exports of goods and services in the second quarter.

## Quarter to Quarter Changes in Final Purchases <br> (Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates) <br> ( millions)

|  | $\begin{aligned} & 1 Q 157 \\ & \text { to } \\ & 2 Q .57 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2 Q \cdot 57 \\ \text { to } \\ 3 Q \cdot 57 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3 Q .57 \\ t 0 \\ 4 Q .57 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4 Q^{\prime} 57 \\ t 0 \\ 1 Q^{\prime} 58 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10.58 \\ & t o \\ & 2 Q 158 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2 Q 1583 \\ \text { to } \\ 3 \text { Q. } 584 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 Q 158 \\ & t o \\ & 4 Q^{\prime} 58 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4 Q^{\prime} 58 \\ \text { to } \\ 1 Q^{\prime} 59 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 Q 159 \\ \text { to } \\ 2 Q .59 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2 Q .59 \\ \text { to } \\ 3 Q .59 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 3 Q 159 \\ \text { to } \\ 4 Q^{159} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 4 Q^{\prime 59} \\ \text { to } \\ 1 Q^{160} \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1 Q 160 \\ \text { to } \\ 2 Q 160 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 2 Q \cdot 60 \\ t 0 \\ 3 Q \cdot 60 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 3 Q 160 \\ & \text { to } \\ & 4 Q 160 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pers. Exp. | 316 | 324 | 52 | 416 | 280 | 284 | 480 | 320 | 156 | 300 | 332 | -24 | 480 | 44 | 524 |
| Govt. Exp. | 220 | 92 | 12 | 92 | 264 | 104 | -4 | 88 | 172 | -208 | 60 | 88 | 132 | 212 | 92 |
| Res. Constr. | 12 | 48 | 96 | 116 | 136 | 36 | 76 | -68 | $-84$ | -32 | 36 | -84 | -244 | 48 | -20 |
| Non-Res.Cons. | 64 | 16 | -52 | -212 | -4 | -76 | -96 | -220 | 124 | 16 | 32 | -44 | -132 | 108 | 16 |
| Mach.\& Equip.... | -208 | -164 | -220 | -40 | -116 | -36 | 88 | -84 | 256 | 148 | -124 | 52 | -156 | -40 | 152 |
| Exports ........ | -184 | 256 | -204 | 4 | 104 | $-248$ | 248 | -136 | 404 | -24 | 372 | 128 | -4.96 | 492 | -356 |
| Total Final <br> Purchases .... | 220 | 572 | -316 | 376 | 664 | 64 | 792 | -100 | 1,028 | 200 | 708 | 116 | -416 | 864 | 408 |
| (Final Domestic <br> Demand) $\qquad$ | (404) | (316 | (-112) | (372) | (560) | (312) | (544) | ) (36) | (624) | ) (224) | (336) | ) (-12) | (80) | ) (372) | (764) |



The slackening in economic activity during 1960 was also reflccted in changes in the direction and magnitude of the income flows. The advance in labour income during the year was little more than half as large as that achieved in 1959, and the earnings of non-farm unincorporated business enterprises declined. While total personal income was higher by 4 per cent, this compares with a gain of 6 per cent in 1959. Earnings of corporations in 1960 fell below the 1959 level by about 6 per cent, compared with a very substantial increase in the preceding twelve-month period. At the same time, the tax revenues of governments were adversely affected by the reduced flow of income to the business sector, and by the smaller rate of advance in personal incomes, with the result that total government revenues rose by a narrower margin than in 1959. The following Table shows percentage changes in the major income components for the periods 1958-1959 and 1959-1,6G.

## Changes in Major Income Components Percent Change

|  | $\begin{gathered} 1958 \\ \text { to } \\ 1959 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1959 \\ \text { to } \\ 1960 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Wages, Salaries, and Supplementary Labour Income .............. | 7.5 | 4.2 |
| Transfer Payments ................................................. | 4.0 | 13.C |
| Personal Income. | 6.5 | 4.3 |
| Corporation Profits | 15.4 | -5.9 |
| Rents, Interest, and Miscellaneous Investment Income ......... | 7.2 | 3.7 |
| Net Income of Non-Farm Unincorporated Business ................ | 4.4 | -5.1 |
| Accrued Net Income of Farm Operators from Farm Production ... | -5.4 | 6.5 |
| National Income .............................................................. | 6.9 | 2.6 |
| $\frac{\text { Selected Government Revenues }}{\text { (All levels of Government) }}$ |  |  |
| Direct Personal Taxes ............................................... | 16.5 | 13.2 |
| Corporation Taxes .................................................. | 18.5 | -6.0 |
| Indirect Taxes ...................................................... | 10.3 | 4.1 |

## Production and Employment

Indicators of the total physical volume of output in 1960 show an advance of about 2 per cent. While both the goods and service-producing industries shared in this gain, the major contribution came from the service-producing industries. Output was up significantly in all the service components but movements in the goodsproducing group diverged quite widely.

Among the primary industries, agricultural output was moderately higher in 1960, reflecting a substantially larger crop of grain of better quality, accompanied by a decline in the production of livestock and poultry, and little change in the volume of production of other farm products. While output in forestry recorded a gain of 11 per cent over 1959 (which was a strike-affected year), it remained below the record achieved in 1956.

A 1 per cent increase in mining output was the outcome of fairly small and largely offsetting movements in the four components of this industry. Output in metal mining was lower by 2 per cent, reflecting a pronounced drop in the production of uranium and a substantial decline in the output of fron ore, only partly offset. by a sharp equansion in the production of nickel, copper and lead. Output in quarrying, which is closely tied to the demands of the construction industry, was down by 5 per cent. All three components, coal, petroleum and natural gas, contributed to the 5 per cent increase in output of the fuels group; the gain in coal and in petroleum was moderate but a large increase ( 17 per cent) occurred in output of natural gas. A 2 per cent increase in the output of the non-metals group was accounted for by expanded output of asbestos.

For the third year in succession, the volume of output declined in the construction industry. The drop of nearly $51 / 2$ per cent in 1960 is associated with an estimated 17 per cent fall in the volune of residential construction and a fractional decline in the volune of non-residential construction.

A 2.3 per cent increase in the output of non-durable goods combined with a 1.7 per cent decline in durables kept manufacturing production in 1960 fractionally larger than in 1959. Most of the non-durable goods industries recorded gains, but for the most part they were small, with the important exception of chemicals, where output rose 12 per cent. A substantial decline in output occurred in rubber products and leather products, while production declined moderately in the textile industry.

Only two of the durable goods industries expanded production in 1960. The substantial ( 8 per cent) advance in the output of non-ferrous metal products reflected the buoyancy of overseas export demand. Production of transportation equipment was slightly higher, reflecting increased output of motor vehicles which more than offset lower production of other equipment. In the woods products industry (strike-affected in 1959), production was oniy slightly lover, despite weakness in the demand from the construction industry in Canada and the United States. Production of electrical apparatus and supplies fell by 2 per cent and the manufacture of both non-metallic minerals, and iron and steel products recorded drops of 6 per cent.

The volume of activity in trade was up about $11 / 2$ per cent in 1960, with wholesale and retail trade showing the same rates of increase. Within retail trade movements were mixed; food chains continued their steady expansion, raising the volume of their activity by 5 per cent; gains in other trades were for the most part small. One of the more important trades recording less activity in 1960 was lumber and building material dealers which was off 10 per cent.

Output of the utilities continued to make relatively large gains in 1960. The 11 per cent increase reflects an advance of 9 per cent in the production of electricity and another major increase in the distribution of natural gas.

The volume of traffic handled by the transportation industry as a whole rose nearly 2 per cent, in spite of a 3 per cent decline in railways and in bus systems. Railway revenue carloadings show a lower volume for all major comnodities except pulpwood, and ores and concentrates; the largest declines were in livestock, iron ore, building materials other than lumber and timber, and autos, trucks and parts. The other components of the transportation industry, trucking, oil pipelines, shipping, and air transport recorded gains ranging from 3 per cent in trucking to 13 per cent in air transport.

The volume of output in the commuications industry continued to rise and was up 5 per cent in 1960. Likewise, in the other service-producing industries, there was a further expansion in activity, amounting to 3 per cent in financial services and of about 2 per cent in government service and in other services as a group.

The moderate increase in the volume of the Nation's production in 1960 was accompanied by a roughly equivalent gain in emoloynent, which was up l.? per cent in total.

An outstanding feature of the labour market in 1960 was the continued strength of demand in those areas of employment notably trade and services, where women constitute a large proportion of the letour force, as contrasted with the weakness of demand in those areas, notably durable goods manufacturing and construction, where the work force is predominantiy male. The consequence of this pattern in the demand for latour was that there was only a fractional gain in the number of men amployed in 1960, in contrast to a 6 per cent increase in the number of employed women. The accompanying Table shows the distribution of employment in 1959 and 1960, by industry, and by male and female employment.

## $\frac{\text { Employment by Industry - All Status Groups }}{(10001 \text { s of Persons) }}$ (1000's of Persons)

|  | Average Year 1959 | Average Year 1960 | Percent <br> Change <br> Total | Percent Change Male | Percent <br> Change <br> Female |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Agriculture | 692 | 675 | -2.5 | -3.0 | 4.2 |
| Other Primary Industry 1/ ........ | 197 | 207 | 5.1 | 5.2 | - |
| Marusacturing ...................... | 1,494 | 1,470 | -1.6 | -2.1 | 0.3 |
| Construction ....................... | 442 | 418 | -5.4 | -5.3 | -8.3 |
| Transportation \& Other Utilities.. | 520 | 515 | -1.0 | -0.7 | -2.7 |
| Trade .............................. | 946 | 981 | 3.7 | 3.2 | 4.7 |
| Finance, Insurance \& Real Estate. | 216 | 226 | 4.6 | 1.7 | 8.1 |
| Goverment Service ................ | 349 | 373 | 6.9 | 6.3 | 8.8 |
| Other Service $2 / \ldots . . . . . . . . . . . . .$. | 999 | 1,090 | 9.1 | 6.8 | 10.8 |
| Total Employed ................... | 5,855 | 5,955 | 1.7 | 0.2 | 6.1 |
| Total Employed ex. Agriculture.. | 5,163 | 5,280 | 2.3 | 0.8 | 6.1 |

1 Includes forestry, fishing and trapping, mining, quarrying and oil wells.
2/ Includes business, personal, comunity and public, and recreational services.
The increase in employment in 1960 of 1.7 per cent fell somewhat short of the growth of the labour force which amounted to 2.8 per cent. Unemployment as a percentage of the labour force rose from an average of 6 per cent in 1959, to 7 per cent in 1960. Participation rates for the population 14 years of age and over rose from 53.9 per cent to 54.3 per cent, reflecting a slight decline in the male
participation rate and a considerable increase in the female participation rate This development was associated with the relatively favourable opportunities in the market for women workers.

## Value, Volume, and Frice Comparisons

The volume increase in Gross Netional Expenditure between 1959 and 1960 of 2 per cent compares with increases of 3 per cent between 1958 and 1959 and 1 per cent between 1957 and 1958. The average annual rate of growth for the post-war period is estimated to be about 4 per cent per year. The value, vclume and price components of each of the main expenditure categories are show in the following Table.

Percent Changes, Value, Volume and Price

|  | $\frac{\text { Year } 1960}{\text { Year } 1959}$ |  |  | $\frac{\text { Year } 1959}{\text { Year } 1958}$ |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Value | Volune | Laspeyres I/ Price | Value | Volune | Laspeyres Price |
| Personal Expenditure ......... | 4.1 | 2.9 | 1.2 | 5.8 | 4.3 | 1.3 |
| Goods .......................... | 3.4 | 2.9 | 0.6 | 4.6 | 4.0 | 0.5 |
| Non-Durables | 4.1 | 3.4 | 0.8 | 4.0 | 3.7 | 0.3 |
| Durables .................... | 0.3 | 0.7 | -0.4 | 7.2 | 5.4 | 1.7 |
| Services and N.L.A. ......... | 5.3 | 2.8 | 2.3 | 7.9 | 4.9 | 2.8 |
| Government Expenditure ....... | 4.7 | 0.9 | 3.5 | 3.9 | 0.6 | 3.0 |
| Business Gross Fixed Capital |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Formation ..................... | $-4.1$ | $-6.2$ | 2.2 | -1. 2 | -3.5 | 2.9 |
| New Residential Construction. | $-14.0$ | -17.0 | 2.7 | -1.6 | -5.1 | 3.7 |
| New Non-Res. Construction ... | -0.9 | -3.1 | 2.4 | -7.9 | -10.1 | 2.9 |
| New Machinery and Equipment.. | -0.1 | $-1.8$ | 1.7 | 7.1 | 5.2 | 2.4 |
| Exports of Goods and Services. | 4.2 | 2.7 | 0.7 | 5.3 | 2.1 | 1.8 |
| Imports of Goods and Services. | 0.4 | -1.2 |  | 9.3 | 10.2 | -0.2 |
| Gross National Expenditure ... | 3.2 | 2.2 | 1.72 | 6.1 | 3.2 | 2.4 |

1/ The price comparisons shown above are based on a set of fixed weight price indexes ( $1955=100$ ), and not upon the implicit price detlators which can be derived by dividing the value series by the volune series. The implicit deflators are weighted by changes in the expenditure pattern over time, and do not permit accurate measurements of price change. A specially constructed set of fixed weight price indexes has therefore been used for purposes of depicting price changes in the above Table.

2/ The implicit price index of G.N.E. in 1960 shows a price increase of 1.1 per cent over 1959. Most of the difference between the implicit index and that shown above is explained by a large increase in the weight of farm and GICC inventories in 1960. A set of low price relatives is associated with these inventories, and the increase in their weight in 1960 has the effect of reducing the level of the total implicit price index.

Final product prices drifted upward slightly between 1959 and 1960, with the aggregate increase being about $11 / 2$ per cent. This is the smallest year-over-year price increase for any year since 1955, when the increase was 1.3 per cent, and compares with an average annual price rise of 2.5 per cent for the years 1956 to 1960 . The increase in the price of consumer goods and services was small, and was virtually unchanged from that which occurred between 1958 and 1959. The prices of both capital
goods and exports showed a more moderate advance in the current period than between 1.958 and 1959. Prices of imported goods, however, which declined fractionally in 1959, rose somewhat in 1960, reflecting, in large part, a lower rate of exchange on the Canadian dollar.

The Fourth Quarter
The small increase in Gross National Product, seasonally adjusted, in the third quarter was followed in the fourth by a somewhat larger advance. Total production of goods and services rose by more than $l 1 / 2$ per cent. The figures contain a consicerable element of price change (particularly in the consumer sector, where food prices rose irregularly), so that the volume gain is estimated to be only about half as large as that indicated by the value fiøures. Final demand continued to expand, although the increase was moderate, being affected by a drop in external demand for Canadian export products to the United States. However, developments in the inventory sector contributed to the rising levcl of end-product demand, as business inventories shifted from liquidation in the third quarter to a modest rate of accumulation in the fourth.

Consumer expenditures rose sharply in the fourth quarter, following a rather weak third quarter. A major element of strength was in the durable goods component, which rose by 12 per cent, reflecting a favourable response to the 1961 automobile models, and more moderate increases in sales of appliances and radios, home fumishings, and fumiture. Consumer outlays for both non-durable goods and for services were also higher, by approximately 1 per cent. With the advance in total consumer spending exceeding the rise in disposable income by a substantial margin, the rate of personal saving declined in the fourth quarter.

Business outlays for plant and equipment increased in the fourth quarter, as machinery and equipment investment turned upward following a prolonged period of weakness. The increase appears to have been concentrated in agricultural implements and in comnercial vehicles, though imports of aircraft were also unusually high during the quarter. Outlays for new non-residential construction showed little change in the fourth quarter. The recent survey of investment intentions does not suggest that business outlays for new plant and equipment will provide any elament of increasing strength through 1961.

Business inventories contributed to the strength of end-product demand in the fourth quarter, shifting from liquidation in the third to a modest rate of accumulation in the fourth. Manufacturers' stocks, which were being drawn dow quite heavily in the third quarter, were reduced more moderately in the fourth, while stocks held by wholesalers moved from liquidation to a small rate of accumulation. With consumer expenditures showing a strong advance in the fourth quarter, the rate of accumulation of stocks held at retail fell to about hale of the third quarter rats.

The 5 per cent decline in exports of goods and services in the fourth quarter followed a gain of 7 per cent in the third. The lower level of commodity exports reflected mainly lower shipments of iron and its products (which had been at an unusually high level since the fourth quarter of 1959), moderately lower shipments of non-ferrous metals and products, and considerably lower shipments of animal products. With a small increase in imports, the small third quarter surplus on commodity acoount again gave way to a deficit in the fourth quarter.

Both receipts and payments on service account fell in the fourth quarter, receipts by considerably more then payments. However, the over-all deficit on both goods and services rose from $\$ 0.9$ billion to $\$ 1.3$ billion.

These changes in the pattern of the Nation's expenditure in the fourth quarter were accompanied by an advance of close to 1 per cent in goods' production, and a more moderate advance in the service-producing industries. In manufacturing, the gain was 1.3 per cent. Hovever, production declined in forestry, mining, quarrying and oil wells, public utilities, and in transportation, communication and storage. Within manufacturing, while the major part of the increase in output represented widespread gains in the non-durable goods industries, all of the durable goods industries also recorded advances, with the exception of electrical apparatus and supplies and non-ferrous metal products.

Developments on the income side in the fourth quarter included a small gain in labour income, a minor decline in corporation profits, and advances in other forms of investment income and in income of farm operators from farm production. Net income of non-farm unincorporated business remained unchanged. National income as a whole was higher by close to $11 / 2$ per cent.
Personal Expenditure on Consumer Goods and Services
While consumer spending rose somewhat more than consumer disposable income in 1960 , it failed to match the gains of the two preceding years. The increase in 1960 amounted to 4 per cent, which compares with nearly 6 per cent in 1958 and 1959. Whereas in these two years, and in 1959 particulerly, the market for consumer durables expanded, in 1960 there were important areas of weakness and spending on durables showed only a fractional gain. At the same time, expenditure on non-durable goods rose about 4 per cent, the same rate of increase as in 1959, whilc expenditure on services rose by more than 5 per cent, compared with a gain of nearly 8 per cent in the preceding year.

Of the increase in total consumer spending in 1960, somewhat more than 1 per cent is accounted for by hicher prices in the consumer sector, the smallest rate of increase in recent years. Services contimued to account for the major part of the advance in consumer prices; prices of non-durables were somewhat higher while prices of durables edged downward. The approximately 3 per cent rise in real consumption represents a gain of about 1 per cent in per capita terms.

| Consumer Expenditure |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Percent Change |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Year } 1958 \\ & \text { to } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Year } 1959 \\ \text { to } \end{gathered}$ |
|  | Year 1959 | Year 1960 |
| Food | 4.5 | 3.0 |
| Clothing | 4.0 | 2.2 |
| other ...................................... | 3.4 | 6.5 |
| Total Non-Durables ..... | 4.0 | 4.1 |
| Appliances and Radios | 3.7 | -4.1 |
| Home Furnishings and Furniture ........ | 5.1 | -2.9 |
| Autos (New and Used) ..................... | 9.3 | 3.5 |
| Other | 9.2 | 0.7 |
| Total Durable Goods .... | 7.3 | 0.3 |
| Total All Goods ......... | 4.6 | 3.4 |
| Total Services ......... | 7.9 | 5.3 |
| Total Personal Expenditure .............. <br> (Goods and Services) | 5.8 | 4.1 |

Consumer purchases of most major categories of non-durables rose in 1960, food purchases by 3 per cent, clothing by 2 per cent, and alcohol and tobacco by $31 / 2$ and $51 / 2$ per cent respectively. The increase in expenditure on non-durables as a group represented a gain of about 1 per cent in real per capita consumption.

All components of services contributed to the $51 / 2$ per cent advance in expenditure. The sharpest rate of increase was for hospital and medical care, which rose by 9 per cent.

Among the durables, an increase of $31 / 2$ per cent in purchases of new and used cars was almost offset by lower expenditures for virtually all other durables. Statistics of factory shipments of household durables were in general either unchanged or considerably lower. For example, shipments of washers were down 10 per cent, of electric stoves 12 per cent, of radios 10 per cent and of television sets 16 per cent. On the other hand, there was an increase of over 60 per cent in shipments of home freezers. The widespread weakness in the demand for household durables is probably related in part to the much reduced level of activity in housing.

A 7 per cant increase in the sale of new passenger cars to persons in 1960 compares with one of 10 per cent in the preceding year. As in 1959, the rise in sales of British and European cars wis large relative to the increase in sales of North American cars, although the disparity was less marked in 1960. Sales to persons of British and European cars were up nearly 20 per cent and sales of North American cars less than 5 per cent.

With consumer outlays higher by 4 per cent in 1960 and disposable income showing a smaller gain of 3.5 per cent, the rate of personal saving fell. In 1959, personal saving amounted to 7.2 per cent of disposable income, in 1960 , to 6.7 per cent.

## Business Gross Fixed Capital Formation

Business gross fixed capital formation is estimated at $\$ 6.6$ billion in 1960 , some 4 per cent lower than in 1959. The decline was centered in residential construction. Expenditures on plant and equipment were close to the level of the previous year, with the construction component slightly lower and the machinery and equipment component unchanged.

The changes in business investment outlays (excluding housing) by major industry groups were for the most part fairly small. Expenditures were higher in the three primary industry groups of mining, forestry and agriculture. In manufacturing, outlays rose by 4 per cent, and in institutional services, by over 7 per cent. Capital outlays declined in the construction industry, in trade, finance, insurance and real estate, as well as in comercial services. However, the major decrease in 1960, amounting to nearly 5 per cent, occurred in the large investment programe being carried on by the utilities.

Within manufacturing industries, changes in capital outlays were mixed and to some extent offsetting. The manufacturing industries reporting substantially larger capital outlays in 1960 were iron and steel, paper products and chemical products. On the other hand, capital expenditures in transportation equipment and in non-metallic mineral products were considerably lower than in 1959.

Most of the utilities carried out smaller capital programmes in 1960 than in 1959. Among the major utilities, much the largest reduction took place in outlays by the railway group. The outlays of electric power utilities were considerably lower than in 1959 and much below the extremely high levels reached in several
previous years. Among the major utilities, expenditures by the telephone industry were considerably higher, as were those of "other utilities" (a miscellaneous group which includes air transport, warehousing,oil and gas pipelines and toll highways and bridges); this increase is attributable to higher expenditures on aircraft and on the construction of gas and oil pipelines.

Expenditures on residential construction in 1960 fell to $\$ 1,476$ million, a drop of 15 per cent from the level of 1959. While housing starts made a marked improvement in the second half of the year, at about 109,000 units for the year as a whole, they were almost 23 per cent lover than in 1959 and the lowest since 1953. The decline in starts mainly reflected the sharp contraction in direct lending by the chartered banks and by Central Mortgage and Housing Corporation, offset to some extent by the expansion in lending activity by the life, loan and trust companies under the National Housing Act. (The chartered banks had virtually withdrawn from the mortgage market). Basic demand for housing may also have been affected by lower levels of family formation in recent years. With a substantial carry-over of uncompleted houses at the beginning of the year, completions in 1960 fell only 15 per cent.

The improvement in housing starts in the course of 1960 is attributable to a number of factors. During the course of the year Central Mortgage and Housing Corporation began to accept applications for loans and steps were taken to remove or relax restrictions on direct lending. Moreover, as credit conditions eased, mortgage lending became more attractive to approved lenders and, as mentioned earlier, the life, loan and trust companies began to lend in volume.

Total Mortgage Loans Approved
(Dwelling Units)
Percent
Change

## National Housing Act Mortgage Loans

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { Conventional Mortgage Loans }
\end{aligned}
$$

## Total Mon-Farm Business Inventories 60

The build-up of goods in inventory in 1960 continued at a rate very little changed from the previous year, in comparison with the large-scale swings in the rates of change which occurred between 1957-58 and 1958-59. However, this annual comparison conceals the fmortant impact which shorter run changes in business inventories had on production during 1960. As the rate of over-all economic activity weakened early in the year, the pronounced rate of inventory accumulation evident in the first quarter fell sharply in the second quarter, and by the third quarter of 1960 some liquidation of stocks was taking place. During the final three months
of the year, however, developments in the inventory sector were once more placing new demands on production, and a limited build-up of stocks occurred.

|  | 1957 | 1958 | 1959 | Quarters <br> (Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates) |  |  |  | 1960 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) |  |
| Mamufacturing ......... | 140 | $-146$ | 118 | 304 | 216 | -188 | -68 | 66 |
| Wholesale .............. | 71 | -53 | 85 | 88 | 36 | -100 | 36 | 15 |
| Retail | 27 | 10 | 125 | 248 | 112 | 220 | 116 | 174 |
| Other ................... | 67 | -18 | 23 | 8 | -28 | -108 | 24 | -26 |
| Total ..... | 305 | -207 | 351 | 648 | 336 | -176 | 108 | 229 |

Manufacturers" Stocks
The data suggest that some of the fairly heavy build-up of stocks in manufacturers' hands in the first half of the year was involuntary, occurring against a background of falling shipments and a rapidy contracting backlog of unfilled orders. Although stocks at all levels of fabrication increased, the accumalation was most marked in finished goods, suggesting that cut-backs in production were not sufficient to offset falling demand. The accumatation in the first two quarters of the year was widespread, although in the second quarter it was tempered by a substantial drawing dow of stocks in the tobscco and paper industries.

The second half of the year was marked by a general lowering in the level of manufacturers' stocks. As shipments began to rise there was a working down of the level of raw materials and goods in process. Stocks of finished goods, ffter eight months of uninterrupted increase, finally levelled off and in the last two months of the year contracted; in spite of this, in certain durable goods industries the ratio of finished goods to shipments remained at a high level in comparison with past periods.

In contrast to the slow-dom in the rate of liquidation in overall manuacturing, the rate of Ifquidation in durable goods increased between the third and fouth quarters. The primary cause of this was the heavy drawing down of stocks in the iron and steel industry, supported by continued liquidation in both the transm portation and electrical equipment industries. The impact of these depletionswas to some extent offset by an increased rate of accumatation in non-ferrous metal products.

Inventory movements of non-durables exerted a moderating influence on the pace of liquidation of total manufacturers' stocks, as an irregularly high build-up of stocks in the tobacco industry and some additions to food and beverage stocks took place. The increase in the tobacco industry appears to be due to an earlier than normal processing of the unusually large crop in 1960.

## Traders' Stocks

The build-up in retailers' stocks which has now been under way since the early part of 1958, continued at an increased rate in 1960, although the rate of increase slackened noticeably in the second and fourth quarters. The dominating features of the year were: (1) the steady increase of stocks in motor vehicle dealers hands until the fourth quarter, at which time a marked increase in sales caused a small drop in the level of stocks; (2) the accumulation of food stocks, which was heavy in the first and last quarters; and (3) the "swing" in clotbing
stocks, which increased in the first and third quarters, and were drawn down heavily in the second and fourth. The broad movements in retail stocks in 1960 conform closely to the overall pattern of changes in consumer spending. Consumer spending fell slightly in the first quarter and increased only fractionally in the third quarter, at which time retail stocks rose sharply; in the second and fourth quarters, when consumer spending advanced strongly, retail stocks rose at a more modest rate.

Stocks in the hands of wholesalers, after increasing in the first two quarters, fell in the third in line with the general lowering which took place in manufacturers' stocks. The liquidation was widespread and in a number of trades continued into the fourth quarter; however, it was offset in part in the fourth quarter by the sharp increases in stocks of industrial machinery and equipment, and hardware and other furnishings, both of which may have reflected the upturn in fixed investment in machinery and equipment and the improved outlook for building, particularly residential construction.

## Exports and Imports of Goods and Services

The dominant feature of the international trading environment in 1960 was the vigorous expansion in the economies of a number of industrialized overseas countries and the hesitant behaviour of the North American econory. In this situation, Canadian exports of goods and services rose to $\$ 7.0$ billion, a gain of 4.2 per cent over 1959, with the bulk of the increase accounted for by the merchandise items. At the same time, the demand for imports was on a declining trend throughout most of the year and for 1960 as a whole merchandise imports showed little change from 1959. The outflow of payments on service account, however, continued to rise, but more moderately than in earlier years. The consequence of these trends was a contraction in the deficit on Canada's current account (on the National Accounts basis), from about $\$ 1.4$ billion in 1959 to $\$ 1.2$ billion in 1960 .

The strong demand for Canadian export products originating in the countries of Western Europe, the United Kingdom, and in some other overseas countries, notably Japan and Australia, raised exports to overseas destinations by 20 per cent. This increased strength of demand became evident in the latter part of 1959 and persisted throughout 1960. By contrast, exports to the United States were about 5 per cent lower for the year as a whole, and showed a declining trend within the year. The abrupt change in the direction of export trade within a rising total in the year 1960 is apparent in the accompanying Table.

The largest part of the increased demand was for major export staples of primary and semi-processed materials, but there were also gains in some manufactured goods, particularly in the United Kingdom where restrictions on many imports had been removed. Some of the largest gains occurred in such metals as aluminum, copper, nickel, zinc, primary steel and rolling mill products, and in asbestos and petroleum. Other leading exports such as pulp and paper, fumber, and chemicals also rose, but iron ore showed little change. Textiles and non-farm machinery are among the manufactured goods making impressive gains. By contrast, agricultural exports dropped, including wheat, other grains and flour, and cattle and dairy products. Shipments of fish, farm implements and uranium were also lower. The change in the comodity composition of exports is shown in the accomanying Table.

## Domestic Exports

Percent Change

| $1 Q^{\prime} 60$ | $\frac{2 Q^{\prime} 60}{1 Q^{\prime} 59}$ | $\frac{3 Q^{\prime}}{2 Q^{\prime} 59}$ | $\frac{3 Q^{\prime}}{3 Q^{\prime} 59}$ | $\frac{4}{4 Q^{\prime} 59}$ | $\frac{Y \text { ear }}{} \frac{1960}{\text { Year }} 1959$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

## Leading Commodities



While total receipts from services rose moderately in 1960, the individual items in the invisible account showed mixed movements. Receipts from tourist trade rose considerably and there was some increase in gold available for export. However, receipts from freight and shipping were somewhat lower, as were receipts from interest and dividends. The decline in the latter largely reflects lower dividends from foreign subsidiarias of certain Canadian manufacturing companies.

With no expansion in outlays for new plant and equipment in 1960, and a drop in the rate of investment in business inventories, comodity imports eased a Iittle, declining by about one-half of 1 per cent. The relative stability in the total was accompanied by stability in most of the major groups. Increases were generally small and confined to comparatively few items, some of which were affected by special circumstances. Among the increases were such varied items as vegetables, cotton and textiles, iron ore, crude petrolew, automobiles and aircraft. Reductions were more numerous and often small, although the drop in petroleum products, tractors, and agricultural implements was comparatively large. Imports of other kinds of equipment remained high.

Payments for services continued to rise in 1960 and were about 2 per cent higher than in the previous year. Virtually all the incresse was in two items of the account, tourist expenditures, and miscellaneous services. Payments of interest and dividends in total remained about the same. The large net sales of provincial, municipal and corporation bonds in 1959 and the first half of 1960
18.
raised significantly the level of interest payments. On the other hand, dividend payments declined. This decline, which was concentrated in the closing quarter of the year, reflected smaller remittances by a number of large Garadinin companies to their nonaresident parents.
The Government Sector
Govermment expenditure on goods and services in 1960 is estimated at $\$ 6.7$ billion, 5 per cent higher than in 1959. All of this increase in outlays is attributable to the junior governments; Federal Government expenditures were moderately lower. The major part of the 13 per cent advance in provincial government expenditures represented higher outlays on highways, although a variety of other provincial activities in the fields of public works, development, health and education also contributed. Municipal outlays likewise showed a substantial gain, estimated at 10 per cent, and attributable to increased wages and salaries and higher capital outlays.

While Federal defence expenditures were almost unchanged, outlays for other purposes were substantially lower. This decrease reflects, among other things, a lower level of capital investment, a Iiquidation of stocks held by the Agricultural Stabilization Board and lower out-payments from the Colombo Plan Fund.

Transfer payments from governments to persons in 1960 were higher than in 1959 by 13 per cent. A large part of the 11 per cent advance in Federal transfer payments was accounted for by higher unemployment insurance payments ( $+\$ 75$ million), reflecting not only an increase in unemployment levels, but also amendments to the Unemployment Insurance Act, introduced in the course of 1959, which extended the duration of benefits and increased rates of benefit for some classes of insured persons. There was also a considerable increase in payments to Western grain producers ( $+\$ 38$ million) and to universities ( $+\$ 29$ million). Old age security payments and family allowances continued to rise by amounts of about $\$ 15$ million each.

At the provincial level, transfer payments also showed a sharp advance in 1960, amounting to 18 per cent over the previous year. Among the contributing factors here were higher paynents for direct relief, increases in payments to disabled persons and old age and blind pensioners, and higher grants to hospitals, universities and charitable organizations.

$$
\frac{19591960 \text { Percent Change }}{(\text { billions of dollars) }}
$$

## Government Expenditure



Note: Figures will not add by +.1 or -.1 due to rounding. Percentage changes are based on unrounded data.

1/ Excludes inter-government transfers.

These changes on the expenditure side of the govermment accounts, together with higher interest payments on the public debt and increased subsidies, brought about an increase in total net government outlays of about 8 per cent. At the same time, government revenues rose by 5 per cent reflecting increases in personal direct taxes (associated with higher rates effective for the whole year), and increases in indirect taxes from higher excise taxes at the Federal level and from increased real property taxes at the municipal level. Investment income and employer and employee contributions to social insurance and government pension funds also increased substantially. However, a substantial drop occurred in corporation taxes and there was a small decline in custom import duties. With total government revenues higher by 5 per cent, and expenditures higher by 8 per cent, the overall deficit on government transactions (on the National Accounts basis) widened to \$0. 8 billion. In the final quarter of the year, it is estimated that the deficit for all governments combjned was running at a seasonaliy adjusted annual rate in excess of $\$ 1.0$ billion.

## Labour Incame

Labour income continued to rise in 2960, but at a significantly lower rate than in the preceding year. The gain of 4 per cent contrasts with one of almost 8 per cent in 1959. Associated with this advance in income in 1960 was a nearly $2 \mathrm{l} / 2$ per cent increase in the number of employed paid workers and higher average hourly earnings in many industries.

Most of the major industries shared in the advance in total labour income in 1960. The important exceptions are construction, mining and transportation where income was either unchanged or slightly lower; in all these industries the level of employment declined significantly in 1960.

The largest gain in labour income (13 per cent) was recorded in forestry, but about two-thirds of this is attributable to the sharp temporary drop in income in 1959 during the industrial dispute in the woods industry in British Columbia. As in the recent past, the gains in the service industries were relatively large; the increase in services other than government was 10 per cent and in government service 7 per cent. In public utilities, commuications, trade and financial services the advance in labour income ranged from about $31 / 2$ to about $51 / 2$ per cent. In general, these gains continue to be associated with increased employment in these industries.

Despite a small decline in employment in manufacturing and some reduction in hours of work of hourly rated employees, labour income in manufacturing in 1960 was up from 1959 by about 2 per cent, as average hourly earnings continued to rise. Most of the loss of employment was concentrated in the durable goods group where earnings on the average are substantially higher than in the non-durable goods group. Thus the distribution of manufacturing employment in 1960 compared with 1959 was among the factors dampening down the rise in income.

## Corporate Profits and Other Investment Income

Reflecting the partially offsetting influences present in the economy in 1960, corporate profits fell by about 6 per cent, following a considerable advance in the more expansionary climate of the previous year.

A lower level of profits was a fairly comm experience among industries. However, there was a substantial increase in profits in mining, quarrying and oil wells and in financial services as well as a signiricant gain in public utilities.

Most of the individual manufacturing industries shared in the unfavourable profits experience of the group as a whole, with total manufacturing profits down by about 11 per cent. Among the major manufacturing industries, the sharpest decline took place in iron and steel, where profits were off about 24 per cent; this decline was associated with reduced output in the industry. The deterioration in profits was also relatively large in such other durable goods industries as wood products, electrical apparatus and supplies and non-metallic mineral products. On the other hand, profits were moderately higher in paper products and in products of petroleum and coal where production likewise rose between the two years.

In spite of a significant increase in the volume of trade, profits were substantially lower in both wholesale and retail trade, apparently associated with higher costs and the easing in some prices. A small decline in profits in the transportation, commuication and storage group was in part the result of the smaller volume of trafific handled by the railways.

Rent, interest and miscellaneous investment income rose by close to 4 per cent in 1960. Net residential rents (paid and imputed) are estimated to have fallen; the rise in unit rents and the growth in the stock of dwellings were more than offset by higher operating expenses. In spite of a larger deficit on the operations of the Canadian National Railways, and a small deficit on the operations of Trans-Canada Airlines, the first in many years, profits of government business enterprises rose by 7 per cent in 1960.

## Net Income of Unincorporated Business

Accrued net income of farm operators from farming operations in 1960 is estimated at $\$ 1.2$ billion, about $61 / 2$ per cent higher than in the preceding year. While cash income was slightly lower, the increase in the value of farm inventories at year-end raised gross income. Farm operating expenses and depreciation continued to rise but not enough to offset the advance in gross income.

According to the preliminary estimate, the crop of grain in 1960 was about 11 per cent larger than in the previous year. Most of this increase is reflected in inventories rather than in sales.

Livestock production showed a small decline in 1960. Increased cash income from the sale of cattle and calves partly offset the reduced income from the sale of hogs. Higher inventories at year-end reflect the further build-up of the cattle population, which more than compensated for reduced hog numbers.

|  | $\frac{1959}{7}$ | $\frac{1960}{\text { illions }}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Change } \\ & \frac{1960}{1959} \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | Percent Change $\begin{array}{r}1960 \\ \hline\end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Farm Cash Income | 2,789 | 2,780 | -9 | -0.3 |
| Income in Kind. | 344 | 348 | 4 | 1.2 |
| Farm Inventory Change .................. | -65 | 17 | 82 |  |
| Gross Income .. | 3,068 | 3,245 | 77 | 2.5 |
| Deduct: |  |  |  |  |
| Farm Operating Expenses .............. | 1,588 | 1,595 | 7 | 0.4 |
| Depreciation | 292 | 298 | 6 | 2.1 |
| Add: |  |  |  |  |
| Adjustment on Grain Transactions .... | -4 | 6 | 10 |  |
| Other Adjustments ..................... | -52 | -51 | 1 |  |
| Accrued Net Income of Farm Operators. | 1,132 | 1,207 | 75 | 6.6 |

Estimated at $\$ 2.1$ billion, income of non-farm unincorporated business was lower than in 1959 by 5 per cent. Income in construction and retail trade dropped sharply, but there was some offsetting increase in income in the service industries.

## National Savings and Investment

Following a fairly substantial increase in 1959, gross national saving declined moderately in 1960. Estimated at $\$ 5.8$ billion, it was more than 2 per cent lower than in the preceding year, and represented 16 per cent of Gross National Product, as compared with 17 per cent in 1959. The drop in national saving reflects the larger government deficit, referred to earlier; a moderate decline in personal saving offset a small increase in business saving.

| Personal Saving | 1.8 | 1.7 | -0.1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Business Saving | 5.1 | 5.1 | - |
| Government Deficit | -0.5 | -0.9 | -0.3 |
| Inventory Valuation Adjustment ................. | -0.1 | -0.1 | 0.1 |
| Residual Error of Estimate .................... | -0.2 | -0.1 | 0.1 |
| Gross National Saving | 5.0 | 5.9 | -0.1 |
| Business Gross Fixed Capital Formation ....... | 6.9 | 6.6 | -0.3 |
| Change in Inventories .. | 0.3 | 0.3 | - |
| Net Foreign Investment | -1.4 | -1.2 | 0.2 |
| Residual Error of Estimate | 0.2 | 0.1 | -0.1 |
| Gross National Investment. | 6.0 | 5.8 | -0.1 |

[^0]The programe of fixed investment in plant and equipment and housing was somewhat lower in 1960 and the rate of investment in inventories largely unchanged. As in previous years, part of the total investment programne was financed by resources from abroad, to the extent of $\$ 1.2$ billion, compared with $\$ .4$ billion in 1959.

In order to obtain a complete historical record of the quarterly National Accounts, the following publication should be consulted:-
"National Accounts, Income and Expenditure, by Quarters, 1947-1957", for the years 1947-1954.

National Saving Account - Source and Disposition
1950 - 1960
By Quarters
24.

GOVERNMENT REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE, BY QUARTERS, 1950-1960
(Seasonally Adjusted ot Annual Raies)
(BILLIONS OF DOLLARS)


The statistical material on government revenues and expenditures by quarters, included in this Appendix, has been developed in the Public Finance and Transportation Division of the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. The availability of quarterly data on the surplus or deficit position of the government sector has in turn made it possible to prepare quarterly estimates of the source and disposition of the Nation's total saving. Thus, two new sets of statistical information (which correspond to the Government Revenue and Expenditure Account, and the National Saving Account in the annual National Accounts reports), are now available to round out the tabular data carried in the quarterly reports. The material is presented on both an unadjusted and on a seasonally adjusted basis.

The user should note that the Table on government revenues and expenditures brings together in one statement and under uniform headings, the activities of all govermments in Canada on a quarterly basis. The Table is designed to include only those transactions which have relevance for the National Accounts and consequently the surpluses or deficits shown here differ from those shown in the conventional budgetary accounting statements issued by the various public authorities. For example, govemment expenditures are defined to exclude certain transactions such as those relating to reserves, write-ofts, amortizations, and other similar items as well as the purchase of land and existing capital assets; on the other hand, they include the transactions of extra-budgetary funds, such as unemployment insurance, old age security, workmen's compensation, and government pension funds. Government loans and investments, and debt retirement are excluded. On the revenue side, corporation taxes have been adjusted to an accrual basis in the Federal Accounts, and investment income earned on extra-kudgetary accounts is included with total revenue. For a fuller description of the government sector as defined for National Accounts purposes, see page 126 to 129 of the reference document, "National Accounts, Income and Expenditure, 1926-1956".

A word should be added concerning the quality of the quarterly estimates of government revenue and expenditure. At the Federal level, the data are almost as reliable as the annual estimates published in the regular annual National Accounts reports; the figures are based on official records of the Comptroller of the Treasury and on accounting statements of a number of other govermment agencies. At the provincial level, the data for current years are based, in the main, on quarterly returns submitted by nine of the provinces to D.B.S. The figures are, therefore, of a fairly high order of accuracy. These provincial returns are reconciled each year to official public accounts totals when these become available.

At the municipal level, the quality of the present quarterly data is less satisfactory. Annual data can be estimated fairly accurately from the published reports of the various provincial Departments of Municipal Affairs, and from a highly reliable survey of municipal governments for current years where provincial annual reports are not yet available. Annual real property taxes, the main source of revenue, are distributed in equal amounts to each quarter, while expenditures are allocated primarily on the basis of provincial quarterly distributions. Since the quarterly data at the municipal level are considerably weaker than for the other two levels of government, the municipal fipures are not shown separately, but are incorporated in a total for both provincial and municipal governments combined.

Despite the deficiencies, it is felt thet the material presented here provides a useful overall view of changes taking place in the revenue and expenaiture flows of the government sector of the econong. As the Chart on page 24 shows, the swings in the deficit or surplus position of the government sector are large, and have in the past amounted to as much as $\$ 1.5$ billion (at annual rates) in the course of a single twelve-month period. Changes of this magnitude have an important effect on the composition of the Nation's saving, and on the flows of income between the public and private sectors of the economy.


|  | 1955 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | IV | YEAR |
| 1. Wages, Salaries, and Supplementary Labour Income .... | 3,086 | 3,261 | 3,429 | 3,447 | 13,223 |
| 2. Military Pay and Allowances | 92 | 100 | 101 | 101 | 394 |
| 3. Corporstion Profits before Taxes 1 ................... | 444 | 699 | 776 | 651 | 2,570 |
| 4. Rent, Interest, and Misceilaneous Invertment Incoue. . | 39 | 417 | 425 | 446 | 1,684 |
| 5. Accrued Net Incom of Farm Operators from Farm Production ${ }^{2}$ | -5 | 14.4 | 1,035 | 90 | 1,264 |
| 6. Nat Incane of Non-Farm Unincorporated Business ${ }^{3}$..... | 357 | 462 | 471 | 501 | 1,791 |
| 7. Inventory Valuation Adjustment 4 ...................... | -38 | -34 | -55 | -62 | -189 |
| 8. net mational income at factor cost | 4,332 | 5,049 | 6,182 | 5,174 | 20,737 |
| 9. Indirect Taxes less Subsidies ....................... | 755 | 800 | 831 | 851 | 3,237 |
| 10. Capital Consumption Allowances and M1scellaneous <br> Valuation Adjustments $\qquad$ | 754 | 818 | 835 | 859 | 3,266 |
| 11. Residual Error of Eetimate ............................. | -35 | -63 | -35 | 25 | -108 |
| 12. gross nationl proouct at market prices ............. | 5,806 | 6,604 | 7,813 | 6,909 | 27,132 |
| 13. (Grosa National Product at Market Prices axcluding Accrued Net Income of Farm Operators) ............... | $(5,811)$ | $(6,460)$ | $(6,778)$ | $(6,819)$ | $(25,668)$ |


|  | $\underline{I}$ | II | $\underline{1958}$ | IV | YEAR |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Wages, Salaries, and Supplementary Labour Income .... | 3,895 | 4,136 | 4,273 | 4,220 | 16,524 |
| 2. Mlitary Pay and Allowances ........................... | 117 | 4128 | 125 | 4,23 | . 491 |
| 3. Corporstion Profits before Taxes 1 ...................... | 489 | 683 | 682 | 664 | 2,518 |
| 4. Rent, Intersst, and Miscellaneous Investment Income.. | 477 | 494 | 564 | 589 | 2,124 |
| 5. Accrued Net Income of Farm Operators from Farm Production ${ }^{2}$ | 25 | 158 | 872 | 142 | 1,197 |
| 6. Net Income of Non-Farm Unincorporated Business ${ }^{3}$..... | 431 | 526 | 553 | 615 | 2,125 |
| 7. Inventory Velustion Adjustrnent 4....................... | -26 | 23 | 2 | -34 | -35 |
| 8. SEI NUTIONAL INCOME AT FACTOR COST .e................. | 5,408 | 6,146 | 7.071 | 6,319 | 24,944 |
| 9. Indirect Taxes less Subsidies ........................... | 945 | 976 | 975 | 993 | 3,889 |
| 10. Capital Consumption Allowances and Miecellaneous Valuation Adjustments | 947 | 995 | 981 | 1,007 | 3,930 |
| 11. Residusl Error of Estimate .............................. | -128 | -32 | 125 | 129 | 104 |
| 12. GROSS MATIONAL PRODUCT AT MARKET PRICES ............... | 7,182 | 8,085 | 9,152 | 8,448 | 32,867 |
| 13. (Gross Kational Product at Market Pricee axcluding Accrued Net Income of Farn Operators) | $(7,157)$ | $(7,927)$ | $(8,280)$ | (8,306) | $(31,670)$ |

1. Excludes dividends paid to non-reaidents.
2. Includes change in farm invantories as shown in line 13, Table 4. An adjustment has been made to take account of the accrued earnings of farm operators arising out of the operstions of the Canadian Wheat Board.
3. Includes net incowe of independent professional prectitioners.
4. See Footnot 4, Table 2.

| 2956 |  |  |  |  | 195 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | II | III | IV | YEAR | 1 | II | III | IV | YEAR |  |
| 3,402 | 3,679 | 3,906 | 3,903 | 14,890 | 3,777 | 4,003 | 4,183 | 4,055 | 16,018 | 1. |
| 93 | 106 | 113 | 112 | 424 | 108 | 116 | 131 | 121 | 476 | 2. |
| 611 | 836 | 798 | 663 | 2,906 | 581 | 758 | 697 | 545 | 2,581 | 3. |
| 422 | 440 | 439 | 466 | 1,767 | 484 | 482 | 501 | 513 | 1,980 | 4. |
| -18 | 119 | 1,202 | 147 | 1,450 | -1 | 102 | 799 | 126 | 1,026 | 5. |
| 397 | 510 | 511 | 547 | 1,965 | 421 | 513 | 521 | 553 | 2,006 | 6. |
| $-48$ | -89 | -50 | -51 | -238 | -34 | -31 | -12 | -1 | -78 | 7. |
| 4,859 | 5,601 | 6,919 | 5,787 | 23,166 | 5,336 | 5,943 | 6,820 | 5,912 | 24,011 | 8. |
| 865 | 916 | 923 | 932 | 3,636 | 962 | 974 | 978 | 947 | 3,861 | 9. |
| 827 | 908 | 946 | 962 | 3,642 | 960 | 1,026 | 1,025 | 998 | 4,009 | 10. |
| 13 | -98 | 38 | 188 | 141 | -83 | -87 | 7 | 127 | 28 | 11. |
| 6,564 | 7,327 | 8,826 | 7,868 | 30,585 | 7,275 | 7,856 | 8,894 | 7,984 | 31,909 | 12. |
| $(6,582)$ | $(7,208)$ | (7,624) | $(7,721)$ | $(29,135)$ | $(7,176)$ | (7,754) | $(8,095)$ | $(7,858)$ | $(30,883)$ | 13. |


| 15.56 |  |  |  |  | 1960 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | 15 | III | iv | YLhir |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4,159 | 4,446 | 4,593 | 4,563 | 17.761 | 4,397 | 4,622 | 4,792 | 4,703 | 18,514 | 1. |
| 4118 | 429 | 127 | 122 | 496 | 119 | 129 | 127 | 134 | 509 | 2. |
| 582 | 835 | 77 | 719 | 2,907 | 617 | 769 | 703 | 64.6 | 2,735 | 3. |
| 545 | 547 | 574 | 611 | 2,277 | 573 | 582 | 590 | 617 | 2,362 | 4. |
| 2 | 134 | 920 | 76 | 1,132 | 5 | 112 | 988 | 102 | 1,207 | 5. |
| 474 | 581 | 546 | 617 | 2,218 | 460 | 550 | 513 | 582 | 2,105 | 6. |
| $-24$ | -34 | -47 | -10 | -115 | -34 | -26 | -16 | 19 | -57 | 7. |
| 5,856 | 6,638 | 7,484 | 6,698 | 26,676 | 6,137 | 6,738 | 7,697 | 6,803 | 27,375 | 8. |
| 990 | 1,069 | 1,096 | 1,089 | 4,244 | 1,066 | 1,216 | 1,095 | 1,112 | 4,389 | 9. |
| 933 -111 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,050 \\ -164 \end{array}$ | 1,068 15 | 1,092 54 | 4,143 -206 | 1,008 -86 | 1,091 -199 | 1,060 88 | 1,112 | $\begin{array}{r} 4,291 \\ -96 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 10 . \\ & 11 . \end{aligned}$ |
| 7,668 | 8,593 | 9,663 | 8,933 | 34,857 | 8,125 | 8,746 | 9,960 | 9,128 | 35,959 | 12. |
| $(7,666)$ | $(8,459)$ | $(8,743)$ | $(8,857)$ | (33,725) | $(8,120)$ | $(8,634)$ | (8,972) | $(9,026)$ | $(34,752)$ | 13. |



|  | I | II | $\frac{1958}{I I I}$ | IV | YEAR |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Personal Expenditure on Consumer Goods and Serfices., | 4,866 | 5,273 | 5,233 | 5,868 | 21,240 |
| 2. Government Expenditure on Goode and Services 1,2..... | 1,364 | 1,441 | 1,771 | 1,597 | 6,173 |
| 3. Business Grose Fixed Capital Pormation ${ }^{\text {3 }}$.............. | 1,410 | 1,883 | 1,913 | 1,769 | 6,975 |
| 4. New Residential Construction ......................... | 301 | 458 | 494 | 510 | 1,763 |
| 5. New Non-Residentiel Construction | 532 | 718 | 852 | 709 | 2,811 |
| 6. New Machinery and Equipment ......................... | 577 | 707 | 567 | 550 | 2,401 |
| 7. Value of Physical Change in Inventories $4 . . . . . . . . .$. | -295 | -221 | 554 | -371 | -333 |
| 8. Non-Farm Business Inventories ........................ | 4 | -121 | -73 | -9 | -207 |
| 9. Ferm Inventoriee and Grain in Commercial Channels.. | -291 | -200 | 627 | -362 | -126 |
| 10. Exports of Goade and Services ......................... | 1,385 | 1,623 | 1,658 | 1,674 | 6,340 |
| 12. Deduct: Inyorts of Coods and Services ................ | -1,666 | -1,945 | -1,852 | -1,960 | -7,423 |
| 22. Residuai Error of Estimate .............................. | 118 | 31 | -125 | -129 | -105 |
| 13. GROSS NATIONAL EXPENDITURE AT MARKET PRICES .......... | 7,182 | 8,085 | 9,152 | 8,448 | 32,867 |

1. Inciudes outlays on new durable assets such as building and highway conetruction by governments, other than government busdnest enterprises. Also includes net purchases of goverment comodity agencies.
2. For detsile of defence expendituree see Tables 14 and 18.
3. Inciudes capital expenditures by private and government business enterprises, private non=ccumercial institutions, and outlays on new reaidential construction by individusls and business investors.
4. The book value of inventories is defiated to remove the effect of price changes and the derived "physical" change is then valued at average prices of the current period to obtain the value of physical change. The difference between this value of physical change and the change in book vaiue is called the inventory valustion adjustment. (See Iine 7, Table 1).

##  <br> of dollars

| 1956 |  |  |  |  | 1957 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I | II | III | IV | IEAR | I | II | III | IV | CEAR |  |
| 4,255 | 4,681 | 4,64, | 5,254 | 18,833 | 4,581 | 5,021 | 4,983 | 5,487 | 20,072 | 1. |
| 4,227 | 1,186 | 1,548 | 1,425 | 5,386 | 1,283 | 1,335 | 1,632 | 1,472 | 5,722 | 2. |
| 1,267 | 1,815 | 1,908 | 1,784 | 6,774 | 1,542 | 1,994 | 2,002 | 1,797 | 7,335 | 3. |
| 291 | 424. | 4.428 | 393 | 1,526 | 248 | 359 | 393 | 409 | 1,409 | 4. |
| 425 | 624 | 806 | 734 | 2,589 | 579 | 775 | 946 | 803 | 3,103 | 5. |
| 551 | 77 | 674 | 657 | 2,659 | 715 | 860 | 663 | 585 | 2,823 | 6. |
| 191 | -17 | 976 | -66 | 1,084 | 115 | -32 | 552 | -404 | 231 | 7. |
| 452 | 138 | 26 | 192 | - 808 | 369 | 30 | -12 | -82 | 305 | 8. |
| -261 | -155 | 950 | -258 | 276 | -254 | -62 | 564 | -322 | -74 | 9. |
| 1,347 | 1,635 | 1,731 | 1,652 | 6,365 | 1,412 | 1,581 | 1,765 | 1,633 | 6,391 | 10. |
| $-1,709$ | $-2,071$ | -3,942 | $-1,993$ | -7,715 | -1,841 | -2,131 | -1,968 | -1,873 | $-7,813$ -29 | 11. |
| $-14$ | $98$ | $-38$ | $-188$ | -142 | 83 | 88 | -72 | -128 | -29 | 12. |
| 6,564 | 7,327 | 8,826 | 7,868 | 30,585 | 7,175 | 7,856 | 8,894 | 7,984 | 31,909 | 13. |


|  |  | 1324 |  | 190 - IV - - - |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I | II | III | IV | YEAR | I | II | 1 I | IV | xiar |  |
| 5,193 | 5,592 | 5,528 | 6,169 | 22,482 | 5,377 | 5,858 | 5,755 | 6,419 | 23,409 | 1. |
| 1,465 | 1,527 | 1,791 | 1,633 | 6,416 | 1,491 | 1,533 | 1,953 | 1,739 | 6,716 | 2. |
| 1,329 | 1,875 | 1,927 | 1,763 | 6,894 | 1,421 | 1,740 | 1,788 | 1,673 | 6,612 | 3. |
| 343 | 449 | 466 | 476 | 1,734 | 317 | 365 | 399 | 395 | 1,476 | 4. |
| 451 | 651 | 794 | 693 | 2,589 | 478 | 620 | 787 | 682 | 2,567 | 5. |
| 535 | 775 | 667 | 594 | 2,571 | 616 | 755 | 602 | 596 | 2,569 | 6. |
| -21 | -119 | 744 | -307 | 297. | 68 | -112 | 670 | -310 | 316 | 7. |
| 275 | -29 | 51 | 54 | 351 | 353 | -35 | -114 | 25 | 229 | 8. |
| -296 | -90 | 693 | -361 | -54 | -285 | -77 | 764 | -335 | 87 | 9. |
| 1,344 | 1,729 | 1,780 | 1,823 | 6,676 | 1,582 | 1,692 | 1,918 | 1,765 | 6,957 | 10. |
|  | -2,175 | -2,092 | -2,095 | $-8,115$ | -1,890 | -2,164 | -2,037 | -2,057 | -8,148 | 11. |
| 111 | 164 | -15 | -53 | 207 | 86 | 199 | -87 | -101 | 97 | 12. |
| 7,668 | 8,593 | 9,663 | 8,933 | 34,857 | 8,125 | 8,746 | 9,960 | 9,128 | 35,959 | 13. |


|  | 1955 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | IV | YEAR |
| 1. Wages, Salaries, and Supplementary Labour Income ..... | 3,006 | 3,261 | 3,429 | 3,447 | 13,223 |
| 2. Deduct: Baployer and Employee Contributions to Social Insurance and Goverment Pension funda ........ | -114 | -116 | -121 | -125 | -476 |
| 3. Military Pay and Allowances .................................. | 92 | 100 | 101 | 101 | 394 |
| 4. Net Incone Recelved by Farm Operators from Farm Production | -35 | 152 | 1,005 | 78 | 1,200 |
| 5. Nat Income of Non-Parm Unincorporated Business ........ | 357 | 462 | 1,071 | 503 | 1,791 |
| 6. Interest, Dividends, and Net Rental Incone of Persons ${ }^{2}$ | 438 | 461 | 444 | 497 | 1,840 |
| Tranafer Payment to Persons: $^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7. From Goverment (Excluding Intersot) ................. | 540 | 420 | 391 | 386 | 1,737 |
| B. Charitable Contributions by Corporations ............ | 5 | 8 | , | 8 | 29 |
| 9. PLASONAL INCOME | 4,369 | 4,748 | 5,728 | 4,893 | 19,738 |


|  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | IV | YEAR |
| 1. Wages, Salaries, and Supplementary Labour Income ..... | 3,895 | 4,136 | 4,273 | 4,220 | 16,524 |
| 2. Deduct: Employer and Employee Contributions to Socisl Insurance and Goverment Pension funds ........ | -153 | -149 | -156 | -157 | -615 |
| 3. Milltary Pay and Allowances ............................... | 117 | 126 | 125 | 123 | 491 |
| 4. Net Inconc Received by Fanm Operatore from Fanm Production 1 | 46 | 165 | 861 | 126 | 1,198 |
| 5. Net Income of Non-Farm Unincorporated Bueiness ........ | 431 | 526 | 553 | 615 | 2,125 |
| 6. Interest, Dividends, and Net Rental Income of Persons2 | 528 | 577 | 575 | 608 | 2,288 |
| Transfer Payments to Persons: |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7. From Govermant (Excludins Interest) | 766 | 634 | 596 | 657 | 2,653 |
| 9. PERSONAL INCOME | 5,639 | 6,024 | 6,837 | 6,202 | 24,702 |

1. This item differs from line 5 of Teble 1 by axcluding the adjustment which hes bean made to take account of the accrued not earnings arising out of the operations of the Canadian Wheat Bosru.
2. Includes all goverrment debt interest paid to persons.
of dollars




3. Includes net expenditure abrosd.
4. Personsl Incom less Total Personal Direct Tazes.

| 1956 |  |  |  |  | 1957 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I | II | III | IV | YEAR | I | II | III | IV | YEAR |  |
| 402 | 460 | 431 | 439 | 1,732 | 466 | 501 | 474 | 476 | 1,917 | 1. |
| 331 | 391 | 382 | 392 | 1,496 | 393 | 445 | 426 | 429 | 1,693 | 2. |
| 37 | 48 | 31 | 30 | 146 | 35 | 33 | 28 | 30 | 126 | 3. |
| 34 | 21 | 18 | 17 | 90 | 38 | 23 | 20 | 17 | 98 | 4. |
| 4,255 | 4,681 | 4,643 | 5,254 | 18,833 | 4,581 | 5,021 | 4,983 | 5,487 | 20,072 | 5. |
| 2,158 | 2,296 | 2,404 | 2,878 | 9,736 | 2,312 | 2,504 | 2,573 | 3,013 | 10,402 | 6. |
| 2,186 | 710 | 598 | 637 | 2,431 | 519 | 680 | 608 | 623 | 2,430 | 7. |
| 1,611 | 1,675 | 1,641 | 1,739 | 6,666 | 1,750 | 1,837 | 1,802 | 1,851 | 7,240 | 8. |
| 1,75 | 1,674 | 1,374 | -203 | 1,320 | - 220 | 112 | 1,030 | -160 | 1,202 | 9. |
| 298 | 222 | 455 | 104 | 1,079 | 466 | 189 | 480 | 292 | 1,327 | 10. |
| -223 | -148 | 919 | -307 | 242 | -246 | -77 | 550 | -352 | -125 | 11. |
| 4,732 | 5,215 | 6,448 | 5,490 | 21,885 | 5,267 | 5,634 | 6,487 | 5,803 | 23,191 | 22. |
| $(4,330)$ | (4,755) | $(6,017)$ | (5,051) | $(20,153)$ | $(4,801)$ | $(5,133)$ | $(6,013)$ | $(5,327)$ | (21,274) | 13. |


| 1959 |  |  |  | 1900 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I | II | III | IV | YEAR | I | II | III | IV | YEAR |  |
| 479 | 529 | 525 | 550 | 2,083 | 557 | 639 | 578 | 584 | 2,358 | 2. |
| 375 | 446 | 454 | 471 | 1,744 | 428 | 548 | 501 | 500 | 1,977 | 2. |
| 35 | 30 | 31 | 34 | 130 | 49 | 39 | 32 | 38 | 158 | 3. |
| 69 | 55 | 40 | 45 | 209 | 80 | 52 | 45 | 46 | 223 | 4. |
| 5,193 | 5,592 | 5,528 | 6,169 | 22,482 | 5,377 | 5,858 | 5,755 | 6,419 | 23,409 | 5. |
| 2,554 | 2,689 | 2,773 | 3,299 | 11,315 | 2,636 | 2,831 | 2,922 | 3,394 | 11,783 | 6. |
| 586 | 772 | 627 | 695 | 2,680 | 586 | 763 | 602 | 736 | 2,687 | 7. |
| 2,053 | 2,131 | 2,128 | 2,175 | 8,487 | 2,155 | 2,264 | 2,231 | 2,289 | 8,939 | 8. |
| 335 | 380 | 1,232 | -193 | 1,754 | 435 | 177 | 1,270 | -207 | 1,675 | 9 |
| 608 | 449 | 582 | 180 | 1,819 | 665 | 281 | 568 | -144 | 1,658 17 | 11. |
| -273 | -69 | 650 | -373 | -65 | -230 | -104 | 702 | -351 | 17 | 11. |
| 6,007 | 6,501 | 7,285 | 6,526 | 26,319 | 6,369 | 6,674 | 7,603 | 6,796 | 27.442 | 12. |
| $(5,528)$ | ( 5,972 ) | $(6,760)$ | $(5,976)$ | $(24,236)$ | $(5,812)$ | $(6,035)$ | (7,025) | $(6,212)$ | $(25,084)$ | 13. |


| 1955 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | IV | YEAR |
| 1. Wages, Salaries, and Supplementary Labour Income ..... | 12,812 | 13,064 | 13,336 | 13,680 | 13,223 |
| 2. Military Pay and Allowancos .............................. | 392 | 396 | , 392 | , 396 | 394 |
| 3. Corporation Profits before Taxes $1 . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .$. | 2,124 | 2,452 | 2,780 | 2,924 | 2,570 |
| 4. Rent, Interest, and Miscellareous Inreatment Income .. | 1,660 | 1,716 | 1,692 | 1,668 | 1,684 |
| 5. hecrued Net Income of Farm Operators from Farm Production ${ }^{2}$ | 1,256 | 1,428 | 1,244 | 1,128 | 1,264 |
| 6. Net Income of Non-Farm Unincorporrted Business 3 ...... | 1,728 | 1,772 | 1,824 | 1,840 | 1,791 |
| 7. Inventory Valuation Adjustment ............................ | -152 | -136 | -220 | -248 | -189 |
| 8. NET NATIONAL INCONE AT PACTOR COST ....................... | 19,820 | 20,692 | 21,048 | 21,388 | 20,737 |
| 9. Indirect Taxes less Subsidies ............................ | 3,080 | 3,188 | 3,296 | 3,384 | 3,23? |
| 10. Capital Contumption Allowances and Miscellaneous Valustion adjustments | 3,172 | 3,212 | 3,316 | 3,364 | 3,266 |
| 11. Residual Error of Estimate .................................. | -16 | $-140$ | -112 | -164 | -108 |
| 12. CRIOSS NATIONAL PRODUCT AT MARKET PRICES ................. | 26,056 | 26,952 | 27,548 | 27,972 | 27.132 |
| 13. (Gross National Product at Market Prices exoluding Aocrued Not Income of Pasm Operators) | $(24,800)$ | $(25,524)$ | $(26,304)$ | (26,844) | $(25,868)$ |


| 195 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | IV | YEAR |
| 1. Wages, Salaries, and Supplementary Lebour Income ...... | 16,248 | 16,476 | 16,560 | 16,812 | 16,524 |
| 2. Military Pay and Allowances .............................. | 492 | 496 | 484 | 492 | 491 |
| 3. Corporation Proplts before Taxes 1 ......................... | 2,364 | 2,356 | 2,536 | 2,816 | 2,518 |
| 4. Rent, Interest, and Miscellaneous Investment Income .. | 1,956 | 2,048 | 2,244 | 2,248 | 2,124 |
| 5. Accrued Net Income of Parm Operators from Farm Production ${ }^{2}$ | 1,196 | 1,240 | 1,160 | 1,192 | 1,197 |
| 6. Net Income of Non-Farm Unincorporated Buainess 3 ...... | 2,064 | 2,056 | 2,168 | 2,212 | 2,125 |
| ?. Iaventory Valuation Ad Jutwaent . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | -104 | 92 | 8 | -136 | -35 |
| 8. HET NATIONAL INGOME AT FACTOR COST ...................... | 24,216 | 24,764 | 25,160 | 25,636 | 24,944 |
| 9. Indiract Texes less Subsidies ............................ | 3,900 | 3,860 | 3,860 | 3,936 | 3,889 |
| 10. Capital Consumption Allowances and Miscellaneous Valuation Adjusiments | 4,000 | 3,888 | 3,868 | 3,964 | 3,930 |
| 11. Residual Error of Eetimate ................................... | -116 | 280 | 208 | 4 | 104 |
| 22. GROSS MATIONAL PRODUCT AT MARKET PRICES | 32,000 | 32,792 | 33,096 | 33,580 | 32,867 |
| 13. (Gross National Product at Market Prices accludiag Accrued Net Income of Parm Operators) | $(30,804)$ | (31,552) | $(31,936)$ | $(32,388)$ | (31,670) |

## 1. Exiludes difidends peid to non-residente.

2. Includes an arbitrary enoothing of crop production and standard seasonal adjustments for withdrawals of grain from farm stocks and the change in livestock items. Because of the arbitrary elements, too precise an interpretation should not be given the seasonally adjusted figures of accrued net income of farm operators.
3. Includes net income of independent professional practitione:s.
of dollars)

| 1956 |  |  |  | 1957 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| J | II | III | IV | YEAR | 1 | II | III | IV | FEAR |  |
| 14,192 | 14,712 | 15,140 | 15,516 | 14,890 | 15,760 | 15,972 | 16,204 | 16,136 | 16,018 | 2. |
| 396 | 420 | 432 | 448 | 424 | 456 | 460 | 504 | 484 | 476 | 2. |
| 2.724 | 2,924 | 2,904 | 2,880 | 2,908 | 2,808 | 2,616 | 2,556 | 2,344 | 2,581 | 3. |
| 1,748 | 1,796 | 1,736 | 1,788 | 1,767 | 1,976 | 1,992 | 2,000* | 1,952 | 1,980 | 4. |
| 1,364 | 1,532 | 1,360 | 1,544 | 1,450 | 1,012 | 984 | 1,016 | 1,092 | 1,026 | 5. |
| 1,908 | 1,964 | 1,972 | 2,016 | 1,965 | 2,020 | 2,000 | 2,028 | 1,984 | 2,006 | 6. |
| -292 | -356 | -200 | -204 | -238 | -136 | -124 | -48 | -4 | -78 | 7. |
| 22,340 | 22,992 | 23,344 | 23,988 | 23,166 | 23,896 | 23,900 | 24,260 | 23,968 | 24,011 | 8. |
| 3,516 | 3,640 | 3,664 | 3,724 | 3,636 | 3,924 | 3,868 | 3,864 | 3,788 | 3,861 | 9. |
| 3,480 168 | 3,572 | 3,736 100 | $\begin{array}{r} 3,780 \\ 296 \end{array}$ | 3,642 141 | 4,032 -28 | 4,020 -12 | 4,036 84 | 3,948 68 | 4,009 28 | 10. 11. |
| 29,504 | 30,204 | 30,344 | 31,788 | 30,585 | 31,824 | 31,776 | 32,244 | 31,792 | 31,909 | 12. |
| $(28,140)$ | $(28,672)$ | $(29,484)$ | $(30,244)$ | $(29,135)$ | $(30,812)$ | $(30,792)$ | (31,228) | $(30,700)$ | $(30,883)$ | 13. |



|  | 1955 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | IV | YEAR |
| 1. Personal Expenditure on Consumer Goods and Sorvices .. | 16,744 | 17,272 | 17,552 | 17,988 | 17,389 |
| 2. Government Expenditure on Goods and Servicesl......... | 4,884 | 4,64,4 | 4,760 | 4,880 | 4,792 |
| 3. Business Gross Fixed Capital Formetion ${ }^{2}$............... | 4,720 | 5,020 | 5,396 | 5,704 | 5,210 |
| 4. New Residential Construction .....e.................... | 1,284 | 1,360 | 1,420 | 1,448 | 1,378 |
| 5. New Non-Residential Construction | 1,736 | 1,796 | 1,872 | 1,988 | 1,848 |
| 6. New Machinery and Equipment ........................... | 1,700 | 1,864 | 2,104 | 2,268 | 1,984 |
| 7. Value of Physical Change in Inventories ............... | 144 | 236 | 496 | 368 | 311 |
| 8. Non-Farm Business Inventories ............................ | 36 | -200 | 328 | 368 | 133 |
| 9. Farm Inventories and Grain in Commercial Channels 3 | 106 | 436 | 168 | - | 178 |
| 10. Exports of Coods and Services ........................... | 5,584 | 5,706 | 5,860 | 5,904 | 5,764 |
| 11. Deduct: Importe of Goods and Services ................ | -6,036 | -6,068 | -6,628 | -7,040 | -6,443 |
| 12. Residual Error of Estimate ............................... | 16 | 140 | 112 | 168 | 109 |
| 13. GROSS NATIONAL EXPENDITURE AT MARKCT PRICES ........... | 26,056 | 26.952 | 27,548 | 27,972 | 27,132 |


|  | 1 | II | III | IV | YEAR |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Personal Expenditure on Consumer Goods and Services .. | 20,768 | 21,048 | 21,332 | 21,812 | 21,210 |
| 2. Government Expenditure on Goods and Servicesl........ | 5,924 | 6,188 | 6,292 | 6,288 | 6,173 |
| 3. Business Gross Fixad Capital Formation ${ }^{2}$............... | 6,984 | 7,000 | 6,924 | 6,992 | 6,9\%5 |
| 4. New Residential Construction .......................... | 1,624 | 1,760 | 1,796 | 1,872 | 1,73 |
| 5. New Non-Residential Construction | 2,876 | 2,872 | 2,796 | 2,700 | 2,811 |
| 6. Now Machinery and Equipment . | 2,484 | 2,368 | 2,332 | 2,420 | 2,401 |
| 7. Value of Physical Charge in Inventories ................ | -796 | -296 | -84 | -156 | -333 |
| 8. ivon-Farm Businese Inventories .......................... | -556 | -196 | -4 | 28 | -207 |
| 9. Fanm Inventories and Grain in Commercial Channols 3 | - 40 | -100 | -80 | -184 | -126 |
| 10. Exports of Goode and Services ........................... | 6,324 | 6,428 | 6,180 | 6,428 | 6,340 |
| 11. Deduct: Imports of Goods and Services ................. | $-7,316$ | -7,296 | -7,340 | -7,740 | -7,423 |
| 12. Reaidual Error of Eatimat ............................... | 112 | -280 | -208 | - 14 | -105 |
| 13. GROSS NATIONAL EXPENDITURE AT MARKET PRICES ........... | 32,000 | 32,792 | 33,096 | 33,580 | 32,867 |

1. Includes outlays on new durable assets such as butlding and highmay construction by govermment, other than govemment business enterprises. Also includes net purchases of government commodity agencies.
2. Inciudes capital expenditures by private and goverment business enterprises, private non-commercial institutions, and outlays on new residential construction by individusls and business investors.

|  | 1955 |  |  |  |  | 1956 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | IV | KEAR | I | II | III | IV | KEMR |
| 3. Dotali: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Parm Inventories - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Value of grain crop production ...... | 1,044 | 1,044 | 1,044 | 1,048 |  | 1,232 |  | 1,236 | 1,236 |  |
| Depletions of farm stocks of grain .. | -904 | -724 | -992 | -892 | -878 | -996 | -1,028 | -1,004 | -972 | -1,000 |
| Change in investock inventories ..... | 36 | 48 | 48 | -8 | 31 | 60 | -72 | -44 | 80 | , 6 |
| Grain in Comercial Channela ........ | -68 | 68 | 68 | -148 | -20 | -12 | 24 | 4 | 124 | 35 |

In the seasonally adjusted series, the value of grain crop production in each quarter ia taken as one-fourth of the estimated value of crop production for the year as a whole (see Footnote 2, Table 5). All other items in the farm inventories eriea are seasonally adjusted by standard techniques.

## TY Rumater $135-1500$ <br> AT AINCAL RATES <br> of dollars)

| 1956 |  |  |  | 2957 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I | II | III | IV | XEAR | I | II | III | IV | TEAR |  |
| (1) 12,248 | 18,692 | 19,056 | 19,336 | 18,833 | - 19,660 | 19,976 | 20,300 | 20,352 | 20,072 | 1. |
| (1) 5,132 | 5,176 | 5,580 | 5,656 | 5,386 | $-5,508$ | 5,728 | 5,820 | 5,832 | 5,722 | 2. |
| [8,6,192 | 6,728 | 7,000 | 7,176 | 6,774 | -7,528 | 7,396 | 7,296 | 7,120 | 7,335 | 3. |
| 1,572 | 1,580 | 1,520 | 1,432 | 1,526 | 1,352 | 1,364 | 1,412 | 2,508 | 1,409 | 4. |
| 2,236 | 2,544 | 2,716 | 2,260 | 2,589 | 3,060 | 3,124 | 3,140 | 3,088 | 3,103 | 5. |
| 2,384 | 2,604 | 2,764 | 2,884 | 2,659 | 3,116 | 2,908 | 2,744 | 2,524 | 2,823 | 6. |
| 1,408 | 84.8 | 660 | 2,420 | 1,084 | . 708 | 324 | 208 | -316 | 232 | 7. |
| 1,124 | 688 | 468 | 952 | 808 | 744 | 300 | 376 | -200 | 305 | 8. |
| 284 | 160 | 192 | 488 | 276 | -36 | 24 | -168 | -116 | -74 | 9. |
| 106,172 | 6,456 | 6,396 | 6,436 | 6,365 | -6,452 | 6,268 | 6,524 | 6,320 | 6,391 | 10. |
| $\text { if }=7,484$ $-164$ | $-7,692$ | $\begin{array}{r} -7,748 \\ -100 \end{array}$ | $-7,936$ -300 | $-7,725$ -142 | $-8,056$ | $-7,932$ | $-7,820$ -84 | $-7,444$ -72 | $\begin{array}{r} -7,813 \\ -20 \end{array}$ | 12. |
| 29,504 | 30,204 | 30,844 | 31,788 | 30,585 | 31,824 | 31,776 | 32,244 | 31,792 | 31,909 | 13. |


| 1959 |  |  |  |  | 1960 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I | II | III | IV | YEAR | I | II | III | IV | YEAR |  |
| -22,132 | 22,288 | 22,588 | 22,920 | 22,482 | -22,896 | 23,376 | 23,420 | 23,944 | 23.409 | 1. |
| - 6,376 | 6,548 | 6,340 | 6,400 | 6,416 | -6,488 | 6,620 | 6,832 | 6,924 | 6,716 | 2. |
| -r,620 | 6,916 | 7,048 | 6,992 | 6,894 | -6,916 | 6,384 | 6,500 | 6,648 | 6,612 | 3. |
| 1,304 | 1,720 | 1,688 | 1,724 | 1,734 | 1,640 | 1,396 | 1,444 | 1,424 | 1,476 | 4. |
| 2,480 | 2,604 | 2,620 | 2,652 | 2,589 | 2,608 | 2,476 | 2,584 | 2,600 | 2,567 | 5. |
| 2,336 | 2,592 | 2,740 | 2,616 | 2,571 | 2,668 | 2,512 | 2,472 | 2,624 | 2,569 | 6. |
| 392 | 152 | 460 | 184 | 297 | 752 | 424 | -132 | 220 | 316 | 7. |
| 492 | 212 | 424 | 276 | 351 | 648 | 336 | -176 | 108 | 229 | 8. |
| -100 | -60 | 36 | -92 | -54 | 104 | 88 | 44 | 112 | 87 | 9. |
| -6,292 | 6,696 | 6,672 | 7,044 | 6,676 | -7,172 | 6,676 | 7,168 | 6,812 | 6,957 | 10. |
| - -7,820 | -8,052 | -8,300 | -8,288 | $-8,115$ | --3,292 | -8,100 | -8,052 | -8,148 | $-8,148$ | 11. |
| 244 | 196 | 244 | 244 | 207 | 72 | 176 | 104 | 36 | 97 | 22. |
| 34,136 | 34,744 | 35,052 | 35,496 | 34,657 | 36,004 | 35,556 | 35,840 | 36,436 | 35,959 | 13. |


40.

## 

|  | I | II | III | IV | IEAR |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Wages, Salaries, and Supplementary Labour Income ..... | 12,81.2 | 13,064 | 13.336 | 13,680 | 13,223 |
| 2. Deduct: Employer and Employee Contributions to Socisl Insurance and Goverment Pension Funds ....... | -4.56 | -4.68 | -480 | -5,00 | -476 |
| 3. Military Pay and Allowances .............................. | 392 | 396 | 392 | 396 | 394 |
| 4. Net Income Received by Fary Operstors from Farm Production ${ }^{1}$ | 1,160 | 1,380 | 1,176 | 1,084 | 1,200 |
| 5. Net Income of Non-Farm Unincorporated Business ........ | 1,728 | 1,772 | 1,824 | 1,840 | 1,791 |
| 6. Interest, Dividands, and Not Rental Income of Persons ${ }^{2}$ | 1,860 | 1,800 | 1,828 | 1,872 | 1,840 |
| Transfer Payments to Persons: |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7. From Govermment (Exciuding Interest) ................ |  | 1,752 | $1,706$ | 1,720 |  |
| 8. Charitable Contributions by Corporations ............. | 24 | 28 | 32 | 32 | $29$ |
| 9. PERSONAL INCOME ............................................... | 19,288 | 19,724 | 19,816 | 20,124 | 19,738 |


| 1\%s ${ }^{\text {c }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | IV | XEAR |
| 1. Wages, Salaries, and Supplenentary Labour Income ..... | 16,248 | 16,476 | 16,560 | 16,812 | 16,524. |
| 2. Sociel Inpurance and Government Pension Funds ....... | -600 | -612 | -624 | -624 | -615 |
| 3. Kilitary Pay and Allowances .............................. | 492 | 496 | 484 | 492 | 491 |
| 4. Nat Income Received by Farm Operators from Farm Production | 1,200 | 1,208 | 1,180 | 1,2044 | 1,198 |
| 5. Not Income of Non-Farm Unincorporeted Busineas ......... | 2,064 | 2,056 | 2,168 | 2,21.2 | 2,125 |
| 6. Interest, Dividende, and Net Rental Income of Persons ${ }^{2}$ | 2,204 | 2,252 | 2,360 | 2,336 | 2,288 |
| Transfer Paymerte to Persons: |  |  |  |  |  |
| 7. From Government (Excluding Interest) ... | $\begin{array}{r}2,468 \\ \hline 36\end{array}$ | 2,548 | 2,708 | 2,888 | 2,653 |
| 9. PERSONAL INCOIE | 24,212 | 24,460 | 24,876 | 25,360 | 24,702 |

1. This item differe from line 5, Table 5 by exciuding the adjustwent which hes been made to take account of the accrued not earninge arising out of the operations of the Canadian Wheat Board.
2. Includes all government debt interest pald to persons.

## IMgos, 3. . IT AMUAL AATES <br> of dollars

| $1956$ |  |  |  | 1957 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 11 |  | IV | Yunt | I | II | III | IV | YEAR |  |
| 14,192 | 14,712 | 15,240 | 15,516 | 14,890 | 15,760 | 15,972 | 16,204 | 16,136 | 16,018 | 1. |
| $\begin{array}{r} -506 \\ 396 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -528 \\ 420 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -540 \\ 432 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -552 \\ 448 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -532 \\ 424 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -572 \\ 456 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -580 \\ 460 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -604 \\ 504 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} -604 \\ 484 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{array}{r} -590 \\ 476 \end{array}$ | 2. |
| 1,392 1,906 1,844 | 1,468 1,964 1,924 | 1,300 1,972 1,900 | 1,560 2,016 1,964 | 1,430 1,965 1,908 | 1,024 2,020 2,064 | 1,000 2,000 2,152 | 996 2,028 2,148 | 1,084 1,984 2,180 | 1,026 2,008 2,141 | 4. 5. 6. |
| $\begin{array}{r} 1,748 \\ 36 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,776 \\ 36 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,776 \\ 32 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,764 \\ 32 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 1,766 \\ 34 \end{array}$ | 1,876 36 | $\begin{array}{r} 1,868 \\ 36 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,192 \\ 36 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,368 \\ 36 \end{array}$ | 2,076 36 | 7. 8. |
| 22,008 | 21.772 | 22,012 | 22,748 | 21,885 | 22,684 | 22,908 | 23,504 | 23,668 | 23,191 | $9{ }^{\circ}$ |



|  | 1955 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | IV | IEAR |
| 1. Poreonal Direct Taxes .. | 1,528 | 1,476 | 1,492 | 1,500 | 1,499 |
| 2. Income Taxes ... | 1,332 | 1,272 | 1,292 | 1,292 | 1,297 |
| 3. Succession Duties | 128 | 128 | 128 | 124 | 127 |
| 4. Misceliantous ... | 68 | 76 | 72 | 84 | 75 |
| 5. Personal Expenditure on Consumer Goods and Services .. | 16,744 | 17,272 | 17,552 | 17,988 | 17,389 |
| 6. Non-Dursble Goods .......................................... | 8,848 | 9,000 | 9,096 | 9,316 | 9,065 |
| 7. Durable Goode | 2,004 | 2,248 | 2,308 | 2,420 | 2,245 |
| B. Services ${ }^{1}$. | 5,892 | 6,024 | 6,148 | 6,252 | 6,079 |
| 9. Personal Net Saving ........................................ | 1,016 | 976 | 772 | 636 | 850 |
| 10. PERSONAL INCOME | 19,288 | 19,724 | 19,816 | 20,124 | 19,738 |
| 11. (Personal Disposable Income) ${ }^{2}$. | (17,760) | (18, 248 ) | $(18,324)$ | $(18,624)$ | $(18,239)$ |



1. Includen net expenditure abroad.
2. Personal Income lese Total Fergonal Direct Taxees.

##  A! Anith retis <br> of dollars)

| 56 |  |  |  | 2957 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I | II | III | IV | YSAR | 1 | II | III | IV | YEAR |  |
| 1,664 | 1,724 | 1,768 | 1,772 | 1,732 | 1,884 | 1,908 | 1,924 | 1,952 | 1,917 | 1. |
| 1,428 | 1,488 | 1,528 | 1,540 | 1,496 | 1,656 | 1,684 | 1,708 | 1,724 | 1,693 | 2. |
| 148 | 14,8 | 144 | 144 | 146 | 40 | 132 | 112 | 120 | 126 | 3. |
| 88 | 88 | 96 | 88 | 90 | 88 | 92 | 104 | 108 | 98 | 4. |
| 18,248 | 18,692 | 19,056 | 19,336 | 18,833 | 19,660 | 19,976 | 20,300 | 20,352 | 20,072 | 5. |
| 9,480 | 9,608 | 9,880 | 9.976 | 9.736 | 10,168 | 10,352 | 10,512 | 10,576 | 10,402 | 6. |
| 2,312 | 2,500 | 2,452 | 2,460 | 2,431 | 2,416 | 2,424 | 2,484 | 2,396 | 2,430 | 7. |
| 6,456 1,096 | 6,584 1,356 | 6,724 1,188 | 6,900 1,640 | 6,666 1,320 | 7,076 1,140 | 7,200 1,024 | 7,304 1,280 | 7,380 1,364 | 7,240 1,202 | 8. 9. |
| 1,096 | 1,356 | 1,208 | 1,640 | 1,320 | 1,140 | 1,024 |  |  |  | 9. |
| 21,008 | 21,772 | 22,012 | 22,748 | 21,885 | 22,684 | 22,908 | 23,504 | 23,668 | 23,191 | 10. |
| $(19,344)$ | $(20,048)$ | $(20,24.4)$ | $(20,976)$ | $(20,153)$ | $(20,800)$ | $(21,000)$ | $(21,580)$ | $(21,716)$ | $(21,274)$ | 12. |


| 迷这 |  |  |  | 1760 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I | 12 | III | IV | YEAF | I | II | III IV |  | YEAR |  |
| 1,952 | 2,048 | 2,128 | 2,204 | 2,083 | 2,240 | 2,476 | 2,336 | 2,380 | 2,358 | 1. |
| 1,592 | 1,708 | 1,808 | 1,868 | 1,744 | 1,820 | 2,104 | 1,992 | 1,992 | 1,977 | 2. |
| 140 | 120 | 124 | 136 | 130 | 196 | 156 | 128 | 152 | 158 | 3. |
| 220 | 220 | 196 | 200 | 209 | 224 | 216 | 216 | 236 | 223 | 4. |
| 22,132 | 22,288 | 22,588 | 22,920 | 22,482 | 22,896 | 23,376 | 23,420 | 23,944 | 23,409 | 5. |
| 11,132 | 11,196 | 11,3,48 | 12,584 | 11,315 | 11,516 | 11,824 | 11,848 | 11,944 | 11,783 | 6. |
| 2,672 | 2,712 | 2,668 | 2,668 | 2,680 | 2,664 | 2,652 | 2,564 | 2,868 | 2,687 | 7. |
| 8,328 | 8,380 | 8,572 | 8,668 | 8,487 | 8,716 | 8,900 | 9,006 | 9,132 | 8,939 1,675 | 8. |
| 1,672 | 2,108 | 1,600 | 1,556 | 1,754 | 2,060 | 1,312 | 1,768 | 1,560 | 1,675 | 9. |
| 25,756 | 26,444 | 26,396 | 26,680 | 26,319 | 27,196 | 27,164 | 27,524 | 27,884 | 27,442 | 10. |
| (23, $\mathrm{BOH}_{4}$ ) | $(24,396)$ | ( 24,268 ) | $(24,476)$ | $(24,236)$ | $(24,956)$ | $(24,688)$ | $(25,188)$ | $(25,504)$ | $(25,084)$ | 11. |


| 1955 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1 | II | III | IV | YEAR |
| 1. | Personal Expenditure on Conmuer Goode and Services os | 3,256 | 3,706 | 3,616 | 4,084 | 14,662 |
| 2. | Non-Dursble Goode ......................................... | 1,796 | 1,997 | 2,012 | 2,382 | 8,187 |
| 3. | Dureble Goode . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 382 | 591 | 528 | 565 | 2,066 |
| 4. | Servicea .................................................. | 1,078 | 1,118 | 1,076 | 1,137 | 4,409 |
| 5. | Government Expenditure on Goods and Services .......... | 909 | 793 | 971 | 890 | 3,563 |
| 6. | Businese Gross Fixed Capital Pormation .................. | 754 | 1,038 | 1,118 | 1,052 | 3,962 |
| 7. | New Residential Construction ......................... | 181 | 266 | 300 | 293 | 1,040 |
| 8. | New Non-Residential Construction ..................... | 254 | 325 | 415 | 371 | 1,365 |
| 9. | New Machinery and Equipment ........................... | 319 | 447 | 403 | 388 | 1,557 |
| 10. | Change in Inventories ...................................... | -177 | -98 | 1,042 | -348 | 419 |
| 11. | Non-Farm Business Inventories ........................... | 147 | -33 | , -3 | 23 | 134 |
| 12. | Famm Inventories and Grain in Commerciel Channels .. | -324 | -65 | 1,045 | -371 | 285 |
| 13. | Exports of Goods and Servicss ........................... | 1,077 | 1,240 | 1,355 | 1,297 | 4,969 |
|  | Deduct: Imports of Goods and Services .................. | $-1,259$ | $-1,438$ |  | -1,551 |  |
| 15. | Residual Error of Estimate ................................ | 28 | 50 | - 29 | -20 | 87 |
| 16. | gross national expenditure in constant (1949) DOLLARS. | 4,588 | 5,291 | 6,637 | 5,404 | 21,920 |


|  | 1 | II | 1958 | IV | YEAR |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Personal Expenditure on Contumer Goods and Services .. | 3,813 | 4,101 | 4,072 | 4,582 | 16,568 |
| 2. Non-Durable Goode ..................................... | 2,174 | 2,221 | 2,263 | 2,690 | 16,788 |
| 3. Durable Goode . .............................................. | 2,466 | 2, 590 | 2, 525 | 2,696 | 9,288 |
| 4. Services .................................................... | 1,233 | 1,290 | 1,284 | 1,316 | 5,123 |
| 5. Government Expenditure on Goods and Services .......... | 882 | , 926 | 1,160 | 1,015 | 3,983 |
| 6. Business Gross Fixed Capital Formation .................. | 961 | 1,284 | 1,300 | 1,189 | 4,734 |
| 7. New Residentisi Construction ........................... | 211 | 318 | 340 | 349 | 1,218 |
| 8. New Non-Residential Construction ...................... | 356 | 481 | 572 | 468 | 1,877 |
| 9. New Machinery and Equipment .......................... | 394 | 485 | 388 | 372 | 1,639 |
|  | -325 | -295 | 734 | -419 | -305 |
| 11. Non-Farmi Business Inventories .t.................... | $\mu_{4}$ | -87 | -58 | -12 | -143 |
| 12. Farm Inventories and Grain in Cowercial Chamels .. | -339 | -208 | 792 | -407 | -162 |
| 13. Exports of Goods and Services ............................ | 1,186 | 1,397 | 1,414 | 1,450 | 5,447 |
| 14. Deduct: Imports of Goods and Services ................... | -1,377 | -1,636 | -1,569 | -],666 | -6,248 |
| 15. Residual Error of Estimste ................................ | 88 | 23 | -92 | -96 | -77 |
| 16. GROSS MATIONAL EXFENDITURE IN CONSTANT (1949) DOLLARS. | 5,228 | 5,800 | 7,019 | 6,055 | 24,102 |

1. See Footnotes, Table 2.
2. The implicit price deflators of the component of Gross Metionsl Expenditure which can be derived by dividing the value Mgures in Table 2 by the volume figures in Table 9 are not suitable sa indicstors of quarter-tom quarter price movements. This is because they are currently weighted, and are therefore affocted by campositionsl shifts wich occur within the components of the Gross National Expenditure on a quarter-to-quartor basis. Year=over-year comparisons are less subject to the problem of shifting weights at the component levels of Gross National Expenditure.

## potunit, E: guivtras, 1935-1950

FUA SEASCNALTTY
of dollars)

| 1956 |  |  |  | 195 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | II | III | IV | IEAR | I | II | III | IV | YEAR |  |
| 3.552 | 3,917 | 3,828 | 4,306 | 15,603 | 3,681 | 4,026 | 3,961 | 4,390 | 16,058 | 2. |
| 1,957 | 2,082 | 2,132 | 2,534 | 8,705 | 2,027 | 2,192 | 2,220 | 2,608 | 9,047 | 2. |
| 442 | 648 | 551 | 568 | 2,209 | 453 | 586 | 534 | 553 | 2,126 | 3. |
| 1,153 | 1,187 | 1,145 | 1,204 | 4,689 | 1,201 | 1,248 | 1,207 | 1,229 | 4,885 | 4. |
| 888 | 834 | 1,090 | 982 | 3,794 | 870 | 890 | 1,093 | 964 | 3,817 | 5. |
| 929 | 1,322 | 1,376 | 1,264 | 4,891 | 1,081 | 1,387 | 1,384 | 1,232 | 5,084 | 6. |
| 215 | 302 | 310 | 283 | 1,110 | 178 | 254 | 277 | 288 | 997 | 7. |
| 301 | 440 | 566 | 509 | 1,816 | 395 | 528 | 642 | 542 | 2,107 | 8. |
| 413 | 580 | 500 | 472 | 1,965 | 508 | 605 | 465 | 402 | 1,980 | 9. |
| 73 | -95 | 1,149 | -172 | 955 | -14 | -100 | 716 | -455 | 147 | 10. |
| 379 | 114 | 1,7 | 148 | 648 | 305 | 26 | -16 | -58 | 257 | 11. |
| -306 | -209 | 1,142 | -320 | - 307 | -319 | -126 | 732 | -397 | -110 | 12. |
| 1,140 | 1,373 | 1,448 | 1,379 | 5,340 | 1,171 | 1,300 | 1,475 | 1,407 | 5,353 | 13. |
| $-1,471$ | $-1,782$ 76 | -1,688 | $-1,721$ | -6,662 | -1,555 | -1,792 | -1,675 | -1,582 | -6,604 | $\underline{14 .}$ |
| -12 | 76 | -29 | -145 | -110 | 62 | 66 | -54 | -96 | -22 | 15. |
| 5,099 | 5,64,5 | 7,174 | 5,893 | 23,812 | 5,296 | 5,777 | 6,900 | 5,860 | 23,833 | 16. |


| 1959 1960 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I | II | IIII | TV | IEAR | 1 | II | III | IV | YEAR |  |
| 3,991 | 4,304 | 4,245 | 4,741 | 17,281 | 4,084 | 4,450 | 4,361 | 4,879 | 17,774 | 1. |
| 2,186 | 2,305 | 2,358 | 2,783 | 9,632 | 2,246 | 2,405 | 2,467 | 2,839 | 9,957 | 2. |
| 494 | 646 | 542 | 591 | 2,273 | 490 | 637 | 523 | 639 | 2,289 | 3. |
| 1,311 | 1,353 | 1,345 | 1,367 | 5,376 | 1,348 | 1,408 | 1,371 | 1,401. | 5,528 | 4. |
| 919 | 949 | 1,135 | 1,002 | 4,005 | 898 | 916 | 1,202 | 1,027 | 4,043 | 5. |
| 887 | 1,246 | 1,275 | 1,159 | 4,567 | 922 | 1,227 | 1,157 | 1,080 | 4,286 | 6. |
| 233 | 300 | 309 | 314 | 1,156 | 210 | 237 | 258 | 254 | 959 | 7. |
| 295 | 426 | 528 | 448 | 1,687 | 304 | 395 | 501 | 434 | 1,634 | 8. |
| 359 | 520 | 448 | 397 | 1,724 | 408 | 495 | 398 | 392 | 1,693 | 9. |
| -121 | -202 | 891 | -385 | 183 | -52 | $-184$ | 884 | -351 | 297 | 10. |
| 220 | -16 | 34 | 35 | 273 | 283 | -20 | -101 | 23 | 185 | 11. |
| -341 | -186 | 857 | -420 | -90 | -335 | -164 | 985 | -374 | 112 | 12. |
| 1,137 | 1,448 | 1,465 | 1,513 | 5,563 | 1,312 | 1,379 | 1,558 | 1,463 | 5,712 | 13. |
| $-1,479$ | $-1,839$ | -1,776 | $-1,789$ | -6,883 | -],588 | $-1,800$ | -1,698 | -1,715 | -6,801 | 14. |
| $80$ | 127 | -11 | $-38$ | 148 | 60 | 140 | -61 | -71 | 68 | 15. |
| 5,414 | 6,023 | 7,224 | 6,203 | 24, 364 | 5,636 | 6,028 | 7,403 | 6,312 | 25,379 | 16. |

## 

|  | 2855 | 1956 | 1957 | 1958 | 1959 | 2960 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Agricultur. ...................................) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2. Firhing and Trapping ....................e....) | 426 | 488 | 434 | 465 | 539 | 548 |
| 3. Porestry ....e...e.e.e.e........................ | 63 | 76 | 48 | 33 | 48 | 52 |
| 4. Mining, Quarrying, and 011 Wells ............ | 336 | 542 | 606 | 342 | 342 | 382 |
| 5. Manufacturkng ..............e.e.e.t......e... | 947 | 1,394 | 1,479 | 1,095 | 1,144 | 1,192 |
| 6. Construction | 174 | 200 | 258 | 157 | 245 | 137 |
| 7. Transportation ...............................) |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8. Storsge ...........................................) | 395 | 732 | 1,042 | 967 | 746 | 701 |
| 9. Conmuni cation ${ }^{2}$ | 219 | 254 | 312 | 336 | 325 | 350 |
| 10. Electric Power, Gas, and Water Utilities ... | 516 | 772 | 749 | 845 | 760 | 701 |
| 11. Trade | 329 | 325 | 370 | 356 | 363 | 348 |
| 12. Finance, Insurance, and Real Estati3 ...... | 1,480 | 1,650 | 1,545 | 1,943 | 2,001 | 1,726 |
| 13.Service ${ }^{4}$....................................... | 325 | 342 | 392 | 436 | 475 | 475 |
| 14. Total .ene.e..e.................e.t.e.......... | 5,210 | 6,774 | 7,335 | 6,975 | 6,894 | 6,612 |

1. This table is derived from "Private and Public Investment in Canads", pubilcations. Additionel detali has been provided by the D.B.S. Business Pinance Division, and adjustments have been made to bring the dita into line with Natlonal Accounting concepts. See reconciliation statement, Table 11. For sn industrial distribution of total private and public investment, se Table in the aforementioned publications.
2. Excludes Investment expenditures by the Canadian Broadcasting Corporetion, which are included in "Govermment Expenditure on Goods snd Services".
3. Includes all new residential construction, (excluadve of goverment other than goverrment business enterprise). See Table 2.
4. Excludes goverpment departmental expendtures, federel hospital, provincial hoopital and school, and nunicipal school expenditures, which are included with "Govemment Expenditure on Goods and Services". Imvestment expenditure of goverrment businese enterprises (railway, power comenseione, etc.), are included under appropriate industry headinge.

RECONCILLATION STATEMENI

|  | 1955 | 1956 | 1957 | 1958 | 1959 | 1960 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Total Private and Public Investment in Caradal.................. | 6,24,4 | 8,034 | 8,717 | 8,364 | 8,417 | 8,200 |
| 2. Deduct: New Residentisi Construction by Goverrment ${ }^{2}$ 2....e. | -19 | -21 | -21 | -19 | -18 | -13 |
| 3. New Non-Residential Construction by Goverments .. | -924 | $-1,137$ | -1,251 | -1,237 | -1,368 | -1,432 |
| 4. New Machinery and Equipment Outlays by Govermments | -91 | -102 | -110 | -133 | -137 | $-1.44$ |
| 5. Business Gross Fixed Capital Formation ......................... | 5,210 | 6,744 | 7,335 | 6,975 | 6,894 | 6,612 |

1. Aa presented in the publicatione"Private and Public Investment in Canada".
2. Excludes residential construction under Voterans' Land act, construction of veterans' rental housing by Central Mortgage and Housing Corporetion, and joint lederai-provincial housing (Section 36, National Housing Act) which are Lacluded under line 5.

## TABLE 12, EXPORTS AND INPORTS OF GOODS AND SERVICES, 1955-19601 MZCONCILIATION STATEMEN

| Exports of Guas and jervicas: |  | 1955 | 1956 | 1957 | $\underline{1958}$ | 2959 | 1960 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1. |  | 4,332 | 4,837 | 4,894 | 4,887 | 5,149 | 5,400 |
| 2. | Gold Production Available for Export | 155 | 150 | 147 | 160 | 148 | 161 |
| 3. | Interest and Dividends Received from Non-Residents ......... | 160 | 142 | 254 | 168 | 183 | 175 |
| 4. | Other Recelpts from Services Rendered to Non-Rosidents .... | 1,203 | 1,335 | 1,320 | 2,222 | 2,305 | 1,323 |
| 5. | Subtotal: "Current Recaipts" as per Canadian Balance of International Paywents | 5,850 | 6,464 | 6,515 | 6,437 | 6,785 | 7,059 |
| 6. | Inheritances and Irmigrante' Funds ............................. | $-86$ | -99 | -124 | -97 | -109 | -102 |
| 7. | Total "Exports of Goods and Services" as per National Accounts ${ }^{2}$ | 5,764 | 6,365 | 6,391 | 6,340 | 6,676 | 6,957 |
| Imports of Goods and Sorvicess |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8. | Merchandise Imports ...e.n.......................................... | 4,543 | 5,565 | 5,488 | 5,066 | 5,572 | 5,548 |
| 9. | Interest and Dividends Faid to Non-Residents ....e........... | 483 | 523 | 589 | 612 | 657 | 655 |
| 10. | Other Paymente for Services fondered to Non-Residents..... | 1,522 | 1,742 | 1,893 | 1,890 | 2,050 | 2,126 |
| 11. | Subtotal: "Curront Paymenti" as per Canadian Balance of International Paypents | 6,548 | 7,830 | 7,970 | 7,568 | 8,279 | 8,329 |
| 12. | Inheritances and Emigrants Funds ........................... | -105 | -115 | -157 | $-145$ | -164 | -181 |
| 13. | Total MImports of Goods and Serricesm as per Mational accounts ${ }^{2}$ | 6,443 | 7,715 | 7,813 | 7,423 | 8,115 | 8,148 |

[^1]REVFHTE


| 1953 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | IV | TEAR |
| 1. Dinect Taxse - Persons ..................... | 358 | 416 | 323 | 335 | 1,432 |
| 2. Federal ................e............... | 323 | 390 | 302 | 314 | 1,329 |
| 3. Provincisl and Municipal ............. | 35 | 26 | 21. | 21 | 103 |
| 4. Direct Taxes - Corporations ................ | 289 | 353 | 317 | 261 | 1,220 |
| 5. Federal .................................. | 271 | 331 | 297 | 245 | 1,144 |
| 6. (Federsl Tax Collections) ........... | (368) | (306) | (311) | (308) | $(1,293)$ |
| 7. Provincial ............................ | 18 | 22 | 20 | 16 | 76 |
| Withholding Taxes |  |  |  |  |  |
| 8. Federal .................................. | 17 | 11 | 14 | 12 | 54 |
| 9. Indirect Taxes ................................. | 716 | 765 | 770 | 770 | 3,021 |
| 10. Federal ........ | 394 | 442 | 432 | 429 | 1,697 |
| 11. Prorincial and Municipal ........... | 322 | 323 | 338 | 341 | 1,324 |
| 12. Investment Income ........................... | 139 | 176 | 159 | 177 | 651 |
|  | 45 | 71 | 58 | 58 | 232 |
| 14. Provincial and Municipal ............ | 94 | 205 | 101 | 119 | 419 |
| 15. Pmployer and Employee Contributions to Social Insurance and Government Pension |  |  |  |  |  |
| Funds .......................................... | 98 | 102 | 104 | 106 | 410 |
| 16. Federal .................................. | 65 | 67 | 69 | 69 | 270 |
| 17. Prowincial and Municipsl ............ | 33 | 35 | 35 | 37 | 140 |
| Transfors from Federsl: |  |  |  |  |  |
| 18. Provincial and Municipal .enene.e.e. | 103 | 106 | 104 | 99 | 412 |
| 19. Total Reverwe .................................. |  |  |  | 1,760 | 7,200 |
| 20. Federal ................................. | 1,115 | 1,312 | 1,172 | 1,127 | 4,726 |
| 21. Provincial and Kunicipal ............ | 605 | 617 | 619 | 633 | 2,474 |

REVEMUE

| 2951. |  |  |  | 1952 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | II | 111 | IV | YEAR | I | II | III | IV | TEAR |  |
| 221 | 302 | 237 | 270 | 1,030 | 314 | 368 | 306 | 335 | 1,323 | 1. |
| 189 | 278 | 220 | 24.4 | 931 | 279 | 343 | 289 | 312 | 1,223 | 2. |
| 32 | 24 | 17 | 26 | 99 | 35 | 25 | 17 | 23 | 100 | 3. |
| 355 | 398 | 347 | 316 | 1,416 | 297 | 378 | 371 | 338 | 1,384 | 4. |
| 307 | 345 | 301 | 274 | 1,227 | 246 | 358 | 351 | 320 | 1,275 | 5. |
| (261) | (253) | (282) | (283) | $(1,079)$ | (317) | (328) | (303) | (315) | $(1,263)$ | 6. |
| 48 | 53 | 46 | 42 | 189 | 51 | 20 | 20 | 18 | 109 | 7. |
| 20 | 11 | 13 | 12 | 56 | 19 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 55 | 8. |
| 605 | 655 | 663 | 674 | 2,597 | 662 | 678 | 723 | 754 | 2,817 | 9. |
| 345 | 382 | 380 | 388 | 1,495 | 368 | 376 | 414 | 437 | 1,595 | 10. |
| 260 | 273 | 283 | 286 | 1,102 | 294 | 302 | 309 | 317 | 1,222 | 11. |
| 114 | 138 | 129 | 153 | 534 | 127 | 152 | 161 | 177 | 617 | 12. |
| 33 | 46 | 45 | 56 | 180 | 42 | 54 | 71 | 64 | 231 | 13. |
| 81 | 92 | 84 | 97 | 354 | 85 | 98 | 90 | 113 | 386 | 14. |
| 80 | 83 | 87 | 86 | 336 | 91 | 93 | 93 | 98 | 375 |  |
| 54 | 54 | 58 | 55 | 221 | 61 | 62 | 60 | 64 | 247 | 16. |
| 26 | 29 | 29 | 31 | 115 | 30 | 31 | 33 | 34 | 128 | 17. |
| 67 | 62 | 64 | 66 | 259 | 73 | 41 | 92 | 162 | 368 | 18. |
| 1,462 | 1,649 | 1,540 | 1,577 | 6,228 | 1,583 | 1,721 | 1,758 | 1,877 | 6,939 | 19. |
| 948 | 1,116 | 1,017 | 1,029 | 4,110 | 1,015 | 1,204 | 1,197 | 1,210 | 4,626 | 20. |
| 514 | 533 | 523 | 54.8 | 2,11R | 568 | 517 | 561 | 667 | 2,313 | 21. |


|  |  | 164 |  | YEAR I I M III IT T TVAR |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I | II | III | IV |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 339 | 392 | 341 | 365 | 1,437 | 360 | 380 | 374 | 385 | 1,499 | 1. |
| 308 | 360 | 318 | 333 | 1,319 | 317 | 342 | 330 | 336 | 1,325 | 2. |
| 31 | 32 | 23 | 32 | 118 | 43 | 38 | 44 | 49 | 174 | 3. |
| 236 | 288 | 289 | 269 | 1,082 | 235 | 339 | 363 | 335 | 1,272 | 4. |
| 222 | 271 | 272 | 253 | 1,018 | 224 | 322 | 345 | 319 | 1,210 | 5. |
| (323) | (259) | (268) | (262) | $(1,112)$ | (279) | (249) | (262) | (257) | (1,047) | 6. |
| 14 | 17 | 17 | 16 | (1, 64 | 11 | 17 | 18 | 16 | (1) 62 | 7. |
| 17 | 14 | 12 | 15 | 58 | 20 | 15 | 15 | 17 | 67 | 8. |
| 742 | 762 | 756 | 773 | 3,033 | 774 | 821. | 851 | 873 | 3,319 | 9. |
| 390 | 419 | 396 | 407 | 1,612 | 396 | 434 | 451 | 463 | 1,744 | 10. |
| 352 | 343 | 360 | 366 | 1,421 | 378 | 387 | 400 | 410 | 1,575 | 11. |
| 144 | 178 | 166 | 199 | 687 | 149 | 197 | 176 | 231 | 753 | 12. |
| 43 | 64 | 57 | 70 | 234 | 39 | 75 | 59 | 94 | 267 | 13. |
| 101 | 124 | 209 | 129 | 453 | 110 | 122 | 117 | 137 | 486 | 14. |
| 101 | 105 | 106 | 210 | 422 | 114 | 116 | 121 | 125 | 476 | 15. |
| 69 | 72 | 72 | 74 | 287 | 78 | 79 | 82 | 85 | 324 | 16. |
| 32 | 33 | 34 | 36 | 135 | 36 | 37 | 39 | 40 | 152 | 17. |
| 214 | 106 | 107 | 103 | 430 | 127 | 107 | 109 | 107 | 450 | 18. |
| 1,693 | 1,845 | 1,777 | 1,834 | 7,149 | 1,779 | 1,975 | 2,009 | 2,073 | 7,836 | 19. |
| 1,349 | 1,200 | 1,127 | 1,152 | 4,528 | 1,074 | 1,267 | 1,282 | 1,314. | 4,937 | 20. |
| 66h | 64.5 | 650 | 682 | 2,621 | 705 | 708 | 727 | 759 | 2,899 | 21. |

## REVENUE



zEVEMUE


| I | II | III | IV | YEAR |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 557 | 639 | 578 | 584 | 2,358 | 1. |
| 447 | 556 | 506 | 507 | 2,016 | 2. |
| 210 | 83 | 72 | 77 | 342 | 3. |
| 328 | 396 | 373 | 352 | 1,449 | 4. |
| 263 | 317 | 298 | 282 | 1,160 | 5. |
| (307) | (406) | (364) | (306) | (1,383) | 6. |
| 65 | 79 | 75 | 70 | 289 | 7. |
| 23 | 19 | 18 | 17 | 77 | 8. |
| 1,120 | 1,174 | 1,155 | 1,174 | 4,623 | 9. |
| 501 | 570 | 541 | 569 | 2,181 | 10. |
| 619 | 604 | 624 | 605 | 2,442 | 11. |
| 233 | 253 | 243 | 331 | 1,060 | 12. |
| 67 | 86 | 72 | 129 | 354 | 13. |
| 166 | 167 | 171 | 202 | 706 | 14. |
| 187 | 176 | 188 | 188 | 739 | 15. |
| 127 | 115 | 125 | 125 | 492 | 16. |
| 60 | 61 | 63 | 63 | 247 | 17. |
| 249 | 247 | 241 | 254 | 991 | 18. |
| 2,697 | 2,904 | 2,796 | 2,900 | 11,297 | 19. |
| 2,428 | 1,663 | 1,560 | 1,629 | 6,280 | 20. |
| 1,269 | 1,241 | 1,236 | 1,271 | 5,017 | 21. |

PXPENDITURE


|  | 1953 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | IV | YEAR |
| 1. Goode and Sorvicea ........................ | 1,094 | 999 | 1,216 | 1,123 | 4,432 |
| 2. Federsl ................................. | 718 | 585 | 650 | 606 | 2,559 |
| 3. (Defence) ............................ | (590) | (401) | (452) | (464) | (1,907) |
| 4. Provincial and Municipal .......... | 376 | 414 | 566 | 517 | 1,873 |
| Transfer Payments to Persons (Excluding |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interest on the Public Debt) ........... | 422 | 344 | 346 | 349 | 1,461 |
| 6. Foderal ................................ | 287 | 258 | 243 | 258 | 1,046 |
| 7. Provincial and Municipal ........... | 135 | 86 | 103 | 91 | 415 |
| 8. Interest on the Public Debt .............. | 123 | 200 | 132 | 155 | 610 |
| 9. Foderal ................................ | 97 | 151 | 106 | 107 | 461 |
| 10. Provincial and Municipal ......... | 26 | 49 | 26 | 48 | 149 |
| 11. Subsidies ...................................... | 25 | 31 | 25 | 29 | 110 |
| 12. Fedaral ............................... | 23 | 30 | 25 | 28 | 106 |
| 13. Provincial ............................ | 2 | 1 | - | 1 | 4 |
| Transfers to Prowincial and Municipal |  |  |  |  |  |
| 14. <br> Federal | 103 | 106 | 104 | 99 | 422 |
| 15. Total Expenditur .......................... | 1,767 | 1,680 | 1,823 | 1,755 | 7,025 |
| 16. Federal .............................. | 1,238 | 1,130 | 1,128 | 1,098 | 4,584 |
| 17. Provincial and Municipal ......... | 539 | 550 | 695 | 657 | 2,441 |
| 18. Deflcit ( - ) or Surplus ( + ) .............. |  |  |  |  |  |
| 19. Federal ............................... | -113 | 182 | 44 | 29 | 142 |
| 20. Prorincial and Municipal .......... | 66 | 67 | -76 | -24 | 33 |
| Total Expenditure Mlmus Deflcit or Plus |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22. Surplus ..................................... | 1,720 | 1,929 | 1,791 | 1,760 | 7,200 |
| 22. Foderal ............................. | 1, 115 | 1,312 | 1,172 | 1,127 | 4,726 |
| 23. Provincial and Municipmi ......... | 605 | 617 | 619 | 633 | 2,474 |

EXPENDITURS

| 1951 |  |  |  | 1952 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I | II | III | IV | YEA | 1 | II | III | III | KEAR |  |
| 749 | 648 | 951 | 923 | 3,271 | 1,026 | 999 | 1,133 | 1,121 | 4,279 | 1. |
| 359 | 359 | 510 | 474 | 1,702 | , 653 | 593 | 601 | 642 | 2,489 | 2. |
| (220) | $(243)$ | (365) | (329) | $(1,157)$ | (511) | (382) | (409) | (498) | $(1,800)$ | 3. |
| 390 | 289 | 442 | 449 | 1,569 | 373 | 406 | 532 | 479 | 1,790 | 4. |
| 296 | 24.2 | 21.4 | 250 | 1,032 | 379 | 321 | 330 | 329 | 1,359 | 5. |
| 165 | 14,1 | 133 | 138 | 577 | 261 | 241 | 236 | 21.7 | 979 | 6. |
| 131 | 101 | 112 | 112 | 455 | 118 | 80 | 74 | 86 | 300 | 7. |
| 114 | 169 | 113 | 157 | 553 | 118 | 193 | 115 | 154 | 580 | B. |
| 92 | 126 | 96 | 113 | 427 | 95 | 145 | 94 | 107 | 441 | 9. |
| 22 | 43 | 17 | 44 | 126 | 23 | 48 | 21. | 47 | 139 | 10. |
| 14 | 81 | 17 | 16 | 128 | 16 | 26 | 30 | 28 | 100 06 | 11. |
| 12 2 | 60 1 | 16 1 | 16 | 124 | 14 2 | 25 1 | 30 | 27 1 | 96 | 12. |
| 67 | 62 | 64 | 66 | 259 | 73 | 41 | 92 | 162 | 368 | 14. |
| 1,240 | 1,202 | 1,389 | 1,412 | 5,243 | 1,612 | 1,500 | 1,700 | 1,794 | 6,686 | 15. |
| 695 | 768 | 819 | 807 | 3,089 | 1,096 | 1,045 | 1,053 | 1,179 | 4,373 | 16. |
| 545 | 434 | 570 | 605 | 2,154 | 516 | 535 | 647 | 615 | 2,313 | 17. |
| 222 | 447 | 151 | 165 | 985 | -29 | 14.1 | 58 | 83 | 253 | 18. |
| 253 | 348 | 198 | 222 | 1,021 | -81 | 159 | 14.4 | 31 | 253 | 19. |
| -31 | 99 | -47 | -57 | -36 | 52 | -18 | -86 | 52 | - | 20. |
| 1,462 | 1,649 | 1,540 | 1,577 | 6,228 | 1,583 | 1,721 | 1,758 | 1,877 | 6,939 | 21. |
| $748$ | 1,116 | 1,017 | 1,029 | 4,110 | 1,015 | 1,204 | 1,197 | 1,210 | 4,626 | 22. |
| 32: | 533 | 523 | 548 | 2,218 | 568 | 517 | 561 | 667 | 2,313 | 23. |


| 1954 |  |  |  | 1955 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I | II | III | IV | EEAB | I | 11 | III | IV | year |  |
| 1,057 | 1,023 | 1,232 | 1,149 | 4,461 | 1,203 | 1,062 | 1,306 | 1,221 | 4,792 | 1. |
| 640 | 567 | 621 | 621 | 2,449 | 677 | 566 | 651 | 616 | 2,510 | 2. |
| (528) | (360) | (399) | (440) | $(1,727)$ | (520) | (391) | (414) | (435) | $(1,760)$ | 3. |
| 417 | 456 | 611 | 528 | 2,012 | 526 | 496 | 655 | 605 | 2,282 | 4. |
| 476 | 387 | 379 | 392 | 1,634 | 540 | 420 | 391 | 386 | 1,737 | 5. |
| 323 | 294 | 266 | 278 | 1,161 | 368 | 320 | 270 | 274 | 1,232 | 6. |
| 153 | 93 | 113 | 114 | 473 | 172 | 100 | 121 | 112 | 505 | 7. |
| 130 | 214 | 143 | 182 | 669 | 133 | 187 | 138 | 211 | 669 | 8. |
| 99 | 161 | 113 | 131 | 504 | 98 | 130 | 108 | 158 | 494 | 9. |
| 31 | 53 | 30 | 51 | 165 | 35 | 57 | 30 | 53 | 175 | 10. |
| 18 | 21. | 22 | 25 | 86 | 19 | 21 | 20 | 22 | 82 | 11. |
| 17 | 21. | 22 | 24 | 84 | 17 | 19 | 19 | 20 | 75 | 12. |
| 1 | * | - | 1 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 1 | 2 | 7 | 13. |
| 114 | 106 | 107 | 103 | 430 | 127 | 107 | 109 | 107 | 450 | 14. |
| 1,795 | 1,751 | 1,883 | 1,851 | 7,280 | 2,022 | 1,797 | 1,964 | 1,947 | 7,730 | 15. |
| 1,193 | 1,149 | 1,129 | 1,157 | 4,628 | 1,287 | 1,142 | 1,157 | 1,175 | 4,761 | 16. |
| 602 | 602 | 754 | 694 | 2,652 | 735 | 655 | 807 | 772 | 2,969 | 17. |
| -102 | 94 | -106 | -17 | -131 | -243 | 178 | 45 | 126 | 106 | 18. |
| -144 | 51 | -2 | -5 | -100 | -213 | 125 | 125 | 139 | 176 | 19. |
| 42 | 43 | -104 | -12 | -31 | -30 | 53 | -2 | -13 | -70 | 20. |
| 1,693 | 1,845 | 1,777 | 1,834 | 7,149 | 1,779 | 1,975 | 2,009 | 2,073 | 7,836 | 21. |
| 1,049 | 1,200 | 1,127 | 1,152 | 4,528 | 1,074 | 1,267 | 1,282 | 1,314 | 4,937 | 22. |
| 64.4 | 645 | 650 | 682 | 2,621 | 705 | 706 | 727 | 759 | 2,899 | 23. |

EXPENDITURE

|  | 190 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | IV | YEAR |
| 1. Goods and Services ...............e....... | 1,227 | 1,186 | 1,548 | 1,425 | 5,386 |
| 2. Federal ............................... | 649 | 626 | 1716 | - 692 | 2,683 |
| 3. (Defence) -*........................ | (491) | (394) | (448) | (469) | $(1,802)$ |
| 4. Provincial and Municipal .......... | 578 | 560 | 832 | 733 | 2,703 |
| 5. Transfer Payments to Persons (Excluding |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interest on the Public Debt) ........... | 538 | 427 | 405 | 396 | 1,766 |
| 6. Pederal se......................... | 351 | 313 | 276 | 284 | 1,224 |
| 7. Provinclal and Muicipal .......... | 187 | 114 | 129 | 112 | , 542 |
| 8. Interest on the Public Debt .............. | 135 | 201 | 148 | 230 | 714 |
| 9. Fedorsl .................................. | 96 | 144 | 114 | 170 | 524 |
| 10. Prorincial and Municipal ......... | 39 | 57 | 34 | 60 | 190 |
| 11. Subsddies ...................................... | 35 | 30 | 24 | 34 | 123 |
| 12. Federal .............................. | 34 | 29 | 23 | 32 | 118 |
| 13. Provincial .......................... | 1 | 1 | 1 | 2 | 5 |
| Transfers to Provincial and Municipal: <br> 14. Pederal ............................................ | 114 | 131 | 121 | 119 | 485 |
| 15. Total Expenditure ........................... | 2,049 | 1,975 | 2,246 | 2,204 |  |
| 16. Federsl ............................... | 1,244 | 1,243 | 1,250 | 1,297 | 5,034 |
| 17. Provincial and Municipal ......... | 805 | 732 | 996 | 907 | 3.440 |
| 18. Deflcit ( - ) or Surflus ( + ) ................ | -20 | 317 | -19 | 72 | 350 |
| 19. Pederal ............................... | -7 | 24.4 | 163 | 144 | 544 |
| 20. Provincial and Municipal ......... | -13 | 73 | -182 | -72 | -194 |
| 21. Total Expenditure Minue Doficit or Plue |  |  |  |  |  |
| Surplus *...................................... | 2,029 | 2,292 | 2,227 | 2,276 | 8,824 |
| 22. Federsl .............................. | 1,237 | 1,487 | 1,413 | 1,441 | 5,578 |
| 23. Prowincial and Muricipal .......... | 792 | 805 | 814 | 835 | 3,24,6 |


|  | 1 |  | $\frac{1959}{\text { III }}$ | IV | IEAR |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Goods and Services ....................... | 1,465 | 1,527 | 1,791 | 1,633 | 6,416 |
| 2. Federal ................................. | 712 | 712 | 1,727 | 1,681 | 6,416 2,832 |
| 3. (Derencs) ............................ | (457) | (356) | (371) | (376) | (1,560) |
| 4. Provincial and Municipal ......... | 753 | 815 | 1,064 | 952 | 3,584 |
| Transfor Paywents to Persons (Excluding |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interest on the Public Debt) ........... | 801 | 687 | 622 | 648 | 2,758 |
| 6. Pederal ................................ | 539 | 461 | 384 | 417 | $1,795$ |
| 7. Provincial and Municipal ......... | 262 | 226 | 238 | 237 | 1963 |
| 8. Interest on the Public Debt .............. | 168 | 260 | 232 | 284 | 944 |
| 9. Pederal *................................... | 117 | 178 | 180 | 203 | 678 |
| 10. Provincial and Manicipal ......... | 51 | 82 | 52 | 81 | 266 |
| 11. Subsidios ..................................... | 44 | 52 | 49 | 53 | 198 |
| 12. Pederal ............................. | 43 | 50 | 47 | 49 | 189 |
| 13. Provincial ........................... | 1 | 2 | 2 | 4 | 9 |
| Transfore to Provincisl and Municipal |  |  |  |  |  |
| L4. Federel .e........................... | 199 | 210 | 230 | 234 | 873 |
| 15. Total Expenditure ......................... | 2,677 | 2,736 | 2,924 | 2,852 | 11,189 |
| 16. Paderal ............................... | 1,610 | 1,611 | 1,568 | 1,578 | 6,367 |
| 17. Provinctal and Municipal .......... | 1,067 | 1,125 | 1,356 | 1,274 | 4,822 |
| 18. Deficit (-) or Surplus (+) ............... | -261 | $-40$ | -206 | -27 | -536 |
| 19, Federal ............................... | -321 | -65 | -28 | 52 | -362 |
| 20. Provincial and Municipal .......... | 60 | 25 | -180 | -79 | -174 |
| 21. Total Expenditure Mimus Deficit or Plus |  |  |  |  |  |
| Surplus ........................e.e.e...... | 2,416 | 2,696 | 2,716 | 2,825 |  |
| 22. Pederal o............................. | 1,289 | 1,546 | 1,540 | 1,630 | 6,005 |
| 23. Provincial and Municipal .......... | 1,127 | 1,150 | 1,176 | 1,195 | 4,64,8 |

XPENCITURS


| I | II | $\frac{1960}{I I I}$ | IV | year |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1,491 | 1,533 | 1,953 | 1,739 | 6,716 | 1. |
| ( 669 | 647 | 732 | 691 | 2,739 | 2. |
| (434) | (349) | (388) | (390) | $(1,561)$ | 3. |
| 822 | 886 | 1,221 | 1,048 | 3,977 | 4. |
| 901 | 754 | 72 | 749 | 3,116 | 5. |
| 581 | 494 | 437 | 471 | 1,983 | 6. |
| 320 | 260 | 275 | 278 | 1,133 | 7. |
| 230 | 254 | 232 | 333 | 1,049 | 8. |
| 168 | 169 | 177 | 242 | 756 | 9. |
| 62 | 85 | 55 | 91 | 293 | 10. |
| 54 | 58 | 60 | 62 | 234 | 11. |
| 52 | 56 | 57 | 57 | 222 | 12. |
| 2 | 2 | 3 | 5 | 12 | 13. |
| 249 | 247 | 24 | 254 | 991 | 14. |
| 2,925 | 2,846 | 3,198 | 3,137 | 12,106 | 15. |
| 1,719 | 1,613 | 1,644 | 1,725 | 6,691 | 16. |
| 1,206 | 1,233 | 1,554 | 1,422 | 5,415 | 17. |
| -228 | 58 | -402 | -237 | -809 | 18. |
| -291 | 50 | -34 | -86 | -411 | 19. |
| 63 | 8 | -318 | -151 | -398 | 20. |
| 2,697 | 2,904 | 2,796 | 2,900 | 11,297 | 22. |
| 1,428 | 1,663 | 1,560 | 1,629 | 6,280 | 22. |
| 1,269 | 1,241 | 1,236 | 1,271 | 5,017 | 23. |

## SOURCE

|  | 1950 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | IV | IEAR |
| 1. Personal Net Saving ........................... | 38 | -95 | 894 | -175 | 662 |
| 2. Buainess Gross Saving ........................ | 533 | 688 | 872 | 738 | 2,831 |
| 3. Undistributed Corporation Proflte ....... | 91. | 194 | 295 | 172 | 752 |
| 4. Capital Consumption Allowancea and Miscellanoous Valuation Adjustmepte .... | 428 | 465 | 491 | 529 | 1,913 |
| 5. Adjustment on Grain Trensuctions 1....... | 14 | 29 | 86 | 37 | 166 |
| 6. Irventory Valuation Adjustment ............... | $-24$ | -78 | -122 | -150 | -374 |
| 7. Government Surplus ( $)$ or Deficit ( - ) ...... | -43 | 229 | 197 | 202 | 585 |
| 8. Residual Error of Estimate .................... | 3 | 4 | -118 | 51 | -68 |
| 9. Total | 507 | 740 | 1,723 | 666 | 3,636 |


|  | I |  |  | IV | YEAR |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Personal Net Saving ............................. | 84 | -7 | 1,441 | -206 | 1,312 |
| 2. Buainese Gross Seving ......................... | 810 | 877 | 919 | 772 | 3,378 |
| 3. Undistributed Corporation Profita ....... | 162 | 222 | 219 | 126 | 729 |
| 4. Capital Consumption Allowances and Miscellaneous Valuation Adjustment s .... | 618 | 678 | 665 | 712 | 2,673 |
| 5. Adjustment on Grain Transactionsl. ....... | 30 | -23 | 35 | -66 | -24 |
| 6. Inventory Valuation Adjurtment ............... | 3 | $-4$ | -42 | 32 | -11 |
| 7. Goverument surplus ( + ) or Daflcit ( - ) ...... | $-47$ | 249 | -32 | 5 | 175 |
| 8. Residuni Error of Eatimate ................... | -55 | 2 | 81 | 114 | 142 |
| 9. Totsl .e......e.....e.e.e...e................... | 795 | 1,117 | 2,367 | 717 | 4,996 |

## SOURCE

| 1951 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I | II | IIII | IV | YEAP | 1 | 11 | III | IV | IEAR |  |
| 8 | 168 | 1,259 | -101 | 1,334 | 153 | -156 | 1,402 | -108 | 1,291 | 1. |
| 682 | 724 | 792 | 655 | 2,853 | 695 | 849 | 842 | 697 | 3,083 | 2. |
| 159 | 231 | 184 | 88 | 662 | 132 | 195 | 179 | 212 | 618 | 3. |
| 503 | 552 | 550 | 598 | 2,203 | 551 | 610 | 609 | 652 | 2,422 | 4. |
| 20 | -59 | 58 | -31 | -12 | 12 | 44 | 54 | -67 | 43 | 5. |
| -237 | -191 | -94 | -121 | -643 | - | 62 | 39 | 5 | 106 | 6. |
| 222 | 447 | 151 | 165 | 985 | -29 | 141 | 58 | 83 | 253 | 7. |
| -21 | -55 | -24 | 10 | -90 | -14 | 132 | 61 | 23 | 202 | 8. |
| 654 | 1,093 | 2,084 | 608 | 4,439 | 805 | 1,028 | 2,402 | 700 | 4,935 | 9. |


| I | II | 1954 | IV | YEAR | I | II | IT $\frac{1955}{\text { TTI }}$ | IV | TEAR |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 213 | 4 | 794 | -202 | 809 | 123 | -11 | 1,071 | -333 | 850 | 1. |
| 765 | 896 | 966 | 857 | 3,484 | 910 | 1,093 | 1,198 | 1,091 | 4,292 | 2. |
| 98 | 173 | 201 | 99 | 571 | 126 | 283 | 333 | 220 | 962 | 3. |
| 671 | 732 | 734 | 768 | 2,905 | 754 | 818 | 835 | 859 | 3,266 |  |
| -4 | -9 | 31 | -10 |  | 30 | - | 30 | 12 | 64 | 5. |
| 38 | 15 | 27 | 6 | 86 | -38 | -34 | -55 | -62 | -189 | 6. |
| - 202 | 94 | -106 | -17 | -131 | -243 | 178 | 45 | 126 | 106 | 7. |
| -80 | 3 | 25 | 39 | -13 | -35 | -63 | -35 | 25 | -108 | 8. |
| 834 | 1,012 | 1,706 | 683 | 4,235 | 727 | 1,163 | 2,224 | 847 | 4,951 | 9. |

## SOURCE

| 1956 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | IV | YEAR |
| 1. Personal Not Saving .............................. | 75 | 74 | 1,374 | -203 | 1,320 |
| 2. business Gross Saving ........................ | 1,062 | 1,256 | 1,292 | 1,183 | 4,793 |
| 3. Undistributed Corporation Prorite 4. .....e | 239 | 349 | 327 | 216 | 1,131 |
| 5. Misceilaneous Valuation Adjustment e .... | 827 | 908 | 946 | 961 | 3,642 |
| 5. Adjustment on Grain Transactionsl......... | -4 | -1 | 19 | 6 | 20 |
| 6. Inventory Valuation Adjustment ............... | $-48$ | -89 | -50 | -51 | -238 |
| 7. Government Surplus (4) or Deficit (-) ...... | -20 | 317 | -19 | 72 | 350 |
| 8. Residual Error of Estimate .................... | 13 | -98 | 38 | 188 | 142 |
| 9. Total. | 1,082 | 1,460 | 2,635 | 1,189 | 6,366 |


|  | 1959 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 | II | III | IV | YEM |
| 1. Porsonal Net Saving ........e.................. | 335 | 360 | 1,232 | -193 | 1,754 |
| 2. Business Gross Saving ........................... | 1,071 | 1,332 | 1,352 | 1,307 | 5,062 |
| 3. Undistributed Corporation Profits ........ | 157 | 306 | 270 | 190 | . 923 |
| 4. Capital Consumption Allowances and Miscellaneous Valuation Adjustments ..... | 933 | 1,050 | 1,068 | 1,092 | 4,14,3 |
| 5. Adjustmant on Grain Transactionsl......... | -19 | -24 | 14 | - 25 | 4, -4 |
| 6. Inventory Valuation Adjustment ................ | $-24$ | -34 | -47 | -10 | -115 |
| 7. Goverment Surplus ( 4 ) or Deficit ( - ) ...... | -261 | -40 | -208 | -27 | - 536 |
| 8. Residual Error of Estimate ..................... | -111 | -164 | 15 | 54 | -206 |
| 9. Total | 1,010 | 1,474 | 2,344 | 1,131 | 5,959 |

1. This item is an adjustment to take account of the accrued earnings of farm operators arising out of the operations of the Canadian wheat board. See also Footnote 1, Table 3.

SOURUS

| 1957 |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | II | III | IV | year | 1 | II | 111 | IV | YEAR |  |
| 220 | 112 | 1,030 | -160 | 1,202 | 318 | 319 | 1,164 | -127 | 1,674 | 1. |
| 1,106 | 1,284 | 1,309 | 1,164 | 4,863 | 1,042 | 2,236 | 1,214 | 2,249 | 4,742 | 2. |
| 960 | 1,026 | 1,025 | 998 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| -19 | -21 | 22 | 18 | 4,009 | -21 | -7 | 11 | 16 | 3,930 | 4. |
| -34 | -31 | -12 | -1 | -78 | -26 | 23 | 2 | -34 | -35 | 6. |
| 102 | 222 | -219 | -105 | 100 | $-264$ | -175 | -357 | -234 | -1,030 | 7. |
| -83 | -87 | 7 | 127 | 28 | -118 | -32 | 125 | 129 | 104 | 8. |
| 1,311 | 1,500 | 2,279 | 1,025 | 6,115 | 952 | 1,371 | 2,148 | 983 | 5,454 | 9. |


| 1 | II | III | IV | YEAB |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 435 | 177 | 1,270 | -207 | 1,675 | 1. |
| 1,170 | 1,345 | 1,312 | 1,294 | 5,121 | 2. |
|  |  | 223 | 163 | 82. | 3. |
| 1,008 | 1,091 | 1,080 | 1,212 | 4,291 | 4. |
| -34 | -* | -16 | 19 | -57 | 6. |
| -228 | 58 | -402 | -237 | -809 | 7. |
| -86 | -199 | 88 | 102 | -96 | 8. |
| 1,257 | 1,355 | 2,252 | 970 | 5,834 | 9. |

## DISPOSITION

|  | 1950 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | IV | YEAR |
| 1. Business Grose Fixed Capital Formation ..... | 685 | 872 | 906 | 885 | 3,348 |
| 2. New Residential Construction ............. | 154 | 224 | 259 | 246 | 883 |
| 3. New Non-Residential Construction ........ | 206 | 249 | 297 | 290 | 1,042 |
| 4. New Machinery and Equipment ............... | 325 | 399 | 350 | 349 | 1,423 |
| 5. Value of Physical Changs in Inventories .... | -132 | -32 | 712 | 2 | 550 |
| 6. Surplue ( $*$ ) or Deficit ( - ) on Current Accuunt with Non-Residents | -43 | $-104$ | -13 | -170 | -330 |
| 7. Residual Error of Estimate .................. | -3 | 4 | 118 | -51 | 68 |
| 8. Total ............................................ | 507 | 740 | 1,723 | 666 | 3,636 |


|  | 1 | II | 1953 | IV | YEAR |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Hueinees Gross Fixed Capital Formstion ..... | 1,014 | 1,335 | 1,372 | 1,24,7 | 4,998 |
| 2. New Residential Construction ............. | 210 | 298 | 332 | 326 | 1,166 |
| 3. New Non-Residential Construction ......... | 328 | 405 | 522 | 464 | 1,719 |
| 4. New Machinery and Equipment ....e.e....... | 506 | 632 | 518 | 457 | 2,113 |
| 5. Value of Physical Change in Inventories .... | -122 | -18 | 1,094 | -371 | 583 |
| 6. Surplue ( + ) or Deficit ( - ) on Current Account with Non-Residents | -181 | -198 | -18 | 46 | -443 |
| 7. Residual Error of Estimate .e.e.e.e........... | 54 | -2 | -81 | -113 | $-142$ |
| 8. Total *............................................. | 795 | 1,117 | 2,367 | 717 | 4,996 |

## DISPOSTTTION

| 2951 |  |  |  | 1952 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I | II | III | IV | FEAR | I | II | III | IV | YEAR |  |
| 842 | 1,056 | 1,048 | 1,013 | 3,959 | 891 | 1,200 | 1,196 | 1,164 | 4,4,51 | 1. |
| 290 | 253 | - 238 | 214 | 895 | 150 | 235 | 265 | 283 | 933 | 2. |
| 24.2 | 295 | 364 | 369 | 1,270 | 297 | 385 | 452 | 432 | 1,566 | 3. |
| 410 | 508 | 446 | 430 | 1,794 | 44.4 | 580 | 479 | 449 | 1,952 | 4. |
| 27 | 336 | 1,079 | -528 | 914 | -132 | -81 | 1,189 | -464 | 512 | 5. |
| -235 | -354 | -68 | 133 | -524 | 32 | 4 | 77 | 23 | 173 | 6. |
| 20 | 55 | 25 | -10 | 90 | 14 | -132 | -60 | -23 | -201 | 7. |
| 654 | 1,093 | 2,004 | 608 | 4,439 | 805 | 1,028 | 2,402 | 700 | 4,935 | 8. |


| $1954$ |  |  |  |  | II $-\frac{1955}{\text { III }}$ |  |  |  | MEAR |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1,015 | 1,291 | 1,268 | 1,205 | 4,779 | 973 | 1,344 | 1,473 | 1,420 | 5,210 | 1. |
| 28 | 298 | 351 | 360 | 1,227 | 236 | 349 | 399 | 394 | 1,378 | 2. |
| 346 | 403 | 489 | 433 | 1,671 | 338 | 435 | 561 | 514 | 1,848 | 3. |
| 451 | 590 | 428 | 422 | 1,881 | 399 | 560 | 513 | 512 | 1,984 | 4. |
| $\rightarrow \infty$ | -76 | 442 | -410 | -130 | -111 | -79 | 794 | -293 | 311 | 5. |
| -174 | -200 | 21 | -74 | 4.427 | -180 | -165 | -79 | -255 | -679 | 6. |
| 79 | -3 | -25 | -38 | 13 | 35 | 63 | 36 | -25 | 109 | 7. |
| 834 | 1,012 | 1,706 | 683 | 4,235 | 717 | 1,163 | 2,224 | 847 | 4,951 | 8. |

## DISPOSITION

|  | 1956 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | IV | YEAR |
| 1. buainess Grose Fixad Capital Pormation ....e. | 1,267 | 1,815 | 1,908 | 1,784 | 6,774 |
| 2. New Rosidential Construction ............ | 291 | 414 | 428 | 393 | 1,526 |
| 3. Now Non-Residential Construction ........ | 425 | 624 | 806 | 734 | 2,589 |
| 4. New Machinery and Equipment ............... | 551 | 777 | 674 | 657 | 2,659 |
| 5. Value of Physical Change in Inventories .... | 191 | -17 | 976 | -66 | 1,084 |
| 6. Surplus ( + ) or Deficit ( - ) on Current Account with Non-Residents $\qquad$ | -362 | -436 | -211 | -341 | -1,350 |
| 7. Residual Error of Estimate ................... | $-14$ | 98 | -38 | -188 | -142 |
| 8. Total ................. | 1,082 | 1,460 | 2,635 | 1,189 | 6,366 |


|  | I | II | 1959 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Businese Gross Fixed Capital Fomstion ..... | 1,329 |  | 1,927 | 1763 |  |
| 2. Now residential construction ............. | 1,329 343 | 1,875 449 | 1,927 466 | 1,763 476 | 6,894 1,734 |
| 3. New Non-Residential Construction ......... | 451 | 651 | 794 | 693 | 2,589 |
| 4. New Machinery and Equipment .............. | 535 | 775 | 667 | 594 | 2,571 |
| 5. Value of Physical Change in Inventories .... | -21 | -119 | 744 | -307 | 297 |
| 6. Surplus ( + ) or Doficit ( - ) on Current Account with Non-Residents | -409 | -446 | -312 | -272 | -1,439 |
| 7. Residual Error of Estimate ..................... | 111 | 164 | -15 | -53 | 207 |
| 8. Total | 1,010 | 1,474 | 2,344 | 1,131 | 5,959 |

ACCOUNT EI GUARTERS, 2950-2960
of dollars)

## DISPOSITION

| 2957 |  |  |  | 2958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I | 11 | III | IV | YEAR | I | II | III | IV | YEAR |  |
| 1,542 | 1,994 | 2,002 | 1,797 | ?,335 | 1,410 | 1,883 | 1,913 | 1,769 | 6,975 | 1. |
| 248 | 359 | 393 | 409 | 1,409 | 301 | 458 | 494 | 520 | 2,763 | 2. |
| 579 | 775 | 946 | 803 | 3,203 | 532 | 718 | 852 | 709 | 2,811 | 3. |
| 715 | 860 | 663 | 585 | 2,823 | 577 | 707 | 567 | 550 | 2,401 | 4. |
| 115 | -32 | 552 | $-4 \mathrm{O}_{4}$ | 231 | -295 | -221 | 554 | -372 | -333 | 5. |
| -429 | -550 | -203 | -240 | -1,4,22 | -281 | -322 | -294 | -286 | -2,083 | 6. |
| 83 | 88 | -72 | -128 | -29 | 218 | 31 | -125 | $-129$ | -105 | 7. |
| 1,311 | 1,500 | 2,279 | 1,025 | 6,115 | 952 | 1,371 | 2,148 | 983 | 5,454 | 8. |


| I | II | III. | IV | YEAR |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1,411 | 1,740 | 1,788 | 1,673 | 6,612 | 1. |
| 317 | 365 | 399 | 395 | 1,476 | 2. |
| 478 | 620 | 787 | 682 | 2,567 | 3. |
| 616 | 755 | 602 | 596 | 2,569 | 4. |
| 68 | -122 | 670 | -310 | 316 | 5. |
| -308 | $-472$ | -119 | -292 | -1,291 | 6. |
| 86 | 199 | -87 | -101 | 97 | 7. |
| 1,257 | 2,355 | 2,252 | 970 | 5,834 | 8. |

## RTVENE



| 1953 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 | II | III | IV | EAR |
| 2. Direct Taxes - Pertons ...................... | 1,468 | 1,440 | 1,396 | 1,424 | 1,432 |
| 2. Federal .................................... | 1,352 | 1,404 | 1,268 | 1,292 | 1,329 |
| 3. Provincial and Municipal ............ | 108 | 104 | 108 | 1,292 | 1,103 |
| 4. Adjusting Entry | 8 | -68 | 20 | 40 | , |
| 5. Direct Taxes - Corporations .....e.e.e.e.e. | 1,364 | 1,248 | 1,160 | 1,108 |  |
| 6. Federal .................................. |  | $1,168$ | $1,084$ | 1,040 | $1,144$ |
| 7. (Federel Tax Collections) ........... | (1,344) | $(1,288)$ | $(1,272)$ | $(1,268)$ | $(1,293)$ |
| 8. Prowincial .............................. | 80 | 80 | 76 | 68 |  |
| Withholding Tares |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9. Federal .................................. | 52 | 48 | 64 | 52 | 54 |
| 10. Indirect Taser ................................. | 2,964 | 3,040 | 3,056 |  |  |
| 11. Federal ............................... | 1,660 | 1,736 | 1,716 | 1,676 | $1,697$ |
| 12. Provincial and Muricipal2 ......... | 1,304 | 1,304 | 1,340 | 1,348 | 1,324 |
| 13. Investment Incose .....e.e.e.e................. | 644 | 672 | 652 | 636 |  |
| 14. Pedersl ...................e.e.e.e.e. | 236 | 256 | 232 | 204 | 232 |
| 15. Provincisl and Municipal ............ | 408 | 416 | 420 | 432 | 419 |
| 16. Enployer and Employee Contributione to Social Inourance and Covernment Pension |  |  |  |  |  |
| 17. Funds ...e.............................e..... | 396 | 408 | 416 | 420 | 410 |
| 18. Frovincial ad Municipal ............. | 232 | 268 140 | 276 140 | 272 148 | 270 140 |
| Transfers from Fedorals |  |  |  |  |  |
| 19. Provincial and Municipal ............ | 388 | 440 | 420 | 400 | 412 |
| 20. Totel Revemue ...e.t........................... | 7,276 | 7,296 | 7,164 | 7,064 | 7,200 |
| 21. Federal ................................. | 4,84,8 | 4,880 | 4,640 | 4,536 | 4,726 |
| 22. Prorincial and Mandcipal .......... | 2,420 | 2,484 | 2,504 | 2,488 | 2,47i* |
| 23. Adjusting Entryl ................... | 8 | -68 | 20 | 40 | , |

REVENUE

| . 32 |  |  |  | 1952 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | II | IVİ | iV | YEAR | I | II | III | IV | IEAR |  |
| 852 | 980 | 1,120 | 1,168 | 1,030 | 1,232 | 1,232 | 1,400 | 1,428 | 1,323 | 1. |
| 756 | 888 | 1,020 | 1,060 | 931 | 1,168 | 1,200 | 1,232 | 1,292 | 1,223 | 2. |
| 92 | 96 | 88 | 120 | 99 | 100 | 96 | 92 | 112 | 100 | 3. |
| 4 | -4 | 12 | -12 | - | -36 | -64 | 76 | 24 | - | 4. |
| 1,652 | 1,400 | 1,280 | 1,332 | 1,416 | 1,372 | 1,348 | 1,372 | 1,444 | 1,384 | 5. |
| 1,452 | 1,212 | 1,092 | 1,152 | 1,227 | 1,172 | 1,272 | 1,292 | 1,364 | 1,275 | 6. |
| (952) | $(1,048)$ | $(1,168)$ | $(1,148)$ | $(1,079)$ | $(1,152)$ | (1,384) | $(1,236)$ | $(1,280)$ | $(1,263)$ | 7. |
| 200 | 188 | 188 | 180 | 289 | 200 | 76 | 80 | 80 | 109 | 8. |
| 64 | 52 | 56 | 52 | 56 | 60 | 52 | 52 | 56 | 55 | 9. |
| 2,524 | 2,612 | 2,628 | 2,624 | 2,597 | 2,740 | 2,716 | 2,864 | 2,948 | 2,817 | 10. |
| 1,456 | 1,524 | 1,508 | 1,492 | 1,495 | 1,560 | 1,496 | 1,636 | 1,688 | 1,595 | 11. |
| 1,068 | 1,088 | 1,120 | 1,132 | 1,102 | 1,180 | 1,220 | 1,228 | 1,260 | 1,222 | 12. |
| 524 | 536 | 532 | 544 | 534 | 584 | 576 | 664 | 644 | 617 | 13. |
| 172 | 176 | 180 | 192 | 180 | 212 | 196 | 284 | 232 | 231 | 14. |
| 352 | 360 | 352 | 352 | 354, | 372 | 380 | 380 | 412 | 386 | 15. |
| 316 | 336 | 344 | 348 | 336 | 364 | 372 | 372 | 392 | 375 | 16. |
| 212 | 220 | 228 | 224 | 221 | 244 | 248 | 240 | 256 | 24 ? | 17. |
| 204 | 216 | 116 | 124 | 115 | 120 | 124 | 132 | 136 | 128 | 18. |
| 260 | 264 | 256 | 256 | 259 | 280 | 176 | 368 | 648 | 368 | 19. |
| 6,192 | 6,180 | 6,216 | 6,324 | 6,278 | 6,632 | 6,472 | 7,092 | 7,560 | 6,939 | 20. |
| 1,112 | 4,072 | 4,084 | 4,172 | 4,110 | 4,416 | 4,464 | 4,736 | 4,888 | 4,626 | 21. |
| 3,076 | 2,112 | 2,120 | 2,164 | 2,118 | 2,252 | 2,072 | 2,280 | 2,648 | 2,313 | 22. |
| 4 | 2, 4 | 12 | -12 | - | -36 | -64 | 76 | 24 | - | 23. |


| 1954 |  |  |  | 1955 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | II | III | IV | IEAR | I | II | III | IV | YEAR |  |
| 1,412 | 1,400 | 1,432 | 1,464 | 1,437 | 1,528 | 1,476 | 1,492 | 1,500 | 1,499 | 1. |
| 1,292 | 1,316 | 1,316 | 1,352 | 1,319 | 1,328 | 1,280 | 1,340 | 1,352 | 1,325 | 2. |
| 96 | 120 | 112 | 144 | 118 | 136 | 152 | 200 | 208 | 174 | 3. |
| 24 | 4 | 4 | -32 | - | 64 | 44 | -48 | -60 | - | 4. |
| 1,216 | 1,036 | 1,060 | 1,116 | 1,082 | 1,124 | 1,228 | 1,348 | 1,388 | 1,272 | 5. |
| 1,052 | 972 | 996 | 1,052 | 1,018 | 1,072 | 1,164 | 1,280 | 1,324 | 1,210 | 6. |
| $(1,180)$ | $(1,084)$ | $(1,092)$ | $(1,092)$ | $(1,112)$ | (1,032) | (1,024) | $(1,056)$ | $(1,076)$ | $(1,047)$ | 7. |
| 64 | 64 | $64$ | 64 | 64 | 52 | 64 |  | 64 | 62 |  |
| 56 | 60 | 52 | 64 | 56 | 64 | 64 | 64 | 76 | 67 | 9. |
| 3,052 | 3,028 | 3,000 | 3,052 | 3,033 | 3,164 | 3,268 | 3.376 | 3,468 | 3,319 | 10. |
| 1,640 | 1,636 | 1,572 | 1,600 | 1,612 | 1,660 | 1,692 | 1,792 | 1,832 | 1,744 | 11. |
| 1,412 | 1,392 | 1,428 | 1,452 | 1,421 | 1,504 | 1,576 | 1,584 | 1,636 | 1,575 | 22. |
| 672 | 676 | 688 | 732 | 687 | 704 | 756 | 756 | 796 | 753 | 13. |
| 236 | 220 | 236 | 244 | 234 | 232 | 264 | 268 | 304 | 26 ? | 14. |
| 436 | 456 | 452 | 468 | 453 | 472 | 492 | 488 | 492 | 486 | 15. |
| 412 | 420 | 424 | 432 | 422 | 456 | 468 | 480 | 500 | 476 | 16. |
| 284 | 288 | 288 | 288 | 287 | 312 | 320 | 324 | 340 | 324 | 17. |
| 128 | 132 | 136 | 144 | 135 | 1.4 | 148 | 156 | 160 | 152 | 18. |
| 432 | 432 | 432 | 424 | 430 | 480 | 436 | 448 | 436 | 450 | 19. |
| 7,152 | 7,092 | 7,088 | 7,264 | 7,149 | 7,520 | 7,696 | 7,964 | 8,164 | 7,836 | 20. |
| 6,560 | 4,492 | 4,460 | 4,600 | 4,528 | 4,668 | 4,784 | 5,068 | 5,228 | 4,937 | 21. |
| 2,568 | 2,596 | 2,624 | 2,696 | 2,621 | 2,788 | 2,868 | 2,944 | 2,996 | 2,899 | 22. |
| 24 | 4 | 4 | -32 | - | 64 | 44 | $-48$ | -60 | - | 23. |


|  | 1956 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Direct Taxes - Persons | 1,664 | 1,724 | 1,768 | 1,772 | 1,732 |
| 2. Federal ................................... | 1,460 | 1,572 | 2,564 | 1,604 | 1,550 |
| 3. Provincial and Municipal ............ | 164 | 276 | 192 | 196 | 182 |
| 4. Adjusting Entry ${ }^{1}$.................... | 40 | $-24$ | 12 | -28 | - |
| 5. Direct Taxes - Corporations | 1,384 | 1,408 | 1,432 | 1,428 | 1,413 |
| 6. Federal ..................................... | 1,308 | 1,328 | 1,348 | 1,352 | 1,334 |
| 7. (Federal Tax Collections) .......... | $(1,184)$ | (1,324) | $(1,360)$ | $(1,308)$ | $(1,294)$ |
| 8. Provincial ............................. | (76 | 80 | 84 | 76 | 79 |
| Withholding Taxes |  |  |  |  |  |
| 9. Federal ................................. | 64 | 84 | 64 | 64 | 69 |
| 10. Indirect Taxes ................................ | 3,668 | 3,752 | 3,760 | 3,856 | 3,759 |
| 11. Foderal ............... | 1,908 | 1,996 | 1,964 | 2,020 | 1,972 |
| 12. Provincial and Municipali | 1,760 | 1,756 | 1,796 | 1,836 | 1,787 |
| 13. Investiment Incone. | 796 | 824 | 824 | 892 | 834 |
| 14. Federal .................................. | 276 | 304 | 268 | 336 | 296 |
| 15. Provincisl and Municipul ...e.e.een. | 520 | 520 | 556 | 556 | 538 |
| 16. Enployer and Employee Contributions to Socisl Insurance and Government Pension |  |  |  |  |  |
| Funds .......................................... | 508 | 528 | 540 | 552 | 532 |
| 17. Federal | 34.4 | 356 | 360 | 368 | 357 |
| 18. Provincial and Hundedpal ............ | 164 | 172 | 180 | 184 | 175 |
| Transfers from Federal: |  |  |  |  |  |
| 19. Provincial and Municipal .......... | 428 | 528 | 500 | 484 | 485 |
| 20. Total Reverne | 8,512 | 8,848 | 8,808 | 9,048 | 8,824 |
| 21. Federal .................................. | 5,360 | 5,640 | 5,568 | 5,744 | 5,578 |
| 22. Provincial and Municipal ............ | 3,112 | 3,232 | 3,308 | 3,332 | 3,246 |
| 23. Adjusting Entry ${ }^{1}$..................... | 40 | $-24$ | 12 | -28 | - |

1. In these tables many of the series have had to be seasonally adjusted at a finer level of detail, giving rise to totals which differ somewhat from those prewiously publishod. Since it is not feasible at this time to revise date prior to 1957, an adjusting entry is necessary to reconcile the detail to previously published totals.

2. The quartarly ilguras of real property taxes unadjusted and seasonally adjusted are obtained by dividing anmual totals by four since real property taxes accrue uniformly throughout the taxation jear. Becauee in recent years, changes in real proporty tax rates have been generally upward, this treatment gives rise to fictitious eeasonal between the fourth and first quarters in the seasonsily adjusted indirect taxes series.
e? dilars)
REVENE

|  |  | $\frac{-757}{-1 T T}$ | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1,384 | 1,908 | 1,924, | 1,952 | 1,917 | 1,848 | 1,680 | 1,780 | 1,844 | 1,788 | 1. |
| 1,688 | 1,724 | 1,732 | 1,748 | 1,723 | 1,636 | 1,472 | 1,588 | 1,628 | 1,581 | 2. |
| 196 | 184 | 192 | 204 | 194 | 212 | - 208 | 192 | , 216 | 207 | 3. |
| 1,484 | 1,384 | 1,300 | 1,180 | 1,337 | 1,244 | 1,248 | 1,360 | 2,348 | 1,300 | 5. |
| 1,380 | 1,128 | 1,064 | , 956 | 1,132 | 1,024 | 1,024 | 1,112 | 1,096 | 1,064 | 6. |
| $(1,360)$ | $(1,360)$ | $(1,404)$ | $(1,256)$ | ( 1,345 ) | $(1,198)$ | $(1,032)$ | $(1,052)$ | $(2,120)$ | $(1,100)$ | 7. |
| 104 | 256 | 236 | 224 | 205 | 220 | 224, | 248 | 252 | 236 | 8. |
| 92 | 84 | 84 | 72 | 83 | 28 | 24 | 72 | 68 | 48 | 9. |
| 4,024 | 3,996 | 3,984 | 3,904 | 3,977 | 4,020 | 3,992 | 4,016 | 4,064 | 4,028 | 10. |
| 2,064 | 1,988 | 1,996 | 1,912 | 1,990 | 1,912 | 1,876 | 1,912 | 1,948 | 1,912 | 11. |
| 1,960 | 2,008 | 1,988 | 1,992 | 1,997 | 2,108 | 2,116 | 2,104 | 2,136 | 2,116 | 12. |
| 884 | 872 | 816 | 824 | 849 | 852 | 996 | 1,012 | 988 | 937 | 13. |
| 320 | 304 | 256 | 224 | 276 | 260 | 288 | 384 | 368 | 325 | 14. |
| 564 | 568 | 560 | 600 | 573 | 592 | 608 | 628 | 620 | 612 | 15. |
| 572 | 580 | 604 | 604 | 590 | 600 | 612 | 624 | 624 | 615 | 16. |
| 376 | 380 | 388 | 392 | 384 | 388 | 392 | 396 | 388 | 391 | 17. |
| 196 | 200 | 216 | 212 | 206 | 212 | 220 | 228 | 236 | 224 | 18. |
| 528 | 496 | 520 | 540 | 521 | 604 | 624 | 664 | 756 | 662 | 19. |
| 9,4,68 | 9,320 | 9,232 | 9,076 | 9,274 | 9,196 | 9,076 | 9,528 | 9,712 | 9,378 | 20. |
| 5,920 | 5,608 | 5,520 | 5,304 | 5,588 | 5,248 | 5,076 | 5,464 | 5,496 | 5,321 | 21. |
| 3,548 | 3,712 | 3,712 | 3,772 | 3,686 | 3,948 | 4,000 | 4,064 | 4,216 | 4,057 | 22. |


| 2,240 | 2,476 | 2,336 | 2,380 | 2,358 | 1. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2,892 | 2,132 | 2,016 | 2,024 | 2,016 | 2. |
| 348 | 344 | 320 | 356 | 342 | 3. |
| 1,524 | 1,436 | 1,408 | 1,428 | 1,449 | 5. |
| 2,232 | 1,148 | 1,224 | 1,136 | 1,160 | 6. |
| $(1,276)$ | (1,520) | ( 2,424 ) | $(1,312)$ | $(1,383)$ | 7. |
| 292 | 288 | 284 | 292 | 289 | 8. |
| 76 | 80 | 76 | 76 | 77 | 9. |
| 4,628 | 4,644 | 4,564 | 4,656 | 4,623 | 10. |
| 2,192 | 2,204 | 2,132 | 2,196 | 2,181 | 11. |
| 2,436 | 2,440 | 2,432 | 2,460 | 2,442 | 12. |
| 1,072 | 1,040 | 1,040 | 1,088 | 1,060 | 13. |
| 368 | 348 | 332 | 368 | 354 | 14. |
| 704 | 692 | 708 | 720 | $706$ | 15. |
| 728 | 732 | 748 | 748 | 739 | 16. |
| 488 | 488 | 496 | 496 | 492 | 17. |
| 240 | 244 | 252 | 252 | 247 | 18. |
| 960 | 996 | 972 | 1,036 | 991 | 19. |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 3,248 | 6,400 | 6,176 | 6,296 | 6,280 | 21. |
| 4,980 | 5,004 | 4,968 | 5,116 | 5,017 | 22. |

EXPRDTIURES

|  | 1950 |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | IV | YEAR |
| 1. Goods and Services ...e.e.................... | 2,236 | 2,296 | 2,360 | 2,484 | 2,344 |
| 2. Federal .................................. | 928 | 952 | 968 | 1,060 | 977 |
| 3. (Defface) ...e.e...e.................. | (440) | (472) | (484) | (576) | (493) |
| 4. Provincial and Municipas ............. | 1,308 | 1,344 | 1,392 | 1,424 | 1,36́7 |
| 5. Transfer Paymats to Persons (Excluding |  |  |  |  |  |
| Interest on the Public Debt) ............. | 1,024 | 1,036 | 1,044 | 1,016 | 1,030 |
| 6. Federal .................................. | 632 | 632 | 600 | 596 | 615 |
| 7. Provincial and qunicipal ............ | 404 | 412 | 416 | 428 | 415 |
| 8. Adjusting Entry ${ }^{1}$...................... | -12 | -8 | 28 | -8 | 4 |
| 9. Interest on the Public Debt ................ | 496 | 572 | 540 | 572 | 545 |
| 10. Federal ................................ | 372 | 460 | 416 | 460 | 427 |
| 11. Provincial and Municipal ............ | 124 | 112 | 124 | 112 | 118 |
| 12. Subsidivs .e.t............................... | 72 | 64 | 60 | 56 | 63 |
| 13. Federal ................................ | 68 | 60 | 56 | 56 | 60 |
| 14. Provincial ..........................********** | 4 | 4 | 4 | - | 3 |
| 15. Transfers to Other Levels of Governments |  |  |  |  |  |
| 15. Federal .................................. | 224 | 240 | 268 | 272 | 251 |
| 16. Total Expenditur ...0.0.00000.0.0.0.0.0.0. | 4,052 | 4,208 | 4,272 | 4,400 | 4,239 |
| 17. Federal ..........e...... | 2,224 | 2,3444 | 2,308 | 2,444 | 2,330 |
| 18. Provincial and Municipal **......... | 1,840 | 1,872 | 1,936 | 1,964 | 1,903 |
| 19. Adjusting kntry .e.t.e...e.*.e.e...... | -12 | -8 | 28 | -8 | - |
| 20. Defleit ( $=$ ) or Surplus ( + ) ................. | 348 | 336 | 748 | 908 | 585 |
| 21. Federsl ........................*........ | 448 | 392 | 788 | 912 | 635 |
| 22. Provincial and Municipal ......e.e... | -116 | -64 | -16 | -4 | -50 |
| 23. Net Adjusting Entry ..........*....... | 16 | 8 | -24 | - | - |
| 24. Total Expenditure Mimas Deficit or Plue |  |  |  |  |  |
| Surplus ........................................ | 4,400 | 4,5444 | 5,020 | 5,308 | 4,818 |
| 25. Federal | 2,672 | 2,736 | 3,096 | 3,356 | 2,965 |
| 26. Provincial and Municipal ............ | 1,744 | 1,808 | 1,920 | 1,960 | 1,853 |
| 27. Not Adjusting Entry ................... | 4 | - | 4 | -8 | - |



| 1951 |  |  |  | 1952 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 11 | III | IV | IEAR | I | II | III | If | EEAR |  |
| 2,756 | 3,136 | 3,592 | 3,600 | 3,271 | 3,996 | 4,336 | 4,200 | 4,584 | 4,279 | 1. |
| 1,244 | 1,588 | 2,012 | 1,964 | 1,702 | 2,388 | 2,492 | 2,352 | 2,724 | 2,489 | 2. |
| (688) | (1,052) | $(1,552)$ | $(1,336)$ | $(1,157)$ | $(1,676)$ | (1,728) | $(1,756)$ | $(2,040)$ | $(1,800)$ | 3. |
| 1,512 | 1,548 | 1,580 | 1,636 | 1,569 | 1,608 | 1,844 | 1,848 | 1,860 | 1,790 | 4. |
| 1,008 | 1,020 | 1,032 | 1,068 | 1,032 | 1,324 | 1,332 | 1,392 | 1,388 | 1,359 | 5. |
| 580 | 568 | 572 | 588 | 577 | 932 | 956 | 1,008 | 1,020 | 979 | 6. |
| 424 | 456 | 456 | 484 | 455 | 364 | 380 | 384 | 392 | 380 | 7. |
| 4 | -4 | 4 | -4 | - | 28 | -4 | - | $-24$ | - | 8. |
| 560 | 520 | 568 | 564 | 553 | 588 | 604 | 568 | 560 | 580 | 9. |
| 436 | 396 | 440 | 436 | 427 | 456 | 464 | 428 | 416 | 441 | 10. |
| 124 | 124 | 128 | 128 | 126 | 132 | 140 | 140 | 14.4 | 139 | 12. |
| 76 | 292 | 72 | 72 | 128 | 80 | 92 | 120 | 108 | 100 | 12. |
| 68 | 288 | 68 | 72 | 124 | 76 | 88 | 116 | 104 | 96 | 13. |
| 8 | 4 | 4 | - | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 | 14. |
| 260 | 264 | 256 | 256 | 259 | 280 | 176 | 368 | 648 | 368 | 15. |
| 4,660 | 5,232 | 5,520 | 5,560 | 5,243 | 6,268 | 6,540 | 6,648 | 7,208 | 6,686 | 16. |
| 2,588 | 3,104 | 3,348 | 3,316 | 3,009 | 4,132 | 4,176 | 4,272 | 4,912 | 4,373 | 17. |
| 2,068 | 2,132 | 2,168 | 2,248 | 2,154 | 2,108 | 2,368 | 2,376 | 2,400 | 2,313 | 18. |
| 4 | -4 | 4 | -4 | , 1 | 28 | -4 | - | -24 | , | 19. |
| 1,532 | 948 | 696 | 764 | 985 | 364 | -68 | 444 | 272 | 253 | 20. |
| 1,524 | 968 | 736 | 856 | 1,021 | 284 | 288 | 464 | -24 | 253 | 22. |
| 8 | -20 | -48 | -84 | -36 | 14.4 | -296 | -96 | 248 | - | 22. |
| $=$ | = | 8 | -8 | - | -64 | -60 | 76 | 48 | - | 23. |
| 6,192 | 6,180 | 6,216 | 6,324 | 6,228 | 6,632 | 6,472 | 7,092 | 7,560 | 6,939 | 24. |
| 4,112 | 4,072 | 4,064 | 4,172 | 4,110 | 4,416 | 4,464 | 4,736 | 4,888 | 4,626 | 25. |
| 2,776 | 2,112 | 2,120 | 2,164 | 2,118 | 2,252 | 2,072 | 2,280 | 2,648 | 2,313 | 26. |
| 4 | - 4 | 12 | - 22 | - | -36 | -64 | 76 | 24 | - | 27. |


| 1954 |  |  |  |  | II $\frac{1955}{\text { III }}$ |  |  |  | YEAR |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4,264 | 4,480 | 4,504 | 4,596 | 4,461 | 4,884 | 4,644 | 4,760 | 4,880 | 4,792 | 1. |
| 2,400 | 2,444 | 2,424 | 2,528 | 2,449 | 2,576 | 2,420 | 2,540 | 2,504 | 2,510 | 2. |
| (1,784) | (1,664) | $(1,692)$ | $(1,768)$ | $(1,727)$ | (1,780) | $(1,800)$ | $(1,732)$ | (1,728) | $(1,760)$ | 3. |
| 1,864 | 2,036 | 2,080 | 2,068 | 2,012 | 2,306 | 2,224 | 2,220 | 2,376 | 2,282 | 4. |
| 1,556 | 1,588 | 1,668 | 1,724 | 1,634 | 1,768 | 1,752 | 1,706 | 1,720 | 1,737 | 5. |
| 1,088 | 1,140 | 1,200 | 1,216 | 1,161 | 1,256 | 1,272 | 1,212 | 1,188 | 1,232 | 6. |
| 456 | 448 | 460 | 528 | 473 | 512 | 492 | 496 | 520 | 505 | 7. |
| 12 | - | 8 | -20 | - | - | -12 | - | 12 | - | 8. |
| 644 | 692 | 684 | 656 | 669 | 660 | 616 | 660 | 740 | 669 | 9. |
| 484 | 536 | 512 | 484 | 504 | 488 | 440 | 488 | 560 | 494 | 10. |
| 160 | 156 | 172 | 172 | 165 | 172 | 176 | 172 | 180 | 175 | 11. |
| 84 | 76 | 92 | 92 | 86 | 84 | 80 | 80 | 84 | 82 | 12. |
| 84 | 76 | 88 | 88 | 84 | 76 | 72 | 76 | 76 | 75 | 13. |
| - | - | 4 | 4 | 2 | 8 | 8 | 4 | 8 | 7 | 14. |
| 432 | 432 | 432 | 424 | 430 | 480 | 436 | 448 | 436 | 450 | 15. |
| 6,980 | 7,268 | 7,380 | 7,492 | 7,280 | 7,876 | 7,528 | 7,656 | 7,860 | 7,730 | 16. |
| 4,4888 | 4,628 | 4,656 | 4,740 | 4,628 | 4,876 | 4,640 | 4,764 | 4,764 | 4,761 | 17. |
| 2,480 | 2,640 | 2,716 | 2,772 | 2,652 | 3,000 | 2,900 | 2,892 | 3,084 | 2,969 | 18. |
| 12 | - | 8 | -20 | 2,652 | , | -12 | - | 12 | 2, | 19. |
| 272 | -176 | -292 | -228 | -131 | -356 | 168 | 308 | 304 | 106 | 20. |
| is | -136 | -196 | -140 | -100 | -208 | 144 | 304 | 464 | 176 | 22. |
| 88 | -44 | -92 | -76 | -31 | -212 | -32 | 52 | -88 | -70 | 22. |
| 12 | 4 | -4 | -12 | - | 64 | 56 | $-48$ | -72 | - | 23. |
| 7,152 | 7,092 | 7,068 | 7,264 | 7,149 | 7,520 | 7,696 | 7,964 | 8,164 | 7,836 |  |
| 4,560 | 4,492 | 4,460 | 4,600 | 4,528 | 4,668 | 4,784 | 5,068 | 5,228 | 4,937 | 25. |
| 2,568 | 2,596 | 2,624 | 2,696 | 2,621 | 2,788 | 2,868 | 2,944 | 2,996 | 2,899 | 26. |
| 24 | 4 | 4 | -32 | - | 64 | 44 | -48 | -60 | - | 27. |

## EXPENCITURE




EXPENDITURE


| 1960 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 11 | II | IV | YEAR |  |
| 6,488 | 6,620 | 6,832 | 6,924 | 6,716 | 1. |
| 2,700 | 2,676 | 2,800 | 2,780 | 2,739 | 2. |
| (1,528) | ( 1,548 ) | $(1,592)$ | $(1,576)$ | $(1,561)$ | 3. |
| 3,788 | 3,944 | 4,032 | 4,144 | 3,977 | 4. |
| 2,920 | 3,056 | 3,208 | 3,280 | 3,116 | 5. |
| 1,896 | 1,1896 | 2,060 | 2,060 | 1,983 | 6. |
| 1,024 | 1,160 | 1,248 | 1,200 | 1,233 | 7. |
| 1,064 | 1,032 | 1,004 | 1,096 | 1,049 | 9. |
| 764 | 752 | 708 | 800 | 756 | 10. |
| 300 | 280 | 296 | 296 | 293 | 11. |
| 220 | 224 | 244 | 248 | 234 | 12. |
| 208 | 212 | 232 | 236 | 222 | 13. |
| 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 14. |
| 960 | 996 | 972 | 1,036 | 991 | 15. |
| 11,652 | 11,928 | 12,260 | 12,584 | 12,106 | 16. |
| 6,528 | 6,532 | 6,772 | 6,932 | 6,691 | 17. |
| 5,124 | 5,396 | 5,488 | 5,652 | 5,415 | 18. 19. |
| -424 | -524 | -1,116 | -1,172 | -809 | 20. |
| -280 | -132 | -596 | -636 | -411 | 21. |
| -144 | -392 | -520 | -536 | -398 | 22. |
| 21,228 | 11,404 | 11,144 | 11,412 | 11,297 | 24. |
| 6,248 | 6,400 | 6,176 | 6,296 | 6,280 | 25. |
| 4,980 | 5,004 | 4,968 | 5,116 | 5,017 | 26. 27. |

## SOURCR

| 1950 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 | II | III | IV | TEAR |
| 1. Personal Not Saving .......................... | 672 | 440 | 812 | 724 | 662 |
| 2. Business Gross Saving ....................... | 2,328 | 2,764 | 3,208 | 3,124 | 2,831 |
| 3. Undistributed Corporation Profits ...... | 480 | 620 | 992 | 916 | 752 |
| 4. Capital Consumption Allowances, etc. ... | 1,808 | 1,832 | 1,980 | 2,032 | 1,913 |
| 5. Adjustment on Grain Transactions ${ }^{1}$...... | 40 | 312 | 136 | 176 | 166 |
| 6. Inventory Valuation Adjustmert ............. | -96 | -312 | -488 | -600 | -374 |
| 7. Government surplus ( + ) or Deficit ( - ) ..... | 348 | 336 | 748 | 908 | 585 |
| 8. Residual Error of Estimate . | 8 | 72 | -432 | 80 | -68 |
| 9. Total ......... | 3,260 | 3,300 | 3,748 | 4,236 | 3,636 |


| 153 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | IV | YEAR |
| 1. Personal Net Saring .....e.e.e.e.ton.....e.e. | 1,212 | 1,456 | 1,464 | 1,116 | 1,312 |
| 2. Busdness Gross Saving ........................ | 3,456 |  |  |  |  |
| 3. Undistributed Corporetion Profits ....... | 764 | 756 | 776 | 680 | $729$ |
| 4. Capital Consumption Allowances, otc. ... | 2,600 | 2,660 | 2,672 | 2,760 |  |
| 5. Adjuetment on Grain Transections l........ | 92 | -68 | -32 | -88 | $-24$ |
| 6. Inventory Valuation Adjustment .............. | 12 | -16 | -168 | 128 | -11 |
| 7. Goverrment Surplus (*) or Deficit ( - ) .e.e. | 416 | 300 | 40 | -56 | 175 |
| 8. Reaidual Error of Estiant ................. | -76 | -76 | 372 | 348 | 142 |
| 9. Total ............................................ | 5,020 | 5,012 | 5,064 | 4,888 | 4,996 |

y dollars)
SOURCE


| $1954$ |  |  |  | 1915 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I | II |  | IV | YEAR | 1 | II | III | IV | Year |  |
| 2,124 | 720 | 624 | 768 | 809 | 1,016 | 976 | 772 | 636 | 850 | 1. |
| 3,240 | 3,464 | 3,580 | 3,652 | 3,484 | 3,936 | 4,168 | 4,488 | 4,576 | 4,292 | 2. |
| 476 | 604 | 632 | 572 | 57 | 668 | 908 | 1,104 | 1,168 | 962 | 3. |
| 2,824 | 2,872 | 2,928 | 2,996 | 2,905 | 3,172 | 3,212 | 3,326 | 3,364 | 3,266 | 4. |
| -60 | -12 | 20 | B4 | 8 | 96 | 48 | -68 | 44 | 64 | 5. |
| 152 | 60 | 208 | 24 | 86 | -152 | -136 | $-220$ | -248 | -189 | 6. |
| 172 | -176 | -292 | -228 | -132 | -356 | 168 | 308 | 304 | 106 | 7. |
| $-100$ | -16 | 40 | 24 | -13 | -16 | $-140$ | -112 | -164 | -108 | 8. |
| 4,588 | 4,052 | 4,060 | 4,240 | 4,235 | 4.428 | 5,036 | 5,236 | 5,104 | 4,952 | 9. |

## SOURCE

| 2956 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | IV | YEAR |
| 2. Personal Net Saving .................e......... | 1,096 | 1,356 | 1,188 | 1,640 | 1,320 |
| 2. Busizess Gross Saving .e.e.e.e.e...e...... | 4,672 | 4,768 | 4,888 | 4,844 | 4,793 |
| 3. Undistributed Corporation Profits ...... | 1,220 | 1,132 | 1,092 | 1,080 | 2,131 |
| 4. Capital Consumption Allowances, otc.... | 3,480 | 3,572 | 3,736 | 3,780 | 3,642 |
| 5. Adjustment on Grain Transactions 1...... | -28 | 64 | 60 | -16 | 20 |
| 6. Inventory Valuation Adjustment .............. | -192 | -356 | -200 | -204 | -238 |
| 7. Goverrment Surplue ( + ) or Deficit ( - ) ..... | 380 | 568 | 232 | 220 | 350 |
| 8. Residual Error of Estimate ................... | 268 | - | 100 | 296 | 441 |
| 9. Total ........................................... | 6,124 | 6,336 | 6,200 | 6,796 | 6,366 |



1. This item is an adjustment to take account of the sccrued eamings of farm operators arising out of the operations of the Canadian Wheat Board. See also Fcotnote l, Table 3.

## CDOUNT, BY SUARE品S, 1950-1960 <br> - ANMUAL RATES <br> of dollars)

## SOURCE



| I | II | III | IV | YEAR |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2,060 | 1,312 | 1,768 | 1,560 | 1,675 | 1. |
| 5,188 | 5,048 | 5,104 | 5,144 | 5,121 | 2. |
| 888 | 764 | 852 | 792 | 824 | 3. |
| 4,288 | 4,260 | 4,268 | 4,348 | 4,291 | 4. |
| 12 | 24 | -16 | 4 | 4 | 5. |
| $-136$ | $-104$ | -64 | 76 | -57 | 6. |
| -424 | -524 | -1,116 | $-1,172$ | -809 | 7. |
| -68 | $-172$ | -104 | $-40$ | -96 | 8. |
| 6,620 | 5,560 | 5,588 | 5,568 | 5,834 | 9. |

## DISPOSITION

|  | 1950 |  |  |  | IEAR |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1. Business Grose Fixed Capital Formation ..... | 3,148 | 3,244 | 3,452 |  |  |
| 2. New Residentisl Construction ............. | 824 | , 832 | -924 | 3,952 | 3,383 |
| 3. New Non-Residential Construction ........ | 988 | 1,032 | 1,064 | 1,084 | 1,042 |
| 4. New Machinery and Equipment .............. | 1,336 | 1,380 | 1,464 | 1,512 | 1,423 |
| 5. Value of Physical Change in Inventories .... | 288 | 216 | 192 | 1,504 | 550 |
| 6. Surplus ( $*$ ) or Deficit ( - ) on Current Account with Non-Residents $\qquad$ | -168 | -88 | -332 | -732 | -330 |
| 7. Residual Error of Eetimate ................... | - $\varepsilon$ | -72 | 436 | -84 | 68 |
| 8. Total | 3,260 | 3,300 | 3,748 | 4,236 | 3,636 |


| 245 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | 111 | IV | YEAR |
| 1. Business Gross Fixed Capital Formation ..... |  |  | 5,124 |  | 4,998 |
| 2. New Residential Construction ............. | 1,132 | 1,148 | 1,180 | 1,204 | 4,169 |
| 3. New Non-Residential Construction ......... | 1,632 | 1,680 | 1,796 | 1,768 | 1,719 |
| 4. Now Machinery and Equipment ............... | 2,184 | 2,100 | 2,148 | 2,020 | 2,113 |
| 5. Value of Physical Change in Inventories.... | 464 | 496 | 704 | 668 | 583 |
| 6. Surplus ( + ) or Delicit ( - ) on Current Account with Non-Residents $\qquad$ | $-464$ | -488 | -396 | $-424$ | - 64.4 |
| 7. Residual Error of Estimate .................... | 72 | 76 | -368 | -348 | $-142$ |
| 8. Total ............ | 5,020 | 5,01.2 | 5,064 | 4,888 | 4,996 |

DISPOSITION

| 1951 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1 | II | III | IV | YEAR | 1 | II | III | IV | YEAR |  |
| 3,868 | 3,912 | 3,976 | 4,080 | 3,959 | 4,152 | 4,404 | 4,500 | 4,748 | 4,451 | 1. |
| 996 | 9.944 | 840 | 800 | 895 | 804 | 908 | 956 | 1,064 | 933 | 2. |
| 1,176 | 1,228 | 1,292 | 1,384 | 1,270 | 1,464 | 1,592 | 1,580 | 1,628 | 1,566 | 3. |
| 1,696 | 1,740 | 1,844 | 1,896 | 1,794 | 1,884 | 1,904 | 1,964 | 2,056 | 1,952 | 4. |
| 1,092 | 1,756 | 956 | $-148$ | 914 | 628 | 260 | 748 | 412 | 512 | 5. |
| -784 | -1,012 | -512 | 212 | -524 | 432 | 428 | 56 | -224 | 173 | 6. |
| 84 | 104 | 56 | 116 | 90 | -16 | -372 | -296 | -120 | -201 | 7. |
| 4,260 | 4,760 | 4,476 | 4,260 | 4,439 | 5,196 | 4,720 | 5,008 | 4,816 | 4,935 | 8. |


| 1 | 1954 |  |  |  | II $\quad \frac{1055}{\text { III }}$ |  |  |  | YFAR |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 4,856 | 4,804 | 4,684 | 4,772 | 4,779 | 4,720 | 5,020 | 5,396 | 5,704 | 5,210 | 1. |
| 1,180 | 1,156 | 1,24,8 | 1,324 | 1,227 | 1,284 | 1,360 | 1,4,20 | 1,448 | 1,378 | 2. |
| 1,728 | 1,652 | 1,648 | 1,656 | 1,671 | 1,736 | 1,796 | 1,872 | 1,988 | 1,848 | 3. |
| 1,948 | 1,996 | 1,788 | 1,792 | 1,881 | 1,700 | 1,864 | 2,104 | 2,268 | 1,984 | 4. |
| 92 | -272 | -208 | -132 | - 230 | 14.4 | 236 | 496 | 368 | 312 | 5. |
| $-460$ | -496 | -380 | -372 | -427 | $-452$ | -360 | -768 | -1,136 | -679 | 6. |
| 100 | 16 | -36 | $-28$ | 13 | 16 | 140 | 112 | 168 | 109 | 7. |
| 4,588 | 4,052 | 4,060 | 4,240 | 4,235 | 4,428 | 5,036 | 5,236 | 5,104 | 4,951 | B. |

## DISPOSIIION

| 2956 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | IV | YEAR |
| 2. Business Grose Fixed Capital Pormation ..... | 6,192 | 6,728 | 7,000 | 7,176 | 6,774 |
| 2. New Residential Construction ............. | 1,572 | 1,580 | 1,520 | 1,4,32 | 1,526 |
| 3. New Nor-Residontial Corstruction ........ | 2,236 | 2,544 | 2,716 | 2,860 | 2,589 |
| 4. Now Machinery and Equipment ............... | 2,384 | 2,604 | 2,764 | 2,884 | 2,659 |
| 5. Value of Physical Change in Inventories .... | 1,408 | 848 | 660 | 1,420 | 1,084 |
| 6. Surplus ( $t$ ) or Deficit ( - ) an Current Account with Non-Residents | -1,312 | -1,236 | -1,352 | -1,500 | -1,350 |
| 7. Residual Error of Extimat ................... | -164 | -4 | -100 | -300 | -142 |
| B. Total ............................................. | 6,124 | 6,336 | 6,208 | 6,796 | 6,366 |


| 1959 |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | I | II | III | IV | IEAR |
| 1. Buainess Grose Pixed Capital Formation ..... | 6,620 | 6,916 | 7,048 | 6,992 | 6,894 |
| 2. New Residential Construction ............. | 1,804 | 1,720 | 1,688 | 1,724 | 1,734 |
| 3. New Non-Residential Construction ........ | 2,480 | 2,604 | 2,620 | 2,652 | 2,589 |
| 4. Now Machinery and Equipment .............. | 2,336 | 2,592 | 2,740 | 2,616 | 2,571 |
| 5. Value of Physicsl Change in Imventories .... | 392 | 152 | 460 | 184 | 297 |
| 6. Surplus ( + ) or Deficit ( - ) on Current Account with Non-Residents | -1,528 | -1,356 | -1,628 | -1,244 | -1,439 |
| 7. Residusl Error of Estimate .............e.e.e | 244 | 196 | 244 | 244 | 207 |
| 8. Total | 5,628 | 5,908 | 6,124 | 6,176 | 5,959 |

ACCOUNT, EY QUARTERS, 1950-1960
AT ANNUAL RATES of dollars)

DISPOSITION

| 1957 |  |  |  | 1958 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| I | II | III | IV | IEAR | I | II | III | IV | IMAR |  |
| 7,528 | 7,396 | 7,296 | 7,120 | 7,335 | 6,984 | 7,000 | 6,924 | 6,992 | 6,975 | 1. |
| 1,352 | 1,364 | 1,412 | 1,508 | 1,409 | 1,624 | 1,760 | 1,796 | 1,872 | 1,763 | 2. |
| 3,060 | 3,124 | 3,140 | 3,088 | 3,103 | 2,876 | 2,872 | 2,796 | 2,700 | 2,811 | 3. |
| 3,126 | 2,908 | 2,744 | 2,524 | 2,823 | 2,484 | 2,368 | 2,332 | 2,420 | 2,401 | 4. |
| 708 | 324 | 208 | -316 | 231 | -796 | -296 | -84 | -156 | -333 | 5. |
| -1,604 | -1,664 | -1,296 | $-1,124$ | -1,422 | -992 | -868 | -1,160 | -1,312 | -1,083 | 6. |
| 24. | 16 | -84 | -72 | -29 | 112 | -280 | -208 | -44 | -105 | 7. |
| 6,656 | 6,072 | 6,124 | 5,608 | 6,115 | 5,308 | 5,556 | 5,472 | 5,480 | 5,454 | 8. |


| I | II | $\frac{1960}{\text { III }}$ | IV | IEAR |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6,916 | 6,384 | 6,500 | 6,648 | 6,612 | 1. |
| 1,640 | 1,396 | 1,414 | 1,424 | 1,476 | 2. |
| 2,608 | 2,476 | 2,584 | 2,600 | 2,567 | 3. |
| 2,668 | 2,512 | 2,472 | 2,624 | 2,569 | 4. |
| 752 | 424 | -132 | 220 | 316 | 5. |
| $-1,120$ | -1,424 | -884 | -1,336 | -1,191 | 6. |
| 72 | 176 | 104 | 36 | 97 | 7. |
| 6,620 | 5,560 | 5,588 | 5,568 | 5,834 | 8. |

$118039$


[^0]:    \& Figures will not add by +.1 or -.1 due to rounding.

[^1]:    1. Data sources ar reported on the "Canadian Balance of International Paypents" (Belance of Payments Section, jounion Bureau of Statistics), and other information received from the Balance of Paymente Section. Figures exclude mutual aid to N.A.T.O. countrios.
    2. Sec elo Table 2.
