

SYSTEM OF NATIONAL ACCOUNTS

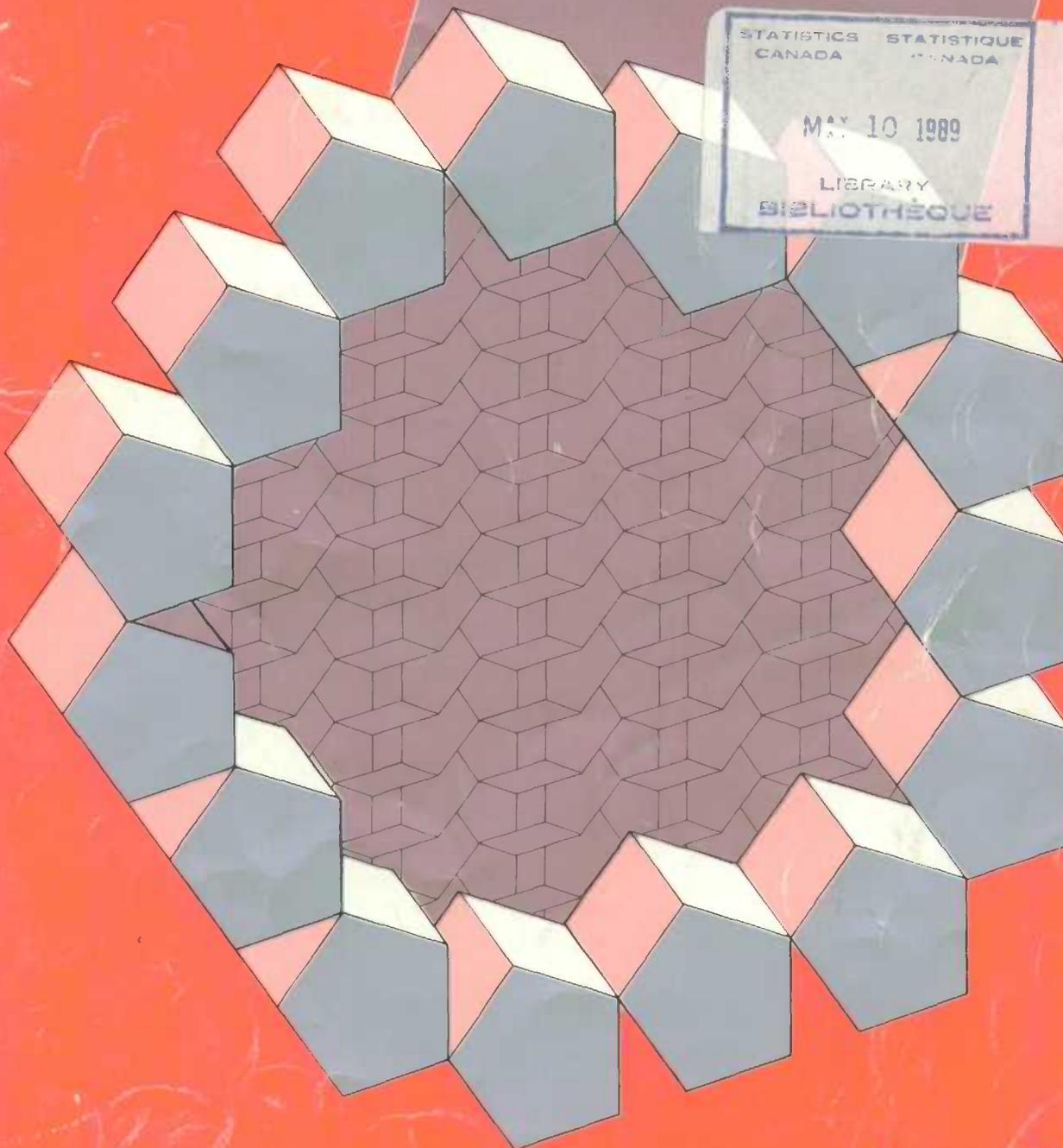
SYSTÈME DE COMPTABILITÉ NATIONALE

National Income and Expenditure Accounts

Comptes nationaux des revenus et dépenses

*Fourth Quarter
1988*

*Quatrième trimestre
1988*



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Income and Expenditure Accounts Division

System of National Accounts

National income and expenditure accounts

Fourth quarter 1988

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Minister of State for Science and Technology

• Minister of Supply
and Services Canada 1989

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Quatrième trimestre 1988

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The System of National Accounts

In Canada, the National Accounts have been developed since the close of the Second World War in a series of publications relating to their constituent parts. These have now reached a stage of evolution where they can be termed a "System of National Accounts". For purposes of identification, all publications (containing tables of statistics, descriptions of conceptual frameworks and descriptions of sources and methods) which make up this System carry the term "System of National Accounts" as a general title.

The System of National Accounts in Canada consists of several parts. The annual and quarterly Income and Expenditure Accounts (included with Catalogue Nos. carrying the prefix 13) were, historically speaking, the first set of statistics to be referred to with the title "National Accounts" (National Accounts, Income and Expenditure). The Balance of International Payments data (Catalogue Nos. with prefix 67) are also part of the System of National Accounts and they, in fact, pre-date the Income and Expenditure Accounts.

Greatly expanded structural detail on industries and on goods and services is portrayed in the Input-Output Tables of the System (Catalogue Nos. with prefix 15). The Catalogue Nos. carrying the prefix 15 also provide measures of the contribution of each industry to total Gross Domestic Product at factor cost as well as Productivity Measures.

Both the Input-Output tables and the estimates of Gross Domestic Product by Industry use the establishment as the primary unit of industrial production. Measures of financial transactions are provided by the Financial Flow Accounts (Catalogue Nos. with prefix 13). Types of lenders and financial instruments are the primary detail in these statistics and the legal entity is the main unit of classification of transactors. Balance sheets of outstanding assets and liabilities are published annually.

The System of National Accounts provides an overall conceptually integrated framework in which the various parts can be considered as interrelated sub-systems. At present, direct comparisons amongst those parts which use the establishment as the basic unit and those which use the legal entity can be carried out only at highly aggregated levels of data. However, Statistics Canada is continuing research on enterprise-company-establishment relationships; it may eventually be feasible to reclassify the data which are on one basis (say the establishment basis) to correspond to the units employed on another (the company or the enterprise basis).

In its broad outline, the Canadian System of National Accounts bears a close relationship to the international standard as described in the United Nations publication: *A System of National Accounts* (Studies in Methods, Series F, No. 2 Rev. 3, Statistical Office, Department of Economic and Social Affairs, United Nations, New York, 1968).

Le système de comptabilité nationale

Au Canada, les comptes nationaux ont fait l'objet depuis la fin de la Seconde Guerre mondiale de toute une série de publications portant sur leurs éléments constitutifs. Ils ont connu une telle évolution qu'on peut maintenant les qualifier de "Système de comptabilité nationale". Aux fins d'identification, toutes les publications qui font partie du système (elles contiennent des tableaux statistiques, la description du cadre théorique et l'explication des sources et des méthodes) portent le titre général de "Système de comptabilité nationale".

Le système de comptabilité nationale du Canada se divise en plusieurs catégories de comptes. Les comptes annuels et trimestriels des revenus et des dépenses (paraissant dans les publications dont le numéro de catalogue commence par 13) ont constitué le premier ensemble de statistiques à être connu sous le titre de "Comptes nationaux" (Comptes nationaux, revenus et dépenses). Les données sur la balance canadienne des paiements internationaux (numéro de catalogue commençant par 67) font également partie du système de comptabilité nationale; elles ont même existé avant les comptes des revenus et dépenses.

Une nomenclature beaucoup plus détaillée d'industries et de biens et services figure dans les tableaux d'entrées-sorties du système (numéro de catalogue commençant par 15). Les publications dont le numéro de catalogue commence par 15 comprennent aussi les mesures de l'apport de chaque branche d'activité au total du produit intérieur brut au coût des facteurs ainsi que les mesures de productivité.

L'établissement est l'unité primaire de production industrielle tant dans les tableaux d'entrées-sorties que dans les estimations du produit intérieur brut par activité économique. Les comptes de flux financiers (publications dont le numéro de catalogue commence par 13) mesurent les opérations financières. Les catégories de prêteurs et d'instruments financiers forment les éléments de base de ces statistiques et la personne morale est le point de départ du classement des agents économiques. Les comptes du bilan des actifs et passifs en circulation sont disponibles annuellement.

Le système de comptabilité nationale constitue un ensemble conceptuellement intégré dans lequel les diverses catégories de comptes peuvent être considérées comme des sous-systèmes étroitement liés entre eux. Au stade actuel de développement, on ne peut faire de comparaison directe entre les éléments basés sur l'établissement et ceux qui sont basés sur l'entité juridique que lorsque les données sont groupées dans des catégories très générales. Toutefois, Statistique Canada poursuit ses recherches sur les relations entre l'entreprise, la société et l'établissement. Il sera peut-être possible un jour de reclasser les données établies sur une certaine base (l'établissement par exemple) de manière à les faire correspondre aux données établies sur une autre base (société ou entreprise).

Dans ses grandes lignes, le système de comptabilité nationale du Canada suit de très près la norme internationale exposée dans la publication des Nations Unies intitulée *Système de comptabilité nationale* (Études méthodologiques, série F, n° 2, rév. 3. Bureau de statistique, Département des affaires économiques et sociales, Nations Unies, New York, 1970).

Notice to users:

The Income and Expenditure Accounts data are available both unadjusted and adjusted for seasonal variation on day of release in a variety of forms such as facsimile, CANSIM, special computer tabulations and standard printouts. MS-DOS formatted microcomputer diskettes containing data from all of the division's current publications are available to subscribers.

This publication includes revised seasonally adjusted data from the first quarter 1988. The revisions reflect statistical changes resulting from revised source data and seasonal patterns.

Diskettes for this publication

The statistics in this publication, covering the period 1981-1988, are available on diskette, as an optional supplement for subscribers. The price for this supplement is \$100.

Historical publications

The following publications form part of the income and expenditure accounts documentation.

- 13-213S Provincial Economic Accounts, Historical Issue, 1961-1986.
- 13-531 National Income and Expenditure Accounts, Annual Estimates, 1926-1986.
- 13-533 National Income and Expenditure Accounts, Quarterly Estimates, 1947-1986.

The documentation of the income and expenditure accounts will be complete with the release of the following publication at a later date:

- 13-549E National Income and Expenditure Accounts, Sources and Methods.

These volumes will supersede the previous documentation, published in the mid-1970s.

Avis aux utilisateurs:

Les données des comptes des revenus et dépenses sont disponibles le jour de la parution sur des bases désaisonnalisée et non désaisonnalisée sous diverses formes, telles que des fac-similés, CANSIM et des totalisations habituelles et spéciales sur imprimé d'ordinateur. Les acquéreurs des publications peuvent obtenir des disquettes pour micro-ordinateur en format MS-DOS contenant les données de toutes les publications courantes de la division.

Cette publication contient les données désaisonnalisées révisées à partir du premier trimestre 1988. Les révisions traduisent les changements de nature statistique résultant de la révision des données de base et des tendances saisonnières.

Les disquettes de cette publication

Les statistiques de cette publication, portant sur la période de 1981 à 1988, sont offertes sur disquette aux acquéreurs à titre facultatif. Le prix de ce supplément est de \$100.

Publications historiques

Les publications suivantes font partie de la documentation des comptes des revenus et dépenses.

- 13-213S Comptes économiques provinciaux, édition historique, 1961-1986.
- 13-531 Comptes nationaux des revenus et dépenses, estimations annuelles, 1926-1986.
- 13-533 Comptes nationaux des revenus et dépenses, estimations trimestrielles, 1947-1986.

La documentation des comptes des revenus et dépenses sera complète avec la diffusion de la publication suivante à une date ultérieure:

- 13-549F Comptes nationaux des revenus et dépenses, sources et méthodes.

Ces volumes remplaceront la documentation précédente publiée au milieu des années 1970.

This publication was prepared under the direction of:

- **Philip Smith**, Director, Income and Expenditure Accounts Division
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Summary of Economic Developments in 1988

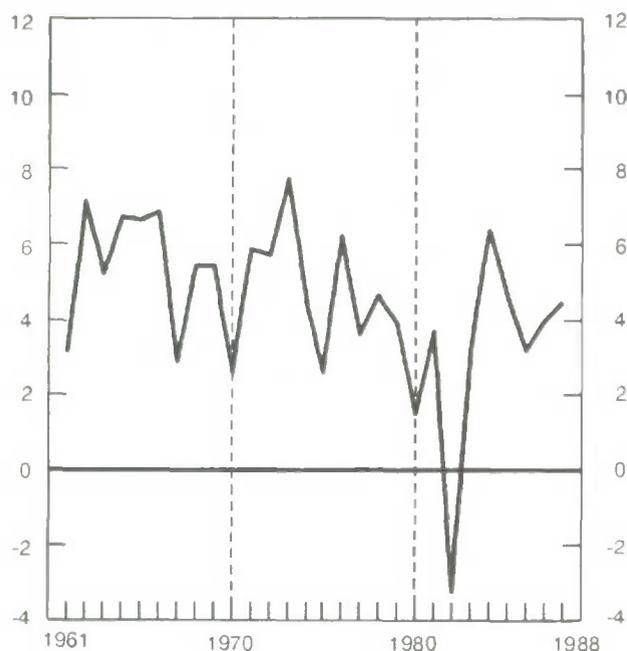
National Income and Expenditure Accounts

Preliminary Annual 1988

Gross domestic product at market prices grew 8.9% in 1988 to \$599 billion. GDP in constant 1981 prices rose 4.5% and the GDP implicit price index increased 4.2% (see Chart 1). The now six-year-old expansion proceeded at a moderate pace through the year.

Chart 1
Growth in GDP in Constant 1981 Prices
Croissance du PIB en prix constants de 1981

Percentage change
Variation en pourcentage



Final domestic demand rose 5.9% in volume terms during 1988. The strongest demand component by far was business outlays for plant and equipment, which rose 17.8%. This was the largest annual percentage increase since 1956 and it followed annual increases averaging 6.4% in the previous three years. Residential investment grew moderately, also after very large increases in the previous three years. Consumer spending increased at about the same rate as total GDP, while government expenditure grew less

Évolution de la conjoncture économique en 1988

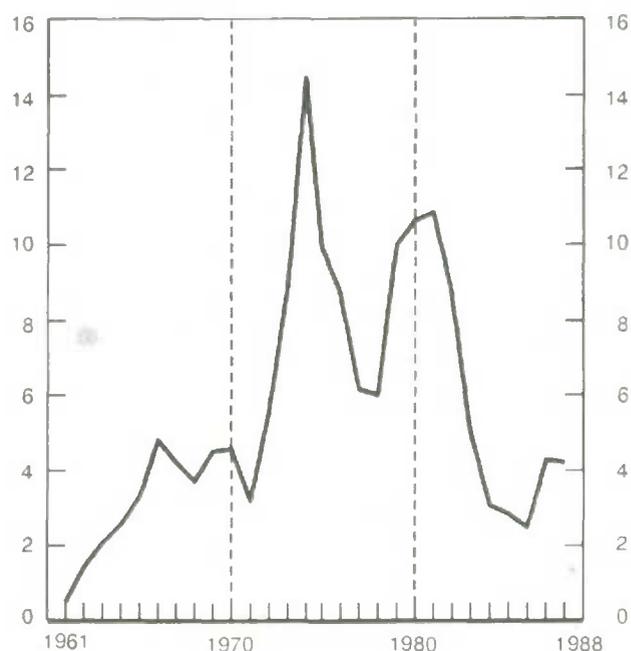
Comptes nationaux des revenus et dépenses

Résultats annuels préliminaires de 1988

Le produit intérieur brut aux prix du marché augmente de 8.9% en 1988 pour atteindre \$599 milliards. Le PIB en prix constants de 1981 s'accroît de 4.5% et l'indice implicite de prix du PIB, de 4.2% (voir le graphique 1). L'expansion actuelle, qui en est à sa sixième année, s'est poursuivie à un rythme modéré au cours de l'année.

Graphique 1
Growth in the GDP Implicit Price Index
Croissance de l'indice implicite de prix du PIB

Percentage change
Variation en pourcentage



La demande intérieure finale augmente de 5.9% en volume en 1988. L'agrégat de la demande en plus forte hausse est nettement l'investissement des entreprises en usines et matériel (17.8%). Il s'agit de la plus forte augmentation annuelle en pourcentage observée depuis 1956; elle fait suite à des augmentations annuelles moyennes de 6.4% au cours des trois dernières années. L'investissement en construction résidentielle enregistre une progression modérée, après de très fortes hausses également au cours des trois années précédentes. Les dépenses de

rapidly than the other major components of demand. Exports of goods and services grew 8.8% in 1988 while imports jumped 13.3%.

| Real GDP Growth in 1988 | Annual Change in Billions of 1981 dollars | Percentage change |
|--------------------------------|---|-------------------|
| Personal expenditure | 10.2 | 4.3 |
| Total government expenditure | 2.7 | 3.0 |
| Residential investment | 1.4 | 4.8 |
| Plant and equipment investment | 10.2 | 17.8 |
| Final domestic demand | 24.4 | 5.9 |
| Inventory change | -1.6 | ... |
| Exports | 12.2 | 8.8 |
| Less: imports | 16.9 | 13.3 |
| Statistical discrepancy | 1.2 | ... |
| Gross domestic product | 19.2 | 4.5 |

Gross domestic product at factor cost, which is derived by estimating value added by industry, rose 4.4% in 1988. Goods production grew 4.5% and services output rose 4.3%. Growth was strongest in mining, construction, wholesale trade and transportation. The manufacturing, retail trade, finance, insurance and real estate and community, business and personal services industries also recorded large increases. Production in the agriculture industry fell sharply because of the drought.

Components of Demand

Investment spending led the economy in 1988. High levels of capacity utilization in many manufacturing industries, rising profitability and lower prices for capital goods were important underlying factors. Business purchases of machinery and equipment rose 21.6% in volume terms after increases averaging 9.8% annually in the previous four years. Business non-residential construction investment rose 11.9%. Engineering construction on projects such as highways, oil and gas development, dams and bridges grew 8.2% following five years of decline. Non-residential building construction increased 15.7% after 8.1% growth in 1987.

Residential construction investment grew 4.8% in real terms, a fourth consecutive year of significant growth despite rising interest rates and higher housing prices. While there was no further increase in new construction put-in-place, spending on alterations and improvements to existing dwellings rose 10.9% and real estate commissions advanced 11.4%, both measured in constant dollar terms. The housing market was especially active in Central Canada.

consommation augmentent à peu près au même rythme que le PIB total, alors que les dépenses publiques s'accroissent moins rapidement que les autres grands agrégats de la demande. Les exportations de biens et services sont en hausse de 8.8% en 1988 tandis que les importations font un bond de 13.3%.

| Croissance du PIB réel en 1988 | Variation annuelle en milliards de dollars de 1981 | Variation en pourcentage |
|--|--|--------------------------|
| Dépenses personnelles | 10.2 | 4.3 |
| Dépenses publiques totales | 2.7 | 3.0 |
| Investissement en construction résidentielle | 1.4 | 4.8 |
| Investissement en usines et matériel | 10.2 | 17.8 |
| Demande intérieure finale | 24.4 | 5.9 |
| Variation des stocks | -1.6 | ... |
| Exportations | 12.2 | 8.8 |
| Moins: importations | 16.9 | 13.3 |
| Divergence statistique | 1.2 | ... |
| Produit intérieur brut | 19.2 | 4.5 |

Le produit intérieur brut au coût des facteurs, que l'on obtient en estimant la valeur ajoutée par branche d'activité, s'accroît de 4.4% en 1988. La production des biens est en hausse de 4.5%, et celle des services, de 4.3%. Ce sont les mines, la construction, le commerce de gros et les transports qui enregistrent les plus fortes augmentations. On observe également d'importantes hausses dans la fabrication, le commerce de détail, les finances, assurances et affaires immobilières et les services socio-culturels, commerciaux et personnels. La production est en forte baisse dans l'agriculture en raison de la sécheresse.

Agrégats de la demande

Les dépenses d'investissement dominent l'économie en 1988: une forte utilisation de la capacité dans un grand nombre d'industries manufacturières, un accroissement de la profitabilité et une baisse du prix des biens d'équipement en sont des facteurs déterminants. Les achats des entreprises en machines et matériel augmentent de 21.6% en volume, contre une hausse annuelle moyenne de 9.8% au cours des quatre années précédentes. L'investissement des entreprises en construction non résidentielle progresse de 11.9%. Les travaux de génie tels que la construction de routes, l'érection de ponts et barrages et les forages de mise en valeur dans l'industrie du pétrole et du gaz augmentent de 8.2%, après cinq années de baisse. La construction d'immeubles non résidentiels s'accroît de 15.7%, après une hausse de 8.1% en 1987.

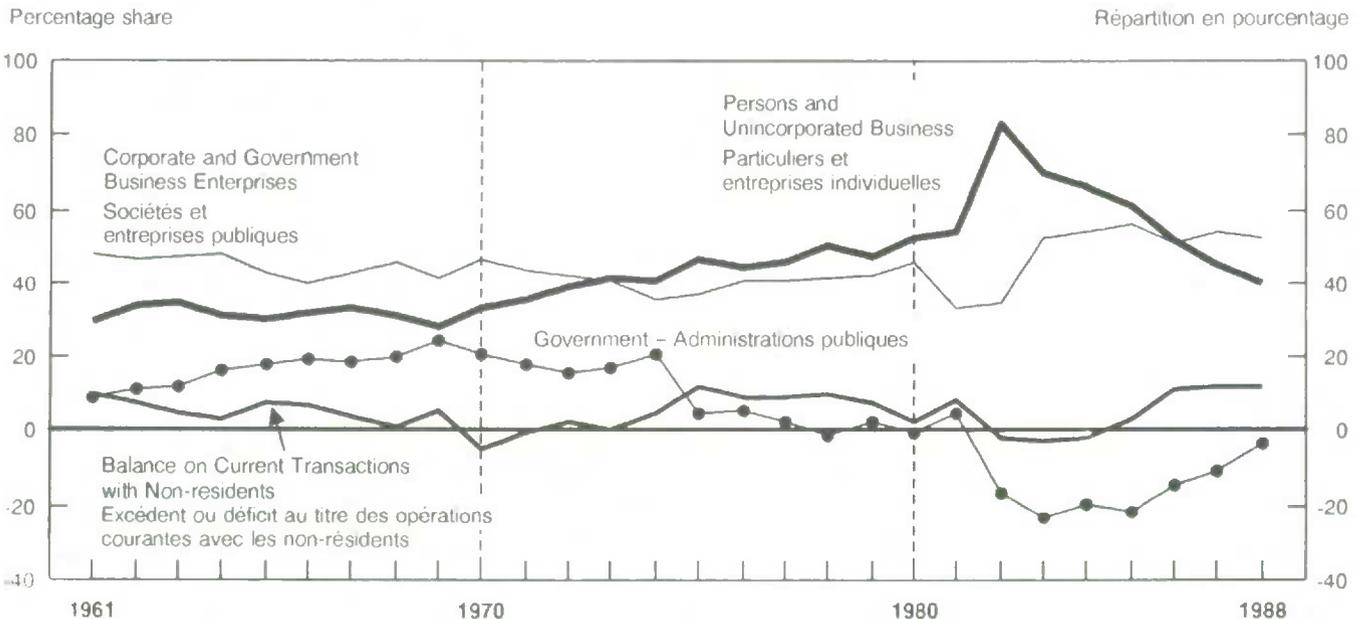
L'investissement en construction résidentielle augmente de 4.8% en termes réels, soit une croissance importante pour la quatrième année consécutive, malgré la hausse des taux d'intérêt et l'augmentation du prix des maisons. Même si la valeur des travaux mis en place demeure au même niveau, les dépenses au titre des modifications et améliorations aux logements existants sont en hausse de 10.9% et les commissions immobilières s'accroissent de 11.4% en dollars constants. Le marché du logement a été particulièrement actif au centre du pays.

In current dollar terms, total gross investment rose 15.0% to \$133.7 billion in 1988¹. As shown in Chart 2, this investment was financed primarily by the gross savings of the corporate and government business enterprise sector and of the persons and unincorporated business sector, although the share accounted for by the latter dropped for the sixth consecutive year.

En dollars courants, l'investissement brut total progresse de 15.0% pour atteindre \$133.7 milliards en 1988¹. Comme on le voit au graphique 2, cet investissement a été financé à même l'épargne brute du secteur des sociétés et entreprises publiques et celle du secteur des particuliers et entreprises individuelles, bien que la part de ce dernier secteur soit en baisse pour la sixième année consécutive.

Chart 2
Sources of Gross Saving*
Provenance de l'épargne brute*

Graphique 2



* Includes capital consumption allowances. Components do not sum to exactly 100% because of the statistical discrepancy.
* Comprend les provisions pour consommation de capital. Le total des composantes n'est pas égal à 100% à cause de la divergence statistique.

Real consumer expenditure grew 4.3%. As in 1987, the increase reflected both higher incomes and lower saving by the personal sector. Personal disposable income grew 6.8% while the implicit price index for personal expenditure rose 3.5%. Consumer credit increased about 16% (in current dollars), similar to the increase in 1987. Consumption was relatively weak at the beginning of the year but strengthened around mid-year, stimulated in part by lower income tax deductions-at-source. All provinces experienced stronger retail sales in the second half of the year, with the largest increases occurring in the Atlantic provinces, Alberta and British Columbia.

Les dépenses de consommation augmentent de 4.3% en termes réels. Comme en 1987, cette augmentation traduit à la fois la croissance des revenus et la baisse de l'épargne du secteur des particuliers. Le revenu personnel disponible progresse de 6.8%, alors que l'indice implicite de prix des dépenses personnelles s'accroît de 3.5%. Le crédit à la consommation est en hausse d'environ 16% (en dollars courants), soit autant qu'en 1987. La consommation a été relativement faible au début de l'année, mais elle s'est raffermie vers le milieu de l'année, stimulée entre autres par la baisse des impôts sur le revenu déduits à la source. Toutes les provinces enregistrent un raffermissement des ventes au détail au second semestre de l'année, les hausses les plus fortes s'observant dans les provinces de l'Atlantique, en Alberta et en Colombie-Britannique.

¹ "Total gross investment" is the same as the "Total Disposition of Gross Saving" (Table 5, line 25).

¹ "L'investissement brut total" est égal à "l'emploi total de l'épargne brute" (tableau 5, ligne 25).

Consumer goods purchases rose 4.1% in volume terms, while spending on services increased 4.6%. Within the goods component, spending rose strongly on electricity and other fuels, partly because temperatures were colder on average in 1988 than in 1987. Weaker spending on furniture and appliances reflected the levelling off of new housing construction during the year. Expenditures on trucks and vans continued to grow rapidly while virtually no volume growth was recorded for passenger car sales. Spending on clothing was particularly weak in 1988. Within the services component, expenditures on restaurants and hotels, air transportation and travel abroad advanced substantially. A sharp decline was recorded for stock and bond commissions.

Total government current expenditure on goods and services rose more slowly than other major demand components in 1988. In current dollars the increases were 6.1% for the federal government, 6.9% for the provincial government sector, 7.8% for the local government sector and 6.1% for the rest of the government sector (consisting of hospitals and the Canada and Quebec Pension Plans) (see Chart 3). The total increase for all levels of government was 6.8%, or 2.8% in volume terms.

Business non-farm inventories accumulated at a slightly faster rate in 1988 compared to 1987. The rate of accumulation was very strong in the first half of the year but moderated in the second half. In manufacturing, the unfilled orders backlog rose and raw material inventories increased at a faster rate than in the previous year. In retail trade there were large accumulations in the first half of the year when consumer spending was relatively weak, and a much smaller net accumulation in the second half of the year when consumption was stronger. In wholesale trade, machinery and equipment inventories rose due to increased imports associated with the domestic capital spending upswing. Natural gas inventories were built up as domestic production surged 15%, stimulated by increased export demand.

Farm inventories and grain in commercial channels fell in 1988. Strong grain export sales coupled with sharply reduced crops as a result of the drought explain the net liquidation of stocks. The direct effect of the drought itself is estimated to have been a production loss of about \$1.8 billion in 1981 prices, or 0.4% of real GDP. This estimate is based on the difference between the grain crop forecast that was done by Agriculture Canada in May 1988, before the extent of the drought was evident, and Statistics Canada's current estimate of the crop, all valued in 1981 prices.

The economies of Canada's major trading partners continued to expand in 1988 and Canada's real exports were 8.8% higher than in 1987. Exports of merchandise rose 9.3% following a 6.7% increase the previous year. While the annual increase in real

Les achats de biens de consommation augmentent de 4.1% en volume, tandis que les dépenses en services progressent de 4.6%. Dans le cas des biens, on observe une forte hausse des dépenses en électricité et autres combustibles, en partie imputable à la température moyenne plus froide en 1988 qu'en 1987. La faiblesse des dépenses en meubles et appareils ménagers traduit le ralentissement de la construction résidentielle neuve en cours d'année. Les dépenses en camions et fourgonnettes continuent de s'accroître rapidement, alors que les ventes de voitures particulières stagnent en termes réels. Les dépenses en vêtements ont été particulièrement faibles en 1988. En ce qui concerne les services, les dépenses en hébergement et restauration et en transport aérien ainsi que les dépenses de voyage à l'étranger sont en forte progression. On observe une forte baisse des dépenses en frais de courtage.

Les dépenses publiques courantes en biens et services augmentent moins rapidement que les autres grands agrégats de la demande en 1988. En dollars courants, les augmentations s'établissent à 6.1% pour l'administration fédérale, à 6.9% pour les administrations provinciales, à 7.8% pour les administrations locales et à 6.1% pour le reste du secteur des administrations publiques (hôpitaux, Régime de pensions du Canada et Régime de rentes du Québec) (voir le graphique 3). La hausse totale des dépenses de l'ensemble des administrations s'établit à 6.8% en dollars courants et à 2.8% en volume.

Les stocks commerciaux non agricoles s'accroissent à un rythme un peu plus élevé en 1988 qu'en 1987. Le taux d'accumulation a été très élevé au premier semestre de l'année, mais s'est ralenti au deuxième. Dans la fabrication, les commandes en carnet sont en hausse et les stocks de matières brutes augmentent plus rapidement que l'année précédente. Dans le commerce de détail, on observe une importante accumulation au premier semestre de l'année lorsque les dépenses de consommation étaient relativement faibles, et une accumulation nette beaucoup plus faible au deuxième semestre coïncidant avec la reprise de la consommation. Dans le commerce de gros, les stocks de machines et de matériel augmentent en raison de l'accroissement des importations reliées à la poussée des investissements intérieurs. Les stocks de gaz naturel s'accroissent en raison d'une poussée de 15% de la production intérieure stimulée par l'accroissement de la demande à l'exportation.

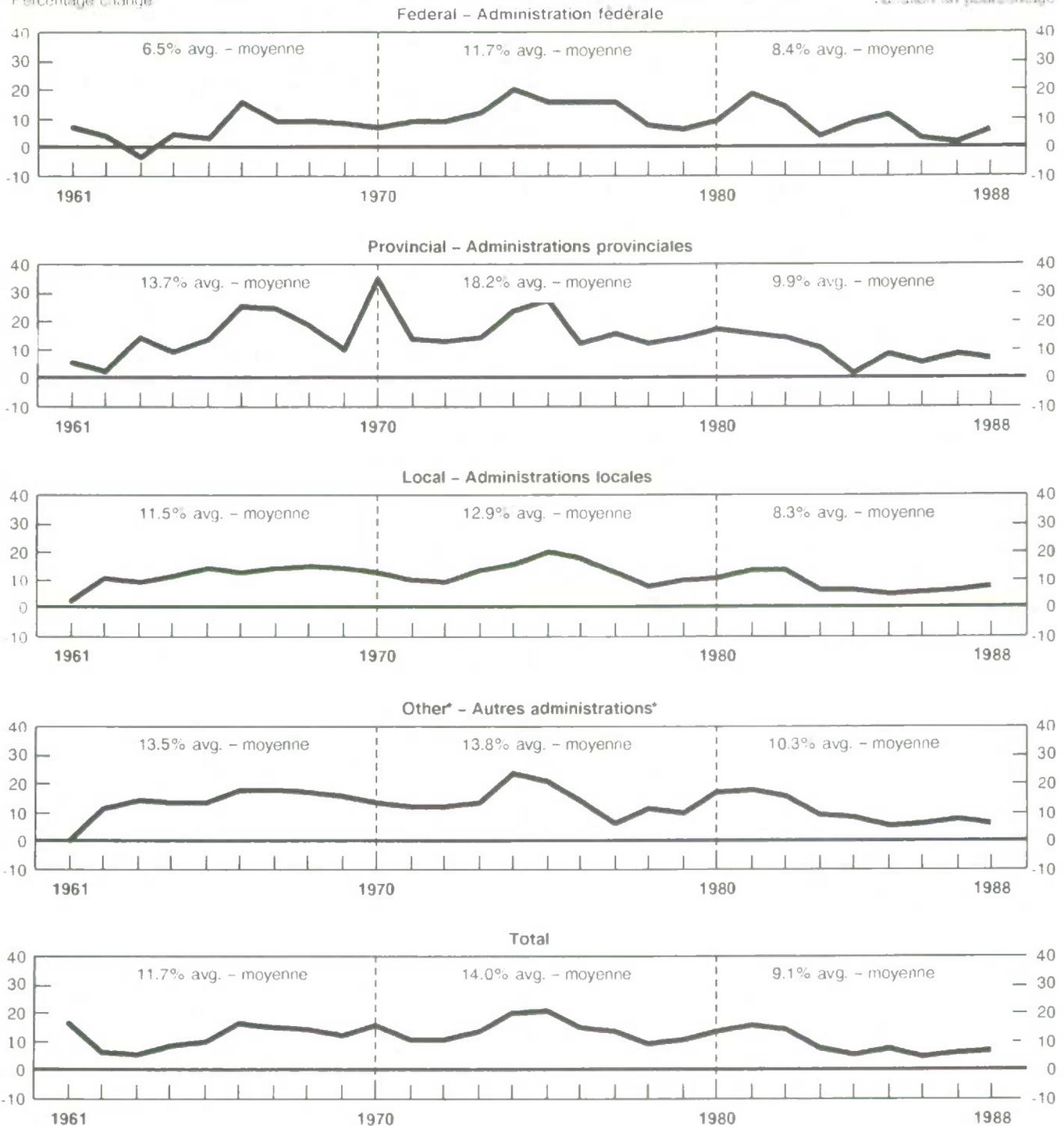
Les stocks agricoles et la valeur des céréales en circuit commercial diminuent en 1988. La liquidation nette des stocks s'explique par la vigueur des exportations de céréales conjuguée à la forte baisse des récoltes en raison de la sécheresse. On estime que la sécheresse proprement dite a directement entraîné une perte de production d'environ \$1.8 milliard aux prix de 1981, ou 0.4% du PIB réel. Cette estimation se fonde sur l'écart entre la valeur de la récolte de céréales projetée par Agriculture Canada en mai 1988, avant que l'étendue de la sécheresse ne soit connue, et sa valeur actuelle estimée par Statistique Canada, les deux étant évaluées aux prix de 1981.

Les économies des principaux partenaires commerciaux du Canada continuent de croître en 1988, et les exportations réelles du Canada dépassent de 8.8% celles de 1987. Les exportations de marchandises augmentent de 9.3% après une hausse de 6.7% l'année précédente. Même si l'augmentation

Growth in Government Current Expenditure on Goods and Services
Croissance des dépenses publiques courantes en biens et services

Percentage change

Variation en pourcentage



* Includes hospitals, CPP and QPP.
 * Comprend hôpitaux, RPC et RRQ.

exports was quite large, the pattern through the year was one of decreasing strength. Merchandise exports rose 8.2% in the first half but declined 1.5% in the second half. The annual advance was widespread, with particular gains in automotive products and industrial materials. As in 1987, export sales to Japan and parts of Europe increased very substantially. Exports of services rose 3.7% in 1988 due mainly to higher expenditures of foreign tourists in Canada.

Imports recorded a very large 13.3% increase in real terms in 1988. The strength was associated with Canada's machinery and equipment investment boom and the continuing strength in consumer spending. It occurred as import prices dropped 3.2%, measured by the implicit price index for imports of goods and services. The quarterly pattern included large increases in imports in the first two quarters, a decline in the third quarter and a strong rebound in the fourth quarter. Imports of services were up sharply due to increased travelling by Canadians abroad.

Net exports of goods and services declined from \$3.9 billion in 1987 to \$2.8 billion in 1988 (in current dollars). Partly as a result of this drop, the total balance of payments deficit on current account was \$11.3 billion in 1988, up from \$10.6 billion in 1987. Currency movements continued to be a major element in the overall trade picture. The Canadian dollar depreciated further vis-à-vis the British pound and the Japanese yen, while appreciating 7.7% vis-à-vis the United States dollar. It appreciated against several European currencies in 1988 following three years of steady depreciation.

Price Indexes

The rate of inflation in 1988 as measured by the GDP implicit price index was 4.2%, almost the same as the 4.3% rate recorded in 1987. Weight shifts within the index held down its overall rate of increase. The chain price indexes, which provide a better measure of pure price change, indicate an inflation rate of 4.8%. The highest rates of price increase were recorded in the residential and non-residential construction indexes. The chain indexes for personal expenditure and government expenditure rose more moderately, by slightly under 4%. Prices for machinery and equipment declined in 1988, reflecting the continuing appreciation of the Canadian dollar compared to the United States dollar. The chain indexes indicate a substantial improvement in the overall terms of trade in 1988, since import prices fell and export prices increased.

annuelle des exportations réelles est assez élevée, on y décèle une tendance vers une croissance de plus en plus faible en cours d'année. Les exportations de marchandises augmentent de 8.2% au premier semestre, mais baissent de 1.5% au deuxième. La progression annuelle a été générale, avec des hausses notables dans le cas des produits automobiles et des matières industrielles. Comme en 1987, on observe une augmentation très appréciable des exportations vers le Japon et certains pays d'Europe. Les exportations de services progressent de 3.7% en 1988 en raison principalement des dépenses accrues des touristes étrangers au Canada.

On enregistre une très forte hausse de 13.3% des importations en termes réels en 1988. Cette poussée s'explique par le boom des investissements en machines et matériel au Canada et la vigueur soutenue des dépenses de consommation. Elle survient au moment où les prix à l'importation baissent de 3.2%, selon l'indice implicite de prix des importations en biens et services. On observe de fortes augmentations des importations au cours des deux premiers trimestres de l'année, une diminution au troisième et une forte reprise au quatrième. Les importations de services sont en forte progression en raison des voyages plus nombreux des Canadiens à l'étranger.

Les exportations nettes de biens et services en dollars courants diminuent de \$3.9 milliards en 1987 à \$2.8 milliards en 1988. En partie à cause de ce recul, le déficit total de la balance des paiements au compte courant s'établit à \$11.3 milliards en 1988, contre \$10.6 milliards en 1987. Les mouvements de devises ont encore joué un rôle important dans l'évolution des échanges commerciaux. Le dollar canadien a continué de perdre du terrain par rapport à la livre britannique et au yen japonais, tout en gagnant 7.7% par rapport à la devise américaine. Il s'est raffermi par rapport à plusieurs devises européennes en 1988, après trois années de recul continu.

Indices de prix

Le taux d'inflation en 1988, mesuré par l'indice implicite de prix du PIB, s'établit à 4.2%, soit à peu près autant qu'en 1987 (4.3%). Les changements de pondération à l'intérieur de l'indice expliquent ce taux de croissance modéré. Les indices de prix en chaîne, qui donnent une meilleure mesure de la variation pure de prix, indiquent un taux d'inflation de 4.8%. Ce sont les indices de la construction résidentielle et non résidentielle qui augmentent le plus. Les indices en chaîne pour les dépenses personnelles et les dépenses publiques augmentent de façon plus modérée, soit d'un peu moins de 4%. Les prix des machines et du matériel diminuent en 1988, ce qui traduit la réévaluation continue du dollar canadien par rapport à la devise américaine. Les indices en chaîne révèlent une amélioration appréciable des termes généraux de l'échange en 1988, puisque les prix à l'importation sont en baisse et ceux à l'exportation en hausse.

| Chain Price Indexes in 1988 | Percentage change |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------|
| Personal expenditure | 3.6 |
| Total government expenditure | 3.9 |
| Residential investment | 7.5 |
| Non-residential construction | 5.1 |
| Machinery and equipment investment | -1.4 |
| Final domestic demand | 3.8 |
| Exports | 2.0 |
| Less: imports | -2.0 |
| Gross domestic product ^a | 4.8 |

^a Excludes value of physical change in inventories.

| Indices de prix en chaîne en 1988 | Variation en pourcentage |
|--|--------------------------|
| Dépenses personnelles | 3.6 |
| Dépenses publiques totales | 3.9 |
| Investissement en construction résidentielle | 7.5 |
| Investissement en construction non résidentielle | 5.1 |
| Investissement en machines et matériel | -1.4 |
| Demande intérieure finale | 3.8 |
| Exportations | 2.0 |
| Moins: importations | -2.0 |
| Produit intérieur brut ^a | 4.8 |

^a Sans la valeur de la variation matérielle des stocks.

Components of Income

Labour income rose 8.1% in 1988 as employment grew 3.4% (using the Labour Force Survey paid workers indicator) and average compensation per employee rose an estimated 4.6%. Wages and salaries grew strongly in the first half of the year but moderated in the summer months, partly because of strike activity. The rate of increase picked up again in the fourth quarter. Real output per employee grew 1.1%, implying an increase in unit labour costs of 3.4%. Personal income rose 8.0% in the year. Higher income taxes restrained the growth in personal disposable income to 6.8%.

Corporate profits before taxes rose \$7.3 billion or 12.7% in 1988. It was the second consecutive year with a strong advance. As in 1987, gains were broadly based and reflected strong domestic and foreign demand and improved operating margins. Interest and miscellaneous investment income also increased significantly in 1988.

The accrued net income of farm operators from farm production declined 0.8% in 1988 after substantial increases in the previous four years. The drop was caused by the severe drought and would have been larger had it not been for large subsidies paid during the year. Non-farm unincorporated business income increased 4.7% as net rental income decreased 0.8% and other unincorporated business income grew 8.2%.

The total government sector deficit on a national accounts basis declined from \$25.1 billion in 1987 to \$18.3 billion in 1988. The provincial government sector deficit declined by \$4.4 billion and the federal government deficit dropped by \$3.0 billion. Total expenditures rose 7.2% while total revenues grew 11.0%².

² "Total expenditures" includes current spending, investment spending and transfers while "total revenues" includes capital consumption allowances and other revenues.

Agrégats des revenus

Le revenu du travail augmente de 8.1% en 1988, en raison d'une croissance de l'emploi de 3.4% (d'après le nombre de travailleurs rémunérés recensés par l'enquête sur la population active) et d'une hausse estimative de 4.6% de la rémunération moyenne par personne occupée. La croissance des salaires et traitements a été forte au premier semestre de l'année puis s'est ralentie pendant l'été, en partie à cause de grèves. Le taux d'augmentation se redresse à nouveau au quatrième trimestre. La production réelle par personne occupée augmente de 1.1%, ce qui implique une hausse des coûts unitaires de main-d'œuvre de 3.4%. Le revenu personnel progresse de 8.0% au cours de l'année. L'augmentation des impôts sur le revenu vient limiter la croissance du revenu personnel disponible à 6.8%.

Les bénéfices des sociétés avant impôts augmentent de \$7.3 milliards ou de 12.7% en 1988, ce qui constitue la deuxième année consécutive de forte croissance. Comme en 1987, les hausses sont générales et s'expliquent par la vigueur de la demande intérieure aussi bien qu'étrangère et l'amélioration des marges d'exploitation. Les intérêts et revenus divers de placements augmentent aussi de manière appréciable en 1988.

Le revenu comptable net des exploitants agricoles au titre de la production agricole fléchit de 0.8% en 1988, après avoir considérablement augmenté au cours des quatre années précédentes. Cette diminution s'explique par la grave sécheresse et aurait été plus forte s'il n'y avait pas eu d'importantes subventions versées au cours de l'année. Le revenu des entreprises individuelles non agricoles est en hausse de 4.7% alors que le revenu net de loyers diminue de 0.8% et le revenu des autres entreprises individuelles s'accroît de 8.2%.

Le déficit de l'ensemble du secteur des administrations sur la base des comptes nationaux passe de \$25.1 milliards en 1987 à \$18.3 milliards en 1988. Le déficit du secteur des administrations provinciales baisse de \$4.4 milliards, et celui de l'administration fédérale, de \$3.0 milliards. Le total des dépenses augmente de 7.2%, et celui des recettes, de 11.0%².

² Les dépenses totales comprennent les transferts et les dépenses courantes et d'investissement alors que les recettes totales incluent les provisions pour consommation de capital et les autres revenus.

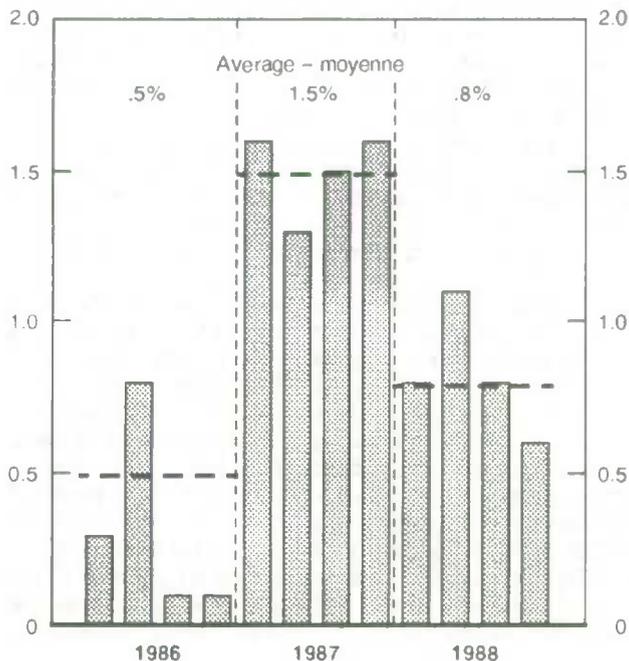


Summary of Economic Developments in The Fourth Quarter 1988

In the final quarter of 1988 gross domestic product at market prices rose 2.1% to a level of \$617 billion, seasonally adjusted at annual rates. Real GDP increased 0.6% and the GDP implicit price index rose 1.5% (see Chart 4).

Chart 4
Growth in GDP in Constant 1981 Prices
Croissance du PIB en prix constants de 1981

Quarterly percentage change
Variation trimestrielle en pourcentage



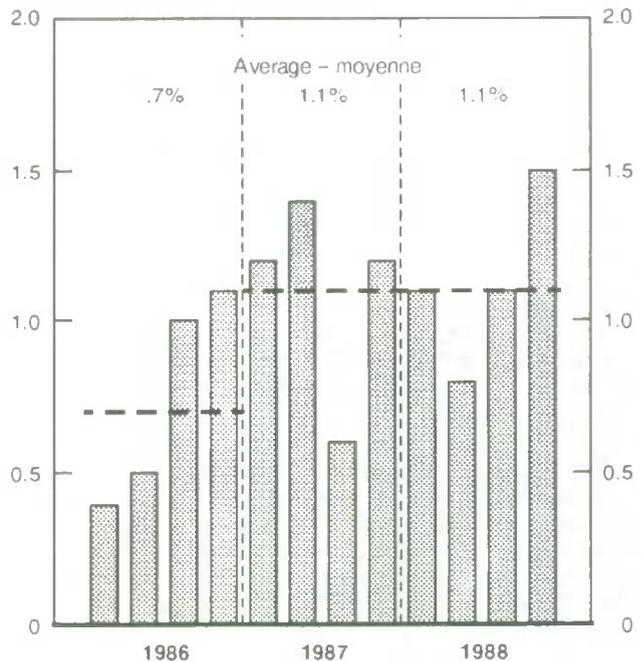
Final domestic demand continued to grow robustly in the quarter, by 1.4% in real terms. Machinery and equipment investment, residential investment and personal expenditure led the advance. Business non-residential construction investment and total government expenditure grew less rapidly. A substantial positive swing in the rate of inventory accumulation also contributed to growth. Net exports dropped sharply as real exports decreased 0.8% and a large inflow of merchandise imports was recorded.

Évolution de la conjoncture économique au quatrième trimestre de 1988

Au dernier trimestre de 1988, le produit intérieur brut aux prix du marché s'accroît de 2.1% pour atteindre \$617 milliards, après désaisonnalisation au taux annuel. Le PIB réel progresse de 0.6%, et l'indice implicite de prix du PIB, de 1.5% (voir le graphique 4).

Graphique 4
Growth in the GDP Implicit Price Index
Croissance de l'indice implicite de prix du PIB

Quarterly percentage change
Variation trimestrielle en pourcentage



La demande intérieure finale continue de croître vigoureusement au cours du trimestre, soit de 1.4% en termes réels. La progression est dominée par les investissements en machines et matériel et en construction résidentielle et par les dépenses personnelles. L'investissement des entreprises en construction non résidentielle et les dépenses publiques totales augmentent moins rapidement. Un mouvement positif appréciable du taux des mises en stocks contribue également à la croissance. Les exportations nettes sont en forte baisse, alors que les exportations réelles diminuent de 0.8% et que l'on observe une importante entrée d'importations de marchandises.

Consumer spending increased 2.6% in current dollars, reflecting 1.0% price inflation and a consumption volume increase of 1.5%. Personal disposable income grew 2.5%, implying essentially no change in the personal saving rate. In the fourth quarter of 1988 consumer spending (in current dollars) was 7.8% higher than in the fourth quarter of 1987 (see Chart 5). Over the same period, personal income rose 8.6%, direct taxes on persons increased 9.4% and personal disposable income grew 8.4%. Consumer spending rose significantly on clothing, food and non-alcoholic beverages, air transportation expenses, restaurant and hotel services, recreational services and travel abroad. There was a decrease in motor vehicle purchases.

All major components of residential investment advanced in the fourth quarter. New construction increased 1.7%. Transfer costs rose 4.3% in volume terms as the resale market for homes in Central Canada continued to be very active. Spending for alterations and improvements was also strong in the quarter. Non-residential construction outlays increased only slightly, after six consecutive quarters with large increases. A large decline occurred in oil and gas exploration and development drilling in response to reductions in incentive programs and lower world oil prices. Excluding this component, non-residential construction continued to grow at approximately the same rate as in the previous quarter. Business capital spending on machinery and equipment rose 2.5%, continuing the surge that has been underway for the past four and a half years.

Business non-farm inventories accumulated at a more rapid rate than in the third quarter. The manufacturing and wholesale trade industries had the largest relative changes. In manufacturing a large buildup of raw materials inventories coincided with a 3.1% increase in the backlog of unfilled orders; finished goods stocks were drawn down. At the wholesale level the inventory buildup was related to the increase in machinery and equipment imports. Inventories owned by natural gas utilities also rose, partly due to a drop-off in exports following nine consecutive quarterly gains. Retail inventories and gold stocks declined.

Net exports of goods and services fell \$5.4 billion (in current dollars, seasonally adjusted at annual rates) in the quarter. The volume of exports decreased 0.8% and imports rose 3.6%. Passenger car shipments, crude petroleum, wheat and metals accounted for most of the drop in merchandise exports. In the case of merchandise imports, major increases were recorded in machinery and equipment, energy products and automotive products.

On an industry basis, three-quarters of the increase in GDP originated among services-producing industries, which advanced 0.9%. Output in the goods-producing industries increased 0.5%. Industries

Les dépenses des consommateurs en dollars courants s'accroissent de 2.6%, ce qui traduit une inflation de 1.0% et une augmentation en volume de 1.5%. Le revenu personnel disponible progresse de 2.5%, et le taux d'épargne personnelle demeure ainsi virtuellement inchangé. Au quatrième trimestre de 1988, les dépenses personnelles de consommation en dollars courants dépassent de 7.8% leur niveau du quatrième trimestre de 1987 (voir le graphique 5). Par rapport à la même période, le revenu personnel augmente de 8.6%, les impôts directs sur le revenu des particuliers, de 9.4%, et le revenu personnel disponible, de 8.4%. Les dépenses des consommateurs pour les vêtements, les aliments et boissons non alcoolisées, le transport aérien, la restauration et l'hébergement, les services récréatifs et les voyages à l'étranger sont en hausse significative. Les achats de véhicules automobiles sont en baisse.

Toutes les principales composantes de l'investissement en construction résidentielle progressent au quatrième trimestre. La construction neuve est en hausse de 1.7%. Les commissions immobilières s'accroissent de 4.3% en volume en raison d'un marché de la revente toujours très actif au centre du pays. Les dépenses au titre des modifications et améliorations sont également fortes au cours du trimestre. Les dépenses en construction non résidentielle n'augmentent que légèrement après six trimestres consécutifs de fortes hausses. On observe une importante diminution dans les forages à des fins d'exploration et de mise en valeur dans l'industrie du pétrole et du gaz naturel en raison des coupures apportées aux programmes d'incitation et de la baisse des prix mondiaux du pétrole. À l'exclusion de cette composante, la construction non résidentielle continue de croître à peu près au même rythme que le trimestre précédent. Les dépenses d'investissement des entreprises en machines et matériel sont en hausse de 2.5%, ce qui marque la poursuite de la croissance vigoureuse observée depuis quatre ans et demi.

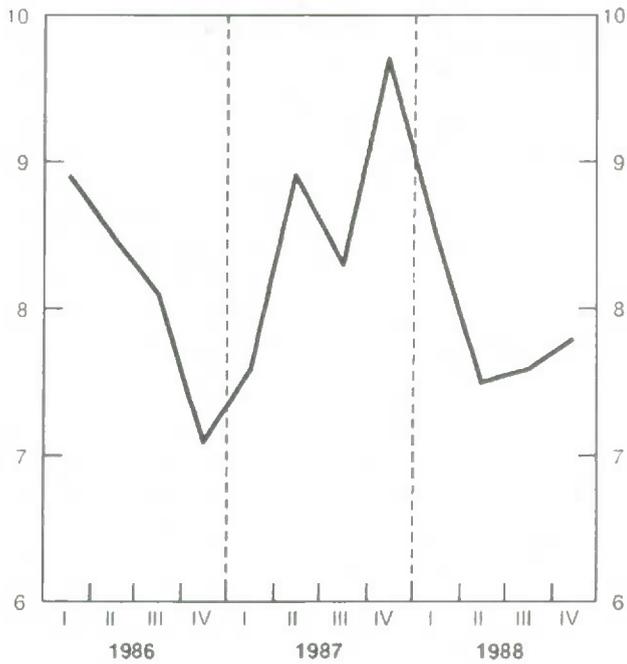
Les stocks commerciaux non agricoles s'accumulent à un rythme plus rapide qu'au troisième trimestre. Les variations relatives les plus fortes s'observent dans la fabrication et le commerce de gros. Dans la fabrication, une forte augmentation des stocks de matières brutes coïncide avec une hausse de 3.1% des commandes en carnet; on observe une déaccumulation des stocks de produits finis. Au niveau du commerce de gros, l'accumulation des stocks s'explique par l'accroissement des importations de machines et de matériel. Les stocks détenus par les réseaux de distribution de gaz naturel sont également à la hausse, en partie à cause d'une chute des exportations après neuf trimestres consécutifs de croissance. Les stocks d'or et de biens au détail diminuent.

Les exportations nettes de biens et services se replient de \$5.4 milliards, en dollars courants et après désaisonnalisation au taux annuel. Les exportations diminuent de 0.8% en volume alors que les importations progressent de 3.6%. Le recul des exportations de marchandises est surtout attribuable à la baisse des ventes de voitures, de pétrole brut, de blé et de métaux. En ce qui touche les importations de marchandises, on relève de fortes augmentations dans le cas des machines et du matériel, des produits énergétiques et des produits automobiles.

Par branche d'activité, les trois quarts de l'augmentation du PIB proviennent des branches des services, qui progressent de 0.9%. Dans les branches productrices de biens, la production est en hausse de 0.5%. Parmi les

Chart 5
Personal Expenditure on Goods and Services
Dépenses personnelles en biens et services

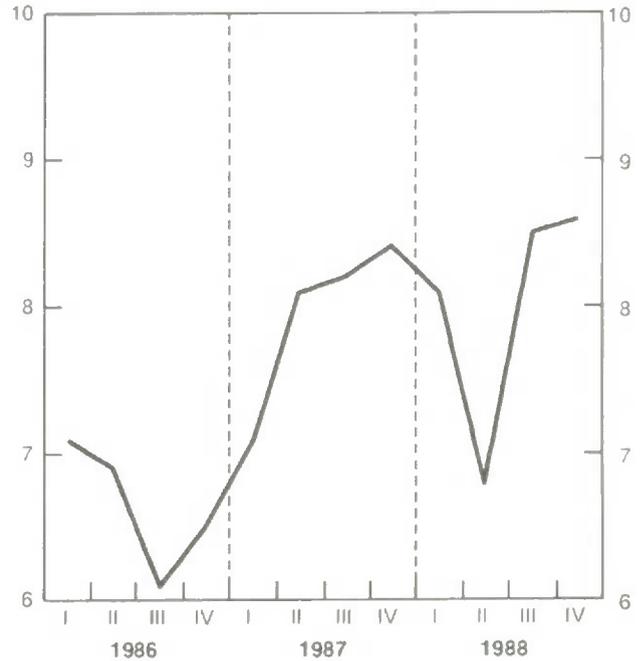
Four-quarter percentage change
 Variation en pourcentage, année précédente



Graphique 5

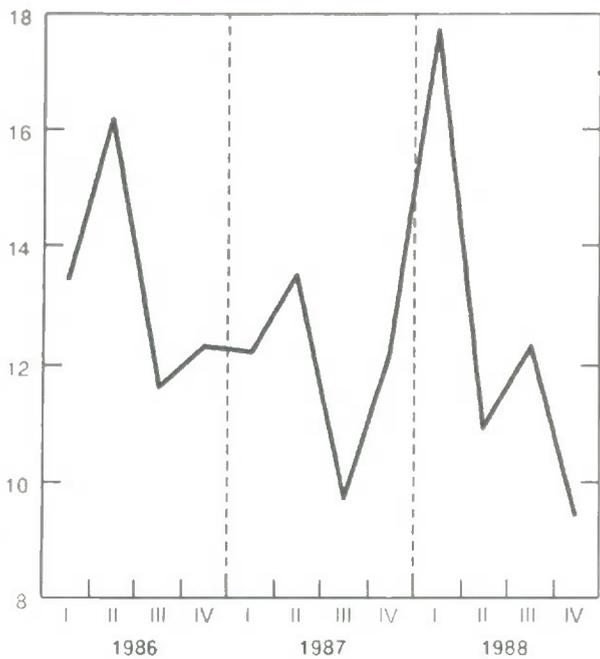
Personal Income
Revenu personnel

Four-quarter percentage change
 Variation en pourcentage, année précédente



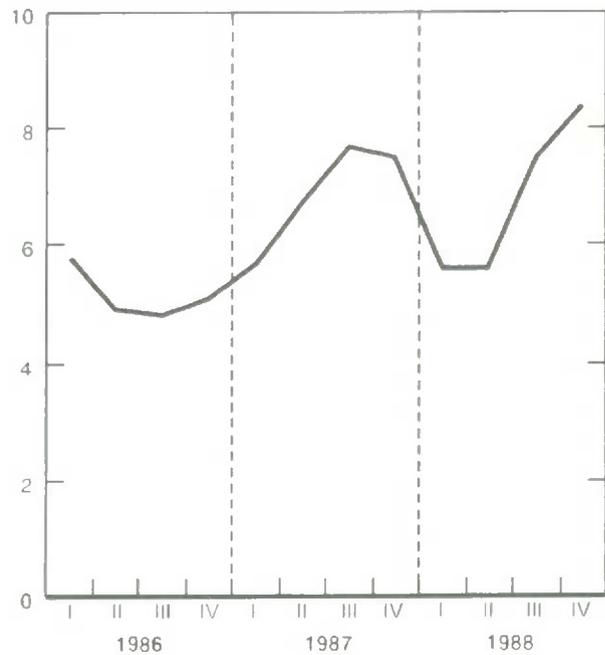
Direct Taxes: From Persons
Impôts directs des particuliers

Four-quarter percentage change
 Variation en pourcentage, année précédente



Personal Disposable Income
Revenu personnel disponible

Four-quarter percentage change
 Variation en pourcentage, année précédente



recording significant growth during the quarter included finance, insurance and real estate services (due to the strong resale housing market) and construction, both residential and non-residential. Other growth industries included community, business and personal services, communications and retail trade. Mining recorded an output decline, due mainly to decreased oil and gas exploration activity.

The chain price index for GDP (excluding inventories) rose 1.2% in the quarter, down slightly from 1.3% in the third quarter. The index component for final domestic demand grew 1.1% while the exports and imports components rose 0.9% and 0.8% respectively.

On the income side of the accounts, labour income grew more rapidly than in the third quarter, as employment growth picked up. The third quarter level had also been depressed by strike activity. Corporation profits before taxes declined slightly in the fourth quarter. Interest and miscellaneous investment income rose 9.2%, partly because of increased deposit interest paid to persons and higher government investment income. The accrued net income of farm operators from farm production fell substantially in the quarter, reflecting a large drop in grain exports.

Total government sector spending rose 1.2% in the quarter. Much of the growth was accounted for by increased spending on goods and services at the provincial and local government levels. Total government sector revenue increased 2.2% with direct taxes on persons, indirect taxes and investment income each accounting for substantial parts of the increase. The total government sector deficit, on a national accounts basis, fell from \$18.7 billion in the third quarter to \$16.4 billion in the fourth. The provincial government sector accounted for most of the decline.

branches qui enregistrent une croissance appréciable au quatrième trimestre, notons les finances, assurances et affaires immobilières (en raison d'un marché vigoureux pour la revente de maisons) et la construction, tant résidentielle que non résidentielle. Parmi les autres branches d'activité à la hausse figurent les services socio-culturels, commerciaux et personnels, les communications et le commerce de détail. La production des mines diminue, surtout à cause du déclin de l'activité dans l'exploration pétrolière et gazière.

L'indice de prix en chaîne du PIB (à l'exclusion des stocks) est en hausse de 1.2% au cours du trimestre, soit un peu moins qu'au troisième trimestre (1.3%). L'indice de prix en chaîne de la demande intérieure finale s'accroît de 1.1% alors que ceux des exportations et des importations augmentent respectivement de 0.9% et 0.8%.

Du côté des revenus, la hausse du revenu du travail est un peu plus forte qu'au troisième trimestre, avec la reprise de la croissance de l'emploi. Le niveau du troisième trimestre avait également été touché par des grèves. Les bénéfices des sociétés avant impôts diminuent légèrement au quatrième trimestre. Les intérêts et revenus divers de placements augmentent de 9.2%, en raison surtout des intérêts sur dépôts des particuliers et des revenus de placements des administrations. Le revenu comptable net des exploitants agricoles au titre de la production agricole diminue sensiblement au quatrième trimestre à cause d'une forte chute des exportations de céréales.

Les dépenses totales du secteur des administrations sont en hausse de 1.2% au quatrième trimestre. La plus grande partie de cette augmentation est imputable à l'accroissement des dépenses en biens et services des administrations provinciales et locales. Les recettes totales du secteur des administrations augmentent de 2.2%, les impôts directs des particuliers, les impôts indirects et les revenus de placements contribuant chacun une partie appréciable de cette augmentation. Le déficit total du secteur des administrations sur la base des comptes nationaux passe de \$18.7 milliards au troisième trimestre à \$16.4 milliards au quatrième. La plus grande partie de cette diminution provient du secteur des administrations provinciales.

TEXT TABLE I. Gross Domestic Product and Components – Seasonally Adjusted

Percentage change from the previous quarter

TABLEAU EXPLICATIF I. Produit intérieur brut et composantes – Données désaisonnalisées

Variation en pourcentage par rapport au trimestre précédent

| | 1987 | | 1988 | | |
|---|-------|--------|--------|--------|-------|
| | IV | I | II | III | IV |
| Current dollars – Dollars courants | | | | | |
| Personal expenditure on consumer goods and services – Dépenses personnelles en biens et services de consommation | 2.4 | 1.0 | 2.0 | 2.1 | 2.6 |
| Durable goods – Biens durables | 3.0 | .9 | 2.4 | 2.1 | 2.4 |
| Semi-durable goods – Biens semi-durables | 2.8 | -.5 | 2.4 | 2.4 | 2.2 |
| Non-durable goods – Biens non durables | 2.1 | .8 | 1.2 | 2.1 | 1.5 |
| Services – Services | 2.3 | 1.5 | 2.2 | 1.9 | 3.3 |
| Government current expenditure on goods and services – Dépenses publiques courantes en biens et services | 2.0 | 2.8 | .7 | 1.5 | 1.7 |
| Government investment – Investissement des administrations publiques | | | | | |
| Fixed capital – Capital fixe | 1.2 | .8 | 4.3 | 2.0 | .3 |
| Inventories ¹ – Stocks ¹ | 280 | 108 | -280 | 28 | 104 |
| Business investment – Investissement des entreprises | | | | | |
| Fixed capital – Capital fixe | 4.4 | 3.0 | 3.1 | 2.6 | 3.4 |
| Residential construction – Construction résidentielle | .8 | 2.9 | 1.6 | 2.8 | 4.3 |
| Non-residential construction – Construction non résidentielle | 5.8 | 3.1 | 2.3 | 3.3 | 2.8 |
| Machinery and equipment – Machines et matériel | 7.4 | 2.9 | 5.2 | 1.8 | 2.9 |
| Inventories ¹ – Stocks ¹ | 4,568 | -2,832 | -1,168 | -1,344 | 1,488 |
| Non-farm ¹ – Non agricoles ¹ | 4,472 | -228 | -1,516 | -2,632 | 452 |
| Farm and grain in commercial channels ¹ – Agricoles, et céréales en circuit commercial ¹ | 96 | -2,604 | 348 | 1,288 | 1,036 |
| Exports of goods and services – Exportations de biens et services | 5.7 | 1.9 | 2.0 | -.6 | .6 |
| Merchandise – Marchandises | 5.8 | 1.3 | 2.9 | -.8 | .1 |
| Non-merchandise – Invisibles | 5.4 | 5.6 | -4.1 | 1.0 | 4.3 |
| Imports of goods and services – Importations de biens et services | 8.5 | .5 | 1.8 | -1.6 | 4.2 |
| Merchandise – Marchandises | 9.6 | 1.4 | 1.6 | -2.5 | 4.1 |
| Non-merchandise – Invisibles | 3.5 | -3.9 | 2.8 | 2.9 | 4.7 |
| Statistical discrepancy ¹ – Divergence statistique ¹ | -4.36 | 1,504 | 1,088 | -828 | 1,652 |
| Gross Domestic Product – Produit intérieur brut | 2.8 | 1.9 | 2.0 | 1.9 | 2.1 |
| Final Domestic Demand – Demande intérieure finale | 2.7 | 1.7 | 2.0 | 2.1 | 2.5 |
| At 1981 prices – Aux prix de 1981 | | | | | |
| Personal expenditure on consumer goods and services – Dépenses personnelles en biens et services de consommation | 1.6 | .2 | .9 | 1.3 | 1.5 |
| Durable goods – Biens durables | 1.9 | -.2 | 1.6 | 1.2 | .9 |
| Semi-durable goods – Biens semi-durables | 1.7 | -2.2 | 1.1 | 1.5 | 1.1 |
| Non-durable goods – Biens non durables | 1.4 | .6 | .1 | 1.2 | 1.5 |
| Services – Services | 1.6 | .6 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.9 |
| Government current expenditure on goods and services – Dépenses publiques courantes en biens et services | .8 | 1.5 | .4 | .6 | .2 |
| Government investment – Investissement des administrations publiques | | | | | |
| Fixed capital – Capital fixe | 1.8 | .4 | 3.3 | 1.0 | -.6 |
| Inventories ¹ – Stocks ¹ | 212 | 80 | -208 | 20 | 80 |
| Business investment – Investissement des entreprises | | | | | |
| Fixed capital – Capital fixe | 3.8 | 2.6 | 2.7 | 2.3 | 2.0 |
| Residential construction – Construction résidentielle | -1.1 | .9 | .2 | 1.2 | 2.4 |
| Non-residential construction – Construction non résidentielle | 4.2 | 1.4 | 1.2 | 2.2 | .8 |
| Machinery and equipment – Machines et matériel | 7.8 | 4.8 | 5.6 | 3.1 | 2.5 |
| Inventories ¹ – Stocks ¹ | 3,148 | -4,476 | 24 | -400 | 1,776 |
| Non-farm ¹ – Non agricoles ¹ | 3,772 | -740 | -32 | -3,260 | 768 |
| Farm and grain in commercial channels ¹ – Agricoles, et céréales en circuit commercial ¹ | -624 | -3,736 | 56 | 2,860 | 1,008 |
| Exports of goods and services – Exportations de biens et services | 4.4 | 3.8 | 2.8 | -2.2 | -.8 |
| Merchandise – Marchandises | 4.7 | 3.9 | 3.5 | -2.6 | -1.2 |
| Non-merchandise – Invisibles | 1.8 | 3.0 | -4.5 | 1.7 | 3.3 |
| Imports of goods and services – Importations de biens et services | 8.2 | 2.2 | 3.8 | -1.6 | 3.6 |
| Merchandise – Marchandises | 8.9 | 2.9 | 3.6 | -2.3 | 3.5 |
| Non-merchandise – Invisibles | 3.7 | -1.9 | 5.3 | 3.2 | 4.3 |
| Statistical discrepancy ¹ – Divergence statistique ¹ | -328 | 1,148 | 804 | -628 | 1,184 |
| Gross Domestic Product – Produit intérieur brut | 1.6 | .8 | 1.1 | .8 | .6 |
| Final Domestic Demand – Demande intérieure finale | 1.9 | 1.0 | 1.3 | 1.4 | 1.4 |
| Implicit price indexes ² – Indices implicites de prix ² | | | | | |
| Personal expenditure on consumer goods and services – Dépenses personnelles en biens et services de consommation | .8 | .8 | 1.0 | .8 | 1.0 |
| Durable goods – Biens durables | 1.2 | .7 | .8 | .9 | 1.4 |
| Semi-durable goods – Biens semi-durables | 1.0 | 1.7 | 1.3 | 1.0 | 1.1 |
| Non-durable goods – Biens non durables | .7 | .2 | 1.1 | .9 | -.1 |
| Services – Services | .7 | .9 | 1.0 | .7 | 1.3 |

See footnote(s) at end of table. – Voir note(s) à la fin du tableau.

TEXT TABLE I. Gross Domestic Product and Components – Seasonally Adjusted
 Percentage change from the previous quarter – Concluded

TABLEAU EXPLICATIF I. Produit intérieur brut et composantes – Données désaisonnalisées
 Variation en pourcentage par rapport au trimestre précédent – fin

| | 1987 | | 1988 | | |
|---|---|------|------|------|-----|
| | IV | I | II | III | IV |
| | Implicit price indexes ² – Indices implicites de prix ² | | | | |
| Government current expenditure on goods and services – Dépenses publiques courantes en biens et services | 1.2 | 1.2 | .4 | 1.0 | 1.5 |
| Government investment in fixed capital – Investissement des administrations publiques en capital fixe | -6 | .5 | 1.0 | 1.0 | .9 |
| Business investment – Investissement des entreprises | .6 | .3 | .3 | .3 | 1.3 |
| Fixed capital – Capital fixe | | | | | |
| Residential construction – Construction résidentielle | 1.9 | 2.0 | 1.4 | 1.5 | 1.9 |
| Non-residential construction – Construction non résidentielle | 1.5 | 1.7 | 1.1 | 1.1 | 2.1 |
| Machinery and equipment – Machines et matériel | -4 | -1.7 | -4 | -1.2 | .4 |
| Exports of goods and services – Exportations de biens et services | 1.2 | -1.9 | -8 | 1.7 | 1.5 |
| Merchandise – Marchandises | 1.0 | -2.5 | -6 | 1.8 | 1.3 |
| Non-merchandise – Invisibles | 3.5 | 2.5 | .5 | -6 | 1.0 |
| Imports of goods and services – Importations de biens et services | .3 | -1.7 | -1.9 | 0.0 | .5 |
| Merchandise – Marchandises | .7 | -1.4 | -1.9 | -2 | .5 |
| Non-merchandise – Invisibles | -2 | -2.1 | -2.4 | -3 | .4 |
| Gross Domestic Product – Produit intérieur brut | 1.2 | 1.1 | .8 | 1.1 | 1.5 |
| Final Domestic Demand – Demande intérieure finale | .7 | .7 | .7 | .7 | 1.1 |

¹ Actual change in millions of dollars. – Variation absolue en millions de dollars.

² Implicit price indexes are currently weighted (Paasche) and therefore reflect changes in expenditure patterns as well as price changes of individual items. – Les indices implicites de prix sont des indices à pondération courante (Paasche); ils traduisent par conséquent les changements dans la structure des dépenses ainsi que les variations de prix individuels.

TEXT TABLE II. Annual Percentage Rates of Change

TABLEAU EXPLICATIF II. Taux de variation annuels

| | Gross Domestic Product (current dollars) | Gross Domestic Product at (1981 prices) | Gross Domestic Product (implicit price index) | Personal disposable income | Ratio of personal savings to personal disposable income |
|------|---|---|---|-----------------------------|---|
| | Produit intérieur brut (dollars courants) | Produit intérieur brut (aux prix de 1981) | Produit intérieur brut (indice implicite de prix) | Revenu personnel disponible | Ratio de l'épargne personnelle au revenu personnel disponible |
| 1965 | 10.2 | 6.6 | 3.4 | 10.0 | 6.1 |
| 1966 | 11.9 | 6.8 | 4.8 | 10.2 | 6.8 |
| 1967 | 7.3 | 2.9 | 4.2 | 8.1 | 6.6 |
| 1968 | 9.2 | 5.4 | 3.7 | 8.4 | 5.8 |
| 1969 | 10.1 | 5.4 | 4.5 | 8.6 | 4.9 |
| 1970 | 7.3 | 2.6 | 4.6 | 6.3 | 5.5 |
| 1971 | 9.2 | 5.8 | 3.2 | 9.9 | 6.8 |
| 1972 | 11.7 | 5.7 | 5.6 | 14.2 | 8.6 |
| 1973 | 17.3 | 7.7 | 8.9 | 17.0 | 10.6 |
| 1974 | 19.4 | 4.4 | 14.4 | 17.9 | 11.2 |
| 1975 | 12.8 | 2.6 | 9.9 | 17.5 | 12.5 |
| 1976 | 15.4 | 6.2 | 8.7 | 13.1 | 11.6 |
| 1977 | 10.1 | 3.6 | 6.2 | 10.2 | 11.2 |
| 1978 | 10.9 | 4.6 | 6.0 | 12.8 | 12.4 |
| 1979 | 14.3 | 3.9 | 10.0 | 12.8 | 12.9 |
| 1980 | 12.2 | 1.5 | 10.6 | 13.2 | 13.3 |
| 1981 | 14.9 | 3.7 | 10.8 | 16.7 | 15.0 |
| 1982 | 5.2 | -3.2 | 8.7 | 10.6 | 17.8 |
| 1983 | 8.4 | 3.2 | 5.0 | 5.0 | 14.6 |
| 1984 | 9.6 | 6.3 | 3.1 | 8.8 | 14.8 |
| 1985 | 7.7 | 4.6 | 2.9 | 7.8 | 13.6 |
| 1986 | 5.8 | 3.2 | 2.5 | 5.1 | 11.1 |
| 1987 | 8.5 | 4.0 | 4.3 | 6.9 | 9.6 |
| 1988 | 8.9 | 1.5 | 1.2 | 6.8 | 8.8 |

A Technical Note on Laspeyres, Paasche and Chain Price Indexes in the Income and Expenditure Accounts

1. Introduction

The Canadian Income and Expenditure accounts now provide three alternative measures of aggregate price change:

- the implicit price indexes or IPIs (also known as the Paasche, or current-period-weighted indexes);
- the fixed-weighted price indexes or FWIs (also known as the Laspeyres indexes); and
- the chain price indexes or CHIs.

The IPIs have been available since the Income and Expenditure Accounts were first published in the early 1950s. They cover the period from 1926 forward. The FWIs first became available when the accounts for the first quarter of 1977 were released. They cover the years 1971 to date. Lastly, the CHIs were first published at the time of the release of the Income and Expenditure accounts for the first quarter of 1988. They cover the period 1981 to date.

This paper provides a technical explanation of the three kinds of indexes, followed by a brief discussion of their recent movements. The paper explains and compares their formulas and considers their advantages and disadvantages. Each of the indexes is useful for some purposes but not others. To use them effectively their individual characteristics must be well understood.

2. Main Characteristics of the Indexes

2.1 The Fixed-Weighted Price Indexes

The individual price indexes used at the root of the national accounts deflation process are generally fixed-weighted indexes. This means they are derived by measuring the price of a "fixed basket of goods and services" over time, using the well-known Laspeyres formula:

$$P_L(t) = \left[\sum_{j=1}^n \{p_j(t) q_j(0)\} \right] / \left[\sum_{j=1}^n \{p_j(0) q_j(0)\} \right] \quad [1]$$

or/ou

$$P_L(t) = \sum_{j=1}^n [W_{Lj} \{p_j(t) / p_j(0)\}] \quad [2]$$

Note technique sur les indices de prix Laspeyres, Paasche et en chaîne dans les comptes des revenus et dépenses

1. Introduction

Trois mesures différentes de la variation globale des prix font maintenant partie des comptes des revenus et dépenses du Canada:

- les indices implicites de prix ou IIP (appelés aussi indices de Paasche ou à pondération courante);
- les indices de prix à pondération fixe ou IPF (appelés aussi indices de Laspeyres); et
- les indices de prix en chaîne ou IPEC.

Dès la parution des comptes des revenus et dépenses au début des années cinquante, on a publié les IIP qui remontent à 1926. La diffusion des comptes nationaux du premier trimestre de 1977 marque le début de la publication des IPF qui couvrent la période de 1971 à aujourd'hui. Quant aux IPEC, ils furent publiés pour la première fois avec les estimations du premier trimestre de 1988 et sont disponibles à partir de 1981.

L'article qui suit donne une explication technique de ces trois types d'indices puis présente une brève analyse de leurs récentes tendances; on y explique et compare leurs formules et on en expose les avantages et les inconvénients. Chacun des indices décrits offre une optique qui lui est propre et une compréhension de leurs caractéristiques individuelles est essentielle à leur utilisation à bon escient.

2. Principales caractéristiques des indices

2.1 Les indices de prix à pondération fixe

Les indices de prix à la base du processus de déflation des comptes nationaux sont généralement des indices à pondération fixe, c'est-à-dire obtenus à partir de la mesure des prix "d'un panier fixe de biens et services", selon la formule bien connue de Laspeyres:

In this formula $P_L(t)$ represents the value of a fixed-weighted price index (with base period 0) for a group of commodities in period t , n represents the number of commodities in the group, and W_{Lj} represents the fixed weight (from the base period) applied to commodity j in period t . The fixed weight W_{Lj} is the proportion of spending on commodity j out of all spending on the n commodities in the group, measured in the base period:

$$W_{Lj} = V_j(0) / \left[\sum_{k=1}^n V_k(0) \right] \quad [3]$$

where $V_j(0)$ represents the value of commodity j purchased in period 0, the base period, and n again represents the number of commodities in the group. Examples of indexes of this kind include the Consumer Price Index (CPI) and the Industry Product Price Indexes (IPPI).

Fixed-weighted price indexes of the form [2] are used in the accounts to deflate expenditure values for particular commodity categories. For example, total personal expenditure on consumer goods is calculated as the sum of about 60 separately estimated commodity categories. Fixed-weighted price indexes are selected for each of these components. Many of these price indexes are components of the Consumer Price Index, but other data sources are also used. The various consumer expenditure series are then each deflated by their corresponding price indexes. These deflated series are known as the "constant price" or "real" consumer expenditure series.

The fixed-weighted price indexes that are published with the Income and Expenditure Accounts are aggregations of these component fixed-weighted deflators:

$$P_1(t) = \sum_{j=1}^n \left[W_j \{ P_{Lj}(t) / P_{Lj}(0) \} \right] \quad [4]$$

where $P_1(t)$ is the national accounts fixed-weighted price index for a particular aggregate commodity group, W_j is the base year weight for commodity j (that is, the share of expenditure within the total commodity group that is devoted to commodity sub-group j) and $P_{Lj}(t)$ is the Laspeyres price index for commodity sub-group j .

Returning to the consumer expenditure example, the aggregate fixed-weighted price index for total personal expenditure on goods is calculated as a weighted average of the price indexes used to deflate each of the roughly 60 commodity categories. The weights are the shares of consumer spending allocated to each of the commodity categories in the base year, which is presently 1981.

Dans cette formule, $P_L(t)$ représente la valeur d'un indice de prix à pondération fixe de période de base 0 pour un groupe de biens et services à la période t , n représente le nombre de biens et services de ce groupe et W_{Lj} représente la pondération fixe (à partir de la période de base) utilisée pour le bien ou le service j à la période t . Le poids fixe W_{Lj} est la part que représente la dépense au titre du bien ou service j par rapport à l'ensemble des dépenses en n biens et services constituant le groupe, mesuré au cours de la période de base:

où $V_j(0)$ représente la valeur du bien ou service j acheté au cours de la période de base 0 et n représente le nombre de biens et services faisant partie du groupe. L'indice des prix à la consommation (IPC) et les indices des prix des produits industriels (IPPI) sont des exemples d'indices de prix à pondération fixe.

Les indices de prix à pondération fixe de la formule [2] servent dans les comptes à dégonfler les valeurs des différentes catégories de dépenses en biens et services. A titre d'exemple, le total des dépenses personnelles en biens de consommation est la somme d'environ 60 catégories de biens estimées séparément. Des indices de prix à pondération fixe sont choisis pour dégonfler chacune des catégories. Plusieurs des indices de prix utilisés sont des composantes de l'IPC bien qu'on ait également recours à d'autres sources de données. Chacune des séries des dépenses personnelles de consommation est dégonflée par un indice de prix correspondant, d'où leur nom de séries en prix constants ou en termes réels.

Les indices de prix à pondération fixe publiés dans les comptes des revenus et dépenses sont des agregats de ces dégonfleurs à pondération fixe:

où $P_1(t)$ est l'indice de prix à pondération fixe des comptes nationaux pour un groupe de biens et services agrégé donné, W_j est le poids de l'année de base du bien ou service j (c'est-à-dire la part des dépenses au sein de l'ensemble du groupe de biens et services consacrée au sous-groupe j de biens et services) et $P_{Lj}(t)$ est l'indice de prix Laspeyres du sous-groupe de biens et services j .

Dans le cas de l'exemple des dépenses personnelles, l'indice de prix à pondération fixe global du total des dépenses de consommation en biens est la moyenne pondérée des indices de prix utilisés pour dégonfler chacune des quelque 60 catégories de biens. Les poids représentent les parts des dépenses de consommation consacrées à chacune des catégories de biens dans l'année de base, actuellement 1981.

Fixed-weighted indexes are sometimes referred to as measures of "pure price change". Since the commodity weights are fixed, the index varies only because of price movements. It is not influenced by "weight shifts", or compositional changes among the components from one time period to another. The index measures the total price of the particular combination of commodities purchased in the base year. It provides a good indication of the evolution of aggregate price movement over time for the economy as a whole, with individual price movements weighted according to the importance of the individual expenditures in the base year.

Aggregated fixed-weighted indexes for the main expenditure components were introduced in the Income and Expenditure Accounts in recognition of the fact that the "implicit" indexes reflect the changing composition of the expenditure patterns over time as well as price movements.¹ Even with seasonal adjustment, the behaviour of the implicit indexes can be confusing to analysts interested in observing pure price change, especially during a period of rapid inflation such as occurred in the 1970s.

The difficulty with a price index of the fixed-weighted type is that the particular combination of commodities purchased in the base year may not continue to be typical over time. In other words, the "weighting diagram" may tend to become outdated over time. In general, if individual price movements are broadly similar the distortion in fixed-weighted index movements will be much less than if price trends have been dissimilar. In the latter case, the base period weights become less representative over time, with the relative importance of individual commodities becoming under- or over-stated.

As an example, consider the evolution of energy prices since 1981. These commodities are reflected in the fixed-weighted price indexes on the basis of their 1981 share of expenditures. In 1981 expenditures on energy had a much greater share than they do now. The price index for imports of energy products stood at about 54 in 1988, relative to its value of 100 in 1981. This kind of shift, when other prices have been generally moving in the other direction, causes the overall price index to become less representative of the price changes currently being experienced in the economy. The aggregate price series displayed in the charts and discussed in Section 3 below provide further illustrations of these phenomena.

2.2 The Implicit Price Indexes

The implicit price indexes are produced as a by-product of the deflation process in the Income and Expenditure Accounts. The individual expenditure components of Gross Domestic Product in current

¹ See also "Fixed-Weighted GNE Price indexes", *National Income and Expenditure Accounts*, catalogue 13-001, fourth quarter 1976.

Les indices de prix à pondération fixe sont quelquefois qualifiés de mesures de la "variation pure des prix". Comme les poids des biens et services sont fixes, l'indice ne varie qu'à cause des fluctuations de prix. Il n'est pas influencé par des "variations de pondération", c'est-à-dire par des changements dans la composition des dépenses d'une période à l'autre. L'indice mesure le prix total de la combinaison particulière de biens et services achetés au cours de l'année de base. Il donne une bonne idée de la tendance globale des prix pour l'ensemble de l'économie, les mouvements de prix individuels étant pondérés selon l'importance de chaque dépense au cours de l'année de base.

Les indices de prix à pondération fixe pour les principales composantes des dépenses ont été introduits dans les comptes des revenus et dépenses en réponse au fait que les indices implicites traduisent à la fois la composition changeante des structures de dépenses dans le temps et les mouvements de prix¹. Même après désaisonnalisation, l'évolution des indices implicites peut être difficile à saisir pour les analystes intéressés à observer la variation pure de prix, en particulier pendant une période d'inflation rapide comme celle des années 1970.

L'indice de prix à pondération fixe présente une lacune en ce que la pondération des biens et services achetés au cours de la période de base peut ne plus être représentative à mesure qu'on s'éloigne de cette période. En d'autres termes, la "structure de pondération" pourra vieillir avec le temps. En général, si les mouvements de prix individuels sont assez semblables, la distorsion des mouvements de l'indice à pondération fixe sera beaucoup moins forte que si les tendances des prix sont divergentes. Dans ce dernier cas, les poids de la période de base sont de moins en moins représentatifs avec le temps, l'importance relative de certains biens ou services étant sous-évaluée ou surévaluée.

On peut citer comme exemple l'évolution des prix de l'énergie depuis 1981. Ces biens se retrouvent dans les indices de prix à pondération fixe en fonction de leur part des dépenses en 1981. Les dépenses au titre de l'énergie étaient alors, en proportion, beaucoup plus importantes qu'aujourd'hui. Le niveau de l'indice de prix des importations de produits énergétiques était d'environ 54 en 1988 par rapport à sa valeur de 100 en 1981. Ce type de changement, alors que les autres prix évoluent généralement en sens inverse, fait que l'indice de prix global devient moins représentatif des variations de prix actuellement enregistrées dans l'économie. Les séries de prix agrégées présentées en graphique et discutées à la section 3 ci-dessous sont d'autres exemples de ces phénomènes.

2.2 Les indices implicites de prix

Les indices implicites de prix sont un sous-produit du processus de déflation des comptes des revenus et dépenses. Les composantes individuelles des dépenses du produit intérieur brut en prix courants sont en général divisées par un

¹ Voir aussi *Les indices à pondération fixe des prix de la DNB, Comptes nationaux des revenus et dépenses*, 13-001 au catalogue, quatrième trimestre de 1976.

prices are, in general, divided by an appropriate fixed-weighted price index to derive the corresponding components in constant prices.² The current and constant price expenditures are then aggregated for all components. The ratio of the current price aggregate to the constant price aggregate yields the implicit price index.

In the earlier example it was noted that personal expenditure on consumer goods in current prices is calculated as the sum of about 60 separately estimated commodity components. The expenditure values for each of these components are deflated by a corresponding fixed-weighted price index. These deflated series are summed and the result is divided into the current price total of personal expenditure on goods. This ratio is known as the implicit price index for personal expenditure on goods. The formula for the IPI is therefore:

$$P_2(t) = \left[\sum_{j=1}^n V_j(t) \right] / \sum_{j=1}^n \left[V_j(t) \{P_{1j}(0) / P_{1j}(t)\} \right] \quad [5]$$

where $V_j(t)$ represents the value of commodity group j purchased in period t and $P_{1j}(t)$ represents the fixed-weighted price index for commodity group j .

The implicit price indexes are also referred to as Paasche indexes or current-period weighted indexes. Somewhat analogously with equations [1], [2] and [3], the formula for a current-period weighted index is:

$$P_p(t) = \left[\sum_{j=1}^n \{p_j(t) q_j(t)\} \right] / \left[\sum_{j=1}^n \{p_j(0) q_j(t)\} \right] \quad [6]$$

or/ou
$$P_p(t) = \sum_{j=1}^n [W_{p_j} \{p_j(0)/p_j(t)\}]^{-1} \quad [7]$$

where/dans laquelle
$$W_{p_j} = V_j(t) / \left[\sum_{k=1}^n V_k(t) \right] \quad [8]$$

Whereas the weights in the fixed-weighted formula are from the base period 0, as shown in [3], the weights in the current-weighted formula are from the current period t , as shown in [8]. It can be easily seen that the implicit price index formula $P_2(t)$ is of this current-weighted type.

The restatement of the current value series of the Income and Expenditure Accounts in constant prices imposes requirements on the index forms to be used in deflation, which are satisfied by the use of fixed-weighted quantity indexes and the derived current-weighted price indexes. The advantage of the combination of these two types of indexes in the

indice de prix à pondération fixe approprié pour obtenir les composantes correspondantes en prix constants². Toutes les composantes des dépenses en prix courants et constants sont ensuite agrégées. Le ratio de l'agrégat en prix courants à celui en prix constants donne l'indice implicite de prix.

Dans l'exemple précédent, le total des dépenses personnelles en biens de consommation en prix courants est la somme d'environ 60 composantes de biens estimées individuellement. Les dépenses en valeur de chacune de ces composantes sont dégonflées par un indice de prix à pondération fixe correspondant. Ces séries dégonflées sont additionnées et le résultat obtenu vient diviser le total des dépenses personnelles en biens aux prix courants pour donner l'indice implicite de prix des dépenses personnelles en biens. La formule de l'IIP est donc:

où $V_j(t)$ représente la valeur du groupe de biens et services j acheté au temps t et $P_{1j}(t)$ représente l'indice de prix à pondération fixe du groupe de biens ou services j .

Les indices implicites de prix sont appelés aussi indices de prix à pondération courante ou de type Paasche. Assez semblable aux équations [1], [2] et [3], la formule d'un indice à pondération courante est:

Alors que les poids dans la formule à pondération fixe sont de la période de base 0 (voir [3]), les poids dans la formule à pondération courante sont ceux de la période courante t , comme on peut le voir en [8]. Comme on le voit, la formule de l'indice implicite de prix de $P_2(t)$ est du type à pondération courante.

La transformation des séries en prix courants dans les comptes des revenus et dépenses en séries en prix constants impose des exigences quant à la forme des indices utilisés lors du processus de déflation, lesquelles sont satisfaites par le recours à des indices de quantité à pondération fixe et des indices de prix à pondération courante qui en sont dérivés. L'avantage de combiner ces deux types d'indices dans le

² We say "in general" because for a few components a separate volume indicator is used directly and the price index is derived secondarily.

² "En général" car, pour quelques composantes, un indicateur de volume distinct est directement utilisé et l'indice de prix dérive par la suite.

deflation process for the national accounts is that they satisfy the necessary requirements of factor reversibility and additive consistency.

The factor reversibility property is desirable because of the fact that the primary objective of the decomposition of the value change is to obtain the "real" change in the aggregates. Therefore, the value change must be decomposed into a price component and a volume component *without any remainder*.

In mathematical form, the factor reversibility test is expressed as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} & [\sum P(t)Q(t) / \sum P(0)Q(0)] * [\sum P(t)Q(t) / \sum P(t)Q(0)] \\ &= [\sum P(t)Q(t) / \sum P(0)Q(t)] * [\sum P(0)Q(t) / \sum P(0)Q(0)] \\ &= V(t) / V(0) \end{aligned} \tag{9}$$

where the Ps and Qs this time are price and quantity indexes and where the Vs, representing the expenditure values, satisfy:

$$V(t) / V(0) = \sum P(t)Q(t) / \sum P(0)Q(0) \tag{10}$$

In other words, the intertemporal movement of the product of the current-weighted price and fixed-weighted volume indexes is the same as that of the direct value series.

Additive consistency refers to the requirement that the "result of the index formulae must be the same regardless of whether the index for the aggregate is calculated by applying the formula to all the individual data forming the aggregate, or whether it is first applied to two or more subgroups and the indexes thus obtained are subsequently aggregated using the same formula."³ If this requirement were not satisfied in the national accounts, then the real growth rate for the economy would depend on how its major components were aggregated, a quite unacceptable situation.

These two requirements are met by the combination of fixed-weighted quantity indexes and current-weighted price indexes that emerge in the deflation process of the Income and Expenditure Accounts.

$$Q_L(t) = \left[\sum_{j=1}^n \{p_j(t) q_j(t)\} \right] / P_P(t) \tag{11}$$

$$Q_L(t) = \sum_{j=1}^n \{p_j(0) q_j(t)\} \tag{12}$$

Equation [11] depicts a volume index $Q_L(t)$ as the ratio of a commodity group value to the current-weighted price index corresponding to that commodity group. Equation [12], which can be easily obtained from [11] using [6], shows that this volume index is equivalent to

³ See P.G. Al et al, p. 353.

processus de déflation des comptes nationaux tient à ce qu'ils répondent aux conditions nécessaires de la réversibilité des facteurs et de l'additivité.

La propriété de réversibilité des facteurs est souhaitable, l'objectif premier de la décomposition des variations de valeur étant d'obtenir la variation "réelle" des agrégats. Le changement de valeur doit donc être décomposé en une composante prix et une composante volume *sans reste*.

La réversibilité des facteurs est représentée dans la formule mathématique suivante:

où les P et les Q sont cette fois des indices de prix et de quantité, et où les V, représentant les valeurs des dépenses, répondent à:

En d'autres termes, le mouvement dans le temps du produit des indices de prix à pondération courante et de volume à pondération fixe est le même que celui des séries de valeurs directes.

L'additivité fait référence à l'exigence que le résultat des formules de l'indice soit le même, peu importe que l'indice de l'agrégat soit calculé par l'application de la formule à l'ensemble des données individuelles constituant l'agrégat ou en premier lieu à deux sous-groupes ou plus, les indices ainsi obtenus étant ensuite agrégés grâce à la même formule³. Si cette condition n'était pas remplie dans les comptes nationaux, le taux de croissance réel de l'économie dépendrait alors de la manière dont les principales composantes sont agrégées, ce qui serait difficilement acceptable.

Ces deux conditions sont respectées par la combinaison d'indices de quantité à pondération fixe et d'indices de prix à pondération courante qui résultent du processus de déflation des comptes des revenus et dépenses.

L'équation [11] représente un indice de volume $Q_L(t)$, qui est le ratio de la valeur d'un groupe de biens et services à l'indice de prix à pondération courante correspondant à ce même groupe. L'équation [12], que l'on peut facilement dériver de [11] à partir de [6], montre que cet indice de volume équivaut

³ Voir P.G. Al et al., p. 353.

a revalued version of the commodity group, using the prices from the base period. Equation [12] can be interpreted as a fixed-weighted index of volume, where the fixed weights are the base period prices.

While the current-weighted price index formula, as derived from the calculation of the ratio of current dollar to constant dollar aggregates, is appropriate in measuring price change from the base period 0 to any given (usually more current) period, it does not provide a reliable indicator of "pure price change" from one period to the next. As seen in equation [8], the weights in the Paasche price index formula change with each period t . Thus while some of the movement in the index between period t and period $t+1$ will be due to pure price change, some will also be due to changes in the weights W_{pj} between the two periods.

2.3 The Chain Price Indexes

Chain price indexes seek to strike a compromise between their fixed-weighted and current-weighted counterparts. The weights in a chain price index are much more current, relative to the fixed weights of a Laspeyres index. The latter become outdated as time goes by. Yet a chain price index also measures "pure price change" between adjacent periods, unlike a current-weighted index which reflects compositional changes as well as price changes.

The mathematical definition for a chain index is as follows:

$$P_C(t) = P_C(t-1) \left[\frac{\sum_{j=1}^n \{p_j(t) q_j(t-1)\}}{\sum_{j=1}^n \{p_j(t-1) q_j(t-1)\}} \right] \quad [13]$$

In other words, the chain index is obtained using a recursive formula. Successive values are equal to the previous value scaled up by the rate of increase in a "mini-fixed-weighted" price index using the previous period's expenditure weights. It can easily be shown that:

$$P_C(t) = P_C(t-1) \left[\sum_{j=1}^n \{W_{Cj} [p_j(t) / p_j(t-1)]\} \right] \quad [14]$$

where/ou

$$W_{Cj} = V_j(t-1) / \left[\sum_{k=1}^n V_k(t-1) \right] \quad [15]$$

In this formulation the chain price index is defined to use the previous period's value weights. For quarterly data this would mean that the chain price index for quarter t would be derived using the value weights from quarter $t-1$. Alternative formulations are also possible. For example, a moving average of weights from more than one period could be used to derive the chain index movement.

à une version réévaluée du groupe de biens et services qui utilise les prix de la période de base. L'équation [12] peut être considérée comme un indice de volume à pondération fixe, dans lequel les poids fixes sont les prix de la période de base.

Bien que la formule de l'indice de prix à pondération courante, obtenue par le calcul du ratio des agrégats en dollars courants à ceux en dollars constants, convienne à la mesure de la variation de prix entre la période de base 0 et une période donnée (habituellement plus récente), elle ne constitue pas un indicateur fiable de la "variation pure de prix" d'une période à l'autre. Comme on peut le voir dans l'équation [8], les poids de la formule de l'indice de prix de Paasche changent avec chaque période t . Par conséquent, même si une partie du mouvement de l'indice entre la période t et la période $t+1$ est due à une variation pure de prix, une certaine partie est également attribuable à la variation des poids W_{pj} entre les deux périodes.

2.3 Les indices de prix en chaîne

Les indices de prix en chaîne représentent en quelque sorte un compromis entre les indices à pondération fixe et ceux à pondération courante. Les poids d'un indice de prix en chaîne sont beaucoup plus récents que les poids fixes d'un indice de Laspeyres. Ces derniers deviennent désuets avec le temps. Néanmoins, un indice de prix en chaîne mesure aussi une "variation pure de prix" entre deux périodes adjacentes, contrairement à un indice à pondération courante qui traduit à la fois les changements de composition et les variations de prix.

La définition mathématique d'un indice en chaîne est la suivante:

En d'autres termes, on calcule l'indice en chaîne par récurrence. Ses valeurs successives sont égales à la valeur précédente augmentée du taux d'accroissement d'un indice à pondération fixe utilisant les poids de la période précédente. On peut aisément démontrer que:

Dans cette formule, on définit l'indice de prix en chaîne de façon à utiliser les poids des valeurs de la période précédente. Pour les données trimestrielles, l'indice de prix en chaîne du trimestre t serait calculé à partir des poids des valeurs du trimestre $t-1$. D'autres formules sont également possibles. On pourrait utiliser par exemple une moyenne mobile des poids de plus d'une période afin de calculer le mouvement de l'indice en chaîne.

Two chain price index series are calculated in the Canadian Income and Expenditure Accounts. One is a quarterly reweighted and linked series and the other is an annually reweighted and linked series. These series have been constructed using the value weights and Laspeyres price indexes at the same root level within the accounts that are used to construct the fixed-weighted and implicit indexes. They are displayed in Table 23 of **National Income and Expenditure Accounts**, catalogue 13-001. The implicit (Paasche) price indexes are shown in Table 21 and the fixed-weighted (Laspeyres) price indexes are shown in Table 22 of the same publication.

Chain price indexes are valuable for analyzing price movements between adjacent periods, since they provide unambiguous measures of price change with up-to-date weights. Fixed-weighted indexes are more appropriate for longer term price comparisons and current-weighted indexes are appropriate as derivatives of the deflation process.

An important point about chain indexes is that while they measure "pure price change" very well for adjacent periods, they cannot be depended upon to do so for non-adjacent periods. The indexes are subject to problems of "drift". For example, suppose one begins with a particular price-quantity configuration in period *t*. Over the next several periods this configuration changes. The chain index evolves away from its original point. At a later point in time the original price-quantity configuration might recur, but the chain price index would not in general return to its original level. It is this problem of drift that has discouraged the use of chain indexes on a more wide scale.

The chain price index is not used as a deflator in the accounts, as it does not satisfy the factor reversibility and additive consistency requirements that were described earlier. Its use lies rather in the insights it can bring to the analysis of price change between adjacent periods and in particular, in the identification of the amount of the change in the implicit indexes that can be attributed to strict price change, as opposed to the amount attributable to compositional shifts. The role of these indexes is therefore as an adjunct for price analysis rather than for deflation.

3. Comparison of the Price Index Movements

In general the fixed-weighted price indexes will tend to rise faster than their current-weighted counterparts if prices and quantities shift in opposite directions between the base period and the current period. The current-weighted price indexes will tend to rise more quickly if prices and quantities shift in the same direction.⁴ Finally, the chain indexes will tend to lie between the fixed-weighted and implicit indexes,

⁴ This is further discussed in R.G.D. Allen, Chapter 2.

Dans les comptes des revenus et dépenses du Canada, on calcule deux séries d'indices de prix en chaîne. La première est pondérée et raccordée à chaque trimestre tandis que la seconde l'est à chaque année. Ces séries sont construites dans les comptes à partir des poids des valeurs et des indices de prix Laspeyres au même niveau de détail que pour les indices à pondération fixe et les indices implicites. Ces séries figurent au tableau 23 des **Comptes nationaux des revenus et dépenses**, 13-001 au catalogue. Les indices de prix implicites (Paasche) figurent au tableau 21, et les indices de prix à pondération fixe (Laspeyres), au tableau 22 de la même publication.

Les indices de prix en chaîne sont précieux pour l'analyse du mouvement des prix entre périodes adjacentes puisqu'ils offrent une mesure sans ambiguïté de la variation des prix avec des poids courants. Les indices à pondération fixe conviennent mieux aux comparaisons de prix à long terme, tandis que ceux à pondération courante sont utiles en tant que dérivés du processus de déflation.

Il est important de souligner que si les indices en chaîne mesurent très bien la "variation pure de prix" pour des périodes adjacentes, on ne saurait s'y fier pour la mesure des variations de prix entre périodes non adjacentes. Ces indices sont sujets à un problème de "dérive". Supposons par exemple que l'on prenne une configuration prix-quantité donnée pour la période *t*. Au cours des périodes suivantes, cette configuration se modifie. L'indice en chaîne s'écarte de son point original. La configuration originale prix-quantité peut se présenter à nouveau ultérieurement mais l'indice de prix en chaîne ne se retrouvera probablement pas à son niveau original. C'est ce problème de dérive qui a restreint l'emploi des indices en chaîne sur une plus grande échelle.

L'indice de prix en chaîne n'est pas utilisé comme dégonfleur dans les comptes parce qu'il ne répond pas aux critères de réversibilité des facteurs et d'additivité décrits plus haut. Il permet plutôt de raffiner l'analyse de l'évolution des prix entre périodes adjacentes et, en particulier, à identifier dans quelle proportion la variation dans les indices implicites peut être attribuée à des variations pures de prix ou à des changements de composition. Les indices en chaîne servent donc de complément à l'analyse des prix plutôt qu'à la déflation.

3. Comparaison des mouvements des indices de prix

En général, les indices à pondération fixe auront tendance à augmenter plus rapidement que les indices à pondération courante lorsque prix et quantités vont en direction opposée entre la période de base et la période courante. Les indices de prix à pondération courante auront tendance à augmenter plus rapidement lorsque prix et quantités évoluent dans le même sens⁴. Enfin, les indices en chaîne auront tendance à se situer entre les indices à

⁴ Ce sujet est discuté en profondeur dans R.G.D. Allen, chapitre 2.

since their weights are current but they are of the fixed-weighted form. These points are illustrated in the accompanying charts.

For example, the interplay of price movements and weight shifts can be observed in the fourth quarter of 1986 in the business investment category. The 2.0% decline in the implicit price index for machinery and equipment reflects a shift in the weight on electronic office equipment, whose price index level was much lower by 1986 than the levels for other machinery and equipment products. There has been an ongoing sharp price decline for electronic office equipment since 1981, the base period. The fixed-weighted index rose 0.7% in the quarter, more than the 0.4% increase in the chain index whose third quarter 1986 weights were closer to the implicit index weights. The increase in the chain index identifies the amount of the change in the implicit index that was attributable to price. The portion of the implicit price index that is due to "non-price" factors can be identified residually by subtracting the chain index movement from the implicit index movement, -2.4% in this example ($-2.0\% - 0.4\% = -2.4\%$).

Aggregating the three components of business investment (residential construction, non-residential construction and machinery and equipment investment) results in a much lower increase in the implicit index (0.4%) than in the fixed-weighted index (1.2%), while the chain index increases by the greatest amount (1.3%). The chain index provides the best estimate of price change for the quarter, relative to the previous quarter.

At the level of total Gross Domestic Product, much smaller quarterly differences are evident in the price movements measured by the three indexes. Nevertheless the usefulness of the chain index in identifying the amount of price change occurring each quarter is still readily apparent. In most of the quarters shown in the charts the chain index movement falls between the implicit and fixed-weighted indexes.

pondération fixe et les indices implicites puisque leurs poids sont courants mais qu'ils sont du type à pondération fixe. Ces points sont illustrés dans les graphiques.

Observons par exemple l'effet combiné du mouvement des prix et des pondérations au quatrième trimestre de 1986 dans la catégorie des investissements des entreprises. La diminution de 2.0% de l'indice de prix implicite des machines et de matériel traduit un changement dans la pondération du matériel de bureautique dont l'indice de prix était beaucoup plus bas en 1986 que celui des autres catégories de machines et de matériel. Le matériel de bureautique a subi une baisse de prix importante et soutenue depuis 1981, la période de base. L'indice à pondération fixe a augmenté de 0.7% durant le trimestre, davantage que la hausse de 0.4% enregistrée par l'indice en chaîne dont les poids au troisième trimestre de 1986 étaient plus proches de ceux de l'indice implicite. L'augmentation dans l'indice en chaîne indique l'ampleur de la variation de l'indice implicite attribuable au prix. La part de l'indice de prix implicite due à d'autres facteurs que les prix peut être obtenue de manière résiduelle en soustrayant le mouvement de l'indice en chaîne de celui de l'indice implicite, soit -2.4% dans notre exemple ($-2.0\% - 0.4\% = -2.4\%$).

L'agrégation des trois composantes des investissements des entreprises (machines et matériel, construction résidentielle et non résidentielle) se traduit par une augmentation beaucoup plus faible de l'indice implicite (0.4%) que de l'indice à pondération fixe (1.2%), alors que l'indice en chaîne affiche la plus forte hausse, soit 1.3%. C'est l'indice en chaîne qui donne la meilleure estimation de la variation de prix pour le trimestre, par rapport au trimestre précédent.

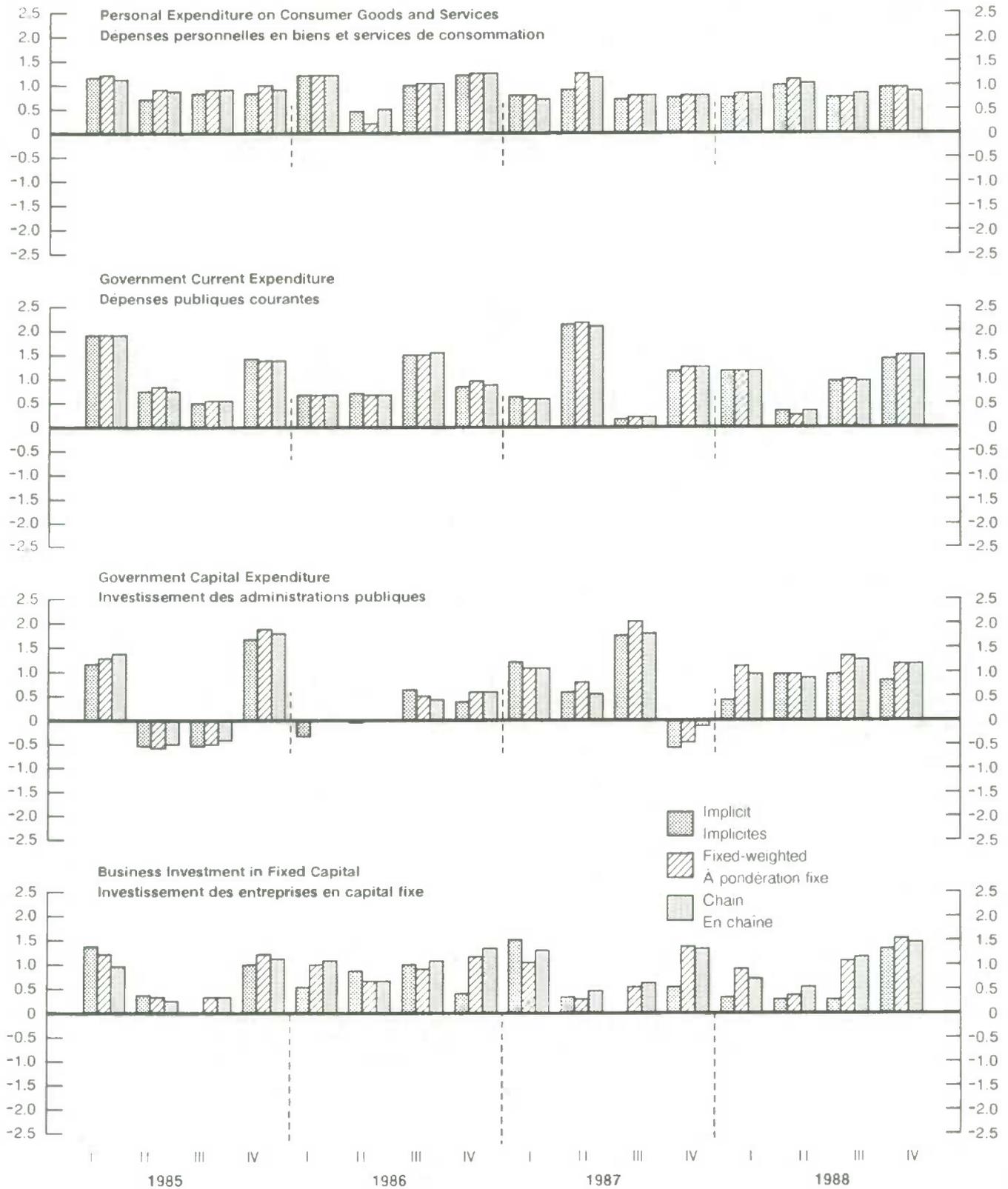
Au niveau du total du produit intérieur brut, on observe à chaque trimestre des écarts beaucoup plus faibles dans les mouvements des prix tels que mesurés par les trois indices. Néanmoins, l'utilité de l'indice en chaîne pour mesurer l'ampleur de la variation de prix à chaque trimestre demeure évidente. Comme l'illustrent les graphiques, le mouvement de l'indice en chaîne se situe entre celui de l'indice implicite et celui de l'indice à pondération fixe pour la plupart des trimestres.

Price Index Comparisons, 1985-1988

Comparaison d'indices de prix, 1985-1988

Percentage change

Variation en pourcentage

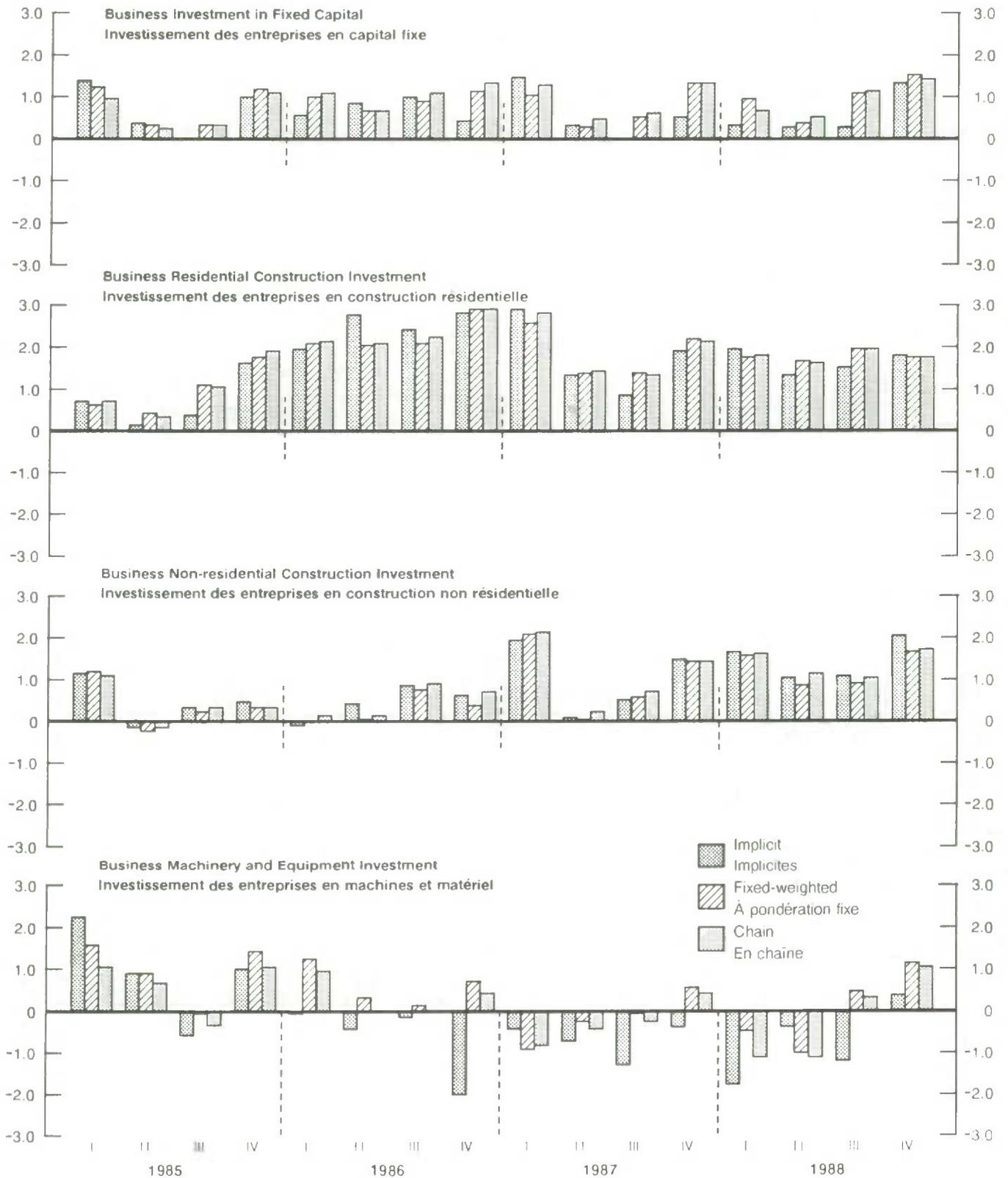


Price Index Comparisons, 1985-1988

Comparaison d'indices de prix, 1985-1988

Percentage change

Variation en pourcentage



Price Index Comparisons, 1985-1988

Comparaison d'indices de prix, 1985-1988

Percentage change

Variation en pourcentage



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Tables Adjusted for Seasonal Variation
and at Annual Rates

Séries corrigées des variations saisonnières,
au taux annuel

TABLE 1. Gross Domestic Product

Income Based

Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates

| No. | CANSIM matrix No. 006721 | 1981 | | | | | 1982 | | | | |
|-----|--|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | | I | II | III | IV | Year Année | I | II | III | IV | Year Année |
| | | millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Wages, salaries and supplementary labour income(1). | 187,308 | 195,884 | 201,504 | 206,944 | 197,910 | 211,380 | 211,596 | 210,648 | 212,792 | 211,604 |
| 2 | Corporation profits before taxes(2) | 41,916 | 41,736 | 35,796 | 31,168 | 37,654 | 26,876 | 25,336 | 26,356 | 28,824 | 26,848 |
| 3 | Interest and miscellaneous investment income(3) | 29,924 | 31,068 | 34,088 | 34,868 | 32,487 | 34,992 | 36,724 | 37,704 | 31,928 | 35,337 |
| 4 | Accrued net income of farm operators from farm production(4). | 4,244 | 4,296 | 3,532 | 2,940 | 3,753 | 3,628 | 4,112 | 3,332 | 2,748 | 3,455 |
| 5 | Net income of non-farm unincorporated business, including rent(5). | 13,460 | 14,004 | 14,080 | 14,856 | 14,100 | 15,352 | 16,252 | 17,412 | 18,424 | 16,860 |
| 6 | Inventory valuation adjustment(6) | -8,720 | -7,936 | -6,744 | -5,468 | -7,217 | -4,716 | -4,888 | -4,024 | 524 | -3,276 |
| 7 | Net domestic income at factor cost | 268,132 | 279,052 | 282,256 | 285,308 | 278,687 | 287,512 | 289,132 | 291,428 | 295,240 | 290,828 |
| 8 | Indirect taxes less subsidies | 34,208 | 35,452 | 37,752 | 38,416 | 36,457 | 39,676 | 38,340 | 38,940 | 38,676 | 38,908 |
| 9 | Capital consumption allowances | 39,152 | 40,092 | 41,168 | 42,296 | 40,677 | 43,148 | 44,224 | 44,512 | 45,540 | 44,356 |
| 10 | Statistical discrepancy | 1,008 | 352 | -344 | -324 | 173 | -692 | 340 | 1,304 | 448 | 350 |
| 11 | Gross Domestic Product at market prices | 342,500 | 354,948 | 360,832 | 365,696 | 355,994 | 369,644 | 372,036 | 376,184 | 379,904 | 374,442 |
| | | 1985 | | | | | 1986 | | | | |
| | | millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Wages, salaries and supplementary labour income(1). | 250,452 | 254,652 | 259,984 | 264,288 | 257,344 | 268,572 | 272,460 | 276,528 | 280,868 | 274,607 |
| 2 | Corporation profits before taxes(2) | 48,056 | 47,424 | 48,056 | 51,552 | 48,772 | 43,724 | 45,432 | 46,024 | 49,316 | 46,124 |
| 3 | Interest and miscellaneous investment income(3). | 39,292 | 39,976 | 40,036 | 41,728 | 40,258 | 40,956 | 38,100 | 38,800 | 40,488 | 39,586 |
| 4 | Accrued net income of farm operators from farm production(4). | 3,588 | 5,424 | 3,224 | 3,712 | 3,987 | 4,868 | 7,276 | 3,840 | 4,380 | 5,091 |
| 5 | Net income of non-farm unincorporated business, including rent(5). | 25,284 | 26,284 | 27,244 | 27,600 | 26,603 | 28,412 | 29,452 | 29,700 | 30,312 | 29,469 |
| 6 | Inventory valuation adjustment(6) | -2,632 | -1,388 | -1,296 | -1,836 | -1,788 | -1,340 | -212 | -2,176 | -3,428 | -1,789 |
| 7 | Net domestic income at factor cost | 364,040 | 372,372 | 377,248 | 387,044 | 375,176 | 385,192 | 392,508 | 392,716 | 401,936 | 393,088 |
| 8 | Indirect taxes less subsidies | 46,220 | 45,824 | 47,648 | 49,012 | 47,176 | 52,248 | 52,480 | 56,888 | 53,684 | 53,825 |
| 9 | Capital consumption allowances | 54,236 | 55,488 | 56,236 | 57,080 | 55,760 | 58,280 | 58,720 | 60,100 | 60,652 | 59,438 |
| 10 | Statistical discrepancy | 928 | -476 | 1,244 | 916 | 653 | 1,856 | 324 | -452 | -1,200 | 132 |
| 11 | Gross Domestic Product at market prices | 465,424 | 473,208 | 482,376 | 494,052 | 478,765 | 497,576 | 504,032 | 509,252 | 515,072 | 506,483 |

See footnote(s) at end of statistical tables.

TABLEAU 1. Produit intérieur brut

En termes de revenus

Désaisonnalisé au taux annuel

| 1983 | | | | | 1984 | | | | | Numéro de matrice CANSIM 006721 | N ^o |
|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--|----------------|
| I | II | III | IV | Year Année | I | II | III | IV | Year Année | | |
| millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 214,376 | 220,416 | 224,592 | 227,816 | 221,800 | 231,756 | 236,672 | 241,264 | 245,704 | 238,849 | Rémunération des salariés(1) | 1 |
| 31,372 | 36,560 | 40,008 | 40,348 | 37,072 | 44,336 | 46,356 | 45,480 | 47,248 | 45,855 | Bénéfices des sociétés avant impôts(2) | 2 |
| 37,004 | 35,052 | 36,296 | 37,380 | 36,433 | 40,284 | 41,564 | 42,060 | 39,644 | 40,888 | Intérêts et revenus divers de placements(3) | 3 |
| 2,444 | 2,360 | 2,600 | 2,868 | 2,568 | 3,316 | 3,488 | 3,524 | 3,192 | 3,380 | Revenu comptable net des exploitants agricoles au titre de la production agricole(4) | 4 |
| 19,300 | 20,992 | 21,728 | 22,224 | 21,061 | 23,008 | 23,752 | 24,344 | 24,604 | 23,927 | Revenu net des entreprises individuelles non agricoles, loyers compris(5) | 5 |
| -1,348 | -3,472 | -4,020 | -1,796 | -2,659 | -3,972 | -2,000 | -2,004 | -2,524 | -2,625 | Ajustement de la valeur des stocks(6) | 6 |
| 303,148 | 311,908 | 321,204 | 328,840 | 316,275 | 338,728 | 349,832 | 354,668 | 357,868 | 350,274 | Revenu intérieur net au coût des facteurs | 7 |
| 37,752 | 40,596 | 41,252 | 40,940 | 40,135 | 42,024 | 41,704 | 42,712 | 44,416 | 42,714 | Impôts indirects moins subventions | 8 |
| 45,336 | 46,344 | 47,844 | 48,716 | 47,060 | 49,276 | 50,392 | 51,412 | 52,456 | 50,884 | Provisions pour consommation de capital | 9 |
| 2,412 | 2,412 | 2,172 | 1,992 | 2,247 | 1,292 | 420 | 24 | 1,716 | 863 | Divergence statistique | 10 |
| 388,648 | 401,260 | 412,472 | 420,488 | 405,717 | 431,320 | 442,348 | 448,816 | 456,456 | 444,735 | Produit intérieur brut aux prix du marché | 11 |
| 1987 | | | | | 1988 | | | | | | |
| millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 287,332 | 293,652 | 298,318 | 303,360 | 295,665 | 311,488 | 317,104 | 322,036 | 327,692 | 319,580 | Rémunération des salariés(1) | 1 |
| 51,864 | 56,612 | 59,020 | 61,520 | 57,254 | 62,312 | 64,280 | 66,152 | 65,416 | 64,540 | Bénéfices des sociétés avant impôts(2) | 2 |
| 38,820 | 41,588 | 40,932 | 43,772 | 41,278 | 42,952 | 44,812 | 45,596 | 49,776 | 45,784 | Intérêts et revenus divers de placements(3) | 3 |
| 4,172 | 8,460 | 3,024 | 5,268 | 5,231 | 5,512 | 5,524 | 5,108 | 4,608 | 5,188 | Revenu comptable net des exploitants agricoles au titre de la production agricole(4) | 4 |
| 30,960 | 31,740 | 32,344 | 33,116 | 32,040 | 33,124 | 33,252 | 33,500 | 34,324 | 33,550 | Revenu net des entreprises individuelles non agricoles, loyers compris(5) | 5 |
| -448 | -4,020 | -4,296 | -3,712 | -3,119 | -2,012 | -3,492 | -2,364 | -1,272 | -2,285 | Ajustement de la valeur des stocks(6) | 6 |
| 412,700 | 428,032 | 429,340 | 443,324 | 428,349 | 453,376 | 461,480 | 470,028 | 480,544 | 466,357 | Revenu intérieur net au coût des facteurs | 7 |
| 56,292 | 53,568 | 61,520 | 60,664 | 58,011 | 61,356 | 64,640 | 65,796 | 68,508 | 65,075 | Impôts indirects moins subventions | 8 |
| 61,156 | 62,496 | 63,800 | 65,756 | 63,302 | 67,192 | 68,372 | 69,348 | 70,608 | 68,880 | Provisions pour consommation de capital | 9 |
| -452 | -476 | 304 | 744 | 30 | -764 | -1,852 | -1,024 | -2,680 | -1,580 | Divergence statistique | 10 |
| 529,696 | 543,620 | 554,964 | 570,488 | 549,692 | 581,160 | 592,640 | 604,148 | 616,980 | 598,732 | Produit intérieur brut aux prix du marché | 11 |

Voir notes) à la fin des tableaux statistiques.

TABLE 2. Gross Domestic Product

Expenditure Based

Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates

| No | CANSIM matrix No. 006722 | 1981 | | | | | 1982 | | | | |
|---|--|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | | I | II | III | IV | Year Année | I | II | III | IV | Year Année |
| millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Personal expenditure on consumer goods and services. | 189,032 | 194,056 | 198,692 | 202,984 | 196,191 | 203,556 | 208,648 | 213,096 | 216,736 | 210,509 |
| 2 | Government current expenditure on goods and services(1). | 64,012 | 66,812 | 71,244 | 73,100 | 68,792 | 74,652 | 77,096 | 79,996 | 82,876 | 78,655 |
| Government investment: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | Fixed capital(2) | 8,836 | 9,268 | 9,672 | 10,012 | 9,447 | 10,196 | 10,424 | 10,600 | 10,856 | 10,519 |
| 4 | Inventories | -1,048 | 244 | -104 | 88 | -205 | 164 | 168 | 196 | -252 | 69 |
| Business investment: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | Fixed capital(3) | 73,480 | 77,808 | 77,420 | 77,980 | 76,672 | 75,836 | 70,724 | 67,654 | 69,008 | 70,608 |
| 6 | Residential construction | 20,284 | 22,108 | 20,672 | 19,212 | 20,569 | 18,656 | 16,772 | 16,648 | 18,272 | 17,587 |
| 7 | Non-residential construction | 25,660 | 26,604 | 27,428 | 29,240 | 27,233 | 28,852 | 27,340 | 25,204 | 25,344 | 26,685 |
| 8 | Machinery and equipment | 27,536 | 29,096 | 29,320 | 29,528 | 28,870 | 28,328 | 26,612 | 25,812 | 25,392 | 26,536 |
| 9 | Inventories | 3,016 | 5,344 | 2,068 | -4,864 | 1,391 | -4,848 | -9,972 | -11,408 | -13,060 | -9,822 |
| 10 | Non-farm(4) | 1,732 | 4,360 | 1,728 | -5,032 | 697 | -5,780 | -9,912 | -11,216 | -12,632 | -9,885 |
| 11 | Farm and grain in commercial channels(5). | 1,284 | 964 | 340 | 168 | 694 | 932 | -60 | -192 | -428 | 63 |
| 12 | Exports of goods and services | 95,256 | 98,304 | 95,488 | 98,472 | 96,880 | 95,384 | 97,720 | 99,736 | 93,764 | 96,651 |
| 13 | Merchandise | 83,048 | 85,816 | 82,884 | 85,980 | 84,432 | 83,272 | 85,316 | 87,328 | 81,660 | 84,394 |
| 14 | Non-merchandise | 12,208 | 12,488 | 12,604 | 12,492 | 12,448 | 12,112 | 12,404 | 12,408 | 12,104 | 12,257 |
| 15 | Deduct: Imports of goods and services | 89,072 | 96,540 | 93,992 | 92,400 | 93,001 | 85,988 | 82,436 | 82,392 | 79,578 | 82,598 |
| 16 | Merchandise | 73,500 | 80,668 | 78,128 | 76,264 | 77,140 | 69,988 | 66,764 | 66,796 | 63,404 | 66,738 |
| 17 | Non-merchandise | 15,572 | 15,872 | 15,864 | 16,136 | 15,861 | 16,000 | 15,672 | 15,596 | 16,172 | 15,860 |
| 18 | Statistical discrepancy | -1,012 | -348 | 344 | 324 | -173 | 692 | -336 | -1,304 | -448 | -349 |
| 19 | Gross Domestic Product at market prices | 342,500 | 354,948 | 360,832 | 365,696 | 355,994 | 369,644 | 372,036 | 376,184 | 379,904 | 374,442 |
| 20 | <i>Final domestic demand (1 + 2 + 3 + 5)</i> | <i>335,360</i> | <i>347,944</i> | <i>357,028</i> | <i>364,076</i> | <i>351,102</i> | <i>364,240</i> | <i>366,892</i> | <i>371,356</i> | <i>379,476</i> | <i>370,491</i> |
| millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | 1985 | | | | | 1986 | | | | |
| 1 | Personal expenditure on consumer goods and services. | 265,468 | 270,904 | 278,900 | 284,512 | 274,946 | 289,088 | 293,920 | 301,412 | 304,796 | 297,304 |
| 2 | Government current expenditure on goods and services(1). | 94,332 | 94,976 | 95,432 | 98,060 | 95,700 | 98,536 | 99,116 | 101,468 | 102,752 | 100,468 |
| Government investment: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | Fixed capital(2) | 12,360 | 12,864 | 13,152 | 13,244 | 12,905 | 13,012 | 12,604 | 12,360 | 12,236 | 12,553 |
| 4 | Inventories | -80 | -36 | -32 | -108 | -64 | 28 | -24 | -196 | 52 | -35 |
| Business investment: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | Fixed capital(3) | 76,084 | 79,780 | 83,060 | 85,320 | 81,311 | 87,856 | 87,864 | 88,828 | 90,544 | 88,773 |
| 6 | Residential construction | 23,088 | 23,980 | 25,744 | 28,076 | 25,222 | 28,332 | 30,260 | 31,488 | 33,144 | 30,806 |
| 7 | Non-residential construction | 25,336 | 27,460 | 27,428 | 26,760 | 26,746 | 27,824 | 25,588 | 24,564 | 24,532 | 25,627 |
| 8 | Machinery and equipment | 27,660 | 28,340 | 29,888 | 31,484 | 29,343 | 31,700 | 32,016 | 32,776 | 32,868 | 32,340 |
| 9 | Inventories | 2,412 | 2,516 | 5,120 | 2,132 | 3,045 | 7,300 | 5,312 | 224 | -952 | 2,971 |
| 10 | Non-farm(4) | 1,716 | 1,428 | 4,420 | 2,092 | 2,414 | 5,976 | 3,656 | -860 | -1,056 | 1,929 |
| 11 | Farm and grain in commercial channels(5). | 696 | 1,088 | 700 | 40 | 631 | 1,324 | 1,656 | 1,084 | 104 | 1,042 |
| 12 | Exports of goods and services | 131,892 | 135,040 | 133,844 | 139,140 | 134,979 | 137,172 | 135,448 | 138,332 | 138,884 | 137,459 |
| 13 | Merchandise | 116,292 | 119,388 | 117,984 | 122,616 | 119,070 | 120,424 | 117,804 | 119,692 | 121,636 | 119,889 |
| 14 | Non-merchandise | 15,600 | 15,652 | 15,860 | 16,524 | 15,909 | 16,748 | 17,644 | 18,640 | 17,248 | 17,570 |
| 15 | Deduct: Imports of goods and services | 116,116 | 123,308 | 125,860 | 128,332 | 123,404 | 133,564 | 129,884 | 133,624 | 134,444 | 132,879 |
| 16 | Merchandise | 95,920 | 102,916 | 105,144 | 108,700 | 102,670 | 111,652 | 107,488 | 110,392 | 110,784 | 110,079 |
| 17 | Non-merchandise | 20,196 | 20,392 | 20,716 | 21,632 | 20,734 | 21,912 | 22,396 | 23,232 | 23,660 | 22,800 |
| 18 | Statistical discrepancy | -928 | 472 | -1,240 | -916 | -653 | -1,852 | -324 | 448 | 1,204 | -131 |
| 19 | Gross Domestic Product at market prices | 465,424 | 473,208 | 482,376 | 494,052 | 478,765 | 497,576 | 504,032 | 509,252 | 515,072 | 506,483 |
| 20 | <i>Final domestic demand (1 + 2 + 3 + 5)</i> | <i>448,244</i> | <i>458,524</i> | <i>470,544</i> | <i>482,136</i> | <i>464,862</i> | <i>488,492</i> | <i>493,504</i> | <i>504,068</i> | <i>510,328</i> | <i>499,098</i> |

See footnotes) at end of statistical tables

TABLEAU 2. Produit intérieur brut

En termes de dépenses

Désaisonnalisé au taux annuel

| 1983 | | | | | 1984 | | | | | Numéro de matrice CANSIM 006722 | N° |
|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|---|----|
| I | II | III | IV | Year Année | I | II | III | IV | Year Année | | |
| millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 222,468 | 228,148 | 235,084 | 240,108 | 231,452 | 245,788 | 249,580 | 252,084 | 259,128 | 251,645 | Dépenses personnelles en biens et services de consommation | 1 |
| 81,188 | 84,396 | 86,000 | 86,700 | 84,571 | 87,708 | 88,316 | 89,312 | 91,020 | 89,089 | Dépenses publiques courantes en biens et services(1). | 2 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Investissement des administrations publiques: | |
| 10,400 | 10,168 | 10,388 | 10,624 | 10,395 | 10,840 | 11,224 | 11,552 | 11,944 | 11,390 | Capital fixe(2) | 3 |
| 88 | -96 | -184 | 12 | -45 | -100 | 28 | 152 | | 20 | Stocks | 4 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Investissement des entreprises: | |
| 68,856 | 70,612 | 71,744 | 72,116 | 70,832 | 72,784 | 72,624 | 73,876 | 73,952 | 73,309 | Capital fixe(3) | 5 |
| 19,536 | 21,964 | 22,408 | 21,340 | 21,312 | 21,872 | 21,944 | 22,488 | 23,008 | 22,328 | Construction résidentielle | 6 |
| 24,444 | 24,084 | 23,996 | 24,560 | 24,271 | 24,612 | 24,572 | 25,032 | 24,484 | 24,675 | Construction non résidentielle | 7 |
| 24,876 | 24,564 | 25,340 | 26,216 | 25,249 | 26,300 | 26,108 | 26,356 | 26,460 | 26,306 | Machines et matériel | 8 |
| -5,960 | -7,160 | 32 | 1,676 | -2,853 | 4,100 | 6,200 | 4,584 | 4,080 | 4,741 | Stocks | 9 |
| -4,320 | -6,344 | 420 | 1,820 | -2,106 | 4,556 | 6,948 | 6,596 | 4,972 | 5,768 | Non agricoles(4) | 10 |
| -1,640 | -816 | -388 | -144 | -747 | -456 | -748 | -2,012 | -892 | -1,027 | Agricoles et céréales en circuit commercial(5). | 11 |
| 96,128 | 101,920 | 102,972 | 112,756 | 103,444 | 118,196 | 125,136 | 130,784 | 130,024 | 126,035 | Exportations de biens et services | 12 |
| 84,564 | 88,904 | 89,752 | 99,004 | 90,556 | 103,604 | 110,696 | 115,988 | 115,028 | 111,329 | Marchandises | 13 |
| 11,564 | 13,016 | 13,220 | 13,752 | 12,888 | 14,592 | 14,440 | 14,796 | 14,996 | 14,706 | Invisibles | 14 |
| 82,108 | 84,316 | 91,388 | 101,516 | 89,832 | 106,700 | 110,344 | 113,508 | 111,976 | 110,632 | Moins: importations de biens et services | 15 |
| 67,284 | 67,832 | 73,940 | 83,336 | 73,098 | 87,936 | 90,928 | 94,344 | 92,760 | 91,492 | Marchandises | 16 |
| 14,824 | 16,484 | 17,448 | 18,180 | 16,734 | 18,764 | 19,416 | 19,164 | 19,216 | 19,140 | Invisibles | 17 |
| -2,412 | -2,412 | -2,176 | -1,988 | -2,247 | -1,296 | -416 | -20 | -1,716 | -862 | Divergence statistique | 18 |
| 388,648 | 401,260 | 412,472 | 420,488 | 405,717 | 431,320 | 442,348 | 448,816 | 456,456 | 444,735 | Produit intérieur brut aux prix du marché | 19 |
| 382,912 | 393,324 | 403,216 | 409,548 | 397,250 | 417,120 | 421,744 | 426,824 | 436,044 | 425,433 | Demande intérieure finale (1 + 2 + 3 + 5) | 20 |
| 1987 | | | | | 1988 | | | | | | |
| millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 311,096 | 320,112 | 326,424 | 334,248 | 322,970 | 337,652 | 344,260 | 351,328 | 360,288 | 348,382 | Dépenses personnelles en biens et services de consommation. | 1 |
| 104,280 | 106,260 | 106,632 | 108,788 | 106,490 | 111,824 | 112,640 | 114,372 | 116,272 | 113,777 | Dépenses publiques courantes en biens et services(1). | 2 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Investissement des administrations publiques: | |
| 12,608 | 12,636 | 12,896 | 13,048 | 12,797 | 13,156 | 13,724 | 14,004 | 14,044 | 13,732 | Capital fixe(2) | 3 |
| 72 | -104 | -200 | 80 | -38 | 188 | -92 | -64 | 40 | 18 | Stocks | 4 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Investissement des entreprises: | |
| 94,096 | 99,324 | 104,160 | 108,744 | 101,581 | 111,976 | 115,392 | 118,352 | 122,400 | 117,030 | Capital fixe(3) | 5 |
| 35,944 | 38,628 | 40,412 | 40,740 | 38,931 | 41,936 | 42,592 | 43,780 | 45,676 | 43,496 | Construction résidentielle | 6 |
| 24,392 | 25,868 | 27,856 | 29,468 | 26,896 | 30,376 | 31,076 | 32,104 | 33,016 | 31,643 | Construction non résidentielle | 7 |
| 33,760 | 34,828 | 35,892 | 38,536 | 35,754 | 39,664 | 41,724 | 42,468 | 43,708 | 41,891 | Machines et matériel | 8 |
| 900 | 876 | 812 | 5,380 | 1,992 | 2,548 | 1,380 | 36 | 1,524 | 1,372 | Stocks | 9 |
| 704 | 1,076 | 1,108 | 5,580 | 2,117 | 5,352 | 3,836 | 1,204 | 1,656 | 3,012 | Non agricoles(4) | 10 |
| 196 | -200 | -296 | -200 | -125 | -2,804 | -2,456 | -1,168 | -132 | -1,640 | Agricoles et céréales en circuit commercial(5). | 11 |
| 140,948 | 140,488 | 143,604 | 151,812 | 144,213 | 154,656 | 157,764 | 156,892 | 157,896 | 156,802 | Exportations de biens et services | 12 |
| 123,328 | 122,672 | 125,628 | 132,872 | 126,125 | 134,660 | 138,580 | 137,508 | 137,676 | 137,106 | Marchandises | 13 |
| 17,620 | 17,816 | 17,976 | 18,940 | 18,088 | 19,996 | 19,184 | 19,384 | 20,220 | 19,696 | Invisibles | 14 |
| 134,756 | 136,448 | 139,060 | 150,872 | 140,284 | 151,604 | 154,280 | 151,796 | 158,160 | 153,960 | Moins: importations de biens et services | 15 |
| 110,648 | 111,660 | 113,676 | 124,612 | 115,149 | 126,372 | 128,352 | 125,112 | 130,212 | 127,512 | Marchandises | 16 |
| 24,108 | 24,788 | 25,384 | 26,260 | 25,135 | 25,232 | 25,928 | 26,684 | 27,948 | 26,448 | Invisibles | 17 |
| 452 | 476 | -304 | -740 | -29 | 764 | 1,852 | 1,024 | 2,676 | 1,579 | Divergence statistique | 18 |
| 529,696 | 543,620 | 554,964 | 570,488 | 549,692 | 581,160 | 592,640 | 604,148 | 616,980 | 598,732 | Produit intérieur brut aux prix du marché | 19 |
| 522,080 | 538,332 | 550,712 | 564,828 | 543,838 | 574,608 | 586,016 | 598,056 | 613,004 | 592,921 | Demande intérieure finale (1 + 2 + 3 + 5) | 20 |

Voir notes) à la fin des tableaux statistiques

TABLE 3. Gross Domestic Product at 1981 Prices

Expenditure Based

Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Prices

| No. | CANSIM matrix No. 006723 | 1981 | | | | | 1982 | | | | |
|------------------------|---|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | | I | II | III | IV | Year Année | I | II | III | IV | Year Année |
| | | millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Personal expenditure on consumer goods and services. | 196,124 | 196,984 | 195,996 | 195,660 | 196,191 | 191,500 | 191,308 | 190,900 | 190,264 | 190,993 |
| 2 | Government current expenditure on goods and services. | 67,560 | 67,784 | 69,416 | 70,408 | 68,792 | 69,364 | 70,048 | 70,656 | 71,636 | 70,426 |
| Government investment: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | Fixed capital(1) | 9,220 | 9,392 | 9,476 | 9,700 | 9,447 | 9,656 | 9,736 | 9,792 | 10,112 | 9,824 |
| 4 | Inventories | -1,084 | 260 | -92 | 96 | -205 | 152 | 156 | 176 | -220 | 66 |
| Business investment: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | Fixed capital(2) | 76,100 | 78,644 | 76,632 | 75,312 | 76,672 | 72,464 | 66,820 | 63,264 | 64,776 | 66,831 |
| 6 | Residential construction | 21,044 | 22,064 | 20,324 | 18,844 | 20,569 | 18,336 | 16,476 | 16,256 | 17,764 | 17,208 |
| 7 | Non-residential construction | 26,968 | 27,128 | 27,044 | 27,792 | 27,233 | 27,176 | 25,380 | 23,112 | 23,484 | 24,788 |
| 8 | Machinery and equipment | 28,088 | 29,452 | 29,264 | 28,676 | 28,870 | 26,952 | 24,964 | 23,896 | 23,528 | 24,835 |
| 9 | Inventories | 1,896 | 5,396 | 2,224 | -3,952 | 1,391 | -5,480 | -9,868 | -9,868 | -11,624 | -9,210 |
| 10 | Non-farm | 556 | 4,444 | 1,864 | -4,076 | 697 | -6,156 | -9,680 | -9,884 | -10,984 | -9,176 |
| 11 | Farm and grain in commercial channels | 1,340 | 952 | 360 | 124 | 694 | 676 | -188 | 16 | -640 | -34 |
| 12 | Exports of goods and services | 96,716 | 98,280 | 95,088 | 97,436 | 96,880 | 94,704 | 95,384 | 97,176 | 91,824 | 94,772 |
| 13 | Merchandise | 83,980 | 85,624 | 82,656 | 85,468 | 84,432 | 83,560 | 84,404 | 86,456 | 81,576 | 84,004 |
| 14 | Non-merchandise | 12,736 | 12,656 | 12,432 | 11,968 | 12,448 | 11,124 | 10,980 | 10,720 | 10,248 | 10,768 |
| 15 | Deduct: Imports of goods and services | 90,744 | 97,024 | 92,916 | 91,320 | 93,001 | 83,504 | 78,044 | 77,928 | 76,116 | 78,898 |
| 16 | Merchandise | 74,644 | 81,016 | 77,396 | 75,504 | 77,140 | 68,244 | 63,688 | 63,960 | 61,744 | 64,409 |
| 17 | Non-merchandise | 16,100 | 16,008 | 15,520 | 15,816 | 15,861 | 15,260 | 14,356 | 13,968 | 14,372 | 14,489 |
| 18 | Statistical discrepancy | -952 | -364 | 328 | 296 | -173 | 712 | -256 | -1,140 | -360 | -261 |
| 19 | Gross Domestic Product at 1981 prices | 354,836 | 359,352 | 356,152 | 353,636 | 355,994 | 349,568 | 345,284 | 343,028 | 340,292 | 344,543 |
| 20 | <i>Final domestic demand (1 + 2 + 3 + 5)</i> | <i>349,004</i> | <i>352,804</i> | <i>351,520</i> | <i>351,080</i> | <i>351,102</i> | <i>342,984</i> | <i>337,912</i> | <i>334,612</i> | <i>336,788</i> | <i>338,074</i> |
| | | 1985 | | | | | 1986 | | | | |
| | | millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Personal expenditure on consumer goods and services. | 212,844 | 215,672 | 220,196 | 222,724 | 217,859 | 223,524 | 226,188 | 229,592 | 229,352 | 227,164 |
| 2 | Government current expenditure on goods and services. | 74,100 | 74,032 | 74,008 | 74,960 | 74,275 | 74,824 | 74,728 | 75,364 | 75,668 | 75,146 |
| Government investment: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | Fixed capital(1) | 10,652 | 11,148 | 11,460 | 11,348 | 11,152 | 11,188 | 10,844 | 10,568 | 10,420 | 10,755 |
| 4 | Inventories | -64 | -28 | -24 | -84 | -50 | 24 | -16 | -152 | 40 | -26 |
| Business investment: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | Fixed capital(2) | 68,680 | 71,732 | 74,684 | 76,844 | 72,985 | 77,764 | 77,084 | 77,156 | 78,308 | 77,578 |
| 6 | Residential construction | 20,508 | 21,268 | 22,736 | 24,400 | 22,228 | 24,140 | 25,080 | 25,468 | 26,064 | 25,188 |
| 7 | Non-residential construction | 22,208 | 24,108 | 23,992 | 23,292 | 23,400 | 24,248 | 22,200 | 21,124 | 20,960 | 22,133 |
| 8 | Machinery and equipment | 25,964 | 26,356 | 27,956 | 29,152 | 27,357 | 29,376 | 29,804 | 30,564 | 31,284 | 30,257 |
| 9 | Inventories | 2,804 | 2,404 | 4,512 | 1,692 | 2,853 | 6,612 | 5,328 | 2,008 | -260 | 3,422 |
| 10 | Non-farm | 2,088 | 1,268 | 3,724 | 1,796 | 2,219 | 4,952 | 3,224 | 52 | -900 | 1,832 |
| 11 | Farm and grain in commercial channels | 716 | 1,136 | 788 | -104 | 634 | 1,660 | 2,104 | 1,956 | 640 | 1,590 |
| 12 | Exports of goods and services | 124,920 | 125,344 | 123,520 | 129,448 | 125,808 | 128,752 | 129,096 | 132,108 | 133,756 | 130,928 |
| 13 | Merchandise | 112,932 | 113,512 | 111,624 | 117,244 | 113,828 | 116,424 | 116,200 | 118,560 | 121,256 | 118,110 |
| 14 | Non-merchandise | 11,988 | 11,832 | 11,896 | 12,204 | 11,980 | 12,328 | 12,896 | 13,548 | 12,500 | 12,818 |
| 15 | Deduct: Imports of goods and services | 103,696 | 108,852 | 111,740 | 112,260 | 109,137 | 116,092 | 114,688 | 118,440 | 119,312 | 117,133 |
| 16 | Merchandise | 88,744 | 94,004 | 96,716 | 97,028 | 94,123 | 101,128 | 99,220 | 102,520 | 103,312 | 101,545 |
| 17 | Non-merchandise | 14,952 | 14,848 | 15,024 | 15,232 | 15,014 | 14,964 | 15,468 | 15,920 | 16,000 | 15,588 |
| 18 | Statistical discrepancy | -768 | 400 | -1,008 | -736 | -528 | -1,492 | -248 | 376 | 972 | -98 |
| 19 | Gross Domestic Product at 1981 prices | 389,472 | 391,852 | 395,608 | 403,936 | 395,217 | 405,104 | 408,316 | 408,580 | 408,944 | 407,736 |
| 20 | <i>Final domestic demand (1 + 2 + 3 + 5)</i> | <i>386,276</i> | <i>372,584</i> | <i>380,348</i> | <i>385,876</i> | <i>376,271</i> | <i>387,300</i> | <i>388,844</i> | <i>392,680</i> | <i>393,748</i> | <i>390,643</i> |

See footnotes at end of statistical tables.

TABLEAU 3. Produit intérieur brut aux prix de 1981

En termes de dépenses

Désaisonnalisé au taux annuel

| 1983 | | | | | 1984 | | | | | Numéro de matrice CANSIM 006723 | N° |
|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|---|----|
| I | II | III | IV | Year Année | I | II | III | IV | Year Année | | |
| millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 193,708 | 196,072 | 199,392 | 201,012 | 197,546 | 203,876 | 205,928 | 206,596 | 210,256 | 206,664 | Dépenses personnelles en biens et services de consommation. | 1 |
| 70,580 | 71,316 | 72,204 | 71,684 | 71,446 | 72,088 | 71,980 | 72,300 | 72,888 | 72,314 | Dépenses publiques courantes en biens et services. | 2 |
| 9,628 | 9,300 | 9,404 | 9,568 | 9,475 | 9,736 | 10,012 | 10,216 | 10,416 | 10,095 | Investissement des administrations publiques: | |
| 76 | -80 | -156 | 12 | -37 | -84 | 24 | 124 | . | 16 | Capital fixe(1) | 3 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Stocks | 4 |
| 64,876 | 66,552 | 67,380 | 67,716 | 66,631 | 67,604 | 67,128 | 68,108 | 67,700 | 67,635 | Investissement des entreprises: | |
| 18,748 | 20,872 | 20,976 | 19,928 | 20,131 | 20,028 | 19,944 | 20,404 | 20,584 | 20,240 | Capital fixe(2) | 5 |
| 22,952 | 22,564 | 22,376 | 22,860 | 22,688 | 22,504 | 22,316 | 22,548 | 21,712 | 22,270 | Construction résidentielle | 6 |
| 23,176 | 23,116 | 24,028 | 24,928 | 23,812 | 25,072 | 24,868 | 25,156 | 25,404 | 25,125 | Construction non résidentielle | 7 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Machines et matériel | 8 |
| -5,880 | -6,132 | 556 | 1,496 | -2,490 | 3,660 | 5,444 | 3,520 | 2,972 | 3,899 | Stocks | 9 |
| -4,060 | -5,404 | 1,376 | 1,676 | -1,603 | 4,168 | 6,416 | 5,796 | 3,812 | 5,048 | Non agricoles | 10 |
| -1,820 | -728 | -820 | -180 | -887 | -508 | -972 | -2,276 | -840 | -1,149 | Agricoles et céréales en circuit commercial | 11 |
| 93,944 | 99,616 | 100,480 | 109,320 | 100,840 | 112,068 | 117,268 | 122,500 | 122,932 | 118,692 | Exportations de biens et services | 12 |
| 84,248 | 88,768 | 89,676 | 98,088 | 90,195 | 100,116 | 105,588 | 110,772 | 111,244 | 106,930 | Marchandises | 13 |
| 9,696 | 10,848 | 10,804 | 11,232 | 10,645 | 11,952 | 11,680 | 11,728 | 11,688 | 11,762 | Invisibles | 14 |
| 78,740 | 80,672 | 87,828 | 96,796 | 86,009 | 99,568 | 100,668 | 102,336 | 100,324 | 100,724 | Moins: Importations de biens et services | 15 |
| 65,656 | 66,272 | 72,740 | 81,440 | 71,527 | 84,064 | 85,156 | 87,460 | 85,644 | 85,581 | Marchandises | 16 |
| 13,084 | 14,400 | 15,088 | 15,356 | 14,482 | 15,504 | 15,512 | 14,876 | 14,680 | 15,143 | Invisibles | 17 |
| -2,120 | -2,112 | -1,888 | -1,708 | -1,957 | -1,100 | -348 | -12 | -1,444 | -726 | Divergence statistique | 18 |
| 346,072 | 353,860 | 359,544 | 362,304 | 355,445 | 368,280 | 376,768 | 381,016 | 385,396 | 377,865 | Produit intérieur brut aux prix de 1981 | 19 |
| 338,792 | 343,240 | 348,380 | 349,980 | 345,098 | 353,304 | 355,048 | 357,220 | 361,260 | 356,708 | <i>Demande intérieure finale (1 + 2 + 3 + 5)</i> | 20 |
| millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 232,164 | 236,652 | 239,536 | 243,368 | 237,930 | 243,920 | 246,208 | 249,316 | 253,172 | 248,154 | Dépenses personnelles en biens et services de consommation. | 1 |
| 76,304 | 76,108 | 76,240 | 76,864 | 76,379 | 78,052 | 78,344 | 78,784 | 78,944 | 78,531 | Dépenses publiques courantes en biens et services. | 2 |
| 10,608 | 10,568 | 10,596 | 10,784 | 10,639 | 10,824 | 11,184 | 11,300 | 11,236 | 11,136 | Investissement des administrations publiques: | |
| 56 | -80 | -152 | 60 | -29 | 140 | -68 | -48 | 32 | 14 | Capital fixe(1) | 3 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Stocks | 4 |
| 80,168 | 84,308 | 88,420 | 91,804 | 86,175 | 94,204 | 96,784 | 98,968 | 100,992 | 97,737 | Investissement des entreprises: | |
| 27,456 | 29,108 | 30,188 | 29,864 | 29,154 | 30,140 | 30,196 | 30,568 | 31,312 | 30,554 | Capital fixe(2) | 5 |
| 20,436 | 21,648 | 23,188 | 24,164 | 22,359 | 24,492 | 24,788 | 25,324 | 25,516 | 25,030 | Construction résidentielle | 6 |
| 32,276 | 33,552 | 35,044 | 37,776 | 34,662 | 39,572 | 41,800 | 43,076 | 44,164 | 42,153 | Construction non résidentielle | 7 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Machines et matériel | 8 |
| 500 | 720 | 944 | 4,092 | 1,564 | -384 | -360 | -760 | 1,016 | -122 | Stocks | 9 |
| 504 | 1,048 | 892 | 4,664 | 1,777 | 3,924 | 3,892 | 632 | 1,400 | 2,462 | Non agricoles | 10 |
| -4 | -328 | 52 | -572 | -213 | -4,308 | -4,252 | -1,392 | -384 | -2,584 | Agricoles et céréales en circuit commercial | 11 |
| 136,652 | 135,776 | 138,112 | 144,212 | 138,688 | 149,740 | 153,908 | 150,504 | 149,276 | 150,857 | Exportations de biens et services | 12 |
| 124,196 | 123,316 | 125,360 | 131,236 | 126,027 | 136,380 | 141,148 | 137,528 | 135,872 | 137,732 | Marchandises | 13 |
| 12,456 | 12,460 | 12,752 | 12,976 | 12,661 | 13,360 | 12,760 | 12,976 | 13,404 | 13,125 | Invisibles | 14 |
| 121,448 | 123,860 | 126,572 | 136,920 | 127,200 | 139,992 | 145,292 | 142,972 | 148,180 | 144,109 | Moins: Importations de biens et services | 15 |
| 104,708 | 106,752 | 109,068 | 118,772 | 109,825 | 122,180 | 126,536 | 123,612 | 127,988 | 125,079 | Marchandises | 16 |
| 16,740 | 17,108 | 17,504 | 18,148 | 17,375 | 17,812 | 18,756 | 19,360 | 20,192 | 19,030 | Invisibles | 17 |
| 368 | 376 | -228 | -556 | -10 | 592 | 1,396 | 768 | 1,952 | 1,177 | Divergence statistique | 18 |
| 415,372 | 420,568 | 426,896 | 433,708 | 424,136 | 437,096 | 442,104 | 445,860 | 448,440 | 443,375 | Produit intérieur brut aux prix de 1981 | 19 |
| 399,244 | 407,636 | 414,792 | 422,820 | 411,123 | 427,000 | 432,520 | 438,368 | 444,344 | 435,558 | <i>Demande intérieure finale (1 + 2 + 3 + 5)</i> | 20 |

Voir note(s) à la fin des tableaux statistiques.

TABLE 4. Relation between Gross Domestic Product at Market Prices, Gross National Product at Market Prices and Net National Income at Factor Cost

Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates

| No. | CANSIM matrix No. 006724 | 1981 | | | | | 1982 | | | | |
|-----|---|---|---------|---------|---------|---------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------------|
| | | I | II | III | IV | Year Année | I | II | III | IV | Year Année |
| | | millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Gross Domestic Product at market prices | 342,500 | 354,948 | 360,832 | 365,696 | 355,994 | 369,644 | 372,036 | 376,184 | 379,904 | 374,442 |
| | Add: | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | Net investment income from non-residents(1) | -10,064 | -10,820 | -12,896 | -11,568 | -11,337 | -11,964 | -13,124 | -13,128 | -12,464 | -12,670 |
| | Equals: | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | Gross National Product at market prices(2) | 332,436 | 344,128 | 347,936 | 354,128 | 344,657 | 357,680 | 358,912 | 363,056 | 367,440 | 361,772 |
| | Deduct: | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Indirect taxes less subsidies | 34,208 | 35,452 | 37,752 | 38,416 | 36,457 | 39,676 | 38,340 | 38,940 | 38,676 | 38,908 |
| 5 | Capital consumption allowances | 39,152 | 40,092 | 41,168 | 42,296 | 40,677 | 43,148 | 44,224 | 44,512 | 45,540 | 44,356 |
| 6 | Statistical discrepancy | 1,008 | 352 | -344 | -324 | 173 | -692 | 340 | 1,304 | 448 | 350 |
| | Equals: | | | | | | | | | | |
| 7 | Net National Income at factor cost | 258,068 | 268,232 | 269,360 | 273,740 | 267,350 | 275,548 | 276,008 | 278,300 | 282,776 | 278,158 |
| | | 1985 | | | | | 1986 | | | | |
| | | millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Gross Domestic Product at market prices | 465,424 | 473,208 | 482,376 | 494,052 | 478,765 | 497,576 | 504,032 | 509,252 | 515,072 | 506,483 |
| | Add: | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | Net investment income from non-residents(1) | -14,632 | -12,816 | -14,796 | -15,032 | -14,319 | -16,692 | -16,468 | -14,324 | -18,732 | -16,554 |
| | Equals: | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | Gross National Product at market prices(2) | 450,792 | 460,392 | 467,580 | 479,020 | 464,446 | 480,884 | 487,564 | 494,928 | 496,340 | 489,929 |
| | Deduct: | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | Indirect taxes less subsidies | 46,220 | 45,824 | 47,648 | 49,012 | 47,176 | 52,248 | 52,480 | 56,888 | 53,684 | 53,825 |
| 5 | Capital consumption allowances | 54,236 | 55,488 | 56,236 | 57,080 | 55,760 | 58,280 | 58,720 | 60,100 | 60,652 | 59,438 |
| 6 | Statistical discrepancy | 928 | -476 | 1,244 | 916 | 653 | 1,856 | 324 | -452 | -1,200 | 132 |
| | Equals: | | | | | | | | | | |
| 7 | Net National Income at factor cost | 349,408 | 359,556 | 362,452 | 372,012 | 360,857 | 368,500 | 376,040 | 378,392 | 383,204 | 376,534 |

See footnot(es) at end of statistical tables.

TABLEAU 4. Rapport entre le produit intérieur brut aux prix du marché, le produit national brut aux prix du marché et le revenu national net au coût des facteurs

Désaisonnalisés au taux annuel

| 1983 | | | | | 1984 | | | | | Numéro de matrice CANSIM 006724 | N ^o |
|---|---------|---------|---------|---------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------------|---|----------------|
| I | II | III | IV | Year Année | I | II | III | IV | Year Année | | |
| millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 388,648 | 401,260 | 412,472 | 420,488 | 405,717 | 431,320 | 442,348 | 448,816 | 456,456 | 444,735 | Produit intérieur brut aux prix du marché | 1 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Plus: | |
| -10,444 | -11,564 | -12,244 | -12,160 | -11,603 | -12,760 | -14,416 | -12,560 | -14,208 | -13,486 | Revenus nets de placements des non-résidents(1) | 2 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Égale: | |
| 378,204 | 389,696 | 400,228 | 408,328 | 394,114 | 418,560 | 427,932 | 436,256 | 442,248 | 431,249 | Produit national brut aux prix du marché(2) | 3 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Moins: | |
| 37,752 | 40,596 | 41,252 | 40,940 | 40,135 | 42,024 | 41,704 | 42,712 | 44,416 | 42,714 | Impôts indirects moins subventions | 4 |
| 45,336 | 46,344 | 47,844 | 48,716 | 47,060 | 49,276 | 50,392 | 51,412 | 52,456 | 50,884 | Provisions pour consommation de capital | 5 |
| 2,412 | 2,412 | 2,172 | 1,992 | 2,247 | 1,292 | 420 | 24 | 1,716 | 863 | Divergence statistique | 6 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Égale: | |
| 292,704 | 300,344 | 308,960 | 316,680 | 304,672 | 325,968 | 335,416 | 342,108 | 343,660 | 336,786 | Revenu national net au coût des facteurs | 7 |
| millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 529,696 | 543,620 | 554,964 | 570,488 | 549,692 | 581,160 | 592,640 | 604,148 | 616,980 | 598,732 | Produit intérieur brut aux prix du marché | 1 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Plus: | |
| -14,668 | -18,876 | -18,012 | -16,872 | -16,607 | -14,504 | -19,312 | -18,348 | -21,524 | -18,422 | Revenus nets de placements des non-résidents(1) | 2 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Égale: | |
| 515,028 | 526,744 | 536,952 | 553,616 | 533,085 | 566,656 | 573,328 | 585,800 | 595,456 | 580,310 | Produit national brut aux prix du marché(2) | 3 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Moins: | |
| 56,292 | 53,568 | 61,520 | 60,664 | 58,011 | 61,356 | 64,640 | 65,796 | 68,508 | 65,075 | Impôts indirects moins subventions | 4 |
| 61,156 | 62,496 | 63,800 | 65,756 | 63,302 | 67,192 | 68,372 | 69,348 | 70,608 | 68,880 | Provisions pour consommation de capital | 5 |
| -452 | -476 | 304 | 744 | 30 | -764 | -1,852 | -1,024 | -2,680 | -1,580 | Divergence statistique | 6 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Égale: | |
| 398,032 | 411,156 | 411,328 | 426,452 | 411,742 | 438,872 | 442,168 | 451,680 | 459,020 | 447,935 | Revenu national net au coût des facteurs | 7 |

Voir note(s) à la fin des tableaux statistiques.

TABLE 5. Sources and Disposition of Gross Saving

Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates

| No. | CANSIM matrix No. 006725 | 1981 | | | | | 1982 | | | | |
|--------------------|--|---|---------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | | I | II | III | IV | Year | I | II | III | IV | Year |
| | | | | | | | Année | | | | |
| | | millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | |
| Sources | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Saving | 39,392 | 42,964 | 37,568 | 36,304 | 39,057 | 37,092 | 28,812 | 24,380 | 21,872 | 28,039 |
| 2 | Persons and unincorporated business | 31,144 | 34,684 | 36,268 | 38,976 | 35,268 | 49,532 | 47,896 | 47,152 | 43,140 | 46,930 |
| 3 | Personal saving | 31,588 | 35,136 | 36,916 | 39,336 | 35,744 | 49,500 | 47,624 | 46,940 | 43,044 | 46,777 |
| 4 | Adjustment on grain transactions(1) | -444 | -452 | -648 | -360 | -476 | 32 | 272 | 212 | 96 | 153 |
| 5 | Corporate and government business enterprises | 8,776 | 8,352 | 2,212 | 992 | 5,083 | -6,108 | -5,076 | -3,076 | 8,540 | -1,430 |
| 6 | Undistributed corporation profits | 13,684 | 13,136 | 6,548 | 4,156 | 9,381 | -2,404 | -2,932 | -2,280 | 3,056 | -1,115 |
| 7 | Unremitted profits of government business enterprises | 3,096 | 2,168 | 1,684 | 1,200 | 2,037 | -76 | 1,368 | -32 | 1,208 | 617 |
| 8 | Capital assistance | 716 | 984 | 724 | 1,104 | 882 | 1,088 | 1,276 | 3,260 | 3,752 | 2,344 |
| 9 | Inventory valuation adjustment | -8,720 | -7,936 | -6,744 | -5,468 | -7,217 | -4,716 | -4,888 | -4,024 | 524 | -3,276 |
| 10 | Government | -528 | -72 | -912 | -3,664 | -1,294 | -6,332 | -14,008 | -19,696 | -29,808 | -17,461 |
| 11 | Capital consumption allowances | 39,152 | 40,092 | 41,168 | 42,296 | 40,677 | 43,148 | 44,224 | 44,512 | 45,540 | 44,356 |
| 12 | Persons and unincorporated business | 11,172 | 11,348 | 11,668 | 11,912 | 11,525 | 12,352 | 12,500 | 12,548 | 12,676 | 12,519 |
| 13 | Government | 5,052 | 5,236 | 5,404 | 5,552 | 5,311 | 5,680 | 5,828 | 5,948 | 6,068 | 5,881 |
| 14 | Corporations | 20,532 | 21,092 | 21,644 | 22,328 | 21,399 | 22,344 | 23,028 | 23,136 | 23,748 | 23,064 |
| 15 | Government business enterprises | 2,396 | 2,416 | 2,452 | 2,504 | 2,442 | 2,772 | 2,868 | 2,880 | 3,048 | 2,892 |
| 16 | Surplus (-) or deficit (+) of Canada on current transactions with non-residents(2) | 3,720 | 8,908 | 11,008 | 5,264 | 7,225 | 2,492 | -2,368 | -4,448 | -1,756 | -1,520 |
| 17 | Statistical discrepancy | 1,008 | 352 | -344 | -324 | 173 | -692 | 340 | 1,304 | 448 | 350 |
| 18 | Total | 83,272 | 92,316 | 89,400 | 83,540 | 87,132 | 82,040 | 71,008 | 65,748 | 66,104 | 71,225 |
| Disposition | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 19 | Total investment in fixed capital(3) | 82,316 | 87,076 | 87,092 | 87,992 | 86,119 | 86,032 | 81,148 | 78,264 | 79,864 | 81,327 |
| 20 | Residential construction | 20,316 | 22,180 | 20,752 | 19,276 | 20,631 | 18,704 | 16,828 | 16,712 | 18,348 | 17,648 |
| 21 | Non-residential construction | 33,100 | 34,316 | 35,408 | 37,472 | 35,074 | 37,396 | 36,120 | 34,208 | 34,612 | 35,584 |
| 22 | Machinery and equipment | 28,900 | 30,580 | 30,932 | 31,244 | 30,414 | 29,932 | 28,200 | 27,344 | 26,904 | 28,095 |
| 23 | Total investment in inventories | 1,968 | 5,588 | 1,964 | -4,776 | 1,186 | -4,684 | -9,804 | -11,212 | -13,312 | -9,753 |
| 24 | Statistical discrepancy | -1,012 | -348 | 344 | 324 | -173 | 692 | -336 | -1,304 | -448 | -349 |
| 25 | Total | 83,272 | 92,316 | 89,400 | 83,540 | 87,132 | 82,040 | 71,008 | 65,748 | 66,104 | 71,225 |
| | | 1985 | | | | | 1986 | | | | |
| | | millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | |
| Sources | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Saving | 35,220 | 39,084 | 34,996 | 37,828 | 36,782 | 33,208 | 34,928 | 31,600 | 30,192 | 32,482 |
| 2 | Persons and unincorporated business | 46,952 | 47,944 | 40,004 | 40,752 | 43,913 | 41,792 | 40,324 | 32,808 | 36,020 | 37,736 |
| 3 | Personal saving | 47,172 | 48,028 | 40,152 | 40,528 | 43,970 | 41,744 | 40,384 | 33,012 | 36,240 | 37,845 |
| 4 | Adjustment on grain transactions(1) | -220 | -84 | -148 | 224 | -57 | 48 | -60 | -204 | -220 | -109 |
| 5 | Corporate and government business enterprises | 19,816 | 20,696 | 19,140 | 23,504 | 20,789 | 13,316 | 18,524 | 19,236 | 18,064 | 17,285 |
| 6 | Undistributed corporation profits | 17,620 | 17,056 | 16,684 | 19,808 | 17,792 | 11,320 | 14,236 | 17,000 | 15,724 | 14,570 |
| 7 | Unremitted profits of government business enterprises | 1,240 | 1,384 | 1,148 | 2,156 | 1,482 | 360 | 988 | 1,160 | 2,396 | 1,226 |
| 8 | Capital assistance | 3,588 | 3,644 | 2,604 | 3,376 | 3,303 | 2,976 | 3,512 | 3,252 | 3,372 | 3,278 |
| 9 | Inventory valuation adjustment | -2,632 | -1,388 | -1,296 | -1,936 | -1,788 | -1,340 | -212 | -2,176 | -3,428 | -1,789 |
| 10 | Government | -31,548 | -29,556 | -24,148 | -26,428 | -27,920 | -21,900 | -23,920 | -20,444 | -23,892 | -22,539 |
| 11 | Capital consumption allowances | 54,236 | 55,488 | 56,236 | 57,080 | 55,760 | 58,280 | 58,720 | 60,100 | 60,652 | 59,438 |
| 12 | Persons and unincorporated business | 14,912 | 15,160 | 15,296 | 15,588 | 15,239 | 15,752 | 16,080 | 16,420 | 16,640 | 16,223 |
| 13 | Government | 7,076 | 7,176 | 7,284 | 7,392 | 7,232 | 7,456 | 7,576 | 7,696 | 7,844 | 7,643 |
| 14 | Corporations | 28,148 | 28,984 | 29,428 | 29,740 | 29,075 | 30,692 | 30,580 | 31,512 | 31,608 | 31,098 |
| 15 | Government business enterprises | 4,100 | 4,168 | 4,228 | 4,360 | 4,214 | 4,380 | 4,484 | 4,472 | 4,560 | 4,474 |
| 16 | Surplus (-) or deficit (+) of Canada on current transactions with non-residents(2) | -536 | 1,500 | 7,584 | 4,848 | 3,349 | 13,000 | 11,460 | 10,416 | 13,440 | 12,079 |
| 17 | Statistical discrepancy | 928 | -476 | 1,244 | 916 | 653 | 1,856 | 324 | -452 | 1,200 | 132 |
| 18 | Total | 89,848 | 95,596 | 100,060 | 100,672 | 96,544 | 106,344 | 105,432 | 101,664 | 103,084 | 104,131 |
| Disposition | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 19 | Total investment in fixed capital(3) | 88,444 | 92,644 | 96,212 | 99,564 | 94,216 | 100,868 | 100,468 | 101,188 | 102,780 | 101,326 |
| 20 | Residential construction | 23,104 | 23,996 | 25,760 | 28,092 | 25,238 | 28,348 | 30,280 | 31,504 | 33,160 | 30,823 |
| 21 | Non-residential construction | 35,092 | 37,892 | 38,232 | 37,764 | 37,245 | 38,416 | 35,680 | 34,376 | 34,144 | 35,654 |
| 22 | Machinery and equipment | 30,248 | 30,756 | 32,220 | 33,708 | 31,733 | 34,104 | 34,508 | 35,308 | 35,476 | 34,849 |
| 23 | Total investment in inventories | 2,332 | 2,480 | 5,088 | 2,024 | 2,381 | 7,328 | 5,288 | 28 | -900 | 2,936 |
| 24 | Statistical discrepancy | -928 | 472 | -1,244 | -916 | -653 | -1,352 | -324 | 448 | 1,204 | -131 |
| 25 | Total | 89,848 | 95,596 | 100,060 | 100,672 | 96,544 | 106,344 | 105,432 | 101,664 | 103,084 | 104,131 |

See footnotes at end of statistical tables.

TABEAU 5. Provenance et emploi de l'épargne brute

Désaisonnalisée au taux annuel

| 1983 | | | | | 1984 | | | | | Numéro de matrice CANSIM 006725 | N° |
|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--|----|
| I | II | III | IV | Year | I | II | III | IV | Year | | |
| millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 26,452 | 28,136 | 29,044 | 30,916 | 28,637 | 33,684 | 38,744 | 43,280 | 37,324 | 38,258 | Provenance | |
| 37,976 | 36,336 | 46,544 | 40,232 | 40,272 | 37,580 | 46,200 | 47,016 | 47,728 | 44,631 | Épargne | 1 |
| 37,780 | 36,344 | 46,656 | 40,432 | 40,303 | 37,408 | 46,104 | 46,416 | 47,712 | 44,410 | Particuliers et entreprises individuelles | 2 |
| 196 | -8 | -112 | -200 | -31 | 172 | 96 | 600 | 16 | 221 | Épargne personnelle | 3 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Ajustement relatif aux transactions de céréales(1). | 4 |
| 10,560 | 11,672 | 12,440 | 14,736 | 12,352 | 17,796 | 18,964 | 18,916 | 15,648 | 17,831 | Sociétés et entreprises publiques | 5 |
| 6,980 | 11,168 | 11,584 | 12,020 | 10,438 | 16,512 | 15,360 | 15,768 | 14,300 | 15,485 | Bénéfices non répartis des sociétés | 6 |
| 1,364 | 1,372 | 1,320 | 820 | 1,219 | 2,256 | 2,228 | 1,592 | -132 | 1,486 | Bénéfices non reversés des entreprises publiques. | 7 |
| 3,564 | 2,604 | 3,556 | 3,692 | 3,354 | 3,000 | 3,376 | 3,560 | 4,004 | 3,485 | Subventions d'équipement | 8 |
| -1,348 | -3,472 | -4,020 | -1,796 | -2,659 | -3,972 | -2,000 | -2,004 | -2,524 | -2,625 | Ajustement de la valeur des stocks | 9 |
| -22,084 | -19,872 | -29,940 | -24,052 | -23,987 | -21,692 | -26,420 | -22,652 | -26,052 | -24,204 | Administrations publiques | 10 |
| 45,336 | 46,344 | 47,844 | 48,716 | 47,060 | 49,276 | 50,392 | 51,412 | 52,456 | 50,884 | Provisions pour consommation de capital | 11 |
| 12,584 | 12,944 | 13,380 | 13,508 | 13,104 | 13,812 | 14,088 | 14,332 | 14,664 | 14,224 | Particuliers et entreprises individuelles | 12 |
| 6,136 | 6,240 | 6,348 | 6,464 | 6,297 | 6,592 | 6,712 | 6,836 | 6,952 | 6,773 | Administrations publiques | 13 |
| 23,484 | 23,904 | 24,736 | 25,196 | 24,330 | 25,136 | 25,788 | 26,372 | 26,800 | 26,024 | Sociétés | 14 |
| 3,132 | 3,256 | 3,380 | 3,548 | 3,329 | 3,736 | 3,804 | 3,872 | 4,040 | 3,863 | Entreprises publiques | 15 |
| -3,228 | -5,780 | 744 | 816 | -1,862 | 2,076 | 104 | -4,572 | -3,236 | -1,407 | Excédent (-) ou déficit (+) du Canada au titre des opérations courantes avec les non-résidents(2). | 16 |
| 2,412 | 2,412 | 2,172 | 1,992 | 2,247 | 1,292 | 420 | 24 | 1,716 | 863 | Divergence statistique | 17 |
| 70,972 | 71,112 | 79,804 | 82,440 | 76,082 | 86,328 | 89,660 | 90,144 | 88,260 | 88,598 | Total | 18 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Emploi | |
| 79,256 | 80,780 | 82,132 | 82,740 | 81,227 | 83,624 | 83,848 | 85,428 | 85,896 | 84,699 | Investissement total en capital fixe(3) | 19 |
| 19,608 | 22,044 | 22,548 | 21,492 | 21,423 | 21,892 | 21,968 | 22,508 | 23,024 | 22,348 | Construction résidentielle | 20 |
| 33,164 | 32,580 | 32,460 | 33,124 | 32,832 | 33,208 | 33,352 | 33,964 | 33,708 | 33,558 | Construction non résidentielle | 21 |
| 26,484 | 26,156 | 27,124 | 28,124 | 26,972 | 28,524 | 28,528 | 28,956 | 29,164 | 28,793 | Machines et matériel | 22 |
| -5,872 | -7,256 | -152 | 1,688 | -2,898 | 4,000 | 6,228 | 4,736 | 4,080 | 4,761 | Investissement total en stocks | 23 |
| -2,412 | -2,412 | -2,176 | -1,988 | -2,247 | -1,296 | -416 | -20 | -1,716 | -862 | Divergence statistique | 24 |
| 70,972 | 71,112 | 79,804 | 82,440 | 76,082 | 86,328 | 89,660 | 90,144 | 88,260 | 88,598 | Total | 25 |
| 1987 | | | | | 1988 | | | | | | |
| millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 37,676 | 37,928 | 38,792 | 43,148 | 39,386 | 49,692 | 49,544 | 51,036 | 50,308 | 50,145 | Provenance | |
| 38,196 | 36,632 | 33,400 | 31,384 | 34,903 | 31,316 | 33,144 | 35,812 | 35,892 | 34,041 | Épargne | 1 |
| 38,140 | 36,668 | 33,324 | 31,016 | 34,787 | 30,708 | 32,004 | 34,916 | 35,480 | 33,277 | Particuliers et entreprises individuelles | 2 |
| 56 | -36 | 76 | 368 | 116 | 608 | 1,140 | 896 | 412 | 764 | Épargne personnelle | 3 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Ajustement relatif aux transactions de céréales(1). | 4 |
| 25,376 | 22,336 | 23,508 | 29,080 | 25,075 | 34,836 | 27,768 | 28,508 | 25,500 | 29,153 | Sociétés et entreprises publiques | 5 |
| 20,812 | 22,136 | 23,892 | 28,860 | 23,925 | 31,536 | 25,516 | 27,768 | 23,488 | 27,077 | Bénéfices non répartis des sociétés | 6 |
| 2,224 | 1,984 | 1,620 | 2,200 | 2,007 | 3,120 | 3,300 | 1,576 | 1,284 | 2,320 | Bénéfices non reversés des entreprises publiques | 7 |
| 2,788 | 2,236 | 2,292 | 1,732 | 2,262 | 2,192 | 2,444 | 1,528 | 2,000 | 2,041 | Subventions d'équipement | 8 |
| -448 | -4,020 | -4,296 | -3,712 | -3,119 | -2,012 | -3,492 | -2,364 | -1,272 | -2,295 | Ajustement de la valeur des stocks | 9 |
| -25,896 | -21,040 | -18,116 | -17,316 | -20,592 | -16,460 | -11,368 | -13,284 | -11,084 | -13,049 | Administrations publiques | 10 |
| 61,156 | 62,496 | 63,800 | 65,756 | 63,302 | 67,192 | 68,372 | 69,348 | 70,608 | 68,890 | Provisions pour consommation de capital | 11 |
| 17,180 | 17,532 | 18,024 | 18,344 | 17,770 | 19,096 | 19,380 | 19,592 | 19,844 | 19,478 | Particuliers et entreprises individuelles | 12 |
| 7,980 | 8,152 | 8,312 | 8,488 | 8,233 | 8,108 | 8,332 | 8,564 | 8,800 | 8,451 | Administrations publiques | 13 |
| 31,312 | 32,204 | 32,928 | 34,312 | 32,689 | 35,140 | 35,940 | 36,520 | 36,996 | 36,149 | Sociétés | 14 |
| 4,684 | 4,608 | 4,536 | 4,612 | 4,610 | 4,848 | 4,720 | 4,672 | 4,968 | 4,802 | Entreprises publiques | 15 |
| 9,748 | 13,260 | 14,468 | 16,864 | 13,585 | 12,512 | 16,192 | 13,992 | 22,448 | 16,286 | Excédent (-) ou déficit (+) du Canada au titre des opérations courantes avec les non-résidents(2). | 16 |
| -452 | -476 | 304 | 744 | 30 | -764 | -1,852 | -1,024 | -2,680 | -1,580 | Divergence statistique | 17 |
| 108,128 | 113,208 | 117,364 | 126,512 | 116,303 | 128,632 | 132,256 | 133,352 | 140,684 | 133,731 | Total | 18 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Emploi | |
| 106,704 | 111,960 | 117,056 | 121,792 | 114,378 | 125,132 | 129,116 | 132,356 | 136,444 | 130,762 | Investissement total en capital fixe(3) | 19 |
| 35,976 | 38,636 | 40,424 | 40,752 | 38,947 | 41,972 | 42,620 | 43,804 | 45,704 | 43,525 | Construction résidentielle | 20 |
| 34,360 | 35,976 | 38,160 | 39,864 | 37,090 | 40,792 | 41,988 | 43,256 | 44,368 | 42,601 | Construction non résidentielle | 21 |
| 36,368 | 37,348 | 38,472 | 41,176 | 38,341 | 42,368 | 44,508 | 45,296 | 46,372 | 44,636 | Machines et matériel | 22 |
| 972 | 772 | 612 | 5,460 | 1,954 | 2,736 | 1,288 | -28 | 1,564 | 1,390 | Investissement total en stocks | 23 |
| 452 | 476 | -304 | -740 | -29 | 764 | 1,852 | 1,024 | 2,676 | 1,579 | Divergence statistique | 24 |
| 108,128 | 113,208 | 117,364 | 126,512 | 116,303 | 128,632 | 132,256 | 133,352 | 140,684 | 133,731 | Total | 25 |

Voir notes(s) à la fin des tableaux statistiques.

TABLE 6. Sources and Disposition of Personal Income

Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates

| No. | CANSIM matrix No. 006726 | 1981 | | | | | 1982 | | | | |
|---|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | | I | II | III | IV | Year Année | I | II | III | IV | Year Année |
| millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Wages, salaries and supplementary labour income. | 187,308 | 195,884 | 201,504 | 206,944 | 197,910 | 211,380 | 211,596 | 210,648 | 212,792 | 211,604 |
| 2 | From business | 137,720 | 144,040 | 146,416 | 151,352 | 144,882 | 153,584 | 152,232 | 149,288 | 149,452 | 151,139 |
| | From government | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | Civilian | 41,256 | 43,088 | 45,720 | 46,284 | 44,087 | 47,976 | 49,320 | 51,016 | 52,568 | 50,220 |
| 4 | Military pay and allowances | 1,728 | 1,936 | 1,944 | 2,024 | 1,908 | 2,088 | 2,216 | 2,252 | 2,252 | 2,202 |
| 5 | From persons | 6,604 | 6,820 | 7,424 | 7,284 | 7,033 | 7,732 | 7,828 | 8,092 | 8,520 | 8,043 |
| 6 | Net income received by farm operators from farm production(1) | 4,688 | 4,748 | 4,180 | 3,300 | 4,229 | 3,596 | 3,840 | 3,120 | 2,652 | 3,302 |
| 7 | Net income of non-farm unincorporated business, including rent. | 13,460 | 14,004 | 14,080 | 14,856 | 14,100 | 15,352 | 16,252 | 17,412 | 18,424 | 16,860 |
| 8 | (of which: net rental income) | 2,988 | 3,160 | 3,340 | 3,736 | 3,306 | 4,324 | 4,912 | 5,676 | 6,228 | 5,285 |
| 9 | Interest, dividends, and miscellaneous investment income(2) | 35,440 | 38,384 | 43,108 | 44,956 | 40,472 | 48,708 | 48,652 | 48,360 | 43,816 | 47,384 |
| | Current transfers: | | | | | | | | | | |
| 10 | From government | 33,864 | 35,112 | 35,156 | 37,096 | 35,307 | 40,028 | 42,568 | 46,688 | 48,528 | 44,453 |
| 11 | Transfer payments to persons | 33,520 | 34,744 | 34,868 | 36,700 | 34,958 | 39,480 | 41,944 | 45,684 | 47,408 | 43,629 |
| 12 | Capital assistance | 344 | 368 | 288 | 396 | 349 | 548 | 624 | 1,004 | 1,120 | 824 |
| 13 | From corporations(3) | 636 | 644 | 660 | 668 | 652 | 616 | 632 | 636 | 652 | 634 |
| 14 | From non-residents | 496 | 520 | 596 | 568 | 545 | 604 | 600 | 600 | 596 | 600 |
| 15 | Personal Income | 275,892 | 289,296 | 299,284 | 308,388 | 293,215 | 320,284 | 324,140 | 327,464 | 327,460 | 324,837 |
| | Deduct: | | | | | | | | | | |
| 16 | Personal expenditure on consumer goods and services | 189,032 | 194,056 | 198,692 | 202,984 | 196,191 | 203,556 | 208,648 | 213,096 | 216,736 | 210,509 |
| | Current transfers: | | | | | | | | | | |
| 17 | To government | 50,160 | 54,652 | 57,712 | 59,608 | 55,533 | 61,240 | 62,208 | 61,852 | 62,604 | 61,976 |
| 18 | Income taxes | 35,168 | 38,416 | 41,056 | 42,120 | 39,190 | 43,008 | 45,052 | 43,964 | 43,704 | 43,932 |
| 19 | Succession duties and estate taxes | 92 | 44 | 60 | 20 | 54 | 64 | 48 | 56 | 60 | 57 |
| 20 | Employer and employee contributions to social insurance and government pension funds. | 12,328 | 13,568 | 13,896 | 14,620 | 13,603 | 15,172 | 14,128 | 14,820 | 15,696 | 14,954 |
| 21 | Other | 2,572 | 2,624 | 2,700 | 2,848 | 2,686 | 2,996 | 2,980 | 3,012 | 3,144 | 3,033 |
| 22 | To corporations(4) | 4,728 | 5,068 | 5,580 | 6,072 | 5,362 | 5,548 | 5,224 | 5,132 | 4,624 | 5,132 |
| 23 | To non-residents | 384 | 384 | 384 | 388 | 385 | 440 | 436 | 444 | 452 | 443 |
| 24 | Equals: Personal saving | 31,588 | 35,136 | 36,916 | 39,336 | 35,744 | 49,500 | 47,624 | 46,940 | 43,044 | 46,777 |
| 25 | Personal disposable income (Line 15 minus Line 17) | 225,732 | 234,644 | 241,572 | 248,780 | 237,682 | 259,044 | 261,932 | 265,612 | 264,856 | 262,861 |
| 26 | Personal saving as percentage of personal disposable income. | 14.0 | 15.0 | 15.3 | 15.8 | 15.0 | 19.1 | 18.0 | 17.7 | 16.0 | 17.9 |

See footnote(s) at end of statistical tables.

TABLEAU 6. Provenance et emploi du revenu personnel

Désaisonnalisé au taux annuel

| 1983 | | | | | 1984 | | | | | Numéro de matrice CANSIM 006726 | N ^o |
|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--|----------------|
| I | II | III | IV | Year Année | I | II | III | IV | Year Année | | |
| millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 214,376 | 220,416 | 224,592 | 227,816 | 221,800 | 231,756 | 236,672 | 241,264 | 245,704 | 238,849 | Rémunération des salariés | 1 |
| 151,772 | 155,208 | 158,698 | 160,996 | 156,668 | 163,856 | 168,036 | 171,908 | 175,724 | 169,881 | En provenance des entreprises | 2 |
| 52,096 | 53,928 | 54,424 | 55,148 | 53,899 | 55,876 | 56,508 | 57,064 | 57,528 | 56,744 | En provenance des administrations publiques | 3 |
| 2,320 | 2,392 | 2,448 | 2,496 | 2,414 | 2,540 | 2,576 | 2,608 | 2,648 | 2,593 | Effectifs civils | 4 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Solde et indemnités militaires | 4 |
| 8,188 | 8,888 | 9,024 | 9,176 | 8,819 | 9,484 | 9,552 | 9,684 | 9,804 | 9,631 | En provenance des particuliers | 5 |
| 2,246 | 2,368 | 2,712 | 3,068 | 2,599 | 3,144 | 3,392 | 2,924 | 3,176 | 3,159 | Revenu net reçu par les exploitants agricoles au titre de la production agricole(1) | 6 |
| 19,300 | 20,992 | 21,728 | 22,224 | 21,061 | 23,008 | 23,752 | 24,344 | 24,604 | 23,927 | Revenu net des entreprises individuelles non agricoles, loyers compris. | 7 |
| 7,020 | 7,772 | 8,336 | 8,844 | 7,993 | 9,108 | 9,508 | 9,740 | 9,872 | 9,557 | (dont: loyers nets) | 8 |
| 44,264 | 43,896 | 45,544 | 46,804 | 45,127 | 45,812 | 49,604 | 53,080 | 55,180 | 50,919 | Intérêts, dividendes et revenus divers de placements(2) | 9 |
| 50,468 | 50,652 | 51,864 | 52,028 | 51,253 | 53,164 | 53,504 | 54,060 | 55,992 | 54,180 | Transferts courants: | 10 |
| 48,240 | 49,640 | 50,724 | 50,984 | 49,947 | 52,332 | 53,048 | 53,532 | 55,232 | 53,536 | En provenance des administrations publiques | 11 |
| 2,228 | 812 | 1,140 | 1,044 | 1,306 | 832 | 456 | 528 | 760 | 644 | Aux particuliers | 12 |
| 584 | 600 | 612 | 612 | 602 | 556 | 572 | 572 | 604 | 576 | Subventions d'équipement | 13 |
| 564 | 588 | 592 | 676 | 610 | 612 | 636 | 620 | 648 | 629 | En provenance des sociétés(3) | 14 |
| | | | | | | | | | | En provenance des non-résidents | 14 |
| 331,824 | 339,512 | 347,644 | 353,228 | 343,052 | 358,052 | 368,132 | 376,864 | 385,908 | 372,239 | Revenu personnel | 15 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Moins: | |
| 222,466 | 226,148 | 235,084 | 240,108 | 231,452 | 245,788 | 249,580 | 252,084 | 259,128 | 251,645 | Dépenses personnelles en biens et services de consommation | 16 |
| 66,796 | 70,756 | 61,904 | 68,700 | 67,039 | 70,972 | 68,384 | 73,924 | 74,292 | 71,893 | Transferts courants: | 17 |
| 48,044 | 50,384 | 40,088 | 47,020 | 46,384 | 48,484 | 45,636 | 51,076 | 53,180 | 49,594 | Aux administrations publiques | 18 |
| 76 | 52 | 56 | 76 | 65 | 36 | 44 | 48 | 60 | 47 | Impôts sur le revenu | 19 |
| 15,332 | 16,956 | 18,220 | 18,116 | 17,156 | 19,056 | 19,088 | 18,912 | 17,272 | 18,582 | Droits successoraux et impôts sur les biens transmis par décès. | 20 |
| 3,344 | 3,364 | 3,540 | 3,488 | 3,434 | 3,396 | 3,616 | 3,888 | 3,780 | 3,670 | Cotisations des employeurs et des salariés à l'assurance sociale et aux régimes publics de pensions. | 21 |
| 4,312 | 3,796 | 3,524 | 3,508 | 3,785 | 3,400 | 3,580 | 3,952 | 4,232 | 3,791 | Autres | 22 |
| 468 | 468 | 476 | 480 | 473 | 484 | 484 | 488 | 544 | 500 | Aux sociétés(4) | 23 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Aux non-résidents | 23 |
| 37,780 | 36,344 | 46,656 | 40,432 | 40,303 | 37,408 | 46,104 | 46,416 | 47,712 | 44,410 | Égale: Épargne personnelle | 24 |
| 265,028 | 268,756 | 285,740 | 284,528 | 276,013 | 287,080 | 299,748 | 302,940 | 311,616 | 300,346 | Revenu personnel disponible (ligne 15 moins ligne 17) | 25 |
| 14.3 | 13.5 | 16.3 | 14.2 | 14.6 | 13.0 | 15.4 | 15.3 | 15.3 | 14.8 | Épargne personnelle en pourcentage du revenu personnel disponible. | 26 |

Voir notes) à la fin des tableaux statistiques.

TABLE 6. Sources and Disposition of Personal Income - Concluded

Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates

| No. | CANSIM matrix No. 006726 | 1985 | | | | | 1986 | | | | |
|---|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | | I | II | III | IV | Year Année | I | II | III | IV | Year Année |
| millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Wages, salaries and supplementary labour income. | 250,452 | 254,652 | 259,984 | 264,288 | 257,344 | 268,572 | 272,460 | 276,528 | 280,868 | 274,607 |
| 2 | From business | 178,744 | 182,408 | 188,738 | 189,760 | 184,412 | 193,200 | 196,232 | 198,668 | 202,376 | 197,619 |
| | From government | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | Civilian | 58,856 | 59,260 | 59,996 | 61,004 | 59,779 | 61,680 | 62,456 | 63,628 | 64,168 | 62,983 |
| 4 | Military pay and allowances | 2,684 | 2,708 | 2,764 | 2,812 | 2,742 | 2,868 | 2,824 | 3,052 | 3,048 | 2,948 |
| 5 | From persons | 10,168 | 10,276 | 10,488 | 10,712 | 10,411 | 10,824 | 10,948 | 11,180 | 11,276 | 11,057 |
| 6 | Net income received by farm operators from farm production(1). | 3,808 | 5,508 | 3,372 | 3,488 | 4,044 | 4,820 | 7,336 | 4,044 | 4,600 | 5,200 |
| 7 | Net income of non-farm unincorporated business, including rent. | 25,284 | 26,284 | 27,244 | 27,600 | 28,603 | 28,412 | 29,452 | 29,700 | 30,312 | 29,469 |
| 8 | (of which: net rental income) | 10,268 | 10,772 | 11,056 | 11,216 | 10,828 | 11,512 | 11,880 | 12,048 | 12,024 | 11,866 |
| 9 | Interest, dividends, and miscellaneous investment income(2). | 53,228 | 54,760 | 54,724 | 55,200 | 54,478 | 56,160 | 56,100 | 55,972 | 56,580 | 56,203 |
| | Current transfers: | | | | | | | | | | |
| 10 | From government | 57,868 | 58,092 | 58,852 | 59,752 | 58,641 | 60,376 | 61,548 | 62,748 | 64,652 | 62,331 |
| 11 | Transfer payments to persons | 57,188 | 57,496 | 58,324 | 59,440 | 58,112 | 60,060 | 60,992 | 62,572 | 64,444 | 62,017 |
| 12 | Capital assistance | 680 | 596 | 528 | 312 | 529 | 316 | 556 | 176 | 208 | 314 |
| 13 | From corporations(3) | 528 | 536 | 544 | 528 | 534 | 544 | 564 | 560 | 552 | 555 |
| 14 | From non-residents | 676 | 684 | 688 | 676 | 681 | 772 | 772 | 772 | 780 | 774 |
| 15 | Personal Income | 391,844 | 400,516 | 405,408 | 411,532 | 402,325 | 419,656 | 428,232 | 430,324 | 438,344 | 429,139 |
| | Deduct: | | | | | | | | | | |
| 16 | Personal expenditure on consumer goods and services. | 265,468 | 270,904 | 278,900 | 284,512 | 274,946 | 289,088 | 293,920 | 301,412 | 304,796 | 297,304 |
| | Current transfers: | | | | | | | | | | |
| 17 | To government | 74,304 | 76,676 | 81,500 | 81,988 | 78,617 | 83,956 | 88,676 | 90,748 | 92,040 | 88,830 |
| 18 | Income taxes | 51,176 | 52,604 | 56,716 | 56,316 | 54,203 | 58,048 | 62,856 | 64,116 | 63,852 | 62,218 |
| 19 | Succession duties and estate taxes | 56 | 40 | 48 | 20 | 41 | 40 | 32 | 12 | 12 | 24 |
| 20 | Employer and employee contributions to social insurance and government pension funds. | 19,624 | 20,180 | 20,964 | 21,888 | 20,664 | 22,296 | 21,740 | 22,616 | 23,960 | 22,653 |
| 21 | Other | 3,448 | 3,852 | 3,772 | 3,764 | 3,709 | 3,472 | 4,048 | 4,004 | 4,216 | 3,935 |
| 22 | To corporations(4) | 4,352 | 4,352 | 4,300 | 3,948 | 4,238 | 4,400 | 4,676 | 4,576 | 4,692 | 4,586 |
| 23 | To non-residents | 548 | 556 | 556 | 556 | 554 | 568 | 576 | 576 | 576 | 574 |
| 24 | Equats: Personal saving | 47,172 | 48,028 | 40,152 | 40,528 | 43,970 | 41,744 | 40,384 | 33,012 | 36,240 | 37,845 |
| 25 | <i>Personal disposable income (line 15 minus line 17).</i> | <i>317,540</i> | <i>323,840</i> | <i>323,908</i> | <i>329,544</i> | <i>323,708</i> | <i>335,800</i> | <i>339,556</i> | <i>339,576</i> | <i>346,304</i> | <i>340,309</i> |
| 26 | <i>Personal saving as percentage of personal disposable income.</i> | <i>14.9</i> | <i>14.8</i> | <i>12.4</i> | <i>12.3</i> | <i>13.6</i> | <i>12.4</i> | <i>11.9</i> | <i>9.7</i> | <i>10.5</i> | <i>11.1</i> |

See footnote(s) at end of statistical tables.

TABLEAU 6. Provenance et emploi du revenu personnel - fin

Desaisonnalisé au taux annuel

| 1987 | | | | | 1988 | | | | | Numéro de matrice CANSIM 006726 | N° |
|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--|-----------|
| I | II | III | IV | Year Année | I | II | III | IV | Year Année | | |
| millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 287,332 | 293,652 | 298,316 | 303,360 | 295,665 | 311,488 | 317,104 | 322,036 | 327,692 | 319,580 | Rémunération des salariés | 1 |
| 207,920 | 211,804 | 216,128 | 220,380 | 214,058 | 227,000 | 231,956 | 235,380 | 239,664 | 233,500 | En provenance des entreprises | 2 |
| 65,152 | 66,944 | 67,300 | 67,968 | 66,841 | 69,180 | 69,756 | 70,908 | 72,008 | 70,463 | En provenance des administrations publiques | 3 |
| 3,104 | 3,128 | 3,144 | 3,176 | 3,138 | 3,256 | 3,240 | 3,280 | 3,336 | 3,278 | Effectifs civils | 4 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Soles et indemnités militaires | 4 |
| 11,156 | 11,776 | 11,744 | 11,836 | 11,628 | 12,052 | 12,152 | 12,468 | 12,684 | 12,339 | En provenance des particuliers | 5 |
| 4,116 | 8,496 | 2,948 | 4,900 | 5,115 | 4,904 | 4,384 | 4,212 | 4,196 | 4,424 | Revenu net reçu par les exploitants agricoles au titre de la production agricole(1). | 6 |
| 30,960 | 31,740 | 32,344 | 33,116 | 32,040 | 33,124 | 33,252 | 33,500 | 34,324 | 33,550 | Revenu net des entreprises individuelles non agricoles, loyers compris. | 7 |
| 12,124 | 12,260 | 12,356 | 12,508 | 12,312 | 12,324 | 12,172 | 12,120 | 12,228 | 12,211 | (dont: loyers nets) | 8 |
| 59,952 | 61,268 | 61,008 | 63,416 | 61,411 | 62,696 | 66,224 | 71,168 | 74,684 | 68,693 | Intérêts, dividendes et revenus divers de placements(2). | 9 |
| 65,496 | 66,436 | 69,464 | 69,056 | 67,613 | 71,908 | 71,832 | 72,604 | 73,768 | 72,528 | Transferts courants: | 10 |
| 65,344 | 65,884 | 69,300 | 68,908 | 67,359 | 71,720 | 71,480 | 72,432 | 73,616 | 72,312 | En provenance des administrations publiques | 11 |
| 152 | 552 | 164 | 148 | 254 | 188 | 352 | 172 | 152 | 216 | Aux particuliers | 12 |
| 576 | 580 | 584 | 596 | 584 | 644 | 648 | 664 | 664 | 655 | Subventions d'équipement | 13 |
| 844 | 844 | 844 | 844 | 844 | 884 | 884 | 884 | 884 | 884 | En provenance des sociétés(3) | 14 |
| | | | | | | | | | | En provenance des non-résidents | 14 |
| 449,276 | 463,016 | 465,508 | 475,288 | 463,272 | 485,648 | 494,328 | 505,068 | 516,212 | 500,314 | Revenu personnel | 15 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Moins: | |
| 311,096 | 320,112 | 326,424 | 334,248 | 322,970 | 337,652 | 344,260 | 351,328 | 360,288 | 348,382 | Dépenses personnelles en biens et services de consommation. | 16 |
| 94,268 | 100,572 | 99,660 | 103,156 | 99,414 | 110,888 | 111,492 | 111,616 | 112,876 | 111,718 | Transferts courants: | 17 |
| 65,504 | 71,444 | 69,744 | 73,300 | 69,998 | 79,512 | 79,352 | 79,084 | 78,100 | 79,012 | Aux administrations publiques | 18 |
| 32 | 24 | 4 | 12 | 18 | 8 | 16 | 4 | 12 | 10 | Impôts sur le revenu | 19 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Droits successoraux et impôts sur les biens transmis par décès | 19 |
| 24,620 | 24,568 | 25,392 | 25,240 | 24,955 | 26,632 | 27,164 | 27,772 | 29,688 | 27,814 | Cotisations des employeurs et des salariés à l'assurance sociale et aux régimes publics de pensions. | 20 |
| 4,112 | 4,536 | 4,520 | 4,604 | 4,443 | 4,736 | 4,960 | 4,756 | 5,076 | 4,882 | Autres | 21 |
| 5,168 | 5,056 | 5,492 | 6,264 | 5,495 | 5,764 | 5,936 | 6,572 | 6,932 | 6,301 | Aux sociétés(4) | 22 |
| 604 | 608 | 608 | 604 | 606 | 636 | 636 | 636 | 636 | 636 | Aux non-résidents | 23 |
| 38,140 | 36,668 | 33,324 | 31,016 | 34,787 | 30,708 | 32,004 | 34,916 | 35,480 | 33,277 | Égale: Épargne personnelle | 24 |
| 355,008 | 362,444 | 365,848 | 372,132 | 363,858 | 374,760 | 382,836 | 393,452 | 403,336 | 388,596 | Revenu personnel disponible (ligne 15 moins ligne 17). | 25 |
| 10.7 | 10.1 | 9.1 | 8.3 | 9.6 | 8.2 | 8.4 | 8.9 | 8.8 | 8.6 | Épargne personnelle en pourcentage du revenu personnel disponible. | 26 |

Voir note(s) à la fin des tableaux statistiques.

TABLE 7. Personal Expenditure on Consumer Goods and Services by Type of Expenditure

Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates

| No. | CANSIM matrix No. 006727 | 1981 | | | | | 1982 | | | | |
|-----|---|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | | I | II | III | IV | Year | I | II | III | IV | Year |
| | | millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Durable goods | 28,188 | 28,612 | 27,576 | 28,088 | 28,116 | 25,912 | 25,836 | 25,860 | 26,476 | 26,021 |
| 2 | Motor vehicles, parts and repairs | 13,488 | 13,356 | 13,140 | 13,408 | 13,348 | 12,064 | 12,232 | 12,304 | 12,348 | 12,237 |
| 3 | Furniture and household appliances | 6,420 | 6,788 | 6,148 | 6,164 | 6,380 | 5,836 | 5,652 | 5,632 | 5,996 | 5,779 |
| 4 | Other | 8,280 | 8,468 | 8,288 | 8,516 | 8,388 | 8,012 | 7,952 | 7,924 | 8,132 | 8,005 |
| 5 | Semi-durable goods | 21,516 | 21,784 | 22,088 | 22,400 | 21,947 | 21,948 | 22,292 | 22,432 | 22,784 | 22,359 |
| 6 | Clothing and footwear | 12,592 | 12,652 | 12,940 | 13,164 | 12,837 | 12,708 | 12,960 | 13,088 | 13,228 | 12,996 |
| 7 | Other | 8,924 | 9,132 | 9,148 | 9,236 | 9,110 | 9,240 | 9,332 | 9,344 | 9,536 | 9,363 |
| 8 | Non-durable goods | 56,824 | 57,792 | 60,864 | 62,212 | 59,423 | 63,684 | 65,420 | 66,560 | 66,268 | 65,483 |
| 9 | Food and non-alcoholic beverages | 25,392 | 25,732 | 26,552 | 27,284 | 26,240 | 27,396 | 27,852 | 28,144 | 28,320 | 27,928 |
| 10 | Motor fuels and lubricants | 7,248 | 7,680 | 7,940 | 8,188 | 7,764 | 8,520 | 8,652 | 8,748 | 8,872 | 8,648 |
| 11 | Electricity, gas and other fuels | 6,768 | 6,640 | 7,984 | 7,832 | 7,306 | 8,400 | 8,640 | 9,048 | 8,408 | 8,624 |
| 12 | Other | 17,416 | 17,740 | 18,388 | 18,908 | 18,113 | 19,368 | 20,276 | 20,620 | 20,868 | 20,283 |
| 13 | Services | 82,504 | 85,868 | 88,164 | 90,284 | 96,705 | 92,012 | 95,100 | 98,244 | 101,228 | 96,646 |
| 14 | Gross rent (imputed and paid) | 30,764 | 32,040 | 33,252 | 34,676 | 32,683 | 35,848 | 37,356 | 38,800 | 39,752 | 37,939 |
| 15 | Restaurants and hotels | 12,996 | 13,460 | 13,492 | 13,560 | 13,377 | 13,580 | 13,864 | 14,024 | 14,012 | 13,870 |
| 16 | Net expenditure abroad | 420 | 280 | 448 | 520 | 417 | 760 | 620 | 492 | 596 | 617 |
| 17 | Other | 38,324 | 40,088 | 40,972 | 41,528 | 40,228 | 41,824 | 43,260 | 44,928 | 46,868 | 44,220 |
| 18 | Personal expenditure on consumer goods and services. | 189,032 | 194,056 | 198,692 | 202,984 | 196,191 | 203,556 | 208,648 | 213,096 | 216,736 | 210,509 |
| | | 1985 | | | | | 1986 | | | | |
| | | millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Durable goods | 37,620 | 39,548 | 41,188 | 42,452 | 40,202 | 42,956 | 43,384 | 45,948 | 45,220 | 44,377 |
| 2 | Motor vehicles, parts and repairs | 19,052 | 20,372 | 21,348 | 21,860 | 20,658 | 22,192 | 21,944 | 23,924 | 22,660 | 22,680 |
| 3 | Furniture and household appliances | 7,740 | 7,980 | 8,252 | 8,660 | 8,158 | 8,660 | 8,676 | 9,084 | 9,340 | 8,990 |
| 4 | Other | 10,828 | 11,198 | 11,588 | 11,932 | 11,386 | 12,104 | 12,564 | 12,940 | 13,220 | 12,707 |
| 5 | Semi-durable goods | 27,324 | 27,924 | 28,712 | 29,536 | 28,374 | 29,972 | 30,672 | 31,404 | 32,012 | 31,015 |
| 6 | Clothing and footwear | 16,092 | 16,424 | 16,832 | 17,380 | 16,682 | 17,520 | 17,992 | 18,400 | 18,644 | 18,139 |
| 7 | Other | 11,232 | 11,500 | 11,880 | 12,156 | 11,692 | 12,452 | 12,680 | 13,004 | 13,368 | 12,876 |
| 8 | Non-durable goods | 78,820 | 79,224 | 81,188 | 82,648 | 80,470 | 83,084 | 83,320 | 84,736 | 85,144 | 84,071 |
| 9 | Food and non-alcoholic beverages | 32,792 | 32,784 | 33,400 | 33,828 | 33,201 | 34,212 | 34,960 | 35,620 | 36,360 | 35,288 |
| 10 | Motor fuels and lubricants | 10,360 | 10,352 | 10,332 | 10,640 | 10,421 | 10,168 | 9,540 | 9,212 | 9,176 | 9,524 |
| 11 | Electricity, gas and other fuels | 10,676 | 10,344 | 10,920 | 10,968 | 10,727 | 10,840 | 10,532 | 10,888 | 10,612 | 10,718 |
| 12 | Other | 24,992 | 25,744 | 26,536 | 27,212 | 26,121 | 27,864 | 28,288 | 29,016 | 28,996 | 28,541 |
| 13 | Services | 121,704 | 124,208 | 127,812 | 129,876 | 125,900 | 133,076 | 136,544 | 139,324 | 142,420 | 137,841 |
| 14 | Gross rent (imputed and paid) | 47,396 | 48,268 | 49,148 | 50,160 | 48,743 | 51,204 | 52,212 | 53,176 | 54,140 | 52,683 |
| 15 | Restaurants and hotels | 16,548 | 16,764 | 17,200 | 17,536 | 17,012 | 18,028 | 18,820 | 19,668 | 19,296 | 18,953 |
| 16 | Net expenditure abroad | 1,128 | 1,100 | 1,448 | 800 | 1,119 | 680 | 16 | -856 | 636 | 119 |
| 17 | Other | 56,632 | 58,076 | 60,016 | 61,380 | 59,026 | 63,164 | 65,496 | 67,336 | 68,348 | 66,086 |
| 18 | Personal expenditure on consumer goods and services. | 265,468 | 270,904 | 278,900 | 284,512 | 274,946 | 289,088 | 293,920 | 301,412 | 304,796 | 297,304 |

TABLEAU 7. Dépenses personnelles en biens et services de consommation par catégorie de dépenses

Désaisonnalisées au taux annuel

| 1983 | | | | | 1984 | | | | | Numéro de matrice CANSIM 006727 | N ^o |
|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--|----------------|
| I | II | III | IV | Year Année | I | II | III | IV | Year Année | | |
| millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 27,712 | 29,348 | 31,008 | 32,060 | 30,032 | 33,832 | 34,264 | 34,616 | 36,084 | 34,699 | Biens durables | 1 |
| 13,024 | 14,228 | 14,736 | 15,812 | 14,450 | 16,736 | 16,744 | 16,968 | 17,780 | 17,057 | Véhicules automobiles, pièces et réparations | 2 |
| 6,180 | 6,444 | 7,064 | 6,780 | 6,617 | 7,232 | 7,360 | 7,344 | 7,688 | 7,406 | Meubles et appareils ménagers | 3 |
| 8,508 | 8,676 | 9,208 | 9,468 | 8,965 | 9,864 | 10,160 | 10,304 | 10,616 | 10,236 | Autres | 4 |
| 23,592 | 23,788 | 24,392 | 24,752 | 24,131 | 25,296 | 26,120 | 26,164 | 26,748 | 26,082 | Biens semi-durables | 5 |
| 13,712 | 13,844 | 14,048 | 14,332 | 13,984 | 14,728 | 15,292 | 15,264 | 15,616 | 15,225 | Vêtements et chaussures | 6 |
| 9,880 | 9,944 | 10,344 | 10,420 | 10,147 | 10,568 | 10,828 | 10,900 | 11,132 | 10,857 | Autres | 7 |
| 67,228 | 68,660 | 70,868 | 71,996 | 69,688 | 73,052 | 74,364 | 74,484 | 76,628 | 74,632 | Biens non durables | 8 |
| 28,600 | 28,960 | 29,340 | 29,832 | 29,183 | 30,700 | 31,176 | 31,640 | 31,780 | 31,324 | Aliments et boissons non alcoolisées | 9 |
| 8,640 | 8,548 | 9,576 | 9,284 | 9,012 | 9,404 | 9,492 | 9,712 | 9,964 | 9,643 | Carburants et lubrifiants | 10 |
| 8,296 | 9,168 | 8,980 | 10,268 | 9,178 | 9,840 | 9,988 | 9,300 | 10,188 | 9,829 | Électricité, gaz et autres combustibles | 11 |
| 21,692 | 21,984 | 22,972 | 22,612 | 22,315 | 23,108 | 23,708 | 23,832 | 24,696 | 23,836 | Autres | 12 |
| 103,936 | 106,352 | 108,816 | 111,300 | 107,601 | 113,608 | 114,832 | 116,820 | 119,668 | 116,232 | Services | 13 |
| 40,756 | 41,728 | 42,692 | 43,748 | 42,231 | 44,084 | 44,920 | 45,704 | 46,528 | 45,309 | Loyers bruts (imputés et versés) | 14 |
| 14,200 | 14,468 | 15,028 | 14,768 | 14,616 | 15,300 | 15,372 | 15,668 | 16,196 | 15,634 | Restaurants et hôtels | 15 |
| 992 | 1,356 | 1,532 | 1,908 | 1,447 | 1,156 | 1,308 | 1,144 | 1,444 | 1,263 | Dépense nette à l'étranger | 16 |
| 47,988 | 48,800 | 49,564 | 50,876 | 49,307 | 53,068 | 53,232 | 54,304 | 55,500 | 54,026 | Autres | 17 |
| 222,468 | 228,148 | 235,084 | 240,108 | 231,452 | 245,788 | 249,580 | 252,084 | 259,128 | 251,645 | Dépenses personnelles en biens et services de consommation. | 18 |
| 1987 | | | | | 1988 | | | | | | |
| millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 46,452 | 48,944 | 50,416 | 51,948 | 49,440 | 52,432 | 53,680 | 54,828 | 56,132 | 54,268 | Biens durables | 1 |
| 23,412 | 24,808 | 25,528 | 26,292 | 25,010 | 26,564 | 27,216 | 27,752 | 28,416 | 27,487 | Véhicules automobiles, pièces et réparations | 2 |
| 9,508 | 10,064 | 10,368 | 10,564 | 10,126 | 10,600 | 10,892 | 11,080 | 11,244 | 10,954 | Meubles et appareils ménagers | 3 |
| 13,532 | 14,072 | 14,520 | 15,092 | 14,304 | 15,268 | 15,572 | 15,996 | 16,472 | 15,827 | Autres | 4 |
| 32,412 | 33,392 | 34,160 | 35,112 | 33,769 | 34,920 | 35,760 | 36,624 | 37,440 | 36,186 | Biens semi-durables | 5 |
| 18,896 | 19,248 | 19,540 | 20,104 | 19,447 | 19,828 | 20,360 | 20,852 | 21,252 | 20,573 | Vêtements et chaussures | 6 |
| 13,516 | 14,144 | 14,620 | 15,008 | 14,322 | 15,092 | 15,400 | 15,772 | 16,188 | 15,613 | Autres | 7 |
| 86,128 | 88,876 | 90,336 | 92,252 | 89,398 | 93,032 | 94,168 | 96,164 | 97,596 | 95,240 | Biens non durables | 8 |
| 36,784 | 37,748 | 37,916 | 39,076 | 37,881 | 39,200 | 39,392 | 40,388 | 41,196 | 40,044 | Aliments et boissons non alcoolisées | 9 |
| 9,476 | 10,112 | 10,492 | 10,616 | 10,174 | 10,456 | 10,508 | 10,644 | 10,416 | 10,506 | Carburants et lubrifiants | 10 |
| 10,212 | 10,608 | 11,040 | 10,884 | 10,686 | 11,544 | 11,700 | 11,724 | 11,856 | 11,706 | Électricité, gaz et autres combustibles | 11 |
| 29,656 | 30,408 | 30,888 | 31,676 | 30,657 | 31,832 | 32,568 | 33,408 | 34,128 | 32,984 | Autres | 12 |
| 146,104 | 148,900 | 151,512 | 154,936 | 150,363 | 157,268 | 160,652 | 163,712 | 169,120 | 162,688 | Services | 13 |
| 55,088 | 56,024 | 56,948 | 57,988 | 56,512 | 59,128 | 60,292 | 61,576 | 63,040 | 61,009 | Loyers bruts (imputés et versés) | 14 |
| 19,552 | 20,036 | 20,584 | 21,520 | 20,423 | 21,900 | 22,288 | 22,716 | 23,336 | 22,560 | Restaurants et hôtels | 15 |
| 1,308 | 1,116 | 1,336 | 1,532 | 1,323 | 636 | 1,488 | 1,448 | 2,044 | 1,404 | Dépense nette à l'étranger | 16 |
| 70,156 | 71,724 | 72,644 | 73,896 | 72,105 | 75,604 | 76,584 | 77,972 | 80,700 | 77,715 | Autres | 17 |
| 311,096 | 320,112 | 326,424 | 334,248 | 322,970 | 337,652 | 344,260 | 351,328 | 360,288 | 348,382 | Dépenses personnelles en biens et services de consommation. | 18 |

TABLEAU 8. Dépenses personnelles en biens et services de consommation par catégorie de dépenses aux prix de 1981

Désaisonnalisées au taux annuel

| 1983 | | | | | 1984 | | | | | Numéro de matrice CANSIM 006728 | N ^o |
|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|---|----------------|
| I | II | III | IV | Year Année | I | II | III | IV | Year Année | | |
| millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 25,628 | 27,040 | 28,292 | 29,020 | 27,495 | 30,512 | 30,804 | 31,056 | 32,232 | 31,151 | Biens durables | 1 |
| 11,912 | 12,964 | 13,268 | 14,140 | 13,071 | 14,880 | 14,820 | 14,928 | 15,540 | 15,042 | Véhicules automobiles, pièces et réparations | 2 |
| 5,512 | 5,748 | 6,208 | 5,872 | 5,835 | 6,248 | 6,316 | 6,292 | 6,560 | 6,354 | Meubles et appareils ménagers | 3 |
| 8,204 | 8,328 | 8,816 | 9,008 | 8,589 | 9,384 | 9,668 | 9,836 | 10,132 | 9,755 | Autres | 4 |
| 21,200 | 21,096 | 21,472 | 21,688 | 21,364 | 22,044 | 22,560 | 22,488 | 22,748 | 22,460 | Biens semi-durables | 5 |
| 12,536 | 12,488 | 12,584 | 12,808 | 12,604 | 13,088 | 13,476 | 13,360 | 13,556 | 13,370 | Vêtements et chaussures | 6 |
| 8,664 | 8,608 | 8,888 | 8,880 | 8,760 | 8,956 | 9,084 | 9,128 | 9,192 | 9,090 | Autres | 7 |
| 57,936 | 58,240 | 58,700 | 58,812 | 58,422 | 58,476 | 59,392 | 58,912 | 59,792 | 59,143 | Biens non durables | 8 |
| 26,524 | 26,436 | 26,672 | 26,636 | 26,567 | 26,644 | 26,972 | 27,080 | 27,064 | 26,940 | Aliments et boissons non alcoolisées | 9 |
| 6,944 | 7,004 | 7,044 | 6,980 | 6,993 | 6,868 | 7,136 | 7,128 | 7,160 | 7,073 | Carburants et lubrifiants | 10 |
| 6,716 | 7,184 | 7,000 | 7,908 | 7,202 | 7,432 | 7,452 | 6,904 | 7,424 | 7,303 | Électricité, gaz et autres combustibles | 11 |
| 17,752 | 17,616 | 17,984 | 17,288 | 17,660 | 17,532 | 17,832 | 17,800 | 18,144 | 17,827 | Autres | 12 |
| 88,944 | 89,696 | 90,928 | 91,492 | 90,265 | 92,844 | 93,172 | 94,140 | 95,484 | 93,910 | Services | 13 |
| 35,024 | 35,344 | 35,724 | 36,108 | 35,550 | 36,456 | 36,816 | 37,204 | 37,576 | 37,013 | Loyers bruts (imputés et versés) | 14 |
| 12,192 | 12,308 | 12,652 | 12,252 | 12,351 | 12,544 | 12,500 | 12,640 | 12,904 | 12,647 | Restaurants et hôtels | 15 |
| 1,136 | 1,440 | 1,588 | 1,840 | 1,501 | 1,188 | 1,176 | 960 | 1,128 | 1,113 | Dépense nette à l'étranger | 16 |
| 40,592 | 40,604 | 40,964 | 41,292 | 40,863 | 42,656 | 42,680 | 43,336 | 43,876 | 43,137 | Autres | 17 |
| 193,708 | 196,072 | 199,392 | 201,012 | 197,546 | 203,876 | 205,928 | 206,596 | 210,256 | 206,664 | Dépenses personnelles en biens et services de consommation aux prix de 1981. | 18 |
| 1987 | | | | | 1988 | | | | | | |
| millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 38,544 | 40,636 | 41,604 | 42,376 | 40,790 | 42,468 | 43,148 | 43,680 | 44,080 | 43,344 | Biens durables | 1 |
| 18,372 | 19,668 | 20,096 | 20,376 | 19,628 | 20,328 | 20,720 | 20,908 | 20,952 | 20,727 | Véhicules automobiles, pièces et réparations | 2 |
| 7,624 | 8,020 | 8,232 | 8,312 | 8,047 | 8,356 | 8,500 | 8,540 | 8,564 | 8,490 | Meubles et appareils ménagers | 3 |
| 12,548 | 12,948 | 13,276 | 13,688 | 13,115 | 13,784 | 13,928 | 14,232 | 14,564 | 14,127 | Autres | 4 |
| 25,472 | 25,996 | 26,324 | 26,780 | 26,143 | 26,196 | 26,472 | 26,856 | 27,160 | 26,671 | Biens semi-durables | 5 |
| 15,292 | 15,444 | 15,484 | 15,744 | 15,491 | 15,244 | 15,432 | 15,692 | 15,904 | 15,568 | Vêtements et chaussures | 6 |
| 10,180 | 10,552 | 10,840 | 11,036 | 10,652 | 10,952 | 11,040 | 11,164 | 11,256 | 11,103 | Autres | 7 |
| 61,968 | 63,048 | 63,392 | 64,284 | 63,173 | 64,676 | 64,756 | 65,564 | 66,532 | 65,382 | Biens non durables | 8 |
| 28,364 | 28,976 | 28,928 | 29,648 | 28,979 | 29,756 | 29,744 | 30,048 | 30,636 | 30,046 | Aliments et boissons non alcoolisées | 9 |
| 7,396 | 7,516 | 7,488 | 7,544 | 7,486 | 7,720 | 7,640 | 7,832 | 7,880 | 7,768 | Carburants et lubrifiants | 10 |
| 7,448 | 7,676 | 7,952 | 7,704 | 7,695 | 8,084 | 8,240 | 8,240 | 8,332 | 8,224 | Électricité, gaz et autres combustibles | 11 |
| 18,760 | 18,880 | 19,024 | 19,388 | 19,013 | 19,116 | 19,132 | 19,444 | 19,684 | 19,344 | Autres | 12 |
| 108,180 | 106,972 | 108,216 | 109,928 | 107,824 | 110,580 | 111,832 | 113,216 | 115,400 | 112,757 | Services | 13 |
| 41,132 | 41,624 | 42,128 | 42,732 | 41,904 | 43,224 | 43,736 | 44,276 | 44,820 | 44,014 | Loyers bruts (imputés et versés) | 14 |
| 13,932 | 14,176 | 14,452 | 14,916 | 14,369 | 15,000 | 15,044 | 15,128 | 15,344 | 15,129 | Restaurants et hôtels | 15 |
| 968 | 880 | 1,080 | 1,208 | 1,034 | 692 | 1,396 | 1,484 | 1,964 | 1,384 | Dépense nette à l'étranger | 16 |
| 50,148 | 50,292 | 50,556 | 51,072 | 50,517 | 51,664 | 51,656 | 52,328 | 53,272 | 52,230 | Autres | 17 |
| 232,164 | 236,652 | 239,536 | 243,368 | 237,930 | 243,920 | 246,208 | 249,316 | 253,172 | 248,154 | Dépenses personnelles en biens et services de consommation aux prix de 1981. | 18 |

TABLE 9. Government Sector Revenue and Expenditure

Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates

| No. | CANSIM matrix No. 006729 | 1981 | | | | | 1982 | | | | |
|---|--|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------------|
| | | I | II | III | IV | Year Année | I | II | III | IV | Year Année |
| millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Revenue | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Direct taxes: | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | From persons | 47,588 | 52,028 | 55,012 | 56,760 | 52,847 | 58,244 | 59,228 | 58,840 | 59,460 | 58,943 |
| 3 | From corporate and government business enterprises. | 14,116 | 13,756 | 11,964 | 11,348 | 12,796 | 11,056 | 10,680 | 12,476 | 12,808 | 11,755 |
| 4 | From non-residents (withholding taxes) | 992 | 996 | 1,272 | 1,180 | 1,110 | 1,148 | 1,232 | 1,144 | 1,188 | 1,178 |
| 5 | Indirect taxes | 42,648 | 45,848 | 47,644 | 47,684 | 45,956 | 48,308 | 47,696 | 48,500 | 48,488 | 48,248 |
| 6 | Other current transfers from persons | 2,572 | 2,624 | 2,700 | 2,848 | 2,686 | 2,996 | 2,980 | 3,012 | 3,144 | 3,033 |
| 7 | Investment income | 18,956 | 20,192 | 21,536 | 23,052 | 20,934 | 23,148 | 22,312 | 24,292 | 19,484 | 22,309 |
| 7 | Total revenue | 126,872 | 135,444 | 140,128 | 142,872 | 136,329 | 144,900 | 144,128 | 148,264 | 144,572 | 145,466 |
| Current Expenditure | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 8 | Current expenditure on goods and services(1) | 64,012 | 66,812 | 71,244 | 73,100 | 68,792 | 74,652 | 77,096 | 79,996 | 82,876 | 78,655 |
| 9 | Transfer payments: | | | | | | | | | | |
| 9 | To persons | 33,520 | 34,744 | 34,868 | 36,700 | 34,958 | 39,480 | 41,944 | 45,684 | 47,408 | 43,629 |
| 10 | To business: | | | | | | | | | | |
| 10 | Subsidies | 8,440 | 10,396 | 9,892 | 9,268 | 9,499 | 8,632 | 9,356 | 9,560 | 9,812 | 9,340 |
| 11 | Capital assistance | 1,060 | 1,352 | 1,012 | 1,500 | 1,231 | 1,636 | 1,900 | 4,264 | 4,872 | 3,168 |
| 12 | To non-residents | 780 | 844 | 904 | 972 | 875 | 1,116 | 1,044 | 940 | 1,152 | 1,063 |
| 13 | Interest on the public debt | 19,588 | 21,368 | 23,120 | 24,996 | 22,268 | 25,716 | 26,796 | 27,516 | 28,260 | 27,072 |
| 14 | Total current expenditure | 127,400 | 135,516 | 141,040 | 146,536 | 137,623 | 151,232 | 158,136 | 167,960 | 174,380 | 162,927 |
| 15 | Saving (7-14) | -528 | -72 | -912 | -3,664 | -1,294 | -6,332 | -14,008 | -19,696 | -29,808 | -17,461 |
| 16 | Add: Capital consumption allowances | 5,052 | 5,236 | 5,404 | 5,552 | 5,311 | 5,680 | 5,828 | 5,948 | 6,068 | 5,881 |
| 17 | Deduct: Investment in fixed capital and inventories. | 7,788 | 9,512 | 9,568 | 10,100 | 9,242 | 10,360 | 10,582 | 10,796 | 10,594 | 10,588 |
| 18 | Equals: Net lending(2) | -3,264 | -4,348 | -5,076 | -8,212 | -5,225 | -11,012 | -18,772 | -24,544 | -34,344 | -22,168 |
| 1985 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1986 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Revenue | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Direct taxes: | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | From persons | 70,856 | 72,824 | 77,728 | 78,224 | 74,908 | 80,384 | 84,628 | 86,744 | 87,824 | 84,895 |
| 3 | From corporate and government business enterprises. | 15,040 | 15,808 | 14,804 | 15,788 | 15,360 | 15,072 | 14,404 | 14,460 | 15,208 | 14,786 |
| 4 | From non-residents (withholding taxes) | 1,128 | 1,072 | 1,040 | 1,036 | 1,069 | 1,524 | 1,204 | 1,188 | 2,784 | 1,675 |
| 5 | Indirect taxes | 58,716 | 59,756 | 57,448 | 59,416 | 58,834 | 61,584 | 64,364 | 65,920 | 64,316 | 64,046 |
| 6 | Other current transfers from persons | 3,448 | 3,852 | 3,772 | 3,764 | 3,709 | 3,472 | 4,048 | 4,004 | 4,216 | 3,935 |
| 7 | Investment income | 28,328 | 29,512 | 29,828 | 30,060 | 29,432 | 29,696 | 28,840 | 28,716 | 28,352 | 28,901 |
| 7 | Total revenue | 177,516 | 182,824 | 184,620 | 188,288 | 183,312 | 191,732 | 197,488 | 201,032 | 202,700 | 198,238 |
| Current Expenditure | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 8 | Current expenditure on goods and services(1) | 94,332 | 94,976 | 95,432 | 98,060 | 95,700 | 98,536 | 99,116 | 101,468 | 102,752 | 100,468 |
| 9 | Transfer payments: | | | | | | | | | | |
| 9 | To persons | 57,188 | 57,496 | 58,324 | 59,440 | 58,112 | 50,060 | 60,992 | 62,572 | 64,444 | 62,017 |
| 10 | To business: | | | | | | | | | | |
| 10 | Subsidies | 12,496 | 13,932 | 9,800 | 10,404 | 11,658 | 9,336 | 11,884 | 9,032 | 10,632 | 10,221 |
| 11 | Capital assistance | 4,268 | 4,240 | 3,132 | 3,688 | 3,832 | 3,292 | 4,068 | 3,428 | 3,580 | 3,592 |
| 12 | To non-residents | 1,704 | 1,460 | 1,784 | 1,624 | 1,643 | 1,464 | 1,772 | 2,000 | 1,948 | 1,796 |
| 13 | Interest on the public debt | 39,076 | 40,276 | 40,296 | 41,500 | 40,287 | 40,944 | 43,576 | 42,976 | 43,236 | 42,683 |
| 14 | Total current expenditure | 209,064 | 212,380 | 208,768 | 214,716 | 211,232 | 213,632 | 221,408 | 221,476 | 226,592 | 220,777 |
| 15 | Saving (7-14) | -31,548 | -29,556 | -24,148 | -26,428 | -27,920 | -21,900 | -23,920 | -20,444 | -23,892 | -22,539 |
| 16 | Add: Capital consumption allowances | 7,076 | 7,176 | 7,284 | 7,392 | 7,232 | 7,456 | 7,576 | 7,696 | 7,844 | 7,643 |
| 17 | Deduct: Investment in fixed capital and inventories. | 12,280 | 12,828 | 13,120 | 13,136 | 12,841 | 13,340 | 13,580 | 12,164 | 12,888 | 12,519 |
| 18 | Equals: Net lending(2) | -36,752 | -35,208 | -29,984 | -32,172 | -33,529 | -27,484 | -28,924 | -24,912 | -28,336 | -27,414 |

See footnote(s) at end of statistical tables.

TABLEAU 9. Recettes et dépenses du secteur des administrations publiques

Désaisonnalisées au taux annuel

| 1983 | | | | | 1984 | | | | | Numéro de matrice CANSIM 006729 | N° |
|---|---------|---------|---------|---------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------------|--|----|
| I | II | III | IV | Year Année | I | II | III | IV | Year Année | | |
| millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 63,452 | 67,392 | 58,364 | 65,212 | 63,605 | 67,576 | 64,768 | 70,036 | 70,512 | 68,223 | Recettes | |
| 11,624 | 11,516 | 12,844 | 13,296 | 12,320 | 14,784 | 15,052 | 15,180 | 14,920 | 14,984 | Impôts directs: | |
| | | | | | | | | | | Des particuliers | 1 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Des sociétés et des entreprises publiques | 2 |
| 912 | 984 | 1,056 | 1,220 | 1,043 | 908 | 1,068 | 1,308 | 1,116 | 1,100 | Des non-résidents (retenues fiscales) | 3 |
| 48,416 | 49,324 | 51,184 | 51,676 | 50,150 | 53,276 | 54,304 | 55,316 | 56,932 | 54,957 | Impôts indirects | 4 |
| 3,344 | 3,364 | 3,540 | 3,488 | 3,434 | 3,396 | 3,616 | 3,888 | 3,780 | 3,670 | Autres transferts courants en provenance des particuliers. | 5 |
| 24,872 | 24,160 | 25,824 | 26,212 | 25,267 | 27,024 | 28,000 | 28,272 | 29,432 | 28,182 | Revenus de placements | 6 |
| 152,620 | 156,740 | 152,812 | 161,104 | 155,819 | 166,964 | 166,808 | 174,000 | 176,692 | 171,116 | Recettes totales | 7 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 81,188 | 84,396 | 86,000 | 86,700 | 84,571 | 87,708 | 88,316 | 89,312 | 91,020 | 89,089 | Dépenses courantes | |
| 48,240 | 49,840 | 50,724 | 50,984 | 49,947 | 52,332 | 53,048 | 53,532 | 55,232 | 53,536 | Dépenses courantes en biens et services(1) | 8 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Transferts courants: | |
| | | | | | | | | | | Aux particuliers | 9 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Aux entreprises: | |
| 10,664 | 8,728 | 9,932 | 10,736 | 10,015 | 11,252 | 12,600 | 12,604 | 12,516 | 12,243 | Subventions | 10 |
| 5,792 | 3,416 | 4,696 | 4,736 | 4,660 | 3,832 | 3,832 | 4,088 | 4,764 | 4,129 | Subventions d'équipement | 11 |
| 1,236 | 1,228 | 1,128 | 1,184 | 1,194 | 1,680 | 1,532 | 1,416 | 1,656 | 1,571 | Aux non-résidents | 12 |
| 27,584 | 29,004 | 30,272 | 30,816 | 29,419 | 31,852 | 33,900 | 35,700 | 37,556 | 34,752 | Service de la dette publique | 13 |
| 174,704 | 176,612 | 182,752 | 185,156 | 179,806 | 188,656 | 193,228 | 196,652 | 202,744 | 195,320 | Total des dépenses courantes | 14 |
| -22,084 | -19,872 | -29,940 | -24,052 | -23,987 | -21,692 | -26,420 | -22,652 | -26,052 | -24,204 | Épargne (7-14) | 15 |
| 6,136 | 6,240 | 6,348 | 6,464 | 6,297 | 6,592 | 6,712 | 6,836 | 6,952 | 6,773 | Plus: Provisions pour consommation de capital | 16 |
| 10,488 | 10,072 | 10,204 | 10,636 | 10,350 | 10,740 | 11,252 | 11,704 | 11,944 | 11,410 | Moins: Investissement en capital fixe et en stocks. | 17 |
| -26,436 | -23,704 | -33,796 | -28,224 | -28,040 | -25,840 | -30,960 | -27,520 | -31,044 | -28,841 | Égale: Prêt net(2) | 18 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1987 | | | | | 1988 | | | | | | |
| millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 90,156 | 96,036 | 95,140 | 98,552 | 94,971 | 106,152 | 106,532 | 106,860 | 107,800 | 106,836 | Recettes | |
| 14,076 | 15,352 | 15,864 | 14,848 | 15,035 | 16,212 | 17,036 | 16,912 | 16,828 | 16,747 | Impôts directs: | |
| | | | | | | | | | | Des particuliers | 1 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Des sociétés et des entreprises publiques | 2 |
| 760 | 1,432 | 1,128 | 1,536 | 1,214 | 1,524 | 1,624 | 1,798 | 1,736 | 1,670 | Des non-résidents (retenues fiscales) | 3 |
| 67,516 | 69,272 | 72,268 | 73,012 | 70,517 | 74,188 | 76,240 | 77,832 | 79,844 | 77,026 | Impôts indirects | 4 |
| 4,112 | 4,536 | 4,520 | 4,604 | 4,443 | 4,736 | 4,960 | 4,756 | 5,078 | 4,882 | Autres transferts courants en provenance des particuliers. | 5 |
| 27,312 | 29,340 | 29,920 | 31,336 | 29,477 | 30,680 | 32,296 | 33,460 | 35,832 | 33,017 | Revenus de placements | 6 |
| 203,932 | 215,968 | 218,840 | 223,888 | 215,657 | 233,492 | 238,688 | 241,616 | 246,916 | 240,178 | Recettes totales | 7 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 104,280 | 106,260 | 106,632 | 108,788 | 106,490 | 111,824 | 112,640 | 114,372 | 116,272 | 113,777 | Dépenses courantes | |
| 65,344 | 65,884 | 69,300 | 68,908 | 67,359 | 71,720 | 71,480 | 72,432 | 73,616 | 72,312 | Dépenses courantes en biens et services(1) | 8 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Transferts courants: | |
| | | | | | | | | | | Aux particuliers | 9 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Aux entreprises: | |
| 11,224 | 15,704 | 10,748 | 12,348 | 12,506 | 12,832 | 11,600 | 12,036 | 11,336 | 11,951 | Subventions | 10 |
| 2,940 | 2,788 | 2,456 | 1,860 | 2,516 | 2,380 | 2,796 | 1,700 | 2,152 | 2,257 | Subventions d'équipement | 11 |
| 2,084 | 1,912 | 2,168 | 2,512 | 2,169 | 2,628 | 2,036 | 2,588 | 2,444 | 2,424 | Aux non-résidents | 12 |
| 43,956 | 44,460 | 45,652 | 46,768 | 45,209 | 48,568 | 49,504 | 51,772 | 52,180 | 50,508 | Service de la dette publique | 13 |
| 229,828 | 237,008 | 238,956 | 241,204 | 236,249 | 249,952 | 250,056 | 254,900 | 258,000 | 253,227 | Total des dépenses courantes | 14 |
| -25,896 | -21,040 | -18,116 | -17,316 | -20,592 | -16,460 | -11,368 | -13,284 | -11,084 | -13,049 | Épargne (7-14) | 15 |
| 7,980 | 8,152 | 8,312 | 8,488 | 8,233 | 8,108 | 8,332 | 8,564 | 8,800 | 8,451 | Plus: Provisions pour consommation de capital | 16 |
| 12,680 | 12,532 | 12,696 | 13,128 | 12,759 | 13,344 | 13,632 | 13,940 | 14,084 | 13,750 | Moins: Investissement en capital fixe et en stocks. | 17 |
| 30,596 | -25,420 | -22,500 | -21,956 | -25,118 | -21,696 | -16,668 | -18,660 | -16,368 | -18,348 | Égale: Prêt net(2) | 18 |

voir note(s) à la fin des tableaux statistiques.

TABLE 10. Federal Government Revenue and Expenditure

Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates

| No. | CANSIM matrix No. 006730 | 1981 | | | | | 1982 | | | | |
|---|---|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| | | I | II | III | IV | Year | I | II | III | IV | Year |
| | | | | | | Année | | | | | Année |
| millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Revenue | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Direct taxes: | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | From persons | 26,136 | 28,548 | 30,852 | 31,324 | 29,215 | 31,580 | 32,872 | 31,908 | 32,208 | 32,142 |
| 2 | From corporate and government business enterprises | 10,184 | 9,980 | 8,744 | 8,384 | 9,323 | 8,624 | 8,348 | 9,792 | 10,084 | 9,212 |
| 3 | Tax collections | 8,940 | 8,396 | 9,448 | 9,752 | 9,734 | 8,788 | 8,572 | 8,688 | 8,052 | 8,525 |
| 4 | From non-residents (withholding taxes) | 992 | 996 | 1,272 | 1,180 | 1,110 | 1,148 | 1,232 | 1,144 | 1,188 | 1,178 |
| 5 | Indirect taxes | 16,780 | 18,944 | 20,472 | 19,748 | 18,986 | 18,280 | 17,116 | 17,640 | 17,316 | 17,588 |
| 6 | Other current transfers from persons | 18 | 12 | 16 | 16 | 15 | 16 | 12 | 16 | 16 | 15 |
| 7 | Investment income | 4,472 | 5,444 | 5,812 | 6,004 | 5,433 | 6,312 | 4,788 | 6,144 | 2,720 | 4,991 |
| 8 | Total revenue | 58,580 | 63,924 | 67,168 | 66,656 | 64,082 | 65,960 | 64,368 | 66,644 | 63,532 | 65,126 |
| | Current Expenditure | | | | | | | | | | |
| 9 | Current expenditure on goods and services(1) | 15,604 | 15,108 | 16,956 | 18,268 | 16,484 | 17,532 | 19,052 | 19,364 | 19,484 | 18,858 |
| 10 | (of which: defence) | 5,428 | 4,716 | 5,700 | 6,220 | 5,516 | 5,972 | 6,568 | 7,028 | 7,048 | 6,654 |
| | Transfer payments: | | | | | | | | | | |
| 11 | To persons | 18,076 | 18,172 | 18,664 | 19,824 | 18,684 | 21,720 | 23,008 | 25,380 | 27,412 | 24,380 |
| | To business: | | | | | | | | | | |
| 12 | Subsidies | 5,864 | 7,268 | 7,156 | 6,248 | 6,634 | 5,432 | 5,560 | 6,040 | 6,076 | 5,777 |
| 13 | Capital assistance | 724 | 1,096 | 672 | 1,108 | 900 | 1,352 | 1,540 | 3,680 | 3,640 | 2,553 |
| 14 | To non-residents | 764 | 828 | 888 | 956 | 859 | 1,096 | 1,024 | 920 | 1,132 | 1,043 |
| | To other levels of government: | | | | | | | | | | |
| 15 | To provinces | 12,708 | 13,980 | 13,788 | 14,604 | 13,770 | 14,232 | 15,008 | 18,192 | 14,612 | 15,511 |
| 16 | To local | 312 | 404 | 244 | 308 | 317 | 336 | 316 | 376 | 304 | 333 |
| 17 | Interest on the public debt | 11,576 | 12,832 | 14,484 | 16,064 | 13,739 | 16,172 | 16,720 | 16,796 | 17,012 | 16,675 |
| 18 | Total current expenditure | 65,628 | 69,688 | 72,852 | 77,380 | 71,387 | 77,872 | 82,228 | 90,748 | 89,672 | 85,130 |
| 19 | Saving (8-18) | -7,048 | -5,764 | -5,684 | -10,724 | -7,305 | -11,912 | -17,860 | -24,104 | -26,140 | -20,004 |
| 20 | Add: Capital consumption allowances | 884 | 912 | 936 | 960 | 923 | 968 | 984 | 1,000 | 1,020 | 993 |
| 21 | Deduct: Investment in fixed capital and inventories | -36 | 1,360 | 1,092 | 1,316 | 933 | 1,356 | 1,372 | 1,388 | 964 | 1,270 |
| 22 | Equals: Net lending(2) | -6,128 | -6,212 | -5,840 | -11,080 | -7,315 | -12,300 | -18,248 | -24,492 | -26,084 | -20,281 |
| 1985 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Revenue | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Direct taxes: | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | From persons | 39,072 | 43,036 | 45,004 | 43,676 | 42,697 | 45,560 | 49,320 | 50,404 | 50,684 | 48,987 |
| 2 | From corporate and government business enterprises | 11,256 | 11,812 | 10,972 | 11,712 | 11,438 | 10,892 | 10,248 | 10,212 | 10,556 | 10,477 |
| 3 | Tax collections | 13,080 | 11,664 | 11,992 | 11,784 | 12,130 | 11,480 | 10,528 | 9,292 | 11,136 | 10,609 |
| 4 | From non-residents (withholding taxes) | 1,128 | 1,072 | 1,040 | 1,036 | 1,069 | 1,524 | 1,204 | 1,188 | 2,784 | 1,675 |
| 5 | Indirect taxes | 20,184 | 19,976 | 17,304 | 18,124 | 18,897 | 19,312 | 20,764 | 22,204 | 20,380 | 20,665 |
| 6 | Other current transfers from persons | 16 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 22 | 24 | 20 | 24 | 24 | 23 |
| 7 | Investment income | 7,416 | 7,760 | 7,808 | 7,648 | 7,658 | 8,156 | 8,400 | 8,360 | 8,004 | 8,230 |
| 8 | Total revenue | 79,072 | 83,680 | 82,152 | 82,220 | 81,781 | 85,468 | 89,956 | 92,392 | 92,412 | 90,057 |
| | Current Expenditure | | | | | | | | | | |
| 9 | Current expenditure on goods and services(1) | 23,484 | 23,576 | 22,688 | 24,060 | 23,452 | 23,352 | 23,696 | 25,316 | 24,200 | 24,141 |
| 10 | (of which: defence) | 9,724 | 9,476 | 9,188 | 9,368 | 9,439 | 8,884 | 9,188 | 9,816 | 9,808 | 9,424 |
| | Transfer payments: | | | | | | | | | | |
| 11 | To persons | 31,616 | 31,940 | 31,460 | 31,936 | 31,738 | 31,996 | 32,880 | 33,252 | 34,636 | 33,191 |
| | To business: | | | | | | | | | | |
| 12 | Subsidies | 8,016 | 8,948 | 4,276 | 4,232 | 6,368 | 3,272 | 6,780 | 3,748 | 5,416 | 4,804 |
| 13 | Capital assistance | 3,500 | 3,188 | 2,336 | 2,912 | 2,984 | 2,416 | 2,620 | 2,276 | 2,480 | 2,448 |
| 14 | To non-residents | 1,672 | 1,428 | 1,748 | 1,588 | 1,609 | 1,424 | 1,732 | 1,960 | 1,908 | 1,756 |
| | To other levels of government: | | | | | | | | | | |
| 15 | To provinces | 23,156 | 20,084 | 21,432 | 20,288 | 21,240 | 19,300 | 21,380 | 20,448 | 21,128 | 20,564 |
| 16 | To local | 548 | 512 | 472 | 492 | 506 | 484 | 492 | 560 | 564 | 525 |
| 17 | Interest on the public debt | 23,820 | 24,648 | 24,704 | 25,308 | 24,620 | 24,544 | 27,072 | 26,236 | 26,576 | 26,107 |
| 18 | Total current expenditure | 115,812 | 114,324 | 109,116 | 110,816 | 112,517 | 106,788 | 116,652 | 113,796 | 116,908 | 113,536 |
| 19 | Saving (8-18) | -36,740 | -30,644 | -26,964 | -28,596 | -30,736 | -21,320 | -26,696 | -21,404 | -24,496 | -23,479 |
| 20 | Add: Capital consumption allowances | 1,228 | 1,256 | 1,280 | 1,304 | 1,267 | 1,316 | 1,340 | 1,364 | 1,392 | 1,353 |
| 21 | Deduct: Investment in fixed capital and inventories | 2,328 | 2,284 | 2,216 | 2,036 | 2,216 | 2,000 | 1,944 | 1,796 | 2,032 | 1,943 |
| 22 | Equals: Net lending(2) | -37,840 | -31,672 | -27,900 | -29,328 | -31,685 | -22,004 | -27,300 | -21,836 | -25,136 | -24,069 |

See footnote(s) at end of statistical tables.

TABEAU 10. Recettes et dépenses de l'administration fédérale

Desaisonnalisées au taux annuel

| 1983 | | | | | 1984 | | | | | Numéro de matrice CANSIM 006730 | N ^o | | | | | | | | |
|---|---------|---------|---------|---------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------------|--|----------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| I | II | III | IV | Year Année | I | II | III | IV | Year Année | | | | | | | | | | |
| millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 35,880 | 38,072 | 31,152 | 36,812 | 35,479 | 37,160 | 34,288 | 38,212 | 40,560 | 37,555 | Recettes | | | | | | | | | |
| 8,996 | 8,896 | 9,920 | 10,332 | 9,536 | 11,164 | 11,352 | 11,480 | 11,280 | 11,319 | Impôts directs: | 1 | | | | | | | | |
| 8,384 | 9,520 | 8,828 | 9,676 | 9,152 | 9,284 | 10,624 | 11,656 | 10,728 | 10,573 | Des particuliers | 2 | | | | | | | | |
| 912 | 984 | 1,056 | 1,220 | 1,043 | 908 | 1,068 | 1,308 | 1,116 | 1,100 | Des sociétés et des entreprises publiques | 3 | | | | | | | | |
| 15,688 | 16,016 | 16,736 | 16,772 | 16,303 | 17,592 | 17,640 | 17,888 | 19,376 | 18,124 | Impôts perçus | 4 | | | | | | | | |
| 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 20 | 20 | 18 | Des non-résidents (retenues fiscales) | 5 | | | | | | | | |
| 5,868 | 5,524 | 6,564 | 6,848 | 6,201 | 7,028 | 7,620 | 6,900 | 7,384 | 7,233 | Impôts indirects | 6 | | | | | | | | |
| 67,360 | 69,508 | 65,444 | 72,000 | 68,578 | 73,868 | 71,984 | 75,808 | 79,736 | 75,349 | Autres transferts courants en provenance des particuliers. | 7 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | Revenus de placements | 8 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | Recettes totales | 8 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 18,844 | 19,640 | 19,632 | 20,104 | 19,555 | 21,124 | 20,904 | 20,980 | 21,512 | 21,130 | Dépenses courantes | | | | | | | | | |
| 6,788 | 6,976 | 7,076 | 7,628 | 7,702 | 8,392 | 8,152 | 8,056 | 7,596 | 8,049 | Dépenses courantes en biens et services(1) | 9 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | (dont: défense) | 10 | | | | | | | | |
| 27,480 | 28,120 | 28,504 | 28,212 | 28,079 | 28,584 | 29,356 | 30,240 | 30,616 | 29,699 | Transferts courants: | 11 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | Aux particuliers | 12 | | | | | | | | |
| 5,988 | 4,332 | 5,944 | 6,384 | 5,662 | 6,652 | 7,556 | 7,616 | 8,068 | 7,473 | Aux entreprises: | 13 | | | | | | | | |
| 4,612 | 2,484 | 3,608 | 3,692 | 3,599 | 3,188 | 3,140 | 3,304 | 3,844 | 3,369 | Subventions | 14 | | | | | | | | |
| 1,212 | 1,204 | 1,104 | 1,160 | 1,170 | 1,652 | 1,504 | 1,388 | 1,628 | 1,543 | Subventions d'équipement | 15 | | | | | | | | |
| 15,784 | 17,384 | 17,224 | 18,208 | 17,150 | 20,424 | 18,792 | 18,792 | 19,600 | 19,402 | Aux non-résidents | 16 | | | | | | | | |
| 352 | 372 | 556 | 668 | 487 | 524 | 476 | 548 | 464 | 503 | À d'autres niveaux d'administration publique: | 17 | | | | | | | | |
| 16,724 | 17,192 | 17,740 | 17,992 | 17,412 | 18,896 | 20,172 | 21,560 | 22,960 | 20,897 | Aux administrations provinciales | 18 | | | | | | | | |
| 90,996 | 90,728 | 94,312 | 96,420 | 93,114 | 101,044 | 101,900 | 104,428 | 108,692 | 104,016 | Aux administrations locales | 19 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | Service de la dette publique | 20 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | Total des dépenses courantes | 21 | | | | | | | | |
| -23,636 | -21,220 | -28,868 | -24,420 | -24,536 | -27,176 | -29,916 | -28,620 | -28,956 | -28,667 | Épargne (8-18) | 22 | | | | | | | | |
| 1,028 | 1,048 | 1,064 | 1,084 | 1,056 | 1,112 | 1,140 | 1,168 | 1,196 | 1,154 | Plus: Provisions pour consommation de capital | | | | | | | | | |
| 1,528 | 1,364 | 1,412 | 1,748 | 1,513 | 2,184 | 2,460 | 2,720 | 2,680 | 2,511 | Moins: Investissement en capital fixe et en stocks | | | | | | | | | |
| -24,136 | -21,536 | -29,216 | -25,084 | -24,993 | -28,248 | -31,236 | -30,172 | -30,440 | -30,024 | Égale: Prêt net(2) | | | | | | | | | |
| 1987 | | | | | | | | | | 1988 | | | | | | | | | |
| millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 51,416 | 54,408 | 53,432 | 56,492 | 53,937 | 61,492 | 59,404 | 59,996 | 60,372 | 60,316 | Recettes | | | | | | | | | |
| 9,844 | 10,708 | 11,084 | 10,236 | 10,468 | 11,384 | 12,020 | 11,840 | 11,724 | 11,742 | Impôts directs: | 1 | | | | | | | | |
| 10,376 | 10,228 | 11,360 | 11,616 | 10,880 | 9,496 | 11,104 | 10,540 | 9,236 | 10,094 | Des particuliers | 2 | | | | | | | | |
| 760 | 1,432 | 1,128 | 1,536 | 1,214 | 1,524 | 1,624 | 1,796 | 1,736 | 1,670 | Des sociétés et des entreprises publiques | 3 | | | | | | | | |
| 22,268 | 22,312 | 24,008 | 24,448 | 23,259 | 24,472 | 24,292 | 25,136 | 26,020 | 24,980 | Impôts perçus | 4 | | | | | | | | |
| 24 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 24 | Des non-résidents (retenues fiscales) | 5 | | | | | | | | |
| 7,608 | 8,464 | 8,944 | 10,156 | 8,793 | 9,192 | 9,712 | 10,724 | 11,108 | 10,184 | Impôts indirects | 6 | | | | | | | | |
| 91,920 | 97,348 | 98,620 | 102,892 | 97,695 | 108,088 | 107,076 | 109,516 | 110,984 | 108,916 | Autres transferts courants en provenance des particuliers. | 7 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | Revenus de placements | 8 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | Recettes totales | 8 | | | | | | | | |
| 24,140 | 24,552 | 24,336 | 25,144 | 24,543 | 26,284 | 25,924 | 25,988 | 25,972 | 26,042 | Dépenses courantes | | | | | | | | | |
| 9,524 | 9,500 | 9,496 | 9,928 | 9,612 | 11,220 | 10,312 | 10,268 | 10,188 | 10,497 | Dépenses courantes en biens et services(1) | 9 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | (dont: défense) | 10 | | | | | | | | |
| 33,756 | 33,844 | 35,560 | 34,836 | 34,499 | 35,748 | 35,748 | 36,164 | 36,856 | 36,129 | Transferts courants: | 11 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | Aux particuliers | 12 | | | | | | | | |
| 5,728 | 10,232 | 5,112 | 7,076 | 7,037 | 7,340 | 5,840 | 6,012 | 5,124 | 6,079 | Aux entreprises: | 13 | | | | | | | | |
| 2,300 | 1,864 | 1,832 | 1,472 | 1,867 | 1,900 | 2,140 | 1,036 | 1,532 | 1,652 | Subventions | 14 | | | | | | | | |
| 2,036 | 1,860 | 2,116 | 2,460 | 2,118 | 2,568 | 1,976 | 2,528 | 2,384 | 2,364 | Subventions d'équipement | 15 | | | | | | | | |
| 20,672 | 22,252 | 22,532 | 23,016 | 22,118 | 23,096 | 24,428 | 23,576 | 25,088 | 24,047 | Aux non-résidents | 16 | | | | | | | | |
| 476 | 640 | 580 | 624 | 580 | 632 | 684 | 588 | 700 | 651 | À d'autres niveaux d'administration publique: | 17 | | | | | | | | |
| 26,688 | 27,068 | 27,960 | 29,248 | 27,741 | 30,260 | 30,780 | 32,436 | 33,004 | 31,620 | Aux administrations provinciales | 18 | | | | | | | | |
| 115,796 | 122,312 | 120,028 | 123,876 | 120,503 | 127,828 | 127,520 | 128,328 | 130,660 | 128,584 | Aux administrations locales | 19 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | Service de la dette publique | 20 | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | Total des dépenses courantes | 21 | | | | | | | | |
| -23,876 | -24,964 | -21,408 | -20,984 | -22,808 | -19,740 | -20,444 | -18,812 | -19,676 | -19,668 | Épargne (8-18) | 22 | | | | | | | | |
| 1,420 | 1,452 | 1,480 | 1,512 | 1,466 | 1,436 | 1,472 | 1,512 | 1,552 | 1,493 | Plus: Provisions pour consommation de capital | | | | | | | | | |
| 2,144 | 1,928 | 1,872 | 2,180 | 2,031 | 2,300 | 2,096 | 2,184 | 2,316 | 2,224 | Moins: Investissement en capital fixe et en stocks | | | | | | | | | |
| -24,600 | -25,440 | -21,800 | -21,652 | -23,373 | -20,604 | -21,068 | -19,484 | -20,440 | -20,399 | Égale: Prêt net(2) | | | | | | | | | |

Voir note(s) à la fin des tableaux statistiques.

TABLE 11. Provincial Government Revenue and Expenditure

Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates

| No. | CANSIM matrix No. 006731 | 1981 | | | | | 1982 | | | | |
|-----|--|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|
| | | I | II | III | IV | Year Année | I | II | III | IV | Year Année |
| | | millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | |
| | Revenue | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Direct taxes: | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | From persons | 17,844 | 19,420 | 20,164 | 21,216 | 19,661 | 21,772 | 21,892 | 22,412 | 22,156 | 22,058 |
| 2 | From corporate and government business enterprises | 3,932 | 3,776 | 3,220 | 2,964 | 3,473 | 2,432 | 2,332 | 2,684 | 2,724 | 2,543 |
| 3 | Tax Collections | 4,424 | 4,840 | 3,684 | 4,036 | 4,246 | 3,608 | 4,152 | 1,980 | 2,724 | 3,118 |
| 4 | Indirect taxes | 14,220 | 15,248 | 15,508 | 16,268 | 15,311 | 17,376 | 17,876 | 18,120 | 18,388 | 17,940 |
| 5 | Other current transfers from persons | 2,364 | 2,416 | 2,488 | 2,632 | 2,475 | 2,760 | 2,748 | 2,772 | 2,904 | 2,796 |
| 6 | Investment income | 11,096 | 11,132 | 11,772 | 12,912 | 11,728 | 12,608 | 13,284 | 13,744 | 12,380 | 13,004 |
| | Transfer payments from other levels of government: | | | | | | | | | | |
| 7 | From federal | 12,708 | 13,980 | 13,788 | 14,604 | 13,770 | 14,232 | 15,008 | 18,192 | 14,612 | 15,511 |
| 8 | From local | 192 | 184 | 184 | 180 | 185 | 104 | 156 | 152 | 132 | 136 |
| 9 | Total revenue | 62,356 | 66,156 | 67,124 | 70,776 | 66,603 | 71,284 | 73,296 | 78,076 | 73,296 | 73,988 |
| | Current Expenditure | | | | | | | | | | |
| 10 | Current expenditure on goods and services(1) | 19,812 | 21,832 | 22,684 | 23,112 | 21,860 | 23,600 | 23,868 | 25,308 | 26,976 | 24,938 |
| | Transfer payments: | | | | | | | | | | |
| 11 | To persons | 11,872 | 12,932 | 12,492 | 13,088 | 12,596 | 13,472 | 14,528 | 15,720 | 15,276 | 14,749 |
| | To business: | | | | | | | | | | |
| 12 | Subsidies | 2,164 | 2,716 | 2,324 | 2,604 | 2,452 | 2,676 | 3,268 | 2,972 | 3,184 | 3,025 |
| 13 | Capital assistance | 336 | 256 | 340 | 392 | 331 | 284 | 360 | 584 | 1,232 | 615 |
| | To other levels of government: | | | | | | | | | | |
| 14 | To local | 11,132 | 13,424 | 13,632 | 13,364 | 12,888 | 13,984 | 15,812 | 15,092 | 15,516 | 15,051 |
| 15 | To hospitals | 8,328 | 9,672 | 10,036 | 10,396 | 9,608 | 10,568 | 11,120 | 11,800 | 12,632 | 11,530 |
| 16 | Interest on the public debt | 5,744 | 6,264 | 6,272 | 6,460 | 6,185 | 7,012 | 7,492 | 8,052 | 8,504 | 7,765 |
| 17 | Total current expenditure | 59,388 | 67,096 | 67,780 | 69,416 | 65,920 | 71,596 | 76,248 | 79,528 | 83,320 | 77,673 |
| 18 | Saving (9-17) | 2,968 | -940 | -656 | 1,360 | 683 | -312 | -2,952 | -1,452 | -10,024 | -3,685 |
| 19 | Add: Capital consumption allowances | 1,820 | 1,892 | 1,952 | 2,004 | 1,917 | 2,032 | 2,088 | 2,132 | 2,172 | 2,106 |
| 20 | Deduct: Investment in fixed capital | 3,428 | 3,608 | 3,776 | 3,892 | 3,676 | 3,988 | 4,064 | 4,124 | 4,192 | 4,032 |
| 21 | Equals: Net lending(2) | 1,360 | -2,656 | -2,480 | -528 | -1,076 | -2,268 | -4,928 | -3,444 | -12,044 | -5,671 |
| | | 1985 | | | | | 1986 | | | | |
| | | millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | |
| | Revenue | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Direct taxes: | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | From persons | 26,436 | 24,408 | 26,992 | 28,224 | 26,515 | 28,968 | 29,348 | 29,976 | 30,356 | 29,662 |
| 2 | From corporate and government business enterprises | 3,784 | 3,996 | 3,832 | 4,076 | 3,922 | 4,180 | 4,156 | 4,248 | 4,652 | 4,309 |
| 3 | Tax Collections | 3,736 | 2,952 | 4,056 | 4,224 | 3,742 | 4,720 | 3,620 | 3,776 | 3,520 | 3,759 |
| 4 | Indirect taxes | 23,096 | 24,312 | 24,648 | 25,792 | 24,462 | 25,668 | 26,888 | 26,976 | 27,104 | 26,659 |
| 5 | Other current transfers from persons | 3,160 | 3,556 | 3,476 | 3,468 | 3,415 | 3,268 | 3,728 | 3,680 | 3,768 | 3,611 |
| 6 | Investment income | 15,384 | 16,108 | 16,400 | 16,712 | 16,151 | 15,844 | 14,484 | 14,484 | 14,336 | 14,787 |
| | Transfer payments from other levels of government: | | | | | | | | | | |
| 7 | From federal | 23,156 | 20,084 | 21,432 | 20,288 | 21,240 | 19,300 | 21,380 | 20,448 | 21,128 | 20,564 |
| 8 | From local | 128 | 76 | 84 | 80 | 92 | 92 | 184 | 192 | 196 | 166 |
| 9 | Total revenue | 95,144 | 92,540 | 96,864 | 98,640 | 95,797 | 97,320 | 100,168 | 100,004 | 101,540 | 99,758 |
| | Current Expenditure | | | | | | | | | | |
| 10 | Current expenditure on goods and services(1) | 30,064 | 29,920 | 30,612 | 31,456 | 30,513 | 31,972 | 31,920 | 31,848 | 33,312 | 32,263 |
| | Transfer payments: | | | | | | | | | | |
| 11 | To persons | 18,452 | 18,132 | 19,444 | 19,968 | 18,999 | 19,924 | 19,832 | 20,864 | 21,196 | 20,454 |
| | To business: | | | | | | | | | | |
| 12 | Subsidies | 3,876 | 4,380 | 4,920 | 5,572 | 4,687 | 5,400 | 4,440 | 4,620 | 4,556 | 4,754 |
| 13 | Capital assistance | 768 | 1,052 | 796 | 776 | 848 | 876 | 1,448 | 1,152 | 1,100 | 1,144 |
| | To other levels of government: | | | | | | | | | | |
| 14 | To local | 18,100 | 17,148 | 15,472 | 17,360 | 17,020 | 18,732 | 18,528 | 17,380 | 19,680 | 18,580 |
| 15 | To hospitals | 13,820 | 14,300 | 14,808 | 14,796 | 14,431 | 15,008 | 15,140 | 15,312 | 15,396 | 15,214 |
| 16 | Interest on the public debt | 11,896 | 12,180 | 12,092 | 12,636 | 12,201 | 12,832 | 12,840 | 13,024 | 12,900 | 12,899 |
| 17 | Total current expenditure | 96,976 | 97,112 | 98,144 | 102,564 | 98,699 | 104,744 | 104,148 | 104,200 | 108,140 | 105,308 |
| 18 | Saving (9-17) | -1,832 | -4,572 | -1,280 | -3,924 | 2,902 | -7,424 | -3,980 | -4,196 | -6,600 | -5,550 |
| 19 | Add: Capital consumption allowances | 2,460 | 2,492 | 2,524 | 2,556 | 2,508 | 2,556 | 2,588 | 2,624 | 2,668 | 2,609 |
| 20 | Deduct: Investment in fixed capital | 4,376 | 4,664 | 4,860 | 4,980 | 4,720 | 4,740 | 4,560 | 4,412 | 4,348 | 4,575 |
| 21 | Equals: Net lending(2) | -3,748 | -6,744 | -3,616 | -6,348 | -5,114 | -9,608 | -5,952 | -5,984 | -8,280 | -7,456 |

See footnote(s) at end of statistical tables.

TABEAU 11. Recettes et dépenses des administrations provinciales

Désaisonnalisées au taux annuel

| 1983 | | | | | 1984 | | | | | Numéro de matrice CANSIM 006731 | N ^o |
|---|---------|---------|---------|---------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------------|---|----------------|
| I | II | III | IV | Year Année | I | II | III | IV | Year Année | | |
| millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 23,728 | 24,788 | 22,192 | 23,452 | 23,540 | 24,780 | 24,864 | 25,932 | 26,524 | 25,525 | Recettes | |
| 2,628 | 2,620 | 2,924 | 2,964 | 2,784 | 3,620 | 3,700 | 3,700 | 3,640 | 3,665 | Impôts directs: | |
| 2,776 | 2,688 | 3,328 | 2,952 | 2,936 | 2,912 | 3,320 | 3,448 | 3,864 | 3,386 | Des particuliers | 1 |
| 19,204 | 19,740 | 20,828 | 21,260 | 20,258 | 21,268 | 22,208 | 22,940 | 23,056 | 22,368 | Des sociétés et des entreprises publiques | 2 |
| 3,100 | 3,112 | 3,288 | 3,236 | 3,184 | 3,120 | 3,340 | 3,604 | 3,492 | 3,389 | Impôts perçus | 3 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Impôts indirects | 4 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Autres transferts courants en provenance des particuliers. | 5 |
| 14,468 | 14,068 | 14,700 | 14,672 | 14,477 | 15,176 | 15,276 | 16,052 | 16,532 | 15,759 | Revenus de placements | 6 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Transferts courants en provenance d'autres niveaux d'administration publique: | |
| 15,784 | 17,384 | 17,224 | 18,208 | 17,150 | 20,424 | 18,792 | 18,792 | 19,600 | 19,402 | De l'administration fédérale | 7 |
| 120 | 160 | 152 | 148 | 145 | 180 | 116 | 108 | 112 | 129 | Des administrations locales | 8 |
| 79,032 | 81,872 | 81,308 | 83,940 | 81,538 | 88,568 | 88,296 | 91,128 | 92,956 | 90,237 | Recettes totales | 9 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Dépenses courantes | |
| 26,492 | 27,532 | 28,324 | 28,256 | 27,651 | 27,480 | 27,764 | 28,332 | 28,852 | 28,107 | Dépenses courantes en biens et services(1) | 10 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Transferts courants: | |
| 15,512 | 16,388 | 16,700 | 17,036 | 16,409 | 17,488 | 17,256 | 16,868 | 18,092 | 17,426 | Aux particuliers | 11 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Aux entreprises: | |
| 4,152 | 3,864 | 3,448 | 3,804 | 3,817 | 4,012 | 4,460 | 4,404 | 3,860 | 4,184 | Subventions | 12 |
| 1,180 | 932 | 1,088 | 1,044 | 1,061 | 644 | 692 | 784 | 920 | 760 | Subventions d'équipement | 13 |
| | | | | | | | | | | A d'autres niveaux d'administration publique: | |
| 15,264 | 16,836 | 17,596 | 13,820 | 15,879 | 17,000 | 15,172 | 14,732 | 16,820 | 15,931 | Aux administrations locales | 14 |
| 12,108 | 12,360 | 12,624 | 13,100 | 12,548 | 13,512 | 13,780 | 13,392 | 13,388 | 13,518 | Aux hôpitaux | 15 |
| 8,020 | 8,884 | 9,532 | 9,744 | 9,045 | 9,872 | 10,608 | 10,956 | 11,340 | 10,694 | Service de la dette publique | 16 |
| 82,728 | 86,796 | 89,312 | 86,804 | 86,410 | 90,008 | 89,732 | 89,468 | 93,272 | 90,620 | Total des dépenses courantes | 17 |
| -3,696 | -4,924 | -8,004 | -2,864 | -4,872 | -1,440 | -1,436 | 1,660 | -316 | -383 | Épargne (9-17) | 18 |
| 2,200 | 2,240 | 2,288 | 2,344 | 2,268 | 2,332 | 2,360 | 2,392 | 2,424 | 2,377 | Plus: Provisions pour consommation de capital | 19 |
| 3,732 | 3,580 | 3,656 | 3,672 | 3,660 | 3,568 | 3,704 | 3,816 | 3,960 | 3,762 | Moins: Investissement en capital fixe | 20 |
| -5,228 | -6,264 | -9,372 | -4,192 | -6,264 | -2,676 | -2,780 | 236 | -1,852 | -1,768 | Égale: Prêt net(2) | 21 |
| millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | Recettes | |
| 31,724 | 34,616 | 34,428 | 34,928 | 33,924 | 37,092 | 39,300 | 39,120 | 38,812 | 38,581 | Impôts directs: | |
| 4,232 | 4,644 | 4,780 | 4,612 | 4,567 | 4,828 | 5,016 | 5,072 | 5,104 | 5,005 | Des particuliers | 1 |
| 3,804 | 4,268 | 4,024 | 4,460 | 4,139 | 3,892 | 5,468 | 6,452 | 5,412 | 5,306 | Des sociétés et des entreprises publiques | 2 |
| 27,396 | 29,076 | 30,344 | 30,640 | 29,364 | 30,784 | 32,984 | 33,692 | 34,784 | 33,061 | Impôts perçus | 3 |
| 3,752 | 4,176 | 4,160 | 4,236 | 4,081 | 4,340 | 4,564 | 4,360 | 4,676 | 4,485 | Impôts indirects | 4 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Autres transferts courants en provenance des particuliers. | 5 |
| 13,896 | 14,728 | 15,000 | 14,792 | 14,604 | 15,552 | 15,964 | 16,640 | 17,708 | 16,466 | Revenus de placements | 6 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Transferts courants en provenance d'autres niveaux d'administration publique: | |
| 20,672 | 22,252 | 22,532 | 23,016 | 22,118 | 23,096 | 24,428 | 23,576 | 25,088 | 24,047 | De l'administration fédérale | 7 |
| 192 | 224 | 240 | 244 | 225 | 216 | 244 | 272 | 280 | 253 | Des administrations locales | 8 |
| 101,864 | 109,716 | 111,484 | 112,468 | 108,883 | 115,908 | 122,500 | 122,732 | 126,452 | 121,898 | Recettes totales | 9 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Dépenses courantes | |
| 34,512 | 34,748 | 34,868 | 35,504 | 34,908 | 36,160 | 37,044 | 37,656 | 38,368 | 37,307 | Dépenses courantes en biens et services(1) | 10 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Transferts courants: | |
| 21,736 | 21,928 | 23,188 | 23,312 | 22,541 | 24,428 | 24,136 | 24,296 | 24,492 | 24,338 | Aux particuliers | 11 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Aux entreprises: | |
| 4,812 | 4,788 | 4,952 | 4,584 | 4,784 | 4,788 | 5,056 | 5,320 | 5,508 | 5,168 | Subventions | 12 |
| 640 | 924 | 624 | 408 | 649 | 480 | 656 | 664 | 620 | 605 | Subventions d'équipement | 13 |
| | | | | | | | | | | A d'autres niveaux d'administration publique: | |
| 19,872 | 19,580 | 19,348 | 21,904 | 20,176 | 21,248 | 21,668 | 22,352 | 21,876 | 21,786 | Aux administrations locales | 14 |
| 16,124 | 16,332 | 16,540 | 16,864 | 16,465 | 17,436 | 17,612 | 18,164 | 18,316 | 17,882 | Aux hôpitaux | 15 |
| 13,712 | 13,752 | 14,008 | 13,796 | 13,817 | 14,508 | 14,832 | 15,404 | 15,200 | 14,986 | Service de la dette publique | 16 |
| 111,408 | 112,052 | 113,528 | 116,372 | 113,340 | 119,048 | 121,004 | 123,856 | 124,380 | 122,072 | Total des dépenses courantes | 17 |
| -9,544 | -2,336 | -2,044 | -3,904 | -4,457 | -3,140 | 1,496 | -1,124 | 2,072 | -174 | Épargne (9-17) | 18 |
| 2,712 | 2,768 | 2,820 | 2,880 | 2,795 | 2,692 | 2,800 | 2,916 | 3,040 | 2,862 | Plus: Provisions pour consommation de capital | 19 |
| 4,264 | 4,276 | 4,344 | 4,380 | 4,316 | 4,100 | 4,228 | 4,300 | 4,292 | 4,230 | Moins: Investissement en capital fixe | 20 |
| -11,096 | -3,844 | -3,568 | -5,404 | -5,978 | -4,548 | 68 | -2,508 | 820 | -1,542 | Égale: Prêt net(2) | 21 |

Voir note(s) à la fin des tableaux statistiques.

TABLE 12. Local Government Revenue and Expenditure

Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates

| No. | CANSIM matrix No. 006732 | 1981 | | | | | 1982 | | | | |
|--|--|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| | | I | II | III | IV | Year Année | I | II | III | IV | Year Année |
| | | millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | |
| Revenue | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Indirect taxes(1) | 11,648 | 11,658 | 11,664 | 11,668 | 11,659 | 12,652 | 12,704 | 12,740 | 12,784 | 12,720 |
| 2 | Other current transfers from persons | 152 | 156 | 152 | 156 | 154 | 164 | 164 | 168 | 168 | 166 |
| 3 | Investment income | 920 | 1,048 | 1,192 | 1,308 | 1,117 | 1,232 | 1,164 | 1,124 | 1,072 | 1,148 |
| Transfer payments from other levels of government: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | From federal | 312 | 404 | 244 | 308 | 317 | 336 | 316 | 376 | 304 | 333 |
| 5 | From provinces | 11,132 | 13,424 | 13,632 | 13,364 | 12,888 | 13,984 | 15,612 | 15,092 | 15,516 | 15,051 |
| 6 | Total revenue | 24,164 | 28,688 | 26,884 | 26,804 | 26,135 | 28,368 | 29,960 | 29,500 | 29,844 | 29,418 |
| Current Expenditure | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 7 | Current expenditure on goods and services(2) | 19,660 | 20,636 | 21,680 | 21,820 | 20,949 | 22,700 | 23,536 | 24,200 | 24,944 | 23,845 |
| Transfer payments: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 8 | To persons | 476 | 544 | 528 | 568 | 529 | 576 | 592 | 640 | 676 | 621 |
| To business: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 9 | Subsidies | 412 | 412 | 412 | 416 | 413 | 524 | 528 | 548 | 552 | 538 |
| To other levels of government: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 10 | To provinces | 192 | 184 | 184 | 180 | 185 | 104 | 156 | 152 | 132 | 136 |
| 11 | To hospitals | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 |
| 12 | Interest on the public debt | 2,168 | 2,168 | 2,252 | 2,356 | 2,236 | 2,420 | 2,464 | 2,544 | 2,616 | 2,511 |
| 13 | Total current expenditure | 22,928 | 23,964 | 25,076 | 25,360 | 24,332 | 26,344 | 27,296 | 28,104 | 28,940 | 27,671 |
| 14 | Saving (6-13) | 1,236 | 2,724 | 1,808 | 1,444 | 1,803 | 2,024 | 2,664 | 1,396 | 904 | 1,747 |
| 15 | Add: Capital consumption allowances | 1,932 | 1,996 | 2,060 | 2,112 | 2,025 | 2,188 | 2,248 | 2,292 | 2,336 | 2,266 |
| 16 | Deduct: Investment in fixed capital | 3,836 | 3,960 | 4,108 | 4,292 | 4,049 | 4,348 | 4,476 | 4,588 | 4,716 | 4,532 |
| 17 | Equals: Net lending(3) | -668 | 760 | -240 | -736 | -221 | -136 | 436 | -900 | -1,476 | -519 |
| | | 1985 | | | | | 1986 | | | | |
| | | millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | |
| Revenue | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Indirect taxes(1) | 15,436 | 15,468 | 15,496 | 15,500 | 15,475 | 16,604 | 16,712 | 16,740 | 16,832 | 16,722 |
| 2 | Other current transfers from persons | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 188 | 80 | 200 | 200 | 320 | 200 |
| 3 | Investment income | 1,344 | 1,328 | 1,312 | 1,304 | 1,322 | 1,292 | 1,304 | 1,300 | 1,300 | 1,299 |
| Transfer payments from other levels of government: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | From federal | 548 | 512 | 472 | 492 | 506 | 484 | 492 | 560 | 564 | 525 |
| 5 | From provinces | 18,100 | 17,148 | 15,472 | 17,360 | 17,020 | 18,732 | 18,528 | 17,380 | 19,680 | 18,580 |
| 6 | Total revenue | 35,616 | 34,644 | 32,940 | 34,844 | 34,511 | 37,192 | 37,236 | 36,180 | 38,696 | 37,326 |
| Current Expenditure | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 7 | Current expenditure on goods and services(2) | 27,532 | 27,780 | 28,280 | 28,692 | 28,071 | 29,020 | 29,336 | 29,844 | 30,172 | 29,593 |
| Transfer payments: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 8 | To persons | 852 | 956 | 808 | 816 | 858 | 920 | 904 | 984 | 992 | 950 |
| To business: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 9 | Subsidies | 604 | 604 | 604 | 600 | 603 | 664 | 664 | 664 | 660 | 663 |
| To other levels of government: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 10 | To provinces | 128 | 76 | 84 | 80 | 92 | 92 | 184 | 192 | 196 | 166 |
| 11 | To hospitals | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 |
| 12 | Interest on the public debt | 3,204 | 3,288 | 3,340 | 3,392 | 3,306 | 3,404 | 3,496 | 3,544 | 3,584 | 3,507 |
| 13 | Total current expenditure | 32,340 | 32,724 | 33,136 | 33,600 | 32,950 | 34,120 | 34,604 | 35,248 | 35,624 | 34,899 |
| 14 | Saving (6-13) | 3,276 | 1,920 | -196 | 1,244 | 1,561 | 3,072 | 2,632 | 932 | 3,072 | 2,427 |
| 15 | Add: Capital consumption allowances | 2,724 | 2,748 | 2,784 | 2,820 | 2,769 | 2,852 | 2,900 | 2,944 | 3,000 | 2,924 |
| 16 | Deduct: Investment in fixed capital | 4,788 | 5,048 | 5,196 | 5,272 | 5,076 | 5,300 | 5,096 | 5,000 | 4,956 | 5,088 |
| 17 | Equals: Net lending(3) | 1,212 | -380 | -2,608 | -1,208 | -746 | 624 | 436 | -1,124 | 1,116 | 263 |

See footnote(s) at end of statistical tables

TABEAU 12. Recettes et dépenses des administrations locales

Désaisonnalisées au taux annuel

| 1983 | | | | | 1984 | | | | | Numéro de matrice CANSIM 006732 | N° |
|---|--------|--------|--------|---------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|---------------|---|----|
| I | II | III | IV | Year Année | I | II | III | IV | Year Année | | |
| millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | Recettes | |
| 13,524 | 13,568 | 13,620 | 13,644 | 13,589 | 14,416 | 14,456 | 14,488 | 14,500 | 14,465 | Impôts indirects(1) | 1 |
| 172 | 176 | 178 | 176 | 175 | 192 | 192 | 192 | 192 | 192 | Autres transferts courants en provenance des particuliers | 2 |
| 1,080 | 1,060 | 1,024 | 1,012 | 1,044 | 1,072 | 1,180 | 1,276 | 1,348 | 1,219 | Revenus de placements | 3 |
| 352 | 372 | 556 | 668 | 487 | 524 | 476 | 548 | 464 | 503 | Transferts courants en provenance d'autres niveaux d'administration publique: | |
| 15,264 | 16,836 | 17,596 | 13,820 | 15,879 | 17,000 | 15,172 | 14,732 | 16,820 | 15,931 | De l'administration fédérale | 4 |
| 30,392 | 32,012 | 32,972 | 29,320 | 31,174 | 33,204 | 31,476 | 31,236 | 33,324 | 32,310 | Des administrations provinciales | 5 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Recettes totales | 6 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Dépenses courantes | |
| 24,340 | 25,236 | 25,828 | 25,988 | 25,348 | 26,468 | 26,708 | 26,888 | 27,400 | 26,866 | Dépenses courantes en biens et services(2) | 7 |
| 688 | 700 | 780 | 840 | 752 | 820 | 896 | 756 | 776 | 812 | Transferts courants: | |
| 524 | 532 | 540 | 548 | 536 | 588 | 584 | 584 | 588 | 586 | Aux particuliers | 8 |
| 120 | 160 | 152 | 148 | 145 | 180 | 116 | 108 | 112 | 129 | Aux entreprises: | |
| 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | Subventions | 9 |
| 2,712 | 2,792 | 2,860 | 2,936 | 2,825 | 2,944 | 2,976 | 3,036 | 3,104 | 3,015 | À d'autres niveaux d'administration publique: | |
| 28,404 | 29,440 | 30,180 | 30,480 | 29,626 | 31,020 | 31,300 | 31,392 | 32,000 | 31,428 | Aux administrations provinciales | 10 |
| 1,988 | 2,572 | 2,792 | -1,160 | 1,548 | 2,184 | 176 | -156 | 1,324 | 882 | Aux hôpitaux | 11 |
| 2,360 | 2,392 | 2,424 | 2,452 | 2,407 | 2,544 | 2,596 | 2,644 | 2,684 | 2,617 | Service de la dette publique | 12 |
| 4,324 | 4,256 | 4,260 | 4,320 | 4,290 | 4,116 | 4,204 | 4,260 | 4,376 | 4,239 | Total des dépenses courantes | 13 |
| 24 | 708 | 956 | -3,028 | -335 | 612 | -1,432 | -1,772 | -368 | -740 | Épargne (6-13) | 14 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Plus: Provisions pour consommation de capital | 15 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Moins: Investissement en capital fixe | 16 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Égale: Prêt net(3) | 17 |
| 1987 | | | | | 1988 | | | | | | |
| millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | Recettes | |
| 17,852 | 17,884 | 17,916 | 17,924 | 17,894 | 18,932 | 18,964 | 19,004 | 19,040 | 18,985 | Impôts indirects(1) | 1 |
| 224 | 224 | 224 | 228 | 225 | 244 | 244 | 244 | 244 | 244 | Autres transferts courants en provenance des particuliers | 2 |
| 1,260 | 1,260 | 1,252 | 1,244 | 1,254 | 1,188 | 1,208 | 1,224 | 1,252 | 1,218 | Revenus de placements | 3 |
| 476 | 640 | 580 | 624 | 580 | 632 | 684 | 588 | 700 | 651 | Transferts courants en provenance d'autres niveaux d'administration publique: | |
| 19,872 | 19,580 | 19,348 | 21,904 | 20,176 | 21,248 | 21,668 | 22,352 | 21,876 | 21,786 | De l'administration fédérale | 4 |
| 39,684 | 39,588 | 39,320 | 41,924 | 40,129 | 42,244 | 42,768 | 43,412 | 43,112 | 42,884 | Des administrations provinciales | 5 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Recettes totales | 6 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Dépenses courantes | |
| 30,516 | 31,504 | 31,784 | 32,184 | 31,497 | 33,052 | 33,620 | 34,132 | 34,960 | 33,941 | Dépenses courantes en biens et services(2) | 7 |
| 1,000 | 1,004 | 1,080 | 1,096 | 1,045 | 1,100 | 1,112 | 1,132 | 1,180 | 1,131 | Transferts courants: | |
| 684 | 684 | 684 | 688 | 685 | 704 | 704 | 704 | 704 | 704 | Aux particuliers | 8 |
| 192 | 224 | 240 | 244 | 225 | 216 | 244 | 272 | 280 | 253 | Aux entreprises: | |
| 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | Subventions | 9 |
| 3,388 | 3,472 | 3,512 | 3,552 | 3,481 | 3,624 | 3,712 | 3,748 | 3,788 | 3,718 | À d'autres niveaux d'administration publique: | |
| 35,800 | 36,908 | 37,320 | 37,784 | 36,953 | 38,716 | 39,412 | 40,008 | 40,932 | 39,767 | Aux administrations provinciales | 10 |
| 3,884 | 2,680 | 2,000 | 4,140 | 3,176 | 3,528 | 3,356 | 3,404 | 2,180 | 3,117 | Aux hôpitaux | 11 |
| 3,048 | 3,112 | 3,172 | 3,240 | 3,143 | 3,144 | 3,224 | 3,300 | 3,372 | 3,260 | Service de la dette publique | 12 |
| 5,312 | 5,368 | 5,468 | 5,536 | 5,421 | 5,924 | 6,280 | 6,424 | 6,464 | 6,273 | Total des dépenses courantes | 13 |
| 1,620 | 424 | -296 | 1,844 | 898 | 748 | 300 | 280 | -912 | 104 | Épargne (6-13) | 14 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Plus: Provisions pour consommation de capital | 15 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Moins: Investissement en capital fixe | 16 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Égale: Prêt net(3) | 17 |

Voir note(s) à la fin des tableaux statistiques.

TABLE 13. Hospital Revenue and Expenditure

Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates

| No. | CANSIM matrix No. 006733 | 1981 | | | | | 1982 | | | | |
|-----|--|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| | | I | II | III | IV | Year Année | I | II | III | IV | Year Année |
| | | millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | |
| | Revenue | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Other current transfers from persons | 40 | 40 | 44 | 44 | 42 | 56 | 56 | 56 | 56 | 56 |
| 2 | Investment income | 76 | 84 | 100 | 108 | 92 | 112 | 100 | 96 | 96 | 101 |
| | Transfer payments from other levels of government: | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | From provinces | 8,328 | 9,672 | 10,038 | 10,396 | 9,608 | 10,568 | 11,120 | 11,800 | 12,632 | 11,530 |
| 4 | From local | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 |
| 5 | Total revenue | 8,464 | 9,816 | 10,200 | 10,568 | 9,762 | 10,756 | 11,296 | 11,972 | 12,804 | 11,707 |
| | Current Expenditure | | | | | | | | | | |
| 6 | Current expenditure on goods and services(1) | 8,784 | 9,152 | 9,816 | 9,764 | 9,379 | 10,704 | 10,540 | 10,996 | 11,324 | 10,891 |
| 7 | Interest on the public debt | 100 | 104 | 112 | 116 | 108 | 112 | 120 | 124 | 128 | 121 |
| 8 | Total current expenditure | 8,884 | 9,256 | 9,928 | 9,880 | 9,487 | 10,816 | 10,660 | 11,120 | 11,452 | 11,012 |
| 9 | Saving (5-8) | -420 | 560 | 272 | 688 | 275 | -60 | 636 | 852 | 1,352 | 695 |
| 10 | Add: Capital consumption allowances | 416 | 436 | 456 | 476 | 446 | 492 | 508 | 524 | 540 | 516 |
| 11 | Deduct: Investment in fixed capital | 560 | 584 | 592 | 600 | 584 | 668 | 680 | 696 | 732 | 694 |
| 12 | Equals: Net lending(2) | -564 | 412 | 136 | 564 | 137 | -236 | 464 | 680 | 1,160 | 517 |
| | | 1985 | | | | | 1986 | | | | |
| | | millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | |
| | Revenue | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Other current transfers from persons | 84 | 84 | 84 | 84 | 84 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 104 | 101 |
| 2 | Investment income | 104 | 108 | 104 | 104 | 105 | 104 | 104 | 100 | 100 | 102 |
| | Transfer payments from other levels of government: | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | From provinces | 13,820 | 14,300 | 14,808 | 14,796 | 14,431 | 15,008 | 15,140 | 15,312 | 15,396 | 15,214 |
| 4 | From local | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 |
| 5 | Total revenue | 14,028 | 14,512 | 15,016 | 15,004 | 14,640 | 15,232 | 15,364 | 15,532 | 15,620 | 15,437 |
| | Current Expenditure | | | | | | | | | | |
| 6 | Current expenditure on goods and services(1) | 13,064 | 13,604 | 13,632 | 13,692 | 13,498 | 14,008 | 14,036 | 14,328 | 14,884 | 14,314 |
| 7 | Interest on the public debt | 156 | 160 | 160 | 164 | 160 | 164 | 168 | 172 | 176 | 170 |
| 8 | Total current expenditure | 13,220 | 13,764 | 13,792 | 13,856 | 13,658 | 14,172 | 14,204 | 14,500 | 15,060 | 14,484 |
| 9 | Saving (5-8) | 808 | 748 | 1,224 | 1,148 | 982 | 1,060 | 1,160 | 1,032 | 560 | 953 |
| 10 | Add: Capital consumption allowances | 664 | 680 | 696 | 712 | 688 | 732 | 748 | 764 | 784 | 757 |
| 11 | Deduct: Investment in fixed capital | 788 | 832 | 848 | 848 | 829 | 1,000 | 980 | 956 | 952 | 922 |
| 12 | Equals: Net lending(2) | 684 | 596 | 1,072 | 1,012 | 841 | 792 | 928 | 840 | 392 | 738 |

See footnote(s) at end of statistical tables.

TABLEAU 13. Recettes et dépenses des hôpitaux

Désaisonnalisées au taux annuel

| 1983 | | | | | 1984 | | | | | Numéro de matrice CANSIM 006733 | N ^o | |
|---|--------|--------|--------|---------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|---------------|------------------------------------|---|----|
| I | II | III | IV | Year Année | I | II | III | IV | Year Année | | | |
| millions of dollars · millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | Recettes | |
| 56 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 59 | 68 | 68 | 72 | 76 | 71 | | Autres transferts courants en provenance des particuliers. | 1 |
| 92 | 92 | 84 | 88 | 89 | 84 | 96 | 104 | 108 | 98 | | Revenus de placements | 2 |
| 12,108 | 12,360 | 12,624 | 13,100 | 12,548 | 13,512 | 13,780 | 13,392 | 13,388 | 13,518 | | Transferts courants en provenance d'autres niveaux d'administration publique: | 3 |
| 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | | Des administrations provinciales | 4 |
| 12,276 | 12,532 | 12,788 | 13,268 | 12,716 | 13,684 | 13,964 | 13,588 | 13,592 | 13,707 | | Des administrations locales | 5 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | Recettes totales | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | Dépenses courantes | |
| 11,372 | 11,912 | 12,056 | 12,208 | 11,887 | 12,504 | 12,800 | 12,964 | 13,080 | 12,837 | | Dépenses courantes en biens et services(1) | 6 |
| 128 | 136 | 140 | 144 | 137 | 140 | 144 | 148 | 152 | 146 | | Service de la dette publique | 7 |
| 11,500 | 12,048 | 12,196 | 12,352 | 12,024 | 12,644 | 12,944 | 13,112 | 13,232 | 12,983 | | Total des dépenses courantes | 8 |
| 776 | 484 | 592 | 916 | 692 | 1,040 | 1,020 | 476 | 360 | 724 | | Épargne (5-8) | 9 |
| 348 | 560 | 572 | 584 | 566 | 604 | 616 | 632 | 648 | 625 | | Plus: Provisions pour consommation de capital | 10 |
| 204 | 872 | 876 | 896 | 887 | 872 | 884 | 908 | 928 | 898 | | Moins: Investissement en capital fixe | 11 |
| 420 | 172 | 288 | 604 | 371 | 772 | 752 | 200 | 80 | 451 | | Égale: Prêt net(2) | 12 |
| millions of dollars · millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | Recettes | |
| 112 | 112 | 112 | 116 | 113 | 128 | 128 | 128 | 132 | 129 | | Autres transferts courants en provenance des particuliers. | 1 |
| 100 | 100 | 96 | 96 | 98 | 96 | 96 | 96 | 96 | 96 | | Revenus de placements | 2 |
| 16,124 | 16,332 | 16,540 | 16,864 | 16,465 | 17,436 | 17,612 | 18,164 | 18,316 | 17,882 | | Transferts courants en provenance d'autres niveaux d'administration publique: | 3 |
| 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | | Des administrations provinciales | 4 |
| 16,356 | 16,564 | 16,768 | 17,096 | 16,696 | 17,680 | 17,856 | 18,408 | 18,564 | 18,127 | | Des administrations locales | 5 |
| | | | | | | | | | | | Recettes totales | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | Dépenses courantes | |
| 14,836 | 15,344 | 15,416 | 15,784 | 15,345 | 16,092 | 15,844 | 16,452 | 16,824 | 16,303 | | Dépenses courantes en biens et services(1) | 6 |
| 168 | 168 | 172 | 172 | 170 | 176 | 180 | 184 | 188 | 182 | | Service de la dette publique | 7 |
| 15,004 | 15,512 | 15,588 | 15,956 | 15,515 | 16,268 | 16,024 | 16,636 | 17,012 | 16,485 | | Total des dépenses courantes | 8 |
| 1,352 | 1,052 | 1,180 | 1,140 | 1,181 | 1,412 | 1,832 | 1,772 | 1,552 | 1,642 | | Épargne (5-8) | 9 |
| 800 | 820 | 840 | 856 | 829 | 836 | 836 | 836 | 836 | 836 | | Plus: Provisions pour consommation de capital | 10 |
| 350 | 960 | 1,012 | 1,032 | 991 | 1,020 | 1,028 | 1,032 | 1,012 | 1,023 | | Moins: Investissement en capital fixe | 11 |
| 1,192 | 912 | 1,008 | 964 | 1,019 | 1,228 | 1,640 | 1,576 | 1,376 | 1,455 | | Égale: Prêt net(2) | 12 |

Voir notes) à la fin des tableaux statistiques.

TABLE 14. Canada and Quebec Pension Plan Revenue and Expenditure

Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates

| No | CANSIM matrix No. 006734 | 1981 | | | | | 1982 | | | | |
|--|-----------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|---------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|---------------|
| | | I | II | III | IV | Year Année | I | II | III | IV | Year Année |
| millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Revenue | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Direct taxes - persons | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | Canada Pension Plan | 2,784 | 3,028 | 3,012 | 3,208 | 3,008 | 3,764 | 3,328 | 3,548 | 4,020 | 3,665 |
| | Quebec Pension Plan | 824 | 1,032 | 984 | 1,012 | 963 | 1,128 | 1,136 | 972 | 1,076 | 1,078 |
| Investment income | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | Canada Pension Plan | 1,692 | 1,732 | 1,876 | 1,888 | 1,797 | 2,028 | 2,104 | 2,256 | 2,316 | 2,176 |
| 4 | Quebec Pension Plan | 700 | 752 | 784 | 832 | 767 | 856 | 872 | 928 | 900 | 889 |
| Total revenue | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | Canada Pension Plan | 4,476 | 4,760 | 4,888 | 5,096 | 4,805 | 5,792 | 5,432 | 5,804 | 6,336 | 5,841 |
| 6 | Quebec Pension Plan | 1,524 | 1,784 | 1,768 | 1,844 | 1,730 | 1,984 | 2,008 | 1,900 | 1,976 | 1,967 |
| Current Expenditure | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Current expenditure on goods and services | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 7 | Canada Pension Plan | 124 | 56 | 80 | 96 | 89 | 68 | 56 | 80 | 100 | 76 |
| 8 | Quebec Pension Plan | 28 | 28 | 28 | 40 | 31 | 48 | 44 | 48 | 48 | 47 |
| Transfer payments: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| To persons: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 9 | Canada Pension Plan | 2,248 | 2,296 | 2,360 | 2,380 | 2,321 | 2,772 | 2,852 | 2,916 | 2,952 | 2,873 |
| 10 | Quebec Pension Plan | 848 | 800 | 824 | 840 | 828 | 940 | 964 | 1,028 | 1,092 | 1,006 |
| To non-residents: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 11 | Canada Pension Plan | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 |
| Total current expenditure | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 12 | Canada Pension Plan | 2,388 | 2,368 | 2,456 | 2,492 | 2,426 | 2,860 | 2,928 | 3,016 | 3,072 | 2,969 |
| 13 | Quebec Pension Plan | 876 | 828 | 852 | 880 | 859 | 988 | 1,008 | 1,076 | 1,140 | 1,053 |
| Saving = Net lending(1) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 14 | Canada Pension Plan (5-12) | 2,088 | 2,392 | 2,432 | 2,604 | 2,379 | 2,932 | 2,504 | 2,788 | 3,264 | 2,872 |
| 15 | Quebec Pension Plan (6-13) | 648 | 956 | 916 | 964 | 871 | 996 | 1,000 | 824 | 836 | 914 |
| 1985 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Revenue | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Direct taxes - persons | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Canada Pension Plan | 4,060 | 4,116 | 4,332 | 4,876 | 4,346 | 4,464 | 4,464 | 4,756 | 5,200 | 4,721 |
| 2 | Quebec Pension Plan | 1,288 | 1,264 | 1,400 | 1,448 | 1,350 | 1,392 | 1,496 | 1,508 | 1,604 | 1,525 |
| Investment income | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | Canada Pension Plan | 2,996 | 3,124 | 3,120 | 3,212 | 3,113 | 3,268 | 3,412 | 3,372 | 3,524 | 3,394 |
| 4 | Quebec Pension Plan | 1,084 | 1,084 | 1,084 | 1,080 | 1,083 | 1,032 | 1,136 | 1,100 | 1,088 | 1,089 |
| Total revenue | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | Canada Pension Plan | 7,056 | 7,240 | 7,452 | 8,088 | 7,459 | 7,732 | 7,876 | 8,128 | 8,724 | 8,115 |
| 6 | Quebec Pension Plan | 2,372 | 2,348 | 2,484 | 2,528 | 2,433 | 2,424 | 2,632 | 2,708 | 2,692 | 2,614 |
| Current Expenditure | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Current expenditure on goods and services | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 7 | Canada Pension Plan | 108 | 44 | 160 | 108 | 105 | 128 | 112 | 72 | 128 | 110 |
| 8 | Quebec Pension Plan | 80 | 52 | 60 | 52 | 61 | 56 | 16 | 60 | 56 | 47 |
| Transfer payments: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| To persons: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 9 | Canada Pension Plan | 4,484 | 4,636 | 4,760 | 4,824 | 4,676 | 5,176 | 5,340 | 5,392 | 5,488 | 5,349 |
| 10 | Quebec Pension Plan | 1,784 | 1,832 | 1,852 | 1,896 | 1,941 | 2,044 | 2,036 | 2,080 | 2,132 | 2,073 |
| To non-residents: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 11 | Canada Pension Plan | 32 | 32 | 36 | 36 | 34 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 | 40 |
| Total current expenditure | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 12 | Canada Pension Plan | 4,624 | 4,712 | 4,956 | 4,968 | 4,815 | 5,344 | 5,492 | 5,504 | 5,656 | 5,499 |
| 13 | Quebec Pension Plan | 1,864 | 1,884 | 1,912 | 1,948 | 1,902 | 2,100 | 2,052 | 2,140 | 2,188 | 2,120 |
| Saving = Net lending(1) | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 14 | Canada Pension Plan (5-12) | 2,432 | 2,528 | 2,496 | 3,120 | 2,644 | 2,388 | 2,384 | 2,624 | 3,068 | 2,616 |
| 15 | Quebec Pension Plan (6-13) | 508 | 464 | 572 | 580 | 531 | 324 | 580 | 568 | 504 | 494 |

See footnotes at end of statistical tables.

TABLEAU 14. Recettes et dépenses du Régime de pensions du Canada et du Régime de rentes du Québec

Désaisonnalisées au taux annuel

| 1983 | | | | | 1984 | | | | | Numéro de matrice CANSIM 006734 | N ^o |
|---|-------|-------|-------|---------------|-------|-------|-------|--------|---------------|--|----------------|
| I | II | III | IV | Year Année | I | II | III | IV | Year Année | | |
| millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | Recettes | |
| | | | | | | | | | | Impôts directs - particuliers | |
| 2,868 | 3,436 | 3,772 | 3,820 | 3,474 | 4,372 | 4,384 | 4,668 | 2,184 | 3,902 | Régime de pensions du Canada | 1 |
| 976 | 1,096 | 1,248 | 1,128 | 1,112 | 1,264 | 1,232 | 1,224 | 1,244 | 1,241 | Régime de rentes du Québec | 2 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Revenus de placements | |
| 2,420 | 2,468 | 2,492 | 2,612 | 2,498 | 2,656 | 2,792 | 2,872 | 2,996 | 2,829 | Régime de pensions du Canada | 3 |
| 944 | 948 | 960 | 980 | 958 | 1,008 | 1,036 | 1,068 | 1,064 | 1,044 | Régime de rentes du Québec | 4 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Recettes totales | |
| 5,288 | 5,904 | 6,264 | 6,432 | 5,972 | 7,028 | 7,176 | 7,540 | 5,180 | 6,731 | Régime de pensions du Canada | 5 |
| 1,920 | 2,044 | 2,208 | 2,108 | 2,070 | 2,272 | 2,268 | 2,292 | 2,308 | 2,285 | Régime de rentes du Québec | 8 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Dépenses courantes | |
| | | | | | | | | | | Dépenses courantes en biens et services | |
| 92 | 32 | 116 | 100 | 85 | 68 | 92 | 84 | 120 | 91 | Régime de pensions du Canada | 7 |
| 48 | 44 | 44 | 44 | 45 | 64 | 48 | 64 | 56 | 58 | Régime de rentes du Québec | 8 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Transferts courants: | |
| | | | | | | | | | | Aux particuliers: | |
| 3,408 | 3,436 | 3,504 | 3,592 | 3,485 | 3,948 | 3,984 | 4,084 | 4,164 | 4,045 | Régime de pensions du Canada | 9 |
| 1,152 | 1,196 | 1,236 | 1,304 | 1,222 | 1,492 | 1,556 | 1,584 | 1,584 | 1,554 | Régime de rentes du Québec | 10 |
| 24 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 24 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | 28 | Aux non-résidents: Régime de pensions du Canada | 11 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Total des dépenses courantes | |
| 3,524 | 3,492 | 3,644 | 3,716 | 3,594 | 4,044 | 4,104 | 4,198 | 4,312 | 4,164 | Régime de pensions du Canada | 12 |
| 1,200 | 1,240 | 1,280 | 1,348 | 1,267 | 1,556 | 1,604 | 1,648 | 1,640 | 1,612 | Régime de rentes du Québec | 13 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Épargne = prêt net(1) | |
| 1,764 | 2,412 | 2,620 | 2,716 | 2,378 | 2,984 | 3,072 | 3,344 | 868 | 2,567 | Régime de pensions du Canada (5-12) | 14 |
| 720 | 804 | 928 | 760 | 803 | 716 | 664 | 644 | 668 | 673 | Régime de rentes du Québec (6-13) | 15 |
| 1987 | | | | | 1988 | | | | | | |
| millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | Recettes | |
| | | | | | | | | | | Impôts directs - particuliers | |
| 5,336 | 5,388 | 5,572 | 5,276 | 5,393 | 5,624 | 5,800 | 5,988 | 6,680 | 6,023 | Régime de pensions du Canada | 1 |
| 1,680 | 1,624 | 1,708 | 1,856 | 1,717 | 1,944 | 2,028 | 1,756 | 1,936 | 1,916 | Régime de rentes du Québec | 2 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Revenus de placements | |
| 3,360 | 3,812 | 3,508 | 3,932 | 3,653 | 3,500 | 4,176 | 3,632 | 4,232 | 3,885 | Régime de pensions du Canada | 3 |
| 1,088 | 976 | 1,120 | 1,116 | 1,075 | 1,152 | 1,140 | 1,144 | 1,236 | 1,168 | Régime de rentes du Québec | 4 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Recettes totales | |
| 8,696 | 9,200 | 9,080 | 9,208 | 9,046 | 9,124 | 9,976 | 9,620 | 10,912 | 9,908 | Régime de pensions du Canada | 5 |
| 2,768 | 2,600 | 2,828 | 2,972 | 2,792 | 3,096 | 3,168 | 2,900 | 3,172 | 3,084 | Régime de rentes du Québec | 6 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Dépenses courantes | |
| | | | | | | | | | | Dépenses courantes en biens et services | |
| 156 | 80 | 148 | 104 | 122 | 148 | 144 | 72 | 76 | 110 | Régime de pensions du Canada | 7 |
| 120 | 32 | 80 | 68 | 75 | 88 | 64 | 72 | 72 | 74 | Régime de rentes du Québec | 8 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Transferts courants: | |
| | | | | | | | | | | Aux particuliers: | |
| 6,528 | 6,868 | 7,160 | 7,236 | 6,948 | 7,808 | 7,936 | 8,236 | 8,400 | 8,095 | Régime de pensions du Canada | 9 |
| 2,324 | 2,240 | 2,312 | 2,428 | 2,326 | 2,636 | 2,548 | 2,604 | 2,688 | 2,619 | Régime de rentes du Québec | 10 |
| 48 | 52 | 52 | 52 | 51 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 | 60 | Aux non-résidents: Régime de pensions du Canada | 11 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Total des dépenses courantes | |
| 6,732 | 7,000 | 7,360 | 7,392 | 7,121 | 8,016 | 8,140 | 8,368 | 8,536 | 8,265 | Régime de pensions du Canada | 12 |
| 2,444 | 2,272 | 2,392 | 2,496 | 2,401 | 2,724 | 2,612 | 2,676 | 2,760 | 2,693 | Régime de rentes du Québec | 13 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Épargne = prêt net(1) | |
| 1,964 | 2,200 | 1,720 | 1,816 | 1,925 | 1,108 | 1,836 | 1,252 | 2,376 | 1,643 | Régime de pensions du Canada (5-12) | 14 |
| 324 | 328 | 436 | 476 | 391 | 372 | 556 | 224 | 412 | 391 | Régime de rentes du Québec (6-13) | 15 |

Voir notes à la fin des tableaux statistiques.

TABLE 15. Undistributed Corporation Profits

Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates

| No | CANSIM matrix No. 006735 | 1981 | | | | | 1982 | | | | |
|---|---|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| | | I | II | III | IV | Year Année | I | II | III | IV | Year Année |
| | | millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Corporation profits before taxes | 41,916 | 41,736 | 35,796 | 31,168 | 37,654 | 26,876 | 25,336 | 26,356 | 28,824 | 26,848 |
| 2 | Add: Interest, dividends and miscellaneous investment income received from non-residents. | 2,124 | 1,724 | 2,412 | 2,836 | 2,274 | 3,004 | 3,484 | 3,168 | 3,752 | 3,352 |
| 3 | Deduct: Interest and miscellaneous investment income paid to non-residents. | 5,832 | 6,528 | 7,864 | 7,468 | 6,923 | 7,876 | 8,520 | 8,028 | 7,464 | 7,972 |
| 4 | Equals: Corporation profits before taxes and before payment of dividends. | 38,208 | 36,932 | 30,344 | 26,536 | 33,005 | 22,004 | 20,300 | 21,496 | 25,112 | 22,228 |
| 5 | Deduct: Corporate income tax liabilities (of which:) | 13,944 | 13,560 | 11,836 | 11,068 | 12,602 | 10,804 | 10,484 | 12,196 | 12,572 | 11,514 |
| Excess of tax liabilities over collections: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 6 | Federal | 1,244 | 1,584 | -704 | -1,368 | 189 | -164 | -224 | 1,104 | 2,032 | 687 |
| 7 | Provincial | -492 | -1,064 | -464 | -1,072 | -773 | -1,176 | -1,820 | 704 | - | -573 |
| Tax collections: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 8 | Federal | 8,768 | 8,200 | 9,320 | 9,472 | 8,940 | 8,536 | 8,376 | 8,408 | 7,816 | 8,284 |
| 9 | Provincial | 4,424 | 4,840 | 3,684 | 4,036 | 4,246 | 3,608 | 4,152 | 1,980 | 2,724 | 3,116 |
| 10 | Equals: Corporation profits after taxes | 24,264 | 23,372 | 18,508 | 15,468 | 20,403 | 11,200 | 9,816 | 9,300 | 12,540 | 10,714 |
| 11 | Deduct: Dividends paid to non-residents | 3,616 | 3,200 | 4,564 | 3,556 | 3,734 | 3,372 | 3,856 | 3,444 | 3,980 | 3,663 |
| 12 | Current transfers to non-residents (withholding taxes). | 164 | 140 | 188 | 156 | 162 | 120 | 144 | 128 | 148 | 135 |
| 13 | Equals: Corporation profits retained in Canada | 20,484 | 20,032 | 13,756 | 11,756 | 16,507 | 7,708 | 5,816 | 5,728 | 8,412 | 6,916 |
| 14 | Deduct: Dividends paid to Canadian residents | 6,164 | 6,252 | 6,548 | 6,932 | 6,474 | 9,496 | 8,016 | 7,372 | 4,704 | 7,397 |
| 15 | Bad debts plus charitable and other contributions. | 636 | 644 | 660 | 668 | 652 | 616 | 632 | 636 | 652 | 634 |
| 16 | Equals: Undistributed Corporation Profits(1) | 13,684 | 13,136 | 6,548 | 4,156 | 9,381 | -2,404 | -2,832 | -2,280 | 3,056 | -1,115 |
| | | 1985 | | | | | 1986 | | | | |
| | | millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Corporation profits before taxes | 48,056 | 47,424 | 48,056 | 51,552 | 48,772 | 43,724 | 45,432 | 46,024 | 49,316 | 46,124 |
| 2 | Add: Interest, dividends and miscellaneous investment income received from non-residents. | 4,888 | 6,364 | 4,164 | 4,124 | 4,885 | 4,412 | 3,788 | 6,296 | 4,436 | 4,733 |
| 3 | Deduct: Interest and miscellaneous investment income paid to non-residents. | 7,644 | 7,628 | 7,880 | 7,484 | 7,659 | 7,372 | 7,052 | 7,128 | 7,260 | 7,203 |
| 4 | Equals: Corporation profits before taxes and before payment of dividends. | 45,300 | 46,160 | 44,340 | 48,192 | 45,998 | 40,764 | 42,168 | 45,192 | 46,492 | 43,654 |
| 5 | Deduct: Corporate income tax liabilities (of which:) | 14,800 | 15,456 | 14,712 | 15,516 | 15,121 | 14,912 | 14,280 | 14,228 | 14,960 | 14,595 |
| Excess of tax liabilities over collections: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 6 | Federal | -1,824 | 148 | -1,020 | -72 | -692 | -588 | -280 | 920 | -580 | -132 |
| 7 | Provincial | 48 | 1,044 | -224 | -148 | 180 | 60 | 536 | 472 | 1,132 | 550 |
| Tax collections: | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 8 | Federal | 12,840 | 11,312 | 11,900 | 11,512 | 11,891 | 11,320 | 10,404 | 9,060 | 10,888 | 10,418 |
| 9 | Provincial | 3,736 | 2,952 | 4,056 | 4,224 | 3,742 | 4,120 | 3,620 | 3,776 | 3,520 | 3,759 |
| 10 | Equals: Corporation profits after taxes | 30,500 | 30,704 | 29,628 | 32,676 | 30,877 | 25,852 | 27,888 | 30,964 | 31,532 | 29,059 |
| 11 | Deduct: Dividends paid to non-residents | 5,416 | 4,820 | 4,416 | 4,340 | 4,748 | 5,896 | 5,216 | 4,916 | 7,428 | 5,864 |
| 12 | Current transfers to non-residents (withholding taxes). | 160 | 156 | 160 | 156 | 158 | 180 | 184 | 184 | 188 | 184 |
| 13 | Equals: Corporation profits retained in Canada | 24,924 | 25,728 | 25,052 | 28,180 | 25,971 | 19,776 | 22,488 | 25,864 | 23,916 | 23,011 |
| 14 | Deduct: Dividends paid to Canadian residents | 6,776 | 8,136 | 7,824 | 7,844 | 7,645 | 7,912 | 7,688 | 8,304 | 7,640 | 7,886 |
| 15 | Bad debts plus charitable and other contributions. | 528 | 536 | 544 | 528 | 534 | 544 | 564 | 560 | 552 | 555 |
| 16 | Equals: Undistributed Corporation Profits(1) | 17,620 | 17,056 | 16,684 | 19,808 | 17,792 | 11,320 | 14,236 | 17,000 | 15,724 | 14,570 |

See footnote(s) at end of statistical tables.

TABLEAU 15. Bénéfices non répartis des sociétés

Désaisonnalisés au taux annuel

| 1983 | | | | | 1984 | | | | | Numéro de matrice CANSIM 006735 | N ^o |
|---|--------|--------|--------|---------------|--------|--------|--------|--------|---------------|--|----------------|
| I | II | III | IV | Year Année | I | II | III | IV | Year Année | | |
| millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 31,372 | 36,560 | 40,008 | 40,348 | 37,072 | 44,336 | 46,356 | 45,480 | 47,248 | 45,855 | Bénéfices des sociétés avant impôts | 1 |
| 3,472 | 3,112 | 3,468 | 3,884 | 3,484 | 3,292 | 2,984 | 5,228 | 4,316 | 3,955 | Plus: Intérêts, dividendes et revenus divers de placements versés par les non-résidents | 2 |
| 6,964 | 6,920 | 7,388 | 8,008 | 7,320 | 7,436 | 7,672 | 7,728 | 7,252 | 7,522 | Moins: Intérêts et revenus divers de placements versés aux non-résidents. | 3 |
| 27,880 | 32,752 | 36,088 | 36,224 | 33,236 | 40,192 | 41,668 | 42,980 | 44,312 | 42,288 | Égale: Bénéfices des sociétés avant impôts et avant versements de dividendes. | 4 |
| 11,392 | 11,444 | 12,576 | 13,000 | 12,103 | 14,572 | 14,844 | 14,984 | 14,596 | 14,749 | Moins: Impôts dus sur le revenu des sociétés (dont): | 5 |
| 612 | -624 | 1,092 | 456 | 384 | 1,880 | 728 | -176 | 552 | 746 | Excédent des impôts dus sur les impôts perçus: | 6 |
| -148 | -68 | -404 | 12 | -152 | 708 | 380 | 252 | -224 | 279 | Administration fédérale | 7 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Administrations provinciales | |
| | | | | | | | | | | Impôts perçus: | |
| 8,152 | 9,448 | 8,560 | 9,580 | 8,935 | 9,072 | 10,416 | 11,460 | 10,404 | 10,338 | Administration fédérale | 8 |
| 2,776 | 2,688 | 3,328 | 2,952 | 2,936 | 2,912 | 3,320 | 3,448 | 3,864 | 3,386 | Administrations provinciales | 9 |
| 16,488 | 21,308 | 23,512 | 23,224 | 21,133 | 25,620 | 26,824 | 27,996 | 29,716 | 27,539 | Égale: Bénéfices des sociétés après impôts | 10 |
| 2,052 | 2,716 | 3,088 | 2,656 | 2,628 | 3,052 | 3,760 | 4,080 | 5,036 | 3,982 | Moins: Dividendes versés aux non-résidents | 11 |
| 140 | 136 | 128 | 128 | 133 | 168 | 168 | 168 | 168 | 168 | Transferts courants versés aux non-résidents (retenues fiscales). | 12 |
| 14,296 | 18,456 | 20,296 | 20,440 | 18,372 | 22,400 | 22,896 | 23,748 | 24,512 | 23,389 | Égale: Bénéfices des sociétés retenus au Canada | 13 |
| 6,732 | 6,688 | 8,100 | 7,808 | 7,332 | 5,332 | 6,964 | 7,408 | 9,608 | 7,328 | Moins: Dividendes versés aux résidents canadiens | 14 |
| 584 | 600 | 612 | 612 | 602 | 556 | 572 | 572 | 604 | 576 | Mauvaises créances plus dons de charité et autres dons. | 15 |
| 6,980 | 11,168 | 11,584 | 12,020 | 10,438 | 16,512 | 15,360 | 15,768 | 14,300 | 15,485 | Égale: Bénéfices non répartis des sociétés(1) | 16 |
| 1987 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1988 | | | | | | | | | | | |
| millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 51,864 | 56,612 | 59,020 | 61,520 | 57,254 | 62,312 | 64,280 | 66,152 | 65,416 | 64,540 | Bénéfices des sociétés avant impôts | 1 |
| 3,760 | 3,992 | 3,044 | 5,904 | 4,175 | 9,236 | 5,976 | 6,268 | 8,488 | 7,492 | Plus: Intérêts, dividendes et revenus divers de placements versés par les non-résidents. | 2 |
| 6,492 | 7,512 | 7,172 | 8,304 | 7,370 | 8,760 | 9,152 | 9,796 | 9,508 | 9,304 | Moins: Intérêts et revenus divers de placements versés aux non-résidents. | 3 |
| 49,132 | 53,092 | 54,892 | 59,120 | 54,059 | 62,788 | 61,104 | 62,624 | 64,396 | 62,728 | Égale: Bénéfices des sociétés avant impôts et avant versements de dividendes. | 4 |
| 13,884 | 15,280 | 15,568 | 14,960 | 14,923 | 16,072 | 16,916 | 16,824 | 16,708 | 16,630 | Moins: Impôts dus sur le revenu des sociétés (dont): | 5 |
| -472 | 480 | -276 | -1,380 | -412 | 1,888 | 916 | 1,300 | 2,488 | 1,648 | Excédent des impôts dus sur les impôts perçus: | 6 |
| 428 | 376 | 756 | 152 | 428 | 936 | -452 | -1,380 | -308 | -301 | Administration fédérale | 7 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Administrations provinciales | |
| | | | | | | | | | | Impôts perçus: | |
| 10,124 | 10,156 | 11,064 | 11,728 | 10,768 | 9,356 | 10,984 | 10,452 | 9,116 | 9,977 | Administration fédérale | 8 |
| 3,804 | 4,268 | 4,024 | 4,460 | 4,139 | 3,892 | 5,468 | 6,452 | 5,412 | 5,306 | Administrations provinciales | 9 |
| 35,248 | 37,812 | 39,324 | 44,160 | 39,136 | 46,716 | 44,188 | 45,800 | 47,688 | 46,098 | Égale: Bénéfices des sociétés après impôts | 10 |
| 3,228 | 4,412 | 5,196 | 5,972 | 4,702 | 6,696 | 7,976 | 6,460 | 12,304 | 8,359 | Moins: Dividendes versés aux non-résidents | 11 |
| 188 | 180 | 196 | 196 | 190 | 204 | 200 | 196 | 200 | 200 | Transferts courants versés aux non-résidents (retenues fiscales). | 12 |
| 31,832 | 33,220 | 33,932 | 37,992 | 34,244 | 39,816 | 36,012 | 39,144 | 35,184 | 37,539 | Égale: Bénéfices des sociétés retenus au Canada | 13 |
| 10,444 | 10,504 | 9,456 | 8,536 | 9,735 | 7,636 | 9,848 | 10,712 | 11,032 | 9,807 | Moins: Dividendes versés aux résidents canadiens | 14 |
| 576 | 580 | 584 | 596 | 584 | 644 | 648 | 664 | 664 | 655 | Mauvaises créances plus dons de charité et autres dons. | 15 |
| 20,812 | 22,136 | 23,892 | 28,860 | 23,925 | 31,536 | 25,516 | 27,768 | 23,488 | 27,077 | Égale: Bénéfices non répartis des sociétés(1) | 16 |

Voir note(s) à la fin des tableaux statistiques

TABLE 16. Investment in Fixed Capital, by Sector and Type

Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates

| No. | CANSIM matrix No. 006736 | 1981 | | | | | 1982 | | | | |
|---|--|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | | I | II | III | IV | Year Année | I | II | III | IV | Year Année |
| millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Government(1) | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Residential construction | 32 | 72 | 80 | 64 | 62 | 48 | 56 | 64 | 76 | 61 |
| 2 | Non-residential construction | 7,440 | 7,712 | 7,980 | 8,232 | 7,841 | 8,544 | 8,780 | 9,004 | 9,268 | 8,899 |
| 3 | Machinery and equipment | 1,364 | 1,484 | 1,612 | 1,716 | 1,544 | 1,604 | 1,588 | 1,532 | 1,512 | 1,559 |
| 4 | Total | 8,836 | 9,268 | 9,672 | 10,012 | 9,447 | 10,196 | 10,424 | 10,600 | 10,856 | 10,519 |
| | Business(2) | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | Residential construction | 20,284 | 22,108 | 20,672 | 19,212 | 20,569 | 18,656 | 16,772 | 16,648 | 18,272 | 17,587 |
| 6 | New construction | 10,644 | 11,792 | 11,812 | 10,240 | 11,122 | 9,568 | 8,412 | 7,520 | 7,920 | 8,355 |
| 7 | Alterations and improvements | 6,116 | 6,540 | 6,308 | 6,448 | 6,353 | 6,708 | 6,528 | 6,676 | 7,172 | 6,771 |
| 8 | Transfer costs | 3,524 | 3,776 | 2,552 | 2,524 | 3,094 | 2,380 | 1,832 | 2,452 | 3,180 | 2,461 |
| 9 | Non-residential construction | 25,660 | 26,604 | 27,428 | 29,240 | 27,233 | 28,852 | 27,340 | 25,204 | 25,344 | 26,685 |
| 10 | Machinery and equipment | 27,536 | 29,096 | 29,320 | 29,528 | 28,870 | 28,328 | 26,612 | 25,812 | 25,392 | 26,536 |
| 11 | Total | 73,480 | 77,808 | 77,420 | 77,980 | 76,672 | 75,836 | 70,724 | 67,664 | 69,008 | 70,808 |
| 12 | Total investment in fixed capital | 82,316 | 87,076 | 87,092 | 87,992 | 86,119 | 86,032 | 81,148 | 78,264 | 79,864 | 81,327 |
| millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Government(1) | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Residential construction | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 16 | 20 | 16 | 16 | 17 |
| 2 | Non-residential construction | 9,756 | 10,432 | 10,804 | 11,004 | 10,499 | 10,592 | 10,092 | 9,812 | 9,612 | 10,027 |
| 3 | Machinery and equipment | 2,588 | 2,416 | 2,332 | 2,224 | 2,390 | 2,404 | 2,492 | 2,532 | 2,608 | 2,509 |
| 4 | Total | 12,360 | 12,864 | 13,152 | 13,244 | 12,905 | 13,012 | 12,604 | 12,360 | 12,236 | 12,553 |
| | Business(2) | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | Residential construction | 23,088 | 23,980 | 25,744 | 28,076 | 25,222 | 28,332 | 30,260 | 31,488 | 33,144 | 30,806 |
| 6 | New construction | 10,004 | 10,860 | 12,136 | 13,612 | 11,653 | 14,108 | 14,728 | 15,548 | 16,988 | 15,843 |
| 7 | Alterations and improvements | 9,168 | 9,068 | 9,300 | 9,744 | 9,320 | 9,548 | 9,816 | 9,992 | 9,940 | 9,824 |
| 8 | Transfer costs | 3,916 | 4,052 | 4,308 | 4,720 | 4,249 | 4,676 | 5,716 | 5,948 | 6,216 | 5,539 |
| 9 | Non-residential construction | 25,336 | 27,460 | 27,428 | 26,760 | 26,746 | 27,824 | 25,588 | 24,564 | 24,532 | 25,827 |
| 10 | Machinery and equipment | 27,660 | 28,340 | 29,888 | 31,484 | 29,343 | 31,700 | 32,016 | 32,776 | 32,868 | 32,340 |
| 11 | Total | 76,084 | 79,780 | 83,060 | 86,320 | 81,311 | 87,856 | 87,864 | 88,828 | 90,544 | 88,773 |
| 12 | Total investment in fixed capital | 88,444 | 92,644 | 96,212 | 99,564 | 94,216 | 100,868 | 100,468 | 101,188 | 102,780 | 101,326 |

See footnote(s) at end of statistical tables.

TABLE 17. Investment in Fixed Capital, by Sector and and Type at 1981 Prices

Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates

| No. | CANSIM matrix No. 006737 | 1981 | | | | | 1982 | | | | |
|---|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| | | I | II | III | IV | Year Année | I | II | III | IV | Year Année |
| millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Government(1) | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Residential construction | 32 | 72 | 80 | 64 | 62 | 48 | 56 | 64 | 72 | 60 |
| 2 | Non-residential construction | 7,796 | 7,836 | 7,780 | 7,952 | 7,841 | 8,068 | 8,176 | 8,296 | 8,620 | 8,290 |
| 3 | Machinery and equipment | 1,392 | 1,484 | 1,616 | 1,684 | 1,544 | 1,540 | 1,504 | 1,432 | 1,420 | 1,474 |
| 4 | Total | 9,220 | 9,392 | 9,476 | 9,700 | 9,447 | 9,656 | 9,736 | 9,792 | 10,112 | 9,824 |
| | Business(2) | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | Residential construction | 21,044 | 22,064 | 20,324 | 18,844 | 20,569 | 18,336 | 16,476 | 16,256 | 17,764 | 17,208 |
| 6 | New construction | 11,076 | 11,720 | 11,632 | 10,060 | 11,122 | 9,384 | 8,252 | 7,352 | 7,780 | 8,192 |
| 7 | Alterations and improvements | 6,368 | 6,500 | 6,224 | 6,320 | 6,353 | 6,544 | 6,324 | 6,312 | 6,572 | 6,438 |
| 8 | Transfer costs | 3,600 | 3,844 | 2,468 | 2,464 | 3,094 | 2,408 | 1,900 | 2,592 | 3,412 | 2,578 |
| 9 | Non-residential construction | 26,968 | 27,128 | 27,044 | 27,792 | 27,233 | 27,176 | 25,380 | 23,112 | 23,484 | 24,128 |
| 10 | Machinery and equipment | 28,088 | 29,452 | 29,264 | 28,676 | 28,870 | 26,952 | 24,964 | 23,896 | 23,528 | 24,836 |
| 11 | Total | 76,100 | 78,644 | 76,632 | 75,312 | 76,672 | 72,464 | 66,820 | 63,264 | 64,776 | 66,831 |
| 12 | Total investment in fixed capital at 1981 prices | 85,320 | 88,036 | 86,108 | 85,012 | 86,119 | 82,120 | 76,556 | 73,056 | 74,888 | 76,655 |

TABLEAU 16. Investissement en capital fixe, par secteur et par type de biens d'équipement

Désaisonnalisé au taux annuel

| 1983 | | | | | 1984 | | | | | Numéro de matrice CANSIM 006736 | N° |
|---|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|---|-----------|
| I | II | III | IV | Year Année | I | II | III | IV | Year Année | | |
| millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 72 | 80 | 140 | 152 | 111 | 20 | 24 | 20 | 16 | 20 | Administrations publiques(1) | |
| 8,720 | 8,496 | 8,464 | 8,564 | 8,561 | 8,596 | 8,780 | 8,932 | 9,224 | 8,883 | Construction résidentielle | 1 |
| 1,608 | 1,592 | 1,784 | 1,908 | 1,723 | 2,224 | 2,420 | 2,600 | 2,704 | 2,487 | Construction non résidentielle | 2 |
| 10,400 | 10,168 | 10,388 | 10,624 | 10,395 | 10,840 | 11,224 | 11,552 | 11,944 | 11,390 | Machines et matériel | 3 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Total | 4 |
| 19,536 | 21,964 | 22,408 | 21,340 | 21,312 | 21,872 | 21,944 | 22,488 | 23,008 | 22,328 | Entreprises(2) | |
| 9,560 | 11,296 | 10,844 | 9,996 | 10,424 | 10,208 | 10,024 | 10,216 | 10,040 | 10,122 | Construction résidentielle | 5 |
| 7,120 | 7,604 | 8,332 | 8,260 | 7,829 | 8,452 | 8,452 | 8,988 | 9,304 | 8,799 | Logements neufs | 6 |
| 2,856 | 3,064 | 3,232 | 3,084 | 3,059 | 3,212 | 3,468 | 3,284 | 3,664 | 3,407 | Améliorations et modifications | 7 |
| 24,444 | 24,084 | 23,996 | 24,560 | 24,271 | 24,612 | 24,572 | 25,032 | 24,484 | 24,675 | Commissions immobilières | 8 |
| 24,876 | 24,564 | 25,340 | 26,216 | 25,249 | 26,300 | 26,108 | 26,356 | 26,460 | 26,306 | Construction non résidentielle | 9 |
| 68,856 | 70,612 | 71,744 | 72,116 | 70,832 | 72,784 | 72,624 | 73,876 | 73,952 | 73,309 | Machines et matériel | 10 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Total | 11 |
| 79,258 | 80,780 | 82,132 | 82,740 | 81,227 | 83,624 | 83,848 | 85,428 | 85,896 | 84,699 | Investissement total en capital fixe | 12 |
| 1987 | | | | | 1988 | | | | | | |
| millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 32 | 8 | 12 | 12 | 16 | 36 | 28 | 24 | 28 | 29 | Administrations publiques(1) | |
| 9,968 | 10,108 | 10,304 | 10,396 | 10,194 | 10,416 | 10,912 | 11,152 | 11,352 | 10,958 | Construction résidentielle | 1 |
| 2,608 | 2,520 | 2,580 | 2,640 | 2,587 | 2,704 | 2,784 | 2,828 | 2,664 | 2,745 | Construction non résidentielle | 2 |
| 12,608 | 12,636 | 12,896 | 13,048 | 12,797 | 13,156 | 13,724 | 14,004 | 14,044 | 13,732 | Machines et matériel | 3 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Total | 4 |
| 35,944 | 38,628 | 40,412 | 40,740 | 38,931 | 41,936 | 42,592 | 43,780 | 45,676 | 43,496 | Entreprises(2) | |
| 18,468 | 20,964 | 22,296 | 22,136 | 20,966 | 21,812 | 21,596 | 22,120 | 22,928 | 22,114 | Construction résidentielle | 5 |
| 10,368 | 11,240 | 11,668 | 11,920 | 11,299 | 12,208 | 12,548 | 13,040 | 13,456 | 12,813 | Logements neufs | 6 |
| 7,108 | 6,424 | 6,448 | 6,684 | 6,656 | 7,916 | 8,448 | 8,620 | 9,292 | 8,569 | Améliorations et modifications | 7 |
| 24,392 | 25,868 | 27,856 | 29,468 | 26,896 | 30,376 | 31,076 | 32,104 | 33,016 | 31,643 | Commissions immobilières | 8 |
| 33,760 | 34,828 | 35,892 | 38,536 | 35,754 | 39,664 | 41,724 | 42,468 | 43,708 | 41,891 | Construction non résidentielle | 9 |
| 94,096 | 99,324 | 104,160 | 108,744 | 101,581 | 111,976 | 115,392 | 118,352 | 122,400 | 117,030 | Machines et matériel | 10 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Total | 11 |
| 106,704 | 111,960 | 117,056 | 121,792 | 114,378 | 125,132 | 129,116 | 132,356 | 136,444 | 130,762 | Investissement total en capital fixe | 12 |

Voir note(s) à la fin des tableaux statistiques.

TABLEAU 17. Investissement en capital fixe, par secteur et par type de biens d'équipement aux prix de 1981

Désaisonnalisé au taux annuel

| 1983 | | | | | 1984 | | | | | Numéro de matrice CANSIM 006737 | N° |
|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---|-----------|
| I | II | III | IV | Year Année | I | II | III | IV | Year Année | | |
| millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 68 | 76 | 132 | 144 | 105 | 20 | 20 | 16 | 16 | 18 | Administrations publiques(1) | |
| 8,032 | 7,708 | 7,572 | 7,616 | 7,732 | 7,632 | 7,760 | 7,836 | 7,960 | 7,797 | Construction résidentielle | 1 |
| 1,528 | 1,516 | 1,700 | 1,808 | 1,638 | 2,084 | 2,232 | 2,364 | 2,440 | 2,280 | Construction non résidentielle | 2 |
| 9,628 | 9,300 | 9,404 | 9,568 | 9,475 | 9,736 | 10,012 | 10,216 | 10,416 | 10,095 | Machines et matériel | 3 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Total | 4 |
| 18,748 | 20,872 | 20,976 | 19,928 | 20,131 | 20,028 | 19,944 | 20,404 | 20,584 | 20,240 | Entreprises(2) | |
| 9,448 | 11,176 | 10,612 | 9,688 | 10,231 | 9,720 | 9,480 | 9,656 | 9,428 | 9,571 | Construction résidentielle | 5 |
| 6,352 | 6,556 | 7,092 | 7,032 | 6,758 | 7,120 | 7,144 | 7,632 | 7,696 | 7,398 | Logements neufs | 6 |
| 2,948 | 3,140 | 3,272 | 3,208 | 3,142 | 3,188 | 3,320 | 3,116 | 3,460 | 3,271 | Améliorations et modifications | 7 |
| 22,952 | 22,564 | 22,376 | 22,860 | 22,688 | 22,504 | 22,316 | 22,548 | 21,712 | 22,270 | Commissions immobilières | 8 |
| 23,176 | 23,116 | 24,028 | 24,928 | 23,812 | 25,072 | 24,868 | 25,156 | 25,404 | 25,125 | Construction non résidentielle | 9 |
| 64,876 | 66,552 | 67,380 | 67,716 | 66,631 | 67,604 | 67,128 | 68,108 | 67,700 | 67,635 | Machines et matériel | 10 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Total | 11 |
| 74,504 | 75,852 | 76,784 | 77,284 | 76,106 | 77,340 | 77,140 | 78,324 | 78,116 | 77,730 | Investissement total en capital fixe aux prix de 1981. | 12 |

TABLE 17. Investment in Fixed Capital, by Sector and Type at 1981 Prices - Concluded

Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates

| No. | CANSIM matrix No. 006737 | 1985 | | | | | 1986 | | | | |
|---|---|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| | | I | II | III | IV | Year Année | I | II | III | IV | Year Année |
| millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Government(1) | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Residential construction | 16 | 16 | 12 | 12 | 14 | 16 | 16 | 12 | 12 | 14 |
| 2 | Non-residential construction | 8,348 | 8,992 | 9,368 | 9,360 | 9,017 | 9,048 | 8,632 | 8,332 | 8,100 | 8,528 |
| 3 | Machinery and equipment | 2,288 | 2,140 | 2,080 | 1,976 | 2,121 | 2,124 | 2,196 | 2,224 | 2,308 | 2,213 |
| 4 | Total | 10,652 | 11,148 | 11,460 | 11,348 | 11,152 | 11,188 | 10,844 | 10,568 | 10,420 | 10,755 |
| | Business(2) | | | | | | | | | | |
| 5 | Residential construction | 20,508 | 21,268 | 22,736 | 24,400 | 22,228 | 24,140 | 25,080 | 25,468 | 26,064 | 25,188 |
| 6 | New construction | 9,320 | 10,072 | 11,208 | 12,444 | 10,761 | 12,616 | 12,752 | 13,092 | 13,836 | 13,074 |
| 7 | Alterations and improvements | 7,504 | 7,420 | 7,540 | 7,872 | 7,584 | 7,636 | 7,756 | 7,808 | 7,692 | 7,723 |
| 8 | Transfer costs | 3,684 | 3,776 | 3,988 | 4,084 | 3,883 | 3,888 | 4,572 | 4,568 | 4,536 | 4,391 |
| 9 | Non-residential construction | 22,208 | 24,108 | 23,992 | 23,292 | 23,400 | 24,248 | 22,200 | 21,124 | 20,960 | 22,133 |
| 10 | Machinery and equipment | 25,964 | 26,356 | 27,956 | 29,152 | 27,357 | 29,376 | 29,804 | 30,564 | 31,284 | 30,257 |
| 11 | Total | 68,680 | 71,732 | 74,684 | 76,844 | 72,985 | 77,764 | 77,084 | 77,156 | 78,308 | 77,578 |
| 12 | Total investment in fixed capital at 1981 prices | 79,332 | 82,880 | 86,144 | 88,192 | 84,137 | 88,952 | 87,928 | 87,724 | 88,728 | 88,333 |

See footnote(s) at end of statistical tables.

TABLE 18. Business Investment in Inventories

Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates

| No. | CANSIM matrix No. 006738 | 1981 | | | | | 1982 | | | | |
|---|------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|---------------|
| | | I | II | III | IV | Year Année | I | II | III | IV | Year Année |
| millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Non-farm(1) | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Manufacturing | -288 | 3,704 | 1,044 | 1,140 | 1,400 | 2,200 | -4,568 | -6,088 | -7,412 | -3,967 |
| 2 | Trade | 840 | 1,264 | 704 | -4,564 | -439 | -6,472 | -5,472 | -5,408 | -4,996 | -5,587 |
| 3 | Gold | -628 | -68 | -212 | -820 | -432 | -740 | -252 | 636 | 948 | 148 |
| 4 | Other | 912 | -312 | -544 | 615 | 168 | 8 | -12 | -1,380 | -532 | -479 |
| 5 | Total | 1,732 | 4,360 | 1,728 | -5,032 | 697 | -5,780 | -9,912 | -11,216 | -12,632 | -9,885 |
| | Farm(2) | | | | | | | | | | |
| 6 | Grains | 380 | 1,052 | 452 | 144 | 507 | 804 | 676 | 156 | 172 | 452 |
| 7 | Other farm-held inventories | -72 | 136 | -192 | 136 | 2 | 108 | -528 | -840 | -332 | -398 |
| 8 | Grain in commercial channels | 976 | -204 | 80 | -112 | 185 | 20 | -208 | 492 | -268 | 9 |
| 9 | Total | 1,284 | 984 | 340 | 168 | 694 | 932 | -60 | -192 | -428 | 63 |
| millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Non-farm(1) | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Manufacturing | 1,388 | -1,298 | 432 | -316 | 54 | -2,068 | 1,428 | -1,248 | -608 | -624 |
| 2 | Trade | 752 | 2,484 | 3,296 | 2,776 | 2,327 | 8,416 | 1,652 | -404 | -672 | 2,248 |
| 3 | Gold | -272 | -48 | 200 | 36 | -21 | -192 | -28 | -328 | -72 | -155 |
| 4 | Other | -152 | 280 | 492 | -404 | 54 | -180 | 604 | 1,120 | 296 | 460 |
| 5 | Total | 1,716 | 1,428 | 4,420 | 2,092 | 2,414 | 5,976 | 3,656 | -860 | -1,056 | 1,929 |
| | Farm(2) | | | | | | | | | | |
| 6 | Grains | 1,092 | 1,504 | 1,552 | -824 | 856 | 864 | 1,384 | 1,160 | 136 | 886 |
| 7 | Other farm-held inventories | -424 | 48 | 76 | 40 | -65 | -176 | -284 | -460 | -148 | -267 |
| 8 | Grain in commercial channels | 28 | -564 | -928 | 824 | -160 | 636 | 556 | 384 | 116 | 423 |
| 9 | Total | 696 | 1,088 | 700 | 40 | 631 | 1,324 | 1,656 | 1,084 | 104 | 1,042 |

See footnote(s) at end of statistical tables.

TABEAU 17. Investissement en capital fixe, par secteur et par type de biens d'équipement aux prix de 1981 - fin

Désaisonnalisé au taux annuel

| 1987 | | | | | 1988 | | | | | Numéro de matrice CANSIM 006737 | N° |
|---|---------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|---|----|
| I | II | III | IV | Year Année | I | II | III | IV | Year Année | | |
| millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 24 | 8 | 8 | 8 | 12 | 24 | 20 | 16 | 20 | 20 | Administrations publiques(1) | |
| 8,248 | 8,268 | 8,232 | 8,348 | 8,274 | 8,264 | 8,544 | 8,620 | 8,680 | 8,527 | Construction résidentielle | 1 |
| 2,336 | 2,292 | 2,356 | 2,428 | 2,353 | 2,536 | 2,620 | 2,664 | 2,536 | 2,589 | Construction non résidentielle | 2 |
| 10,608 | 10,568 | 10,596 | 10,784 | 10,639 | 10,824 | 11,184 | 11,300 | 11,236 | 11,136 | Machines et matériel | 3 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Total | 4 |
| millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 27,456 | 29,108 | 30,188 | 29,864 | 29,154 | 30,140 | 30,196 | 30,568 | 31,312 | 30,554 | Entreprises(2) | |
| 14,500 | 15,868 | 16,788 | 16,548 | 15,926 | 16,044 | 15,600 | 15,768 | 16,040 | 15,863 | Construction résidentielle | 5 |
| 8,036 | 8,744 | 8,968 | 8,968 | 8,679 | 9,208 | 9,472 | 9,776 | 10,032 | 9,622 | Logements neufs | 6 |
| 4,920 | 4,496 | 4,432 | 4,348 | 4,549 | 4,888 | 5,124 | 5,024 | 5,240 | 5,069 | Améliorations et modifications | 7 |
| 20,436 | 21,648 | 23,188 | 24,164 | 22,359 | 24,492 | 24,788 | 25,324 | 25,516 | 25,030 | Commissions immobilières | 8 |
| 32,276 | 33,552 | 35,044 | 37,776 | 34,662 | 39,572 | 41,800 | 43,076 | 44,164 | 42,153 | Construction non résidentielle | 9 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Machines et matériel | 10 |
| 80,168 | 84,308 | 88,420 | 91,804 | 86,175 | 94,204 | 96,784 | 98,968 | 100,992 | 97,737 | Total | 11 |
| 90,776 | 94,876 | 99,016 | 102,588 | 96,814 | 105,028 | 107,968 | 110,268 | 112,228 | 108,873 | Investissement total en capital fixe aux prix de 1981. | 12 |

Voir note(s) à la fin des tableaux statistiques.

TABEAU 18. Investissement en stocks des entreprises

Désaisonnalisé au taux annuel

| 1983 | | | | | 1984 | | | | | Numéro de matrice CANSIM 006738 | N° |
|---|---------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|---------------------------------------|----|
| I | II | III | IV | Year Année | I | II | III | IV | Year Année | | |
| millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | | | |
| -2,088 | -5,480 | -108 | 1,660 | -1,504 | 1,872 | 4,536 | 1,636 | 1,100 | 2,286 | Non agricoles(1) | |
| -2,200 | -448 | -184 | 1,940 | -223 | 3,368 | 940 | 4,280 | 3,912 | 3,125 | Industries manufacturières | 1 |
| 812 | 332 | 1,080 | -344 | 470 | -832 | 460 | 28 | -308 | -163 | Commerce | 2 |
| -132 | -1,048 | -1,344 | -872 | -849 | 148 | 1,012 | 652 | 268 | 520 | Or | 3 |
| -4,320 | -6,344 | 420 | 1,820 | -2,106 | 4,556 | 6,948 | 6,596 | 4,972 | 5,768 | Autres | 4 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Total | 5 |
| millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | | | |
| -880 | -732 | -388 | -940 | -735 | -436 | 316 | -2,332 | -224 | -669 | Agricoles(2) | |
| -200 | -264 | 144 | 152 | -42 | 24 | 120 | -368 | -604 | -207 | Céréales | 6 |
| -560 | 180 | -144 | 644 | 30 | -44 | -1,184 | 688 | -64 | -151 | Autres stocks détenus dans les fermes | 7 |
| -1,640 | -816 | -388 | -144 | -747 | -456 | -748 | -2,012 | -892 | -1,027 | Céréales en circuit commercial | 8 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Total | 9 |
| millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | | | |
| -696 | 716 | -2,024 | 2,360 | 89 | 1,388 | 1,868 | 1,484 | 740 | 1,370 | Non agricoles(1) | |
| 536 | 1,220 | 4,116 | 4,480 | 2,588 | 4,796 | 2,204 | 280 | 580 | 1,965 | Industries manufacturières | 1 |
| 112 | 504 | 96 | -500 | 53 | -764 | -468 | -1,072 | -332 | -659 | Commerce | 2 |
| 752 | -1,364 | -1,080 | -760 | -613 | -68 | 232 | 512 | 668 | 336 | Or | 3 |
| 704 | 1,076 | 1,108 | 5,580 | 2,117 | 5,352 | 3,836 | 1,204 | 1,656 | 3,012 | Autres | 4 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Total | 5 |
| millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 372 | -72 | -1,016 | -28 | -186 | -2,232 | -976 | -1,376 | -484 | -1,267 | Agricoles(2) | |
| 412 | -48 | -336 | 252 | 70 | 56 | 20 | 20 | -8 | 22 | Céréales | 6 |
| -588 | -80 | 1,056 | -424 | -9 | -628 | -1,500 | 188 | 360 | -395 | Autres stocks détenus dans les fermes | 7 |
| 196 | -200 | -296 | -200 | -125 | -2,804 | -2,456 | -1,168 | -132 | -1,640 | Céréales en circuit commercial | 8 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Total | 9 |

Voir note(s) à la fin des tableaux statistiques.

TABLE 19. Business Investment in Inventories at 1981 Prices

Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates

| No | CANSIM matrix No. 006739 | 1981 | | | | | 1982 | | | | |
|---|------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|
| | | I | II | III | IV | Year | I | II | III | IV | Year |
| | | | | | | | Année | | | | |
| millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Non-farm(1) | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Manufacturing | 320 | 3,444 | 732 | 1,104 | 1,400 | 2,292 | -4,160 | -5,584 | -6,548 | -3,500 |
| 2 | Trade | 132 | 1,292 | 1,204 | -4,384 | -439 | -6,680 | -5,528 | -4,708 | -4,352 | -5,317 |
| 3 | Gold | -628 | -68 | -212 | -820 | -432 | -976 | -336 | 756 | 980 | 106 |
| 4 | Other | 696 | -188 | -368 | 532 | 168 | -260 | 160 | -1,276 | -484 | -465 |
| 5 | Total | 556 | 4,444 | 1,864 | -4,076 | 697 | -6,156 | -9,680 | -9,884 | -10,984 | -9,176 |
| | Farm(2) | | | | | | | | | | |
| 6 | Grains | 432 | 964 | 448 | 184 | 507 | 716 | 584 | 64 | 100 | 366 |
| 7 | Other farm-held inventories | -76 | 140 | -152 | 96 | 2 | -12 | -524 | -788 | -372 | -424 |
| 8 | Grain in commercial channels | 984 | -152 | 64 | -156 | 185 | -28 | -248 | 740 | -368 | 24 |
| 9 | Total | 1,340 | 952 | 360 | 124 | 694 | 676 | -188 | 16 | -640 | -34 |
| millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Non-farm(1) | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Manufacturing | 1,592 | -1,236 | 304 | -352 | 77 | -1,776 | 1,328 | -636 | -220 | -326 |
| 2 | Trade | 984 | 2,436 | 2,724 | 2,352 | 2,124 | 7,056 | 1,488 | -80 | -828 | 1,909 |
| 3 | Gold | -388 | -60 | 264 | 48 | -34 | -228 | -36 | -252 | -84 | -150 |
| 4 | Other | -100 | 128 | 432 | -252 | 52 | -100 | 444 | 1,020 | 232 | 399 |
| 5 | Total | 2,088 | 1,268 | 3,724 | 1,796 | 2,219 | 4,952 | 3,224 | 52 | -900 | 1,832 |
| | Farm(2) | | | | | | | | | | |
| 6 | Grains | 1,084 | 1,648 | 1,800 | -992 | 885 | 1,228 | 1,772 | 2,056 | 468 | 1,381 |
| 7 | Other farm-held inventories | -420 | 32 | 68 | 28 | -73 | -416 | -320 | -308 | -88 | -283 |
| 8 | Grain in commercial channels | 52 | -544 | -1,080 | 860 | -178 | 848 | 652 | 208 | 260 | 492 |
| 9 | Total | 716 | 1,136 | 788 | -104 | 634 | 1,660 | 2,104 | 1,956 | 640 | 1,590 |

See footnote(s) at end of statistical tables.

TABLE 20. Transactions of Residents with Non-Residents in the Income and Expenditure Accounts

Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates

| No | CANSIM matrix No. 006740 | 1981 | | | | | 1982 | | | | |
|--|--|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| | | I | II | III | IV | Year | I | II | III | IV | Year |
| | | | | | | | Année | | | | |
| millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Exports of goods and services | 95,256 | 98,304 | 95,488 | 98,472 | 96,880 | 95,384 | 97,720 | 99,736 | 93,764 | 96,651 |
| 2 | Merchandise | 83,048 | 85,816 | 82,884 | 85,980 | 84,432 | 83,272 | 85,316 | 87,328 | 81,660 | 84,394 |
| 3 | Non-merchandise | 12,208 | 12,488 | 12,604 | 12,492 | 12,448 | 12,112 | 12,404 | 12,408 | 12,104 | 12,257 |
| 4 | Deduct: Imports of goods and services | 89,072 | 96,540 | 93,992 | 92,400 | 93,001 | 85,988 | 82,436 | 82,392 | 79,576 | 82,598 |
| 5 | Merchandise | 73,500 | 80,668 | 78,128 | 76,264 | 77,140 | 69,988 | 66,764 | 66,796 | 63,404 | 66,738 |
| 6 | Non-merchandise | 15,572 | 15,872 | 15,864 | 16,136 | 15,861 | 16,000 | 15,672 | 15,596 | 16,172 | 15,860 |
| 7 | Add: Net investment income from non-residents | -10,064 | -10,820 | -12,896 | -11,568 | -11,337 | -11,964 | -13,124 | -13,128 | -12,464 | -12,670 |
| 8 | Investment income received from non-residents | 3,604 | 3,316 | 4,360 | 4,692 | 3,993 | 5,032 | 5,680 | 5,248 | 5,956 | 5,479 |
| 9 | Less: Investment income paid to non-residents | 13,668 | 14,136 | 17,256 | 16,260 | 15,330 | 16,996 | 18,804 | 18,376 | 18,420 | 18,149 |
| 10 | Add: Net current transfers from non-residents | 160 | 148 | 392 | 232 | 233 | 76 | 208 | 232 | 32 | 137 |
| 11 | Current transfers from non-residents(1) | 1,488 | 1,516 | 1,868 | 1,748 | 1,655 | 1,752 | 1,832 | 1,744 | 1,784 | 1,778 |
| 12 | Less: Current transfers to non-residents(2) | 1,328 | 1,368 | 1,476 | 1,516 | 1,422 | 1,676 | 1,624 | 1,512 | 1,752 | 1,641 |
| 13 | Equals: Surplus (+) or deficit (-) of Canada on current transactions with non-residents | -3,720 | -8,908 | -11,008 | -5,264 | -7,225 | -2,492 | 2,368 | 4,448 | 1,756 | 1,520 |
| Reconciliation with the "Canadian Balance of International Payments": | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 14 | Add: Net inheritances and migrants' funds | 1,036 | 1,000 | 1,108 | 1,236 | 1,095 | 1,032 | 1,476 | 1,352 | 1,352 | 1,303 |
| 15 | Equals: Surplus (+) or deficit (-) on current account as per "Canadian Balance of International Payments". | -2,684 | -7,908 | -9,900 | -4,028 | -6,130 | -1,460 | 3,844 | 5,800 | 3,108 | 2,823 |

See footnote(s) at end of statistical tables.

TABLEAU 19. Investissement en stocks des entreprises aux prix de 1981

Désaisonnalisé au taux annuel

| 1983 | | | | | 1984 | | | | | Numéro de matrice CANSIM 006739 | N ^o |
|---|--------|--------|--------|---------------|--------|--------|--------|-------|---------------|---------------------------------------|----------------|
| I | II | III | IV | Year Année | I | II | III | IV | Year Année | | |
| millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | | | |
| -1,844 | -4,620 | -100 | 1,572 | -1,248 | 1,452 | 4,008 | 1,588 | 612 | 1,915 | Non agricoles(1) | |
| -2,400 | -508 | 588 | 1,764 | -139 | 3,588 | 1,024 | 3,620 | 3,336 | 2,892 | Industries manufacturières | 1 |
| 764 | 352 | 1,156 | -396 | 489 | -932 | 520 | 28 | -384 | -192 | Commerce | 2 |
| -64 | -796 | -1,100 | -780 | -685 | 60 | 864 | 560 | 248 | 433 | Or | 3 |
| -4,060 | -5,404 | 1,376 | 1,676 | -1,603 | 4,168 | 6,416 | 5,796 | 3,812 | 5,048 | Autres | 4 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Total | 5 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Agricoles(2) | |
| -1,000 | -868 | -404 | -1,076 | -837 | -428 | -204 | -2,476 | -236 | -836 | Céréales | 6 |
| -260 | -252 | 40 | 180 | -73 | -8 | 52 | -312 | -540 | -202 | Autres stocks détenus dans les fermes | 7 |
| -560 | 392 | -456 | 716 | 23 | -72 | -820 | 512 | -64 | -111 | Céréales en circuit commercial | 8 |
| -1,820 | -728 | -820 | -180 | -887 | -508 | -972 | -2,276 | -840 | -1,149 | Total | 9 |
| millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | Non agricoles(1) | |
| -664 | 736 | -1,448 | 1,808 | 108 | 696 | 1,868 | 1,252 | 480 | 1,074 | Industries manufacturières | 1 |
| 404 | 1,004 | 3,200 | 3,892 | 2,125 | 4,076 | 2,100 | 100 | 628 | 1,726 | Commerce | 2 |
| 116 | 468 | 88 | -448 | 56 | -752 | -468 | -1,128 | -368 | -679 | Or | 3 |
| 648 | -1,160 | -948 | -588 | -512 | -96 | 392 | 408 | 660 | 341 | Autres | 4 |
| 504 | 1,048 | 892 | 4,664 | 1,777 | 3,924 | 3,892 | 632 | 1,400 | 2,462 | Total | 5 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Agricoles(2) | |
| 428 | -340 | -1,056 | -236 | -301 | -3,584 | -1,768 | -1,732 | -864 | -1,987 | Céréales | 6 |
| 388 | -72 | -256 | 160 | 55 | 68 | -32 | 20 | -24 | 8 | Autres stocks détenus dans les fermes | 7 |
| -820 | 84 | 1,364 | -496 | 33 | -792 | -2,452 | 320 | 504 | -605 | Céréales en circuit commercial | 8 |
| -4 | -328 | 52 | -572 | -213 | -4,308 | -4,252 | -1,392 | -384 | -2,584 | Total | 9 |

Voir note(s) à la fin des tableaux statistiques.

TABLEAU 20. Opérations entre les résidents et les non-résidents d'après les comptes des revenus et dépenses

Désaisonnalisées au taux annuel

| 1983 | | | | | 1984 | | | | | Numéro de matrice CANSIM 006740 | N ^o |
|---|---------|---------|---------|---------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------------|--|----------------|
| I | II | III | IV | Year Année | I | II | III | IV | Year Année | | |
| millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 96,128 | 101,920 | 102,972 | 112,756 | 103,444 | 118,196 | 125,136 | 130,784 | 130,024 | 126,035 | Exportations de biens et services | 1 |
| 84,564 | 88,904 | 89,752 | 99,004 | 90,556 | 103,604 | 110,696 | 115,988 | 115,028 | 111,329 | Marchandises | 2 |
| 11,564 | 13,016 | 13,220 | 13,752 | 12,888 | 14,592 | 14,440 | 14,796 | 14,996 | 14,706 | Invisibles | 3 |
| 82,108 | 84,316 | 91,388 | 101,516 | 89,832 | 106,700 | 110,344 | 113,508 | 111,976 | 110,632 | Moins: Importations de biens et services | 4 |
| 67,284 | 67,832 | 73,940 | 83,336 | 73,098 | 87,936 | 90,928 | 94,344 | 92,760 | 91,492 | Marchandises | 5 |
| 14,824 | 16,484 | 17,448 | 18,180 | 16,734 | 18,764 | 19,416 | 19,164 | 19,216 | 19,140 | Invisibles | 6 |
| -10,444 | -11,564 | -12,244 | -12,160 | -11,603 | -12,760 | -14,416 | -12,560 | -14,208 | -13,486 | Plus: Revenus nets de placements des non-résidents | 7 |
| 5,552 | 5,236 | 5,508 | 6,080 | 5,594 | 5,544 | 5,320 | 7,824 | 6,764 | 6,363 | Revenus de placements reçus des non-résidents | 8 |
| 15,996 | 16,800 | 17,752 | 18,240 | 17,197 | 18,304 | 19,736 | 20,384 | 20,972 | 19,849 | Moins: Revenus de placements versés aux non-résidents. | 9 |
| | | | | | | | | | | Plus: Transfers courants nets des non-résidents | 10 |
| -348 | -260 | -84 | 104 | -147 | -812 | -480 | -144 | 604 | -510 | Transfers courants reçus des non-résidents(1) | 11 |
| 1,496 | 1,572 | 1,648 | 1,896 | 1,653 | 1,520 | 1,704 | 1,928 | 1,764 | 1,729 | Moins: Transfers courants versés aux non-résidents(2). | 12 |
| 1,644 | 1,832 | 1,732 | 1,792 | 1,800 | 2,332 | 2,184 | 2,072 | 2,368 | 2,239 | Égale: Excédent (+) ou déficit (-) du Canada au titre des opérations courantes avec les non-résidents. | 13 |
| 3,228 | 5,780 | -744 | -816 | 1,862 | -2,076 | -104 | 4,572 | 3,236 | 1,407 | Rapprochement avec la "balance canadienne des paiements internationaux": | |
| | | | | | | | | | | Plus: Valeur nette des successions et des capitaux des migrants. | 14 |
| 1,116 | 1,188 | 1,276 | 1,228 | 1,202 | 1,328 | 1,204 | 1,432 | 1,196 | 1,290 | Égale: Excédent (+) ou déficit (-) au compte courant d'après la "balance canadienne des paiements internationaux". | 15 |
| 4,344 | 6,968 | 532 | 412 | 3,064 | -748 | 1,100 | 6,004 | 4,432 | 2,697 | | |

Voir note(s) à la fin des tableaux statistiques.

TABLE 20. Transactions of Residents with Non-Residents in the Income and Expenditure Accounts - Concluded

Seasonally Adjusted at Annual Rates

| No. | CANSIM matrix No. 006740 | 1985 | | | | | 1986 | | | | |
|--|--|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------------|
| | | I | II | III | IV | Year Année | I | II | III | IV | Year Année |
| millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | Exports of goods and services | 131,892 | 135,040 | 133,844 | 139,140 | 134,979 | 137,172 | 135,448 | 138,332 | 138,884 | 137,459 |
| 2 | Merchandise | 116,292 | 119,388 | 117,984 | 122,616 | 119,070 | 120,424 | 117,804 | 119,692 | 121,636 | 119,889 |
| 3 | Non-merchandise | 15,600 | 15,652 | 15,860 | 16,524 | 15,909 | 16,748 | 17,644 | 18,640 | 17,248 | 17,570 |
| 4 | Deduct: Imports of goods and services | 116,116 | 123,308 | 125,860 | 128,332 | 123,404 | 133,564 | 129,884 | 133,624 | 134,444 | 132,879 |
| 5 | Merchandise | 95,920 | 102,916 | 105,144 | 106,700 | 102,670 | 111,652 | 107,488 | 110,392 | 110,784 | 110,079 |
| 6 | Non-merchandise | 20,196 | 20,392 | 20,716 | 21,632 | 20,734 | 21,912 | 22,396 | 23,232 | 23,660 | 22,800 |
| 7 | Add: Net investment income from non-residents | -14,632 | -12,816 | -14,796 | -15,032 | -14,319 | -16,692 | -16,468 | -14,324 | -18,732 | -16,554 |
| 8 | Investment income received from non-residents | 7,516 | 8,952 | 7,072 | 6,756 | 7,574 | 6,920 | 6,360 | 8,552 | 6,996 | 7,207 |
| 9 | Less: Investment income paid to non-residents | 22,148 | 21,768 | 21,868 | 21,788 | 21,893 | 23,612 | 22,828 | 22,876 | 25,728 | 23,761 |
| 10 | Add: Net current transfers from non-residents | -608 | -416 | -772 | -624 | -605 | 84 | -556 | -800 | 852 | -105 |
| 11 | Current transfers from non-residents(1) | 1,804 | 1,756 | 1,728 | 1,712 | 1,750 | 2,296 | 1,976 | 1,960 | 3,564 | 2,449 |
| 12 | Less: Current transfers to non-residents(2) | 2,412 | 2,172 | 2,500 | 2,336 | 2,355 | 2,212 | 2,532 | 2,760 | 2,712 | 2,554 |
| 13 | Equals: Surplus (+) or deficit (-) of Canada on current transactions with non-residents. | 536 | -1,500 | -7,584 | -4,848 | -3,349 | -13,000 | -11,460 | -10,416 | -13,440 | -12,079 |
| Reconciliation with the "Canadian Balance of International Payments": | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 14 | Add: Net inheritances and migrants' funds | 1,456 | 1,280 | 1,364 | 1,564 | 1,416 | 1,448 | 1,560 | 1,428 | 1,900 | 1,584 |
| 15 | Equals: Surplus (+) or deficit (-) on current account as per "Canadian Balance of International Payments". | 1,992 | -220 | -6,220 | -3,284 | -1,933 | -11,552 | -9,900 | -8,988 | -11,540 | -10,495 |

See footnote(s) at end of statistical tables.

TABLE 21. Implicit Price Indexes, Gross Domestic Product(1)

Using Seasonally Adjusted Data

1981 = 100.0

| No. | CANSIM matrix No. 006641 | 1981 | | | | | 1982 | | | | |
|-----|---|-------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|
| | | I | II | III | IV | Year Année | I | II | III | IV | Year Année |
| 1 | Personal expenditure on consumer goods and services. | 96.4 | 98.5 | 101.4 | 103.7 | 100.0 | 106.3 | 109.1 | 111.6 | 113.9 | 110.2 |
| 2 | Durable goods | 97.5 | 98.9 | 100.5 | 103.2 | 100.0 | 104.1 | 105.4 | 106.7 | 107.3 | 105.9 |
| 3 | Semi-durable goods | 97.4 | 99.1 | 101.0 | 102.4 | 100.0 | 104.8 | 106.9 | 108.4 | 110.2 | 107.5 |
| 4 | Non-durable goods | 96.1 | 98.3 | 101.8 | 103.8 | 100.0 | 107.5 | 111.2 | 113.9 | 115.9 | 112.1 |
| 5 | Services | 95.9 | 98.4 | 101.5 | 104.2 | 100.0 | 106.5 | 109.2 | 112.2 | 115.4 | 110.8 |
| 6 | Government current expenditure on goods and services. | 94.7 | 98.6 | 102.6 | 103.8 | 100.0 | 107.6 | 110.1 | 113.2 | 115.7 | 111.7 |
| 7 | Government investment in fixed capital | 95.8 | 98.7 | 102.1 | 103.2 | 100.0 | 105.6 | 107.1 | 108.3 | 107.4 | 107.1 |
| 8 | Non-residential construction | 95.4 | 98.4 | 102.6 | 103.5 | 100.0 | 105.9 | 107.4 | 108.5 | 107.5 | 107.3 |
| 9 | Machinery and equipment | 98.0 | 100.0 | 99.8 | 101.9 | 100.0 | 104.2 | 105.6 | 107.0 | 106.5 | 105.8 |
| 10 | Business investment in fixed capital | 96.6 | 98.9 | 101.0 | 103.5 | 100.0 | 104.7 | 105.8 | 107.0 | 106.5 | 106.0 |
| 11 | Residential construction | 96.4 | 100.2 | 101.7 | 102.0 | 100.0 | 101.7 | 101.8 | 102.4 | 102.9 | 102.2 |
| 12 | Non-residential construction | 95.1 | 98.1 | 101.4 | 105.2 | 100.0 | 106.2 | 107.7 | 109.1 | 107.9 | 107.7 |
| 13 | Machinery and equipment | 98.0 | 98.8 | 100.2 | 103.0 | 100.0 | 105.1 | 106.6 | 108.0 | 107.9 | 106.8 |
| 14 | Exports of goods and services | 98.5 | 100.0 | 100.4 | 101.1 | 100.0 | 100.7 | 102.4 | 102.6 | 102.1 | 102.0 |
| 15 | Merchandise | 98.9 | 100.2 | 100.3 | 100.6 | 100.0 | 99.6 | 101.1 | 101.0 | 100.1 | 100.5 |
| 16 | Non-merchandise | 95.9 | 98.7 | 101.4 | 104.4 | 100.0 | 108.9 | 113.0 | 115.7 | 118.1 | 113.8 |
| 17 | Imports of goods and services | 98.2 | 99.5 | 101.2 | 101.2 | 100.0 | 103.0 | 105.6 | 105.7 | 104.5 | 104.7 |
| 18 | Merchandise | 98.5 | 99.6 | 100.9 | 101.0 | 100.0 | 102.6 | 104.8 | 104.4 | 102.7 | 102.6 |
| 19 | Non-merchandise | 96.7 | 99.2 | 102.2 | 102.0 | 100.0 | 104.8 | 109.2 | 111.7 | 112.5 | 108.6 |
| 20 | Gross Domestic Product | 96.5 | 98.8 | 101.3 | 103.4 | 100.0 | 105.7 | 107.7 | 109.7 | 111.6 | 108.7 |
| 21 | Final domestic demand | 96.7 | 98.6 | 101.6 | 103.7 | 100.0 | 106.2 | 108.6 | 111.0 | 112.7 | 109.6 |

See footnote(s) at end of statistical tables.

TABLEAU 20. Opérations entre les résidents et les non-résidents d'après les comptes des revenus et dépenses - fin

Désaisonnalisées au taux annuel

| 1987 | | | | | 1988 | | | | | Numéro de matrice CANSIM 006740 | N ^o |
|---|---------|---------|---------|---------------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------------|--|----------------|
| I | II | III | IV | Year Année | I | II | III | IV | Year Année | | |
| millions of dollars - millions de dollars | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 140,948 | 140,488 | 143,604 | 151,812 | 144,213 | 154,656 | 157,764 | 156,892 | 157,896 | 156,802 | Exportations de biens et services | 1 |
| 123,328 | 122,672 | 125,628 | 132,872 | 126,125 | 134,660 | 138,580 | 137,508 | 137,676 | 137,106 | Marchandises | 2 |
| 17,620 | 17,816 | 17,976 | 18,940 | 18,088 | 19,996 | 19,184 | 19,384 | 20,220 | 19,696 | Invisibles | 3 |
| 134,756 | 136,448 | 139,060 | 150,872 | 140,284 | 151,604 | 154,280 | 151,796 | 158,160 | 153,960 | Moins: Importations de biens et services | 4 |
| 110,648 | 111,660 | 113,676 | 124,612 | 115,149 | 126,372 | 129,352 | 125,112 | 130,212 | 127,512 | Marchandises | 5 |
| 24,108 | 24,788 | 25,384 | 26,260 | 25,135 | 25,232 | 25,928 | 26,684 | 27,948 | 26,448 | Invisibles | 6 |
| -14,668 | -16,876 | -18,012 | -16,872 | -16,607 | -14,504 | -19,312 | -18,348 | -21,524 | -18,422 | Plus: Revenus nets de placements des non-résidents | 7 |
| 6,312 | 6,744 | 5,868 | 9,024 | 6,987 | 12,332 | 9,264 | 9,828 | 12,260 | 10,921 | Revenus de placements reçus des non-résidents | 8 |
| 20,980 | 23,620 | 23,880 | 25,896 | 23,594 | 26,836 | 28,576 | 28,176 | 33,784 | 29,343 | Moins: Revenus de placements versés aux non-résidents. | 9 |
| -1,272 | -424 | -1,000 | -932 | -907 | -1,060 | -364 | -740 | -660 | -706 | Plus: Transfers courants nets des non-résidents | 10 |
| 1,604 | 2,276 | 1,972 | 2,380 | 2,058 | 2,408 | 2,508 | 2,680 | 2,620 | 2,554 | Transfers courants reçus des non-résidents(1) | 11 |
| 2,876 | 2,700 | 2,972 | 3,312 | 2,965 | 3,468 | 2,872 | 3,420 | 3,280 | 3,260 | Moins: Transfers courants versés aux non-résidents(2). | 12 |
| -9,746 | -13,260 | -14,468 | -16,864 | -13,585 | -12,512 | -16,192 | -13,992 | -22,448 | -16,286 | Égale: Excédent (+) ou déficit (-) du Canada au titre des opérations courantes avec les non-résidents. | 13 |
| 2,264 | 2,988 | 3,328 | 3,440 | 3,005 | 4,408 | 4,952 | 5,380 | 5,340 | 5,020 | Rapprochement avec la "balance canadienne des paiements internationaux": Plus: Valeur nette des successions et des capitaux des migrants. | 14 |
| -7,484 | -10,272 | -11,140 | -13,424 | -10,580 | -8,104 | -11,240 | -8,612 | -17,108 | -11,266 | Égale: Excédent (+) ou déficit (-) au compte courant d'après la "balance canadienne des paiements internationaux". | 15 |

Voir note(s) à la fin des tableaux statistiques.

TABLEAU 21. Indices implicites de prix, produit intérieur brut(1)

Calculés à partir de données désaisonnalisées

1981 = 100.0

| 1983 | | | | | 1984 | | | | | Numéro de matrice CANSIM 006641 | N ^o |
|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|---|----------------|
| I | II | III | IV | Year Année | I | II | III | IV | Year Année | | |
| 114.8 | 116.4 | 117.9 | 119.4 | 117.2 | 120.6 | 121.2 | 122.0 | 123.2 | 121.8 | Dépenses personnelles en biens et services de consommation. | 1 |
| 108.1 | 108.5 | 109.6 | 110.5 | 109.2 | 110.9 | 111.2 | 111.5 | 112.0 | 111.4 | Biens durables | 2 |
| 111.3 | 112.8 | 113.6 | 114.1 | 113.0 | 114.8 | 115.8 | 116.3 | 117.6 | 116.1 | Biens semi-durables | 3 |
| 116.0 | 117.9 | 120.7 | 122.4 | 119.3 | 124.9 | 125.2 | 126.4 | 129.2 | 126.2 | Biens non durables | 4 |
| 116.9 | 118.6 | 119.7 | 121.6 | 119.2 | 122.4 | 123.2 | 124.1 | 125.3 | 123.8 | Services | 5 |
| 115.0 | 118.3 | 119.1 | 120.9 | 118.4 | 121.7 | 122.7 | 123.5 | 124.9 | 123.2 | Dépenses publiques courantes en biens et services. | 6 |
| 108.0 | 109.3 | 110.5 | 111.0 | 109.7 | 111.3 | 112.1 | 113.1 | 114.7 | 112.8 | Investissement des administrations publiques en capital fixe. | 7 |
| 108.8 | 110.2 | 111.8 | 112.4 | 110.7 | 112.6 | 113.1 | 114.0 | 115.9 | 113.9 | Construction non résidentielle | 8 |
| 105.2 | 105.0 | 104.9 | 105.5 | 105.2 | 106.7 | 108.4 | 110.0 | 110.8 | 109.1 | Machines et matériel | 9 |
| 106.1 | 106.1 | 106.5 | 106.5 | 106.3 | 107.7 | 108.2 | 108.5 | 109.2 | 108.4 | Investissement des entreprises en capital fixe | 10 |
| 104.2 | 105.2 | 106.8 | 107.1 | 105.9 | 109.2 | 110.0 | 110.2 | 111.6 | 110.3 | Construction résidentielle | 11 |
| 106.5 | 106.7 | 107.2 | 107.4 | 107.0 | 109.4 | 110.1 | 111.0 | 112.8 | 110.8 | Construction non résidentielle | 12 |
| 107.3 | 106.3 | 105.5 | 105.2 | 106.0 | 104.9 | 105.0 | 104.8 | 104.2 | 104.7 | Machines et matériel | 13 |
| 102.3 | 102.3 | 102.5 | 103.1 | 102.6 | 105.5 | 106.7 | 106.8 | 105.8 | 106.2 | Exportations de biens et services | 14 |
| 100.4 | 100.2 | 100.1 | 100.9 | 100.4 | 103.5 | 104.8 | 104.7 | 103.4 | 104.1 | Marchandises | 15 |
| 119.3 | 120.0 | 122.4 | 122.4 | 121.1 | 122.1 | 123.6 | 126.2 | 128.3 | 125.0 | Invisibles | 16 |
| 104.3 | 104.5 | 104.1 | 104.9 | 104.4 | 107.2 | 109.6 | 110.9 | 111.6 | 109.8 | Importations de biens et services | 17 |
| 102.5 | 102.4 | 101.6 | 102.3 | 102.2 | 104.6 | 106.8 | 107.9 | 108.3 | 106.9 | Marchandises | 18 |
| 113.3 | 114.5 | 115.6 | 118.4 | 115.6 | 121.0 | 125.2 | 128.8 | 130.9 | 126.4 | Invisibles | 19 |
| 112.3 | 113.4 | 114.7 | 116.1 | 114.1 | 117.1 | 117.4 | 117.8 | 118.4 | 117.7 | Produit intérieur brut | 20 |
| 113.0 | 114.6 | 115.7 | 117.0 | 115.1 | 118.1 | 118.8 | 119.5 | 120.7 | 119.3 | <i>Demande intérieure finale</i> | 21 |

Voir note(s) à la fin des tableaux statistiques.

TABLE 21. Implicit Price Indexes, Gross Domestic Product(1) - Concluded

Using Seasonally Adjusted Data

1981 = 100.0

| No | CANSIM matrix No. 006641 | 1985 | | | | | 1986 | | | | |
|----|---|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| | | I | II | III | IV | Year | I | II | III | IV | Year |
| | | | | | | Année | | | | | Année |
| 1 | Personal expenditure on consumer goods and services. | 124.7 | 125.6 | 126.7 | 127.7 | 126.2 | 129.3 | 129.9 | 131.3 | 132.9 | 130.9 |
| 2 | Durable goods | 113.2 | 113.1 | 113.7 | 113.8 | 113.5 | 115.2 | 118.1 | 119.3 | 120.0 | 118.2 |
| 3 | Semi-durable goods | 118.6 | 119.5 | 120.3 | 121.2 | 119.9 | 122.2 | 123.1 | 124.5 | 125.7 | 123.9 |
| 4 | Non-durable goods | 129.8 | 130.9 | 132.0 | 133.8 | 131.7 | 135.9 | 133.9 | 135.5 | 137.2 | 135.6 |
| 5 | Services | 127.0 | 128.2 | 129.6 | 130.8 | 128.9 | 132.3 | 133.5 | 134.9 | 136.8 | 134.4 |
| 6 | Government current expenditure on goods and services. | 127.3 | 128.3 | 128.9 | 130.8 | 128.8 | 131.7 | 132.6 | 134.6 | 135.8 | 133.7 |
| 7 | Government investment in fixed capital | 116.0 | 115.4 | 114.8 | 116.7 | 115.7 | 116.3 | 116.2 | 117.0 | 117.4 | 116.7 |
| 8 | Non-residential construction | 116.9 | 116.0 | 115.3 | 117.6 | 116.4 | 117.1 | 116.9 | 117.8 | 118.7 | 117.6 |
| 9 | Machinery and equipment | 113.1 | 112.9 | 112.1 | 112.6 | 112.7 | 113.2 | 113.5 | 113.8 | 113.0 | 113.4 |
| 10 | Business investment in fixed capital | 110.8 | 111.2 | 111.2 | 112.3 | 111.4 | 113.0 | 114.0 | 115.1 | 115.6 | 114.4 |
| 11 | Residential construction | 112.6 | 112.8 | 113.2 | 115.1 | 113.5 | 117.4 | 120.7 | 123.6 | 127.2 | 122.3 |
| 12 | Non-residential construction | 114.1 | 113.9 | 114.3 | 114.9 | 114.3 | 114.7 | 115.3 | 116.3 | 117.0 | 115.8 |
| 13 | Machinery and equipment | 106.5 | 107.5 | 106.9 | 108.0 | 107.3 | 107.9 | 107.4 | 107.2 | 105.1 | 106.9 |
| 14 | Exports of goods and services | 105.6 | 107.7 | 108.4 | 107.5 | 107.3 | 106.5 | 104.9 | 104.7 | 103.8 | 105.0 |
| 15 | Merchandise | 103.0 | 105.2 | 105.7 | 104.6 | 104.6 | 103.4 | 101.4 | 101.0 | 100.3 | 101.5 |
| 16 | Non-merchandise | 130.1 | 132.3 | 133.3 | 135.4 | 132.8 | 135.9 | 136.8 | 137.6 | 138.0 | 137.1 |
| 17 | Imports of goods and services | 112.0 | 113.3 | 112.6 | 114.3 | 113.1 | 115.1 | 113.2 | 112.8 | 112.7 | 113.4 |
| 18 | Merchandise | 108.1 | 109.5 | 108.7 | 110.0 | 109.1 | 110.4 | 108.3 | 107.7 | 107.2 | 108.4 |
| 19 | Non-merchandise | 135.1 | 137.3 | 137.9 | 142.0 | 138.1 | 146.4 | 144.8 | 145.9 | 147.9 | 146.3 |
| 20 | Gross Domestic Product | 119.5 | 120.8 | 121.9 | 122.3 | 121.1 | 122.8 | 123.4 | 124.6 | 126.0 | 124.2 |
| 21 | Final domestic demand | 122.4 | 123.1 | 123.7 | 124.9 | 123.5 | 126.1 | 126.9 | 128.4 | 129.6 | 127.8 |

See footnote(s) at end of statistical tables.

TABLE 22. Fixed-Weighted Price Indexes, Gross Domestic Product, 1981 Weights(1)

Using Seasonally Adjusted Data

1981 = 100.0

| No | CANSIM matrix No. 006642 | % of GDP, 1981 | 1981 | | | | | 1982 | | | | |
|----|---|----------------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| | | | I | II | III | IV | Year | I | II | III | IV | Year |
| | | | | | | | Année | | | | | Année |
| 1 | Personal expenditure on consumer goods and services | 55.3 | 96.2 | 98.8 | 101.4 | 103.6 | 100.0 | 106.2 | 109.0 | 111.6 | 113.9 | 110.2 |
| 2 | Durable goods | 7.9 | 96.8 | 99.0 | 101.5 | 102.6 | 100.0 | 104.1 | 105.5 | 106.8 | 107.7 | 106.0 |
| 3 | Semi-durable goods | 6.2 | 97.1 | 99.2 | 101.1 | 102.5 | 100.0 | 104.5 | 106.6 | 108.1 | 109.8 | 107.3 |
| 4 | Non-durable goods | 16.8 | 95.3 | 98.4 | 102.0 | 104.4 | 100.0 | 107.5 | 111.3 | 114.0 | 116.1 | 112.2 |
| 5 | Services | 24.4 | 96.4 | 98.9 | 101.1 | 103.7 | 100.0 | 106.5 | 109.2 | 112.3 | 115.5 | 110.9 |
| 6 | Government current expenditure on goods and services. | 19.4 | 94.8 | 98.6 | 102.7 | 103.9 | 100.0 | 107.7 | 110.2 | 113.4 | 115.8 | 111.8 |
| 7 | Government investment in fixed capital | 2.6 | 95.6 | 98.6 | 102.3 | 103.4 | 100.0 | 105.5 | 107.1 | 108.1 | 107.1 | 107.0 |
| 8 | Non-residential construction | 2.2 | 95.4 | 98.4 | 102.6 | 103.5 | 100.0 | 105.8 | 107.4 | 108.5 | 107.3 | 107.3 |
| 9 | Machinery and equipment | 4 | 96.8 | 99.4 | 101.0 | 102.8 | 100.0 | 104.0 | 106.2 | 106.7 | 106.2 | 105.8 |
| 10 | Business investment in fixed capital | 21.6 | 96.6 | 98.9 | 101.2 | 103.4 | 100.0 | 104.6 | 105.8 | 106.7 | 106.9 | 106.0 |
| 11 | Residential construction | 5.8 | 96.3 | 100.2 | 101.7 | 101.7 | 100.0 | 101.9 | 101.4 | 101.7 | 102.1 | 101.8 |
| 12 | Non-residential construction | 7.7 | 95.3 | 98.1 | 101.5 | 105.2 | 100.0 | 105.9 | 107.7 | 109.5 | 109.3 | 108.1 |
| 13 | Machinery and equipment | 8.1 | 98.0 | 98.7 | 100.4 | 102.9 | 100.0 | 105.2 | 107.1 | 107.7 | 108.1 | 107.0 |
| 14 | Exports of goods and services | 27.3 | 98.4 | 100.0 | 100.4 | 101.2 | 100.0 | 101.2 | 102.8 | 103.3 | 103.1 | 102.6 |
| 15 | Merchandise | 23.8 | 98.8 | 100.2 | 100.3 | 100.8 | 100.0 | 100.1 | 101.4 | 101.5 | 100.9 | 101.0 |
| 16 | Non-merchandise | 3.5 | 95.8 | 98.6 | 101.3 | 104.2 | 100.0 | 108.5 | 112.6 | 115.3 | 117.7 | 113.5 |
| 17 | Imports of goods and services | 26.2 | 98.1 | 99.3 | 101.2 | 101.3 | 100.0 | 103.2 | 105.7 | 106.9 | 105.7 | 105.4 |
| 18 | Merchandise | 21.7 | 98.4 | 99.4 | 101.0 | 101.1 | 100.0 | 102.8 | 105.0 | 105.9 | 104.3 | 104.5 |
| 19 | Non-merchandise | 4.5 | 96.7 | 99.1 | 102.2 | 102.0 | 100.0 | 104.9 | 109.3 | 111.7 | 112.5 | 109.6 |
| 20 | Gross Domestic Product, excluding the value of physical change in inventories. | 100.0 | 96.1 | 98.9 | 101.4 | 103.6 | 100.0 | 105.6 | 107.7 | 109.7 | 111.8 | 108.7 |
| 21 | Final domestic demand | 98.9 | 96.0 | 98.8 | 101.6 | 103.6 | 100.0 | 106.2 | 108.5 | 110.8 | 112.6 | 109.5 |

See footnote(s) at end of statistical tables.

TABLEAU 21. Indices implicites de prix, produit intérieur brut(1) - fin

Calculés à partir de données désaisonnalisées

1981 = 100.0

| 1987 | | | | | 1988 | | | | | Numéro de matrice CANSIM 006641 | N ^o |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|---------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|---------------|--|----------------|
| I | II | III | IV | Year Année | I | II | III | IV | Year Année | | |
| 134.0 | 135.3 | 136.3 | 137.3 | 135.7 | 138.4 | 139.8 | 140.9 | 142.3 | 140.4 | Dépenses personnelles en biens et services de consommation | 1 |
| 120.5 | 120.4 | 121.2 | 122.6 | 121.2 | 123.5 | 124.4 | 125.5 | 127.3 | 125.2 | Biens durables | 2 |
| 127.2 | 128.5 | 129.8 | 131.1 | 129.2 | 133.3 | 135.1 | 136.4 | 137.8 | 135.7 | Biens semi-durables | 3 |
| 139.0 | 141.0 | 142.5 | 143.5 | 141.5 | 143.8 | 145.4 | 146.7 | 146.7 | 145.7 | Biens non durables | 4 |
| 137.6 | 139.2 | 140.0 | 140.9 | 139.5 | 142.2 | 143.7 | 144.6 | 146.6 | 144.3 | Services | 5 |
| 136.7 | 139.6 | 139.9 | 141.5 | 139.4 | 143.3 | 143.8 | 145.2 | 147.3 | 144.9 | Dépenses publiques courantes en biens et services | 6 |
| 118.9 | 119.6 | 121.7 | 121.0 | 120.3 | 121.5 | 122.7 | 123.9 | 125.0 | 123.3 | Investissement des administrations publiques en capital fixe | 7 |
| 120.9 | 122.3 | 125.2 | 124.5 | 123.2 | 126.0 | 127.7 | 129.4 | 130.8 | 128.5 | Construction non résidentielle | 8 |
| 111.6 | 109.9 | 109.5 | 108.7 | 109.9 | 106.6 | 108.3 | 106.2 | 105.0 | 106.0 | Machines et matériel | 9 |
| 117.4 | 117.8 | 117.8 | 118.5 | 117.9 | 118.9 | 119.2 | 119.6 | 121.2 | 119.7 | Investissement des entreprises en capital fixe | 10 |
| 130.9 | 132.7 | 133.9 | 136.4 | 133.5 | 139.1 | 141.1 | 143.2 | 145.9 | 142.4 | Construction résidentielle | 11 |
| 119.4 | 119.5 | 120.1 | 122.0 | 120.3 | 124.0 | 125.4 | 126.8 | 129.4 | 126.4 | Construction non résidentielle | 12 |
| 104.6 | 103.8 | 102.4 | 102.0 | 103.2 | 100.2 | 99.8 | 98.6 | 99.0 | 99.4 | Machines et matériel | 13 |
| 103.1 | 103.5 | 104.0 | 105.3 | 104.0 | 103.3 | 102.5 | 104.2 | 105.8 | 103.9 | Exportations de biens et services | 14 |
| 99.3 | 99.5 | 100.2 | 101.2 | 100.1 | 98.7 | 98.2 | 100.0 | 101.3 | 99.5 | Marchandises | 15 |
| 141.5 | 143.0 | 141.0 | 146.0 | 142.9 | 149.7 | 150.3 | 149.4 | 150.9 | 150.1 | Invisibles | 16 |
| 111.0 | 110.2 | 109.9 | 110.2 | 110.3 | 108.3 | 106.2 | 106.2 | 106.7 | 106.8 | Importations de biens et services | 17 |
| 105.7 | 104.6 | 104.2 | 104.9 | 104.8 | 103.4 | 101.4 | 101.2 | 101.7 | 101.9 | Marchandises | 18 |
| 144.0 | 144.9 | 145.0 | 144.7 | 144.7 | 141.7 | 136.2 | 137.8 | 138.4 | 139.0 | Invisibles | 19 |
| 127.5 | 129.3 | 130.0 | 131.5 | 129.6 | 133.0 | 134.0 | 135.5 | 137.6 | 135.0 | Produit intérieur brut | 20 |
| 130.8 | 132.1 | 132.6 | 133.6 | 132.3 | 134.6 | 135.5 | 136.4 | 138.0 | 136.1 | <i>Demande intérieure finale</i> | 21 |

Voir notes) à la fin des tableaux statistiques.

TABLEAU 22. indices de prix à pondération fixe, produit intérieur brut, poids de 1981(1)

Calculés à partir de données désaisonnalisées

1981 = 100.0

| 1983 | | | | | 1984 | | | | | Numéro de matrice CANSIM 006642 | N ^o |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|---------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|---------------|--|----------------|
| I | II | III | IV | Year Année | I | II | III | IV | Year Année | | |
| 114.9 | 116.5 | 118.2 | 119.8 | 117.4 | 121.0 | 121.7 | 122.6 | 123.9 | 122.3 | Dépenses personnelles en biens et services de consommation | 1 |
| 108.6 | 109.0 | 110.1 | 111.2 | 109.7 | 111.7 | 112.1 | 112.4 | 113.1 | 112.3 | 55.3 Biens durables | 2 |
| 111.2 | 112.7 | 113.5 | 114.1 | 112.9 | 114.8 | 115.8 | 116.4 | 117.6 | 116.2 | 7.9 Biens semi-durables | 3 |
| 116.3 | 118.0 | 121.2 | 122.9 | 119.6 | 125.5 | 125.7 | 127.2 | 128.8 | 126.8 | 6.2 Biens non durables | 4 |
| 117.0 | 118.8 | 120.0 | 121.9 | 119.4 | 122.6 | 123.5 | 124.4 | 125.6 | 124.0 | 16.8 Services | 5 |
| 115.2 | 118.5 | 119.2 | 121.2 | 118.5 | 121.9 | 123.0 | 123.8 | 125.0 | 123.4 | 24.4 Dépenses publiques courantes en biens et services | 6 |
| 107.9 | 109.3 | 110.7 | 111.5 | 109.9 | 111.9 | 112.7 | 113.8 | 115.7 | 113.5 | 19.4 Investissement des administrations publiques en capital fixe | 7 |
| 108.4 | 110.0 | 111.6 | 112.5 | 110.6 | 112.7 | 113.2 | 114.2 | 116.3 | 114.1 | 2.6 Construction non résidentielle | 8 |
| 105.5 | 105.8 | 106.0 | 106.8 | 106.0 | 108.3 | 110.6 | 112.0 | 113.0 | 111.0 | 2.2 Machines et matériel | 9 |
| 107.1 | 107.7 | 108.2 | 108.5 | 107.9 | 109.9 | 111.0 | 111.8 | 113.0 | 111.4 | 4 Investissement des entreprises en capital fixe | 10 |
| 103.3 | 104.6 | 105.7 | 105.6 | 104.8 | 107.0 | 107.5 | 107.3 | 108.3 | 107.5 | 21.6 Construction résidentielle | 11 |
| 108.9 | 109.8 | 110.5 | 110.5 | 109.9 | 112.2 | 112.7 | 113.8 | 115.7 | 113.6 | 5.8 Construction non résidentielle | 12 |
| 108.0 | 108.0 | 107.9 | 108.7 | 108.2 | 109.8 | 111.8 | 113.0 | 113.9 | 112.1 | 7.7 Machines et matériel | 13 |
| 102.9 | 103.0 | 103.8 | 104.0 | 103.4 | 106.5 | 108.6 | 109.3 | 108.6 | 108.3 | 8.1 Exportations de biens et services | 14 |
| 100.6 | 100.5 | 101.0 | 101.2 | 100.8 | 104.1 | 106.3 | 106.7 | 105.7 | 105.7 | 27.3 Marchandises | 15 |
| 118.9 | 119.9 | 122.7 | 122.7 | 121.1 | 122.7 | 124.2 | 126.6 | 128.5 | 125.5 | 23.8 Invisibles | 16 |
| 105.4 | 105.4 | 105.8 | 107.0 | 105.9 | 109.4 | 112.7 | 115.0 | 115.4 | 113.1 | 3.5 Importations de biens et services | 17 |
| 103.8 | 103.5 | 103.8 | 104.7 | 104.0 | 106.9 | 110.1 | 112.1 | 112.1 | 110.3 | 26.2 Marchandises | 18 |
| 113.5 | 114.5 | 115.6 | 118.5 | 115.5 | 121.3 | 125.4 | 129.2 | 131.3 | 126.8 | 21.7 Invisibles | 19 |
| 112.3 | 114.0 | 115.4 | 116.4 | 114.5 | 117.7 | 118.2 | 118.6 | 119.6 | 118.5 | 4.5 Produit intérieur brut, sans la valeur de la variation matérielle des stocks. | 20 |
| 113.1 | 114.8 | 116.0 | 117.4 | 115.3 | 118.5 | 119.4 | 120.2 | 121.5 | 119.9 | 100.0 <i>Demande intérieure finale</i> | 21 |

Voir notes) à la fin des tableaux statistiques.

TABLE 22. Fixed-Weighted Price Indexes, Gross Domestic Product, 1981 Weights(1) - Concluded

Using Seasonally Adjusted Data

1981 = 100.0

| No. | CANSIM matrix No. 006642 | % of GDP, 1981 | 1985 | | | | | 1986 | | | | |
|-----|---|----------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|
| | | | I | II | III | IV | Year Année | I | II | III | IV | Year Année |
| 1 | Personal expenditure on consumer goods and services. | 55.3 | 125.4 | 126.6 | 127.8 | 129.1 | 127.2 | 130.7 | 131.0 | 132.4 | 134.1 | 132.1 |
| 2 | Durable goods | 7.9 | 114.2 | 114.4 | 115.1 | 115.4 | 114.8 | 116.8 | 119.9 | 121.0 | 122.3 | 120.0 |
| 3 | Semi-durable goods | 6.2 | 118.6 | 119.6 | 120.5 | 121.4 | 120.0 | 122.4 | 123.4 | 124.7 | 126.0 | 124.1 |
| 4 | Non-durable goods | 16.8 | 130.6 | 131.9 | 133.3 | 135.2 | 132.8 | 137.4 | 135.1 | 136.4 | 138.2 | 136.8 |
| 5 | Services | 24.4 | 127.3 | 128.6 | 130.0 | 131.2 | 129.3 | 132.7 | 133.8 | 135.2 | 137.2 | 134.7 |
| 6 | Government current expenditure on goods and services. | 19.4 | 127.4 | 128.5 | 129.2 | 131.0 | 129.0 | 131.9 | 132.8 | 134.8 | 136.1 | 133.9 |
| 7 | Government investment in fixed capital | 2.6 | 117.2 | 116.5 | 115.9 | 118.1 | 116.9 | 118.1 | 118.1 | 118.7 | 119.4 | 118.6 |
| 8 | Non-residential construction | 2.2 | 117.5 | 116.5 | 115.8 | 118.1 | 117.0 | 117.8 | 117.6 | 118.3 | 118.9 | 118.2 |
| 9 | Machinery and equipment | 4 | 116.1 | 116.9 | 116.8 | 118.3 | 117.0 | 119.8 | 121.0 | 121.1 | 122.0 | 121.0 |
| 10 | Business investment in fixed capital | 21.6 | 114.4 | 114.8 | 115.2 | 116.6 | 115.2 | 117.8 | 118.6 | 119.7 | 121.1 | 119.3 |
| 11 | Residential construction | 5.8 | 109.0 | 109.5 | 110.7 | 112.7 | 110.5 | 115.1 | 117.5 | 120.0 | 123.5 | 119.0 |
| 12 | Non-residential construction | 7.7 | 117.1 | 116.8 | 117.1 | 117.5 | 117.1 | 117.5 | 117.6 | 118.5 | 119.0 | 118.2 |
| 13 | Machinery and equipment | 8.1 | 115.7 | 116.8 | 116.7 | 118.4 | 116.9 | 119.9 | 120.3 | 120.5 | 121.4 | 120.5 |
| 14 | Exports of goods and services | 27.3 | 109.1 | 110.7 | 110.4 | 110.0 | 110.1 | 108.8 | 107.6 | 107.6 | 108.0 | 108.0 |
| 15 | Merchandise | 23.8 | 106.0 | 107.5 | 107.0 | 106.2 | 106.7 | 104.8 | 103.3 | 103.3 | 103.7 | 103.8 |
| 16 | Non-merchandise | 3.5 | 130.4 | 132.4 | 133.5 | 135.7 | 133.0 | 136.2 | 136.6 | 136.7 | 137.5 | 136.8 |
| 17 | Imports of goods and services | 26.2 | 116.4 | 118.3 | 117.9 | 119.8 | 118.1 | 120.9 | 118.0 | 118.3 | 118.8 | 119.0 |
| 18 | Merchandise | 21.7 | 112.5 | 114.4 | 113.8 | 115.2 | 114.0 | 115.7 | 112.5 | 112.6 | 112.9 | 113.4 |
| 19 | Non-merchandise | 4.5 | 135.3 | 137.5 | 138.0 | 142.0 | 138.2 | 146.1 | 144.6 | 146.0 | 147.6 | 146.1 |
| 20 | Gross Domestic Product, excluding the value of physical change in inventories. | 100.0 | 121.1 | 122.0 | 122.9 | 123.7 | 122.4 | 124.4 | 125.4 | 126.6 | 128.2 | 126.2 |
| 21 | Final domestic demand | 98.9 | 123.2 | 124.7 | 125.0 | 126.4 | 124.7 | 127.8 | 128.3 | 129.7 | 131.3 | 129.3 |

See footnote(s) at end of statistical tables.

TABLE 23. Chain Price Indexes, Gross Domestic Product(1)

Using Seasonally Adjusted Data

1981 = 100.0

| No. | CANSIM matrix No. 006826 | 1981 | | | | | 1982 | | | | |
|-----|---|-------------|-------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|
| | | I | II | III | IV | Year Année | I | II | III | IV | Year Année |
| 1 | Personal expenditure on consumer goods and services. | 96.2 | 98.8 | 101.5 | 103.6 | 100.0 | 106.3 | 109.1 | 111.7 | 114.0 | 110.2 |
| 2 | Durable goods | 96.7 | 99.0 | 101.6 | 102.7 | 100.0 | 104.3 | 105.7 | 107.0 | 107.8 | 106.0 |
| 3 | Semi-durable goods | 97.1 | 99.2 | 101.2 | 102.6 | 100.0 | 104.5 | 106.6 | 108.2 | 109.9 | 107.3 |
| 4 | Non-durable goods | 95.2 | 98.4 | 102.0 | 104.4 | 100.0 | 107.5 | 111.3 | 114.0 | 116.1 | 112.2 |
| 5 | Services | 96.4 | 98.9 | 101.1 | 103.7 | 100.0 | 106.6 | 109.3 | 112.4 | 115.6 | 110.9 |
| 6 | Government current expenditure on goods and services. | 94.6 | 98.5 | 102.8 | 104.1 | 100.0 | 107.7 | 110.2 | 113.3 | 115.8 | 111.8 |
| 7 | Government investment in fixed capital | 95.6 | 98.6 | 102.3 | 103.5 | 100.0 | 105.6 | 107.2 | 108.2 | 107.2 | 107.0 |
| 8 | Non-residential construction | 95.4 | 98.4 | 102.6 | 103.6 | 100.0 | 105.9 | 107.4 | 108.5 | 107.4 | 107.3 |
| 9 | Machinery and equipment | 96.7 | 99.4 | 100.8 | 103.0 | 100.0 | 104.0 | 106.3 | 106.8 | 106.4 | 105.8 |
| 10 | Business investment in fixed capital | 96.3 | 98.9 | 101.2 | 103.7 | 100.0 | 104.6 | 106.0 | 107.1 | 107.3 | 106.0 |
| 11 | Residential construction | 95.9 | 100.1 | 101.9 | 102.2 | 100.0 | 102.0 | 101.8 | 102.5 | 103.3 | 101.8 |
| 12 | Non-residential construction | 95.3 | 98.1 | 101.5 | 105.1 | 100.0 | 105.9 | 107.7 | 109.7 | 109.4 | 108.1 |
| 13 | Machinery and equipment | 97.6 | 98.5 | 100.4 | 103.5 | 100.0 | 105.3 | 107.2 | 107.8 | 108.0 | 107.0 |
| 14 | Exports of goods and services | 98.4 | 99.9 | 100.5 | 101.2 | 100.0 | 101.1 | 102.6 | 103.2 | 103.0 | 102.6 |
| 15 | Merchandise | 98.8 | 100.1 | 100.4 | 100.7 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 101.1 | 101.4 | 100.9 | 101.0 |
| 16 | Non-merchandise | 95.8 | 98.6 | 101.3 | 104.2 | 100.0 | 108.5 | 112.6 | 115.4 | 117.7 | 113.5 |
| 17 | Imports of goods and services | 98.1 | 99.4 | 101.1 | 101.3 | 100.0 | 103.0 | 105.6 | 106.6 | 106.0 | 105.4 |
| 18 | Merchandise | 98.4 | 99.5 | 100.9 | 101.2 | 100.0 | 102.7 | 104.8 | 105.5 | 104.6 | 104.5 |
| 19 | Non-merchandise | 96.7 | 99.1 | 102.2 | 102.0 | 100.0 | 104.9 | 109.3 | 111.8 | 112.6 | 108.6 |
| 20 | Gross Domestic Product, excluding the value of physical change in inventories. | 96.0 | 98.9 | 101.5 | 103.7 | 100.0 | 105.7 | 107.8 | 110.0 | 111.8 | 108.7 |
| 21 | Final domestic demand | 95.9 | 98.8 | 101.7 | 103.7 | 100.0 | 106.2 | 108.6 | 110.9 | 112.8 | 108.8 |

See footnote(s) at end of statistical tables.

TABLEAU 22. Indices de prix à pondération fixe, produit intérieur brut, poids de 1981(1) - fin

Calculés à partir de données désaisonnalisées

1981 = 100.0

| 1987 | | | | | 1988 | | | | | Numéro de matrice CANSIM 006642 | N° | |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|---------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|---------------|------------------------------------|---|----------------------|
| I | II | III | IV | Year Année | I | II | III | IV | Year Année | | | % du PIB, 1981 |
| 135.2 | 136.9 | 138.0 | 139.1 | 137.3 | 140.3 | 141.9 | 143.0 | 144.4 | 142.4 | 55.3 | Dépenses personnelles en biens et services de consommation. | 1 |
| 122.9 | 122.8 | 123.7 | 125.3 | 123.7 | 126.3 | 127.4 | 128.8 | 130.9 | 128.4 | 7.9 | Biens durables | 2 |
| 127.6 | 128.8 | 130.0 | 131.4 | 129.4 | 133.4 | 135.3 | 136.5 | 138.0 | 135.8 | 6.2 | Biens semi-durables | 3 |
| 140.1 | 142.7 | 144.3 | 145.2 | 143.1 | 146.1 | 148.0 | 149.2 | 149.2 | 148.1 | 16.8 | Biens non durables | 4 |
| 137.8 | 139.5 | 140.3 | 141.3 | 139.7 | 142.7 | 144.2 | 145.1 | 147.2 | 144.8 | 24.4 | Services | 5 |
| 136.9 | 139.9 | 140.2 | 142.0 | 139.8 | 143.7 | 144.1 | 145.6 | 147.8 | 145.3 | 19.4 | Dépenses publiques courantes en biens et services. | 6 |
| 120.7 | 121.7 | 124.2 | 123.6 | 122.6 | 125.0 | 126.2 | 127.9 | 129.4 | 127.1 | 2.6 | Investissement des administrations publiques en capital fixe. | 7 |
| 120.7 | 121.9 | 124.9 | 124.0 | 122.9 | 125.7 | 127.2 | 129.0 | 130.4 | 128.1 | 2.2 | Construction non résidentielle | 8 |
| 121.0 | 120.5 | 120.6 | 121.7 | 121.0 | 121.5 | 120.8 | 122.0 | 123.8 | 122.0 | 4 | Machines et matériel | 9 |
| 122.4 | 122.8 | 123.5 | 125.2 | 123.5 | 126.4 | 126.9 | 128.3 | 130.3 | 128.0 | 21.6 | Investissement des entreprises en capital fixe | 10 |
| 126.7 | 128.5 | 130.3 | 133.2 | 129.7 | 135.6 | 137.9 | 140.6 | 143.1 | 139.3 | 5.8 | Construction résidentielle | 11 |
| 121.5 | 121.6 | 122.3 | 124.1 | 122.4 | 126.1 | 127.2 | 128.4 | 130.6 | 128.1 | 7.7 | Construction non résidentielle | 12 |
| 120.3 | 120.0 | 119.9 | 120.6 | 120.2 | 120.0 | 118.8 | 119.4 | 120.8 | 119.8 | 8.1 | Machines et matériel | 13 |
| 107.4 | 109.1 | 109.9 | 111.6 | 109.5 | 111.8 | 112.1 | 113.9 | 115.2 | 113.3 | 27.3 | Exportations de biens et services | 14 |
| 102.4 | 104.1 | 105.5 | 106.5 | 104.6 | 106.3 | 106.5 | 108.7 | 109.9 | 107.9 | 23.8 | Marchandises | 15 |
| 141.6 | 143.3 | 140.1 | 145.9 | 142.7 | 149.4 | 150.1 | 149.4 | 150.9 | 150.0 | 3.5 | invisibles | 16 |
| 117.0 | 117.8 | 118.5 | 118.4 | 117.9 | 116.5 | 114.9 | 114.8 | 115.4 | 115.4 | 26.2 | Importations de biens et services | 17 |
| 111.5 | 112.3 | 113.1 | 113.0 | 112.5 | 111.4 | 110.2 | 110.2 | 110.7 | 110.6 | 21.7 | Marchandises | 18 |
| 144.0 | 144.4 | 144.6 | 144.7 | 144.4 | 141.6 | 137.8 | 137.3 | 138.3 | 138.8 | 4.5 | invisibles | 19 |
| 129.6 | 131.5 | 132.4 | 134.2 | 131.9 | 136.0 | 137.6 | 139.4 | 141.2 | 138.6 | 100.0 | Produit intérieur brut, sans la valeur de la variation matérielle des stocks. | 20 |
| 132.4 | 134.0 | 134.9 | 136.2 | 134.4 | 137.5 | 138.7 | 139.9 | 141.6 | 139.4 | 98.9 | Demande intérieure finale | 21 |

Voir notes) à la fin des tableaux statistiques.

TABLEAU 23. Indices de prix en chaîne, produit intérieur brut(1)

Calculés à partir de données désaisonnalisées

1981 = 100.0

| 1983 | | | | | 1984 | | | | | Numéro de matrice CANSIM 006826 | N° |
|-------|-------|-------|-------|---------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|---------------|---|----|
| I | II | III | IV | Year Année | I | II | III | IV | Year Année | | |
| 115.0 | 116.6 | 118.2 | 119.8 | 117.4 | 121.1 | 121.7 | 122.6 | 123.9 | 122.3 | Dépenses personnelles en biens et services de consommation. | 1 |
| 108.7 | 109.1 | 110.1 | 111.2 | 109.6 | 111.6 | 112.0 | 112.3 | 112.9 | 112.0 | Biens durables | 2 |
| 111.2 | 112.7 | 113.5 | 114.1 | 112.9 | 114.8 | 115.8 | 116.4 | 117.7 | 116.1 | Biens semi-durables | 3 |
| 116.4 | 118.1 | 121.0 | 122.8 | 119.6 | 125.4 | 125.6 | 127.1 | 128.6 | 126.7 | Biens non durables | 4 |
| 117.0 | 118.8 | 120.0 | 121.9 | 119.3 | 122.7 | 123.6 | 124.5 | 125.7 | 124.0 | Services | 5 |
| 115.1 | 118.5 | 119.2 | 121.1 | 118.5 | 121.9 | 123.0 | 123.8 | 125.1 | 123.4 | Dépenses publiques courantes en biens et services. | 6 |
| 107.9 | 109.3 | 110.6 | 111.5 | 109.8 | 111.9 | 112.7 | 113.8 | 115.5 | 113.3 | Investissement des administrations publiques en capital fixe. | 7 |
| 108.4 | 110.0 | 111.5 | 112.4 | 110.5 | 112.6 | 113.0 | 114.0 | 116.0 | 113.8 | Construction non résidentielle | 8 |
| 105.6 | 106.0 | 106.1 | 106.8 | 106.2 | 108.3 | 110.5 | 111.8 | 112.7 | 111.0 | Machines et matériel | 9 |
| 107.5 | 108.2 | 109.7 | 108.9 | 108.1 | 110.4 | 111.4 | 112.0 | 113.3 | 111.5 | Investissement des entreprises en capital fixe | 10 |
| 104.8 | 106.3 | 107.4 | 107.3 | 105.6 | 108.8 | 109.4 | 109.2 | 110.4 | 108.5 | Construction résidentielle | 11 |
| 109.1 | 109.9 | 110.7 | 110.7 | 110.0 | 112.5 | 113.1 | 114.2 | 116.2 | 113.9 | Construction non résidentielle | 12 |
| 107.8 | 107.6 | 107.4 | 108.0 | 108.0 | 109.1 | 110.8 | 111.8 | 112.4 | 111.5 | Machines et matériel | 13 |
| 103.0 | 103.1 | 104.0 | 104.3 | 103.5 | 106.5 | 108.5 | 109.0 | 108.5 | 108.1 | Exportations de biens et services | 14 |
| 100.8 | 100.8 | 101.5 | 101.8 | 101.1 | 104.3 | 106.4 | 106.6 | 105.8 | 105.6 | Marchandises | 15 |
| 118.9 | 119.8 | 122.4 | 122.5 | 121.0 | 122.1 | 123.6 | 126.1 | 128.2 | 125.2 | invisibles | 16 |
| 105.9 | 105.8 | 106.2 | 107.5 | 106.0 | 109.6 | 112.7 | 114.7 | 115.3 | 112.8 | Importations de biens et services | 17 |
| 104.3 | 103.9 | 104.1 | 105.1 | 104.0 | 107.1 | 109.9 | 111.6 | 112.0 | 109.7 | Marchandises | 18 |
| 113.6 | 114.7 | 115.9 | 118.8 | 115.6 | 121.5 | 125.9 | 129.5 | 131.6 | 127.0 | invisibles | 19 |
| 112.3 | 114.1 | 115.3 | 116.4 | 114.5 | 117.7 | 118.2 | 118.6 | 119.5 | 118.6 | Produit intérieur brut, sans la valeur de la variation matérielle des stocks. | 20 |
| 112.3 | 115.1 | 116.3 | 117.6 | 115.5 | 118.8 | 119.6 | 120.4 | 121.7 | 120.1 | Demande intérieure finale | 21 |

Voir notes) à la fin des tableaux statistiques.

TABLE 23. Chain Price Indexes, Gross Domestic Product(1) - Concluded

Using Seasonally Adjusted Data

1981 = 100.0

| No | CANSIM matrix No. 006826 | 1985 | | | | | 1986 | | | | |
|----|---|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|
| | | I | II | III | IV | Year Année | I | II | III | IV | Year Année |
| 1 | Personal expenditure on consumer goods and services. | 125.3 | 126.4 | 127.6 | 128.8 | 127.0 | 130.4 | 131.1 | 132.5 | 134.2 | 132.0 |
| 2 | Durable goods | 114.0 | 114.0 | 114.7 | 114.9 | 114.2 | 116.3 | 119.6 | 120.6 | 121.7 | 119.3 |
| 3 | Semi-durable goods | 118.6 | 119.6 | 120.4 | 121.4 | 120.0 | 122.3 | 123.3 | 124.6 | 125.9 | 124.0 |
| 4 | Non-durable goods | 130.3 | 131.6 | 132.9 | 134.7 | 132.5 | 136.8 | 135.2 | 136.7 | 138.6 | 136.8 |
| 5 | Services | 127.3 | 128.7 | 130.0 | 131.3 | 129.2 | 132.8 | 133.8 | 135.3 | 137.2 | 134.6 |
| 6 | Government current expenditure on goods and services. | 127.5 | 128.5 | 129.2 | 131.0 | 129.1 | 131.9 | 132.8 | 134.9 | 136.1 | 133.9 |
| 7 | Government investment in fixed capital | 117.1 | 116.5 | 116.0 | 118.1 | 116.8 | 118.1 | 118.1 | 118.6 | 119.3 | 118.4 |
| 8 | Non-residential construction | 117.1 | 116.2 | 115.6 | 117.9 | 116.7 | 117.6 | 117.4 | 118.1 | 118.7 | 117.9 |
| 9 | Machinery and equipment | 115.6 | 116.3 | 116.1 | 117.4 | 116.6 | 118.6 | 119.6 | 119.5 | 120.3 | 119.9 |
| 10 | Business investment in fixed capital | 114.4 | 114.7 | 115.1 | 116.4 | 114.9 | 117.7 | 118.5 | 119.8 | 121.4 | 119.0 |
| 11 | Residential construction | 111.2 | 111.6 | 112.8 | 115.0 | 111.6 | 117.5 | 120.0 | 122.7 | 126.3 | 120.4 |
| 12 | Non-residential construction | 117.5 | 117.3 | 117.7 | 118.1 | 117.5 | 118.3 | 118.5 | 119.6 | 120.5 | 118.9 |
| 13 | Machinery and equipment | 113.6 | 114.4 | 114.0 | 115.2 | 115.0 | 116.3 | 116.3 | 116.3 | 116.8 | 117.2 |
| 14 | Exports of goods and services | 108.9 | 110.8 | 110.5 | 110.3 | 109.9 | 109.2 | 107.8 | 108.0 | 108.7 | 108.1 |
| 15 | Merchandise | 106.1 | 107.9 | 107.5 | 107.1 | 106.8 | 105.8 | 104.2 | 104.3 | 105.1 | 104.4 |
| 16 | Non-merchandise | 130.2 | 132.3 | 133.3 | 135.4 | 133.0 | 135.7 | 136.5 | 136.9 | 137.6 | 136.6 |
| 17 | Imports of goods and services | 116.3 | 117.5 | 117.0 | 119.0 | 117.2 | 120.6 | 119.0 | 119.1 | 119.7 | 119.4 |
| 18 | Merchandise | 112.5 | 113.4 | 112.8 | 114.4 | 112.8 | 115.7 | 114.0 | 113.9 | 114.3 | 114.2 |
| 19 | Non-merchandise | 135.4 | 138.0 | 138.3 | 142.6 | 138.5 | 146.3 | 145.1 | 146.4 | 148.4 | 146.4 |
| 20 | Gross Domestic Product, excluding the value of physical change in inventories. | 120.9 | 122.0 | 122.9 | 123.6 | 122.4 | 124.1 | 124.8 | 126.3 | 127.9 | 125.7 |
| 21 | Final domestic demand | 123.3 | 124.2 | 125.1 | 126.4 | 124.7 | 127.8 | 128.5 | 130.0 | 131.6 | 129.4 |

See footnote(s) at end of statistical tables

TABLEAU 23. Indices de prix en chaîne, produit intérieur brut(1) - fin

Calculés à partir de données désaisonnalisées

1981 = 100.0

| 1987 | | | | | 1988 | | | | | Numéro de matrice CANSIM 006825 | N° |
|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|--|-----------|
| I | II | III | IV | Year Année | I | II | III | IV | Year Année | | |
| 135.2 | 136.8 | 137.9 | 139.0 | 137.1 | 140.2 | 141.7 | 142.9 | 144.2 | 142.2 | Dépenses personnelles en biens et services de consommation. | 1 |
| 122.3 | 122.1 | 122.9 | 124.5 | 122.7 | 125.4 | 126.4 | 127.6 | 129.6 | 126.9 | Biens durables | 2 |
| 127.4 | 128.6 | 129.8 | 131.2 | 129.3 | 133.2 | 135.1 | 136.3 | 137.8 | 135.6 | Biens semi-durables | 3 |
| 140.3 | 142.8 | 144.3 | 145.2 | 143.1 | 146.0 | 147.8 | 149.1 | 149.1 | 148.0 | Biens non durables | 4 |
| 137.9 | 139.7 | 140.5 | 141.5 | 139.6 | 142.8 | 144.3 | 145.3 | 147.2 | 144.6 | Services | 5 |
| 136.9 | 139.8 | 140.1 | 141.9 | 139.7 | 143.6 | 144.1 | 145.5 | 147.7 | 145.2 | Dépenses publiques courantes en biens et services. | 6 |
| 120.6 | 121.3 | 123.5 | 123.3 | 122.2 | 124.5 | 125.6 | 127.2 | 128.7 | 126.5 | Investissement des administrations publiques en capital fixe. | 7 |
| 120.6 | 121.7 | 124.5 | 123.9 | 122.7 | 125.6 | 127.2 | 129.0 | 130.4 | 128.0 | Construction non résidentielle | 8 |
| 119.3 | 118.7 | 118.6 | 119.6 | 119.5 | 118.8 | 118.1 | 119.0 | 120.7 | 119.7 | Machines et matériel | 9 |
| 123.0 | 123.6 | 124.4 | 126.1 | 123.8 | 127.0 | 127.7 | 129.2 | 131.1 | 128.5 | Investissement des entreprises en capital fixe | 10 |
| 129.9 | 131.8 | 133.6 | 136.5 | 131.6 | 139.0 | 141.3 | 144.1 | 146.7 | 141.4 | Construction résidentielle | 11 |
| 123.1 | 123.4 | 124.3 | 126.1 | 123.8 | 128.2 | 129.7 | 131.1 | 133.4 | 130.1 | Construction non résidentielle | 12 |
| 115.8 | 115.3 | 115.0 | 115.5 | 116.2 | 114.2 | 112.9 | 113.3 | 114.5 | 114.7 | Machines et matériel | 13 |
| 108.5 | 110.6 | 111.5 | 112.8 | 110.4 | 111.9 | 111.8 | 113.3 | 114.3 | 112.6 | Exportations de biens et services | 14 |
| 104.4 | 106.6 | 107.8 | 108.7 | 106.3 | 107.3 | 107.2 | 108.9 | 109.8 | 107.9 | Marchandises | 15 |
| 141.1 | 142.6 | 140.9 | 145.9 | 142.7 | 149.4 | 150.1 | 149.5 | 151.1 | 149.9 | Invisibles | 16 |
| 117.7 | 118.1 | 118.8 | 119.2 | 118.2 | 117.0 | 115.5 | 115.5 | 116.4 | 115.9 | Importations de biens et services | 17 |
| 112.6 | 113.0 | 113.8 | 114.1 | 113.0 | 112.1 | 111.0 | 111.1 | 111.9 | 111.2 | Marchandises | 18 |
| 144.3 | 145.0 | 145.2 | 145.8 | 144.9 | 142.3 | 138.5 | 138.1 | 139.1 | 139.3 | Invisibles | 19 |
| 129.4 | 131.5 | 132.5 | 134.1 | 131.7 | 135.7 | 137.2 | 139.0 | 140.6 | 138.0 | Produit intérieur brut, sans la valeur de la variation matérielle des stocks. | 20 |
| 132.8 | 134.3 | 135.2 | 136.5 | 134.6 | 137.7 | 138.9 | 140.2 | 141.8 | 139.6 | Demande intérieure finale | 21 |

Voir note(s) à la fin des tableaux statistiques.



Footnotes

Table 1

1. Includes military pay and allowances. For detail, see Table 6.
2. Excludes profits of government business enterprises.
3. Includes profits (net of losses) of government business enterprises and other government investment income.
4. Includes value of physical change in farm inventories and accrued earnings of farm operators arising out of the operations of the Canadian Wheat Board. Includes also an arbitrary smoothing of crop production and standard seasonal adjustments for withdrawals of grain from farm stock and for the change in farm-held livestock and other inventories. Because of the arbitrary element, too precise an interpretation should not be given the seasonally adjusted figures of value of physical change on farm inventories and therefore the accrued net income of farm operators.
5. Includes net income of independent professional practitioners and imputed net rent on owner-occupied dwellings.
6. See footnote 4, Table 2.

Table 2

1. Includes defence expenditures. For amounts, see line 10, Table 10.
2. Includes outlays on new durable assets such as buildings and highway construction by government, other than government business enterprises. Excludes defence construction and equipment which are defined as current expenditure.
3. Comprises capital expenditures by private and government business enterprises, private non-commercial institutions and outlays on new residential construction by individuals. Capital expenditure is defined to include all transfer costs on the sales and purchases of existing fixed assets.
4. The book value of inventories is deflated to remove the effect of price changes and the derived "physical" change is then valued at average prices of the current period to obtain the value of physical change. The difference between this value of physical change and the change in book value is called the inventory valuation adjustment (see line 6, Table 1).

Notes

Tableau 1

1. Y compris solde et indemnités militaires. Détails au tableau 6.
2. Sans les bénéfices des entreprises publiques.
3. Y compris les bénéfices (pertes déduites) des entreprises publiques ainsi que les autres revenus de placements des administrations.
4. Y compris la valeur de la variation matérielle des stocks agricoles et les revenus comptables des exploitants agricoles résultant des activités de la Commission canadienne du blé. Comprend aussi un lissage arbitraire de la production culturale et des ajustements saisonniers normalisés visant les prélèvements de céréales sur les stocks agricoles et la variation des cheptels et des autres stocks détenus dans les fermes. En raison de cet élément arbitraire, on ne devrait pas donner une interprétation trop rigoureuse aux chiffres désaisonnalisés de la valeur de la variation des stocks agricoles et du revenu comptable net des exploitants agricoles.
5. Y compris le revenu net des personnes exerçant une profession pour propre compte et les loyers nets imputés des logements occupés par leur propriétaire.
6. Voir note 4, tableau 2.

Tableau 2

1. Y compris les dépenses militaires présentées à la ligne 10, tableau 10.
2. Y compris les dépenses en biens durables neufs (comme les immeubles et les routes) des administrations publiques autres que les entreprises publiques. Ne comprend pas les installations et le matériel militaires, considérés comme dépenses courantes.
3. Comprend les dépenses d'investissement des entreprises privées, des entreprises publiques et des institutions non commerciales privées, ainsi que les dépenses de construction résidentielle neuve des particuliers. Les dépenses d'investissement comprennent tous les frais de mutation relatifs à la vente et à l'achat d'immobilisations existantes.
4. La valeur comptable des stocks est dégonflée de façon à supprimer l'effet des variations de prix. La variation "matérielle" ainsi obtenue est ensuite évaluée aux prix moyens de la période courante, ce qui permet d'obtenir la valeur de la variation matérielle. La différence entre cette valeur de la variation matérielle et la variation de la valeur comptable est appelée ajustement de la valeur des stocks (voir ligne 6, tableau 1).

Table 2 – Concluded

5. See footnote 4, Table 1.

Table 3

1. See footnote 2, Table 2.
2. See footnote 3, Table 2.

Table 4

1. See also Table 20.
2. Gross National Product at 1981 prices can be calculated from 1981 on by deflating net investment income from non-residents with the overall Gross Domestic Product implicit price index and adding the result to Gross Domestic Product at 1981 prices.

Table 5

1. This item is the adjustment to take account of the accrued earnings of farm operators arising out of the operations of the Canadian Wheat Board. See also footnote 1, Table 6.
2. A positive figure indicates a source of savings made available to the economy by non-residents.
3. For a breakdown between government and business, see Table 16.

Table 6

1. This item differs from line 4, Table 1 by excluding the adjustment which has been made to take account of the accrued net earnings arising out of the operations of the Canadian Wheat Board ("adjustment on grain transactions").
2. Includes all interest on the public debt paid by government to persons.
3. Charitable and other contributions and bad debt write-offs.
4. This item is the transfer portion of interest on consumer debt.

Table 9

1. Includes capital consumption allowances as shown in line 16.
2. Includes net purchase of existing non-financial assets.

Tableau 2 – fin

5. Voir note 4, tableau 1.

Tableau 3

1. Voir note 2, tableau 2.
2. Voir note 3, tableau 2.

Tableau 4

1. Voir également le tableau 20.
2. Le produit national brut aux prix de 1981 peut être calculé, de 1981 à aujourd'hui, en dégonflant les revenus nets de placements des non-résidents avec l'indice implicite de prix du produit intérieur brut et en ajoutant ce résultat au produit intérieur brut aux prix de 1981.

Tableau 5

1. Cette rubrique vise l'ajustement apporté pour tenir compte des revenus comptables des exploitants agricoles résultant des activités de la Commission canadienne du blé. Voir également note 1, tableau 6.
2. Un chiffre positif indique une source d'épargne mise à la disposition de l'économie par les non-résidents.
3. Pour une ventilation entre le secteur des administrations publiques et celui des entreprises, voir le tableau 16.

Tableau 6

1. Cette rubrique diffère de la ligne 4, tableau 1, en ce qu'elle exclut l'ajustement visant le revenu comptable net au titre des activités de la Commission canadienne du blé ("ajustement relatif aux transactions de céréales").
2. Y compris tous les intérêts sur la dette publique payés par les administrations publiques aux particuliers.
3. Dons de charité, autres contributions et amortissement des mauvaises créances.
4. Il s'agit de la partie "transferts" des intérêts sur la dette de consommation.

Tableau 9

1. Comprennent les provisions pour consommation de capital figurant à la ligne 16.
2. Y compris l'achat net d'actifs existants non financiers.

Table 10

1. Includes capital consumption allowances as shown in line 20.
2. See footnote 2, Table 9.

Table 11

1. Includes capital consumption allowances as shown in line 19.
2. See footnote 2, Table 9.

Table 12

1. The quarterly figures of real property taxes unadjusted and seasonally adjusted are obtained by dividing annual totals by four since real property taxes accrue uniformly throughout the taxation year. Because in recent years changes in real property tax rates have been generally upward, this treatment gives rise to a fictitious seasonal between the fourth and first quarters in the seasonally adjusted taxes series.
2. Includes capital consumption allowances as shown in line 15.
3. See footnote 2, Table 9.

Table 13

1. Includes capital consumption allowances as shown in line 10.
2. See footnote 2, Table 9.

Table 14

1. See footnote 2, Table 9.

Table 15

1. Includes undistributed earnings accruing to non-residents.

Table 16

1. See footnote 2, Table 2.
2. See footnote 3, Table 2.

Table 17

1. See footnote 2, Table 2.
2. See footnote 3, Table 2.

Tableau 10

1. Comprennent les provisions pour consommation de capital figurant à la ligne 20.
2. Voir note 2, tableau 9.

Tableau 11

1. Comprennent les provisions pour consommation de capital figurant à la ligne 19.
2. Voir note 2, tableau 9.

Tableau 12

1. Les estimations trimestrielles des impôts fonciers, à la fois non désaisonnalisées et désaisonnalisées, sont obtenues en divisant les chiffres annuels par quatre, étant donné que ces impôts s'accumulent de façon uniforme tout au long de l'année d'imposition. Comme les changements des taux ont en général relevé le niveau des impôts fonciers au cours des dernières années, il en est résulté une saisonnalité fictive entre les quatrième et premier trimestres dans les séries désaisonnalisées.
2. Comprennent les provisions pour consommation de capital figurant à la ligne 15.
3. Voir note 2, tableau 9.

Tableau 13

1. Comprennent les provisions pour consommation de capital figurant à la ligne 10.
2. Voir note 2, tableau 9.

Tableau 14

1. Voir note 2, tableau 9.

Tableau 15

1. Y compris les bénéfices non répartis allant aux non-résidents.

Tableau 16

1. Voir note 2, tableau 2.
2. Voir note 3, tableau 2.

Tableau 17

1. Voir note 2, tableau 2.
2. Voir note 3, tableau 2.

Table 18

1. Up to the fourth quarter of 1983, the value of change in non-farm business inventories is seasonally adjusted at the aggregate level. For the period beginning with the first quarter of 1984, the aggregate value of change is the sum of the seasonally adjusted components.
2. Includes an arbitrary smoothing of crop production and standard seasonal adjustments for withdrawals of grain from farm stock and for the change in farm-held livestock and other inventories. Because of the arbitrary element, too precise an interpretation should not be given to the seasonally adjusted figures.

Table 19

1. See footnote 1, Table 18.
2. See footnote 2, Table 18.

Table 20

1. Includes withholding taxes, pension receipts and personal remittances from abroad.
2. Includes withholding taxes paid to foreign governments, personal remittances, government official contributions and government pension payments.

Table 21

1. The implicit price indexes, derived by dividing the value figures in current dollars by the constant dollar figures, are currently weighted price indexes. They reflect not only pure price changes, but also changing expenditure patterns within and between major groups. Quarter-to-quarter comparisons based on the seasonally adjusted data are less subject to the problem of shifting weights than are similar comparisons based on data unadjusted for seasonality and therefore may be used as indicators of price change.

Table 22

1. Fixed-weighted or base-weighted indexes use the pattern of expenditure in the base periods (currently 1981) to aggregate the detailed price indexes in each period. The indexes therefore represent price change among periods using a constant set of weights: the price movement of the fixed-weighted indexes is not affected by compositional changes in expenditures among components and periods as can be the case with the implicit indexes.

Tableau 18

1. Jusqu'au quatrième trimestre de 1983, la valeur de la variation matérielle des stocks des entreprises non agricoles est désaisonnalisée au niveau global; à partir de 1984, elle est la résultante de la somme des composantes désaisonnalisées individuellement.
2. Comprend un lissage arbitraire de la production culturale et des ajustements saisonniers normalisés visant les prélèvements de céréales sur les stocks agricoles et la variation des cheptels et des autres stocks détenus dans les fermes. En raison de cet élément arbitraire, on ne devrait pas donner une interprétation trop rigoureuse aux chiffres désaisonnalisés.

Tableau 19

1. Voir note 1, tableau 18.
2. Voir note 2, tableau 18.

Tableau 20

1. Comprennent les retenues fiscales, les pensions reçues et les versements des particuliers reçus de l'étranger.
2. Comprennent les retenues fiscales versées aux gouvernements étrangers, les versements des particuliers, les contributions officielles des administrations publiques et les pensions versées par celles-ci.

Tableau 21

1. Les indices implicites de prix, qui s'obtiennent en divisant les valeurs en dollars courants par les valeurs en dollars constants, sont des indices de prix à pondération courante. Ils rendent compte non seulement des variations de prix, mais aussi de l'évolution des régimes de dépenses dans les principaux groupes et entre ces derniers. Les changements trimestriels des indices implicites fondés sur des données désaisonnalisées sont moins touchés par les variations de poids que ne le sont ceux basés sur des données non désaisonnalisées et peuvent donc être utilisés pour évaluer les variations de prix.

Tableau 22

1. Les indices à pondération fixe ou à pondération d'année de base utilisent pour chacune des périodes la composition des dépenses de la période de référence (présentement 1981) pour l'agrégation des indices de prix individuels. Les indices mesurent la variation de prix entre des périodes où la pondération est maintenue constante; les variations de prix des indices à pondération fixe ne sont pas affectées par les changements dans la composition des dépenses entre les périodes et les composantes comme dans le cas des indices implicites.

Table 23

1. Chain indexes measure price change between two consecutive periods, using as weights the composition of expenditure in the first of the two periods. In this table, quarterly indexes are calculated with quarterly weights, and linked quarterly, while annual indexes are calculated with annual weights and are linked annually. Chain indexes contrast with the fixed-weighted indexes in Table 22, using weights of the base period currently 1981 and the implicit indexes in Table 21, which use weights of the current periods. Percentage changes in the chain indexes reflect price change unaffected by compositional changes between the consecutive periods, that is, between years for the annual series or from quarter to quarter for the quarterly series.

Tableau 23

1. Les indices-chainés mesurent la variation de prix entre deux périodes successives, utilisant comme pondération la composition des dépenses de la première des deux périodes. Dans ce tableau, les indices trimestriels sont calculés à partir d'une pondération trimestrielle et raccordés trimestriellement alors que les indices annuels sont calculés à partir d'une pondération annuelle et raccordés annuellement. Les indices-chainés se distinguent des indices à pondération fixe du tableau 22, dont la pondération est celle de la période de base (présentement 1981) et des indices implicites du tableau 21, à pondération courante. Les variations en pourcentage des indices-chainés traduisent les variations de prix sans l'effet des changements dans la composition des dépenses entre périodes successives, d'une année ou d'un trimestre à l'autre, selon qu'il s'agit de séries annuelles ou trimestrielles.



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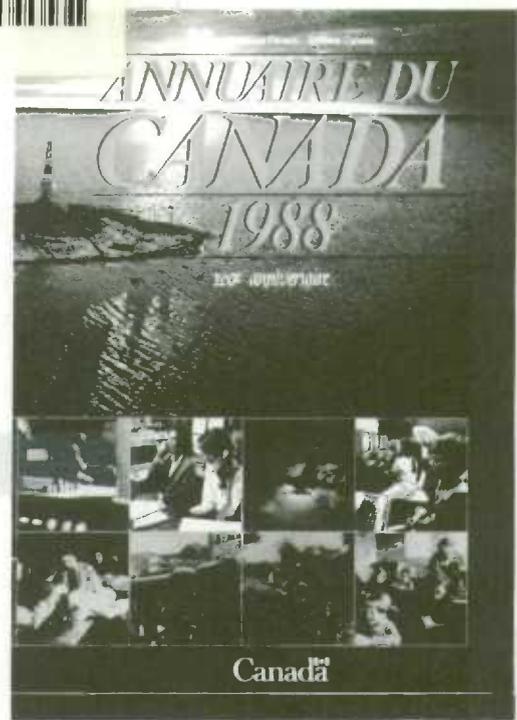
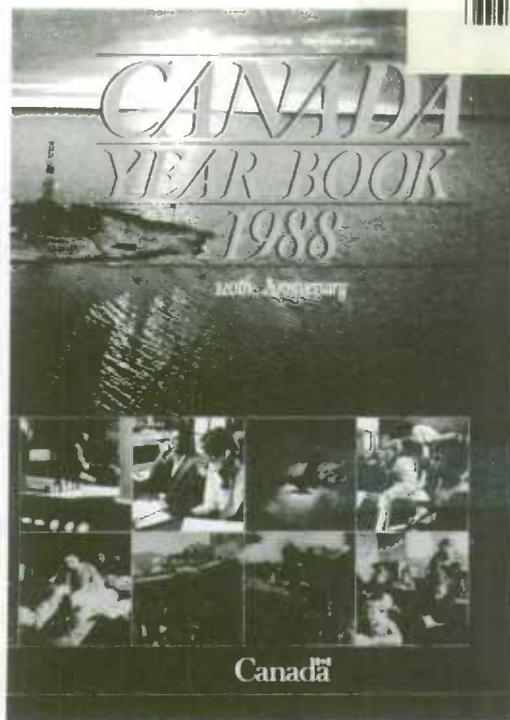
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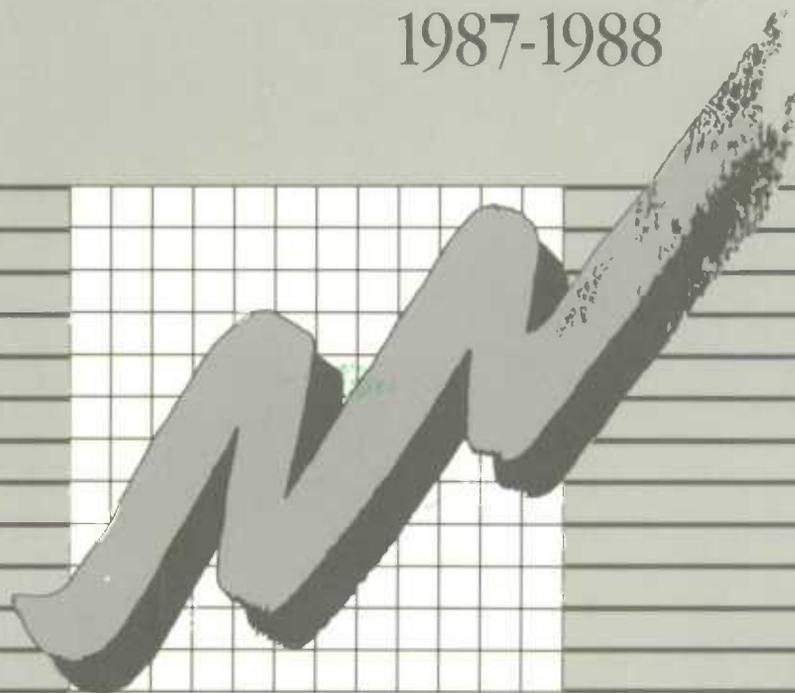
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