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FEED SITUATION IN CANADA

Initial Prices for The Right Hon. C. D. Howe, Minister of Trade and Commerce, announced on May 3 that the Government had approved initial 1957-58 Crop Year prices to be paid by the Canadian Wheat Board on the basic grades of wheat, oats and barley for the crop year beginning August 1, 1957. These initial prices are as follows:

\$1.40 per bushel No. 1 Manitoba Northern, in store Fort William/ Wheat Port Arthur or Vancouver.

60 cents per bushel basis No. 2 Canada Western, in store Fort Oats

William/Port Arthur.

Barley 96 cents per bushel basis No. 3 Canadian Western Six-Row, in store Fort William/Port Arthur.

Deliveries of oats, barley, rye and flaxseed by farmers in Commercial Supplies Prairie Provinces during the period August 1, 1956 to May 15, 1957 amounted to 166.8 million bushels compared with 125.4 million marketed during the corresponding period of 1955-56 and the ten-year (1945-46-1954-55) average for the period of 160.1 million bushels. Marketings of each of the four grains to May 15 of the current crop year with comparable totals for 1955-56 in brackets were as follows, in millions of bushels: oats, 45.9 (34.7); barley, 93.9 (68.3); rye, 2.9 (7.7); and flaxseed, 24.1 (14.7).

Total supplies (excluding stocks on farms) of oats, barley, rye, and flaxseed at May 15, 1957 amounted to 119.9 million bushels, exceeding by a wide margin both the 1956 and 1955 comparable totals of 82.3 million and 81.9 million bushels. Stocks of barley at 59.8 million bushels accounted for approximately one half of the current total of the four grains in all commercial positions. Most of the remainder was accounted for by stocks of oats, at 47.6 million bushels, while supplies of flaxseed and rye amounted to 6.4 million and 6.1 million bushels, respectively. Supplies of the four grains in country elevators totalled 65.8 million bushels. well above both the 1956 comparable figure of 44.6 million and the 1955 total of 37.5 million. In the Western division "in transit rail" accounted for some 4.3.million bushels, below last year's mid-May figure of 6.9 million but exceeding the 3.9 million of two years ago. Stocks of oats, barley, rye and flaxseed in Lakehead position at May 15, 1957 amounted to 25.3 million bushels, more than double the corresponding 1956 total of 11.7 million bushels and 56 per cent greater than the 1955 figure of 16.2 million. "In transit lake" accounted for 3.2 million bushels of these grains at mid-May this year, below both last year's total of 5.6 million and the 5.3 million two years ago. Supplies in West Coast Ports, (Vancouver-New Westminster, Victoria and Prince Rupert) totalled 4.7 million bushels as against 2.0 million at mid-May a year ago and 1.9 million two years ago. Some 7.7 million bushels were in Bay, Lake, and Upper St. Lawrence Ports, above the 1956 total of 5.0 million but below the 1955 comparable mid-May total of 8.6 million. Supplies of the four grains in Lower St. Lawrence and Maritime ports, at 4.3 million bushels were slightly above both the 1956 and 1955 comparable mid-May totals of 3.1 million and 3.8 million bushels. respectively.

Exports of Oats, Barley, Rye and Flaxseed

Total exports of oats, barley, rye and flaxseed during the first three quarters of the current crop year amounted to 88.0 million bushels, ,62 per cent above the 54.5 million exported during the same months of 1955-56 but 7 per cent below the

five-year (1950-51-1954-55) August-April average of 94.4 million bushels. Current crop year exports of the four grains to April 30, 1957 with figures for the corresponding period of 1955-56 and the five-year August-April averages, respectively in brackets, were as follows, in millions of bushels: oats, 9.6 (2.5, 34.3); barley, 60.5 (38.2, 50.9); rye, 1.9 (4.1, 5.8); and flaxseed, 16.0 (9.7, 3.4).

During the first nine months of the 1956-57 crop year the United States was the major market for Canadian oats, receiving shipments amounting to some 9.1 million bushels, or about 95 per cent of the August-April total. Smaller shipments went to Belgium, the United Kingdom, Panama, Colombia, Venezuela, and Trinidad and Tobago. Exports of barley during the period under review exceeded by considerable margins both last year's comparable figure and the five-year average. Shipments of barley at 60.5 million bushels during the August-April period of the current crop year went to nine different countries, with the principal markets being the United Kingdom, 23.3 million bushels; United States, 17.9 million; Federal Republic of Germany, 9.3 million; and Japan, 8.9 million. Smaller shipments went to Belgium, Switzerland, Netherlands, Ireland and Italy.

United States and the Federal Republic of Germany accounted for the bulk of the 1.9 million bushels of rye exported up to April 30 of the current crop year, accounting for shipments totalling 981 thousand and 743 thousand bushels, respectively. Relatively smaller amounts went to the United Kingdom and Belgium. The 16.0 million bushels of Canadian flaxseed exported during the period exceeded by a wide margin the comparable 1955-56 figure of 9.7 million and was in sharp contrast to the five-year average exports for the period of only 3.4 million bushels. Leading markets for flaxseed exports during the first nine months of the 1956-57 crop year, with quantities in millions of bushels, were as follows: United Kingdom 5.1; the Netherlands, 3.1; France, 2.0; Japan, 1.9; and Belgium, 1.7. Other countries importing Canadian flaxseed up to April 30, in quantities less than one million bushels were Italy, the Federal Republic of Germany, Norway, Greece, Portugal, Ireland, Sweden and Switzerland.

Delivery Policy

Supplementary Delivery Quota on Barley The Canadian Wheat Board, in its Instructions to the Trade, re Quotas No. 85, under date of April 2, 1957 announced in part that "Effective Friday, April 5th, at all Manitoba and Saskatchewan delivery points, the supplementary quota of barley is increased from three (3) to six (6) bushels per seeded acre as based on the individual producer's permit book, subject to a total minimum delivery of three hundred (300) bushels."

Custom Grinding of Grain for Feed and Exchange of Grain for Prepared Feeds The Canadian Wheat Board, in its Instructions to the Trade, No. 54, under date of June 6, 1957 announced in part as follows:

PART I - Custom Grinding of Grain for Feed Effective immediately for the current crop year, producers and feeders may deliver to any feed mill within the province in which their land is located, grain to be ground or otherwise processed and returned to them.

No restriction will apply in respect of the quantity of grain which may be delivered for the above purpose and no entry need be made in the producer's permit book covering such deliveries, provided that the identity of the grain is preserved while in the feed mill and the entire quantity is returned to the owner immediately after processing. Supplements may be added to such grain during processing if desired.

PART II - Exchange of Grain for Prepared Feeds Effective immediately for the current crop year, but subject to conditions hereinafter set forth:

Producers may deliver to any feed mill within the province in which their land is located, to be exchanged for prepared feeds at such feed mill, quantities of wheat or oats or barley not exceeding in combination thereof 20,000 lbs. in total weight for all grain so delivered. Such delivery shall not be subject to the quota of the producer but shall be entered in the permit book of the producer on a supplemental quota page and marked "Feeds Exchange".

The Board will be prepared to consider applications from producers requiring feed in excess of 20,000 lbs. for permission to deliver for exchange, as aforesaid, additional quantities. Such applications should give full particulars including the name and location of the feed mill concerned.

Feeders who are not in possession of a delivery permit book may apply to the Board for permission to deliver feed grains produced within the province to feed mills for exchange as aforesaid. In such applications feeders should give full particulars of their operations and requirements, the quantity they desire to deliver and the name and location of the feed mill concerned.

General Quota

By June 4, 1957 out of a total of 2,076 shipping points in the

Western Division, the Canadian Wheat Board had been able to place

164 on a quota of 6 bushels per specified acre, 646 on a 5-bushel

quota and 1,198 on a 4-bushel quota. There were only 42 stations on a 3-bushel quota

while 26 stations were reported as "closed".

Summary of Elevator Shipping Points in Each Quota Group as at June 4, 1957

Province	Ge	neral Quot per Speci	Closed	Total		
	Three	Four	Five	Six	Stations	
Ontario	-	1	-	-	1	2
Manitoba	12	260	83	20	3	378
Saskatchewan	30	871	174	23	4	1,102
Alberta	00	66	388	118	18	590
British Columbia	-		1	3	60	4
All Provinces	42	1,198	646	164	26	2,076

INTENDED ACREAGE OF FRINCIPAL GRAIN CROPS AND SUMMERFALLOW IN CANADA*, 1957

On the basis of their intentions at March 1, Canadian farmers plan major shifts in land use in 1957, continuing the pattern of the past three years. Prairie farmers especially are continuing to adjust their acreages in the light of large supplies of bread grains and consequent marketing quotas. The prospective acreage to be seeded to all wheat is the smallest since 1943-44 when a special war-time acreage reduction programme was in effect. With this exception intended acreage is the smallest since 1920, a time when settlement of the western prairie area was nearing completion. Barley acreage may be only slightly below the 1955 record level while oat plantings may be the highest since World War II. Prospective plantings indicate new records for durum wheat and flaxseed, both of which are grown mainly in the Prairie Provinces. It is emphasized that the intended acreages in this report are merely indicative of farmers' plans at March 1, and the acreages actually seeded, therefore, may vary considerably from the intentions figures, depending upon conditions before and during seeding.

According to farmers' intentions at March 1, all wheat acreage in Canada in 1957 will register the fifth consecutive annual decrease. The acreage seeded to all wheat will, if realized, be 19.9 million acres, a decrease of 1.5 million acres from 1956 seedings and 4.7 million acres or 19 per cent below the 1951-55 average.

The intended acreage of oats at 12.1 million acres is the largest since 1945, and 12 per cent above the recent (1951-55) average. Prospective barley acreage is placed at 9.7 million acres, only slightly below the 1955 record of 9.9 million, but 11 per cent above last year, and 13 per cent above the recent 5-year average. Mixed grains acreage intentions of 1.7 million are only slightly up from 1956 and 5 per cent above the 5-year average.

The area intended for spring rye in 1957 is placed at 168,800 acres, 4 per cent above last year's level. With a 4 per cent increase in the area seeded to fall rye last autumn, the combined acreage of fall and spring rye is placed at 579,200 acres, up 4 per cent from last season but only about half the 5-year (1951-55) average. For the second consecutive year flaxseed acreage may establish a new record. The indicated acreage at March 1 is 3.6 million acres, an increase of 16 per cent from last year and 189 per cent above the 5-year (1951-55) average.

Intended Acreages of	Principal Grain Crops as	nd Summerfallow, Canada*,
	compared with Estimated	

		Seeded Area 1/	Intended Area, 1957		
Crop	1954	1955	1956	Area	as % of 1956
	acres	acres	acres	acres	per cent
CANADA					
Winter wheat 2/	710,000	582,000	620,000	533,000	86
Spring wheat 3/	23,556,800	20,923,800	20,720,400	19,343,100	93
All wheat	24,266,800	21,505,800	21,340,400	19,876,100	93
Oats for grain	10,160,600	11,178,000	11,972,500	12,116,000	101
Barley	7,855,900	9,932,500	8,722,300	9,716,900	111
Fall rye 4/	672,500	568,900	395,100	410,400	104
Spring rye	178,000	211,300	161,900	168,800	104
All rye	850,500	780,200	557,000	579,200	104
Mixed grains	1,632,600	1,705,200	1,634,700	1,651,800	101
Flaxseed	1,206,000	1,838,400	3,139,000	3,648,000	116
Summerfallow 5/	25,253,000	23,965,000	23,280,000	23,499,000	101

^{*} Excluding Newfoundland for which data are not available.

^{1/} Except for summerfallow.

^{2/} Seeded in the fall of the preceding year; Ontario only.

^{3/} Includes relatively small acreages of winter wheat in all provinces other than Ontario.

^{4/} Seeded in the fall of the preceding year; includes small acreages of spring rye in Quebec, Ontario and British Columbia.

^{5/} Prairie Provinces only.

FARM STOCKS AT MARCH 31, 1957

Stocks of the principal grains held on farms in Canada (excluding Newfoundland) at March 31, 1957 were estimated at a record 962.8 million bushels, compared with 785.3 million in 1956, 593.0 million in 1955 and the previous record of 843.1 million in 1943, according to a survey conducted by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics. Average farm stocks for the 1947-1956 period were 537.3 million bushels. Farm stocks of each of the five grains were larger than the ten-year average and except for rye, larger than the 1956 level. Farm stocks of wheat at 459.0 million bushels exceeded the previous record holdings of 403.8 million in 1956. Flaxseed stocks on farms, at 10.4 million, exceeded by a wide margin the previous high of 4.4 million established in 1956. However, farm stocks of oats, barley and rye were 47.1 million, 2.8 million and 8.2 million bushels, respectively, below their previous record levels. This year's March 31 farm stocks of grains in millions of bushels, with last year's totals and the ten-year averages, respectively, in brackets, were estimated as follows: wheat, 459.0 (403.8, 233.8); oats, 315.0 (213.4, 191.1); barley, 167.0 (146.8, 101.1); rye, 11.3 (17.0, 8.6); and flaxseed, 10.4 (4.4, 2.6).

The Prairie Provinces, Canada's major grain-producing area, accounted for the bulk of this year's March 31 farm-held grain stocks ranging from 83 per cent of the oats to 99 per cent of the flaxseed. Farm stocks in these Provinces, in millions of bushels, and as percentages of total Canadian farm stocks, respectively, were wheat, 450.0 (98.0 p.c.); oats, 261.0 (82.9 p.c.); barley, 162.0 (97.0 p.c.); rye, 11.0 (97.3 p.c.); and flaxseed 10.3 (98.6 p.c.).

It should be noted that farm-held grain stocks at the end of March include amounts to be used as seed for the 1957 crop as well as quantities required for livestock and poultry feed during the remaining four months of the crop year, leaving the balance to be divided between deliveries and July 31 carryover stocks.

Stocks of Principal Grains on Farms in the Prairie Provinces, March 31, 1957, with Comparisons

Year	Wheat	Oats	Barley	Rye	Flaxseed
		•	thousand bushel	8 -	
Average 1935-1939	45,955	61,266	13,999	1,145	168
Average 1940-1944	177,650	152,527	58,696	5,274	1,663
1945	149,000 101,700 129,000 112,000 122,000	164,000 104,600 120,000 92,000 114,000	54,000 38,600 55,000 45,000 60,000	1,575 586 564 1,600 7,100	1,920 1,388 1,209 2,500 3,300
Average 1945-1949	122,740	118,920	50,520	2,285	2,063
1950 1951 1952 1953 1954	106,000 152,000 246,000 335,000 393,000	91,000 139,000 224,700 220,000 195,000	44,000 69,000 141,500 139,000 164,000	3,600 3,630 6,800 9,900 19,200	600 1,360 2,500 3,900 2,900
Average 1950-1954	246,400	173,940	111,500	8,626	2,252
1955	277,500 396,000 450,000	128,000 173,000 261,000	114,000 143,000 162,000	14,400 16,800 11,000	2,850 4,300 10,300

FARMERS' MARKETINGS OF OATS, BARLEY, RYE AND FLAXSEED

Total marketings of cats, barley, rye and flaxseed in the Prairie Provinces from the beginning of the current crop year to May 15 amounted to 166.8 million bushels, exceeding by 33 per cent the total of 125.4 million bushels marketed during the corresponding period of 1955-56 and 4 per cent greater than the ten-year (1945-46-1954-55) average for the period of 160.1 million bushels. Deliveries of barley, at 93.9 million bushels accounted for some 56 per cent of this year August 1-May 15 total. The remainder consisted of 45.9 million bushels of cats (28 per cent of total), 24.1 million of flaxseed (14 per cent of total) and 2.9 million of rye (2 per cent of total).

Farmers' Marketings of Oats, Barley, Rye and Flaxseed in the Prairie Provinces, 1956-57 with Comparisons

Alta.

Barley

Alta.

Total

Sask.

- thousand bushels -

Oats

Sask.

Man.

August 1, 1956 -								
February 13, 1957 20 27	11,172 <u>1</u> / 158 87	16,041 <u>1</u> / 174 104	9,319 <u>1</u> / 317 191	36,531 649 383	14,327 <u>1</u> / 178 69	34,414 <u>1</u> / 514 290	24,534 <u>1</u> / 792 399	73,275 1,484 758
March 6	126 163 160 194	88 127 192 230	387 423 489 520	601 714 841 944	107 112 133 204	330 356 601 643	770 861 888 909	1,207 1,330 1,622 1,756
April 3	140 212 229 123	272 134 187 132	340 230 216 211	752 576 632 465	132 416 547 205	425 835 1,523 557	532 462 337 331	1,089 1,714 2,407 1,093
May 1	197 360 280	178 362 467	277 445 281	652 1,168 1,027	308 332 384	553 1,249 1,212	407 877 794	1,268 2,458 2,391
Totals	13,600	18,690	13,646	45,935	17,455	43,503	32,894	93,85]
Similar Period 1955-56 Average Similar Period 1945-461954-55	7,042	18,983 35,652	8,700 21,760	34,725 72,630	23,739	28,803	25,363	72,603
		Rye		- thousan	nd bushels -	Flax	seed	
August 1, 1956 - February 13, 1957 20	439 <u>1</u> /	1,404 1/	769 <u>1</u> /	2,6 <u>11</u> 16 17	5,026 47 20	11,200 <u>1</u> / 225 157	3,670 <u>1</u> / 105 45	19,897 377 222
March 6	3 2 2 6	10 10 14 12	13 13 10 8	25 25 26 26	28 26 34 68	280 189 128 165	74 86 76 160	382 302 238 392
April 3	3 2 2 2/	1 4 7 8	6 5 8	10 11 17 16	77 68 81 42	152 126 181 160	113 92 71 109	34: 28: 33: 31:
May 1	4 5 7	14 24 23	6 7 5	24 36 36	68 69 58	176 241 149	87 73 99	33: 38 30
Totals	477	1,544	876	2,897	5,713	13,528	4,860	24,10

4,381

4.629

991

790

2,301

2,919

7,673

8,337

3,818

3,117

8,571 1/

2,280

2,316

1,153

14,705

6.549

Period or

week ending

Similar Period 1955-56 ...

1945-46-1954-55

Average Similar Period

^{1/} Revised.

^{2/} Less than 500 bushels.

Visible Supply of Canadian Oats, May 15, 1957, Compared with Approximately the Same Date, 1955 and 1956

Position	1955	1956	1957
	- t	housand bushel	.8 -
Country elevators - Manitoba	1,579 5,138 5,490	3,301 9,571 5,299	8,249 13,142 12,976
Totals	12,207	18,171	34,367
Interior private and mill Interior terminals Vancouver-New Westminster Victoria Churchill Fort William-Port Arthur In transit rail (Western Division) Bay, Lake and Upper St. Lawrence ports Lower St. Lawrence and Maritime ports In transit lake In transit rail (Eastern Division) United States ports	827 3 388 1/ 3,439 1,227 2,401 712 944 413	780 6 125 30 2,177 1,586 1,060 305 878 77	788 19 45 1/ 5,420 1,691 3,346 621 528 46 747
Totals	22,562	25,193	47,619

Visible Supply of Canadian Barley, May 15, 1957, Compared with Approximately the Same Date, 1955 and 1956

Position	1955	1956	1957
	- t	housand bushel	9 -
Country elevators - Manitoba	4,017 3,970 15,196	2,903 4,058 15,586	3,933 9,441 14,216
Totals	23,183	22,547	27,590
Interior private and mill Interior terminals Vancouver-New Westminster Victoria Prince Rupert Fort William-Port Arthur In transit rail (Western Division) Bay, Lake and Upper St. Lawrence ports Lower St. Lawrence and Maritime ports In transit lake In transit rail (Eastern Division) United States ports	1,978 427 748 1 805 9,237 2,203 3,848 1,867 3,306 6	1,880 376 1,616 1 250 5,605 3,988 2,644 1,834 2,917	2,136 678 3,315 1 825 15,180 1,207 3,919 2,840 2,062 32
Totals	47,608	43,725	59,785

Visible Supply of Canadian Rye, May 15, 1957 Compared with Approximately the Same Date, 1955 and 1956

Position	1955	1956	1957
	- t	housand bushel	.s -
Country elevators - Manitoba	221 803 643	415 1,713 1,028	293 1,150 836
Totals	1,666	3,156	2,279
Interior private and mill	25	37 27	25 26
Fort William-Port Arthur	2,655	2,149	2,755 508
Bay, Lake and Upper St. Lawrence ports Lower St. Lawrence and Maritime ports	2,058	1,178	150 333
In transit lake	947	1,588	- 11
United States ports	500 369		- 31
Totals	9,490	10,149	6,118

Visible Supply of Canadian Flaxseed, May 15, 1957 Compared with Approximately the Same Date, 1955 and 1956

Position	1955	1956	1957			
	- t.	- thousand bushels -				
Country elevators - Manitoba	144 170 84	198 436 88	238 904 468			
Totals	397	722	1,610			
Interior private and mill Interior terminals Vancouver-New Westminster Victoria Prince Rupert Fort William-Port Arthur In transit rail (Western Division) Bay, Lake and Upper St. Lawrence ports Lower St. Lawrence and Maritime ports In transit lake In transit rail (Eastern Division)	30 2 1/ - 914 192 328 255 141	24 1/3 - 1,736 248 102 166 220 16	37 5 490 7 1,959 854 301 537 556			
Totals	2,260	3,238	6,356			

^{1/} Less than 500 bushels.

GRADING OF CROPS, 1956-57

The total number of cars of oats, barley, rye and flaxseed inspected by the Board of Grain Commissioners during the first three quarters of the 1956-57 crop year amounted to 75,129 representing an increase of some 28 per cent over the 58,887 cars inspected during the August-April period of 1955-56. Inspections of barley, at 46,607 cars accounted for 62 per cent of the total, with the remainder consisting of 14,065 cars of oats (19 per cent of total), 12,552 cars of flaxseed (17 per cent of total) and 1,905 cars of rye (2 per cent of total).

The generally good quality of the 1956 crop combined with the above-average quality of the carryover stocks, particularly oats and barley, continues to be reflected in the relatively large proportions of inspected grain entering the higher grades during the first nine months of the 1956-57 crop year. Percentages of the four grains falling into the higher grades, (excluding "Toughs" and "Damps") during the August-April period of the current crop year with comparable data for the entire 1955-56 crop year and the five year (1950-51-1954-55) averages, respectively, in brackets, were as follows: oats, 1 Feed or higher, 94.5 (91.0, 73.0); barley, 1 Feed or higher, 72.6 (69.6, 50.5); rye 3 C.W. or higher, 74.7 (78.9, 68.8); and flaxseed, 1 C.W. and 2 C.W., 95.8 (96.8, 66.7).

Grading of Cats, Barley, Rye and Flaxseed Inspected*, August-April, 1956-57 with Comparisons

	Crop	Year	Aug -	-April		Crop	Year	Aug	-April
Grain	Average	1004	Aug	Apr LL	Grain	Average	2002	25095	
and		1955-56	1 95	6-57	and		- 1955-56	7.04	6-57
Grade	1954-55	1///-/0	-17	0-71	Grade	1954-55	-177-70	-//	,0-)1
		cent -	cars	per cent		- per	cent	cars	per cent
OATS					BARLEY				
	1/	7/		_	1 C.W. Six-Row	2/	2/		
1 C.W	1/	0.2	20	0.1	2 C.W. Six-Row	1.5	5.4	817	1.8
2 C.W	0.4				3 C.W. Six-Row				
Ex. 3 C.W	2.5	2.3	327	2.3		21.5	30.6	13,052	28.0
3 C.W	12.3	21.0	3,489	24.8	4 C.W. Six-Row	2.2	5.1	1,585	3.4
Ex. 1.Feed	15.2	13.1	2,400	17.1	1 C.W. Two-Row	1/	1/	2	1/
l Feed	42.6	54.4	7,054	50.2	2 C.W. Two-Row	0.2	0.5	200	0.4
2 Feed	5.7	5.3	477	3.4	3 C.W. Two-Row	2.0	5.3	3,523	7.6
3 Feed	1.1	0.8	71	0.5	1 Feed	23.1	22.7	14,638	31.4
Mixed Feed	1/	1/	2	1/	Ex. 2 Feed	-	15.6	6,694	14.4
Toughs 2/ 3/	15.9	1.7	166	1.2	2 Feed	15.9	5.7	2,784	6.0
Damps 27 47	3.1	1/	2	1/	3 Feed	4.3	2.0	953	2.0
Rejected 2/	0.6	0.7	24	0.2	Toughs 2/ 5/	23.5	5.8	2,127	4.6
All others	0.6	0.5	33	0.2	Damps 2/4/	5.1	1/	17	1/
					Rejected	0.3	0.8	175	0.4
					All others	0.2	0.5	40	0.1
					ALL VAIGED !!!!!			40	0.1
Totals	100.0	100.0	14,065	100.0	Totals	100.0	100.0	46,607	100.0
Bushel equivalent	(approxim	mately)	37,416,	000	Bushel equivalent	(approxim	nately)	97,523,	,000
RYE					FLAXSEED	mp /		4	1
1 C.W	0.2	0.1	1	0.1	1 C.W	53.6	80.8	8,700	69.3
2 C.W	25.4	32.3	506	26.6	2 C.W	13.1	16.0	3,330	26.5
3 C.W	43.2	46.5	914	48.0	3 C.W	4.0	1.8	328	2.6
4 C.W	5.2	7.5	253	13.3	4 C.W	0.5	0.1	2	1/
Ergoty	5.7	5.9	167	8.8	Toughs 2/6/	24.1	0.8	137	1.1
Toughs 2/3/	18.5	7.0	53	2.8	Damp 2/7/	4.1	-	26	0.2
Damp 2/4/	1.4	_	-	-	Rejected 2/	1/	1/	13	0.1
Rejected 2/	0.3	0.6	7	0.4	All others	0.5	0.5	16	1.3
All others	0.2	1/	4	0.2					
Totals	100.0	100.0	1,905	100.0	Totals	100.0	100.0	12,552	100.0
Bushel equivalent	(approxim	nately)	3,444,	000	Bushel equivalent	(approxim	nately)	19,960,	,000

^{*} Both old and new crop.

^{1/} Less than .05 per cent. 2/ All grades. 3/ Moisture content 14.1 per cent to 17 per cent. 4/ Moisture content 14.1 per cent to 17 per cent. 5/ Moisture content 14.9 per cent to 17 per cent.

^{6/} Moisture content 10.6 per cent to 13.5 per cent. 7/ Moisture content over 13.5 per cent.

LAKE SHIPMENTS FROM FORT WILLIAM-PORT ARTHUR

Total shipments of the five major grains out of Lakehead positions from the opening of navigation to May 15, 1957 amounted to 58.0 million bushels compared with 70.4 million during the corresponding period of last year and 63.8 million two years ago. Navigation was declared officially open on April 23 this year and on April 11 in 1956. Shipments of barley, wheat and rye were down considerably from their comparable 1956 levels while those of oats and flaxseed were larger. Of the current total, shipments of wheat accounted for 66.3 per cent; barley, 18.4 per cent; oats, 10.6 per cent; flaxseed, 4.4 per cent: and rye 0.4 per cent.

Lake Shipments of Canadian Grain from the Opening of Navigation to May 15, 1957 and to Approximately the Same Date, 1947 to 1956*

Year	Wheat	Oats	Barley	Rye	Flaxseed	Total
			- thousan	d bushels -		
1947	18,840 18,470 48,361 21,847 32,253 50,532 59,955 4,988 35,343 44,706 38,421	7,787 3,214 4,351 2,155 10,147 12,876 15,907 12,771 6,330 5,096 6,125	3,627 2,983 4,888 4,024 6,068 14,006 23,224 11,196 16,271 16,483 10,640	841 231 3,540 662 1,362 1,882 2,702 1,223 4,481 3,385 207	960 2,993 69 136 1,392 1,109 1,123 1,381 687 2,559	31,094 25,859 64,133 28,757 49,966 80,688 102,896 31,301 63,807 70,357 57,953

^{*} Shipments from opening of navigation to May 14, 1947. Shipments for subsequent years to the following dates: May 13, 1948; May 19, 1949; May 18, 1950; May 17, 1951; May 15, 1952; May 14, 1953; May 17, 1954; May 18, 1955; and May 16, 1956.

RAIL SHIPMENTS FROM FORT WILLIAM-PORT ARTHUR

The total volume of wheat, oats, barley, rye and flaxseed shipped by rail from the Lakehead during the first three quarters of the 1956-57 crop year amounted to 16.0 million bushels, 31 per cent below the comparable 1955-56 figure of 23.3 million.

Rail Shipments of Canadian Grain from Fort William-Port Arthur August-April 1956-57 and 1955-56

Month	Wheat	Oats	Barley	Rye	Flaxseed	Total
			- thousand	bushels -		
August, 1956 September October November December January, 1957 February March	101 70 121 241 613 792 491 339	231 217 276 166 327 992 520 638	30 32 71 41 232 295 183 197	3 - - 19 29 11	3 3 5777 2,930 1,973 1,626 774 136	364 322 471 1,024 4,103 4,071 2,849 1,959
April	2,938	3,770	1,223	63	8,024	16,008
Same period 1955-56	6,788	9;191	3,463	47	3,829	23,317

FREIGHT ASSISTANCE SHIPMENTS

Claims filed for payment up to April 30, 1957 indicate that on the basis of preliminary data, some 56.7 million bushels of wheat, oats, barley and rye were moved from the Prairie Provinces to Eastern Canada and British Columbia under the freight assistance policy during the August-March period of the current crop year. During the same months of 1955-56, claims had been filed for a total of 55.3 million bushels, indicating on the assumption of approximately the same rate of submission of claims during both the current and preceding crop years that the 1956-57 August-March shipments under the policy were running slightly above those of 1955-56. Revised data on shipments of the four grains during the first eight months of the 1955-56 crop year, based on claims submitted up to April 30, 1957 place the total at 57.2 million bushels.

According to preliminary data, the movement of screenings and millfeeds under the freight assistance policy during the first eight months of the current crop year represent shipments of 72,545 tons and 329,703 tons, respectively. Shipments of screenings already exceed by about 13 per cent the 1955-56 revised total of 64,172 tons moved during the period August 1, 1955 to March 31. 1956. Shipments of millfeeds, however, were slightly below the comparable 1955-56 level of 344,511 tons. As with wheat, oats, barley and rye these totals are based on claims submitted up to April 30, 1957 and will likely be subject to considerable upward revision with the filing of additional claims.

The bulk of all freight-assisted shipments went to destinations in Ontario and Quebec with the two provinces accounting for a combined 78 per cent of the wheat, 87 per cent of the oats, 87 per cent of the barley, 100 per cent of the rye, 91 per cent of the screenings and 79 per cent of the millifeeds.

Provincial Distribution of Freight Assisted Shipments, August-Harah 1956-57 and 1955-56

Province	Wheat	Oats	Barley	Rye	Screenings	Killfoods
		- thousand	bushels -		- tor	18 -
Newfoundland Prince Etheard Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec Ontario British Columbia	67 162 742 375 4,489 5,793 1,621	368 93 1,266 661 9,529 13,979 1,046	65 181 762 447 7,619 6,672 755	1 41 2/	607 318 3,073 1,733 21,886 43,861 1,067	2,803 4,369 22,570 17,718 160,010 101,360 20,873
Totals 1/	13,249	75,942	18,500	42	72,545	329,703
Same Period 1955-56 Preliminary 2/ Reviued 1/	10,905	27,886	16,164	310 315	61,667	344,511 368,596

^{1/} Based on claims filed up to April 30, 1957.

^{2/} Based on claims filed up to April 30, 1956.

^{3/} Less than 500 bushels.

- 12 - Exports of Canadian Oats and Barley, 1956-57

Destination	February	March	April	August-April
		- b	ushels -	
		0	ATS 1/	
COMMONWEALTH COUNTRIES				
United Kingdom	-	-	-	149,149
North America				
Trinidad and Tobago		-	894	894
Totals, Commonwealth Countries		-	894	150,043
FOREIGN COUNTRIES				
Europe				
Belgium	-	-	263,200	263,200
North America				
Panama	8,235	-	2,353	31,150
For domestic use 2/	856,072	1,659,122	1,596,264	9,126,683
South America				
Colombia	-	-	-	12,968 9,412
Totals, Foreign Countries	864,307	1,659,122	1,861,817	9,443,413
Totals, All Countries	864,307	1,659,122	1,862,711	9,593,456
				-xextel Edit
COMMONWEALTH COUNTRIES		В	ARLEY 1/	
United Kingdom	1,507,815	986,015	163,298	23,298,458
	_,,,,,,,,,	,00,00	203,470	2,2,0,4,0
FOREIGN COUNTRIES				
Asia				
Japan	1,347,267		426,821	8,888,435
Europe				
Belgium		-	51,267	688,533
Germany, Federal Republic	947,566	3,413,574	1,245,020	9,227,377
Italy			18,373	32,153
Netherlands	-	-	-	135,905
Switzerland	-	10.6	-	225,400
North America				
United States For domestic use 2/	2,238,522	1,346,788	2,480,240	17,865,389
Totals, Foreign Countries	4,533,355	4,760,362	4,221,721	37,182,192
Totals, All Countries	6,041,170	5,746,377	4,385,019	60,480,650

- 13 Exports of Canadian Rye and Flaxseed, 1956-57

Destination	February	March	April	August-April	
	- bushels -				
COMMONWEALTH COUNTRIES		1	RYE 1/		
United Kingdom	-	5,946	-	125,782	
FOREIGN COUNTRIES					
Europe					
Belgium	592,360	140,456	-	85,680 742,991	
North America					
United States For domestic use 2/	-		_	981,499	
Totals, Foreign Countries	592,360	140,456		1,810,170	
Totals, All Countries	592,360	146,402	-	1,935,952	
COMMONWEALTH COUNTRIES		FLA	(SEED 1/		
United Kingdom	597,403	818,003	327,619	5,0%,386	
FOREIGN COUNTRIES					
Asia					
JapanEurope	542,583	206,706	205,720	1,912,888	
Belgium France Germany, Federal Republic	11,984 554,731 10,000	16,525 52,000 404,718	20,304 224,479	1,655,964 1,979,974 604,117	
Greece	82,470	21,416		113,056 61,416	
Italy Netherlands Norway	361,801 343,533 160,295	87,753 255,702 80,937	7,812 266,189 81,449	901,234 3,102,097 401,681	
Portugal Sweden Switzerland	100,000	-	19,400	100,000 59,804 48,590	
Totals, Foreign Countries	2,167,397	1,125,757	825,353	10,940,821	
Totals, All Countries	2,764,800	1,943,760	1,152,972	16,037,207	

^{1/} Subject to revision.

^{2/} Compiled from returns of Canadian elevator licensees and shippers and advice from American grain correspondents.

- 14 Customs Exports of Canadian Rolled Oats, 1/1956-57

estination	February	March	April	August-Apr
		- b	ushels -	
MMONWEALTH COUNTRIES				
United Kingdom	-	-	-	33
Africa				
Mauritius and Seychelles		495	_	1,363
		4//	-	1,000
Asia				
Ceylon	225	-	•	3,445
Hong Kong	-	989	-	4,220
India	50	3 0(1	-	99
Malaya and Singapore	126	1,264	-	1,643
North America				
Bahamas	77	60	-	1,137
Barbados	159	88	148	769
Bermuda	203	236	225	3,005
Jamaica	3,462	8,000	-	37,879
Leeward and Windward Islands	527	489	951	5,561
Trinidad and Tobago	-	-	198	1,099
South America				0.4
British Guiana	_	-		38
Totals, Commonwealth Countries	4,829	11,621	1,522	60,291
OPTON COUNTRY TOO				
REIGN COUNTRIES				
Africa				
Liberia	-	-	-	33
Asia		,		
Portuguese Asia	-	159	-	555
North America	500		01.0	0.200
Costa Rica	538	-	940	2,170
Cuba	0.300	~ / 00	- 210	5
Guatemala	2,198	7,692	7,143	35,440
Nicaragua	050	9 001	2 00	126
Panama	253	3,874	187	6,940
	549	-	-	549
St. Pierre and Miquelon	2.700	0 (20	0.00	77
omted States	2,198	2,637	357	7,890
South America				
Bolivia	1,896	-	-	1,896
Colombia	-	-		2,665
Ecuador	•		-	247
Peru	-	3,583	3,093	7,039
Surinam	-	-	49	187
Venezuela	13,104	3,577	2,528	150,973
Venezuela				
Totals, Foreign Countries	20,736	21,522	14,297	216,792

In terms of cats equivalent. Conversion rate: 1 bushel of cats equals 18.2 pounds of catmeal and rolled cats.

^{2/} Includes exports of 110 bushels of catmeal.

HOG-BARLEY RATIO

The hog-barley ratio decreased by 1.5 points during the February-April period of 1957, with a gradual lowering in the level of hog prices more than offsetting declines in the cost of feed barley. However, despite the small decline the feed ratio was more favourable than at any time since June 1954. The monthly average price of hogs, basis B-l dressed weight at Winnipeg, moved downward from \$30.63 per hundredweight in February to \$28.06 per hundredweight in March and \$27.24 per hundredweight in April. The cost of barley, basis No. 1 Feed, in store Fort William-Port Arthur, went down from 97 7/8 cents per bushel in February to 94 3/8 cents per bushel in March and 93 cents per bushel in April.

Number of Bushels of No. 1 Feed Barley Equivalent in Price to 100 Pounds of B-1 (Live) Hog at Winnipeg, by Months, 1952-1957 (Long-time average 1913-1949, with 1930 omitted due to extreme abnormality, is 18.3)

Month	1952	1953	1954	1955	1956	1957
January February March April May June July August September October	14.6 14.7 15.4 16.5 17.4 17.2 17.5 15.9 15.2 14.4	15.1 16.1 17.0 17.0 19.0 20.7 21.4 23.2 23.8 26.5	28.1 28.9 30.7 30.6 31.7 28.3 23.6 18.4 16.3	16.2 15.3 16.0 15.9 17.0 19.7 19.0 19.4 19.7 16.4	16.3 16.3 15.2 14.3 14.7 18.8 19.8 19.6 20.6 21.9	23.0 25.8 24.7 24.3
November	14.2	24.8 27.4	16.0 17.1	16.3 16.4	21.5	

Note: The above data include the effect of subsidies on hogs.

FEED AND LIVESTOCK PRICE INDICES

The index of feed prices showed only a relatively small movement during the February-April period of the current crop year. Prices for most grains registered fairly sharp declines while hay prices remained steady during February, increased in March and declines in April. The index, moving at a lower level than at any time in 1956 reached 201.5 points in April, the lowest since November 1955 and in contrast to 225.9 points in April 1956.

The index of farm animals and animal products showed some seasonal weakness during the February-April period of 1957. Average returns from hogs and eggs declined steadily during the period but prices for steers, lambs and wool strengthened. Butterfat prices remained constant.

Index Numbers of Feed Prices and Prices of Farm Animals and Farm Animal Products by Months, 1954-1957 (1935-1939 = 100)

Wanth		954		1955		956		1957
Month	Feed	Animal	Feed	Animal	Feed	Animal	Feed	Animal
January	201.6	266.3	215.7	248.3	208.2	235.0	208.2	257.2
February	202.8	264.7	218.8	245.6	212.1	232.3	205.2	259.0
March	202.2	262.0	210.7	241.3	216.2	231.1	205.6	253.4
April	204.4	260.4	215.3	238.7	225.9	231.9	201.5	255.1
May	203.3	268.0	216.6	243.4	221.8	238.0		
June	202.8	267.3	212.7	250.0	216.6	251.9		
July	201.1	262.1	199.7	249.5	213.0	256.5		
August	201.9	248.2	198.3	250.6	209.9	258.2		
September	208.2	245.5	199.3	251.6	214.0	259.6		
October	214.1	240.5	199.3	241.9	208.3	256.2		
November	215.8	243.1	200.7	240.5	209.1	255.9		
December	215.2	245.9	202.9	239.4	207.7	256.4		

MILLFEEDS
Supply and Distribution of Millfeeds, August-April, 1956-57 and 1955-56

Month		Produ	ction		-		Apparent Domestic	
Hondi	Bran	Shorts	Middlings	Total	Imports	Exports	Disappear- ance 1/	
				- tons -				
August, 1956	23,869	25,353	11,406	60,628	1,019	13,938	49,938	
September	22,335	22,476	9,999	54,81.0	652	7,077	46,525	
October	25,746	25,701	9,619	61,066	916	7,829	57,052	
November	26,914	25,496	10,648	63,058	850	15,969	46,727	
December	23,209	21,949	9,190	54,348	603	15,789	39,256	
January, 1957	22,540	22,079	7,337	51,956	386	11,146	41,940	
February	22,804	21,569	5,331	49,704	589	10,820	42,284	
March	23,174	19,754	6,406	49,334	276	6,332	42,955	
April	23,342	18,962	5,322	47,626	N.A.	4,866	42,074	
Totals	213,933	203,339	75,258	492,530	5,291	93,766	408,751	
Same period 1955-56 (revised)	225,004	212,705	86,639	524,348	5,375	83,425	447,492	

^{1/} Adjusted for change in mill stocks.

CROP AND WEATHER CONDITIONS IN THE PRAIRIE PROVINCES

According to a telegraphic crop report, published by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics under date of June 12, "a larger proportion of the spring grain crop was seeded early this year in contrast to a year ago. Early-seeded crops have gotten away to a good start but late seedings in many districts require moisture to promote even germination. In wide areas in Saskatchewan and Alberta, more rain is also required to prevent deterioration of all crops regardless of stage of development. This is especially true in western Saskatchewan, eastern Alberta, and in the Peace River area. Many correspondents report that they hay crop will be light this year. Insect damage to date has not been serious although control measures have started for grasshoppers.

Cool weather has predominated in Manitoba, with fairly general rains over the past two week ends. Moisture is adequate for the present but some areas would welcome more rain. Seeding is completed except for the odd field of barley and some flax. Thinning of sugar beets is 25 per cent finished. There has been an increase in acreage of special crops this year. Some cutworm damage has occurred to field crops and grasshopper hatching is fairly general in central regions. Spraying is in progress. Wild oats are very numerous and have caused some reseeding of crops. Spraying for weeds is commencing.

Early-sown crops in Saskatchewan have germinated fairly evenly but in the later-sown fields growth has been retarded due to lack of sufficient surface moisture particularly in all western regions and in southern areas along the United States border. Winds have caused some soil-blowing but the periods of strong winds and high temperatures have only been of temporary duration and conditions have not deteriorated sufficiently to cause permanent loss or damage. Week-end rains will help the crop situation at many points in eastern and central regions but distribution of these rains tended to be uneven. Precipitation this spring has been well below average in most western areas and immediate rains are required to prevent crop deterioration. Moderate outbreaks of grasshopper activity are reported along the southern border and considerable sprayingto control these insects is under way. Pastures need rain and hay prospects are only fair.

Continued on Page 22.

^{2/} Preliminary.

Canadian Wheat Board Monthly Average Cash Grain Prices, Basis in Store Fort William--Port Arthur

	February	March	April
Grain and Grade	1957	1957	1957
OATS	- cents a	nd eighths per bushel	-
Initial Payment to Producers			
2 C. W	65	65	65
Ex. 3 C. W	62	62	62
3 C. W	62	62	62
Ex. 1 Feed	62 60	62 60	62
1 Feed 2 Feed	55	55	55
3 Feed	48	48	48
) read	40		40
Domestic and Export 1/			
2 C. W	79/7	77/1	75/7
Ex. 3 C. W	75/3	72/5	71/1
3 C. W	72/7	70/1	68/5
Ex. 1 Feed	72/7	70/1 68/1	68/5
1 Feed	70/7 67/7	65/1	63/5
3 Feed	64/7	62/1	60/5
7 1000	V4/ 1	V~/ 2	00/)
BARLEY			
Initial Payment to Producers			
1 C. W. Six-Row	98	98	98
2 C. W. Six-Row	98	98	98
3 C. W. Six-Row	96	96	96
4 C. W. Six-Row	90	90	90
1 C. W. Two-Row	91	91	91
2 C. W. Two-Row	91 88	91 88	91 88
l Feed	87	87	87
2 Feed	83	83	83
3 Feed	76	76	76
Domestic and Export 1/			
1 C. W. Six-Row	120	120/1	122/4
2 C. W. Six-Row	120	120/1	122/4
3 C. W. Six-Row	115	115/1	117/4
4 C. W. Six-Row	107/4	107/5	110
1 C. W. Two-Row	118	118/1	120/4
3 C. W. Two-Row	107/4	118/1 107/5	120/4
1 Feed	97/7	94/3	93
2 Feed	97/3	93/7	92/4
3 Feed	94/3	90/7	89/4
		.,,	-//-

^{1/} For local sales and for spot sales subject to confirmation.

Winnipeg Grain Exchange Monthly Average Cash Grain Prices, Basis in Store Fort William--Port Arthur

Grain and Grade	February	March	April
	1957	1957	1957
OATS	- cents	and eighths per bush	el -
Domestic and Export 2 C. W. Ex. 3 C. W. 3 C. W. Ex. 1 Feed 1 Feed 2 Feed 3 Feed	78/7 73/7 71/7 71/1 69/1 65/5 62/1	76/1 71/7 69/7 69 66/7 63/4	74/7 70/4 68/4 68/2 66 62/6 59/2
BARLEY			
Domestic and Export 1 C. W. Six-Row 2 C. W. Six-Row 3 C. W. Six-Row 4 C. W. Six-Row 1 C. W. Two-Row 2 C. W. Two-Row 3 C. W. Two-Row 1 Feed 2 Feed 3 Feed RYE	112/6	109	113/1
	112/6	109	113/1
	100/6	96/4	91/1
	95/2	91/1	86/6
	110/6	107	111/1
	110/6	107	111/1
	95/2	91/2	88/7
	95/2	91/1	86/6
	94/3	90/2	85/6
	91/2	87	82/1
Producers', Domestic & Export Prices 2 C. W. 3 C. W. 4 C. W. Ergoty	118/1	114/2	108/4
	113/1	109/2	103/4
	103/2	98/1	94/1
	100/2	95/1	91/5
FLAXSEED			
Producers', Domestic & Export Prices 1 C. W. 2 C. W. 3 C. W.	300	283/3	282/6
	297/1	279/5	278/7
	269/3	253/4	245/6

UNITED STATES FEED SITUATION

The following summary of the feed situation in the United States has been taken from the May 21, 1957 issue of The Feed Situation published by the Agricultural Marketing Service, United States Department of Agriculture.

Record stocks of feed grains remained on hand April 1, about 6 per cent more than a year earlier. The combined carryover of the four major feed grains into 1957-58 is expected to total nearly 50 million tons, about 40 per cent of average production in recent years. This would be 6 million tons more than at the beginning of the current season. The carryover of corn on October 1 is now expected to total around 1,450 million bushels, substantially above the 1,165 million carried over last year. Carryover of oats probably will be around one-third smaller than last year's record, while stocks of barley and sorghum grains carried over may not differ greatly from those of a year earlier.

Prospects for 1957 feed crops in early May are more promising than a year ago as a result of generally ample soil moisture in most areas. Pastures and hay crops were much better than a year ago on May 1 and a little above average. Wet weather, however, has interferred with the seeding of oats in the Midwest and reduced the chance of the crop maturing before midsummer heat. April rains also delayed preparation of the land and planting of corn, with very little planted in the North Central Region before May 1.

Domestic disappearance of feed grains during October-March was at about the same level as in the like period of 1955-56. While the number of grain-consuming animal units is a little smaller, farmers are feeding their livestock liberally. Exports of the four feed grains during the six months were a little smaller than last year and the total tonnage for the year is now expected to be around 1.5 million tons below the record exports of 8 million tons in 1955-56.

Feed prices have been relatively stable in the past 2 or 3 months and in early May were generally a little lower than a year ago. Principal exceptions were oats, linseed meal, alfalfa meal and molasses which were moderately to sharply higher. Prices of corn and soybean meal have made little seasonal rise this year. In early May they were substantially lower than a year ago and probably will continue lower during the next few months. Prices of other feed grains, particularly barley and sorghum grains, are expected to decline seasonally this summer if the growing season is favourable for these crops. Prices of high-protein feeds averaged slightly higher in the first half of the current feeding year than in 1955-56, but have not increased this spring as they did a year ago. In April and early May, they were somewhat lower than in the spring of 1956.

Supplies of oilseed meals available for feeding in the 1956-57 feeding year are expected to set a new record of about 10 million tons, nearly 10 per cent more than in 1955-56. This large tonnage reflects the marked increase in soybean meal production, which has more than offset a decline in cottonseed meal output in recent years.

Total quantity of feed grains placed under price support this year is expected to be below the record of 18.2 million tons in 1955-56. Through April 15 this year 398 million bushels of corn were placed under price support, 32 million bushels more than the same period of 1955-56, but much smaller quantities of the other feed grains were placed under price support.

NOTES ON ARGENTINE CROPS

The following information relative to the Argentine grain situation is taken from a report from Mr. W. F. Hillhouse, Agricultural Secretary for Canada, Canadian Embassy, Buenos Aires, under date of May 17, 1957 and is reproduced with the permission of the Trade Commissioner Service, Department of Trade and Commerce. Currency conversions have been made at the rate of 18 pesos per U.S.dollar.

Weather and Crops of the grain zone by lighter, intermittent precipitation. During May the weather has been unusually bright and warm. This combination has benefitted pastures tremendously including the early-sown dual purpose grains. Land preparation and seeding operations for wheat, oats, barley, rye and flaxseed continue under very good conditions. The rather persistant wet weather in late April slowed down harvesting of early corn and sunflower but also aided the late-sown fields of these crops.

The first published official estimate of corn production for this year has been set at 2,650,000 metric tons (104,325,000 bushels), down 50,000 tons (1,968,000 bushels) from the verbal estimate given by the Minister of Agriculture and 31.5 per cent below last year's outturn. Although the rains of April have been of some benefit to the late sown fields there are many people in the trade who consider the official estimate too high. Purchases of corn by the Grain Board by April 30 had amounted to only 42,712 tons (1,681,000 bushels) and sales for export during the past month barely exceeded 32,000 tons (1,260,000 bushels), compared with over 200,000 tons (7,874,000 bushels) during the same period last year.

Oats, Barley and Rye during the past month to less than 37,000 tons, half of which was oats. Shipments were also lower at 82,753 tons. Adequate stocks of all three grains exist in the country although much of the barley has already been sold to exporters. The weather during the past month has been particularly favourable for the seeding, germination and early growth of these grains which have been sown for pasture and grain. Some early fields are already able to carry stock and most areas now have sufficient moisture to ensure seeding and germination of these grains.

Minimum Producer
Prices Announced for
Crop Year 1957-58

The government guaranteed minimum producer prices for the coming crop were announced on May 10. The corn price is set at 100 pesos per 100 kilograms (\$1.41 per bushel), i.e. equal to this year's minimum price plus the 20 peso (28 cents

per bushel) bonus now in effect. The only other increases over this year are 5 pesos (about 7 cents per bushel) each for bread type and durum type wheats. The new prices are shown in the accompanying table and compared with those in effect in recent years.

Grain Board to Sell Feed Grain to Producers at Cost In order to assist its corn export policy the government has resolved that the Grain Board will sell to poultry and hog producers at cost, wheat of previous crop years and other grains of any harvest held by the Grain Board. By offering

such grain at prices well below the price producers can now receive for corn, the Government hopes to increase their purchases and hence exports of corn from this year's small crop. As of April 30 the Grain Board reported the following quantities of such grains as being disposable; old crop wheat 114,764 tons (4,217,000 bushels), oats 223,825 tons (14,513,000 bushels), barley 34,616 tons (1,590,000 bushels) and rye 67,248 tons (2,647,000 bushels) a total of 440,453 tons.

NOTES ON AUSTRALIAN CROPS

The following information relative to the Australian grain and oilseed situation has been extracted from a report from Mr. T. G. Major, Commercial Counsellor for Canada, Melbourne, under date of May 9, 1957 and is reproduced with the permission of the Trade Commissioner Service, Department of Trade and Commerce. Currency conversions have been made at the rate of £1 equals \$2.1330 (Canadian) the quotation in effect on May 13, 1957.

Weather In general, weather conditions continue to be unsatisfactory with dry and Crops weather general in the eastern States. On Easter Sunday, Western Australia had its first widespread rain of the season, but in most parts of the State the falls were of less than half an inch, which is considered to be inadequate for opening rains. There was light rainfall in parts of Victoria at the end of April, but it was quickly soaked up by the parched soil.

The total area planted in Queensland for 1957 is now estimated at 106,000 acres. However, adverse weather conditions in the southern part of the State probably will reduce this figure for harvest purposes to something like 90,000 acres. This compares with 107,000 acres and a production of 2.75 million bushels in 1956. The latest (mid-March) survey indicates a 1957 crop of some 2.6 million bushels.

Queensland authorities have expressed the view that the security of growers' returns presently depends on either a continuation of the current of high level of world prices or the maintenance of local prices of £A70 per ton (\$3.73 per bushel) by the linseed crushers. It is felt that the State's growers could not compete on world markets. Production possibilities, therefore, are limited to the Australian market of some \$40,000 tons (1,600,000 bushels). This is equivalent to approximately \$180,000 acres. Last year, Queensland alone grew \$114,000 acres of linseed. The Tariff Board in 1953 recommended that protection be afforded to the local industry in respect to one-third of Australian requirements, or about 60,000 acres in all States, but this has not been implemented.

The barley marketing picture is not particularly bright, despite a ctrong demand for Queensland barley in Japan. The Australian Barley Board reports that recently there had been only a moderate demand limited to the better types used for milling purposes, and then restricted only to bare minimum requirements. Increased sowings in Canada and the United States and larger quantities of French types for export were given as the principal causes. Also cited was the rising costs of transport. To the United Kingdom and Europe these recently have absorbed 30 per cent to 40 per cent of the overseas market price, while in the case of Japan the figure is 25 per cent.

Frain Sorghum It is estimated that of the 141,000 acres planted in Queensland, not more than 120,000 will be available for harvest. Production should be in the neighborhood of 3 million bushels, as compared with 3.75 million bushels from about 160,000 acres in 1956. The decline is due mainly to below average rainfall in the months of January and February.

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In Alberta, showers which were fairly general in western regions but widely scattered elsewhere have not completely relieved the extended dry period which is slowing growth of early seedings and causing spotty germination in lats-sown fields. More rain is needed in most areas particularly in the eastern half of the province. Frosts have occurred at Vermilion east of Edmonton and around Fort Vermilion in the far north. Some damage is reported, especially to coarse grains and flax.

CALENDAR OF COARSE GRAIN EVENTS

March 20	Based on farmers intentions at March 1, the indicated acreage of
	Canada's major grain crops for 1957, in millions of acres, with
	1956 acreages in brackets, were as follows: spring wheat, 19.3
	(20.7); oats for grain, 12.1 (12.0); barley, 9.7 (8.7); spring
	we 0.2 (0.2); mixed grains 1.7 (1.6); and flaxmed 3.6 (3.1).

- April 4 Navigation opened at the Port of Montreal.
 - Bill No. 263 an amendment to the Frairie Grain Producers Interim Financing Act, 1956 was given third reading and passed in the House of Commons. The amendment enables the Governor-in-Council to extend the application of the Act to authorise and govern guaranteed loans that may be made by banks in the period September 1, 1957 to June 1, 1958; to provide that the rate of interest charged by the banks on a loan shall not exceed a rate prescribed by the Governor-in-Council; and to increase the maximum amount of a loan from fifteen hundred dollars to three thousand dollars.
 - Navigation in the Great Lakes was declared officially open for the 1957 season, twelve days later than the 1956 official opening.
- Hay 3 The Right Hon. C. D. Howe, Minister of Trade and Commerce, announced initial prices to be paid by the Canadian Wheat Board on the basic grades of wheat, cats and barley for the crop year beginning August 1, 1957.
- June 11. According to a grop report issued by the Bureau of Statistics an estimated 94 per cent of the total agreage expected to be sown to apring wheat, oats, barley, flaxseed and mixed grains in Canada (excluding Newfoundland) was seeded by May 31 compared with 84 per cent a year earlier.