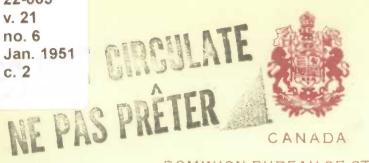
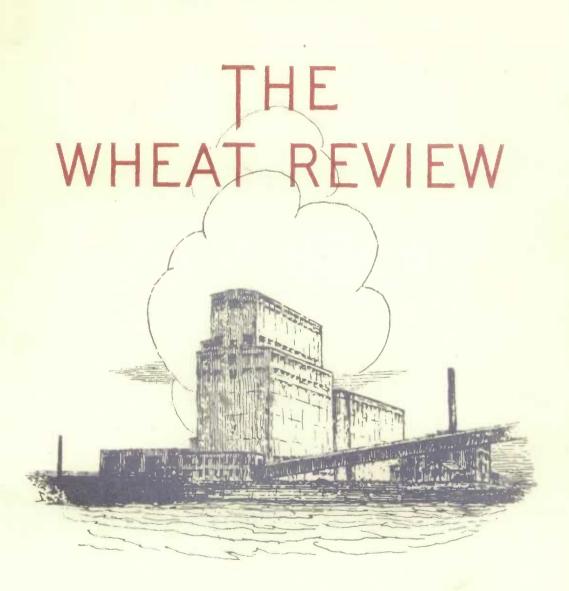
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DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS AGRICULTURE DIVISION



JANUARY, 1951



# DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS Department of Trade and Commerce

# THE WHEAT REVIEW

(Formerly Monthly Review of the Wheat Situation)

JANUARY, 1951

Published by Authority of the Rt. Hon. C. D. Howe, Minister of Trade and Commerce

Prepared in the

Crops Section, Agriculture Division Dominion Bureau of Statistics, Ottawa, Canada

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#### WORLD WHEAT SITUATION

Current Supplies - The latest available estimates indicate that supplies of wheat remaining on or about January 1, 1951 in the four major exporting countries for export and carryover at the end of their respective crop years amounted to 1,183 million bushels. At the same time in 1950, 1,041 million bushels were available. Supplies this year (in millions of bushels) were held as follows, last year's figures in brackets: United States, 618 (557); Canada, 334 (233); Australia 136 (152), and Argentina 95 (99). The increased supplies indicated in the Argentine and Australia over those shown last month reflect the inclusion of the surplus for export and carryover from the new crops in these two countries where the crop year commences on December 1.

Exports - Wheat exports in recent months have lagged behind shipments during the similar period last year. An increased rate of exports may, however, be anticipated for some months to come. Forward sales for export from both the United States and Canada have been fairly heavy in recent weeks and new-crop wheat is beginning to move from the Argentine and Australia. Nany importing countries have begun, or are contemplating, the stockpiling of emergency reserves against the contingency of war, and this factor will have a significant effect on world trade in wheat. The rate of overseas clearances from Canada may be expected to increase materially with the spring opening of navigation on the Lakes, while impetus has been given to the United States export program through substantial allocations of E.C.A. funds to several European countries for the purchase of United States wheat.

Notes on New Crops - Official estimates are now available for the Argentine and Australian crops which were harvested during the months of December and January. The Argentine estimate is 222 million bushels, up 33 million over the 1949 level. Some trade sources, however, have placed the crop as much as 20 million bushels below the official estimate. In Australia the crop is estimated at 185 million bushels as compared with the previous year's outturn of 218 million. Australian trade sources, however, are inclined to think that the official estimate is somewhat too low.

With the removal of acreage allotments from the United States picture an increase in spring wheat seedings in that country may be anticipated. The current U. S. acreage of winter wheat at 56.1 million is 6 per cent higher than seedings in the fall of 1949. Based on December 1 conditions, the winter wheat crop was forecast by the United States Department of Agriculture at 899 million bushels as against the 1950 crop of 751 million. However, the southwestern winter wheat area has been extremely dry and ample precipitation will be needed if the forecast is to be realized. Reports from the major European wheat growing areas have been fairly favourable, with Italy indicating some increase in acreage over last year.

International Wheat Agreement Sales and Purchases - According to records of the International Wheat Council, purchases of wheat recorded under the I.W.A. from August 1, 1950 to January 12, 1951 amounted to 314.2 million bushels or about 58 per cent of the total guaranteed quantities. Leading purchasers under the Agreement during the period, with quantities in millions of bushels, were: The United Kingdom, 112.2; India, 30.4; Germany, 28.8; Belgium, 14.4; Egypt, 13.2; the Netherlands, 11.6; Mexico, 9.7 and the Union of South Africa, 8.2. Sales recorded to January 12 by the four exporting countries were: United States, 116.7; Canada, 112.3; Australia, 83.4, and France, 1.9 million.

International Wheat Agreement Sales and Purchases, August 1,1950 to January 12,1951
Together with Annual Quahtities Guaranteed

Importing	Guaranteed		Source				
Countries	Purchases	Australia	Canada	France	U.S.A.	Purchases	
material to the following			- thousand	bushels	-	NG LL	
Austria	11,023	M.B.		1 -1 - 13	2,939	2,939	
Belgium	20,209	-	7,654	_	6,788	14,442	
Bolivia	2,756		729	1 2 1	1,461	2,190	
Brazil	13,228		377	1,670	5,148	7,195	
Ceylon;	5,512	5,432	-		7,140	5,432	
Costa Rica	1,212	-	424	-	137	561	
Cuba	7,422		2,833		1,077		
Denmark	1,617		-		1,011	3,910	
Dominican Republic .	876			-	7.00	100	
Ecuador	1,286	-	358		129	487	
		70 512	513		461	974	
Egypt	14,698	10,543	- 40	_	2,636	13,179	
El Salvador 1/	404	7 100	80	-	373	453	
Germany	66,139	1,400	2	-	27,374	28,776	
Greece	15,726	-	- ,	-	6,557	6,557	
Guatemala	919	-	276	-	490	766	
Haiti 1/	1,029	-	837	-	225	1,062	
Iceland	404	-	- 1	-	-	_	
India	38,287	15,254	11,200	-	3,926	30,380	
Indonesia	3,674	2,049	32		410	2,491	
Ireland	10,105	1,867	3,605	- 2	788	6,260	
Israel	5,879	320	1,281	184	2,602	4,387	
Italy	40,418		1,493		4,736	6,229	
Lebanon	2,388		197		377	574	
Liberia	36		17		1	18	
Mexico	12,860		- 1		9,661		
Netherlands	24,802	1,904	351	_		9,661	
New Zealand			271	-	9,376	11,631	
Nicaragua 1/	4,593	4,529	725	_	70/	4,529	
		7 700	135	-	196	331	
Norway	7,716	1,120	1,535	-	2,905	5,560	
Panama	625	7 000	252	-	101	353	
Peru	5,512	1,232	58	-	2,915	4,205	
Philippines	7,202	-	2,050	-	1,830	3,880	
Portugal	5,626	172	199	-	3,931	4,302	
Saudi Arabia	1,837	154	45	-	615	814	
Spain	4,372	-	248		1	249	
Sweden	2,756	1,232	-	-	-	1,232	
Switzerland	6,430		2,050		3,501	5,551	
Union of S. Africa .	11,023	-	8,213	-	_	8,213	
United Kingdom	177,068	36,194	63,402	-	12,579	112,175	
Venezuela	6,246	-	1,868	-	432	2,300	
Totals	544,246	83,402	112,314	1,854	116,678	314,248	
Guaranteed Sales		87,109	221,443	3,955	231,739	544,246	
Balance		3,707	109,129	2,101	115,061	229,998	

<sup>1/</sup> Guaranteed quantity fulfilled.

#### CANADIAN SITUATION

Increased Initial Payments on Western Wheat, Oats and Barley - The

Rt. Hon. C. D. Howe, Minister of Trade and Commerce, announced on January 25 that increases in the 1950-51 initial payments of western wheat, oats and barley would become effective on February 1, 1951. Mr. Howe stated sales of these grains by the Canadian Wheat Board since August 1, 1950, and the present market outlook indicated that 1950-51 initial payments could now be increased.

The increases in 1950-51 initial payments, effective February 1, 1951 are: wheat, 20 cents per bushel, oats, 10 cents per bushel, and barley 20 cents per bushel. The increases apply to all grades of these grains delivered or to be delivered to the Board during the crop year 1950-51.

The new initial payments are: for wheat, \$1.60 per bushel basis No. 1
Northern Wheat in store Fort William-Port Arthur or Vancouver; for oats 75 cents
per bushel basis No. 2 Canada Western Oats in store Fort William or Port Arthur;
and for Barley \$1.13 per bushel basis No. 3 Canada Western 6 Row Barley in store
Fort William-Port Arthur.

The new initial payments will apply on all wheat, oats and barley delivered to the Board in the crop year 1950-51. Adjustment payments will be made to producers who delivered or may deliver their grain to the Board between August 1, 1950, and January 31, 1951. Producers delivering wheat, oats and barley between February 1, 1951, and July 31, 1951, will receive payment basis the new initial payments.

Mr. Howe estimated that adjustment payments to producers on grains delivered to the Board between August 1, 1950, and January 31, 1951, would amount to about \$51,400,000 on wheat, \$5,900,000 on oats and \$11,600,000 on barley. In addition to these adjustment payments, producers will receive an estimated additional \$28,000,000 on their deliveries of wheat, oats and barley between February 1, 1951, and July 31, 1951, as a result of the new schedule of initial payments.

The adjustment payments on oats and barley delivered to the Board between August 1, 1950, and January 31, 1951, would commence as soon as the Board received complete reports of country purchases up to and including January 31, 1951. The Minister said that the Board should commence oats and barley adjustment payments about March 1, 1951. The oats and barley payments will be followed by the adjustment payment on wheat.

Mr. Howe said that before long he expected to be able to make an announcement about the final payment on the 1945-49 pool.

Supply Position - Despite an indicated increase in 1950-51 Canadian wheat supplies of some 105 million bushels over 1949-50, the combination of a late harvest and tight transportation situation in the fall of 1950 has prevented this year's crop from being moved into forward positions in the usual volume. Cumulative marketings of wheat in the Prairie Provinces in the current crop year remained below those of 1949-50 until late in December, but on January 11, 1951 amounted to 246.2 million bushels, an increase of 5 million over last year's total on that date.

Visible supplies on January 11 were 224.9 million bushels, representing increases of 61.7 million and 58.2 million bushels, respectively, over the totals on approximately the same date in 1950 and 1949. The increase in off-farm wheat supplies over last year's level was almost entirely accounted for by larger stocks at western interior points. Country elevators held 134.6 million bushels this year as compared with 70.6 million in 1950, while interior terminal elevators had 7.7 million bushels in store this year as against 0.1 million last year. Little change was registered in supplies in three other main positions—Vancouver-New Westminster, Fort William-Port Arthur, and eastern lake port elevators. Stocks in St. Lawrence and eastern seaboard port elevators, however, were little more than one third as large as at the same time last year (3.8 million as against 10.5 million), which means that, until the opening of lake navigation, overseas clearances via Atlantic ports will be largely dependent on the rail movement of wheat into these forward positions.

Canadian Wheat Supplies

Item State of the	1950-51	1949-50
	- million	bushels -
Carryover in North America at July 31  New crop	113.2 461.7 <u>1</u> /	102.4 367.4 <u>1</u> /
Total estimated supplies	574.9	469.8
Less estimated domestic requirements for crop year	155.0	131.5
Available for export and carryover	419.9	338.3
Deduct: Overseas clearances of wheat as grain, August 1 to December 31 Exports of Canadian wheat to U.S., Aug. 1 to Dec. 31 .	61.9	80.4 5.5
Total exports of wheat	68.3	85.9
Exports of wheat flour in terms of wheat, August 1 to December 31	17.4 2/	19.1 2/
Total exports of wheat and wheat flour	85.7	105.0
Balance on January 1 for export and carryover	334.2	233.3

<sup>1/</sup> Less than 50,000 bushels.

Exports of wheat during December amounted to 10.2 million bushels, of which 4.0 million went to the United Kingdom, 2.1 million to the United States, 1.3 million to Belgium and 1.2 million to India. Cumulative exports of wheat for the August—December period of the current crop year were 68.3 million bushels as against 85.9 million for the comparable period of 1949-50. Flour exports in terms of wheat have also declined from last year's level—17.4 million bushels as against 19.1 million. Total exports of wheat and wheat flour in terms of wheat for the first five months of 1950-51 amounted to 85.7 million bushels, a decrease of 19.3 million from the total for the comparable period of 1949-50. The balance remaining on January 1, 1951 for export and carryover was estimated at 334.2 million bushels, slightly more than 100 million bushels in excess of last year's total on the same date.

<sup>2/</sup> Adjusted for time lag in the returns made by Customs.

Farmers' Marketings of Wheat in Prairie Provinces, 1950-51

Week end	ling	Manitoba	Saskatchewan	Alberta	Total	Last Year
			- b	ushels -		
August	3	56,630	200,501	479,171	736,302	1,341,010
	10	4,974	72,619	128,912	206,505	2,248,255
	17	4,066	21,645	162,186	187,897	8,328,858
	24	4,598	144,894	735,136	884,628	19,757,234
	31	19,680	1,508,096	1,476,906	3,004,682	20,664,400
September	7	482,380	11,872,230	4,725,194	17,079,804	24,683,003
	14	1,124,925	14,528,820	5,261,905	20,915,650	28,182,569
	21	546,440	9,353,787	8,718,071	18,618,298	25,417,993
	28	5,399,449	20,640,005	10,778,034	36,817,488	19,678,814
October	5	2,242,056	13,367,828	5,148,002	20,757,886	19,330,152
	12	845,821	6,382,477	2,685,372	9,913,670	9,783,049
	19	2,719,537	9,227,407	3,295,275	15,242,219	8,042,380
	26	1,742,624	5,563,617	1,976,591	9,282,832	6,497,062
November	2	2,404,846	6,476,560	2,543,648	11,425,054	6,026,714
	9	2,055,569	8,099,070	2,951,569	13,106,208	5,428,034
	16	2,045,166	6,040,186	3,306,361	11,391,713	4,008,800
	23	2,293,679	5,709,968	2,838,163	10,841,810	4,383,594
	30	1,308,044	5,003,321	2,142,392	8,453,757	4,421,034
December	7	916,472	4,610,955	1,793,317	7,320,744	4,540,591
	14	929,170	3,709,269	1,982,368	6,620,807	3,977,303
	21	988,830	4,816,832	2,757,573	8,563,235	5,734,251
	28	759,970	3,574,122	2,102,996	6,437,088	4,881,010
January	4	472,039	2,471,371	1,616,858	4,560,268	1,900,587
	11	554,005	2,322,898	1,001,726	3,878,629	1,903,005
Total	5	29,920,970	145,718,478	70,607,726	246,247,174	241,159,702

Marketings of wheat in the Prairie Provinces from August 1 to January 11 of the current crop year amounted to 246.2 million bushels as against 241.2 million for the comparable period of 1949-50. An unseasonably late harvesting season throughout western Canada delayed marketings during the current crop year and, despite a much larger crop in 1950, cumulative marketings for 1950-51 remained below those for 1949-50 until the week ending December 28. Peak marketings in 1950-51 occurred during the week ending September 28, when 36.8 million bushels were delivered. While there has been the usual seasonal decline since that date, weekly totals have remained well above the corresponding figures for the previous crop year.

Wheat marketings in Saskatchewan during the period of 1950-51 under review totalled 145.7 million bushels or 59 per cent of the total. Alberta, with 70.6 million bushels and Manitoba with 29.9 million bushels accounted for 29 per cent and 12 per cent, respectively, of the total. Saskatchewan's wheat marketings are some 16.8 million bushels greater than for the comparable period in 1949-50 but the totals in Manitoba and Alberta are down by 8.5 million and 3.3 million bushels, respectively.

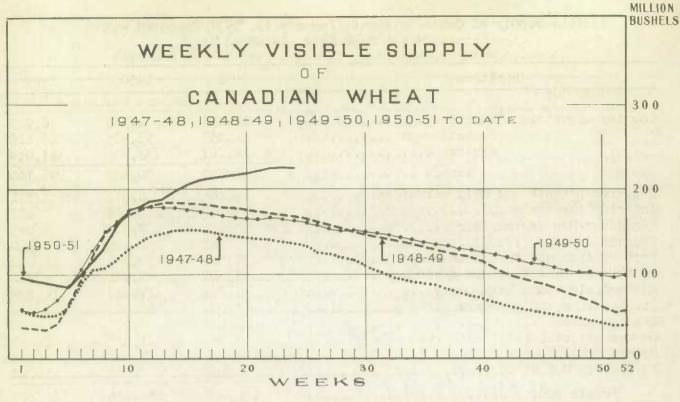
Visible Supply of Canadian Wheat, January 11, 1951 Compared with Approximately the Same Date, 1950 and 1949

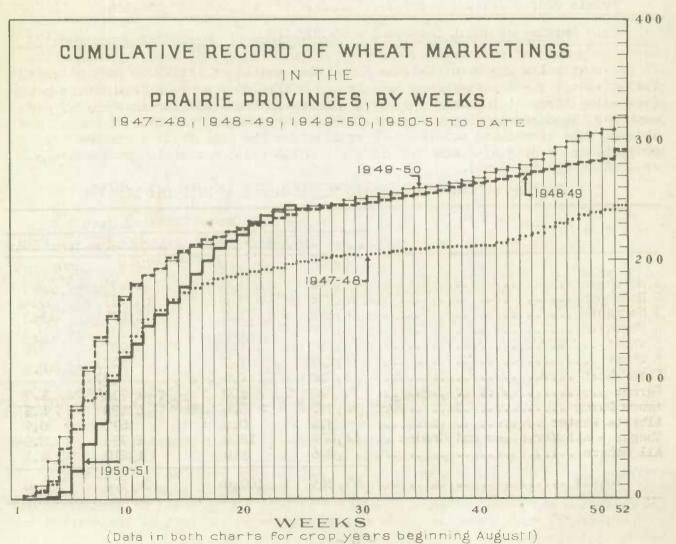
Position	1951	1950	1949
	- the	ousand bushel	s -
Country elevators - Manitoba	11,619 74,257 48,761	4,195 33,375 33,058	8,945 46,116 41,059
Totals	134,637	70,628	96,120
Interior private and mill elevators  Interior terminals	4,166 7,702 8,124 461 31,563 8,546 15,774 3,806 4,427	4,013 101 7,727 126 32,537 9,720 17,947 10,503 6,471	4,521 181 5,053 100 17,062 8,242 14,939 4,817 8,682
In transit rail (eastern division)	3,280 2,234 186	1,844 1,529 10	3,456 2,486 1,028
Totals	224,906	163,156	166,687

Grading of Wheat Inspected - Inspections of wheat during the August—December period of the current crop year amounted to 77,265 cars, approximately 26 per cent below the total for the first five months of 1949-50. Only 49 per cent of the 1950-51 inspections to date has qualified for No. 4 Northern or better (excluding 'Toughs' in these grades) in marked contrast to approximately 87 per cent for the corresponding period of 1949-50. Further indications of the unfavourable harvesting conditions prevailing in the fall of 1950 are the proportions grading 5, 6 and Feed (20.8 as against 2.5 per cent) and Tough (18.2 as against 2.9 per cent).

Grading of Wheat Inspected, August-December 1950 and 1949

Grade	Inspections					
	August-De	cember 1950	August-Dec	ember 1949		
	Cars	Per Cent	Cars	Per Cent		
1 Northern 2 Northern 3 Northern 4 Northern 5 Wheat 6 Wheat Garnet Amber Durum	3,890 14,336 10,890 8,637 8,750 5,830 1,570 780 4,320 374	5.0 18.6 14.1 11.2 11.3 7.5 2.0 1.0 5.6 0.5	16,495 60,053 11,874 2,384 2,087 501) 49) 1,734 4,495 697	15.8 57.4 11.3 2.3 2.0 0.5		
Alberta Winter	14,062	18.2	2,995 1,210	2.9		
Totals	77,265	100.0	104,574	100.0		





#### Wheat Shipments to the United States by Destination August 1 to January 11, 1951 Compared with Approximately the Same Period 1950 and 1949

Destination	1951	1950	1949
By Vessel	hu.	bu.	bu.
Buffalo Oswego Erie Duluth-Superior Chicago Detroit Milwaukee Toledo	7,121,643 978,121 269,510 287,165 140,673	6,738,682 - 192,766	7,161,91; 737,500 1,575,56'
Totals, Vessel Shipments	8,797,112	6,931,448	9,800,03
y Rail			
U.S.A. Seaboard Ports	54,835 700,182	37,210 22,833	-
Totals, Rail Shipments	755,017	60,043	-
Grand Totals	9,552,129	6,991,491	9,800,03

With the close of navigation in December, wheat shipments to the United States, either for re-export or domestic use, have dropped in volume from the early part of the crop year. Shipments during the four-week period ending January 11 amounted to approximately 450 thousand bushels, bringing the total for the crop year to date to 9.6 million. Totals for the comparable periods of the two preceding crop years were 7.0 million and 9.8 million bushels, respectively.

Rail Shipments of Wheat to Maritime Ports from Bay and Lake Ports

Ports	August 1 to January 11, 1951	August 1 to January 12, 1950
	- bush	nels -
Collingwood	478,259	271,330
Midland	1,750,242	3,737,622
Owen Sound	311,100	526,885
Port McNicoll	1,840,982	4,561,787
Goderich	248,053	65,510
Sarnia	70,398	_
Humberstone		232,900
Totals	4,699,034	9,396,034

Rail shipments of wheat to Maritime ports from ports on the Great Lakes and Georgian Bay up to January 11 of the current crop year amounted to 4.7 million bushels, just half of the total for the corresponding period of 1949-50. With elevator stocks in bay and lake ports at a fairly high level at the close of navigation, however, some acceleration in wheat movement to seaboard positions in the Maritimes may be expected. Shipments from Port McNicoll and Midland continue to predominate, with these two ports accounting for 76 per cent of the current crop year's total to date.

Month	1947-48	1948-49	1949-50	1950-51
		- bi	ishels -	
August	90,574	51,283	158,893	122,532
September	91,366	30,017	131,711	123,256
October	131,290	46,274	122,482	73,543
November	100,563	138,600	92,334	133,847
December	691,223	1,740,405	342,946	1,517,624
January	3,149,421	3,794,391	277,502	
February	1,851,773	3,720,733	240,087	
larch	3,423,684	1,511,072	423,774	
April	371,950	659,467	2,305,727	
lay	154,551	884,171	124,533	
June	.81,133	330,348	• 96,626	
July	231.414	469,797	52,122	
Totals	10,368,942	13,376,558	4,368,737	
Distribution of Rail		Wheat from Fort er 1950	William-Port	Arthur,
Grade	Prince Edward Island	Nova New Scotia Bruns	mehan	Ontario U.S.A
		- b	ushels -	
Northern	-	1		1,600 1,40
Northern			102-17	104,200 -

Grade	Prince Edward Island	Nova Scotia	New Brunswick	Quebec	Ontario	U.S.A.
			- bushel	.s -		
1 Northern	-	ш —	_	-	1,600	1,400
2 Northern		-	-	10-	104,200	-
3 Northern		-	10,000	8,000	8,000	8,000
4 Northern		451,500	100,000	9,000		30,000
Number 5			4,500	20,500	16,000	10,000
Number 6		_	20,000	4,500	2,833	29,000
Feed		- "	10 - 11 2	1,500		-
Tough 3 Northern	-	68,000	454,000	2,000		-
Tough Number 5	1,500	To the		4,167	1,500	10-1
Tough Number 6	nd Targe	-		3,000	-	-
2 C.W. Amber Durum	-	-	-		10,500	-
3 C.W. Amber Durum	-	-	-	4,000	- //-	25.77
5 C.W. Amber Durum		3 500	1,500	19,501	2,668	-
6 C.W. Amber Durum		1,500	1,333	2,833	8,500	-
Damp 4 C.W. Amber Durum				-	1,500	-
Tough 4 C.W. Amber Durum			-	0 700	71	010
Tough 5 C.W. Amber Durum		-		8,792	2,865	-
Tough 6 C.W. Amber Durum			-	1,582	1,944	-
Rej. 6 C.W. Amber Durum Mxd.Htd Sample C.W. Amber Durum		TO NOT BELLEVILLE	_	_	1,336	-
Sample C.W. Amber Durum Heated.		-			3,363	
2 C.W. Soft White Spring					55,500	Dill Jay
Sample Red Spring Heated		- 121	- 100	5,075	82	-
Totals	5,716	521,000	591,333	94,450	226,725	78,400

Grand Total .... 1,517,624

Freight Assistance Shipments - Movement of wheat to eastern Canada and British Columbia from the Prairie Provinces under the freight assistance plan is continuing in greater volume during the current crop year than in 1949-50. Claims filed up to December 31 indicate that shipments for the first four months of 1950-51 amounted to 4.1 million bushels as against 3.6 million for the same period of the preceding crop year. This increase was shared by all provinces except British Columbia which received only slightly more than half the total for the first third of the 1949-50 crop year. The filing of additional claims for the period under review, however, will increase current crop year totals over those shown in the accompanying table.

Provincial Distribution of Freight-Assisted Wheat Shipments, 1950-51 and 1949-50

Month	New found-land	Prince Edward Island	Nova Scotia	New . Bruns- wick	Quebec	Ontario	British Columbia	Total
			-	thousan	d bushel	s -		
August 1950 September October November	4 3 2 1	31 24 4 6	60 78 31 37	37 47 19 18	563 565 348 372	474 379 264 308	242 104 84 17	1,411 1,200 752 759
Totals	10	65	206	121	1,848	1,425	447	4,122
Same period 1949-50	9	55	106	85	1,465	1,038	880	3,638

In contrast to the situation in respect of wheat shipments, millfeed shipments under the freight assistance plan for the August-November period of 1950-51 are well below those for the same four months of 1949-50. The preliminary total for the current crop year, subject to revision with the filing of additional claims, is 148,652 tons as against 218,474 tons for the comparable period of 1949-50.

Provincial Distribution of Freight-Assisted Millfeed Shipments, 1950-51 and 1949-50

Province	August 1 to November 30, 1950	August 1 to November 30, 1949
	- tor	ns - III
Newfoundland	786	1.081
Prince Edward Island	2,869	4,383
Nova Scotia	13,205	16,217
New Brunswick	9.353	14,887
Quebec	73,523	99,426
Ontario	41,217	65,587
British Columbia	7,699	16,893
Totals	148,652	218,474

Monthly Export Clearances, Etc., in Comparison with the Customs Exports of Wheat and Wheat Flour

William Person					
Year	Overseas	U.S. Imports 1	Customs 2/		Customs 3/
and	Clearances	of Canadian	Exports of	Total	Exports of
Month	of Canadian	Wheat for	Canadian	10041	Wheat and
11011011	Wheat	Consumption and	Wheat Flour		Wheat Flour
	WILCAU	Grinding in Bond	Wiledo IIoui		111000 12001
1948-49		- thousand	bushels -		
August	9,111	ton ton the 1	4,244	13,356	13,829
September	10,555	3	3,671	14,229	11,942
October	11,566	1	6,509	18,076	21,913
November	15,604	6	5,455	21,065	20,792
December	12,744	8	3,803	16,555	18,205
January	14,431	22	3,756	18,209	18,342
February	12,053	43	3,082	15,178	14,214
March	13,806	206	3,612	17,624	13,707
April	13,769	869	3,368	18,006	20,303
May	22,483	1,381	3,780	27,644	26,683
June	23,297	1,899	3,225	28,421	24,850
	19,561	816	3,589	23,966	23,422
July	17,9001		7,07		
Totals	178,980	5,255	48,094	232,329	228,202
1949-50 4/					
August	16,639	62	3,898	20,599	24,013
September	14,947	881	3,771	19,599	18,294
October	18,420	1,675	3,240	23,335	21,903
November	20,680	2,019	4,410	27,109	27,292
December	9,751	867	3,798	14,416	21,002
January	10,608	411	3,280	14,299	15,102
February	7,419	495	3,551	11,465	11,216
March	10,232	964	3,712	14,908	13,607
April	8,460	515	3,076	12,051	12,628
May	18,103	4,223	5,317	27,643	23,993
June	17,949	703	4,140	22,792	23,870
July	12,762	672	3,487	16,921	17,222
Totals	165,970	13,487	45,680	225,137	230,142
1950-51 4/					
August	11,956	459	3,060	15,475	15,247
September	13,172	904	2,273	16,349	15,257
October	12,950	900	3,412	17,262	19,715
November	15,801	2,007	4,732	22,540	20,140
December	8,030	2,149	3,960	14,139	20,424
Totals	61,909	6,419	17,437	85,765	90,783

<sup>1/</sup> U.S.A. official figures for 1948-49. From August 1949 to date compiled from returns of Canadian elevator licensees and advice from American grain correspondents. 2/Exports for crop years 1948-49, 1949-50 and August and September 1950 revised to remove effect of time lag in the returns made by Customs. Subsequent months to be revised as data become available. 3/ Unadjusted as published by the External Trade Division, D.B.S. 4/ Subject to revision.

### Exports of Canadian Wheat and Wheat Flour

### August-December 1950

Destination	November		Decer	mber	August—December		
Descination	Wheat 1/	Wheat 2/	Wheat 1/	Wheat 2/	Wheat 1/2	Wheat 2/	
	- bush	nels -	- busl	nels -	- bus	hels -	
COMMONWEALTH COUNTRIE	<u>S</u>						
United Kingdom	2,471,103	7,493,534	2,518,141	4,041,197	7,339,802	30,866,624	
Africa British East Africa. Union of S. Africa.	-	366,800	1,147	87,360	2,295	2,686,619	
British West Africa Gold Coast Nigeria Sierra Leone		-	20,016 1,773 689	~	92,120 11,897 20,646	i	
Asia Hong Kong India		1,748,731		1,172,453	717,458	2,921,184	
Europe  Gibraltar  Malta  North America	26,096 -	26,133	24,889		104,670	1,029,233	
Bahamas Barbados Bermuda British Honduras Jamaica Leeward-Windward Is. Trinidad and Tobago.	81,792		16,470 1,548 6,773 5,531 76,500 56,974 91,467		99,972 148,649 40,649 28,315 586,732 347,138 796,473	933 34,136	
South America British Guiana	73,683	OM.	62,501	-	385,623	-	

Totals, 3,417,349 9,635,198 2,948,693 5,314,126 10,722,439 37,538,729 Commonwealth Countries

## Exports of Canadian Wheat and Wheat Flour August—December 1950 - Continued

	()					
Destination	Nov	ember	Dec	ember	August-	December
DOBOLINGOLON	Wheat I/Flour I/	Wheat 2/	Wheat I/	Wheat 2/	Wheat 1/2	/ Wheat 2/
	- bus	hels -	- bus	hels -	- bush	els -
FOREIGN COUNTRIES						
Africa Azores and Madeira .	8,672	RIGHT	2,344	William .	15,786	-101
Belgian Congo			17,514		90,738	3,674
Canary Islands	-	-	459	200 - 1000	61,339	7,014
French Africa	_	_	-	_	20,259	-
Liberia	652		846	_	5,243	ALL AND
Morocco	38,916	-	27,671	-	242,996	-
Portuguese Africa	616	- 11	459		82,061	-
Asia	F3.0	30 000	1 550		00 303	1.5.330
Arabia	513	13,388	6,552		23,121	45,119
China	35,568		5,967		41,823 8,496	Chipsul _
Israel	- 2027		7,701		0,470	1,280,874
Japan	58,370		87,601	16,656	389,484	16,656
Philippine Islands .			281,250	-	1,081,341	
Siam	7,708	-	4,244	-	45,027	-
Syria		- 101	-	-	180,635	-
Europe						
		1,872,2604/		7 210 660	260	7 723 120
Belgium	157	1,8/2,200	-	1,340,660	369	7,831,439
France	-	- 110	0.0/5	-	207	Linguis -
Germany			2,065		45,967	-
Iceland	22,518	842,833	68,225	360,733	109,710	2,042,976
Italy		1,168,950	19,413	387,510	42,354	
Netherlands		18,107	-/5-4-/	2019710		29,307
Norway			CVI L II	122,640	-,-,-	659,201
Portugal	15,034	-	-	-	24,214	-
Spain	-	106,102,/	-	200	Built - Inter	976,064
Switzerland	ov -	1,085,3384	-	42,933	NOT THE OWNER OF	4,396,588
Yugoslavia	3,510	-	3,974		27,018	-
North America						
Alaska		PIRILETE			2,299	10 3
Costa Rica	30,231		29,835	23,334	159,822	93,334
Cuba			141,786	2,000	1,094,679	5,000
Dominican Republic .			13,536	~,000	103,770	7,200
El Salvador			19,598	10,000	88,578	20,000
French West Indies .		W-17	-	-	2,296	_
Guatemala			46,085	-	153,909	-
Haiti	42,039		37,328	-	183,384	-
Honduras		15,380	1,818	- /	13,217	15,380
Netherlands Antilles	16,060	-	9,486	-	90,666	-

#### Exports of Canadian Wheat and Wheat Flour, August—December 1950 - Concluded

D - 1 . 1	Nove	ember	December		August—December	
Destination	Wheat 1/	Wheat 2/	Wheat 1/	Wheat 2/	Wheat 1/3	/ Wheat 2/
PATCHILLO MOTHEOU	- bush	els -	- bush	els -	- bush	els -
FOREIGN COUNTRIES						
North America Nicaragua	6,678		2,551		34,227	
Panama	23,422		22,477		111,100	
St. Pierre Miquelon.	1,031		2,326		8,545	
	2,-22		~,,,~		0,747	
United States						
Flour in terms						
of wheat	62,671	-	52,650		238,923	
For grinding in						
bond 5/	-	1,620,283	- 1	1,244,287	-	5,017,256
For domestic		0.45 0.17		001 501		
consumption 5/	1,589	387,041	3,159	904,504	8,397	1,401,720
Virgin Islands	1, 709	-	3,177	-	0,271	
Oceania						
Guam	459	-	- 3	-	918	_
South America	2 7/0	13 720		23.0.000	2 714	F12 / 2 / F1
Bolivia	1,148	41,738	-	312,929	1,148	716,167
Chile	- 31	696,267			_	2,136,664
Colombia	20,101	226,623	8,937	96.222	434,587	987,286
Ecuador	9,518	77,516	18,054	-	55,935	
Peru	31,442	-	688		32,130	75,627
Surinam	17,338		6,484	- 1	65,983	
Venezuela	173,601	1,104	65,988	topic - U.S.	1,291,122	4,770
Tot ol o		N. COLUMN				
Totals, Foreign Countries	1.315.098	8,172,930	1.011.370	4.864.408	6.714.953	30.788.812
	2,525,476	0,212,750	2,022,010	4,004,400	091249///	20,100,012
Grand Totals,						
Exported	4.732.447	17,808,128	3.960.063	10,178,534	17./37.392	68 327 51.1

<sup>1/</sup> Canadian Customs Returns - Conversion rate 4 1/2 wheat bushels equal 1 barrel.

<sup>2/</sup> Overseas clearances as reported by the Statistics Branch of the Board of Grain Commissioners. Subject to revision.

<sup>2/</sup> Exports for August and September 1950 revised to remove effect of time lag in the returns made by Customs.

<sup>4/</sup> Revised: 12,710 bushels deducted from Belgium and added to Switzerland.

<sup>5/</sup> Compiled from returns of Canadian elevator licensees and advice from American grain correspondents.

### Weekly Average Prices of Canadian Wheat Basis in Store Fort William-Port Arthur or Vancouver

		Week	ending	
Grade	Dec. 30	Jan. 6	Jan. 13	Jan. 20
	- (	cents and ei	ghths per bu	ishel -
CANADIAN WHEAT BOARD CASH PRICES				
WHEAT				
(1) Initial Payment to Producers 195	0-51 Pool			
1 Hard	140	140	140	140
1 Northern	140	140	140	140
2 Northern	137	137	137	137
3 Northern	130	130	130	130
4 Northern	122	122	122	122
5 Wheat	112	112	112	112
6 Wheat	106	106	106	106
Feed Wheat	100	100	100	100
(2) Domestic and Export				
(International Wheat Agreement)				
1 Hard	190/6	189/1	189/1	189/2
1 Northern	190/6	189/1	189/1	189/2
2 Northern	187/6	186/1	186/1	186/2
3 Northern	183/6	182/1	182/1	182/2
4 Northern	178/6	177/1	177/1	177/2
5 Wheat	165/6	165/1	166/5	168/2
6 Wheat	160/6	161	163/5	165/2
Feed Wheat	152/6	151/1	152/1	152/2
1 C.W. Garnet	182/6	181/1	181/3	182/2
2 C.W. Garnet	181/6	180/1 175/1	180/3	181/2
3 C.W. Garnet	176/6	189/1	175/3	176/2
1 Alta. Red Winter	187/6	186/1	186/1	186/2
3 Alberta Winter	182/6	181/1	181/1	181/2
1 C. W. Amber Durum	190/6	189/1	189/1	189/2
2 C.W. Amber Durum	188/6	187/1	187/1	187/2
3 C.W. Amber Durum	178/6	177/1	177/1	177/2
	210)	-117-	211/-	-11/~
(3) Export - Class II				
1 Hard	197/6	196/1	197/3	203/1
1 Northern	197/6	196/1	197/3	203/1
2 Northern	194/6	193/1	194/3	200/1
3 Northern	190/6	189/1	190/3	196/1
4 Northern	185/6	184/1	185/3	191/1
5 Wheat	165/6	165/1	166/5	168/2
6 Wheat	160/6	161	163/5	165/2
Feed Wheat	152/6	151/1	152/1	152/2
1 C.W. Amber Durum	197/6	196/1	197/3	203/1
2 C.W. Amber Durum	195/6	194/1	195/3	201/1
3 C.W. Amber Durum	185/6	184/1	185/3	191/1

Licensed Storage Capacity of Canadian Grain Elevators as at December 1, 1950

Bu.   Bu.   Bu.   Bu.   Bu.   Bu.	Province	Kind of Licence	Elevators Proper and Permanet Annexes	Temporary Annexes	Total
Manitoba: Public Country 26,599,100 8,671,000 35,270,100 Private Country 87,000 - 87,000 Mill 1,775,000 - 1,775,000 Semi-Public Terminal 2,940,000 200,000 3,140,000 34,901,100 8,871,000 43,772,100			bu.	bu.	bu.
Private Country			WESTER	N DIVISION	
Private Terminal   2,940,000   200,000   3,140,000   3,500,000   3,500,000   3,500,000   3,500,000   3,500,000   3,500,000   3,500,000   34,901,100   8,871,000   43,772,100   5askatchewan: Public Country   107,572,700   36,307,700   143,880,400   Private Country   29,000   - 29,000   4,906,500   - 4,906,500   - 4,906,500   - 11,000,000   - 11,000,000   - 11,000,000   - 11,000,000   - 123,508,200   36,307,700   159,815,900   36,307,700   159,815,900   - 207,500   - 207	Manitoba:	Private Country	87,000	8,671,000	87,000
Saskatchewan: Public Country		Private Terminal	2,940,000	200,000	3,140,000
Private Country			34,901,100	8,871,000	43,772,100
Alberta: Public Country 72,044,400 25,811,950 97,856,350	Saskatchewan:	Private Country	29,000 4,906,500	36,307,700	29,000 4,906,500
Private Country 207,500 - 207,500 Mill			123,508,200	36,307,700	159,815,900
### British Public Country	Alberta:	Private Country Mill Private Terminal	207,500 3,994,000 1,755,000	25,811,950	207,500 3,994,000 1,755,000
Columbia:       Mill				25,811,950	
Ontario: Public Country 65,000 - 65,000  Mill		Mill	1,150,110 20,474,500	243,000	1,150,110 20,474,500
Mill			23,975,610	243,000	24,218,610
Totals, Western Division 352,483,020 71,233,650 423,716,670  EASTERN DIVISION  Ontario: Eastern 52,325,000 - 52,325,000 Quebec: Eastern 24,912,000 - 24,912,000 New Brunswick: Eastern 3,076,800 - 3,076,800 Nova Scotia: Eastern 2,200,000 - 2,200,000  Totals, Eastern Division 82,513,800 - 82,513,800	Ontario:	Mill Private Terminal	1,480,000 2,435,000	-	1,480,000 2,435,000
EASTERN DIVISION           Ontario:         Eastern         52,325,000         -         52,325,000           Quebec:         Eastern         24,912,000         -         24,912,000           New Brunswick:         Eastern         3,076,800         -         3,076,800           Nova Scotia:         Eastern         2,200,000         -         2,200,000           Totals,         Eastern Division         82,513,800         -         82,513,800			85,997,210	-	85,997,210
Ontario:       Eastern       52,325,000       -       52,325,000         Quebec:       Eastern       24,912,000       -       24,912,000         New Brunswick:       Eastern       3,076,800       -       3,076,800         Nova Scotia:       Eastern       2,200,000       -       2,200,000         Totals,       Eastern Division       82,513,800       -       82,513,800	Totals, We	stern Division	352,483,020	71,233,650	423,716,670
Ontario:       Eastern       52,325,000       -       52,325,000         Quebec:       Eastern       24,912,000       -       24,912,000         New Brunswick:       Eastern       3,076,800       -       3,076,800         Nova Scotia:       Eastern       2,200,000       -       2,200,000         Totals,       Eastern Division       82,513,800       -       82,513,800			EASTER	N DIVISION	
	Quebec: New Brunswick	Eastern	52,325,000 24,912,000 3,076,800	-	24,912,000 3,076,800
Grand Totals, Licensed Storage 434,996,820 71,233,650 506,230,470	Totals, Ea	stern Division	82,513,800	-	82,513,800
	Grand Total	ls, Licensed Storage	434,996,820	71,233,650	506,230,470

Source: Board of Grain Commissioners for Canada.

Type of Storage	Location	Capacity
		bu.
Licensed Permanent Storage - Licensed Temporary Storage - Unlicensed Permanent Storage	Western Division	352,483,020 82,513,800 71,233,650
Total Storage Capacity, Temporary and	Licensed and Unlicensed, Permanent	520,180,770 1/

<sup>1/</sup> Permanent storage accounted for 448,947,120 bushels of this amount. For a historical series on the capacity of Canadian grain elevators at December 1, 1900-1949 see page 15 of the January 1950 issue of this publication.

Total licensed grain storage capacity in Canada at December 1, 1950 amounted to 506.2 million bushels of which 435.0 million were in elevators proper and permanent annexes and 71.2 million in temporary annexes. On the same date unlicensed storage capacity was 14.0 million bushels, making a combined total of 520.2 million bushels of licensed and unlicensed storage. On a regional basis, 83.7 per cent of the total licensed storage capacity was located in the Western Division and 16.3 per cent in the Eastern Division. Total licensed storage capacity of elevators in the Prairie Provinces was as follows in million of bushels: Saskatchewan, 159.8; Alberta 109.9; and Manitoba, 43.8.

A summary of licensed and unlicensed elevators in Canada compiled by the Board of Grain Commissioners indicates that all but 131 of the total of 5,598 are public country elevators. Mill, semi-public terminal, and eastern elevators make up the bulk of the remainder.

Number of Elevators, Licensed and Unlicensed, as at December 1, 1950

	Public Country	Private Country	Mill	Private Terminal	Public Terminal	Semi- Public Terminal	Eastern	Total
B.C	31	1 1	11		1	9	mo <u>r</u> e	52
Alta		4	12	4	3	To The last	_	1,713
Sask		1	10	-	2	-	-	3,047
Man	707	4	6	2	-	2	-	721
Ont	5	-	3	2	-	25	18	53
Que	-	-	-	-	-	-	8	8
N.B	-		-	-	-	-	3	3
N.S	-	-		-	-	-	1	1
Canada	5,467	9	42	8	6	36	30	5,598

#### CANADIAN FLOUR MILLING SITUATION

Production - Wheat flour production reported by Canadian mills for December 1950 amounted to 2.0 million barrels, a decrease of approximately 6 per cent from each of the preceding two months. Mills reporting operations during December had a rated capacity of 97,159 barrels and, on the basis of a 25-day working period, 81.3 per cent of the rated capacity was effective. Production for the first five months of 1950-51 showed an increase over the corresponding period of 1949-50, with the totals standing at 9.8 million and 9.0 million barrels, respectively.

Exports - Customs returns indicate that Canadian wheat flour exports during December amounted to 880,014 barrels, with approximately 64 per cent of the total, 559,587 barrels, going to the United Kingdom. The next largest shipments went to the Philippine Islands (62,500 barrels), Cuba (31,508 barrels), Trinidad and Tobago (20,326 barrels) and Japan (19,467 barrels). The preliminary total for the first five months of 1950-51 places flour exports at 3.9 million barrels, compared with 4.2 million in the August-December period of the previous crop year.

Production and Exports of Wheat Flour, Canada, 1938-39 to 1950-51

Crop Year	Production	Exports 1/
	- barrels of l	196 pounds -
1938-39 1939-40 1940-41 1941-42 1942-43 1943-44 1944-45 1945-46 1946-47 1947-48 1948-49 1949-50	15,197,297 17,778,311 19,575,833 19,905,741 23,590,516 24,303,833 24,634,905 26,435,341 28,588,456 24,159,696 20,379,997 20,259,2002/	4,604,245 6,781,367 10,288,827 10,205,778 12,575,215 13,464,371 13,923,832 14,470,177 16,896,233 13,661,573 10,687,561 10,151,090
1950-51 August September October November December Totals	1,713,860 1,859,762 2,107,612 2,104,476 1,974,903	680,010 505,125 758,172 1,051,655 880,014
Same Period 1949-50	9,032,064	4,248,189

<sup>1/</sup> Based on Customs returns. Exports for the crop years 1945-46 to 1949-50, and August and September 1950 revised to remove effect of time lag in the returns made by Customs. Subsequent months to be revised as data become available.

<sup>2/</sup>Revised.

#### UNITED STATES SITUATION

Supply Position - A further revision of the July 1, 1950 carryover stocks has increased total estimated wheat supplies for the 1950-51 crop year to just over the 1,450 million bushel level, almost the same as in 1949-50. Half of the total supplies, some 725 million bushels, is expected to be used domestically, leaving an equivalent amount for export and carryover. Exports of wheat, wheat flour and macaroni for the first half of the 1950-51 crop year totalled 108 million bushels, a decrease of 36 per cent from the 169 million bushels exported during the first half of 1949-50. As a result of reduced exports during the July-December period of 1950, the balance remaining for export on January 1, 1951 was 618.5 million bushels, 61.5 million greater than on the same date last year.

United States Wheat Supplies

Item	1950-51	1949-50
	- million	bushels -
Carryover at July 1	423.3 1,026.8 1.4	307.8 1,141.2
Total estimated supplies	1,451.5	1,449.5
Less estimated domestic requirements for crop year	725.0	723.4
Available for export and carryover	726.5	726.1
Deduct:  Exports of wheat as grain, July 1 to December 31  Exports of wheat flour and macaroni in terms of wheat,	91.8	147.8
July 1—December 31	16.2	21.3
Total exports of wheat, wheat flour and macaroni	108.0	169.1
Balance on January 1 for export and carryover	618.5	557.0

No Acreage Allotments for 1951-Crop Corn and Wheat - The following report is extracted from a press release of the Production and Marketing Administration, United States Department of Agriculture, dated January 5, 1951:

Secretary of Agriculture Charles F. Brannan announced today that there will be no acreage allotments on the 1951 crops of corn and wheat.

"This action is being taken," the Secretary said, "because of the need for maximum production of these basic food and feed grains in the national emergency proclaimed by the President on December 16. Ample supplies of both corn and wheat are an essential safeguard in the national defense program. .....

"As for wheat, even though the supply of wheat is substantially greater than domestic requirements and probable exports during the remainder of the 1950-51

marketing year, it is advisable to terminate acreage allotments at this time. The wheat carryover at the end of this current marketing season is not expected to exceed 430 million bushels, which would be about the same as at the beginning of the season. Termination of all wheat allotments at this time will afford producers an opportunity to increase their acreage of spring wheat.

"This call for increased acreages of wheat and corn," the Secretary warned, "does not mean a call for a plow-up of acreages that from the standpoint of conservation might better be left in hay or pasture and other essential crops. For our increased live-stock numbers we will need pasture as well as feed, and each farmer should make sure that in devoting more land to wheat and corn he is not doing violence to continuing needs for soil conservation." .....

Secretary Brannan had announced on June 26, 1950 that no marketing quotas would be proclaimed for the 1951 wheat crop but that acreage allotments would be issued at a later date. On July 14 a national allotment of 72.8 million acres was announced for the 1951 crop. This amount was the same as the final wheat allotment for 1950.

With average yields, it was expected that the 1951 allotment would result in a 1951 wheat crop of 1,150 million bushels. This compares with a 1950 crop of approximately 1,027 million bushels. State acreage allotments for the 1951 crop were announced on August 1, with the statement that the State allotments would in turn be broken down by each State into county allotments, which would then be divided into individual farm allotments.

Today's announcement relieves all wheat producers from compliance with allotments as a condition for price support which has been announced at 90 per cent of parity as of July 1, 1951. On August 21, the Secretary announced a national average price support of not less than \$1.99 a bushel for 1951-crop wheat, which is the same as the support level now in effect for the 1950 crop. .....

Wheat Stocks on Farms - According to the January crop report of the United States Department of Agriculture, January 1 stocks of wheat on farms totalled 335,670,000 bushels, slightly larger than the 327 million bushels on farms a year ago but the second lowest stocks for the date since 1941. The 10-year average stocks was 368 million bushels. Disappearance of wheat from farms during the October—December 1950 period amounted to 148 million bushels, compared with disappearance of 145 million bushels for the like period a year ago and the 10-year average of 141 million bushels. Except for a low disappearance in the South Central States, where a short crop was produced last year, movement of the crop from farms has been about normal. In the North Dakota and Montana, high moisture content wheat has delayed movement to market to some extent, while the lack of available box cars has slowed movement from country elevators to terminal markets in areas where large crops were produced last year.

Farm reserves of wheat are considerably higher than a year ago in the late spring wheat States of North Dakota, Montana, Washington and Idaho. Likewise, Nebraska stocks are relatively large compared with recent years but the crop of 1950 was rather large. However, stocks of wheat in most of the eastern North Central States is relatively low compared with farm holdings a year earlier. In the southern Great Plains States of Kansas, Oklahoma, Texas and New Mexico, January 1 wheat stocks are materially below a year ago. The combined Texas and Oklahoma farm stocks of 5,420,000 bushels are only one-fourth as large as the

21,691,000 bushels in these 2 States a year earlier. The short 1950 crop production in these States is the main factor contributing to low farm stocks in this area.

July—December Grain Exports - On January 22 the Production and Marketing Administration of the U. S. Department of Agriculture estimated July—December exports of United States grains and grain products at approximately 5,468,000 long tons (217,637,000 bushels of grain equivalent) as compared with 7,319,000 long tons (288,708,000 bushels of grain equivalent) in the like period of 1949.

United States Grain Exports, July-December 1949 and 1950

	19	49	1950		
Month	Wheat, Flour and Macaroni	Other Grains and Products 1/	Wheat, Flour and Macaroni	Other Grains and Products 1/	
Clarification of English Applications, after any temperature and management of the Application of Applications of the Control		- thous	sand bushels -		
July, August September October November December	30,949 30,799 33,337 25,947 23,095 24,973	19,999 24,086 15,950 12,923 24,256 22,394	18,316 14,830 18,141 18,353 18,719 19,634 <u>2</u> /	13,694 18,290 15,540 17,948 22,495 21,677 2/	
Totals	169,100	119,608	107,993	109,644 3/	

<sup>1/</sup> Includes corn, oats, grain sorghums, barley, rye, corn grits and meal, corn starch and flour, oatmeal and malt.

Flour Production - Wheat flour production by United States mills during November totalled 18.5 million sacks, a decline of 0.3 million sacks from the October output, according to the Bureau of the Census. The average production per working day in November was 881,000 sacks compared with a daily average of 855,000 sacks in October, and 909,000 sacks per working day in November, 1949. Production in most states showed an average decrease of about 4 per cent from the October level but this decrease was offset by increases averaging 6 per cent in six of the states. Wheat flour mills operated at 76.8 per cent of capacity in November, compared with 74.5 per cent in the previous month. Wheat grindings amounted to 42.9 million bushels in November as against 43.7 million in October.

<sup>2/</sup> Preliminary.

<sup>3/</sup> Includes 54,224,000 bushels of corn, 835,000 bushels of oats, 37,098,000 bushels of grain sorghums, 11,952,000 bushels of barley, and 835,000 bushels of rye. (Corn includes 17,813,000 bushels to Canada, a part of which is for storage for U. S. commercial accounts).

Chicago and Minneapolis Cash Wheat - New seasonal high points were posted in both the Chicago and Minneapolis cash wheat markets early in January, with No. 1 Dark Northern reaching the \$2.40 per bushel level in the latter market for the first time since last July. Both futures and cash markets remained highly sensitive to international developments, and some uncertainty was also evident as to the status of grains under the impending price controls. Some strength was added to the cash market through record sales under the International Wheat Agreement, amounting to 11.6 million bushels in the week ending January 9 and 19.0 million bushels in the following week. Domestic demand, however, was rather quiet, with millers generally acquiring only sufficient inventories for current needs.

Daily Cash Wheat Prices on the Chicago and Minneapolis Markets

Date	Chicago		M	inneapolis
Date	Grade	Price	Grade	Price
	c	ents per bu.		cents per bu.
Dec. 29, 1950 30	4 Mixed	234 1/4 Market Clo	1 Dark Northern	238 1/2
Jan. 1, 1951		New Year's	Day	
2 3 4 5 6 8 9 10 11 12 13 15 16 17 18 19 20 22 23 24	2 Red Tough 3 Red Tough 1 Yellow Hard 3 Red Tough 4 Hard 3 Red 4 Red 3 Red None Sple. Grade Red 2 Mixed 2 Red 4 Red 3 Red 5 Red 7 Red	246 1/2	1 Dark Northern	238 5/8 - 239 5/8 239 1/8 - 240 1/8 237 3/4 - 238 3/4 240 3/4 241 5/8 240 3/8 240 1/4 238 240 5/8 238 7/8 239 1/8 239 1/8 239 1/4 - 240 1/4 241 1/8 241 5/8

Chicago Wheat Futures The Chicago wheat futures market maintained
a predominantly firm tone throughout the period January 2 to 27, with all futures
reaching new highs in the early part of the month. General international
conditions, particularly the Korean situation and the possibility of stockpiling
supplies, continued to outweigh such normally bearish factors as large stocks,
reduced exports, and the removal of acreage allotments on the 1951 crop. Further
uncertainty during the month was added to the market through speculation as to
what effect price controls would have. However, when the regulations were made
known on January 26, grains were not affected because they were selling below
parity levels. The market reacted favourably on the following day, with all
futures advancing from 2 to 3 cents.

Chicago Wheat Futures, High Points of Closing

Date	March	May	July	September
	-	cents and eighth	s per bushel -	
January 1, 1951		New Year	's Day	
2	246/3	245	240/1	241/1
3	247	245/6	241/1	242/3
4	246/7	245/3	241	242/6
5	247/4	246	241/5	243/2
6	246/4	245/1	240/3	241/7
8	248/1	247	242	243
9	248/3	247/3	241/5	242/5
10	246/1	246/1	240/4	241/5
11	246/3	245/5	239/4	240/7
12	245/4	245/3	239/2	240/2
13	243/1	243/1	236/1	237/4
15	244/6	245	238	239
16	243	243/3	236/4	237/4
17	243/6	243/5	237/7	239/2
18	242/3	242/7	237/5	238/1
19	243/5	243/7	239/2	240
20		245/2	241/3	242
	244/6		242	242/3
22	245/3	246/1		
23	245/2	246	241	241/2
24	244/2	244/4	239/5	239/7
25	244/6	244/5	239/4	240/3
26	244/2	244	238/3	239/1
27	246/2	246/7	241/4	242/4

#### ARGENTINE SITUATION

Supply Position - The 1950 Argentine wheat crop has been officially estimated at 222 million bushels, an increase of 33 million over the 1949 outturn. While no official statistics are available on the carryover at December 1, trade sources have indicated that it was probably in the neighbourhood of 7 million bushels. A carryover of this size together with the new crop would place total supplies for 1950-51 at 229 million bushels, slightly less than for 1949-50. On the assumption that domestic requirements will be comparable to those for 1949-50, approximately 100 million bushels will be available for export and carryover. Trade sources are of the opinion, however, that the new crop could be as much as 20 million bushels below the official estimate and, if this should prove correct, estimates of amounts available for domestic use and export will have to be reduced accordingly.

Argentine Wheat Supplies

Item	1950-51	1949-50
	- million	bushels -
Carryover at beginning of crop year (December 1) New crop	7 222	44 189
Total estimated supplies	229	233
Less estimated domestic requirements for crop year	129	129
Available for export and carryover  Deduct:	100	104
Exports of wheat as grain, December Exports of wheat flour in terms of wheat, December	5 <u>1</u> /	5 <u>1</u> /
Total exports of wheat and wheat flour	5	5
Balance on January 1 for export and carryover	95	99

1/less than 100,000 bushels.

Exports of wheat during December 1950 amounted to approximately 5 million bushels, the same as in December 1949. Based on the statistical position as indicated above, the balance remaining on January 1, 1951 for export and carry-over was 95 million bushels as against 99 million a year ago. Data for both years are subject to revision as additional information is made available.

The following account of the Argentine situation has been extracted from a report provided by Mr. W. B. McCullough, Commercial Secretary (Agriculture) at Buenos Aires, and is reproduced with the kind permission of the Trade Commissioner Service. Where practicable, conversions of Argentine measures to Canadian equivalents have been made for the convenience of our readers. Price conversions have been made in terms of the United States dollar at the rate of 5 pesos to the dollar.

Growing Conditions - Weather conditions were generally variable throughout the grain belt over the past four weeks. There were heavy showers of up to 3 inches in the corn zone the last week of December, bringing the total rainfall in some districts in southern Santa Fe to above normal for this period. In the

provinces of Cordoba and La Pampa rainfall has been light during the past month. In all zones there were strong winds and scattered hail storms causing damage to unharvested grain. Pastures are generally good for this time of the year.

Wheat - The first official estimate of the 1950-51 wheat crop, recently published, placed the crop at 6,045,800 metric tons (222.1 million bushels) as compared with the official estimate of 5,144,000 (189.0 million bushels) last season. This figure was included in the monthly publication of statistics, the second to be issued since 1948, and presumably made before the damage from rust was fully appraised. Lately, trade estimates have placed the crop at about 5.5 million tons (202.1 million bushels). Harvesting is practically completed in all zones. The wet weather in late November and early December favoured the development of rust and together with damage from frost, has resulted in a considerable variation in yields. In Cordoba, yields were from 500 to 1,200 kilos per hectare (7.4 to 17.8 bushels per acre) in Santa Fe from 600 to 1,500 (8.9 to 22.3 bushels per acre) and in Entre Rios and La Pampa from 700 to 1,100 kilos per hectare (10.4 to 16.4 bushels per acre). In the south of the province of Buenos Aires, which suffered less from rust damage, yields were from 1,000 to 1,600 kilos per hectare (14.9 to 23.8 bushels per acre).

As a result of the extensive damage from rust, the quality of this year's crop is poorer than last year, particularly in the northern zone where there is a substantial percentage which will grade only as feed wheat. It has been announced that IAPI will buy feed wheat at 21.00 pesos per 100 kilos (\$1.14 per bushel) as compared with 30.50 pesos (\$1.66 per bushel) for standard grade wheat.

Increase in Current Producers' Prices for Grains - On January 12th the Ministry of Economic Affairs announced an increase of 2.50 pesos on the basic prices for the 1950-51 crops of wheat, oats, barley and rye. This brings growers' prices for wheat to 30.50 (\$1.66 per bushel), oats 21.00 (\$0.65 per bushel), brewers' barley 23.50 (\$1.02 per bushel) and rye 23.50 (\$1.19 per bushel) all per 100 kilos, basis railcar Buenos Aires.

The original prices for the current crops were announced last April, well in advance of seeding. However, costs of production have been rising in the meantime and rural organizations have been pressing for an increase of up to 5 pesos (\$1.00) in the official prices. It is claimed that the new wage scale for harvest labour announced in December has absorbed almost all the increase over last year's price. Wind and hail storms in December and attacks of rust have greatly reduced yields and made the wheat crop much less remunerative. Other adverse factors have been the higher cost of sacks, the rise in road transport tariffs, the shortage and high cost of machinery and spare parts.

The new prices to the grower, as compared with those prevailing previously, in dollars per bushel, railcar Buenos Aires, are as follows:

Growers' Prices - Argentina

Grain	1949-50	Former	Former Prices 1950-51			New Prices 1950-51(Jan.12)		
		Basic	Bonus	Total	Basic	Bonus	Total	
Wheat	1.28	1.28	0.24	1.52	1.42	0.24	1.66	
Oats	0.43	0.43	0.14	0.57	0.51	0.14	0.65	
Rye	0.84	0.84	0.23	1.07	0.96	0.23	1.19	
Brewers' Barley.	0.74	0.74	0.17	0.91	0.85	0.17	1.02	

Property owners selling grain in payment of rent receive the basic price and not the bonus. Any deductions or premiums on a percentage basis from the specific weight are calculated on the basic price. In addition, landowners receiving grain as rent must pay for new sacks at the following rates: wheat 0.83 pesos (16.6 cents); oats 1.18 pesos (23.6 cents); barley 0.90 pesos (18 cents); rye 0.83 pesos (16.6 cents) and flax 0.82 pesos (16.4 cents) per sack.

New Sales: India - A new barter deal has been completed whereby Argentina will supply 468,000 metric tons (17.2 million bushels) of wheat for 60,000 tons of Indian jute, to be shipped during the current year. Last year the quantities involved were 546,000 tons (20.1 million bushels) of wheat for 70,000 tons of jute covered by two barter deals.

France - Under the terms of a protocol to the trade agreement between France and Argentina, the latter agrees to supply the following grains during the current year valued in millions of French francs: wheat 4,300 corn 9,800 and flaxseed and linseed oil 4,100.

Grain Exports - Wheat shipments during the year 1950 show a considerable improvement over last year as do oats and flax. Other grains, however, especially corn, are on a lower level. Flax appears among exports for the first time in three years due to the reversal of government policy to ship flax unprocessed.

Argentine Grain Shipments

Consideration	1050	10/0	10/0
Grain	1950	1949	1948
		- thousand bushels -	Truckli buch
Wheat Corn Flax Oats Rye Barley	100,811 31,118 5,160 25,246 6,782 4,399	67,492 42,574 - 12,443 7,720 9,108	78,765 99,237 - 5,288 5,573 30,583
		- short tons -	
Flour Bran and middlings	7,411 242,823	2,262 285,941	12,564 399,486

Brazil remained Argentina's best customer for wheat taking 974,156 tons (35.8 million bushels) in 1950 as compared with 746,463 tons (27.4 million bushels) last year. Italy took a little over 500,000 tons (18.4 million bushels) in both 1949 and 1950, but in the latter year India became prominent for absorbing 517,333 tons (19.0 million bushels) on an exchange deal for jute. Spain, which was in third position in 1949, became a minor importer of Argentine wheat in 1950 due to the cancellation of the Argentine credit facilities.

Shipments by destination for the year 1950 are as follows:

Exports of Argentine Grain, January-December 1950

Destination	Wheat	Corn	Flax	Oats	Rye	Barley
			thousand by	ushels -		
Austria					14	
Belgium	388	2,493	39	1,245	114	164
Brazil	35,794	-	-	6	-	-
Canada	-	-	_	1,471	-	_
Chile	2,186	-	-	-	-	-
Cuba	-	-	-	162	84	-
Denmark	-		39	167	829	-
Finland	559	-	-	-		-
France	-	8,799	1,005	-	-	-
French Africa	- / 51/0	110	-0/0	-	-	-
Germany	6,760	3 500	262	1,748	333	454
Holland	214	1,503	1,693	5,570	958	459
India	19,009	87		491	-	30
Ireland	18,690	410	180	1,860	981	Ø4
Italy	7,413	410	100	1,000	401	7 / 57
Lebanon	(944)			126	276	1,451
Norway			Se. Mill	389	1,569	_
Paraguay	1,219		_	-	1,007	
Peru	1,463	_	-		_	
Portugal	1,159	105	-	324	-	_
South Africa	-	-	-	1,174	-	
Spain	1,793	92	-	-	1,653	-
Sweden	1,781	1,626	-	396	-	-
Switzerland	2,383	1,132	20	7,363	55	1,841
United Kingdom	-	13,662	1,906	-	-	-
United States	-		-	2,530		_
Uruguay		1,099	-	224	-	-
Yugoslavia		No bear	16			-
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Totals	100,811	31,118	5,160	25,246	6,782	4,399

#### AUSTRALIAN SITUATION

Supply Position - Australian wheat supplies for 1950-51 are currently placed at 226.6 million bushels, comprised of carryover stocks of 41.6 million and the new crop estimated at 185 million. While carryover stocks are more than double those of November 30, 1949, the indicated decrease in production from the 1949 crop leaves current crop-year supplies some 10.7 million below those of 1949-50. However, estimates of both stocks and production are preliminary and trade sources are of the opinion that the new crop may amount to more than the 185 million bushels indicated in the preliminary estimate. On the assumption that domestic requirements are the same as those for 1949-50 (79 million bushels), a balance of 147.6 million will be available for export and carryover in 1950-51.

#### Australian Wheat Supplies

Item	1950-51 1	1949-50 2/
	- million	bushels -
Carryover at November 30 (including flour as wheat)  New crop	41.6	19.1 218.2
Total estimated supplies	226.6	237.3
Less estimated domestic requirements for crop year	79.0	79.0
Available for export and carryover	147.6	158.3
Deduct: Exports of wheat as grain, December 1—January 6 Exports of wheat flour in terms of wheat	8.6	3.3
December 1—January 6	3.3	3.4
Total exports of wheat and wheat flour	11.9	6.7
Balance on January 7 for export and carryover	135.7	151.6

1/ Preliminary. 2/ Based on information in the December 1950 issue of the "Summary of the Wheat Situation: Australia".

Exports of wheat as grain from the beginning of the current crop year (December 1) to January 6 amounted to 8.6 million bushels, an increase of 5.3 million over the total for the comparable period in 1949-50. Exports of wheat flour in terms of wheat up to January 6, 1951 were 3.3 million bushels, practically unchanged from the preceding crop year.

Australian Cable - The following cable, dated January 15, 1950, has been received from the Commercial Secretary for Canada (Agricultural) in Melbourne:

"Australian wheat stocks at January 6th totalled 140 million bushels. Wheat exports from December 1, 1950 to January 6, totalled 8,596,000 bushels, with shipments mainly to India, Egypt and the United Kingdom. Flour exports for the same period were 61,458 long tons, with 15,873 going to Malaya, 9,492 to Egypt, 7,411 to the United Kingdom, 3,992 to Mauritius, 3,675 to Ceylon and 3,542 to Hong Kong. Deliveries of new season's wheat to Wheat Board now estimated at 167 million bushels."

Historical Data on Production and Disposal of Australian Wheat - The accompanying table on production and disposal of Australian wheat has been extracted from the December, 1950 issue of the Summary of the Wheat Situation:

Australia published by the Commonwealth Bureau of Census and Statistics, Canberra.

Production and Dispoal of Wheat, Australia

Particulars	Average three years	Year ended 30th November				
Particulars	ended Nov.30,1939	1946	1947	1948	1949	1950 (a)
		- m:	illion bu	shels -		
Opening Stocks (including						
Flour as Wheat)	10.4	11.5	20.2	13.5	26.4	19.1
Production	164.7	142.4	117.3	220.1	190.7	218.2
Total Available Supplies.	175.1	153.9	137.5	233.6	217.1	237.3
Exports:						
Wheat	75.0	19.4	12.0	87.0	82.4	116.7 (b)
Flour as wheat	31.8	37.7	34.0	44.6	37.1	22001 (0)
Local Consumption:			7 10 80	El bud 5		
Flour as wheat	30.9	32.2	33.5	33.6	34.5	35.5 (b)
Stock feed	8.2	24.4	22.2	20.7	22.6	23.5 (b) 11.7 (b)
Seed	14.6	13.2	13.8	12.0)	12.2	TT+1 (D)
Breakfast foods and other uses	(c)	3.0	4.2	4.2	4.2	3.0 (b)
Balance retained on farm	(0)	2.0	402	402	402	J.0 (b)
(excluding seed)	(d)	3.8	4.3	4.6	5.0	5.3
Closing stocks (including flour as wheat)	14.6	20.2	13.5	26.4	19.1	41.6 (b)
Total Disposals	175.1	153.9	137.5	233.6	217.1	237.3

<sup>(</sup>a) Subject to revision.

Exports of Wheat and Wheat Flour, 1949-50 - Exports of Australian wheat as grain during the crop year ended November 30, 1950 totalled 78.4 million bushels, compared with 83.0 million in 1948-49 and 60.2 million in 1947-48. India retained its position as the chief outlet for Australian wheat, receiving 35.3 million bushels, approximately 45 per cent of the total, during 1949-50. Other countries receiving substantial shipments during the crop year were the United Kingdom, 9.4 million bushels; Japan, 6.9 million; Egypt, 6.5 million; and New Zealand, 5.8 million. Flour exports during 1949-50 amounted to 775,095 short tons, compared with 854,780 in 1948-49 and 784,371 in 1947-48. The chief markets for Australian wheat flour in 1949-50, in order of size of exports, were India, Ceylon, Hong Kong, Malaya, Egypt, and the United Kingdom.

<sup>(</sup>b) Estimate.

<sup>(</sup>c) Included with flour.

<sup>(</sup>d) Included with stock feed.

#### CALENDAR OF WHEAT EVENTS

- January 4 Visible supplies of Canadian wheat, 225.2 million bushels, were at the highest level since July 19, 1945 when stocks in commercial positions totalled 229.9 million bushels.
  - 5 Secretary of Agriculture Charles F. Brannan announced that there will be no acreage allotments on the 1951 crops of corn and wheat in the United States. This statement cancelled a previous announcement requiring compliance with acreage allotments as a condition for price support on the 1951 wheat crop.
  - 9 Broomhall reports that the 1950 Italian wheat crop has been estimated at 278 million bushels as compared with 275 million in 1949, 250 million in 1948, and 278 million for the 1935-39 average.
  - 10 The Monthly Agricultural Report of the Ministry of Agriculture stated that the condition of early-sown winter wheat in England and Wales is generally satisfactory but that some later seedings are thin and backward.
    - Stocks of wheat on United States farms as at January 1, 1951 totalled 335.7 million bushels, slightly larger than the 327 million bushels on farms a year ago but the second lowest stocks for the date since 1941.
  - 12 The Argentine government in its first estimate of the 1950 wheat crop, placed production at 222 million bushels, an increase of 33 million over the 1949 outturn of 189 million bushels.
  - 13 The Canadian Wheat Board's price for Class II 'Commercial' wheat was advanced to \$2.01 1/4 per bushel, basis No. 1 Northern in store Fort William-Port Arthur or Vancouver, the first time since the decontrol of the dollar that this class has been quoted at more than \$2.00 per bushel.
  - 19 Argentine wheat exports for the calendar year 1950 amounted to 100.8 million bushels as against 67.5 million in 1949 and 78.8 million in 1948.
  - 22 Exports of United States wheat, wheat flour and macaroni during the first half of the 1950-51 crop year totalled 108 million bushels as compared with 169 million for the July—December period of 1949-50.
- 23 The Canadian Wheat Board issued instructions limiting the movement of grain from country elevators to the lakehead to damp grain only in an attempt to get it to terminal driers before the spring thaw.

  Shipment of other grades of grain to mills and destinations other than the lakehead will not be affected.
- The Rt. Hon. C. D. Howe, Minister of Trade and Commerce, announced that, effective February 1, 1951, the initial payment for western wheat delivered to the Canadian Wheat Board would be increased to \$1.60 per bushel, basis No. 1 Northern in store Fort William-Port Arthur or Vancouver. The increase of 20 cents per bushel will apply to all grades of wheat delivered or to be delivered to the Board during the 1950-51 crop year.



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