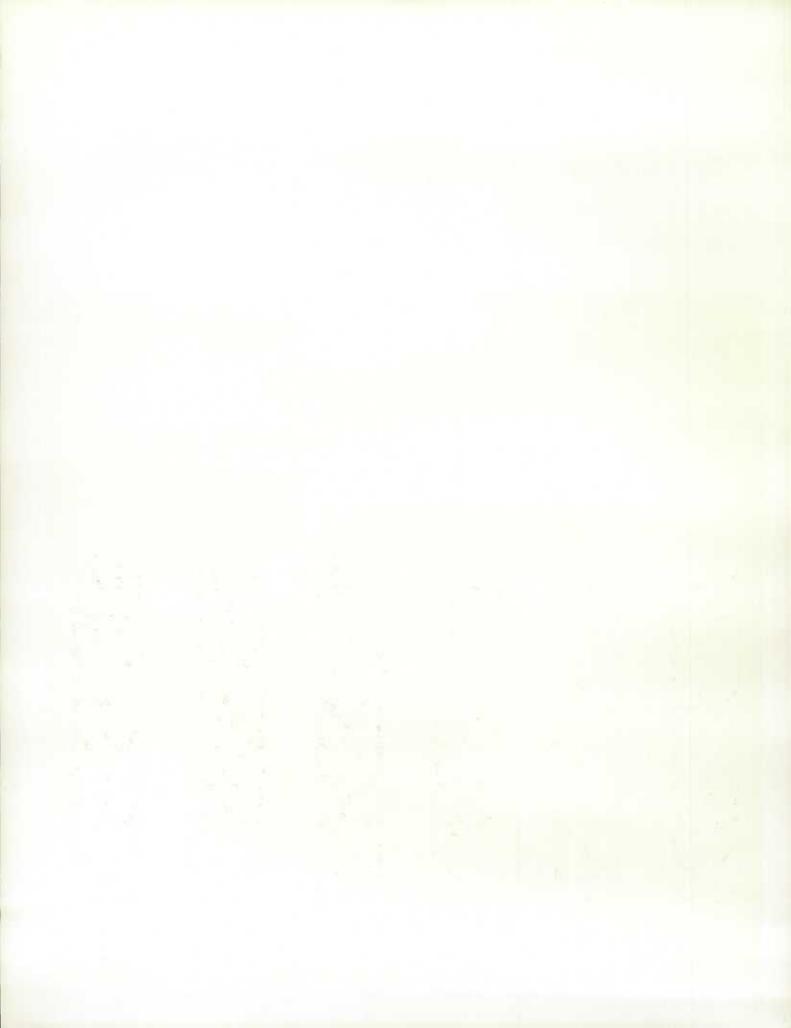
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APRIL 1973





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SYMBOLS

The following standard symbols are used in Statistics Canada publications:

- figures not available.
 - nil or zero.
- p preliminary figures.
 - revised figures.

Due to rounding, the sums of individual items may not agree exactly with the totals.

WORLD WHEAT SITUATION

Total exports of wheat and wheat flour in terms of wheat from the four traditional major exporters during the August-March period of the current crop year have amounted to 1,352.4 million bushels, 41 percent above both the 960 million bushels exported during the same eight months in 1971-72 and the ten-year (1961-62 - 1970-71) average shipments for the period. As indicated in the accompanying table, based on the Canadian crop year, shipments from Canada, United States and Argentina were higher this year than last, while exports from Australia were below those of the previous year.

Shipments from the four traditional major wheat exporters during August 1972 - March 1973, with comparisons, appear in the accompanying table.

Exports of Wheat and Flour in Terms of Wheat, August 1972 - March 1973 with Comparisons

August - March	Canada	Australia	United States	Argentina	Total	France
		millio	n bushels			
950-51	135.9	80.3	198.3	54.4	468.9	
951-52	200.1	62.8	333.4	23.9	620.2	
952-53	224.7	56.7	233.0	6.0	520.4	
953-54	170.9	40.2	125.7	78.0	414.8	
954-55	172.7	62.8	188.1	92.2	515.8	
955-56	160.8	63.5	185.5	80.4	490.2	
956-57	178.0	97.6	356.3	62.8	694.7	
957-58	197.6	46.4	255.5	48.5	548.0	
958-59	188.5	50.4	297.2	61.7	597.8	
959-60	190.9	80.1	309.7	41.5	622.2	
960-61	205.8	108.6	447.8	55.4	817.6	
961-62	244.6	141.9	476.1	54.5	917.1	
962-63	212.0	96.5	379.1	43.8	731.4	
963-64	349.6	181.5	566.5	69.5	1,167,1	
964-65	264.9	132.6	454.4	102.8	954.7	
965-66	368.0	131.7	546.6	198.3	1,244.6	
966-67	338.9	157.2	508.0	70.3	1,074.4	73.5
967-68	176.9	176.6	539.8	30.2	923.5	93.7
968-69	207.0	127.2	324.8	67.9	726.9	123.9
969-70	183.3	173.3	391.7	53.9	802.2	159.8
970-71	256.0	243.8	506.6 T	46.1	1,052.5 r	84.0
971-72 I	322.2	218.4	388.8	31.0	960.4	144.0
972-73 P	377.6	151.6	735.5	87.7	1,352.4	

⁽¹⁾ August - December only.

World Wheat Supplies
Below Previous Year

at April 1, 1973 for export and for carryover at the end of their respective crop years, at 1,576.0 million bushels, declined by 25 per cent from the 2,110.2 million at the same time a year ago. Supplies were lower in Canada, Australia and United States, while an increase occurred in Argentina as compared with those of a year ago. Supplies at April 1, 1973, in millions of bushels, were held as follows, with last year's comparable figures in brackets: Canada, 585.5(771.3); Australia, 99.7(222.1); United States, 791.9(1,055.7); and Argentina, 98.9(61.1).

Exports of Wheat and Flour in Terms of Wheat, August 1972-March 1973 with Comparisons

August-March	Canada	Australia	United States	Argentina	Total	France
		millio	on metric to	ons		
1950-51	3,699	2,185	5,397	1,481	12,762	
1951-52	5,446	1,709	9,074	650	16,880	
1952-53	6,115	1,543	6,341	163	14,163	
1953-54	4,651	1,094	3,421	2,123	11,289	
1954-55	4,700	1,709	5,119	2,509	14,038	
1955-56	4,376	1,728	5,049	2,188	13,341	
1956-57	4,844	2,656	9,697	1,709	18,907	
1957-58	5,378	1,263	6,954	1,320	14,914	
1958-59	5,130	1,372	8,089	1,679	16,270	
1959-60	5,196	2,180	8,429	1,129	16,934	
1960-61	5,601	2,956	12,187	1,508	22,252	
1961-62	6,657	3,862	12,957	1,483	24,960	
1962-63	5,770	2,626	10,318	1,192	19,906	
1963-64	9,515	4,940	15,418	1,892	31,764	
1964-65	7,209	3,609	12,367	2,798	25,983	
1965-66	10,015	3,584	14,876	5,397	33,873	
1966-67	9,223	4,278	13,826	1,913	29,241	2,000
1967-68	4,814	4,806	14,691	822	25,134	2,550
1968-69	5,634	3,462	8,840	1,848	19,783	3,372
1969-70	4,989	4,717	10,660	1,467	21,833	4,349
1970-71	6,967	6,635	13,788r	1,255	28,645r	2,286
1971-72r	8,769	5,944	10,582	844	26,138	3,919
1972–73 ^p		4,126	20,017	2,387	36,807	3,473(

(1) August - December only.

Wheat Harvest in 1972 Second Highest; Rye Production Drops According to the March 1973 issue of the "World Agricultural Production and Trade" published by the United States Department of

Agriculture, Foreign Agricultural Service world wheat production in 1972 is estimated at 308 million tons, 5 per cent below the 1971 record and just over the previous high in 1968. World wheat area was down 1 per cent at 208 million hectares. A decline of approximately 20 million tons in the Soviet Union, because of heavy winterkill and difficult harvest weather, was the main reason for the lower level. The United States produced its third largest crop at 42 million tons, down 2 million, with lower yield. The Australian harvest decreased 2.2 million tons to 6.5 million because of serious drought. Canada harvested 14.5 million tons of wheat in 1972, slightly above the previous crop. The Argentine crop, at 8.3 million tons, was 2.6 million tons higher. Brazil, however, lost two-thirds of its wheat with disastrous late-season weather. Wheat crops were generally larger than 1971 in Asia, the Indian harvest gaining 11 per cent and that of China 8 per cent. Crops were also good in northern Africa. The West European crop was unchanged at 51 million tons, although the French production was 1.2 million tons higher. East European wheat production at 31 million tons gained a million tons over the 1971 level.

The world rye crop in 1972 is estimated at 27 million tons, down 2.6 million tons. Rye area declined 1.3 million hectares, mainly in the USSR and the United States. The North American rye harvest was off about a third and at 1.2 million tons was near average, with declines in both the United States and Canada. In Western Europe, rye production declined 3 per cent, to 5.3 million tons, as area fell 2 per cent. The East European outturn was up 3 per cent, at 11 million tons. The Polish harvest was 5 per cent larger at 8.2 million tons, but area continued its long-term decline. The Soviet rye harvest was down 2.3 million tons, at 8.3 million, on a million fewer hectares.

CANADIAN SITUATION

Total estimated supplies of Canadian wheat for the 1972-73 (August-July) crop year are placed at 1,123.0 million bushels, ll per cent below the 1,263.7 million in 1971-72, reflecting a substantial decrease in carryover stocks which more than offset a small increase in production. August 1, 1972 carryover stocks, at 589.8 million bushels were 20 per cent less than the 734.2 million of 1971, while the 1972 crop placed at 533.3 million was slightly above the 529.6 million of a year ago. After making an allowance of 160.0 million bushels for anticipated domestic requirement, supplies available for export and for carryover during 1972-73 amount to 963.0 million bushels, 12 per cent less than the 1,093.5 million in 1971-72.

Canadian Wheat Supplies

Item	1971-72 ^r	1972-73P
Carryover in North America at beginning of crop year	million	bushels
(August 1)	734.2 529.6	589.8 533.3
Total estimated supplies	1.263.7	1,123.0
Less estimated domestic requirements for crop year	170.2	160.0
Available for export and for carryover	1.093.5	963.0
Deduct Exports of wheat in bulk, August-March (1) Exports of seed wheat, August-March (2)	304.6	361.4 0.3
Total exports of wheat as grain	305.3	361.7
Exports of wheat flour in terms of wheat, August-March (2)	16.9	15.9
Total exports of wheat and wheat flour	322.2	377.6
Balance on April 1 for export and for carryover	771.3	585.5

⁽¹⁾ As reported by the Canadian Grain Commission.

⁽²⁾ Customs returns, 1971-72 adjusted for time lag.

Exports at Record Level

Exports of wheat and flour in terms of wheat equivalent during the first eight months of the current crop year amounted to an all-time high of 377.6 million bushels, 17 per cent more

than the August 1971-March 1972 total of 322.2 million and 45 per cent higher than the ten-year (1961-62-1970-71) average for the period of 260.1 million bushels. This year's exports consisted of 361.4 million bushels of wheat in bulk, 0.3 million of seed and 15.9 million of flour in terms of wheat. During the comparable period last year these figures were 304.6 million of wheat in bulk, 0.8 million of seed and 16.9 million of flour in wheat equivalent. The balance remaining on April 1, 1973 for export and for carryover amounted to 585.5 million bushels, 24 per cent below the April 1, 1972 total of 771.3 million.

Marketings, Disappearance and Visible Supplies

Total primary deliveries of wheat (both east and west) up to April 11 of the current crop year have amounted to 416.3 million bushels in sharp

contrast to the 313.3 million marketed during the same period of the previous year. Some 30.7 million bushels of this year's total were delivered during the five weeks March 8 to April 11, 1973. During the same period the volume of Canadian wheat entering domestic and export channels amounted to 47.5 million bushels. As a result, the total visible supply of Canadian wheat decreased from 264.1 million at March 7, 1973 to a level of 247.8 million at April 11, 1973.

The total visible supply of Canadian wheat at April 11 this year was 9 per cent below the 1972 comparable total of 272.4 million and represented a decrease of 28 per cent from the 1971 figure of 344.3 million. Country elevator stocks, amounting to 145.4 million bushels, were 9 per cent and 34 per cent less than the 1972 total of 159.9 million and the 1971 figure of 221.5 million. Wheat stocks at interior terminals at April 11, 1973, totalled 3.9 million bushels, 22 per cent lower than the 5.0 million of a year ago and 44 per cent below the 7.0 million of two years ago. The 14.7 million bushels "in transit rail" (western division) were lessthan both the1972 figure of 19.7 million and the 18.4 million of 1971. Supplies at the Canadian Lakehead, totalling some 34.5 million bushels, declined by 15 per cent and 30 per cent, respectively, from the 40.3 million of a year ago and the 49.3 million two years ago. There were 10.3 million bushels in "transit lake" at April 11, 1973 in contrast to none at this date in either 1972 or 1971. The 9.2 million bushels in Bay, Lake and Upper St. Lawrence ports were 10 per cent above the 8.2 million of a year ago but 19 per cent less than the 11.3 million of two years ago. Supplies in Lower St. Lawrence and Maritime ports at April 11,1973, amounted to 16.6 million bushels slightly above the 16.3 million bushels at April 12,1972 and increased by 14 per cent over the 14.6 million at April 14, 1971. The 6.2 million bushels in West Coast ports (Vancouver-New Westminster, Prince Rupert and Victoria) were 8 per cent below the 6.8 million at the comparable date a year ago but sharply above the 3.3 million of 1971.

March 1973 Exports
of Wheat and Flour Total
35.4 Million Bushels

Combined exports of wheat in bulk, seed wheat and wheat flour in terms of grain equivalent, during March 1973 amounted to 35.4 million bushels, 14 per cent above the 31.0 million of the previous

month, 37 per cent more than the ten-year (1962-71) average for the month of March of 25.8 million and 44 per cent larger than the March 1972 figure of 24.6 million. Exports of wheat in bulk (as reported by the Canadian Grain Commission) during March 1973 totalled 33.3 million bushels, up 16 per cent over the February 1973 total of 28.6 million, 49 per cent larger than the ten-year average of 22.3 million and 51 per cent greater than the March 1972 total of 22.1 million. It is estimated that the equivalent of 2.0 million bushels of wheat was exported in the form of flour during March 1973, about 12 per cent less than both the previous month's figure and the March 1972 adjusted total of 2.3 million each and 35 per cent less than the ten-year average of 3.1 million bushels.

Cumulative exports of wheat in bulk during the August-March period of the current crop year amounted to 361.4 million bushels, 19 per cent above the 304.6 million shipped during the first eight months of 1971-72 and 52 per cent more than the ten-year average for the period of 237.3 million. The People's Republic of China and U.S.S.R. (Russia) were the major markets for wheat in bulk during the first eight months of the current crop year with shipments amounting to 99.8 million and 99.0 million, respectively and accounting for a combine 55 per cent of the August-March 1972-73 total. During the same months of 1971-72 shipments to these same countries were 131.4 million bushels (43 per cent of total). Other principal importers of Canadian wheat for the first eight months of the current crop year with figures for the same period of the preceding crop year in brackets, were as follows, in millions of bushels: Japan, 32.3 (33.9); Britain, 30.6 (30.1); India, 13.9 (22.9); Italy, 10.5 (11.2); Brazil, 8.3 (10.3); Germany West, 6.4 (6.8); Philippines, 5.7 (4.2); Pakistan, 5.6 (2.7); Bangladesh, 5.4 (nil); and Cuba, 5.0 (5.5).

Customs exports of seed wheat during August-March of the current crop year, based on Canadian Customs returns, amounted to 0.3 million bushels compared with last year's August-March total (adjusted to remove time lag) of 0.8 million.

Cumulative exports of wheat flour during the first eight months of the 1972-73 crop year, based on Customs returns, were the equivalent of 15.9 million bushels of wheat, 6 per cent down from the adjusted August-March 1971-72 total of 16.9 million and 26 per cent less than the 10-year average for the period of 21.5 million.

Exports of wheat flour by countries for August-March 1972-73 based on Customs data, are not available at this time.

Wheat Board Announces Wheat and Barley Sale to U.S.S.R.

On April 9, 1973 the Canadian Wheat Board announced the sale of wheat and barley to the U.S.S.R. The wheat contract covers a total of 1.5 million metric tons (approximately 58

million bushels) and will consist of a variety of grades of spring wheat and durums. The barley sale amounts to 500,00 metric tons (approximately 24 million bushels).

The shipment of these grains will be made from Pacific Coast ports, Churchill and eastern Canadian ports during the period April through October 1973. The sale was negotiated with V/O Exportkhleb the Soviet grain trading corporation.

Shipments against these contracts will be from supplies currently available in Canada and will require the heavy volume movement of western grains to be maintained throughout the current crop year.

Advances Issued Under the Prairie Grain Advance
Payments Act

Requests are received concerning the level of cash advances issued and outstanding. This information from the Canadian Wheat Board will be carried in the Wheat Review as a regular feature.

Two-Price Wheat
Payments 1971-72
Crop Year

The Honourable Otto Lang, Minister Responsible for the Canadian Wheat Board, announced that on April 25, 1973 two-price wheat payments will be made to holders of special permit book holders who delivered wheat in the 1971-72 crop year.

Regular permit book holders are expected to receive their acreage-based payments within the next two weeks. Holders of special permit books will be paid as soon after that as possible, the Minister said.

The payment will be made only to those who delivered wheat on a valid 1971-72 Canadian Wheat Board special permit book. It will be paid on deliveries of wheat up to a maximum of 4,512 bushels per special permit book holder at seven cents per bushel, providing a maximum payment of \$315.84.

Producers who hold both special and regular permit books may not receive more than \$541.44, the maximum amount which they are eligible to receive under the regular payment.

Tailoring Grain to Meet Customer Needs On April 5, 1973 the Canadian Wheat Board stated in part that Prairie grain customers at home and abroad are helping in search for new varieties for Prairie

farmers. This approach is part of two market development programs being carried out under the auspices of the Canadian Wheat Board.

The idea is to have our customers test new varieties to see which of these comes closest to meeting their needs. The results will then be used to encourage farm use of the best varieties available, to guide cereal breeders in the selection and development of future varieties and, finally, to enable customers to become familiar with the new varieties before their production becomes general on Prairie farms.

The two programs are still in their early stages. One, involving market testing of new durum varieties, started with the introduction of Hercules durum three years ago. The other, involving tests of utility wheat varieties for feeding purposes, started about nine months ago.

Many people and organizations other than the Wheat Board are involved in the two programs. These include the Research Branch of the Canada Department of Agriculture; the Grain Research Laboratory of the Canadian Grain Commission; the Food Research Institute in Ottawa; Canadian Universities; Country Elevator companies and registered seed growers in the three Prairie provinces.

Durum Program

The purpose of the durum wheat program is to place
Canada in the lead as a supplier of high quality
durum wheats. The immediate goal is to find or develop new varieties possessing
the qualities to better satisfy European (particularly Italian) tastes and, at
the same time, perform well under Prairie growing conditions.

Pre-marketing tests were initiated with the introduction of Hercules several years ago. Laboratory test indicated that Hercules possessed qualities superior to those of other Canadian durum. An extensive program was undertaken to assess acceptance of Hercules durum on the European market. Samples were sent to European cereal laboratories for testing. A survey was undertaken in the Italian community of Toronto to assess consumer reaction to spaghetti manufactured from Hercules durum. This was followed with shpments to European mills and pasta manufacturers for more extensive testing under commercial conditions.

The results showed Hercules had the colour, kernel size and semolina yield (the special flour used for the manufacture of pasta products) that European millers and manufacturers were looking for. But the glutten strength, which determines the cooking quality of pasta products, wasn't high enough to give Canada a major breakthrough in southern European markets.

So the search for better durum varieties continues. Several promising new varieties are on the immediate horizon. Three of these varieties have been included in the current market-testing program. One of them, Wakooma, has already been licenced for production in Canada. The two others, DT 332 and DT 900 are still in the experimental stage. Laboratory tests show that all of these varieties have the potential of giving Canada the durum wheat that's needed to give this country the leading share of the European market.

Samples of grain, semolina and spaghetti have been prepared and sent to Europe in advance of a technical team from Canada that is scheduled to arrive in May. The team is made up of Herman Diepenbrock, the Wheat Board's Director of Market Development-Food Grains, Gary Gilmor also of the Market Development Department, Dr. R.R. Matsuo, of the Grain Research Laboratory and Dr. D. Leisle, a plant breeder from the CDA Research Station in Winnipeg. It will visit millers, processors and research laboratories in four important durum markets, Italy, Switzerland, West Germany and Austria.

The specific purpose of the mission is to get the first hand reaction of durum wheat users to the new varieties and, at the same time, establish even closer liason with a wide cross-section of the pasta manufacturing industry in Europe for future market testing programs.

The lessons learned since the start of the market testing program for Hercules has already produced several important spin-offs. One of these is the development of testing techniques which may make it possible to assess consumer reactions to experimental varieties still in the early stages of development. Another is a much more detailed knowledge of European milling and processing techniques. This has already made it possible to simulate European milling and processing products more closely than before.

Testing utility wheats

The market development program now underway for the new utility wheats (Gleanlea and Pitic 62) is aimed specifically to test the potential of these new varieties as feed grains. It is recognized, however, that the potential for the use of utility wheat varieties as filler wheats in European flour mills and in the manufacture of noodles in Asia may be as great or greater than as a feed grain.

The present objective is to determine the value of these dual-purpose wheats as a feeding grain, particularly in relation to corn. Although Canada's present hard spring wheat varieties can readily be substituted for corn in most feed formulations, including that for poultry, corn has a definite price advantage and, as a result, is preferred by overseas feed manufacturers. The main aim then is to find a wheat variety which can be priced competitively with corn but still has a high enough yield to give Prairie farmers an acreage return comparable to that for hard spring wheat or barley.

Open Quotas for Wheat, Barley and Oats

On April 30, 1973 the Canadian Wheat Board announced open delivery quotas for wheat, barley and oats in 22 Prairie shipping blocks. The new quotas go into effect

immediately.

The change in quotas for the three grains is another step to open quotas for all grains across the Prairies. Rail shipments from areas not included in the quota change for wheat, barley and oats will be given priority and quotas for these grains will be opened in the remaining shipping blocks as soon as sufficient elevator space becomes available.

R.M. Esdale, Commissioner of the Wheat Board, said quotas for the three grains are being opened at this time to bring about an immediate increase in producer deliveries in those shipping blocks where deliveries have not kept pace with country elevator shipments. "We're gearing up for exceptionally heavy export programs in the next two months and additional quantities of wheat, oats and barley are needed to meet our sales commitments, "Mr. Esdale said.

"I realize that spring seeding operations are just getting underway and that farmers may find it hard to take time off to deliver grain to country elevators," Mr. Esdale said. "But our sales requirements are very high at this time of year and we urge producers to co-operate in stepping up deliveries at this time to facilitate the forwarding of grain to export positions so that our commitments can be fully met without shipping delays."

The 22 shipping blocks in which now have open quotas for wheat, barley and oats are as follows:

Saskatoon South

Hanna South

Saskatoon North

Hanna West

Prince Albert East

Outlook

Prince Albert South

Medicine Hat

Prince Albert West

Brooks

Biggar North

Lethbridge

Edmonton North

Vulcan

Edmonton South

Calgary

Edmonton West

Red Deer

Edmonton CP

G.S.L. Railway

N.A.R. East

N.A.R. West

The open quotas also apply in all B.C. shipping points. These are: Creston Groundbirch Dawson Creek Pouce Coupe Taylor

Wynndel

Fort St. John

General Quotas 1972-73 as at Monday, April 9, 1973

<u>C</u>

bushels per quota acre

Alberta Red Winter			2(1)	2(1)	2(1)	3	All blocks
Soft White Spring		5(2)	5(2)	5			All blocks
Rye	Open						All blocks
Flaxseed	Open						All blocks
Rapeseed (low erucic acid)	Open						All blocks
Rapeseed (other)	Open						All blocks

Special Quotas 1972-73 as at Monday, April 9, 1973

Selected Soft White Spring wheat	Open quota delivery	All blocks
Selected Pitic 62	1 carlot (50 assigned acres)	All blocks
Selected oats (3)	Rail - second carlot (60 assigned acres) Truck - 50 bushels per assigned acre	All blocks
Rye for distilleries	Open quota delivery	All blocks
Flaxseed for processors	Open quota delivery	
Rapeseed for crushers	Open quota delivery	All blocks

Selected barley

Two - Row barley	Extended to any additional carlot	All blocks
Six - Row barley (all varieties)	Extended to second carlot	All blocks
Six - Row barley (galt variety)	Extended to any additional carlot	All blocks

⁽¹⁾ The "B", "C" and "D" quota for Alberta Red Winter wheat will terminate on May 18, 1973.
(2) The "A" and "B" quota for Soft White Spring wheat will terminate on May 18, 1973.

General Quotas 1972-73 as at Monday, April 9, 1973 Canadian National Railway Blocks

No.	Name	Wheat (all others)			Feed wheat				Durum			Hercules Durum		
		C(1)	D(1)	E		C(2)		E	A(3)		С	A(4)	B(4)	С
						shels	_	_						
0 1	Winnipeg N	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	5	5	5	5	5	5
03	Winnipeg S	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	5	5	5	5	5	5
05	Winnipeg W	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	5	5	5	5	5	5
07	Brandon N	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	5	5	5	5	5	5
09	Brandon W	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	5	5	5	5	5	5
11	Melville	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	5	5	5	5	5	5
13	Dauphin	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	5	5	5	5	5	5
15	Kamsack	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	5	5	5	5	5	5
17	Saskatoon M	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	5	5	5	5	5	5
19	Saskatoon S	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	5	5	5	5	5	5
2 1	Saskatoon W	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	5	5	5	5	5	5
23	Saskatoon N	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	5	5	5	5	5	5
25	Pr. Albert E	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	5	5	5	5	5	5
27	Pr. Albert S	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	5	5	5	5	5	5
29	Pr. Albert W	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	5	5	5	5	5	5
3 1	Saskatoon E	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	5	5	5	5	5	5
33	Regina S	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	5	5	5	5	5	5
35	Regina W	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	5	5	5	5	5	5
37	Biggar N	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	5	5	5	5	5	5
39	Biggar W	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	5	5	5	5	5	5
41	Edmonton N	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	5	5	5	5	5	5
43	Edmonton S	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	5	5	5	5	5	5
45	Edmonton W	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	5	5	5	5	5	5
47	Hanna S	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	5	5	5	5	5	5
49	Hanna W	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	5	5	5	5	5	5
90	Nar West	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	5	5	5	5	5	5
98	G.S.L	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	5	5	5	5	5	5

⁽¹⁾ The "C" and "D" quota for all other wheat will terminate on May 18, 1973.

(2) The "B", "C" and "D" quota for feeding types of wheat will terminate on May 18, 1973.

(3) The "A" and "B" quota for other durum will terminate on May 18, 1973.

(4) The "A" and "B" quota for hercules durum will terminate on May 18, 1973.

General Quotas 1972-73 as at Monday, April 9, 1973 Canadian Pacific Railway Blocks

No.	Name	Wheat	(all othe		F	eed wl	neat		Di	ırum			les Du	
		C(1)	D(1)	E	B(2)	C(2)	D(2)	E	A(3)	B(3)	С	A(4)	B(4)	C
					bu	shels	per o	quota	acre					
1	Keewatin	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	5	5	5	5	5	
2	La Riviere	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	5	5	5	5	5	
3	Carberry	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	5	5	5	5	5	
4	Brandon	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	5	5	5	5	5	!
1	Weyburn	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	5	5	5	5	5	
2	Pasqua	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	5	5	5	5	5	
3	Bulyea	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	5	5	5	5	5	
4	Bredenbury	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	5	5	5	5	5	
5	Saskatoon	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	5	5	5	5	5	
6	Wilkie	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	5	5	5	5	5	
7	Assiniboia	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	5	5	5	5	5	
8	Swift Current.	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	5	5	5	5	5	
9	Outlook	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	5	5	5	5	5	
1	Medicine Hat .	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	5	5	5	5	5	
2	Brooks	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	5	5	5	5	5	
3	Lethbridge	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	5	5	5	5	5	
4	Vulcan	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	5	5	5	5	5	
5	Calagary	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	5	5	5	5	5	
6	Red Deer	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	5	5	5	5	5	
7	Edmonton	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	5	5	5	5	5	
5	N.A.R. East	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	5	5	5	5	5	
	B.C. Stations.	2	2	3	2	2	2	3	5	5	5	5	5	

⁽¹⁾ The "C" and "D" quota for all other wheat will terminate on May 18, 1973.
(2) The "B", "C" and "D" quota for feeding types of wheat will terminate on May 18, 1973.
(3) The "A" and "B" quota for other durum will terminate on May 18, 1973.
(4) The "A" and "B" quota for hercules durum will terminate on May 18, 1973.

Canadian Wheat Stocks at March 31, 1973

Total stocks of Canadian wheat at March 31, 1973 were estimated at 670.2 million bushels compared with 864.9 million on the same date in 1972 and the ten-year (1963-72) average of 877.7 million

bushels. Data for these estimates were obtained from Statistics Canada's annual March 31 survey of grain held on farms, from mill returns, and from information supplied by the Canadian Grain Commission relative to grain in commercial positions at the close of business on March 28. An estimated 411.0 million bushels, representing 61 percent of the total were held on farms, 30 per cent below last year's total of 584.0 million and 35 percent less than the 629.0 million of two years ago. All but 11 million bushels of the total farm stocks of wheat were held on farms in the Prairie Provinces. Farm-held stocks in Saskatchewan were placed at 300.0 million while those in Alberta and Manitoba were estimated at 65.0 million and 35.0 million bushels, repectively. Of the 259.2 million bushels held in off-farm positions, 148.2 million were in primary elevators compared with 163.7 million a year ago and 220.0 million two years ago. Stocks in Lakehead positions amounted to 42.4 million bushels, 14 per cent more than last year's corresponding total of 37.1 million, but 19 per cent below the 1971 level of 52.1 million. Supplies in eastern elevators, at 23.1 million bushels were 26 per cent and 24 per cent below the comparable 1972 and 1971 figures of 31.3 million and 30.5 million bushels, respectively.

Stocks of Canadian Wheat at March 31, 1971-73(1)

Position	1971	1972 °	1973 ^p
		thousand b	ushels
n Canada			. 44 . 000
On farms(2)	629,000	584,000	411,000
Primary elevators	220,000	163,661	148,232
Process elevators	4,442	4,156	4,143
Interior terminals	7,186	4,483	3,526
Vancouver-New Westminster	2,362	4,778	4,718
Victoria elevator	236	402	365
Prince Rupert	664	309	1,416
Churchill	2,950	1,046	1,831
Thunder Bay	52,072	37,095	42,400
Western division	15.388	18,581	18,575
Eastern division	2,039	1,887	1,822
Eastern elevators	30,513	31,332	23,144
Storage afloat	10.843	9,701	5,600
Eastern mills	3,500	3.293	3.389
Western mills	141	131	69
Totals in Canada	981,336	864,855	670,230
n United States			
Totals in Canada and United States .	981,336	864,855	670,230

⁽¹⁾ Stocks other than on farms and in mills compiled by the Economics and Statistics Division of the Canadian Grain Commission, as at the close of business on March 31, 1971, March 29, 1972 and March 28, 1973.

Area Intended

Canadian farmers intend to plant 24.3 million acres to all classes of wheat in

1973 according to plans as of March 15. This area is 14 per cent more than the

21.3 million acres seeded in 1972, and 25 per cent more than the 19.4 million

acres seeded in 1971. It is anticipated that the acreage of oats will total 7.7 million an 8 per
cent increase over 1972, while the area seeded to barley is expected to increase by 2 per cent to

some 12.7 million acres compared with 12.5 million in 1972. Mixed grain acreage may total 2.1

million one per cent more than the previous year and the corn for grain acreage forecast at 1.4

million acres is 6 per cent larger than in 1972. The combined fall and spring rye area of 595,000

acres indicates a 6 per cent decrease from last year's all rye acreage of 634,500. The area

intended for rapeseed in 1973 at 3.2 million acres is 2 per cent below the 3.3 million acres seeded

in 1972. Flaxseed acreage is expected to increase by 17 per cent to 1.7 million acres compared

with the 1.4 million acres sown last year. Acreage planned for soybeans at 440,000 acres is 9 per
cent more than in 1972.

Intended Acreage of Spring Wheat in Canada, as 4t March 1, 1973 Compared with Acreages in 1972

	Acreage	Acreage in	Acreage intended to be seeded in 1973					
Province	seeded in 1972(1) ^r	Per cent of 1972	Area 1973(1)	Indicated change				
	acres	%	acres	acres				
Prince Edward Island	7,000	100	7,000	unchanged				
Nova Scotia	3,700	95	3,500	- 200				
New Brunswick	5,000	104	5,200	+ 200				
Quebec	41,000	100	41,000	unchanged				
Intario	13,000	100	13,000	unchanged				
Manitoba	2,600,000	115	3,000,000	+ 400,000				
Saskatchewan	13,900,000	114	15,900,000	+2,000,000				
Alberta	4,300,000	112	4,800,000	+ 500,000				
British Columbia	115,000	104	120,000	+ 5,000				
Totals	20,984,700	114	23,889,700	+2,905,000				

⁽¹⁾ For provinces other than Ontario includes relatively small acreages of winter wheat for which annual estimates are not available.

The acreage seeded to all classes of wheat will be 24.3 million acres, an increase of 14 per cent from the 1972 area. In Manitoba the increase in acreage may be 15 per cent, in Saskatchewan 14 per cent and in Alberta 12 per cent. Prospective plantings of spring wheat including durum, of 23.9 million acres are up 14 per cent from the 1972 acreage. Durum wheat acreage is expected to decrease by 17 per cent and if the acreage intentions are carried out, Prairie farmers will plant 2,630,000 acres to this crop compared with 3,160,000 grown in 1972. Spring wheat acreage excluding durum may total 21.3 million in 1973. The 380,000 acres seeded to winter wheat in Ontario last fall was some 25,000 acres less than the 405,000 acres sown in the fall of 1971. The area harvested in 1972 was estimated at 365,000 acres.

Intended Acreage of Spring Wheat(1) in the Prairie Provinces as at March 1, 1973

Compared with Estimated Acreage 1972

Crop	М	anitoba	Saskatchewan		Albe	erta	Prairie Provinces	
	1972 ^r	1973	1972 ^r	1973	1972 ^r	1973	1972r	1973
				thousand	acres			
Wheat, all spring	2,600	3,000	13,900	15,900	4,300	4,800	20,800	23,700
urum	160	80	2,700	2,300	3 00	250	3,160	2,630
ther spring	2,440	2,920	11,200	13,600	4,000	4,550	17,640	21,070

⁽¹⁾ Includes a relatively small acreage of winter wheat.

Farmers' Deliveries of wheat from farms in the Prairie Provinces up to April 11,

Marketings of the current crop year amounted to 409.1 million bushels, 29 per cent more than the August 1, 1971 - April 12, 1972 total of 316.3 million and sharply above the ten-year (1961-62 - 1970-71) average for the period of 272.9 million bushels.

Farmers' Marketings(1) of Wheat in the Prairie Provinces 1972-73

Week e	nding	Manitoba	Saskatchewan	Alberta	Total	Last year
				bushels		
August	9, 1972	42,377	4,417,684	565,087	5,025,148	326,897
149-50	16	65,502	3,240,124	720,057	4,025,683	1,417,294
	23	2,312,276	12,854,269	2,027,265	17, 193, 810	6,021,182
	30	2,144,810	12,057,959	2,491,864	16,694,633	11,225,271
		2 771 220	12,655,807	3,861,109	20,288,150	14,207,202
eptember	6	3,771,234				
	13	2,477,887	13,750,919	2,443,335	18,672,141	20,602,711
	20	2,250,234	14,585,168	2,953,055	19,788,457	16,273,398
	27	2,505,119	7,931,203	676,102	11,112,424	11,005,033
ctober	4	1,453,277	5,702,012	988,696	8,143,985	14,697,112
	-11	3,317,158	12,158,066	4,525,485	20,000,709	14,015,558
	18	2,718,563	16,029,444	8,283,174	27,031,181	11,202,592
	25	3,516,807	17,401,959	5,388,919	26,307,685	14,661,756
November	1	1,994,979	11,104,724	3,283,589	16,383,292	15,705,604
	8	2,624,750	11,681,742	3,700,069	18,006,561	11,700,501
	15	2,090,495	9,543,908	4,228,717	15,863,120	10,704,380
	22	2,437,171	15,055,689	4,671,135	22,163,995	9,878,742
	29	1,656,074	9,854,879	4,011,232	15,522,185	11,753,638
		05# 270	6 6 10 7 15	2 500 300	10,154,391	9,918,005
ecember	6	954,278	6,619,715	2,580,398		
	13	413,530 847,236	2,543,779 6,067,670	1,594,746	4,552,055 8,738,867	5,462,190
				. 500 064	47 07/1 404	00 040 046
January	3, 1973	1,242,106	12,202,021	4,530,064	17,974,191	20,912,942
	10	507,591	7,613,613	1,648,207	9,769,411	12,835,935
	17	166,841	2,196,108	1,831,152	4,194,101	5,120,984
	24	448,949	6,143,828	2,243,952	8,836,729	2,439,799
	31	472,916	4,274,492	2,580,133	7,327,541	1,659,185
ebruary	7	326,211	5,798,245	2,514,071	8,638,527	6,926,040
	14	97,887	2,919,868	754,147	3,771,902	4,384,240
	21	87,469	629,063	615,020	1,331,552	5,141,666
	28	249,007	2,642,761	1,516,297	4,408,065	3,003,758
March	7	196,530	2,295,864	1,894,013	4,386,407	2,078,928
ad CH	14	933,773	5,420,591	2,802,520	9,156,884	1,852,866
	21	799,211	4,216,286	1,825,123	6,840,620	5,249,893
	28	660,775	3,384,274	1,570,291	5,615,340	4,821,552
				1 150 667	4 400 400	11 11 20 666
April	4	553,777	2,482,725	1,152,667	4,189,169	
	11	762,386	5,201,957	994,832	6,959,175	6,388,167
Totals .		47,099,186	272,678,416	89,290,484	409,068,086	316,296,635
	milar period:	34,659,541	166,077,508	72,122,340	272,859,388	200

⁽¹⁾ Includes receipts at primary, process and interior terminal elevators.

Visible Supply of Canadian Wheat, April 11, 1973 Compared with Approximately the Same Date, 1971 and 1972

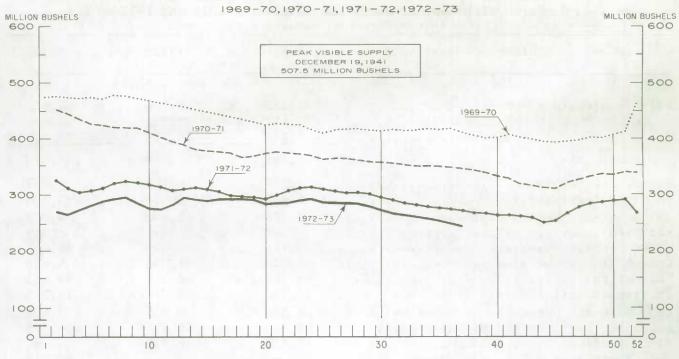
Position	1971	1972	1973			
	thousand bushels					
Primary elevators — Manitoba	23,026	18,506	14,991			
Saskatchewan	134,197	97,286	93,806			
Alberta	64,238	44,076	36,598			
Sub-totals	221,461	159,868	145,393			
Process elevators	4,577	4,165	4,167			
Interior terminals	6,984	5,024	3,926			
ancouver-New Westminster	2,976	5,848	4,805			
Victoria	241	320	369			
Prince Rupert	116	625	1,057			
Churchill	2,950	1,046	1,836			
Chunder Bay	49,315	40,307	34,455			
In transit rail (western division)	18,353	19,719	14,713			
Bay, Lake and Upper St. Lawrence ports	11,338	8,230	9,152			
ower St. Lawrence and Maritime ports	14,590	16,269	16,578			
Storage afloat	10,757	8,973	_			
In transit lake	_	_	10,319			
In transit rail (eastern division)	605	1,967	970			
Totals	344,263	272,361	247,751			

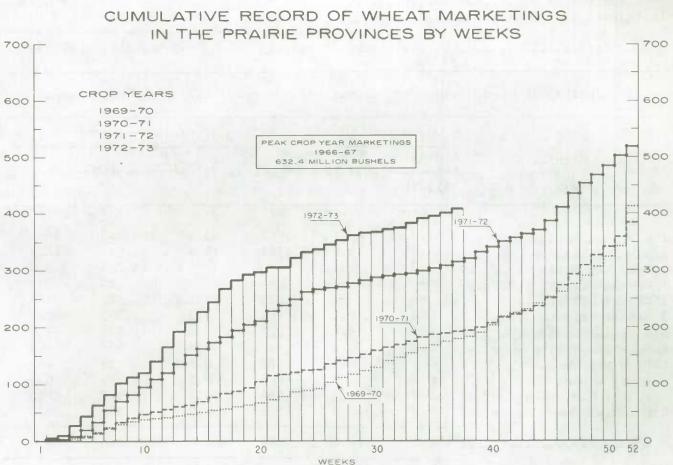
Grading of Wheat Inspected, August 1972- March 1973 with Comparisons

	Crop y	ear	August - March				
Grade	Average 1966-67- 1970-71	1971-72	19	71-72 ^r	1972	-73	
	per cent	per cen	t cars	per cei	nt cars	per cent	
1 C.W. Red Spring	47.7	60.1	114,097	62.4	109,847	56.6	
2 C.W. Red Spring	0 = 0	19.8	35,781	19.6	31,995	16.5	
3 C.W. Red Spring		1.8	_	-	14,724	7.6	
1 Canada Utility		-	_	_	53	(1)	
2 Canada Utility		_	3,823	2,1	12	(1)	
3 Canada Utility	0.6	0.2	406	0,2	1,203	0.6	
Others Red Spring		4.4	6,923	3.8	13,942	7.2	
C.W. White Spring		0.3	567	0.3	606	0.3	
C.W. Mixed Wheat		0.1	182	0.1	89	(1)	
Alberta Winter	0.9	0.7	878	0.5	1,239	0.6	
Nos. 1-6 C.W. Amber Durum.	5.9	12.3	19,664	10.8	19,987	10.3	
Other C.W. Amber Durum	0.9	0.3	558	0.3	351	0.2	
Totals	100.0	100.0	182,879	100.0	194,048	100.0	
Gross bushels (approx.)			364,	511,000	405,8	88,000	

⁽¹⁾ Less than .05 per cent.

WEEKLY VISIBLE SUPPLY OF CANADIAN WHEAT





(Data in both charts for crop years beginning August I)

Wheat Shipments to the United States, either for re-export or retention for domestic use, from the beginning of the current crop year to April 11, 1973. During the same period of 1971-72 vessel shipments amounted to some 95,000 bushels.

Wheat Shipments(1) to the United States by Destination August 1, 1972 - April 11, 1973 with Comparisons

Destination	1970-71	1971-72	1972-73
		bushels	
y Vessel			
Hawaii	-	95,200	-
Total, vessel	- 4	95,200	

⁽¹⁾ Either for re-export or retention for domestic use. Excluding seed wheat.

Rail Shipments of Wheat to Maritime Ports

Rail shipments of wheat to Maritime ports from Bay, Lake and Upper St. Lawrence ports during August - March of the current crop year amounted to 30,856,000 bushels compared with the 29,353,000 bushels during the first eight months of 1971-72.

Rail Shipments of Wheat to Maritime Ports from Bay, Lake and Upper St. Lawrence Ports

Origin of shipments	August 1, 1971 - March 31, 1972	August 1, 1972 - March 31, 1973
	bus	hels
Port McNicoll	8,665,572	9,393,601
Midland, Tiffin	9,050,327	11,035,516
Collingwood	-	309,120
Owen Sound	3,125,164	3,106,135
oderich	2,307,941	2,932,778
Sarnia	3,421,141	4,078,966
Port Colborne	598,841	
Prescott	579,762	
Kingston	1,604,316	And the second second
Totals	29,353,064	30,856,116

Rail Shipments of Wheat from Thunder Bay 1969-70 - 1972-73

Month	1969-70	1970-71	1971-72	1972-73
		busl	nels	
August	132,953	169,566	181,419	208,597
September	134,054	244,549	195,721	193,397
October	149,076	176,450	128,382	97,166
November	126,319	178,523	158,083	313,262
December	179,384	330,120	193,204	339,487
January	272,300	525,019	1,420,522	625,164
February	403,541	552,926	2,392,713	1,026,705
farch	298,335	418,387	1,728,504	650,493
April	260,918	407,206	260,435	
1ay	311,200	187,347	189,234	
une	221,999	156,548	223,019	
[uly	293,745	200,415	141,665	
Totals	2,783,824	3,547,056	7,212,901	

Distribution of Rail Shipments of Wheat from Thunder Bay, March 1973

Grade	Prince Edward Island	Nova Scotia	New Brunswick	Quebec	Ontario
			bushels		
C.W. Red Spring	11,667	64,000	69,667	416,506	29,000
Feed Grades				20,653	14,000
Durum	-	-	-	4,000	21,000
Totals	11,667	64,000	69,667	441,159	64,000

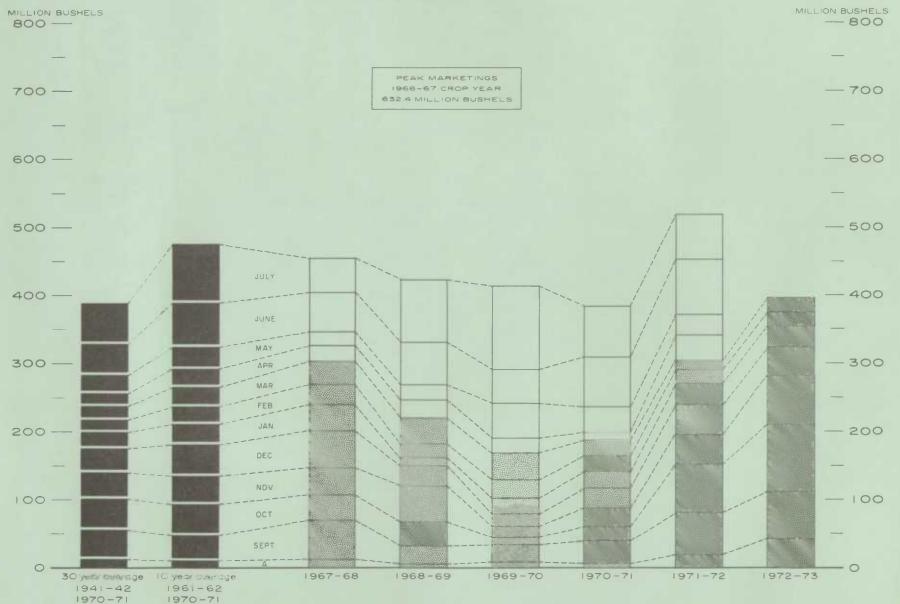
Overseas Exports of Canadian Grain by Ports of Loading, August 1, 1972 — April 11, 1973, with Comparisons

Port	Wheat(1)	Durum wheat(1)	Oats(1)	Barley	Rye	Flaxseed	Rapeseed
	thousand bushels						
Pacific Seaboard							
Van New Westminster	125,740	13,901	150	30,772	4,862	6,054	24,414
Victoria	7,301			-		_	-
Prince Rupert	20,033		-		_	_	-
Churchill	16,281		137	8,855			-49
Thunder Bay Direct	2,810	701	1,529	1,703	1,452	6,626	7,902
Sarnia Direct	173	-	_		_	-	_
Kingston Direct	552		-	_	-	-	
Prescott Direct	560	-	_	-	_	- 1	_
St. Lawrence							
Montreal	25,782	10,983	_	6,593	-	_	-
Sorel	14,912	1,574		3,669	_	pass	-
Trois-Rivières	17,937	657	_	2,636	_		
Ouebec	14,634	349	_	10,467	68	106	821
Baie Comeau	25,963	4,485		12,145	88	_	1,957
Port Cartier	27,388	6,044	_	9,357	_		
Maritime Ports	,	, , , , ,		,,			
Saint John	2,070	_	The Late of	196	_	0.00	
West Saint John	15,799	98	_	475	_	_	N I F HOLEN
Halifax	14,343	439	_		_	_	
natitaa	24,545	737					
Totals	332,279	39,231	1,816	85,867	6,471	12,785	35,095
August 1, 1971 - April 12, 1972	284,092	30,180	3,652	106,889	6,949	17,591	25,664

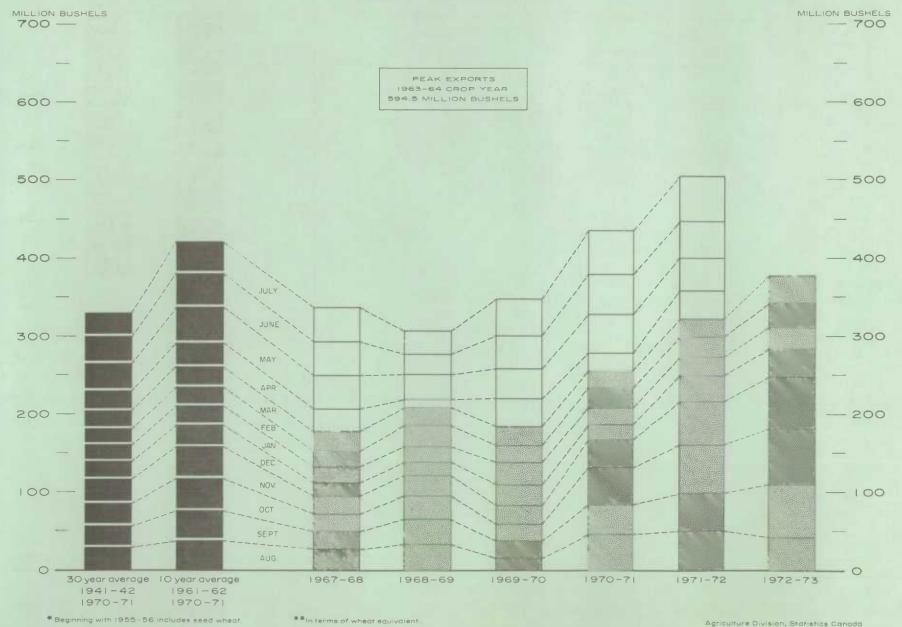
⁽¹⁾ Excluding seed.

FARMERS' MARKETINGS OF WHEAT, PRAIRIE PROVINCES

(SPECIFIED PERIODS)

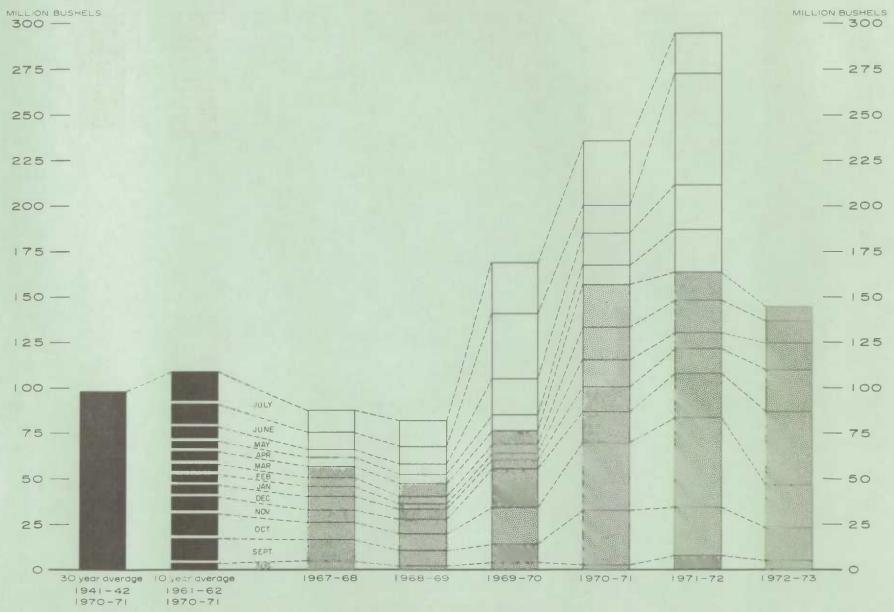


EXPORTS OF CANADIAN WHEAT* AND WHEAT FLOUR** (SPECIFIED PERIODS)



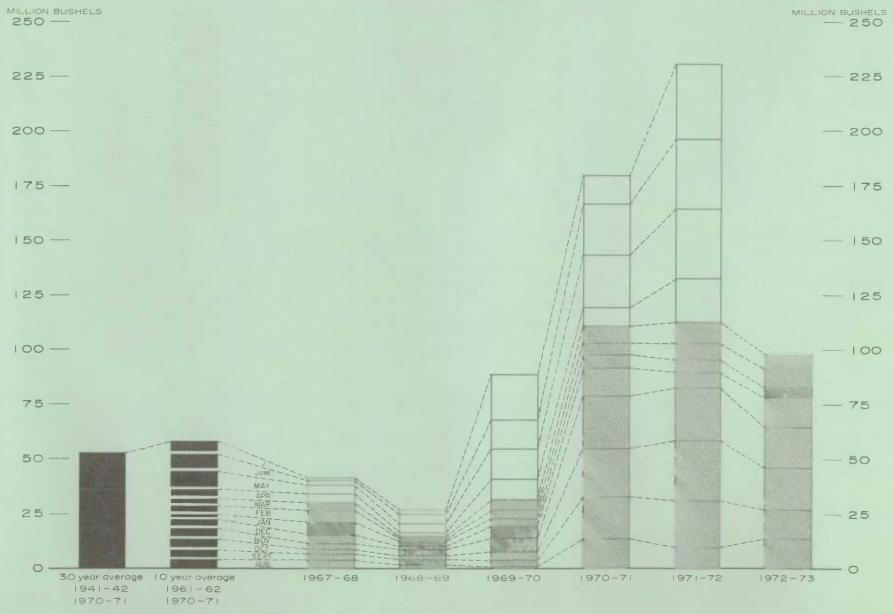
FARMERS' MARKETINGS OF BARLEY, PRAIRIE PROVINCES

(SPECIFIED PERIODS)



EXPORTS OF CANADIAN BARLEY AND BARLEY PRODUCTS*

(SPECIFIED PERIODS)

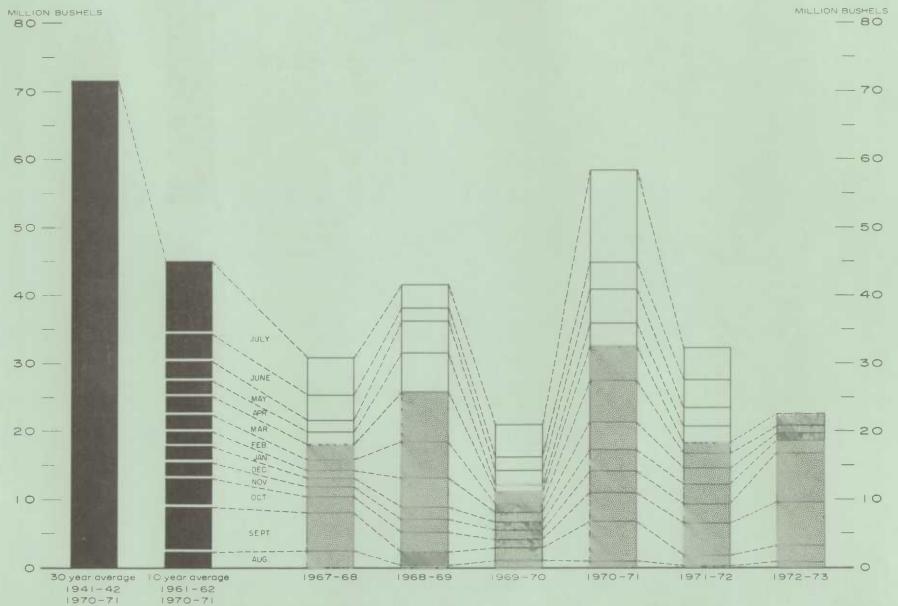


#In terms of grain equivalent.

Agriculture Division, Statistics Canada

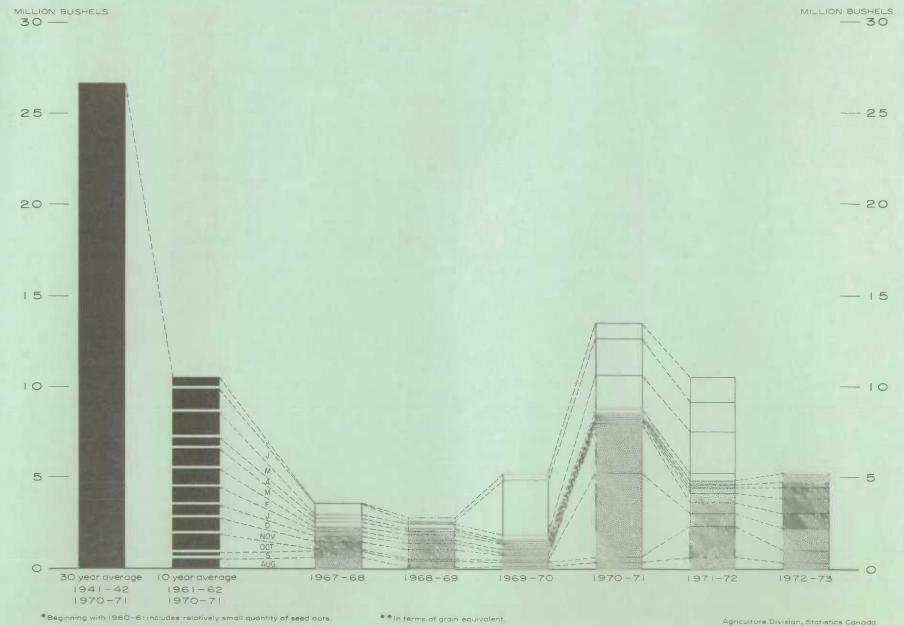
FARMERS' MARKETINGS OF OATS, PRAIRIE PROVINCES

(SPECIFIED PERIODS)

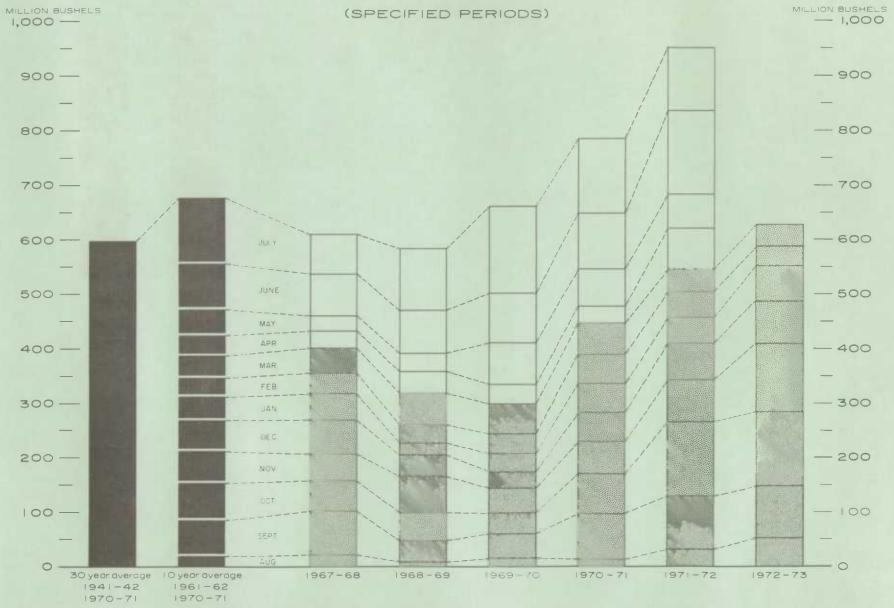


EXPORTS OF CANADIAN OATS* AND OAT PRODUCTS**

(SPECIFIED PERIODS)



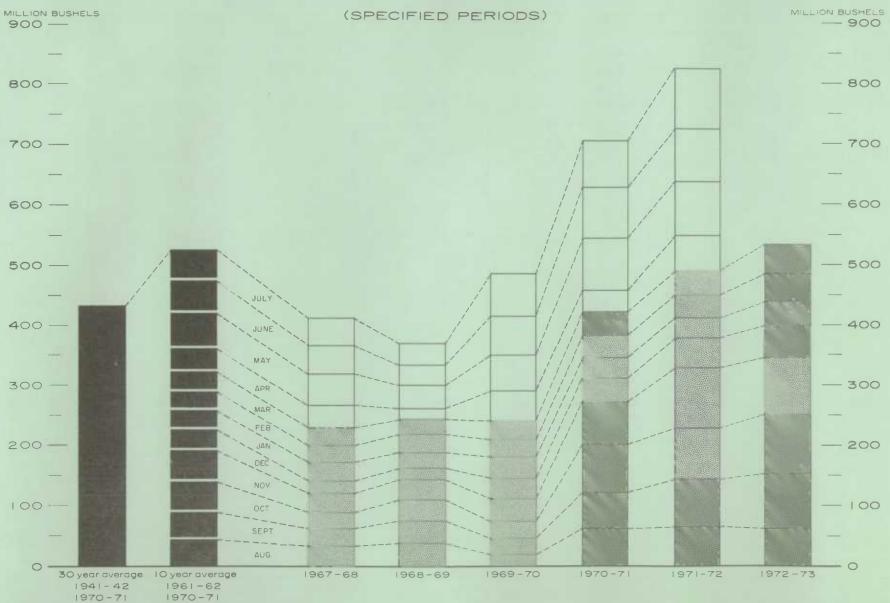
FARMERS' MARKETINGS OF CANADA'S SIX MAJOR GRAINS*, PRAIRIE PROVINCES



*Wheat, oats, barley, rye, flaxseed and from 1960-61 rapeseed.

Agriculture Division, Statistics Canada

EXPORTS OF CANADA'S SIX MAJOR GRAINS AND PRODUCTS*



*Wheat, seed wheat and wheat flour; oats, seed oats and oatmeal and rolled aats; barley and malt; rye; flaxseed and from 1960-61 rapeseed.

Shipments Under
Feed Grain

Assistance Regulations

To per cent above the 18,017,000 shipped during the comparable period of 1971-72. The bulk of the shipments during the cent of the total unchanged from the previous year.

Provincial Distribution of Wheat Shipments under the Feed Grain Assistance Regulations August-March 1972-73 and 1971-72

Month	Western wheat								
	Nfld.	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	B.C.	Total	
				tho	usand bush	els		11-13-42	
August 1972	3	3 1	252	120	1,515	280	385	2,586	
September	3	13	132	62	1,397	341	465	2,414	
October	197	16	261	128	1,579	413	265	2,860	
November	35	18	465	89	1,770	415	386	3,178	
December	166	32	122	121	1,314	391	284	2,430	
January 1973	60	9	229	157	1,261	479	452	2,646	
February	3	16	356	126	986	541	5 1 1	2,541	
March	10	13	212	114	1,233	404	5 1 2	2,499	
Totals	478	148	2,030	918	11,055	3,265	3,261	21,154	
Same months	501	154	1,590	732	9,307	2,673	3,060	18,017	

Millfeed shipments under the Feed Grain Assistance Regulations indicate the movement of 26,163 tons during August-March 1972-73. Data for the eight-month total of the previous crop year amounted to 304,628 tons. The greater portion of the millfeed shipments during the period under review went to destinations in Quebec and Ontario for both crop years.

Provincial Distribution of Millfeed Shipments under the Feed Grain Assistance Regulations August - March 1972-73 and 1971-72

August		
1971-72	1972-73	
to	ns	
2,584	612	
2,243	1,871	
8,567	6,800	
7,457	4,126	
150,579	126,941	
109,578	97,186	
23,620	22,627	
204 620	200 102	
	1971-72 2,584 2,243 8,567 7,457 150,579 109,578 23,620	tons 2,584 612 2,243 1,871 8,567 6,800 7,457 4,126 150,579 126,941 109,578 97,186

Monthly Exports of Canadian Wheat and Wheat Flour

Year and month	Wheat in bulk(1)	Seed wheat(2)	Total wheat	Wheat flour(2,3)	Total whea and wheat flour(3)
		shels			
970-71 ^r					
August	44,765	103	44,868	699	45,567
September	35,194	120	35,315	2,306	37,620
October	44,412	84	44,496	3,543	48,039
November	33,307	7.1	33,378	2,126	35,504
December	18,016	43	18,059	1,444	19,502
January	18,882	2	18,884	2,725	21,609
February	23,334	77	23,411	2,421	25,832
March	20,293	93	20,386	1,900	22,286
April	20,255	157	21,108	1,861	22,969
	47,631	49	47,681	1,834	49,515
June	47,904	71	47,975	1,994	49,969
	54,750	100	54.850	1,994	56,844
July	34,730	100	34,630	1,334	30,044
Totals	409,440	971	410,410	24,846	435,257
971-72 I					
August	48,530	2	48,533	1,983	50,516
September	44,520	336	44,856	3,086	47,942
October	59,356	34	59,389	2,105	61,494
November	52,948	7	52,956	1,899	54,855
December	32,041	109	32,149	2,709	34,859
January	21,627	73	21,700	1,352	23,052
February	23,420	45	23,466	1,431	24,897
March	22,108	179	22,287	2,297	24,584
April	33,798	46	33,844	1,840	35,684
May	39,255	17	39,273	1,916	41,188
June	45,540	43	45,583	2,724	48,307
July	54,940	73	55,013	1,373	56,386
Totals	478,084	965	479,048	24,716	503,764
972-73(4) August	40,353	3	40,357	2,661	43,018
September	64,576	37	64,613	2,237	66,850
	68,856	13	68,869	1,701	70,571
October	65,571			· ·	· ·
November		3	65,574	1,713	67,288
December	33,280	111	33,391	2,081	35,472
January T	26,858	3	26,861	1,197	28,058
February r	28,635	52	28,687	2,272	30,959
March	33,313	50	33,363	2,000	35,363
Totals	361,443	273	361,716	15,863	337,578

⁽¹⁾ Export clearances including shipments to the United States compiled by the Economics and Statistics Division of the Canadian Grain Commission.

⁽²⁾ Compiled from Canadian Customs returns, 1970-71 and 1971-72 adjusted to remove effect of time lag in reporting.

⁽³⁾ In terms of wheat equivalent. Wheat flour conversion rate: 2.3 bushels per cwt.

⁽⁴⁾ Subject to revision.

Exports of Canadian Wheat(1) by Destination March 1973 and 1972

Destination	Wheat (except durum)	Durum	All w March 1973	
		l l	oushels	
Western Europe				
EEC:	_			9,333
Belgium and Luxembourg	4,435,762		4,435,762	9,333
Germany, West		438.667	438,667	132,284
Italy		_		954,035
Netherlands				241,983
Sub-totals	4,435,762	438,667	4,874,429	1,337,635
other Western Europe:				-
Britain(2)			_	4,272,769
Sub-total				4,272,769
Totals	4,435,762	438,667	4,874,429	5,610,404
Eastern Europe				
Albania	176,000	-	176,000	399,467
U.S.S.R. (Russia)	4,798,728	612,080	5,410,808	1,620,396
Totals	4,974,728	612,080	5,586,808	2,019,86
Africa Nigeria	431,200		431,200	
Totals	431,200		431,200	
Asia	1 020 721	617 042	1 520 574	
Bangladesh	1,020,731	617,943	1,638,674	39,200
Hong Kong	3,850,990		3,850,990	39,200
India	624,348	_	624.348	_
Japan	4,328,886		4,328,886	3,585,099
Malaysia	-		-	214,67
Peoples' Repubic of China	8,431,621	738,827	9,170,448	7,393,83
Peoples' Democratic Republic of Yemen	23,883	-	23,883	-
Philippines	1,420,907	_	1,420,907	535,30
Singapore				160,56
Totals	19,701,366	1,356,770	21,058,136	11,928,68
Vestern Hemisphere				
Cuba	447,440		447,440	
Haiti	42,000	-	42,000	
Jamaica	670		670 872,667	290,08
Peru	872,667		8/2,66/	809,98
Totals	1,362,777		1,362,777	2,549,30
Sub-totals, all countries	30,905,833	2,407,517		22,108,256 180,47
Totals, all countries	30,905,833	2,407,517	33,363,350	22,288,72

Overseas clearances as reported by the Economics and Statistics Division of the Canadian Grain Commission, for all countries, excluding seed wheat.
 Commencing January 1,1973 Britain became a member of the European Economic Community.
 Compiled from Canadian Customs returns, 1971-72 adjusted for time lag.

Cumulative Exports of Canadian Wheat(1) by Destination

Destination	August - March 1972-73			Total
	Wheat (except durum)	Durum wheat		same period last year
7		bushels		
Western Europe				
EEC:	2 7/7 0171	ccc coor	1 110 1108	0 (0(000
Belgium and Luxembourg	3,747,017 ^r	665,393 ^r	4,412,410 ^r	2,636,808
Britain(2)			10,238,769	215 000
France		/ 007 0/oT	313,810	315,999
Germany, West		4,087,843 ^r	6,408,513 ^r	6,830,734
Italy		2,628,879	10,466,641	11,227,990
Netherlands	2,468,028	1,678,333	4,146,361	8,183,122
Sub-totals	26,926,056	9,060,448 ^r	35,986,504r	29,194,653
Other Western Europe:				
Austria	_	84,515	84,515	_
Britain(2)		560,194	20,398,910	30,053,19
Finland		_	146,982	50,055,25
Ireland		588,000	1,871,389	232,74
Malta and Gozo		500,000	326,811	613,20
	720,011		520,012	780,26
Norway		492,800	492,800	700,20
Portugal		44,095	44,095	33,02
Sweden		1,211,779r	2,250,540	
Sub-totals	22,634,659	2,981,383 ^r	25,616,042 ¹	33,053,02
Totals	49,560,715	12,041,831	61,602,546	62,247,68
Eastern Europe				11290
Albania	695,120		695,120	808,15
	075,120		093,120	584,75
Czechoslovakia		1,875,999	1,875,999	878,84
Poland	91,440,886		99,025,413	
U.S.S.R. (Russia)	91,440,000	7,584,527	99,023,413	73,010,51
Totals	92,136,006	9,460,526	101,596,532	75,282,26
Africa				
Algeria		2,870,242	2,870,242	6,381,44
Dahomey	41,961	2/0 -11	41,961	_
Ghana	1,152,413		1,152,413	1,674,68
Ivory Coast	36,743		36,743	THE RELL OF
Morocco	767,876		767,876	1,082,97
Nigeria	0 /00 /70	_	2,498,479	693,05
South Africa				234,74
Tunisia	- 1	1,194,550	1,194,550	523,50
Totals	4,497,472	4,064,792	8,562,264	10,590,41

For footnotes see page 25.

Cumulative Exports of Canadian Wheat(1) by Destination — Concluded

	August-l	March 1972-73		Total same period last year ^r	
Destination (Wheat except durum)	Durum wheat	Total wheat		
		bushel	ls		
Asia					
Afghanistan	517,927	The state of the s	517,927	468,140	
Bangladesh		1,755,377r	5,383,655 ^r		
Burma		_	643,008	TORAND	
Hong Kong		****	461,066	572,283	
India		98,593	13,936,462	22,925,889	
Indonesia			1,810,395	871,627	
Israel		_	624,348		
Japan ,	32,266,469	_	32,266,469	33,931,328	
Korea, North				1,180,666	
Lebanon		1,837,170	1,874,504	11 Harris -	
Malaysia	480,853	_	480,853	382,857	
Pakistan	5,378,616	260,660	5,639,276	2,717,900	
Republic of Yemen	23,883	-	23,883	-	
People's Republic					
of China	90,586,628	9,201,286 ^r	99,787,914 ^r	58,427,140	
Philippines		19,600	5,698,974	4,238,403	
Singapore		_	557,387	211,524	
Syria			846,655	5,789,086	
Taiwan				1,754,853	
Thailand			_	200,361	
Totals	157,380,090	13,172,686	170,552,776	133,672,057	
Oceania					
U.S. Oceania	_	-		143,114	
Western Hemisphere					
Barbados	30	16	30	56	
Brazil	8,270,040		8,270,040	10,283,242	
Cuba	4,783,300	229,185	5,012,485	5,484,480	
Dominican Republic		_		308,661	
Guatemala	_	37,333	37,333	-	
Haiti		1100	1,064,933	1,263,175	
Jamaica	416,914	TOAM	416,914	1,103,831	
Peru	4,054,578	-	4,054,578	3,800,477	
St. Lucia	167		167	LOUGH LIGHT	
Venezuela	272,614	_	272,614	276,570	
United States	4000			95,200	
Totals	18,862,576	265,518	19,129,094	22,615,692	
Sub-totals Seed wheat (3)		39,006,353	361,443,212 292,537	304,551,221 802,028	
Totals, all countries	322,436,859	39,006,353	361,715,749	305,353,249	

Customs Exports of Canadian Wheat Flour by Countries of Consignment

	November	February	August - Februar		
Destination	1972(1)	1973(2)	1972-73(2)	1971-72(1	
		bu	shels		
estern Europe					
EEC:	97		265	955	
Belgium and Luxembourg		01 655		300	
Britain(3)		81,655	255,339		
France		-	2 470	4 5 9 6	
Germany, West		1 002	2,479	1,548	
Ireland(3)		1,803	1,803		
Sub-totals	97	83,458	259,886	2,503	
Other Western Europe:					
Britain(3)	112,090	_	776,883	954,613	
Denmark	_	_	253	_	
Gibraltar	_		3,461	2,705	
Greece		23,959	50,034	40,416	
Iceland	4,184	-3,733	7,220	34,663	
Ireland(3)	7,104		1,803	3.606	
			230	115	
Norway		0 200			
Portugal		9,200	25,530	31,089	
Sub-totals	116,274	33,159	865,414	1,067,207	
Totals	116,371	116,617	1,125,300	1,069,710	
frica Algeria	10 NA H_			562,299	
Cameroon	_	_		117,92	
Dahomey	6,566	805	13,588	26,22	
French Africa, n.e.s.	0,500	25,116	26,809	185,74	
Gambia, The	3,450	6,900	16,157	25,30	
	3,430	0,500	10,137	84	
Ghana	- 1		110		
Guinea		-	110	52,80	
Ivory Coast	5,060	929	8,634	12,88	
Liberia	25,804	13,211	112,790	159,54	
Malawi	-	-	4,540	25,28	
Mozambique	-	2,571	11,295	13,90	
Nigeria	-			9,94	
Portuguese Africa, n.e.s	6,850	14,699	104,208	77,280	
Sierra Leone	1,049	_	6,031	2,88	
Somalia	-	_	97,957	22.81	
Sudan		_	202,823	17,12	
Tanzania		_	460	1,61	
Togo	46,517	3,473	102,270	81.79	
	40,517	3,473	1,119,691		
U.A.R Zaire	2,300	2,300	21,448	24,38	
Totals	97,596	70,004	1,848,811	2,962,61	
sia Afghanistan			966	2,139	
	days.		74	200	
Bahrain			344.726	200	
Burma	2,249			22 07	
Cyprus			1,111	23,97	
Emirates, U.U	40 400	47 000	6,673	4,49	
Hong Kong	13,110	17,480	96,225	140,13	
Iran	_	-	1,679	2,76	
Japan	1,030	356	7,125	6,534	

For footnotes see end of table.

Customs Exports of Canadian Wheat Flour by Countries of Consignment - concluded

		-	August -	February	
Destination	November 1972(1)	1973(2)	1972-73(2)	1971-72(1	
		bu	shels		
Asia - Concluded					
Jordan	_	471	57,541	-	
Lebanon	_	30,866	41,584	107,205	
Peoples' Democratic Republic of Yemen	_	_	-	4,614	
Philippines	2,760	_	10,090	_	
Oatar	168	-	278	952	
Saudi Arabia		1,610	114,837	163,459	
Singapore	1,150	1,150	4,600	4,600	
Sri-Lanka	76,059	-	1,262,661	1,506,590	
Syria	_	_		67,027	
Taiwan	-		63	_	
Thailand	6,210	-	53,993	58,291	
Totals	102,736	51,933	2,004,226	2,092,986	
Australia		44	1,803	-	
British Oceania, n.e.s.	_		1,840		
		_	1,150	920	
United States Oceania	_	-	230	748	
			5,023	1,668	
Totals			3,023	1,000	
Western Hemisphere			404 400	440 000	
Bahamas	20,785	20,077	121,498	118,744	
Barbados	41,147	25,514	235,088	175,028	
Bermuda	11,381	16,967	84,527	78,666	
British Honduras	6,109	3,961	19,608	26,06	
Cuba(4)	1,139,213	1,819,631	7,363,645	7,097,294	
Dominican Republic	_	_	_	2,300	
French West Indies	793	518	1,663	960	
Guyana	4,827	764	10,341	8,24	
Haiti	_	-	45,963	_	
Honduras		286	3,799	918	
Jamaica	4,600	3,680	56,122	88,817	
Leeward and Windward Is.	127,022	•	479,428	440,145	
Netherlands Antilles	4,520		19.296	35.24	
	4,520	0,174	13,230	338	
Panama	2,817	908	14,936	14,345	
St. Pierre and Miquelon	*			10,185	
Surinam	3,358		18,030		
Trinidad and Tobago	44,726		368,306	326, 13	
Venezuela	115		368	304	
United States	Marie Land	1,150	36,648	14,812	
Motole	1 411 412	2,033,213	8 879 266	8,438,536	
Totals	1,411,413	2,033,213	5,0.3,200	5, 430, 330	
Totals, all countries	1,728,116	2,271,767	13,862,626	14,565,513	

⁽¹⁾ In terms of wheat equivalent. Adjusted to remove effect of time lag in the returns made by Customs. Conversion rate: 2.3 bushels per cwt. (2) In terms of wheat equivalent.

Note: Data for March wheat flour exports not available.

Preliminary and unadjusted for time lag. Conversion rate: 2.3 bushels per cwt. (3) Commencing January 1, 1973 Britain and Ireland became members of the European Economic Community. (4) Source - Canadian National Millers Association. n.e.s. - Not elsewhere specified.

Canadian Wheat Board Weekly Average Cash Wheat Prices, Crop Year 1972-73

Basis in Store Thunder Bay and Vancouver

Class and grade	Week ending			
	March 23	March 30	April 6	April 13
Man Historia		cents and eig	hths per bushe	1
Initial payment to producers				
1 C.W. Red Spring	176	176	176	176
2 C.W. Red Spring	169	169	169	169
3 C.W. Red Spring	160	160	160	160
No. 1 Canada Utility	147	147	147	147
No. 2 Canada Utility	147	147	147	147
No. 3 Canada Utility	147	147	147	147
1 Alberta Red Winter	162	162	162	162
2 Alberta Winter	157	157	157	157
3 Alberta Winter	151	151	151	151
1 C.W. Amber Durum	176	176	176	176
2 C.W. Amber Durum	172	172	172	172
3 C.W. Amber Durum	167	167	167	167
Exports				
(Basis in Store Thunder Bay)	/-			
1 C.W. Red Spring 14%	268/2	268/3	268/2	268/2
2 C.W. Red Spring 14%	264/2	264/3	264/2	264/2
3 C.W. Red Spring	252/2	252/3	252/2	252/2
No. 1 Canada Utility	216/4	216/4	216/4	216/4
No. 2 Canada Utility	214/4	214/4	214/4	214/4
No. 3 Canada Utility	218/4	218/4	218/4	218/4
1 Alberta Red Winter	260/2	260/3	260/2	260/2
2 Alberta Winter	259/2	259/3	259/2	259/2
3 Alberta Winter	258/2	258/3	258/2	258/2
1 C.W. Amber Durum	281/7	282	281/7	281/7
2 C.W. Amber Durum	280/7	281	280/7	280/7
3 C.W. Amber Durum	271/7	272	271/7	271/7
Pagin in ghora Wannawan				
Basis in Store Vancouver)	201/4	201/5	202/4	200/-
1 C.W. Red Spring 14%	301/4	301/5	302/1	302/1
2 C.W. Red Spring	291/4	291/5	292/1	292/1
3 C.W. Red Spring	287/4	287/5	288/1	288/1
1 Alberta Red Winter	298/4	298/5	299/1	299/1
2 Alberta Winter	297/4	297/5	298/1	298/1
3 Alberta Winter	296/4	296/5	297/1	297/1

CANADIAN FLOUR MILLING SITUATION

Production
Wheat flour production by Canadian mills during March 1973 amounted to 3,395,000 hindredweight, indicating an increase of 16 per cent over the 2,924,000 hundredweight produced in February 1973, 7 per cent more than the March 1972 total of 3,165,000 hundredweight, but 3 per cent less than the ten-year (1963-72) average production for the month of March of 3,497,000 hundredweight. Mills reporting operations during March 1973 had a total rated capacity of 164,000 hundredweight per 24-hour day and on the basis of a 27-day working period 76.5 per cent of this rated capacity was effective.

Wheat milled for flour during March 1973 amounted to 7,676,000 bushels 15 per cent higher than the 6,649,000 bushels milled during the preceding month and 7 per cent above the 7,141,000 bushels milled during March 1972. Of the wheat milled for flour during March 1973 some 6,311,000 bushels were Western Canadian red spring wheat (other than Durum) while the remainder consisted of Ontario winter wheat(583,000 bushels); Durum (560,000 bushels); and all other (222,000 bushels).

According to preliminary Customs returns, exports of Canadian wheat flour during February 1973 amounted to the equivalent of 2,272,000 bushels (some 988,000 hundred-wight of flour), 90 per cent more than the January 1973 exports of 1,197,000 bushels and 59 per cent greater than the adjusted February 1972 exports of 1,431,000 bushels. Flour shipments during February 1972 went to thirty-four countries with exports to Cuba amounting to 1,820,000 bushels or 80 per cent of the February total. Other leading markets for Canadian wheat flour in terms of wheat during the month with shipments in thousands of bushels were as follows: Britain, 82; Trinidad and Tobago, 76; Leeward and Windward Islands, 50; Lebanon, 31; Barbados, 26; French Africa, n.e.s., 25; and Greece, 24.

Note: Data re exports of wheat flour for March 1973 by country of destination are not available at this time and will be included in the next issue.

Wheat milled for Flour, and Production and Exports of Wheat Flour, Canada

Crop year	Wheat milled	Wheat flou	r
	for flour	Production	Exports(1)
	bushels	cwt	
935-35 - 1939-40 average	67,845,114	29,405,451	9,603,941
940-41 - 1944-45 "	99,704,638	43,908,245	23,699,546
145-46 - 1949-50 "	107,330,372	47,011,540	25,819,721
950-51 - 1954-55 "	100,446,328	43,847,894	21,812,041
954-55 - 1959-60 "	99,143,211	39,752,589	16,349,156
060-61 - 1964-65 "	91,128,177	40,834,088	15,769,803
065-66	97,925,995	43,531,263	16,576,117
066-67	90,084,646	39,978,571	13,848,208
967-68	84,769,150	37,755,841	10,734,857
068-69	85,048,591	37,621,151	10,705,452
69-70	90,557,332	39,640,459	11,723,205
70-71	87,467,328	38,534,863	10,802,813 ^r
71-72	88,123,761	39,071,806	10,745,908 ^r
72-73(2)			
August	7,516,123	3,306,195	1,156,942
September	7,590,423	3,316,484	972,566
October		3,631,037	739,735
November	7,497,161	3,293,927	744,980
December	5,853,556	2,577,403	904,764
January	7,414,125	3,252,034	520,517
February	6,649,247	2,923,598	987,725
March		3,395,455	869,565
Totals	58,428,317	25,696,133	6,896,794
me months 1971-72 ^r	51,621,580	22,850,862	7,331,561

⁽¹⁾ Based on Customs returns. Exports for the crop year 1945-46- 1971-72 revised to remove effect of time lag in the returns by Customs.

⁽²⁾ Subject to revision.

UNITED STATES SITUATION

Supplies Remain
at High Level
million bushels, the largest since 1962-63 and 3 per cent above
the 1971-72 total of 2,348.0 million. Supplies of this magnitude reflect an increase in carryover stocks, which more than offset a decrease
in production. Carryover stocks estimated at 864.8 million bushels are 18 per
cent larger than the 730.2 million at July 1, 1971, while the 1972 production, at
1,544.8 million is the third largest crop on record but 5 per cent lower than the
1971 record harvest of 1,617.8 million. Domestic disappearance during 1972-73 is
estimated at about 818.0 million bushels, 4 per cent less than the 851.6 million
last year. After deducting anticipated domestic requirements for the current
United States crop year, some 1,591.7 million remain available for export and for

carryover, 6 per cent more than the 1,496.6 million in 1971-72.

Exports at Exports of wheat and wheat flour in terms of grain equivalent during Record Level the period July 1972-March 1973 amounted to an all-time high of 799.7 million bushels, sharply above the 440.8 million exported during the same months last year. The balance remaining on April 1,1973 for export and for carryover was estimated at 791.9 million bushels in contrast to 1055.7 million on approximately the same date a year ago.

United States Wheat Supplies

Item	1971-72 ^r	1972-73P
	million	bushels
Carryover at beginning of crop year (July 1)	730.2 1,617.8	864.8 1,544.8
Total estimated domestic supplies	2,348.0	2,409.6
Imports of wheat and wheat flour in terms of wheat for domestic use, July-March	0.2	0.1
Total estimated supplies(1)	2,348.2	2,409.7
Less estimated domestic requirements for crop year(2)	851.6	818.0
Available for export and for carryover	1,496.6	1,591.7
Deduct Exports of wheat as grain, July-March Exports of wheat flour and products in terms of	401.2	758.2
wheat, July-March	39.6	41.5
Total exports of wheat and wheat flour	440.8	799.7
Balance on April 1 for export and for carryover	1,055.7	791.9

⁽¹⁾ Excludes imports for April-June.

⁽²⁾ Includes shipments to United States Territories and wheat for millitary food use at home and abroad.

Winter Wheat Growing -Moisture Mostly Ample According to a report released on April 9, 1973 by the Crop Reporting Board of the United States Department of Agriculture warm weather along with plentiful

moisture supplies spurred growth of the Nation's winter wheat crop in March.
Although the crop is in mostly good to excellent condition, some acreage losses are expected from flooding of lowlands, mostly in the Mississippi and Missouri River drainages. In other areas, the crop was under stress from too much rain and some yellowing was occurring. Application of fertilizer was delayed because fields were too soft to support machinery in many areas. Grazing was also hampered by soft fields. Montana and the Pacific Northwest were the only major growing areas where soil moisture was below normal.

Wheat in the Southern Plains was in mostly good to excellent condition around April 1, following considerable growth in March. Soil borne mosaic was observed in central and eastern Kansas and some wheat was damaged by standing water or flooding. Over half the Oklahoma crop had reached the jointing stage by April 1. Mosaic was reported in scattered areas. On the High and Low Plains of Texas, wheat was jointing and some fields were in the early boot stage. The condition of Nebraska wheat was above average around April 1 although some winterkill and mosaic were reported. South Dakota's fall seedings were generally in good condition but stands were highly variable. Soil moisture supplies in Colorado were the best in years, and conditions point to a very good crop of winter wheat. The crop was greening up in all areas east of the Rocky Mountains.

The Pacific Northwest and Montana got below normal precipitation again in March, continuing the general pattern of recent months. Montana's winter wheat varied from fair to good condition with some greening in March. Winter grains in Idaho were mostly in good condition. Farmers in Washington were busy reseeding as winterkill of fall planted grains became more evident. At month's end, wheat areas undamaged by winter weather were greening up and stands were thickening. Some light soil areas of the State were showing moisture stress. Fall seeded grain crops in Oregon were starting spring growth. California's fall seeded grains showed good development with fields heading in the South. In northern areas, grains on poorly drained fields and heavy soils were showing stress and yellowing from excess moisture.

Most of the wheat in Missouri was in fair to good condition. However, some low-lying fields were flooded in late March. Winter wheat was reported in good condition in Illinois with no reports of severe winterkill but flooding occurred on some acreage. Indiana wheat greened up earlier than usual. Ohio wheat varied considerably with early seeded fields showing most promise. Elsewhere east of the Mississippi River, warm temperatures spurred growth. Topdressing of fertilizer progressed when fields were dry enough to support machinery. Some lowland areas, mostly in the South, were flooded in late March.

Number of Farms Enrolled in 1973 Wheat Program -Second Highest on Record According to a final signup report issued on April 6, 1973 by the United States Department of Agriculture the 1,033.019 farms signed up to participate in the 1973 wheat program number only 4,716 fewer than

the record 1,037,735 farms which were enrolled in the 1971 wheat program.

Farms signed up for this year's wheat program represent 79 per cent of the 1,313,392 total eligible wheat farms and are 36,261 more than the 996,758 farms enrolled in 1972. The 1,033,019 farms have allotments totaling 17,439,089 acres, 94 per cent of the 18,470,370 eligible allotment.

AUSTRALIAN SITUATION

Wheat Supplies
Sharply Below
Year Ago

Total estimated supplies of wheat in Australia for the 1972-73 (December-November) crop year are placed at 284.5 million bushels, 34 per cent less than the 433.4 million in 1971-72, reflecting the effect of a decrease in both carryover and production. Carry-

over stocks at December 1, 1972, were placed at 50.1 million bushels as against the 127.2 million at the same date a year ago, while the 1972 production, at 234.4 million, was 23 per cent below the comparable figure in 1971. After deducting some 115.3 million bushels for anticipated domestic requirements, an estimated 169.2 million are available for export and for carryover during 1972-73, in sharp contrast to the 335.2 million in 1971-72.

Exports Down from Previous Year Combined exports of wheat as grain and wheat flour in terms of grain equivalent during the period December-March of the current Australian crop year amounted to 69.5 million bushels, a decrease of 39 per cent from the 113.1 million exported during the corresponding period of the 1971-72 crop year. The balance remaining on April 1, 1973 for export and for carryover, at 99.7 million bushels, was 55 per cent below the 222.1 million at the same date a year ago and the lowest since 1957-58.

Australian Wheat Supplies

Item	1971-72°	1972-73 ^p
	million	bushels
Carryover, including flour as wheat, at beginning of crop year (December 1)	127.2 306.2	50.1 234.4
Total estimated domestic supplies	433.4	284.5
Less estimated domestic requirements for crop year	98.2	115.3 ^r
Available for export and for carryover	335.2	169.2
Deduct Export of wheat as grain, December-March Exports of wheat flour in terms of wheat, December-March	109.0	66.6
Total exports of wheat and wheat flour	113.1	69.5
alance on April 1, for export and for carryover	222.1	99.7

The following information relative to the Australian situation has been extracted from a report from Mr. C.V. Hiltz, Third Secretary (Agriculture) for Canada, Canberra, under date of April 5, 1973 and is reproduced with the permission of the Trade Commissioner Service, Department of Industry, Trade and Commerce.

Smallest wheat harvest for 13 years. — With the Australian wheat harvest now complete, deliveries of wheat to the Australian Wheat Board stood at 5,377,300 metric tons (197.6 million bushels) at the beginning of February. With only small quantities of wheat likely to be delivered from farms from now on, this intake is the smallest since the 1959-60 harvest, when 4,880,000 tons (179.3 million bushels) were delivered.

Details of deliveries from each State are given in the following table:

Australian Wheat Deliveries 1972-73

State	metric tons	million bushels
New South Wales	1,158,400 700,500 1,754,800 324,000	52.8 42.6 25.7 64.5 11.9 0.1
Totals	5,377,300	197.6

The small wheat harvest coincides with the smallest wheat carryover for four seasons. This was 1,364,000 tons (50.1 million bushels) as at December 1, 1972. Adding the carryover to the deliveries, the Board has 6,820,300 tons (250.6 million bushels) of wheat to supply export and domestic markets for the 1972-73 season.

The small wheat harvest has been brought about by extremely unfavourable growing conditions affecting production throughout the wheat growing areas of Australia. The adversity is highlighted by the fact that deliveries to the Board for 1972-73 season total less than 50 per cent of the national quota of 11,076,725 tons (407 million bushels).

Besides affecting wheat yields, the drought brought an increased demand for wheat as stockfeed from Australian farmers. The result of these two factors is that the availability of Australian wheat for export is about six million tons (220.4 million bushels) below the quantity for which the industry was aiming with a view to maintaining supplies to all markets and creating a reasonable carryover.

Prospects for 1973-74 seeding. — Virtually the entire State of Queensland has made a rapid recovery after widespread rains in February. Good to excellent seasonal conditions have been maintained under the fine and humid weather prevailing in March, and the outlook for the winter is the best since 1956. However, much of the country has dried off after the February rains and follow-up rains will be needed to consolidate the favourable position. Land preparation for the planting of winter grains has become quite general but progress is being hampered in some cases by excessive grass and weed growth.

In <u>New South Wales</u> the heavy February rains resulted in one of the best early seasonal breaks for years. Subsoil moisture has been replenished which enabled widespread cultivation to begin in preparation for sowing winter crops. However, good rains throughout April will be needed to ensure large plantings.

In <u>Victoria</u> good rains were received in February and early March which replenished sub-soil moisture over most of the wheat belt and enabled land preparation to begin. Little rain was received during the later part of March and there has been a drying off effect. Good rains during April will be needed to ensure ideal planting conditions.

Heavy rains occurred in <u>South Australia</u> at the beginning of February which releaved the drought conditions but rain has been patchy since that time. Most of the land to be cropped this season has received at least one working but more rain is needed so that land preparation can continue. Good rains during April and May will be essential if planting intentions in this State are to be reached.

Drought conditions have persisted in <u>Western Australia</u> where only isolated areas of the grain belt have received good rains. The hot, dry conditions persisted throughout February and March and are predicted to continue into April. If good rains do not come by early May it is almost certain that this State will have no chance of producing its 113 million bushel quota.

Net return from wheat predicted at A\$1.46 (\$2.08 Cdn.) per bushel in 1973-74.—In an address to a group of New South Wales wheatgrowers the Chairman of the Australian Wheat Board predicted that the wheatgrower would get a net cash return of between \$1.46 and \$1.49 (\$2.08 and \$2.11 Cdn.) per bushel for his wheat in the 1973-74 season. He based this assessment on the assumption that world wheat prices would continue at high levels for the next $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 years.

- Some of the reasons for a continuance of these high prices were given as:
 (a) Reports that the U.S.S.R. crop is again suffering from the lack of snow cover, and that substantial purchases will again be made by Russia;
- (b) China has not fully recovered from drought and will be in the market again;
- (c) The continuation of adverse seasonal conditions in a considerable number of producing countries including India, the Middle East and Africa;
- (d) A recent statement by the Director-General of F.A.O. "that perhaps the most serious consequences for the long run is the depletion of the world's reserves of grain. We estimate that by about the middle of this year wheat exporters' stocks will be down to below 30 million tons, the lowest level since 1952 and in the interval of these two decades the world's population has grown by about 50 per cent".

New South Wales may give new growers wheat quotas. — The New South Wales State Minister for Agriculture has announced that his Government was exploring the possibility of issuing wheat quotas to new growers. "New growers have been defined as property owners in traditional wheat growing areas who are not in possession of a wheat quota".

The final decision has not yet been made but application forms for new growers are now available and must be returned to the Grain Elevators Board by April 30. The application forms require such information as size of property, area intended to be sown to wheat, when wheat was last sown, area of arable land and the closest G.E.B. facility. After all the applications are received a final decision will be made.

This step is an attempt to increase the State's chances of reaching its quota. The New South Wales quota of 193.1 million bushels plus the special pool of 20 million bushels means that the State could deliver a maximum of 213.1 million bushels. Because of the attractiveness of other commodities and the near perfect growing conditions which will be needed the chances of N.S.W. reaching it are near impossible

Industry leaders in the other States are watching this move closely since it would breach the closed industry principle. In addition it would increase N.S.W.'s chances of getting the lions share of the special 20 million bushel quota which is feared in particular by such States as Western Australia who have already expressed their displeasure of such a move. If N.S.W. goes ahead with the plan it seems likely that it will cause friction within the industry.

Search for a yellow spaghetti. — The number one priority at the Department of Agriculture's research station at Tamworth, N.S.W., which is the only research station in Australia concerned with the breeding of durum wheats, has become the search for a yellow spaghetti. Australian durum wheats presently lack this color and the development of a variety with this yellow color would increase Australian durum sales particularly to such countries as Italy. Suitable varieties grown in other countries are not suitable under Australian conditions because Australian wheat is grown during the winter months under short days.

Wheat for Bangladesh. — The Australian Government will give Bangladesh a gift of 12,600 metric tons (463,000 bushels) of wheat valued at A\$940,000 (\$1,336,000 Cdn.). The gift is in response to appeals by the Bangladesh Government and the U.N. for assistance in supplying food grains to Bangladesh. The gift augments the 54,000 metric tons (1,984,000 bushels) of wheat which Australia shipped to Bangladesh during 1972 and brings the value of Australian gift wheat to this country during the current financial year, to almost A\$5 million (\$7.1 million Cdn.). In addition, Australia will pay the freight costs.

Exports of Australian Wheat and Wheat Flour in Terms of Wheat December 1 — March 31, 1972-73 and Corresponding Period 1971-72

The second secon	Wheat		Wheat flour	
Destination	1971-72	1972-73	1971-72	1972-73
		thousand	d bushels	
Other Western Europe				
Britain	5,576	6,574	92	20
Ireland	379	90	_	_
Malta	371		_	
Norway	4,032	-		
Totals	10,358	6,664	92	20
astern Europe				
Germany East	7,990	2,958	_	-
U.S.S.R. (Russia)	8,559	16,412	4-23	
Totals	16,549	19,370	-	_

See footnotes at end of table.

Exports of Australian Wheat and Wheat Flour in Terms of Wheat December 1 — March 31, 1972-73 and Corresponding Period 1971-72 — continued

	Whe	eat	Wheat flour	
Destination	1971-72	1972-73	1971-72	1972-73
		thousand	d bushels	
frica				
Kenya	1,806		_	
Malawi	_		251	43
Mauritius — Comm	_	_	257	310
Mozambique	1,064	_		_
Rhodesia	682		_	_
Sudan	1,430	_	_	_
Tanzania	741	_	_	_
Egypt-A.R.E	25,692	4,812	_	_
Zambia	985	887	_	_
Others	1	3	327	42
Totals	32,401	5,702	835	395
sia				
Aden	263		_	_
Aden and Aden Atta	_		10	_
Afghanistan — Comm	411	_	_	
Arabian Gulf	154	74	146	98
Arabian Gulf Atta	154	7-	617	414
	237		017	414
Bangladesh	237	5,800		
China	729	767	8	
Hong Kong		707	O	_
India - F. Aid	1,466			(1)
Indonesia — Comm	222	(17	2	(1)
— F. Aid	232	617	-	_
Iran	2,782			_
Iraq	2,695	7 000		
Japan	18,001	7,990		21167 11
Korea, South	2,896	1 500		
Kuwait	1,335	1,587		
Lebanon	1,260		(III) = = 181	
Malaysia	3,347	3,703	-	_
Pakistan — F. Aid	878			
SRI Lanka	597	1,176	72	6
- F. Aid			655	463
Philippines	_	maga-	116	50
- F. Aid		129		_
Qatar		242		_
Sabah			1	
Saudi Arabia	1,605	493	38	55
Singapore	2,532	1,534		1
Taiwan	2,019	4,825	-	
Idiwall				

See footnotes at end of table.

Exports of Australian Wheat and Wheat Flour in Terms of Wheat December 1 — March 31, 1972-73 and Corresponding Period 1971-72 — concluded

	Whe	eat	Wheat	flour
Destination	1971-72	1972-73	1971-72	1972-73
		thousand	bushels	
Asia — concluded				
Yemen	1,064	2	59	63
Totals	45,275	30,074	1,790	1,186
Oceania				
New Zealand	550		that he desired	(=0.10=
Western Hemisphere				
Bolivia	566	_		_
Chile	2,152	4,302	-	-
Peru	1,129	471	20	6
Totals	3,847	4,773	20	6
Pacific Area and Sundries				
Pacific Islands	21	17	1,315	1,256
Ships' Stores and Sundries			48	37
Totals	21	17	1,363	1,293
Totals, all countries	109,000	66,600	4,100	2,900

⁽¹⁾ Less than 500 bushels.

ARGENTINE SITUATION

Supplies Above
Year Ago

Reflecting an increase in production which more than offset a
decline in carryover stocks total estimated domestic supplies of
wheat in Argentina for the 1972-73 (December-November) crop year
are placed at some 315.5 million bushels, 41 per cent more than the previous year's
total of 223.5 million. The 1972 production estimated at 297.6 million bushels
exceeded by 43 per cent the 208.7 million produced in 1971 while the December 1,
1972 carryover stocks, at 17.9 million, are 28 per cent below the 24.8 million at the
same date a year ago. After making an allowance of 150.0 million bushels for anticipated domestic requirements, an estimated 165.5 million are available for export and
for carryover in 1972-73 in contrast to the 81.6 million of the previous year.

Exports Increase Sharply

over Year Ago

wheat equivalent during December 1972 - March 1973 amounted to 66.6 million bushels, in sharp contrast to the 20.5 million exported during the same four months in 1971-72. The balance remaining on April 1, 1973 for export and for carryover was estimated at 98.9 million bushels, as against the April 1, 1972 total of 61.1 million.

Argentine Wheat Supplies

Item	1971-72 ^r	1972-73 ^p		
	million	million bushels		
Carryover at beginning of crop year (December 1)(1) Production	24.8 208.7	17.9 297.6		
Total estimated domestic supplies	223.5	315.5		
Less estimated requirements for crop year	151.9	150.0		
Available for export and for carryover	81.6	165.5		
Deduct Exports of wheat as grain, December-March Exports of wheat flour in terms of wheat, December —	18.4	61.2		
March	2.1	5.5		
Total exports of wheat and wheat flour	20.5	66.6		
Balance on April 1 for export and for carryover	61.1	98.9		

(1) Includes allowances for farm stocks.

The following account of the Argentine situation has been extracted from a report from Mr. H.G. Fairfield, Assistant Commercial Secretary (Agriculture) Buenos Aires, under date of April 10, 1973 and is reproduced with the permission of the Trade Commissioner Service, Department of Industry, Trade and Commerce. Where possible conversions to Canadian measures and currency have been made for the convenience of our readers.

There have been no further official production estimates but private sources calculate that the total production will be 8.5 million metric tons (312,318,000 bushels) including 660,000 tons (24,251,000 bushels) of Durums. The official estimate now stands at 8.1 million tons (297,621,000 bushels) including Durums.

Distribution will be approximately as follows:

	thousand bushels
Internal consumption and seed	146,973
Chile, N. Korea, Europe and others) Government to Government contracts	55,115
Brazil	47,766 9,553
Chile	9,186 4,409
Paraguay	3,674 24,251
Remainder available for export	11,390
Total	312,318

During a meeting held last week, the Minister of Agriculture announced the new prices for wheat. These will be as follows: (for 1973-74 crop year).

Bread wheat 57 pesos per 100 kilos (\$3.10 per bushel Cdn.)
Durums 58.50 pesos per 100 kilos (\$3.18 per bushel Cdn.)

There has been no indication on the new price for semi-hard wheat yet.

On April 10, hard wheat was quoted at 59.50 pesos per 100 kilos (\$3.23 per bushel), f.o.r. Buenos Aires; semi-hard at 59.00 pesos (\$3.21 per bushel) and Durums at 53.00 pesos (\$2.88 per bushel). At Bahia Blanca they were quoted at 56.00, 55.50 and 51.00 pesos (\$3.04, \$3,01 and \$2.77 per bushel), respectively.

On the Futures Market hard wheat was quoted at 60.40 pesos (\$3.28 per bushel) f.o.r. Buenos Aires for May delivery; 62.50 pesos (\$3.40 per bushel) for June; 64.30 pesos (\$3.49 per bushel) for July: and 65.80 pesos (\$3.57 per bushel) for August.

Argentine Wheat Exports December - November 1971-72 and 1970-71

Destination	November		December - November	
		1972	1970-71	1971-72
estern Europe				
EEC:				
France Fadamal Banublia	429	MARCHINE OF THE	26	
Germany, Federal Republic Italy	3/.0	1 080		12,292
Netherlands				218
Nether lands			233	210
Sub-totals		1,080	14,557	12,510
the sound four ministration of the sound				
Other Western Europe:	Jahri Jimo J.	Residence of the sale	448	_
Spain				
Sub-total			448	
			15,005	12,510
Totals	778	1,080		12,510
Shringaran more difference dated				
frica	Allandario	Preparet in the party	THE RAPPOLIS	886
Algeria	261	THE THREE	372	154
Libya	TOTAL D	LAN ARTES ISM	1,121	220
				1 260
Totals	261	_	1,493	1,260
Charge and a second best at a house of				I STATE OF THE STATE
sia Charles and charles and charles	de la contraction de la contra	That's _154	261	
Lebanon		CONTRACTOR	1,533	112 211
Syria				
Total	7 7 7 3 5		1,794	

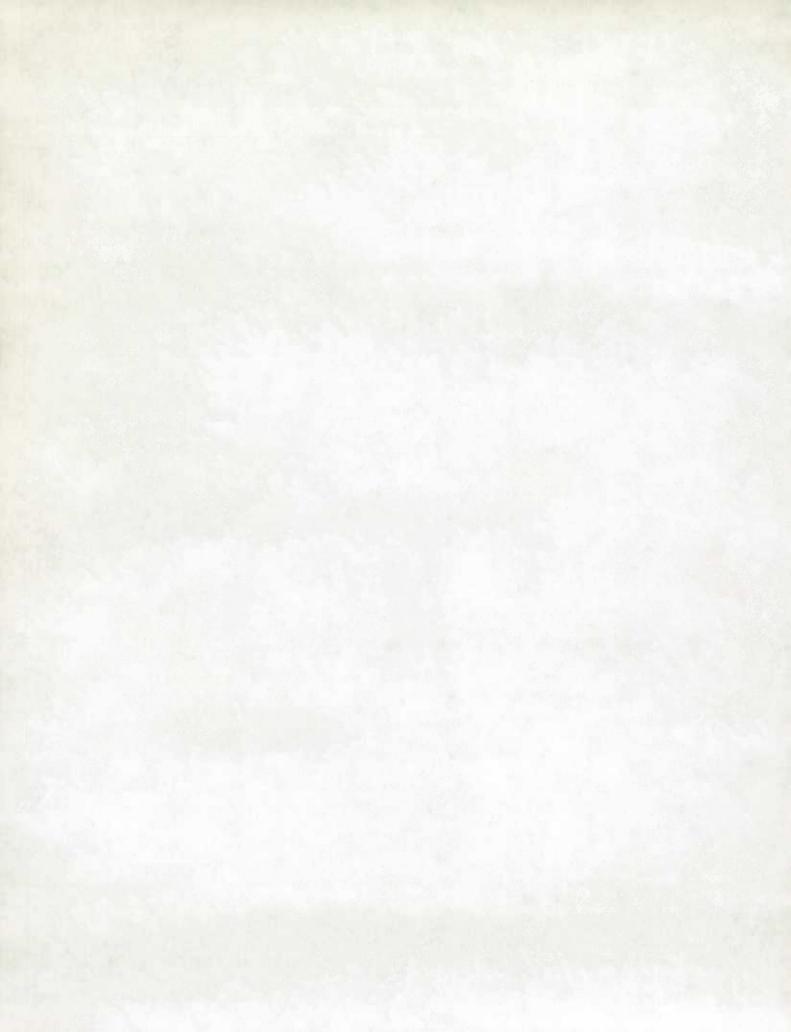
Argentine Wheat Exports December - November 1971-72 and 1970-71 - concluded

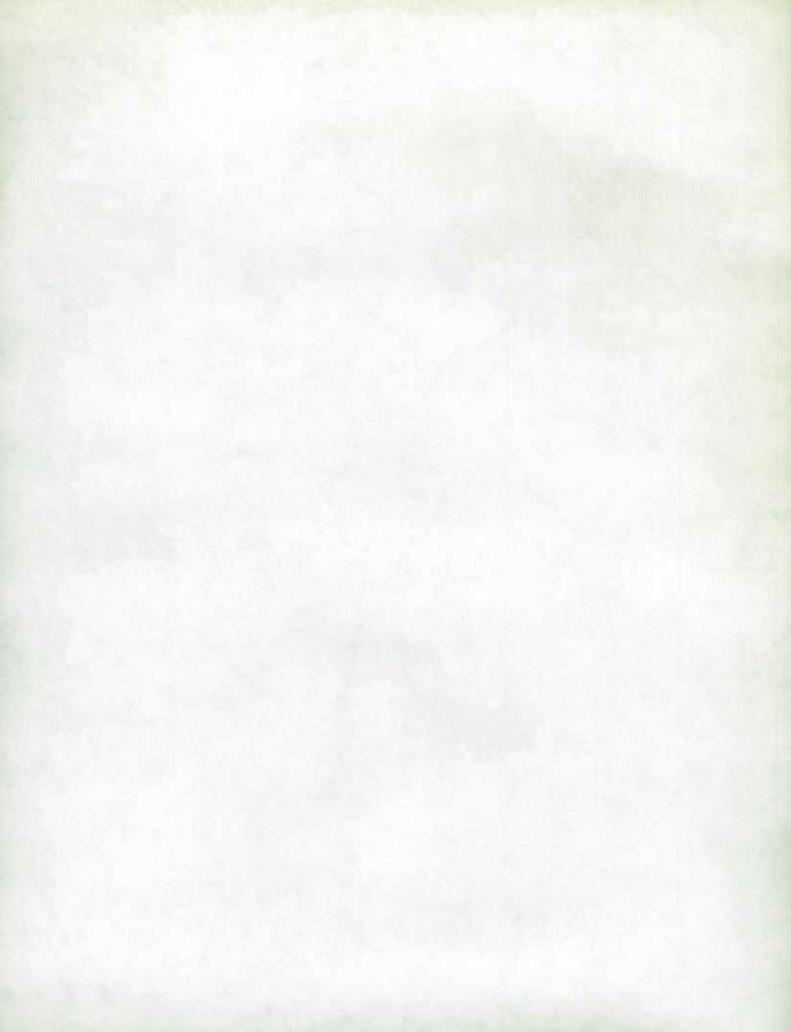
Destination _	November		December - November		
	1971	1972	1970-71	1971-72	
Market Land Control	thousand bushels				
Western Hemisphere					
Bolivia	NAME OF THE PERSON	-	18	_	
Brazil	3,500	1,545	8,267	35,332	
Chile	886	351	3,734	5,725	
Paraguay	_	_	142	280	
Peru			318		
Totals	4,386	1,896	12,479	41,337	
Totals, all countries	5,424	2,976	30,770	55,108	

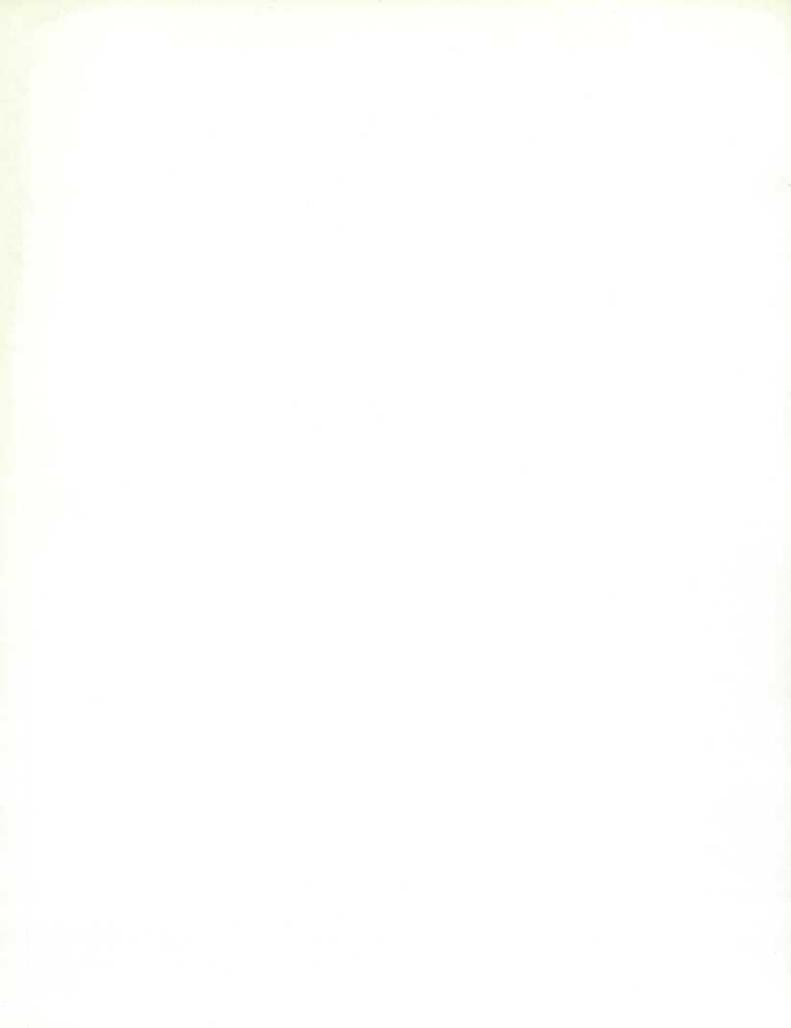
CALENDAR OF WHEAT EVENTS

- March 30 The 1973 season of navigation opened at the Canadian Lakehead with the arrival of the Scott Misener.
 - According to World Agricultural Production and Trade, USDA, world wheat production in 1972 is estimated at 308 million tons, 5 per cent below the 1971 record and just over the previous high in 1968. World wheat area was down 1 per cent at 208 million hectares.
- April 6 Based on farmers' intentions at March 15, the acreage seeded to all classes of wheat in Canada in 1973 will be 24.3 million acres an increase of 14 per cent over the 1972 seeding of 21.3 million and 25 per cent more than the 19.4 million acres seeded in 1971.
 - The Canadian Wheat Board announced the sale of wheat and barley to the U.S.S.R. The wheat contract covers a total of 1.5 million metric tons (approximately 58 million bushels) and will consist of a variety of grades of spring wheat and durums. The barley sale amounts to 500,000 metric tons (approximately 24 million bushels).
 - Total stocks of Canadian wheat at March 31, 1973 were estimated at 670.2 million bushels compared with 864.9 million on the same date in 1972 and the ten-year average of 877.7 million bushels. It is estimated that 411.0 million bushels representing 61 per cent of the total were held on farms. Of the 259.2 million bushels in off-farm positions, 148.2 million were in primary elevators.

Flour Production According to the Bureau of the Census, United States Department of Commerce, wheat flour production in the United States in February 1973 amounted to 19,574,000 hundredweight, averaging 979,000 hundredweight per working day. This compared with an average output per working day of 970,000 hundredweight last month and 952,000 hundredweight in February 1972. Wheat flour mills during February operated at 96.6 per cent of capacity above the 95.8 per cent of the previous month but below the 97.4 per cent the same month a year ago. Flour mills in February 1973 ground 43,523,000 bushels of wheat compared with 47,529,000 bushels the previous month and 44,464,000 bushels in February 1972.







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