# THE MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES OF CANADA 

Section A SUMMARY FOR CANADA 1958

Published by Authority of<br>The Honourable Gordon Churchill, Minister of Trade and Commerce

## DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS

Industry and Merchandising Division

## PUBLICATIONS

The results of the annual Census of Industry are published by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics in a series of industry and summary reports which are teleased each yeat as the compilations are completed. The summary reports for the Manufacturing Industries are listed below. A complete catalogue of publications of the Bureau is available on request from the Information Services Division, Dominion Bureau of Statistics, Ottawa, of from the Queen's Printer, Ottawa.
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## EXPLANATORY NOTES

This report is one in a series of about 130 publications which present the results of the 1958 Census of Manufactures. Most reports in this serles refer to specific industries, but there are summary reports for Canada and the provinces and for major industry groups. An annual Census of Manufactures has been cartled out by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics since 1816.

Industry statistics given in these reports refer to number of establishments, employees, salarles and wages, cost of materials, supplies, fuel and electricity, gross value of shipments, inventories and value added by manufacturing. Details of materials used and products shipped are also given. Descriptions of the principal industry statistics. with special reference to 1958 , are as follows:

## Period Covered

Firms are asked to submit figures for the calendar year, if at all possible, and most reports are on this basis. Financial year reports for periods differlng from the calendas year are accepted in instances where the firms find it impossible to supply calendar year data from accounting records. However the data on employees, salaries and wages are requested on a calendar year basis in all cases.

## Establishment

Data for the annual census is collected on an establishment basis. A firm with more than one plant is required to lile a report for each plant. In most cases an establishment is a complete factory. Sometimes, however, a plant is divided into two or more establishments when it caries out operations classifiable to different Industries and when separate accounting records are avallable. Usually the statistics for an establishment relate only to the manufacturing activities. Other activities such as construction at the plant by its own employees. wholesale or retall activitles carried on at the plant location, etc., are not included. Plants engaged solely in repair work (except in the case of furniture, shipbullding, boat building, aircraft and pallway rolling stock industries) are not included but plants occupled in assembling parts into complete units are included.

## Employees

Administrative and office employees include all executives and supervisory officials such as presidents, vice-presidents, secretaries, treasurers, etc., together with managers, professional and technical employees, superintendents and factory supervisors above the working foremen level and clerical employees. Working owners and partners are also included in this category.

Production and related workers include all other factory workmen whether paid on a monthly, weekly, hourly or piece-work basis. Working foremen doing work similar to that of the employees they supervise are included, as are maintenance, warehousing and delivery staffs. Employees on new construction work, in retail or wholesale operations. on outside piece work etc., are not included.

Production workers are reported by months, an average for the year being obtained by summing the monthly flgures and dividing by twelve. This procedure is followed even though the plant did not operate in all months. Figures on employment refer to calendar years whether or not some establishments reported other data on a financial year basis.

## Salaries and Wages

Salaries and wages refer to gross earnings of the employees described above, including salaries, wages, commissions, bonuses, the value of room and board where provided, deductions for income tax and social services such as slckness and unemployment insurance, pensions, etc., as well as any other allowances forming part of the employees ${ }^{2}$ wages. payments for overtime are included.

Salaries refer to amounts paid to administrative and office employees. Withdrawals by working owners or partners for normal living expenses for self and family are included but not their withdrawals for income tax. Wages refer to the amounts paid to production and related workers as defined above. Data on earnings refer to the calendar year whether or not some establishments reported other data on a financial year basis

## Cost of Fuel and Electricity

Figures for fuel refer to amounts actually used, (including fuel used in cars and trucks), not to purchases unless the quantities are the same. Values refer to the laid-down cost at the works. including freight, duty, etc.

## Materials and Supplies Used

Figures represent quantities and laid-down cost values, at the works, of materials and supplies actually used during the year whether purchased from others or received as transfers from other plants of the reporting company. Amounts paid to other manufacturers for work done on materials owned by the reporting company are included. Returnable containers of any other items charged to capital account are not included. Fuels are not included. Goods bought from others or received as transfers from other plants of reporting companies
for resale without further processing are not included. Maintenance and repair supplies not chargeable to capital account are included.

## Factory Shipments

Factory shipments refer to shipments of goods made from own materials either in the reporting plant or by other manufacturers on the basis of a charge to the reporting plant for work done. All products and by-products shipped from the establishment are included whether for domestic use, export, or for government departments. Transfer shipments to sales outlets, distributing warehouses or to other manufacturing units of the reporting firm are included. Goods bought or received as transfers and resold without further processing are not included. Values are computed on f.o.b. plant or plant warehouse basis, and do not include sales tax or excise duties. Values of containers not returnable are included. Amounts received in payment for work done on materials owned by others are included.

In a few industries such as shipbuilding, aircraft, etc., where work on principal products extend over a relatively long period, the value of production is recorded rather than the value of shipments. For those industries production is computed from the value of deliveries of complete units during the year plus the value of work done during the year on unfinished units less the value of work done in previous years on finished units delivered in the year under review.

## Inventories

Values represent the book values of manufacturing inventories owned and held at the reporting plant. Figures include inventories held in warehouses of selling outlets which have been included with plant operations for purpases of reporting shipments.

## Value Added by Manufacturing

Figures are computed from value of shlpments plus or minus changes in inventories of finished
goods and goods in process less cost of materials, fuel and electricity. This figure is sometimes referred to as net production. ${ }^{2}$

## Standard Industrial Classification

The Standard Industrial Classification Manual, prepared by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics, provides for 135 three-digit industries in the manufacturing sector, arranged in 17 major groups. Reporting establishments are classified or allotted to specific industries on the basis of the value of princlpal products made or shipped.

## Short Forms

Prior to 1949 all manufacturing firms, regardless of size, were required to complete a standard form annually covering all census details, but for later years an effort was made to ease the reporting burden for smaller firms which usually do not maintain regular records in the required detail. A modified or short form was introduced in 1949 asking for the total value of shipments only, of in industries with a large number of small firms, for total value of shipments and quantities and values of a few principal products. Using the ratio of value of shipments in the current year to value of shipments in the base year, 1948, estimates of other census data were made for each plant for inclusion in the regular compllations. In general, the cut-off point for short forms was set at $\$ 50,000$ gross value of shipments annually, but there were lower cut-offs for a number of industrles in which the small firms accounted for a larger share of total shipments. About 40 per cent of the total number of establishments reported on the modified or short form. They accounted for less than 3 per cent of the total value. In 1958, to establish a new base year, the small firms were again asked to report data on employees, salaries and wages, and other principal statistics together with some detail on material and products.

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# THE MANUFACTURING INDUSTRIES OF CANADA 

Section A<br>SUMMARY FOR CANADA 1958

The minor recession that commenced in the fall of 1957 continued for over a year to November 1958. In comparing the two years it is found that the selling value of factory shipments in 1958 at $\$ 22,163,186,308$ were only fractionally lower than the shipments in 1957, a year of record attainments. The decline in the physical output, however, at 2.7 p.c. was more substantial and compares with the drop of only 0.1 p.c. in value of shipments. This is accounted for by an increase in the wholesale prices of partly and fully manufactured goods. The decline in production was accompanied by a drop of 5.1 p.c. in the number of persons employed. This when compared with a drop of only 2.7 p.c. in the physical volume of production follows the trend in recent years for the same volume of output to be produced with fewer employees. Since 1949 the physical volume of manufactured products increased by 39.1 p.c. while the number of persons employed increased only by 10.2 p.c. Salaries and wages paid in 1958 at $\$ 4,802,496,260$ were only 0.4 p.c. lower than the previous year. This is due to the continuing increase in weekly and hourly earnings in manufacturing, a trend common to all other sectors of the economy. The value added by manufacture which amounted to $\$ 9,792,505,931$ in 1958 was only moderately lower than the record high reported the Irevious year, the drop being only 0.3 p.c.

The continuing high spending on capital goods, such as construction and machinery and equipment of all kinds which amounted to $\$ 8,364,000,000$ in 1958 had a moderating influence on the severity of the decline in manufacturing production. Construction was up $\$ 46,000,000$ while expenditures for machinery and equipment were down $\$ 399,000,000$. This stimulated the industries producing building materials which operated at a higher level in 1958, but had a depressing effect on the industries producing electrical and other machinery. Another factor which helped to alleviate the severity of the decline was the impact on the consumer goods industries of the increase of about 459,000 in population as well as by the continued rise in labour income.

Export demand for Canadian manufactured products held firm during 1958. Partly manufactured products exported at $\$ 1,315,500,000$ were 9.9 p.c. lower than in 1957, while exports of fully manufactured products at $\$ 1,776,500,000$ were 1.5 p.c. higher. The high level of exports was another factor in moderating the decline in production. There was substantial improvement in the export of planks and hoards, shingles and veneer and plywood in 1958 as compared with 1957. Wheat flour, whisky, farm machinery, aircraft, lead and lead products and uranium ores and concentrates were also higher. There were, however, declines in the export of wood pulp, newsprint, aluminum and products, nickel,
copper and its products, zinc, automobiles and parts, abrasives, non-farm machinery and synthetic plastics and manufactures.

As already mentioned the physical volume of production in 1958 declined 2.7 p.c., following a decline of 1.5 p.c. in 1957. There was thus a drop of 4.1 p.c. from the record level of production of 1956. In spite of the downturn in manufacturing activity in 1958, the production of non-durable or consumer goods was maintained at the same high level as in the previous year, the decline being only 0.1 y.c. The main effects of the decline were felt by the producers of durable goods which registered a drop of $5.5 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{c}$. The total index for manufacturing in 1958 stood at 139.1. For non-durable goods it was 139.5 and for durable goods 138.6. Since the end of the war the durable goods sector experienced an almost uninterrupted expansion in value of production, the only exceptions being 1954, 1957 and 1958 when the output was lower than the previous year. Non-durable goods fared better, having experienced only one year of substantial lower output, viz. 1954. In spite of the steadier expansion. the non-durable goods sector recorded an increase in volume of only 54 per cent between 1946 and 1956 while durable goods increased by 92 per cent during the same period. This favourable achievement by durable goods was somewhat lessened by the declines in volume production during 1957 and 1958.

In the non-durable goods sector the trend in physical output in 1958 was mixed, with the majority of the industrial groups reporting declines, The greatest drop in volume of production amounting to 7.2 p.c. as compared with 1957 was reporter by the rubber and rubber products group. This was followed by textiles with a drop of 6.9 p.c., products of petroleum and coal 3.0 p.c.. printing, publishing and allied industries 2.7 p.c., clothing, including knitting mills 2.1 p.c., leather products 1.0 p.c., and paper products 0.5 p.c. The leather products group which has experienced a long-term downward trend, amounting to 6.8 p.c., between 1946 and 1955 reported no change in 1957 and a drop of 1.0 p.c. in 1958. Five groups reported gains in volume output. Tobacco and tobacco products with 7.6 p.c. recorded the greatest increase in production. This was followed by foods and miscellaneous industries each with a gain of 4.4 p.c., chemicals and allied products 1.7 p.c. and beverages 1.0 p.c. The gains reported by these five groups practically outweighed the losses so that the net result for the non-durable group as a whole was a loss of only 0.1 p.c. in volume.

In the durable goods sector, all groups, with the exception of wood and non-metallic mineral products, reported lower levels of production. The greatest decline of $13.5 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{c}$. was reported by the
transportation equipment group, followed by iron and steel products with 9.5 p.c., electrical apparatus and supplies 4.6 p.c. and non-ferrous metal products 1.4 p.c. The non-metallic mineral products group which produces mainly building materials managed to come up with a sizeable increase of 7.6 p.c. while the wood products group which also produces building materials came up with a 3.0 p.c. increase. The increased volume of these two groups is a reflection of the high level at which the construction industry operated, in spite of the general slackening in economic activity. The hydraulic cement industry which is a component of the nonmetallic mineral products group had a 2 p.c. increase in volume of production, the output of cement rising from $6,049,098$ tons in 1957 to $6,153,421$ tons in 1958. The wood products groun was also stimulated by the strengthened demand in other countries for its products which during the preceding few years were at a lower volume. Exports of planks and boards in 1958 rose to $3,922,953 \mathrm{M}$ feet from $3,653,497 \mathrm{M}$ feet in 1957, red cedar shingles to $1,814,711$ from $1,718,203$ roofing squares, while veneer and plywood rose to 561,767 from $490,750 \mathrm{M}$ square feet.

Of the grouns reporting lowered output, the transportation equipment was the hardest hit, with all industries of the group reporting major declines in production. Railway rolling stock dropped 22 p.c.. shipbuilding 17 p.c., motor vehicles 14 p.c., with a drop in motor vehicle production to 359,777 units in 1958 from 413,577 units in 1957, motor vehicle parts 10 p.c. and aircraft 5 p.c. The iron and steel group with a loss of $9.5^{\circ} \mathrm{p}$.c. in volume of production was another group in the durable goods sector to register a substantial loss. The primary iron and steel industry which is an important component of this group registered a loss of 18 p.c. The production of pig iron at $3,059,579$ was 658,771 tons lower while steel ingots and castings at $4,359.486$ were 708,663 tons lower. The output of machinery was also severely curtailed, the machinery industry in the iron and steel group reported a drop of 22 p.c. in volume, while the heavy electrical machinery industry of the electrical apparatus and supplies group suffered a more moderate decline of 11 p.c.

Ontario which is recognized as one of the world's major industrial areas, accounts for approximately half of Canada's manufacturing production. Despite the great industrial progress made by other provinces, Ontario continues to maintain its predominance, and in 1958 accounted for 49.0 p.c. of the total value of factory shipments. Quebec with 30.5 p.c. of the total shipments ranks as the second largest industrial province, while British Columbia with 8.1 p.c. of the total ranks third. In 1958 Ontario had a slightly smaller share of the total while Quebec and British Columbia reported minor increases.

The impact of the minor downturn in production reported by the manufacturing industries of Canada in 1958 was not the same for all provinces. The outstanding feature was an increase of $2.3 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{c}$. in the number of employees reported by Saskatchewan when all other provinces reported declines.

This no doubt is due to the fact that Saskatchewan being mainly a producer of consumer goods, was able to expand its manufacturing operations to meet the requirements of an expanded population. British Columbia with a drop of 5.1 p.c. in employment experienced a second set-back in manufacturing employment which was expanding uninterruptedly for a number of years prior to 1957. The biggest decline in employment, however, was reported by Newfoundland with a drop of 8.3 p .c. This was followed by Nova Scotia with a loss of 8.0 p.c. Ontario 5.8 p.c., British Columbia 5.1 p.c., Quebec 4.5 p.c., Manitoba 3.4 p.c., Alberta 3.1 p.c., Prince Edward Island 1.9 p.c. and New Brunswick 1.1 p.c. For Canada as a whole the decline in employment was 5.0 p.c.

The industrial expansion of Canada since Confederation has been phenomenal. In the past generation alone, Canada has changed from a country producing and exporting mainly primary products to a country that is increasingly producing and exporting manufactured products, until to-day manufactures account for about $26 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{c}$. of the value of all goods and services produced, and also rank as the leading employer of labour in Canada.

Canada is nolonger on the fringes of industrialization but ranks among the world's most important manufacturing countries. Basic historical developments, such as the opening of the West and the magnitude of requirements of all kinds for World Wars I and II, have been followed by recent discoveries of far-feaching significance. Such events as the discovery of a major oil pool on the prairies in 1947, the discovery of large-scale deposits of iron and the successful search for uranium have given new dimensions to Canadian thinking and business planning. These are the factors that explain the records of capital expenditures year by year since the end of the War. Yet it is not the mere rate of expansion that is significant. There have been other periods when Canada's population has grown more rapidly and in many respects the rate of industrial expansion in the late $1920^{\circ}$ s was relatively as great as in the post-war years. The real significance of the latter period is that never before has there been an advance on such a broad industrial front.

The second point to be observed is the changing emphasis of Canadian manufacturing activity. By 1949 the period of post-war conversion was passed and Canada had entered a new phase of economic expansion which derived its dynamic from the discovery of new resources and the application of new processes. This meant that even the sharp recession in the United States in the year 1949 failed to have significant effects in Canada. The influence of Korea and the consequent rearmament program gave an added impetus to the expansion of Canadian industry and to the development of Canadian basic resources. Capital expenditures that contributed most to the defence of Canada were given priority. Additional capacity was created to meet requirements of the specialized defence program-aircraft, electronic equipment, ships and guns - many items of which had never before been
produced in Canada. Measures such as steel control, credit regulations and deferred depreciation thad the desired effect. A shift gradually took place coward the further expansion of basic industrial caplacity and away from investment in consumer goods and services.

The stability of current levels of manufacturing is indicated by the fact that such activity is the result of business assessments of resources and market potentialities. Millions of dollars are being invested in oil because the prairies can produce oil as economically as other great fields on the North American Continent. Petro-chemical plants are being erected because the raw materials are readily at hand. Kitimat is based on the coincidence of abundant and cheap hydro-power and access to ocean transportation, both of which are essential to the low-cost production of aluminum. The exploitation of the Ungava iron deposits rests on the belief that the steel industry of the North American Continent will need the high-grade ores involved in order to meet continuing peace-time demands. No country is in a more favourable position than Canada to supply uranium for the production of atomic energy.

Of strategic importance, and probably of even greater long-term significance to the Canadian economy, has been the growing world-wide shortage of raw materials; a shortage born of rising levels of employment and income, and accentuated by the course of international events, especially since 1950. These demands have shown few signs of abating and they have led to substantial increases i: Canadian primary manufacturing capacity, particularly in so far as the light metals, nickel, chemical fertilizers and the cheaper grades of paper are concerned.

In recent years the demands stemming from population growth and a rising standard of living have been noticeable at all levels. In food processing, a steady up-grading in the quality of foods sold on the domestic market has been even more important thar population growth. The two together have almost doubled the dollar sales of processed foods in this country since 1945. And at the intermediate level other important changes have taken place. Many of Canada's new chemical plants, for example, have been built with the domestic consumer market in mind. Frequently using petroleum or natural gas as a source of raw material, they have gone a long way towards making Canada independent of imports in such categories as vanillin, nylon and rayon intermediates, and plastics for packaging and similar uses.

The tremendous development which has taken place in Canada during the decade preceding 1957 is strikingly illustrated by the increase of 70.3 p.c. in the physical volume of manufactured products hetween 1946 and 1956 as compared with an increase of only 31 p.c. in the population. Part of this increase, resulted from an increased demand abroad for Canadian manufactured goods, part to the demands imposed on Canadian industry as a result of the expansion in the economy during the past decade, and part to the increase in the standard of
living of the Canadian people. The increase of 91.9 p.c. in the output of durable goods consisting mainly of building materials, transportation equipment as well as machinery and equipment of all kinds reveals the extent of the contribution made by Canadian industry to the phenomenal expansion in the productive capacity of the country. Non-durable goods during the same period increased by $53.8 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{c}$. Although this increase is quite large it is, nevertheless, overshadowed by the much larger increase of 91.9 p.c. in the durable goods industries of the manufacturing sector.

With only one exception, all groups in both the durable and non-durable sector recorded market advances in volume output since 1946, the exception being leather products with a decline of 6.8 p.c. In the durable goods sector the most striking advance was made by the electrical apparatus and supplies group with an increase of 182.6 p.c. This was followed by non-metallic mineral products with 166.0 p.c., transportation equipment 95.9 p.c., iron and steel products 79.8 p.c., non-ferrous metal products 62.6 p.c. and wood products 59.3 p.c.

In the non-durable goods sector the greatest advance was made by the products of petroleum and coal group with 190.8 p.c. This was the highest increase of any group of either sector. Chemicals and allied products with an increase of $100.9 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{c}$. came second, followed by miscellaneous industries with 83.3 p.c., printing, publishing and allied industries 78.5 p.c., rubber goods 72.1 p.c.. paper products 70.1 p.c., beverages 68.4 p.c., tobacco and tobacco products 61.0 p.c. textiles 32.2 p.c., foods 27.6 p.c. and clothing 23.4 p.c. The output of leather products group declined 6.8 p.c.

## Manufacturing establishments reporting in

 1958 numbered 36.741 . Of these 768 were located in Newfoundland, 179 in Prince Edward Island, 1.297 in Nova Scotia, 939 in New Brunswick, 11.828 in Quebec, 13,276 in Ontario, 1,634 in Manitoba, 970 in Saskatchewan, 1.762 in Alberta, 4.072 in British Columbia and 16 in the Yukon and Northwest Territories. These plants furnished employment to $1,289,602$ persons who received $\$ 4,802,496,260$ in salaries and wages. They also shipped goods with a selling value at the factory of $\$ 22,163,186,308$ and spent $\$ 11,821,567,471$ for materials, while the value added by manufacture totalled $\$ 9,792,505,931$.The value added is obtained by subtracting the cost of materials, including fuel and electricity, from the gross value of products. The difference represents the value added to the materials by labour. It is this difference which the employer of labour uses to pay for the labour itself, the overhead expenses, interest and profits.

With the change-over to a shipments basis in 1954 value of production figures are not now being reported by manufacturing establishments. They now report the value of their shipments which must be converted to a value of products basis in order to calculate value added. The formula used is "value of shipments plus closing inventory less opening inventory of finished goods and goods in process equals value of products made".

Variation in Volume of Production

| Group | Volume index ( $1949=100$ ) |  |  | Percentage variation |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1958 | 1957 | Percentage variation | 1951 compared with 1946 | 1956 compared with 1951 | $\begin{gathered} 1956 \text { compared } \\ \text { with } 1946 \end{gathered}$ |
| All manufactures: | 139.1 | 142.9 | $-2.7$ | +35. 0 | +26. 2 | $+70.3$ |
| Non-durable goods | 139.5 | 139.7 | -0.1 | +23.4 | +24.6 | +53.8 |
| Durable goods ....... | 138.6 | 146. 7 | $-5.5$ | +50.1 | +27.9 | + 91.8 |
| Non-durable goods: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Foods | 139.0 | 133.2 | $+4.4$ | +3.9 | +22.8 | $+27.6$ |
| Beverages ......... | 144.7 | 143.2 | $+1.0$ | +29.2 | +30.3 | + 68.4 |
| Tobacco and tobacco products | 173.2 | 161.0 | +7.6 | + 4.9 | +53.6 | +61.0 |
| Rubber and rubber products ...................... | 137.2 | 147.8 | $-7.2$ | +39.6 | +23.3 | + 72.1 |
| Leather products ...................................... | 114.4 | 115.6 | -1.0 | $-27.1$ | +27.9 | - 6.8 |
| Textiles ................................................... | 109.5 | 117.6 | -6.9 | +27. 5 | +3. 7 | + 32.2 |
| Clothing, including knitting mills ............ | 114.4 | 116.8 | -2.1 | +6.2 | +16. 2 | + 23.4 |
| Paper products ........................................ | 134.8 | 135.5 | -0.5 | +45.1 | +17.3 | + 70.1 |
| Printing, publishing and allied industries | 134.4 | 138.2 | -2.7 | +36. 7 | +30.6 | +78.5 |
| Products of petroleum and coal ................ | 216.8 | 223.5 | $-3.0$ | +72.9 | +68. 2 | +190.8 |
| Chemicals and allied products | 186.5 160.0 | 183.4 | +1.7 +4.4 | +37.9 | $+45.7$ | $+100.9$ |
| Miscellaneous industries | 160.0 | 153.3 | +4.4 | +48. $\frac{4}{2}$ | +23.5 | +83.3 |
| Durable goods: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wood products ........................................... | 131.1 | 127.3 | $+3.0$ | +32.3 | $+20.5$ | $+59.3$ |
| Iron and steel products ............................. | 126.4 | 139.6 | -9.5 | +44.8 | +24.2 | + 79.8 |
| Transportation equipment ......................... | 130.8 | 151.2 | -13.5 | +62.9 | $+20.3$ | + 95.9 |
| Non-ferrous metal products ....................... | 125.8 | 127.6 | -1.4 | +39.5 | +16.6 | + 62.6 |
| Electrical apparatus and supp.ies ........... | 175.5 | 183.6 | $-4.6$ | +78.3 | +58.5 | +182. 6 |
| Non-metallic mineral products .................. | 205.9 | 191.3 | $+7.6$ | +66.4 | +59.8 | $+166.0$ |

Percentage Variation of Manufacturing in Canada, by Provinces and Groups, 1958 Compared with 1957

| Province and group | 1958 compared with 1957 |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Number of employees | Salaries and wages | Selling value of factory shipments |
| Canada | - 5.0 | - 0.2 | -0.1 |
| Newfoundland | -8.3 | -10.8 | - 0.6 |
| Prince Edward Island | -1.9 | +3.4 | + 7.8 |
| Nova Scotia ............ | -8.0 | -5.1 | -3.6 |
| New Brunswick | -1.1 | +1.0 | + 0.1 |
| Ontario | -5.8 | -0.7 | +1.1 |
| Manltoba. | -3.4 | +1.9 | + 4.4 |
| Saskatchewan | +2.3 | +5.8 | +8.2 |
| Alberta | -3.1 | + 2.2 | +8.1 |
| British Columbia | -5.1 | + 0.4 | +0.8 |
| Yukon and Northwest Territorles | -12.7 | +3.0 | +23.5 |
| All groups | - 5.1 | - 0.4 | -0.1 |
| Foods and beverages | -0.9 | + 5.6 | +8.6 |
| Tobacco and tobacco products | +4.2 | +11.5 | $+22.2$ |
| Rubber products..................... | -10.1 | -8.1 | -5.4 |
| Leather products | -3.0 | +1.2 | +3.4 |
| Textiles ........ | - 7.4 | + 4.1 | -1.2 |
| Knitting mills | - 3.3 | -0.8 | + 0.8 |
| Clothing ........ | - 4.0 | -0.5 | -1.2 |
| Wood products | -4.7 | +0.3 | + 0.6 |
| Paper products ................................ | - 1.4 | +1.6 | +1.3 |
| Printing, publishing and allied industries | -3.1 |  | +4.2 |
| Iron and steel products ... | -9.6 | -6.2 | - 7.1 |
| Transportation equipment ... | -12.9 | -6. 4 |  |
| Non-ferrous metal products ......... | -6.0 | -0.7 | -9.0 |
| Electrical apparatus and supplies | -7.9 | $-1.3$ | $-5.8$ |
| Non-metallic mineral products | +1.8 | + 7.7 | +5.7 |
| Products of petroleum and coal | - 1.9 | + 0.9 | -1.7 |
| Chemicals and allied products | -0.3 | +5.3 | + 7.5 |
| Miscellaneous industries. | +3.0 | +9.2 | +10.9 |

# I IBLE 1. Summary Statistics of the Manufacturing Industries, Canada, 1917-58 

| Year | Estab-lishments | Capital | Employees | Salaries and wages | Cust at plant of materials used | Value <br> added by manufacture ${ }^{1}$ | Gross value of products ${ }^{2}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. | \$ | No. | dollars |  |  |  |
| 1917 | 21,845 | 2,333,991,229 | 606,523 | 497, 801, 844 | 1,539,678,811 | 1,281,131,980 | 2,820,810.791 |
| 1918 | 21,777 | 2,518, 197, 329 | 602, 179 | 567,991,171 | 1,827,631.548 | 1,399, 794,849 | 3,227,426, 397 |
| 1919 | 22.083 | 2, 670, 559, 435 | 594, 066 | 601, 715,668 | 1,779, 056, 765 | 1,442,400,638 | 3,221,457, 403 |
| 1920 | 22,532 | 2,923, 667, 011 | 598,893 | 717,493, 876 | 2, 085, 271,649 | 1,621,273,348 | 3,706,544,997 |
| 1921 | 20,848 | 2,697,858,073 | 438,555 | 497,399, 761 | 1,365,292,885 | 1,123,694,263 | 2,488, 987, 148 |
| 1922 | 21.016 | 2,667, 493, 290 | 456,256 | 489,397, 230 | 1.272,651,585 | 1,103,266,106 | 2,375,917,691 |
| 1923 | 21,080 | 2,788, 051,630 | 506,203 | 549,529,631 | 1,456, 595, 367 | 1,206, 332,107 | 2,662, 927, 474 |
| 1924 | 20,709 | 2,895, 317,508 | 487,610 | 534, 467,675 | 1,422,573,946 | 1,075, 458,459 | 2,570,561,931 |
| 1925 | 20,981 | 3,065, 730,916 | $522,924{ }^{3}$ | 569,944,442 | 1,571,788,252 | 1,167,936, 726 | 2,816,864,958 |
| 1926 | 21,301 | 3,208, 071, 197 | $559.161^{3}$ | 625,682, 242 | 1.712,519,991 | 1,305, 168,549 | 3,100,604,637 |
| 1927 | 21.501 | 3,454,825,529 | 595, $052^{3}$ | 662,705,332 | 1.741, 128, 711 | 1,427, 649, 292 | 3,257,214, 876 |
| 1928 | 21.973 | 3,804,062,566 | $631,429^{3}$ | 721,471,634 | 1,894, 027, 188 | 1,597, 887, 676 | 3,582,345, 302 |
| 1929 | 22,216 | 4,004, 892,009 | 666,531 ${ }^{3}$ | $777.291,217$ | 2,029,670,813 | 1,755,386,937 | 3,883,446,116 |
| 1930 | 22.618 | 4,041, 030, 475 | 614,696 ${ }^{3}$ | 697, 555, 378 | 1,664,787, 763 | 1,522,737,125 | 3,280, 236,603 |
| 1931 | 23,083 | 3, 705, 701, 893 | 528,640 | 587, 566,990 | 1,221,911,982 | 1,252,017,248 | 2,555, 126,448 |
| 1932 | 23,102 | 3, 380, 475, 509 | 468,833 | 473,601,716 | 954,381,097 | 955,960, 724 | 1,980, 471,543 |
| 1933 | 23,780 | 3,279, 259, 838 | 468,658 | 436,247, 824 | 967, 788, 928 | 919, ${ }^{\text {¢ }} 71,181$ | 1,954, 075, 785 |
| 1934 | 24.209 | 3,249,348,864 | 519,812 | 503, 851, 055 | 1,229,513,621 | 1,087,301,742 | 2,393,692,729 |
| 1935 | 24,034 | 3,216,403,127 | 556,664 | 559,467,777 | 1,419,146,217 | 1,153,485, 104 | 2,653,911,204 |
| 1936 | 24,202 | 3,271, 263, 531 | 594, 359 | 612,071,434 | 1.624,213.996 | 1,289,592,672 | 3,002,403,814 |
| 1937 | 24,834 | 3,465,227, 831 | 660, 451 | 721, 727, 037 | 2, 006, 926, 787 | 1,508,924,867 | 3,625,459,500 |
| 1938 | 25,200 | 3,485,683,018 | 642, 016 | $705,668,589$ | 1, 807, 478, 028 | 1,428, 286, 778 | 3,337, 681, 366 |
| 1939 | 24,805 | 3,647, 024,449 | 658,114 | 737, 811,153 | 1,836,159,375 | 1,531, 051,901 | 3, 474,783, 528 |
| 1940 | 25,513 | 4, 095, 716, 836 | 762,244 | 920, 872,865 | 2, 449, 721,903 | 1,942,471,238 | 4,529,173, 316 |
| 1941 | 26,293 | 4,905,503,966 | 961.178 | 1,264, 862,643 | 3,296, 547, 019 | 2,605,119,788 | $6,076,308,124$ |
| 1942 | 27, 862 | 5, 488, 785, 545 | 1.152,091 | 1,682, 804, 842 | 4,037, 102, 725 | 3,309, 973,758 | 7,553, 794,972 |
| 1943 | 27.652 | 6, 317, 166, 727 | 1,241,068 | 1,987,292,384 | 4,690, 493,083 | 3,816,413,541 | 8, 732, 860, 999 |
| 1944 | 28,483 | Not collected | 1,222,882 | 2,029,621,370 | 4,832,333,356 | 4,015,776,010 | 9,073,692,519 |
| 1945 | 29,050 | . | 1,119,372 | 1,845, 773,449 | 4,473,668,847 | 3,564,315,899 | 8,250, 368, 866 |
| 1946 | 31,249 | . | 1,058,156 | 1,740,687, 254 | 4,358,234, 766 | 3,467, 004,980 | 8,035,692,471 |
| 1947 | 32,734 | ${ }^{\prime}$ | 1,131,750 | 2, 085, 925, 966 | 5,534,280, 019 | 4,292, 055, 802 | 10,081, 026,580 |
| 1948 | 33,420 | . | 1,155,721 | 2,409, 368,190 | 6,632,881,628 | 4,938,786, 981 | 11,875,169,685 |
| 19494 | 35,792 | . | 1,171,207 | 2,591, 890, 657 | 6,843,231, 064 | 5,330, 566, 434 | 12,479,593,300 |
| 19504 | 35,942 | . | 1,183,297 | 2,771,267, 435 | 7,538,534,532 | 5,942, 058,229 | 13,817,526,381 |
| $1951{ }^{4}$ | 37, 021 | . | 1,258, 375 | 3,276, 280,917 | 9,074,526,353 | 6,940, 946, 783 | 16,392,187, 132 |
| $1952^{4}$ | 37.929 | . | 1,288,382 | 3,637,620, 160 | 9,146, 172,494 | 7,443,533,199 | 16,982,687, 035 |
| 19534 | 38,107 | . | 1,327,451 | 3,957, 018,348 | 9,380, 558,682 | 7,993,069,351 | 17,785, 416, 854 |
| $1954{ }^{4}$ | 38, 028 | . | 1,267,966 | 3,896,687,691 | 9,241,857,554 | 7,902,124,137 | 17,554,527,504 |
| 19554 | 38, 182 | . | 1,298,461 | 4, 142,409,534 | 10,338,202,165 | 8,753,450,496 | 19,513,933,811 |
| $1956{ }^{4}$ | 37,428 | ' | 1,353,020 | 4,570,692,190 | 11,721, 536,889 | 9,605,424,579 | 21,636, 748,986 |
| $1957{ }^{4}$ | 37,875 | . | 1,359,061 | 4,819,627,999 | 11,900, 751, 703 | 9,822,084,726 | 22,183, 594,311 |
| $1958{ }^{4}$ | 36.741 | . | 1,289,602 | 4,802, 496,260 | 11,821,567, 471 | 9,792,505,931 | 22,163,186,308 |

[^1]TABLE. 2. Principal Statistics Compared, Canada, 1957 and 1958

| Principal statistics |  | 1957 | 1958 | +Increase <br> -Decrease |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Establishments | No. | 37,875 | 36.741 | 1.134 |
| Administrative and office employees: |  |  |  |  |
| Male | No. | 226. 282 | 221.881 | 4,401 |
| Female | * | 87,602 | 85.986 | 1,616 |
| Salaries | \$ | 1,403,401,749 | 1,469,324,281 | +65,922,532 |
| Average | \$ | 4,471 | 4.773 | + 302 |
| Production workers: |  |  |  |  |
| Male | No. | 827,328 | 772.297 | 55,031 |
| Female | * | 217,849 | 209,438 | 8,411 |
| Wages | \$ | 3,416,226, 250 | 3,333,171,979 | $-83,054,271$ |
| Average | \$ | 3,269 | 3,396 | $+\quad 127$ |
| Cost at plant of materials used | \$ | 11,900, 751,703 | 11,821,567,471 | $-79,184,232$ |
| Average per establishment | \$ | 314,211 | 321, 754 | + 7.543 |
| Cost of fuel and electricity | \$ | 555,311,788 | 549,308,532 | -6,003.256 |
| Value added by manufacture ${ }^{1}$ | \$ | 9,822,084,726 | 9,792,505,931 | $-29,578,795$ |
| Average per establishment | \$ | 259,329 | 266.528 | + 7.199 |
| Selling value of factory shipments | \$ | 22,183,594,311 | $22,163,186,308$ | -20,408,003 |
| Average per establishment | \$ | 585,705 | 603.228 | + 17.523 |

[^2]TABLE 3. Principal Statistics of the Forty Leading Industries, Ranked According to the Value of Factory Shipments, 1958

|  | Industries | Estab-IIshments | Employees | Salaries and wages | Cost at plant of materials used | Value added by manufacture ${ }^{1}$ | Selling value of factory shipments |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | number |  | dollats |  |  |  |
| 1 | Pulp and | 128 | 64,084 | 307,415,615 | 597, 804, 877 | 702,950,789 | 1,394,679, 180 |
| 2 | Petroleum products | 71 | 14,490 | $76,643,818$ | 829,920,509 | 487, 676, 382 | $1,368,649,087^{3}$ |
| 3 | Non-ferrous metal smelting and refining | 25 | 26, 959 | 131,081,250 | 693, 796, 744 | 378,451,364 | 1,135, 770, $506^{2}$ |
| 4 | Slaughtering and meat packing | 178 | 25,712 | 102,676,636 | 852,842,056 | 196, 229,499 | 1,050,461,233 |
| 5 | Motor vehicles | 15 | 26,396 | 129, 718,693 | 571,501, 488 | 253, 945, 274 | 847,342, 113 |
| 6 | Primary iron and steel | 50 | 30, 261 | 148, 023, 062 | 250,669,538 | 304, 923, 587 | 590,317,696 |
| 7 | Sawmills | 5. 769 | 47, 763 | 142,700,044 | 300,342,531 | $236,752,567$ | 546, 299, $359^{2}$ |
| 8 | Butter and cheese | 1,222 | 20,879 | $69,033,691$ | $390,474,716$ | 118, 079, 130 | 522,792,666 |
| 9 | Aircraft and parts | 75 | 39,932 | 182, 276,877 | $176,538,577$ | 281, 131,994 | 462,331, $245^{2}$ |
| 10 | Miscellaneous electrical apparatus and supplies $\qquad$ | 179 | 25,116 | $101,160,900$ | 164,052,742 | 175,827,814 | 347,837,077 |
| 11 | Miscellaneous food preparations | 299 | 9,752 | 34, 397, 174 | 223,011,577 | 121, 110, 541 | 345,905, 114 |
| 12 | Bread and other bakery products | 2,637 | 35,618 | 106, 968, 772 | 157, 267, 880 | $172,605,555$ | $340,918,015$ |
| 13 | Sheet metal products .................. | 473 | 19,107 | 78, 135,571 | $175,251,811$ | 154, 400, 230 | 333, 264,998 |
| 14 | Printing and publishing | 746 | 30,557 | 127, 741,392 | $86,411,545$ | 238,784, 246 | 327,687, 195 |
| 15 | Machinery, industrial | 379 | 23,347 | 95,602,417 | 133,424, 224 | 167, 442,946 | 311,094,856 |
| 16 | Furniture | 1.820 | 31,505 | 97, 807, 441 | 149, 036, 129 | 156, 566, 548 | 308, 815,752 |
| 17 | Rubber goods, including footwear | 89 | 19,943 | $76,445,003$ | $128,572,616$ | 174, 828, 149 | 308, 383, 196 |
| 18 | Railway rolling stock ................ | 29 | 22,374 | 87, 953, 769 | 188, 155, 709 | 103, 799, 162 | $295,961,250^{2}$ |
| 19 | Motor vehicle parts .................... | 206 | 18,132 | 77, 730, 771 | 155,921, 088 | $133,476,810$ | 295, 741, 107 |
| 20 | Boxes and bags, paper | 223 | 16.596 | 57,658,588 | 168,339,354 | 108,276,046 | 277, 464, 661 |
| 21 | Fruit and vegetable preparations | 396 | 16,167 | $43,444,553$ | 174,886, 029 | 97,959,887 | 276,697, 891 |
| 22 | Clothing, men's, factory ............. | 546 | 29,969 | $74,013,879$ | $144,479,417$ | 116,633,091 | $264,293,851$ |
| 23 | Acids, alkalies and salts | 59 | 10,073 | 49,780,443 | 111,593, 209 | 126, 831,706 | $260,967,832$ |
| 24 | Printing and bookbinding | 1,829 | 26,422 | 99, 473, 204 | $95,823,864$ | 161, 100,612 | $258,323,523$ |
| 25 | Castings, iron | 189 | 15,081 | $61,177,434$ | 132,575,064 | 114,962,422 | 253, 444, 707 |
| 26 | Feeds, stock and poultry, prepared | 891 | 6,655 | 20,538,213 | 193, 728,346 | $55,314,719$ | 251,753,902 |
| 27 | Clothing, women's, factory ........ | 660 | 25,676 | $68,469,880$ | $132,488,602$ | 117,611,885 | 250, 457,423 |
| 28 | Machinery, heavy, electrical | 80 | 20,074 | 97, 573, 375 | 97, 534, 523 | 139, 709, 541 | 244, 743, 678 |
| 29 | Telecommunication equipment.... | 127 | 19,100 | 75, 497, 784 | 119,506, 470 | 122,008,393 | 237,994, 688 |
| 30 | Sash, door and planing mills ..... | 1. 555 | 17,956 | 54, 759, 186 | 141, 193, 742 | 92,918,992 | 236,990, 148 |
| 31 | Breweries | 55 | 8,148 | 37,708, 857 | $55,655,573$ | 172, 383, 258 | $232,353,488$ |
| 32 | Flour mills | 71 | 4,412 | 15,949,136 | 173,438, 129 | 43,364,618 | 218, 321,216 |
| 33 | Miscellaneous chemical products n.e.s. $\qquad$ | 267 | 12,411 | $53,169,953$ | 105,608,965 | 103,550,460 | $217,508,017$ |
| 34 | Bridge and structural steel ........ | 65 | 14,531 | 66, 027,964 | 100, 702, 283 | 108,320,903 | 210, 882, $702^{2}$ |
| 35 | Cotton yarn and cloth ................. | 48 | 19,434 | $53,514,574$ | 124,740,866 | $79,580,664$ | 210, 291, 534 |
| 36 | Tobacco, cigars and cigarettes.. | 25 | 8,476 | $32,144,308$ | 108,871,666 | 88, 230,628 | 196,947, 716 |
| 37 | Concrete products ...................... | 684 | 11,819 | $44,807,114$ | 91, 364,354 | 91,419,385 | 186, 235, 051 |
| 38 | Fish processing | 431 | 13,193 | $28,367,424$ | 122,632,908 | $60,533,456$ | 180, 783,504 |
| 39 | Synthetic textiles | 48 | 14,436 | 49,357, 206 | 81,967,412 | 87, 011,785 | 177, 213,641 |
| 40 | Prass and copper products ......... | 155 | 9,034 | 36,441,269 | 107, 392, 740 | $68,161,993$ | $176,400,890$ |
|  | Totals, leading industries <br> Totals, all industries | 22,794 36,741 | 1, 289,602 | $3,293,387,240$ $4,802,496,260$ | $8,809,519,873$ $11,821,567,471$ | $6,714,867,031$ $9,792,505,931$ | $15,954,321,708$ $22,163,186,308$ |

[^3]TABLE 4. Principal Statistics by Provinces, 1957 and 1958

| No. | Provinces | Estab-lishments | Administrative and office employees |  |  | Production workers |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Male | Female | Salaries | Male | Female | Wages |
|  |  | number |  |  | \$ | number |  | \$ |
| 1 | Newfoundland | 916 | 1,984 | 329 | 7.010,203 | 7. 146 | 1,014 | 25,773,512 |
| 2 | Prince Edward Island | 193 | 315 | 89 | 932.042 | 886 | 373 | 2.346,780 |
| 3 | Nova Scotia | 1,356 | 3,999 | 1,254 | 17, 775, 461 | 22. 582 | 3,695 | 72,859, 154 |
| 4 | New Brunswick | 981 | 2,564 | 828 | 12, 174, 704 | 14,929 | 2,664 | 48,310,603 |
| 5 | Quebec | 12, 250 | 71,762 | 27, 165 | 435, 933, 580 | 257, 141 | 93,315 | 1, 041,894, 756 |
| 6 | Ontario | 13,580 | 112,853 | 46.914 | 743, 110,040 | 389,755 | 94,723 | 1,687,566, 424 |
| 7 | Manitoba | 1,590 | 6,756 | 2,614 | 37, 153,699 | 26,667 | 7,847 | 103, 046, 557 |
| 8 | Saskatchewan | 844 | 2,434 | 870 | 12,031,464 | 7.703 | 1.005 | 28,843, 885 |
| 9 | Alberta | 1. 893 | 7. 257 | 2,420 | 39,025, 167 | 25.666 | 3,746 | 98, 052, 271 |
| 10 | British Columbia | 4,250 | 16,322 | 5,107 | 98, 069, 454 | 74.753 | 9,449 | 307, 060,478 |
| 11 | Yukon and Narthwest 'Territories | 22 | 36 | 12 | 185,935 | 100 | 18 | 471,830 |
| 12 | Canada | 37,875 | 226, 282 | 87,602 | 1, 403, 401, 749 | 827, 328 | 217,849 | 3, 416,226, 250 |
| 13 | Newfoundland | 768 | 1,805 | 305 | 6,831،806 | 6,575 | 919 | 22,401, 763 |
| 14 | Prince Edward Island | 179 | 316 | 83 | 997. 574 | 881 | 352 | 2,392,411 |
| 15 | Nova Scotia | 1,297 | 3,882 | 1,142 | 18, 280, 311 | 20,430 | 3,556 | 67, 725, 242 |
| 16 | New Brunswick | 939 | 2, 582 | 853 | 12,847,300 | 14,523 | 2,786 | 48,229, 871 |
| 17 | Quebec | 11,828 | 70,149 | 26,958 | 458, 439, 042 | 241, 942 | 90, 309 | 1, 018, 166,866 |
| 18 | Ontario | 13,276 | 110,994 | 45,721 | 779, 108, 028 | 359,381 | 90, 266 | 1,633,546, 624 |
| 19 | Manitoba | 1,634 | 6,701 | 2,616 | 38,835,845 | 25,576 | 7,489 | 104,023,640 |
| 20 | Saskatchewan | 970 | 2, 583 | 908 | 12,804, 725 | 7,778 | 1,014 | 30,423,667 |
| 21 | Alberta ............................................... | 1,762 | 7, 053 | 2,347 | 40,237,629 | 24,670 | 3,790 | 99,897, 550 |
| 22 | British Columbia | 4,072 | 15.790 | 5,046 | 100,784, 466 | 70,445 | 8,941 | 305,843, 743 |
| 23 | Yukon and Northwest Territories ......... | 16 | 26 | 7 | 157, 555 | 96 | 16 | 520,602 |
| 24 | Canada ....................................... | 36,741 | 221,881 | 85,986 | 1, 469, 324, 281 | 772,297 | 209,438 | 3,333, 171, 979 |

${ }^{2}$ See footnote 1 , page 12.

TABLE 4. Principal Statistics by Provinces, 1957 and 1958

| Total employees | Total salaries and wages | Cost of fuel and electricity | Cost at plant of materials used | Value added by manufacture ${ }^{\text { }}$ | Selling value of factory shipments | No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| number |  |  | dollars |  |  |  |
| 10,473 | 32,783,715 | $7,353,052$ | $53,995,122$ | $56,543,792$ | 117,713,795 | 1 |
| 1,663 | 3,278,822 | 409,434 | 18,315,249 | $6,579,507$ | 24,952,853 | 2 |
| 31, 530 | $90,634,615$ | 16,056,542 | $238,286,745$ | 175,682,924. | 427, 299, 045 | 3 |
| 20,985 | $60,485,307$ | 14,136,491 | $174,741,863$ | 123,547,460 | $311,795,501$ | 4 |
| 449,383 | 1,477, 828,336 | 187, 181, 272 | 3,570,908,799 | 2,947,897,608 | $6,679,595,056$ | 5 |
| 644,245 | $2,430,676,464$ | $246,825,902$ | $5,827,317,500$ | $5,047,710,789$ | 11,078, 592,683 | 6 |
| 43,884 | 140,200, 256 | 13,894,544 | 379,799, 214 | 273,162,757 | 664, 529,736 | 7 |
| 12,012 | $40,875,349$ | $9,031,509$ | $189,106,737$ | 109,598,807 | 306,115, 112 | 8 |
| 39,089 | 137,077,438 | 15,844,400 | 461,134,040 | 312,037,090 | 784.480512 | 9 |
| [05, 631 | $405,129,932$ | 44,399,471 | $985,519,123$ | $767,914,301$ | $1,785,298,750$ | 10 |
| 166 | 657, 765 | 179,171 | 1,627,311 | 1,409,691 | 3,221,268 | 11 |
| 1,359,061 | $4,819,627,999$ | 555, 311,788 | 11,900, 751, 703 | $9,822,084,726$ | $22,183,594,311$ | 12 |
| 9,604 | 29, 233, 569 | 6,902,719 | 52, 156, 291 | $58,044,514$ | 116.979, 200 | 13 |
| 1,632 | 3,389,985 | 419,442 | $19,203,457$ | $7,266,497$ | $26,887,728$ | 14 |
| 29.010 | 86,005,553 | 14,054,891 | 217, 263,603 | 176,997,949 | 411,929,247 | 15 |
| 20,744 | $61,077,171$ | 13,162,126 | $170,560,975$ | 130,668, 021 | $312,021,817$ | 16 |
| 429,358 | 1,476,605,908 | $183,376,483$ | 3,597, 784,845 | 2,970,774,755 | $6,754,798,278$ | 17 |
| 606, 362 | 2,412,654,652 | $241,899,519$ | $5,704,319,497$ | 4,914,073,665 | $10,864,028,332$ | 18 |
| 42,382 | 142,859,485 | 12,909,365 | $397,453,172$ | $284,367,542$ | 694, 051,323 | 19 |
| 12,283 | 43,228, 392 | 8,945,126 | $198,833,974$ | 123,394, 168 | 331,298,441 | 20 |
| 37,860 | 140, 135, 179 | $16,705,681$ | 495, 311, 847 | $339,439,455$ | $848,251,994$ | 21 |
| 100,222 | 406,628,209 | 50, 556, 981 | 965,939,626 | 786,620,211 | 1.798,960, 459 | 22 |
| 145 | 678,157 | 376, 199 | $2,740,184$ | 859,154 | 3,979,489 | 23 |
| 1,289,602 | $4,802,496,260$ | 549, 308, 532 | 11,821,567,471 | 9,792,505,931 | 22, 163,186, 308 | 24 |

TABLE 5. Principal Statistics by Industrial Groups, 1957 and 1958

| No. | Industrial groups | Estab-lishments | Administrative and office employees |  |  | Production workers |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Male | Female | Salaries | Male | Female | Wages |
|  |  | number |  |  | \$ | number |  | \$ |
| 1 | Foods and beverages | 8,536 | 27.747 | 11,623 | 154, 082, 898 | 115, 119 | 37,688 | 435, 942, 217 |
| 2 | Tobacco and tobacco produ | 49 | 866 | 451 | 6,803,127 | 3,269 | 5,319 | 26,519,694 |
| 3 | Rubbar products | 88 | 3,798 | 1,618 | 25,121,531 | 13,216 | 3,546 | 58, 068, 049 |
| 4 | Leather products | 624 | 2,682 | 1,285 | 16,690, 724 | 15, 108 | 12,024 | 61, 077, 759 |
| 5 | Textiles | 929 | 8,931 | 4,385 | 58,616,077 | 35,371. | 19,825 | 142, 962, 735 |
| 6 | Knitting mills | 310 | 1,397 | 1, 104 | 9,987,920 | 5,811 | 13, 349 | 40,228, 838 |
| 7 | Clothing | 2,550 | 7,407 | 4.617 | 53,522,405 | 21,798 | 57, 292 | 165,436, 647 |
| 8 | Wood products | 10.796 | 20,210 | 3,745 | 78, 122,416 | 97, 304 | 5,580 | 290,537, 752 |
| 9 | Paper products | 582 | 13,007 | 4,916 | 98, 779, 660 | 67,945 | 8,415 | 304, 506, 631 |
| 10 | Printing, publishing and allied industries | 4,584 | 18,581 | 11,709 | 112, 597, 873 | 35,410 | 8,859 | 161,857, 091 |
| 11 | Iron and steel products | 3, 073 | 34,256 | 11,389 | 216, 750, 231 | 146,040 | 6,870 | 590, 342, 669 |
| 12 | Transportation equipment | 623 | 26,796 | 7,302 | 170, 035, 056 | 107, 008 | 3,533 | 421,426, 325 |
| 13 | Non-ferrous metal products | 592 | 9,497 | 2, 844 | 61, 883, 391 | 39,503 | 2,737 | 166, 384, 997 |
| 14 | Electrical apparatus and suppli | 486 | 20,058 | 7,295 | 130,698, 199 | 38,585 | 15,494 | 189, 718,448 |
| 15 | Non-metallic mineral products | 1,231 | 6,117 | 1,837 | 36, 136, 071 | 30, 239 | 1,927 | 114, 177, 114 |
| 16 | Products of petroleum and coal | 106 | 5, 097 | 1,622 | 36,359, 391 | 10,968 | 70 | $52,328.383$ |
| 17 | Chemicals and allied products | 1,137 | 13,984 | 6,954 | 98, 996, 943 | 28,080 | 5,690 | 123,047,546 |
| 18 | Miscellaneous industries | 1,579 | 5,851 | 2,906 | 38,217, 836 | 16,554 | 9,631 | 71,663,355 |
| 19 | Canada | 37,875 | 226,282 | 87,6u2 | 1,403,401, 749 | 827, 328 | 217.849 | 3,416,226,250 |
| 20 | Foods and beverages | 8,417 | 27,664 | 11,544 | 164,654,514 | 114,427 | 36,810 | 458,635, 082 |
| 21 | Tobacco and tobacco produ | 40 | 919 | 505 | 7,878,074 | 3,585 | 5,310 | 29, 265, 528 |
| 22 | Rubber products | 89 | 3,704 | 1,492 | $24,310,958$ | 11,726 | 3, 021 | 52,134,045 |
| 23 | Leather products | 598 | 2,580 | 1,313 | 17, 329, 989 | 14,525 | 11,733 | 61,353,810 |
| 24 | Textiles | 903 | 8,737 | 4,349 | 60,676,924 | 32,747 | 17,639 | 132,651, 024 |
| 25 | Knitting mills | 321 | 1,398 | 1,135 | 10,538,803 | 5,475 | 12,928 | 39, 290, 366 |
| 26 | Clothing | 2,460 | 6,967 | 4,512 | 52, 850, 747 | 20,693 | 55,568 | 165, 122, 138 |
| -27 | Wood products | 9, 848 | 19,044 | 3,729 | 79, 349, 702 | 92,664 | 5,485 | 290, 231, 847 |
| 28 | Paper products | 562 | 13,250 | 4,760 | 104,712,689 | 66,532 | 8,393 | 304, 865, 546 |
| 29 | Printing, publishing and allied industries | 4,433 | 17,423 | 11, 569 | 118, 214, 851 | 34, 523 | 8,706 | 169, 756,394 |
| - 30 | Iron and steel products ... | 3,254 | 33,497 | 11, 123 | 224, 200,409 | 128,426 | 6,394 | 532,972, 825 |
| - 31 | Transportation equipment | 626 | 25,657 | 6,729 | 172,865, 028 | 90,596 | 2,994 | 380, 560, 504 |
| - 32 | Non-ferrous metal products | 593 | 9,348 | 2,907 | 67, 159, 801 | 36, 321 | 2,725 | 159,454, 671 |
| - 33 | Electrical apparatus and supplies | 492 | 19,762 | 6,795 | 137, 459, 083 | 33,979 | 14,408 | 178,898,690 |
| -34 | Non-metallic mineral products | 1,248 | 6,481 | 1,831 | 39,926,462 | 30, 590 | 1,956 | 121, 885, 165 |
| 35 | Products of petroleum and coal | 115 | 5,257 | 1,681 | 38,789, 304 | 10,429 | 60 | 50, 701, 202 |
| 36 | Chemicals and allied products | 1,143 | 13,802 | 6,868 | 104, 241,557 | 28,178 | 5,722 | 129,577, 773 |
| 37 | Miscellaneous industries | 1,599 | 6, 391 | 3,144 | 44, 165,386 | 16,881 | 9,586 | 75, 815,369 |
| 38 | Canada | 36, 741 | 221,881 | 85,986 | 1,469, 324,281 | 772. 297 | 209,438 | 3,333,171,979 |

[^4]TABLE 5. Principal Statistics by Industrial Groups, 1957 and 1958


TABLE 6. Principal Statistics of the Individual Industries, 1958


[^5]TABLE 6. Principal Statistice of the Individual Industries, 1958


[^6]TABLE 6. Principal Statistics of the Individual Industries, 1958 - Continued

\begin{tabular}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}
\hline \& \multirow{2}{*}{Industries} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\({ }^{5}\) stab-lishments} \& \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{Administrative and office employees} \& \multicolumn{3}{|r|}{Production workers} \\
\hline No. \& \& \& Nale \& Female \& Salaries \& Ma \& Female \& Wages \\
\hline \& \& \multicolumn{3}{|c|}{number} \& \$ \& \multicolumn{2}{|c|}{number} \& \$ \\
\hline 1 \& Synthetic textiles and sill \& 48 \& 2. 637 \& 1.089 \& 18.162,032 \& 8,295 \& 2, 415 \& 31,195, 174 \\
\hline \({ }_{3}^{2}\) \& \begin{tabular}{l}
other primary textiles: \\
Dyeing and finishing of textiles \\
Narrow fabrics \(\qquad\)
\end{tabular} \& 56
47 \& 334
150 \& \({ }_{109}^{111}\) \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& 2,058,128 \\
\& 1,208,439
\end{aligned}
\] \& 1.317
930 \& 260
862 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{\[
\begin{aligned}
\& \text { 4. } 612,869 \\
\& 4.593,263
\end{aligned}
\]} \\
\hline \& (ther textile industries: \& \& \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{62
124} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{903,723
1.462, 314} \& \& \& \\
\hline 4 \& Automobile accessories, fabric Awnings, tents and sails \& \({ }_{137}^{21}\) \& \({ }_{278}^{124}\) \& \& \& 282
584 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{688
550
55} \& 2. 095, 373
2, 749, 628
2 \\
\hline 6 \& Bags, cotton and jute........................ \& 32 \& 195 \& 124
162
101 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} \& \begin{tabular}{l}
584 \\
303 \\
\hline 086
\end{tabular} \& \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{1, 998, 163} \\
\hline \[
\begin{aligned}
\& 7 \\
\& 8
\end{aligned}
\] \& Carpets, mats and rugs ....................
Cordage, rope and twine ............. \& 15
14 \& 184
136 \& 101 \& \& 624 \& \& \\
\hline 9 \& Embroidery, pleating, hemstitching, etc. \& 137 \& 185 \& 75 \& 1.148.345 \& 449 \& 775 \& 2, 694, 789 \\
\hline 10 \& oilcloth, linoleum and other coated fabrics \& 19 \& 758 \& \& 5, 372, 158 \& 1.701 \& \& \\
\hline 11 \& Miscellaneous textiles, n.e.s. ........... \& 175 \& 55 \& 464 \& 4,961,114 \& 1.935 \& 1.955 \& 6.686. 875 \\
\hline 12 \& Totals \& 903 \& 8. 737 \& 4.349 \& 60,676.924 \& 32,747 \& 17.639 \& 132,651,024 \\
\hline \& \multicolumn{8}{|l|}{6a. Knitting mills:} \\
\hline 13
14 \& Hoslery \(\qquad\) Knitted goods \& 147
174 \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& 573 \\
\& 825
\end{aligned}
\] \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& 410 \\
\& 725
\end{aligned}
\] \& \begin{tabular}{l}
4.038, 510 \\
6.500, 293
\end{tabular} \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& 2.833 \\
\& 2.642
\end{aligned}
\] \& \[
\begin{aligned}
\& 4,897 \\
\& 8,031
\end{aligned}
\] \& \[
17.405,220
\]
\[
21,885,146
\] \\
\hline 15 \& Totals \& 321 \& 1,398 \& 1,135 \& 10, 538, 803 \& 5.475 \& 12,928 \& 39,290. 366 \\
\hline \& \multicolumn{8}{|l|}{6b. Clothing:} \\
\hline \& "'en's, women's and children's clothing: Clothing, children's, factory \& \& 462 \& \& 3,658, 095 \& 1,267 \& 5.778 \& 13. 322. 568 \\
\hline 17 \& Clothing, men's, factory .................. \& 546 \& 2.477 \& 1. 559 \& 17, \(554,4,43\) \& 8.052 \& 17.881 \& 56, 159,446
\(51,55,362\) \\
\hline 18
19 \& Clothing, women's, factory ................ \& 660
145 \& 1.754 \& 1.435 \& \(16,914,518\)
\(1,086,175\) \& 4,921
1.283 \& 17,566
3,357 \& 51.
\(8,555,362\)
\(8,306,307\) \\
\hline 20 \& Clothing contractors, women's .......... \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{145} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{180} \& 65 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{776, 482} \& \({ }^{313}\) \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{5, 538,465} \\
\hline \& Miscellaneous clothing: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \\
\hline \[
\begin{aligned}
\& 21 \\
\& 22
\end{aligned}
\] \& Fur dressing and dyeing .... \& 14 \& 75 \& 15 \& 2. 485.254 \& 680 \& 2,988
138 \& 2,439,445 \\
\hline \[
23
\] \& Fur goods ........ \& 493 \& 891 \& 227 \& 4. 858, 051 \& 1,980 \& 1, 228 \& 10. 074.811 \\
\hline  \& Gloves and mittens, fabric ........................................ \& 140 \& 36
397 \& 401 \& 296.106
2, 756,603 \& 92
1.361 \& \& 7,990,918 \\
\hline \[
\begin{aligned}
\& 26 \\
\& 06
\end{aligned}
\] \& Oiled and waterproofed clothing ... \& 7 \& 29 \& 12 \& 2. 220.176 \& \& \({ }^{2} 152\) \& 586, 407 \\
\hline 27 \& Clothing, n.e.s. ................... \& 68 \& 156 \& 108 \& 1.188,351 \& 257 \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{55.568} \& 2,146,337 \\
\hline 28 \& Totais \& 2,460 \& 6,967 \& 4, 512 \& 52, 850, 74.7 \& 20,693 \& \& 165,122, 138 \\
\hline \multirow{7}{*}{29

30
31
32
33} \& \multirow[t]{2}{*}{7. Wood products:} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{1.820} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{4. 311} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{1.478} \& \multirow[b]{2}{*}{24,476,547} \& \multirow{3}{*}{23,431} \& \multirow{3}{*}{2. 285} \& \multirow{3}{*}{73, 330, 894} <br>
\hline \& \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline \& Saw and planing mills: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>
\hline \& Flash, door and planing milis \& 1.555 \& 3. 124 \& 621 \& 14.754,830 \& 14, 065 \& 142 \& 40,004, $\begin{array}{r}\text { a }\end{array}$ <br>
\hline \& Sawmills ........................... \& 5,769 \& 9.143 \& \& 25, 137, 947 \& \& \& 117. 562.097 <br>
\hline \& veneer and plywood ................................................. \& \& 862 \& 239 \& 6, 008,166 \& 8. 198 \& 1.507 \& 31, 342, 586 <br>
\hline \& Cther wood industries: \& \& \& \& \& \& \& <br>

\hline | 34 |
| :--- |
| 35 | \& Beekeepers' and poultry men's supplies Boxes and baskets, wood \& 7

158 \& 11

374 \& \& $$
\begin{array}{r}
31.567 \\
1,708.300
\end{array}
$$ \& 36

2,325 \& 3
357 \& 79,580
$6.429,216$ <br>
\hline 36 \& Cooperage ...................................... \& 49 \& 96 \& \& 427.782 \& \& \& 1.125, 686 <br>
\hline \& Excelsior ........................... \& 9 \& 14 \& 9 \& 68,272 \& 56 \& 12 \& 154.462 <br>
\hline 28 \& Lasts, trees and shoe findings ......... \& 15 \& 55 \& 31 \& 381.474 \& 346 \& 172 \& 1.270. 233 <br>
\hline 9 \& Morticians' goods ............................ \& 63 \& 131 \& 61 \& 799, 783 \& \& 184 \& 3, 077.479 <br>
\hline 40 \& Woodenware .................................... \& 25 \& 60 \& ${ }^{20}$ \& 315.802 \& 356 \& 139 \& 916. 101 <br>

\hline $4{ }_{42}$ \&  \& \& \& \& \[
$$
\begin{array}{r}
894,614 \\
3,312.113
\end{array}
$$

\] \& 2,604 \& 105 \& \[

8,814,022
\] <br>

\hline 43 \& Totals \& 9, 848 \& 19,044 \& 3,729 \& 79, 349, 702 \& 92, 664 \& 5,485 \& 1290, 231,847 <br>
\hline
\end{tabular}

[^7]TABLE 6. Principal Statistics of the Individual Industries, 1958 - Continued

| Total employees | Total salaries and wages | Cost of fuel and electricity | Cost at plant of materials used | Value added by manufacture ${ }^{1}$ | Selling value of factory shipments | No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 14.436 | 49,357, 206 | 4,912,228 | 81,957, 412 | 87.011 .785 | 177.213, 641 | 1 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 2,022 \\ & 2,051 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 6,670,997 \\ & 5,801,702 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 932,521 \\ & 265,572 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 4,723,232 \\ & 9,240,644 \end{aligned}$ | $10,301,746$ $9,994,013$ | $\begin{aligned} & 15,955,090 \\ & 19,480,056 \end{aligned}$ | 2 3 |
| 927 1.674 1.050 1.728 1.067 | $2,999,096$ $4,211,942$ $3,084,003$ $5,139,830$ $3,727,459$ | 104,128 180,120 141,068 386,530 201,595 | $7,625.579$ $8,902,617$ $20,967.580$ $12,102.766$ $8,16 \% .755$ | $5,054,276$ $6,384,126$ $5,800,693$ $10,248,115$ $7,336,468$ | $12,198,665$ $15,525,554$ $26,890,123$ $23,627,619$ $15,969,624$ | 4 5 6 7 8 |
| 1.484 | 3,679,101 | 80,842 | $2,529,579$ | 5,783,735 | 8, 392,601 | 9 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 2.902 \\ & 3.922 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 11,906,807 \\ & 11,647,989 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 667,641 \\ & 385,869 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 21,119,350 \\ & 27,387,552 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 18, \epsilon 91,209 \\ & 22,995,598 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 40,930,445 \\ & 50,426,966 \end{aligned}$ | 10 |
| 63,472 | 193.327,948 | 14,940,283 | 394, 621,103 | 322,533,105 | 738,690,714 | 12 |
| $\begin{array}{r} 8.713 \\ 12.223 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 21,443,730 \\ & 28,385,439 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 827.471 \\ 1,033,960 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 27,280,438 \\ & 61,229,950 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 35,459,739 \\ & 48,515,741 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 63,79 f, 722 \\ 109,779,853 \end{array}$ | 13 |
| 20.936 | 49.829, 169 | 1,861,431 | 88,610,388 | 83,975,480 | 173.576.575 | 15 |
| 7.866 | 16.980,663 | 241.727 | 36,660,940 | 28,832,605 | 65, 493,820 | 16 |
| 29,969 | 74, 013, 879 | 999.593 | 144.479.417 | 116,633,091 | 264, 293, E51 | 17 |
| 25,676 | $68,469.880$ | 699, 069 | $132,483,602$ | 117,511,885 | 250, 457, 423 | 18 |
| 4,950 | $9.392,482$ | 172,015 | 1,191,810 | 11.256.487 | 12,611,279 | 19 |
| 3.698 | $6.314,947$ | 103. 187 | 714,018 | 7,948,893 | 8,785,665 | 20 |
| 4.001 | 8,872,035 | 127.385 | 12.684.558 | 18,989,504 | $31,211,587$ | 21 |
| 908 4.326 | $2,924,699$ $14,932,862$ | 112.549 | 895.585 37.667 .750 | $4,524,486$ $23,185,580$ | $\begin{array}{r} 5,508,408 \\ 61,124,191 \end{array}$ | 22 23 |
| 669 | 1,182,646 | 20,436 | 2,248.695 | 2,112,340 | 4, 348,761 | 24 |
| 4,073 | 10,747,521 | 285, 769 | 12.528.653 | 16.542.793 | 29,272.149 | 25 |
| . 283 | -806.583 | 12,302 | 1,668, 185 | 1,630,790 | 3.350,529 | 26 |
| 1.321 | 3,334,688 | 69.079 | $6,015,483$ | $5.788,512$ | 11.851.796 | 27 |
| 87,740 | 217,972,885 | 3.159,618 | 389, 243,696 | 355,056, 972 | 748,309,459 | 28 |
| 31. 505 | 97.807.441 | 3.547,552 | 149,036,129 | 156,566, 548 | 308,815.752 | 29 |
| 1.517 | 4.476,094 | 226. 544 | 10,115.690 | 7,252. 248 | 17.736.175 | 30 |
| 17.956 | 54,759,186 | 3.938,325 | 141, 193.742 | 92,918,992 | 236.990.148 | 31 |
| 47.763 | 142,700,044 | 9,204,261 | 300,342,531 | 236.752.567 | $546,299,359^{2}$ | 32 |
| 10.806 | 37.350.752 | $1.922,919$ | 66,002,164 | 61.082 .494 | 129,954,480 | 33 |
| 53 | 111.147 | 7.811 | 176.842 | 139.864 | 229,335 | 34 |
| 3. 155 | 8.137,516 | 477,691 | 10.490,635 | 12,031.224 | 22,963,139 | 35 |
| 536 | 1.553. 468 | 118,066 | 3,994, 877 | 2,038,287 | 6.101,242 | 36 |
| 91 | 222,734 | 19,660 | 219,614 | 309,250 | 545,786 | 37 |
| 604 | 1.651.707 | 53, 357 | 1,906,726 | 2. 885.779 | 4.821.473 | 38 |
| 1.374 | 3.877, 262 | 169,852 | 4,716,864 | 6.017,002 | 10,959,5,4 | 39 |
| 575 | 1,231,903 | 66, 309 | 1.752.857 | 1,861,389 | 3, 682,404 | 40 |
| 1.373 | 3.576,160 | 171.820 | 4,373,220 | 5,518,041 | 10,021.972 | 41 |
| 3,614 | 12,126,135 | 909, 335 | 23,140,645 | $20,303,827$ | 44,372,720 | 42 |
| 120.922 | 369,581,549 | $20.833,502$ | $717,462,536$ | $605,67 \%, 512$ | 1.343.593.579 | 43 |

[^8]TABLE 6. Principal Statistics of the Individual Industries, 1958 - Continued


[^9]IABLE 6. Principal Statistics of the Individual Industries, 1958 - Continued

| Total employees | Total salaries and wages | Cost of fuel and electricity | Cost at plant of materials used | Value added by manufacture ${ }^{1}$ | Selling value of factory shipments | No, |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| number |  |  | dollars |  |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{r} 16,596 \\ 64,084 \\ 2,511 \\ 9,744 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 57,658,588 \\ 307,415,615 \\ 10,374,639 \\ 34,129,393 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,203,430 \\ 105,796,875 \\ 774,100 \\ 1,593,956 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 168,339,354 \\ 597,804,877 \\ 24,199,884 \\ 92,811,943 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 108,276,046 \\ 702,950,789 \\ 21,362,600 \\ 78,103,713 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 277,464,661 \\ 1,394,679,180 \\ 45,892,999 \\ 171,423,553 \end{array}$ | 1 2 3 4 |
| 92,935 | 409,578,295 | 110, 368,361 | 883,156,058 | 910,693,148 | 1,889, 460,393 | 5 |
| $\begin{array}{r} 26.422 \\ 1.036 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 99,473,204 \\ 4,757,423 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 2,286,753 \\ 69,977 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 95,823,864 \\ 646,306 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 161,100,612 \\ 6,544,315 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 258,323,523 \\ 7,260,903 \end{array}$ | 6 7 |
| $\begin{aligned} & 4,057 \\ & 4,287 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 20,319,633 \\ & 18,581,932 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 396,876 \\ & 377,861 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 7,349,947 \\ 23,732,622 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 30,582,276 \\ & 30,216,707 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 38,370,291 \\ & 54,345,269 \end{aligned}$ | 8 9 |
| $\begin{array}{r} 30,557 \\ 5,862 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 127,741,392 \\ 17,097,661 \end{array}$ | $2,688,283$ | $\begin{aligned} & 86,411,545 \\ & 34,279,774 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 238,784,246 \\ 41,836,414 \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 327,687,195 \\ 76,116,188^{2} \end{gathered}$ | 10 11 |
| 72. 221 | 287,971, 245 | $5,819,750$ | 248, 244, 058 | 509,064,570 | 762, 103, 369 | 12 |
| 11.011 | 47,344.429 | 1.959.417 | 77,274,314 | 60,536,739 | 133,145, 309 | 13 |
| 7.949 | 34,535.930 | 1,451,727 | 53,265,040 | 52,986,057 | 108,888,919 | 14 |
| 14.531 | 66,027,964 | $1,859,516$ | 100,702,283 | 108,320,903 | 210,882, $702^{2}$ | 15 |
| 15,081 | $61,177.434$ | 4,471,283 | 132,575,064 | 114,962,422 | 253,444, 707 | 16 |
| 13,448 | $51,129,187$ | 2,257.863 | 55,935,832 | 100,663,656 | 158,197,433 | 17 |
| 8,670 | 32,868, 116 | 1,607,974 | 65,029,147 | 62,454,754 | 129,265,079 | 18 |
| 8.557 | 33.950 .426 | 1,046,201 | 64,616,295 | 68,096,143 | 135,976,609 | 19 |
| 23,347 | 95,602,417 | 3,291,154 | 133,424,224 | 167,442,946 | 311, 094,856 | 20 |
| 7.009 | $26,519,406$ | 1.101.637 | 20,663,688 | 37,836,144 | 59,785,696 | 21 |
| 1.041 | 4,544,639 | 157,175 | 5,820,566 | 4,478,466 | $11.355,414$ | 22 |
| 30, 261 | 148,023,062 | 28,905,568 | 250, 669,538 | 304,923,587 | 590,317,696 | 23 |
| 19,107 | 78,135,571 | 3,447,728 | 175.251.811 | 154,400,230 | 333,264,998 | 24 |
| $9.219$ | $38,213,572$ | 2,061,192 |  | $62,666,734$ | 148,798,469 | 25 |
| 10,209 | 39,101,081 | 2,936,729 | $52,846,492$ | 64,324,698 | 121,264,912 | 26 |
| 179,440 | 757,173,234 | 56,555,164 | 1,270,710, 220 | 1,364,093,479 | 2,705,682, 799 | 27 |
| 39.932 | 182,276,877 |  | 176,538,577 |  |  | 28 |
| . 672 | $2.497 .715$ | $98,656$ | $2,211,143$ | $4,404,902$ | $6,624,646$ | 29 |
| 1,733 | 5,273,824 | 201,339 | 5,191,636 | 7,139,095 | 12,291,961 | 30 |
| 26,396 | 129,718,693 | 5,263,376 | 571,501.488 | 253,945,274 | 847,342,113 | 31 |
| 18.132 | 77.730.771 | $4,374,848$ | 155.921.088 | 133,476,810 | 295.741,107 | 32 |
| 22,374 | 87.953.769 | 4,006,379 | 188, 155, 709 | 103, 799, 162 | 295, $961,250^{2}$ | 33 |
| $16,132$ | $65,883,090$ | $2,055,185$ | $50,573,132$ | $95,602,037$ | $148,330,354^{1}$ | 34 |
| $605$ | 2,090, 793 | 89,692 | 3,376,614 | 4,007,832 | 7,285,108 |  |
| 125,976 | 553,425,532 | 20, 750, 149 | 1,153,569,387 | 883,507, 106 | 2,075,907,784 | 36 |
| 6.805 | 28,544, 154 | 1,941,443 | 60, 434.728 | 36,832,967 | 97,883,277 | 37 |
| 9,034 | 36.441. 269 | 2,600,711 | 107,392,740 | 68,161,993 | 176,400,890 | 38 |
| 4.739 | 14,935,765 | 408,378 | 30,147,682 | 24,085,298 | $53,898,979$ | 39 |
| 26,959 | 131,081,250 | 63,522,398 | $693,796,744$ | 378,451,364 | 1, 135,770, $506^{2}$ | 40 |
| $2,825$ | 10,576,075 | 998.200 | 30, 305, 392 | 18,505,709 | $50,177,719$ | 41 |
| 1.139 | 5,035,959 | 289,312 | 8,853,868 | 8.029.249 | 17,065,670 | 42 |
| 81,301 | 226,614,472 | $69,760,442$ | 930, 931, 154 | 534, 066,580 | 1,531, 197,041 | 43 |
| 2.183 | 8,494,204 | 511.447 | 22,184,794 | 15,387,640 | 39,604,763 | 44 |
| 8,471 | 33, 631,510 | 1,877,276 | 70, 624,131 | $70,893,553$ |  |  |
| 20,074 | 97,573,375 | 2,151,912 | 97,534,523 | 139,709,541 | 244,743,678 | 46 |
| 19,100 | 75,497,784 | 1,189,333 | 119,506,470 | 122,008,393 | 237, 994, 688 | 47 |
| 25,116 | 101.160,900 | 3,461,629 | 164,052,742 | $175,827,814$ | $347,837,077$ | 48 |
| 74.944 | 316.357.773 | $9,191,597$ | 473,902,660 | 523,828,941 | 1,015,416,736 | 49 |

[^10]TABLE 6. Principal Statistics of the Individual Industries, 1958 - Concluded


TABLE 6. Principal Statistics of the Individual Industries, 1958 - Concluded

| Total employees | Total salaries and wages | Cost of fuel and electricity | Cost at plant of materials used | Value added by manufacture ${ }^{1}$ | Selling value of factory shipments | No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| number |  |  | dollars |  |  |  |
| 2,314 | 10,702,296 | 4,355,238 | 14,550,336 | 18,573,824 | 37,211,006 | 1 |
| 1. 924 | 7.545,988 | 879,444 | $12,236,863$ | 14,888,807 | 27,609,862 | 2 |
| 3,485 | 16,359,760 | 19,009,008 | 14,758,308 | 66,176,534 | 99,943,850 | 3 |
| 4.249 | 15,734,143 | 6,457,139 | 1.065.692 | 34, 187, 072 | 41,709,903 | 4 |
| 2,173 | 8,613,571 | 965,412 | 6,692, 281 | 16,088,014 | 23,686,970 | 5 |
| 11.819 | 44,807,114 | 6,020,897 | 91, 364, 354 | 91,419,385 | 186,235.051 | 6 |
| 7.879 | 30,328,355 | 4,636,867 | 36,085,066 | 53,165,011 | 93, 818,849 | 7 |
| 1.604 | 6,806.213 | 1,646,796 | 15,725,705 | 18,498,829 | 35,719,283 | 8 |
| 1.172 | 4,362.549 | 4,865,236 | 1,367,999 | 14,028,375 | 20, 261, 610 | 9 |
| 870 | 3,575,977 | 1,069,615 | 2,748,081 | 13,139,461 | 16.957, 157 | 10 |
| . 106 | 378,561 | 1, 58,741 | 231,362 | 631,131 | 913,483 | 11 |
| 2,157 | 8,355,347 | 1,396.647 | 10,567, 422 | 17.573,288 | 29,104,039 | 12 |
| 1.106 | 4,241,753 | 814.167 | 11,290,375 | 11.502,938 | $23,525,267$ | 13 |
| 40,858 | 161,811.627 | $52,175,207$ | 218,683,844 | 369,872,669 | 636,696.330 | 14 |
| 2,455 | 10.871 .876 | 5,001,223 | 56.272.204 | 21,515,263 | 82, 788, $690^{3}$ | 15 |
| 14,490 | 76,643, 818 | 51,052,196 | 829,920,509 | 487,676,382 | 1,368,649,087 ${ }^{2}$ | 16 |
| 482 | 1.974, 812 | 347,391 | 8,264,800 | 6,281,788 | 14,971,584 | 17 |
| 17.427 | 89,490,506 | 56,400,810 | 894,457,513 | $515,473,433$ | 1,466, 409, 361 | 18 |
| 10,073 | 49.780,443 | 24.563.054 | 111.593, 209 | 126.831.706 | 260, 967,832 | 19 |
| 2,993 | 13,424,810 | 3,281,095 | 48,593,959 | 37,209,183 | 89, 145,796 | 20 |
| 7,996 | 29,847, 315 | 1,084,043 | 44, 289,303 | 111,162,375 | 155,006.181 | 21 |
| 6,234 | 25,221,595 | 963.046 | 70,560,548 | 73,063,764 | 143.096.594 | 22 |
| 3,435 | 16,255,231 | 2,832,055 | 52,091,681 | 42,565,649 | 97,802,453 | 23 |
| 3,882 | 17,020, 895 | 1,515,602 | 55,530,784 | 76,077.926 | 132,022, 831 | 24 |
| 2,393 | 7,361,071 | 198,346 | 18,628,395 | 33,659,484 | $51,856,286$ | 25 |
| 614 | $2,675,234$ | 818.662 | 45,502,890 | 8,157,210 | 53,795,209 | 26 |
| 642 | $2,556,561$ | 439,027 | 7, 120,720 | $6,872,624$ | 14,380,563 | 27 |
| 572 | 2.761,006 | 744,488 | 7,611,604 | 3,463,246 | 12,018,034 | 28 |
| 1.477 | 6,383,678 | 769,443 | 3,991, 445 | 18,795,761 | 23,742,234 | 29 |
| 1,015 | 4.059,844 | 158,252 | 7,486,995 | 9,837.464 | 17,481,629 | 30 |
| 833 | 3,301,694 | 139.841 | 10,705,496 | 13,606,383 | 24,508,033 | 31 |
| 12.411 | $53,169,953$ | $10,329,917$ | 105,608,965 | 103,550,460 | 217,508,017 | 32 |
| 54,570 | 233,819,330 | 47,836,871 | 589,315,984 | 664, 853,235 | $1,293,331,692$ | 33 |
| 2. 130 | 5,858,945 | 179,384 | 8,645,863 | 10,031,186 | 18,997, 463 | 34 |
| 1.069 | 3,860,418 | 58,314 | 8,214,018 | 7.395,533 | 15.784.093 | 35 |
| 1,138 | 3,382, 285 | 87, 156 | 5,504,538 | 6,925,517 | 12,654,239 | 36 |
| 6,960 | 30,243,321 | 654.881 | 41.435,857 | 50,483, 863 | 91,616,218 | 37 |
| 1,433 | 4,817.056 | 176,008 | 5,079,027 | 11,183, 168 | 16,352,254 | 38 |
| 1. 080 | 3.251.950 | 91.516 | 3,172,989 | 3,844,548 | 7,025,458 | 39 |
| - 350 | 997.322 | 28.509 | 863,888 | 1,741,009 | 2,624,405 | 40 |
| 5,186 | 16,307,962 | 868,627 | 36,855,300 | 36,750, 031 | 73, 857, 408 | 41 |
| 2,152 | 6.315,049 | 240,306 | 8,018,530 | 11,929,399 | 20.453,260 | 42 |
| 2, 246 | 5,746.701 | 253,848 | 11.170,449 | 11,704,507 | $22,843,375$ | 43 |
| 418 | 1,405,117 | 51.812 | 2.978,720 | 2.989,893 | 6,043,444 | 44 |
| 494 | $1.090,798$ | 25.638 | 1,345,310 | 1.927,031 | 3,268,094 | 4.5 |
| 1,522 | 4,515,296 | 143.754 | 5,558,366 | 7,597,249 | 13,086,245 | 46 |
| 250 | 763,136 | 51.512 | 1,269,446 | 1.760,526 | 3,042,827 | 47 |
| 138 | 392,789 | 34, 100 | 661, 197 | 598,173 | 1,293, 710 | 48 |
| 397 | 1,323,177 | 428.423 | 247,728 | 2.587,333 | 3,244,229 | 49 |
| 1. 193 | 3,006,376 | 100.667 | 6.281 .026 | 5,940,178 | 12,460,943 | 50 |
| 558 | 2.515.262 | 71.297 | 979,852 | 3, 677,894 | 4,672,217 | 51 |
| 151 | 473.069 | 19,263 | -983,820 | 1.020,034 | 2,143,514 | 52 |
| 3. 638 | 13.467. 853 | 656,748 | 11,202,953 | 22,240, 362 | 34,007,650 | 53 |
| 927 | 3,277,528 | 90,483 | 1,963,875 | 4.778.438 | 6,866.633 | 54 |
| 807 | 1,962,681 | 73,703 | 1.771,577 | 2,992,792 | 4,816,392 | 55 |
| +114 | 273.079 | 8.584 | 5.528,728 | 10.474.851 | 995.550 | 56 |
| 1.651 | 4.733.585 | 174,664 | 5,333,414 | 10,024,776 | 15,423,169 | 57 |
| 36,002 | 119,980,755 | 4, 569,197 | 170, 066,471 | 220,598,291 | 393,572,590 | 58 |
| 1. 289,602 | 4, 802,496, 260 | 549,308,532 | 11,821,567,471 | 9,792,505,931 | $22,163,186,308$ | 59 |

[^11]


[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ To arrive at the National Accounts concept of "gross domestic product at factor cost", it would be necessary to subtract also the cost of office supplies used, advertising, insurance and other goods and services obtained from other businesses. Data on these inputs are not collected on the annual Census of Manufactures. Value added figures for "The primary industries and construction" are published in D.B.S. publication 61-202, Survey of Production.

[^1]:    "Years 1924-51, inclusive, the "Value added by manufacture" is computed by subtracting the cost of fuel, electricity and : ierials from the gross value of products. Years 1952 and 1953 the deduction is made from "Value of factory shipments" and in aij4 and subsequent years from the calculated value of production. Figures prior to 1924 are not comparable since statistics for anst if electricity are not available. (See text p. 9).
    ${ }^{2}$ In 1952 and subsequent years the basis of collection is "Value of factory shipments" instead of "Gross value of products"
    'A change in the method of computing the number of wage-earners in the years, 1925 to 1930, inclusive. increased the number some what over that which the method otherwise used would have given. In 1931, however, the method in force prior to 1925 was reacierpted.

    4 Newfoundland is included for 1949 and subsequent years, however, figures for the fish processing industry, 1949 and 1950, are not avallable for this province and therefore not included.

[^2]:    ${ }^{1}$ Calculated value of production (shipments plus closing inventory, minus opening inventory of coods in process and finished products) less cost of materials and fuel and electricity used. (See text p. 9).

[^3]:    ${ }^{1}$ See footnote I, page 12.
    ${ }^{2}$ Reported on a production basis.

[^4]:    ${ }^{2}$ See footnote 1, page 12.

[^5]:    See footnote 1, page 12.

[^6]:    ${ }^{2}$ Reported on a production basis.

[^7]:    ${ }^{1}$ See footnote 1, page 12.

[^8]:    ${ }^{2}$ Reported on a production basis.

[^9]:    ${ }^{1}$ See footnote 1 page 12.

[^10]:    ${ }^{2}$ Reported on a production basis.

[^11]:    ${ }^{2}$ Reported on a production basis.

