A. A. Skitten /EFG

STATISTICAL SUMMARY

OF CIVIL AVIATION FOR THE YEAR

1936

CANADA

Licenses

During the year 491 air pilots or air engineers' licenses were granted. Also 249 aircraft registration certificates and 81 airworthiness certificates were granted to operators.

	Issued	Extended	Lapsed	Renewed	Cancelled.
Private Air Pilots	312	136	398	154	5
Commercial Air Pilots	10	289	318	296	46
Limited Commercial Air					
Pilots	54	31	11	8	2
Transport Pilots	44	25	4	3	1
Air Engineers	71	45	38	3.7	6
Private Aircraft	45		16	14	15
Commercial Aircraft	204		36	32	133

Totals in force December 31st, 1936.

Private Air Pilots Commercial Air Pilots Limited Commercial Pilots Transport Pilots Air Engineers	559 380 65 42 533
Private Aircraft	73
Commercial Aircraft	402
Airharbours	98

Accidents.

In accordance with Air Regulations, aircraft operators are required to report all accidents involving death or injury to personnel or damage to aircraft. During the year, 18 accidents involving death or injury were reported and Boards of Enquiry were convened to determine the cause of each accident. In addition, 85 accidents involving damage to aircraft only, were reported.

Light Aeroplane Clubs.

A further extension of the Club scheme was granted and revised Standard Conditions authorized. During the year grants were paid for 222 private and 32 commercial a r pilot's licenses. Twenty-four aircraft were issued for training purposes. Twenty-two clubs were in operation during the year.

The activities of the club were: - Members 2,492. Aircraft used, 6 6. Members under instruction, 645. Hours flown, 17,324.01.

Aircraft Operators.

One hundred and twenty-seven commercial aircraft operators were variously engaged in transportation of mail, passengers, and freight, flying instruction, air photography, timber cruising, forest and fishery patrols, demonstrations, mining exploration and prospecting, etc. These firms were located as follows: 2 in Nova Scotia, 3 in New Brunswick, 19 in Quebec, 54 in Ontario, 7 in Manitoba, 7 in Saskatchewan, 12 in Alberta, 21 in British Columbia, and 2 in the Yukon.

Atticon to a first of the second seco 3 14 Sir 1 33 CHEEK WATER THE THE RESIDENT SECTION OF THE SECTIO tiporti de la en foloración en en esta The second state of the se The Control of the Co Entry Brit Buttaran - The Butta III of Butta IV of Albert .

The second of the second The state of the s Forest fire protection and exploratory operations were carried out by the Air Services owned and operated by the Provinces of Ontario, Manitoba and Saskatchewan.

TRANS-CANADA AIRWAY DEVELOPMENT.

The construction of intermediate aerodromes and landing fields, hangars, buildings and radio stations on the Trans-Canada Airway progressed favourably during the year 1936.

Construction work proceeded on 42 locations. Where possible, winter work on clearing, rock cutting and other work that could be economically done was continued. Steel and concrete fireproof hangars were completed at Wagaming, Kapuskasing, Emsdale and Megantic. Caretakers' cottages were completed at Wagaming, Kapuskasing, Gillies, Emsdale, Reay and Killaloe.

On July 1st, 1936, the unemployment relief projects on the construction of aerodromes was stopped and the Civil Aviation Branch of the Department of National Defence (now Department of Transport) took over the construction work. Much of this work was done by day labour, but contracts were let where it appeared to be economically sound.

The situation in regard to aerodromes and landing fields may be summarized as follows to December 31st, 1936.

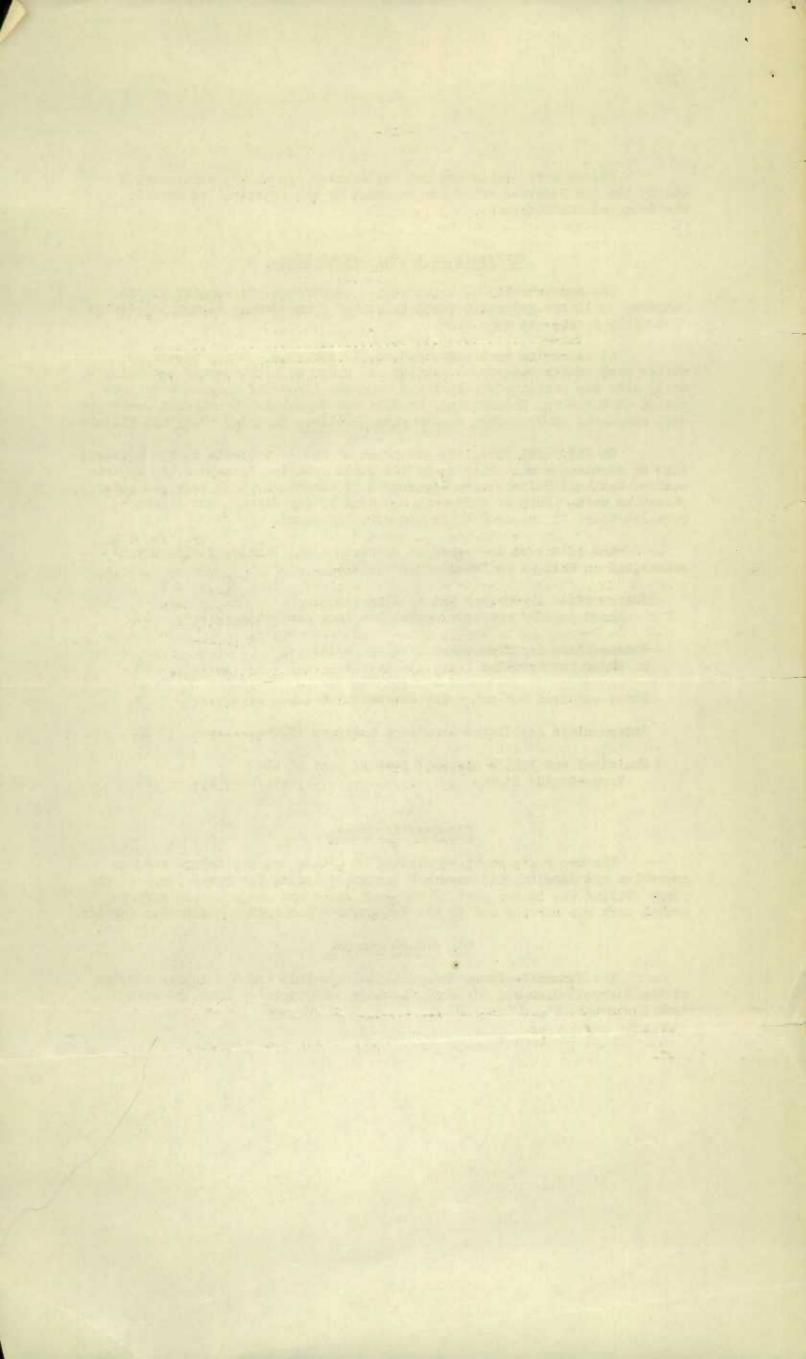
Intermediate Aerodromes and Landing Fie'ds where preliminary development has been completed	18
Intermediate Aerodromes and Landing Fields under construction	34
Sites acquired but not under construction	9
Intermediate Aerodromes completed prior to 1930	30
Municipal and Public Airports forming part of the Trans-Canada Airway	17

Wiroless Services.

The two radio stations erected at Ottawa and St. Hubert were in operation and experimental work was continued during the early part of the year. During the latter part of the year radio and range beacon experimental work was carried out in the Vancouver - Lethbridge - Edmonton section.

St. Hubert Airport.

The Montreal-Albany International Air Mail and the summer service of the Montreal-Rimouski Air Mail Services were operated from the Government Airport at St. Hubert, P. C.



The following is a summary of activities at this airport for the year: -

Aircraft in	455
" out	450
Passengers in	893
out	1400
Freight in (Mbs.)	8456
" out (lbs.)	
Mail in	94920
" out	66185
Aircraft imported)	5
Value)	\$20,106.57
Aircraft exported)	2.
Value	\$15,000.00

Air Mail Service.

During 1936, thirty-five regular air mail services were operated by Commercial firms, under Post Office Contracts; 1,159,834 pounds of mail were carried, 905,545 Route miles were flown, 6,880 Single trips were made. The following services were maintained: -

Yearly Services: - Cameron Bay-Coppermine, Central Man itoba & Northern Ontario, Winnipeg-Diana, Kenora-Red Lake, Sioux Lookout- Casummit Lake, Sioux Lookout-Red Iake, Fort Chipovyan-Goldfields, McMurray-Smith, Smith-Resolution, Resolution-Simpson, Simpson-Aklavik, Fort Resolution-Cameron Bay, GodsLake-Cross Lake-Norway House, Goldfields-Fond du Lac, Kenora-Cole, Kenora-Whitefish Bay, Moncton-Charlottetown, Prince Albert-Goldfields, Prince Albert-Ile a la Crosse-Lac la Ronge, Sioux Lookout-Pickle Crow, Vancouver-Seattle, Vancouver-Victoria, Winnipeg-God's Lake & Ilsford, Montreal-Albany, Ottawa-Montreal, Haileybury-Mud Lake, Winnipeg-Pembina, Kenora-Machin.

Summer Services: - Montreal-Rimouski.

Winter Services: - Havre St. Pierre-Port Menier, Quebec-Sept Iles, Sept Iles-Natashquan, Leomington-Pelee Island. Atlin-Telegraph Creek, Charlottetown, Magdalen Islands.

Statistics.

The following summary includes all operations of Commercial and provincial-owned aircraft, light aeroplane clubs and air mail operators, in fact, all flying in Canada except Federal Government and Frivate-owned aircraft.

	1934	1935	1936
Aircraft miles	6.497.637	7,522,102	8,991,042
Flights			160,014
Hours	75,871	88,451	101,953
Passengers	105,306	177,472	118,666
Passenger miles	6,266,475	7,936,950	10,105,936
Freight and Express (lbs.)	14,441,179	17,615,910	25,387,719
Mail (lbs.) (Contract)	625 040	1,126,084	1.159.934.

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SUMMARY OF LIGHT AEROPLANE CLUBS' ACTIVITIES FOR YEAR ENDING DECEMBER 31ST, 1936

LIGHT AEROPLANE CLUBS	MEMBERS	AIRCRAFT IN USE	MEMBERS UNDER INSTRUCTION	HOURS FLOWN	GRANTS AWARDED F	FOR PILOTS TRAINED. COMMERCIAL
1. Aero Club of B. C. 2. Brandon Flying Club 3. Brant & Norfolk Aero Club 4. Border Cities Aero Club 5. Cape Breton Flying Club 6. Calgary Aero Club 7. Edmonton Aero Club 8. Fort William Aero Club	102 69 78 114 35	42333324222	6 4 40 26 27 47 6	889.50 220.00 565.45 850.35 216.05 1279.02 980.34 274.40	4 5 8 8 3 13 23 5	- - 3 1 2 2
9. Halifax Aero Club 10. Hamilton Aero Club 11. Flying Club of Kingston 12. Kitchener-Waterloo Flying Club, Inc. 13. London Flying Club Ltd. 14. Montreal Light Aeroplane Club, Inc.	50 136 70 70 85 150	2 3 1 2 5	12 27 23 20 44 8	495.25 937.50 716.30 354.05 1071.25 933.30	12 16 - 8 9	4 2 - - 4
15. Moose Jaw Flying Club, Lt 16. Ottawa Flying Club 17. Regina Flying Club 18. Saskatoon Flying Club 19. Saint John Flying Club 20. St. Catharines Flying Club 21. Toronto Flying Club 22. Winnipeg Light Aeroplane	120 58 63 48	3 5 1 3 4 2 7	30 70 34 31 14 47 44	700.10 704.10 509.50 774.27 344.10 320.00 2761.00	19 4 16 20 3 7 15	1 2 1 - 1 - 4
Club TOTALS FOR 1936 - 12 MONTHS	382 2492	3	645	1424.58	24	32
TOTALS FOR 1935 TOTALS FOR 1934 TOTALS FOR 1933 TOTALS FOR 1932 TOTALS FOR 1931 TOTALS FOR 1930 TOTALS FOR 1929 TOTALS FOR 1928	2,400 2,200 2,075 2,703 2,915 3,643 5,233 2,403	81 82 68 68 72 70 65	536 535 499 872 673 703 904 598	13,819.31 10,581.33 9,971.59 10,450.55 11,507.32 14,686.44 16,612.50 8,134.30	165 133 120 129 111 178 175	33 21 26 27 48 59 58 28



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