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CANADA

DEPARTMENT OF TRADE AND COMMERCE

DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS

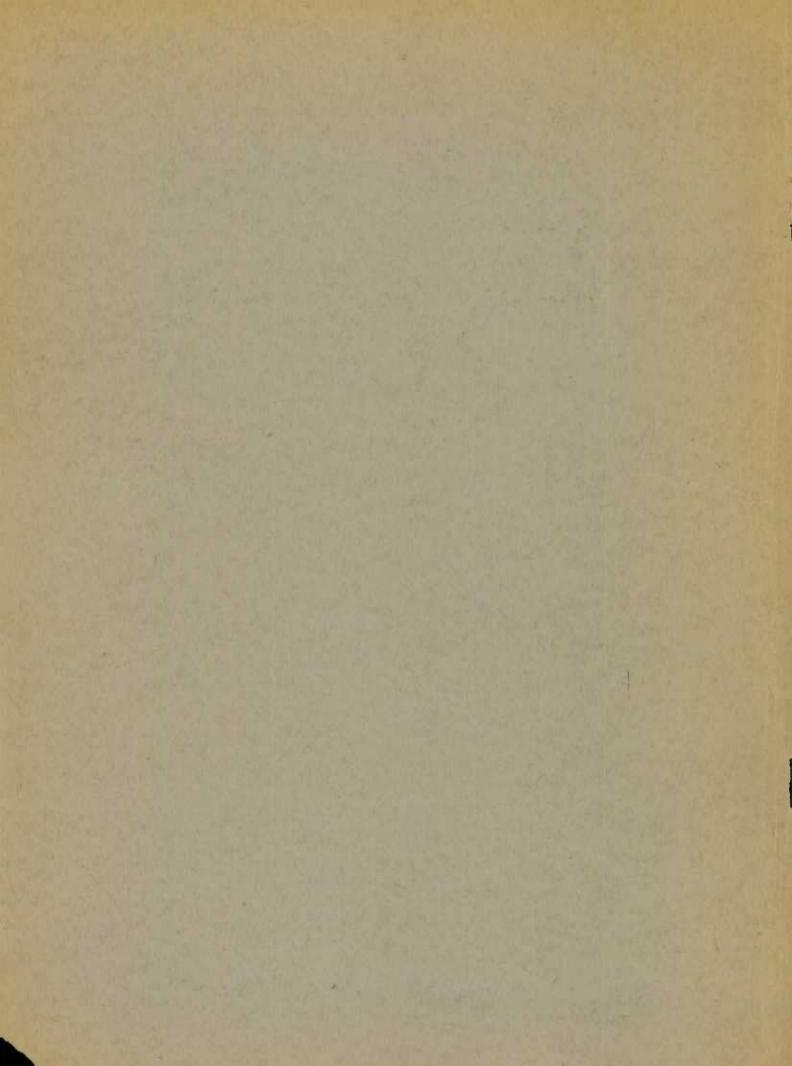
TRANSPORTATION & PUBLIC UTILITIES BRANCH

CIVIL AVIATION

IN CANADA 1938







TRANSPORTATION AND PUBLIC UTILITIES BRANCH OTTAWA

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CIVIL AVIATION IN CANADA

1938

The statistics in this report are collected from the operators of aircraft with commercial operators' licences and from light aeroplane clubs with the exception of data on licences and accidents which are supplied by the Civil Aviation Division of the Department of Transport. This division has jurisdiction over the licensing of all airports, aircraft pilots and engineers and consequently the licensed aircraft and pilots include private aircraft and pilots.

The commercial companies are divided into two classes, those engaged principally in international flying between Canada and the United States and those engaged exclusively, or almost exclusively, in flying between Canadian stations. A small amount of strictly Canadian flying is done by these international companies and in 1938 the statistics of the Trans-Canada Air Lines were included with international companies because the major portion of its operations was between Vancouver, British Columbia and Seattle, Washington. Experimental flights by the Trans-Canada Air Lines between Vancouver and Winnipeg were made early in 1938 and mail service was extended to Montreal and Toronto in October but it was not until 1939 that passenger service east of Vancouver was inaugurated. Financial statistics were collected from this company and included with those of Canadian companies.

Light aeroplane clubs are subsidized by the Dominion Government and their chief operation is the training of pilots. For flights around the club field and in instruction and practice no statistics are collected of miles flown but for flights from port to port the mileage is collected for aircraft, pilot and passengers. The provincial aircraft are engaged almost solely in forest protection, aerial surveying and similar work and the Dominion aircraft are engaged in inspection work.

Mail carried by aircraft includes mail matter carried under both Canadian and United States postal contracts, a contract in which the means of transport is optional and also some mail matter for private companies. This latter class should be classed as freight and will be in the 1940 report.

A large part of commercial passenger and freight traffic is in connection with mining operations in northern districts where previously the means of transportation was cance in the summer and dog sleigh in the winter. The numerous lakes in most of the northern mining areas provide landing surfaces in the summer for aircraft equipped with floats and in the winter for aircraft equipped with skis. In Quebec and Ontario the distances from the railways to the mines are not great, but in the western provinces and in the North West Territory some of the distances are hundreds of miles. The air line distance from Waterways on the Northern Alberta railway to the radium mines on Great Bear Lake is around 700 miles and the mail route from Fort McMurray to Aklavik at the mouth of the Mackenzie river is over 1,400 miles.

Because of this characteristic of air transport in Canada the statistics cannot be compared directly with those of air transport in other countries where a large part of the traffic is between stations served also by steam railways, highways or steamships. Also, many countries have extensive international air traffic and the statistics of domestic and international traffic are not segregated.

The investments of Canadian commercial companies amounted to \$8,069,707 which is exclusive of investments by the Dominion Government in airports and airways. During the fiscal year ended March 31, 1938 the Department of Transport expended \$2,341,649 on airports and ground facilities exclusive of assistance to municipalities amounting to \$374,787. Also, the maintenance and operation of airports and airways during the year amounted to \$828,336. Maintenance and operation of meteorological services amounted to \$417,800 and of radio to \$683,784. Only a part of these are chargeable to air transport but no segregation has been made; none of the expenditures by the Dominion Government are included in these tables.

Total investments in civil aviation as at December 31, 1938 including provincial governments, light aeroplane clubs and Canadian commercial companies amounted to \$8,306,864 and including the investment by the Dominion Government on airports and airways of \$2,341,649, for the fiscal year 1937-38 which are the latest data published, the total is \$10,648,513.

Passenger and freight traffic to and from the United States increased but domestic traffic showed a decrease and the total number of revenue passengers carried declined from 110,864 in 1937 to 104,117 and the freight carried declined from 26,279,156 pounds to 21,704,587 pounds. Mail carried under Canadian postal contract increased from 1,323,584 pounds to 1,771,153 pounds and the total including mail carried under United States postal contracts and mail matter carried for individuals increased from 1,450,473 pounds to 1,901,711 pounds.

The number of licensed private pilots increased from 635 for 1937 to 734 but the total number of licensed commercial pilots, limited commercial pilots and transport pilots decreased by only one: there was a shift, however, in each class. The number of licensed air engineers has been increasing each year, the increase in 1938 being 48 or 8 per cent.

The decrease in licensed aircraft was principally in light land planes. The number of planes with gross weight of 2,000 pounds or less decreased from 316 to 222. Those weighing between 2,001 pounds and 10,000 pounds also decreased by 47 but those over 10,000 pounds increased from 9 to 17.

The number of employees increased from 765 in 1937 to 1,047 and the pay roll from \$1,274,020 to \$1,722,649. Total operating expenses rose from \$3,932,096 to \$5,403,562 whereas revenues increased from \$3,234,280 to only \$3,691,224. Thus the operating deficit was increased from \$697,816 to \$1,712,338.

The number of flying members of light aeroplane clubs increased from 1,195 to 1,212 but the number of other members decreased by 26. The number of pupils given instruction by these clubs increased from 1,009 to 1,134 and by commercial companies from 658 to 2,251.

National Defence aircraft were used for most of the aerial surveying, and 102,407 square miles were photographed, 58,957 square miles vertically and 43,450 square miles obliquely. Also, commercial companies reported 13,000 square miles sketched from the air.

The big increase in mail carried was in the western provinces due to the extension of mail service on the Trans-Canada Air Lines. Table 10 shows the mail loaded in each province.

Seventeen persons were killed during the year due to aircraft accidents and 13 injured, including 2 killed and 3 injured in training.

The averages for 1937 in Table 12 have been revised and based on accidents reported to the Civil Aviation Division of the Department of Transport and are directly comparable with the data for 1938.

TABLE I. - STATISTICAL SUMMARY OF CIVIL AVIATION IN CANADA, 1932-1938

Item	1932	1933	
	No.	No.	
General Analysis	30 15-1-1-1		
Firms manufacturing aircraft	7	7	
Firms chiefly operating aircraft	73	87	
Firms using aircraft as auxiliary service	4	3	
Aircraft flights made	102,219	106,252	
Aircraft hours flown	56,170	53,299	
Approximate aeroplane mileage	2,786,609	2,733,642	
Approximate float seaplane mileage	1,503,157	1,641,911)	
Approximate boat seaplane mileage	198,792	99,433)	
Approximate amphibian mileage	80,573	63,319)	
Total aircraft mileage	4,569,131	4,538,315	
Average flight duration (minutes)	33	30	
Pilots carried	102,219	106,252	
Passengers and crew carried	76,800	85,006	
Total personnel carried	179,019	191,258	
Pilots carried one mile. (pilot miles)	4,569,131	4,538,315	
Passengers and crew carried one mile (passenger miles	2,869,799	3,816,862	
Total personnel carried one mile (personnel miles)	7,438,930	8,355,177	
Total freight or express carried (lb.)	3,129,974	4,205,901	
Total mail carried (lb.)	(a) 413,687	(a) 539,358	
Licensed Civil Airports			
Total airports (all types)	83	90	
Licensed Civil Aircraft			
Total aircraft (all types)	445	345	
Licensed Civil Air Personnel			
Commercial pilots	(e)	474	
Limited commercial pilots			
Transport pilots	• • •	• • •	
Private pilots	(e)	405	
Air engineers	(e)	403	

⁽a) Canadian postal contracts.
(b) Carried under Canadian postal contracts, 1,323,584 lbs.
(c) Carried under Canadian postal contracts, 1,771,153 lbs.
(x) Revised.

TABLE I. - STATISTICAL SUMMARY OF CIVIL AVIATION IN CANADA, 1932-1938

1938	1937	1936	1935	1934	
No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	
8	(x) 7	7	10	6	
133	162	116	123	125	
11	10	12	7	3	
207,788	190,403	160,014	153,211	128,031	
133,168	126,896	101,953	88,451	75,871	
• • •	•••	•••	4,314,192	3,430,475	
•••	•••				
•••	•••	•••	3,207,910	3,067,162	
		•••			
12,294,088	10,755,524	7,803,942	7,522,102	6,497,637	
38	40	38	34	36	
207,788	190,403	160,014	153,211	128,031	
195,430	168,652	127,937	177,472	105,306	
403,218	359,055	287,951	330,683	233,337	
12,294,088	10,755,524	7,803,942	7,522,102	6,497,637	
18,876,160	17,695,591	12,055,684	7,936,950	6,266,475	
31,170,248	28,451,115	19,859,626	15,459,052	12,764,112	
21,704,58	26,279,156	25,387,719	17,615,910	14,441,179	
(c) 1,901,711	(b) 1,450,473	(a) 1,161,069	(a) 1,126,084	(a) 625,040	
123	158	155	96	101	
473	604	475	380	368	
226	320	380	414	405	
168	129	65			
130	73	42		• • •	
734	635	559	496	429	
643	595	533	472	461	

TABLE 2. - OPERATIONS OF CIVIL AIRCRAFT IN CANADA, 1938

		Light Aeroplane	Dominion and Provincial		
		Clubs (Non-Scheduled Routes)	Governments (Non-Scheduled Routes)	(1) International (Scheduled Routes)	
Light Aeroplane Clubs	Number	22	• • •		
Members - flying	27	1,212			
- other	π	1,174	•••	***	
Flights of aircraft	21	54,782	12,754	8,176	
Hours flown	=#	20,806	12,100	17,756	
Miles flown	π	(2) 24,177	1,063,061	2,749,672	
Average duration of flight	Minutes	23	57	130	
Gasoline consumed	Gallons	117,317	157,631	855,592	
Lubricating oil consumed	н	3,022	4,215	12,741	
Crew carried	Number	44,699	13,838	15,128	
Student pilots carried	n	10,083		•••	
Student passengers carried	88	19,503	***	•••	
Paying passengers carried	н	1,999		13,441	
Non-paying passengers carried	n	7,668	8,699	2,764	
Total personnel carried	π	83,952	22,537	31,333	
Crew carried one mile	n .	(2) 24,177	1,399,746	4,423,334	
Paying passengers carried one mile	п	(2) 20,427		2,290,683	
Non-paying passengers carried one mile	н	(3)	1,355,972	1,089,427	
Total personnel carried one mile	11	(2) 44,604	2,755,718	7,803,444	
Freight carried	Pounds	***	2,081,454	29,552	
Mail carried	н	•••	•••	596,648	EU,
Ton miles - freight	Number	***	77,902	7,126	
- mail	21	•••		142,230	
Total ton miles, freight and mail	41	***	77,902	149,356	
Pupils given instruction	π	1,134	5	33	
Square miles sketched from aircraft	21	•••	•••		
Square miles photographed - vertical	n		(5) 41,750	•••	
Square miles photographed - oblique	11		(5) 28,450	• • •	
Forest fires detected from the air & reported	н	***	253	4	

⁽¹⁾ Statistics of international flights and Canadian flights of companies engaged principally in international flying.

⁽²⁾ Station to station only.
(3) Not available.
(4) Carried under Canadian postal contracts, 1938 - 1,771,153 pounds.
(5) Includes surveys by National Defence aircraft.

TABLE 2. - OPERATIONS OF CIVIL AIRCRAFT IN CANADA, 1938

Commercial (Companies		Tot	al, All Companies	
	Canadian				
(Scheduled Routes)	(Non-Scheduled Routes)	Total	(Scheduled Routes)	(Non-Scheduled (Routes)	GRAND TOTAL
* * *	•••		•••	•••	22
		•••		• • •	1,212
	• • •	• • •			1,174
•••		132,076	•••		207,78
		82,506	•••		133,16
•••	•••	8,457,178	•	•••	12,294,08
		37	•••	• • •	31
•••	• • •	1,727,307	• • •	• • •	2,857,84
		43,278	• • •	•••	65,25
55,324	104,837	160,161	70,452	163,374	233,82
•••	• • •	•••	• • •	10,083	10,08
		•••		19,503	19,50
33,701	54,976	88,677	47,142	56,975	104,11
537	16,021	16,558	3,301	32,388	35,68
89,562	175,834	265,396	120,895	282,323	403,21
5,220,252	5,216,021	10,436,273	9,643,586	6,639,944	16,283,53
5,315,327	3,286,972	8,602,299	7,606,010	3,307,399	10,913,40
103,471	1,424,439	1,527,910	1,192,898	2,780,411	5,973,30
10,639,050	9,927,432	20,566,482	18,442,494	12,727,754	31,170,24
7,868,942	11,724,639	19,593,581	7,898,494	13,806,093	21,704,58
1,198,727	106,336	1,305,063	1,795,375	106,336	(4) 1,901,71
452,381	501,329	953,710	459,507	579,231	1,058,73
131,923	7,514	139,437	274,153	7,514	281,66
584,304	508,843	1,093,147	733,660	586,745	1,320,40
• • •		2,218		* * *	3,39
***		13,000	• • •	• • •	13,00
•••	•••	17,207	•••	* a *	58,95
•••		15,000			43,45
***	•••	111		* * *	36

TABLE 3. - AIRPORTS IN CANADA, 1938 (1)

		Landing Surfaces		
Kind	Land Only	Water Only	Land and Water	Total
	No.	No.	No.	No.
ublic	12	10		22
ublic-auxiliary	2	-	-	2
ublic-temporary	17	6	1	24
ominion Government	7	4	-	11
ntermediate	1	-	-	1
rovincial	-	6	-	6
rivate	11	24		35
unicipal Airports	16.	5	1	22
TOTAL	66	55	2	123

TABLE 4. - LICENSED CIVIL AIRCRAFT IN CANADA, DECEMBER 31, 1938

Aircraft	Dominion and Provincial	Private	Light Aeroplane Clubs	Commercial ≠ Canadian	Total
Gross Weight X	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Up to 2,000 lb	31	49	44	98	222
2,001 to 4,000 lb	15	13	1	86	113
4,001 to 10,000 lb	21	4	-	94	119
Over 10,000 lb		- ,		17	17
TOTAL	65	66	45	295	471
Туре					
Sea Boats	15	2	1	5	23
Amphibians	1	2	-		3
Land Planes	30	53	36	125	244
Convertible \$	19	9	8	165	193
TOTAL	65	66	45	295	471

[/] Includes Canadian licensed aircraft of international companies.

TABLE 5. - INVESTMENT IN CIVIL AVIATION IN CANADA, 1938.

Item	Provincial Government	Light Aeroplane Clubs	Commercial Canadian	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Land and buildings	7,000	31,942	1,097,483	1,136,425
Aircraft	84,267	91,896	5,091,308	5,267,471
Tools and equipment	4,750	11,188	759,141	775,079
Furniture and office appliances	-	3,918	66,789	70,707
Organization expenditures	-	2,196	1,054,986	1,057,182
TOTAL	96,017	141,140	8,069,707	8,306,864

TABLE 6. - REVENUES AND EXPENSES OF CIVIL AVIATION IN CANADA, 1938

Item	Provincial & Dominion Government	Light Aeroplane Clubs	Commercial.** Canadian	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Total operating revenues	12,209	227,932	3,451,083	3,691,224
Total operating expenses	346,444	224,638	4,632,480	5,403,562
Net operating revenues	Dr. 334,235 y	3,294	Dr. 1,381,397 V	Dr. 1,712,338
* Includes Trans-Canada Air Lines				

x Total weight of aircraft with supplies and full load.

⁶ May be equipped with wheels, floats or skis as conditions demand.

TABLE 7. - EMPLOYEES AND SALARIES AND WAGES IN CIVIL AVIATION IN CANADA, 1938.

	Provincial Government	Light Aeroplane Clubs	Commercial Canadian	Total
Employees No.	92	87	868	1,047
Salaries and Wages \$	172,108	97,939	1,452,602	1,722,649

TABLE 8. - AIR TRAFFIC IN CANADA, BY PROVINCES, 1938.

	Passengers Carried							
	Light Aeroplan	e Clubs	Provincial	Commercial	Companies			
Origin of Traffic	≠Local and Student Passenger	Station to Station	& Dominion Governments	Inter- national1/	Canadian	Total		
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.		
Prince Edward Island			6	***	166	172		
Nova Scotia	1,144	***	4	***	1,109	2,257		
New Brunswick	500	* * *	655		1,709	2,864		
Quebec	1,719	50	133	4,246	23,259	29,407		
Ontario	14,047	51	6,469	110	38,493	59,170		
Manitoba	5,589	3	1,118	1,844	7,592	16,146		
Saskatchewan	2,569	27	150	106	9,120	11,972		
Alberta	2,436		119	103	7,115	9,773		
British Columbia	1,035		40	2,894	6,281	10,250		
Yukon and Northwest Territories	5 4 4	* * *		45	10,357	10,402		
Foreign Countries			5	6,857	34	6,896		
TOTAL	29,039	131	8,699	16,205	105,235	159,309		

TABLE 9. - FREIGHT AND EXPRESS LOADED, 1938.

	Provincial	Commercial Con		
Origin of Traffic	Government	International 1/	Canadian	Total
	Lb.	Lb.	Lb.	Lb.
Prince Edward Island		***	768	768
Nova Scotia		* * *	3,266	3,266
New Brunswick		000	3,607	3,607
Quebec	0.00	2,904	2,676,345	2,679,249
Ontario	1,979,594	3,470	8,424,900	10,407,964
Manitoba	101,860	930	2,988,159	3,090,949
Saskatchewan	***	114	1,931,080	1,931,194
Alberta	***	90	1,335,379	1,335,469
British Columbia	***	3,194	338,373	341,567
Yukon and Northwest Territories	***	9 4 0	1,890,384	1,890,384
Foreign Countries		18,850	1,320	20,170
TOTAL	2,081,454	29,552	19,593,581	21,704,587

TABLE 10. - MAIL LOADED, 1938

	Commercial Com		
Origin of Traffic	International 1/	Canadian	Total
	Lb.	Lb.	Lb.
Prince Edward Island	***	29,419	29,419
Nova Scotia	4.01	127,602	127,602
New Brunswick	0.00	127,602	127,602
Quebec	63,176	137,497	200,678
Ontario	3,509	267,621	271,130
Manitoba	207,254	195,204	402,458
Seskatchewan	37,586	106,398	143,984
Alberta	13,241	173,200	186,441
British Columbia	113,075	65,720	178,795
Yukon and Northwest Territories	515	74,800	75,315
Foreign countries	158,292	***	158,292
TOTAL	596,648	1,305,063	x 1,901,711

x Carried under Canadian postal contracts, 1,771,153 pounds.

I/ Statistics of international flights and Canadian flights of companies engaged principally in international flying.

TABLE 11. - CIVIL AVIATION ACCIDENTS, 1938

	Accidents Involving Death or Injury	Damage to Aircraft Only	Total Accidents	
Scheduled Routes	6	28	34	
Non-scheduled Routes	6	28	34	
Training	3	18	21	
TOTAL	15	74	89	

PERSONS KILLED AND INJURED

	Killed			Injured			
	Pilots	Passengers	Total	Pilots	Passengers	Total	
Scheduled Routes Non-scheduled Routes Training	6 2 2	5 2	11 4 2	1 3 1	2 4 2	3 7 3	
TOTAL	10	7	17	5	8	13	

TABLE 12. - OPERATION AND ACCIDENT AVERAGES IN AVIATION IN CANADA

Operation Averages	7	1938	1937
Duration of flight	Hours	.641	.666
Length of flight			56.5
Paying passengers per flight		.5	.6
Length of paying passenger journey		104.8	114.2
Aircraft miles per gallon of fuel		4.3	4.8
Aircraft miles per gallon of lubricating oil	No.	194	167
Accidents per 1,000 aircraft flights	No.	.428 7.239 .0818	.436 7.716 x .0735
Fatalities per 1,000,000 aircraft miles		1.383	x 1.302
Passengers killed per 1,000,000 passenger miles	No.	.470	x .482
Passengers injured per 1,000,000 passenger miles		.537	x .345
Crew killed per 1,000,000 crew miles		.614	x .502
Crew injured per 1,000,000 crew miles	No.	.307	x .430

