

WATER TRANSPORTATION
1953

Published by Authority of
The Right Honourable C. D. Howe, Minister of Trade and Commerce

DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS
Public Finance and Transportation Division
Transportation and Public Utilities Section

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

Page
Chart - Financial Facts ..... 4
Introduction ..... 5
Property Account
Table 1. Statement of Property Account in the Canadian Water Transporta- tion Industry - 1952 and 1953 ..... 7
Table 2. Property Account by type of operator, by geographical divisions- 1953 ..... 7
Income Account
Table 3. Statement of Income Account - 1953 ..... 7
Table 4. Income Account by geographical divisions - 1953 ..... 8
Table 5. Income Account by type of operator and by geographical divi- sions-1953 ..... 8
Employment and Earnings
Table 6. Number of employees and earnings, by type of operator, by geo- graphical divisions - 1953 ..... 9
Fuel Consumption and Cost
Table 7. Expenditures onfuel and amount consumed bytype of operator and by geographical divisions - 1953 ..... 9
Vessels Operated
Table 8. Vessels owned or chartered inOperation during and at end of sea- son, by type of operator and by geographical divisions - 1953 ..... 10
Table 9. Vessels operated by type of operator, by geographical divisions, by class of vessels-1953 ..... 11

## Accidents

Table 10. Number of persons killed or injured by type of operator and by geographical divisions - 1953 ..... 11

| $1952$ <br> MILLION DOLLARS |  | $1953$ <br> million dollars |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 132.3 | Property Account (Net Value) | 131.6 |
| 279.2 | Operating Revenues | 247.1 |
| 248.7 | Operating Expenses | 233.0 |
| 26.3 | Fuel Consumed (Cost) | 26.3 |
| 47.6 | Employees (Total wages and salaries paid) | 51.1 |
| 253.2 | Vessels as at End of Season (Gross Value) | 274.3 |
| 17.1 | Net Profits | 9.7 |

# WATER TRANSPORTATION 

## 1953

## Review of 1953 Operations

According to the "Shipping Report" for 1953, vessels of Canadian registry transported 28.5 million short tons, or 40.2 per cent of the 70.9 million tons of cargo which were loaded and unloaded at Canadian ports in international seaborne or foreign shipping. Canadian vessels also carried more than 90 per cent of the 32.5 million tons of freight unloaded in the coastwise trade and, presumably, handled all freight traffic on inland lakes and rivers, the details of which are not available. The revenue received by the Canadian water transportation companies for the carriage of this huge amount of freight amounted to $\$ 191,792,529$. Other services such as passenger, towing, charter, salvage, etc. provided a further $\$ 55,308,089$ which increased total operating revenues to $\$ 247,100,618$, a decrease of $\$ 32,084,174$ or 11.5 per cent from the 1952 total of $\$ 279,184,792$ but slightly above that for 1951. Total operating expenses also show a decline from the previous year, but to a less extent, dropping to $\$ 233,004,455$ from $\$ 248,747,757$, with the result that the net operating revenues decreased 53.7 per cent to $\$ 14,096,163$ from $\$ 30,437,035$ and profit for the year to $\$ 9,729,944$ from $\$ 17,096,513$.

During the year, a total of 1,589 Canadian owned vessels and 484 chartered vessels were in operation, compared with 1,558 Canadian owned and 221 chartered vessels in operation at the end of the year. In addition, there were 69 Canadian owned vessels which did not operate at all during the season. Thus, there were a total of 1,848 vessels which represented a gross investment of $\$ 274,346,593$ before depreciation. Total investment in the industry amounted to $\$ 305,477,917$ which, with the reduction of accrued depreciation of $\$ 173,907,261$ left a net worth of $\$ 131,570,656$, down slightly from the 1952 total of $\$ 132,289,255$.

Wages and salaries paid by the industry amounted to $\$ 51,084,867$, distributed to 20,109 employees. In addition, $\$ 5,954,665$ was paid out in meals supplied, and owner operators withdrew $\$ 139,471$ for their services. The fuel bill at $\$ 26,316,094$ remained approximately the same as in the previous year. During the year, 10 vessels valued at $\$ 724,183$ were lost, 23 persons, all crew members, were killed and 1,790 suffered injuries of various kinds and severity.

## Property Account

The total value of assets, before deduction for accrued depreciation, was higher than at the end of 1952 for all three geographic areas. The deduction of accrued depreciation, which was also higher for all three areas, resulted, however, in a decline in net value of assets in the Atlantic and Inland
divisions from $\$ 76,153,143$ and $\$ 42,021,321$ to $\$ 74,437,735$ and $\$ 40,114,140$, respectively. Although the net value of assets in the Pacific division rose to $\$ 17,018,781$ from $\$ 14,114,791$, this increase was not sufficient to offset the decline in the other two areas with the result that the total for the industry was down, slightly, to $\$ 131,570,656$ from the 1952 total of $\$ 132,289,255$. The value of vessels, docks and wharves, and other buildings was above the totals of the year earlier in each of the three divisions, while land and supplies show an increase in total but a decrease in both the Atlantic and Inland divisions.

## Income Account

Total operating revenues of Canadian water transportation companies in the Atlantic division declined to $\$ 149,577,858$ from $\$ 182,883,100$ or by 18.2 per cent and in the Inland division to $\$ 50,077,144$ from $\$ 50,614,456$ while in the Pacific division, the operating revenue rose to $\$ 47,445.616$ from $\$ 45,687,236$, a gain of 3.8 per cent. Freight revenue dropped, particularly in the Atlantic division, to $\$ 191,792,529$ from $\$ 218,838,818$ in the previous year. Charter revenue declined in all divisions to $\$ 21,118,748$ from $\$ 29,377,166$ and other operating revenue decreased to $\$ 6,222,519$ from $\$ 7,225,609$. Increases were reported, however, for passenger receipts which rose to $\$ 8,057,796$ from $\$ 6,076,304$, towing services which advanced to $\$ 18,909,940$ from $\$ 16,943,583$; and also for salvage and storage operations.

Although a majority of the expense accounts show an advance over the previous year, the major decline in rentals expense, particularly in the Atlantic division, caused total operating expenses to decrease 6.3 per cent to $\$ 233,004,455$ from $\$ 248,747,757$. Maintenance expenses also declined to $\$ 19,868,106$ from $\$ 20,821,006$ and advertising to $\$ 561,614$ from $\$ 1,074,634$. Operation expenses, administration charges, insurance, and general taxes advanced to slightly higher levels.

## Employment and Earnings

During 1953, the Canadian water transportation industry provided employment for 20,109 persons and paid out $\$ 51,084,867$ in wages and salaries. This compares with employment of 20,192 with earnings of $\$ 47,567,336$ in the previous year. The average salary thus rose to $\$ 2,540$ from $\$ 2,356$, a gain of 7.8 per cent. In addition to meals valued at $\$ 5,954,665$ and owner operator withdrawals of $\$ 139^{\circ} .471$, the industry provided free lodging which was not given a value but which often represents a. worthwhile increment to vessel crews.

Although the number of vessel crews decreased to 15,007 from 15,293 , their wages advanced to $\$ 38,309,702$ from $\$ 35,905,575$ thus raising the average to $\$ 2,553$ from $\$ 2,348$ or 8.7 per cent. Dock and warehouse employees averaged $\$ 2,000$ as compared with $\$ 2,036$ in 1952 and $\$ 1,996$ in 1951.

While annual average earnings in some cases may appear relatively low during a period of rising national wage rates and booming economic activity, it should be noted that considerable of the water transportation industry operates on a seasonal basis, particularly on inland waterways where the period of navigation is normally about eight months long and, consequently, average earnings are not representative of a full year's employment. When the value of meals, lodging and monthly wages are combined, Canadian crews are second only to the United States in average rate of recompense.

## Fuel Consumption and Cost

Table 7 presents expenditures on, and consumption of vessel fuels. Fuel oil and gasoline are reported in gallons while coal is reported in short tons. "Other fuel" includes wood, sawdust, etc., for which no standard measurement is available and the quantity column is, therefore, left blank.

The total consumption of coal declined to 725,614 tons from 736,843 in the previous year while the cost decreased to $\$ 7,519,901$ from $\$ 7,860,036$. As a result, the average cost per ton dropped to $\$ 10.36$ from $\$ 10.67$. Although fuel oil consumption advanced to $212,965,768$ gallons from $202,083,050$, the cost was lower at $\$ 14,131,843$ as compared with $\$ 14,579,707$ in 1952 , which decreased the average cost per gallon to $6.6 \phi$ from $7.2 \phi$. Diesel oil, gasoline and other fuel rose both in the amount used and in total cost.

## Acciulents

In 1953, the industry reported 23 deaths, all of which were crew members, and 1,790 injuries as compared with 26 fatalities and 1.809 injuries in the preceding year. The number reported as killed includes those lost at sea and presumed dead. As in previous years, most of the injured were crew members and other employees of the industry. Of the 1,790 injuries, 1,323 or 73.9 per cent occured to vessel crews and 412 or 23.0 per cent to other employees. A total of 50 passengers were involved
in accidents. The number of vessels lost during the year, rose to 10 from 9 in 1952 but the value was almost double amounting to $\$ 724,183$ as compared with $\$ 366,794$.

## Source and Treatment of Data

For the purpose of this report, Canada has been divided geographically into three regions, the Atlantic Division including the Atlantic Provinces, the eastern seaboard and the St. Lawrence River as far as Montreal; the Pacific Division embracing the western ocean ports; and, finally, the Inland Division including the Great Lakes, IIudson Bay, the MacKenzie River and all other inland lakes and waterways. The statistics are also presented by type of operator - i.e., incorporated companies, or individual owners and partnerships.

Since some railway companies operating inland or coastal marine service in conjunction with their rail lines include such service as part of their rail returns to the Bureau under "Water Line", that part of the industry has accordingly been excluded from the current summary. This includes such services as the ferries from the mainland to Vancouver Island, Prince Edward Island and Newfoundland.

All ocean-going vessels which are on the Canadian shipping registry are normally included in this report. The Canadian Pacific Steamship Company, however, operated several ocean-going craft in foreign service, but as they are on the British registry they are not included.

Operators engaged solely in the fishing or lumbering trades or those which make separate reports to the Bureau covering vessel operations as part of their particular industry are also excluded. Finally, vessels classed as private pleasure craft are excluded.

A total of 412 operators submitted reports for 1953 and these schedules were used to prepare the current report. It is estimated that this represents the bulk of the Water Transportation Industry in Canada. Operators from which returns were not forthcoming were usually small, i.e., individual owners with one or two vessels with restricted or seasonal operations. There were 271 incorporated companies, and 141 individual owners or partnerships. This compares with 438 operators in 1952, of which 271 were incorporated and 167 were individual owners or partnerships.

TABLE 1. Statement of Property Account in the Canadian Water Transportation Industry 1952 and 1953

|  | A. <br> Gross Additions during Year 1953 | B. Total as at End of Year 1953 | Total as at End of Year 1952 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Land | 275,347 | 4,260,678 | 4, 072, 165 |
| vessels. | 38,436, 255 | 274, 346, 593 | 253,199, 068 |
| Docks, Wharves and Warehouses. | 252,795 | 9,402,139 | 8, 519,324 |
| Other Buildings | 677,617 | 6,564,074 | 5,436,856 |
| Supplies and Spare Equipment | 249, 374 | 1,980,911 | 1,975,155 |
| Other | 661,059 | 8,923,522 | 10,088.294 |
| Total ........................................................................................................ | 40,552,447 | 305, 477, 917 | 283, 290, 862 |
| Less Depreciation ...................................................................................... |  | 173,907,261 | 151,001,607 |
| Net Value ....................................................................................................... |  | 131,570,656 | 132,289, 253 |

TABLE 2. Property Account in the Canadian Water Transportation Industry, by Type of Operator, by Divisions 1953

|  | Land | Vessels | Docks Wharves Warehouses | Other Buildings | Supplies and Spare Equipment | Other | Total | accrued Depreciation | Net Value |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Incorporated Companies | 280,919 | 160,330,597 | 863. 215 | 682,007 | 684, 513 | 3,172,865 | 166,014,116 | $93,445,894$ | 72,568,222 |
|  |  |  |  | 682,007 | 580,545 | 1,707.797 | 36,503,873 | $19,845,337$ | 16,658,536 |
| Inland (including the Great Lakes) | 3,408,681 | 78, 228, 277 | 7, 268, 177 | 5,158,402 | 662,688 | 3,971,778 | 98, 698,003 | 58, 741,002 | $39,957,001$ |
| Total | 4,239, 437 | 270,308, 814 | 9,362, 462 | 6, 525,093 | 1, 927, 746 | 8,852,440 | 301,215,992 | 172,032,233 | 129, 183,759 |
| Individual Ownership \& Partnership Atlantic Divlsion | 12,935 | 3.138, 242 | 22,040 | 30,121 | 7.634 | 6,012 | 3,226,984 | , 357,471 | ,869,513 |
| Paciflc Division | 1,706 | 758,063 | 2,688 | 7. 285 | 17.208 | 41,672 | 828,622 | 468,377 | 360, 245 |
| Inland (including the Great Lakes) | 6,600 | 141.474 | 14,949 | 1,575 | 28,323 | 13,398 | 206,319 | 49.180 | 157, 139 |
| Total | 21,241 | 4,037,779 | 39,687 | 38,981 | 33, 165 | 71,082 | 4,261,925 | 1,875, 028 | 2,386,897 |
| All Operators | 293, 854 | 163, 468 | 885, 255 | 712.128 | 692,147 | 3,188, 877 | 169,241, 100 | 94,803,365 | 74,437,735 |
| Total Pacific Division................. | 551.543 | 32,508,003 | 1, 233, 758 | 691.969 | 597.753 | 1,749, 469 | 37, 332,495 | 20,313, 714 | 17,018,781 |
| Total Iniand (tncluding the Creat Lakes) | 3,415, 281 | 78, 369, 751 | 7, 283, 126 | 5,159,977 | 691,011 | 3, 985, 176 | 98, 904, 322 | 58, 790,182 | 40,114,140 |
| Total | 4,260,678 | 274, 346, 593 | 9, 402, 139 | 6,564,074 | 1,980,911 | 8, 923, 522 | 305, 477,917 | 173,907,261 | 131,570,656 |

TABLE 3. The Canadian Water Transportation Industry 1953
Summary Income Account

| Operating Revenue | \$ | Operating Expenses | \$ |  | \$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Passenger | 8.057,796 | Maintenance | 19,868, 106 | Gross Income | 256, 880, 406 |
| Freight | 191.792,529 | Operation. | 124.583. 204 |  |  |
| Towing | 18,909,940 | Advertising | 561.614 | Total Expenses | 6, 325, 620 |
| Salvage | 987,421 | Insurance. | 8,765, 394 | Tal Experse | 23, 325,620 |
| Storage | 11,665 | Administration and General .............. | 13,084, 266 |  |  |
| Charter | 21,118,748 | Depreciation | 29, 615, 405 | Net Income before Income Tax | 20,554,786 |
| Other | 6,222.519 | Taxes (excluding income Tax) | 233.754 |  |  |
| Total Operating Revenue.... | 247, 100, 618 | Rentals for Vessels, Buildings, etc. <br> Total Operating Expenses $\qquad$ | $\begin{array}{r} 36,292,712 \\ 233,004,455 \end{array}$ | Provision for Income Tax ....... | 10,824,842 |
| Other Income | 9,779,788 | Other Expenses | 3,321.165 | Profit for Year ... | 9, 329,944 |
| Gross Income .................... | 256, 880, 406 | Total Expenses ................................. | 236, 325, 620 |  |  |

TABLE A. Income Account in the Canadian Water Transportation Industry, by Divisions, 1953
Incorporated and Individual Ownership and Partnershay


TABLE 5. Income Account in the Canadian Water Transportation Industry by Type of Operalor, by Division, 1953

|  | Incorporated |  |  | Indi vidual Owuership and Partnership |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Atlantic Division | Pacific Division | Inland Division (inciuding the ircal Lakes) | Atlantic Division | Pacific Division | Inland Division (including the Great Lakes) | Grand Total |
|  | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Operating Revenue |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Passenger | 1,925, 871. | 2,563,889 | 3,344,104 | 111,104 | 56,591 | 56,237 | 8,057,796 |
| Freight | 125, 427, 744 | 22, 765,761 | 41,589, 739 | 1,946,998 | 31,025 | 31, 262 | [91,792,529 |
| Towing | 967, 390 | 15, 939,686 | 1,407,848 | 9,866 | 582,850 | 2,300 | 18,909,940 |
| Salvage | 726,189 | 219,876 | 38, 235 |  | 3,121 | - | 987.421 |
| Storage Charter | 14,178.378 | 3,450,695 | 3, 107, $\begin{array}{r}1,650 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 4,320 282,039 | 97.634 | 2,852 | 21, 118, 11.748 |
| Other.. | 3,841,182 | 1,682,805 | -452,177 | 156.777 | 46.046 | 43,532 | 6,222, 519 |
| Total Operaling Revenue | 147,066, 754 | 46,628,349 | 49,940,961 | 2,511,104 | 817, 267 | 136,183 | 247,100,618 |
| Other Income | 3,120,301 | 645,584 | 6,001,756 | 12,147 | - | - | 9.779, 788 |
| Gross Income | 150,187,055 | 47,273, 903 | 55,942,717 | 2,523,251 | 817, 267 | 136,183 | 256, 980,406 |
| Operating Expenses |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Maintenamce | 10,888,349 | 3,702.211 | 4,822,525 | 352.719 | 93,5741 | 8.728 | 19, 868, 106 |
| Operation . | 71,291,109 | 24,703, 348 | 26, 882, 026 | 1,286,602 | 362,426 | 57, 693 | 124,583, 204 |
| Advertising | - 257,524 | $\begin{array}{r}124,260 \\ \hline \\ \hline\end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r}150,937 \\ 1,059 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 22,813 147,190 | 1,482 | 4,598 5 | 561,614 $8,765,394$ |
| Insurance $\qquad$ Administration | 5.707.112 | $1,812,737$ $2,491,329$ | 1, $3,309,014$ | 147,190 | 33, 417 | 5,924 7,550 | $8,765,394$ $13,084,266$ |
| Depreciation | 15,729,909 | 3,117,641 | 10,446, 580 | 233,383 | 75,290 | 12,602 | 29, 615, 405 |
| Taxes | 114.765 | 51. 564 | 49.026 | 17,902 |  | 412 | 233,754 |
| Rentals | 29,855,198 | 5,903,625 | 521,188 | 4,645 | 5,232 | 2,824 | 36, 292.712 |
| Total Operating Expenses | 141,035, 357 | 41,906, 715 | 47,235,962 | 2,118,435 | 607.455 | 100,331 | 233,004,453 |
| Other Expenses (excluding Income Tax) | 1,863,854 | 494.548 | 923,435 | 33,347 | 2,128 | 3.853 | 3,321,165 |
| Total Expenses | 142,899,411 | 42,401,263 | 48,139,397 | 2,151,782 | 609,583 | 104,184 | 236,325,620 |
| Net Incorne before Income Tax | 7,287,644 | 4,872,670 | 7,783,320 | 371,469 | 207,684 | 31,999 | 20,554, 786 |
| Less Provision for Income Tax | 4, 525, 371 | 2,163,963 | 4,061,355 | 60,930 | 13,019 | 204 | 10,824, 842 |
| Profit for Year | 2,762,273 | 2,708,707 | 3,721,965 | 310,539 | 194,665 | 31.795 | 9, 729,944 |

TABLE 6. Number of Employees and Earnings in the Canadian Water Transportation Industry by Type of Operator, by Divisions, 1953


TABLE 7. Expenditures on Fuel and Amount Consumed by Canadian Marine Operators, by Type of Operator, by Divisions, 1953

|  | Coal (Tons) |  | Fuel Oll (Gallons) |  | Diesel Oil (Gallons) |  | Gasoline (Gallons) |  | Other Fuel Cost | Total Cost |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Quantity | Cost | Quantity | Cost | Quantity | Cost | Quantity | Cost |  |  |
|  |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ |  | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Atlantic Division | 365, 641 | 3,878,796 | 161, 584, 319 | 10, 334, 103 | 19,063,395 | 2,187,682 | 29,345 | 9,559 | - | 16. 410.140 |
| Paclfic Division ................. | 1,708 | 23,028 | 37, 720. 546 | 2, 605,870 | 8,944, 210 | 1,634,815 | 142,705 | 39,029 | - | 4,302, 742 |
| Inland (including the Creat Lakes) | 351,977 | 3,554,143 | 13, 227, 138 | 1. 107, 172 | 3,800, 904 | 486, 723 | 175,780 | 53,171 | 4,871 | 5,306,080 |
| Total | 719,326 | 7,455,967 | 212,532,003 | 14,047, 145 | 31,808,509 | 4,309, 220 | 34\%,830 | 101,759 | 4,871 | $25,918,962$ |
| Individual Ownership and Partnership |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Atlantic Division .............. | 6,288 | 63,934 | 390,852 | 78,900 | 748,717 | 128,930 | 85,629 | 25,059 | - | 296,823 |
| Pacific Division................... | - | - | 40, 022 | 5. 232 | 359, 486 | 64,543 | 40,712 | 11, 484 | 39 | 81. 259 |
| Inland (including the Great Lakes) |  |  | 2,891 |  | 36,898 | 4 | 31, 284 | 10,611 | 39 | 19,050 |
| Total | 6,288 | 63,934 | 433, 765 | 84,698 | 1,145, 101 | 201,307 | 15\%,625 | 47,154 | 39 | 397,132 |
| All Operators |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Atlantic Division............ | 371,929 | 3,942,730 | 161,975,171 | 10, 413, 003 | 19,812, 112 | 2316,612 | 114,974 | 34, 618 | - | 16,706,963 |
| Total Pacific Division Total Inland(including the Great | 1.708 | 23, 028 | 37, 760, 568 | 2,611, I02 | 9,303,696 | 1. 699.358 | 183, 417 | 50, 513 |  | 4,384,001 |
| Lakes) ................................. | 351, 977 | 3,554, 143 | 13, 230,029 | 1, 107, 738 | 3,837,802 | 494,557 | 207,064 | 63, 782 | 4, 910 | 5,225,130 |
| Total . | 725,614 | 7,519,901 | 212,965, 768 | 14,131, 843 | 32,933, 610 | 4,510,527 | 505,455 | 148,913 | 4,910 | 26,316,094 |

TABLE 8. Vessels Owned or Chartered in operation During and at End of Season, by Canadian Marine Operators by Type of Operator, by Divisions, 1953


[^0]TABLE 9. Vessels Operated by Canadian Marine Operators, by Type of Operator, by Divisions, 1953

|  | Class of Vessel |  |  |  |  |  | Miscellaneous Vessels | Total Operated |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Passenger | Passenger and Freight | Freight | Tanker | Tuss | Tow Barges and Scows |  |  |
| Incorporated Companies |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Atlantic Diviston ........................................... | 6 | 37 | 407 | 65 | 44 | 34 | 13 | 606 |
| Paciflc Division........ | 20 | 25 | 76 | 1 | 282 | 436 | 16 | 856 |
| Inland (including the Great Lakes) ................. | 27 | 10 | 91 | 13 | 60 | 136 | 52 | 389 |
| Total .......................................................... | 53 | 72 | 574 | 79 | 386 | 606 | 81 | 1,881 |
| Individual Ownership and Partnership |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Atlantic Division ......................................... | 27 | 18 | 80 | - | 3 | 12 | 11 | 151 |
| Pacific Division .......................................... | 4 | 4 | - | - | 23 | 4 | 4 | 39 |
| Inland (Including the Great Lakes) ................. | 10 | 6 | 1 | - | 6 | 9 | - | 32 |
| Total........................................................ | 41 | 28 | 81 | - | 32 | 25 | 15 | 222 |
| All Operators |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total Atlantic Division ................................. | 33 | 55 | 487 | 65 | 47 | 46 | 24 | 757 |
| Total Pacific Division................................... | 24 | 29 | 76 | 1 | 305 | 440 | 20 | 895 |
| Total Inland (lacluding the Great Lakes) ........ | 37 | 16 | 92 | 13 | 66 | 145 | 52 | 421 |
| Total ......................................................... | 94 | 100 | 655 | 79 | 418 | 631 | 96 | 2,073 |

TABLE 10. Number of Persons Killed or Injured in the Canadian Water Transportation Industry, by Type of Operator, by Division, 1953




[^0]:    1. O-Owned.
    2. C -chartered.
