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CANADA

DEPARTMENT OF TRADE AND COMMERCE DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS BUSINESS STATISTICS BRANCH

CHEQUES CASHED

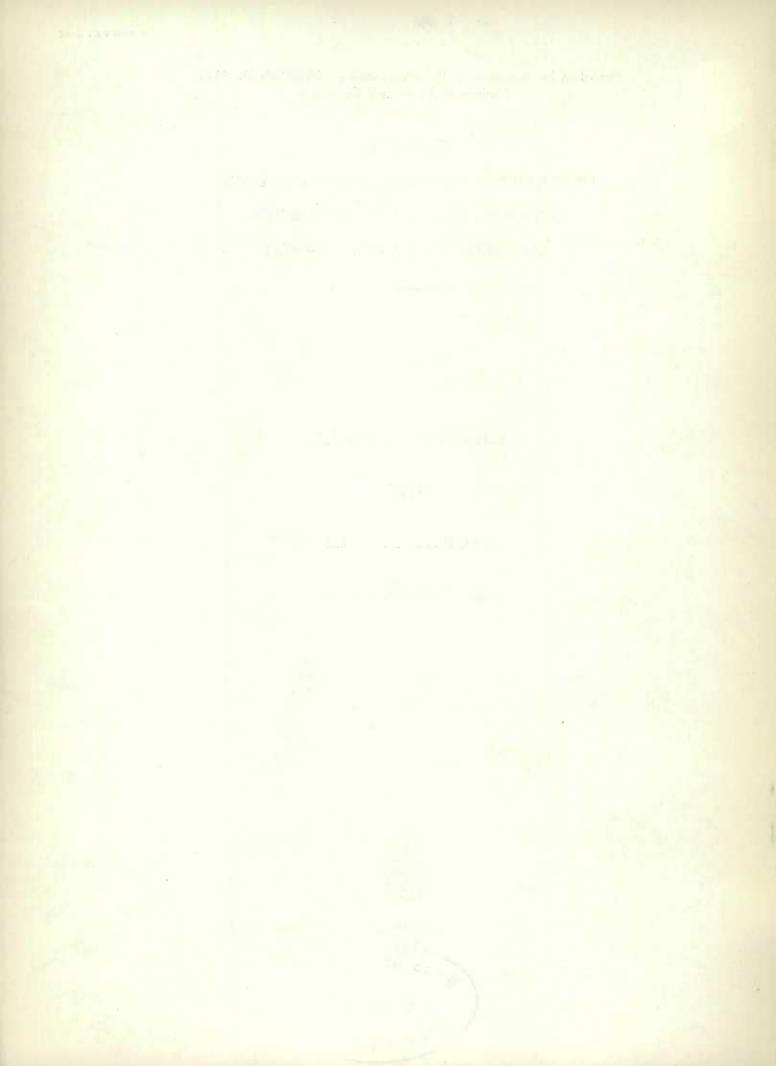
AND

MONEY SUPPLY

OCTOBER, 1946







DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS - OTTAWA

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CHEQUES CASHED AGAINST INDIVIDUAL ACCOUNTS, OCTOBER, 1946.

Cheques cashed in October were greater than in the same month of any other year. The total was \$6,31% million compared with \$5,749 million, an increase of 9.8 per cent over October of last year. Advances were shown in each of the five economic areas except Ontario. Thirty of the thirty-three clearing centres showed increases over the same month of 1945.

The greatest percentage increase in this comparison was shown in Quebec. Bank debits in the province were 26 per cent greater at \$1,882 million. The total for Montreal showed an increase of 26.5 per cent, while Quebec and Sherbrooke showed gains of 21.5 per cent and 18.6 per cent, respectively. The increase in the Maritime provinces was nearly 20 per cent. The greatest gain in the area was recorded in Halifax, the total moving up from \$62 million to \$80 million.

Thirteen of the fourteen centres in Ontaric snowed considerable advances in October over the same month of last year. The total in Toronto was \$1,590 million, a gain of 14.8 per cent. The cheques cashed in Ottawa affected by government financing, receded from \$797 million to \$499 million. The advances in Brantford, Chatham, Kitchener, St. Catharines and Windsor were each greater than 20 per cent.

Eight of the ten centres in the Prairie provinces showed increases over one year ago. The total for the area was \$1,227 million, an increase of 6.3 per cent. The level for Winnipeg was 9.5 per cent greater. Declines were shown in Edmonton and Regina. The aggregate for British Columbia showed an increase of 24.2 per cent. The total for Vancouver was 22.7 per cent greater at \$411.4 million. The advance in Victoria was 40.6 per cent to a total of \$75.5 million.

Comparison with the First Ten Months of 1945

The cheques cashed during the first ten months amounted to \$57.1 billion compared with \$53.7 billion in the same period of last year. The consequent increase was \$3,402 million or 6.5 per cent. Advances were shown in each of the five economic areas except the Prairie provinces. The greatest percentage increase was recorded in British Columbia where the advance was 27.7 per cent. The greatest absolute increase was recorded in Quebec, where a gain of \$2,142 million or 14.2 per cent was shown. The total for the province in the first ten months of the present year was \$17,229 million. Cheques cashed in Ontario in the same period were \$25,238 million, an increase of 2.4 per cent or \$578 million. The gain in the Maritime provinces was 8.4 per cent, the advance having been \$102 million to \$1,318 million. The decline in the Prairie provinces was 4 per cent, the total in the elapsed portion of the present year having been \$8,938 million.

Long Term Comparison

The cheques cashed in the first ten months of 1946 were greater than in the same period of any other year. The increase over 1929 was 47.6 per cent, while a gain of 128 per cent was shown over 1938. The total for the Maritime provinces was greater than in any other year, percentage gains of 38.5 and 153.1 having been shown over 1929 and 1938, respectively. The total for Quebec and Ontario showed advances of 112.9 and 125.5 over the first ten months of 1938. Important increases were also recorded over 1929, the culmination of the last major economic cycle. The total for the Prairie provinces was less than in either 1944 or 1945 but was greater than in any other year. The advance over 1929 was 38.6 per cent while an increase of 144.1 per cent was shown over 1938. The percentage gain in British Columbia over 1938 was greater than in any other economic area. The total was \$4,398 million, an increase of 177.6 per cent over the pre-war year.

Cheques Cashed Against Current and Savings Accounts

The cheques cashed against current accounts were \$5,864 million in October compared with \$5,549 million in the preceding month. The consequent increase was about \$315 million. The percentage gain, however, was only 5.7 per cent. The gain in cheques cashed against notice deposits was 31.4 per cent, the total in October having been \$449 million. As the total in September was \$341.6 million, the increase was slightly more than \$107 million.

Relation to Other Factors

The index of bank debits on the base of 1935-39 moved up from 191.5 in October last year to 210.3 in the month under review. During the intervening period, the productive operations and employment in manufacturing showed a considerable decline. The standing of the index on the base of 1926=100 was 193.0 in September last year dropping to 181.8 in the same month of this year. During the same period the index of the physical volume of business dropped from 205.3 to 173.3. Following the decline in common stock prices in the preceding month, the standing of the index on the base 1935-39 was not greatly changed in October from the level of 104.2 in the same month of last year. Wholesale prices and cost of living, on the other hand, showed an advance, the former rising from 103.3 in September 1945 to 109.1 in the same month this year. The index of the cost of living rose from 119.9 to 125.5. The standing of the latter index on the first of October was 126.8.

Money Supply

The money supply at the end of September was \$7,232 million, an increase of nearly 13 per cent over the same date of 1945. Total deposits, subject to cheque, were 15.4 per cent greater. The notice deposits rose to a new high position at the end of September, the standing having been \$3,524 million. The increase was 20 per cent over September 30, 1945. Demand deposits rose 8.3 per cent and Dominion balances were at a lower position. Provincial government deposits rose from \$108.6 million to \$127.2 million. The net result was that the deposits with chartered banks were 14.6 per cent greater at the end of September than in the same month of 1945. The circulating media consisting of bank notes and subsidiary coin in the hands of the public were only about three-quarters of one per cent greater at the end of September than twelve months before. - 3 -

TABLE 1. - CHEQUES CASHED AGAINST INDIVIDUAL ACCOUNTS AT THE CLEARING HOUSE CENTRESIN CANADA, OCTOBER, 1946 WITH COMPARATIVE FIGURES FOR SEPTEMBER, 1946 ANDOCTOBER, 1945

Province and Clearing	October	September	October
House Centres	1946	1946	1945
Maritime Provinces -	\$	\$	\$
Halifax	. 80,105,051	60,508,159	62,462,49
Moneton		20,701,504	23,970,93
Saint John			
Total - Maritime Provinces	/ /	<u>34,449,084</u> 115,658,747	34,014,11
Quebec -	111,110,007	110,000,111	120,141,04
Montreal	. 1,706,311,029	1,675,904,644	1,349,183,71
Quebec		135,118,880	129,140,18
Sherbrooke		16,614,275	15,603,18
Total - Quebec	Berlinsteinen bereiten die Berlinsteinen ber	1,827,637,799	1,493,927,08
Intario -	A CONTRACTOR OF A CONTRACTOR OFTA CONTRACTOR O	2,001,001,100	1,100,001,00
Brantford		21,449,659	19,296,65
Chatham		14,433,533	12,690,93
Fort William		16,916,922	15,125,4
Hamilton		117,190,425	110,009,9
Kingston		16,965,835	16,387,6
Kitchener		25,326,104	24,740,0
London		64,276,440	62,469,3
Ottawa		545,339,860	796,689,9
Peterborough		16,201,011	16,265,2
St. Catharines		20,920,257	18,740,1
Sarnia		22,421,396	18,600,2
Sudbury		13,049,153	12,791,3
Toronto		1,545,802,158	1,384,922,9
Windsor		74,686,393	62,864,4
Total - Ontario	provide the second seco	2,514,979,146	2,571,594,30
Prairie Provinces -		and any dispersion of the state	
Brandon	. 10,317,951	8,496,674	8,504,93
Calgary		125,752,120	147,444,60
Edmonton		101,754,331	125,096,1
Lethbridge		13,478,568	12,711,6
Medicine Hat		6,977,946	6,454,6
Moose Jaw		17,190,809	16,640,1
Prince Albert	. 10,221,094	8,311,829	7,783,0
Regina		108,807,084	116,788,1
Saskatoon	. 34,031,186	29,588,139	27,035,64
Winnipeg	. 751,661,406	587,691,874	686,274,5
Total - Prairie Provinces	. 1,227,200,530	1,008,049,374	1,154,733,49
ritish Columbia -		The second	and a providence of the spine of
New Westminster	. 20,250,161	18,503,718	19,335,77
Vancouver		336,196,226	335,385,8
Victoria		69,484,226	53,726,84
Total - British Columbia	and the second s	424,184,170	408,448,49
RAND TOTAL FOR CANADA		5,890,509,236	5,749,150,98

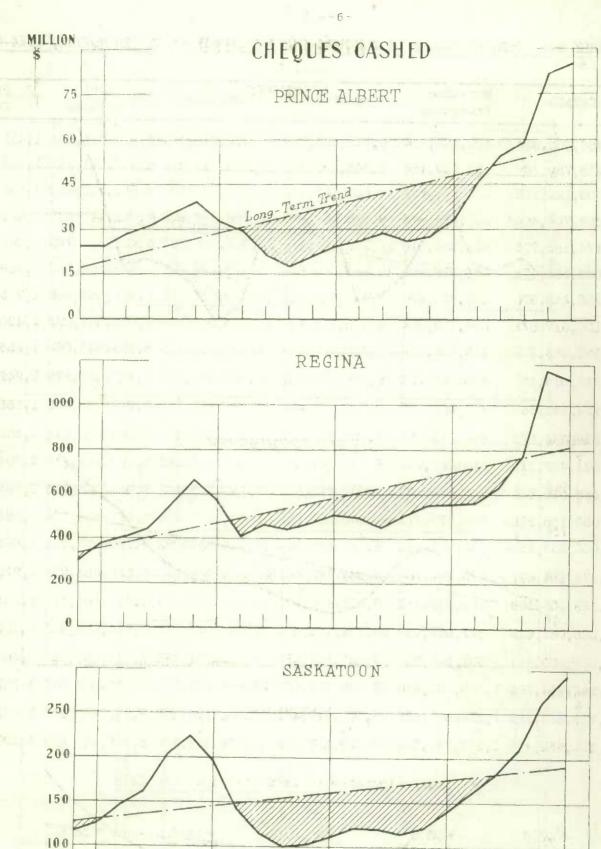
E hannah	CURRENT ACCOUNTS				SAVINGS ACCOUNTS			
ype of Account -	Oct., 19	46	Sept.,	1946	Oct.	, 1946	Sept.,	1946
	\$		4		an i an aireanna an	\$	4 9	
aritime Provinces	133,27	1,304	108,4	60,362	11,1	74,793	7,	198,3
uebec	1,770,01	6,160	1,754,4	82,231	111,7	02,977	93,	155,5
ntario	2,347,32	6,527	2,384,0			24,688	130,9	-
rairie Provinces	1,165,26			01,323		34,537	-	148,0
ritish Columbia	447,82	6,044	377,0	64,259	59,4	10,842	47,	119,9
RAND TOTAL FOR CANADA.	5,863,70	6,028	5,548,9	16,400	448,8	47,837	341,	592,8
umulative Totals	First	Ten	First	Ten	Increa	se (+)	Percen	tage
imulative locals	Months of	1946	Months	of 1945	Decres	se (-)	1946 t	0 19.
aritime Provinces	1,317,74	7,381		91,852 +		55,529		3.4
1ebec	17,229,31	8,602	15,087,6					4.2
ntario	25,238,11	8,830	24,660,5		,	68,628		2.4
rairie Provinces	8,938,24	2,869		60,130 -		17,261	90	6.0
ritish Columbia	4,397,50	5,796	3,442,4	53,121 +	- 955,0	52,675	12	1.7
RAND TOTAL FOR CANADA.	57,120,93	3,478	53,719,3	72,726 +	3,401,5	60,752	100	6.3
TABLE 3	RELATION	OF CHEC	UES CASH	ED TO OT	HER FAC			
easonally Adjusted		1 9	4 5		1	946)	
conomic Indexes		Sept.	Oct.	May	June	July	August	Sej
ink Debits, 1935-39 = 100		197.3	191.5	206.4	109.2	199.1	190.2	22
ysical Volume of Business		205.3	194.5	184.3	178.9	180.3	178.1	17
mmon Stocks, 1935-39=100		102.0	104.2	124.4	123.3	119.1	116.9	10
st of Living, 1935-39=100)	119.9	120.1	122.0	123.6	125.1	125.6	12
ployment in Manufacturing								
1926=100		193.0	182.4	184.4	181.0	183.3	179.9	18
nolesale Prices, 1926=100		103.3	103.6	108.6	109.1	109.5	109.2	10
TABLE 4	1 MONEY	SUPPLY	- MILLI	ONS OF I	OLLARS			
	1	9 4	5		1	946	5	
	Sep	1 11-	t. M	ay Ju	ine J	uly 1	ugust	Sep

Circulating Media	and the second sec						
Bank Notes in Circulation -							
Bank of Canada	1,112.4	1,136.6	1,109.5	1,114.0	1,117.9	1,127.4	1,147.5
Chartered Banks	27.2	26.7	23.7	23.3	22.9	22.5	22.2
Notes in hands of public	1,009.2	1,007.4	995.6	1,011.0	988.6	1,015.9	1,016.1
Subsidiary coin in hands of		-					
public	62.4	62.2	62.7	64.0	62.6	63.9	63.3
Total Circulating Media in							
hands of public (M)	1.071.6	1.069.5	1.058.4	1,075,0	1,051.2	1,079.8	1,079.5
Deposits		,	,	, ,	-		
Deposits with Chartered Banks -							
	133.2	155.9	248.6	114.3	143.0	153.8	120.7
Provincial Government				128.1			
Demand				2,150.3			
Notice	/	-	*	3,363.5			
Total	,	-		5,756.1	,		
Deposits with Bank of Canada -	0,20010	0,01011	0,002.0	0,100.12	0,000.0	0,00212	0,00111
Dominion Government	30 6	51 0	87 1	57.9	69 7	69 1	97 A
				85.6			
Other				143.4			
Total							
Total Deposits (MI)	-	-	,	5,899.6	-		-
Money Supply (M + MI)	6,402.6	6,726.4	1,105.5	6,974.6	1,091.5	1,120.6	1,202.0

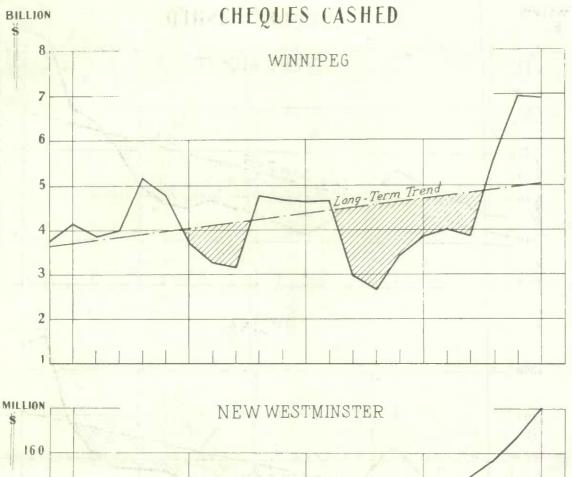
TABLE 5. - CHEQUES CASHED IN CLEARING CENTRES IN THE FIRST TEN MONTHS, 1924-46

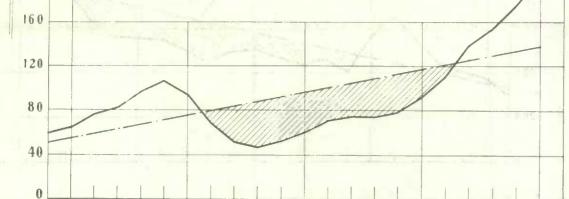
	DOLLARS						
Year	CANADA	Maritime Provinces	Quebec	Ontario	Prairie Provinces	British Columbia	
1924	21,486,086,934	490,809,794	6,515,885,786	8,907,417,454	4,158,715,854	1,413,258,046	
1925	22,218,780,789	466,519,153	6,843,393,198	8,868,719,829	4,536,661,777	1,503,486,832	
1926	24,599,221,268	506,870,599	8,053,005,743	9,784,965,820	4,561,597,270	1,592,781,836	
1927	27,668,700,400	509,538,874	9,526 696,887	11,368,494,895	4,605,131,818	1,658,837,926	
1928	25,174,183,775	612,555,510	12,275,962,951	13,958,056,103	6,285,520,789	2,042,088,422	
1929	38,689,583,472	663,986,803	13,663,150,647	15,447,274,045	6,448,568,940	2,466,603,037	
1930	31,505,449,976	587,833,896	11,110,312,701	12,599,533,733	5,232,363,805	1,975,405,841	
1931	26,106,512,871	534,129,884	8,976,107,418	11,049,046,779	4,056,941,093	1,490,287,692	
1932	21,293,368,923	439,108,018	6,450,367,264	9,196,590,229	3,951,915,062	1,255,388,350	
1933	24,652,074,422	393,568,753	6,978,306,308	10,599,485,255	5,437,167,578	1,242,546,528	
1934	26,734,293,884	439,605,483	7,717,679,065	11,976,153,171	5,247,785,163	1,353,071,002	
1935	25,592,251,573	460,219,727	7,285,920,177	11,275,137,488	5,209,632,014	1,361,342,167	
1936	29,221,453,212	510,601,141	8,791,709,977	12,633,945,223	5,580,702,215	1,704,494,656	
1937	29,159,030,526	603,952,903	9,602,822,091	13,159,709,545	4,039,028,763	1,753,517,224	
1938	25,053,158,918	520,570,771	8,093,224,030	11,193,042,424	3,661,933,794	1,584,387,899	
1939	25,630,139,255	545,574,492	8,136,176,500	11,124,824,082	4,160,123,484	1,663,440,697	
1940	28,179,804,697	675,497,704	8,198,468,640	12,494,968,095	5,039,884 257	1,770,986,001	
1941	32,129,505,109	765,575,431	9,017,100,905	14,929,766,559	5,405,501,477	2,011,560,737	
1942	36,365,082,629	877,096,956	10,185,191,812	17,694,693,614	5,305,064,991	2,303,035,256	
1943	43,032,809,594	997,867,750	12,281,807,832	19,970,294,453	7,116,628,536	2,666,211,023	
1944	48,942,744,365	1,050,995,498	13,839,799,862	21,664,683,760	9,335,048,669	3,052,216,576	
1945	53,719,372,726	1,215,691,852	15,087,617,421	24,660,550,202	9,313,060,130	3,442,453,121	
1946	57,120,933,478	1,317,747,381	17,229,318,602	25,238,118,830	8,938,242,869	4,397,505,796	

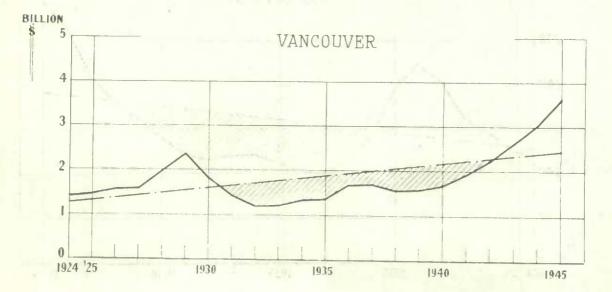
Percentage increase of 1946 over 1929 and 1938							
P.c. to 1929	+ 47.6	+98.5	+ 26.1	+ 63.4	+ 38.6	+ 78.3	
P.c. to 1938	#128.0	+ 153.1	+112.9	+ 125.5	+144.1	+ 177.6	



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