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# DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS 

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JULY 1967
The seasonally adjusted index of industrial production advanced fyN 0.98 per cent in July.

Non-agricultural real output in the second quarter advanced by BIBLIOTHEOUE from its first quarter 1967 level.


New This Issue: This issue includes indexes of non-agricultural real output for the second quarter of 1967.

National Accounts, Production and Productivity Division Industrial Output Section

JULY INDEX OT INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION

The seasonally adjusted Index of Industrial Production advanced by 0.9 per cent in July, rising to 283.1 from the revised June level of 280.7 . The gain left the Index, which measures approximately $1 / 3$ of the economy, about 1 per cent higher than in December, 1966. Returning to the July movements all three principal components contributed to the gain as mining rose by 0.7 per cent, electric power and gas utilities by 0.9 per cent and manufacturing by 0.8 per cent. In terms of contribution, however, about three fourths of the gain occurred in manufacturing and all of this originated in durables.

In durables manufacturing most of the gain occurred in the electrical apparatus and supplies group which rose by nearly 15 per cent. Well over half of this gain was due to gains in the heavy electrical machinery, miscellaneous electrical apparatus and refrigerators and appliances industries, each of which rose by more than 15 per cent from the strike affected June levels. Telecommication equipment ( $+12 \%$ ) also contributed significantly to the 15 per cent gain in electrical apparatus and supplies. Here the increase was in large part due to a relative seasonal increase in the production of auto radios. Transportation equipment rose by more than 3 per cent. Although all components, with the exception of railway rolling stock, contributed to the increase, the major contribution was made by motor vehicles ( $+3 \%$ ) and motor vehicle parts ( $+4 \%$ ) Iron and steel products rose fractionally higher. This gain was primarily attributable to a large increase in heating and cooking apparatus and again some portion of this was due to recovery from labour disputes.

Decreases in durables ranged from fractional in wood products to 4 per cent in non-ferrous metal products and non-metallic mineral products. In wood products the largest single factor in the decline was a 9 per cent drop in veneers and plywoods which would appear to be due to a decrease in production in order to adjust for rather high inventories and to allow for decreased exports. Primary iron and steel fell by 1.1 per cent.

Turning to non-durables manufacturing, which fell by 0.4 per cent, the small movement in the aggregate in part obscured rather large movements within the detail. of the eleven major components six rose while 5 fell. Increases ranging from fractional in chemicals and allied products to 16 per cent in rubber products only partially offset decreases in textiles, printing, publishing and allied industries, products of petroleum and coal, miscellaneous manufactures and tobacco products of $8,4,4,1$ and 1 per cent respectively. Nearly 90 per cent of the decrease in textiles was caused by the 14 per cent fall in synthetic textiles and silk.

As noted above mining rose by 0.7 per cent. All of this gain originated in fuels, which rose by 2 per cent, as both metals and non metals fell fractionally. Although both natural gas and petroleum contributed to the fuels rise the bulk of it was due to the petroleum increase. In part this in turn was due to increased exports to the United States to allow the reallocation of tanker transport to cope with pipe line shutdowns in the Arab countries and the closing of the Suez Canal.
$(1949=100)$

| Industry or industry group | $1949$ <br> percentage weights | Seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1967 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Feb. | Mar. | Apr. | May | June | July |
| INDEX OF INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION | 32.231 | 277.7 | 277.1 | 280.7 | 280.0 | 280.7 | 283.1 |
| MINING | 3.245 | 402.5 | 401.9 | 411.4 | 415.4 | 422.3 | 425.3 |
| Metals | 1.925 | 275.1 | 279.0 | 269.8 | 269.7 | 263.5 | 262.7 |
| Gold | 0.575 | 74.0 | 69.2 | 66.9 | 67.7 | 70.9 | 69.8 |
| Cupper | 0.352 | 228.0 | 231.4 | 241.7 | 235.3 | 217.5 | 214.0 |
| Iron ore | 0.099 | 1,482.5 | 1,458.6 | 1,348.2 | 1,237.5 | 1,197.4 | 1,280.0 |
| Nickel | 0.333 | 177.4 | 177.0 | 189.1 | 197.9 | 198.4 | 177.4 |
| Non-metals | 0.268 | 416.7 | 397.5 | 437.1 | 458.8 | 472.9 | 471.9 |
| Asbestos | 0.189 | 280.1 | 267.8 | 293.9 | 293.4 | 308.3 | 281.3 |
| Fuels | 0.915 | 665.8 | 662.0 | 695.4 | 707.9 | 746.6 | 762.9 |
| Coal | 0.553 | 52.0 | 54.7 | 53.9 | 54.9 | 55.4 | 52.4 |
| Natural gas | 0.035 | 1,731.1 | 1,758.9 | 1,726.8 | 1,840.3 | 1,821.1 | 1,909.2 |
| Petroleum | 0.327 | 1,589.8 | 1,571.6 | 1,670.0 | 1,690.9 | 1,800.5 | 1,841.7 |
| MANUFACTURING, TOTAL | 27.340 | 246.7 | 246.3 | 249.7 | 246.9 | 247.3 | 249.4 |
| NON-DURABLE MANUFACTURES | 14.742 | 242.4 | 241.0 | 244.5 | 242.7 | 245.0 | 244.1 |
| Foods and beverages | 3.814 | 206.5 | 210.8 | 214.7 | 212.1 | 213.5 | 215.7 |
| Foods | 2.896 | 201.2 | 203.0 | 202.8 | 196.2 | 201.5 | 202.2 |
| Meat products | 0.523 | 203.2 | 209.5 | 212.6 | 211.4 | 214.2 | 213.7 |
| Daity products | 0.450 | 208.9 | 198.8 | 210.0 | 200.9 | 208.3 | 213.0 |
| Canning and processing | 0.453 | 219.0 | 217.4 | 210.0 | 195.0 | 209.5 | 205.1 |
| Grain mill products .. | 0.322 | 203.7 | 213.2 | 214.4 | 212.4 | 215.3 | 217.3 |
| Bakery products... | 0.558 | 157.0 | 158.6 | 158.6 | 155.6 | 155.8 | 155.5 |
| Miscellaneous foods | 0.590 | 220.6 | 225.8 | 218.6 | 209.5 | 214.4 | 217.7 |
| Beverages .... | 0.918 | 223.3 | 235.3 | 252.2 | 262.4 | 251.6 | 258.3 |
| Carbonated beverages | 0.231 | 225.3 | 236.3 | 242.5 | 249.7 | 260.5 | 253.3 |
| Breweries .......... | 0.463 | 205.0 | 196.2 | 211.2 | 213.3 | 199.1 | 223.8 |
| Distilleries | 0.203 | 257.9 | 318.8 | 354.6 | 387.6 | 357.8 | 339.6 |
| Tobacco and tobacco products | 0.248 | 268.8 | 262.4 | 264.1 | 252.1 | 260.0 | 257.0 |
| Rubber products | 0.430 | 240.5 | 237.0 | 251.7 | 228.7 | 247.3 | 287.3 |
| Leather products | 0.508 | 133.7 | 126.9 | 127.9 | 127.3 | 130.6 | 138.0 |
| Boots and shoes | 0.307 | 141.9 | 130.1 | 130.1 | 129.1 | 132.7 | 142.4 |
| Textiles | 1.623 | 223.4 | 227.3 | 240.7 | 233.5 | 235.1 | 215.7 |
| Cotton goods | 0.507 | 136.9 | 140.7 | 167.7 | 144.9 | 146.6 | 138.8 |
| Woollen goods | 0.300 | 90.1 | 85.4 | 79.5 | 84.2 | 82.6 | 81.6 |
| Synthetic textiles and silk | 0.429 | 411.9 | 428.5 | 454.0 | 449.6 | 450.1 | 385.9 |
| Clothing | 1.801 | 173.9 | 175.4 | 172.5 | 170.8 | 172.4 | 173.3 |
| Paper products | 2.649 | 223.4 | 210.9 | 214.7 | 217.7 | 212.0 | 216.1 |
| Pulp and paper . ........... | 2.108 | 217.8 | 203.6 | 207.5 | 210.6 | 203.9 | 209.2 |

TABLE 1. Seasonally Adjusted Index of Industrial Production - Concluded
$(1949=100)$

| Industry or industry group | 1949 percentage weights | Seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1967 |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Feb. | Mar. | Apr . | May | June | July |
| NON-DURABLE MANUFACTURES Concluded: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Printing, publishing and allied <br> industries ...................... $1.273 \quad 248.2 \quad 247.9 \quad 248.9 \quad 245.0 \quad 257.2$ 246.7 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Products of petroleum and coal | 0.513 | 369.2 | 378.8 | 372.6 | 374.6 | 391.4 | 375.4 |
| Petroleum products ......... | 0.454 | 402.4 | 413.5 | 406.1 | 407.7 | 426.7 | 409.1 |
| Chemicals and allied products Acids, alkalies, salts and | 1.359 | 390.1 | 384.4 | 386.9 | 393.0 | 394.5 | 395.9 |
|  | 0.346 | 533.1 | 545.1 | 531.8 | 553.3 | 571.7 | 549.9 |
| Miscellaneous manufactures | 0.524 | 465.9 | 461.4 | 464.2 | 461.7 | 462.7 | 456.2 |
| durable manufactures | 12.598 | 251.7 | 252.5 | 255.7 | 251.8 | 250.0 | 255.7 |
| Wood products ......... | 2.108 | 190.0 | 187.1 | 195.8 | 187.0 | 189.7 | 188.5 |
|  | 1.444 | 189.6 | 185.5 | 197.7 | 185.1 | 188.8 | 186.2 |
| Veneers and plywoods | 0.122 | 417.6 | 417.0 | 443.5 | 466.2 | 497.0 | 452.5 |
| Sawnills | 0.994 | 189.8 | 183.9 | 197.9 | 177.1 | 178.8 | 181.2 |
| Furniture | 0.460 | 232.2 | 232.0 | 234.0 | 233.7 | 235.5 | 238.5 |
| Iron and steel products | 4.026 | 255.0 | 253.0 | 251.5 | 249.7 | 242.5 | 243.1 |
| Machinery | 0.851 | 283.8 | 282.5 | 283.1 | 277.1 | 276.6 | 273.7 |
| Iron castings | 0.387 | 224.4 | 222.0 | 223.4 | 211.1 | 199.5 | 211.0 |
| Primary iron and stee 1 Sheet metal products | 0.845 | 321.1 | 325.6 | 315.8 | 323.7 | 313.4 | 310.1 |
|  | 0.359 | 297.0 | 295.5 | 290.8 | 289.5 | 293.4 | 291.3 |
| Transportation equipment | 2.651 | 261.0 | 262.2 | 266.9 | 274.8 | 288.2 | 297.5 |
| Aircraft and parts | 0.203 | 486.4 | 487.3 | 487.8 | 489.7 | 493.1 | 506.9 |
|  | 1.035 | 341.3 | 347.3 | 360.7 | 378.8 | 397.9 | 411.9 |
| Motor vehicles .... | 0.462 | 313.7 | 309.3 | 317.2 | 325.0 | 340.8 | 356.2 |
| Railway rolling stock | 0.621 | 64.1 | 64.3 | 62.7 | 60.1 | 59.4 | 58.5 |
| Shipbuilding and repairs | 0.261 | 162.6 | 154.9 | 139.9 | 140.0 | 167.2 | 168.6 |
| Non-ferrous metal products .... Brass and copper products Smelting and refining ....... | 1.601 | 202.5 | 199.9 | 202.0 | 204.0 | 198.3 | 190.4 |
|  | 0.241 | 171.0 | 171.9 | 170.3 | 167.2 | 163.9 | 162.1 |
|  | 1.028 | 202.5 | 198.9 | 203.6 | 207.1 | 199.0 | 188.7 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| supplies | 1.418 | 361.2 | 380.8 | 381.4 | 349.2 | 332.7 | 381.9 |
| Heavy electrical machinery | 0.489 | 218.0 | 275.5 | 272.7 | 250.9 | 240.8 | 277.3 |
| Telecommunication equipment | 0.142 | 1,097.8 | 1,048.2 | 1,077.4 | 1,013.7 | 1,069.1 | 1,200.4 |
| Refrigerators and appliances | 0.227 | 345.7 | 349.3 | 347.5 | 321.0 | 289.7 | 339.4 |
| Non-metallic mineral products | 0.794 | 270.8 | 268.5 | 282.6 | 279.8 | 275.4 | 265.0 |
| Concrete products ...........Hydraulic cement | 0.098 | 754.2 | 743.2 | 784.2 | 799.2 | 742.0 | 704.8 |
|  | 0.117 | 266.9 | 262.6 | 265.3 | 271.2 | 293.5 | 276.6 |
| Domestic clay products | 0.083 | 144.1 | 117.7 | 143.8 | 121.8 | 133.3 | 125.2 |
| ELECTRIC POWER AND GAS UTILITIES <br> Electric power $\qquad$ <br> Gas $\qquad$ | 1.646 | 546.6 | 541.9 | 539.1 | 563.2 | 556.7 | 561.9 |
|  | 1.480 | 502.7 | 495.1 | 496.7 | 503.2 | 503.3 | 512.8 |
|  | 0.166 | 937.7 | 959.6 | 917.8 | 1,097.8 | 1,032.7 | 999.2 |

## 1ABLE 2. Index of Industrial Production, without Seasonal Adjustment

(1949=100)

| Industry or industry group | Annual averages |  | Without seasonal adjustment |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1966 |  |  | 1967 |  |  |
|  | 1965 | 1966 | May | June | July | May | June | July |
| INDEX OF INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION | 254.9 | 275.1 | 276.8 | 283.1 | 255.5 | 283.8 | 289.0 | 261.2 |
| MINING | 365.6 | 393.6 | 402.2 | 409.1 | 370.2 | 423.3 | 434.5 | 410.8 |
| Metals | 249.5 | 256.0 | 276.8 | 285.6 | 221.0 | 283.1 | 288.6 | 264.5 |
| Gold | 80.6 | 73.9 | 80.7 | 70.3 | 72.0 | 67.3 | 70.4 | 63.5 |
| Copper | 195.6 | 192.9 | 204.3 | 221.0 | 168.9 | 235.3 | 237.1 | 218.5 |
| Iron ore | 1,236.8 | 1,322.7 | 1,558.0 | 1,615.6 | 979.5 | 1,386.0 | 1,459.7 | 1,551.4 |
| Nickel. | 209.9 | 185.6 | 190.6 | 202.8 | 133.6 | 203.4 | 198.4 | 163.2 |
| Non-metals | 377.2 | 405.3 | 422.6 | 394.7 | 368.4 | 476.3 | 485.3 | 366.1 |
| Asbestos | 269.4 | 293.4 | 297.1 | 289.1 | 272.0 | 296.6 | 311.4 | 247.5 |
| Fuels | 592.8 | 665.7 | 638.8 | 640.0 | 649.7 | 695.8 | 718.0 | 725.7 |
| Coal | 56.3 | 54.6 | 50.9 | 51.1 | 34.9 | 51.1 | 51.9 | 36.4 |
| Natural gas | 1,476.4 | 1,598.0 | 1,500.0 | 1,420.1 | 1,362.8 | 1,742.7 | 1,633.5 | 1,621.0 |
| Petroleum. | 1,405.5 | 1,599.4 | 1,540.7 | 1,552.5 | 1,613.1 | 1,674.0 | 1,746.5 | 1,795.7 |
| Manufacturing, total | 230.1 | 247.2 | 250.0 | 257.7 | 232.4 | 252.3 | 259.0 | 231.7 |
| NON-DURABLE MANUFACTURES | 224.1 | 240.4 | 240.4 | 248.6 | 228.0 | 244.2 | 252.9 | 231.7 |
| Foods and beverages | 193.1 | 204.9 | 198.8 | 222.5 | 222.4 | 207.2 | 228.3 | 230.2 |
| Foods | 187.4 | 196.4 | 187.2 | 203.7 | 212.5 | 186.8 | 208.4 | 217.8 |
| Meat products | 192.3 | 193.4 | 190.8 | 187.0 | 176.3 | 206.2 | 203.0 | 196.6 |
| Dairy products | 196.0 | 202.2 | 218.0 | 253.7 | 233.6 | 217.0 | 263.1 | 245.6 |
| Canning and processing | 197.2 | 216.0 | 167.4 | 215.9 | 313.9 | 148.8 | 214.5 | 305.4 |
| Grain mill products | 189.3 | 207.3 | 196.1 | 199.9 | 197.0 | 204.9 | 209.6 | 204.0 |
| Bakery products ... | 151.7 | 155.7 | 153.7 | 162.0 | 166.6 | 153.1 | 160.6 | 164.2 |
| Miscellaneous foods | 201.9 | 212.0 | 202.5 | 212.8 | 202.5 | 197.9 | 211.2 | 206.6 |
| Beverages .................... | 211.0 | 231.7 | 235.5 | 281.6 | 253.8 | 271.5 | 291.3 | 269.1 |
| Carbonated beverages ..... | 186.2 | 221.0 | 229.1 | 272.0 | 301.9 | 263.7 | 317.8 | 322.2 |
| Breweries . ......... | 191.1 | 201.8 | 214.9 | 245.9 | 256.8 | 241.7 | 242.9 | 282.0 |
| Distilleries | 284.8 | 312.9 | 298.1 | 386.1 | 196.7 | 355.4 | 379.2 | 180.0 |
| Tobacco and tobacco products | 243.4 | 258.1 | 263.2 | 278.8 | 170.6 | 265.5 | 296.2 | 184.5 |
| Rubber products | 237.4 | 258.5 | 256.8 | 270.8 | 200.2 | 237.8 | 259.5 | 216.9 |
| Leather products | 135.2 | 137.9 | 136.8 | 140.2 | 99.1 | 124.7 | 132.2 | 99.5 |
| Boots and shoes | 134.3 | 139.9 | 138.9 | 144.2 | 89.0 | 127.0 | 136.7 | 92.7 |
| Textiles | 220.6 | 233.1 | 225.6 | 238.9 | 175.7 | 236.3 | 246.3 | 168.9 |
| Cotton goods | 149.7 | 140.8 | 122.7 | 115.6 | 72.9 | 147.1 | 140.3 | 93.4 |
| Woollen goods .............. | 89.6 | 92.1 | 97.2 | 115.8 | 71.5 | 87.3 | 98.2 | 62.0 |
| Synthetic textiles and silk | 391.3 | 440.5 | 428.7 | 474.0 | 318.2 | 456.3 | 490.6 | 280.5 |
| Ciothing ..................... | 171.2 | 179.2 | 177.0 | 175.7 | 175.2 | 167.9 | 169.1 | 170.3 |
| Paper products | 198.3 | 216.1 | 221.0 | 222.5 | 209.2 | 220.6 | 217.1 | 209.4 |
| Pulp and paper ... | 192.8 | 210.2 | 216.2 | 215.2 | 199.5 | 213.9 | 207.9 | 199.3 |

TABLE 2. Index of Industrial Production, whthout Seasonal Adjustment - Conctuded
$(1949=100)$

| Industry or industry group | Annual averages |  | Without seasonal adjustment |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1966 |  |  | 1967 |  |  |
|  | 1965 | 1966 | May | June | July | May | June | July |
| NON-DURABLE MANUFACTURES Concluded: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Printing, publishing and alifed industries | 223.3 | 239.7 | 260.7 | 241.7 | 221.0 | 260.9 | 258.6 | 226.1 |
| Products of petroleum and coal Petroleum products .......... | 345.9 | 371.6 | 344.0 | 375.7 | 385.5 | 351.3 | 394.4 | 388.7 |
|  | 375.5 | 404.5 | 372.6 | 409.0 | 419.7 | 380.8 | 430.2 | 423.8 |
| Chemicals and allied products Acids, alkalies, salts and fertilizers | 344.7 | 377.5 | 392.9 | 391.6 | 341.5 | 411.2 | 407.1 | 357.5 |
|  | 469.0 | 516.3 | 562.1 | 523.2 | 439.1 | 603.1 | 568.8 | 455.9 |
| Miscellaneous manufactures | 407.3 | 448.8 | 434.2 | 444.5 | 450.7 | 450.6 | 460.4 | 457.5 |
| DURABLE MANUFACTURES | 237.2 | 255.2 | 261.3 | 268.4 | 237.5 | 261.9 | 266.0 | 231.7 |
| Wood products | 181.7 | 189.2 | 189.7 | 200.4 | 193.3 | 184.5 | 199.4 | 190.3 |
| Saw and planing mills | 182.8 | 187.3 | 190.5 | 204.9 | 193.2 | 183.1 | 203.9 | 189.4 |
| Veneers and plywoodsSawmills .......... | 403.8 | 428.1 | 436.0 | 421.0 | 370.3 | 452.7 | 475.6 | 371. 0 |
|  | 177.1 | 183.7 | 189.0 | 210.3 | 197.7 | 178.1 | 204.0 | 193.9 |
| Furniture | 216.3 | 235.5 | 228.2 | 230.7 | 234.7 | 228.8 | 231.5 | 235.7 |
| Iron and steel products | 239.1 | 253.1 | 261.2 | 262.0 | 240.9 | 257.4 | 252.1 | 234.7 |
| Machinery | 248.1 | 275.4 | 270.5 | 272.1 | 273.6 | 274.3 | 275.8 | 274.0 |
| Iron castings | 218.9 | 213.0 | 240.7 | 225.9 | 162.4 | 234.1 | 219.4 | 194.1 |
| Sheet metal products. | 320.0 | 324.8 | 350.2 | 342.6 | 302.2 | 346.3 | 332.2 | 290.2 |
|  | 274.2 | 289.1 | 291.9 | 296.9 | 299.9 | 292.1 | 302.2 | 306.7 |
| Transportation equipment | 250.0 | 273.8 | 292.8 | 305.7 | 223.3 | 317.6 | 334.5 | 218.4 |
| Aircraft and parts ... | 319.3 | 423.6 | 405.0 | 412.2 | 414.7 | 489.7 | 492.6 | 493.7 |
| Motor vehicles ...Motor vehicle parts | 347.6 | 372.3 | 422.0 | 458.8 | 255.9 | 481.0 | 513.3 | 222.4 |
|  | 317.2 | 345.6 | 347.1 | 337.7 | 323.8 | 338.0 | 345.9 | 334.8 |
| Railway rolilng stock | 62.6 | 60.5 | 62.3 | 61.5 | 60.4 | 60.4 | 60.0 | 59.4 |
| Shipbuilding and repairs .... | 161.9 | 170.1 | 174.9 | 172.4 | 163.7 | 144.9 | 170.5 | 162.7 |
| Non-ferrous metal products .... Brass and copper products ... Smelting and refining ....... | 186.9 | 195.7 | 199.0 | 201.3 | 184.0 | 205.8 | 200. 3 | 182.5 |
|  | 162.7 | 181.2 | 183.4 | 182.5 | 179.6 | 164.7 | 161.2 | 157.3 |
|  | 188.9 | 191.9 | 198.9 | 201.3 | 175.2 | 212.1 | 202.9 | 178.1 |
| Electrical apparatus and |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| supplies. | 319.2 | 368.8 | 353.6 | 356.5 | 323.9 | 337.7 | 328.4 | 329.5 |
| Heavy electrical machinery ... | 241.6 | 272.0 | 265.2 | 271.4 | 274.2 | 249.2 | 241.7 | 277.3 |
|  | 895.1 | 1,051.6 | 945.3 | 922.4 | 718.8 | 892.0 | 973.9 | 797.1 |
| Refrigerators and appliances | 301.9 | 352.5 | 356.4 | 356.1 | 300.0 | 333.9 | 315.8 | 291.5 |
| Non-metallic mineral products | 286.9 | 296.3 | 307.6 | 335.4 | 338.2 | 282.4 | 306.1 | 295.7 |
| Concrete products . . . . . . . .Hydraulic cement . . . . . . . | 858.0 | 878.6 | 950.4 | 1,073.0 | 1,055.0 | 848.7 | 893.4 | 838.0 |
|  | 298.8 | 320.8 | 354.8 | 390.5 | 423.5 | 304.0 | 369.2 | 357.1 |
| Domestic clay products | 142.8 | 145.3 | 151.6 | 162.9 | 158.5 | 126.7 | 145.9 | 135.5 |
| ELECTRIC POWER AND GAS UTILITIES | 448.3 | 504.2 | 474.2 | 455.9 | 412.4 | 531.5 | 500.7 | 456.0 |
| ElectricGas ..... | 408.8 | 464.2 | 447.0 | 439.2 | 405.7 | 486.1 | 474.1 | 447.7 |
|  | 800.6 | 861.1 | 725.8 | 604.8 | 472.0 | 936.4 | 738.4 | 529.6 |

# Real Domestic Product less Agriculture 

## Note to Users

The indexes of real domestic product at factor cost (the sum of the unduplicated output of all industries located in Canada) are an extension of the "Index of Industrial Production" to cover the whole range of domestic industries. In addition to mining, manufacturing and electric power and gas utilities, total domestic product includes the following industry groups: agriculture; forestry; fishing and trapping; construction; transportation, storage and comunication; trade; finance, insurance and real estate; public administration and defence; and communty, recreation, business and personal service.

The real domestic product indexes are also an elaboration of the supply side of the National Accounts. Total domestic product differs conceptually from constant dollar expenditure on Gross National Product by (1) the inclusion of income paid to non-residents (2) the exclusion of income received from non-residents, and (3) the exclusion of "indirect taxes less subsidies". In addition, of course, statistical differences may exist between these two measures of aggregate production.

The real output indexes in Table 3 serve to bring up to date the historical record of production in Canada published in the 1967 Annual Supplement to the Index of Industrial Production publication For a detailed description of concepts and methods used as well as other relevant material, see D. B. S. Occassional Paper 61-505, "Indexes of Real Domestic Product by Industry of Origin, 1935-61".

Quarterly indexes for agriculture and for aggregate domestic production will not be available, except on a once-a-year basis; they will appear in the annual supplement to this report each spring.

COMPARISON OF GOODS, LESS AGRICULTURE WITH THE SERVICE-PRODUCING INDUSTRY GROUP, BY QUARTERS, 1953-67
(SEASONALLY ADJUSTED QUANTITY INDEXES, $1949=100$ )


# Real Domestic Product less Agriculture <br> Second Quarter, 1967 

Seasonally adjusted real domestic product less agriculture for the second quarter of 1967 rose by 1.5 per cent, following the decline of 0.3 per cent that occurred in the first quarter of this year. This rise can be compared with the quarter-to-quarter gains of 2.2 per cent, 1.0 per cent, 0.2 per cent, and 1.8 per cent that were realized during 1966 , and the gains of $2.4,1,4,2.0$ and 2.1 per cent that occurred in 1965.

Table A shows the percentage changes in the major industry groupings from the first to the second quarter of 1967, and their effect on the increase in non-agricultural output.

TABLE A.


Note: The columns may not add to the total due to rounding.

Table $B$ shows the percentage increases of the major industry groupings and their effect on the changes in total real output less agriculture, as measured from the cyclical low in the first quarter of 1961 to the second quarter of 1967 and each of the preceding three quarters.

The increase in total non-agricultural output in the second quarter of this year was almost entirely the result of an expansion in the service-producing industries, which rose by 2.8 per cent, compared to the 0.3 per cent increase that was recorded for the goods-producing industries. The size of the expansion in the service-producing industries is illustrated in Table D on page 11, which shows that the percentage increase for these industries in the second quarter of 1967 has been exceeded only twice since the first quarter of 1946. Effects of Expo and centennial celebrations can be seen in certain of the service industries in the second quarter, and were probably factors in the increases registered in other service-producing industries.

Within the service-producing industries, wholesale and retail trade showed the largest advance, with an increase of 4.5 per cent. This increase amounted to a contribution of 43 per cent toward the second-quarter increase in total non-agricultural output. Retall trade rose by 3.7 per cent, to account for 23 per cent of the increase in total non-agricultural output. With the exception of very small declines in output that were experienced by a few components, all retail trade components conttibuted to the second-quarter increase. Sales of motor vehicle dealers, which rose by 9.3 per cent (in line with a 10.8 per cent expansion in motor vehicle production), made the largest contribution, followed by government liquor stores. Other significant contributions were made by the furniture and appliances, variety stores, and clothing components.

Wholesale trade rose by 5.7 per cent, to account for 20 per cent of the increase in total nonagricultural output. Although some of the components in this group declined, most showed large increases over their first-quarter levels. Included in the components that expanded were groceries and food specialties, industrial and transportation equipment and supplies, and construction materials and supplies.

The community, recreation, business and personal service grouping expanded by 3.5 per cent, to record the second-largest contribution to the second-quarter increase. Within this grouping the personal service group rose by 7.2 per cent, and contributed 15 per cent to the second-quarter increase. Expo affected both the personal service group and the business component, which recorded an increase of 4.2 per cent.

The transportation, storage and commuication grouping accounted for 21 per cent of the increase in total non-agricultural output. Although gains were registered for storage in grain elevators and for telephone commulcation, an increase of 3.2 per cent in this grouping was concentrated in the transportation components. Within transportation there were two major factors. Statistics for the carriage of passengers indicate that travel to and from Expo was one of these factors; and an 8.5 per cent increase in transportation by pipeline was the other one - this increase seems to have been partially caused by greater oil shipments to the U.S. brought about by the Middle East crisis. With the exception of the strike-affected third quarter of 1966 , the output of the transportation industries has been rising since mid-1963.

Of the remaining service-producing industries, public administration and defence rose by 1.4 per cent in the second quarter of 1967, while the finance, insurance and real estate grouping was at almost exactly the same level as it was during the first quarter of this year.

TABLE B.

|  | IQ'61-IIIQ'66 |  | IQ'61-IVQ'66 |  | IQ'61-IQ'67 |  | IQ'61-IIQ'67 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \% \\ & \\ & \end{aligned}$ | Effect on GDP less Agriculture | $\begin{aligned} & \% \\ & \end{aligned}$ | Effect on GDP less Agriculture | $\%$ | Effect on GDP less Agriculture |  | Effect on GDP less Agriculture |
| Real domestic product |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| less agriculture .... | 39.8 | 39.8 | 42.4 | 42.4 | 42.1 | 42.1 | 44.2 | 44.2 |
| Forestry............. | 30.7 | . 6 | 33.7 | . 6 | 47.5 | . 9 | 45.8 | . 8 |
| Fishing and trapping .. | - 0.4 | - | $-7.5$ | - | - 4.9 | - | - 13.7 | -. 1 |
| Mining ............... | 43.5 | 2.5 | 51.1 | 3.0 | 50.4 | 2.9 | 54.6 | 3.2 |
| Manufacturing | 54.3 | 16.0 | 56.7 | 16.7 | 54.2 | 16.0 | 54.8 | 16.1 |
| Non-durable ......... | 43.0 | 7.1 | 45.2 | 7.5 | 44.2 | 7.4 | 45.5 | 7.6 |
| Durable | 69.2 | 8.8 | 71.5 | 9.2 | 67.2 | 8.6 | 67.1 | 8.6 |
| Construction ......... | 37.2 | 2.5 | 39.6 | 2.7 | 38.9 | 2.7 | 34.5 | 2.3 |
| Electric power and gas utilities ............ | 67.5 | 2.3 | 71.1 | 2.4 | 77.2 | 2.6 | 81.5 | 2.7 |
| Other goods, n.e.c.... | 20.0 | . 2 | 19.7 | . 2 | 19.5 | 2 | 19.5 | 2 |
| Transportation, storage and comunication... | 42.8 | 4.0 | 48.8 | 4.6 | 49.5 | 4.7 | 54.3 | 5.1 |
| Transportation ...... | 45.4 | 3.1 | 51.7 | 3.6 | 53.3 | 3.6 | 58.3 | 4.0 |
| Trade ............... | 33.6 | 5.1 | 35.3 | 5.3 | 33.4 | 5.1 | 39.3 | 6.0 |
| Wholesale | 46.0 | 2.4 | $48.7$ | 2.5 | $41.0$ | 2.1 | $49.0$ | $2.6$ |
| Retail ............. | 27.2 | 2.7 | 28.3 | 2.8 | 29.4 | 2.9 | 34.1 | 3.4 |
| Finance, insurance and real estate ......... | 29.9 | 3.2 | 31.8 | 3.4 | 33.3 | 3.5 | 33.3 | 3.5 |
| Public administration and defence | 8.3 | . 5 | 9.2 | . 5 | 8.7 | . 5 | 10.2 | . 6 |
| Community, recreation, business and personal service | 29.1 | 3.0 | 29.8 | 3.1 | 30.5 | 3.1 | 35.1 | 3.6 |

Note: The colums may not add to the total due to rounding.

Within the goods-producing industries, mining, with an increase of 2.8 per cent, contributul 12 per cent to the second-quarter increase in total non-agricultural output. Crude petroleum mining, with an expansion of 7.0 per cent, provided the major impetus to this grouping, and made a contribution of 12 per cent to the second-quarter increase. The advance in this type of mining more than offset the large drop of 14.7 per cent in the iron ore component. Movements within the other components of the metal, fuel, and non-metal mining groups were mixed.

Manufacturing advanced by only 0.4 per cent, and, in contrast to most quarters, made but a relatively minor contribution to the change in total non-agricultural output in the second quarter. All of this contribution, of 9 per cent, came from the manufacturing of non-durables, which rose by 0.9 per cent. The textile products group had the largest contribution, of 7 per cent, most of which came from the 10.2 per cent increase in synthetic textiles and silk, supplemented by the additional output of cotton goods. Although recovering from a drop of 11.6 per cent in the first quarter, the synthetic textiles and silk industry had not quite regained the level of output it had achieved since its period of almost uninterrupted expansion began, in 1961 . The foods and beverages group had the second largest contribution, of 5 per cent, chiefly from the beverage products components (notably distilleries, whose output rose considerably). With the exception of the paper products group, movements in the remaining non-durables groups were mixed, but had relatively little effect on the secondquarter increase. Paper products fell by 2.3 per cent, because of some cut-backs in pulp and paper production.

Although durables manufacturing was unchanged from its first-quarter level, there were fairly large offsetting movements within this area. The largest contribution to the second-quarter increase was 12 per cent, which came from the manufacture of motor vehicles, which rose by 10.8 per cent. When included with the other motor-vehicle-related series (manufacture of motor vehicle parts and accessories, and retail sales of motor vehicle dealers), the effect of the recovery in motor vehicle manufacturing from the decline in the previous quarter was to contribute about one-fifth of the increase in total non-agricultural production. The electrical apparatus and supplies group slipped by 6.7 per cent, which was the largest negative effect in durables manufacturing. Each of the five components of this group fell from their second-quarter levels; the greatest declines were in those components that were affected by strikes. Even though the iron and steel products group decreased by 1.4 per cent this quarter, the production of primary iron and steel rose by 2.1 per cent. The wood products, non-metallis mineral products, and non-ferrous metal products groups all made small contributions to the seconiquarter increase.

Electric power and gas utilities rose by 2.5 per cent. The contribution of this grouping, which was 7 per cent, was divided almost evenly between the two components, although gas utilities expanded by 7.2 per cent while electric power increased by only 1.6 per cent.

Construction, which was affected by strikes in Ontario and Quebec, was the only industry to show a significant drop in terms of weighted index points in the second quarter. This drop was greater than the contribution to the second-quarter increase which was made by the manufacturing industry and only slightly less than the contribution of the transportation groups. The decrease of 3.2 per cent in the construction industry was the result of a fractional decline in private construction and a 9.3 per cent fall in public construction. Within the private construction component an 18.7 per cent increase in housing, which represented a recovery to the levels of the first half of 1966, was more than offset by a decrease in non-residential construction. The large increase in private residential construction was sparked by the doubling of the number of housing units, of both the single and multipledwelling type, that were started in the second quarter. This very large increase in housing starts was affected by the direct loans to home builders that were provided by Central Mortgage and Housing Corporation in April and May. Within the public construction component, a big upward movement in residential and non-residential construction was completely outweighted by an even bigger downard movement in highway construction.

Although fishing and trapping declined by 9.3 per cent due to a decline in sea fishing, and forestry decreased by 1.1 per cent from a very high first-quarter level, these two industries had only a very minor dampening effect on the second-quarter rise in total non-agricultural output.

## First Half of 1967

Table $C$ shows that non-agricultural real output in the first six months of this year rose by 3.0 per cent over the first six months of 1966 , on a seasonally unadjusted basis. The contrast between this increase and the post-war average rate of growth of 4.8 per cent was the result of a decline of 0.3 per cent (on a seasonally-adjusted basis) in total non-agricultural output in the first quarter. In that quarter the monthly Index of Industrial Production fell by 0.9 per cent, on a season-ally-adjusted basis. Manufacturing and construction have been the major dampening influences on industrial growth this year.

An assumption of a one per cent increase, on a seasonally adjusted basis, in each of the last two quarters of 196 would result in a 3.4 per cent increase for 1967 as a whole, while a 2 per cent increase would result in a 4 . 2 per cent increase for the year. If production declines by one per cent in each of the remaining quarters, the increase for the year would be only 1.8 per cent.

TABLE C.

Percentage Changes in Major Industry Groupings
for the Fitst Six Months of 1967 Compared With the First Six Months of 2966 (Not seasonally adjusted)


TABLE 3. Indexes of Real Domestic Product, less Agriculture $1949=100$


TABLE 3. Indexes of Real Domestic Product, less Agriculture - Continued $1949=100$


TABLE 3. Indexes of Real Domestic Product, less ABriculture - Continued $1949=100$

|  | Manufacturing |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Non-durable manufacturing |  |  | Durable manufacturing |  |  |  |  |
|  | Products of petroleum and coal | Chemicals and allied products | Miscel laneous manufacturing | Total | Wood products | Iron and stee 1 products | Transportation equi pment | Non- ferrous metal products |
| 1949 Weights | 0.5131 .359 |  | 0.524 | $0.524 \quad 12.598$ | 2.108 | 4.026 | 2.651 | 1.601 |
|  | Seasonally adjusted |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1964-1 | $\begin{aligned} & 327.3 \\ & 329.8 \\ & 327.7 \\ & 335.3 \end{aligned}$ | 306.7 | 376.5 | 209.0 | 175.8 | 206.7 | 218.1 | 168.4 |
|  |  | 303.6 | 383.8 | 211.2 | 171.4 | 212.2 | 215.0 | 173.9 |
|  |  | 313.4328.7 | 391.0393.9 | 215.6 | 174.4 | 216.0 | 191.2 | 174.0180.3 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 175.9 | 226.5 |  |  |
| $1965-1$234 | $\begin{aligned} & 342.1 \\ & 344.8 \\ & 350.6 \\ & 345.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 326.5 \\ & 339.9 \\ & 346.9 \\ & 364.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 397.0 \\ & 403.7 \\ & 411.7 \\ & 415.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 228.0 \\ & 233.7 \\ & 240.1 \\ & 248.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 177.0 \\ & 180.1 \\ & 180.0 \\ & 190.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 229.6 \\ & 236.0 \\ & 243.5 \\ & 247.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 234.3 \\ & 243.3 \\ & 256.2 \\ & 269.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 182.4 \\ & 183.8 \\ & 188.1 \\ & 192.8 \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1966-1 | $\begin{aligned} & 357.2 \\ & 372.7 \\ & 371.1 \\ & 384.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 376.3 \\ & 379.4 \\ & 376.0 \\ & 378.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 430.7 \\ & 444.4 \\ & 455.2 \\ & 463.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 252.8 \\ & 253.2 \\ & 255.6 \\ & 259.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 188.8 \\ & 191.8 \\ & 188.8 \\ & 187.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 256.0 \\ & 252.5 \\ & 251.7 \\ & 252.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 272.0 \\ & 265.8 \\ & 275.5 \\ & 281.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 195.4 \\ & 197.6 \\ & 191.5 \\ & 197.6 \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1967-1 $\begin{array}{r}1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4\end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 375.7 \\ & 379.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 389.6 \\ & 391.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 463.1 \\ & 462.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 252.6 \\ & 252.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 188.4 \\ & 190.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 251.4 \\ & 247.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 261.3 \\ & 276.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 201.3 \\ & 201.4 \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Without seasonal adjustment |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & 1964 \\ & 1965 \\ & 1966 \\ & 1967 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 330.1 \\ & 345.9 \\ & 371.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 312.7 \\ & 344.7 \\ & 377.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 386.5 \\ & 407.3 \\ & 448.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 212.7 \\ & 237.2 \\ & 255.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 174.3 \\ & 181.7 \\ & 189.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 215.2 \\ & 239.1 \\ & 253.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 210.5 \\ & 250.0 \\ & 273.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 174.2 \\ & 186.9 \\ & 195.7 \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1964-1 $\begin{array}{r}1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4\end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 333.3 \\ & 314.0 \\ & 333.9 \\ & 339.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 305.9 \\ & 314.9 \\ & 304.5 \\ & 325.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 363.3 \\ & 375.2 \\ & 398.8 \\ & 408.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 206.7 \\ & 220.1 \\ & 206.0 \\ & 217.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 177.1 \\ & 171.3 \\ & 182.5 \\ & 166.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 199.9 \\ & 219.6 \\ & 216.1 \\ & 225.1 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 233.6 \\ & 248.1 \\ & 161.9 \\ & 198.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 168.3 \\ & 175.5 \\ & 170.2 \\ & 182.7 \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1965-1 $\begin{array}{r}1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4\end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 349.4 \\ & 327.5 \\ & 356.3 \\ & 350.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 326.1 \\ & 352.2 \\ & 336.0 \\ & 364.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 382.6 \\ & 394.6 \\ & 420.7 \\ & 431.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 226.2 \\ & 243.2 \\ & 227.4 \\ & 251.9 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 178.5 \\ & 179.9 \\ & 187.9 \\ & 180.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 222.3 \\ & 244.0 \\ & 243.3 \\ & 246.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 254.7 \\ & 278.7 \\ & 184.3 \\ & 282.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 182.5 \\ & 185.7 \\ & 183.5 \\ & 195.8 \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1966-1 $\begin{array}{r}1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4\end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 362.4 \\ & 357.9 \\ & 378.3 \\ & 387.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 376.8 \\ & 394.2 \\ & 360.4 \\ & 378.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 415.2 \\ & 436.4 \\ & 466.1 \\ & 477.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 252.5 \\ & 262.9 \\ & 241.7 \\ & 263.7 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 190.5 \\ & 192.0 \\ & 194.9 \\ & 179.3 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 249.4 \\ & 260.5 \\ & 252.0 \\ & 250.4 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 300.1 \\ & 300.9 \\ & 201.4 \\ & 292.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 194.9 \\ & 200.2 \\ & 186.2 \\ & 201.4 \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1967-1. | $\begin{array}{r} 385.0 \\ 304.3 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 389.6 \\ & 409.0 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 446.3 \\ 454.7 \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 252.3 \\ & 263.8 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 190.1 \\ & 192.2 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 246.2 \\ & 255.6 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 285.9 \\ & 319.5 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 199.6 \\ 204.3 \end{array}$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

TABLE 3. Indexes of Real Domestic Product, less Agriculture - Continued
$1949=100$


TABLE 3. Indexes of Real Domestic Product, less Agriculture - Concluded $1949=100$

(2) Includes transportation, storage and commoncation; trade; finance, insurance and real estate; public administration and defence; commuty, recreation, business and personal service.
(3) Includes public administration and defence; hospitals; education; welfare, religion and other commuity service, n.e.c. and domestic service.

