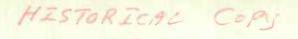
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BUSINESS FINANCIAL STATISTICS BALANCE SHEETS

Selected Financial Institutions
FIRST QUARTER 1965

Published by Authority of The Minister of Trade and Commerce

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BUSINESS FINANCIAL STATISTICS BALANCE SHEETS

Selected Financial Institutions

FIRST QUARTER 1965

INTRODUCTION

The survey, which was initiated in 1961, is designed to provide up-to-date information for major industry groups on the assets employed, liabilities incurred and the use of shareholders' equity. The present publication contains the balance sheets for trust companies, mortgage loan companies, sales finance and consumer loan companies, mutual funds and closed-end funds. As information becomes available, the published tables will be expanded to include insurance carriers, credit unions and caisses populaires, investment dealers, other companies in the finance, insurance and real estate industry, and non-financial corporations.

The quarterly survey was started on the recommendation of the Interdepartmental Committee on Financial Statistics, which represents several government departments and the Bank of Canada. The Committee found that the lack of up-to-date information on the assets and liabilities of corporations was a serious handicap to those concerned with economic and monetary policies. More complete and up-to-date information from financial institutions and non-financial corporations on the sources and uses of funds is essential in assessing such factors as the distribution and adequacy of funds available at any particular time. This corporation information will be combined with data from other parts of the economy to give a comprehensive picture of the financing of economic activity.

Although quarterly (or more frequent) data have been available for some time in areas such as banking, quarterly data for the groups in this report are new, and problems in interpreting the results may occur. For example, seasonal factors affect loans by sales finance companies, and short term commercial paper held by trust companies. Until more experience has been obtained so that deseasonalized totals can be published, each quarter's results should be related to several previous quarters. There will also be discontinuities caused by reorganisations, mergers, reclassification of companies into and out of the published industries, and other factors.

The published balance sheet material is designed to show estimates of the totals at the end of each quarter. It should be used with caution when changes from one quarter to another are being studied. At a later stage, as financial flows accounts are developed, the corrected quarterly changes will be published by industry.

This publication has been prepared in the Business Finance Division. Acknowledgement is gratefully made to the companies reporting in the survey whose cooperation has made this report possible.

TABLE 1. Trust Companies Quarterly Statements of Estimated Assets, Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity

		1962				19	63		1964					
	1Q	2Q	32	4Q	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	10	
			l			millio	ons of o	dollars		L			-	
Aggeta								1			ĺ			
Assets														
l. Cash on hand and on deposit:														
(a) In Canadian dollars:														
(i) Cash and bank deposits	30	34	26	46	63	65	45	60	37	45	41	65		
(ii) Cash in other institutions	2	2	1	1	2	4	4	3	4	2	2	4		
(b) In foreign currency	16	22	8	7	8	8	4	8	3	9	6	13		
. Investments:														
(a) Investments in Canadian securities:						į							ľ	
(i) Government of Canada treasury bills	10	7	10	18	8	5	15	27	15	7	6	17		
(ii) Other Government of Canada debt	304	288	290	281	284	302	288	291	336	323	339	366		
(iii) Provincial government debt	135	136	131	136	145	164	160	154	166	162	155	163	ŀ	
(iv) Municipal government debt	65	86	87	94	105	109	115	114	126	129	124	129		
(v) Short-term notes of finance and other companies	185	145	159	122	201	205	218	108	234	261	225	152		
(vi) Corporation and institution bonds	126	137	132	140	156	172	188	196	207	207	210	214		
(vii) Mortgage loans and sales agreements	680	744	810	845	900	968	1, 039	1, 103	1, 175	1, 259	1,340	1, 422	1.	
(viii) Collateral loans	66	68	70	83	77	74	86	123	96	106	102	96		
(b) Investments in Canadian preferred and common stocks	54	57	60	63	75	67	66	65	68	71	65	68		
(c) Investments in foreign securities	6	6	6	6	6	4	4	4	8	4	4	6		
(d) Investments in subsidiary and associated companies	7	7	8	9	8	9	10	10	10	11	12	16		
. Keal estate and equipment	28	28	28	31	32	32	34	36	38	39	40	39		
, Other assets	10	12	13	13	18	18	17	18	18	20	19	20		
		4							100					
Total assets ¹	1,743	1,779	1,839	1,894	2,088	2, 205	2, 293	2, 321	2, 541	2, 656	2, 692	2,789	3,	
Liabilities														
. Demand deposits and demand certificates (a) Chequable 2	} 579	612	588	610	381	406	432	451	441	462	475	506		
(b) Non-chequable ²	, !				275	307	357	368	446	464	487	544'		
Term deposits, guaranteed investment certificates, instalment certificates and debentures	968	974	1,040	1,094	1, 203	1, 254	1,278	1, 279	1, 405	1,462	1,447	1, 478	1,	
Short-term ioans and notes payable:														
(a) Bank loans and overdrafts	9	10	10	2	3	3	3	2	2	4	8	5		
(b) Other loans and notes payable	19	9	27	7	36	42	24	17	25	37	36	11		
Other liabilities	4	3	3	2	5	4	4	4	4	4	5	5		
Shareholders' equity	00	0.0	00	400	100	400	100							
General, investment and special reserves	90	93	93	102	105	106	108	115	118	123	126	134		
. Paid-in capital	58	60	60	62	66	66	68	71	76	80	83	84		
Net accruals, payables and retained income	15	19	18	14	14	16	19	15	24	21	25	22		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	1 740	1 270	1 000	1 004	0.000	0.00=	0.000	0.004	2 - 44			0 800		

¹ Total assets excludes dividends, accrued interest, and other receivables. These receivables are netted against the combined liability items, interest, dividends and other payables, and retained income.

² Breakdown between chequable and non-chequable accounts was not available prior to 1963.

^f Revised figures.

TABLE 2. Mortgage Loan Companies

Quarterly Statements of Estim	ated As	ssets, I	Liabilit	ies and	Share	holders	' Equi	ty					
		19	062			19	963			19)64		1965
	IQ	20	30	40	10	20	30	4Q	IQ	2Q	3Q	4Q	10
		1	1			million	ns of d	ollars		1		1	-
Assets													
I. Cash on hand and on deposit:													
(a) In Canadian dollars:													
(i) Cash and bank deposits	16	17	17	23	14	15	15	17	21	19	67	52	37
(li) Cash in other institutions	4	1	4	5	3	3	3	3	6	10	9	12	8
(b) In foreign currency													
3. Investments:											66		
(a) Investments in Canadian securities:													
(i) Government of Canada treasury bills.	3		3	2	2	4	1	3	2	12	7	3	8
(ii) Other Government of Canada debt		95	89	91	103	119	122	104		103	118	117	124
(iii) Provincial government debt		32	31	31	35	36	38	35	37	41	41	42	44
(iv) Municipal government debt		9	8	8	7	7	8	8	8	9	9	11	
(v) Short-term notes of finance and other companies		5	8	4	17	7.	4	4	6	6	11	7	
(vi) Corporation and institution bonds		15	14	14	18	20	20	25	24	24	26	26	33
(vii) Mortgage loans and sales agreements		898	946			1,078						1,469	
(viii) Collateral loans		13	22	18	15	12	12	13	12	10	11	13	10
(h) Investments in Canadian preferred and common stocks		36	37	36	43	45	49	52		54	56	56	56
(a) Investments in foreign securities		6	6	6	11	7	4	4	14	7	4	4	4
(d) Investments in subsidiary and associated companies		33	34	36	40	41	41	43	43	44	44	45	204
	25	26	26	28	31	33	33	36	20	37	40		
4. Real estate and equipment.									36	31	40	42	44
5. Other assets	8	8	7	7	9	8	8	8	12	13	10	9	12
Total assets ¹	1,155	1,194	1,253	1,300	1,376	1,436	1,497	1,544	1,615	1,702	1,841	1,908	2, 178
Liabilities													
11. Demand deposits and demand certificates (a) Chequable ²	1 100	200	202	202	131	138	143	139	142	147	149	154	151
(b) Non-chequable ²	} 196	208	203	205	84	102	113	121	133	145	155	166	179
12. Term deposits, guaranteed investment certificates, instalment													
certificates and debentures	675	690	734	763	788	811	8 23	845	862	905	949	980	1,013
13. Short-term loans and notes payable:													
(a) Bank loans and overdrafts	6	7	12	14	16	18	20	20	22	34	13	17	20
(b) Other loans and notes payable	3	4	4	14	1	1	3	4	6	10	64	69	74
15. Other liabilities ³	103	110	120	136	158	166	185	200	214	226	263	276	470
									Y				
Shareholders' equity	1				7								
20. General, investment and special reserves	73	74	75	78	79	84	85	87	88	90	91	96	96
21. Paid-in capital	54	55	56	57	65	65	72	80	91	95	95	99	113
30. Net accruals, payables and retained income ¹	45	45	49	44	53	50	53	47	56	51	61	52	63
	1 155	1 104	1 9=9	1 200	1 270	1 420	1 405	1 544		1 700	1 044		
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity ¹	1, 155	1, 194	1, 253	1,300	1,376	1,436	1,497	1,544	1,615	1, 702	1,841	1,908	2, 178

¹ Total assets excludes dividends, accrued interest, and other receivables. These receivables are netted against the combined liability items, interest, dividends and other payables, and retained income.

3 Breakdown between chequable and non-chequable accounts was not available prior to 1963.

4 Consists mainly of long-term debentures and notes.

4 These items are affected by changes in inter-company accounts of affiliated companies.

TABLE 3. Sales Finance and Consumer Loan Companies

Quarterly Statements of Estimated Assets, Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity

	1Q 2Q 3Q 4Q 2Q 2Q 2Q 2Q 2Q 2Q 2										1965		
	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q				1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	19
					1	milli	ons of d	ollars	1	1			
Assets							}						
1. Cash on hand and on deposit: (a) In Canadian dollars:		I							1				
(i) Cash and bank deposits (ii) Cash in other institutions (b) In foreign currency	1	22			1			4	2	1	3	2	41 11 14
2. Accounts and notes receivable*	2, 105	2, 225	2, 205	2,365	2,457	2, 595	2,567	2, 751	2, 901	3, 130	3,085	3, 202	3,367
3. Other current assets	3	4	4	4	4	4	4	5	6	6	8	10	6
4. Investments and advances: (a) Investments in Canadian securities: (i) Short-term notes of finance and other com-	6	17	12	16	10	16	7	7	8	5	7		12
panies(ii) Government of Canada treasury bills			19		20	14	14	5	6	11	13		1 I
(iii) Other Government of Canada debt (iv) Other Canadian bonds and debentures (v) Other Canadian investments	24	17	13	9	26	25	69	43	53	58	38	59	16 60 18
(b) Investments in Canadian preferred and common stocks	4	5	5	10	13	I1	12	13	13	27	23	15	13
(c) Investments in foreign securities (d) Investments in subsidiary and associated companies				195	211			4			267		276
5. Property, plant and equipment	15	16	16	16	17	18	18	18	23	32	32	31	34
6. Other assets	15	15	18	16	17	17	17	20	22	24	24	25	33
Total assets	2,401	2,560	2,561	2,726	2,849	3,005	2,986	3, 191	3,382	3,610	3,597	3,700	3,912
						i							
Liabilities													
11. Owing parent and associated companies	427	434	417	464	463	480	460	486	468	444	449	452	495
(a) Bank loans and overdrafts	166	233	198	212	192	194	190	259	230	244	204	234	21.3
(b) Demand and short-term notes payable (Canadian dollars)	512	540	570	582	694	714	694	744	887	1, 042	908	871	981
(c) Demand and short-term notes payable (foreign currency) ¹ (d) Other short-term loans payable	26	39	38	88						181			261 16
13. Accounts payable:											1		
(a) Income and other taxes payable (b) Other payables													69
14 Other current liabilities!	21		00		02		0.1		1	00			
(a) Dealers' credit balances (b) Other current liabilities													44 7
 Long-term debt: (a) Debentures, bonds and notes (Canadlan dollars)² (b) Debentures, bonds and notes (foreign currency)² (c) Mortgages and other long term debt	} 700 2	712	723 2	758 2	566 210 3	584 240 3	609 225 4	622 243 4	627 249 3	638 265 6	682 269 6	735 289 6	768 308 6
16. Other liabilities: (a) Unearned income and other deferred credits	139	150	157	159	159	174	179	183	183	204	213	217	217
(b) Pensions, trust or earmarked funds (c) Interest of minority shareholders	1	1 1	1 1	1	1 1	1	1 1	1 1	1 2	1 2	1 2	1 1	1 2
Shareholders' equity													
20. Paid-in capital	199	206	206	223	234	246	248	261	259	272	275	286	305
21. Retained income	133	139	145	140	147	151	159	163	173	178	187	190	195
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	2,401	2,560	2,561	2,726	2,849	3,005	2,986	3, 191	3,382	3,610	3,597	3,700	3,912
* Footnote;								1	Ĭ				
(a) Specified receviables: ³ Sales finance companies:													I.
Consumer goods	739 390	782 423	798 445	801 440	799	865 490	878 514	874 520	886 513	962 555	987 579	967 582	958 580
Wholesale goods	230	237	143	240	305	279	174	301	415	408	243	257	368
Totals	1,359	1,442	1,386	1,481	1,552	1,634	1,566	1,695	1,814	1,925	1,809	1,806	1,906
Consumer loan companies:										1			
Instalment credit Cash loans	37 576	604	631	52 662	51 675	53 709	55 729	55 755	46 750	49 787	52 812	54 847	57 865
Totals	613	646	680	714	726	762	784	810	796	836	864	901	922
	168	174	176	208	218	241	261	288	336	417		545	592
(b) Other receivables Total receivables	2, 140	2, 262	2,242	2,403	2,496	2,637	2,611	2,793	2,946	3, 178	3, 134	3, 252	3,420
	WI ATO	No MUN	~ , ~ TA	m, TUL	· No TOU	~ UUI	- We UIL	W 100	W 0.250	U . 110	. U. LUE	U & WUTE	G 1 440
Allowance for bad debts	- 35	- 37	- 37	- 38	- 39	- 42	~ 44	- 42	- 45	- 48	- 49	- 50	- 53

Includes foreign bank loans.
 Breakdown between Canadian and foreign debt was not available prior to 1963.
 Detail of "Specified Receivables" is taken from DBS publication, *Credit Statistics* (Catalogue No. 61-004).
 "Other Receivables" includes capital loans, other non-personal loans, receivables of subsidiaries engaged in other activities and sampling errors.

TABLE 4. Mutual Funds

Quarterly Statements of Estimated Assets, Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity

	1963				19	64		1965
	2Q	3Q	4Q	IQ	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q
Assets				millions				
1. Cash on hand and on deposit: (a) Canadian dollars: (i) Cash and bank deposits (ii) Cash in other institutions (b) Foreign currency	3	3	1	10 3 2	16 3 2	17 2 2	18 5 2	24 3 1
Short-term notes and bills: (a) Government of Canada treasury bills (b) Canadian short-term notes of finance and other companies (c) Foreign short-term notes	4			4 3	10 1	4 39 3	4 43 1	2 48 3
3. Interest and dividends due and accrued:	5	5	6	6	7	6	7	7
4. Amount due from brokers and other current assets	3	6	5	8	5	10	7	14
5. Portfolio at cost (see also Tahle 4 A): (a) Investments in Canadian bonds: (i) Government of Canada debt (ii) Provincial and municipal debt				58 31	64	65 32	68	72 53
(iii) Corporate bonds and debentures				45	41	41	44	56
(Iv) Mortgages and agreements of sale (v) Other Canadian investments (b) Investments in Canadian stocks:				7 19	9 27	10 5	12 9	12 13
(i) Preferred shares (ii) Common shares (c) Investments in foreign securities:				67 530	71 551	71 578	72 €23	78 666
(i) Bonds, dehentures, mortgages, etc. (ii) Preferred and common shares		-		10 152	6 162	171	5 178	5 206
Total portfolio at cost	832	854	889	919	959	977	1,053	1, 161
(d) Investments in subsidiary companies								
6. Property, buildings and equipment								
7. Other assets								
8. Total assets at cost	863	894	920	956	1,006	1,060	1, 140	1,263
Liabilities								
11. Short-term loans: (a) Bank loans in Canadian currency (b) Other loans payable	1	3	2	1	2	1 1	1	1 1
t2. Accounts payable:								
(a) Income and other taxes payable			I	1 6	1 9	111	10	27
			1	1	1	1	1	1
13. Long-term debt			A	1	1	1	1	7
Shareholders' equity	705	0.20	045	873	914	963	1 040	1 100
20. Pald-in capital	190	0.20	043	013	314	303	1,040	1, 133
21. Reserves: (a) Investment reserves (b) Other reserves	5	5	6	7	6	7	7	8
22. Retained income	54	53	60	66	73	75	79	91
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	863	894	920	956	1,006	1,060	1,140	1,263

TABLE 4A. Investment Portfolio at Market Value

		1963			1965			
	2Q	3Q	4Q	iQ	2Q	3Q	4Q	10
			l	millions	of dollar	s	1	
Portfolio:								
(a) Investments in Canadian bonds:								
(i) Government of Canada debt (ii) Provincial and municipal debt	61 29	58 28	58 30	58 31	64	65	69	73
(iii) Corporate bonds and debentures	37	40	42	47	28 45	32 41	42 44	53 57
(Iv) Mortgages and agreements of sale	5	6	7	7	9	10	12	12
(v) Other Canadian investments	3	4	11	20	28	5	9	13
(b) Investments in Canadian stocks:								
(1) Preferred shares	55	62	67	70	75	75	76	80
(i) Common shares	637	650	676	716	779	843	891	972
(i) Bonds, debentures, mortgages, etc.	2	2	10	10	6	4	5	
(ii) Preferred and common shares	169	178	183	192	205	220	227	263
Total portfolio at market	998	1.028	1.084	1, 151	1,239	1,295	1,375	1,528
	336	1.020	1,004	1, 131	1, 200	1,433	1,313	1,0%0
Total portfolio at cost (Item 5 - Table 4)	832	854	889	919	959	977	1,053	1, 161
Unrealized appreciation (Item 1 minus 2)	166	174	195	232	280	318	322	367
TOTAL ASSETS AT MARKET PRICES (Item 8-Table 4 plus item 3-Table 4 A)	1,029	1,068	1,115	1,188	1, 286	1,378	1,462	1, 63

TABLE 5. Closed-end Funds

Quarterly Statements of Estimated Assets, Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity

	1963 1964							1985
	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	10
Assets		The implication of dollars The implicatio						
1. Cash on hand and on deposit: (a) Canadian dollars: (i) Cash and bank deposits (ii) Cash in other institutions (b) Foreign currency	1	2					2 2	2 3
2. Short-term notes and bills: (a) Government of Canada treasury bilis (b) Canadian short-term notes of finance and other companies (c) Foreign short-term notes		3	3	1	2	6	4	20
3. Interest and dividends due and accrued	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
4. Amount due from brokers and other current assets		-		1	2	2	2	2
5. Portfollo at cost (see also Table 5A); (a) Investments in Canadian bonds: (l) Government of Canada debt (ii) Provincial and municipal debt	1	1	5		3	1	5	6
(III) Corporate bonds and debentures	15	16	13	14	11	8	8	7
(v) Other Canadian investments	7	10	10	60	61	61	60	60
(i) Preferred shares (il) Common shares (c) Investments In foreign securities: (i) Bonds, debentures, mortgages, etc.	37 269	299					33 295	32 309
(li) Preferred and common shares	11	11	13	15	15	15	15	17
Total portfolio at cost	347	389	385	402	399	409	417	432
(d) Investments in subsidiary companies	14	11	11	11	11	11	11	11
6. Property, bulldings and equipment								
7. Other assets	1	2	2	2	1	1	1	2
8. Total assets at cost	375	409	406	421	418	437	442	474
Liabilitles	1		-					
(a) Bank loans in Canadian currency (b) Other loans payable	1 1	30	19	25 1	2 15	2 24	5 24	433
12. Accounts payable: (a) Income and other taxes payable (b) Amount due brokers and other payables	3	2	2	3	2	3	2	3
3. Long-term debt	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32
4. Other liabilities	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Shareholders' equity								
0. Paid-in capital	195	199	201	201	202	205	205	208
1. Reserves: (a) Investment reserves (b) Other reserves	96	97	102	109	114	117	119	131
22. Retained income	46	47	48	49	51	54	54	55
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	375	409	406	421	418	437	442	474

TABLE 5 A. Investment Portfolio at Market Value

		1963				1965		
	2ର	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q
			п	illions o	f dollars			
, Portfollo:	1							
(a) Investments in Canadian bonds:	1			7				
(l) Government of Canada debt	1	1	5	4	3	4	0	
(ii) Corporate bonds and debentures	18	20	17	18	14	R	6	
(iv) Mortrages and agreements of sale	10	20						
(iv) Mortgages and agreements of sale (v) Other Canadian investments	7	10	10	60	61	61	60	6
(b) Investments in Canadian stocks:								
(i) Preferred shares	48	56	37	43	45	47	47	4
(li) Common shares	444	477	505	491	558	591	608	6
(c) Investments in foreign securities:		1						
(l) Bonds, debentures, mortgages, etc. (ii) Preferred and common shares	17	17	19	21	22	22	21	
			2.47	000	703			
Total portfolio at market	540	589	594	637	103	734	750	79
Total portfolio at cost (Item 5 - Table 5)	347	389	385	402	399	409	417	4:
Unrealized appreciation (Item 1 minus 2)	193	200	209	235	304	325	333	30
TOTAL ASSETS AT MARKET PRICES (Item 8 - Table 5 plus Item 3 - Table 5 A)	568	609	615	656	722	762	775	8

CONTENT OF GROUPS

Trust Companies

This group includes all companies incorporated under the Trust Companies Act of Canada and corresponding provincial acts. Many of these companies are heavily engaged in mortgage lending as well as in the management of estate, trust and agency funds and other financial activities permitted under the federal and provincial trust companies acts.

The balance sheet data shown for this group includes both company funds (shareholders' equity) and guaranteed funds originating from deposits and the sale of certificates. Estate, trust and agency funds are not included.

Mortgage Loan Companies

This group consists of those companies which raise funds from the public (directly or through publicly owned parent companies) primarily for mortgage lending. It includes all companies incorporated under the Dominion Loan Companies Act, savings certificate companies and other institutional lenders engaged principally in mortgage lending. Privately financed mortgage companies are not included. They will be incorporated in one of the other financial groups to be published at a later date.

Sales Finance and Consumer Loan Companies

In general, sales finance companies are in the business of financing durable sales at the factory or wholesale levels and at the retail level. Consumer loan companies lend money to persons on the security of promissory notes with additional security frequently being provided by chattel mortgages on the goods purchased. Consumer loan companies include companies operating under the provisions of the Small Loans Act, and affiliated companies engaged in personal loans.

There is a close relationship between sales finance companies and consumer loan companies. Many carry out both sales financing and loan activities, while some engage primarily in one and have a wholly-owned subsidiary engaged in the other. Since consolidated returns are received from some of these companies, it was decided to include both sales finance and consumer loan companies in one table.

Sales finance companies which are whollyowned subsidiaries of merchandising and manufacturing companies and finance only the sales of their parent company are not included in these tables. Also excluded are companies primarily engaged in loans to business, such as factoring companies and investment companies, and companies lending to home owners for home improvements. Insofar as possible, the companies in this group are the same as those covered in the DBS publication, Credit Statistics. The footnote to Table 3, and the definition in the text of the item "accounts and notes receivable" show the relationship between this item, as reported in *Credit Statistics* and in this publication.

Mutual Funds

This group includes those firms which have their major assets invested in a portfolio of various types of securities and in which the public may purchase any desired number of shares at a price fixed in relationship to net asset value, and redeem any number of shares held at net asset value. Because the number of outstanding shares constantly changes with purchases and redemptions of shares by each individual investor, the companies in this group are also referred to as open-end funds.

Included in this survey are those companies whose shares are available to the public through the companies' own salesmen or agents, or through stock brokers, trust companies or other managers of funds. Excluded are those funds set up to operate a pension plan, non-resident owned funds in which the Canadian public cannot purchase shares, funds which invest only in the shares of other mutual funds, investment clubs, and other investment companies the shares of which are not available to the general public.

Closed-end Funds

The main difference between this group and the mutual funds is the fact that shares of closedend companies are not redeemable by the company at net asset value. Share capital is set up as in an ordinary limited corporation. Once the shares have been offered to the public, the number of outstanding shares remains constant. Shares of such corporations may be purchased only from existing holders and owners of such shares must find a buyer if they wish to sell their shares. Such companies are called closed-end funds to distinguish them from the mutual funds or open-end funds.

Closed-end funds have a common feature with mutual funds in that their major assets consist of investments in securities. Investment policies and objectives of many of the closed-end funds are also similar to those of the mutual funds. However, when an investment corporation exists primarily to gain control and provide management it is excluded from the totals and will be included in another group. Because of the various degrees between these two objectives - investment or control - and also because objectives often change, it is difficult to precisely define this group. We have, therefore, closely followed the group of closed-end funds found in the Financial Post Survey of Investment Funds. The user of these data is warned however, that reclassification into or out of this industry of few companies could change drastically the published totals.

DEFINITION OF ITEMS

Noted below are items where special problems of interpretation may exist.

A. Trust Companies and Mortgage Loan Companies

Item 3 - Investments

Investments are at book value. Part of these investments will be after deduction of investment reserves since some companies show investments before deduction of investment reserves and other companies show them net of reserves. The understatement of assets due to deduction of reserves will be very small however. Item 3(a-viii), collateral loans, consists largely of call loans and day-to-day loans to investment dealers. Item 3(c), foreign investments, consists largely of short-term securities such as United States treasury bills.

Item 11 - Demand deposits and demand certificates

This item contains those deposits and certificates which can be withdrawn or cashed on demand.

Item 12-Term deposits, guaranteed investment certificates, instalment certificates and debentures

This item contains deposits which cannot be withdrawn without a waiting period, and certificates and debentures for which there is an agreement covering a specific period. The certificates and debentures can be for any number of years, with the most common term being from three to five years.

Item 21-General, investment and special reserves

As stated above under investments, some companies include investment reserves in the reported total of general, investment and special reserves, while others deduct these reserves directly from the appropriate investment category. Although transfers from surplus to reserves may take place at any time there is a tendency for these transfers to be concentrated at the fiscal year-end, which accounts for the increase in this item in the fourth quarter.

Item 30 - Net payables and retained income

A number of companies do not make quarterly calculations of interest accrued on investments or on obligations. They are not therefore able to report these items, or to report their retained income which is dependent on these calculations. The total of assets, excluding receivables, is therefore obtained, and the balancing item on the liability side is net payables and retained income. Total assets are therefore understated by the amount of receivables, or by about one per cent.

B. Sales Finance and Consumer Loan Companies

Item 2-Accounts and notes receivable

The questionnaire used in the survey requests only the total of accounts and notes receivable. The Dominion Bureau of Statistics publication, *Credit*

Statistics contains more detail on these receivables and this information is given in the footnote to the table. Item (b) of the footnote, other receivables, is the difference between the receivables reported in the balance sheet survey and the receivables reported in *Credit Statistics*. A small part of this difference is due to the inclusion in consolidated returns of the receivables of subsidiaries engaged in other activities. Primarily however, it is made up of inventory financing, capital loans, other types of non-personal loans and sampling errors.

Item 11 – Total liabilities to parent and associated companies

Several of the larger consumer loan companies are owned by foreign parents or by Canadian incorporated sales finance companies, and an important part of their funds is supplied by loans from those parent companies. Since these loans are inter-company transactions they are eliminated when consolidated reports are filed. This item would therefore be larger if non-consolidated reports were received from all companies.

Item 13-Short-term loans and notes payable

Demand and short-term notes represent an important source of funds to sales finance and consumer loan companies. They are sold, either directly or through investment dealers, to corporations, governments, foreign buyers and persons with short-term funds to invest, and are one of the major money-market instruments.

Item 15 - Dealers' credit balances

When an automobile dealer sells customers' paper to sales finance companies, under most agreements the dealer is liable for any default and the sales finance company customarily witholds part of the purchase price. This item represents the total amount so withheld.

Item 17 - Unearned and deferred income and charges

When loans are made it is customary to show under accounts and notes receivable the total which must be repaid, including all interest and other charges. The unearned portion of these charges is included in this item

C. Mutual Funds and Closed-end Funds

Item 5 - Investment Portfolio

Investment in securities represents the major assets for these groups. There is a particular interest in the market value of the portfolio since the price of mutual fund shares depends directly on this value. The price of closed-end fund shares also has a close relationship to the market value of the portfolio. For this survey, therefore, the portfolio is shown at both cost price and market value.

Item 21 - Paid-in capital

Included in this item are all the contributions made by shareholders including share capital, capital or paid-in surplus, capital redemption reserves, etc.

Item 24 - Unrealized appreciation

This item is the difference between the value of the portfolio at market price and its cost price.

QUALITY AND COVERAGE OF THE ESTIMATES

As a result of full cooperation by the surveyed corporations and the relatively small number of companies in each of the published groups, coverage in terms of assets is very high for each of the groups in this publication. The estimates for all companies contained here will therefore contain relatively small sampling errors. There may be some errors in individual items due to differences in accounting

practices of companies. A complete description of the procedures of estimation used will be given in a later publication.

Where available, the tables will carry figures for the thirteen most recent quarters. The figures are published in one million dollar amounts.

OTHER SOURCES OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Included among the more valuable sources of background information are:

Report of the Royal Commission on Banking and Finance, 1964

The Financing of Economic Activity in Canada, by Wm. C. Hood, for the Royal Commission on Canada's Economic Prospects

Additional financial statistics on the companies and industries included in this report are available in the following publications:

Report of the Superintendent of Insurance for Canada: Loan and Trust Companies (annual) Report of the Superintendent of Insurance for Canada: Small Loan Companies and Money Lenders (annual) Report of the Ontario Registrar of Loan and Trust Corporations (annual)

Summary of Financial Statements filed within the office of the Inspector of Trust Companies for the Province of Quebec (annual)

Department of National Revenue Taxation Statistics (annual)

Bank of Canada Statistical Summary (monthly)
Dominion Bureau of Statistics Credit Statistics
(monthly)

Financial Post Survey of Industrials (annual) Financial Post Survey of Investment Funds (monthly)





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