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BUSINESS FINANCIAL STATISTICS BALANCE SHEETS

Selected Financial Institutions

FIRST QUARTER 1967

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SYMBOLS

The following standard symbols are used in Dominion Bureau of Statistics publications:

- .. figures not available.
- ... figures not appropriate or not applicable.
- nil or zero.
- -- amount too small to be expressed.
- p preliminary figures.
- r revised figures.

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Improvements to the Data – Trust Companies and Mortgage Loan Companies

A redesigned questionnaire was introduced in the fourth quarter of 1966 affecting the statistics as follows:

- 1. A finer break-down of items was obtained.
- 2. Some of the items were redefined.
- 3. All securities and mortgages are to be reported at cost. Their respective reserves are to be reported in the new item "Investment reserves" in the shareholders' equity portion of the balance sheet.
- 4. The introduction of a retained earnings statement provides a reconciliation between the quarterly change in the retained earnings in the balance sheet with the net profit for the quarter. (Publication of this statement together with income statement will be initiated in the near future.)

Among the items affected were the following:

Items 3(a)(v) and 3(a)(vi). -Sales finance paper and commercial paper are now shown separately, instead of being combined.

Items 3(a)(vii) and 3(a)(viii). — Term deposits of banks and term deposits of trust and mortgage companies are new items, previously they were included variously with deposits in banks and other institutions, short-term notes, corporation bonds and collateral loans. As a result, these items were overstated in previous quarters. For example, had corporations classified deposit receipts of banks and trust certificates for fourth quarter 1966 as in the past, short-term notes of finance companies would have been at least \$34 million higher.

Items 4, 17 and 24 A. – All companies are now requested to estimate quarterly accrued interest, rents, etc., receivable and payable and these are now shown as separate items. Because these items were not consistently reported in the past, the amounts that were reported by companies for receivables were deducted from the sum of interest and dividends payable and retained earnings. This amount is included in item 24A as net accruals, payables and retained earnings. Item 24B now reflects the true retained earnings.

Item 12. - Certificates, debentures and term deposits are now segregated into three categories according to original term. The under one year category provides a traditional demarcation, the one to six year category provides the bulk of term deposits issued over the counter; the over six year category consists mainly of long term publicly offered or privately placed debentures.

Items 22 and 23.—Investment reserves and the reserve fund were combined previously. These items are now not only segregated but all investment reserves are to be reported in item 22. Previously, some corporations were charging reserves against the respective asset. As a result, it is estimated that third quarter investment in securities and investment reserves are understated by approximately \$47 million for the trust companies and by approximately \$5 million for the mortgage loan companies.

Total assets, total liabilities and shareholders' equity. — For the trust companies, third quarter figures for these items are understated relative to the fourth quarter by about \$62 million. This amount of understatement is due to the \$47 million mentioned in above paragraph regarding investment reserves and the balance of roughly \$15 million as a result of past procedures of netting accrued receivables against accrued payables and retained earnings.

For the mortgage loan companies, this understatement amounts to about \$40 million consisting of about \$5 million from investment reserves and roughly \$35 million from netting accruals.

The figures for previous quarters for both these tables are similarly understated.

BUSINESS FINANCIAL STATISTICS BALANCE SHEETS Selected Financial Institutions

FIRST QUARTER 1967

INTRODUCTION

The present publication contains selected financial statistics for trust companies, mortgage loan companies, sales finance and consumer loan companies, mutual funds, closed-end funds, investment dealers, and fire and casualty insurance companies. As information becomes available, the published tables will be expanded to include other insurance carriers, credit unions and caisses populaires, other companies in the finance, insurance and real estate industry, and non-financial corporations.

The quarterly survey was started on the recommendation of the Interdepartmental Committee on Financial Statistics, which represents several government departments and the Bank of Canada. The Committee found that the lack of up-to-date information on the assets and liabilities of corporations was a serious handicap to those concerned with economic and monetary policies. More complete and up-to-date information from financial institutions and non-financial corporations on the sources and uses of funds is essential in assessing such factors as the distribution and adequacy of funds available at any particular time. This corporation information will be combined with data from other parts of the economy to give a comprehensive picture of the financing of economic activity.

Although quarterly (or more frequent) data have been available for some time in areas such as banking, quarterly data for the groups in this report are new, and problems in interpreting the results may occur. For example, seasonal factors affect loans by sales finance companies, and short term commercial paper held by trust companies. Until more experience has been obtained so that deseasonalized totals can be published, each quarter's results should be related to several previous quarters. There will also be discontinuities caused by reorganisations, mergers, reclassification of companies into and out of the published industries, and other factors.

The published balance sheet material is designed to show estimates of the totals at the end of each quarter. It should be used with caution when changes from one quarter to another are being studied. At a later stage, as financial flows accounts are developed, the corrected quarterly changes will be published by industry.

This publication has been prepared in the Business Finance Division. Acknowledgement is gratefully made to the companies reporting in the survey whose cooperation has made this report possible.

Changes from Previous Issue

One new table is included in this issue: Table 7. Fire and Casualty Insurance Companies.

TABLE 1. Trust Companies

Quarterly Statements of Estimated Assets, Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity

		19	64			19	965			1	966		1967
	1Q	2Q	3ର୍	4Q	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q ¹	1Q
						milli	ons of d	ollars					
Assets													
1. Cash on hand and on deposit:	201	area o	- 14	in u	112	ben fi	12.4						
(a) In Canadian dollars: (i) Cash and bank deposits (ii) Cash in other institutions	42 4	47 3	42 3	67 6	47	60 3	53 3	84 7	79 2	74 3	64 5	72 3	52 5
2. Foreign currency	3	9	6	13	1	2	6	8	8	7	13	13	11
 Investments: (a) Investments in Canadian securities; (i) Government of Canada treasury bills (ii) Other Government of Canada debt (iii) Provincial government debt	14 338 170 128	7 325 166 131	5 343 159 126	16 369 168 138	12 374 192 149	10 376 205 147	5 371 189 136	12 375 195 126	13 390 197 129	7 401 199 119	4 390 208 122	16 421 228 126	13 397 260 143
(v) Short-lerm notes of sales finance com- panies ²	259	282	236	183	366	394	292	208	332	300	316	130	161 139
 (vi) Commercial paper of other companies² (vii) Deposit receipts, certificates and term deposits in chartered banks² 			m + 4									72	62
 (viii) Certificates, debentures and term deposits in trust and mortgage loan companies² (ix) Corporation bonds and debentures (x) Collateral loans 	185 97	189 107	203 106	198 102	201 161	226 104	235 106	219 108	254 109	259 107	258 128	18 240 ^r 119 ^r	26 276 129
 (b) Mortgages and sales agreements: (i) Loans under National Housing Act² (ii) Conventional mortgage loans² 	}1,184	1,263	1,351	1,449	1,545	1,690	1,838	1,927	1,990	2,074	2,121	{ 493 ^r 1,672 ^r	500 1,699
 (c) Investments in Canadian preferred and common shares (d) Investments in foreign securities 	67 4	70 4	66 4	67 6	71 7	79 7	77 7	75 5	76 6	78 7	80 11	84 ^r 13	83 18
(e) Investments in subsidiary and affiliated com- panies	13	13	14	18	19	18	20	19	22	25	31	30	33
4. Interest, dividends and rents receivable ³	9 4 B											24	37
5. Real estate and equipment	39	40	41	43	44	45	46	46	48	49	47	46	48
6. Other assets	16	17	17	19	17	20	19	27	25	24	22	29	27
Total assets ³	2,561	2,674	2, 722	2,860	3,208	3,385	3,401	3,439	3, 681	3, 733	3, 820	3, 913 ^r	4,117
Liabilities													
11. Demand and savings deposits: (a) Chequing	445 439	467 455	486 480	512 536	526 549	575 577	558 556	559 556	554 569	571 554	569 536	566 528	579 527
 12. Certificates, debentures and term deposits: Original term: (a) Less than one year² (b) One to six years² (c) Over six years² 	}1,435	1,497	1,485	1,551	1,825	1,901	1,953	2,006	2,195	2, 266	2,360	$\left\{\begin{smallmatrix} & 612 \\ 1,777 \\ & 32 \end{smallmatrix}\right.$	706 1,826 34
13. Bank loans: (a) Canadian chartered banks: (i) Canadian currency (ii) Foreign currency ²	2	3	9	2	5	10	11	4	7	10	5 1	3	6
(b) Other bank loans ²	13	18	17	5	35	49	42	37	64	31	44	17	26
14. Short-term loans and notes payable		10	T.I.	0		10						1 7	7
 Owing parent and alliliated companies² Interest, dividends, taxes and other liabilities³ 	} 3	4	4	4	6	3	4	3	3	3	3	1 36	65
Shareholders' equity													
21. Paid-in capital	81	85	89	93	96	99	100	101	107	107	108	113 (67 ^r	114
22, Investment reserves ²	} 117	124	127	135	137	145	147	153	154	160	160	140	140
 24. A. Net accruals, payables and retained earnings³ B. Retained earnings² 	25	20	26	21	28	25	31	20	27	31	35	- 12	- 13
										9 799	3,820	3, 913 ^r	4,117
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity ³	2,561	2,674	2,722	2,860	3,208	3,385	3,401	3,439	3,681	3, 733	0,040	3,313	#1 X I /

¹ Prior to fourth quarter, 1966 a number of companies reported investments in securities after deducting investment reserves. Currently, investments are re-quested to be reported at original cost with investment reserves reported in item 22. ² Detail not available prior to fourth quarter, 1966. Refer to notes on page 4. ³ Prior to fourth quarter, 1966 total assets excludes dividends, accrued interest, and other receivables. These receivables are netted against the combinal liability items, interest, dividends and other payables, and retained earnings.

TABLE 2, Mortgage Loan Companies

Quarterly Statement of Estimated Assets, Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity

	2	1	964			19	965				1966		1967
	1Q	22	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q	3ଢ	4Q1	1Q
						mill	ions of d	ollars	1				
Assets					2					1.10			
1. Cash on hand and on deposit: (a) In Canadian dollars: (i) Cash and bank deposits (ii) Cash in other institutions	19 6	19 12	66 9	50 13	38 8	40 8	38 5	47 7	40 10	36 5	22 5	31 1	30
2. Foreign currency	-	-							4	2			
3. Investments: (a) Investments in Canadian securities: (i) Government of Canada treasury bills (ii) Other Government of Canada debt (iii) Provincial government debt (iv) Municipal government debt (v) Short-term notes of sales finance com-	3 102 37 8	12 103 41 9	7 118 41 9	3 117 42 11	3 129 44 10	121 47 10	4 109 45 10	117 39 10	8 119 46 10	4 119 46 10	110 45 10	7 118 44 10	102
panies ²	6	6	11	8	11	3	5	2	9	13	11		12
(vii) Deposit receipts, certificates and term deposits in chartered banks ²												5	11
 (viii) Certificates, debentures and term deposits in trust and mortgage loan companies² (ix) Corporation bonds and debentures (x) Collateral loans 	24 12	24 10	26 12	26 1 3	32 11	28 11	27 13	31 20	28 21	28 23	28 22	5 24 22	21
(b) Mortgages and sales agreements: (i) Loans under National Housing Act ²	}1,254	1,328	1,410	1,492	1,593	1,693	1,796	1,827	1,845	1,881	1,931	{ 127 1,815	13:
 (ii) Conventional mortgage loans⁷	51 14	53	55 4	56	54 4	60 4	57	55	55 3	55	56 4	58 4	6
(e) Investments in subsidlary and affiliated com- panies	47	45	49	50	2064	203	199	201	199	196	195	194	19
4. Interest, dividends and rents receivable3												22	2
5. Real estate and equipment	37	38	41	42	44	44	49	50	52	55	56	59	6
5. Other assets	13	13	11	10	- 11	18	15	15	16	16	18	15	1
Total assets ³	1,633	1,722	1,869	1,936	2,199	2,290	2,376	2,426	2,464	2,492	2,514	2.564	2,60
Liabilities		100											
11. Demand and savings deposits: (a) Chequing (b) Non-chequing	143 133	148 145	150 155	155 166	151 183	157 187	155 198	162 203	149 203	166 198	162 210	165 208	16 20
 12. Certificates, debentures and term deposits: Original term: (a) Less than one year² (b) One to six years² (c) Over six years² 	}1,031	1,070	1,145	1,182	1,235	1,274	1,303	1,372	1,408	1,434	1,455	$\left\{\begin{array}{c} 43 \\ 820 \\ 623 \end{array}\right.$	4 84 62
 Bank loans: (a) Canadian chartered banks; 					1								
 (a) Canadian chartered barls. (b) Canadian currency (c) Foreign currency² (c) Other bank ioans³ 	27	42	19	25	29 1	44	63 3	60 3	55 3	58 2	49 3	56 { 12 1	4
14. Short-term loans and notes payable	38	52	1 08	108	120	137	151	125	138	1 36	128	95r	8
15. Owing parent and affiliated companies ²				10	0.014	201	2.00	0.07	000	100	100	∫ 188r	19
7. Interest, dividends, taxes and other liabilities ³	} 19	22	38	46	2014	201	2 02	207	202	199	196	1 58	7
Shareholders' equity			E					i ce					
21. Paid-in capitai	95	101	101	1 07	116	120	120	123	121	122	122	122	12
2. Investment reserves ²	3 88	90	92	93	100	106	107	111	111	113	113	25	3
23. Reserve fund ²	5 00	50	34	33	100	100	101	111	111	113	113	97	9
24. A. Net accruals, payables and retained earnings ³	58.	52	61	54	63	63	74	61	73	62	75	-	-
B. Retained earnings ²												52	5
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity ³	1,633	1,722	1,869	1,936	2,199	2,290	2,376	2,426	2,464	2,492	2,514	2,564	2,60

¹ Prior to fourth quarter, 1966 a number of companies reported investments in securities after deducting investment reserves. Currently, investments are requested to be reported at original cost with investment reserves reported in item 22.
 ³ Detail not available prior to fourth quarter, 1966. Refer to notes on page 4.
 ⁴ Prior lo fourth quarter, 1966 total assets excludes dividends, accrued interest, and other receivables. These receivables are netted against the combined tability items, interest, dividends and other payables, and retained earnings.
 ⁶ The increase in these items is caused by changes in inter-company accounts of affiliated companies.



TABLE 3. Sales Finance and Consumer Loan Companies

Quarterly Statements of Estimated Assets, Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity

		19	64			1	965			19	66		1967
	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q1,2	3Q1	4Q1	1 Q1	2Q1	3Q1	4Q1	1Q1
Assets						mill	lions of	dollar	s				
										_			_
 Cash on hand and on deposit: (a) In Canadian dollars: 													
(i) Cash and bank deposits		36	40	46	41	4I 1	33	44	41 40	53	84	64	73
(b) In foreign currency	8	13	14	14	14	14	24	12	13	13	23 ^r	44	36
2. Accounts and notes receivable*	2, 899	3,128	3,080	3, 200	3, 361	3, 594	3, 521	3,738		3,713	3, 576	3,706	3,693
3. Other current assets	. 6	7	8	10	8	8	8	12	9	9	10	7	9
 4. Investments and advances: (a) Investments in Canadian securities: 						100				1000			
(i) Short-term notes of finance and other companies		5	7	1	10	10	11	4	22	5	32	11	34
(ii) Government of Canada treasury bills		11 27	13 29	3	11	17 9	I2 17	116	23	10	32	26	20
(iv) Other Canadian bonds and debentures	53	58 18	38 10	60 5	59 18	57	23	16 30	13	15	I6 38	8 51	35
 (v) Other Canadian Investments (b) Investments in Canadian preferred and common shares 		27	23	14	9	11	11	9	9	9	10	8	9
 (c) Investments in foreign securities (d) Investments in subsidiary and affiliated companies 	260	210	256	264	271	242	268	277	3783	382	387	391	
5. Property, plant and equipment		31	31	32	34	34	37	39	31	34	35	36	37
6. Other assets		25	25	27	32	33	33	28	31	32	32	32	34
Total assets		3, 598	3,579	3, 686	3, 895	4,096	4,028	4,228	4, 293	4,345	4, 282	4,391	4, 428
Liabilities													
11. Owing parent and affiliated companies	493	449	453	452	491	620	605	686	732	719	743	794	811
 12. Short-term bank loans: (a) Bank loans and overdrafts (Canadian dollars) (b) Other bank loans 	224	238 53	198	228 82	210	293 23	349	433 101	311 89	347 84	266	327	247 47
 13. Short-term loans and notes payable; (a) Demand and short-term notes (Canadian dollars)	884 102	1,039	900 187	858 202	968 184	965 186	827 190	734 164	879 161 1	943 126	953 81	93	1,008 95
(c) Other short-term loans		3	1 26	2	1 25	16	19	13	16	1	1	1 22	21
(a) Income and other taxes payable	48	54	65	65	73	86	57	95	90	103	84	100	10:2
 Other current liabilities: (a) Dealers' credit balances (b) Other current liabilities 	43	46 6	48 6	46 6	45 6	48 6	50 5	48 5	47 5	50 6	50 6	49 6	47 6
 16. Long-term debt: (a) Debentures, bonds and notes (Canadian dollars) (b) Debentures, bonds and notes (foreign currency)	242	645 258 6	690 260 6	743 282 6	773 302 7	845 269 7	844 254 7	869 303 6	873 342 3	857 358 4	882 376 3	892 376 3	916 382 3
 (a) Unearned income and other deferred credits	183	204 1	213	217	218 1	230	238	245 1	239 1	257	265	267	259 1
Shareholders' equity													
	255	273	276	288	302	308	314	331	328	344	349	354	352
21. Pald-in capital	-							175	177	1264		125	
22, Retained earnings											1.20		
Total liabilities and shareholder's equity	3, 365	3, 398	3,579	3,080	3, 895	4,090	4,048	2,440	41 433	4, 343	4,282	4,351	4,440
• Footnote:													
(a) Specified receivables: ⁵ Sales finance companies:				-							-		
Consumer goods	903 515	996 558	1,038	1,035	1,022		1,124 673	1,131 665	1,128 ^r 642 ^r	1,190	1,225	1,212	1,166
Commercial and industrial goods			251	268	381		274	452	478	477	264	393	434
Totals		1,967	1,873	1,891	1,991	2, 155	2,071	2,248	2, 248 ^r	2,343	2,167	2,267	2,234
Consumer loan companies:	47	49	52	54	57	63	65	67	67	70	72	74	71
Instalment credit Cash loans		788		850	872				991		1,063	1,096	
Totals	1	837	866	904	929	982	1,005	1,043	1,058	1,105	1, 135	1,170	1, 172
(b) Other receivables ⁶	. 310	372	390	455	494	513	505	512	406 ^{3, r}	3334	343	340	357
Total receivables	2,944	3,176	3,129	3,250	3,414	3,650	3, 581	3,803	3, 712	3, 781	3, 645	3,777	3, 763
Allowance for bad debts			- 49				- 60	- 65	- 64	- 68	- 69	- 71	- 70
Total receivables (net)	2,899	3,128	3,080	3,200	3, 361	3, 594	3, 521	3, 738	3,648	3, 713	3, 576	3,706	3,693

Includes outstanding liabilities in default of one company which went into receivership.
Reflects the reorganization of a company with its U.S. parent.
These items have been affected in this quarter by the deconsolidation of statements submitted by several companies.
These items have been affected in this quarter by the write-downs of receivables held by companies in receivership.
Detail of "Specified receivables" is taken from DBS publication, *Credit Statistics* (Catalogue No. 61-004).
"Other receivables" includes capital loans, other non-personal loans, receivables of subsidiaries engaged in other activities and sampling errors.



TABLE 4. Mutual Funds

Quarterly Statements of Estimated Assets, Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity

		19	64			19	65			19	66		1967
	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q
	_		<u> </u>			milli	ons of d	ollars					
Assets			1			1	1	1					
Cash on hand and on deposit: (a) Canadian dollars: (i) Cash and bank deposits (ii) Cash in other institutions (b) Foreign currency	10 3 2	16 3 2	17 2 2	18 4 2	24 3 1	23 5 2	25 7 4	32 9 5	42 12 10	43 7 6	40 7 6	40 15 3	43 12 11
2. Short-term notes and bills:			4	2	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	3	2
 (a) Government of Canada treasury bills (b) Canadian short-term notes of finance and other 	4	4	4	Z									
companies	3	10	39	41	48	33	38	31	44	35	27	38 1	31
3. Interest and dividends due and accrued	6	7	6	7	7	8	9	9	9	9	9	10	9
4. Amount due from brokers and other current assets	8	5	10	7	14	12	10	15	20	22	19	10	45
 5. Portfolio at cost (see also Table 4 A): (a) Investments in Canadian bonds: (i) Government of Canada debt (ii) Provincial and municipal debt (iii) Corporate bonds and debentures 	61 31 46	68 29 43	72 34 44	78 47 48	77 59 59	63 58 64	68 55 65	70 58 67	69 51 67	62 49 67	62 47 66	76 50 67	68 48 74
(iv) Mortgages and agreements of sale	7 19	9 27	10 5	12 9	13 14	13 10	13 19	13 25	13 23	13 15	12 19	12 15	12 3
 (b) Investments in Canadian shares: (i) Preferred shares (ii) Common shares (c) Investments in foreign securities: (i) Bonds, debentures, mortgages, etc. 	67 535 10	71 558 6	71 587 4	74 635 5	81 693 5	91 755 4	107 772 4	110 808 4	120 830 9	137 858 8	140 874 12	i 28 864 10	121 881 6
(ii) Preferred and common shares	153	166	177	186	208	245	276	316	366	465	509	545	597
Total portfolio at cost	929	977	1,004	1,094	1,209	1,303	1,379	1,471	1.548	1,674	1,741	1,767	1.810
6. Property, buildings and equipment								1					
7. Other assets		_										1	
8. Total assets at cost	966	1,024	1,085	1,178	1,313	1,390	1, 476	1,574	1,688	1, 799	1,855	1,889	1,964
Liabilities													
 Short-term loans: (a) Bank loans in Canadian currency	1	2	1	1	1	1	1		1	1	1		
 12. Accounts payable: (a) Income and other taxes payable	16	1 9	1 11	110	127	I 20	1 12	1 9	1 18	2 27	2 22	2 15	2 30
13. Long-term debt	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1					
14. Other liabilities	1		1			1	1			1		1	
Shareholders' equity													
20. Paid-in capital	880	926	980	1,072	1,178	1,244	1,333	1,423	1,515	1,597	1,653	1,702	1,735
22. Retained earnings	76	85	90	92	104	123	126	139	153	171	176	167	196
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	966	1,024	1,085	1,178	1,313	1,390	1,476	1.574	1,688	1,799	1,855	1.889	1,964

TABLE 4 A. Investment Portfolio at Market Value

		19	64			19	65		115	19	66		1967
	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q
						milii	ons of d	ollars					1
1. Portfolio: (a) Investments in Canadian bonds:			1			1	1	1		1	1	ł	1
(i) Government of Canada debt	60	68	72	78	77	63	68	69	68	61	61	75	68
(ii) Provincial and municipal debt	31	29	34	47	59	58	54	56	50	48	44	46	4
(iii) Corporate bonds and debentures	48	46	44	49 12	60 13	64 13	64 13	65 13	66 13	66 13	63 12	64	7
(iv) Mortgages and agreements of sale	20	28	10	9	13	10	13	25	23	15	19	15	×.
(b) Investments in Canadian shares:	20				4.1		1			~0			
(i) Preferred shares	70	75	75	78	84	92	106	108	116	132	1 28	114	11
(ii) Common shares	721	786	853	909	1,005	1,009	1,047	1,088	1,093	1,084	977	1,003	1,13
(c) Investments in foreign securities: (i) Bonds, debentures, mortgages, etc.	10	6	4	5	5	4	3	3	9	7	11	10	
(ii) Preferred and common shares	194	210	226	236	265	287	348	419	484	554	509	608	74
Total portfolio at market	1,161	1,257	1,323	1.423	1.582	1.600	1,722	1.846	1.922	1.980	1.824	1.947	2.20
Total portiono at market	1,101	1,601	1, 343	1, 140	1, 304	1.000	A, then	1,010	1,044	1, 900	1,041	1,021	10, 100
Total portfolio at cost (Item 5-Table 4)	929	977	1,004	1,094	1,209	1,303	1,379	1,471	1.548	1.674	1,741	1,767	1,81
Larealized appreciation (Item 1 minus Item 2)	232	280	319	329	373	297	343	375	374	306	83	180	39
					1								
TOTAL ASSETS AT MARKET PRICES (Item 8,	1 100	1 20.4	1 404	1 507	1 696	1 697	1 910	1 0.40	9.069	2, 105	1.938	2.069	2.35
Table 4 plus Item 3, Table 4A)	1,198	1.304	1,404	1,507	1,686	1,687	1,819	1.949	2,062	2, 105	1.938	2,009	6,00

TABLE 5. Closed-end Funds

Quarterly Statements of Estimated Assets, Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity

		19	54			190	65			19	66		1967
	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	IQ
						millio	ns of d	ollars					
Assets		1										11	
Cash on hand and on deposit: (a) Canadian dollars: (i) Cash and bank deposits (ii) Cash in other institutions (b) Foreign currency	2 1	1 1	1 3	2 2	2 3	2	22	53	5 2 1	2	1	3 5	3 1 1
 2. Short-term notes and bills: (a) Government of Canada treasury bills (b) Canadian short-term notes of finance and other companies (c) Foreign short-term notes 	1	2	6	6	21	2 9	1 30	1 12	1	28	18	13	15
3. Interest and dividends due and accrued	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	I
4. Amount due from brokers and other current assets	1	2	2	2	2	1	1	1	2	1	2	1	2
 5. Portfolio at cost (see also Table 5 A): (a) Investments in Canadian bonds: (i) Government of Canada debt (ii) Provincial and municipal debt (iii) Corporate bonds and debentures (iv) Mortgages and agreements of sale (v) Other Canadian investments (b) Investments in Canadian shares: 	4	3	4 1 8	5 1 10	6 1 9	7 1 10 1 3	6 1 10 1	6 1 9	7 1 10 1 6	8 10 10 1 6	10 1 9 1 6	9 1 13 1 7	8 1 8 1 6
 (i) Preferred shares (ii) Common shares¹ (c) Investments in foreign securities; (i) Bonds, debentures, mortgages, etc. (ii) Preferred and common shares¹ 	34 334 25	34 336 26	33 349 26	35 369 26	35 385 28	33 368 1 31	34 372 1 36	36 393 1 37	34 403 1 37	38 406 1 38	36 4 19 1 37	41 413 1 37	42 418 1 39
Total portfolio at cost	411	410	421	446	464	455	461	484	500	509	520	523	524
6. Property, buildings and equipment													1
7. Other assets	2	1	I	2	2	2	4	2	2	2		2	2
8. Total assets at cost	421	418	437	463	497	474	503	509	524	542	544	549	549
Liabilities 11. Short-term loans: (a) Bank loans in Canadian currency (b) Other loans payable	25 1	2 15	2 24	5 25	1 44	6 4	63	14 2	22 1	24 8	17 8	17 12	11 15
12. Accounts payable: (a) Income and other taxes payable (b) Amount due brokers and other payables	3	2	3	2	3	3	4	3	4	3	3	3	4
13. Long-term debt	32	32	32	33	31	31	30	30	29	29	29	28	29
14. Other liabilities	I	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Shareholders' equity													
20. Paid-in capital	18 I	18 I	183	198	204	211	238	238	238	241	246	247	246
22. Retained earnings	178	186	192	199	212	218	2 19	221	229	237	240	241	241
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	421	418	437	463	497	474	503	509	524	542	544	549	549

TABLE 5 A. Investment Portfolio at Market Value

		19	64			19	65			19	66		1967
	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q	2 Q	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q
						millio	ns of d	ollars					
 Portfolio: (a) Investments in Canadian bonds: 	4 18	3 14	4 1 8	5 1 10	6 1 10	7 1 10 3	6 1 10 1	6 1 9 1	7 1 10 1 6	8 1 10 1 6	9 1 9 1 6	9 1 12 1 7	8
 (i) Preferred shares (ii) Common shares¹ (c) Investments in foreign securitles; 	43 551	45 619	47 652	49 686	51 730	48 68 2	45 678	46 685	45 693	46 676	43 634	55 605	60 668
(i) Bonds, debentures, mortgages, etc. (ii) Preferred and common shares ¹	33	33	34	33	36	36	47	55	59	59	47	49	60
Total portfolio at market	649	714	746	784	834	788	789	804	823	808	751	740	813
2. Total portfolio at cost (Item 5, Table 5)	411	4 10	421	446	464	455	461	484	500	509	520	523	524
3. Unrealized appreciation (Item 1 minus Item 2)	238	304	325	338	370	333	328	320	323	299	231	217	289
TOTAL ASSETS AT MARKET PRICES (Item 8, Table 5 plus Item 3, Table 5 A)	659	722	762	80 I	867	807	831	829	847	841	775	766	83

¹ Includes investments in and advances to subsidiary and affiliated companies.

TABLE 6. Investment Dealers

Quarterly Estimates of Selected Balance Sheet Items

		19	64			19	65			196	6		196
	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q	ଓ୍ୟ	4Q	16
						millio	ons of	dollars					
Selected items											-		
1. Cash on hand and on deposit;									-		1.0		E
(a) In Canadian dollars:													
(i) Cash and bank deposits ¹	10	16	21	23	28	49	68	109	33	22	7	9	
(ii) Cash in other institutions	1											1	
(b) In foreign currency	1 7	7	2	55	35	2	14	3	4	3	3	1	
	-												
2. Securities owned or managed at book value: ²												1	
(a) Investments in Canadian securities:													
(i) Chartered banks' certificates of deposits ³	1								ſ 46	78	80	44	6
(ii) Short-term notes of finance companies'	84	105	150	162	146	136	132	214	41	42	41	50	
(iii) Other short-term commercial paper ^a									147	188	160	179	21
(iv) Government of Canada treasury bills	105	115	116	126	78	117	75	39	75	22	30	12	
(v) Other Government of Canada debt:													
(a) Term less than 3 years	99	120	160	60	84	78	82	30	- 10	28	44	71	
(b) Term over 3 years	15	33	24	40	63	5	67	- 6	- 22	5	24	64	
(vl) Provincial government debt	37	44	56	49	69	41	49	27	28	31	65	66	
(vii) Municipal government debt	37	27	33	22	28	21	20	27	26	20	18	36	
(viii) Corporation and institution bonds	42	38	38	49	50	53	45	53	43	53	39	46	
(ix) Preferred and common shares ⁴	24	20	17	25	27	28	17	24	17	i8	18	23	
(x) Other investments ⁴				3	5	6	10	11	1		1.00	-	
(b) Investments in foreign securities	3	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	3	4	2	10	
3. Loans and advances:	r÷.												
(a) Short-term loans to subsidiary and affiliated companies	7	4	3	3	4	1	1	2	2	1		1	
(b) Other short-term loans and advances receivable ⁵									70	47	56	34	
Total selected assets ⁶	470	53 I	621	619	619	540	582	534	50 1	563	587	647	8
. Bank loans:													
(a) Bank loans and overdrafts in Canadian currency	1	0.00			005		100	0	\$ 286	394	382	491	5
(b) Other bank loans ³	\$221	267	3 18	335	295	326	402	374	14	21	18	28	
. Short-term loans and notes payable:											13	-	
(a) Short-term loans from subsidiary and affiliated companies	8	7	9	10	7	6	12	13	16	14	15	11	
(b) Other loans and notes, excluding buy-backs	196	229	240	243	300	207	183	152	182	136	172	105	1
Total selected liabilities	426	503	567	588	602	539	597	538	498	566	587	635	8
									-				

¹ Prior to 1966 includes some chartered banks' certificates of deposits which are included from first quarter, 1966 in item 2 (a) (i).
² Net of short positions and excluding securities outstanding under buy-back agreements.
³ Detail not available prior to 1966.
⁴ Excluding investments in and loans and advances to subsidiary and affiliated companies.
⁵ Not included among selected assets prior to 1966.
⁶ Commencing 1966 includes item 3 (b).

TABLE 7. Fire and Casualty Insurance Companies

Quarterly Estimates of Underwriting and Investment Accounts

			1966			1967
	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	Total	1Q
			millions o	f dollars		
Underwriting account						
tevenue:						
1. Net premiums written	274	343	298	316	1,232	296
2. Net premiums earned (100% basis)	271	291	291	319	1, 171	301
laims and expenses:						
3. Net claims incurred	169	145	171	212	697	176
4. Ail other expenses	101	118	110	119	449	116
5. Total claims and expenses	270	262	282	332	1,146	293
Inderwriting gain (loss) (item 2 minus 5)	1	29	9	- 13	25	9
Investment account						
nvestment income:						
6. (a) Cash dividends:	2				- 10	
(i) Companies in Canada (ii) Companies outside Canada	3	3	2	4	12	
(b) Other investment income	13	17	15	20	64	1
7. Net capital gains	1		1	1	2	
8. Total investment income	16	20	19	25	80	1
nvestment expenses:					-	
9. All investment expenses	2		1	1	4	
iet investment income (item 8 minus 9)	14	20	18	24	76	18

Note: Data on provision for income taxes and dividends paid not yet available. See text, page 14.

TABLE	7	Α.	Fire	and	Casualty	D	isurance	Companies
			Quar	terly	Estimates	of	Assets	

		196	6		1967
	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q
		mi	llions of dollars	3	
Assets1			1	122	
I. Cash on hand and on deposit: (a) In Canadian dollars: (i) Cash and bank deposits (ii) Cash in other institutions	57 16 3	67 18 1	81 19 2	86 17 1	56 17
 Investments: Investments in Canadian securitles:	11 465 320 117 27 200	12 487 332 118 28 211	16 504 340 125 34 225	23 487 365 127 30 232	18 478 383 130 17 256
3. Mortgage loans and agreements of sale	17	18	18	18	19
4. Canadian preferred and common shares	208	224	241	259	273
5. Foreign investments	92	92	94	98	99
6. Coliateral loans		I	1		2
7. Real estate	38	35	36	39	40
8. Deposits by reinsurers	11	9	9	II	11
9. Other assets	244	291	273	260	279
Total assets	I,826	1,943	2,018	2,053	2, 076

¹ Amounts are stated at book values, and include all assets in respect of business in Canada. Out-of-Canada assets of Canadian companies are not included.



Trust Companies

This group includes all companies incorporated under the Trust Companies Act of Canada and corresponding provincial acts. Many of these companies are heavily engaged in mortgage lending as well as in the management of estate, trust and agency funds and other financial activities permitted under the federal and provincial trust companies acts.

The balance sheet data shown for this group includes both company funds (shareholders' equity) and guaranteed funds originating from deposits and the sale of certificates. Estate, trust and agency funds are not included.

Mortgage Loan Companies

This group consists of those companies which raise funds from the public (directly or through publicly owned parent companies) primarily for mortgage lending. It includes all companies incorporated under the Dominion Loan Companies Act, savings certificate companies and other institutional lenders engaged principally in mortgage lending. Privately financed mortgage companies are not included. They will be incorporated in one of the other financial groups to be published at a later date.

Sales Finance and Consumer Loan Companies

In general, sales finance companies are in the business of financing durable sales at the factory or wholesale levels and at the retail level. Consumer loan companies lend money to persons on the security of promissory notes with additional security frequently being provided by chattel mortgages on the goods purchased. Consumer loan companies include companies operating under the provisions of the Small Loans Act, and affiliated companies engaged in personal loans.

There is a close relationship between sales finance companies and consumer loan companies. Many carry out both sales financing and loan activities, while some engage primarily in one and have a wholly-owned subsidiary engaged in the other. Since consolidated returns are received from some of these companies, it was decided to include both sales finance and consumer loan companies in one table.

Sales finance companies which are whollyowned subsidiaries of merchandising and manufacturing companies and finance only the sales of their parent company are not included in these tables. Also excluded are companies primarily engaged in loans to business, such as factoring companies and investment companies, and companies lending to home owners for home improvements. Insofar as possible, the companies in this group are the same as those covered in the DBS publication. *Credit Statistics.* The footnote to Table 3, and the definition in the text of the item "accounts and notes receivable" show the relationship between this item, as reported in *Credit Statistics* and in this publication.

Mutual Funds

This group includes those firms which have their major assets invested in a portfolio of various types of securities and in which the public may purchase any desired number of shares at a price fixed in relationship to net asset value, and redeem any number of shares held at net asset value. Because the number of outstanding shares constantly changes with purchases and redemptions of shares by each individual investor, the companies in this group are also referred to as open-end funds.

Included in this survey are those companies whose shares are available to the public through the companies' own salesmen or agents, or through stock brokers, trust companies or other managers of funds. Excluded are those funds set up to operate a pension plan, special non-resident owned funds, funds which invest only in the shares of other mutual funds, investment clubs, and other investment companies the shares of which are not available to the general public.

Closed-end Funds

The main difference between this group and the mutual funds is the fact that shares of closedend companies are not redeemable by the company at net asset value. Share capital is set up as in an ordinary limited corporation. Once the shares have been offered to the public, the number of outstanding shares remains constant. Shares of such corporations may be purchased only from existing holders and owners of such shares must find a buyer if they wish to sell their shares. Such companies are called closed-end funds to distinguish them from the mutual funds or open-end funds.

Closed-end funds have a common feature with mutual funds in that their major assets consist of investments in securities. Investment policies and objectives of many of the closed-end funds are also similar to those of the mutual funds. However, when an investment corporation exists primarily to gain control and provide management it is excluded from the totals and will be included in another group. Because of the various degrees between these two objectives-investment or control-and also because objectives often change, it is difficult to precisely define this group. We have, therefore, closely followed the group of closed-end funds found in the Financial Post Survey of Investment Funds. The user of these data is warned however, that reclassification into or out of this industry of few companies could change drastically the published totals.

Investment Dealers

This group includes firms which act as principals in the underwriting and trading of securities. Stockbrokers and, where possible, the brokerage business of investment dealers are excluded. Where investment dealers do not maintain separate accounts for their brokerage business, total operations of the firm are included but the effect on the data is believed to be small.

Investment dealers do not report all balance sheet items, and total reported assets therefore do not equal total reported liabilities. Shareholders' equity, certain types of receivables and minor asset and liability items are not reported. The omission of these receivables is the largest single cause of difference between total reported assets and total reported liabilities.

Fire and Casualty Insurance Companies

Included in this group are fire and casualty insurance companies, including Canadian reinsurance companies, operating in Canada under the Canadian and British Insurance Companies Act, the Foreign Insurance Companies Act, and corresponding provincial legislation. Accident and Sickness Branches of life insurance companies are not included, nor are the numerous but very small local or parish mutual companies. At present, data are presented only for underwriting, investment and asset accounts. Additional information about provision for income taxes and dividends paid was collected in the survey, but due to a lack of clarity in the questionnaire the accuracy of the data is questionable and further analysis of these items is necessary before the data can be published.

It should be noted that the quarterly figures are not directly comparable to annual data as reported by the Department of Insurance and several other published sources. There are three significant differences, and these are as follows:

(1) quarterly underwriting data are reported net of all reinsurance, whether licensed or unlicensed; for annual statement purposes, data for British and Foreign companies are reported net of licensed or registered reinsurance only;

(2) in the quarterly survey, earned premiums are calculated using a 100% reserve for unearned premiums, whereas for annual statement purposes an 80% reserve is generally used;

(3) companies in the quarterly survey are requested to report assets at book values, while annual data for British and Foreign companies are reported at market values as determined by the Department of Insurance.

DEFINITION OF ITEMS

Noted below are items where special problems of interpretation may exist.

A. Trust Companies and Mortgage Loan Companies

Item 3-Investments

Investments are at book value. Prior to fourth quarter, 1966, part of these investments are shown after deduction of investment reserves, since some companies reported investments before deduction of investment reserves and other companies reported them net of reserves. Item 3(a)(x), collateral loans, consists largely of call loans and day-to-day loans to investment dealers. Item 3(d), foreign investments, consists largely of short-term securities such as United States treasury bills.

Item 11-Demand deposits and demand certificates

This item contains those deposits and certificates which can be withdrawn or cashed on demand.

Item 12-Term deposits, guaranteed investment certificates, instalment certificates and debentures

This item contains deposits which cannot be withdrawn without a waiting period, and certificates and debentures for which there is an agreement covering a specific period. The certificates and debentures can be for any number of years, with the most common term being from three to five years.

Item 22 - Investment reserves

As stated under item 3-investments, prior to fourth quarter, 1966, some companies included investment reserves in the reported total of general, investment and special reserves, while others deducted these reserves directly from the appropriate investment category. Although transfers from surplus to reserves may take place at any time, there is a tendency for these transfers to be concentrated at the fiscal year-end, which accounts for the increase in this item in the fourth quarter.

Item 24 A - Net Accruals, payables and retained earnings

Prior to fourth quarter, 1966, a number of companies did not make quarterly calculations of interest accrued on investments or on obligations. They therefore were not able to report these items, or to report their retained income, which is dependent on these calculations. The total of assets, excluding receivables, is obtained and the balancing item on the liability side is net accruals, payables and retained earnings. Total assets are therefore understated by the amount of receivables.

B. Sales Finance and Consumer Loan Companies

Item 2-Accounts and notes receivable

The questionnaire used in the survey requests only the total of accounts and notes receivable. The Dominion Bureau of Statistics publication, *Credit Statistics* contains more detail on these receivables and this information is given in the footnote to the table. Item (b) of the footnote, other receivables, is the difference between the receivables reported in the balance sheet survey and the receivables reported in *Credit Statistics*. A small part of this difference is due to the inclusion in consolidated returns of the receivables of subsidiaries engaged in other activities. Primarily however, it is made up of inventory financing, capital loans, other types of non-personal loans and sampling errors.

Item 11 – Total liabilities to parent and associated companies

Several of the larger consumer loan companies are owned by foreign parents or by Canadian incorporated sales finance companies, and an important part of their funds is supplied by loans from those parent companies. Since these loans are inter-company transactions they are eliminated when consolidated reports are filed. This item would therefore be larger if non-consolidated reports were received from all companies.

Item 13-Short-term loans and notes payable

Demand and short-term notes represent an important source of funds to sales finance and consumer loan companies. They are sold, either directly or through investment dealers, to corporations, governments, foreign buyers and persons with short-term funds to invest, and are one of the major money-market instruments.

Item 15(a) - Dealers' credit balances

When an automobile dealer sells customers' paper to sales finance companies, under most agreements the dealer is liable for any default and the sales finance company customarily witholds part of the purchase price. This item represents the total amount so withheld.

Item 17(a) – Unearned income and other deferred credits

When loans are made it is customary to show under accounts and notes receivable the total which must be repaid, including all interest and other charges. The unearned portion of these charges is included in this item.

C. Mutual Funds and Closed-end Funds

Item 5-Investment Portfolio

Investment in securities represents the major assets for these groups. There is a particular interest in the market value of the portfolio since the price of mutual fund shares depends directly on this value. The price of closed-end fund shares also has a close relationship to the market value of the portfolio. For this survey, therefore, the portfolio is shown at both cost price and market value.

Item 20 - Paid-in capital

Included in this item are all the contributions made by shareholders including share capital, capital or paid-in surplus, capital redemption reserves, etc.

Item 3 - Unrealized appreciation

This item is the difference between the value of the portfolio at market price and its cost price.

D. Investment Dealers

Item 1 - Cash on hand and on deposit

Included in this item are demand and term deposits with banks and other institutions. Shortterm notes of chartered banks and guaranteed investment certificates are also included, as are foreign currency and swapped deposits.

Item 2 - Securities owned or managed by the firm

The major assets of investment dealers are various types of securities. Since the accounting practices of investment dealers often differ from the practices of other types of firms in respect to security accounts, dealers are requested to report their securities in the following manner:

- (1) Securities should be reported at book value.
- (2) Securities outstanding under buy-back agreements should be excluded. This avoids duplication, since the owner of the securities is requested to report them.
- (3) Securities held under sell-back agreements should be included. This follows the rule that the owner should report the securities.
- (4) Short positions should be deducted from long positions.
- (5) Securities sold on an "if, as and when" basis should be omitted.
- (6) Borrowed securities should not be included in reported inventory.
- (7) The accounting of security transactions may differ at any specific point in time, depending on which accounting basis is employed. By using:
 - (a) Trade date securities are entered on the accounts on the date that a buy or sell agreement or committment was made.
 - (b) **Value date -** securities are entered on the accounts on the date that settlement of the transactions was due.
 - (c) **Delivery date** securities are entered on the accounts on the date that delivery of the securities took place.

Generally, value and delivery dates coincide. Since financial institutions usually use the delivered date for accounting purposes, investment dealers are requested to use delivery date as well for reporting inventories of securities to DBS in order to have the securities counted in the statistics.

Items 4 and 5 - Short-term loans and notes payable

4(a) includes short-term and day-to-day loans from chartered banks in Canadian currency. Loans from subsidiary and affiliated companies are reported in 5(a), and all other loans, excluding buy-backs, are reported in 5(b).



Item 6 – Securities outstanding under buy-back agreements

Investment dealers raise funds through buy-back (re-purchase) agreements with various financial institutions, non-financial corporations and government agencies. Dealers generally regard the transactions as loans, but since the other parties to this type of transaction treat the securities as owned, dealers have been requested to exclude buy-backs from borrowing and to exclude the underlying securities from inventory reported. The amount of securities outstanding under these buy-back agreements is reported in Item 6.

E. Fire and Casualty Insurance Companies

Underwriting account: All items in this account are reported net of all reinsurance ceded, whether licensed or unlicensed.

Item 2-Net premiums earned

Net premiums earned are calculated using a 100% reserve for unearned premiums.

Item 3-Net claims incurred

This item does not include adjustment expenses which are included in item 4.

Item 4 – All other expenses, including adjustment expenses and taxes other than profit taxes

This item includes all expenses charged to underwriting account, with the exception of income taxes.

Assets: All companies, including British and Foreign companies, are requested to report assets at book values. The data include all assets related to the companies' business in Canada. Out-of-Canada assets of Canadian companies are excluded.

Item 9-Other assets

This item includes all assets not specified elsewhere. The largest item included here consists of agents' balances and premiums uncollected.

QUALITY AND COVERAGE OF THE ESTIMATES

As a result of full cooperation by the surveyed corporations and the relatively small number of companies in each of the published groups, coverage in terms of assets is very high for each of the groups in this publication. The estimates for all companies contained here will therefore contain relatively small sampling errors. There may be some errors in individual items due to differences in accounting

practices of companies. A complete description of the procedures of estimation used will be given in a later publication.

Where available, the tables will carry figures for the thirteen most recent quarters. The figures are published in one million dollar amounts.

OTHER SOURCES OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Included among the more valuable sources of background information are:

- Report of the Royal Commission on Banking and Finance, 1964
- The Financing of Economic Activity in Canada, by Wm. C. Hood, for the Royal Commission on
 - Canada's Economic Prospects

Additional financial statistics on the companies and industries included in this report are available in the following publications:

- Report of the Superintendent of Insurance for Canada: Loan and Trust Companies (annual)
- Report of the Superintendent of Insurance for Canada: Small Loan Companies and Money Lenders (annual)
- Report of the Ontario Registrar of Loan and Trust Corporations (annual)

- Summary of Financial Statements filed within the office of the Inspector of Trust Companies for the Province of Quebec (annual)
- Department of National Revenue Taxation Statistics (annual)
- Bank of Canada Statistical Summary (monthly) Dominion Bureau of Statistics Credit Statistics (monthly)
- Financial Post Survey of Industrials (annual) Financial Post Survey of Investment Funds (annual)
- Report of the Superintendant of Insurance for Canada: Volume 1, Abstract of Statements of Insurance Companies in Canada (annual), and Volume II, Annual Statements - Fire and Casualty Insurance (annual).

Canadian Underwriter Statistical Review (annual).

