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BUSINESS FINANCIAL STATISTICS **BALANCE SHEETS**

Selected Financial Institutions

THIRD QUARTER 1967

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DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS

Business Finance Division

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SYMBOLS

The following standard symbols are used in Dominion Bureau of Statistics publications:

- .. figures not available.
- ... figures not appropriate or not applicable.
- nil or zero.
- -- amount too small to be expressed.
- p preliminary figures.
- r revised figures.

BUSINESS FINANCIAL STATISTICS BALANCE SHEETS

Selected Financial Institutions

THIRD OUARTER 1967

The present publication contains selected financial statistics for trust companies, mortgage loan companies, sales finance and consumer loan companies, mutual funds, closed-end funds, investment dealers, and fire and casualty insurance companies. As information becomes available, the published tables will be expanded to include other insurance carriers, credit unions and caisses populaires, other companies in the finance, insurance and real estate industry, and non-financial corporations.

The quarterly survey was started on the recommendation of the Interdepartmental Committee on Financial Statistics, which represents several government departments and the Bank of Canada. The Committee found that the lack of up-to-date information on the assets and liabilities of corporations was a serious handicap to those concerned with economic and monetary policies. More complete and up-to-date information from financial institutions and non-financial corporations on the sources and uses of funds is essential in assessing such factors as the distribution and adequacy of funds available at any particular time. This corporation information will be combined with data from other parts of the economy to give a comprehensive picture of the financing of economic activity.

Although quarterly (or more frequent) data have been available for some time in areas such as banking, quarterly data for the groups in this report are new, and problems in interpreting the results may occur. For example, seasonal factors affect loans by sales finance companies, and short term commercial paper held by trust companies. Until more experience has been obtained so that deseasonalized totals can be published, each quarter's results should be related to several previous quarters. There will also be discontinuities caused by reorganisations, mergers, reclassification of companies into and out of the published industries, and other factors.

The published balance sheet material is designed to show estimates of the totals at the end of each quarter. It should be used with caution when changes from one quarter to another are being studied. At a later stage, as financial flows accounts are developed, the corrected quarterly changes will be published by industry.

This publication has been prepared in the Business Finance Division. Acknowledgement is gratefully made to the companies reporting in the survey whose cooperation has made this report possible.

TABLE 1. Trust Companies

	19	64		19	65			1	966			1967	
	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q1	1Q	2Q	3Q
Assets						mill	ions of	dollars	ı			1	-
1. Cash on hand and on deposit:													
(a) In Canadian dollars: (i) Cash and bank deposits (ii) Cash in other institutions	42	67 6	47 4	60 3	53 3	84	79 2	74 3	64 5	72 3	52 5	48	40
2. Foreign currency	6	13	1	2	6	8	8	7	13	13	11	15	8
3. Investments: (a) Investments in Canadian securities: (i) Government of Canada treasury bills (ii) Other Government of Canada debt (iii) Provincial government debt (iv) Municipal government debt (v) Short-term notes of sales finance com-	5 343 159 126	16 369 168 138	12 374 192 149	10 376 205 147	5 371 189 136	12 375 195 126	13 390 197 129	7 401 199 119	4 390 208 122	16 421 228 126	13 397 260 143	7 418 284 126	12 424 285 119
panies ² (vi) Commercial paper of other companies ²	236	183	366	394	292	208	332	300	316	130	161	115 99	1 19 100
(vii) Deposit receipts, certificates and term deposits in chartered banks ²		* * *			- 1 -		• • • •			72	62	71	135
companies² (ix) Corporation bonds and debentures (x) Coliateral loans (b) Mortgages and sales agreements:	203 106	198 102	201 161	226 104	235 106	219 108	254 109	259 107	258 128	18 240 119	26 276 1 29	18 290 110	16 297 114
(i) Loans under National Housing Act ² (ii) Conventional mortgage loans ²	}1,351	1,449	1,545	1,690	1,838	1,927	1,990	2,074	2,121	$\begin{cases} 493 \\ 1,672 \end{cases}$	500 1,699	499 1,766	497 1,848
(c) Investments in Canadian preferred and com- mon shares (d) Investments in foreign securities	6F 4	67	71	79	77	75 5	76 6	78	80 11	84 13	83 18	84 18	87 15
(e) Investments in sudsidiary and affiliated com- panies	14	18	19	18	20	19	22	25	31	30	33	33	33
4. Interest, dividends and rents receivable ³							,			24	37	39	43
5. Real estate and equipment	41	43	44	45	46	46	48	49	47	46	48	52	54
6. Other assets	17	19	17	20	19	27	25	24	22	29	27	31	31
Total assets ³	2,722	2, 860	3, 208	3, 385	3, 401	3, 439	3, 681	3, 733	3, 820	3,913	4, 117	4,127	4,280
Liabllities													
(i. Demand and savings deposits: (a) Chequing (b) Non-chequing	479 486	5 0 5 5 4 3	519 556	568 584	551 563	551 564	546 577	563 562	561 543	557 537	570 536	576 548	576 558
12. Certificates, dehentures and term deposits: Original term: (a) Less than one year ²	1,485	1,551	1,825	1,901	1,953	2,006	2, 195	2, 266	2,360	\$ 592 1.797 32	683 1,849 34	578 1,955 34	602 2,034 49
(a) Canadian chartered banks: (i) Canadian currency (ii) Foreign currency	9	2	5	10	11	4	7	10	5	3 - 3	6 - 3	3 - 3	4
(b) Other bank loans ²	17	5	35	49	42	37	64	31	44	17	26	21	34
5. Owing parent and affiliated companies ²	1	J	30	10	7.6	31	0.1	0,1	11	7	7	9	11
6. Interest, dividends, taxes and other liabilities	4	4	6	3	4	3	3	3	3	36	65	58	63
Shareholders' equity	,												
1. Pald-in capital	89	93	96	99	100	101	107	107	108	113	114	114	116
2. Investment reserves ²	127	135	137	145	147	153	154	160	160	67	71	73	74
23. Reserve fund ²	200	0.1	ap.	0.5	21	20	07	9.1	ge	140	140	140	140
24. A. Net accruais, payables and retained earnings. B. Retained earnings.	26	21	28	25	31		27	31	35	12	13	15	1
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	2,722	2, 860	3, 208	3, 385	3, 401	3, 439	3, 681	3, 733	3, 820	3, 913	4, 117	4,127	4,286

¹ Prior to fourth quarter, 1966 a number of companies reported investments in securities after deducting investment reserves. Currently, investments are requested to be reported at original cost with investment reserves reported in item 22.
² Detail not available prior to fourth quarter, 1966. Refer to notes on page 4.
³ Prior to fourth quarter, 1966 total assets excludes dividends, accrued interest, and other receivables. These receivables are netted against the combinate liability items, interest, dividends and other payables, and retained earnings.

TABLE 2. Mortgage Loan Companies

	10	964		1	965			1	1966			1967	
1 1 5 9 0 1	3Q	4Q	10	2Q	3 Q	4Q	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q1	10	2Q	3Q
Assets		1		ı		mill	lions of	dollars	1		1	1	ı
Assets													
1. Cash on hand and on deposit: (a) In Canadian dollars: (b) Cash and hand deposits	66	50	20	40	20	47	10	0.0	00	2)	0.0	0.0	0.0
(i) Cash and bank deposits (ii) Cash in other institutions	9	13	38	8	38	47	10	36	22 5	31	30	38	26
2. Foreign currency							4	2	H			4 11	no f
3. Investments: (a) Investments in Canadian securities:									i -				
(i) Government of Canada treasury bills (ii) Other Government of Canada debt	7	117	129	121	109	117	119	4 119	110	7	100	6	1.00
(ili) Provincial government debt	41	42	44	47	45	39	46	46	110	118	102	121 52	125
(iv) Municipal government debt		11	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	1.1
panies ²	11	8	11	3	5	2	9	13	11	1	12	21	7
deposits in chartered banks ² (viii) Certificates, debentures and term de-										5	11	8	16
posits in trust and mortgage loan								1 1					
companies ² (ix) Corporation bonds and debentures	26	[26] 13	32	28	27	31	28	28	28	5 24	5 27	30	29
(x) Collateral loans	1	13	11	11	13	20	21	23	22	22	27	22	22
(i) Loans under National Housing Act² (ii) Conventional mortgage loans² (c) Investments in Canadian preferred and com-	1,410	1, 492	1,593	1,693	1,796	1,827	1, 845	1,881	1,931	1,815	1,828	1,853	1,901
mon shares	55 4	56	54	60	57	55	55	55	56	58	61	68	68
(e) Investments in sudsidiary and affiliated com-	49	50/	2064	203	199	201	199	100	100	4	4	5	100
panies			200					196	195	194	194	191	190
5. Real estate and equipment	41	42	44	44	49	50	52	55	56	59	60	60	62
6. Other assets	11	10	11	18	15	15	16	16	18	15	17	19	20
Total assets ³	1, 869	1, 936	2, 199	2,290	2, 376	2, 426	2, 464	2, 492	2,514	2, 564	2, 602	2,667	2,704
Liabilities												1.0	
11. Demand and savings deposits:												57	
(a) Chequing (b) Non-chequing	150 155	155 166	151	157	155 198	162 203	149 203	166 198	162 210	165 208	168	173	169 213
12. Certificates, debentures and term deposits:											E		
Original term: (a) Less than one year ²	1									f 43	45	53	56
(b) One to six years ² (c) Over six years ²	1, 145	1,182	1,235	1, 274	1,303	1,372	1,408	1,434	1,455	820 623	842 629	881 644	9 13 646
3. Bank loans:													
(a) Canadian chartered hanks: (i) Canadian currency	19	25	29	44	63	60	55	58	49	56	49	40	50
(ii) Foreign currency ² (b) Other bank loans ²	}		1	* * *	3	3	3	2	3	12	11	9	10
4. Short-term loans and notes payable	108	108	120	137	151	125	138	136	128	95	83	87	69
5. Owing parent and affiliated companies ²	38	46	2014	201	200	200	200	100		188	194	197	200
6. Interest, dividends, taxes and other liabilities	30	40	2014	201	202	207	202	199	196	58	71	64	65
Shareholders' equity													
1. Paid-in capital	101	107	116	120	120	123	121	122	122	122	123	129	130
22. Investment reserves ²	92	93	100	106	107	111	111	113	113	∫ 25	30	31	33
3. Reserve fund ²	1		- 30	2.50	101	411	111	110	110	97	98	99	99
24. A. Net accruals, payables and retained earnings	61	54	63	63	74	61	73	62	75	_	-	_	_
B. Retained earnings ²	1 900	1.000	2 100	0.000	0.000	0.405				52	51	52	53
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity'	1, 869	1,936	2, 199	2, 290	2,376	2, 426	2, 464	2, 492	2, 514	2,564	2, 602	2, 667	2,704

Prior to fourth quarter, 1966 a number of companies reported investments in securities after deducting investment reserves. Currently, investments are requested to be reported at original cost with investment reserves reported in item 22.
 Detail not available prior to fourth quarter, 1966. Refer to notes on page 4.
 Prior to fourth quarter, 1966 total assets excludes dividends, accrued interest, and other receivables. These receivables are netted against the combined liability items, interest, dividends and other payables, and retained earnings.
 The increase in these items is caused by changes in inter-company accounts of affiliated companies.

TABLE 3. Sales Finance and Consumer Loan Companies

	19	64		19	65			196	56			1967	
	3 Q	4 Q	1 Q	2Q42	3 Q1	4 Q1	1 Q1	2 Q ¹	3 Q1	4 Q1	1 Q ¹	2 Q1	3 Q 57
Assets						milli	ons of de	llars					
1. Cash on hand and on deposit:													
(a) In Canadian dollars:							4.	5.0	0.4	0.4	7.0	7.0	co
(i) Cash and bank deposits	40	46	41	41	33	44	41	53 1	84	64	73	76	69
(b) In foreign currency	14	14	14	14	24	12	13	13	23	44	36	34	37
2. Accounts and notes receivable*	3,080	3,200	3,361	3,594	3,521	3,738	3,6483	3,7134	3,576	3,706	3,693	3,788	3,725
3. Other current assets	8	10	8	8	8	12	9	9	10	7	9	9	10
4. Investments and advances:													
(a) Investments in Canadian securities: (i) Short-term notes of finance and other com-													
panies	7	1	10	10	11	4	22	5	32	11	34	10	14
(ii) Government of Canada treasury bills	13	3 9	11 16	17	12 17	16	23	10 33	32	26	20	7 22	17
(iv) Other Canadian bonds and debentures	38	60	59	57	23	16	13	15	16	8	35	22	10
(v) Other Canadian investments	10	5	18	22	27	30	34	33	38	51	53	52	5 1
shares	23	14	9	11	11	9	9	9	10	8	9	9	7
(c) Investments in foreign securities(d) Investments in subsidiary and affiliated compa-		1	1	1	1	2	2	2	4	5	3	3	11
nies	256	264	271	242	268	277	3783	382	387	391	387	361	297
5. Property, plant and equipment	31	32	34	34	37	39	31	34	35	36	37	37	37
6. Other assets	25	27	32	33	33	28	31	32	. 32	32	34	34	32
Total assets	3,579	3,686	3,895	4,096	4,028	4,228	4,293	4,345	4,282	4,391	4,428	4,467	4,322
Liabilities		Ť											
	453	452	491	620	605	686	732	719	743	794	811	815	751
11. Owing parent and affiliated companies	400	404	131	020	000	000	102	110	. 10	101	011	0.10	
(a) Bank loans and overdrafts (Canadian dollars) (b) Other bank loans	198 65	228 82	210 95	293 23	349 68	433 101	311 89	347 84	266 69	327 76	247 47	262 46	241 46
 Short-term loans and notes payable: (a) Demand and short-term notes (Canadian dollars) 	900	858	968	965	827	734	879	943	953	903	1.008	967	904
(b) Demand and short-term notes (Canadian dornals)	187	202	184	186	190	164	161	126	81	93	95	82	92
(c) Other short-term loans	1	2	1	2	2	13	1	1	1	1	2	1	1
14. Accounts payable:	26	22	25	16	19	18	16	19	22	22	21	20	24
(a) Income and other taxes payable	65	65	73	86	57	95	90	103	84	100	102	106	64
15. Other current liabilities:													F.O.
(a) Dealers' credit balances (b) Other current liabilities	48	46	45	48	50	48	47 5	50 6	50 6	49	47	49 10	50
16. Long-term debt:		0	0		3								
(a) Debentures, bonds and notes (Canadian dollars)	690	743	773	845	844	869	873	857	882	892	916	954	965
(b) Debentures, bonds and notes (foreign currency) (c) Mortgages and other long-term debt	260	282	302	269	254	303	342	358	376	376	382	373	375
17. Other liabilities:													
(a) Unearned income and other deferred credits	213	217	218	230	238	245	239	257	265	267	259	280	295
(b) Pensions, trust or earmarked funds	I	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		2	1	2	,
Shareholders' equity													
	0.00	000	200	200	214	221	220	24.4	240	354	352	359	356
21. Paid-in capital	276	288	302	308 189	314	331 175	328	344 1264	349 133	125	129	138	
22. Retained earnings Total liabilities and shareholder's equity	183	186 3,686	3,895	4,096	4,028		4,293	4,345		4,391	4,428		
	3,313	3,000	3,033	4,030	7,040	1,440	2,200	1,010	11404	1,001	.,		
*Footnote:													
(a) Specified receivables: Sales finance companies:	İ												
Consumer goods	1,038		1,022	1,091	1,124	1,131	1,128	1,190				1,205	
Commercial and industrial goods	584 251	588 268	588 381	643 421	673 274	665 452	642	676 477	678	662 393	633	658 410	
Totals	1,873		1,991	2,155	2,071			2,343			2,233	1	
Consumer loan companies:			,										
Instalment credit	52	54	57	63	65	67	67	70	1 062	1 006	71	72 1,151	73 1,173
Cash loans	814	8,50	872	919	940	976	991	1,035		1,096			
Totals	866	904	929	982	1,005	1,043	1,058	1,105		1,170			
(b) Other receivables ⁶	390	455	494	513	505	512	406	3334		340	358	364	418
Total receivables	3,129	3,250	3,414	3,650	3,581	3,803		3,781	3,645		3,763		
Allowance for bad debts	- 49	- 50	- 53	- 56	- 60	- 65	- 64	- 68	- 69	- 71	- 70	- 72	
Total receivables (net)	3,080	3,200	3,361	3,594	3,521	3,738	3,648	3,713	3,576	3,706	3,693	3,788	3, 725

Includes outstanding liabilities in default of one company which went into receivership.

Reflects the reorganization of a company with its U.S. parent.

These items have been affected in this quarter by the deconsolidation of statements submitted by several companies.

These items have been affected in this quarter by the write-downs of receivables held by companies in receivership.

Petail of "Specified receivables" is taken from DBS publication, *Credit Statistics* (Catalogue No. 61-004).

"Other receivables" includes capital loans, other non-personal loans, receivables of subsidiaries engaged in other activities and sampling errors.

Data in this quarter have been affected by the consolidation of statements submitted by several companies.

TABLE 4. Mutual Funds

	19	67		15	965			15	966			1967	
	3Q	4Q .	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q	3Q
Assets		1				miili	ons of d	lollars	1			-	1.
1. Cash on hand and on deposit:												İ	
(a) Canadian dollars: (i) Cash and bank deposits (ii) Cash in other institutions (b) Foreign currency	17 2 2	18 4 2	24 3 1	23 5 2	25 7 4	32 9 5	42 12 10	43 7 6	40 7 6	40 15 3	43 12 11	54 5 4	58 9 9
2. Short-term notes and bills:		2									2	3	
(a) Government of Canada treasury bills(b) Canadian short-term notes of finance and other	4	2	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	3	2	3	2
companies (c) Foreign short-term notes	39	41	48	33	38	31	44	35	27	38	31	45	56
3. Interest and dividends due and accrued	6	7	7	8	9	9	9	9	9	10	9	9	9
4. Amount due from brokers and other current assets	10	7	14	12	10	15	20	22	19	10	45	46	31
5. Portfolio at cost (see also Table 4 A):	10	1	1.1	12	10	10	20	22	15	10	10	10	2,1
(a) Investments in Canadian bonds; (i) Government of Canada debt (ii) Provincial and municipal debt (iii) Corporate bonds and debentures (iv) Mortgages and agreements of sale (v) Other Canadian investments (b) Investments in Canadian shares;	72 34 44 10 5	78 47 48 12 9	77 59 59 13 14	63 58 64 13 10	68 55 65 13 19	70 58 67 13 25	69 51 67 13 23	62 49 67 13 15	62 47 66 12 19	76 50 67 12 15	68 48 74 12 3	53 50 69 12	41 40 68 11 11
(i) Preferred shares (ii) Common shares (c) Investments in foreign securities: (i) Bonds, debentures, mortgages, etc	71 587 4	74 635 5 186	81 693 5 208	91 755 4 245	107 772 4 276	110 808 4 316	120 830 9 366	137 858 8 8 465	140 874 12 509	128 864 10 545	121 881 6 597	118 892 10 664	114 876 18 767
Total portfolio at cost		1.094	1.209	1,303	1. 379	1.471	1,548	1.674	1,741	1, 767	1,810	1,869	1.946
6. Property, buildings and equipment	1,004	1,009	1,203	1,303	1,313	1,771	1,040	1,071	1,171	1, 707	1,010	1,003	1,540
7. Other assets.								į		1			
8. Total assets at cost	1 085	1 178	1 313	1 390	1 476	1,574	1.688	1.799	1,855	1.889	1,964	2,035	2, 121
a. I otal assets at cost	1, 000	1,110	1,313	1,000	1,410	1,074	1,000	1,100	1,000	1,000	2,50%	W1 000	-, 1.01
Liabilities		1											
11. Short-term loans: (a) Bank loans in Canadian currency (b) Other loans payable	1	1	1	1 1	1 1		1	1	1			1 1	1
(a) Income and other taxes payable(b) Amount due brokers and other payables	1 11	1 10	1 27	1 20	1 12	1 9	1 18	2 27	2 22	2 15	2 30	2 38	2 32
13. Long-term debt	1	1	1	1	1	1						1	1
14. Other liabilities	1			1	1		}	1		1			1
Shareholders' equity			,										
20, Paid-in capital	980	1,072	1, 178	1,244	1,333	1,423	1,515	1,597	1,653	1,702	1,735	1,754	1,816
22, Retained earnings	90	92	104	123	126	139	153	171	176	167	196	238	267
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	1. 085	1, 178	1,313	1,390	1,476	1,574	1,688	1,799	1,855	1,889	1,964	2, 035	2, 121

TABLE 4A. Investment Portfolio at Market Value

	19	64		19	065			1	966			1967	
	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	10	2Q	3 Q	4Q	1Q	2Q	3Q
1. Portfolio:				1		mill	ions of c	lollars					
(a) Investments in Canadian bonds: (i) Government of Canada debt. (ii) Provincial and municipal debt. (iii) Corporate bonds and debentures. (iv) Mortgages and agreements of sale. (v) Other Canadian investments. (b) Investments in Canadian shares: (i) Preferred shares. (ii) Common shares. (c) Investments in foreign securities: (i) Bonds, debentures, mortgages, etc. (ii) Preferred and common shares.	72 34 44 10 5 75 853 4 226	78 47 49 12 9 78 909 5 236	77 59 60 13 14 84 1,005	63 58 64 13 10 92 1,009	68 54 64 13 19 106 1,047	69 56 65 13 25 108 1,088	68 50 66 13 23 116 1,093	61 48 66 13 15 132 1,084	61 44 63 12 19 128 977 11 509	75 46 64 12 15 114 1,003	68 46 70 12 6 114 1,133 6 747	52 46 66 11 1 11 1, 153 10 840	39 37 64 11 11 106 1,176 20 967
Total portfolio at market	1,323	1,423	1,582	1,600	1,722	1,846	1,922	1,980	1,824	1, 947	2,202	2,290	2, 431
Total portfolio at cost (Item 5-Table 4)	1, 004 319	1,094 329	1,209 373	1,303	1,379	1,471 375	374	1,674 306	1,741	1,767	392	1,869	1,946
TIMAL ASSETS AT MARKET PRICES (Item 8, Table 4 plus Item 3, Table 4 A)	1,404	1,507	1,686	1,687	1,819	1, 949	2,062	2,105	1, 938	2, 069	2,356	2,456	2,600

TABLE 5. Closed-end Funds

	19	64		19	965			19	966			1967	
	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q	2 Q	3 Q	4Q	1Q	2 Q	3Q
		1		1		millio	ns of o	ollars					
Assets 1. Cash on hand and on deposit: (a) Canadian dollars: (i) Cash and bank deposits (ii) Cash in other institutions (b) Foreign currency	1 3	2 2	2 3	2 2	2 2	5 3	5 2	2	1	3 5	3 1	3 2 1	3
2. Short-term notes and bills: (a) Government of Canada treasury bills (b) Canadian short-term notes of finance and other companies (c) Foreign short-term notes	6	6	21	2 9	1 30	1 12	1 8	28	18	13	15	9	7
3. Interest and dividends due and accrued	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
4. Amount due from brokers and other current assets	2	2	2	1	1	1	2	_1	2	1	2	2	1
5. Portfolio at cost (see also Table 5 A): (a) Investments in Canadian bonds: (i) Government of Canada debt (ii) Provincial and municipal debt (iii) Corporate bonds and debentures (iv) Mortgages and agreements of sale (v) Other Canadian investments (b) Investments in Canadian shares: (l) Preferred shares (li) Common shares¹ (c) Investments in foreign securities: (i) Bonds, debentures, mortgages, etc. (ii) Preferred and common shares¹	4 1 8 33 349	5 1 10 35 369	6 1 9 35 385	7 1 10 1 3 33 368	6 1 10 1 34 372 1 36	6 1 9 1 36 393 1 37	7 1 10 1 6 34 403	8 1 10 1 6 38 406	10 1 9 1 6 36 419	9 1 13 1 7 41 413	8 1 8 1 6 42 418	7 1 8 1 4 46 435	77 11 77 14 46 440
Total portfolio at cost	421	446	464	455	461	484	500	509	520	523	524	545	556
6. Property, buildings and equipment											1	1	1
7. Other assets	1	2	2	2	4	2	2	2	2	2	2	3	3
8. Total assets at cost	437	463	497	474	503	5 09	524	542	544	549	549	566	56
Liabilities													
11. Short-term loans: (a) Bank loans in Canadian currency (b) Other loans payable	2 24	5 25	144	6 4	6 3	14 2	22 i	24 8	17 8	17 12	11 15	15 15	1.
Accounts payable: (a) Income and other taxes payable (b) Amount due brokers and other payables.	3	2	3	3	4	3	4	3	3	3	44	4	
3. Long-term debt	32	33	31	31	30	30	29	29	29	28	29	29	24
4. Other liabilities	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
Shareholders' equity										130			
O. Paid-in capital	183	198	204	211	238	238	238	241	246	247	246	254	251
22. Retained earnings	192	199	212	218	219	221	229	237	240	241	241	249	25
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	437	463	497	474	503	509	524	542	544	549	549	566	56

TABLE 5 A. Investment Portfolio at Market Value

	19	64		19	65	5		19	66			1967	
	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	10	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q	3Q
			1		1	miliio	ns of c	iollars	L				
1. Portfolio: (a) Investments in Canadian bonds: (i) Government of Canada debt (ii) Provincial and municipal debt (iii) Corporate bonds and debentures (iv) Mortgages and agreements of sale (v) Other Canadian investments (b) Investments in Canadian shares: (i) Preferred shares (il) Common shares¹ (c) Investments in foreign securities: (i) Bonds, debentures, mortgages, etc. (ii) Preferred and common shares¹	4 1 8 47 652	5 1 10 49 686	6 1 10 51 730 36	7 1 10 3 48 682 1 36	6 1 10 1 45 678 1 47	6 1 9 1 46 685	7 1 10 1 6 45 693	8 1 10 1 6 46 676	9 1 9 1 6 43 634	9 1 12 1 7 55 605	8 1 8 1 6 60 668	7 1 7 1 4 62 661	7 1 7 1 4 59 671
Total portfolio at market	746	784	834	788	789	804	823	808	75 I	740	813	805	818
2. Total portfolio at cost (Item 5, Table 5)	421	446	464	455	461	484	5 00	509	520	523	524	545	550
3. Unrealized appreciation (Item 1 minus Item 2)	325	338	370	333	328	320	323	299	231	217	2 89	260	268
TOTAL ASSETS AT MARKET PRICES (Item 8, Table 5 plus Item 3, Table 5 A)	762	801	867	807	831	829	847	841	775	766	838	826	83

¹ Includes investments in and advances to subsidiary and affiliated companies.

TABLE 6. Investment Dealers

Quarterly Estimates of Selected Balance Sheet Items

-11	196	14		196	55			196	66			1967	
Harris and the second s	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q	3 Q
NATIONAL DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PR						milli	ons of d	ollars					
Selected items													
1. Cash on hand and on deposit:				Ì									
(a) In Canadian dollars: (i) Cash and bank deposits ¹	21	23	28	49	68	109	33	22	7	9	14	12	31
(ii) Cash in other institutions		23	20	10	00	103	00				**	120	- 01
	2	55	35	2	14	3	4	3	3	1	1	6	2
(b) In foreign currency	J			_									
2. Securities owned or managed at book value:2													
(a) Investments in Canadian securities:													
(i) Chartered banks' certificates of deposits'							46	78	80	44	61	33	73
(ii) Short-term notes of finance companies ³	150	162	146	136	132	214	41	42	41	50	94	56	64
(iii) Other short-term commercial paper3							147	188	160	179	205	225	224
(iv) Government of Canada treasury bills	116	126	78	117	75	39	75	22	30	12	60	44	20
(v) Other Government of Canada debt:										11			-
(a) Term less than 3 years	160	60	84	78	82	30	- 10	28	44	71	90	81	86
(b) Term over 3 years	24	40	63	5	67	- 6	- 22	5	24	64	66	17	10
(vl) Provincial government debt	56	49	69	41	49	27	28	31	65	66	90	96	58
(vii) Municipal government debt	33	22	28	21	20	27	26	20	18	36	41	28	2:
(viii) Corporation and institution bonds	38	49	50	53	45	53	43	53	39	46	43	58	4:
(ix) Preferred and common shares4	17	25	27	28	17	24	17	18	18	23	19	15	1'
(x) Other investments ⁴		3	5	6	10	11					1	1	
(b) Investments in foreign securities	1	2	2	2	2	2	3	4	2	10	3	6	
15													
3. Loans and advances:					_								
(a) Short-term loans to subsidiary and affiliated companies	3	3	4	1	1	2	2	1		1	2	1	1
(b) Other short-term loans and advances receivable ⁵	4 . 1						70	47	56	34	37	48	76
											828		73:
Total selected assets ⁶	621	619	619	540	582	534	501	563	587	647	848	727	13.
4. Bank loans:													
(a) Bank loans and overdrafts in Canadian currency]	20.5	200	200	400	27.4	286	394	382	464	545	512	53
(b) Other bank loans ³	318	335	295	326	402	374	14	21	18	28	22	26	3
5. Short-term loans and notes payable:													
(a) Short-term loans from subsidiary and affiliated companies	9	10	7	6	12	13	16	14	15	11	12	8	
(b) Other loans and notes, excluding buy-backs	240	243	300	207	183	152	182	136	172	132	225	179	16
Total selected liabilities	567	588	602	539	597	538	498	566	587	635	803	725	74
6. Total securities outstanding under buy-back agreements	107	201	189	236	178	97	103	106	152	140	109	131	11

Prior to 1966 includes some chartered banks' certificates of deposits which are included from first quarter, 1966 in item 2 (a) (i). Net of short positions and excluding securities outstanding under buy-back agreements.

Detail not available prior to 1966.

Excluding investments in and loans and advances to subsidiary and affiliated companies.

Not included among selected assets prior to 1966.

Commencing 1966 includes item 3 (b).

TABLE 7. Fire and Casualty Insurance Companies

Quarterly Estimates of Underwriting account, Investment Account, and Balance Sheet

		196	66			1967	
	1Q	2 Q	3Q	4Q	1Q	2Q	3Q
Underwriting Account	•		mill	ions of dolla	ırs		
Revenue:							
1. Net premiums written	274	343	298	316	296	377	348
2. Net premiums earned	271	291	291	319	301	322	333
Claims and expenses:							
3. Net claims incurred	169	145	171	212	176	165	211
4. All other expenses	101	118	110	119	116	127	98
5. Total claims and expenses	270	262	282	332	292	292	309
		20	9	10	9	30	24
nderwriting gain (loss)	1	29	9	-13	9	30	64
Investment Account							
nvestment income:							
6. (a) Cash dividends; (i) Companies in Canada	3	3	2	4	3	3	5
(ii) Companies outside Canada							
(b) Other investment income	13	17	15	20	16	18	17
7. Net capital gains	1		1	1	ff	1	
8. Total investment income	16	20	19	25	19	22	22
nvestment expenses;							
9. All investment expenses	2		1	1	1	1	
et investment income	14	20	18	24	18	21	22
				~,			
Assets ¹							
1. Demand deposits					111		0.0
(a) In chartered banks (b) In other institutions	57 16	67 18	81 19	86 17	56 17	69	83 1 f
2. Foreign currency	3	1	2	1			
3. Investments:		_ ^		-			
(a) Investments in Canadian securities:							
(i) Canada treasury bills (ii) Government of Canada	11 465	12 487	16 504	23 487	18 478	14 475	18 480
(iii) Provincials	320	332	340	365	383	398	431
(iv) Municipals (v) Sales finance paper ¹	117	118	125	127	130	134	137
(vi) Commercial paper ²	27	28	34	30	17	15	1
(vii) Term deposits in chartered banks ²							2:
(ix) Corporate bonds and debentures	200	211	225	232	256	274	266
(x) Collateral loans (b) Mortgages	17	18	18	18	19	19	20
(c) Preferred and common shares	208	224	241	259	273	290	300
(d) Investments in and advances to subsidiaries ²	92	92	94	98	99	102	85
4. Real estate	38	35	36	39	40	40	4
5. Amounts due from: (a) Other insurance companies ²					6.1		3
(b) Agents and uncollected premiums ²							22
6. Deposits with reinsurers	11	9	9	11	11	12	
7. All other assets	244	291	273	260	279	316	5:
9. Total assets	1,826	1,943	2,018	2,053	2,076	2,173	2,250
Liabilities ^{1, 2}					17		
1. Unearned premiums							73
4. Provision for unpaid claims	1						622
5. Amounts due to: (a) Other insurance companies							2
(b) Agents and return premiums payable							
6. Taxes due and accrued							3
7. Deposits by reinsurers							23
9. All other liabilities							38
Shareholders' equity and head office accounts							
I. Paid-in capital							72
2. Reserves:					1		-
(a) Investment, contingency and general reserves							30 28
(b) Additional policy reserves (c) Hail insurance reserve							20
3. Retained earnings							26
4. Head office accounts							37
							2,25
5. Total liabilities, equity and head office accounts							2,401

Amounts are stated at book values, and include all assets in respect of business in Canada. Out-of-Canada assets, liabilities, and retained earnings of Canadian companies have been omitted where possible.

Detail not available prior to third quarter 1967.

CONTENT OF GROUPS

Trust Companies

This group includes all companies incorporated under the Trust Companies Act of Canada and corresponding provincial acts. Many of these companies are heavily engaged in mortgage lending as well as in the management of estate, trust and agency funds and other financial activities permitted under the federal and provincial trust companies acts.

The balance sheet data shown for this group includes both company funds (shareholders' equity) and guaranteed funds originating from deposits and the sale of certificates. Estate, trust and agency funds are not included.

Mortgage Loan Companies

This group consists of those companies which raise funds from the public (directly or through publicly owned parent companies) primarily for mortgage lending. It includes all companies incorporated under the Dominion Loan Companies Act, savings certificate companies and other institutional lenders engaged principally in mortgage lending. Privately financed mortgage companies are not included. They will be incorporated in one of the other financial groups to be published at a later date.

Sales Finance and Consumer Loan Companies

In general, sales finance companies are in the business of financing durable sales at the factory or wholesale levels and at the retail level. Consumer loan companies lend money to persons on the security of promissory notes with additional security frequently being provided by chattel mortgages on the goods purchased. Consumer loan companies include companies operating under the provisions of the Small Loans Act, and affiliated companies engaged in personal loans.

There is a close relationship between sales finance companies and consumer loan companies. Many carry out both sales financing and loan activities, while some engage primarily in one and have a wholly-owned subsidiary engaged in the other. Since consolidated returns are received from some of these companies, it was decided to include both sales finance and consumer loan companies in one table.

Sales finance companies which are whollyowned subsidiaries of merchandising and manufacturing companies and finance only the sales of their parent company are not included in these tables. Also excluded are companies primarily engaged in loans to business, such as factoring companies and investment companies, and companies lending to home owners for home improvements. Insofar as possible, the companies in this group are the same as those covered in the DBS publication, Credit Statistics. The footnote to Table 3, and the definition in the text of the item "accounts and notes receivable" show the relationship between this item, as reported in Credit Statistics and in this publication.

Mutual Funds

This group includes those firms which have their major assets invested in a portfolio of various types of securities and in which the public may purchase any desired number of shares at a price fixed in relationship to net asset value, and redeem any number of shares held at net asset value. Because the number of outstanding shares constantly changes with purchases and redemptions of shares by each individual investor, the companies in this group are also referred to as open-end funds.

Included in this survey are those companies whose shares are available to the public through the companies' own salesmen or agents, or through stock brokers, trust companies or other managers of funds. Excluded are those funds set up to operate a pension plan, special non-resident owned funds, funds which invest only in the shares of other mutual funds, investment clubs, and other investment companies the shares of which are not available to the general public.

Closed-end Funds

The main difference between this group and the mutual funds is the fact that shares of closedend companies are not redeemable by the company at net asset value. Share capital is set up as in an ordinary limited corporation. Once the shares have been offered to the public, the number of outstanding shares remains constant. Shares of such corporations may be purchased only from existing holders and owners of such shares must find a buyer if they wish to sell their shares. Such companies are called closed-end funds to distinguish them from the mutual funds or open-end funds.

Closed-end funds have a common feature with mutual funds in that their major assets consist of investments in securities. Investment policies and objectives of many of the closed-end funds are also similar to those of the mutual funds. However, when an investment corporation exists primarily to gain control and provide management it is excluded from the totals and will be included in another group. Because of the various degrees between these two objectives - investment or control - and also because objectives often change, it is difficult to precisely define this group. We have, therefore, closely followed the group of closed-end funds found in the Financial Post Survey of Investment Funds. The user of these data is warned however, that reclassification into or out of this industry of few companies could change drastically the published totals.

Investment Dealers

This group includes firms which act as principals in the underwriting and trading of securities. Stockbrokers and, where possible, the brokerage business of investment dealers are excluded. Where investment dealers do not maintain separate accounts for their brokerage business, total operations of the firm are included but the effect on the data is believed to be small.

Investment dealers do not report all balance sheet items, and total reported assets therefore do not equal total reported liabilities. Shareholders' equity, certain types of receivables and minor asset and liability items are not reported. The omission of these receivables is the largest single cause of difference between total reported assets and total reported liabilities.

Fire and Casualty Insurance Companies

Included in this group are fire and casualty insurance companies, including Canadian reinsurance companies, operating in Canada under the Canadian and British Insurance Companies Act, the

Foreign Insurance Companies Act, and corresponding provincial legislation. Accident and Sickness Branches of life insurance companies are not included, nor are the numerous but very small local or parish mutual companies.

It should be noted that the quarterly figures are not directly comparable to annual data as reported by the Department of Insurance and several other published sources. There are three significant differences, and these are as follows:

- (1) quarterly underwriting data are reported net of all reinsurance, whether licensed or unlicensed; for annual statement purposes, data for British and Foreign companies are reported net of licensed or registered reinsurance only;
- (2) in the quarterly survey, earned and unearned premiums may be reported on either an 80% or 100% basis, whereas for annual statement purposes an 80% reserve is generally used;
- (3) companies in the quarterly survey are requested to report assets at book values, while annual data for British and Foreign companies are reported at market values as determined by the Department of Insurance.

DEFINITION OF ITEMS

Noted below are items where special problems of interpretation may exist.

A. Trust Companies and Mortgage Loan Companies Item 3 – Investments

Investments are at book value. Prior to fourth quarter, 1966, part of these investments are shown after deduction of investment reserves, since some companies reported investments before deduction of investment reserves and other companies reported them net of reserves. Item 3(a)(x), collateral loans, consists largely of call loans and day-to-day loans to investment dealers. Item 3(d), foreign investments, consists largely of short-term securities such as United States treasury bills.

Item 11 - Demand deposits and demand certificates

This item contains those deposits and certificates which can be withdrawn or cashed on demand.

Item 12—Term deposits, guaranteed investment certificates, instalment certificates and debentures

This item contains deposits which cannot be withdrawn without a waiting period, and certificates and debentures for which there is an agreement covering a specific period. The certificates and debentures can be for any number of years, with the most common term being from three to five years.

Item 22 - Investment reserves

As stated under item 3-investments, prior to fourth quarter, 1966, some companies included investment reserves in the reported total of general, investment and special reserves, while others deducted these reserves directly from the appropriate investment category. Although transfers from surplus to reserves may take place at any time, there is a tendency for these transfers to be concentrated at the fiscal year-end, which accounts for the increase in this item in the fourth quarter.

Item 24 A - Net Accruals, payables and retained

Prior to fourth quarter, 1966, a number of companies did not make quarterly calculations of interest accrued on investments or on obligations. They therefore were not able to report these items, or to report their retained income, which is dependent on these calculations. The total of assets, excluding receivables, is obtained and the balancing item on the liability side is net accruals, payables and retained earnings. Total assets are therefore understated by the amount of receivables.

B. Sales Finance and Consumer Loan Companies

Item 2-Accounts and notes receivable

The questionnaire used in the survey requests only the total of accounts and notes receivable. The Dominion Bureau of Statistics publication, *Credit Statistics* contains more detail on these receivables

and this information is given in the footnote to the table. Item (b) of the footnote, other receivables, is the difference between the receivables reported in the balance sheet survey and the receivables reported in *Credit Statistics*. A small part of this difference is due to the inclusion in consolidated returns of the receivables of subsidiaries engaged in other activities. Primarily however, it is made up of inventory financing, capital loans, other types of non-personal loans and sampling errors.

Item 11 – Total liabilities to parent and associated companies

Several of the larger consumer loan companies are owned by foreign parents or by Canadian incorporated sales finance companies, and an important part of their funds is supplied by loans from those parent companies. Since these loans are inter-company transactions they are eliminated when consolidated reports are filed. This item would therefore be larger if non-consolidated reports were received from all companies.

Item 13 - Short-term loans and notes payable

Demand and short-term notes represent an important source of funds to sales finance and consumer loan companies. They are sold, either directly or through investment dealers, to corporations, governments, foreign buyers and persons with short-term funds to invest, and are one of the major money-market instruments.

Item 15(a) - Dealers' credit balances

When an automobile dealer sells customers' paper to sales finance companies, under most agreements the dealer is liable for any default and the sales finance company customarily witholds part of the purchase price. This item represents the total amount so withheld.

Item 17(a)—Unearned income and other deferred credits

When loans are made it is customary to show under accounts and notes receivable the total which must be repaid, including all interest and other charges. The unearned portion of these charges is included in this item.

C. Mutual Funds and Closed-end Funds

Item 5 - Investment Portfolio

Investment in securities represents the major assets for these groups. There is a particular interest in the market value of the portfolio since the price of mutual fund shares depends directly on this value. The price of closed-end fund shares also has a close relationship to the market value of the portfolio. For this survey, therefore, the portfolio is shown at both cost price and market value.

Item 20 - Paid-in capital

Included in this item are all the contributions made by shareholders including share capital, capital or paid-in surplus, capital redemption reserves, etc.

Item 3 - Unrealized appreciation

This item is the difference between the value of the portfolio at market price and its cost price.

D. Investment Dealers

ltem 1 - Cash on hand and on deposit

Included in this item are demand and term leposits with banks and other institutions. Short-term notes of chartered banks and guaranteed investment certificates are also included, as are foreign currency and swapped deposits.

Item 2 — Securities owned or managed by the firm

The major assets of investment dealers are various types of securities. Since the accounting practices of investment dealers often differ from the practices of other types of firms in respect to security accounts, dealers are requested to report their securities in the following manner:

- (1) Securities should be reported at book value.
- (2) Securities outstanding under buy-back agreements should be excluded. This avoids duplication, since the owner of the securities is requested to report them.
- (3) Securities held under seil-back agreements should be included. This follows the rule that the owner should report the securities.
- (4) Short positions should be deducted from long positions.
- (5) Securities sold on an "if, as and when" basis should be omitted.
- (6) Borrowed securities should not be included in reported inventory.
- (7) The accounting of security transactions may differ at any specific point in time, depending on which accounting basis is employed. By using:
 - (a) Trade date securities are entered on the accounts on the date that a buy or sell agreement or committment was made.
 - (b) Value date securities are entered on the accounts on the date that settlement of the transactions was due.
 - (c) Delivery date securities are entered on the accounts on the date that delivery of the securities took place.

Generally, value and delivery dates coincide. Since financial institutions usually use the delivered date for accounting purposes, investment dealers are requested to use delivery date as well for reporting inventories of securities to DBS in order to have the securities counted in the statistics.

Items 4 and 5 - Short-term loans and notes payable

4(a) includes short-term and day-to-day loans from chartered banks in Canadian currency. Loans from subsidiary and affiliated companies are reported in 5(a), and all other loans, excluding buy-backs, are reported in 5(b).

Item 6 - Securities outstanding under buy-back agreements

Investment dealers raise funds through buy-back (re-purchase) agreements with various financial institutions, non-financial corporations and government agencies. Dealers generally regard the transactions as loans, but since the other parties to this type of transaction treat the securities as owned, dealers have been requested to exclude buy-backs from borrowing and to exclude the underlying securities from inventory reported. The amount of securities outstanding under these buy-back agreements is reported in Item 6

E. Fire and Casualty Insurance Companies

Underwriting account: All items in this account

are reported net of all reinsurance ceded, whether licensed or unlicensed.

Item 2-Net premiums earned

Net premiums earned and unearned premiums may be reported either using an 80% or 100% basis for calculating reserves.

Assets: All companies, including British and Foreign companies, are requested to report assets at book values. The data include all assets related to the companies' business in Canada. Out-of-Canada assets of Canadian companies are excluded where possible.

QUALITY AND COVERAGE OF THE ESTIMATES

As a result of full cooperation by the surveyed corporations and the relatively small number of companies in each of the published groups, coverage in terms of assets is very high for each of the groups in this publication. The estimates for all companies contained here will therefore contain relatively small sampling errors. There may be some errors in individual items due to differences in accounting

practices of companies. A complete description of the procedures of estimation used will be given in a later publication.

Where available, the tables will carry figures for the thirteen most recent quarters. The figures are published in one million dollar amounts.

OTHER SOURCES OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Included among the more valuable sources of background information are:

Report of the Royal Commission on Banking and Finance, 1964

The Financing of Economic Activity in Canada, by Wm. C. Hood, for the Royal Commission on Canada's Economic Prospects

Additional financial statistics on the companies and industries included in this report are available in the following publications:

Report of the Superintendent of Insurance for Canada: Loan and Trust Companies (annual)

Report of the Superintendent of Insurance for Canada: Small Loan Companies and Money Lenders (annual)

Report of the Ontario Registrar of Loan and Trust Corporations (annual) Summary of Financial Statements filed within the office of the Inspector of Trust Companies for the Province of Quebec (annual)

Department of National Revenue Taxation Statistics (annual)

Bank of Canada Statistical Summary (monthly)
Dominion Bureau of Statistics Credit Statistics
(monthly)

Financial Post Survey of Industrials (annual) Financial Post Survey of Investment Funds (annual)

Report of the Superintendant of Insurance for Canada: Volume 1, Abstract of Statements of Insurance Companies in Canada (annual), and Volume II, Annual Statements - Fire and Casualty Insurance (annual).

Canadian Underwriter Statistical Review (annual).

