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# BUSINESS FINANCIAL STATISTICS BALANCE SHEETS

Selected Financial Institutions

FIRST QUARTER 1968

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Business Finance Division

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#### SYMBOLS

The following standard symbols are used in Dominion Bureau of Statistics publications:

- .. figures not available.
- ... figures not appropriate or not applicable.
- nil or zero.
- -- amount too small to be expressed.
- p preliminary figures.
- r revised figures.

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#### Improvements to Data

#### Fire and Casualty Insurance Companies

A redesigned questionnaire was introduced in the third quarter of 1967 for the Fire and Casualty Insurance group. The new questionnaire, with considerable additional information, makes it possible; to link the income and expenses accounts with the corresponding balance sheet accounts; to determine the sources and uses of funds within the Fire and Casualty Insurance group; and to trace the contra transactions with other sector accounts.

In the third quarter 1967 report, Table 7 has been expanded to reflect the new asset, liability and equity items. In the fourth quarter 1967 report, the revenue, expenditure and retained earnings statement appears as a separate table and now reflects most of the new items on the questionnaire.

# BUSINESS FINANCIAL STATISTICS BALANCE SHEETS

#### Selected Financial Institutions

#### FIRST OUARTER 1968

The present publication contains selected financial statistics for trust companies, mortgage loan companies, sales finance and consumer loan companies, mutual funds, closed-end funds, investment dealers, and fire and casualty insurance companies. As information becomes available, the published tables will be expanded to include other insurance carriers, credit unions and caisses populaires, other companies in the finance, insurance and real estate industry and non-financial corporations.

The quarterly survey was started on the reconmendation of the Interdepartmental Committee on Financial Statistics, which represents several government departments and the Bank of Canada. The Committee found that the lack of up-to-date information on the assets and liabilities of corporations was a serious handicap to those concerned with economic and monetary policies. More complete and up-to-date information from financial institutions and non-financial corporations on the sources and uses of funds is essential in assessing such factors as the distribution and adequacy of funds available at any particular time. This corporation information will be combined with data from other parts of the economy to give a comprehensive picture of the financing of economic activity.

Although quarterly (or more trequent) data have been available for some time in areas such as banking, quarterly data for the groups in this report are new, and problems in interpreting the results may occur. For example, seasonal factors affect loans by sales finance companies, and short term commercial paper held by trust companies. Until more experience has been obtained so that deseasonalized totals can be published, each quarter's results should be related to several previous quarters. There will also be discontinuities caused by reorganisations, mergers, reclassification of companies into and out of the published industries, and other factors.

The published balance sheet material is designed to show estimates of the totals at the end of each quarter. It should be used with caution when changes from one quarter to another are being studied. At a later stage, as financial flows accounts are developed, the corrected quarterly changes will be published by industry.

This publication has been prepared in the Business Finance Division. Acknowledgement is gratefully made to the companies reporting in the survey whose cooperation has made this report possible.

TABLE 1. Trust Companies

		19	65			19	966			0.5	46 y 1		1968
	10	2 Q	3 Q	40	1 Q	2 Q	3 Q	4 Q <sup>1</sup>	1 Q	2 Q	3 Q	4 Q	1Q
						millio	ons of do	llars					
Assets 1. Cash on hand and on deposit:				614		4	311			-			
(a) In Canadian dollars:  (i) Cash and bank deposits	47	60	53	84	79	74	65	73	53	49	41	79	40
(ii) Cash in other institutions	4	3	3	7	2	2	4	2	4	4	4	4	5
2. Foreign currency	1	2	6	8	8	7	13	13	11	15	8	11	36
3. Investments: (a) Investments in Canadian securities:											i		
(i) Government of Canada treasury bills	12 374	10 376	5	12 375	13 390		391	16 422	13 399	6	12	10	29
(li) Other Government of Canada debt(iii) Provincial government debt	192	205	371 189	195	197	200	209	229	260	421 284	424 285	445 286	468 265
(iv) Municipal government debt(v) Short-term notes of sales finance com-	149	147	136	126	129	119	122	127	143 160	127	119	112	118
(vi) Commercial paper of other companies <sup>2</sup>	366	394	292	208	333	303	319	64	142	102	94	50	54
(vli) Deposit receipts, certificates and term deposits in chartered banks <sup>2</sup>								72	62	72	142	170	109
(viii) Certificates, debentures and term de- posits in trust and mortgage loan													
companies²(ix) Corporation bonds and debentures	201	226	235	219	254	259	258	18 240	26 278	18 290	16 297	14 289	12 313
(x) Collateral loans (b) Mortgages and sales agreements:	161	104	106	108	109	107	1 28	120	128	110	114	115	142
(i) Loans under National Housing Act2	} 1,545	1,690	1,838	1,927	1,992	2,076	2,123	{ 493 1,677	500	499	496	506	512 1,952
(ii) Conventional mortgage loans <sup>2</sup> (c) Investments in Canadian preferred and com-	, ,	70							1,702	1,770	1,849	1,905	
mon shares(d) Investments in foreign securities	71	79	77	75 5	77	78 8	80	83 14	84 18	85 19	87 16	85 25	89 23
(e) Investments in sudsidiary and affiliated com- panies	19	18	20	19	22	25	31	30	33	33	33	30	32
4. Interest, dividends and rents receivable3					4.4			24	37	39	43	38	42
5. Real estate and equipment	44	45	46	46	48	50	48	46	47	52	54	52	53
6. Other assets	17	20	19	27	25	24	22	29	28	31	31	25	28
Total assets <sup>3</sup>	3, 208	3,385	3,401	3,439	3,686	3,740	3,828	3,924	4,128	4, 142	4,284	4,349	4, 456
Liabilities													
11. Demand and savings deposits:													
(a) Chequing (b) Non-chequing	519 556	568 584	551 563	55 I 564	546 578	563 564	561 545	557 539	571 537	577 550	577 588	571 591	556 605
12. Certificates, debentures and term deposits:													
Original term: (a) Less than one year <sup>2</sup>	1							612	706	591	618	625	613
(b) One to six years <sup>2</sup>	1,825	1,901	1,953	2,006	2, 198	2,270	2,364	1,784	1,833	1,951	2,006	2,082	2,173
13. Bank loans:									0.0	0.4	02	04	31
(a) Canadian chartered banks:	5	10	1.1	4	7	10	5	3	6	2	4	2	2
(i) Canadian currency	}	10	11	4	- 1	10	1		-	-		- 5	-
(b) Other bank loans <sup>2</sup>	35	40	40	37	G A	31	4.4	15	3 27	23	34	19	37
14. Short-term loans and notes payable	35	49	42	31	64	21	44	f 8	8				
15. Owing parent and affiliated companies <sup>2</sup>	6	3	4	3	2	3	3	36		10	12	11	10
16. Interest, dividends, taxes and other liabilities <sup>2</sup>	3							[ 36	65	58	63	59	71
Shareholders' equity		- 4											
21. Paid-in capital	96	99	100	101	109	110	110	114	115	116	117	119	119
22. Investment reserves <sup>2</sup>	] 137	145	147	153	154	159	160	69	70	72	73	76	77
23. Reserve fund <sup>2</sup>	J							141	141	141	141	148	148
24. A. Net accruals, payables and retained earnings	28	25	31	20	27	31	35	-	_	-	_	-	
B. Retained earnings <sup>2</sup>		- 4				4 *		12	13	14	14	11	10
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity'	3,208	3,385	3,401	3,439	3,686	3,740	3,828	3,924	4, 128	4, 142	4,284	4,349	4, 456

¹ Prior to fourth quarter, 1966 a number of companies reported investments in securities after deducting investment reserves. Currently, investments are quested to be reported at original cost with investment reserves reported in item 22.
² Detail not available prior to fourth quarter, 1966.
³ Prior to fourth quarter, 1966 total assets excludes dividends, accrued interest, and other receivables. These receivables are netted against the combined liability Items, interest, dividends and other payables, and retained earnings.

TABLE 2. Mortgage Loan Companies

		19	65			1	966			19	67		1968
	1 Q	2 Q	3 Q	4 Q	1 Q	2 Q	3 Q	4 Q <sup>1</sup>	1 Q	2 Q	3 Q	4 Q	1Q
						milli	ons of d	ollars					
Assets 1. Cash on hand and on deposit:													
(a) In Canadian dollars:  (i) Cash and bank deposits	38 8	40 8	38 5	47	40 10	36 5	22 5	31	30 2	38 3	26 5	32 6	22 6
2. Foreign currency					4	2							
3. Investments:  (a) Investments in Canadian securities: (i) Government of Canada treasury bills (ii) Other Government of Canada debt (iii) Provincial government debt (iv) Municipal government debt (v) Short-term notes of sales finance com-	3 129 44 10	121 47 10	4 109 45 10	117 39 10	8 119 46 10	4 119 45 10	110 44 10	7 118 44 10	102 55 10	6 120 52 10	124 50 11	8 125 49 11	3 113 57 10
panies <sup>2</sup>	] 11	3	5	2	9	12	11	1	12	21	6 8	7	14
<ul> <li>(vil) Deposit receipts, certificates and term deposits in chartered banks<sup>2</sup></li> <li>(viii) Certificates, debentures and term deposits in trust and mortgage loan</li> </ul>				, .	* *			5	11	8	16	17	26
companies <sup>3</sup> (ix) Corporation bonds and debentures (x) Collateral loans (b) Mortgages and sales agreements:	32 11	28 11	27 13	31 20	27 21	28 23	28 22	5 24 22	5 27 27	30 22	6 29 22	5 28 21	3 32 24
(i) Loans under National Housing Act²  (ii) Conventional mortgage loans²  (c) Investments in Canadian preferred and com-	1,093	1,693	1,796	1,827	1,845	1,881	1,932	( 1,020	132 1,828	131	1,901	130 1,945	1,957
mon shares(d) Investments in foreign securities	54	60	57 4	55 4	55	55 4	56 4	58 4	61	67 5	68 5	68 <sup>7</sup> 5	67 6
(e) Investments in sudsidiary and affiliated com-	2063	203	199	201	200	198	197	195	195	193	192	208	206
4. Interest, dividends and rents receivable4								22	20	22	22	24	22
8. Real estate and equipment	44	44	49	50	52	55	56	59	60	60	62	61	62
6. Other assets	11	18	15	15	16	16	18	16	17	20	20	21	22
Total assets <sup>4</sup>	2,199	2,290	2,376	2,426	2, 465	2,493	2,515	2,570	2,603	2,669	2,705	2,775	2, 790
Liabilities													
11. Demand and savings deposits: (a) Chequing (b) Non-chequing	151 183	157 187	155 198	162 203	148 203	1 <b>66</b> 198	161 209	165 219	168 219	173 228	169 233	15I 244	143 255
12. Certificates, debentures and term deposits: Original term: (a) Less than one year <sup>2</sup> (b) One to six years <sup>2</sup> (c) Over six years <sup>2</sup>	1,235	1,274	1,303	1,372	1,408	1,434	1,455	27 834 625	30 857 631	37 895 645	37 932 646	43 962 648	34 988 647
13. Bank loans: (a) Canadian chartered banks:	,							020	931	010	010	010	041
(i) Canadian currency	} 29	44	63	60 3	56 3	59	50 3	56 12 1	48 11	40 9 1	50 10	51 14	12
14. Short-term loans and notes payable	120	137	151	125	138	136	128	95	83	87	69	79	80
15. Owing parent and affiliated companies <sup>2</sup>	2013	201	200	205	000	200	105	176	182	177	180	179	178
16. Interest, dividends, taxes and other liabilities4	, 201	201	202	207	203	200	197	59	71	64	65	65	76
					-								
Shareholders' equity 21. Paid-in capital	116	120	120	123	121	122	123	123	123	129	130	131	130
22. Investment reserves²	1						200	30	31	33	34	36	35
23. Reserve fund <sup>2</sup>	} 100	106	107	111	111	112	113	95	96	97	97	115	116
24. A. Net accruals, payables and retained earnings*	63	63	74	61	75	63	76	_	_			_	
B. Retained earnings <sup>2</sup>	.,							53	51	53	53	57	52
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity4	2, 199	2, 290	2, 376	2, 426	2,465	2,493	2, 515	2, 570	2, 603	2, 669	2, 705	2,775	2, 790

¹ Prior to fourth quarter, 1966 a number of companies reported investments in securities after deducting investment reserves. Currently, investments are reserved to be reported at original cost with investment reserves reported in item 22.
² Detail not available prior to fourth quarter, 1966.
³ The increase in these items is caused by changes in inter-company accounts of affillated companies.
⁴ Prior to fourth quarter, 1966 total assets excludes dividends, accrued interest, and other receivables. These receivables are netted against the combined liability items, interest, dividends and other payables, and retained earnings.

#### TABLE 3. Sales Finance and Consumer Loan Companies

			19	65			19	66			196	17		1968
		1 Q	2 Q 1,2	3 Q1	4 Q1	1Q <sup>1</sup>	2Q1	3Q1	4 Q1	1 Q1	2Q1	3 Q1,3	4Q1	1 Q1,3
	Assets						mill	ions of	dollars					
1.	Cash on hand and on deposit:													
	(a) In Canadian dollars: (i) Cash and bank deposits	41	41	33	44	40	53	84	64	73	7.0	60	104	7
	(ii) Cash in other institutions	11.	1	1	1	40	1	1	2	4	76	69	104	1
	(b) In foreign currency	14	14	24	12	14	13	23	44	36	34	37	41	5
	Accounts and notes receivable*	3,361	3, 594	3,521	3,738	3,647	-,		3,693	3,7046	3,801	3,710	3,8646	3,90
	Other current assets	8	8	8	12	9	9	10	7	9	9	10	7	'
4.	Investments and advances: (a) Investments in Canadian securities: (i) Short-term notes of finance and other com-		194											
	panies (ii) Government of Canada treasury bills	10	10 17	11	4	22	10	32	11	33	10	14	26	
	(iii) Other Government of Canada debt	16	9	17	16	25	33	32	26	20	22	17	21	1
	(iv) Other Canadian bonds and debentures	59 18	57 22	23 27	16 30	14	15 33	16	8 51	35 53	22 52	10 82*	11 85	9
	(b) Investments in Canadian preferred and common		44	41		30	33	20	31	20		04	00	3
	shares (c) Investments in foreign securities (d) Investments in subsidiary and affiliated compa-	9	11	11	9 2	9 2	9 2	10	8 5	8	9	8	8	
	nies	271	242	268	277	3684	381	384	389	387	359	294	274	26
	Property, plant and equipment	34	34	37	39	31	34	35	36	36	36	36	216	2:
6.	Other assets	32	33	33	28	33	33	32	32	34	34	32	31	32
	Total assets	3,895	4,096	4,028	4,228	4,281	4,340	4,274	4,374	4,437	4,476°	4,336	4,500°	4,50
	Liabilities													
1.	Owing parent and affilated companies	425	555	580	623	650	669	694	736	746	755	683	699	69
12.	Short-term bank loans: (a) Bank loans and overdrafts (Canadian dollars) (b) Other bank loans	210 95	293 23	349 68	433 101	309 88	344 84	263 68	325 77	245 46	259 46	239 46	320 39	302
3.	Short-term loans and notes payable:													
	(a) Demand and short-term notes (Canadian dollars) (b) Demand and short-term notes (foreign currency) (c) Other short-term loans	968 184 1	965 186 2	827 190 2	734 164 13	877 161 1	942 126	950 83 1	898 93 1	1,006 95 2	965 82 1	902 92 1	865 117 1	1,04
14.	Accounts payable:											-		
	(a) Income and other taxes payable	25 139	16	19	18	16 167	19 158	136	158	167	20 164	24 137	25 158	111
15.	Other current liabilities:				100			100				101	100	
	(a) Dealers' credit balances (b) Other current liabilities	45 6	48 6	50 5	48	46 6	49 6	50 6	49 6	46 7	49 10	50 7	48 6	4
16.	Long-term debt:  (a) Debentures, bonds and notes (Canadian dollars) (b) Debentures, bonds and notes (foreign currency) (c) Mortgages and other long-term debt	773 302 7	845 269 7	844 254 7	869 303 6	885 328 3	855 358 4	880 376 3	890 376 3	915 381 3	953 372 3	960 373 2	1,001° 381° 3	943 376
17.	Other liabilities:													
	(a) Unearned income and other deferred credits (b) Pensions, trust or earmarked funds	218	230 I	238	245	238	256 1	266	266 2	279 <sup>6</sup> 2	302°	319 <sup>r</sup>	332	336
	Shareholders' equity													
21	Paid-in capital	302	308	314	331	327	343	344	349	350	358	356	363	360
22	Retained earnings	194	189	195	175	177	1245	131	122	125	134	143	141	146
	Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	3,895	4,096	4,028	4,228	4,281	4,340	4,274	4,374	4,437°	4,476	4,236	4,500°	4,50
	*Footnote:													
	(a) Specified receivables:7			1111			1							
	Sales finance companies: Consumer goods	1,022	1,091	1,124	1,131	1,121	1,176	1,204	1,184	1,142	1,182	1,161	1,137	1,11
	Commercial and industrial goods	588	643 421	673 274	665	644	679	682	668	640	665	663	649	65
	Wholesale goods	381			452	486	493	288	424	468	443	315	458	2 20
	Totals  Consumer loan companies;	1,001	2,155	2,071	2,248	2,251	2,348	2,174	2,276	2,250	2,290	2,139	2,244	2,26
	Instalment credit	57	63	65	67	67	70	72	74	72°	74°	75	78"	7:
	Cash loans	872	919	940	976	989	1,031	1,056	1,089	1,114	1,166	1,189	1,238	1,25
	Totals	929	982	1,005	1,043	1,056	1,101	1,130	1,163	1,18667	1,240	1,264	1,316°	1,33
	(b) Other receivables	494	513	505	512	4034	3285	338	324	338	343	379	373	373
	Total receivables	3,414	3, 650	3,581	3,803	3,710	3,777	3,642	3,763	3,774°	3,873	3,782	3,933°	3,97
	Allowance for bad debts	- 53	- 56	- 60	- 65	- 63	- 68	- 69	- 70	- 70	- 72	- 72	- 69	- 6
	Total receivables (net)	3,361	3,594	3,521	3,738	3,647	3,709	3,573	3,693	3,704°	3,801°	3,710	3,864	3,90

Includes outstanding liabilities in default of one company which went into receivership.

Reflects the reorganization of a company with its U.S. parent.

Data in this quarter have been affected by the consolidation of statements submitted.

These items have been affected in this quarter by the deconsolidation of statements submitted by several companies.

These items have been affected in this quarter by the write-downs of receivables held by companies in receivership.

Changes in these items have been affected by misclassifications in previous quarters and changes in reporting practices.

Detail of "Specified receivables" is taken from DBS publication. \*Credit Statistics\*\* (Catalogue No. 61-004).

"Other receivables" includes capital loans, other non-personal loans, receivables of subsidiaries engaged in other activities and sampling errors.

TABLE 4. Mutual Funds
Quarterly Statements of Estimated Assets, Liabilities and Shareholders' Equity

		19	65			19	66			19	67		1968
	1 Q	2 Q	3 Q	42	1 Q	2 Q	3 Q	4 Q	1 Q	2 Q	3 Q	4 Q	1Q
						milli	ons of d	ollars					
Assets		1		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		
1. Cash on hand and on deposit: (a) Canadian dollars: (i) Cash and bank deposits (ii) Cash in other institutions (b) Poreign currency	24 3 1	23 5 2	25 7 4	32 9 5	42 12 10	43 7 7	40 7 7	41 15 5	44 13 12	52 8 4	58 9 9	44 9 13	51 13 41
Short-term notes and bills:     (a) Government of Canada treasury bills     (b) Canadian short-term notes of finance and other	3	3	2	2	2	3	3	3	2	3	2	7	2
(c) Foreign short-term notes (c) Foreign short-term notes	48	33 1	38	31 1	44	35	27 3	37 1	31	46	57 1	67	40
3. Interest and dividends due and accrued	7	8	9	9	9	9	9	10	9	9	9	9	9
4. Amount due from brokers and other current assets	14	12	10	15	20	22	19	11	46	47	31	33	53
5. Portfolio at cost (see also Table 4 A):  (a) Investments in Canadian bonds:  (i) Government of Canada debt.  (ii) Provincial and municipal debt.  (iii) Corporate bonds and debentures.  (iv) Mortgages and agreements of sale.  (v) Other Canadian investments.  (b) Investments in Canadian shares:  (i) Preferred shares.  (ii) Common shares.	77 59 59 13 14 81 693	63 58 64 13 10 91	68 55 65 13 19	70 58 67 13 25	69 51 67 13 23 120 830	62 49 67 13 15	60 46 66 12 19 140 883	73 49 69 12 16	64 47 77 12 3	49 49 71 12	37 40 70 11 9	36 39 69 10 24 120 877	42 35 67 8 5
(c) Investments in foreign securities: (i) Bonds, debentures, mortgages, etc. (ii) Preferred and common shares	5 208	4 245	4 276	4 316	9 369	8 469	12 514	10 553	6 607	10 680	18 766	19 815	42 860
Total portfolio at cost	1,209	1,303	1,379	1, 471	1,551	1,679	1,752	1,791	1,836	1,892	1,952	2,009	2,033
6. Property, buildings and equipment					100								
7. Other assets													
8. Total assets at cost	1, 313	1,390	1,476	1,574	1, 693	1,806	1,868	1,914	1, 993	2, 061	2, 129	2,191	2, 261
Liabilities  11. Short-term loans: (a) Bank loans in Canadian currency(b) Other loans payable	1	1 1	1 1		I	1	1			1 1	1	1	
(a) Income and other taxes payable	1 27	1 20	1 12	1 9	I 18	2 27	2 22	2 15	2 30	2 40	2 32	2 34	2
3. Long-term debt	1	1	1	1						1	1	1	1
4. Other liabilities		1	1			1		1			1	4	1
Shareholders' equity													
O. Paid-in capital	1,178	1,244	1,333	1,423	1,517	1,602	1,664	1,725	1,760	1,777	1,824	1,854	1.923
2. Retained earnings	104	123	126	139	155	173	179	170	199	240	268	295	315
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	1,313	1,390	1,476	1,574	1,693	1,806	1,868	1,914	1,993	2,061	2,129	2, 191	2, 261

TABLE 4A. Investment Portfolio at Market Value

		19	65			190	66			191	67		1968
	1 Q	2 Q	3 Q	4 Q	1 Q	2 Q	3 Q	4 Q	1 Q	2 Q	3 Q	4@	1Q
1. Portfolio:						millio	ons of de	ollars					
(a) Investments in Canadian bonds:  (i) Government of Canada debt	77 59 60 13 14	63 58 64 13 10	68 54 64 13 19	69 56 65 13 25	68 50 66 13 23	61 48 66 13 15	59 43 64 12 19	72 45 67 12 16	85 45 72 12 6	48 45 67 11	35 36 66 11 9	34 34 65 9 24	40 30 61 8 5
(i) Preferred shares (ii) Common shares (c) Investments in foreign securities:	84 1,005	92 1,009	106 1,047	108 1,088	116 1,093	132 1,086	128 982	114	114 1, 146	112 1,160	106 1,185	107 1,117	101 979
(ii) Bonds, debentures, mortgages, etc	5 265	287	3 348	3 419	9 488	7 559	11 514	10 616	6 758	11 858	20 967	20 1,056	42 968
Total portfolio at market	1,582	1,600	1,722	1,846	1,926	1, 987	1,832	1, 966	2,224	2,312	2,435	2,466	2,234
. Total portfolio at cost (liem 5-Table 4)	1,209	1,303	1,379	1, 471	1,551	1, 679	1,752	1,791	1,836	1,892	1, 952	2,009	2,033
3. Unrealized appreciation (Item 1 minus item 2)	373	297	343	375	375	308	80	175	388	420	483	457	201
TOTAL ASSETS AT MARKET PRICES (Item 8, Table 4 plus item 3, Table 4 A)	1,686	1,687	1,819	1, 949	2, 068	2, 114	1,948	2,089	2, 381	2,481	2,612	2,648	2,462

#### TABLE 5. Closed-end Funds

		19	65			19	966			19	67		1968
	1 Q	2 Q	3 Q	4 Q	1 Q	2 Q	3 Q	4 Q	1 Q	2 Q	3 Q	4 Q	10
						millio	ns of d	ollars					
Assets		1				1	1	1				1	
1. Cash on hand and on deposit: (a) Canadian dollars; (i) Cash and bank deposits (ii) Cash in other institutions (b) Foreign currency	2 3	2 2	2 2	5	5 2 1	2	1	3 1 5	3 2 1	3 2 1	3	4 2 1	1 2 2
2. Short-term notes and bills:  (a) Government of Canada treasury bills  (b) Canadian short-term notes of finance and other companies  (c) Foreign short-term notes	21	2 9	1 30	1 12	1 8	28	18	1 14	1 16	9	7	9	18
3. Interest and dividends due and accrued	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	-1	1	1	1
4. Amount due from brokers and other current assets	2	1	1	1	2	1	2	1	2	2	1	2	2
5. Portfolio at cost (see also Table 5 A):  (a) Investments in Canadian bonds:  (i) Government of Canada debt  (ii) Provincial and municipal debt  (iii) Corporate bonds and debentures  (iv) Mortgages and agreements of sale  (v) Other Canadian investments  (b) Investments in Canadian shares:  (i) Preferred shares  (ii) Common shares¹  (c) Investments in foreign securities:  (i) Bonds, debentures, mortgages, etc.  (ii) Preferred and common shares⁴	6 1 9 35 385	7 1 10 1 3 33 368	6 1 10 1 34 372	6 1 9 1 36 393	7 10 10 1 6 34 403	8 1 10 1 6 38 406	10 1 9 1 6 36 419	9 1 13 1 7 43 416	8 1 8 1 6 43 422	7 1 8 1 4 46 435	7 1 7 1 4 46 440	7 1 7 1 4 49 438	6 1 6 1 3 47 439
Total portfolio at cost	464	455	461	484	500	509	520	528	530	545	550	552	548
								,	1	1	1	1	1
6. Property, buildings and equipment	2	2	4	2	2	2	2	1 2	2	3	3	3	3
7. Other assets 8. Total assets at cost	497	474	503	509	524	542	544	556	556	566	567	571	577
8. Total assets at cost	491	4.14	303	,)03	3.64	347	311	330	3.30	300	301	311	911
Liabilities													
(1). Short-term loans: (a) Bank loans in Canadian currency (b) Other loans payable	1 44	6	6	14	22	24 8	17 8	17 12	11 15	15 15	14 18	14 19	2 17
Accounts payable:     (a) Income and other taxes payable     (b) Amount due brokers and other payables	3	3	4	3	4	3	3	3	4	4	4	5	4
3. Long-term debt	31	31	30	30	29	29	29	28	29	29	24	24	24
4. Other liabilities	- 1	1	I	1	1	1	1	1	1				
Shareholders' equity													
0. Paid-in capital	204	211	238	238	238	241	246	254	254	254	25 1	251	252
2. Retained earnings	212	218	219	221	229	237	240	241	241	249	255	257	276
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity	497	474	503	509	524	542	544	556	556	566	567	571	577

TABLE 5 A. Investment Portfolio at Market Value

		19	965			19	966			19	967		1968
	IQ	2 Q	3 Q	4 Q	1 Q	2 Q	3 Q	4 Q	1 Q	2 Q	3 Q	4 Q	1Q
. Portfolio:						milli	ons of	ollars				-	
(a) Investments in Canadian bonds: (i) Government of Canada debt (ii) Provincial and municipal debt (iii) Corporate bonds and debentures (iv) Mortgages and agreements of sale (v) Other Canadian investments (b) Investments in Canadian shares: (i) Preferred shares	6 1 10 51 730	7 1 10 3 48 682	6 1 10 1 45 678	6 1 9 1	7 1 10 1 6 45 693	8 1 10 1 6 46 676	9 1 9 1 6 43 634	9 1 12 1 7	8 1 8 1 6 6 6 1	7 1 7 1 4 62 661	7 1 7 1 4	7 1 6 1 4	6 1 5 1 3 52 563
(ii) Common shares¹ (c) Investments in foreign securitles: (i) Bonds, debentures, mortgages, etc. (ij) Preferred and common shares¹	36	1 36	1 47	685 1 55	1 59	1 59	1 47	609 1 50	672 1 61	1 61	67 1 1 67	606 1 66	2 53
Total portfolio at market	834	788	789	804	823	808	751	746	819	805	818	749	686
. Total portfolio at cost (Item 5, Table 5)	464	455	461	484	500	509	520	528	530	545	550	552	548
. Unrealized appreciation (Item 1 minus item 2)	370	333	328	320	323	299	231	218	289	260	268	197	138
TOTAL ASSETS AT MARKET PRICES (Item 8, Table 5 plus item 3, Table 5 A)	867	807	831	829	847	841	775	774	845	826	835	768	715

<sup>1</sup> includes investments in and advances to subsidiary and affiliated companies.

#### TABLE 6. Investment Dealers

Quarterly Estimates of Selected Balance Sheet Items

		196	5			196	66			19	67		1968
	1 Q	2 Q	3 Q	4 Q	1 Q	2 Q	3 Q	4 Q	10	2 Q	3 Q	4 Q	1Q
Selected Items	н					millio	ns of d	ollars					
1. Cash on hand and on deposit:													
(a) In Canadian dollars:													
(i) Cash and bank deposits	28	49	68	109	33	22	7	9	14	12	31	17	1
(ii) Cash in other institutions													
(b) In foreign currency	35	2	14	3	4	3	3	1	1	6	2	1	
2. Securities owned or managed at book value:													
(a) Investments in Canadian securities:													
(i) Chartered banks' certificates of deposits'	1				f 46	78	80	44	61	33	73	57	3:
(ii) Short-term notes of finance companies1	146	136	132	214	41	42	41	50	94	56	64	62	5
(iii) Other short-term commercial paper					147	188	160	179	205	225	224	198	14
(iv) Government of Canada treasury biils	78	117	75	39	75	22	30	12	60	44	20	85	12
(v) Other Government of Canada debt:													
(a) Term less than 3 years	84	78	82	30	- 10	28	44	71	90	81	86	71	4
(b) Term over 3 years	63	5	67	- 6	- 22	5	24	64	66	17	10	56	5
(vi) Provincial government debt	69	41	49	27	28	31	65	66	90	96	58	70	7.
(vii) Municipal government debt	28	21	20	27	26	20	18	36	41	28	22	19	1
(viii) Corporation and institution bonds	50	53	45	53	43	53	39	46	43	58	42	38	25
(ix) Preferred and common shares4	27	28	17	24	17	18	18	23	19	15	17	24	1
(x) Other investments4	5	6	10	11					1	1			
(b) Investments in foreign securities	2	2	2	2	3	4	2	10	3	6	6	4	
3. Loans and advances:													
(a) Short-term loans to subsidiary and affiliated companies	4	1	1	2	2	1		1	2	1	2	3	4
(b) Other short-term loans and advances receivable <sup>5</sup>					70	47	56	34	37	48	76	45	4.
Total selected assets°	619	540	582	534	501	563	587	647	828	727	733	751	65
										1 2			
4. Bank loans:			ĺ										
(a) Bank loans and overdrafts in Canadian currency					∫ 296	410	395	482	559	524	550	548	50
(b) Other bank loans <sup>3</sup>	295	326	402	374	4	6	4	10	8	13	20	30°	3
5. Short-term ioans and notes payable:													
(a) Short-term loans from subsidiary and affiliated companies	7	6	12	13	16	14	15	11	12	8	8	9	
(b) Other loans and notes, excluding buy-backs	300	207	183	152	182	136	172	132	225	179	166	134 <sup>r</sup>	15
Total selected liabilities	602	539	597	538	498	566	587	635	803	725	744	722	70
6. Total securities outstanding under buy-back agreements	189	236	178	97	103	106	152	140	109	131	110	127	10

Prior to 1966 includes some chartered banks' certificates of deposits which are included from first quarter, 1966 in item 2 (a) (i).
Net of short positions and excluding securities outstanding under buy-back agreements.
Detail not available prior to 1966.
Excluding investments in and loans and advances to subsidiary and affiliated companies.
Not included among selected assets prior to 1966.
Commencing 1966 includes item 3 (b).

#### TABLE 7. Fire and Casualty Insurance Companies

Quarterly Estimates of Assets, Liabilities, Shareholders' Equity and Head Office Accounts

		19	66			15	967		1968
	1 Q	2 Q	3 Q	4 Q	IQ	2 Q	3 Q	4 Q	1 Q
	1	l l		mill	ions of do	lars			
Assets <sup>1</sup>		1							
1. Demand deposits:		_						:	
(a) In chartered banks	66	76	92	97	66	79	89	104	5
(b) In other institutions	14	17	16	16	16	12	12	8	
2. Foreign currency	2	1	2	1					
3. Investments:									
(a) Investments in Canadian securities:  (i) Canada treasury bills	8	9	13	16	13	11	13	17	1
(ii) Government of Canada	473	499	515	509	508	499	502	515	53
(iii) Provincials	314	327	335	360	381	390	426	434	44
(iv) Municipals	124	125	129	137	140	143	147	155	15
(v) Sales finance paper <sup>2</sup>	1							1	
(vi) Commercial paper <sup>1</sup>	26	24	30	27	15	13	8 I3	5 12	1
(vii) Term deposits in chartered banks <sup>2</sup>							20	24	1:
(viii) Term deposits with trust and mortgage companies <sup>2</sup>							14	14	1
(ix) Corporate bonds and debentures	191	196	206	216	235	250	250	262	26
(x) Collateral loans	1	2	2	1	3	1	2	1	
(b) Mortgages	19	20	21	21	22	22	24	26	2
(c) Preferred and common shares	194	210	225	244	257	270	281	292	29
(d) Investments in and advances to subsidiaries <sup>2</sup>	134	210	240	GII	201	2.10	2	3	
(e) Investments in foreign securities	79	81	82	86	92	90	80	82	8
4. Real estate	37	35	36	39	40	39	42	38	3
	31	30	30	30	10	33	10	00	
5. Amounts due from:							20	24	2
(a) Other insurance companies <sup>2</sup>							30 238	34 220	24
(b) Agents and uncollected premiums <sup>2</sup>									
6. Deposits with reinsurers	10	9	8	10	1 I	13	5	3	'
7. All other assets	244	286	272	259	284	316	50	58	60
9. Total assets	1,802	1,917	1,985	2,041	2,082	2,150	2,246	2,304	2,31
Liabllities1.2									
							709	710	699
1. Unearned premiums									
4. Provision for unpaid claims							627	667	679
5. Amounts due to:									
(a) Other insurance companies							32	42	2:
(b) Agents and return premiums payable							3	6	;
6. Taxes due and accrued							31	34	28
7. Deposits by reinsurers							34	33	31
9. All other liabilities							48	53	7
Shareholders' equity and head office accounts									
. Paid-in capital							86	90	8
Reserves:									
(a) Investment, contingency and general reserves							32	39	4
(b) Additional policy reserves							14	12	1
(c) Hail insurance reserve							2	2	
Retained earnings							265	282	28
							363	335	34
4. Head office accounts							303	333	24
5. Total liabilities, equity and head office accounts							2,246	2,304	2,31

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Amounts are stated at book values, and include all assets in respect of business in Canada. Out-of-Canada assets, liabilities, and retained earnings of Canadian companies have been omitted where possible.

<sup>2</sup> Detail not available prior to third quarter, 1967.

#### TABLE 8. Fire and Casualty Insurance Companies

Quarterly Estimates of Revenue, Expenses and Retained Earnings

		196	66			196	7		1968
	1Q	2Q	3Q	49	1Q	2Q	3Q	4Q	1Q
				mitti	ons of doll	ars			
Revenue, expenses, and retained earnings accounts									
81. Net premiums written	271	333	292	323	295	367	349	342	319
Deduct:									
2. Changes in unearned premiums and additional policy reserves	4	50	8	- 2	- 5	54	9	- 1	- 1
3. Net premiums earned	267	283	284	325	300	313	340	343	336
Deduct:									
The state of the s									
4. Net claims incurred	167	143	167	216	176	161	213	237	21
5. Other underwriting expenses	99	114	107	120	114	123	97	1 28	11
6. Underwriting gain	1	26	10	- 11	10	29	30	- 22	
7. Add:									
7. Profit on investment account	14	19	17	23	18	20	23	24	2
R. Profits accruing to Canadian companies from foreign branch operations									
9. Profit on sale or maturity of assets				1	4.0	1		- 2	-
O. Other income <sup>1</sup>									
Deduct:									
1. Income taxes1							11	6	
2. Dividends declared <sup>1</sup>		- 1					2	1	
3. Transfers to (from) head office <sup>1</sup>							4	- 5	-
4. Transfers to reserves <sup>1</sup>				- 1				7	
5. Other charges (credits) <sup>1</sup>								2	
Add:									
6. Retained earnings (including head office accounts) at begin-									
ning of quarter 1							592	628	61
7. Retained earnings (including head office accounts) at end of quarter <sup>1</sup>	10	1 -					628	617	62

Detail not available prior to third quarter, 1967.

#### CONTENT OF GROUPS

#### **Trust Companies**

This group includes all companies incorporated under the Trust Companies Act of Canada and corresponding provincial acts. Many of these companies are heavily engaged in mortgage lending as well as in the management of estate, trust and agency funds and other financial activities permitted under the federal and provincial trust companies acts.

The balance sheet data shown for this group includes both company funds (shareholders' equity) and guaranteed funds originating from deposits and the sale of certificates. Estate, trust and agency funds are not included.

#### Mortgage Loan Companies

This group consists of those companies which raise funds from the public (directly or through publicly owned parent companies) primarily for mortgage lending. It includes all companies incorporated under the Dominion Loan Companies Act, savings certificate companies and other institutional lenders engaged principally in mortgage lending. Privately financed mortgage companies are not included. They will be incorporated in one of the other financial groups to be published at a later date.

#### Sales Finance and Consumer Loan Companies

In general, sales finance companies are in the business of financing durable sales at the factory or wholesale levels and at the retail level. Consumer loan companies lend money to persons on the security of promissory notes with additional security frequently being provided by chattel mortgages on the goods purchased. Consumer loan companies include companies operating under the provisions of the Small Loans Act, and affiliated companies engaged in personal loans.

There is a close relationship between sales finance companies and consumer loan companies. Many carry out both sales financing and loan activities, while some engage primarily in one and have a wholly-owned subsidiary engaged in the other. Since consolidated returns are received from some of these companies, it was decided to include both sales finance and consumer loan companies in one table.

Sales finance companies which are whollyowned subsidiaries of merchandising and manufacturing companies and finance only the sales of their parent company are not included in these tables. Also excluded are companies primarily engaged in loans to business, such as factoring companies and investment companies, and companies lending to home owners for home improvements. Insofar as possible, the companies in this group are the same as those covered in the DBS publication. Creait Statistics. The footnote to Table 3, and the definition in the text of the item "accounts and notes receivable" show the relationship between this item, as reported in *Credit Statistics* and in this publication.

#### **Mutual Funds**

This group includes those firms which have their major assets invested in a portfolio of various types of securities and in which the public may purchase any desired number of shares at a price fixed in relationship to net asset value, and redeem any number of shares held at net asset value. Because the number of outstanding shares constantly changes with purchases and redemptions of shares by each individual investor, the companies in this group are also referred to as open-end funds.

Included in this survey are those companies whose shares are available to the public through the companies' own salesmen or agents, or through stock brokers, trust companies or other managers of funds. Excluded are those funds set up to operate a pension plan, special non-resident owned funds, funds which invest only in the shares of other mutual funds, investment clubs, and other investment companies the shares of which are not available to the general public.

#### Closed-end Funds

The main difference between this group and the mutual funds is the fact that shares of closedend companies are not redeemable by the company at net asset value. Share capital is set up as in an ordinary limited corporation. Once the shares have been offered to the public, the number of outstanding shares remains constant. Shares of such corporations may be purchased only from existing holders and owners of such shares must find a buyer if they wish to sell their shares. Such companies are called closed-end funds to distinguish them from the mutual funds or open-end funds.

Closed-end funds have a common feature with mutual funds in that their major assets consist of investments in securities. Investment policies and objectives of many of the closed-end funds are also similar to those of the mutual funds. However, when an investment corporation exists primarily to gain control and provide management it is excluded from the totals and will be included in another group. Because of the various degrees between these two objectives - investment or control - and also because objectives often change, it is difficult to precisely define this group. We have, therefore, closely followed the group of closed-end funds found in the Financial Post Survey of Investment Funds. The user of these data is warned however, that reclassification into or out of this industry of few companies could change drastically the published totals.

#### Investment Dealers

This group includes firms which act as principals in the underwriting and trading of securities. Stockbrokers and, where possible, the brokerage business of investment dealers are excluded. Where investment dealers do not maintain separate accounts for their brokerage business, total operations of the firm are included but the effect on the data is believed to be small.

Investment dealers do not report all balance sheet items, and total reported assets therefore do not equal total reported liabilities. Shareholders' equity, certain types of receivables and minor asset and liability items are not reported. The omission of these receivables is the largest single cause of difference between total reported assets and total reported liabilities.

#### Fire and Casualty Insurance Companies

Included in this group are fire and casualty insurance companies, including Canadian reinsurance companies, operating in Canada under the Canadian and British Insurance Companies Act, the Foreign Insurance Companies Act, and corresponding provincial legislation Accident and Sickness Branches of life insurance companies are not included, nor are the numerous but very small local or parish mutual companies

It should be noted that the quarterly figures are not directly comparable to annual data as reported by the Department of Insurance and several other published sources. There are three significant differences, and these are as follows:

- (1) quarterly underwriting data are reported net of all reinsurance, whether licensed or unlicensed; for annual statement purposes, data for British and Foreign companies are reported net of licensed or registered reinsurance only:
- (2) in the quarterly survey, earned and unearned premiums may be reported on either an 80% or 100% basis, whereas for annual statement purposes an 80% reserve is generally used;
- (3) companies in the quarterly survey are requested to report assets at book values, while annual data for British and Foreign companies are reported at market values as determined by the Department of Insurance.

#### **DEFINITION OF ITEMS**

Noted below are items where special problems of interpretation may exist.

# A. Trust Companies and Mortgage Loan Companies Item 3 – Investments

Investments are at book value. Prior to fourth quarter, 1966, part of these investments are shown after deduction of investment reserves, since some companies reported investments before deduction of investment reserves and other companies reported them net of reserves. Item 3(a)(x), collateral loans, consists largely of call loans and day-to-day loans to investment dealers. Item 3(d), foreign investments, consists largely of short-term securities such as United States treasury bills.

#### Item 11 - Demand deposits and demand certificates

This item contains those deposits and certificates which can be withdrawn or cashed on demand

# Item 12—Term deposits, guaranteed investment certificates, instalment certificates and debentures

This item contains deposits which cannot be withdrawn without a waiting period, and certificates and debentures for which there is an agreement covering a specific period. The certificates and debentures can be for any number of years, with the most common term being from three to five years.

#### Item 22 - Investment reserves

As stated under item 3-investments, prior to fourth quarter, 1966, some companies included investment reserves in the reported total of general, investment and special reserves, while others deducted these reserves directly from the appropriate investment category. Although transfers from surplus to reserves may take place at any time, there is a tendency for these transfers to be concentrated at the fiscal year-end, which accounts for the increase in this item in the fourth quarter.

### Item 24 A – Net Accruals, payables and retained earnings

Prior to fourth quarter, 1966, a number of companies did not make quarterly calculations of interest accrued on investments or on obligations. They therefore were not able to report these items, or to report their retained income, which is dependent on these calculations. The total of assets, excluding receivables, is obtained and the balancing item on the liability side is net accruals, payables and retained earnings. Total assets are therefore understated by the amount of receivables.

#### B. Sales Finance and Consumer Loan Companies

#### Item 2-Accounts and notes receivable

The questionnaire used in the survey requests only the total of accounts and notes receivable. The Dominion Bureau of Statistics publication, *Credit Statistics* contains more detail on these receivables

and this information is given in the footnote to the table. Item (b) of the footnote, other receivables, is the difference between the receivables reported in the balance sheet survey and the receivables reported in *Credit Statistics*. A small part of this difference is due to the inclusion in consolidated returns of the receivables of subsidiaries engaged in other activities. Primarily however, it is made up of inventory financing, capital loans, other types of non-personal loans and sampling errors.

## Item 11 — Total liabilities to parent and associated companies

Several of the larger consumer loan companies are owned by foreign parents or by Canadian incorporated sales finance companies, and an important part of their funds is supplied by loans from those parent companies. Since these loans are inter-company transactions they are eliminated when consolidated reports are filed. This item would therefore be larger if non-consolidated reports were received from all companies.

#### Item 13 - Short-term loans and notes payable

Demand and short-term notes represent an important source of funds to sales finance and consumer loan companies. They are sold, either directly or through investment dealers, to corporations, governments, foreign buyers and persons with short-term funds to invest, and are one of the major money-market instruments.

#### Item 15(a) - Dealers' credit balances

When an automobile dealer sells customers' paper to sales finance companies, under most agreements the dealer is liable for any default and the sales finance company customarily witholds part of the purchase price This item represents the total amount so withheld.

### Item 17(a)—Unearned income and other deferred credits

When loans are made it is customary to show under accounts and notes receivable the total which must be repaid, including all interest and other charges. The unearned portion of these charges is included in this item.

#### C. Mutual Funds and Closed-end Funds

#### Item 5 - Investment Portfolio

Investment in securities represents the major assets for these groups. There is a particular interest in the market value of the portfolio since the price of mutual fund shares depends directly on this value. The price of closed-end fund shares also has a close relationship to the market value of the portfolio. For this survey, therefore, the portfolio is shown at both cost price and market value.

#### Item 20 - Paid-in capital

Included in this item are all the contributions made by shareholders including share capital, capital or paid-in surplus, capital redemption reserves, etc.

#### Item 3 - Unrealized appreciation

This item is the difference between the value of the portfolio at market price and its cost price.

#### D. Investment Dealers

#### Item 1 - Cash on hand and on deposit

Included in this item are demand and term deposits with banks and other institutions. Short-term notes of chartered banks and guaranteed investment certificates are also included, as are foreign currency and swapped deposits.

#### Item 2 - Securities owned or managed by the firm

The major assets of investment dealers are various types of securities. Since the accounting practices of investment dealers often differ from the practices of other types of firms in respect to security accounts, dealers are requested to report their securities in the following manner:

- (1) Securities should be reported at book value.
- (2) Securities outstanding under buy-back agreements should be excluded. This avoids duplication, since the owner of the securities is requested to report them.
- (3) Securities held under sell-back agreements should be included. This follows the rule that the owner should report the securities.
- (4) Short positions should be deducted from long positions.
- (5) Securities sold on an "if, as and when" basis should be omitted.
- (6) Borrowed securities should not be included in reported inventory.
- (7) The accounting of security transactions may differ at any specific point in time, depending on which accounting basis is employed. By using:
  - (a) Trade date securities are entered on the accounts on the date that a buy or sell agreement or committment was made.
  - (b) Value date securities are entered on the accounts on the date that settlement of the transactions was due.
  - (c) Delivery date securities are entered on the accounts on the date that delivery of the securities took place.

Generally, value and delivery dates coincide. Since financial institutions usually use the delivered date for accounting purposes, investment dealers are requested to use delivery date as well for reporting inventories of securities to DBS in order to have the securities counted in the statistics.

#### Items 4 and 5 - Short-term loans and notes payable

4(a) includes short-term and day-to-day loans from chartered banks in Canadian currency. Loans from subsidiary and affiliated companies are reported in 5(a), and all other loans, excluding buy-backs, are reported in 5(b).

## Item 6 - Securities outstanding under huy-back agreements

Investment dealers raise funds through buy-back (re-purchase) agreements with various financial institutions, non-financial corporations and government agencies. Dealers generally regard the transactions as loans, but since the other parties to this type of transaction treat the securities as owned, dealers have been requested to exclude buy-backs from borrowing and to exclude the underlying securities from inventory reported. The amount of securities outstanding under these buy-back agreements is reported in Item 6

#### E. Fire and Casualty Insurance Companies

Underwriting account: All items in this account

are reported net of all reinsurance ceded, whether licensed or unlicensed.

#### Item 2-Net premiums earned

Net premiums earned and unearned premiums may be reported either using an 80% or 100% basis for calculating reserves.

Assets: All companies, including British and Foreign companies, are requested to report assets at book values. The data include all assets related to the companies' business in Canada. Out-of-Canada assets of Canadian companies are excluded where possible.

#### QUALITY AND COVERAGE OF THE ESTIMATES

As a result of full cooperation by the surveyed corporations and the relatively small number of companies in each of the published groups, coverage in terms of assets is very high for each of the groups in this publication. The estimates for all companies contained here will therefore contain relatively small sampling errors. There may be some errors in individual items due to differences in accounting

practices of companies. A complete description of the procedures of estimation used will be given in a later publication.

Where available, the tables will carry figures for the thirteen most recent quarters. The figures are published in one million dollar amounts.

#### OTHER SOURCES OF FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Included among the more valuable sources of background information are:

Report of the Royal Commission on Banking and Finance, 1964

The Financing of Economic Activity in Canada, by Wm. C. Hood, for the Royal Commission on Canada's Economic Prospects

Additional financial statistics on the companies and industries included in this report are available in the following publications:

Report of the Superintendent of Insurance for Canada: Loan and Trust Companies (annual)

Report of the Superintendent of Insurance for Canada: Small Loan Companies and Money Lenders (annual)

Report of the Ontario Registrar of Loan and Trust Corporations (annual) Summary of Financial Statements filed within the office of the Inspector of Trust Companies for the Province of Quebec (annual)

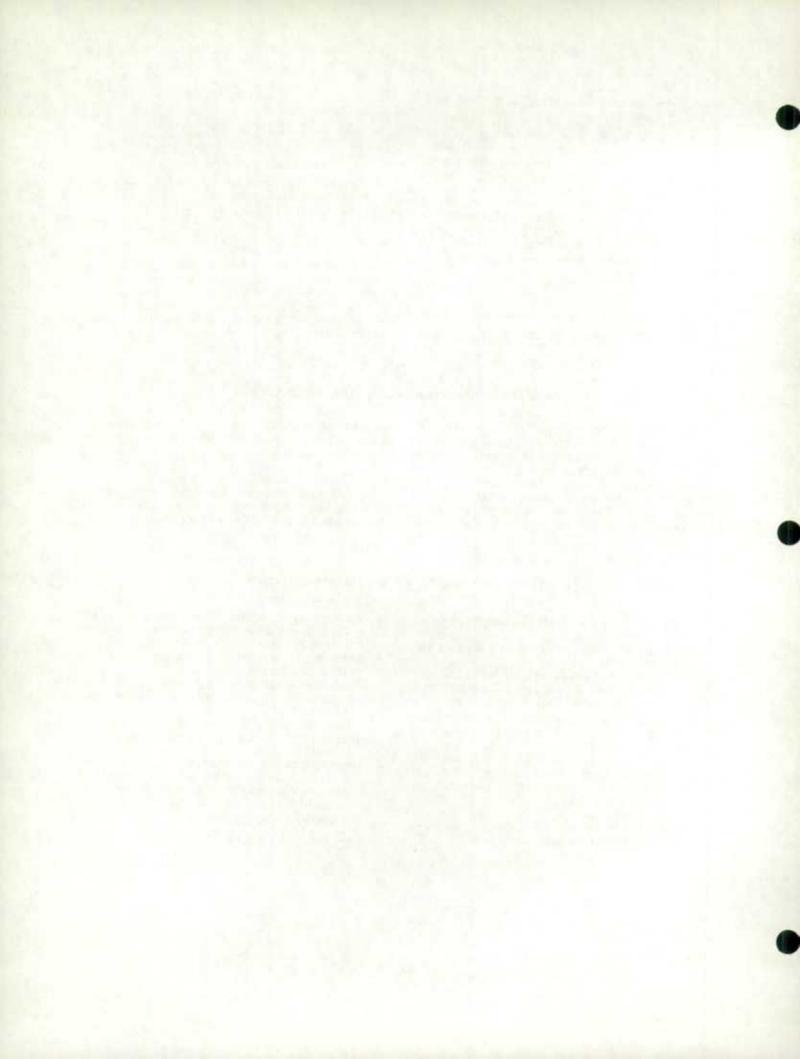
Department of National Revenue Taxation Statistics (annual)

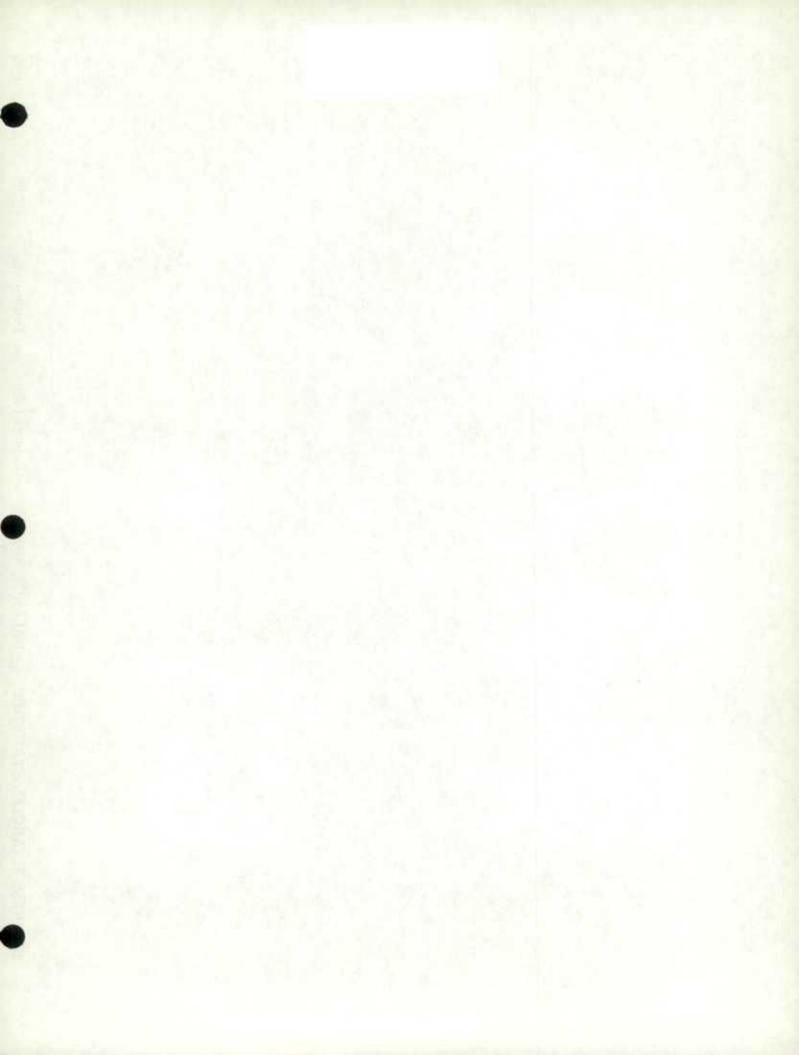
Bank of Canada Statistical Summary (monthly)
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