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| :---: | :---: |

## PRICE : YOVEMBITS, FEBRUARY, 1943

WHOL $\operatorname{ESALE}:$ The Bureau's composite monthly wholesale price index on the base $1926=100$ advanced 0.4 points to 97.5 between Janunry and Februnry 1943, due entirely to increases in vegetable and animal products. Vegetable products advanced 0.8 points to 86.9 in February on rising prices for oranges, grains, potatoes, onions, miscellaneous (hay) and rolled oats and oatmeal. Dried fruits recorded the onlr decline with a loss of 1.8 points to 91.9. Over the same period, animal producte gained 0.8 points to 105.0 , due to increnses for furs, sheepskins, livestock, fresh ment, butter, cheese, animal oils and fats and fish which more than counterbalanced further seasonal weakness in eggs. The six other principal sub-groups remained unchanged, fibres, textiles and texti:e products at 92.0; wood, wood products and maper 104.0; iron and its products 115.4 ; non- ferrous metals 79.7 non-metallic minernls 100.9 and chemicals and allied products 101.0. In incrense of 0.2 to 96.3 in the composite industrial materials index between Jnmaryr and February was dua to strength in food pricas, viz., wheat, onts, steers and hogs. The food series of five commoditios gained 1.5 points to 92.9 during the month while the manufacturing material prices section of 13 ttems and the stable group of 12 price series were steady at 82.6 and 115.6 respectively.

The Canadian finm products composite price index advanced 0.8 to 88.5 in Februnry reflecting strength for both field and animal products. Field products, on higher prices for grains, potatoes, onions and hay stiffened 1.0 points to 71.6 during the month, while animal products gained 0.6 to 116.8 on rising prices for livestock and hides and skins (sheepskins). Theve more than offset continued seasonal recessions in agg quotations.

Food prices at wholesale have shown noteworthy increases since the outbreak of war. It will be notad from the following statement that between August 1939 and December 1941. increases in nearly all prices were substantial. From August, 1939 to February, 1943 prices for 9 out of a total of 22 foods recorded further increnses over Jecember 1941, 4 were inchanged while 9 vere lower. However, advances since establishitht of the 'ceiling' were relatively small with the exception of potntoes, which were upx 61 p.c.i lard 34 p.c., and lanb and beef, on a carcass basis, $27 \mathrm{p}, \mathrm{c}_{\mathrm{o}}$, and $24 \mathrm{p}, \mathrm{c}_{\mathrm{g}}$, respectivel. . Comparison of wholesale with retail price changes for the same intervnis showed wholesnle price increases to December 1941, greater for 17 out of 22 items, smaller for 4 while in one instance, sugar, the increases were identical. By Februare, 1943 this spread had narrowed, increases in wholesale quotations exceeding retail in only 13 instancas.

PERCENTAGE INCRZASAS IN WHOLESALE PRICAS OF 22 FOOD IFITMS SINCE ATGUST. 1939.

| Commodity | $\begin{gathered} \text { December } \\ 1941 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Februnry } \\ & 1943 \end{aligned}$ | Commodityr | $\begin{gathered} \text { December } \\ 1941 \end{gathered}$ | Febrinay |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Coffee beans | 109.3 | 88.5 | Sigar, granulated | 35.5 | 35.5 |
| Cheese, new | 91.7 | 72.0 | Tomatoes, canned | 34.9 | 24.3 |
| Prunes | 66.6 | 66.6 | Potatoes | 22.9 | 97.3 |
| Veal carcass | 65.7 | 50.4 | Iggs ' A ' | 22.7 | 28.4 |
| Rolled Oate | 64.5 | 59.5 | Jasn, strawberrer | 22.6 | 0.8 |
| Butter, creamery | 55.1 | 61.6 | Milk, fluid | 21.5 | 27.2 |
| Lard | 49.8 | 100.2 | Raising | 21.2 | 14.4 |
| Tea | 49.7 | 31.5 | Flour | 19.8 | 19.8 |
| Beof, carcass | 41.7 | 75.6 | Lamb, catcabs | 18.7 | 50.6 |
| Bacon | 40.3 | 45.8 | Peas, canned | 16.2 | 12.4 |
| Pork, carcass | 39.0 | 41.0 | Bread, white | 3.3 | 3.3 |

COST OF LIVIITG: (Wartime increase 16.0 per cent -- from 100.8 to 116.9 ) The Dominion Bureau of Statistics cost-of-living index declined from 117.1 on January 2 to 116.9 on February 1, 1943. In compliance with Order-inmCouncil P.C. 6219 as amended, the price of cigarettes and tobacco in the Februnry index does not include the tax imposed on June 24, 1942. The February index reflected a decrease of 0.6 points in the Eod group and fractional declines for fuel and lighting and clothing. The food index fell from 127.3 to 126.7 due mainly to lower prices for eggs and oranges. Moderate incranses occurred for potatoes and meats. The fuel and light index fell froz 112.8 to 112.7 , and clothing from 120.2 to 120.1 . Other indexes remained unchanged ns follows: rent 111.3, home furnishings and services 117.8 , and miscellaneous items 107.5 .

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SECURITIES: Fobruare security price levels were generally abore those obtaining in Janur my, though weekler indexes indicated that the rise was vapering off. Compared with the February average, January and February month-end waskly indexes registerad practically no change for the Investors' index. Mining stocks, on the other hand, continued to advance moderately. The February month-end composite index was onemalf a point above the monthly arerage, and one point above the final Janurry level.

Led by milling stocks, 7.2 p.c. higher at 88.3 , oils up 6.9 p.c. at 67.2 , and
 p.c. advance over January. Industrial stocks averaged 4.8 p.c. higher at 75.6 whilo utilities were weaker, declining $2.2 \mathrm{p}, \mathrm{c}$. to 88.0 . Transportation issues, with a drop of 8.0 p.c. to 84.7 registered the sharpest loss in the utility group, while telephone and telagraph issues eased $\mathrm{l}_{0} 2 \mathrm{p}, \mathrm{c}$. to 92.2 and power and traction $0.5 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{c}$. to 88.0. Bank shares continued to stiffer, moving up a further 2.4 p.c. to 78.6.

As noted above, mining stocks continued to gain. From an average index level of 60.0 in Janunry the composite index for 25 mining stocks nounted 2.5 p.c. to 61.5 in February, Gold stocks were 3.8 p.c. higher at 52.0 , while base metals ndvanced about onathird that amount to 80.3 . Gold stock prices for February averaged 54.3 p.c. of premar levels (August, 1939=100) while base metals were 64.7 p.c. of the August 1939 level.

Pronounced strength for miling, power and fond issues was mainly responsible for a further advance of $2.7 \mathrm{p}, \mathrm{c}$. to 105.5 in the composite preferred stock index betweon Janunry and February. At that level preferred stocks reached their highest point since April, of 1940. Milling issues averaged 10.8 p.c. higher; power shares 7.5 p.c. and foods $5.5 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{c}$. Other series to record more moderate advances during the month were machinery and equipment and miscellaneous eacis up $2.7 p_{0} c_{0}$; pulp and paper $2.5 p_{0} c$. and ofls and building materials $2.3 \mathrm{p}, \mathrm{c}$. Registering the only dacline, tobncco shares ware off 1.2 p.c. in the same interval.

Yields of a Dominion of Canada theoretical 15-year bond averaged lower at 3.04 for February as compared with 3.05 for January, and the 1942 high of 3.07 in November. Movements were narrow, with the final week of Februart showing no change from the last weok of January. The rield moved up from 3.03 on January 27 , to 304 for February 3. This was unchanged for the 10 th, but dropped back to 3.03 for the 17 th, and remained at that point for the 24th. In index form, using the rears 1935 to 1939 inclusive as the base period, the Fiold for Februarer was 98,5 , or 0.3 lower than for Janunry. An index of representative Province of Ontario bond yields, compiled from infornation furnished by Wood, Gundy and Company, Linited, remained at 88.1 for Februarys and the average yield of the issues included was 3.10 .

Weekly Index Numbers of 30 Industrial Material Prices
(1926=100)

| Month |  | Ist Week | 2nd Week | 3rd Week | 4th Week | 5th Week |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| February, 1943 | $\ldots \ldots$ | 96.1 | 96.3 | 96.4 | 96.5 |  |
| January, 1945 | $\ldots \ldots$ | 95.5 | $\times 95.9$ | $\times 96.2$ | $\times 96.2$ | - |
| December, 1942 | $\ldots \ldots$ | 94.9 | 95.0 | 55.2 | 95.3 | 95.3 |
| November, 1942 | $\ldots \ldots$. | 95.0 | 95.0 | 94.9 | 95.0 | - |

$\times$ Revised.

Weekly Index Numbers of Canadian Farm Products
(19:5=100)

| Month |  | let Heek | 2nd Week | 3rd Wealc | 4th Week | 5th Week |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| February, 1943 | $\ldots \ldots$ | 88.0 | 88.4 | 88.7 | 88.9 | - |
| January, 1943 | $\ldots \ldots$ | 87.3 | 87.5 | 87.7 | 88.0 | - |
| December, 1942 | $\ldots \ldots$ | 86.2 | 86.4 | 87.1 | 87.2 | 87.3 |
| November, 1942 | $\ldots \ldots$ | 86.1 | 86.3 | 86.4 | 86.1 | - |


x Revised.
( $1926=100$ )
Note: Wholesale price indexes appearing in this bulletin are subject to revision,


[^1]
## COMPONBNT CLASSITICATION

( $1926=100$ )

| Commodity | $\begin{aligned} & \text { No, of } \\ & \text { Price } \\ & \text { Series } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { Yearly } \\ \text { Average } \\ 1941 \end{gathered}$ | Feb. <br> 1942 | $\begin{aligned} & : \quad \text { Dec. } \\ & : 1942 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & : ~ J a n . \\ & : 1943 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & : F \ominus b_{6} \\ & : 1943 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| VII. Non-Metallic Minerals and |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Their Productis | 81 | 95.6 | 99.3 | 100.4 | 100.9 | 100.9 |
| Clay and Allied Material Products | 10 | 93.7 | 96.3 | 101.3 | 101.3 | 101.3 |
| Coal | 13 | 108.3 | 111.6 | 113.8 | 115.3 | 115.3 |
| Coke | 4 | 121.8 | 122.5 | 122.5 | 122.5 | 122.5 |
| Manufactured Gas | 3 | 103.4 | 103.5 | 103.5 | 103.5 | 103.5 |
| Glass and Its Products | 6 | 102.8 | 104.4 | 104.4 | 104.4 | 104.4 |
| Petroleun Products | 5 | 78.9 | 85.1 | 85.1 | 85.1 | 85.1 |
| Asphalt | 3 | 103,3 | 103.3 | 103.3 | 103.3 | 103.3 |
| Salt | 4 | 123,6 | 130.6 | 130.6 | 130.6 | 130.6 |
| Lime | 4 | 108.4 | 112.2 | 112.2 | 112.2 | 112.2 |
| Cement | 1 | 104.1 | 106.5 | 106.5 | 106.5 | 106.5 |
| Sand and Gravel | 8 | 87.6 | 89.6 | 89.1 | 89.0 | 89.0 |
| Crushed Stone | 3 | 78.5 | 87.6 | 91.1 | 91.1 | 91.1 |
| Building Stone | 3 | 68.4 | 70.8 | 70.8 | 70.8 | 70.8 |
| Asbestor | 8 | 74.1 | 74.1 | 74.1 | 74.1 | 74.1 |
| VIII. Chemicals and Allied Products | 73 | 98.9 | 104.3 | 101.2 | 101.0 | 101.0 |
| Inorganic Chemicals | 22 | 89.2 | 88.8 | 89.1 | 88.6 | 88.8 |
| Organic Chemicals | 5 | 86.0 | 90.4 | 90.4 | 90.4 | 90.4 |
| Coal Tar Products | 2 | 90.7 | 91.1 | 91.1 | 91.1 | 91.1 |
| Dyeing and Tanning Materials | 10 | 131.4 | 136.4 | 136.4 | 136.4 | 136.4 |
| Explisives | 2 | 73.1 | 73.1 | 73.1 | 73.1 | 73.1 |
| Paints, Prepared | 1 | 79.7 | 82.5 | 82.5 | 82.5 | 82.5 |
| Drugs and Pharmaceutical Chemicals | - | 162.6 | 176.0 | 167.7 | 167.7 | 167.7 |
| Fertilizers | 10 | 87.9 | 88.1 | 83.9 | 83.9 | 83.7 |
| Industrial Gases | 3 | 85.1 | 83.7 | 82.3 | 82.5 | 83.2 |

## PURPOST CLASSITICATION

(1926=100)
I. CONSUNERS' GOODS (Groupe A and B)
A. Foods. Bevernges and Tobacco
B. Other Consumers' Goods
II. PRODUCRRS' GOODS (Groups $C$ and D)
C. Producers! Iquipment
D. Producers' Materials

| 215 | 91.1 | 94.9 | 97.1 | 96.6 | 96.9 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 118 | 89.5 | 95.6 | 101.6 | 100.0 | 100.7 |
| 97 | 92.2 | 94.5 | 94.1 | 94.3 | 94.3 |
| 377 | 83.6 | 87.3 | 90.0 | $90.8 t$ | 91.1 |
| 24 | 105.7 | 108.5 | 110.5 | 111.1 | 111.1 |
| 353 | 81.1 | 84.9 | 87.7 | $88.5+$ | 88.9 |

## ORIGIN CLASSIPICATION

(1926=100)

| Total Raw and Partly |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Manufactuied | 223 | 81.8 | 87.8 | 92.6 | 93.04 | 93.8 |
| Farm Origin - Field | 84 | 63.2 | 70.8 | 75.1 | 75.8 | 76.9 |
| Farm Origin - Animal | 36 | 95.0 | 99.4 | 107.5 | 106.5 $\dagger$ | 107.4 |
| Marine | 7 | 79.6 | 94.3 | 101.8 | 106.3 | 108.1 |
| Forest x | 37 | 217.1 | 126.1 | 130.6 | 133.1 ¢ | 133.1 |
| Mineral | 59 | 92.5 | 94.0 | 95.6 | 96.2 | 96.2 |
| Total Fully and Chiefly |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Manufactured | 302 | 88.8 | 91.7 | 92.6 | 93.7 | 92.8 |
| Farm Origin - Field | 83 | 86.8 | 87.9 | 88.9 | 88.9 | 89.0 |
| Farm Origin - Animal | 54 | 89.0 | 94.3 | 95.5 | 95.7 | 96.0 |
| Marine | 9 | 96.8 | 113.8 | 127.0 | 127.0 | 127.0 |
| Forest | 20 | 76.9 | 77.5 | 77.6 | 77.6 | 77.6 |
| Mineral | 136 | 98,0 | 101.7 | 101.7 | 101.8 | 101.8 |

$x$ Included both domestic and export prices.
f Revised.
(All prices given in Canadian Funds)

(A) Groundwood Pulp delivered to consumers' Mills, east of Conilnental Divide,
(exclusive of Denver).
(B) 1942-1943 Federal Tax Inciuded.

## PRICE INDEX IMMBYR SYTOPSIS

(CHARTS I, V, VI, VII \& VIII - Average of 1926 Prices=100)
(CHARTS II, III, \& IV - Average ồ 1935-39 Prices=100)


# INDEX NUBBERS OF IIVING COSTS IN CATNADA, 1913-FABRUARY 1, 1943 <br> (1935-39-100) 



(August 1939*100)

|  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Hali- } \\ & \text { fax } \end{aligned}$ | : Saint <br> : John | : Mont- : real | : Tor- <br> : onto | $\begin{aligned} & : \text { Winni- : } \\ & : \text { peg } \end{aligned}$ | Saska toon | Edmonton | : Van- <br> : couver |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1941 General Cost of Living |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| November |  | 113.7 | 114.6 | 117.2 | 115.0 | 113.1 | 116.4 | 111.6 | 112.9 |
| 1942 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| August |  | 115.8 | 117.2 | 118.7 | 116.2 | 115.0 | 117.5 | 114.1 | 115.0 |
| October |  | 115.5 | 116.6 | 119.4 | 116.3 | 114.5 | 117.0 | 113.6 | 115.4 |
| December |  | 116.2 | 117.3 | 120.3 | 116.8 | 115.6 | 118.5 | 115.0 | 116.8 |
| 1943 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| February |  | 114.7 | 115.9 | 118.8 | 115.3 | 114.1 | 116.7 | 113.5 | 114.7 |
| 1941 |  |  |  | Foods |  |  |  |  |  |
| November |  | 128.1 | 122.7 | 127.9 | 125.5 | 123.9 | 127.0 | 121.9 | 125.6 |
| 1942 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| August |  | 135.1 | 130.1 | 132.3 | 129.0 | 129.9 | 130.7 | 130.2 | 131.9 |
| October |  | 133.5 | 128.3 | 134.0 | 129.5 | 128.5 | 129.1 | 128.2 | 133.1 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { Decamber } \\ & 1943 \end{aligned}$ |  | 136.2 | 130.5 | 136.9 | 131.3 | 132.0 | 134.3 | 133.2 | 137.5 |
| February |  | 130.8 | 124.6 | 132.0 | 126.1 | 126.8 | 127.8 | 126.2 | 129.4 |
| 1941 |  |  |  | Rent |  |  |  |  |  |
| November 1942 |  | 104.2 | 107.3 | 108.3 | 108.5 | 104.4 | 113.1 | 100.0 | 99.4 |
| August |  | 104.2 | 107.3 | 108.3 | 108.5 | 104.4 | 113.1 | 100.0 | 99.4 |
| October |  | 104.8 | 107.3 | 108.3 | 108.5 | 104.4 | 113.1 | 100.0 | 99.4 |
| December |  | 104.8 | 107.3 | 108.3 | 108.5 | 104.4 | 113.1 | 100.0 | 99.4 |
| February |  | 104.8 | 107.3 | 108.3 | 108.5 | 104.4 | 113.1 | 100.0 | 99.4 |
| 1941 Fuel and Lighting |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { November } \\ & 1942 \end{aligned}$ |  | 105.9 | 109.5 | 116.3 | 117.7 | 107.1 | 107.0 | 99.4 | 111.5 |
| August |  | 105.9 | 109.5 | 114.8 | 117.7 | 107.1 | 107.0 | 99.4 | 111.5 |
| October |  | 105.9 | 109.5 | 116.3 | 117.7 | 107.1 | 107.0 | 99.4 | 111.5 |
| December $1943$ |  | 104.4 | 109.5 | 116.3 | 117.7 | 107.1 | 107.0 | 99.4 | 111.5 |
| February |  | 104.4 | 109.5 | 116.3 | 117.7 | 107.1 | 107.0 | 99.4 | 111.5 |
| 1941 |  |  |  | Clothing |  |  |  |  |  |
| $1942$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| August |  | 116.3 | 120.9 | 123.2 | 117.5 | 116.8 | 119.3 | 123.2 | 119.8 |
| October |  | 116.6 | 121.2 | 123.2 | 117.5 | 117.0 | 119.2 | 123.3 | 119.8 |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { December } \\ & 1943 \end{aligned}$ |  | 116.8 | 121.2 | 123.2 | 117.5 | 117.0 | 119.3 | 123.3 | 119.8 |
| February |  | 116.9 | 121.5 | 123.2 | 117.4 | 117.1 | 119.4 | 123.3 | 119.9 |
| 1941 Home Furnishings and Services |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { November } \\ & 1942 \end{aligned}$ |  | 114.7 | 116.1 | 117.7 | 114.2 | 115.2 | 120.2 | 117.1 | 113.0 |
| August |  | 114.7 | 116.0 | 117.6 | 114.1 | 115.7 | 119.7 | 117.1 | 113.0 |
| Ootober |  | 114.7 | 116.0 | 117.6 | 113.8 | 115.8 | 119.7 | 117.1 | 112.9 |
| $1943$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { February } \\ & 1941 \end{aligned}$ |  | 114.7 | 116.0 | 117.6 | 113.9 | 115.8 | 119.7 | 117.1 | 113.0 |
| $1942$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| August |  | 105.7 | 107.7 | 105.1 | 107.3 | 105.6 | 105.1 | 104.9 | 105.3 |
| October |  | 105.7 | 107.7 | 105.1 | 107.3 | 105.6 | 105.1 | 104.9 | 105.3 |
| December 1943 |  | 105.7 | 107.6 | 105.1 | 107.3 | 105.6 | 105.1 | 104.9 | 105.3 |
| February |  | $\begin{aligned} & 106.0 \\ & \text { COST OF } \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 109.9 \\ \text { LIVING } \\ \hline \end{array}$ | $\begin{gathered} 105.7 \\ \text { INDEX NUT } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 107.4 \\ & \text { MBERS } \end{aligned}$ | $105.7$ <br> FEBRUARY 1, | $\begin{aligned} & 105.7 \\ & 1943 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 106.7 | 107.2 |

February lst cost-of-living indexes for eight regional cities were all lower than Docember levels by amounts ranging from 1.4 to 2.1 points. Decreases varying from 3.6 per cent for Montreal to 5.9 per cent for Vancouver occurred in the foods indexes. Increased health costs, a slight advance in life insurance and higher rates for newspapers in St. John, Edmonton and Vancouver were responsible mainly for a general rise in miscellaneous itams ranging between 0.1 points for Toronto and Winnipeg and 2,3 points for St. John. In the clothing group five slight increases and one small decline were noted, while home furnishings and servioes recorded two fractional increases.




## MONTHLY INDEXES OF ANERICAN STOCK PRICES, 1942-1943. <br> (Issued by Standard and Poor's Trade Securities)

(1935-1939=100)

|  | : Composite | : Industrials | : Railroads | : Utilities |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1942-February | 69.9 | 71.0 | 68.4 | 64.5 |
| March .. | 66.0 | 67.2 | 65.0 | 60.5 |
| April | 63.3 | 64.8 | 61.1 | 56.5 |
| May. | 63.2 | 64.7 | 60.3 | 57.2 |
| June | 66.1 | 68.2 | 59.0 | 58.8 |
| July | 68.2 | 70.6 | 62.9 | 58.4 |
| August | 68.3 | 70.5 | 65.4 | 58.8 |
| Soptember | 69.4 | 71.6 | 66.7 | 59.5 |
| October | 74.2 | 76.5 | 72.7 | 63.7 |
| November | 75.2 | 77.2 | 73.0 | 66.2 |
| Decenber | 75.9 | 78.5 | 69.3 | 65.2 |
| $\underline{1943}$ - January ............... | 79.7 | 82.3 | 73.7 | 69.3 |
| February (2nd week) .. | 84.3 | 87.4 | 76.0 | 71.9 |

Indexes available to 1871.

|  | 1937 | 1938 | 1939 | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| January ......... | 95.2 | 102.2 | 97.3 | 109.3 | 100.6 | 99.4 | 98.8 |
| February ........ | 100.1 | 100.8 | 97.2 | 107.2 | 100.8 | 99.3 | 98.5 |
| Maroh ........... | 106.4 | 100.3 | 95.4 | 107.9 | 100.5 | 99.6 | - |
| April ............ | 107.2 | 97.4 | 96.3 | 105,5 | 100.6 | 99.6 | - |
| May ............... | 106.4 | 96.2 | 97.8 | 104.5 | 101.1 | 99.5 | - |
| June | 105.6 | 98.0 | 95.7 | 107.8 | 101.9 | 98.8 | - |
| July ............. | 104.4 | 98.7 | 96.0 | 107.0 | 101.5 | 98.7 | - |
| August .......... | 102.9 | 98.8 | 98.6 | 104.3 | 101.2 | 99.0 | - |
| September | 103.2 | 101.9 | 117.0 | 103.1 | 100.3 | 99.4 | - |
| October .......... | 106.2 | 99.3 | 111.9 | 102.6 | 100.2 | 99.6 | - |
| November | 105.7 | 97.4 | 108.4 | 101.9 | 99.1 | 99.6 | - |
| Deoember | 102.9 | 97.2 | 110.5 | 101.0 | 99.3 | 99.4 | - |

WEEKLY INDEX NUMBERS OF DOMINION OF CANADA LONG-TERM BONDS, 1942 - 1943

|  |  |  | Yields |  |  | Yields |  |  |  | Y1elds |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| December | 2 |  | 99.6 | January | 6 | 99.3 | February | 3 |  | 98.6 |
| " | 9 |  | 99.3 | " | 13 | 99.0 | Fobruary | 10 | ........ | 98.6 |
| " | 16 | . | 99.3 | " | 20 | 98.6 | " | 17 |  | 98.3 |
| " | 23 |  | 99.3 | " | 27 | 98.3 | " | 24 |  | 98.3 |
| 11 | 30 | ....... | 99.3 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

INDEX NUMBERS CF 30 PREPERRED STOCK PRICES, 1936-1943
$(1935-1939=100)$

| Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May | June | July | Aug. | Sept. | Oct. | Nov. | Dec. |  |  |  |  |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 90.3 | 93.1 | 92.0 | 91.7 | 90.0 | 91.9 | 95.9 | 97.2 | 101.1 | 104.7 | 109.9 | 113.3 |
| 119.7 | 121.1 | 123.8 | 124.4 | 120.9 | 119.8 | 119.9 | 122.4 | 109.8 | 99.2 | 98.9 | 97.7 |
| 100.6 | 99.0 | 93.5 | 94.3 | 96.6 | 98.7 | 105.2 | 104.7 | 98.1 | 106.2 | 105.5 | 104.8 |
| 102.5 | 101.8 | 101.2 | 95.2 | 95.3 | 98.8 | 100.1 | 97.7 | 100.5 | 107.4 | 108.7 | 110.1 |
| 110.7 | 109.7 | 108.8 | 108.9 | 96.7 | 86.9 | 89.0 | 93.9 | 99.1 | 100.7 | 103.0 | 101.7 |
| 101.4 | 97.6 | 98.7 | 97.9 | 96.3 | 96.8 | 98.5 | 100.0 | 103.2 | 102.2 | 102.6 | 100.7 |
| 99.6 | 96.8 | 95.6 | 94.5 | 95.4 | 96.5 | 95.7 | 95.8 | 95.6 | 96.2 | 97.5 | 100.4 |
| 102.7 | 105.5 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS AT MONTREAL, AUGUST 1939 AND 1940-1943

Notes The noon rates in Canadian Funds upen which these averages are based have been supplied by the Bank of danada.
(A)

| New <br> York <br> Funds | Iondon <br> Sterling | Argentine <br> Peso <br> (Paper) | Brazil <br> Milreis | India <br> Rupes |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\$$ | $\$$ | $\$$ | $\$$ | $\$$ |
| 1.0047 | 4.6327 | .2321 | .0504 | .3346 |
| +1.2050 | +4.450 | .2539 | .0557 | .5359 |
| 1.1050 | 4.450 | .2621 | .0563 | .3356 |
| 1.1050 | 4.450 | .2636 | .0571 | .5359 |
| 1.1050 | 4.450 | .2631 | .0571 | .3359 |
| 1.1050 | 4.450 | .2632 | .0572 | .3359 |
| 1.1050 | 4.450 | .2626 | .0572 | .3359 |
| 1.1050 | 4.450 | .2621 | .0572 | .3359 |
| 1.1050 | 4.450 | .2613 | .0570 | .3359 |
| 1.1050 | 4.450 | .2621 | .0569 | .3359 |

[^2](A) Unofficial.

* Based upon a theoretioal 15 year Dominion of Canada bond. Yiolds calculated by the Bank of Canada.


[^0]:    $\bar{x}$ Potatoes did not have a maximun price established until February, 1942. The increase from February, 1942 to Fehruary 1943 was only 16 poc.

[^1]:    + Revised

[^2]:    + Sinoo September 16, 1939, quotations used are the average of the dgily buying and selling rates set by the Foreign Exchange Control Board. The current buying and solling rate for sterling is $\$ 4.43$ and $\$ 4.47$ and $U_{0} S_{\circ}$ funds $\$ 1.10$ and $\$ 1.11$.

