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# PRICES \& PRICE INDEXES JUNE 1969 

# PRICES \& PRICE INDEXES 

JUNE 1969

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## SIMBOLS

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## SLAUGHTERING AND MEAT PACKING INDUSTRY AND SELECTED COMMODITY INDEXES

ANNUALLY 1958-1967; MONTHLY JANUARY 1968 - JUNE 1969
$1956=100$




## NOTES ON PRICES AND PRICE INTEX NUMBERS

## Industry Seliing Price Indexes (1956=100)

In 37 manufacturing industries, Industry Selling Price Indexes were higher in June, 2 more than the 35 increases recorded in the April - May period. Industry indexes which declined numbered 13 in June, whereas in May 17 were lower. Of the 102 industry indexes 52 were unchanged, 2 more than in the previous month.

Some of the more notable changes in June included a $6 \%$ increase in the slaughtering and meat packing industry, while price advances of 2 to $3 \%$ were recorded for the processed cheese, fish processing, carbonated beverages, paper boxes and bags, glass and glass products, and printing inks industries. Sharply lower price movements of $14 \%$ and $8 \%$ were shown for the shingle mills, and lumber mills industries respectively.

The average of the 102 industry indexes declined slightly in June to 121.8 from the May average of 121.9 . The median advanced to 120.3 from 119.4

The following table sumarizes May - June price movements by major industry group:

May to June Changes in Industry Indexes

| Major industry group | Total <br> indus- <br> tries | Increases |  |  | Decreases |  |  | Unchanged |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. | No. | Average \% | Median \% | No. | Average \% | Median \% | No. |
| All industries | 102 | 37 | 0.9 | 0.3 | 13 | - 2.6 | - 1.5 | 52 |
| Foods and beverages | 20 | 10 | 1.7 | 0.8 | 3 | - 1.3 | - 1.5 | 7 |
| Tobacco and tobacco products | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 |
| Rubber products ........... | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 4 |
| Leather products | 4 | 1 | 1.9 | (1) | - | - | - | 3 |
| Textile mills .. | 10 | 1 | 0.2 | (1) | 1 | $-2.0$ | (1) | 8 |
| Clothing and knitting mills | 4 | - | - | (1) | - | , | (1) | 4 |
| Wood products . . . . . . . . . . | 7 | 4 | 0.4 | 0.4 | 3 | $-7.8$ | -8.2 | - |
| Paper products | 5 | 4 | 0.6 | 0.2 | 1 | -0.6 | (1) | - |
| Iron and steel products | 9 | 4 | 0.3 | 0.3 | 1 | - 0, 1 | (1) | 4 |
| Transportation equipment ........... | 3 | 1 | 0.2 | (1) | - | - | (1) | 2 |
| Non-ferrous metal products ......... | 5 | 2 | 1.0 | (1) | 1 | - 1.9 | (1) | 2 |
| Electrical apparatus and supplies.. | 5 | 4 | 0.5 | 0.5 | - | - | - | 1 |
| Non-metallic mineral products ... | 8 | 2 | 1.4 | (1) | - | - | - | 6 |
| Products of petroleum and coal | 3 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 3 |
| Chemicals and allied products .. | 11 | 4 | 0.8 | 0.3 | 3 | -0.9 | -0.3 | 4 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing industries | 6 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 6 |

## (1) Not relevant.

## General Wholesale Index (1935-39=100)

The General Wholesale Index moved up 0.5 per cent in June to 284.3 from the May index of 283.0 and was 5.2 per cent higher than the June 1968 index of 270.3 . Five of the eight major group indexes were higher while three declined,

The most significant increase in June was recorded for the Animal Products Group index which rose 3.7 per cent to 338.6 from the May index of 326.5 , on higher prices for fresh and cured meats, livestock, fishery products, and milk and its products. Increases of 0.2 per cent or less occured in the following major group indexes: Vegetable Products to 238.9 from 238.4 , Textile Products to 257.1 from 256.5, Chemical Products to 219.0 from 218.5, and Iron Products to 284.3 from 284.0.

The Wood Products Group index moved down 1.3 per cent in June to 388.6 from 393.6 on lower prices for cedar, fir, and spruce. A decline of 0.4 per cent in the Non-metallic Minerals Products Group index to 210.1 from 210.9 reflected lower prices for sulphur. The Non-ferrous Metals Products Group index eased down to 258.4 from 258.7.

The following table shows some of the more noteworthy changes:


## Thirty Intustrinl Materials Price Index (1933-39=100)

The price index of Thirty Industrial Materials, calculated as an unweighted geometric average, declined 0.4 per cent to 270,6 in June from the May index of 271.8 . Prices were lower for six commodities, higher for ten and unchanged for fourteen. Principal changes included decreases for fir timber, oats, beef hides, raw sugar and sisal, while increases were recorded for hogs, domestic lead, raw wool, raw rubber, white lead and tin.

## Canadian Farm Products Price Index (1935-39=100)

The price index of Canadian Farm Products at terminal markets advanced 1.8 per cent to 282.6 in June from the May index of 277.6 . An increase of 2.7 per cent to 381.7 from 371.7 in the Animal Products index reflected higher prices for hogs, calves and raw wool on both Eastern and Western markets, for lambs in the East and steers in the West. Lower prices were shown for eggs on both markets and for lambs in the West. The Field Products index was unchanged at 183.5. Price increases were shown for oats, rye and corn on the Eastern market, and for potatoes in the West. Lower prices were recorded for potatoes in the East, and for hay, rye and flax in the West.

The Consumer Price Index for Canada advanced by 0.8 per cent to 125.9 in June from 124.9 in May. The index was 5.2 per cent above its level of 119.7 in June 1968. Almost three-quarters of the latest month's increase was attributable to a 2.2 per cent advance in the Food index and reflected the largest monthly increase in this component since July 1967. Higher rents were largely responsible for a 0.4 per cent increase in the Housing index, while general advances for most apparel items pushed up the Clothing component by 0.9 per cent. Seasonally higher travel costs was the main factor in a 0.2 per cent increase in the Transportation index. The components for health and personal care, recreation and reading, and tobacco and alcohol remained unchanged from the preceding month.

The Food index advanced by 2.2 per cent to 127.8 in June from 125.1 in May, largely on the strength of substantial increases in meat and produce prices. Over half the increase in the latest month's Food index was attributable to a twelve per cent increase in beef prices, which reflected the marked price advances at livestock markets. Pork prices increased by 5.7 per cent, while other meat items moved up by 6.2 per cent. The price of chicken, by contrast, declined by 0.4 per cent and turkey was virtually unchanged. Among produce items, onions, carrots, cabbage and celery each registered increases of ten per cent or more, while lettuce prices declined by some thirteen per cent. Most fresh fruits registered increases since the preceding month. Lower quotations were registered for bread, eggs, and margarine, while fresh milk prices advanced marginally, mainly as a result of increases in Winnipeg. Prices for butter and sugar were virtually unchanged. The June Food index stood 6.1 per cent above its level of twelve months previous.

The Housing index rose by 0.4 per cent to 124.7 in June from 124.2 in the preceding month. Rents rose by 1.1 per cent reflecting increases in a higher proportion of rental contracts that are renewed at this time of year. The largest advance occurred in Montreal, a city with a relatively high ratio of rental-to-owner occupied units. Home-ownership costs registered a marginal increase since May. Among household operation items, higher prices for household textiles, utensils, equipment and supplies contributed to a 0.2 per cent upward movement. The Housing index was 5.4 per cent above its level of a year earlier.

The Clothing index advanced by 0.9 per cent to 124.9 in June from 123.8 in May. The removal of sales on a number of items, together with higher prices on new lines contributed to increases for most apparel categories. Increased laundry, dry cleaning and shoe repair charges also contributed to the overall advance. The June Clothing index was 3.1 per cent higher than twelve months previous.

The Transportation index edged up by 0.2 per cent to 120.6 in June from 120.4 in May. Wtils the prices of new automobiles and gasoline decreased marginally, they were more than offset by seasonally higher train and bus fares. The Transportation component stood 4.8 per cent above its level of a year earlier.

The Health and Personal Care component remained unchanged at its May level of 134.2. Nationally lower prices for some toiletries nelped offset increased prices for men's haircuts in Halifax. The June 1969 Health and Personal Care index was 5.3 per cent higher than its corresponding level in June 1968.

The Recreation and Reading, and the Tobacco and Alcohol indexes each registered no change in the latest month. At their June levels, they were 6.9 and 3.7 per cent above their respective levels of twelve months previous.

The Investors Index of common stock prices decreased 6.4 per cent to 198.3 between May and June. Indexes for the three major groups as well as their respective sub-groups all fell. Industrials and Finance were both down 6.5 per cent to 198.3 and 188.6 respectively, and Utilities decreased 5.4 per cent to 182.8 . Within Industrials, indexes for the thirteen sub-groups all registered declines ranging trom 14.1 per cent for Construction to 1.2 per cent for Foods. Considerable losses were shown by Pulp and Paper down 13.5 per cent and by Primary Metals down 10.4 per cent. Industrial Mines and Chemicals were among those at their lowest for the year. In Utilities, Transportation registered the largest decrease, 7.8 per cent, while Gas Distribution followed with a loss of 6.3 per cent. In Finance, Banks decreased 6.0 per cent to 193.6 and Investment and Loan fel1 7.9 per cent to 178.1

In the same period, the index of Mining stock prices fell 7.9 per cent to 117.5 , its lowest so far this year, as Golds dropped 9.8 per cent and Base Metals decreased 6.2 per cent.

Both supplementary price indexes decreased, with Uraniums down 12.1 per cent to 172.7 and Primary O1ls and Gas down 9.1 per cent to 291.0 .

The Preferred stock index decreased 2.4 per cent to 76.9 from 78.8 .

|  | Indexes |  |  |  | Percentage changes |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1968 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1968 \end{aligned}$ | $\frac{\text { June } 1969}{\text { May } 1969}$ | $\frac{\text { June } 1968}{\text { May } 1968}$ | $\frac{\text { June } 1969}{\text { June } 1968}$ |
| Wholesale price indexes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| ladustry selling price indexes <br> (1956=100) (See textual table page) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| General wholesale index (1935-39m100) : (i) | 284.3 | 283.0 | 270.3 | 268.8 | $+0.5$ | $+0.6$ | $+5.2$ |
| Vegetable products | 238.9 | 238.4 | 231.5 | 229.1 | + 0.2 | +1.0 | + 3.2 |
| Animal products . | 338.6 | 326.5 | 294.4 | 289.2 | + 3.7 | $+1.8$ | + 15.0 |
| Textile products | 257.1 | 256.5 | 255.8 | 255.7 | + 0.2 | -- | + 0.5 |
| Wood products | 388.6 | 393.6 | 364.9 | 364.4 | - 1.3 | $+0.1$ | + 6.5 |
| Iron products .... | 284.3 | 284.0 | 276.7 | 276.7 | + 0.1 | - | + 2.7 |
| Non-ferrous metals | 258.4 | 258.7 | 259.1 | 257.8 | - 0.1 | $+0.5$ | - 0.3 |
| Non-metallic minerals | 210.1 | 210.9 | 206.2 | 206.0 | - 0.4 | $+0.1$ | + 1.9 |
| Ghemical products ... | 219.0 | 218.5 | 212.6 | 214.8 | + 0.2 | - 1.0 | + 3.0 |
| Canadian Earm products ( $1935-39=100):$ (2) | 282.6 | 277.6 | 264.5 | 260.0 | + 1.8 | $+1.7$ | (2) |
| Eastern total .......................... | 303.5 | 297.2 | 279.0 | 273.4 | + 2.1 | + 2.0 | + 8.8 |
| Hestern total | 261.7 | 258.0 | 249.9 | 246.7 | + 1.4 | + 1.3 | (2) |
| Fleld | 183.5 | 183.5 | 198.9 | 197.9 | - | $+0.5$ | (2) |
| Animal | 381.7 | 371.7 | 330.0 | 322.2 | + 2.7 | $+2.4$ | +15.7 |
| Selected price indexes: (1) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Thirty industrial materials ( $1935-39=100$ ) | 270.6 | 271.8 | 252.7 | 251.7 | - 0.4 | $+0.4$ |  |
| Residential building materials ( $1961=100$ ) | 142.4 | 145.0 | 131.4 | 130.2 | - 1.8 | +0.9 | $+8.4$ |
| $(1961=100)$ | 126.2 | 126.7 | 120.7 | 120.6 | - 0.4 | + O.I | $+4.6$ |
| Consumer price indexes (1961=100): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All-items index ................. | 125.9 | 124.9 | 119.7 | 119.3 | $+0.8$ | $+0.3$ | + 5.2 |
| Food | 127.8 | 125.1 | 120.5 | 120.1 | + 2.2 | +0.3 | + 6.1 |
| Housing | 124.7 | 124.2 | 118.3 | 117.9 | + 0.4 | $+0.3$ | + 5.4 |
| Clothing | 124.9 | 123.8 | 121.2 | 120.7 | + 0.9 | + 0.4 | + 3.1 |
| Transportation | 120.6 | 120.4 | 115.1 | 114.5 | + 0.2 | $+0.5$ | + 4.8 |
| Health and personal care | 134.2 | 134.2 | 127.4 | 127.4 | - | - | + 5.3 |
| Recreation and reading . | 127.4 | 127.4 | 119.2 | 119.2 | - | - | $+6.9$ |
| Tobacco and alcohol ..... | 125.8 | 125.8 | 121.3 | 121.3 | - | - | $+3.7$ |
| Security price indexes (1956*100): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total investors index ........... | 198.3 | 211.8 | 174.4 | 171.2 | - 6.4 | $+1.9$ | + 13.7 |
| Total industrials | 204.4 | 218.7 | 182.7 | 181.0 | - 6.5 | $+0.9$ | +11.9 |
| Industrial mines | 204.8 | 221.4 | 202.5 | 208.2 | - 7.5 | - 2.7 | + 1.1 |
| Fouds | 230.1 | 233.0 | 199.8 | 191.4 | - 1.2 | + 4.4 | + 15.2 |
| Beverages | 319.2 | 330.4 | 263.8 | 259.0 | - 3.4 | +1.9 | + 21.0 |
| Textiles and clothing | 158.1 | 175.3 | 146.1 | 142.4 | - 9.8 | $+2.6$ | + 8.2 |
| Pulp and paper ...... | 147.4 | 170.5 | 100.4 | 93.6 | - 13.5 | + 7.3 | $+46.8$ |
| Printing and publishing | 757.0 | 810.0 | 677.9 | 688.7 | - 6.5 | - 1.6 | $+11.7$ |
| Primary metals ......... | 104.0 | 116.1 | 88.0 | 87.6 | - 10.4 | $+0.5$ | +18.2 |
| Metal fabricating | 151.1 | 156.7 | 123.8 | 115.3 | - 3.6 | + 7.4 | +22.1 |
| Non-metallic minerals | 134.0 | 140.5 | 93.0 | 95.5 | - 4.6 | - 2.6 | $+44.1$ |
| Petroleun ........... | 189.5 | 195.9 | 168.0 | 163.3 | - 3.3 | + 2.9 | + 12.8 |
| Chemicals .. | 122.8 | 133.4 | 106.7 | 105.9 | - 7.9 | $+0.8$ | +15.1 |
| Construction | 109.2 | 127.1 | 77.4 | 71.3 | - 14.1 | $+8.6$ | + 41.1 |
| Retall trade. | 267.4 | 284.7 | 294.6 | 284.0 | - 6.1 | + 3.7 | - 9.2 |
| Total utilities .. | 182.8 | 193.3 | 159.0 | 154.0 | - 5.4 | + 3.2 | +15.0 |
| Pipeline. | 189.0 | 199.4 | 176.4 | 167.6 | - 5.2 | $+5.3$ | + 7.1 |
| Transportation | 254.8 | 276.5 | 189.6 | 176.7 | - 7.8 | + 7.3 | + 34.4 |
| Telephone .... | 114.2 | 119.7 | 101.9 | 101.5 | - 4.6 | +0.4 | + 12.1 |
| Electric power | 141.6 | 145.6 | 118.6 | 120.0 | - 2.7 | - 1.2 | + 19.4 |
| Gas distribution | 427.1 | 455.9 | 392.8 | 374.7 | - 6.3 | + 4.8 | + 8.7 |
| Total finance ... | 188.6 | 201.8 | 154.0 | 145.9 | - 6.5 | + 5.6 | $+22.5$ |
| Banks ... | 193.6 | 205.9 | 164.9 | 154.6 | - 6.0 | + 6.7 | + 17.4 |
| Investment and loan | 178.1 | 193.4 | 132.4 | 128.6 | - 7.9 | $+3.0$ | + 34.5 |
| Mining stocks: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| General index |  |  | 108.6 | 107.3 | - 7.9 | $+1.2$ |  |
| Golds ..... | 154.1 | 170.9 | 158.1 | 158.1 | - 9.8 | + ${ }^{-}$ | + 2.5 |
| Base metals | 97.4 | 103.8 | 81.4 | 79.5 | - 6.2 | $+2.4$ | +19.7 |
| Supplementary indexes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mraniums ........... | 172.7 | 196.5 | 257.8 | 255.7 | - 12.1 | $+0.8$ | - 33.0 |
| p:imary oils and gas | 291.0 | 320.3 | 205.5 | 189.3 | - 9.1 | $+8.6$ | + 41.6 |

[^0]
## TABLE 2. Industry Selling Price Indexes, by Industry and Selected Comonditios

$(1956=100)$

|  | Months |  |  |  | Annual averages |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Industries and selected conmodities | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ | June $1968$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1968 \end{aligned}$ | 1968 | 1967 | 1966 |

Foods and beverages industries

| Slaughtering and meat packing industry ...... | 157.8 | 148.0 | 131.6 | 126.5 | 130.5 | 130.6 | 136.5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Bacon and sides | 129.0 | 121.8 | 115.9 | 109.5 | 112.8 | 119.9 | 144.7 |
| Beef, fresh or frozen | 189.0 | 179.4 | 152.1 | 146.2 | 148.7 | 148.7 | 137.7 |
| Hams, cured | 138.8 | 130.8 | 117.6 | 112.8 | 120.9 | 117.4 | 131.6 |
| Lard | 103.4 | 101.7 | 91.6 | 93.9 | 95.0 | 110.0 | 133.4 |
| Margarine | 94.4 | 94.4 | 94.5 | 95.4 | 94.8 | 96.2 | 99.2 |
| Mutton and lamb, fresh or frozen | 188.8 | 196.9 | 183.1 | 192.3 | 147.4 | 134.8 | 133.8 |
| Pork, fresh or frozen | 158.8 | 139.3 | 125.1 | 113.2 | 126.1 | 119.1 | 134.0 |
| Poultry, fresh or frozen | 82.3 | 82.3 | 79.9 | 79.9 | 79.5 | 81.9 | 90.2 |
| Sausages, fresh .... | 147.7 | 136.2 | 126.2 | 124.9 | 126.3 | 130.2 | 145.3 |
| Veal, fresh or frozen | 195.7 | 186.2 | 166.7 | 162.8 | 164.8 | 162.8 | 150.1 |
| Wieners and bologna | 167.8 | 154.2 | 144.6 | 143.2 | 144.8 | 149.5 | 154.5 |
| Butter and cheese factories industry | 132.6 | 132.4 | 127.5 | 127.2 | 129.0 | 124.0 | 117.0 |
| Butter | 113.6 | 113.6 | 111.9 | 111.9 | 112.4 | 110.1 | 103.2 |
| Milk, whole, fresh | 162.8 | 162.8 | 150.7 | 150.7 | 154.7 | 143.8 | 135.2 |
| Concentrated milk products industry | 134.2 | 134.2 | 131.2 | 131.2 | 131.3 | 130.9 | 122.4 |
| Milk, whole, evaporated | 131.2 | 131.2 | 126.3 | 126.3 | 126.3 | 126.7 | 120.2 |
| Milk, whole, powder, spray process | 117.5 | 117.5 | 121.0 | 121.0 | 121.3 | 119.5 | 114.7 |
| Milk, skim, powder, spray process | 155.9 | 155.9 | 155.7 | 155.7 | 155.8 | 154.2 | 135.3 |
| Cheese, processed, industry | 136.0 | 132.4 | 128.4 | 132.7 | 128.7 | 125.0 | 117.7 |
| Dairy products, other, industry | 108.3 | 108.3 | 108.3 | 108.3 | 107.7 | 106.4 | 107.0 |
| Fish processing industry | 177.5 | 172.5 | 162.8 | 163.2 | 166.8 | 160.6 | 156.2 |
| Cod, fillets, frozen | 166.7 | 169.1 | 154.7 | 154.7 | 154.0 | 149.0 | 148.2 |
| Salmon, canned, sockeye | 134.6 | 134.6 | 133.7 | 132.9 | 133.4 | 132.9 | 133.8 |
| Fruit and vegetable preparations industry. | 121.5 | 123.5 | 118.8 | 119.0 | 120.0 | 117.4 | 115.1 |
| Jams | 134.2 | 130.6 | 115.3 | 115.3 | 119.9 | 116.8 | 116.0 |
| Corn, creamed, whole grain, canned | 134.7 | 134.7 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 137.8 | 126.7 | 121.0 |
| Peaches, canned | 153.5 | 153.5 | 152.0 | 152.0 | 151.2 | 141.7 | 138.0 |
| Peas, canned | 118.5 | 129.7 | 132.0 | 132.0 | 131.2 | 121.7 | 112.3 |
| Soups, canned | 101.8 | 103.4 | 106.4 | 101.8 | 104.2 | 103.7 | 101.6 |
| Tomato juice, canned | 121.9 | 126.5 | 111.8 | 126.3 | 122.9 | 125.0 | 123.0 |
| Feed mills industry | 109.1 | 108.8 | 114.2 | 114.3 | 113.5 | 117.0 | 117.2 |
| Feeds, dairy and cattle | 104.0 | 104.2 | 110.0 | 111.0 | 109.6 | 113.8 | 112. |
| Feeds, poultry, laying and hatching ...... | 110.6 | 109.6 | 114.0 | 113.6 | 113.8 | 118.4 | 119.7 |

TABLF 2. Industry Selling Price Indexes, by Industry and Selected Commodities - Continued
$(1956=100)$

| Industries and selected commodities | Months |  |  |  | Annual averages |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ | June 1968 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1968 \end{aligned}$ | 1968 | 1967 | 1966 |

Foods and beverages industries - Concluded


TABLE 2. Industry Selling Price Indexes, by Industry and Selected Conmodities - Continued
$(1956=100)$

| Industries and selected commodities | Months |  |  |  | Annual averages |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June 1969 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1968 \end{aligned}$ | May 1968 | 1968 | 1967 | 1966 |

Tobacco and tobacco products industries


## Rubber products industries



Leather products industries:

| Footwear, leather industry | 132.7 | 132.7 | 128.4 | 127.9 | 128.7 | 126.0 | 122.9 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Men's goodyear welts | 150.4 | 150.4 | 143.4 | 143.4 | 143.3 | 136.1 | 132.2 |
| Misses' vulcanized and stitchdowns | 121.4 | 121.4 | 118.9 | 114.4 | 117.0 | 117.0 | 116.4 |
| Children's and little gents' vulcanized and stitchdowns | 138.6 | 138.6 | 135.6 | 130.6 | 133.5 | 131.5 | 128.8 |
| Gloves and mittens, leather, industry | 136.3 | 136.3 | 129.2 | 129.2 | 130.3 | 132.3 | 127.0 |
| Gloves and mittens, dress, men's lined | 124.7 | 124.7 | 116.0 | 116.0 | 117.6 | 114.5 | 109.7 |
| Gloves and mittens, work, men's unlined | 143.6 | 143.6 | 137.5 | 137.5 | 138.3 | 143.5 | 137.8 |
| Leather tanning industry | 147.6 | $144.9{ }^{\text {r }}$ | 130.4 | 128.9 | 130.9 | 132.2 | 145.6 |
| Upper leather, cattle hides | 149.8 | 144.8 | 130.0 | 127.6 | 128.9 | 128.4 | 142.7 |
| Upper leather, chrome splits | 116.0 | 114.7 | 119.9 | 119.9 | 118.9 | 135.8 | 141.3 |
| Sole leather, bends | 149.9 | $149.9^{5}$ | 137.5 | 137.5 | 138.6 | 148.3 | 162.3 |
| Sole leather, shoulders | 126.4 | $126.4^{5}$ | 115.2 | 116.0 | 116.6 | 127.0 | 147.9 |
| Belting, leather, industry | 113.2 | 113.2 | 113.2 | 113.2 | 110.6 | 99.4 | 99.4 |

## Textile mills industries



Mali: 2. Iniustry sellingrice Indeves, by Industry and Selected Commodities - Continued
$(1956=100)$

| Industries and selected commodities | Months |  |  |  | Annual averages |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | May | June | May |  | 96 | 1966 |
|  | 1969 | 1969 | 1968 | 1968 | 8 | 96 | 966 |

Textile mills industries - Concluded

| Woollen yarn industry | 104.6 | 104.6 | 103.7 | 103.7 | 103.9 | 104.3 | 105.3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Yarns, worsted, oil spun, machine knitting | 108.7 | 108.7 | 107.2 | 107.2 | 107.4 | 109.2 | 112.4 |
| Miscellaneous woollen goods industry | 116.2 | 116.2 | 106.0 | 106.0 | 106.0 | 106.0 | 102.0 |
| Synthetic textiles and silk industry | 102.6 | 102.6 | 97.0 | 96.7 | 97.3 | 96.4 | 96.8 |
| Carpets, mats and rugs industry | 94.4 | 94.4 | 94.8 | 94.8 | 95.2 | 97.3 | 98.2 |
| Carpets, wilton in rolls | 99.3 | 99.3 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 101.0 | 104.9 | 105.4 |
| Carpets, tufted | 89.5 | 89.5 | 89.6 | 89.6 | 89.5 | 89.6 | 91.0 |
| Cordage, rope and twine industry | 115.3 | 115.3 | 114.0 | 114.0 | 113.4 | 115.3 | 118.2 |
| Twine, all sisal | 119.0 | 119.0 | 119.0 | 119.0 | 119.0 | 132.1 | 137.7 |
| Bags, cotton and jute, industry | 125.4 | 127.9 | 118.6 | 119.1 | 121.4 | 123.5 | 129.1 |
| Bags, cotton | 106.2 | 109.0 | 109.0 | 109.0 | 109.0 | 109.0 | 111.0 |
| Bags, jute | 142.5 | 144.8 | 127.2 | 128.2 | 132.5 | 136.5 | 145.2 |
| Oilcloth, linoleum and other coated fabrics industry | 119.1 | 119.1 | 116.2 | 116.2 | 116.4 | 114.3 | 113. |

## Clothing and knitting mills industries

| Jackets, separate, civilian | 173.1 | 173.1 | 163.7 | 163.7 | 163.6 | 152.6 | 143.4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Shirts, cotton, fine .... | 112.6 | 112.6 | 109.8 | 109.8 | 110.6 | 108.3 | 106.7 |
| Shirts, cotton, work | 118.8 | 117.5 | 111.5 | 111.5 | 113.9 | 109.5 | 103.7 |
| Pyjamas | 115.4 | 115.4 | 114.6 | 114.6 | 115.8 | 110.1 | 107.6 |
| Hosiery industry | 88.5 | 88.5 | 88.5 | 88.5 | 88.5 | 88.6 | 86.0 |
| Socks, wool and wool mixtures, men's seamless, fine | 94.1 | 94.1 | 94.1 | 94.1 | 94.1 | 93.3 | 88.6 |
| less, work | 113.8 | 113.8 | 113.8 | 113.8 | 113.8 | 112.5 | 109.6 |
| Other knitted goods industry | 90.6 | 90.6 | 89.8 | 89.0 | 89.6 | 87.5 | 85.2 |
| Knitted goods, infants', all kinds | 116.0 | 116.0 | 112.1 | 112.1 | 113.1 | 112.1 | 112.1 |
| Linings, glove and shoe |  |  |  | -• |  | 117.2 | 111.2 |

TABLE 2. Industry Selling Price Indexes, by Industry end Solectsd Comeoditiss - Goudnhed
$(1956=100)$

| Industries and selected commodities | Months |  |  |  | Annual averages |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ | May $1969$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1968 \end{aligned}$ | May $1968$ | 1968 | 1967 | 1966 |

## Clothing and knitting mills industries

 Concluded

## Wood products industries

| Veneers and plywoods industry | 121.1 | 120.7 | 103.8 | 103.5 | 104.5 | 98.0 | 95.4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Veneer, yellow birch | 95.9 | 95.8 | 94.8 | 94.8 | 95.0 | 96.3 | 93.2 |
| Plywood, Douglas fir | 136.2 | 135.5 | 108.5 | 108.1 | 109.6 | 97.9 | 94.4 |
| Plywood, yellow birch | 103.7 | 103.7 | 99.6 | 99.6 | 99.8 | 99.3 | 97.9 |
| Doors, veneer and plywood, slab-type ..... | 114.1 | 115.5 | 101.2 | 101.2 | 101.9 | 99.8 | . |
| Sash, door and planing mills industry | 153.0 | 153.6 | 129.2 | 129.2 | 130.0 | 122.3 | 115.8 |
| Sash and doors | 167.8 | 167.8 | 148.6 | 148.6 | 149.0 | 140.2 | 133.3 |
| Lumber, matched | 168.4 | 172.9 | 138.9 | 138.9 | 141.1 | 131.2 | 123.7 |
| Lumber, planed | 133.7 | 134.6 | 109.8 | 109.8 | 110.7 | 104.8 | 98. 7 |
| Mouldings | 202.1 | 196.3 | 157.1 | 157.1 | 157.1 | 145.4 | 139.0 |
| Flooring, hardwood, industry | 135.1 | 135.0 | 124.1 | 124.1 | 124.8 | 119.4 | 111.4 |
| Flooxing, birch .......................... | 137.0 | 137.0 | 130.1 | 130.1 | 130.6 | 123.1 | 111.9 |
| Flooring, red oak ........................... | 133.3 | 133.0 | 118.0 | 118.0 | 118.9 | 115.6 | 110.8 |
| Lumber mills industry | 133.6 | 145.6 | 126.0 | 124.7 | 126.9 | 110.1 | 107.0 |
| Pine, white | 143.0 | 143.1 | 114.1 | 114.1 | 116.0 | 113.2 | 111.2 |
| Pine, jack and lodge-pole | 113.4 | 128.5 | 108.3 | 108.0 | 111.2 | 103.1 | 96.3 |
| Birch, yellow | 122.1 | 122.1 | 120.6 | 120.6 | 120.5 | 117.9 | 115.7 |
| Maple, hard | 109.2 | 109.2 | 119.5 | 119.5 | 119.6 | 116.9 | 107.2 |
| Cedar | 196.9 | 214.2 | 165.6 | 163.7 | 165.9 | 141.3 | 135.7 |
| Spruce | 111.0 | 120.9 | 112.0 | 110.6 | 113.0 | 99.8 | 98.2 |
| Spruce, B. C. interior | 100.0 | 114.1 | 110.2 | 107.4 | 110.5 | 92.1 | 91.5 |
| Spruce, East of Rockies | 122.1 | 127.8 | 113.8 | 113.8 | 115.5 | 107.7 | 104.8 |
| Hemlock, B.C. coast | 137.9 | 159.6 | 127.3 | 128.1 | 130.7 | 109.5 | 104.8 |
| Fir, Douglas. | 145.0 | 160.4 | 137.5 | 135.0 | 137.5 | 111.4 | 108.8 |
| Fir, Douglas, B.C. interior | 136.3 | 164.3 | 151.9 | 146.7 | 152.1 |  | 112.5 |
| Fir, Douglas, B.C. coast | 151.1 | 157.7 | 127.4 | 126.7 | 127.1 | 105.4 | 106.2 |
| Shingle mills industry | 179.0 | 209.7 | 160.6 | 159.4 | 170.6 | 118.1 | 115.9 |
| Furniture industry .............................. | 122.6 | 121.8 | 117.7 | 117.7 | 118.4 | 116.0 | 112.9 |
| Bedroom furniture, wooden, not upholstered | 119.9 | 119.9 | 115.0 | 115.0 | 115.4 | 115.1 | 110.9 |
| Living room furniture, upholstered ........ | 133.2 | 130.8 | 126.2 | 126.2 | 127.5 | 122.0 | 118.8 |
| Office furnishings and fixtures, wooden ... | 139.1 | 137.5 | 137.1 | 137.1 | 137.8 | 136.8 | 132.8 |
| Office and store furnishings and fixtures, metal | 133.5 | 133.5 | 125.3 | 125.3 | 125.7 | 122.1 | 120.2 |
| Mattresses, spring filled................ | 103.7 | 103.7 | 101.3 | 101.3 | 101.8 | 99.1 | 96. |
| Boxes and baskets, wood, industry .......... | 150.0 | 149.2 | 140.5 | 140.5 | 142.2 | 133.2 | 124.1 |

TABLE 2. Industry Golling Irice Indesses, by Industry and Selected Commodities - Continued
$(1956=100)$


## Paper products industries

| Boxes and bags, paper, industry | 121.9 | 119.5 | 117.0 | 116.7 | 117.4 | 114.8 | 110.8 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Boxes, folding | 119.7 | 118.4 | 117.6 | 116.6 | 117.2 | 116.0 | 111.7 |
| Boxes, corrugated, including wrappers | 123.4 | 119.3 | 114.8 | 114.8 | 116.0 | 114.5 | 108.9 |
| Bags, self-opening, square | 102.0 | 102.0 | 107.0 | 111.8 | 108.9 | 111.0 | 107.9 |
| Pulp mills industry | 103.5 | 103.2 | 102.6 | 102.3 | 102.3 | 103.2 | 102.6 |
| Sulphite, bleached, paper grade, domestic market $\qquad$ | 94.9 | 94.9 | 92.4 | 92.4 | 92.7 | 93.8 | 94.0 |
| Groundwood pulp, export market | 109.8 | 106.2 | 105.8 | 104.5 | 105.1 | 105.1 | 105.0 |
| Sulphate, bleached, export market | 102.5 | 102.3 | 102.9 | 103.0 | 103.2 | 105.9 | 104.5 |
| Paper mills industry | 117.3 | 117.1 | 113.6 | 113.6 | 113.5 | 112.8 | 109.5 |
| Paper, book | 132.9 | 132.9 | 131.7 | 131.7 | 131.8 | 131.8 | 123.8 |
| Paper, fine | 132.0 | 132.0 | 126.2 | 126.2 | 126.6 | 128.3 | 121.9 |
| box board, for folding cartons | 112.3 | 112.3 | 108.9 | 108.9 | 108.9 | 109.0 | 107.7 |
| Brilding board | 110.7 | 108.6 | 100.3 | 100.3 | 100.5 | 99.2 | 98.3 |
| Paper, newsprint, white, in rolls | 117.6 | 117.5 | 113.7 | 113.7 | 113.6 | 112.7 | 109.3 |
| Paper, wrapping, Kraft No. 1 | 119.0 | 119.0 | 117.1 | 117.1 | 117.1 | 116.7 | 114.6 |
| Roofing paper industry | 92.5 | 93.1 | 90.2 | 86.8 | 89.0 | 82.4 | 78.6 |
| Roll roofing, smooth surfaced | 100.0 | 100.0 | 98.5 | 93.0 | 96.0 | 87.8 | 81.0 |
| Roll roofing, felt, mineral surfaced | 96.0 | 96.0 | 94.5 | 89.5 | 92.3 | 83.9 | 76.5 |
| Felts, tar and asphalt saturated .......... | 81.5 | 81.5 | 79.2 | 77.5 | 79.6 | 75.2 | 69.5 |
| Shingles, felt, asphalt saturated, rag and asbestos $\qquad$ | 82.0 | 82.0 | 81.0 | 75.8 | 78.5 | 69.5 | 64.5 |
| Miscellaneous paper goods industry | 118.7 | 118.6 | 117.3 | 117.5 | 117.4 | 114.0 | 109.7 |
| Envelopes | 126.5 | 126.5 | 122.2 | 122.2 | 122.2 | 117.9 | 111.1 |
| Paper, toilet, packaged | 115.9 | 115.9 | 116.8 | 116.8 | 117.0 | 111.6 | 106.5 |
| Paper, waxed, including bread wrappers | 117.4 | 117.0 | 115.9 | 115.9 | 115.2 | 111.1 | 107.5 |
| Tissues, facial | 104.1 | 104.1 | 105.6 | 105.6 | 105.6 | 102.8 | 100.9 |


| Agricultural implements industry | 131.9 | 131.9 | 127.4 | 127.4 | 128.0 | 123.5 | 121.5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Drills, grain and fertilizer, combination farrow-ploughs, one-way discs, tiller | 147.4 | 147.4 | 139.7 | 139.7 | 141.6 | 135.1 | 132.2 |
| combines ............................... | 128.3 | 128.3 | 126.3 | 126.3 | 126.2 | 123.8 | 124.4 |
| Combines, reaper-threshers and stationary threshers $\qquad$ | 131.2 | 131.2 | 126.6 | 126.6 | 127.0 | 122.2 | 119.8 |
| vathers or windrowers | 120.6 | 120.6 | 119.3 | 119.3 | 119.3 | 121.0 | 122.7 |

TABLE 2. Industry Selling Price Indexes, by Industry and Selected Commodities - Continued
$(1956=100)$

| Industries and selected commodities | Months |  |  |  | Annual averages |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ | May 1969 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1968 \end{aligned}$ | May 1968 | 1968 | 1967 | 1966 |
| Iron and steel products industries - Concluded |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hardware, tools and cutlery industry | 137.2 | 136.7 | 132.4 | 132.4 | 132.3 | 129.1 | 124.7 |
| Heating and cooking apparatus industry | 98.4 | 98.5 | 96.3 | 96.2 | 96.3 | 93.7 | 92.2 |
| Furnaces, oil, gravity or forced air circulation | 91.9 | 91.9 | 90.4 | 90.5 | 90.9 | 92.6 | 92.4 |
| Stoves and ranges, cooking, gas | 102.2 | 101.8 | 101.0 | 100.7 | 100.7 | 97.1 | 96.8 |
| Machinery, household, office and store, <br>  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Castings, iron, industry | 123.0 | 122.7 | 118.7 | 118.3 | 118.6 | 117.5 | 113.8 |
| Soil pipe and fittings, cast iron | 123.7 | 123.7 | 119.6 | 119.6 | 120.5 | 117.6 | 112.8 |
| Pipe fittings, malleable iron, all kinds | 131.0 | 131.0 | 129.1 | 129.1 | 129.1 | 130.6 | 133.7 |
| Castings, grey iron, commerical ........... | 130.0 | 129.9 | 127.0 | 127.0 | 126.8 | 121.6 | 119.1 |
| Steel pipe and tubing. |  |  |  |  |  | 99.4 | 99.6 |
| Pig iron industry ............................ | 103.1 | 103.1 | 102.9 | 102.9 | 102.9 | 104.3 | 104.3 |
| Steel ingots and castings industry | 128.3 | 128.3 | 128.2 | 128.2 | 128.2 | 128.0 | 122.4 |
| Rolled iron and steel products industry | 115.2 | 115.1 | 111.0 | 111.0 | 111.0 | 111.2 | 109.4 |
| Hot-rolled products, bars, all grades excluding concrete reinforcing bars Sheets, cold-rolled, reducing mill production | 112.9 | 112.4 | 104.0 | 104.0 | 104.1 | 104.2 | 105.3 |
|  | 118.3 | 118.3 | 117.1 | 117.1 | 117.1 | 116.4 | 112.0 |
| ire and wire goods industry ................ | 115.9 | 115.4 | 112.3 | 112.3 | 112.4 | 111.4 | 110.6 |
| Nails, wire, iron and steel ............... | 102.7 | 102.7 | 99.1 | 99.1 | 99.1 | 98.4 | 104.2 |
| Woven wire, farm fence, steel .............. | 121.5 | 121.5 | 116.5 | 116.5 | 116.5 | 113.8 | 111.1 |
| Wire cloth, Fourdrinier .................... | 124.4 | 123.2 | 119.0 | 119.0 | 119.9 | 115.8 | 113.6 |
| Rope, ste | 111.7 | 109.0 | 109.0 | 109.0 | 109.0 | 107.0 | 103.0 |
|  | 131.7 | 131.7 | 126.6 | 126.6 | 126.6 | 126.3 | 123.8 |

Transportation equipment industries

| Boatbuilding industry | 139.3 | 139.3 | 135.3 | 135.3 | 135.3 | 137.6 | 132.8 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Motor vehicles industry | 121.5 | 121.5 | 120.7 | 120.7 | 120.9 | 118.2 | 118.1 |
| Passenger cars, hard-top | 122.3 | 122.3 | 121.6 | 121.6 | 121.8 | 120.3 | 120.6 |
| Passenger cars, 4-door sedan | 121.4 | 121.4 | 120.7 | 120.7 | 120.8 | 118.2 | 117.8 |
| Trucks, 5,000 lbs. or less, gross vehicle weight | 121.3 | 121.3 | 119.1 | 119.1 | 119.8 | 116.5 | 116.6 |
| Trucks, 5,001-10,000 1bs. gross vehicle weight | 120.2 | 120.2 | 119.7 | 119.7 | 120.0 | 117.1 | 117.9 |

MAP1: 2. Industry Sgl1ing Price Indeves, by Industry and Selected Comodities - Continued
$1956=100$ )

| Industries and selected commodities | Months |  |  |  | Annual averages |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1968 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1968 \end{aligned}$ | 1968 | 1967 | 1966 |

$\frac{\text { Transportation equipment industries }}{\text { Concluded }}$

Motor vehicles parts industry ..........................18.9 $118.6 \quad 114.3 \quad 114.1 \quad 115.4 \quad 113.5 \quad 110.6$

Non-ferrous metal products industries

$113.1 \quad 112.8 \quad 111.7$
$112.4 \quad 112.3 \quad 115.1$
$155.1 \quad 149.7142 .7$
$124.1 \quad 120.7 \quad 115.7$
$135.3 \quad 133.8 \quad 138.6$
$145.0 \quad 133.1 \quad 131.6$
$187.3 \quad 157.6 \quad 138.6$
$130.3 \quad 116.8 \quad 112.4$
$142.5 \quad 125.2 \quad 114.2$
$122.9 \quad 119.2 \quad 114.9$
$118.1 \quad 116.6 \quad 120.1$
$97.8 \quad 96.3 \quad 102.2$
$134.8 \quad 134.8 \quad 142.1$
$119.1112 .4 \quad 115.1$

## Electrical apparatus and supplies industries


$114.5 \quad 114.5 \quad 107.7$
$99.3 \quad 98.0 \quad 93.6$
$118.3 \quad 117.7 \quad 111.4$
$167.5166 .4 \quad 150.6$
$92.1 \quad 95.4 \quad 93.8$
$96.3 \quad 102.8 \quad 101.2$
$88.5 \quad 89.9 \quad 88.4$
$116.0 \quad 118.6 \quad 116.4$
88.4 94.1 91.1

Radio and television sets and parts
industry
Television sets, table model, including


| 80.1 | 80.1 | 80.4 | 80.4 | 80.3 | 81.8 | 80.2 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Television sets, console model, $18^{\prime \prime}$ to $23^{\prime \prime}$

| 80.1 | 80.1 | 80.4 | 80.4 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 76.6 | 76.6 | 78.9 | 78.9 |


$(1956=100)$

|  | Months |  |  |  | Annual averages |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Industries and selected commodities | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1968 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1968 \end{aligned}$ | 1968 | 1967 | 1966 |


| Concluded |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Refrigerators, vacuum cleaners and appliances <br>  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Stoves or ranges, cooking, domestic, over 35 amps $\qquad$ | 84.1 | 84.1 | 83.3 | 83.3 | 83.4 | 83.9 | 84.0 |
| Irons, automatic, flat .................... | 94.3 | 94.2 | 91.2 | 91.2 | 91.9 | 89.2 | 88.7 |
| Washing machines, electric, domestic, automatic type | 94.0 | 94.0 | 95.0 | 95.0 | 95.0 | 95.0 | 93.9 |
| Refrigerators, household | 71.9 | 71.9 | 71.4 | 71.3 | 71.5 | 70.6 | 69.1 |
| Miscellaneous electrical apparatus and sup- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lamps, incandescent, standard | 149.1 | 149.1 | 151.5 | 151.5 | 150.9 | 146.9 | 140.8 |
| Lamps, fluorescent ......................... | 111.5 | 111.5 | 116.0 | 116.0 | 116.0 | 111.0 | 110.8 |
| Lighting fixtures, fluorescent, commercial | 106.2 | 106.2 | 106.4 | 156. | 105.4 | 105.9 | 99.3 |
| Wires and cables industry .................... | 115.0 | 113.8 | 118.3 | 119.8 | 113.9 | 117.8 | 113.9 |
| Conductors, un-insulated: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Copper, copperweld, including trolley wires Conductors, insulated: | 122.5 | 122.5 | 125.1 | 125.1 | 120.2 | 120.3 | 111.4 |
| Weatherproof wires, all types | 114.8 | 113.6 | 118.1 | 122.3 | 114.4 | 116.2 | 108.4 |
| Rubber-insulated and braided |  |  | 117.9 | 123.3 | 113.3 | 125.8 | 119.2 |
| Magnet wires, enamelled .... | 119.4 | 118.7 | 123.8 | 123.8 | 117.2 | 118.6 | 113.7 |

Non-metallic mineral products industries

| Abrasives, artificial, industry | 124.1 | 124.0 | 122.7 | 122.7 | 123.0 | 123.0 | 119.4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alumina, fused, crude | 117.8 | 117.6 | 118.6 | 118.6 | 118.4 | 120.5 | 117.3 |
| Silicon carbide, crude | 118.2 | 118.0 | 116.3 | 116.3 | 117.3 | 117.6 | 114.0 |
| Cement, hydraulic, industry | 141.5 | 141.5 | 134.0 | 134.0 | 133.0 | 128.2 | 121.8 |
| Clay products from imported clay industry... | 124.1 | 124.1 | 121.3 | 121.3 | 120.8 | 117.5 | 115.9 |
| Glass and glass products industry | 122.2 | 118.9 | 117.4 | 117.4 | 117.0 | 114.2 | 111.9 |
| Lime industry | 124.7 | 123.7 | 118.3 | 118.3 | 117.7 | 117.6 | 116.1 |
| Gypsum products industry | 126.2 | 126.2 | 119.4 | 119.4 | 118.3 | 114.3 | 109.2 |
| Lath, gypsum | 123.5 | 123.5 | 117.2 | 117.2 | 116.1 | 112.4 | 108.9 |

1AnLE 2. Industry Selline Price Indeses, by Industry and Selected Comodities - Continued
(1956=100)

| Industries and selected conmodities | Months |  |  |  | Annual averages |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1968 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1968 \end{aligned}$ | 1968 | 1967 | 1966 |

## Non-metallic mineral products industries Concluded

| Concrete products industry | 119.4 | 119.4 | 116.8 | 116.3 | 116.3 | 114.2 | 110.9 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Blocks, gravel, building | 113.5 | 113.5 | 109.4 | 109.4 | 109.4 | 107.0 | 102.3 |
| Concrete, ready-mixed .. | 130.1 | 130.1 | 129.0 | 129.0 | 129.0 | 129.0 | 127.2 |
| Clay products from domestic clay industry | 124.9 | 124.9 | 121.6 | 121.6 | 121.4 | 118.7 | 114.3 |
| Brick, dry press, face | 108.3 | 108.3 | 106.4 | 106.4 | 106.4 | 103.0 | 101.9 |
| Tile, structural, hollow blocks | 141.8 | 141.8 | 134.4 | 134.4 | 133.8 | 130.9 | 122.4 |

## Products of petroleum and coal industries

| gas products i | 117.9 | 117.9 | 117.4 | 117.4 | 117.5 | 116.6 | 113.3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| petroleum refining and products industry | 96.7 | 96.7 | 96.1 | 95.4 | 95.7 | 94.2 | 93.5 |
| Fuel oil, stove, No. 1 | 106.6 | 106.6 | 106.6 | 104.2 | 105.4 | 101.3 | 98.8 |
| Jicsel fuel | 103.3 | 103.3 | 103.3 | 99.8 | 101.7 | 97.6 | 97.5 |
| Fuel oil, light | 106.7 | 106.7 | 106.7 | 104.9 | 105.6 | 100.8 | 98.3 |
| Fuel oil, heavy | 89.5 | 89.5 | 89.5 | 89.5 | 89.5 | 89.5 | 89.5 |
| Lubricating oils and greases industry . | 137.5 | 137.5 | 133.1 | 133.1 | 132.9 | 124.8 | 120.9 |

Chemicals and allied products industries

| Acids, alkalies and salts industry | 109.1 | 108.8 | 107.9 | 107.4 | 107.5 | 106.6 | 103.4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Chlorine, liquid | 98.0 | 95.6 | 95.6 | 95.6 | 95.6 | 99.0 | 96.9 |
| Sodium hydroxide (caustic soda) | 108.6 | 108.6 | 109.0 | 109.0 | 107.9 | 104.4 | 102.7 |
| Fertilizers industry | 115.1 | 114.85 | 116.3 | 116.0 | 113.1 | 111.5 | 108.6 |
| Medicinal and phamaceutical preparations |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| industry . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 109.5 | 109.8 | 107.5 | 107.4 | 107.1 | 104.4 | 101.7 |
| Patent medicines | 149.6 | 149.6 | 144.4 | 144.4 | 142.1 | 133.0 | 131.1 |
| Ethical preparations for human use | 108.5 | 109.1 | 108.3 | 107.7 | 108.5 | 107.7 | 104.2 |
| Vitamin preparations | 86.4 | 86.6 | 85.4 | 85.6 | 86.1 | 87.5 | 86.2 |
| Paints, varnishes and lacquers industry | 119.6 | 119.6 | 120.0 | 120.0 | 119.7 | 113.3 | 108.3 |
| Lacquers, clear | 109.8 | 109.8 | 108.5 | 108.5 | 108.5 | 100.8 | 103.2 |
| Enamels, ready-mixed, oil and synthetic | 120.6 | 120.6 | 120.9 | 120.9 | 120.6 | 115.1 | 108.4 |
| Thinners, lacquer, paint and enamel | 100.5 | 100.5 | 99.5 | 99.5 | 99.5 | 103.0 | 102.6 |
| Paints, latex emulsion ..................... | 130.6 | 130.6 | 130.9 | 130.8 | 130.4 | 119.7 | 114.5 |
| Paints, ready-mixed, including asphalt and tar paints | 121.2 | 121.2 | 122.0 | 122.0 | 121.7 | 112.4 | 108.1 |
| Varnishes, including japans, shellacs, and driers | 117.0 | 117.0 | 117.1 | 117.1 | 116.9 | 118.2 | 112.4 |

TABLE 2. Industry Selling Price Indexes, hy Industry and Selected Commodities - Concluded
$(1956=100)$

| Industries ans selected commodities | Months |  |  |  | Annual averages |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | June | May | June | May | 1968 | 1967 | 1966 |
|  | 1969 | 1969 | 1968 | 1968 |  |  |  |

Chemicals and allied products industries -
Concluded

| arations industry ............................ | 116.3 | 116.3 | 114.0 | 115.4 | 115.9 | 115.4 | 113.1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Vegetable oils industr | 100.7 | 102.8 | 105.9 | 105.1 | 104.3 | 105.6 | 112.9 |
| Soya bean oilcake | 140.4 | 139.8 | 147.7 | 138.6 | 142.0 | 138.2 | 151.4 |
| Linseed oil, raw | 79.5 | 81.3 | 85.9 | 89.1 | 84.6 | 80.8 | 77.1 |
| Primary plastics industry | 87.5 | 87.5 | 86.4 | 86.4 | 86.6 | 87.4 | 84.6 |
| Synthetic resins, phenol-formaldehyde type | 77.8 | 77.8 | 73.5 | 73.5 | 74.7 | 77.6 | 78.6 |
| Inks, printing, industry | 112.5 | 109.6 | 108.2 | 108.2 | 107.8 | 104.1 | 101.3 |
| Polishes and dressings industry | 127.4 | 127.4 | 124.1 | 123.0 | 123.1 | 119.2 | 115.5 |
| Wax, liquid, self-polishing | 128.3 | 128.3 | 122.0 | 121.2 | 120.6 | 117.0 | $115 . ?$ |
| Gases, compressed, industry | 112.2 | 112.5 | 117.6 | 113.8 | 114.6 | 110.4 | 110.6 |
| Adhesives industry | 112.7 | 112.5 | 109.4 | 109.4 | 109.4 | 109.2 | 107.9 |
| Glue, synthetic resin | 102.3 | 102.2 | 102.0 | 102.0 | 102.0 | 102.0 | 101.4 |

Miscellaneous manufacturing industries

(1) From January 1968, this series may reflect some element of changes in the basket of goods being priced as well as price changes.

TABLE 3. Selected Price Indicators (1935-39=100)

General Wholesale Index and Principal Components

(1) Includes gold.
(2) Indexes for 1969 are subject to revision.

MBTE 3. Selected Price Indicators (1935-39=100) - Continued

Special Groupings of Comporents of General Wholesale Index

|  | Date | $\stackrel{\text { Non- }}{\text { farm }} \text { products (1) }$ | ```Combined iron, and non-ferrous metals groups(2)``` | ```Raw and partly mfg. goods(3)``` | Fully and chiefly manufactured goods |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | Tota1 (3) | Iron and nonferrous metals (4) | Iron | Non ferrous metals (4) |
| 1959 | ......... | 236.0 | 248.3 | 210.9 | 241.6 | 251.6 | 251.0 | 261.2 |
| 1960 | . . | 237.0 | 250.6 | 209.6 | 242.2 | 253.5 | 252.6 | 269.1 |
| 1961 |  | 239.1 | 253.3 | 212.6 | 244.5 | 254.4 | 253.4 | 270.0 |
| 1962 |  | 244.8 | 258.2 | 223.8 | 249.0 | 254.3 | 253.0 | 275.8 |
| 1963 | ......... | 248.0 | 260.4 | 226.9 | 254.2 | 253.9 | 252.3 | 280.2 |
| 1964 | . | 252.2 | 268.3 | 225.7 | 256.4 | 255.8 | 254.0 | 294.5 |
| 1965 | . | 257.2 | 281.8 | 231.2 | 261.3 | 264.0 | 261.5 | 319.6 |
| 1966 |  | 262.5 | 293.1 | 242.7 | 268.6 | 269.4 | 266.2 | 336.6 |
| 1967 |  | 269.0 | 304.5 | 246.1 | 274.2 | 277.2 | 274.1 | 343.6 |
| 1968 | ...... | 278.2 | 313.9 | 249.1 | 281.6 | 281.1 | 277.6 | 355.6 |
| 1967 | Jan. | 265.0 | 297.3 | 244.9 | 271.4 | 274.6 | 271.6 | 337.7 |
|  | Feb. .......... | 266.1 | 301.0 | 246.7 | 271.8 | 276.0 | 272.9 | 341.7 |
|  | Mar. | 266.8 | 300.8 | 245.0 | 272.2 | 275.7 | 272.6 | 341.7 |
|  | Apr. ......... | 267.5 | 301.1 | 244.9 | 272.5 | 276.1 | 273.1 | 341.7 |
|  | May | 267.4 | 300.7 | 246.2 | 273.3 | 276.1 | 273.1 | 341.7 |
|  | June | 267.4 | 300.6 | 246.1 | 274.2 | 275.8 | 272.7 | 341.7 |
|  | July ........ | 268.7 | 302.0 | 244.2 | 275.0 | 278.7 | 275.6 | 344.4 |
|  | Aug. . ........ | 269.8 | 305.1 | 246.6 | 275.1 | 278.3 | 275.2 | 344.6 |
|  | Sept. ......... | 271.2 | 308.7 | 246.3 | 275.6 | 278.8 | 275.7 | 344.1 |
|  | oct. .......... | 271.5 | 309.6 | 246.8 | 275.7 | 278.8 | 275.7 | 344.4 |
|  | Nov. . . . . ...... | 272.4 | 310.3 | 245.4 | 276.4 | 278.8 | 275.7 | 344.4 |
|  | Dec. .......... | 274.3 | 316.6 | 249.8 | 276.7 | 279.2 | 275.7 | 354.? |
| 1968 | Jan. .......... | 275.6 | 316.2 | 249.0 | 277.4 | 280.4 | 276.9 |  |
|  | Feb. ......... | 276.3 | 315.0 | 247.8 | 278.1 | 280.5 | 277.0 | 355.2 |
|  | Mar. ........... | 277.8 | 319.4 | 250.3 | 278.3 | 280.5 | 277.0 | 355.1 |
|  | Apr. | 278.0 | 317.3 | 247.9 | 278.7 | 280.6 | 277.2 | 355.1 |
|  | May | 278.4 | 319.0 | 249.2 | 279.7 | 281.1 | 277.1 | 365.8 |
|  | June ........ | 278.6 | 320.1 | 250.9 | 281.2 | 281.3 | 277.3 | 366.2 |
|  | July . . . . . . . | 276.9 | 311.0 | 248.3 | 281.0 | 280.7 | 277.4 | 352.0 |
|  | Aug. .......... | 277.4 | 310.0 | 248.4 | 282.2 | 280.9 | 277.6 | 351.9 |
|  | Sept. | 278.9 | 310.0 | 249.3 | 284.2 | 281.0 | 277.7 | 351.9 |
|  | oct. .......... | 278.9 | 303.6 | 247.4 | 284.8 | 281.8 | 278.5 | 351.9 |
|  | Nov. | 280.3 | 310.6 | 249.7 | 286.0 | 282.2 | 278.9 | 353.5 |
|  | Dec. | 281.1 | 309.6 | 250.9 | 287.7 | 282.2 | 278.9 | 353.5 |
| 1969 (5) | ) - Jan. ...... | $285.5$ | $318.6$ | $255.4$ | 290.8 | $283.9$ | $280.0$ |  |
|  | Feb. .... | 286.1 | $317.3$ | $255.9$ | 292.0 | 284.3 | 280.3 | 369.8 |
|  | Mar. ...... | 287.9 | 31.9 .3 | 255.0 | 293.7 | 287.2 | 283.4 | 369.9 |
|  | Apr. | 290.0 | 319.8 | 256.6 | 296.6 | 288.0 | 284.2 | 368.8 |
|  | May | 288.4 | 324.0 | 260.4 | 295.7 | 290.0 | 285.8 | $378.4$ |
|  | June . . . . . | 287.2 | 323.9 | 263.2 | 296.2 | 290.4 | 286.2 | 378.6 |

July ......
Aug. ......
Sept. .....
Oct. ......
Nov. . .....
Dec. ......

[^1]TAlif. 3. Selected Price Indicators - Concluded

| Date |  | Industrial materials | Building materials |  | Canadian farm products (1) |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Residential | Nonresidential | Field | Animal | Total |
|  |  |  | $(1935-39=100)$ | (1961 $=100$ ) |  | $(1935-39=100)$ |  |  |
| 1959 |  | 240.2 | 101.3 | 100.5 | 176.1 | 271.6 | 223.9 |
| 1960 |  | 240.4 | 100.7 | 101.0 | 189.1 | 264.1 | 226.6 |
| 1961 |  | 243.2 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 191.7 | 270.0 | 230.9 |
| 1962 |  | 248.0 | 101.1 | 100.6 | 195.5 | 286.0 | 240.8 |
| 1963 |  | 253.5 | 104.4 | 103.0 | 197.2 | 275.4 | 236.3 |
| 1964 |  | 258, 3 | 111.1 | 106.5 | 198.2 | 267.3 | 232.7 |
| 1965 |  | 258.7 | 116.1 | 112.0 | 210.3 | 289.3 | 249.8 |
| 1966 |  | 261.4 | 120.0 | 115.4 | 209.7 | 321.5 | 265.6 |
| 1967 |  | 253.1 | 124.3 | 117.8 | 198.7 | 325.3 | 262.0 |
| 1968 |  | 254.0 | 131.3 | 120.6 | 186.3 | 329.3 | 257.8 |
| 1967 |  | 253.2 | 122.0 | 117.2 | 208.7 | 320.7 | 264.7 |
|  | Feb. | 254.0 | 122.6 | 117.4 | 207.7 | 322.9 | 265.3 |
|  | Mar. | 252.0 | 122.9 | 117.6 | 206.7 | 315.1 | 260.9 |
|  | Apr. | 252.5 | 123.0 | 117.9 | 204.2 | 319.9 | 262.1 |
|  | May . . | 254.7 | 123.6 | 117.7 | 205.4 | 327.8 | 266.6 |
|  | June . | 256.7 | 123.7 | 117.7 | 207.4 | 330.7 | 269.1 |
|  | July . | 253.0 | 124.4 | 117.7 | 208.6 | 325.0 | 266.8 |
|  | Aug. . | 252.1 | 125.0 | 117.8 | 200.0 | 329.8 | 264.9 |
|  | Sept. | 251.2 | 125.3 | 117.9 | 195.2 | 331.2 | 263.2 |
|  | $0<t .$ | 250.1 | 126.0 | 118.1 | 195.9 | 330.9 | 263.4 |
|  | Nov. | 253.0 | 126.3 | 118.2 | 195.2 | 323.1 | 259.1 |
|  | Dec. | 254.3 | 126.7 | 118.6 | 195.3 | 326.4 | 260.9 |
| 1968 |  | 253.8 |  |  |  |  | 257.5 |
|  | Feb. | 252.5 | 128.3 | 120.0 | 195.5 | $315.4$ | 255.4 |
|  | Mar. | 253.5 | 129.0 | 120.3 | 194.3 | 312.9 | 253.6 |
|  | Apr. | 251.0 | 130.1 | 120.5 | 193.3 | 313.8 | 253.5 |
|  | May . | $251.7$ | 130.2 | 120.6 | 197.9 | 322.2 | $260.0$ |
|  | June | 252.7 | 131.4 | 120.7 | 198.9 | 330.0 | 264.5 |
|  | July . | 253.4 | 131.5 |  | 201.0 | 333.1 |  |
|  | Aug. . | 254.2 | 131.9 | 120.4 | 189.4 | 340.8 | 265.1 |
|  | Sept. | 253.6 | 133.2 | 120.7 | 183.3 | 343.8 | 263.6 |
|  | Oct. | 255.3 | 133.5 | 120.8 | 181.3 | 339.0 | 260.1 |
|  | Nov. | 257.2 | 133.8 | 121.5 | 182.3 | 339.2 | 260.7 |
|  | Dec. | 258.9 | 135.0 | 121.8 | 183.8 | 345.0 | 264.4 |
| 1969 (2) | - Jan. | 261.4 | 138.2 | 123.1 | 185.4 | 343.0 | 264.2 |
|  | Feb. | 263.5 | $139.8$ | $123.8$ | 185.3 | 345.4 | 265.3 |
|  | Mar. | 264.1 | $143.2$ | $125.5$ | 183.5 | 344.8 | 264.1 |
|  | Apr. | 267.7 | 146.0 | 126.5 | 183.0 | 353.7 | 268.3 |
|  | May | $271.8$ | 145.0 | 126.7 | 183.5 | 371.7 | 277.6 |
|  | June | $270.6$ | 142.4 | 126.2 | 183.5 | 381.7 | 282.6 |
|  | July |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Aug. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Sept. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Oct. Nov. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

[^2]TABLE 4. Wholesale Price Indexes of Selected Primary Comodities(1)
( $1935-39=100$ )

| Primary commodities | Months |  |  |  | inmul averags |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ | May $1969$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1968 \end{aligned}$ | May 1968 | 1968 | 1967 | 1966 |
| Asbestos, crude | 399.7 | 399.7 | 379.6 | 379.6 | 377.6 | 368.4 | 355.1 |
| Beans, cocoa | 1033.5 | 964.6 | 666.0 | 663.9 | 788.2 | 664.3 | 585.8 |
| Beans, coffee | 281.2 | 280.1 | 284.6 | 285.6 | 285.0 | 299.2 | 328.1 |
| Coal | 210.3 | 210.3 | 208.3 | 208.3 | 208.8 | 204.7 | 201.8 |
| Copper, electrolytic | 466.2 | 466.2 | 475.5 | 475.5 | 447.5 | 441.7 | 419.5 |
| Cotton, raw | 276.4 | 276.2 | 299.9 | 305.4 | 308.2 | 280.6 | 273.7 |
| Eggs | 146.4 | 150.3 | 126.8 | 127.9 | 143.0 | 139.2 | 175.5 |
| Fruits, fresh | 206.1 | 217.7 | 259.9 | 253.8 | 257.1 | 201.8 | 206.5 |
| Grains | 202.2 | 202.0 | 211.9 | 210.5 | 210.2 | 220.1 | 221.1 |
| Hides and skins | 188.2 | 195.4 | 150.8 | 153.3 | 159.4 | 160.6 | 206.3 |
| lead, electrolytic | 324.9 | 314.5 | 272.5 | 272.5 | 281.2 | 293.5 | 312.7 |
| Livestock . | 446.2 | 427.9 | 361.6 | 349.4 | 354.8 | 355.5 | 362.9 |
| Nickel | 382.8 | 382.8 | 351.7 | 351.7 | 351.7 | 328.7 | 294.2 |
| 0il, crude | 190.6 | 190.6 | 191.6 | 191.5 | 191.6 | 191.7 | 191.6 |
| Onions | 266.5 | 200.6 | 357.1 | 357.1 | 276.2 | 290.6 | 277.8 |
| Potatoes | 163.6 | 166.5 | 226.5 | 209.2 | 184.3 | 162.1 | 223.5 |
| Rubber, raw | 180.7 | 177.6 | 144.3 | 129.3 | 137.2 | 138.7 | 164.2 |
| Scrap iron and steel | 245.2 | 245.2 | 255.9 | 260.2 | 252.7 | 263.5 | 282.7 |
| Silver | 465.6 | 492.8 | 699.0 | 665.9 | 602.8 | 425.8 | 360.0 |
| Steers | 574.2 | 571.0 | 457.6 | 446.0 | 453.5 | 460.8 | 432.5 |
| Sugar, raw | 155.8 | 158.8 | 98.4 | 102.1 | 102.4 | 103.5 | 99.6 |
| Tin... | 326.5 | 323.1 | 292.4 | 296.1 | 305.8 | 317.3 | 339.1 |
| Wool, raw, domestic | 175.6 | 170.4 | 152.5 | 152.5 | 156.4 | 183.1 | 242.8 |
| Wool, raw, imported | 165.2 | 164.5 | 157.5 | 157.1 | 158.8 | 163.1 | 192.3 |
| Zinc, prime, western | 322.4 | 322.4 | 300.2 | 300.2 | 300.2 | 308.5 | 322.4 |

(1) Indexes for 1969 are subject to revision.

TABLE 5. Wholesale Prices of Selected Commodities (All prices given in Canadian funds)

| y | Months |  |  |  | Annual averages |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1968 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1968 \end{aligned}$ | 1968 | 1967 | 1966 |
|  | dollars |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Vegetable products |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Barley, No. 1 feed, bu, | . 98 | . 98 | 1.15 | 1.17 | 1.16 | 1.25 | 1.32 |
| Coffee beans, Green Santos $2 / 3 ' \mathrm{~s}, 1 \mathrm{l}$. | . 42 | . 42 | . 42 | . 42 | . 41 | . 44 | . 48 |
| Flour, first patent, Toronto, $100-1 \mathrm{~b}$. bag | 8.41 | 8.41 | 8.12 | 8.12 | 8.24 | 8.12 | 7.88 |
| Linseed oil, raw, Montreal, gal. | 1.20 | 1.23 | 1.27 | 1.33 | 1.25 | 1.16 | 1.10 |
| Oats, No. 2 C.W., bu. | . 79 | . 85 | . 94 | . 95 | . 93 | . 93 | . 93 |
| Potatoes, No. 1 Saint John, $75-1 \mathrm{~b}$, bag | 2.10 | 2.02 | 2.62 | 2.20 | 2.24 | 2.09 | 2.86 |
| Sugar, granulated, std., Montreal, 100-1b. bag. | 8.85 | 8.75 | 6.60 | 6.60 | 6.68 | 6.62 | 6.38 |
| Wheat, No. 2, Manitoba Northern, bu. | 1.85 | 1.85 | 1.94 | 1.92 | 1.93 | 2.02 | 2.04 |
| Animal products |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Butter, prints, 1st. grade, Montreal, 1b. .. | . 68 | . 68 | . 66 | . 66 | . 67 | . 65 | . 62 |
| Eggs, grade "A", large, Montreal, doz. ...... | . 50 | . 52 | . 43 | . 44 | . 50 | . 48 | . 58 |
| Hides, packer, light native steers, ib. | . 19 | . 20 | . 14 | . 15 | . 15 | . 16 | . 22 |
| Hogs, Toronto (bonus excluded) 100-1b. | 38.43 | 34.23 | 30.34 | 27.66 | 30.30 | 29.69 | 35.03 |
| Steers, good, Toronto, 100-1b. | 34.07 | 34.35 | 27.22 | 26.50 | 26.97 | 27.66 | 26.05 |

TABLE 5. Wholesale Prices of Selected Commodities - Concluded
(A11 prices given in Canadian funds)

| Commodity | Months |  |  |  | Annual averages |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ | May <br> 1969 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1968 \end{aligned}$ | May $1968$ | 1968 | 1967 | 1966 |

## Textile products



Wood products
Newsprint paper, standard, Quebec, 2000-1b.

Pine, white, No. $1,1^{\prime \prime} \times 8^{\prime \prime}, 8^{\prime}-1^{\prime}$,

Shingles, asphalt, $12^{\prime \prime} \times 36^{\prime \prime}, 100 \mathrm{sq}$. ft. ...
232.76 6.82
32.76
$200.56 \quad 200.56$
sptuce, construction, $20 \%$ std. grade $2^{\prime \prime} \times 6^{\prime \prime}$, $81 / 16^{\prime}, 74 S, 100-b d . f t$.
95.22104 .40

I ron roducts

```
Cast iron scrap, 2240-1b. ton
43.00
43.00
43.00
43.00
Pig iron, foundry, silicon 2.01-2.25,
2240-1b. ton
65.00
65.00
\(65.00 \quad 65.00\)
```

$43.00 \quad 45.25$
51.17
$65.00 \quad 65.00$
65.00

Non-ferrous metals products

| Copper, electrolytic, domestic, $100-1 b \ldots \ldots$ | 50.00 | 50.00 | 51.00 | 51.00 |
| :--- | :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| Lead, pig, electrolytic, domestic, $100-1 b \ldots$ | 15.50 | 15.00 | 13.00 | 13.00 |
| Tin, ingots, $99.8 \%$, Montreal, Ib. $\ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$ | 1.74 | 1.72 | 1.56 | 1.58 |

Zinc, high grade, electrolytic, $100-1 b \ldots \ldots .15 .10 \quad 15.10 \quad 14.10 \quad 14.10$

| 48.00 | 47.38 | 45.00 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 13.42 | 14.00 | 14.92 |
| 1.63 | 1.69 | 1.81 |
| 14.10 | 14.48 | 15.10 |

## Non-metallic minerals products

| Cement, Portland, Calgary, $350-1 b \ldots \ldots \ldots \ldots$ | 4.44 | 4.44 | 4.30 | 4.30 | 4.30 | 4.05 | 3.84 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| Cement, Portland, Toronto, $350-1 b \ldots \ldots$ | $\ldots .89$ | 3.89 | 3.74 | 3.59 | 3.68 | 3.59 | 3.44 |

Chemical products

(1) Prices prior to August 1968 refer to $40^{\prime \prime} \mathrm{h} .71 / 8 \mathrm{oz} ., \mathrm{yd}$.

TABLE 6. Price Index Numbers of Residential Building Materials
(1961~100)


July ....
Aug. . ...
Sept. ...
oct. ....
Nov. ....
Dec. . ...

[^3]$1961=100$ )


[^4]FABIE 7. Prioe Indes tumbers of won-Residential Builiing Watorials - Concluded
(1961=100

(1) Indexes for 1969 ate sulydet th ravisisn.
(2) An explanation of the 1966 revision is provided on page 42.
( $1961=100$ )

|  |  | A11- <br> items | Food | Housing | Clothing | Trans porta= tion | $\begin{gathered} \text { Health } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { personal } \\ \text { care } \end{gathered}$ | Recreation and reading | Tobacco and alcohol |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1961 |  | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| 1962 |  | 101.2 | 101.8 | 101.2 | 100.9 | 99.9 | 102.0 | 100.8 | 101.3 |
| 1963 |  | 103.0 | 105.1 | 102.3 | 103.4 | 99.9 | 104.6 | 102.2 | 101.5 |
| 1964 |  | 104.8 | 106.8 | 103.9 | 106.0 | 101.0 | 108.0 | 103.9 | 103.4 |
| 1965 |  | 107.4 | 109.6 | 105.8 | 107.9 | 104.8 | 113.0 | 105.6 | 105.1 |
| 1966 |  | 111.4 | 116.6 | 108.7 | 112.0 | 107.3 | 116.5 | 108.6 | 107.6 |
| 1967 |  | 115.4 | 118.1 | 113.4 | 117.6 | 111.8 | 122.5 | 114.1 | 110.3 |
| 1968 |  | 120.1 | 122.0 | 118.6 | 121.1 | 114.7 | 127.4 | 119.7 | 120.4 |
| 1967 | - Jan. | 113.0 | 116.9 | 110.8 | 114.3 | 108.8 | 119.1 | 110.8 | 108.8 |
|  | Feb. | 113.1 | 116.2 | 110.9 | 114.8 | 110.2 | 119.2 | 112.0 | 109.0 |
|  | Mar. | 113.4 | 115.6 | 111.4 | 116.3 | 110.7 | 119.3 | 112.0 | 109.6 |
|  | Apr. | 114.4 | 116.1 | 112.7 | 117.2 | 111.7 | 122.3 | 112.4 | 109.8 |
|  | May . | 114.6 | 115.9 | 113.0 | 117.2 | 111.8 | 123.0 | 114.0 | 110.0 |
|  | June | 115.2 | 116.8 | 113.5 | 117.8 | 112.5 | 122.8 | 114.4 | 110.1 |
|  | July | 116.3 | 119.8 | 114.0 | 117.8 | 112.6 | 123.3 | 114.9 | 110.1 |
|  | tig. | 116.8 | 121.9 | 114.3 | 117.6 | 112.4 | 123.6 | 114.9 | 110.6 |
|  | sopt. | 116.6 | 119.8 | 114.6 | 119.7 | 112.7 | 123.2 | 115.5 | 110.6 |
|  | Oct. | 116.5 | 119.2 | 114.9 | 118.8 | 112.3 | 124.4 | 115.9 | 110.6 |
|  | Nov. | 116.9 | 119.4 | 115.2 | 119.6 | 112.3 | 124.8 | 116.7 | 110.7 |
|  | Dec. | 117.5 | 119.8 | 115.5 | 119.7 | 113.5 | 124.8 | 116.2 | 114.4 |
| 1968 | - Jan. | 118.1 | 121.3 | 116.1 | 118.6 | 113.8 | 124.7 | 116.5 | 117.2 |
|  | Feb. | 118.2 | 120.8 | 116.7 | 119.1 | 113.2 | 125.1 | 117.6 | 117.3 |
|  | Mar. | 118.6 | 119.9 | 117.1 | 120.5 | 114.0 | 125.1 | 118.1 | 119.0 |
|  | Apr. | 119.3 | 120.8 | 117.6 | 121.2 | 114.4 | 126.9 | 117.8 | 121.2 |
|  | May | 119.3 | 120.1 | 117.9 | 120.7 | 114.5 | 127.4 | 119.2 | 121.3 |
|  | June | 119.7 | 120.5 | 118.3 | 121.2 | 115.1 | 127.4 | 119.2 | 121.3 |
|  | July | 120.4 | 122.5 | 118.8 | 121.0 | 115.1 | 128.0 | 119.6 | 121.3 |
|  | Aug. | 120.7 | 123.9 | 118.9 | 120.6 | 115.1 | 128.2 | 119.9 | 121.3 |
|  | Sept. | 121.1 | 123.4 | 119.8 | 121.2 | 115.4 | 128.5 | 121.0 | 121.3 |
|  | Oct. | 121.4 | 122.9 | 120.3 | 122.8 | 114.9 | 129.0 | 121.4 | 121.3 |
|  | Nov. | 121.9 | 123.4 | 120.9 | 123.4 | 115.7 | 129.4 | 123.3 | 121.3 |
|  | Dec. | 122.3 | 124.5 | 121.0 | 123.4 | 115.7 | 129.4 | 123.3 | 121.3 |
| 1969 | - Jan. | 122.6 | 125.1 | 121.9 | 121.5 | 116.3 | 129.5 | 124.2 | 121.3 |
|  | Feb. | 122.6 | 123.9 | 122.3 | 121.8 | 117.3 | 129.6 | 124.7 | 121.9 |
|  | Mar. | 123.2 | 123.8 | 122.8 | 123.8 | 118.3 | 129.5 | 125.1 | 121.9 |
|  | Apr. | 124.6 | 125.0 | 123.7 | 124.3 | 119.9 | 133.7 | 125.4 | 125.5 |
|  | May | 124.9 | 125.1 | 124.2 | 123.8 | 120.4 | 134.2 | 127.4 | 125.8 |
|  | June | 125.9 | 127.8 | 124.7 | 124.9 | 120.6 | 134.2 | 127.4 | 125.8 |
|  | July |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Aug. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Sept. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Nov. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Dac. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

[^5]TABLE 9. Consuncr Price Inceses - Hain Crous, Selected Gomponents and Supplementary Classifications
( $1961=100$ )

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1968 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1968 \end{aligned}$ | 1968 | 1967 | 1966 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All-items index | 125.9 | 124.9 | 119.7 | 119.3 | 120.1 | 115.4 | 111.4 |
| Food | 127.8 | 125.1 | 120.5 | 120.1 | 122.0 | 118.1 | 116.6 |
| Food at home | 125.9 | 122.8 | 118.3 | 117.9 | 119.9 | 116.4 | 115.9 |
| Dairy products | 133.1 | 132.7 | 126.9 | 126.5 | 127.8 | 122.1 | 114.1 |
| Cereal products | 121.0 | 121.4 | 119.1 | 118.8 | 120.0 | 117.4 | 115.7 |
| Miscellaneous groceries | 118.3 | 117.9 | 113.5 | 113.3 | 114.3 | 110.9 | 110.9 |
| Beef | 153.3 | 136.0 | 123.3 | 120.3 | 126.3 | 124.2 | 118.1 |
| Pork | 130.5 | 123.5 | 111.4 | 109.9 | 116.8 | 117.8 | 130.3 |
| Fresh pork | 138.0 | 126.1 | 111.8 | 112.4 | 119.8 | 118.4 | 126.6 |
| Cured pork | 123.9 | 121.1 | 111.0 | 107.4 | 114.1 | 117.2 | 133.3 |
| Other meats | 130.1 | 122.5 | 120.8 | 120.1 | 121.5 | 120.5 | 120.1 |
| Fish | 133.4 | 132.3 | 127.1 | 125.7 | 127.0 | 124.4 | 122.0 |
| Poultry | 107.2 | 107.6 | 109.2 | 107.7 | 109.6 | 106.6 | 111.0 |
| Eggs ..... | 100.4 | 107.3 | 87.9 | 91.0 | 98.9 | 96.1 | 114.0 |
| Dairy products including butter .................... | 125.9 | 125.6 | 120.7 | 120.5 | 121.5 | 117.0 | 109.7 |
| Fats and oils including butter ..................... | 103.8 | 103.9 | 102.4 | 102.6 | 102.8 | 103.3 | 100.3 |
| Fats and oils excluding butter | 105.7 | 105.9 | 107.0 | 106.9 | 107.0 | 110.9 | 113.2 |
| Total fruit ................ | 130.0 | 120.5 | 133.2 | 133.5 | 123.3 | 107.8 | 107.2 |
| Fresh fruit | 133.7 | 118.5 | 142.8 | 143.1 | 127.2 | 107.4 | 104.4 |
| Canned fruit | 122.3 | 122.4 | 116.8 | 116.6 | 116.4 | 109.2 | 111.5 |
| Total vegetables | 135.5 | 128.6 | 136.6 | 137.3 | 130.5 | 123.1 | 126.0 |
| Fresh vegetables | 141.7 | 131.6 | 143.9 | 144.9 | 134.6 | 126.0 | 131.9 |
| Canned vegetables. | 125.0 | 124.2 | 124.0 | 123.8 | 124.2 | 119.0 | 115.9 |
| Direct imports (1) | 120.5 | 113.1 | 126.1 | 128.0 | 118.2 | 106.3 | 107.5 |
| Restaurant meals | 142.6 | 142.6 | 136.3 | 136.3 | 136.9 | 130.7 | 121.6 |
| Housing ........................ | 124.7 | 124.2 | 118.3 | 117.9 | 118.6 | 113.4 | 108.7 |
| Shelter | 133.1 | 132.5 | 124.4 | 123.8 | 124.6 | 117.5 | 112.2 |
| Tenant costs ...... | 116.4 | 115.1 | 111.9 | 110.8 | 111.8 | 107.1 | 103.6 |
| Home-ownership costs | 148.3 | 148.2 | 135.7 | 135.6 | 136.1 | 126.9 | 120.1 |
| Property taxes ... | 142.9 | 142.9 | 133.4 | 133.4 | 132.2 | 124.0 | 119.2 |
| Mortgage interest ....... | 153.4 | 153.4 | 132.8 | 132.8 | 136.6 | 125.5 | 119.7 |
| Repairs .................... | 136.0 | 136.4 | 131.4 | 131.1 | 130.5 | 123.0 | 115.9 |
| New houses | 154.1 | 153.8 | 141.1 | 141.0 | 140.8 | 131.6 | 122.8 |
| Personal property insurance $\qquad$ | 149.1 | 149.1 | 141.4 | 141.4 | 142.6 | 132.6 | 125.3 |
| Household operation .......... | 113.3 | 113.1 | 110.2 | 110.1 | 110.6 | 107.8 | 103.7 |
| Fuel | 102.5 | 102.6 | 100.6 | 100.4 | 100.8 | 97.6 | 96.0 |
| Coal . | 124.7 | 125.2 | 118.8 | 119.9 | 120.3 | 116.7 | 113.7 |
| Fuel oil | 96.5 | 96.5 | 95.0 | 94.4 | 95.0 | 91.1 | 89.5 |
| Domestic gas ............ | 102.0 | 102.0 | 102.2 | 102.2 | 102.2 | 100.6 | 100.5 |
| Electricity ............... | 112.1 | 112.1 | 107.6 | 107.6 | 109.6 | 104.4 | 97.3 |
| Home furnishings .......... | 114.3 | 114.0 | 112.6 | 112.2 | 112.2 | 109.7 | 105.2 |
| Appliances .............. | 97.7 | 97.7 | 97.2 | 97.2 | 97.3 | 97.0 | 95.1 |
| Furniture . | 123.7 | 123.7 | 120.9 | 120.6 | 120.3 | 116.8 | 109.6 |
| Floor coverings ......... | 105.5 | 105.5 | 106.5 | 106.2 | 106.0 | 105.9 | 104.6 |
| Textiles ................ | 117.2 | 115.2 | 117.6 | 116.8 | 116.5 | 112.8 | 110.0 |
| Utensils and equipment .. | 131.2 | 130.2 | 127.6 | 126.8 | 127.1 | 121.4 | 114.1 |

See footnote(s) at end of table.

# ISBiA 9. Gonsmer Price Indexes - Main Groups, Selected Components and Eupplementary Classifications - Continued 

( $1961=100$ )

|  | June | May | June | May | 1968 | 1967 | 1966 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Housing - Concluded:

| Supplies and services ....... | 119.3 | 119.0 | 114.3 | 114.0 | 115.1 | 113.1 | 109.4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Supplies .................. | 116.8 | 116.2 | 113.1 | 112.7 | 113.9 | 112.7 | 108.0 |
| Services .................. | 121.1 | 121.1 | 115.0 | 115.0 | 115.9 | 113.4 | 110.3 |
| Telephone rates ......... | 105.7 | 105.7 | 105.5 | 105.5 | 105.4 | 104.7 | 103.3 |
| Postage ................. | 142.4 | 142.4 | 107.4 | 107.4 | 113.2 | 106.7 | 106.7 |
| Household help . . . . . . . . | 157.0 | 157.0 | 144.7 | 144.7 | 146.1 | 140.6 | 131.9 |
| Household effects insurance $\qquad$ | 133.8 | 133.8 | 132.5 | 132.5 | 133.0 | 128.6 | 122.0 |
| Clothing | 124.9 | 123.8 | 121.2 | 120.7 | 121.1 | 117.6 | 112.0 |
| Men's wear | 126.1 | 124.8 | 122.5 | 122.2 | 122.2 | 118.2 | 112.1 |
| Suit | 134.9 | 132.4 | 130.9 | 129.9 | 129.7 | 125.0 | 117.2 |
| Business shirt | 125.0 | 124.8 | 120.5 | 120.0 | 120.2 | 118.2 | 114.0 |
| Hat |  |  | . . |  | 126.4 | 120.9 | 114.1 |
| Women's wear . ............... | 123.0 | 122.2 | 119.3 | 119.5 | 119.4 | 117.4 | 112.6 |
| Winter coat ................ |  |  | . . | . . | 132.0 | 123.9 | 119.3 |
| Spring coat ............... | 128.8 | 127.4 | 121.2 | 124.8 | 122.6 | 117.6 | 113.7 |
| cotton street dress | 119.7 | 119.6 | 117.8 | 116.3 | 116.0 | 110.8 | 108.9 |
| S1ip... | 103.7 | 102.8 | 103.4 | 103.4 | 103.3 | 102.6 | 101.1 |
| Hosiery . ................... |  | 98.8 | 99.4 | 99.4 | 98.9 | 98.8 | 97.2 |
| Children's wear | 115.3 | 114.1 | 111.6 | 111.2 | 112.3 | 110.5 | 104.8 |
| Boys: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Slacks | 114.1 | 114.0 | 113.0 | 110.1 | 112.4 | 108.5 | 103.4 |
| T-Shirt ................. | 104.6 | 102.6 | 102.7 | 103.5 | 100.6 | 102.2 | 102.0 |
| Sweater ................. | 131.8 | 131.8 | 130.8 | 130.7 | 130.1 | 123.7 | 115.9 |
| Parka |  |  | . . | . . | 103.4 | 106.1 | 101.0 |
| Girls: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Spring coat ............. | 112.3 | 112.3 | 110.1 | 110.1 | 112.3 | 111.5 | 101.8 |
| Cotton dress | 123.2 | 123.2 | 114.6 | 114.6 | 116.6 | 113.9 | 107.3 |
| Snow suit ............... |  |  |  | . . | 108.2 | 110.3 | 106.2 |
| Infants: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diapers .................. | $117.9$ | 117.9 | 112.6 | 112.6 | 113.4 | 111.2 | 109.5 |
| overalls ............... | 101.6 | 101.6 | 101.1 | 101.1 | 101.1 | 99.6 | 100.7 |
| Footwear | 132.4 | 130.7 | 127.8 | 126.7 | 127.7 | 121.0 | 114.2 |
| Men's oxfords ............ | 135.6 | 130.1 | 132.3 | 129.4 | 131.8 | 126.6 | 117.2 |
| Women's street shoes ...... | 127.8 | 127.9 | 123.3 | 122.2 | 122.7 | 117.2 | 111.0 |
| Children's shoes .......... | 139.9 | 139.8 | 133.2 | 134.4 | 134.5 | 125.3 | 119.9 |
| Women's overshoes . . . . . . . |  |  |  |  | 119.9 | 110.3 | 104.8 |
| Piece goods | 120.1 | 119.7 | 118.0 | 116.9 | 118.2 | 116.3 | 110.4 |
| Cotton dress print ....... | 124.4 | 123.9 | 120.7 | 119.8 | 121.5 | 118.9 | 112.2 |
| Wool dress material ....... | 106.0 | 106.0 | 105.4 | 105.1 | 105.1 | 104.2 | 104.3 |
| Clothing services | 127.6 | 125.5 | 124.0 | 123.1 | 123.5 | 119.6 | 114.9 |
| Laundry ....... | 130.4 | 129.3 | 127.1 | 125.7 | 126.4 | 122.4 | 117.8 |
| Dry cleaning | 124.9 | 122.5 | 121.9 | 121.2 | 121.3 | 118.0 | 113.6 |
| Shoe repairs ............. | 138.1 | 135.7 | 131.0 | 129.1 | 130.6 | 123.7 | 116.4 |
| Jewellery .................... | 132.3 | 132.3 | 127.5 | 127.5 | 127.2 | 120.7 | 114.1 |

TABLE 9. Consumer Price Indexes - Main Groups, Selected Components and Supplementary Classifications - Continued
( $1961=100$ )

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1968 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1968 \end{aligned}$ | 1968 | 1967 | 1966 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Transportation ................ | 120.6 | 120.4 | 115.1 | 114.5 | 114.7 | 111.8 | 107.3 |
| Automobile operation | 113.7 | 113.9 | 110.8 | 110.8 | 110.9 | 108.5 | 105.8 |
| New passenger car ......... | 96.7 | 97.0 | 96.5 | 96.6 | 96.5 | 94.8 | 93.2 |
| Gasoline | 117.9 | 118.0 | 116.1 | 115.8 | 115.3 | 111.3 | 108.7 |
| Tires | 121.2 | 121.2 | 113.6 | 113.6 | 116.2 | 115.4 | 108.4 |
| Automobile insurance | 156.8 | 156.8 | 152.1 | 152.1 | 152.4 | 156.1 | 154.1 |
| Fender replacement ........ | 156.8 | 156.8 | 140.3 | 140.3 | 141.3 | 132.1 | 123.2 |
| Brake relining | 134.9 | 134.9 | 128.3 | 128.3 | 128.4 | 121.0 | 112.6 |
| Battery .................... | 116.4 | 116.4 | 113.0 | 113.0 | 114.0 | 111.0 | 105.6 |
| Local transportation | 164.3 | 164.3 | 142.6 | 141.6 | 142.4 | 135.2 | 117.5 |
| Street car and bus fares | 170.0 | 170.0 | 145.7 | 144.7 | 145.3 | 137.8 | 118.5 |
| Taxi fare | 127.8 | 127.8 | 122.1 | 122.1 | 123.3 | 117.8 | 110.8 |
| Travel | 130.5 | 121.7 | 120.2 | 109.5 | 114.8 | 109.3 | 106.2 |
| Train fare | 135.4 | 120.6 | 119.3 | 99.3 | 110.9 | 106.7 | 101.1 |
| Bus fare | 118.3 | 112.1 | 110.3 | 106.4 | 109.6 | 104.8 | 103.3 |
| Plane fare | 131.6 | 131.6 | 130.0 | 130.0 | 125.9 | 117.8 | 117.8 |
| Health and personal care | 134.2 | 134.2 | 127.4 | 127.4 | 127.4 | 122.5 | 116.5 |
| Health care................. | 134.4 | 134.4 | 127.1 | 127.1 | 126.8 | 121.2 | 115.3 |
| Doctors' fees | 132.6 | 132.6 | 127.9 | 127.9 | 127.8 | 122.4 | 112.7 |
| Office call | 141.9 | 141.9 | 136.1 | 136.1 | 136.2 | 129.0 | 114.9 |
| Confinement . . ............ | 136.2 | 136.2 | 128.8 | 128.8 | 128.8 | 124.8 | 118.1 |
| Appendectomy ........... | 103.9 | 103.9 | 103.7 | 103.7 | 103.6 | 103.2 | 102.7 |
| Dentists' fees ............ | 152.0 | 152.0 | 144.4 | 144.4 | 142.7 | 131.6 |  |
| Filling ................ | 155.2 | 155.2 | 146.3 | 146.3 | 144.3 | 132.3 | 126.7 |
| Dentures | 140.7 | 140.7 | 134.5 | 134.5 | 133.4 | 124.4 | 119.2 |
| Extraction | 160.7 | 160.7 | 153.8 | 153.8 | 152.3 | 140.1 | 130.9 |
| Optical care ............... | 137.5 | 137.5 | 132.1 | 132.1 | 132.0 | 125.3 | 120.8 |
| Prepaid medical care ...... | 153.1 | 153.1 | 137.3 | 137.3 | 137.7 | 128.4 | 123.4 |
| Pharmaceuticals ........... |  | 97.6 | 96.4 | 96.4 | 96.5 | 100.0 | 99.3 |
| Headache tablets ........ | 96.6 | 96.6 | 96.5 | 96.5 | 96.8 | 101.8 | 102.1 |
| Vitamins ................ | 82.3 | 82.3 | 83.2 | 83.2 | 83.4 | 88.4 | 89.9 |
| Bandages ................. | 108.0 | 108.0 | 100.5 | 100.5 | 101.0 | 101.5 | 102.3 |
| Prescriptions ........... | 95.7 | 95.7 | 94.7 | 94.7 | 94.7 | 98.3 | 97.9 |
| Personal care | 134.0 | 133.9 | 128.3 | 128.1 | 128.7 | 125.0 | 118.8 |
| Supplies. | 116.8 | 116.8 | 114.4 | 114.5 | 115.0 | 113.8 | 111.9 |
| Toilet soap ............. | 125.2 | 125.0 | 121.5 | 123.2 | 124.6 | 125.7 | 126.2 |
| Toothp as te .............. | 111.8 | 112.0 | 110.3 | 108.3 | 109.0 | 110.0 | 109.0 |
| Face powder ............. | 127.7 | 127.7 | 115.7 | 115.7 | 116.6 | 111.0 | 107.2 |
| Razor blades ............. | 108.2 | 107.0 | 109.7 | 109.6 | 109.5 | 108.0 | 104.4 |
| Cleansing tissues ....... | 109.2 | 110.1 | 111.2 | 111.3 | 110.8 | 107.7 | 106.4 |
| Services .................... |  | 151.7 | 143.0 | 142.4 | 143.0 | 136.7 | 126.0 |
| Men's haircuts | 162.2 | 161.8 | 149.5 | 148.4 | 149.6 | 142.8 | 131.0 |
| Women's hairdressing .... | 140.9 | 140.9 | 136.1 | 136.1 | 135.8 | 130.4 | 120.8 |

CARLE 9. Consumer Price Indexes - Main Groups, Selected Components and Supplementary Classifications - Concluded
(1961=100)

(1) Includes oranges and orange juice, grapefruit, bananas, grapes, canned pineapple, raisins, tea and coffee.
(2) Includes television and radio.

TABLE 10. Average Retail Prices for Canada - Selected Food Items (1)

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1968 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { May } \\ & 1968 \end{aligned}$ | 1968 | 1967 | $\begin{aligned} & 1969 \\ & \text { price } \\ & \text { relative } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | ¢ |  |  | 1961=100 |
| Dairy products |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Milk, fresh, qt. | 32.3 | 32.2 | 30.4 | 30.3 | 30.7 | 29.0 | 137.3 |
| Milk, evaporated, 16 oz . | 18.3 | 18.1 | 18.6 | 18.5 | 18.5 | 18.7 | 113.9 |
| Powdered skimmilk, pkg., 3 lb . | 135.2 | 135.3 | 136.5 | 136.9 | 136.5 | 134.2 | 127.7 |
| Butter, creamery, first grade, lb. | 72.2 | 72.3 | 70.4 | 70.8 | 70.9 | 70.4 | 103.1 |
| Cheese, plain, processed, $1 / 2 \mathrm{lb}$. | 46.1 | 45.9 | 45.7 | 45.4 | 45.4 | 44.7 | 126.2 |
| Poultry and eggs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chicken, grade A evisc, (1 1/2-4 lb.). 1 l . | 47.3 | 47.5 | 47.9 | 47.1 | 48.2 | 47.5 | 109.4 |
| Turkey, grade A evisc. (8-16 1b.), lb. ... | 47.2 | 47.2 | 49.0 | 49.0 | 49.1 | 48.2 | 98.7 |
| Eggs, fresh, grade A large, doz. ............. | 56.4 | 60.3 | 49.5 | 51.2 | 55.6 | 54.1 | 100.4 |
| Eggs, fresh, grade A medium, doz., .......... |  | 56.4 | 45.3 | 46.9 | 50.0 | 46.5 | 103.8 |
| Beef |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sirloin steak, 1b. | 156.3 | 137.1 | 124.6 | 117.4 | 126.5 | 123.7 | 160.8 |
| Round steak, 1 b . | 136.2 | 120.0 | 106.4 | 104.2 | 109.6 | 107.8 | 154.1 |
| Prime rib roast, 1b. (2) | 129.9 | 116.0 | 107.2 | 106.2 | 110.0 | 108.7 | 147.2 |
| Blade roast, lb. (3) | 87.7 | 80.0 | 70.4 | 71.0 | 74.5 | 74.6 | 142.5 |
| Stewing beef, 1 b . | 96.1 | 88.8 | 82.9 | 81.5 | 84.0 | 79.2 | 146.5 |
| Hamburg, 1b. | 69.9 | 62.0 | 58.8 | 58.6 | 59.3 | 58.7 | 150.9 |
| Liver, sliced, 1b. | 64.8 | 60.6 | 61.4 | 60.9 | 61.0 | 60.7 | 117.1 |
| Pork |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rib chops, fresh, 1 l . | 105.5 | 93.8 | 79.8 | 80.7 | 88.2 | 85.1 | 145.0 |
| Shoulder roast, Boston butt, fresh, 1b. | 72.9 | 69.5 | 60.1 | 58.6 | 62.8 | 64.1 | $12 \%$ |
| Sausage, pure pork, 1b. | 72.4 | 69.8 | 69.7 | 70.1 | 70.3 | 72.4 | 125.6 |
| Bacon, side, fancy, sliced, rind off, 1 lb . | 95.5 | 91.1 | 87.6 | 81.8 | 88.3 | 93.0 | $100.2(7)$ |
| Ham, smoked, boneless, (4) | 129.8 | 130.2 | 116.5 | 115.8 | 122.0 | 124.8 | 132.7 |
| Other meats |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lamb, leg roast, lb . | 77.1 | 76.5 | 84.2 | 82.9 | 83.8 | 81.9 | 105.0 |
| Veal, loin chops, rib end, 1 | 141.6 | 130.9 | 124.9 | 123.1 | 125.2 | 119.7 | 156.2 |
| Wieners or frankfurters, 1 b . | 66.1 | 61.8 | 61.1 | 61.3 | 61.8 | 62.4 | 121.9 |
| Meat loaf, canned, mainly pork, 12 oz . ...... | 55.5 | 55.0 | 53.3 | 53.4 | 54.0 | 57.3 | 121.7 |
| Fish |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cod fillets, frozen, 1b. (6) | 50.8 |  | 49.9 | 48.3 | 49.2 | 48.2 | 135.4 |
| Salmon, canned, fancy pink, $73 / 4 \mathrm{oz}$. ........ | 45.5 | 45.3 | 42.7 | 42.5 | 42.8 | 41.6 | 126.9 |
| Fats and oils ${ }^{\text {a }}$, ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Margarine, 1 lb . | 32.5 | 32.7 | 34.0 | 33.8 | 33.9 | 35.4 | 105.0 |
| Lard, pure, 1 b . | 23.6 | 23.8 | 22.5 | 22.8 | 22.8 | 27.4 | 102.0 |
| Shortening, 16. | 39.0 | 39.0 | 39.2 | 39.1 | 39.3 | 40.2 | 110.1 |
| Salad dressing, jar, 16 oz . | 43.5 | 43.5 | 43.3 | 43.3 | 43.2 | 43.7 | 103.4 |
| Cereals and bakery products |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Flour, white, all purpose, lb. ............... | 12.2 | 12.1 | 11.9 |  | 12.0 | 11.8 | $134.9$ |
| Corn flakes, pkg., $12 \mathrm{oz}. . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . .$. | 35.2 | 35.4 | 34.8 | 34.8 | 34.8 | 34.8 | 114.1(8) |
| Macaroni, dry, pkg., 1b. .... | 22.8 | 22.3 | 23.5 | 23.4 | 23.7 | 23.0 | 115.8 |
| Cake mix, white, pkg., 16 oz . ............... | 40.0 | 39.7 | 39.3 | 39.2 | 39.5 | 39.3 | 123.8 |
| Bread, plain, white, wrapped, sliced, 1b. ... | 19.7 | 19.9 43.9 | 19.4 | 19.3 42.7 | 19.6 42.6 | 19.0 41.3 | 123.4 116.3 |
| Soda crackers, pkg., lb. | 44.0 | 43.9 | 42.6 | 42.7 | 42.6 | 41.3 | 116.3 |
| Sugar and sweets |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sugar, granulated, 1b. ........................ | 11.3 | 11.3 |  | 9.5 |  |  | 117.4 |
| Jam, strawberry, 2 lb, jar, 1b. (5) .......... | 32.4 | 32.2 | 30.6 | 30.6 | 30.8 | 30.5 | 119.7 |
| Honey, No. 1, white, 21 l . ................... | 76.1 | 75.8 | 71.1 | 71.0 | 71.4 | 71.6 | 125.3 |

[^6]TAsti: 10. Average Retail Prices for Canada - Selected Food ltems (1) - Concluded



| Tea bags, orange pekoe, pkg., $60-\mathrm{bag}$ | 83.5 | 83.8 | 85.4 | 85.4 | 85.2 | 84.9 | 102.4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Coffee, medium quality, pkg., lb. | 85.6 | 85.2 | 88.0 | 88.0 | 87.7 | 89.7 | 115.6 |
| Coffee, instant, dried, jar | 108.8 | 108.2 | 108.4 | 108.9 | 108.5 | 106.8 | 108.0 |


| Tomato catsup, bottle, 11 oz . | 26.3 | 26.0 | 26.1 | 26.1 | 26.3 | 26.5 | 111.2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Peanut butter, plain, jar, 16 oz . | 50.3 | 50.1 | 44.5 | 44.9 | 44.8 | 44.7 | 125.9 |
| Pickles, sweet, mixed, jar, 16 oz . | 42.4 | 42.1 | 40.0 | 39.8 | 40.1 | 39.3 | 122.0 |
| Jelly powders, flavoured, pkg., 3 | 11.5 | 11.9 | 12.0 | 12.0 | 11.9 | 11.8 | 114.2 |

(1) For detailed explanations on methods of pricing, calculation techniques, coverage and price collection, refer to Prices and Price Indexes, October 1957. Tear sheets of this material are available on request.
(2) Includes cuts with bone-in and boned and rolled.
(3) Includes cuts with blade-in and blade removed.
(4) Average prices based on chain store prices in 7 cities.
(5) Prices for pectin and pure jam combined.
(6) Average prices based on prices in 16 cities.
(7) $1965=100$.
(8) $1963=100$.
(9) June $1968=100$.
ante 11. Consunar Price Indeates, Regiunal Cities, 1961-69
Note: These indexes measure within each city the percentage change in consumur pritas from the base period to the subsequent time periods. They cannot be used to compare levels of prices between cities. (1) For inter-city indexes of retail price differentials refer to Table 13.

| St. John's Nf1d. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Hali- } \\ \text { fax } \end{gathered}$ | Saint <br> John | Montreal | Ottawa | Toronto | Winnipeg | Saskatoon Regina | $\begin{gathered} \text { Edmon- } \\ \text { ton } \\ \text { Calgary } \end{gathered}$ | Vancouver |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

$1961=100$

## ALL-ITEMS

| 196 |  | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1962 |  | 100.8 | 101.3 | 100.9 | 101.2 | 101.2 | 100.9 | 101.3 | 101.7 | 101.0 | 100.3 |
| 1963 |  | 102.8 | 102.3 | 102.5 | 102.9 | 102.9 | 102.6 | 102.2 | 102.5 | 102.1 | 101.9 |
| 1964 |  | 103.9 | 102.7 | 103.5 | 104.5 | 104.5 | 104.3 | 103.8 | 103.5 | 102.6 | 102.6 |
| 1965 |  | 105.5 | 104.6 | 105.1 | 106.7 | 106.3 | 106.9 | 106.1 | 105.2 | 104.1 | 104.5 |
| 1966 |  | 108.0 | 107.4 | 107.8 | 109.9 | 110.4 | 111.6 | 109.3 | 108.3 | 107.5 | 107.0 |
| 1967 |  | 110.9 | 109.9 | 111.1 | 114.2 | 113.1 | 114.9 | 113.3 | 111.3 | 111.8 | 111.0 |
| 1968 |  | 115.9 | 114.2 | 115.1 | 118.1 | 118.4 | 119.3 | 118.2 | 115.8 | 116.7 | 115.1 |
| 1967 | - Jan. | 108.8 | 108.2 | 109.8 | 111.4 | 111.5 | 113.0 | 110.4 | 109.5 | 109.3 | 108.9 |
|  | Feb. | 108.5 | 108.4 | 110.1 | 112.0 | 111.5 | 112.9 | 110.7 | 109.3 | 109.3 | 108.9 |
|  | Mar. | 109.5 | 108.6 | 110.2 | 112.4 | 111.6 | 113.1 | 110.7 | 109.7 | 109.5 | 109.1 |
|  | Apr. | 110.3 | 109.1 | 110.6 | 113.7 | 111.9 | 114.0 | 111.1 | 110.4 | 110.3 | 110.1 |
|  | May | 110.7 | 109.2 | 110.5 | 113.8 | 112.3 | 114.2 | 111.3 | 110.9 | 111.1 | 110.5 |
|  | June | 110.7 | 109.5 | 110.9 | 114.2 | 112.9 | 114.9 | 113.7 | 111.2 | 111.6 | 110.9 |
|  | July | 110.9 | 110.0 | 111.1 | 115.2 | 113.6 | 115.6 | 114.4 | 111.8 | 112.6 | 111.4 |
|  | Aug. | 112.2 | 111.4 | 112.1 | 115.8 | 114.1 | 115.9 | 114.9 | 112.4 | 113.0 | 111.8 |
|  | Sept. | 112.1 | 110.8 | 111.9 | 115.3 | 113.9 | 116.0 | 115.4 | 112.4 | 113.6 | 112.1 |
|  | Oct. | 112.1 | 110.9 | 111.9 | 115.1 | 114.1 | 115.7 | 115.1 | 112.1 | 113.4 | 112.0 |
|  | Nov. | 112.1 | 111.3 | 111.9 | 115.7 | 114.9 | 116.2 | 115.5 | 112.8 | 113.7 | 112.1 |
|  | Dec. | 112.3 | 111.6 | 112.6 | 116.1 | 115.3 | 116.8 | 115.8 | 113.6 | 114.5 | 113.4 |
| 1968 | - Jan. | 112.8 | 112.3 | 113.4 | 116.9 | 116.3 | 117.5 | 116.9 | 113.7 | 114.7 | 113.9 |
|  | Feb. | 113.2 | 112.7 | 113.6 | 116.9 | 116.7 | 117.2 | 116.7 | 114.0 | 115.0 | 114.0 |
|  | Mar. | 113.6 | 112.5 | 113.9 | 116.7 | 117.1 | 117.9 | 116.6 | 114.8 | 115.0 | 114.2 |
|  | Apr. | 115.2 | 113.4 | 114.3 | 117.6 | 117.1 | 118.6 | 116.9 | 114.8 | 115.6 | 114.6 |
|  | May | 115.7 | 113.4 | 114.7 | 117.6 | 117.5 | 118.5 | 117.2 | 115.2 | 115.6 | 114.4 |
|  | June | 116.1 | 114.2 | 115.2 | 117.7 | 118.0 | 119.1 | 117.6 | 115.7 | 116.5 | 114.6 |
|  | July | 116.7 | 114.6 | 115.9 | 118.4 | 119.2 | 120.0 | 118.4 | 116.1 | 117.0 | 115.0 |
|  | Aug. | 118.2 | 115.3 | 116.3 | 118.9 | 119.6 | 120.0 | 118.7 | 116.4 | 117.3 | 115.2 |
|  | Sept. | 117.5 | 115.4 | 116.2 | 118.6 | 119.1 | 120.2 | 119.8 | 117.3 | 118.3 | 116.0 |
|  | Oct. | 117.0 | 114.7 | 115.7 | 118.6 | 119.1 | 120.4 | 119.1 | 116.7 | 118.2 | 115.8 |
|  | Nov. | 117.2 | 115.4 | 116.2 | 119.4 | 120.0 | 120.7 | 120.0 | 117.3 | 118.8 | 116.4 |
|  | Dec. | 117.7 | 115.9 | 116.4 | 120.0 | 120.2 | 121.5 | 120.3 | 117.7 | 118.9 | 116.8 |
| 1969 | Jan. | 117.2 | 115.8 | 116.6 | 120.1 | 120.3 | 121.3 | 120.4 | 117.8 | 119.1 | 116.8 |
|  | Feb. | 117.8 | 115.5 | 116.3 | 120.4 | 120.1 | 121.2 | 120.4 | 117.7 | 119.2 | 117.3 |
|  | Mar. | 118.2 | 115.9 | 117.1 | 120.0 | 120.8 | 121.9 | 120.9 | 117.7 | 119.6 | 117.6 |
|  | Apr. | 118.7 | 119.0 | 119.3 | 121.0 | 121.9 | 123.2 | 121.9 | 118.3 | 120.3 | 118.2 |
|  | May | 119.0 | 119.3 | 119.5 | 121.4 | 122.7 | 123.3 | 122.2 | 118.9 | 120.8 | 118.5 |
|  | June . | 119.9 | 120.0 | 120.3 | 122.5 | 123.5 | 124.5 | 123.6 | 120.1 | 122.1 | 119.9 |

July ........
Aug. . . . . . . .
Sept. ......
oct. ........
Nov. . . . . . . .
Dec. ........

[^7]TABLE 11. Consumer Price Indexes, Regional Cities - Continued

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { St. John's } \\ & \text { Nfld. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Hali- } \\ \text { fax } \end{gathered}$ | Saint John | Montreal | Ottawa | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Tor- } \\ & \text { onto } \end{aligned}$ | Win- <br> nipeg | Saska- <br> toon Regina | $\begin{gathered} \text { Edmon- } \\ \text { ton } \\ \text { Calgary } \end{gathered}$ | Vancouver |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

$1961=100$

## FOOD

| 1961 |  | 100.0 | 100, 0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1962 |  | 100.6 | 102.9 | 101.6 | 102.3 | 101.6 | 101.3 | 102.7 | 102.3 | 102.1 | 102.4 |
| 1963 |  | 104.8 | 106.0 | 105.1 | 106.1 | 105.8 | 104.6 | 104.4 | 104.7 | 104.5 | 105.7 |
| 1964 |  | 105.7 | 106.7 | 107.2 | 108.0 | 108.1 | 106.5 | 105.4 | 106.4 | 104.6 | 106.4 |
| 1965 |  | 107.8 | 110.1 | 108.9 | 110.0 | 111.0 | 110.0 | 108.1 | 109.1 | 106.9 | 108.8 |
| 1966 |  | 112.8 | 116.1 | 114.2 | 116.7 | 118.4 | 118.0 | 115.2 | 116.1 | 113.3 | 113.6 |
| 1967 |  | 113.7 | 117.2 | 115.7 | 118.3 | 119.7 | 117.3 | 116.8 | 118.5 | 116.4 | 115.3 |
| 1968 |  | 117.0 | 122.2 | 120.9 | 122.3 | 124.7 | 121.0 | 121.0 | 121.7 | 120.4 | 119.4 |
| 1967 |  | 113.8 | 115.0 | 114.3 | 117.5 | 118.6 | 117.0 | 115.8 | 117.0 | 114.7 | 114.8 |
|  |  | 112.8 | 115.6 | 114.4 | 117.2 | 117.7 | 116.1 | 115.1 | 115.9 | 113.3 | 114.0 |
|  |  | 112.8 | 114.5 | 114.1 | 116.9 | 116.7 | 115.1 | 113.7 | 115.6 | 112.3 | 113.2 |
|  |  | 112.8 | 115.6 | 114.9 | 116.9 | 116.9 | 115.4 | 114.6 | 117.2 | 114.1 | 113.6 |
|  |  | 113.2 | 115.8 | 114.6 | 116.7 | 117.9 | 114.9 | 114.6 | 118.2 | 114.8 | 114.5 |
|  |  | 113.0 | 115.7 | 114.9 | 116.2 | 119.4 | 116.7 | 116.6 | 117.9 | 115.8 | 115.1 |
|  | July | 112.6 | 117.2 | 115.5 | 119.3 | 121.7 | 119.2 | 117.2 | 119.6 | 117.8 | 116.2 |
|  | Aug. | 116.5 | 121.8 | 119.0 | 121.5 | 122.7 | 120.0 | 119.1 | 121.6 | 119.2 | 117.1 |
|  | Sept. | 115.6 | 118.8 | 117.2 | 118.7 | 121.1 | 118.9 | 119.5 | 119.9 | 119.6 | 116.9 |
|  | Oct. | 114.3 | 118.1 | 116.6 | 118.4 | 120.2 | 117.9 | 118.0 | 118.5 | 118.3 | 115.4 |
|  | Nov. | 113.7 | 118.9 | 116.2 | 120.3 | 122.0 | 117.9 | 118.6 | 120.2 | 118.6 | 115.5 |
|  | nec. | 113.1 | 119.1 | 116.8 | 120.0 | 121.7 | 119.1 | 118.0 | 120.2 | 117.9 | 117.5 |
| 1968 | Jan. <br> Feb <br> Mar. <br> Apr. <br> May <br> June | 114.3 | 120.4 | 118.5 | 122.8 | 124.7 | 120.0 | 121.1 | 120.5 | 119.1 | 119.7 |
|  |  | 115.3 | 121.1 | 118.7 | 122.4 | 123.9 | 119.2 | 119.9 | 120.2 | 118.2 | 119.1 |
|  |  | 115.3 | 119.3 | 118.6 | 121.3 | 123.6 | 118.8 | 119.7 | 119.6 | 116.9 | 118.4 |
|  |  | 115.1 | 120.7 | 119.7 | 121.5 | 122.8 | 120.0 | 120.0 | 120.0 | 118.2 | 118.8 |
|  |  | 115.7 | 120.7 | 119.8 | 121.1 | 122.8 | 119.4 | 120.3 | 120.8 | 117.8 | 117.5 |
|  |  | 116.5 | 122.1 | 120.9 | 120.1 | 123.3 | 120.7 | 120.7 | 121.5 | 119.5 | 117.9 |
|  | July | 118.2 | 123.3 | 123.0 | 122.2 | 126.9 | 122.5 | 121.0 | 122.1 | 120.8 | 119.0 |
|  | Aug. | 121.5 | 125.8 | 124.4 | 124.0 | 128.2 | 122.5 | 120.9 | 121.8 | 121.8 | 120.2 |
|  | Sept. | 119.0 | 124.8 | 123.3 | 122.2 | 125.7 | 122.3 | 123.9 | 125.3 | 124.7 | 121.1 |
|  | Oct. | 117.3 | 121.8 | 120.7 | 121.5 | 124.2 | 121.4 | 120.1 | 122.2 | 122.4 | 118.9 |
|  | Nov. | 117.3 | 122.4 | 120.9 | 123.7 | 124.8 | 121.2 | 121.2 | 123.3 | 122.6 | 120.4 |
|  | Dec. | 117.8 | 123.7 | 121.4 | 124.9 | 125.2 | 123.8 | 122.7 | 123.5 | 122.6 | 121.7 |
| 1969 | Jan. | 117.9 | 123.5 | 122.1 | 125.5 | 125.4 | 123.9 | 123.5 | 123.6 | 122.9 | 121.7 |
|  | Feb. | 117.6 | 122.1 | 121.0 | 125.5 | 124.7 | 121.2 | 122.4 | 122.9 | 122.4 | 121.9 |
|  | Mar. | 117.4 | 122.3 | 122.2 | 122.5 | 125.1 | 122.2 | 123.0 | 121.3 | 123.0 | 122.8 |
|  | Apr. | 118.8 | 124.6 | 123.5 | 123.0 | 126.2 | 123.8 | 124.3 | 122.6 | 124.5 | 123.8 |
|  | May | 119.0 | 124.5 | 123.2 | 124.2 | 127.1 | 123.8 | 124.1 | 123.3 | 124.6 | 124.6 |
|  | June | 121.3 | 126.6 | 126.0 | 125.7 | 129.0 | 126.9 | 128.7 | 126.7 | 128.8 | 128.9 |

[^8]

| St. John's Nf1d. | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Hali- } \\ & \text { fax } \end{aligned}$ | Saint John | Mont real | Ottawa | Toronto | Win- <br> nipeg | $\begin{gathered} \text { Seska- } \\ \text { toon } \\ \text { Regina } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { ton } \\ \text { Calgary } \end{gathered}$ | Vancouver |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

$1961=100$

## HOUSING



CLOTHING

"ABLE 11. Consumer Price Indexes, Regional Cities - Continued


HEALTH AND PERSONAL CARE


TABlE 11. Consumer Price Indewes, Regional Cities - Concluded


## TOBACCO AND ALCOHOL



PAETii 12. Ararage Weekly Wages in Manufacturing in Current Dollars and Adjusted for Glanges in the Consumer Price Index, Canada(1) 1961-69

|  |  | Weekly wages in current dollars | Index numbers of weekly wages <br> in current dollars | $\begin{gathered} \text { Weekly wages } \\ \text { in } 1961 \\ \text { dollars } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Index numbers of weekly wages in 1961 dollars |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | \$ | (1961=100) | \$ |  |
| 1961 | - Average | 74.45 | 100.0 | 74.45 | 100.0 |
| 1962 | " | 76.75 | 103.1 | 75.87 | 101.9 |
| 1963 | " | 79.51 | 106.8 | 77.24 | 103.7 |
| 1964 | " | 82.96 | 111.4 | 79.16 | 106.3 |
| 1965 | " | 86.89 | 116.7 | 80.94 | 108.7 |
| 1966 | " | 91.65 | 123.1 | 82.04 | 110.2 |
| 1967 | " | 96.84 | 130.1 | 83.64 | 112.4 |
| 1968 | " | 104.00 | 139.8 | 86.58 | 116.3 |
| 1968 | - Jan. | 99.52 | 133.7 | 84.20 | 113.1 |
|  | Feb. | 100.53 | 135.0 | 84.29 | 113.2 |
|  | Mar. | 100.63 | 135.2 | 84.37 | 113.2 |
|  | Apr. | 104.28 | 140.1 | 87.37 | 117.4 |
|  | May | 104.42 | 140.3 | 87.21 | 117.1 |
|  | June | 103.98 | 139.7 | 86.34 | 116.0 |
|  | July | 102. 26 | 137.4 | 84.69 | 113.8 |
|  | Aug. | 104.63 | 140.5 | 86.43 | 116.1 |
|  | Sept. | 107.43 | 144.3 | 88.52 | 118.9 |
|  | oct. | 108.22 | 145.4 | 88.77 | 119.2 |
|  | Nov. | 108.68 | 146.0 | 88.86 | 119.4 |
|  | Dec. | 102.56 | 137.8 | 83.65 | 112.4 |
| 1969 | - Man. | 108.42 | 145.6 | 88.43 | 118.8 |
|  | Feb. . | 109.65 | 147.3 | 89.00 | 119.5 |
|  | Mar. ... | 110.97 | 149.1 148.8 | $\begin{aligned} & 89.06 \\ & 88.69 \mathrm{P} \end{aligned}$ | 119.6 119.1 P |
|  | Apr. ... May . ... | 110.77 P | 148.8 P | 88.69 P | $119.1{ }^{\text {P }}$ |
|  | June .. |  |  |  |  |
|  | July |  |  |  |  |
|  | Aug. . . |  |  |  |  |
|  | Sept. |  |  |  |  |
|  | oct. . . |  |  |  |  |
|  | Nov. . . ${ }^{\text {Dec. }}$ |  |  |  |  |

(1) For detailed explanation, see page 45.

TABLE 13. Inter-City Indexes of Retail Price Differentials, as at May 2968 (1) Selected Groupings of Commodities and Services

Winnipeg May 1968 Price Level = 100

|  | Halifax | Montreal | Ottawa | Toronto | Winnipeg | Regina | Edmonton | Vancouver |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Food at home | 103 | 97 | 100 | 97 | 100 | 104 | 98 | 101 |
| Household operation(2) | 106 | 109 | 104 | 105 | 100 | - | 99 | 111 |
| Clothing | 96 | 97 | 96 | 95 | 100 | - | 96 | 99 |
| Transportation | 105 | 115 | 107 | 105 | 100 | - | 101 | 106 |
| Health and personal care | 102 | 99 | 108 | 107 | 100 | - | 110 | 107 |
| Recreation and reading | 102 | 107 | 103 | 105 | 100 | - | 100 | 111 |
| Tobacco and alcohol | 99 | 98 | 91 | 91 | 100 | - | 88 | 94 |

[^9]TABLE 14. Price Index Numbers of Commoditios and Services l'sed by iarrers
$(1935-39=100)$

|  |  | Composite index exclusive of living component (1) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Farm } \\ & \text { machinery } \end{aligned}$ | Equipment and materials | Taxes and interest rates (1) | Farm wage rates | Farm <br> family <br> living | Composite index inclusive of living <br> component (1) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | All Canada |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1949 |  | 204.1 | 158.3 | 180.3 | 138.7 | 373.3 | 173.2 | 191.7 |
| 1961 |  | 282.1 | 260.7 | 226.5 | 220.6 | 566.0 | 224.2 | 259.0 |
| 1967 |  | 365.3 | 302.2 | 263.1 | 288.1 | 842.4 | 258.4 | 322.6 |
| 1968 |  | 387.3 | 313.7 | 271.3 | 306.3 | 920.9 | 266.1 | 338.9 |
| 1967 | - January | 354.8 | 301.6 | 260.7 | 288.1 | 788.4 | 252.3 | 313.8 |
|  | April. | 370.8 | 302.8 | 263.6 | 288.1 | 873.3 | 258.3 | 325.8 |
|  | August | 370.4 | 302.1 | 265.1 | 288.1 | 865.6 | 264.6 | 328.1 |
| 1968 | - January | 371.4 | 313.0 | 268.6 | $306.3$ |  |  | $328.8$ |
|  | April. | $392 . \epsilon$ | 313.5 | 272.3 | $306.3$ | 948.8 | $266.5$ | 342.2 |
|  | August | 398.0 | 314.5 | 273.1 | 306.3 | 978.3 | 266.8 | 345.6 |
| 1969 | - January | 393.6 | 320.2 | 276.3 | 306.3 | 939.5 | 269.8 | 344.1 |
|  | April.. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | August. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |



(1) 1969 indexes are subject to revision, since tax and interest figures are preliminary.

ThbL 15. Average Retail Feed Prices for Canada and Five Geographical Areas First of the Month Prices - Dollars per cwt


|  | Ontario |  | Prairies |  |  | British Columbia |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| June | May | June | June | May | June | June | May | June |
| 1969 | 1969 | 1968 | 1969 | 1969 | 1968 | 1969 | 1969 | 1968 |


| Corn, cracked | 3.60 | 3.41 | 3.48 | 5.00 | 4.92 | 4.77 | 4.50 | 4.50 | 4.49 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Oats, unground | 3.22 | 3.21 | 3.52 | 2.52 | 2.50 | 2.64 | 3.67 | 3.65 | 3.84 |
| Barley, ground | 3.08 | 3.14 | 3.50 | 2.46 | 2.47 | 2.66 | 3. 38 | 3.35 | 3.63 |
| Wheat, unground | 3.83 | 3.82 | 3.93 | 2.86 | 2.91 | 3.25 | 4.04 | 4.03 | 4.15 |
| Bran | 3. 22 | 3.23 | 3.41 | 3.50 | 3. 51 | 3.53 | 3.29 | 3.29 | 3.41 |
| Shorts | 3.33 | 3.35 | 3.56 | 3.57 | 3.57 | 3.54 | 3.42 | 3.43 | 3.59 |
| Middlings | 3.48 | 3.48 | 3.67 | 3.61 | 3.68 | 3.70 | 3.52 | 3.40 | 3.84 |
| Linseed oll meal | 5.82 | 5.80 | 5.79 | 6. 14 | 6.06 | 5.90 | 6.52 | 6.53 | 6.44 |
| Soybean oil meal | 5.97 | 5.90 | 6.06 | 7.21 | 7. 19 | 6.98 | 6.96 | 6.94 | 6.69 |
| Calf starter ( $20-24 \%$ ) | 5.82 | 5.78 | 5.84 | 5.37 | 5.35 | 5.41 | 5.72 | 5.52 | 6.02 |
| Dairy ration ( $16 \%$ ) . | 3.91 | 3.90 | 4.02 | 3.51 | 3. 52 | 3.77 | 4.10 | 4.09 | 4. 24 |
| Dairy supplement (24\%) (East) | 4.65 | 4.64 | 4.79 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dairy supplement ( $32 \%$ ) (West) |  |  |  | 5.40 | 5.40 | 5.38 | 5.84 | 5.84 | 6.10 |
| Pig starter mash | 5.37 | 5.26 | 5.46 | 5.26 | 5.23 | 5.44 | 4.69 | 4.67 | 4.79 |
| Hog concentrate (35\%) | 6.87 | 6.78 | 6.83 | 6.38 | 6.44 | 6.65 | 6.98 | 6.98 | 6.70 |
| Hog grower mash | 4.10 | 4.07 | 4.27 | 3.60 | 3.62 | 3.81 | 4.39 | 4.36 | 4.49 |
| Chick starter mash (18-20\%) | 5.71 | 5.60 | 5.69 | 5.00 | 5.00 | 5.19 | 5.59 | 5.53 | 5.60 |
| Growing mash | 4.78 | 4.70 | 4.88 | 4.13 | 4.12 | 4.36 | 4.93 | 4.94 | 4.97 |
| Laying mash (17-20\%) | 4.76 | 4.69 | 4.81 | 4.28 | 4.31 | 4.48 | 4.88 | 4.87 | 4.91 |
| Broiler starter mash ( $20-23 \%$ ) | 5. 64 | 5.57 | 5.60 | 5.12 | 5.20 | 5.39 | 5.46 | 5.43 | 5.58 |
| Turkey growing mash. | 5.37 | 5.31 | 5.51 | 4.77 | 4.76 | 4.79 | 5.30 | 5.27 | 5.33 |

[^10]TABLE 16. Index Numbers of Common and Freforred stoch prices
$(1956=105)$


See footnote(s) at end of table.

TABLE 16. Index Numbers of Common and Preferred Stock Prices - Continued
$(1956=100)$

| Current number of stocks |  | Investors index |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Nonmetallic minerals | Petro leum | Chemicals |  | Retail <br> trade | Total utilities | Pipe- <br> line | Trans-portation | Telephone | Elec-tricpower |
|  |  | (4) | (7) | (4) | (4) | (7) | (20) | (5) | (4) | (3) | (3) |
| 1959 |  | 116.2 | 87.1 | 96.9 | 137.7 | 175.9 | 109.7 | 117.2 | 88.7 | 90.5 | 126.0 |
| 1960 |  | 95.3 | 78.2 | 84.2 | 104.4 | 142.5 | 104.7 | 106.2 | 76.6 | 97.7 | 116.3 |
| 1961 |  | 97.3 | 102.6 | 89.1 | 111.9 | 177.3 | 125.8 | 136.4 | 83.7 | 117.0 | 128.6 |
| 1962 |  | 103.2 | 101.7 | 102.3 | 89.2 | 157.3 | 123.1 | 141.1 | 83.2 | 117.9 | 110.6 |
| 1963 |  | 129.9 | 99.2 | 129.6 | 71.6 | 176.0 | 135.9 | 152.7 | 101.7 | 124.1 | 126.0 |
| 1964 |  | 152.5 | 115.0 | 166.8 | 69.7 | 229.0 | 153.7 | 178.6 | 149.0 | 130.8 | 132.3 |
| 1965 |  | 169.7 | 120.6 | 182.1 | 86.0 | 274.8 | 171.4 | 183.1 | 207.1 | 139.9 | 139.2 |
| 1966 |  | 140.0 | 122.7 | 147.6 | 79.9 | 259.2 | 162.7 | 159.8 | 192.3 | 122.6 | 148.4 |
| 1967 |  | 124.7 | 155.8 | 128.3 | 64.5 | 255.5 | 167.8 | 184.2 | 208.6 | 114.7 | 137.3 |
| 1968 |  | 106.8 | 175.7 | 110.6 | 81.6 | 287.5 | 165.6 | 179.7 | 197.5 | 106.1 | 129.0 |
| 1967 | - July . | 124.4 | 162.1 | 124.8 | 64.5 | 248.2 | 175.2 | 201.7 | 227.2 | 116.4 | 138.0 |
|  | Aug. | 123.4 | 164.1 | 123.0 | 64.6 | 256.5 | 175.7 | 197.8 | 223.5 | 115.3 | 139.8 |
|  | Sept. | 122.4 | 165.1 | 122.6 | 65.3 | 273.5 | 173.4 | 196.6 | 206.3 | 111.9 | 142.8 |
|  | oct. | 116.8 | 164.8 | 112.9 | 62.9 | 274.2 | 167.5 | 186.6 | 201.1 | 108.7 | 137.3 |
|  | Nov. | 104.6 | 167.0 | 109.7 | 62.6 | 269.5 | 166.6 | 190.2 | 192.2 | 107.5 | 133.3 |
|  | Dec. | 89.8 | 176.7 | 98.3 | 58.2 | 266.3 | 161.8 | 186.8 | 185.7 | 104.1 | 128.6 |
| 10.8 | Jan. | 98.7 | 178.6 | 100.4 | 63.7 | 273.3 | 162.3 | 181.1 | 181.3 | 104.8 | 129.6 |
|  | Feb. | 92.0 | 162.7 | 94.0 | 61.2 | 259.4 | 153.7 | 166.0 | 171.1 | 103.8 | 122.8 |
|  | Mar. | 85.8 | 150.6 | 92.4 | 58.7 | 247.9 | 146.1 | 155.6 | 164.8 | 101.9 | 117.2 |
|  | Apr. | 88.8 | 160.4 | 100.4 | 66.2 | 277.1 | 154.1 | 164.0 | 171.0 | 104.7 | 121.9 |
|  | May | 95.5 | 163.3 | 105.9 | 71.3 | 284.0 | 154.0 | 167.6 | 176.7 | 101.5 | 120.0 |
|  | June | 93.0 | 168.0 | 106.7 | 77.4 | 294.6 | 159.0 | 176.4 | 189.6 | 101.9 | 118.6 |
|  | July | 107.0 | 176.1 | 116.5 | 82.9 | 308.6 | 166.5 | 179.8 | 197.1 | 106.8 | 128.3 |
|  | Aug. | 109.7 | 183.4 | 112.8 | 88.0 | 306.9 | 164.9 | 181.2 | 197.9 | 104.2 | 126.1 |
|  | Sept. | 122.0 | 190.8 | 121.7 | 98.2 | 312.5 | 173.8 | 192.9 | 209.4 | 109.2 | 133.1 |
|  | oct. | 128.8 | 192.1 | 129.2 | 99.3 | 301.2 | 182.3 | 201.3 | 226.6 | 108.8 | 139.5 |
|  | Nov. | 129.4 | 189.0 | 126.0 | 103.5 | 294.2 | 185.5 | 198.0 | 234.4 | 111.3 | 146.4 |
|  | Dec. | 131.4 | 193.7 | 121.2 | 109.2 | 289.8 | 184.9 | 192.6 | 250.2 | 114.0 | 144.2 |
| 1969 | - Jan. | 130.3 | 194.7 | 126.3 | 112.8 | 275.2 | 181.7 | 195.5 | 247.3 | 110.7 | 138.3 |
|  | Feb. | 134.3 | 184.2 | 128.4 | 121.9 | 272.9 | 181.5 | 195.6 | 255.4 | 107.7 | 137.2 |
|  | Mar. | 128.6 | 175.5 | 126.4 | 121.20 | 264.3 | 181.3 | 192.4 | 259.6 | 107.9 | 137.5 |
|  | Apr. | 134.4 | 177.9 | 132.4 | 123.5 | 269.6 | 186.4 | 194.9 | 264.8 | 116.5 | 136.4 |
|  | May . . | 140.5 | 195.9 | 133.4 | 127.1 | 284.7 | 193.3 | 199.4 | 276.5 | 276.5 | 145.6 |
|  | June | 134.0 | 189.5 | 122.8 | 109.2 | 267.4 | 182.8 | 189.0 | 254.8 | 114.2 | 141.6 |
|  | July . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Aug. . . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Sept... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | oct. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Nov. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Dec. . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Weekly index |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | June 5 |  |  |  | 119.2 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | " 12 | 135.8 | 186.5 | 125.8 | 109.8 | 261.7 | 182.5 | 187.9 | 252.7 | 113.5 | 142.6 |
|  | " 19 | 132.5 | 187.2 | 122.5 | 108.1 | 265.3 | 181.3 | 187.1 | 253.4 | 112.9 | 141.3 |
|  | " 26 | 125.1 | 178.4 | 112.5 | 99.9 | 255.8 | 175.7 | 181.6 | 238.0 | 111.4 | 136.9 |

TABLE 16. Index Numbers of Common and Preferred Stoct priees - Concluted
(1956=100)

|  | Current number of stocks | Investors index |  |  |  | Mining index |  |  | Supplementary <br> indexes |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Gas <br> dis- <br> tribution <br> (5) | Total finance $(14)$ | Banks $(6)$ | Invest- <br> ment and loan <br> (8) | Total mining $(24)$ | Golds <br> (6) | Base metals $(18)$ | Uraniums (4) | Primary oils and gas <br> (6) | Pre- <br> ferred <br> stocks (24) |
| 1959 |  | 160.3 | 128.6 | 129.0 | 127.8 | 86.8 | 112.1 | 72.9 | 82.6 | 76.0 | 94.6 |
| 1960 |  | 142.2 | 117.3 | 116.0 | 119.8 | 76.6 | 99.7 | 64.0 | 59.1 | 48.2 | 91.9 |
| 1961 |  | 191.3 | 154.3 | 142.2 | 177.1 | 92.5 | 104.6 | 85.9 | 71.8 | 59.1 | 97.8 |
| 1962 |  | 190.9 | 145.6 | 136.1 | 163.3 | 95.9 | 112.5 | 86.8 | 76.7 | 63.4 | 99.3 |
| 1963 |  | 217.9 | 148.8 | 141.2 | 163.1 | 91.0 | 107.6 | 81.9 | 91.3 | 65.4 | 102.3 |
| 1964 |  | 244.0 | 152.5 | 143.6 | 169.1 | 101.1 | 115.0 | 93.5 | 84.0 | 80.7 | 103.5 |
| 1965 | -.... | 290.8 | 155.3 | 143.2 | 178.2 | 113.3 | 133.1 | 102.5 | 128.3 | 99.4 | 102.8 |
| 1966 |  | 314.6 | 138.6 | 132.1 | 150.8 | 112.0 | 133.8 | 100.1 | 180.7 | 115.4 | 92.0 |
| 1967 |  | 348.8 | 142.5 | 141.6 | 143.8 | 102.6 | 131.6 | 86.7 | 244.1 | 184.3 | 87.9 |
| 1968 | . . . - - . . | 404.4 | 160.7 | 169.6 | 142.8 | 110.6 | 159.4 | 83.8 | 258.0 | 218.4 | 78.1 |
| 1967 | - July. | 355.8 | 142.6 | 142.8 | 141.6 | 100.0 | 128.2 | 84.5 | 261.5 | 190.8 | 90.5 |
|  | Aug. . | $375.1$ | $146.2$ | $146.9$ | $144.4$ | $103.9$ | $135.1$ | $86.7$ | $255.4$ | $205.9$ | $90.6$ |
|  | Sept. . | 383.7 | 145.1 | 146.6 | 141.8 | $105.1$ | 135.9 | 88.3 | 272.1 | 216.6 | 87.2 |
|  | Oct. . | 375.4 | 133.7 | 132.9 | 134.8 | 106. 1 | 141.1 | 87.0 | 283.6 | 207.5 | 83. |
|  | Nov. . . | 384.0 | 133.6 | 134.2 | 131.8 | 104.0 | 139.6 | 84.6 | 273.4 | 197.8 | 82.2 |
|  | Dec. . | 374.2 | 135.4 | 139.1 | 127.8 | 107.0 | 152.1 | 82.3 | 268.6 | 220.4 | 80.0 |
| 1968 | - Jan. . | 392.4 | 137.4 | 141.9 | 128.3 | 111.6 | 163.2 | 83.4 | 276.5 | 228.1 |  |
|  | Feb. . | $366.6$ | 132.8 | $137.1$ | $124.0$ | $109.8$ | $163.3$ | $80.6$ | $243.5$ | $193.1$ | $79.1$ |
|  | Mar. .. | 336.5 | 126.1 | 131.0 | $116.3$ | $109.6$ | $163.3$ | $80.2$ | $239.4$ | $174.3$ | $76.9$ |
|  | Apr. .. | 374.0 | $141.7$ | 150.6 | 124.2 | $102.4$ | 149.4 | 76.7 | 251.3 | 189.9 | 75.4 |
|  | May . | 374.7 | 145.9 | 154.6 | 128.6 | 107.3 | 158.1 | 79.5 | 255.7 | 189.3 | 75.6 |
|  | June . | 392.8 | 154.0 | 164.9 | 132.4 | 108.6 | 158.1 | 81.4 | 257.8 | 205.5 | 75.0 |
|  | July . | 414.0 | 164.5 | 174.8 | 144.0 | 105.4 | 151.5 | 80.1 | 271.8 | 209.4 | 77.5 |
|  | Aug. . | 407.0 | $167.3$ | 175.2 | $151.3$ | $107.7$ | $154.5$ | $82.0$ | $258.9$ | $218.2$ | $78.7$ |
|  | Sept. | 425.6 | $177.8$ | $184.6$ | $163.9$ | $111.5$ | $157.4$ | $86.3$ | $262.8$ | $239.3$ | $80.0$ |
|  | Oct. .. | 460.9 | 181.8 | 189.5 | 166.5 | 115.0 | 160.5 | 90.0 | 265.4 | 244.7 | 80.0 |
|  | Nov. | 465.7 | 193.5 | 206.8 | 167.2 | 116.8 | 162.5 | 91.8 | 261.4 | 256.7 | 78.4 |
|  | Dec. | 442.7 | 205.2 | 224.6 | 167.1 | 121.1 | 170.6 | 94.0 | 251.7 | 272.4 | 79.8 |
| 1969 | - Jan. . | 432.2 | 204.2 | 223.5 | 166.2 | 125.7 | 172.6 | 100.1 | $245.9$ | $277.6$ |  |
|  | Feb. .. | $433.1$ | $197.6$ | $211.2$ | $170.7$ | $128.5$ | $173.7$ | $103.8$ | $234.5$ | $267.8$ | $77.7$ |
|  | Mar. . . | $429.4$ | $195.0$ | $205.7$ | $173.5$ | $126.5$ | $172.4$ | 101.4 | 208.1 | 265.6 | 76.3 |
|  | Apr. .. | 440.7 | 204.0 | 214.3 | 183.3 | 127.2 | 171.6 | 102.8 | 206.4 | 289.8 | 77.0 |
|  | May ... | 455.9 | 201.8 | 205.9 | 193.4 | 127.6 | 170.9 | 103.8 | 196.5 | 320.3 | 78.8 |
|  | June . . | 427.1 | 188.6 | 193.6 | 178.1 | 117.5 | 154.1 | 97.4 | 172.7 | 291.0 | 76.9 |
|  | July . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Aug. ... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Sept. ... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Oct. ... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Nov. . . . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

Weekly inde:
$\begin{array}{llllll}\begin{array}{ll}\text { June } \\ \text { June } & \ldots\end{array} & \ldots & 45.0 & 197.7 & 200.8 & 191.2 \\ \text { June } 12 & \ldots & 429.3 & 186.7 & 192.1 & 175.6 \\ \text { June 19 } & \ldots & 422.0 & 185.6 & 191.9 & 172.8 \\ \text { June 26 } & \ldots & 412.1 & 184.2 & 189.7 & 172.9\end{array}$
(1) Mining stocks are not included in Investors index.

TABI.E. 17. Base-weighted Highway Construction Price Indexes All-items and Major Components, Combined Annually, $1956-67$ ( $1961=100$ ) *

|  | All-items |  | Major component |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Grading | Granular base courses | Surface courses |
| 1956(1) | 131.6 | 139.1 | 126.1 | 126.1 |
| 1957 | 122.1 | 123.2 | 117.6 | 127.5 |
| 1958. | 111.1 | 114.3 | 105.2 | 114.8 |
| 1959. | 112.2 | 113.7 | 109.5 | 113.7 |
| 1960. | 110,6 | 113.1 | 104.5 | 116.1 |
| 1961 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| 1962 | 103.7 | 107.6 | 97.6 | 106.2 |
| 1963 | 110.6 | 118.1 | 103.7 | 107.4 |
| 1964. | 113.5 | 118.6 | 109.6 | 109.8 |
| $1965 .$ | 130.9 | 137.3 | 131.3 | 117.6 |
| $1966 \ldots$ | 140.1 | 147.3 | $140.1$ | $126.0$ |
| $1967 \ldots$ | 135.1 | 141.6 | 133.7 | 124.8 |
| 1968. |  |  |  |  |
| 1969. |  |  |  |  |

(1) The years referred to are fiscal years. For example, 1956 represents the period April 1,1956 to March $31,1967$.

* To assist comparison with other published series the indexes presented below have been aritimetically converted from $1956=$ 100 to $1961=100$. The $1956=100$ indexes are available on request.

TABLE 18. Provincial Base-weighted Highway Construction All-items Price Indexes, Annually, 1956-67(1) $(1961-100)$ *

|  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

(1) Major components for the provincial indexes were presented in the September 1968 issue of Prices and Price Tndexes.
(2) The years referred to are fiscal years. For example, 1956 represents the period April 1 , 1956 to March 31 , 1957. To assist comparison with other published sertes the indexes presented below have been arithmetically converted from l956a 100 to $1961=100$. The $1956=100$ indexes are available on request.

TABLE 19. Price Indexes of Electric Utility Distribution Systems, Transmission Lines and Transformation and Switching Stations, Canada, Annually 1956-68
( $1961=100$ )


## Industrial Price Indeave

## Industry Selling Prlce Indexes $(1956=100)$

Industry Selling price Inderes are published for most of the manufacturing industries and as such are the first Canadian "wholesale" price indexes to be organized according to an industry classification. Because of their common form of organization these indexes may be used in conjunction with a whole array of related statistics such as shipments, employment aud inventories, to name a few, which also conform to the Standard Industrial classification. Thus, Industry Selling Price Indexes have a clearly defined conceptual basis which fits into a comon framework of analytical statistics. For this reason and because of their relatively high standard of representativeness they are recommended over their counterpart commodity series of the General wholesale Index for purposes relating to output of manufacturing industries. However, because Industry Selling Price Indexes are available only since 1956 (in a few cases since 1949) the General Wholesale Index and its components must still be relied upon for earlier periods.

A complete description of these indexes is contained in: Industry Seling Price Indexes 1956-59, Catalague No. 62-515

## General Wholesale Index (1935-39=100)

The General Wholesale Index is a commodity classified index of prices. The index is "general" inasmuch as it incorporates a diverse selection of both primary and processed commodities. It is called 'wholesale" because its ingredient prices relate to that broad and heterogeneous area of comodity distribution which excludes only retail trade. In fact, che term "wholesale" has more of a connotation of bulk trading than of any homogeneous level of distribution. Thus, though the index mainly includes prices of producers, it also covers transactions of "middle men" who trade in commodities of a type or in quantities characteristic of primary marketing functions

Though general wholesale price indexes have been calculated by many countrdes for years there is no precise answer to the question of what such an index measures. This is so because the index cannot be associated with any adequately definable value aggregate. Unlike a consumer price index which can be identified with expenditures of household consumers, a general wholesale index covers a host of overlapping transactions sometimes involving the same ingredient in as many as three different stages of processing. Yet, conceptually, it is not a measure of the purchasing power of money because it omits significant areas of monetary transactions such as prices of land, labour, securities and services, except in so far as prices of these things are implicit in comodity prices. As a conventional summary figure, its use has tended towards a reference Level against which to observe the behaviour of particular price groups such as farm products, industrial materials, builciag materials and the various other groupings for which indexes are published. And as an indicator of general busincss anditionis it is usually included in the group which is regarded as approximately coincident with the business cycle. attribute now lies in its long historical continuity.

For further details about the General Wholesale Index please consult: Wholesale Price Indexes lol2-s0 fitazanca Paper No. 24) Prices and Price Indexes 1949-52 (Vol. 23) (Catalogue No. 62-501)

Price Index Numbers of Commoditles and Services Used by Farmers
The index of Commoditles and Services used by Farmers is designed to measure the change in retail prices of farm operating costs and farm living costs. It is calculated thrice yearly, viz.: January, April and August, and is on the base 1935-39=100. For an explanation of method of construction and an historical record, please refer to "Price Index Nubers of Commodities and Services Used by Farmers, 1913 to 1948 (Revised 1948)." A special bulletin giving total and group index detall is released subsequent to each pricing date.

## Canadian Farm Products Price Index $(1935-39=100)$

Wheat prices used in the index are buying prices of the Canadian Wheat Board for Nos. 1 , 2 and 3 Manitoba Northern at Fort William - Port Arthur. Prices for western oats and barley are also supplied by the Wheat Board and quotations relating to No. 2 C.W., No. 3 C.W. and No. 1 Feed Oats and to Nos. 1 and 2 Eeed barley are included in the price index. Initial payments are first used in the index calculation and are revised es further payments are announced.

Final participation payments for the crop year August 1967 - July 1968 were announced on March 13 , 1969 for oats and barley and on March 28,1969 for wheat. Initial and final payments recently included in the index are shown in the following Table.

|  | Unit | ```Final participstion payments 1967-68 indexes revised``` $\qquad$ | ```Initial payments 1967-68 included in index August 1967 - July 1968``` | Inicial payments 1968-69 <br> included in index <br> August 1968 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Wheat |  | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| No. 1 Manitoba Northern | bushe1 | 1.813 | 1.70 | 1.70 |
| No. 2 Manitoba Northern | bushel | 1.785 | 1.66 | 1.66 |
| No. 3 Manitoba Northern | bushel | 1.763 | 1.62 | 1.62 |
| Oats |  |  |  |  |
| No. 2 C.W. | bushel | . 823 | . 65 | . 65 |
| No. 3 ©. N . | Masinst | 721 | $6:$ | 12 |
| No. i insed. Dets | bubat | . 276 | 50 | 40 |
| Barley |  |  |  |  |
| No. 1 Fest |  | 1. ग17 | क) | B7 |
| No. 2 rues | bushel | . 988 | . 9.4 | 94. |

## Security Price Indexes

Security price indexes measure through time the effect of price change on the value of a portfolio of stocks bought and held by a hypothetical investor (as opposed to the more speculative trader). The portfolio represents stocks of Canadian companies listed on Toronto, Montreal and Canadian stock exchanges. The number of shares held for each issue is in proportion to the total number of shares outstanding. Prices in the comon and mining stock indexes are Thursday's closing quotations as reported in the Globe and Mail and the Montreal Gazette. For preferred stocks, prices are monthly weighted averages of the daily closing prices in which weights are daily total sales. The price reference base for the indexes is the year 1956 which has been adopted as an interim base for recently developed DBS indexes. The indexes express prices as a percentage of prices in 1956

Revised indexes on the base $1956=100$ were first presented in the June 1962 issue of this publication. The most important change in the revision of the index, apart from the shift in the price reference base, is the classification of stocks according to the Standard Industrial Classification. In the continuing major group Industrials 4 sub-groups (Milling and Grains, Food and Allied Products, Machinery and Equipment, and Building Materials) have been replaced by 8 new sub-groups (Foods, Printing and Publishing, Primary Metals, Metal Fabricating, Non-metallic Minerals, Chemicals, Construction and Retail Trade). The remaining 5 sub-groups of the former index, viz., Industrial Mines, Beverages, Textile and Clothing, Pulp and Paper, and Oils (renamed Petroleum) have been continued. The major group Utilities is continued but the Pipelines index has been added as a sub-group and the previous Power and Traction sub-group has been replaced by two new sub-groups, viz., Electric Power and Gas Distribution. A new major group Finance is composed of the former major group Banks and the former supplementary index Investment and loan. Constant weights, which were previously limited to major groups, have been extended to sub-groups. Weights in the index continue to be based on shares outstanding.

For the list of stocks currently included in the Investors Index and Preferred Index, see Prices and Price Indeves for February and March 1969.

The building materials indexes, shown in Tables 6 and 7 of this pubilontion mä cons:ucted te measure price change of materials used in residential and non-residential building construction.

The residential building materials index in Table 6 is calculated on the base 1961=100, and using weights derived from the estimated material requirement for a national housing target for the year 1946 , contains a total materials index for residential building, together with indexes for nine component groups. The non-residential building materials index, which appears in Table 7 , measures price change for materials used in non-residential building construction. This index is calculated on the base $1961=100$ with weights derived from cost data provided by general and trade contractors for a sample of buildings constructed in Canada in the years 1948-1950. Both indexes have been arithmetically converted to $1961=100$ from their original time reference bases of $1935-39=100$ for Residential and $1949=100$ for Non-Residential.

Beginning in 1966 , some revisions took place in these indexes. More substantial changes occured in the residential materials index, in which a shorter but more efficient sample of commonly used materials was introduced following consultation with industry specialists. The weighting diagram was unchanged at the group levels but minor adjustments were made within groups to accomodate the shorter list of items. In the non-residential index, no changes were made in either the list of items included or the weights.

A change affecting both the indexes is that the price series used to calculate the building materials price indexes from 1966 forward are drawn from the industry classified system of prices shown in Table 2 of this publication. These prices are collected at the manufacturers' level, f.o.b. plant, with discounts to the main class of customer removed; freight and taxes are not included. Before incorporating these industry selling prices into the building materials indexes, federal sales tax has been added where applicable.

Previously, the prices used to calculate the indexes were collected from a variety of watress at various levels in the distribution process, i.e., manufacturers, wholesalers, retailers.

The advantages of using prices from the industry classified system are that there is a wise range of commodity detail available, and the prices are all collected at a consistent level in tio distribution process. In addition, the treatment of price discontinuities is handled in the same manner for the building materials indexes as is described in the reference paper for the Industry Selling Price Indexes referred to below. (This statement is further amplified in Appendix D, Price Indexes of Electric Utility Construction, DBS Publication 62-526.)

Greater regional price coverage is currently being sought, with a view to ultimately publishing as many regional commodity price series as possible. Also, a programme of experimental pricing is underway to determine the validity of using manufacturers' selling prices to represent price movement of wholesalers' and retailers' prices to contractors and other builders.

The new commodities introduced and the new price sample were "linked" into the index at the level of the old price sample at the beginning of 1966 so that the movement of the index was not affected by the changeover. The same component groups will continue to be published.

Explanations of the basic methods of construction and weighting patterns for the building materials indexes are contained in the following publications:

1. Price Index numbers of Residential Building Materials 1926-48, Catalogue 18-7080Price \$ . 10.
2. Non-Residential Building Materials Price Index 1935-52, Catalogue 8002-524-Price $\$ .25$.

A complete description of the characteristics of the Industry Selling Price Indexes and methods of sample selection will be found in: Industry Selling Price Indexes 1956-59-Cat. 62-515.

Highway Construction Price Indexes (1961=100)(1)
The Price Indexes of Highway Construction in Canada express prices paid by provincial governments in contracts awarded for highway construction each year, as a percentage of prices paid in 1961. The arithmetic conversion of the indexes to a 1961 time base does not change their percentage movements as compared to the previously published indexes to a $1956=100$ time base. Users are warned that an aggregation of the converted major group indexes with the published weights will not yield the published $1961=100$ all items indexes. The conversion does not create this problem for a user wishing to reweight the converted major group indexes using weights appropriate to his own purpose.

Base-weighted indexes are published annually and measure, for the period 1956 to 1967 , the difect of price change on the cost of specific programmes of highway construction in canada represented by highway construction contracts of approximately $\$ 50,000$ or more awarded by specified provincial governments during the weight-base period. Weights of items in the index, representing the relative importance of units of construction in the year 1956 are held constant. Only the estimates of prices change from year to year, and the indexes thus measure the movement of prices through time(2). The all-items index or its components are useful for planning and budgeting for highway construction programmes, in escalating or up-dating previously costed roadwork, in estimating replacement costs of previously completed roadwork, and as historical measurements of price trends in highway construction.

The indexes do not necessarily reflect the price movements of non-contract construction or maintenance work. The indexes are designed to measure price changes for a fixed programme of highway construction, in each of the seven provinces. Because price levels in the time base-period (l96l) varied from province to province the indexes cannot be used to compare price differences between provinces, but only to compare differences in the rate at which prices are changing in the provinces.

Prices contained in the index are not for units of labour and materials as is usually the case in construction price indexes but rather for units of construction work put in place such as an acre of clearing, a cubic yard of earth excavation or a ton of bituminous hot-mix paving. In addition, the index contains prices of some materials, such as culvert pipe, usually supplied to the contractor by the highway departments. Prices of highway construction work are annual weighted averages of bid prices of units of construction in groups of contracts awarded, (1) classified by price-determining characteristics of the contracts and the bid items such as volume of the bid item, type of contract and geographic location. Prices of material items of supply are prices paid by government departments to suppliers.

Development of a Quebec Highway Index has begun and it is hoped that data will be released by September of 1969.

## rrice Indexes of Electric Utility Construction

In electric utility terms, the index is designed to provide an estimate of the impact of price Change on the cost of materials, labour and equipment used in constructing and equipping electric utilities in a specified base period. The index provides an estimate of how much more, or less it would cost to reproduce the base-period programe of construction in another period, using the same construction technology as in the base period and assuming rates of profit and productivity in construction are the same in both periods.

As the market does not yield comparable selling prices for such unique transactions as, for example, the sale of a transmission line, it was not possible to produce an index of the prices of completed structures. Completed structure indexes would be appropriate for users wishing either to estimate reproduction costs or to deflate capital formation. For such uses the indexes introduced in this publication have specific shortcomings. Nonetheless, they may be helpful for such purposes provided the users understand the deficiencies. Thus the reader is asked to make particular note of Section III, of DBS Occasional Paper 62-526 Capital Expenditures Price Indexes - The Necessity for Compromise and Section XI, (of the same paper) Uses and Limitations. In addition, because particular construction projects are unique, the aggregate indexes will not likely be appropriate to specific projects since they relate to an average mix of materials, labour and equipment derived from a variety of projects in a specific base period. Thus, if the component price indexes and their weights included in the aggregate index presented herein are inappropriate for a particular purpose the user should consider selecting appropriate component indexes from among those published herein. These indexes could then be combined into an aggregate index by utilizing weights derived from the projects or assets to be costed or deflated.

Prices used in the indexes are for the most part selling prices reported monthly by manufacturers for materials or equipment. The price reported is for units and terms of sale representative of the volume sales of the manufacturer. Where sales to electric utilities form a small share of the total sales of the manufacturer, the price reported may not adequately represent the price to the construction trade and others directly involved in constructing and equipping electric utility facilities. In such cases, prices charged other manufacturers or wholesalers have been included in the index. Foderal sales tax changes are reflected in the index but no adjustments have been made for provincial
(1) There may be a considerable time lag between the letting of the contract and the completion of the job.
(2) For a more complete statement of the problems of estimating price change for highway construction see pages vi \& vii of the December issue of Prices and Price Indexes, DBS publication $62-002$ and pages $9 \& 10$ of the reference paper Price Indexes of Highway Construction in Canada DBS publication 62-520.
tax changes. Until December 1964 wage rate data were supplied by the federal Department of Labour and represented minimum hourly rates paid to construction workers in major cities employed on federal government contracts. In 1965 union basic wage rates reported by major utilities and some contractors were incorporated into the index. The sample selected provides an estimate of wage rate change for urban own account and contract electric utility construction. Some further improvements will be made to improve the coverage relating to rural non-union work for transmission lines.

Construction has been defined as new construction or major reconstruction for distribution systems, transmission lines and transformation or switching stations. Maintenance and operating costs are excluded. Cost data were supplied by major utilities, relating to own account and to contract construction erected during the last half of the $1950^{\circ}$ s. Weights were derived from these data which indicated the relative importance of the major inputs to the construction. The components of cost relating to distribution and transmission facilities encompass such items as poles, hardware, conductors, insulators, meters, distribution transformers and expenditures for labour, e.g. - linemen and groundmen. Costs relating to construction equipment such as trucks, and components of equipment operating costs such as tires, gasoline and repairs were also included. Transformation and switching stations encompass some of the items listed above but the most important elements of cost relate to transformers and switching equipment. Expenditures for land and rights-of-way have been excluded.

The term Canadian electric utility has been defined to include municipal as well as nonmunicipal utilities but the majority of the cost data tabulated was derived from the major nonmunicipal utilities. Manufacturers who produce electricity for their own use and who may also sell electricity have been excluded from the cost survey.
Retail Price Indexes

## Consumer Price Index for Canada $(1961=100)$

The Consumer Price Index measures the percentage change through time in the cost of purchasing a constant "basket" of goods and services representing the purchases by a particular population group in a specified time period. The "basket" is an unchanging or equivalent quantity and quality of goods and services of items for which then is a contimally measurabie market price over time, corrosponding to a specific quantity of the item.

The fodex relates to a boad buc specific group of whan tamiliss ant reflects the price changes experienced by that "target group". The index is unlikely to represent closely the experience of any one family within the group nor should it be expected to reflect price change for other population groups for which income, family size and place of residence are characteristically different. The target group to which the current index relates is composed of families - (a) living in cities with over 30,000 population, (b) ranging in size from two adults to two adults with four children, and (c) with annual incomes during 1957 ranging from $\$ 2,500$ to $\$ 7,000$. To measure the influences of price change on the cost of goods and services purchased by such families, the Consumer Price Index reflects movements of some 300 items.

The history of consumer price indexes in Canada extends back to the early 1900's and encompasses periodic revisions of index base reference periods and weighting patterns. In 1952, the time base was updated to $1949=100$ from $1935-39=100$ and, at the same time, weights were revised to reflect family expenditure patterns in 1947-48. A subsequent revision of weights based on 1957 expenditures was introduced at the beginning of 1961 and the time base was revised from 1949=100 to $1961=100$ at the beginning of 1969.

Full details on the latest weighting patterns and time base revisions are available in the occasional paper "The Consumer Price Index for Canada ( $1949=100$ ) - Revision based on 1957 Expenditures", DBS Catalogue No. 62-518 and in the January, 1969 issue of the monthly bulletin, Prices and Price Indexes, DBS Catalogue No. 62-002.

## Consumer Price Indexes for Regional Cities (1961=100)

Consumer Price Indexes for Regional Cities are published monthly in this bulletin (Table 11). The regional indexes are similar in concept and item coverage to the Consumer Price Index for Canada except for their individual weighting systems.

Each index is designed to measure the influence of changes in retail prices taking place in the localities specified, upon the cost of a fixed basket of goods and services representing the level of consumption of a representative group of families in those particular areas.

In using the city indexes, it should be remembered that they are not indicators of comparative levels of prices as between the cities. That is, they do not in any way indicate whether prices are higher or lower in one city than in another.

For comparisons of retall price differentials between citles see Table 13 of this publication and the relevant explanatory note on page 46.


Changing consumer price levels affect the amounts of goods and services which a dollar will buy, and average earnings, of course, will be affected in the same way. An earnings measurement which takes the change of consumer prices into account, can be calculated by reducing actual earnings averages by the percentage amounts consumer price levels rise, or increasing them by the amount price levels fall. The adjusted averages may be used to indicate the comparative quantities of goods and services which could be purchased by average earnings if consumer price levels and consumption patterns had remained constant. The following illustration shows how this kind of an adjustment can be made.

Suppose that a series of average weekly wages rises from $\$ 80.00$ in week $A$ to $\$ 100.00$ in week $B$, and that in the same interval a consumer price index advances from 100.00 to 110.0 . Because of the 10 per cent rise in consumber prices, $\$ 1.00$ will not buy as much in week B as it would in week A. Likewtse, a 25 per cent rise from $\$ 80.00$ to $\$ 100.00$ will overstate the increase which has occurred in the purchasing power of average weekly wages. This overstatement can be removed by reducing the figure of $\$ 100.00$ by the amount of the consumer price increase. The adjusted average is $\$ 90.91$ ( $100.00 / 110.0 \mathrm{x}$ 100.0), which may be referred to as a weekly wage average for week $B$ expressed in the dollars of period A, or it may be said to indicate the level of real weekly wages relative to week $A$.

The foregoing calculation can be carried a step further to express in index number form the relationship between the week A average of $\$ 80.00$ and the week $B$ figure of $\$ 90.91$. Taking the week $A$ average of $\$ 80.00$ as equal to 100.0 , the week $B$ index becomes $113.6(90.91 / 80.00 \times 100.0)$. Such an index may be called an index of weekly real wages. It indicates that average wages for week B will buy 13.6 per cent more goods and services than those received in week $A$, in spite of a 10 per cent rise in consumer prices. This 13.6 per cent increase in real wages compares with the rise of 25 per cent in money wages ( $100.00 / 80.00 \times 100.0$ ).

It should be noted that while the estimates of average real wages may reflect the experiences of broad groups of workers fairly well, their applicability to individual wage-earners depends upon a number of considerations. For example, individual earnings will differ significantly from the group average, depending upon occupation, industry, geographical location, or sex of the wage-earner. Moreover, individual spending habits differ widely, but the consumer price index which is used to adjust the earnings data refers only to the average consumption pattern of a particular income group. Groupspending patterns change over periods of time. To the extent that this occurs, the earnings data adjusted by the consumer price index (which has a "fixed" consumption pattern), will gradually be rendered less valid. Finally, some part of income may be saved, and it should be borne in mind that it is not appropriate to reduce savings to a constant dollar basis by using index which reflects consumption patterns.

It should also be kept in mind that measures of change in real earnings calculated from averages of gross earnings may differ from changes in the purchasing power of "take-home" pay, due to such factors as changes in personal income tax, pay deductions for such things as social insurance and pension plans. Thus index numbers of real wages should not be interpreted as measuring fluctuations in the levels of consumption of wage-earners or wage-earners' families; they are intended to show only the trend in purchasing power of wages over the items covered by the price index, and in addition to the factors already mentioned, do not take into account other family income (including family allowances) or changes in the savings position of families.

The table in this report showing indexes of both actual and real wages uses 1961 as a reference year. However, the adjustment made in the foregoing illustration can be applied to any reference level; percentage change between any two periods will be the same regardless of the reference period selected.

Statistics previously published relating to differences in retail pricos betwen (onation eiches liad twan imitef zo Indexes measuring comparative food price levels. Table 13 sumarizes the results of a detailed revision of earlier urban place-to-place food indexes and expands the scope of spatial retail price measurements to take in other elements of the family budget. A fuller explanation of the study from which this table is derived, including more detalls of these inter-city price comparisons, are contained in the November 1968 issue of Prices and Price Indexes (DBS Catalogue Number 62-002). In all, inter-city price comparisons were drawn for commodities and services comprising nearly three-quarters of the budget on which the Consumer Price Index for Canada is currently based. Mafor omssions are shelter (both rented and owned), domestic utilities (fuel, light and water), and restaurant meals. While recognizing the importance of shelter differentials in any overall comparison of the general price level being encountered by consumers in different urban centres, the problems inherent in drawing valid comparisons between cities are such as to require a good deal more research. Meanwhile, it is considered that, despite the absence of shelter differentials at this time, publication of retail price comparisons for other elements of the budget will go some distance towards serving the varied needs of users.

The original data base of this study was the wide range of retail price quotations collected in the course of production of the national and urban Consumer Price Indexes. In developing these spatial price comparisons efforts were made to achieve comparability by equating qualities of goods and services and by matching types of retail outlets, as far as possible. Price relationships between pairs of cities were derived and subsequently converted to a common base of Winnipeg prices equalling 100 to facilitate comparisons over the whole range of cities. The up-dating of these measurements of inter-city retail price differentials was accomplished by application of the relative movement of prices, at the item level in each city, over the intervening period as derived from the relevant city consumer price indexes. These price relationships at the item level were aggregated on the basis of the Canada urban consumer spending pattern, rather than the patterns applicable to individual cities. While differences in spending patterns exist among cities, the magnitude of these differences in the cities covered is not such as to affect most of the spatial comparisons significantly. Because of the previously mentioned absence of shelter price relationships, which may be of considerable significance in any overall comparison of inter-urban retail price differentials, aggregative indexes beyond major budget groupings are not shown.

It should be noted that the retall prices used in this comparison, being those faced by consumers, include sales and excise taxes as applicable. Variations between provinces in the scale of sales taxes imposed on a wide range of non-food commodities can be of significance in explaining inter-city price differentials for these items.



Reference Papers and Special Publications



[^11][^12]
[^0]:    (1) Indexes for 1969 are subject to revision
    (2) Year to year percentage change not shown since these indexes are not comparable. Indexes subsequent Ro July 1968 are subject to revision. See notes page 40 for detalls of Western grain prices.

[^1]:    (1) Consists of General Wholesale Index less Animal products and Vegetable products component groups (see preceding page). (2) Consists of Iron products, and Non-ferrous metals products component gronps less gold (see preceding page). (3) These two series comprise the General Wholesale Index. (4) Excludes golds. (5) Indexes for 1969 are subject to revision.

[^2]:    (1) Final to July 1968. See page 40 for details on Western grain prices and specific publications wherein final indexes or earlier years may be found. (2) Indexes for 1969 are subject to revision.

[^3]:    (1) Indexes for 1969 are subject to revision.
    (2) An explanation of the 1966 revision is provided on page 42.

[^4]:    See footnote(s) at end of table.

[^5]:    all-1HMS Consumer Price Index Converted to 1949=100 - June 1969-162.7

[^6]:    See footnote(s) at end of table.

[^7]:    (1) For explanation see page 4.

[^8]:    July .......
    Aug. ........
    Sept........
    Oct. ........
    Nov. ........
    Dec. . . . . . . .

[^9]:    (1) For detailed explanation, see page 46.
    (2) Excludes fuel and lighting.

[^10]:    Note: Mash includes pellets, crumbles, cubes, etc.

[^11]:    * A comprehensive statistical report on wholesale, farm, consumer and security prices and price indexes covering intensively the period $1949-52$ and more broadly earlier periods, in some cases from 1913 ; brief text is included.

[^12]:     of Candda and forwarde? to the iwblications Distrjbution Lnit, Pinanciul control Section, Donininal bureau of Statistics, or to the Queen's Printer, Ottawa, Canada.

