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# PRICES \& PRICE INDEXES JULY 1969 

# PRICES \& PRICE INDEXES 

JULY 1969

Published by Authority of<br>The Minister of Industry, Trade and Commerce

## SIMBOLS

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## WHOLESALE PRICE INDEXES

TOTAL INDEX AND SELECTED COMPONENT GROUPS ANNUALLY, I946-67; MONTHLY, JANUARY 1968 -JULY 1969
( $1935-39=100$ )
(Semi-Logarithmic Scole)


NOTE: NON-FARM PRODUCTS IS THE GENERAL WHOLESALE INOEX LESS ANIMAL
AND VEGETABLE PRODUCTS COMPONENT GROUPS.

## Industry Selling Price Indexes $(1956=100)$

In 37 manufacturing industries, Industry Selling Price Indexes were higher in July, 1 less than the 38 increases recorded in the previous month. Industry indexes that decreased numbered 16,3 more than the 13 decreases recorded in the May - June period. Of the 102 industry indexes 49 remained unchanged, 2 less than in the previous month.

The most notable increase for the period (2.0\%) occurred in the fish processing industry while lesser upward movement ( $1-2 \%$ ) was recorded for fruit and vegetable preparations, pulp mills, brass and copper products, white metal alloys, acids, alkalies and salts, and paints, varnishes and lacquers industries. Decreases, while fewer in number were more pronounced ( $-17.0 \%$ ) in the shingle mills industry, $(-7.0 \%)$ in the fertilizers industry and $(-2-5 \%)$ in sugar refining, lumber mills, and veneers and plywoods industries.

The average of the 102 industry indexes declined slightly in July to 121.5 from the June average of 121.8 . The median also moved downward to 119.6 from 120.3.

The following table sumarizes June - July price movements by major industry group:

June to July Changes in Industry Indexes

| Major industry group | Total <br> indus- <br> tries | Increases |  |  | Decreases |  |  | Unchanged |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | No. | No. | Average \% | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Median } \\ & \% \end{aligned}$ | No. | Average \% | Median \% | No. |
| All industries | 102 | 37 | 0.6 | 0.3 | 16 | - 2.7 | - 1.0 | 49 |
| Foods and beverages | 20 | 9 | 0.8 | 0.5 | 4 | - 1.2 | - 1.3 | 7 |
| Tobacco and tobacco products | 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | 1 |
| Rubber products .. | 1 | - | - | - | 1 | - 0.1 | (1) | - |
| l.eather products | 4 | - | - | - | 1 | -0.3 | (1) | 3 |
| Textile mills | 10 | 2 | 0.2 | (1) | 1 | - 1.6 | (1) | 7 |
| Clothing and knitting mills | 4 | 1 | 0.3 | (1) | 1 | - 1.1 | (1) | 2 |
| Wood products .... | 7 | 1 | 0.2 | (1) | 4 | - 6.4 | - 4.0 | 2 |
| Paper products . . | 5 | 4 | 0.6 | 0.5 | - | - | - | 1 |
| Iron and steel products | 9 | 5 | 0.2 | 0.2 | - | - | - | 4 |
| Transportation equipment ... | 3 | 1 | 0.1 | (1) | - | - | - | 2 |
| Non-ferrous metal products ......... | 5 | 5 | 0.8 | 0.6 | - | - | - | - |
| Electrical apparatus and supplies | 5 | 2 | 0.3 | (1) | - | , | - | 3 |
| Non-metallic mineral products ......... | 8 | 2 | 0.2 | (1) | 1 | - 0.2 | (1) | 5 |
| Products of petroleum and coal ........ | 3 | 1 | 0.5 | (1) | - | - |  | 2 |
| Chemicals and allied products | 11 | 3 | 1.6 | 1.5 | 3 | - 2.8 | - 0.9 | 5 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing industries | 6 | 1 | 0.5 | (1) | - | - | - | 5 |

## (1) Not relevant.

## General Wholesale Index $(1935-39=100)$

The General Wholesale Index moved down 0.1 per cent in July to 283.9 from the June index of 284.3 and was 5.5 per cent higher than the July 1968 index of 269.2 . Three of the eight major group indexes were lower, while five advanced.

The Animal Products Group index declined 1.6 per cent in July to 333.1 from the June index of 338.6 reflecting lower prices for livestock, fresh meats and hides and skins. Decreases of 0.1 per cent occurred in two major group indexes, Textile Products to 256.8 from 257.1 and Non-metallic Minerals Products to 209.9 from 210.1.

The Wood Products Group Index moved up 0.5 per cent to 390.5 from 388.6 with higher prices for fir and wood pulp. Increases of 0.2 per cent or less occurred in the following major group indexes, Iron Products to 285.0 from 284. 3, Non-ferrous Metals Products to 258.8 from 258.4, Chemical Products to 219.2 from 219.0 and Vegetable Products to 239.0 from 238.9.

The following table shows some of the more noteworthy changes:

## Percentage changes

Commodity group and sub-group

| July 1969 |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| June 1969 | $\frac{\text { July } 1968}{\text { June } 1968}$ | $\frac{\text { July } 1969}{\text { July } 1968}$ |


| Animal products group | - 1.6 | $+0.6$ | $+12.5$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Hides and skins | - 9.4 | -0.6 | $+13.7$ |
| Livestock | - 4.5 | $+0.3$ | $+17.5$ |
| Meats, fresh | - 3.8 | - | $+18.2$ |
| Leather | -0.9 | $+1.0$ | $+10.7$ |
| Eggs | $+4.6$ | $+6.2$ | $+13.7$ |
| Animal oils and fat | $+3.3$ | - | $+9.7$ |
| Meats, cured | $+2.3$ | $+0.3$ | $+15.7$ |
| Fishery products | $+1.8$ | $+3.7$ | + 9.4 |
| Wood Products group | $+0.5$ | $+0.1$ | $+6.9$ |
| Fir | $+5.1$ | $+0.6$ | $+16.5$ |
| Wood Pulp | $+2.1$ | -0.3 | + 3.8 |
| Cedar | - 7.1 | $+2.2$ | + 6.4 |
| Hemlock | - 1.0 | - 2.8 | + 29.5 |

## Thirty Industrial Materials Price Index ( $1935-39=100$ )

The price index of Thirty Industrial Materials, calculated as an unweighted geometric average, declined 0.5 per cent to 269.2 in July from the June index of 270.6. Prices were lower for nine commodities, higher for nine and unchanged for twelve. Principal changes included decreases for fir timber, beef hides, oats, hogs, raw sugar, steers, linseed oil, sisal, and cottonseed oil, while increases were recorded for steel scrap, unbleached pulp sulphite, raw rubber, raw wool, bleached pulp sulphite and tin.

## Canadian Farm Products Price Index $(1935-39=100)$

The price index of Canadian Farm Products at terminal markets declined 1.3 per cent to 278.8 in July from the June index of 282.6 . A decrease of 2.6 per cent to 371.6 from 381.7 in the Animal Products index reflected lower prices Eor lambs, calves, hogs and steers on both Eastern and Western maxkets, and for raw wool and butterfat in the East. Higher prices were shown for eggs on both markets and for cheesemilk in the East and for raw wool and fluid milk in the West. The Field Products index advanced 1.4 per cent to 186.0 from 183.5 on higher prices for potatoes on both Eastern and Western markets, and for corn and hay in the East and for flax in the West. Lower prices were recorded for wheat in the East, and for rye in the West.

The Consumer Price Index for Canada rose by 0.4 per cent to 126.4 in July from 125.9 in June. The July 1969 index stood 5.0 per cent above its level of July 1968. Most of the latest month's increase was attributable to a 0.8 per cent rise in the Food index, and to a 0.4 per cent increase in the Housing index. Among other goods and services, substantially increased tobacco taxes in Alberta accounted for a 0.4 per cent upward movement in the Tobacco and Alcohol component. Transportation prices edged up by 0.1 per cent, while sale prices on selected apparel items helped reduce the Clothing index by a similar amount. The indexes for health and personal care and for recreation and reading were unchanged.

The Food index advanced by 0.8 per cent to 128.8 in July from 127.8 in June. The increase in the level of food prices since June was less than normally expected during this period; much of the seasonal increase was recorded in last month's 2.2 per cent advance. A major factor contributing to the latest month's increase was notably higher prices for restaurant meals. Some items of food consumed in the home also moved up moderately. While beef prices were 4.0 per cent lower than in June, they still remained about eight per cent higher than in May. Other meats registered generally increased prices since June: pork rose 2.3 per cent and poultry was 0.9 per cent higher. Among produce items, the price of potatoes rose by thirteen per cent reflecting current marketing of "new" crops. Marked advances also were registered for celery, turnips, onions, apples and grapefruit, while the introduction of local tomatoes resulted in a fourteen per cent decrease in this item. Bakery and cereal products registered a 0.7 per cent price rise as reflected in increases for bread, cake, doughnuts, and macaroni. While fresh milk prices were unchanged, other dairy products including ice cream and cheese recorded higher quotations. Price levels for butter, margarine, and eggs each declined marginally since June. The July Food index was 5.1 per cent higher than a year earlier.

The Housing index rose by 0.4 per cent to 125.2 from 124.7 in the preceding month. Increased mortgage interest rates in the latest month were chiefly responsible for a 0.6 per cent upward movement in home-ownership costs, while rents increased by 0.4 per cent in the same period. Higher wages for domestic help, together with increased prices for broadloom, household textiles, utensils and supplies contributed to a 0.4 per cent increase in household operation costs. Electricity prices were higher in Saint John, Hamiton and Halifax with the increase in the latter city being attributable to a new servioe tax. The july tomsing inces stood 3 . $\dot{A}$ per cent above ics level nz a vear earlicr.

The Clozhing index dectined by 0.1 per cens to 124.8 in July From 124.9 a woth earlicr. Salo prices on a few selected apparel items outweighed a number of minor increases, but for the most part men's and women's wear items were unchanged in price. Footwear prices edged up by 0.2 per cent, while quotations for piece goods were marginally lower. The July Clothing index was 3.1 per cent above its level of twelve months previous.

The Transportation index edged up by 0.1 per cent to 120.7 in July from 120.6 in June. This marginal increase was attributable mainly to seasonally higher train fares. There was no change in automobile operation costs, as slightly lower new car prices were offset by higher quotations for gasoline and motor oil in a number of cities. The Transportation index was 4.9 per cent higher than a year earlier.

The Health and Personal Care index remained unchanged at its June level of 134.2. Lower prices for tollet soap offset increases for toothpaste, razor blades, and cleansing tissues. The Health and Personal Care index stood 4.8 per cent above its level of twelve months previous.

The Recreation and Reading component also remained stable in the latest month. Price declines for radios, televisions and phongraph records were counterbalanced by increased prices for bicycles and subscription rates for some Calgary newspapers. At a level of 127.4 , the July Recreation and Reading index was 6.5 per cent higher than a year earlier.

The Tobacco and Alcohol index moved up by 0.4 per cent to 126.3 in July from 125.8 a month enlier, with the entire increase being attributable to the imposition of higher tobacco taxes in Alber:a. The Tobacco and Alcohol index was 4.1 percent higher than a year ealier.

The Investors Index of common stock prices continued to reflect the losses of the three major groups as it decreased 4.4 per cent to 189.5 between June and July. Indexes for the three major groups reached their lowest points for the year by decreases of under five per cent, as Industrials, Utilities and Finance dropped to $194.8,177.3$ and 179.6 respectively. Within Industrials, all sub-groups reached lows for the year except Foods, Printing and Publishing, and Petroleum. Foods registered the only increase in the entire index, as it edged up 1.1 per cent to 232.7. Decreases ranged from 10.3 per cent for Construction to 2.0 per cent for Printing and Publishing. In Utilities, all losses remained under five per cent, the largest being recorded by Transportation down 4.9 per cent from last month to 242.4 . In Finance, Banks decreased 3.9 per cent to 186.1 and Investment and Loan was down 6.6 per cent at 166.4.

In the same period, the index of Mining stock prices responded to losses in Golds and Base Metals as it decreased 6.3 per cent to 110.1 .

Both supplementary price indexes were at their lowest for the year as Uraniums fell 12.3 per cent to 151.5 and Primary Oils and Gas dropped 9.9 per cent to 262.2.

The Preferred stock index registered its largest decrease for the year as it fell 4.0 per cent to 73.8 .

|  | Indexes |  |  |  | Percentage changes |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1968 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1.968 \end{aligned}$ | $\frac{\text { July } 1969}{\text { June } 1969}$ | $\frac{\text { July } 1968}{\text { June } 1968}$ | $\frac{\text { July } 1969}{\text { July } 1968}$ |
| Wholesale price Indexes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Industry selling price indexes <br> ( $1956=100$ ) (See textual table page v) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| General wholesale index (1935-39=100) : (1) | 283.9 | 284.3 | 269.2 | 270.3 | 0.1 | - 0.4 | + 5.5 |
| Vegetable products .................... | 239.0 | 238.9 | 230.2 | 231.5 | -. | - 0.6 | + 3.8 |
| Animal products | 333.1 | 338.6 | 296.1 | 294.4 | 1.6 | + 0.6 | +12.5 |
| Textile products | 256.8 | 257.1 | 256.1 | 255.8 | 0.1 | + 0.1 | + 0.3 |
| Wood prosucts | 390.5 | 388.6 | 365.4 | 364.9 | $+0.5$ | $+0.1$ | + 6.9 |
| Iron products. | 285.0 | 284.3 | 276.8 | 276.7 | + 0.2 | , | + 3.0 |
| Non-ferrous metals | 258.8 | 258.4 | 246.8 | 259.1 | $+0.2$ | - 4.7 | + 4.9 |
| Non-metallic minerals | 209.9 | 210.1 | 206.3 | 206.2 | - 0.1 | -- | + 1.7 |
| Chemical products | 219.2 | 219.0 | 213.7 | 212.6 | $+0.1$ | $+0.5$ | + 2.6 |
| Canadian farm products (1935-39=100): (2) | 278.8 | 282.6 | 267.0 | 264.5 | 1.3 | $+0.9$ | (2) |
| Eastern rotal . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 300.2 | 303.5 | 283.4 | 279.0 | 1.1 | + 1.6 | + 5.9 |
| Western total | 257.4 | 261.7 | 250.6 | 249.9 | 1.6 | $+0.3$ | (2) |
| Field ....... | 186.0 | 183.5 | 201.0 | 198.9 | $+1.4$ | + 1.1 | (2) |
| Animal | 371.6 | 381.7 | 333.1 | 330.0 | 2.6 | + 0.9 | $+11.6$ |
| Selected price indexes: (1) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Thirty industrial materials (1935-39=100) | 269.2 | 270.6 | 253.4 | 252.7 | 0.5 | $+0.3$ | + 6.2 |
| Residential building materials ( $1961=100$ ) | 141.3 | 142.4 | 131.5 | 131.4 | 0.8 | + 0.1 | + 7.5 |
| Non-residential building materials (1961=100) . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 126.0 | 126.2 | 120.1 | 120.7 | - 0.2 | - 0.5 | $+4.9$ |
| Consumer price indexes $(1961=100)$ : |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All-items index ................ | 126.4 | 125.9 | 120.4 | 119.7 | + 0.4 | $+0.6$ | $+5.0$ |
| Foud | 128.8 | 127.8 | 122.5 | 120.5 | + 0.8 | $+1.7$ | + 5.1 |
| liousing | 125.2 | 124.7 | 118.8 | 118.3 | $+0.4$ | $+0.4$ | + 5.4 |
| ctschíng | 124.8 | 124.9 | 121.0 | 121.2 | - 0.1 | - 0.2 | + 3.1 |
| Irasisportation | 120.7 | 120.6 | 115.1 | 115.1 | $+0.1$ | + 0.5 | + 4.9 |
| H.alth and personal care | 134.2 | 134.2 | 128.0 | 127.4 | - | $+0.5$ | + 4.8 |
| Recreation and reading | 127.4 | 127.4 | 119.6 | 119.2 | - | $+0.3$ | + 6.5 |
| tsibacco and alcohol .. | 1.26 .3 | 125.8 | 121.3 | 121.3 | $+0.4$ | - | + 4.1 |
| Security price indexes (1956=100): |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total investors index .......... | 189.5 | 198.3 | 181.8 | 174.4 | - 4.4 | $+4.2$ | $+4.2$ |
| Total industidals | 194.8 | 204.4 | 189.4 | 182.7 | - 4.7 | + 3.7 | + 2.9 |
| Industrial mines | 194.4 | 204.8 | 198.4 | 202.5 | - 5.1 | - 2.0 | - 2.0 |
| Foods | 232.7 | 230.1 | 225.3 | 199.8 | + 1.1 | $+12.8$ | + 3.3 |
| Beverages | 304.2 | 319.2 | 277.4 | 263.8 | - 4.7 | + 5.2 | + 9.7 |
| Textiles and clothing | 148.1 | 158.1 | 162.1 | 146.1 | - 6.3 | $+11.0$ | - 8.6 |
| Pulp and paper. | 140.5 | 147.4 | 112.0 | 100.4 | $-4.7$ | $+11.6$ | $+25.4$ |
| Printing and publishing | 742.1 | 757.0 | 689.5 | 677.9 | 2.0 | $+1.7$ | + 7.6 |
| Primary metals | 99.0 | 104.0 | 93.7 | 88.0 | - 4.8 | + 6.5 | $+5.7$ |
| Metal Labricating .. | 140.1 | 151.1 | 130.3 | 123.8 | - 7.3 | $+5.3$ | + 7.5 |
| Non-metallic minerals | 124.5 | 134.0 | 107.0 | 93.0 | -7.1 | $+15.1$ | $+16.4$ |
| Petroleum | 177.2 | 189.5 | 176.1 | 168.0 | - 6.5 | $+4.8$ | $+0.6$ |
| Chemicals | 111.6 | 122.8 | 116.5 | 106.7 | - 9.1 | + 9.2 | - 4.2 |
| Construction | 97.9 | 109.2 | 82.9 | 77.4 | - 10.3 | + 7.1 | $+18.1$ |
| Retall trade. | 255.8 | 267.4 | 308.6 | 294.6 | - 4.3 | + 4.8 | -17.1 |
| Total utilities. | 177.3 | 182.8 | 166.5 | 159.0 | - 3.0 | + 4.7 | + 6.5 |
| Pipeline ... | 182.3 | 189.0 | 179.8 | 176.4 | - 3.5 | + 1.9 | + 1.4 |
| Transportation | 242.4 | 254.8 | 197.1 | 189.6 | - 4.9 | $+4.0$ | + 23.0 |
| Telephone ... | 111.4 | 114.2 | 106.8 | 101.9 | - 2.5 | + 4.8 | + 4.3 |
| Electric power. | 137.7 | 141.6 | 128.3 | 118.6 | - 2.8 | + 8.2 | + 7.3 |
| Gas distribution | 419.1 | 427.1 | 414.0 | 392.8 | - 1.9 | + 5.4 | + 1.2 |
| Total finance | 179.6 | 188.6 | 164.5 | 154.0 | - 4.8 | $+6.8$ | + 9.2 |
| Banks | 186.1 | 193.6 | 174.8 | 164.9 | - 3.9 | + 6.0 | + 6.5 |
| Investment and loan ...... | 166.4 | 178.1 | 144.0 | 132.4 | - 6.6 | + 8.8 | $+15.6$ |
| Mining stocks: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| General index | 110.1 | 117.5 | 105.4 | 108.6 | - 6.3 | - 2.9 | + 4.5 |
| Golds | 139.0 | 154.1 | 151.5 | 158.1 | - 9.8 | - 4.2 | -8.3 |
| Base metals | 94.2 | 97.4 | 80.1 | 81.4 | - 3.3 | - 1.6 | $+17.6$ |
| Supplementary indexes: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| liraniums ............. | 151.5 | 172.7 | 271.8 | 257.8 | - 12.3 | $+5.4$ | - 44.3 |
| Primary oils and gas ........ | 262.2 | 291.0 | 209.4 | 205.5 | - 9.9 | + 1.9 | $+25.2$ |

[^0]TABLE 2. Industry Selling Price Indexes, $\sigma$ Industry and Seleoted fommeditids
(1956=100)

| Industries and selected commodities | Months |  |  |  | Annual averages |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1968 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1968 \end{aligned}$ | 1968 | 1967 | 1966 |
| Foods and beverages industries |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Slaughtering and meat packing industry | 155.0 | 157.8 | 131.9 | 131.6 | 130.5 | 130.6 | 136.5 |
| Bacon and sides | 129.5 | 129.0 | 116.0 | 115.9 | 112.8 | 119.9 | 144.7 |
| Beef, fresh or frozen | 182.6 | 189.0 | 153.2 | 152.1 | 148.7 | 148.7 | 137.7 |
| Hams, cured ..... | 141.4 | 138.8 | 119.1 | 117.6 | 120.9 | 117.4 | 131.6 |
| Lard | 107.8 | 103.4 | 91.6 | 91.6 | 95.0 | 110.0 | 133.4 |
| Margarine | 95.8 | 94.4 | 94.5 | 94.5 | 94.8 | 96.2 | 99.2 |
| Mutton and lamb, fresh or frozen | 177.6 | 188.8 | 157.1 | 183.1 | 147.4 | 134.8 | 133.8 |
| Pork, fresh or frozen | 149.7 | 158.8 | 126.8 | 125.1 | 126.1 | 119.1 | 134.0 |
| Poultry, fresh or frozen | 82.0 | 82.3 | 79.5 | 79.9 | 79.5 | 81.9 | 90.2 |
| Sausages, fresh | 151.8 | 147.7 | 126.6 | 126.2 | 126.3 | 130.2 | 145.3 |
| Veal, fresh or frozen | 192.3 | 195.7 | 162.8 | 166.7 | 164.8 | 162.8 | 150.1 |
| Wieners and bologna | 171.1 | 167.8 | 145.6 | 144.6 | 144.8 | 149.5 | 154.5 |
| Butter and cheese factories industry | 132.8 | 132.6 | 128.6 | 127.5 | 129.0 | 124.0 | 117.0 |
| Butter | 113.6 | 113.6 | 111.9 | 111.9 | 112.4 | 110.1 | 103.2 |
| Milk, whole, fresh | 162.8 | 162.8 | 154.1 | 150.7 | 154.7 | 143.8 | 135.? |
| Concentrated milk products industry | 134.2 | 134.2 | 131.2 | 131.2 | 131.3 | 130.9 | 122.4 |
| Milk, whole, evaporated | 131.2 | 131.2 | 126.3 | 126.3 | 126.3 | 126.7 | 120.2 |
| Milk, whole, powder, spray process | 117.5 | 117.5 | 121.0 | 121.0 | 121.3 | 119.5 | 114.7 |
| Milk, skim, powder, spray process | 155.9 | 155.9 | 155.7 | 155.7 | 155.8 | 154.2 | 135.3 |
| Cheese, processed, industry | 136.7 | 136.0 | 128.4 | 128.4 | 128.7 | 125.0 | 117.7 |
| Dairy products, other, industry | 108.3 | 108.3 | 108.3 | 108.3 | 107.7 | 106.4 | 107.0 |
| Fish processing industry | 181.4 | 177.5 | 164.6 | 162.8 | 166.8 | 160.6 | 156.2 |
|  |  | 166.7 | 153.2 | 154.7 |  |  | 148.2 |
| Salmon, canned, sockeye | 134.6 | 134.6 | 133.7 | 133.7 | 133.4 | 132.9 | 133.8 |
| Fruit and vegetable preparations industry | 123.6 | 121.5 | 120.2 | 118.8 | 120.0 | 117.4 | 115.1 |
| Jams | 135.5 | 134.2 | 122.4 | 115.3 | 119.9 | 116.8 | 116.0 |
| Corn, creamed, whole grain, canned | 134.7 | 134.7 | 138.6 | 138.6 | 137.8 | 126.7 | 121.0 |
| Peaches, canned | 153.5 | 153.5 | 152.0 | 152.0 | 151.2 | 141.7 | 138.0 |
| Peas, canned | 129.7 | 118.5 | 133.9 | 132.0 | 131.2 | 121.7 | 112.3 |
| Soups, canned .... | 100.5 | 101.8 | 104.0 | 106.4 | 104.2 | 103.7 | 101.6 |
| Tomato juice, canned | 126.5 | 121.9 | 119.0 | 111.8 | 122.9 | 125.0 | 123.0 |
| Feed mills industry | 109.2 | $109.4^{\text {r }}$ | 115.0 | 114.2 | 113.5 | 117.0 | 117. |
| Feeds, dairy and cattle | 104.2 | 104.0 | 110.4 | 110.0 | 109.6 | 113.8 | 112.8 |
| Feeds, poultry, laying and hatching .. | 110.1 | 110.6 | 115.2 | 114.0 | 113.8 | 118.4 | 119.7 |


(1956=100)

| Industries and selected conmodities | Months |  |  |  | Annual averages |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1968 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1968 \end{aligned}$ | 1968 | 1967 | 1966 |
| Foods and beverages industries - Concluded |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Flour mills industry | 120.7 | 121.7 | 121.6 | 122.4 | 122.7 | 129.0 | 123.1 |
| Wheat flour, Spring, No. 2 patent | 128.1 | 128.1 | 126.1 | 125.3 | 125.6 | 128.2 | 125.1 |
| Wheat flour, Spring, No. 3 patent | 119.2 | 119.2 | 122.6 | 121.0 | 121.3 | 126.3 | 118.0 |
| Wheat flour, ontario winter | 115.9 | 115.9 | 115.4 | 115.4 | 115.7 | 117.4 | 113.9 |
| Shorts and middlings | 99.4 | 105.6 | 99.2 | 111.8 | 109.9 | 131.7 | 124.8 |
| Breakfast foods industry | 145.3 | 144.2 | 135.7 | 135.7 | 138.0 | 135.7 | 129.8 |
| Biscuits industry | 132.2 | 132.0 | 128.0 | 128.0 | 128.0 | 125.4 | 120.8 |
| Bread and other bakery products industry | 145.2 | 145.0 | 142.3 | 142.3 | 141.4 | 136.3 | 134.9 |
| Bread | 152.1 | 152.1 | 152.1 | 152.1 | 150.7 | 143.6 | 140.2 |
| Pies, cakes, cookies and pastries | 129.7 | 128.9 | 119.7 | 119.7 | 119.7 | 120.1 | 123.3 |
| Rolls and huns, plain | 145.9 | 145.9 | 140.6 | 140.6 | 140.6 | 136.3 | 137.0 |
| Gurbonatud beverajus induscry | 143.7 | 143.7 | 134.9 | 134.9 | 135.1 | 130.7 | 127.4 |
| Distilled liquors industry | 117.6 | $117.6^{\text {r }}$ | 117.2 | 117.3 | 117.3 | 113.6 | 113.5 |
| Breweries industry | 118.9 | 118.9 | 117.1 | 117.1 | 116.9 | 112.0 | 109.4 |
| Beer in small bottles | 114.7 | 114.7 | 113.3 | 113.3 | 113.1 | 109.2 | 108.3 |
| Wines industry | 104.7 | 104.7 | 104.3 | 104.3 | 104.3 | 100.3 | 96.6 |
| Confectionery industry | 131.8 | 131.3 | 127.4 | 127.0 | 127.2 | 122.8 | 120.0 |
| Chewing gum | 103.6 | 103.6 | 102.7 | 102.9 | 102.8 | 101.0 | 100.0 |
| Chocolate bars | 125.9 | 124.6 | 119.2 | 118.1 | 117.8 | 112.9 | 113.9 |
| Chocolate, in packages | 145.8 | 145.8 | 139.4 | 139.4 | 140.3 | 137.1 | 130.3 |
| Sugar confectionery, in bulk | 144.9 | 144.8 | 143.5 | 143.5 | 144.0 | 137.8 | 133.6 |
| Sugar refining industry | 116.3 | 118.9 | 86.9 | 89.8 | 90.8 | 90.7 | 87.2 |
| Sugar, granulated, cane and beet | 116.2 | 118.8 | 87.1 | 90.0 | 91.0 | 90.8 | 87.2 |
| Sugar, yellow or brown, cane and beet | 114.9 | 117.6 | 84.3 | 87.4 | 88.5 | 89.2 | 86.2 |
| Sugar, icing, cane and beet ......... | 119.2 | 121.9 | 87.8 | 91.2 | 92.4 | 91.0 | 88.4 |
| Miscellaneous food preparations industry | 96.3 | 95.4 | 90.2 | 92.3 | 90.6 | 91.6 | 94.2 |
| coffee, roasted | 76.7 | 75.1 | 74.0 | 73.9 | 74.2 | 75.0 | 78.2 |
| delly powders | 117.4 | 116.8 | 117.7 | 123.2 | 118.7 | 118.5 | 117.2 |
| Tea, blended, packaged | 99.3 | 99.3 | 92.6 | 99.4 | 94.2 | 97.9 | 99.6 |
| Aacaroni and kindred products industry | 144.7 | 144.7 | 144.7 | 144.7 | 143.3 | 141.4 | 135.2 |

TABLE 2. Industry Selling Price Indexes, by Industry and Selected Commodities - Continued
(1956=100)

| Industries and selected commodities | Months |  |  |  | Annual averages |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { July } \\ 1969 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1968 \end{aligned}$ | June $1968$ | 1968 | 1967 | 1966 |


| Tobacco, cigars and cigarettes industry | 127.3 | 127.3 | 119.6 | 120.5 | 120.2 | 117.6 | 109.6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tobacco, smoking, fine cut | 126.3 | 126.3 | 120.7 | 120.7 | 120.7 | 116.3 | 110.3 |
| Cigarettes | 128.6 | 128.6 | 119.9 | 121.3 | 120.9 | 118.9 | 108.9 |

## Rubber products industries

| Rubber goods, including footwear, industry | 104.8 | 104.9 | 100.0 | 99.7 | 99.8 | 99.0 | 96.6 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Tires, balloon, bus and truck | 101.5 | 101.5 | 94.7 | 94.6 | 94.5 | 95.7 | 93.0 |
| Tires, balloon, passenger cars, standard | 100.2 | 101.0 | 93.7 | 93.4 | 94.2 | 93.6 | 91.0 |
| Hose, £ire, garden, etc. | 125.0 | 125.0 | 119.1 | 118.5 | 119.8 | 114.3 | 109.5 |

Leather products industries:

| Footwear, leather industry | 132.7 | 132.7 | 129.5 | 128.4 | 128.7 | 126.0 | 122.9 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Men's goodyear welts | 150.4 | 150.4 | 143.4 | 143.4 | 143.3 | 136.1 | 132.2 |
| Misses ${ }^{\text {' }}$ vulcanized and stitchdowns ........ | 121.4 | 121.4 | 118.9 | 118.9 | 117.0 | 117.0 | 116.7 |
| Children's and little gents' vulcanized and stitchdowns | 138.6 | 138.6 | 135.6 | 135.6 | 133.5 | 131.5 | 128.8 |
| Gloves and mittens, leather, industry | 136.3 | 136.3 | 129.2 | 129.2 | 130.3 | 132.3 | 127.0 |
| Gloves and mittens, dress, men's lined | 124.7 | 124.7 | 116.0 | 116.0 | 117.6 | 114.5 | 109.7 |
| Gloves and mittens, work, men's unlined | 143.6 | 143.6 | 137.5 | 137.5 | 138.3 | 143.5 | 137.8 |
| Leather tanning industry | 147.1 | 147.6 | 131.5 | 130.4 | 130.9 | 132.2 | 145.6 |
| Upper leather, cattle hides | 149.3 | 149.8 | 131.1 | 130.0 | 128.9 | 128.4 | 142.7 |
| Upper leather, chrome splits | 118.6 | 116.0 | 119.9 | 119.9 | 118.9 | 135.8 | 141.3 |
| Sole leather, bends | 149.9 | 149.9 | 137.5 | 137.5 | 138.6 | 148.3 | 162.3 |
| Sole leather, shoulders | 129.4 | $129.4^{\text {r }}$ | 115.2 | 115.2 | 116.6 | 127.0 | 147.9 |
| Belting, leather, industry | 113.2 | 113.2 | 113.2 | 113.2 | 110.6 | 99.4 | 99.4 |

## Textile mills industries


fiant 2. Mathaty belliug Mrice Intases, by Industry and Selected Comodities - Continued (1956=100)

| Industries and selected conmodities | Months |  |  |  | Annual averages |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1968 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1968 \end{aligned}$ | 1968 | 1967 | 1966 |

Textile mills industries - Concluded

| Woollen yarn industry | 104.6 | 104.6 | 103.7 | 103.7 | 103.9 | 104.3 | 105.3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Yarns, worsted, ofl spun, machine knitting | 108.7 | 108.7 | 107.2 | 107.2 | 107.4 | 109.2 | 112.4 |
| Miscellaneous woollen goods industry | 116.2 | 116.2 | 106.0 | 106.0 | 106.0 | 106.0 | 102.0 |
| Synthetic textiles and silk industry | 102.6 | 102.6 | 97.0 | 97.0 | 97.3 | 96.4 | 96.8 |
| Carpets, mats and rugs industry | 94.4 | 94.4 | 94.8 | 94.8 | 95.2 | 97.3 | 98.2 |
| Carpets, wilton in rolls | 99.3 | 99.3 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 101.0 | 104.9 | 105.4 |
| Carpets, tufted | 89.5 | 89.5 | 89.5 | 89.6 | 89.5 | 89.6 | 91.0 |
| Cordage, rope and twine industry | 115.5 | 115.3 | 114.0 | 114.0 | 113.4 | 115.3 | 118.2 |
| Twine, all sisal | 120.7 | 119.0 | 119.0 | 119.0 | 119.0 | 132.1 | 137.7 |
| Bags, cotton and jute, industry | 123.4 | 125.4 | 118.6 | 118.6 | 121.4 | 123.5 | 129.1 |
| Bags, cotton | 106.2 | 106.2 | 109.0 | 109.0 | 109.0 | 109.0 | 111.0 |
| Bags, jute | 138.8 | 142.5 | 127.2 | 127.2 | 132.5 | 136.5 | 145.2 |
| Oilcloth, linoleum and other coated fabrics industry | 119.1 | 119.1 | 116.5 | 116.2 | 116.4 | 114.3 | 113.3 |

## Clothing and knitting mills industries



TABLE 2. Industry Selling Price Indexes, by Industry and Selected Connodities - Continued
$(1956=100)$

| Industries and selected commodities | Months |  |  |  | Annual averages |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | July | June | July | June | 1968 | 1967 | 1966 |
|  | 1969 | 1969 | 1968 | 1968 | 1968 | 1967 | 1966 |

Clothing and knitting mills industries
Concluded
Hats and caps industry ............................... $126.8 \quad 128.2 \quad 127.3128 .7 \quad 126.6 \quad 120.7114 .2$

## Wood products industries

| Veneers and plywoods industry | 115.3 | 121.1 | 104.9 | 103.8 | 104.5 | 98.0 | 95.4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Veneer, yellow birch | 95.9 | 95.9 | 94.8 | 94.8 | 95.0 | 96.3 | 93.2 |
| Plywood, Douglas fir | 126.2 | 136.2 | 110.6 | 108.5 | 109.6 | 97.9 | 94.4 |
| Plywood, yellow birch | 102.1 | 103.7 | 99.6 | 99.6 | 99.8 | 99.3 | 97.9 |
| Doors, veneer and plywood, slab-type | 114.1 | 114.1 | 101.2 | 101.2 | 101.9 | 99.8 | . . |
| Sash, door and planing mills industry | 152.1 | 153.0 | 129.7 | 129.2 | 130.0 | 122.3 | 115.8 |
| Sash and doors | 167.8 | 167.8 | 148.6 | 148.6 | 149.0 | 140.2 | 133.3 |
| Lumber, matched | 166.2 | 168.4 | 141.4 | 138.9 | 141.1 | 131.2 | 123.7 |
| Lumber, planed | 132.3 | 133.7 | 110.4 | 109.8 | 110.7 | 104.8 | 98.7 |
| Mouldings | 202.1 | 202.1 | 157.1 | 157.1 | 157.1 | 145.4 | 139.0 |
| Flooring, hardwood, industry | 135.1 | 135.1 | 124.1 | 124.1 | 124.8 | 119.4 | 111.4 |
| Flooring, birch | 137.0 | 137.0 | 130.1 | 130.1 | 130.6 | 123.1 | 111.9 |
| Flooring, red oak | 133.3 | 133.3 | 118.0 | 118.0 | 118.9 | 115.6 | 110.8 |
| Lumber mills industry | 129.2 | 133.6 | 125.9 | 126.0 | 126.9 | 110.1 | 107.0 |
| Pine, white | 143.1 | 143.0 | 113.9 | 114.1 | 116.0 | 113.2 | 111.2 |
| Pine, jack and lodge-pole | 112.4 | 113.4 | 109.2 | 108.3 | 111.2 | 103.1 | 96.3 |
| Birch, yellow | 122.2 | 122.1 | 120.4 | 120.6 | 120.5 | 117.9 | 115.7 |
| Maple, hard | 109.4 | 109.2 | 119.4 | 119.5 | 119.6 | 116.9 | 107.2 |
| Cedar | 188.5 | 196.9 | 163.4 | 165.6 | 165.9 | 141.3 | 135.7 |
| Spruce | 109.4 | 111.0 | 111.9 | 112.0 | 113.0 | 99.8 | 98.2 |
| Spruce, B.C. interior | 98.8 | 100.0 | 110.1 | 110.2 | 110.5 | 92.1 | 91.5 |
| Spruce, East of Rockies | 120.1 | 122.1 | 113.8 | 113.8 | 115.5 | 107.7 | 104.8 |
| Hemlock, B.C. coast | 128.3 | 137.9 | 129.1 | 127.3 | 130.7 | 109.5 | 104.8 |
| Fir, Douglas | 137.8 | 145.0 | 137.5 | 137.5 | 137.5 | 111.4 | 108.8 |
| Fir, Douglas, B.C. interior | 125.2 | 136.3 | 153.2 | 151.9 | 152.1 |  | 112.5 |
| Fir, Douglas, B.C. coast | 146.8 | 151.1 | 126.4 | 127.4 | 127.1 | 105.4 | 106.2 |
| Shingle mills industry | 148.4 | 179.0 | 163.2 | 160.6 | 170.6 | 118.1 | 115.9 |
| Furniture industry | 122.9 | 122.6 | 117.9 | 117.7 | 118.4 | 116.0 | 112.9 |
| Bedroom furniture, wooden, not upholstered | 119.9 | 119.9 | 115.0 | 115.0 | 115.4 | 115.1 | 110.9 |
| Living room furniture, upholstered | 133.2 | 133.2 | 126.2 | 126.2 | 127.5 | 122.0 | 118.8 |
| Office furnishings and fixtures, wooden | 139.1 | 139.1 | 137.1 | 137.1 | 137.8 | 136.8 | 132.8 |
| office and store furnishings and fixtures, metal | 133.8 | 133.5 | 125.3 | 125.3 | 125.7 | 122.1 | 120.2 |
| Mattresses, spring filled | 103.7 | 103.7 | 102.4 | 101.3 | 101.8 | 99.1 | 96.7 |
| Boxes and baskets, wood, industry . | 150.0 | 150.0 | 141.7 | 140.5 | 142.2 | 133.2 | 124.1 |



(1956=100)


## Paper products industries

| Boxes and bags, paper, industry | 122.1 | 121.9 | 117.2 | 117.0 | 117.4 | 114.8 | 110.8 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Boxes, folding | 120.0 | 119.7 | 117.8 | 117.6 | 117.2 | 116.0 | 111.7 |
| Boxes, corrugated, including wrappers | 123.8 | $123.8{ }^{5}$ | 114.8 | 114.8 | 116.0 | 114.5 | 108.9 |
| Bags, self-opening, square | 102.0 | 102.0 | 107.0 | 107.0 | 108.9 | 111.0 | 107.9 |
| Pulp mills industry | 104.9 | 103.5 | 102.3 | 102.6 | 102.3 | 103.2 | 102.6 |
| Sulphite, bleached, paper grade, domestic market | 96.2 | 94.9 | 92.9 | 92.4 | 92.7 | 93.8 | 94.0 |
| Groundwood pulp, export market | 110.1 | 109.8 | 104.4 | 105.8 | 105.1 | 105.1 | 105.0 |
| Sulphate, bleached, export market | 104.7 | 102.5 | 103.3 | 102.9 | 103.2 | 105.9 | 104.5 |
| Paper milis industry | 117.5 | 117.3 | 113.2 | 113.6 | 113.5 | 112.8 | 109.5 |
| Paper, book | 132.9 | 132.9 | 131.7 | 131.7 | 131.8 | 131.8 | 123.8 |
| Paper, fine | 132.0 | 132.0 | 126.2 | 126.2 | 126.6 | 128.3 | 121.9 |
| box board, for folding cartons | 112.3 | 112.3 | 108.9 | 108.9 | 108.9 | 109.0 | 107.7 |
| Building board. | 110.7 | 110.7 | 100.7 | 100.3 | 100.5 | 99.2 | 98.3 |
| Paper, newsprint, white, in rolls | 117.9 | 117.6 | 113.3 | 113.7 | 113.6 | 112.7 | 109.3 |
| Paper, wrapping, Kraft No. $1 .$. | 119.0 | 119.0 | 117.1 | 117.1 | 117.1 | 116.7 | 114.6 |
| Roofing paper industry | 92.5 | 92.5 | 90.6 | 90.2 | 89.0 | 82.4 | 78.6 |
| Roll roofing, smooth surfaced | 100.0 | 100.0 | 98.5 | 98.5 | 96.0 | 87.8 | 81.0 |
| Roll roofing, felt, mineral surfaced | 96.0 | 96.0 | 94.5 | 94.5 | 92.3 | 83.9 | 76.5 |
| Felts, tar and asphalt saturated | 81.5 | 81.5 | 80.2 | 79.2 | 79.6 | 75.2 | 69.5 |
| Shingles, felt, asphalt saturated, rag and asbestos | 82.0 | 82.0 | 81.0 | 81.0 | 78.5 | 69.5 | 64.5 |
| Miscellaneous paper goods industry | 119.6 | 118.7 | 117.4 | 117.3 | 117.4 | 114.0 | 109.7 |
| Envelopes | 126.5 | 126.5 | 122.2 | 122.2 | 122.2 | 117.9 | 111.1 |
| Paper, toilet, packaged | 118.6 | 115.9 | 117.0 | 116.8 | 117.0 | 111.6 | 106.5 |
| Paper, waxed, including bread wrappers | 117.4 | 117.4 | 115.9 | 115.9 | 115.2 | 111.1 | 107.5 |
| Tissues , facial | 106.8 | 104. 1 | 105.6 | 105.6 | 105.6 | 102.8 | 100.9 |



TABLE 2. Industry Selling Price Indexes, by Industry and Selected Commodities - Continued
$(1956=100)$

| Industries and selected conmodities | Months |  |  |  | Annual averages |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1968 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1968 \end{aligned}$ | 1968 | 1967 | 1966 |

Iron and steel products industries - Concluded

| Hardware, tocls and cutlery industry | 137.5 | 137.2 | 132.7 | 132.4 | 132.3 | 129.1 | 124.7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Heating and cooking apparatus industry | 98.5 | 98.4 | 96.3 | 96.3 | 96.3 | 93.7 | 92.2 |
| Furnaces, oil, gravity or forced air circu $=$ lation <br> Stoves and ranges, cooking, gas ............ | 91.9 | 91.9 | 90.4 | 90.4 | 90.9 | 92.6 | 92.4 |
|  | 102.2 | 102.2 | 101.0 | 101.0 | 100.7 | 97.1 | 96.8 |
| Machinery, household, office and store, industry | 105.5 | 105.5 | 103.1 | 103.1 | 103.2 | 101.4 | 100.1 |
| Castings, iron, industry | 123.4 | 123.0 | 118.7 | 118.7 | 118.6 | 117.5 | 113.8 |
| Soil pipe and fittings, cast iron | 123.7 | 123.7 | 119.6 | 119.6 | 120.5 | 117.6 | 112.8 |
| Pipe fittings, malleable iron, all kinds | 131.0 | 131.0 | 129.1 | 129.1 | 129.1 | 130.6 | 133.7 |
| Castings, grey iron, commerical | 130.1 | 130.0 | 126.9 | 127.0 | 126.8 | 121.6 | 119.1 |
| Steel pipe and tubing |  |  |  | . . |  | 99.4 | 99.6 |
| Pig iron industry | 103.1 | 103.1 | 102.9 | 102.9 | 102.9 | 104.3 | 104.3 |
| Steel ingots and castings industry | 128.3 | 128.3 | 128.2 | 128.2 | 128.2 | 128.0 | 122.4 |
| Rolled iron and steel products industry | 115.3 | 115.2 | 111.0 | 111.0 | 111.0 | 111.2 | 109.4 |
| Hot-rolled products, bars, all grades excluding concrete reinforcing bars Sheets, cold-rolled, reducing mill produc= | 113.0 | 112.9 | 104.0 | 104.0 | 104.1 | 104.2 | 105.3 |
| tion. | 119.3 | 118.3 | 117.1 | 117.1 | 117.1 | 116.4 | 112.0 |
| Wire and wire goods industry | 116.6 | $116.4^{\text {r }}$ | 112.3 | 112.3 | 112.4 | 111.4 | 110.6 |
| Nails, wire, iron and steel | 102.7 | 102.7 | 99.1 | 99.1 | 99.1 | 98.4 | 104.2 |
| Woven wire, farm fence, steel | 121.5 | 121.5 | 116.5 | 116.5 | 116.5 | 113.8 | 111.1 |
| Wire cloth, Fourdrinier | 126.0 | $126.0^{r}$ | 119.0 | 119.0 | 119.9 | 115.8 | 113.6 |
| Rope, steel wire | 114.2 | $113.2^{r}$ | 109.0 | 109.0 | 109.0 | 107.0 | 103.0 |
| Wire, plain .. | 131.7 | 131.7 | 126.6 | 126.6 | 126.6 | 126.3 | 123.8 |

Transportation equipment industries

| Boatbuilding industry | 139.3 | 139.3 | 135.3 | 135.3 | 135.3 | 137.6 | 132.8 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Motor vehicles industry | 121.5 | 121.5 | 120.7 | 120.7 | 120.9 | 118.2 | 118.1 |
| Passenger cars, hard-top | 122.3 | 122.3 | 121.6 | 121.6 | 121.8 | 120.3 | 120.6 |
| Passenger cars, 4-door sedan | 121.4 | 121.4 | 120.7 | 120.7 | 120.8 | 118.2 | 117.8 |
| Trucks, 5,000 lbs. or less, gross vehicle weight | 121.3 | 121.3 | 119.1 | 119.1 | 119.8 | 116.5 | 116.6 |
| Trucks, 5,001-10,000 1 bs . gross vehicle weight | 120.2 | 120.2 | 119.7 | 119.7 | 120.0 | 117.1 | 117.2 |

Fabl3 2. Ine:sty Sallins Price Zuteres, by Industry and Selected Comodities - Continued
$1956=100$ )

| Industries and selected commodities | Months |  |  |  | Annual averages |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1968 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1968 \end{aligned}$ | 1968 | 1967 | 1966 |

Transportation equipment industries Concluded


Non-ferrous metal products industries

| Aluminum products industry | 116.8 | 116.2 | 113.7 | 113.7 | 113.1 | 112.8 | 111.7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Sheets | 115.1 | 115.1 | 112.9 | 112.9 | 112.4 | 112.3 | 115.1 |
| Utensils, cooking | 164.9 | 160.3 | 155.5 | 155.5 | 155.1 | 149.7 | 142.7 |
| Brass and copper products industry | 133.0 | 131.2 | 119.9 | 128.7 | 124. 1 | 120.7 | 115.7 |
| Ingots, brass and bronze ........................ Faucets and combinations, sink, bath | 164.2 | 164.2 | 131.4 | 135.7 | 135.3 | 133.8 | 138.6 |
| and lavatory | 157.0 | 154.0 | 144.9 | 144.9 | 145.0 | 133.1 | 131.6 |
| Jwellery and silverware industry | 191.0 | 190.7 | 193.5 | 196.1 | 187.3 | 157.6 | 138.6 |
| Cold alloys | 135.9 | 134.9 | 131.5 | 134.3 | 130.3 | 116.8 | 112.4 |
| Wlatware and cutlery, silver-plated | 170.8 | 170.8 | 146.0 | 140.8 | 142.5 | 125.2 | 114.2 |
| Non-ferrous metal smelting and refining |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| industry | 128.2 | 127.5 | 122.3 | 125.3 | 122.9 | 119.2 | 114.9 |
| White metal alloys industry ................. | 128.2 | 126.6 | 116.7 | 117.3 | 118.1 | 116.6 | 120.1 |
| Lead, antimonial | 114.0 | 111.3 | 95.7 | 95.7 | 97.8 | 96.3 | 102.2 |
| Solders. | 145.2 | 140.8 | 131.1 | 132.2 | 134.8 | 134.8 | 142.1 |
| Type and type metals ....................... | 114.5 | 114.5 | 121.2 | 121.2 | 119.1 | 112.4 | 115.1 |

## Electrical apparatus and supplies industries

```
Batteries industry
Machinery, heavy electrical, industry(1) ....
    Industrial control equipment(1) ...........
    Motors a-c .............................................
```



```
    Transfommers(1)
    Batteries, storage, automotive .............
    Batteries, drycell, radio, non-portable ...
Radio and television sets and parts
    industry
```

$\qquad$

```
    Tslevision sets, table model, including
```



```
    "elevision sets, console model, 18" to 23"
```

$17.8 \quad 117.5$
115.
114.4
$104.2 \quad 104.2 \quad 100.6 \quad 99.4$
$\begin{array}{llll}121.4 & 119.9 & 118.3 & 118.3 \\ 170.2 & 170.2 & 168.0 & 168.0\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{llllll}\text { Batteries, drycell, radio, non-portable ... } & 121.4 & 119.9 & 118.3 & 118.3 \\ \text { Batteries, drycel1, flashlight........... } & 170.2 & 170.2 & 168.0 & 168.0\end{array}$
$93.593 .5^{r}$
$91.0 \quad 92.2$
$\begin{array}{rrrr}99.1 & 99.1^{\mathbf{r}} & 95.2 & 96.2 \\ 89.9 & 89.9 & 88.6 & 88.6 \\ 116.0 & 116.0 & 115.8 & 116.3\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{rrrr}99.1 & 99.1^{\mathbf{r}} & 95.2 & 96.2 \\ 89.9 & 89.9 & 88.6 & 88.6 \\ 116.0 & 116.0 & 115.8 & 116.3\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{rrrr}99.1 & 99.1^{\mathbf{r}} & 95.2 & 96.2 \\ 89.9 & 89.9 & 88.6 & 88.6 \\ 116.0 & 116.0 & 115.8 & 116.3\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{rrrr}99.1 & 99.1^{\text {r }} & 95.2 & 96.2 \\ 89.9 & 89.9 & 88.6 & 88.6 \\ 116.0 & 116.0 & 115.8 & 116.3\end{array}$
$87.2 \quad 87.2^{1}$
$\begin{array}{rrrr}99.1 & 99.1^{\text {r }} & 95.2 & 96.2 \\ 89.9 & 89.9 & 88.6 & 88.6 \\ 116.0 & 116.0 & 115.8 & 116.3\end{array}$
$\begin{array}{rrrr}99.1 & 99.1^{\text {r }} & 95.2 & 96.2 \\ 89.9 & 89.9 & 88.6 & 88.6 \\ 116.0 & 116.0 & 115.8 & 116.3\end{array}$
$85.9 \quad 88.5$
$114.5 \quad 114.5 \quad 107.7$
$99.3 \quad 98.0 \quad 93.6$
104.2104 .2
118.3117 .7111 .4
$167.5 \quad 166.4 \quad 150.6$
$92.1 \quad 95.4 \quad 93.8$
$96.3 \quad 102.8 \quad 101.2$
$88.5 \quad 89.9 \quad 88.4$
$116.0 \quad 118.6 \quad 116.4$
$88.4 \quad 94.1 \quad 91.1$
80.180 .1
$80.4 \quad 80.4$
$76.6 \quad 76.6$
$80.3 \quad 81.8$
80.2
80.4
78.978 .9
$78.6 \quad 77.2$
77.9

See footnote (s) at end of table.

TABLE 2. Industry Selling Price Indexes, by Industry and Selected Commodities - Continued.
$(1956=100)$

|  | Months |  |  |  | Annual averages |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Industries and selected commodities | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { July } \\ 1968 \end{gathered}$ | June $1968$ | 1968 | 1967 | 1966 |


| Concluded |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Refrigerators, vacuum cleaners and appliances industries $\qquad$ | 79.1 | $79.1{ }^{\text {r }}$ | 79.1 | 79.0 | 79.0 | 78.6 | 78.2 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Irons, automatic, flat | 94.3 | 94.3 | 91.2 | 91.2 | 91.9 | 89.2 | 88.7 |
| Washing machines, electric, domestic, automatic type | 94.0 | 94.0 | 95.0 | 95.0 | 95.0 | 95.0 | 93.9 |
| Refrigerators, household | 71.2 | $71.2^{\text {r }}$ | 71.6 | 71.4 | 71.5 | 70.6 | 69.1 |
| Miscellaneous electrical apparatus and sup- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lamps, incandescent, standard | 149.1 | 149.1 | 151.5 | 151.5 | 150.9 | 146.9 | 140.8 |
| Lamps, fluorescent ... | 111.5 | 111.5 | 116.0 | 116.0 | 116.0 | 111.0 | 110.8 |
| Lighting fixtures, fluorescent, commercial | 106.2 | 106.2 | 106.4 | 106.4 | 106.4 | 105.9 | 99.5 |
| Wires and cables industry | 115.3 | 115.0 | 106.2 | 118.3 | 113.9 | 117.8 | 113.9 |
| Conductors, un-insulated: <br> Copper, copperweld, including trolley wires Conductors, insulated: | 123.4 | 122.5 | 115.3 | 125.1 | 120.2 | 120.3 | 111.4 |
| Weatherproof wires, all types | 115.9 | 114.8 | 107.3 | 118.1 | 114.4 | 116.2 | 108.4 |
| Rubber-insulated and braided |  |  | 98.5 | 117.9 | 113.3 | 125.8 | 119.2 |
| Magnet wires, enamelled ....... | 120.1 | 119.4 | 110.6 | 123.8 | 117.2 | 118.6 | 113.7 |

## Non-metallic mineral products industries

| Abrasives, artificial, industry | 124.4 | 124.1 | 122.8 | 122.7 | 123.0 | 123.0 | 119.4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alumina, fused, crude | 118.1 | 117.8 | 118.3 | 118.6 | 118.4 | 120.5 | 117.3 |
| Silicon carbide, crude | 118.6 | 118.2 | 117.9 | 116.3 | 117.3 | 117.6 | 114.0 |
| Cement, hydraulic, industry | 141.5 | 141.5 | 134.0 | 134.0 | 133.0 | 128.2 | 121.8 |
| Clay products from imported clay industry | 124.1 | 124.1 | 121.3 | 121.3 | 120.8 | 117.5 | 115.9 |
| Glass and glass products industry | 122.2 | 122.2 | 117.4 | 117.4 | 117.0 | 114.2 | 111.9 |
| Lime industry | 124.7 | 124.7 | 118.3 | 118.3 | 117.7 | 117.6 | 116.1 |
| Gypsum products industry | 126.0 | 126.2 | 119.4 | 119.4 | 118.3 | 114.3 | 109.? |
| Lath, gypsum | 123.4 | 123.5 | 117.2 | 117.2 | 116.1 | 112.4 | 108.9 |

CABLE Z. Taduscry Selliuz Price Zutieres, by Industry and Selected Comodities - Continued
(1956=100)

|  | Months |  |  |  | Annual averages |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Industries and selected commodities | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1968 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1968 \end{aligned}$ | 1968 | 1967 | 1966 |

Non-metallic mineral products industries Concluded

| Concrete products industry | 119.4 | 119.4 | 116.8 | 116.8 | 116.3 | 114.2 | 110.9 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Blocks, gravel, building | 113.5 | 113.5 | 109.4 | 109.4 | 109.4 | 107.0 | 102.3 |
| Concrete, ready-mixed | 130.1 | 130.1 | 129.0 | 129.0 | 129.0 | 129.0 | 127.2 |
| Clay products from domestic clay industry | 125.0 | 124.9 | 121.6 | 121.6 | 121.4 | 118.7 | 114.3 |
| Brick, dry press, face | 108.3 | 108.3 | 106.4 | 106.4 | 106.4 | 103.0 | 101.9 |
| Tile, structural, hollow blocks | 142.2 | 141.8 | 134.4 | 134.4 | 133.8 | 130.9 | 122.4 |

Products of petroleum and coal industries

| Coke and gas products industry | 117.9 | 117.9 | 117.4 | 117.4 | 117.5 | 116.6 | 113.3 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Potroleum refining and products industry | 96.7 | 96.7 | 96.2 | 96.1 | 95.7 | 94.2 | 93.5 |
| Fuel oil, stove, No. | 106.6 | 106.6 | 106.6 | 106.6 | 105.4 | 101.3 | 98.8 |
| Diesel fuel | 103.3 | 103.3 | 103.3 | 103.3 | 101.7 | 97.6 | 97.5 |
| Fuel oil, light | 106.7 | 106.7 | 106.7 | 106.7 | 105.6 | 100.8 | 98.3 |
| fuel oil, heavy | 89.5 | 89.5 | 89.5 | 89.5 | 89.5 | 89.5 | 89.5 |
| Lubricating oils and greases industry | 138.2 | 137.5 | 133.1 | 133.1 | 132.9 | 124.8 | 120.9 |

Chemicals and allied products industries

| Acids, alkalies and salts ind | 111.1 | 109.1 | 107.5 | 107.9 | 107.5 | 106.6 | 103.4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Chlorine, liquid | 98.0 | 98.0 | 95.6 | 95.6 | 95.6 | 99.0 | 96.9 |
| Sodium hydroxide (caustic soda) | 110.8 | 108.6 | 109.0 | 109.0 | 107.9 | 104.4 | 102.7 |
| Fertilizers industry | 106.4 | 115.1 | 112.9 | 116.3 | 113.1 | 111.5 | 108.6 |
| Medicinal and phamaceutical preparations |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| industry | 108.5 | 109.5 | 107.1 | 107.5 | 107.1 | 104.4 | 101.7 |
| Patent medicines | 145.9 | 149.6 | 142.0 | 144.4 | 142.1 | 133.0 | 131.1 |
| Ethical preparations for human use | 108.4 | 108.5 | 108.4 | 108.3 | 108.5 | 107.7 | 104.2 |
| Vitamin preparations | 86.0 | 86.4 | 85.9 | 85.4 | 86.1 | 87.5 | 86.2 |
| Paints, varnishes and lacquers industry | 119.6 | 119.6 | 120.0 | 120.0 | 119.7 | 113.3 | 108.3 |
| Lacquers, clear | 109.8 | 109.8 | 108.5 | 108.5 | 108.5 | 100.8 | 103.2 |
| Fnamels, ready-mixed, oil and synthetic | 120.6 | 120.6 | 120.9 | 120.9 | 120.6 | 115.1 | 108.4 |
| Thinners, lacquer, paint and enamel | 100.5 | 100.5 | 99.5 | 99.5 | 99.5 | 103.0 | 102.6 |
| Paints, latex emulsion | 130.6 | 130.6 | 131.0 | 130.9 | 130.4 | 119.7 | 114.5 |
| Paints, ready-mixed, including asphalt and tar paints | 121.2 | 121.2 | 122.1 | 122.0 | 121.7 | 112.4 | 108.1 |
| Garnishes, including japans, shellacs, and driers | 117.0 | 117.0 | 117.1 | 117.1 | 116.9 | 118.2 | 112.4 |

TABLE 2. Industry Selling Price Indexes, by Industry and Selected Commodities - Concludes
$(1956=100)$

| Industries ans selected commodities | Months |  |  |  | Annual averages |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ | June 1969 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1968 \end{aligned}$ | June <br> 1968 | 1968 | 1967 | 1966 |
| Chemicals and allied products industries - |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Concluded |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Soaps, washing compounds and cleaning preparations industry | 118.0 | 116.3 | 114.9 | 114.0 | 115.9 | 115.4 | 113.1 |
| Vegetable oils industry........................ | 102.2 | 100.7 | 106.9 | 105.9 | 104.3 | 105.6 | 112.9 |
| Soya bean oflcake | 141.6 | 140.4 | 151.7 | 147.7 | 142.0 | 138.2 | 151.4 |
| Linseed oil, raw. | 82.5 | 79.5 | 87.3 | 85.9 | 84.6 | 80.8 | 77.1 |
| Primary plastics industry | 87.5 | 87.5 | 86.4 | 86.4 | 86.6 | 87.4 | 84.6 |
|  | 77.8 | 77.8 | 73.5 | 73.5 | 74.7 | 77.6 | 78.6 |
| Inks, printing, industry | 112.5 | 112.5 | 108.2 | 108.2 | 107.8 | 104.1 | 102.3 |
| Polishes and dressings industry . . . . . . . . . . . | 127.4 | 127.4 | 124.8 | 124.1 | 123.1 | 119.2 | 115.5 |
| Wax, liquid, self-polishing | 128.3 | 128.3 | 123.0 | 122.0 | 120.6 | 117.0 | 115.2 |
| Gases, compressed, | 114.6 | $114.7{ }^{2}$ | 116.7 | 117.6 | 114.6 | 110.4 | 110.6 |
| Adhesives industry | 112.7 | 112.7 | 109.4 | 109.4 | 109.4 | 109.2 | 107.9 |
| Glue, synthetic resin | 102.3 | 102.3 | 102.0 | 102.0 | 102.0 | 102.0 | 101.4 |
| Miscellaneous manufacturing industries |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Typewriter supplies industry | 109.2 | 109.2 | 109.2 | 109.2 | 109.2 | 110.3 | 109.1 |
| Fountain pens and pencils industry .......... | 109.1 | 109.1 | 109.0 | 109.0 | 109.0 | 106.8 | 105.0 |
| Clocks, watches and watch cases industry .... | 129.0 | 128.4 | 126.2 | 125.2 | 125.7 | 123.6 | 120.2 |
| Buttons, buckles and fasteners industry ..... | 107.9 | 107.9 | 107.9 | 107.9 | 107.9 | 108.0 | 104.9 |
| Candles industry | 143.5 | 143.5 | 133.4 | 133.4 | 133.8 | 131.8 | 115.1 |
| Pipes, lighters and smokers' supplies industry | 99.9 | 99.9 | 99.9 | 99.9 | 98.9 | 97.2 | 96.6 |

(1) From January 1968, this series may reflect some element of changes in the basket of goods being priced as well as price changes.

TABLE 3. Selected Price Indicators ( $1935-39=100$ )
Ceneral Wholesale Index and Principal Components

(1) Includes gold.
(2) Indexes for 1969 are subject to revision.

TABLE 3. Selected Price Indicators (1935-39=100) - Continued

Special Groupings of Components of General Wholesale Index

(1) Consists of Genter Wholesale Indes less Animal products and vegetable products component groups (see preceding page). (2) Consists of Iron products, and Non-ferrous metals products component groups less gold (see preceding page). (3) These two series comprise the General Wholesale Index. (4) Excludes golds. (5) Indexes for 1969 are subject to revision.

TABLE 3. Selected Price Indicators - Concluded

(1) Final to July 1968. See page 40 for details on Western grain prices and specific publications wherein final indexes or earlier years may be found. (2) Indexes for 1969 are subject to revision.

TABLE 4. Wholesale Price Indexes of Selected Primary Commodities:1)
( $1935-39=100$ )

| Primary conmodities | Months |  |  |  | Annual averages |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & \text { I969 } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1968 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1968 \end{aligned}$ | 1968 | 1967 | 1966 |
| Asbestos, crude | 399.7 | 399.7 | 379.6 | 379.6 | 377.6 | 368.4 | 355.1 |
| Beans, cocoa | 1066.9 | 1033.5 | 693.2 | 666.0 | 788.2 | 664.3 | 585.8 |
| Beans, coffee | 283.8 | 281.2 | 285.2 | 284.6 | 285.0 | 299.2 | 328.1 |
| Coal . .... | 210.3 | 210.3 | 208.3 | 208.3 | 208.8 | 204.7 | 201.8 |
| Copper, electrolytic | 466.2 | 466.2 | 419.5 | 475.5 | 447.5 | 441.7 | 419.5 |
| Cotton, raw | 276.2 | 276.4 | 301.8 | 299.9 | 308.2 | 280.6 | 273.7 |
| Eggs | 153.2 | 146.4 | 134.7 | 126.8 | 143.0 | 139.2 | 175.5 |
| Fruits, fresh | 204.4 | 206.1 | 279.1 | 259.9 | 257.1 | 201.8 | 206.5 |
| Grains | 202.1 | 202.2 | 210.9 | 211.9 | 210.2 | 220.1 | 221.1 |
| Hides and skins | 170.5 | 188.2 | 149.9 | 150.8 | 159.4 | 160.6 | 206.3 |
| Lead, electrolytic | 324.9 | 324.9 | 272.5 | 272.5 | 281.2 | 293.5 | 312.7 |
| Livestock ........ | 426.2 | 446.2 | 362.6 | 361.6 | 354.8 | 355.5 | 362.9 |
| Nickel | 382.8 | 382.8 | 351.7 | 351.7 | 351.7 | 328.7 | 294.2 |
| Oil, crude | 190.6 | 190.6 | 191.5 | 191.6 | 191.6 | 191.7 | 191.6 |
| Onions | 312.9 | 266.5 | 357.1 | 357.1 | 276.2 | 290.6 | 277.8 |
| Potatoes | 179.0 | 163.6 | 226.5 | 226.5 | 184.3 | 162.1 | 223.5 |
| Rubber, raw | 190.8 | 180.7 | 141.2 | 144.3 | 137.2 | 138.7 | 164.2 |
| Scrap iron and steel | 255.9 | 245.2 | 255.9 | 255.9 | 252.7 | 263.5 | 282.7 |
| Silver | 465.6 | 465.6 | 644.4 | 699.0 | 602.8 | 425.8 | 360.9 |
| Steers. | 552.7 | 574.2 | 463.5 | 457.6 | 453.5 | 460.8 | 432.5 |
| Sugar, raw | 150.5 | 155.8 | 91.5 | 98.4 | 102.4 | 103.5 | 99.6 |
| Tin ... | 333.1 | 326.5 | 292.7 | 292.4 | 305.8 | 317.3 | 339.1 |
| Wool, raw, domestic | 173.8 | 175.6 | 156.1 | 152.5 | 156.4 | 183.1 | 242.8 |
| Wool, raw, imported | 164.5 | 165.2 | 157.5 | 157.5 | 158.8 | 163.1 | 192.3 |
| Zinc, prime, western | 322.4 | 322.4 | 300.2 | 300.2 | 300.2 | 308.5 | 322.4 |

(1) Indexes for 1969 are subject to revision.

TABLE 5. Wholesale Prices of Selected Commodities (All prices given in Canadian funds)


Thalic 5. Wholesale Prices of Selected Commodities - Concluded
(A11 prices given in Canadian funds)

| Commodity | Months |  |  |  | Annual averages |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1968 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1968 \end{aligned}$ | 1968 | 1967 | 1966 |

## Textile products

| Cotton yarn, $10^{\prime} \mathrm{s}$, white, 1 b 。 | . 77 | . 77 | . 77 | . 77 | . 77 | . 77 | . 76 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cotton, grey Osnaburg, $4^{\prime \prime}$ W. $67 / 16 \mathrm{oz}$ 。, yd. (1) | 40 | 40 | . 36 | . 36 |  | 36 | 35 |
| Rayon yarn, 36 filament, 150 denier, 1 b . | 1.00 | 1.00 | . 95 | . 95 | . 96 | . 94 | . 93 |
| Wool, raw, Australian, 64's, clean, 1b. | . 97 | . 97 | . 93 | . 93 | . 93 | . 87 | 1.01 |
| Wool, raw, Eastern, domestic, lb. | 32 | . 34 | . 29 | . 28 | . 29 | . 36 | . 48 |

## Wood products

Newsprint paper, standard, Quebec, 2000-1b.
ton .................................................. $138.92138 .42 \quad 132.91133 .89$
Pine, white, No. $1,1^{\prime \prime} \times 8^{\prime \prime}, 8^{\prime}-16^{\prime}$, 1000-bd. ft. ............................................232.76 $232.76 \quad 200.56200 .56$
"ingles, asphalt 12 " $\times 36^{\prime \prime}, 100$ sq ft. $6.82-6.82$ 6.72 6.72
Sornce, construction, $20 \%$ std. grade $2^{\prime \prime} \times 6^{\prime \prime}$, $B^{\prime} / 16^{\circ}, \operatorname{Das}, 1000$-ivi it. .................. 95.2295 .22

## Iron prothets

| Cast iron scrap, 2240-1b ton | 43.00 | 43.00 | 43.00 | 43.00 | 43.00 | 45.25 | 1.17 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Pig iron, foundry, silicon 2.01-2.25, |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 2240-1b. | 65.00 | 65.00 | 65.00 | 65.00 | 65.00 | 65.00 | 65.00 |

## Non-ferrous metals products

| Copper, electrolytic, domestic, 100-1b. | 50.00 | 50.00 | 45.00 | 51.00 | 48.00 | 47.38 | 45.00 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Lead, pig, electrolytic, domestic, 100-1b. | 15.50 | 15.50 | 13.00 | 13.00 | 13.42 | 14.00 | 14.92 |
| Tin, ingots, $99.8 \%$, Montreal, 1 b . | 1.78 | 1.74 | 1. 56 | 1.56 | 1.63 | 1.69 | 1.81 |
| $c$, high grade, electrolytic, 100 | 15.10 | 15.10 | 14.10 | 14.10 | 4. | 14. | 5. |

Non-metallic minerals products

```
Cement, Portland, Calgary, 350-1b.\ldots....... 4.44 4.44 4.30 4.30 4.30 4.05 3.84
Cement, Portland, Toronto, 350-1b.\ldots........ 
```


## Chemical products

```
Sodium carbonate, (soda ash) }58\mathrm{ p.c.,
```



```
    Sulphuric acid, 660 Baume, 2000-1b. ton ..... 31.00 31.00 31.00 31.00 30.59 28.42 
```

71 Prices prior to August 1968 refer to $40^{\prime \prime}$ W. $71 / 8$ oz., yd.

TABLE 6. Price Index Numbers of Residential Building Materials
(1961=100)

(1) Indexes for 1969 are subject to revision.
(2) An explanation of the 1966 revision is provided on page 42.

## HBlä ; Price Inlos Numbers of Non-Residential Building Materials

(1961=100)


[^1]TABLE 7. Price Index Numbers of Non-Residentiai buiidiuE Hintserals - Eoncluded
$(1961=100)$

(1) Indexes for 196 ane suhjert io levision.
(2) An explanation of the 1966 revision is provided on page 42.
$(1961=100)$

|  |  | Al1- <br> items | Food | Housing | Clothing | Trans-portation | Health and personal care | Recre- <br> ation and reading | $\begin{gathered} \text { Tobacco } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { alcohol } \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1961 |  | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| 1962 |  | 101.2 | 101.8 | 101. 2 | 100.9 | 99.9 | 102.0 | 100.8 | 101. 3 |
| 1963 |  | 103.0 | 105.1 | 102.3 | 103.4 | 99.9 | 104.6 | 102.2 | 101. 5 |
| 1964 |  | 104.8 | 106.8 | 103.9 | 106.0 | 101.0 | 108.0 | 103.9 | 103.4 |
| 1965 |  | 107.4 | 109.6 | 105.8 | 107.9 | 104.8 | 113.0 | 105.6 | 105.1 |
| 1966 |  | 111.4 | 116.6 | 108.7 | 112.0 | 107.3 | 116.5 | 108. 6 | 107.6 |
| 1967 |  | 115.4 | 118.1 | 113.4 | 117.6 | 111.8 | 122.5 | 114.1 | 110.3 |
| 1968 |  | 120.1 | 122.0 | 118.6 | 121.1 | 114.7 | 127.4 | 119.7 | 120.4 |
| 1967 | - Jan. | 113.0 | 116.9 | 110.8 | 114.3 | 108.8 | 119.1 | 110.8 | 108.8 |
|  | Feb. | 113.1 | 116.2 | 110.9 | 114.8 | 110.2 | 119.2 | 112.0 | 109.0 |
|  | Mar. | 113.4 | 115.6 | 111.4 | 116.3 | 110.7 | 119.3 | 112.0 | 109.6 |
|  | Apr. | 114.4 | 116.1 | 112.7 | 117.2 | 111.7 | 122.3 | 112.4 | 109.8 |
|  | May . | 114.6 | 115.9 | 113.0 | 117.2 | 111.8 | 123.0 | 114.0 | 110.0 |
|  | June | 115.2 | 116.8 | 113.5 | 117.8 | 112.5 | 122.8 | 114.4 | 110.1 |
|  | July | 116.3 | 119.8 | 114.0 | 117.8 | 112.6 | 123.3 | 114.9 | 110.1 |
|  | Aug. | 116.8 | 121.9 | 114.3 | 117.6 | 112.4 | 123.6 | 114.9 | 110.6 |
|  | Sept. | 116.6 | 119.8 | 114.6 | 119.7 | 112.7 | 123.2 | 115.5 | 110.6 |
|  | Oct. | 116.5 | 119.2 | 114.9 | 118.8 | 112.3 | 124.4 | 115.9 | 110.6 |
|  | Nov. | 116.9 | 119.4 | 115.2 | 119.6 | 112.3 | 124.8 | 116.7 | 110.7 |
|  | lec. | 117.5 | 119.8 | 115.5 | 119.7 | 113.5 | 124.8 | 116.2 | 114.4 |
| 1968 | - Jan. | 118.1 | 121.3 | 116.1 | 118.6 | 113.8 | 124.7 | 116.5 | 117.2 |
|  | Feb. | 118.2 | 120.8 | 116.7 | 119.1 | 113.2 | 125.1 | 117.6 | 117.3 |
|  | Mar. | 118.6 | 119.9 | 117.1 | 120.5 | 114.0 | 125.1 | 118.1 | 119.0 |
|  | Apr. | 119.3 | 120.8 | 117.6 | 121.2 | 114.4 | 126.9 | 117.8 | 121.2 |
|  | May | 119.3 | 120.1 | 117.9 | 120.7 | 114.5 | 127.4 | 119.2 | 121.3 |
|  | June | 119.7 | 120.5 | 118.3 | 121.2 | 115.1 | 127.4 | 119.2 | 121.3 |
|  | July | 120.4 | 122.5 | 118.8 | 121.0 | 115.1 | 128.0 | 119.6 | 121.3 |
|  | Aug. | 120.7 | 123.9 | 118.9 | 120.6 | 115.1 | 128.2 | 119.9 | 121.3 |
|  | Sept. | 121.1 | 123.4 | 119.8 | 121.2 | 115.4 | 128.5 | 121.0 | 121.3 |
|  | Oct. | 121.4 | 122.9 | 120.3 | 122.8 | 114.9 | 129.0 | 121.4 | 121.3 |
|  | Nov. | 121.9 | 123.4 | 120.9 | 123.4 | 115.7 | 129.4 | 123.3 | 121.3 |
|  | Dec. | 122.3 | 124.5 | 121.0 | 123.4 | 115.7 | 129.4 | 123.3 | 121.3 |
| 1969 | - Jan. | 122.6 | 125.1 | $121.9$ | 121. 5 | $116.3$ |  |  | $121.3$ |
|  | Feb. | 122.6 | 123.9 | 122.3 | 121.8 | 117.3 | 129.6 | 124.7 | 121.9 |
|  | Mar. | 123.2 | 123.8 | 122.8 | 123.8 | 118.3 | 129.5 | 125.1 | 121.9 |
|  | Apr. | 124.6 | 125.0 | 123.7 | 124.3 | 119.9 | 133.7 | 125.4 | 125.5 |
|  | May | 124.9 | 125.1 | 124.2 | 123.8 | 120.4 | 134.2 | 127.4 | 125.8 |
|  | June | 125.9 | 127.8 | 124.7 | 124.9 | 120.6 | 134.2 | 127.4 | 125.8 |
|  | July | 126.4 | 128.8 | 125.2 | 124.8 | 120.7 | 134.2 | 127.4 | 126.3 |
|  | Aug. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Sept. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Oct. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Nov. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Dec. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

AbL-ITLMS Consumer Price Index Converted to $1949=100$ - July 1969-163.3

TABLE 9. Consumer Price Indexes - Main Groups, Selected Components and Supplementary Classifications
$(1961=100)$

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1968 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1968 \end{aligned}$ | 1968 | 1967 | 1966 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All-items index | 126.4 | 125.9 | 120.4 | 119.7 | 120.1 | 115.4 | 111.4 |
| Food | 128.8 | 127.8 | 122.5 | 120.5 | 122.0 | 118.1 | 116.6 |
| Food at home | 126.4 | 125.9 | 120.5 | 118.3 | 119.9 | 116.4 | 115.9 |
| Dairy products | 133.4 | 133.1 | 127.4 | 126.9 | 127.8 | 122.1 | 114.1 |
| Cereal products . .......... | 121.8 | 121.0 | 119.5 | 119.1 | 120.0 | 117.4 | 115.7 |
| Miscellaneous groceries | 118.4 | 118.3 | 114.6 | 113.5 | 114.3 | 110.9 | 110.9 |
| Beef ....................... | 147.2 | 153.3 | 127.0 | 123.3 | 126.3 | 124.2 | 118.1 |
| Pork . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 133.5 | 130.5 | 112.8 | 111.4 | 116.8 | 117.8 | 130.3 |
| Fresh pork | 139.8 | 138.0 | 113.8 | 111.8 | 119.8 | 118.4 | 126.6 |
| Cured pork | 128.0 | 123.9 | 112.0 | 111.0 | 114.1 | 117.2 | 133.3 |
| 0ther meats ................ | 131.8 | 130.1 | 122.7 | 120.8 | 121.5 | 120.5 | 120.1 |
| Fish .. | 134.2 | 133.4 | 126.9 | 127.1 | 127.0 | 124.4 | 122.0 |
| Poultry ................... | 108.2 | 107.2 | 108.7 | 109.2 | 109.6 | 106.6 | 111.0 |
| Eggs | 97.9 | 100.4 | 87.4 | 87.9 | 98.9 | 96.1 | 114.0 |
| Dairy products including butter $\qquad$ | 126.1 | 125.9 | 121.1 | 120.7 | 121.5 | 117.0 | 109.7 |
| Fats and oils including butter ..................... | 103.5 | 103.8 | 102.4 | 102.4 | 102.8 | 103.3 | 100.3 |
| Fats and oils excluding butter ....................... | 105.4 | 105.7 | 106.8 | 107.0 | 107.0 | 110.9 | 113.2 |
| Total fruit ............... | 129.2 | 130.0 | 133.7 | 133.2 | 123.3 | 107.8 | 107.2 |
| Fresh fruit ............. | 132.6 | 133.7 | 143.3 | 142.8 | 127.2 | 107.4 | 104.4 |
| Canned fruit | 122.2 | 122.3 | 117.3 | 116.8 | 116.4 | 109.2 | 111.5 |
| Total vegetables | 139.3 | 135.5 | 143.2 | 136.6 | 130.5 | 123.1 | 126.0 |
| Fresh vegetables ........ | 147.5 | 141.7 | 153.7 | 143.9 | 134.6 | 126.0 | 131.9 |
| Canned vegetables ....... | 124.5 | 125.0 | 123.9 | 124.0 | 124.2 | 119.0 | 115.9 |
| Direct imports (1) ....... | 118.1 | 120.5 | 123.4 | 126.1 | 118.2 | 106.3 | 107.5 |
| Restaurant meals ............ | 146.8 | 142.6 | 137.2 | 136.3 | 136.9 | 130.7 | 121.6 |
| Housing ........................ | 125.2 | 124.7 | 118.8 | 118.3 | 118.6 | 113.4 | 108.7 |
| Shelter ...................... |  | 133.1 |  |  | 124.6 |  |  |
| Tenant costs .............. | 116.9 | 116.4 | 112.4 | 111.9 | 111.8 | 107.1 | 103.6 |
| Home-ownership costs ...... | 149.2 | 148.3 | 135.9 | 135.7 | 136.1 | 126.9 | 120.1 |
| Property taxes ........... | 142.9 | 142.9 | 133.4 | 133.4 | 132.2 | 124.0 | 119.2 |
| Mortgage interest ....... | 158.2 | 153.4 | 132.8 | 132.8 | 136.6 | 125.5 | 119.7 |
| Repairs .................. | 136.1 | 136.0 | 131.6 | 131.4 | 130.5 | 123.0 | 115.9 |
| New houses | 153.5 | 154.1 | 141.6 | 141.1 | 140.8 | 131.6 | 122.8 |
| Personal property insurance ................. | 149.1 | 149.1 | 141.4 | 141.4 | 142.6 | 132.6 | 125.3 |
| Household operation .......... | 113.7 | 113.3 | 110.8 | 110.2 | 110.6 | 107.8 | 103.7 |
| Fuel | 102.5 | 102.5 | 100.6 | 100.6 | 100.8 | 97.6 | 96.0 |
| Coal | 124.7 | 124.7 | 118.8 | 118.8 | 120.3 | 116.7 | 113.7 |
| Fuel oil | 96.5 | 96.5 | 95.0 | 95.0 | 95.0 | 91.1 | 89.5 |
| Domestic gas ............ | 102.0 | 102.0 | 102.2 | 102.2 | 102.2 | 100.6 | 100.5 |
| Electricity .............. | 112.4 | 112.1 | 110.5 | 107.6 | 109.6 | 104.4 | 97.3 |
| Home furnishings .......... | 114.4 | 114.3 | 112.6 | 112.6 | 112.2 | 109.7 | 105.2 |
| Appliances .............. | 97.6 | 97.7 | 97.3 | 97.2 | 97.3 | 97.0 | 95.1 |
| Fumiture .............. | 123.6 | 123.7 | 121.2 | 120.9 | 120.3 | 116.8 | 109.6 |
| Floor coverings ......... | 106.2 | 105.5 | 106.5 | 106.5 | 106.0 | 105.9 | 104.6 |
| Textiles ............... | 117.4 | 117.2 | 116.8 | 117.6 | 116.5 | 112.8 | 110.0 |
| Utensils and equipment .. | 131.5 | 131.2 | 127.6 | 127.6 | 127.1 | 121.4 | 114.1 |

$\overline{\text { See footnote (s) at end of table. }}$

TasiE 9. Consumer Price Indexes - Main Groups, Selected Components and Eupplementary Classifications - Continued
(1961=100)

|  | July |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1969 | June |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1969 | July | June | 1968 | 1968 | 1968 | 1967 | 1966 |

Housing - Concluded:

| Supplies and services ....... | 120.5 | 119.3 | 115.2 | 114.3 | 115.1 | 113.1 | 109.4 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Supplies ................... | 117.3 | 116.8 | 114.5 | 113.1 | 113.9 | 112.7 | 108.0 |
| Services | 122.8 | 121.1 | 115.6 | 115.0 | 115.9 | 113.4 | 110.3 |
| Telephone rates ........ | 105.7 | 105.7 | 105.5 | 105.5 | 105.4 | 104.7 | 103.3 |
| Postage .................. | 142.4 | 142.4 | 107.4 | 107.4 | 113.2 | 106.7 | 106.7 |
| Household help .......... | 165.9 | 157.0 | 147.5 | 144.7 | 146.1 | 140.6 | 131.9 |
| Household effects insurance $\qquad$ | 133.8 | 133.8 | 132.5 | 132.5 | 133.0 | 128.6 | 122.0 |
| Clothing ..................... | 124.8 | 124.9 | 121.0 | 121.2 | 121.1 | 117.6 | 112.0 |
| Men's wear . .................. | 125.8 | 126.1 | 122.6 | 122.5 | 122.2 | 118.2 | 112.1 |
| Suit | 134.9 | 134.9 | 132.0 | 130.9 | 129.7 | 125.0 | 117.2 |
| Business shirt ............. | 123.8 | 125.0 | 120.6 | 120.5 | 120.2 | 118.2 | 114.0 |
| Hat |  | . . | . . | .. | 126.4 | 120.9 | 114.1 |
| tomen's wear | 122.8 | 123.0 | 118.6 | 119.3 | 119.4 | 117.4 | 112.6 |
| Winter coat . . .............. |  | . | .. | .. | 132.0 | 123.9 | 119.3 |
| Spring coat ................ | 128.6 | 128.8 | 120.4 | 121.2 | 122.6 | 117.6 | 113.7 |
| Cotton strect dress | 119.7 | 119.7 | 116.5 | 117.8 | 116.0 | 110.8 | 108.9 |
| Slip | 103.7 | 103.7 | 103.4 | 103.4 | 103.3 | 102.6 | 101.1 |
| Hosiery | 99.3 | 99.3 | 99.1 | 99.4 | 98.9 | 98.8 | 97.2 |
| Children's wear | 115.2 | 115.3 | 111.2 | 111.6 | 112.3 | 110.5 | 104.8 |
| Boys: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Slacks | 114.1 | 114.1 | 113.0 | 113.0 | 112.4 | 108.5 | 103.4 |
| T-Shirt | 104.2 | 104.6 | 101.6 | 102.7 | 100.6 | 102.2 | 102.0 |
| Sweater | 131.8 | 131.8 | 130.7 | 130.8 | 130.1 | 123.7 | 115.9 |
| Parka | 103.9 | . . | 101.5 | . . | 103.4 | 106.1 | 101.0 |
| Girls: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Spring coat .............. |  | 112.3 |  | 110.1 | 112.3 | 111.5 | 101.8 |
| Cotton dress ............ | 123.2 | 123.2 | 114.6 | 114.6 | 116.6 | 113.9 | 107.3 |
| Snow suit | .. | . . | .. | . | 108.2 | 110.3 | 106. 2 |
| Infants: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Diapers | 117.9 | 117.9 | 112.6 | 112.6 | 113.4 | 111.2 | 109.5 |
| overalls | 101.6 | 101.6 | 101.1 | 101.1 | 101.1 | 99.6 | 100.7 |
| Footwear | 132.6 | 132.4 | 127.5 | 127.8 | 127.7 | 121.0 | 114.2 |
| Men's oxfords | 135.7 | 135.6 | 131.3 | 132.3 | 131.8 | 126.6 | 117.2 |
| Women's street shoes ...... | 128.1 | 127.8 | 123.3 | 123.3 | 122.7 | 117.2 | 111.0 |
| Children's shoes ........... | 139.9 | 139.9 | 133.2 | 133.2 | 134.5 | 125.3 | 119.9 |
| Women's overshoes . . . . . . . . | 123.6 | .. | 119.3 | . | 119.9 | 110.3 | 104.8 |
| Piece goods .................. | 119.6 | 120.1 | 118.5 | 118.0 | 118.2 | 116.3 | 110.4 |
| Cotton dress print ........ | 123.8 | 124.4 | 121.9 | 120.7 | 121.5 | 118.9 | 112.2 |
| Wool dress material ....... | 106.0 | 106.0 | 105.4 | 105.4 | 105.1 | 104.2 | 104.3 |
| Clothing services | 127.6 | 127.6 | 124.0 | 124.0 | 123.5 | 119.6 | 114.9 |
| Laundry | 130.4 | 130.4 | 127.1 | 127.1 | 126.4 | 122.4 | 117.8 |
| Dry cleaning .............. | 124.9 | 124.9 | 121.9 | 121.9 | 121.3 | 118.0 | 113.6 |
| Shoe repairs .............. | 138.1 | 138.1 | 131.0 | 131.0 | 130.6 | 123.7 | 116.4 |
| Jewe1lery ................... | 132.3 | 132.3 | 127.5 | 127.5 | 127.2 | 120.7 | 114.1 |

TABLE 9. Consumer Price Indexes - Main Groups, Selected Components and Supplementary Classifications - Continued
$(1961=100)$

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ | June 1969 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1968 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1968 \end{aligned}$ | 1968 | 1967 | 1966 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Transportation | 120.7 | 120.6 | 115.1 | 115.1 | 114.7 | 111.8 | 107.3 |
| Automobile operation | 113.7 | 113.7 | 110.6 | 110.8 | 110.9 | 108.5 | 105.8 |
| New passenger car | 96.5 | 96.7 | 96.1 | 96.5 | 96.5 | 94.8 | 93.2 |
| Gasoline | 118.0 | 117.9 | 116.2 | 116.1 | 115.3 | 111.3 | 108.7 |
| Tires | 121.2 | 121.2 | 113.6 | 113.6 | 116.2 | 115.4 | 108.4 |
| Automobile insurance | 156.8 | 156.8 | 152.1 | 152.1 | 152.4 | 156.1 | 154.1 |
| Fender replacement | 156.8 | 156.8 | 140.3 | 140.3 | 141.3 | 132.1 | 123.2 |
| Brake relining | 134.9 | 134.9 | 128.3 | 128.3 | 128.4 | 121.0 | 112.6 |
| Battery | 116.4 | 116.4 | 113.0 | 113.0 | 114.0 | 111.0 | 105.6 |
| Local transportation | 164.3 | 164.3 | 142.7 | 142.6 | 142.4 | 135.2 | 117.5 |
| Street car and bus fares | 170.0 | 170.0 | 145.9 | 145.7 | 145.3 | 137.8 | 118.5 |
| Taxi fare | 127.8 | 127.8 | 122.1 | 122.1 | 123.3 | 117.8 | 110.8 |
| Travel | 131.9 | 130.5 | 125.1 | 120.2 | 114.8 | 109.3 | 106.2 |
| Train fare | 138.3 | 135.4 | 128.1 | 119.3 | 110.9 | 106.7 | 101.1 |
| Bus fare | 118.3 | 118.3 | 112.0 | 110.3 | 109.6 | 104.8 | 103.3 |
| Plane fare | 131.6 | 131.6 | 130.0 | 130.0 | 125.9 | 117.8 | 117.8 |
| Health and personal care | 134.2 | 134.2 | 128.0 | 127.4 | 127.4 | 122.5 | 116.3 |
| Health care | 134.4 | 134.4 | 127.7 | 127.1 | 126.8 | 121.2 | 115.3 |
| Doctors' fees | 132.6 | 132.6 | 127.9 | 127.9 | 127.8 | 122.4 | 112.7 |
| Office call | 141.9 | 141.9 | 136.1 | 136.1 | 136.2 | 129.0 | 114.9 |
| Confinement | 136.2 | 136.2 | 128.8 | 128.8 | 128.8 | 124.8 | 118.1 |
| Appendectomy | 103.9 | 103.9 | 103.7 | 103.7 | 103.6 | 103.2 | 102.7 |
| Dentists' fees | 152.0 | 152.0 | 144.4 | 144.4 | 142.7 | 131.6 | 125.2 |
| Filling | 155.2 | 155.2 | 146.3 | 146.3 | 144.3 | 132.3 | 126.7 |
| Dentures | 140.7 | 140.7 | 134.5 | 134.5 | 133.4 | 124.4 | 119.2 |
| Extraction | 160.7 | 160.7 | 153.8 | 153.8 | 152.3 | 140.1 | 130.9 |
| Optical care | 137.5 | 137.5 | 132.1 | 132.1 | 132.0 | 125.3 | 120.8 |
| Prepaid medical care . | 153.1 | 153.1 | 139.9 | 137.3 | 137.7 | 128.4 | 123.4 |
| Pharmaceuticals | 97.6 | 97.6 | 96.4 | 96.4 | 96.5 | 100.0 | 99.3 |
| Headache tablets | 96.6 | 96.6 | 96.5 | 96.5 | 96.8 | 101.8 | 102.1 |
| Vitamins | 82.3 | 82.3 | 83.2 | 83.2 | 83.4 | 88.4 | 89.9 |
| Bandages | 108.0 | 108.0 | 100.5 | 100.5 | 101.0 | 101. 5 | 102.3 |
| Prescriptions. | 95.7 | 95.7 | 94.7 | 94.7 | 94.7 | 98.3 | 97.9 |
| Personal care. | 133.9 | 134.0 | 128.7 | 128.3 | 128.7 | 125.0 | 118.8 |
| Supplies ...... | 116.8 | 116.8 | 115.1 | 114.4 | 115.0 | 113.8 | 111.9 |
| Toilet soap | 124.2 | 125.2 | 123.8 | 121.5 | 124.6 | 125.7 | 126.2 |
| Toothpaste | 112.4 | 111.8 | 111.0 | 110.3 | 109.0 | 110.0 | 109.0 |
| Face powder | 127.7 | 127.7 | 115.7 | 115.7 | 116.6 | 111.0 | $107 . ?$ |
| Razor blades ............ | 108.5 | 108.2 | 109.7 | 109.7 | 109.5 | 108.0 | 104.4. |
| Cleansing tissues | 110.2 | 109.2 | 111.3 | 111.2 | 110.8 | 107.7 | 106.4 |
| Services .................. | 152.0 | 152.0 | 143.0 | 143.0 | 143.0 | 136.7 | 126.0 |
| Men's haircuts | 162.2 | 162.2 | 149.6 | 149.5 | 149.6 | 142.8 | 131.0 |
| Women's hairdressing .... | 140.9 | 140.9 | 136.1 | 136.1 | 135.8 | 130.4 | 120.8 |

Quid. 9. Gonsumer Price Indexes - Main Groups, Selected Components and Supplementary Classifications - Concluded
( $1961=100$ )

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1968 \end{aligned}$ | June 1968 | 1968 | 1967 | 1966 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Recreation and reading | 127.4 | 127.4 | 119.6 | 119.2 | 119.7 | 114.1 | 108.6 |
| Recreation | 124.9 | 125.2 | 117.8 | 118.0 | 118.0 | 113.2 | 107.7 |
| Theatre admission | 193.1 | 193.1 | 165.6 | 165.6 | 164.4 | 150.4 | 132.6 |
| Admission to sporting events | 138.2 | 138.2 | 126.7 | 126.7 | 129.8 | 120.4 | 114.0 |
| Radio | 93.6 | 94.0 | 96.4 | 96.8 | 96.4 | 95.9 | 95.3 |
| Television, console | 90.9 | 92.1 | 91.4 | 92.0 | 92.1 | 95.0 | 95.0 |
| Camera film | 118.7 | 118.7 | 114.5 | 114.5 | 114.7 | 110.4 | 106.3 |
| Phonograph record | 113.9 | 115.1 | 114.7 | 114.5 | 115.1 | 103.2 | 95.4 |
| Bicycle ....... | 125.3 | 125.1 | 121.9 | 122.2 | 121.8 | 118.0 | 111.2 |
| Sports equipment .................. | 134.6 | 134.6 | 126.8 | 126.8 | 127.6 | 118.6 | 109.6 |
| Toys . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 124.4 | 124.4 | 119.7 | 119.7 | 119.4 | 115.2 | 108.8 |
| Television repairs | 120.5 | 120.5 | 114.7 | 114.7 | 115.0 | 108.4 | 106.8 |
| Reading | 134.6 | 134.1 | 125.3 | 123.3 | 125.0 | 117.0 | 111.7 |
| Newspapers | 147.4 | 146.6 | 139.6 | 136.4 | 138.0 | 131.0 | 125.7 |
| Magazines ........................ | 114.8 | 114.8 | 103.4 | 103.4 | 105.2 | 95.5 | 90.2 |
| Tobacco and alcohol | 126.3 | 125.8 | 121.3 | 121.3 | 120.4 | 110.3 | 107.6 |
| Tobacco .... |  | 133.3 | 128.3 | 128.3 | 126.8 | 113.3 |  |
| Cigarettes | 135.9 | 134.6 | 129.3 | 129.3 | 127.7 | 113.8 | 109.0 |
| Cigarette tobacco | 120.4 | 119.1 | 118.4 | 118.4 | 117.1 | 107.0 | 106.0 |
| Alcohol | 120.7 | 120.7 | 116.6 | 116.6 | 116.2 | 108.4 | 106.7 |
| Beer | 116.9 | 116.9 | 112.7 | 112.7 | 112.2 | 105.4 | 104.2 |
| liquor | 128.3 | 128.3 | 124.3 | 124.3 | 123.9 | 114.2 | 111.6 |

Supelementary classifications

| Commodities: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total | 121.5 | 121.4 | 116.5 | 116.0 | 116.4 | 112.4 | 109.5 |
| Total excluding food | 116.4 | 116.4 | 113.4 | 113.3 | 113.2 | 109.2 | 105.3 |
| Durable | 104.8 | 105.0 | 103.8 | 103.9 | 103.8 | 102.1 | 99.1 |
| Household equipment | 110.3 | 110.4 | 108.9 | 108.9 | 108.6 | 107.0 | 103.1 |
| Appliances (2) | 95.5 | 95.9 | 95.6 | 95.8 | 95.8 | 96.4 | 95.2 |
| 0ther | 123.6 | 123.4 | 120.9 | 120.8 | 120.2 | 116.6 | 110.2 |
| Transportation equipment | 98.8 | 99.0 | 97.9 | 98.3 | 98.4 | 96.7 | 94.6 |
| Non-durable | 125.1 | 124.9 | 119.2 | 118.5 | 119.0 | 114.6 | 111.7 |
| Non-durable excluding food | 120.8 | 120.8 | 117.2 | 116.9 | 116.9 | 111.9 | 107.7 |
| Textiles ("use" classifi- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| cation) | 121.8 | 122.0 | 118.5 | 118.9 | 118.8 | 116.1 | 110.9 |
| Garments | 122.4 | 122.6 | 118.7 | 119.1 | 119.1 | 116.4 | 111.0 |
| Household furnishings and piece goods $\qquad$ | 118.2 | 118.3 | 117.4 | 117.9 | 117.2 | 114.1 | 110.2 |
| Textiles (chief component material classification) | 121.8 | 122.0 | 118.5 | 118.9 | 118.8 | 116.1 | 110.9 |
| Wool . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . | 125.6 | 125.6 | 121.8 | 121.7 | 122.1 | 117.5 | 111.9 |
| cotton | 120.3 | 120.4 | 117.7 | 118.0 | 117.6 | 114.1 | 109.2 |
| Synthetic | 111.7 | 112.2 | 109.3 | 110.2 | 109.9 | 107.0 | 103.5 |
| Fur | 140.5 | 140.7 | 132.7 | 133.5 | 133.9 | 142.5 | 133.4 |
| Footwear | 132.6 | 132.4 | 127.5 | 127.8 | 127.7 | 121.0 | 114.2 |
| Leather | 133.6 | 133.5 | 128.4 | 128.8 | 128.6 | 122.3 | 115.3 |
| Rubber and plastic | 123.6 | 123.5 | 119.3 | 119.6 | 119.9 | 110.3 | 104.8 |
| Other non-durable | 119.1 | 118.8 | 115.4 | 114.9 | 114.9 | 109.0 | 105.6 |
| Services: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total. | 133.4 | 133.0 | 125.6 | 125.2 | 125.0 | 119.7 | 113.6 |
| Total excluding shelter | 143.4 | 143.1 | 133.3 | 132.9 | 132.6 | 127.0 | 119.6 |

(1) Includes oranges and orange juice, grapefruit, bananas, grapes, canned pineapple, raisins, tea and coffee.
(2) Includes television and radio.

TABLE 10. Average Retail Prices for Canada - Selected Food Items (J)

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1968 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1968 \end{aligned}$ | 1968 | 1967 | $\begin{aligned} & 1969 \\ & \text { price } \\ & \text { relative } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  | $1961=100$ |
| Dairy products |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Milk, fresh, qt. | 32.3 | 32.3 | 30.6 | 30.4 | 30.7 | 29.0 | 137.4 |
| Milk, evaporated, 16 oz. ...................... | 18.3 | 18.3 | 18.5 | 18.6 | 18.5 | 18.7 | 113.7 |
| Powdered skim milk, pkg., 3 1b. .............. | 134.9 | 135.2 | 136.2 | 136.5 | 136.5 | 134.2 | 127.5 |
| Butter, creamery, first grade, lb. ............ | 72.1 | 72.2 | 70.5 | 70.4 | 70.9 | 70.4 | 102.9 |
| Cheese, plain, processed, $1 / 2 \mathrm{lb}$. ............. | 47.3 | 46.1 | 45.6 | 45.7 | 45.4 | 44.7 | 129.5 |
| Poultry and eggs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Chicken, grade A evisc. ( $11 / 2-41 \mathrm{~b}$. ) , 1 b . | 47.6 | 47.3 | 47.7 | 47.9 | 48.2 | 47.5 | 110.2 |
| Turkey, grade A evisc. $(8-161 b),. 1 \mathrm{~b}$, .... | 48.3 | 47.2 | 49.1 | 49.0 | 49.1 | 48.2 | $101.0$ |
| Eggs, fresh, grade A large, doz. .............. | 55.0 | 56.4 | 49.1 | 49.5 | 55.6 | 54.1 | 97.9 |
| Eggs, fresh, grade A medium, doz., .......... | 48.4 | 51.3 | 43.8 | 45.3 | 50.0 | 46.5 | 98.0 |
| Beef |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sirloin steak, 1b. | 148.5 | 156.3 | 130.0 | 124.6 | 126.5 | 123.7 | 152.8 |
| Round steak, 1b. ................................. | 129.0 | 136.2 | 109.3 | 106.4 | 109.6 | 107.8 | 146.0 |
|  | 128.3 | 129.9 | 109.5 | 107.2 | 110.0 | 108.7 | 145.4 |
| Blade roast, lb. (3) | 83.9 | 87.7 | 73.7 | 70.4 | 74.5 | 74.6 | 136.4 |
| Stewing beef, 1 b . | 94.8 | 96.1 | 83.8 | 82.9 | 84.0 | 79.2 | 144.5 |
| Hamburg, 1b. | 69.1 | 69.9 | 59.3 | 58.8 | 59.3 | 58.7 | 149.3 |
| Liver, sliced, 1 b . | 65.9 | 64.8 | 62.0 | 61.4 | 61.0 | 60.7 | 119.1 |
| Pork |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Rib chops, fresh, 16. | 105.8 | 105.5 | 81.7 | 79.8 | 88.2 | 85.1 | 145.3 |
| Shoulder roast, Boston butt, fresh, 1b. | 75.5 | 72.9 | 60.6 | 60.1 | 62.8 | 64.1 | 133.5 |
| Sausage, pure pork, 1b. . | 74.6 | 72.4 | 70.3 | 69.7 | 70.3 | 72.4 | 129.5 |
| Bacon, side, fancy, sliced, rind off, 1 1b. | 99.8 | 95.5 | 87.9 | 87.6 | 88.3 | 93.0 | $104.7(7)$ |
| Ham, smoked, boneless, (4) ....................... | 137.3 | 129.8 | 119.0 | 116.5 | 122.0 | 124.8 | $140.3$ |
| Other meats |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Lamb, leg roast, 1 lb . | 75.9 | 77.1 | 87.1 | 84.2 | 83.8 | 81.9 | 103.3 |
| Veal, loin chops, rib end, 1 b . | 142.9 | 141.6 | 126.5 | 124.9 | 125.2 | 119.7 | 157.6 |
| Wieners or frankfurters, 1 b . | 67.6 | 66.1 | 62.0 | 61.1 | 61.8 | 62.4 | 124.6 |
| Meat loaf, canned, mainly pork, 12 oz , ..... | 56.6 | 55.5 | 53.7 | 53.3 | 54.0 | 57.3 | 124.0 |
| Fish |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cod fillets, frozen, 1b. (6) ...... | $50.5$ | $50.8$ | $49.8$ | 49.9 | $49.2$ | $48.2$ | $134.7$ |
| Salmon, canned, fancy pink, $73 / 4 \mathrm{oz}$. ....... | 45.6 | $45.5$ | 42.7 | 42.7 | 42.8 | 41.6 | 127.1 |
| Fats and o11s |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Margarine, 1 b . | 32.4 | 32.5 | 33.9 | 34.0 | 33.9 | 35.4 | 104.5 |
| Lard, pure, 1 b . | 23.7 | 23.6 | 22.2 | 22.5 | 22.8 | 27.4 | 102.5 |
| Shortening, 1b. | 38.8 | 39.0 | 39.1 | 39.2 | 39.3 | 40.2 | 109.4 |
| Salad dressing, jar, 16 oz. .................. | 43.6 | 43.5 | 43.3 | 43.3 | 43.2 | 43.7 | 103.6 |
| Cereals and bakery products |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Flour, white, all purpose, 16. | 12.3 | 12.2 | 11.9 | 11.9 | 12.0 | 11.8 | 135.7 |
| Comn flakes, pkg., 12 oz . | 35.2 | 35.2 | 34.6 | 34.8 | 34.8 | 34.8 | 114.2 (8) |
| Macaroni, dry, pkg., 1b. | 23.4 | 22.8 | 23.8 | 23.5 | 23.7 | 23.0 | 118.9 |
| Cake mix, white, pkg., $16 \mathrm{oz}$. .............. | 39.8 | 40.0 | 40.0 | 39.3 | 39.5 | 39.3 | 123.0 |
| Bread, plain, white, wrapped, sliced, 1b. ... | 19.8 | 19.7 | 19.5 | 19.4 | 19.6 | 19.0 | $124.0$ |
| Soda crackers, pkg., 1b. ......................... | 44.1 | 44.0 | 42.7 | 42.6 | 42.6 | 41.3 | 116.5 |
| Sugar and sweets |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sugar, granulated, 1b. | 11.3 | 11.3 | 9.2 | 9.5 | 9.4 | 9.4 | 117.6 |
| Jam, strawberry, 2 lb . jar, lb. (5) | 32.5 | 32.4 | 30.7 | 30.6 | 30.8 | 30.5 | 120.2 |
| Honey, No. 1, white, 2 1b. .................. | 76.5 | 76.1 | 71.1 | 71.1 | 71.4 | 71.6 | 125.9 |

See footnote (s) at end of table.

TABLE 10. Average Retail Prices for Canada - Selected Food Items (1) - Concluded

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |

Miscellaneous groceries

| Tomato catsup, bottle, 11 oz. | 26.4 | 26.3 | 26. 3 | 26. 1 | 26.3 | 26.5 | 111.7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Peanut butter, plain, jar, 16 oz . | 50.5 | 50.3 | 44.9 | 44.5 | 44.8 | 44.7 | 126.4 |
| Pickles, sweet, mixed, jar, 16 oz . | 42.4 | 42.4 | 40.1 | 40.0 | 40.1 | 39.3 | 122.1 |
| Jelly powders, flavoured, pkg. , 3 oz | 11.8 | 11.5 | 11.8 | 12.0 | 11.9 | 11.8 | 117.5 |

(1) For detailed explanations on methods of pricing, calculation techniques, coverage and price collection, refer to Prices and Price Indexes, october 1957. Tear sheets of this material are available on request.
(2) Includes cuts with bone-in and boned and rolled.
(3) Includes cuts with blade-in and blade removed.
(4) Average prices based on chain store prices in 7 cities.
(5) Prices for pectin and pure jam combined.
(6) Average prices based on prices in 16 cities.
(7) $1965=100$.
(8) $1963=100$.
(9) June $1968=100$.

TABLE 11. Consumer Price Indexes, Regional Cities, 1961-69
Note: These indexes measure within each city the percentage change in consumer pilusa irta che base period to the subsequent time periods. They cannot be used to compare levels of prices betwent cities. (1) For inter-city indexes of retail price differentials refer to Table 13.

| St. John's Nf1d. | $\begin{gathered} \text { Hali- } \\ \text { fax } \end{gathered}$ | Saint John | Montreal | Ottawa | Toronto | Winnipeg | Saska- <br> toon <br> Regina | Edmonton Calgary | Vancouver |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

$1961=100$

## ALL-ITEMS



[^2]TABLE 11. Consumer Price Indexes, Regional Cities - Continued

| St. John's NEld. | Hali- <br> fax | Saint John | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mont }- \\ & \text { real } \end{aligned}$ | Ottawa | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Tor- } \\ & \text { onto } \end{aligned}$ | Winnipeg | $\begin{gathered} \text { Saska- } \\ \text { toon } \\ \text { Regina } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Edmon- } \\ \text { ton } \\ \text { Calgary } \end{gathered}$ | Vancouver |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

$1961=100$


TABLE 11. Consumer Price Indexes, Regional Cities - Continued


## CLOTHING



TABLE 11. Consumer Price Indexes, Regional Cities - Contimued

| $\begin{aligned} & \text { St. John's } \\ & \text { Nfld. } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Hali- } \\ \text { fax } \end{gathered}$ | Saint John | Mont real | Ottawa | Toronto | Winnipeg | Saskatoon Regina | $\begin{gathered} \text { Edmon- } \\ \text { ton } \\ \text { Calgary } \end{gathered}$ | Vancouver |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

$1961=100$

## TRANSPORTATION

| 1968 | - Jan. | 104. 1 | 103.8 | 109.7 | 114.5 | 112.0 | 119.2 | 116.3 | 108.3 | 112.0 | 112.8 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Feb. | 104.3 | 104.5 | 110.1 | 114.1 | 114.8 | 117.6 | 115.7 | 108.8 | 111.6 | 112.7 |
|  | Mar. | 105.1 | 105.1 | 110.9 | 114.1 | 116.2 | 118.8 | 114.6 | 110.4 | 112.2 | 112.7 |
|  | Apr. | 107.3 | 105.2 | 111.5 | 115.0 | 116.5 | 118.8 | 114.6 | 110.2 | 112.0 | 112.9 |
|  | May | 107.8 | 105.2 | 113.4 | 115.1 | 116.7 | 118.8 | 114.8 | 110.2 | 111.6 | 113.0 |
|  | June | 108.5 | 105.1 | 113.2 | 215.4 | 117.3 | 119.3 | 115.1 | 110.4 | 113.3 | 113.5 |
|  | July | 108.7 | 104.5 | 112.6 | 115.3 | 117.1 | 119.8 | 115.1 | 110.4 | 113.3 | 113.7 |
|  | Aug. | 108.9 | 103.9 | 111.9 | 114.9 | 116.5 | 119.8 | 115.2 | 110.5 | 113.3 | 113.4 |
|  | Sept. | 109.1 | 104.5 | 112.6 | 115.4 | 116.7 | 119.8 | 115.7 | 110.8 | 113.7 | 113.8 |
|  | Oct. | 108.8 | 104.4 | 112.5 | 114.9 | 116.2 | 119.2 | 115.6 | 110.5 | 113.3 | 113.5 |
|  | Nov. | 109.1 | 105.6 | 113.8 | 116.1 | 116.8 | 119.3 | 116.6 | 111.4 | 115.7 | 114.3 |
|  | Dec. | 109.1 | 105.6 | 114.2 | 116.1 | 116.9 | 119.5 | 116.6 | 111.4 | 115.7 | 114.3 |
| 1969 | - Jan. | 109.5 | 106.0 | 113.1 | 116.7 | 117.4 | 120.3 | 116.9 | 111.6 | 115.8 | 114.7 |
|  | Feb. | 110.8 | 106.6 | 113.7 | 116.5 | 117.3 | 124.0 | 118.6 | 111.6 | 116.6 | 116.5 |
|  | Mar. | 111.2 | 106.7 | 116.4 | 117.9 | 118.4 | 125.2 | 119.3 | 112.1 | 117.4 | 115.7 |
|  | Apr. | 111.3 | 111.2 | 117.7 | 121.9 | 118.4 | 125.3 | 123.8 | 111.8 | 117.1 | 115.7 |
|  | May | 111.8 | 111.4 | 117.9 | 122.1 | 118.4 | 125.8 | 123.4 | 113.3 | 117.4 | 115.9 |
|  | Tune | 111.7 | 111.3 | 117.8 | 122.3 | 118.9 | 126.3 | 123.9 | 113.6 | 117.4 | 116.3 |
|  | $J \mathrm{l} 1 \mathrm{y}$. | 111.8 | 111.1 | 117.9 | 122.3 | 118.8 | 126.5 | 124.5 | 113.2 | 117.3 | 116.3 |
|  | Aug. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Sept. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Qct. . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Nuv. . . . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Dec. .... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

HEALTH AND PERSONAL CARE


TABLE 11. Consumer Price Indexes, Regional Cities - Concluded

$1961=100$

RECREATION AND READING

| 1968 | - Jan. | 102.7 | 116.0 | 118.4 | 123.9 | 117.5 | 115.1 | 119.3 | 113.1 | 117.9 | 110.2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Feb. | 104.4 | 117.1 | 119.5 | 125.2 | 118.7 | 116.1 | 121.3 | 114.3 | 119.4 | 110.9 |
|  | Mar. | 104.7 | 117.1 | 119.7 | 125.1 | 119.4 | 117.2 | 121.4 | 115.1 | 119.6 | 110.9 |
|  | Apr. | 105.3 | 117.0 | 119.5 | 125.4 | 119.4 | 117.0 | 121.0 | 114.3 | 119.7 | 110.7 |
|  | May | 106.2 | 117.0 | 119.7 | 128.1 | 123.0 | 116.8 | 121.0 | 114.9 | 120.4 | 112.5 |
|  | June | 106.2 | 117.3 | 119.9 | 128.1 | 123.1 | 116.9 | 121.4 | 115.6 | 120.5 | 112.3 |
|  | July | 106.3 | 117.3 | 119.9 | 128.7 | 123.0 | 117.0 | 121.0 | 118.6 | 120.9 | 112.8 |
|  | Aug. | 106.3 | 117.4 | 120.2 | 129.0 | 123.0 | 117.3 | 121.4 | 118.5 | 121.6 | 113.1 |
|  | Sept. | 107.6 | 118.5 | 121.5 | 130.2 | 124.2 | 118.1 | 122.2 | 120.2 | 123.1 | 114.0 |
|  | Oct. | 107.8 | 118.9 | 121.9 | 131.0 | 124.1 | 118.3 | 122.8 | 120.7 | 123.3 | 114.2 |
|  | Nov. | 108.1 | 120.4 | 122.1 | 132.9 | 126.0 | 120.3 | 123.1 | 121.5 | 124.2 | 115.2 |
|  | Dec. | 108.1 | 120.4 | 122.0 | 132.9 | 125.6 | 120.3 | 123.1 | 121.4 | 124.0 | 115.3 |
| 1969 | Jan. | 107.9 | 120.5 | 122.2 | 136.1 | 125.9 | 120.2 | 123.1 | 121.5 | 123.9 | 115.5 |
|  | Feb. | 108.7 | 121.0 | 122.7 | 136.6 | 126.3 | 120.8 | 123.6 | 121.9 | 124.5 | 117.0 |
|  | Mar. ....... | 108.8 | 121.1 | 124.1 | 136.8 | 130.4 | 121.0 | 123.8 | 122.0 | 124.6 | 117.0 |
|  | Apr. ....... | 108.9 | 122.0 | 125.1 | 136.4 | 130.9 | 121.1 | 123.8 | 121.9 | 124.7 | 117.1 |
|  | May . . . . . . | 109.1 | 125.2 | 126.7 | 136.8 | 136.2 | 123.6 | 126.6 | 126.9 | 127.7 | 118.2 |
|  | June | 110.0 | 125.2 | 126.7 | 136.8 | 136.1 | 123.6 | 126.7 | 127.2 | 127.9 | 118.\% |
|  | July ....... | 110.? | 125.2 | 126.7 | 136.2 | 2.36 .2 | 123.5 | 127.3 | 137.3 | 123.8 | 119.6 |
|  | Aug. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Sept. ..... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Oct. ...... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Nov. . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Dec. . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

TOBACCO AND ALCOHOL

| 1968 | Jan. | 128.3 | 113.2 | 113.1 | 117.3 | 120.8 | 119.2 | 128.4 | 116.9 | 113.9 | 111.7 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Feb. ...... | 128.3 | 113.2 | 113.1 | 117.6 | 120.7 | 119.2 | 128.4 | 117.6 | 114.2 | 112.1 |
|  | Mar. | 128.3 | 113.2 | 113.1 | 117.6 | 123.4 | 123.5 | 128.4 | 120.3 | 114.2 | 112.1 |
|  | Apr. | 141.5 | 113.2 | 113.1 | 124.9 | 123.4 | 123.5 | 128.4 | 120.3 | 114.2 | 112.1 |
|  | May | 141.5 | 112.9 | 113.2 | 124.9 | 125.6 | 123.9 | 128.5 | 120.6 | 114.3 | 112.1 |
|  | June | 141.5 | 112.9 | 113.2 | 124.9 | 125.6 | 123.9 | 128.5 | 120.6 | 114.3 | 112.1 |
|  | July | 141.5 | 112.9 | 113.2 | 124.9 | 125.6 | 123.9 | 128.5 | 120.6 | 114.3 | 112.1 |
|  | Aug. | 142.2 | 113.0 | 113.0 | 124.9 | 125.1 | 123.9 | 128.2 | 120.6 | 114.3 | 112.4 |
|  | Sept. | 142.2 | 113.0 | 113.0 | 124.9 | 125.1 | 123.9 | 128.2 | 120.6 | 114.3 | 112.4 |
|  | Oct. | 142.2 | 113.0 | 113.0 | 124.9 | 125.1 | 123.9 | 128.2 | 120.6 | 114.3 | 112.4 |
|  | Nov. | 142.4 | 113.0 | 113.1 | 124.9 | 125.1 | 123.6 | 128.1 | 120.7 | 114.3 | 112.4 |
|  | Dec. | 142.4 | 113.0 | 113.1 | 124.9 | 125.1 | 123.6 | 128.1 | 120.7 | 114.3 | 112.4 |
| 1969 | - Jan. | 142.4 | 113.0 | 113.1 | 124.9 | 125.1 | 123.7 | 128.1 | 120.7 | 114.3 | 112.4 |
|  | Feb. | 142.4 | 113.1 | 113.1 | 127.7 | 124.8 | 123.6 | 128.1 | 120.8 | 114.3 | 112.3 |
|  | Mar. | 142.4 | 113.1 | 113.1 | 127.7 | 124.8 | 123.6 | 128.1 | 120.8 | 114.3 | 112.3 |
|  | Apr. | 143.6 | 127.5 | 126.5 | 127.7 | 130.8 | 130.1 | 129.3 | 121.3 | 114.3 | 113.5 |
|  | May | 143.6 | 127.7 | 126.6 | 128.4 | 132.2 | 130.1 | 129.2 | 121.8 | 115.4 | 113.5 |
|  | June ....... | 143.6 | 127.7 | 126.6 | 128.4 | 132.2 | 130.1 | 129.2 | 121.8 | 115.4 | 113.5 |
|  | July ....... | 143.6 | 127.7 | 126.6 | 128.4 | 132.2 | 130.1 | 129.2 | 121.8 | 122.7 | 113.3 |
|  | Aug. . . . . . . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Sept. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Oct. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Nov. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Dec. ..... |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

TABIE 12. Average Weekly Wages in Manufacturing in Current Dollars and Adjusted for Changes in the Consumer Price Index, Canada(1) 1961-69

|  |  | Weekly wages in current dollars | Index numbers of weekly wages <br> in current dollars | $\begin{gathered} \text { Weekly wages } \\ \text { in } 1961 \\ \text { do1lars } \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Index numbers of weekly wages in 1961 dollars |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | \$ | (1961=100) | \$ |  |
| 1961 | - Average | 74.45 | 100.0 | 74.45 | 100.0 |
| 1962 | " | 76.75 | 103.1 | 75.87 | 101.9 |
| 1963 | " | 79.51 | 106.8 | 77.24 | 103.7 |
| 1964 | " | 82.96 | 111.4 | 79.16 | 106.3 |
| 1965 | " | 86.89 | 116.7 | 80.94 | 108.7 |
| 1966 | " | 91.65 | 123.1 | 82.04 | 110.2 |
| 1967 | " | 96.84 | 130.1 | 83.64 | 112.4 |
| 1968 | " | 104.00 | 139.8 | 86.58 | 116.3 |
| 1968 | - Jan. | 99.52 | 133.7 | 84.20 | 113.1 |
|  | Feb. | 100.53 | 135.0 | 84.29 | 113.2 |
|  | Mar. | 100.63 | 135.2 | 84.37 | 113.2 |
|  | Apr. | 104.28 | 140.1 | 87.37 | 117.4 |
|  | May | 104.42 | 140.3 | 87.21 | 117.1 |
|  | June | 103.98 | 139.7 | 86.34 | 116.0 |
|  | July . | 102.26 | 137.4 | 84.69 | 113.8 |
|  | Aug. | 104.63 | 140.5 | 86.43 | 116.1 |
|  | Sept. | 107.43 | 144.3 | 88.52 | 118.9 |
|  | Oct. | 108.22 | 145.4 | 88.77 | 119.2 |
|  | tiov. | 108.68 | 146.0 | 88.86 | 119.4 |
|  | Dec. | 102.56 | 137.8 | 83.65 | 112.4 |
| 365 | J.an. | 108.42 | 145.6 | 88.43 | 118.8 |
|  | feb. | 109.65 | 147.3 | 89.00 | 119.5 |
|  | Mar. | 110.97 | 149.1 | 89.06 | 119.6 |
|  | Apr. | 110.87 | 148.9 | 88.77 | 119.2 |
|  | May ... | 112.00P | 150.4 P | 88.96 P | 119.5 |
|  | June . . |  |  |  |  |
|  | July |  |  |  |  |
|  | Aug. - |  |  |  |  |
|  | Sept. |  |  |  |  |
|  | oct. ... |  |  |  |  |
|  | Nov, . . |  |  |  |  |
|  | Dec. . . |  |  |  |  |

(1) For detailed explanation, see page 45.

TABLE 13. Inter-City Indexes of Retail Price Differentials, as at May 1968 (1) Selected Groupings of Comodities and Services Winnipeg May 1968 Price Level = 100

Halifax Montreal Ottawa Toronto Winnipeg Regina Edmonton Vancouver

| Food at home | 103 | 97 | 100 | 97 | 100 | 104 | 98 | 101 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Household operation(2) | 106 | 109 | 104 | 105 | 100 | - | 99 | 111 |
| Clothing | 96 | 97 | 96 | 95 | 100 | - | 96 | 99 |
| Transportation | 105 | 115 | 107 | 105 | 100 | - | 101 | 106 |
| kisalth and personal care | 102 | 99 | 108 | 107 | 100 | - | 110 | 107 |
| Secreation and reading | 102 | 107 | 103 | 105 | 100 | = | 100 | 111 |
| tobacco and alcohol ... | 99 | 98 | 91 | 91 | 100 | - | 88 | 94 |

[^3]TABLE 14. Price Index Numbers of Comodities shd servicus Usen by Earmurs
$(1935-39=100)$

|  |  | Composite index exclusive of living component (1) | Farm machinery | Equipment and materials | Taxes and interest rates (1) | Farm wage rates | Farm <br> family <br> living | Composite index inclusive of living component (1) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | All Canada |  |  |  |  |
| 1949 |  | 204.1 | 158.3 | 180.3 | 138.7 | 373.3 | 173.2 | 191.7 |
| 1961 |  | 282.1 | 260.7 | 226.5 | 220.6 | 566.0 | 224.2 | 259.0 |
| 1967 |  | 365.3 | 302.2 | 263.1 | 288.1 | 842.4 | 258.4 | 322.6 |
| 1968 |  | 387.3 | 313.7 | 271.3 | 306.3 | 920.9 | 266.1 | 338.9 |
| 1967 | January | 354.8 | $301.6$ | $260.7$ | 288.1 | 788.4 | 252.3 | 313.8 |
|  | April. | 370.8 | $302.8$ | $263.6$ | 288.1 | 873.3 | 258.3 | 325.8 |
|  | August | 370.4 | 302.1 | 265.1 | 288.1 | 865.6 | 264.6 | 328.1 |
| 1968 | January | 371.4 | 313.0 | 268.6 | 306.3 | 835.7 | 265.0 | 328.8 |
|  | April | 392.6 | 313.5 | 272.3 | 306.3 | 948.8 | 266.5 | 342.2 |
|  | August. | 398.0 | 314.5 | 273.1 | 306.3 | 978.3 | 266.8 | 345.6 |
| 1969 | - January | $393.6$ | $320.2$ | $276.3$ | $306.3$ | $939.5$ | $269.8$ | $344.1$ |
|  | April.. | 411.1 | $325.9$ | $280.9$ | $306.3$ | $1026.9$ | $271.4$ | 355.2 |
|  | August . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |


|  |  | Eastern Canada |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1949 |  | 208.9 | 157.9 | 183.3 | 126.1 | 368.5 | 171.5 | 193.8 |
| 1961 | . . . | 286.5 | 262.9 | 221.5 | 223.6 | 550.2 | 223.7 | 261.4 |
| 1967 |  | 378.5 | 301.3 | 260.1 | 298.2 | 825.2 | 260.0 | 331.1 |
| 1968 |  | 400.6 | 310.4 | 265.0 | 309.4 | 912.1 | 267.9 | 347.5 |
| 1967 | January .... | 372.3 | 301.2 | 257.5 | 298.2 | 801.8 | 253.5 | 324.8 |
|  | April | 383.5 | 301.4 | 261.3 | 298.2 | 846.7 | 260.3 | 334.2 |
|  | August | 379.7 | 301.2 | 261.5 | 298.2 | 827.0 | 266.3 | 334.3 |
| 1968 | January | 385.8 | 310.1 | 262.7 | 309.4 | 843.7 | 267.0 | 338.3 |
|  | April ...... | 404.7 | 310.4 | 266.8 | 309.4 | 927.4 | 267.9 | 350.0 |
|  | August ..... | 411.4 | 310.6 | 265.4 | 309.4 | 965.1 | 268.7 | 354.3 |
| 1969 | January .... | 411.4 | 315.3 | 266.8 | 309.4 | 961.0 | 271.7 | 355.5 |
|  | April August | 424.0 | 322.7 | 272.2 | 309.4 | 1008.4 | 275.1 | 364.5 |


|  |  | Western Canada |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1949 | . . | 199.2 | 158.4 | 177.4 | 149.4 | 380.1 | 174.9 | 189.5 |
| 1961 |  | 277.8 | 259.8 | 231.3 | 218.0 | 588.5 | 224.7 | 256.5 |
| 1967 | . . | 352.1 | 302.0 | 265.9 | 279.6 | 866.9 | 256.8 | 314.0 |
| 1968 | . . . | 374.0 | 315.0 | 277.4 | 303.6 | 933.5 | 264.3 | 330.2 |
| 1967 | January .... | 337.2 | 301.7 | 263.8 | 279.6 | 769.3 | 251.1 | 302.8 |
|  | April | 357.9 | 302.0 | 265.4 | 279.6 | 911.0 | 256.3 | 317.2 |
|  | August | 361.2 | 302.4 | 268.6 | 279.6 | 920.4 | 263.0 | 321.9 |
| 1968 | - January .... | 356.9 | 314.1 | 274.2 | 303.6 | 824.4 | 263.1 | 319.4 |
|  | April ...... | 380.5 | 314.7 | 277.7 | 303.6 | 979.2 | 265.1 | 334.4 |
|  | August ..... | 384.7 | 316.1 | 280.4 | 303.6 | 997.0 | 264.8 | 336.7 |
| 1969 | - January .... | 375.8 | 322.2 | 285.5 | 303.6 | 909.0 | 267.8 | 332.6 |
|  | April ...... | 398.2 | 327.2 | 289.3 | 303.6 | 1053.2 | 267.8 | 346.0 |

[^4]TABLE 15. Average Retall Feed Prices for Canada and Five Geographical Areas
First of the Month Prices - Dollars per cwt

| Item | Canada |  |  | Maritimes |  |  | Quebec |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1968 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1968 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1968 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | dollars |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Corn, cracked | 3.94 | 3.85 | 3.75 | 4.30 | 4.14 | 4.12 | 3.70 | 3.65 | 3.62 |
| Oats, unground | 3.20 | 3.24 | 3.50 | 3.39 | 3.40 | 3.67 | 3.18 | 3.23 | 3.52 |
| Barley, ground. | 3.05 | 3.08 | 3.40 | 3.32 | 3.41 | 3.72 | 3.03 | 3.08 | 3.41 |
| Wheat, unground | 3.69 | 3.72 | 3.89 | 3.94 | 4.04 | 4.18 | 3.59 | 3.64 | 3.84 |
| Bran | 3.25 | 3.30 | 3.38 | 3.20 | 3.23 | 3.30 | 3.18 | 3.29 | 3.29 |
| Shorts ....................... | 3.33 | 3.39 | 3.48 | 3.27 | 3.32 | 3.31 | 3.27 | 3.38 | 3.39 |
| Middlings | 3.44 | 3.50 | 3.61 | 3.37 | 3.46 | 3.55 | 3.46 | 3.53 | 3.56 |
| Linseed oll meal | 6.01 | 6.01 | 5.95 | 6.57 | 6.58 | 6.62 | 5.86 | 5.88 | 5.86 |
| Soybean oil meal ............ | 6.47 | 6.44 | 6.50 | 7.76 | 7.69 | 7.75 | 6.38 | 6.39 | 6.51 |
| Calf starter ( $20-24 \%$ ) ....... | 5.51 | 5.50 | 5.62 | 5.45 | 5.26 | 5.63 | 5.17 | 5.14 | 5.35 |
| Datry ration (16\%) | 3.89 | 3.89 | 4.04 | 3.96 | 4.00 | 4.19 | 3.90 | 3.89 | 4.03 |
| Dairy supplement ( $24 \%$ ) (East) | 4.73 | 4.73 | 4.89 | 4.54 | 4.61 | 4.68 | 4.92 | 4.90 | 4.93 |
| Dairy supplement ( $32 \%$ ) (West) | 5.49 | 5.46 | 5.44 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Pig starter mash ............ | 5.19 | 5.24 | 5.35 | 5.14 | 5.19 | 5.30 | 5.21 | 5.23 | 5.37 |
| Hog concentrate ( $35 \%$ ) ....... | 6.34 | 6.81 | 6.85 | 7.13 | 7.13 | 7.45 | 6.87 | 6.86 | 6.87 |
| Hog grower mash | 4.09 | 4.09 | 4.25 | 4.30 | 4.36 | 4.51 | 4.06 | 4.06 | 4.27 |
| Chick starter mash (18-20\%) Growing mash | 5.40 | 5.42 | 5.49 | 5.57 | 5.68 | 5.66 | 5.29 | 5.30 | 5.40 |
| Growing mash | 4.68 | 4.68 | 4.79 | 4.73 | 4.78 | 4.79 | 4.75 | 4.74 | 4.87 |
| Laying mash (17-20\%) ........ | 4.73 | 4.74 | 4.82 | 5.06 | 5.11 | 5.11 | 4.80 | 4.78 | 4.90 |
| Broller starter mash (20-23\%) | 5.44 | 5.42 | 5.53 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Turkey growing mash ........ | 5.20 | 5.18 | 5.29 | 5.65 | 5.65 | 5.68 | 5.40 | 5.38 | 5.60 |
|  | Ontario |  |  | Prairies |  |  | British Columbia |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1968 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1968 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { June } \\ & 1969 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1968 \end{aligned}$ |
|  | dollars |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Corn, cracked | 3.72 | 3.60 | 3.49 |  | 5.00 | 4.78 | 4.62 | 4.50 | 4.49 |
| Oats, unground | 3.18 | 3.22 | 3.51 | 2.42 | 2.52 | 2.71 | 3.70 | 3.67 | 3.87 |
| Barley, ground | 3.08 | 3.08 | 3.46 | 2.40 | 2.46 | 2.68 | 3.38 | 3.38 | 3.64 |
| Wheat, unground Bran | 3.81 | 3.83 | 3.94 | 2.83 | 2.86 | 3.26 | 4.06 | 4.04 | 4.18 |
| Bran .. <br> Shorts | 3.15 | 3.22 | 3.37 | 3.53 | 3.50 | 3.53 | 3.28 | 3.29 | 3.40 |
| Shorts . . <br> Middings | 3.25 3.43 | 3.33 3.48 | 3.53 | 3.59 | 3.57 | 3.54 | 3.41 | 3.42 | 3.56 |
| Middings ........ | 3.43 5.82 | 3.48 5.82 | 3.64 | 3.56 | 3.61 | 3.70 | 3.55 | 3.52 | 3.87 |
| Soybean oll meal | 5.82 5.98 | 5.82 5.97 | 5.79 6.10 | 6.14 7.25 | 6.14 7.21 | 5.90 7.10 | 6.51 | 6.52 6.96 | 6.44 |
| Calf starter ( $20-24 \%$ ) | 5.81 | 5.82 | 5.85 | 5.37 | 5.37 | 5.38 | 5.01 | 6.96 5.72 | 6.69 6.02 |
| Dairy ration (16\%) | 3.91 | 3.91 | 4.02 | 3.51 | 3.51 | 3.78 | 4.12 | 4.10 | 4.24 |
| Dairy supplement (24\%) (East) | 4.63 | 4.65 | 4.80 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dairy supplement (32\%) (West) |  |  |  | 5.43 | 5.40 | 5.39 | 5.84 | 5.84 | 6.10 |
| Pig starter mash ............ | 5.36 | 5.37 | 5.45 | 5.07 | 5.26 | 5.43 | 4.71 | 4.69 | 4.80 |
| Hog concentrate (35\%) ....... | 6.90 | 6.87 | 6.87 | 6.40 | 6.38 | 6.65 | 6.98 | 6.98 | 6.70 |
| Hog grower mash ............ | 4.11 | 4.10 | 4.27 | 3.60 | 3.60 | 3.81 | 4.39 | 4.39 | 4.48 |
| Chlck srarter mash (18-20\%) | 5.71 | 5.71 | 5.70 | 4.99 | 5.00 | 5.22 | 5.55 | 5.59 | 5.60 |
|  | 4.82 4.78 | 4.78 | 4.89 | 4.13 | 4.13 | 4.37 | 4.89 | 4.93 | 4.97 |
| Laying mash ( $17-20 \%$ ) Rroller starter mash $(20-23 \%)$ | 4.78 5.76 | 4.76 5.64 | 4.82 | 4.21 | 4.28 | 4.50 | 4.90 | 4.88 | 4.91 |
| Rroiler starter mash ( $20-23 \%$ ) Turkey growing mash ........ | 5.76 5.41 | 5.64 5.37 | 5.66 5.53 | 5.09 4.74 | 5.12 4.77 | 5.42 4.79 | 5.39 5.32 | 5.46 5.30 | 5.52 |
| Hurkey growng mash ... | 5.41 | 5.37 | 5.53 | 4.74 | 4.77 | 4.79 | 5.32 | 5.30 | 5.33 |

[^5]TABLE 16. Index Numbers of Common and preterete Stock irgees
$(1956=100)$

Investors index

| Current number of stocks |  | Investors index |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Inves - <br> tors (1) <br> total | Total <br> indus - <br> trials | Indus- <br> trial <br> mines | Foods | $\begin{gathered} \text { Bever- } \\ \text { ages } \end{gathered}$ | ```Textiles and clothing``` | $\begin{gathered} \text { Pulp } \\ \text { and } \\ \text { Paper } \end{gathered}$ | ```Printing and publish- ing``` | Primary metals | Metal <br> fabri- <br> cating |
|  |  | (114) | (80) | (4) | (10) | (7) | (5) | (7) | (4) | (8) | (9) |
| 1959 |  | 110.4 | 106.8 | 88.6 | 140.2 | 122.6 | 130.7 | 101.5 | 220.9 | 95.2 | 104.6 |
| 1960 |  | 104.5 | 101.7 | 95.8 | 127.3 | 117.5 | 114.5 | 100.2 | 253.4 | 87.6 | 82.6 |
| 1961 |  | 132.7 | 130.0 | 138.4 | 175.5 | 159.5 | 134.4 | 117.0 | 326.4 | 98.4 | 93.8 |
| 1962 |  | 127.9 | 125.5 | 129.7 | 163.5 | 174.4 | 153.7 | 118.6 | 300.6 | 86.4 | 92.3 |
| 1963 |  | 136.7 | 134.4 | 131.9 | 173.8 | 191.2 | 212.2 | 129.9 | 312.5 | 96.4 | 107.1 |
| 1964 |  | 160.3 | 163.6 | 169.7 | 190.9 | 219.6 | 291.9 | 161.8 | 326.4 | 118.6 | 136.5 |
| 1965 |  | 176.2 | 181.6 | 194.9 | 215.7 | 245.2 | 353.6 | 156.8 | 416.8 | 126.5 | 144.6 |
| 1966 |  | 166.2 | 172.7 | 190.4 | 207.8 | 208.4 | 309.1 | 138.5 | 467.9 | 120.1 | 135.3 |
| 1967 |  | 174.2 | 182.4 | 197.4 | 209.9 | 237.2 | 229.6 | 132.1 | 644.0 | 108.5 | 115.5 |
| 1968 |  | 179.3 | 186.8 | 202.1 | 216.2 | 270.3 | 156.8 | 107.9 | 674.3 | 95.2 | 123.4 |
| 1967 | - July | 177.5 | 185.2 | 198.2 | 210.8 | 238.6 | 217.7 | 133.5 | 694.1 | 108.4 | 119.1 |
|  | Aug. | 180.8 | 189.3 | 201. 6 | 215.7 | 248.8 | 223.8 | 131.8 | 728.2 | 110.9 | $120.0$ |
|  | Sept. | 181.0 | 190.4 | 203.0 | 216.7 | 249.0 | 229.5 | 130.0 | 739.7 | 108.8 | 117.7 |
|  | Oct. | 176.3 | 187.3 | 208.3 | 208.9 | 241.0 | 213.1 | 121.9 | 716.5 | 102.1 | 115. |
|  | Nov. | 173.7 | 183.7 | 208.8 | 203.2 | 238.8 | 197.1 | 113.7 | 703.7 | 95.4 | 106.7 |
|  | Dec. . | 173.6 | 184.5 | 219.2 | 199.7 | 235.7 | 173.4 | 107.5 | 673.4 | 95.7 | 103.4 |
| 1968 | - Jan. | 174.4 | 185.2 | 214.6 | 205.6 | 247.9 | 172.6 | 104.8 | 673.6 | 94.9 | $106.0$ |
|  | Feb. | 163.8 | 172.8 | 199.8 | 198.3 | 237.4 | 152.8 | 97.1 | 630.2 | $88.2$ | $96.8$ |
|  | Mar. | 157.7 | 167.2 | 203.1 | 178.1 | 235.5 | 130.4 | 87.9 | 610.7 | 83.2 | 94.1 |
|  | Apr. | 169.1 | 178.8 | 210.8 | 180.2 | 251.3 | 130.1 | 97.0 | 682.5 | 87.4 | 104. 2 |
|  | May . | 171.2 | 181.0 | 208.2 | 191.4 | 259.0 | 142.4 | 93.6 | 688.7 | 87.6 | 115.3 |
|  | June . | 174.4 | 182.7 | 202.5 | 199.8 | 263.8 | 146.1 | 100.4 | 677.9 | 88.0 | 123.8 |
|  | July | 181.8 | 189.4 | 198.4 | 225.3 | 277.4 | 162.1 | 112.0 | 689.5 | 93.7 | 130.3 |
|  | Aug. | 180.8 | 187.9 | 195.1 | 230.8 | 277.8 | 152.5 | 107.3 | 675.6 | 91.2 | 123.9 |
|  | Sept. | 187.8 | 193.5 | 193.2 | 240.0 | 292.2 | 171.4 | 116.8 | 654.1 | 100.6 | 132.7 |
|  | Oct. | 193.1 | 198.2 | 199.5 | 251.4 | 292.6 | 178.5 | 120.8 | 672.0 | 106.6 | 143.8 |
|  | Nov. | 196.0 | 199.2 | 196.3 | 250.4 | 298.2 | 173.4 | 123.9 | 689.4 | 112.0 | 151.6 |
|  | Dec. | 201.5 | 205.2 | 203.7 | 243.3 | 310.8 | 169.0 | 133.0 | 747.6 | 109.0 | 157.7 |
| 1969 | - Jan. | 203.1 | 208.7 | 212.8 | 238.9 | 311.8 | 164.3 | 144.4 | 752.9 | 111.8 | 157.5 |
|  | Feb. | 202.0 | 208.4 | 212.2 | 226.9 | 319.6 | 180.3 | 154.8 | 732.2 | 114.4 | 160.2 |
|  | Mar. | 198.0 | 203.0 | 206.6 | 223.2 | 311.0 | 169.9 | 156.8 | 721.8 | 110.8 | 154.4 |
|  | Apr. | 203.5 | 208.0 | 210.9 | 229.8 | 319.0 | 172.1 | 165.2 | 744.8 | 115.4 | 149.9 |
|  | May. | 211.8 | 218.7 | 221.4 | 233.0 | 330.4 | 175.3 | 170.5 | 810.0 | 116.1 | 156.7 |
|  | June. | 198.3 | 204.4 | 204.8 | 230.1 | 319.2 | 158.1 | 147.4 | 757.0 | 104.0 | 151.1 |
|  | July ... | 189.5 | 194.8 | 194.4 | 232.7 | 304.2 | 148.1 | 140.5 | 742.1 | 99.0 | 140.1 |
|  | Aug. . . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Sept. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Oct. .. |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Nov. . . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Dec. . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Weekly index |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | July 3 | 198.2 | 204.6 | 206.6 | 234.8 | 312.3 | 157.0 | 146.3 | 764.2 | 103.9 | 154.4 |
|  | " 10 | 190.0 | 195.1 | 194.5 | 231.4 | 302.2 | 148.0 | 141.6 | 742.5 | 99.0 | 145.3 |
|  | 117 | 189.4 | 194.3 | 190.1 | 234.2 | 306.2 | 150.8 | 140.6 | 742.7 | 100.3 | 139.3 |
|  | 1124 | 185.8 | 190.5 | 188.9 | 232.5 | 302.0 | 144.0 | 138.6 | 732.5 | 96.7 | 132.4 |
|  | " 31 | 184.1 | 189.3 | 192.1 | 230.5 | 298.3 | 140.7 | 135.4 | 728.5 | 95.2 | 128.4 |

See footnote(s) at end of table.

| Current number of stocks |  | Investors index |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Nonmetallic minerals | Petroleum | Chemi cals | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Con- } \\ & \text { struc- } \\ & \text { tion } \end{aligned}$ | Retail <br> trade | Total utilities | Pipe- <br> line | Trans-portation | Telephone | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Elec- } \\ & \text { tric- } \\ & \text { power } \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  | (4) | (7) | (4) | (4) | (7) | (20) | (5) | (4) | (3) | (3) |
| 1959 |  | 116.2 | 87.1 | 96.9 | 137.7 | 175.9 | 109.7 | 117.2 | 88.7 | 90.5 | 126.0 |
| 1960 |  | 95.3 | 78.2 | 84.2 | 104.4 | 142.5 | 104.7 | 106.2 | 76.6 | 97.7 | 116.3 |
| 1961 |  | 97.3 | 102.6 | 89.1 | 111.9 | 177.3 | 125.8 | 136.4 | 83.7 | 117.0 | 128.6 |
| 1962 |  | 103.2 | 101.7 | 102.3 | 89.2 | 157.3 | 123.1 | 141.1 | 83.2 | 117.9 | 110.6 |
| 1963 |  | 129.9 | 99.2 | 129.6 | 71.6 | 176.0 | 135.9 | 152.7 | 101.7 | 124.1 | 126.0 |
| 1964 |  | 152.5 | 115.0 | 166.8 | 69.7 | 229.0 | 153.7 | 178.6 | 149.0 | 130.8 | 132.3 |
| 1965 |  | 169.7 | 120.6 | 182.1 | 86.0 | 274.8 | 171.4 | 183.1 | 207.1 | 139.9 | 139.2 |
| 1966 |  | 140.0 | 122.7 | 147.6 | 79.9 | 259.2 | 162.7 | 159.8 | 192.3 | 122.6 | 148.4 |
| 1967 |  | 124.7 | 155.8 | 128.3 | 64.5 | 255.5 | 167.8 | 184.2 | 208.6 | 114.7 | 137.3 |
| 1968 |  | 106.8 | 175.7 | 110.6 | 81.6 | 287.5 | 165.6 | 179.7 | 197.5 | 106.1 | 129.0 |
| 1967 | - July | 124.4 | 162.1 | 124.8 | 64.5 | 248.2 | 175.2 | 201.7 | 227.2 | 116.4 | 138.0 |
|  | Aug. | 123.4 | 164.1 | 123.0 | 64.6 | 256.5 | 175.7 | 197.8 | 223.5 | 115.3 | 139.8 |
|  | Sept. | 122.4 | 165.1 | 122.6 | 65.3 | 273.5 | 173.4 | 196.6 | 206.3 | 111.9 | 142.8 |
|  | oct. | 116.8 | 164.8 | 112.9 | 62.9 | 274.2 | 167.5 | 186.6 | 201.1 | 108.7 | 137.3 |
|  | Nov. | 104.6 | 167.0 | 109.7 | 62.6 | 269.5 | 166.6 | 190.2 | 192.2 | 107.5 | 133.3 |
|  | Dec. | 89.8 | 176.7 | 98.3 | 58.2 | 266.3 | 161.8 | 186.8 | 185.7 | 104.1 | 128.6 |
| 1968 | - Jan. | 98.7 | 178.6 | 100.4 | 63.7 | 273.3 | 162.3 | 181.1 | 181.3 | 104.8 | 129.6 |
|  | Feb. | 92.0 | 162.7 | 94.0 | 61.2 | 259.4 | 153.7 | 166.0 | 171.1 | 103.8 | 122.8 |
|  | Mar. | 85.8 | 150.6 | 92.4 | 58.7 | 247.9 | 146.1 | 155.6 | 164.8 | 101.9 | 117.2 |
|  | Apr. | 88.8 | 160.4 | 100.4 | 66.2 | 277.1 | 154.1 | 164.0 | 171.0 | 104.7 | 121.9 |
|  | May | 95.5 | 163.3 | 105.9 | 71.3 | 284.0 | 154.0 | 167.6 | 176.7 | 101.5 | 120.0 |
|  | June | 93.0 | 168.0 | 106.7 | 77.4 | 294.6 | 159.0 | 176.4 | 189.6 | 101.9 | 118.6 |
|  | July | 107.0 | 176.1 | 116.5 | 82.9 | 308.6 | 166.5 | 179.8 | 197.1 | 106.8 | 128.3 |
|  | Aug. | 109.7 | 183.4 | 112.8 | 88.0 | 306.9 | 164.9 | 181.2 | 197.9 | 104.2 | 126.1 |
|  | Sept. | 122.0 | 190.8 | 121.7 | 98.2 | 312.5 | 173.8 | 192.9 | 209.4 | 109.2 | 133.1 |
|  | Oct. | 128.8 | 192.1 | 129.2 | 99.3 | 301.2 | 182.3 | 201.3 | 226.6 | 108.8 | 139.5 |
|  | Nov. | 129.4 | 189.0 | 126.0 | 103.5 | 294.2 | 185.5 | 198.0 | 234.4 | 111.3 | 146.4 |
|  | Dec. | 131.4 | 193.7 | 121.2 | 109.2 | 289.8 | 184.9 | 192.6 | 250.2 | 114.0 | 144.2 |
| 1969 | - Jan. | 130.3 | 194.7 | 126.3 | 112.8 | 275.2 | 181.7 | 195.5 | 247.3 | 110.7 |  |
|  | Feb. | 134.3 | 184.2 | 128.4 | 121.9 | 272.9 | 181.5 | 195.6 | 255.4 | 107.7 | 137.2 |
|  | Mar. | 128.6 | 175.5 | 126.4 | 121.20 | 264.3 | 181.3 | 192.4 | 259.6 | 107.9 | 137.5 |
|  | Apr. | 134.4 | 177.9 | 132.4 | 123.5 | 269.6 | 186.4 | 194.9 | 264.8 | 116.5 | 136.4 |
|  | May . | 140.5 | 195.9 | 133.4 | 127.1 | 284.7 | 193.3 | 199.4 | 276.5 | 276.5 | 145.6 |
|  | June. | 134.0 | 189.5 | 122.8 | 109.2 | 267.4 | 182.8 | 189.0 | 254.8 | 114.2 | 141.6 |
| $\begin{array}{llllllllllllll}\text { July } \ldots \ldots & 124.5 & 177.2 & 111.6 & 97.9 & 255.8 & 177.3 & 182.3 & 242.4 & 111.4 & 137.7\end{array}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sept. . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Nov. . . . |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Dec. ........ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

buel 12 index

| 1.2y | 3 | 128.8 | 190.9 | 113.0 | 103.6 | 267.8 | 181.7 | 186.8 | 252.9 | 112.1 | . 2 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| " | 10 | 125.7 | 176.6 | 112.9 | 99.5 | 257.0 | 178.4 | 182.8 | 242.6 | 112.4 | 138.4 |
| " | 17 | 123.6 | 177.4 | 111.4 | 95.7 | 256.8 | 178.4 | 183.4 | 243.3 | 112.6 | 138.1 |
| " | 24 | 122.9 | 171.9 | 111.5 | 96.8 | 248.4 | 175.6 | 181.2 | 237.1 | 112.0 | 134.9 |
| " | 31 | 121.5 | 169.1 | 109.0 | 93.8 | 249.0 | 172.3 | 177.3 | 236.2 | 108.1 | 133.1 |

[^6]TABLE 16. Index Numbers of Common and Preferred Stock Prices - Concluded
(1956=100)


[^7]iA:LE 17. Base-weighted Highway Construction Price Indexes All-items and Major Components, Combined Annualiy, $1956-67$ (1961m100)*

|  | All-items |  | Major components |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Grading | Gramular base courses | Surface courses |
| 1956 (1) | 131.6 | 139.1 | 126.1 | 126.1 |
| 1957. | 122.1 | 123.2 | 117.6 | 127.5 |
| 1958 | 111.1 | 114.3 | 105.2 | 114.8 |
| 1959 | 112.2 | 113.7 | 109.5 | 113.7 |
| 1960 | 110.6 | 113.1 | 104.5 | 116.1 |
| 1961 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| 1962 | 103.7 | 107.6 | 97.6 | 106.2 |
| 1963 | 110.6 | 118.1 | 103.7 | 107.4 |
| 1964 | 113.5 | 118.6 | 109.6 | 109.8 |
| 1965 | 130.9 | 137.3 | 131.3 | 117.6 |
| 1966 | 140.1 | 147.3 | 140.1 | 126.0 |
| 1967 | 135.1 | 141.6 | 133.7 | 124.8 |
| 1968. |  |  |  |  |
| 1969. |  |  |  |  |

(1) The years referred to are fiscal years. For example, 1956 represents the period April 1,1956 to March $31,1967$.

* To assist comparison with other published series the indexes presented below have been arithmecically converted from l956= 100 to $1961=100$. The $1956=100$ indexes are available on request.

TABLE 18. Povincial Base-weighted Highway Construction A11-items Price Indexes, Annua11y, 1956-67(1) (1961~100)*


(1) Major components for the provincial indexes were presented in the September 1968 issue of Prices and price Indexes.
(2) The years referred to are fiscal years. For example, 1956 represents the period April 1 , 1956 to March 31 , 1957.

* To assist comparison with other published series the indexes presented below have been arithmetically converted from $1956=$ 100 to $1961=200$. The $1956=100$ indexes are availabie on request.

TABLE 19. Price Indexes of Electric Utility Distribution Systems, Transmission Lines and Transformation and Switching Stations, Csnada, Annually 1956-68
$(1.961=100)$

|  | Distribution systems |  |  | $\frac{\text { Transmission lines }}{\text { Total }}$ | Transformetion and switching stations |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total | Construction | Equipment |  | Total | Structures and Improvements | Equipment: |
| 1956 | 95.1 | 92.7 | 100.4 | 92.1 | 115.2 | 110.1 | 127.9 |
| 1957 | 96.5 | 91.9 | 106.6 | 94.4 | $118.1$ | $105.6$ | $132.6$ |
| 1958 | 93.2 | 93.5 | 92.5 | 95.7 | 109.0 | 101.3 | 11.8 .4 |
| 1959 | 96.8 | 96.3 | 97.9 | 97.0 | 113.5 | 102.6 | 123.2 |
| 1960 | 100.3 | 98.5 | 104.3 | 98.9 | 109.8 | 103.3 | 115.7 |
| 1961 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| 1962 | $101.9$ | 102.5 | $100.4$ | $100.9$ | $104.5$ | $102.6$ | $205.1$ |
| 1963 | 102.5 | 105.2 | $96.4$ | $102.3$ | $107.2$ | $109.0$ | $106.7$ |
| 1964 | 104.6 | 107.8 | 97.6 | 102.7 | $111.7$ | $113.1$ | $111.5$ |
| 1965 | 107.1 | 112.4 | 95.4 | 108. 5 | 118.7 | 124.4 | 117.9 |
| 1366 | 112.4 | 118.5 | 98.8 | 113.0 | 123.7 | 131.4 | $122.1$ |
| $1: 67$ | 117.4 | $125.4$ | $99.7$ | $118.8$ | $122.5$ | $125.2$ | $117.4$ |
| $1368^{P}$ | 117.3 | 126.2 | 97.7 | 121.7 | 117.3 | 122.9 | 107.2 |
| $069$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 4.470 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

# Explanation uf Methors used and Aditional Sourcess for Price Surian 

## Industrial Price Indexe

## Industry Selling Price Indexes $(1950=100)$

Industry Selling Price Indexes are published for most of the manufacturing industries and as such are the first Canadian "wholesale" price indexes to be organized according to an industry classification. Because of their common form of organization these indexes may be used in conjunction with a whole array of related statistics such as shipments, employment and inventories, to name a few, which also conform to the Standard Industrial Classification. Thus, Industry Selling Price Indexes have a clearly defined conceptual basis which fits into a common framework of analytical statistics. For this reason and because of their relatively high standard of representativeness they are recomended over their counterpart commodity series of the General Wholesale Index for purposes relating to output of manufacturing industries. However, because Industry Selling Price Indexes are available only since 1956 (In a few cases since 1949) the General Wholesale Index and its components must still be relied upon for earlier periods.

A complete description of these indexes is contained in: Industry Selling Price Indexes 1956-59, Catalogue No. 62-515

## General Wholesale Index $(1935-39=100)$

The General tholesale Index is a commodity classified index of prices. The index is "general" inasmuch as it incorporates a diverse selection of both primary and processed comodities. It is called 'wholesale" because its ingredient prices relate to that broad and heterogeneous area of commodity distribution which excludes only retail trade. In fact, the term "wholesale" has more of a connotation of bulk trading than of any homogeneous level of distribution. Thus, though the index mainly includes prices of producers, it also covers transactions of "middle men" who trade in commodities of a type or in quantities characteristic of primary marketing functions.

Though general wholesale price indexes have been calculated by many countries for years there is no precise answer to the question of what such an index measures. This is so because the index cannot be associated with any adequately definable value aggregate. Unlike a consumer price index which can be identified with expenditures of household consumers, a general wholesale index covers a host of overlapping transactions sometimes involving the same ingredient in as many as three different stages of processing. Yet, conceptually, it is not a measure of the purchasing power of money because it omits significant areas of monetary transactions such as prices of land, labour, securities and services, except in so far as prices of these things are implicit in commodity prices. As a conventional summary figure, its use has tended towards a reference level against which to observe the behaviour of particular price groups such as farm products, industrial materials, building materials and the various other groupings for which indexes are published. And af an indicator pi grmyral busireser canditioas
 attribute now lies in its long historical continuity.

For further details about the General wholesale Index please consult: wholasale Price tndexen 191). 50 (Renfatense Paper No. 24) Prices and Price Indexes 1949-52 (Vol. 23) (Catalogue No. 62-501)

Price Index Numbers of Commodities and Services Used by Farmers
The index of Commodities and Services used by Fammers is designed to measure the change in retail prices of farm operating costs and farm living costs. It is calculaced thrice yearly, viz.: January, April and August, and is on the base 1935-39 $=100$. For an explanation of method of construction and an historical record, please refer to "Price Index Nubers of Commodities and Services Used by Farmers, 1913 to 1948 (Revised 1948)." A special bulletin giving total and group index detail is released subsequent to each pricing date.

## Canadian Farm Products Price Index (1935-39=100)

Wheat prices used in the index are buying prices of the Canadian Wheat Board for Nos. 1 , 2 and 3 Manitoba Northern at Fort William - Port Arthur. Prices for western oats and barley are also supplied by the Wheat Board and quotations relating to No. $2 \mathrm{C} . \mathrm{W} ., \mathrm{No} .3 \mathrm{C} . \mathrm{W}$. and No. 1 Feed Oats and to Nos, 1 and 2 feed barley are inciuded in the price index. Initial payments are first used in the index calculation and are revised as further payments are announced.

Final participation payments for the crop year August 1967 - July 1968 were announced on March 13 , 1969 for oats and barley and on March 28,1969 for wheat. Initial and final payments recently included in the index are shown in the following Table.


## Security Price Indexes

Security price indexes measure through time the effect of price change on the value of a portfolio of stocks bought and held by a hypothetical investor (as opposed to the more speculative trader). The portfolio represents stocks of Canadian companies listed on Toronto, Montreal and Canadian stock exchanges. The number of shares held for each issue is in proportion to the total number of shares outstanding. Prices in the common and mining stock indexes are Thursday's closing quotations as reported in the Globe and Mail and the Montreal Gazette. For preferred stocks, prices are monthly weighted averages of the daily closing prices in which weights are daily total sales. The price reference base for the indexes is the year 1956 which has been adopted as an interim base for recently developed DBS indexes. The indexes express prices as a percentage of prices in 1956

Revised indexes on the base $1956=100$ were first presented in the June 1962 issue of this publication. The most important change in the revision of the index, apart from the shift in the price reference base, is the classification of stocks according to the Standard Industrial Classification. In the continuing major group Industrials 4 sub-groups (Milling and Grains, Food and Allied Products, Machinery and Equipment, and Building Materials) have been replaced by 8 new sub-groups (Foods, printing and Publishing, Primary Metals, Metal Fabricating, Non-metallic Minerals, Chemicals, Construction and Retail Trade). The remaining 5 sub-groups of the former index, viz., Industrial Mines, Beverages, Textile and Clothing, Pulp and Paper, and Oils (renamed Petroleum) have been continued. The major group Utilities is continued but the Pipelines index has been added as a sub-group and the previous Power and Traction sub-group has been replaced by two new sub-groups, viz., Electric Power and Gas Distribution. A new major group Finance is composed of the former major group Banks and the former supplementary index Investment and Loan. Constant weights, which were previously limited to major groups, have been extended to sub-groups. Weights in the index continue to be based on shares outstanding.

For the list of stocks currently included in the Investors Index and Preferred Index, see Prices and Price Indexes for February and March 1969.

The building materials indexes, shown in Tables 6 and 7 of this pubilcation are constructed ts measure price change of materials used in residential and non-residential building construction.

The resfdential building materials index in Table 6 is calculated on the base $1961=100$, and using weights derived from the estimated material requirement for a national housing target for the year 1946 , contains a total materials index for residential building, together with indexes for nine component groups. The non-residential building materials index, which appears in Table 7 , measures price change for matexials used in non-residential building construction. This index is calculated on the base $1961=100$ with weights derived from cost data provided by general and trade contractors for a sample of buildings constructed in Canada in the years 1948-1950. Both indexes have been arithmetically converted to $1961=100$ from their original time reference bases of $1935-39=100$ for Residential and $1949=100$ for Non-Residential.

Beginning in 1966, some revisions took place in these indexes. More substantial changes occured in the residential materials index, in which a shorter but more efficient sample of commonly used materials was introduced following consultation with industry specialists. The weighting diagram was unchanged at the group levels but minor adjustments were made within groups to accomodate the shorter list of items. In the non-residential index, no changes were made in either the list of items included or the weights.

A change affecting both the indexes is that the price series used to calculate the building materials price indexes from 1966 forward are drawn from the industry classified system of prices shown in Table 2 of this publication. These prices are collected at the manufacturers' level, f.o.b. plant, with discounts to the main class of customer removed; freight and taxes are not included. Before incorporating these industry selling prices into the building materials indexes, federal sales tax has been added where applicable.

Previously, the prices used to calculate the indexes were collected from a variety of souras at various levels in the distribution process, i.e., manufacturers, wholesalers, retailers.

The advantages of using prices from the industry classified system are that there is n wiser range of commodity detail available, and the prices are all collected at a consistent level in the distribution process. In addition, the treatment of price discontinuities is handled in the same manner for the building materials indexes as is described in the reference paper for the Industry Selling Price Indexes referred to below. (This statement is further amplified in Appendix D, Price Indexes of Electric Utility Construction, DBS Publication 62-526.)

Greater regional price coverage is currently being sought, with a view to ultimately publishing as many regional comodity price series as possible. Also, a programe of experimental pricing is underway to detemine the validity of using manufacturers' selling prices to represent price movement of wholesalers' and retailers' prices to contractors and other builders.

The new commodities introduced and the new price sample were "linked" into the index at the level of the old price sample at the beginning of 1966 so that the movement of the index was not affected by the changeover. The same component groups will continue to be published.

Explanations of the basic methods of construction and weighting patterns for the building materials indexes are contained in the following publications:

1. Price Index numbers of Residential Building Materials 1926-48, Catalogue 18-7080Price \$ . 10.
2. Non-Residential Building Materials Price Index 1935-52, Catalogue 8002-524-Pr1ce \$.25.

A complete description of the charactexistics of the Industry Selling Price Indexes and methods of sample selection will be found in: Industry Selling Price Indexes 1956-59-Cat. 62-515.

Highway Construction Price Indexes (1961=100)(1)
The Price Indexes of Highway Construction in Canada express prices paid by provincial governments in contracts awarded for highway construction each year, as a percentage of prices paid in 1961. The arithmetic conversion of the indexes to a 1961 time base does not change their percentage movements as compared to the previously published indexes to a $1956=100$ time base. Users are warned that an aggregation of the converted major group indexes with the published weights will not yield the published $1961=100$ all items indexes. The conversion does not create this problem for a user wishing to reweight the converted major group indexes using weights appropriate to his own purpose.
hase-weighted indexes are published annually and measure, for the period 1956 to 1967, the Uffect of price change on the cost of specific progranmes of highway construction in Canada represented by highway construction contracts of approximately $\$ 50,000$ or more awarded by specified provincial governments during the weight-base period. Weights of items in the index, representing the relative importance of units of construction in the year 1956 are held constant. Only the estimates of prices change from year to year, and the indexes thus measure the movement of prices through time (2). The all-items index or its components are useful for planning and budgeting for highway construction programmes, in escalating or up-dating previously costed roadwork, in estimating replacement costs of previously completed roadwork, and as historical measurements of price trends in highway construction.

The indexes do not necessarily reflect the price movements of non-contract construction or mafntenance work. The indexes are designed to measure price changes for a fixed programe of highway construction, in each of the seven provinces. Because price levels in the time base-period (1961) varied from province to province the indexes cannot be used to compare price differences between provinces, but only to compare differences in the rate at which prices are changing in the provinces.

Prices contained in the index are not for units of labour and materials as is usually the case in construction price indexes but rather for units of construction work put in place such as an acre of clearing, a cubic yard of earth excavation or a ton of bituminous hot-mix paving. In addition, the index contains prices of some materials, such as culvert pipe, usually supplied to the contractor by the highway departments. Prices of highway construction work are annual weighted averages of bid prices of units of construction in groups of contracts awarded, (1) classified by price-determining characteristics of the contracts and the bid items such as volume of the bid item, type of contract and geographic location. Prices of material items of supply are prices paid by government departments to suppliers.

Development of a Quebec Highway Index has begun and it is hoped that data will be released by September of 1969.

## Price Indexes of Electric Utility Construction

In electric utility terms, the index is designed to provide an estimate of the impact of price change the cost of materials, 1 abour and equipment used in constructing and equipping electric utilities in a specified base period. The index provides an estimate of how much more, or less it would cost to reproduce the base-period programe of construction in another period, using the same construction technology as in the base period and assuming rates of profit and productivity in construction are the same in both periods.

As the market does not yield comparable selling prices for such unique transactions as, for example, the sale of a transmission line, it was not possible to produce an index of the prices of completed structures. Completed structure indexes would be appropriate for users wishing either to estimate reproduction costs or to deflate capital formation. For such uses the indexes introduced in this publication have specific shortcomings. Nonetheless, they may be helpful for such purposes provided the users understand the deficiencies. Thus the reader is asked to make particular note of Section III, of DBS Occasional Paper 62-526 Capital Expenditures Price Indexes - The Necessity for Compromise and Section XI, (of the same paper) Uses and Limitations. In addition, because particular construction projects are unique, the aggregate indexes will not likely be appropriate to specific projects since they relate to an average mix of materials, labour and equipment derived from a variety of projects in a specific base period. Thus, if the component price indexes and their weights included in the aggregate index presented herein are inappropriate for a particular purpose the user should consider selecting appropriate component indexes from among those published herein. These indexes could then be combined into an aggregate index by utilizing weights derived from the projects or assets to be costed or deflated.

Prices used in the indexes are for the most part selling prices reported monthly by manufacturers for materials or equipment. The price reported is for units and terms of sale representative of the volume sales of the manufacturer. Where sales to electric utilities form a small share of the total sales of the manufacturer, the price reported may not adequately represent the price to the construction trade and others directly involved in constructing and equipping electric utility facilities. In such cases, prices charged other manufacturers or wholesalers have been included in the index. Ycderal sales tax changes are reflected in the index but no adjustments have been made for provincial
(1) There may be a considerable time lag between the letting of the contract and the completion of the job.
(2) For a more complete statement of the problems of estimating price change for highway construction see pages vi \& vii of the December issue of Prices and Price Indexes, DBS publication 62-002 and pages $9 \& 10$ of the reference paper Price Indexes of Highway Construction in Canada DBS publication 62-520.
tax changes. Until December 1964 wage rate data were supplied by the Federal Department of Labour and represented minimum hourly rates paid to construction workers in major cities employed on federal government contracts. In 1965 union basic wage rates reported by major utilities and some contractors were incorporated into the index. The sample selected provides an estimate of wage rate change for urban own account and contract electric utility construction. Some further improvements will be made to improve the coverage relating to rural non-union work for transmission lines.

Construction has been defined as new construction or major reconstruction for distribution systems, transmission lines and transformation or switching stations. Maintenance and operating costs are excluded. Cost data were supplied by major utilities, relating to own account and to contract construction erected during the last half of the 1950 's. Weights were derived from these data which indicated the relative importance of the major inputs to the construction. The components of cost relating to distribution and transmission facilities encompass such items as poles, hardware, conductors, insulators, meters, distribution transformers and expenditures for labour, e.g. - linemen and groundmen, Costs relating to construction equipment such as trucks, and components of equipment operating costs such as tires, gasoline and repairs were also included. Transformation and switching stations encompass some of the items listed above but the most important elements of cost relate to transformers and switching equipment. Expenditures for land and rights-of-way have been excluded.

The term Canadian electric utility has been defined to include municipal as well as nonmunicipal utilities but the majority of the cost data tabulated was derived from the major nonmunicipal utilities. Manufacturers who produce electricity for their own use and who may also sell electricity have been excluded from the cost survey.
Retail Price Indexes
Consumer Price Index for Canada $(1961=100)$
The Consumer Price Index measures the percentage change through time in the cost of purchasing a constant "basket" of goods and services representing the purchases by a particular population group in a specified time period. The "basket" is an unchanging or equivalent quantity and quality of goodis
 to a specific quantity of the iter.

The index relates to a broud but spackfte groug of wan familes and woflects the price charges experienced by that "target group". The index is unlikely to represent closely the experience of any one family within the group nor should it be expected to reflect price change for other population groups for which income, family size and place of residence are characteristically different. The target group to which the current index relates is composed of families - (a) living in cities with over 30,000 population, (b) ranging in size from two adults to two adults with four children, and (c) with annual incomes during 1957 ranging from $\$ 2,500$ to $\$ 7,000$. To measure the influences of price change on the cost of goods and services purchased by such families, the Consumer Price Index reflects movements of some 300 items.

The history of consumer price indexes in Canada extends back to the early 1900's and encompasses periodic revisions of index base reference periods and weighting patterns. In 1952, the time base was updated to $1949=100$ from $1935-39=100$ and, at the same time, weights were revised to reflect family expenditure patterns in 1947-48. A subsequent revision of weights based on 1957 expenditures was introduced at the begiming of 1961 and the time base was revised from $1949=100$ to $1961=100$ at the beginning of 1969.

Full details on the latest weighting patterns and time base revisions are available in the occasional paper "The Consumer Price Index for Canada ( $1949=100$ ) - Revision based on 1957 Expenditures", DBS Catalogue No. 62-518 and in the January, 1969 issue of the monthly bulletin, Prices and Price Indexes, DBS Catalogue No. 62-002.

## Consumer Price Indexes for Regional Cities (1961=100)

Consumer Price Indexes for Regional Cities are published monthly in this bulletin (Table ll). The regional indexes are similar in concept and item coverage to the Consumer Price Index for Canada except for their individual weighting systems.

Each index is designed to measure the influence of changes in retail prices taking place in the localities specified, upon the cost of a fixed basket of goods and services zeptasathtug the level of consumption of a representative group of families in those particular areas.

In using the city indexes, it should be remembered that they are not indisatos of eomparaciva levels of prices as between the cities. That is, they do not in any way indicate whether prices are higher or lower in one city than in another.

For comparisons of retail price differentials between cities see Table 13 of this publication

Changing consumer price levels affect the amounts of goods and services which a dollar will bry, and average earnings, of course, will be affected in the same way. An earnings measurement which takes the change of consumer prices into account, can be calculated by reducing actual earnings averages by the percentage amounts consumer price levels rise, or increasing them by the amount price levels fall. The adjusted averages may be used to indicate the comparative quantities of goods and services which could be purchased by average earnings if consumer price levels and consumption patterns had remained constant. The following illustration shows how this kind of an adjustment can be made.

Suppose that a series of average weekly wages rises from $\$ 80.00$ in week $A$ to $\$ 100.00$ in week $B$, and that in the same interval a consumer price index advances from 100.00 to 110.0 . Because of the 10 per cent rise in consumber prices, $\$ 1.00$ will not buy as much in week $B$ as it would in week $A$. Likewise, a 25 per cent rise from $\$ 80.00$ to $\$ 100.00$ will overstate the increase which has occurred in the purchasing power of average weekly wages. This overstatement can be removed by reducing the figure of $\$ 100.00$ by the amount of the consumer price increase. The adjusted average is $\$ 90.91$ ( $100.00 / 110.0 \mathrm{x}$ 100.0), which may be referred to as a weekly wage average for week B expressed in the dollars of period $A$, or it may be said to indicate the level of real weekly wages relative to week $A$.

The foregoing calculation can be carried a step further to express in index number form the relationship between the week A average of $\$ 80.00$ and the week $B$ figure of $\$ 90.91$. Taking the week $A$ average of $\$ 80.00$ as equal to 100.0 , the week B index becomes $113.6(90.91 / 80.00 \times 100.0)$. Such an index may be called an index of weekly real wages. It indicates that average wages for week B will buy 13.6 per cent more goods and services than those received in week A, in spite of a 10 per cent rise in consumer prices. This 13.6 per cent increase in real wages compares with the rise of 25 per cent in money wages ( $100.00 / 80.00 \times 100.0$ ).

It should be noted that while the estimates of average real wages may reflect the experiences of broad groups of workers fairly well, their applicability to individual wage-earners depends upon a number of considerations. For example, individual earnings will differ significantly from the group average, depending upon occupation, industry, geographical location, or sex of the wage-earner. Moreover, individual spending habits differ widely, but the consumer price index which is used to adjust the earnings data refers only to the average consumption pattern of a particular income group. Groupspending patterns change over periods of tirae. To the extent that this occurs, the earnings data adjusted by the consumer price index (which has a "fixed" consumption pattern), will gradually be rendered less valid. Finally, some part of income may be saved, and it should be borne in mind that it is not appropriate to reduce savings to a constant dollar basis by using index which reflects consumption patterns.

It should also be kept in mind that measures of change in real earnings calculated from averages of gross earnings may differ from changes in the purchasing power of "take-home" pay, due to such factors as changes in personal income tax, pay deductions for such things as social insurance and pension plans. Thus index numbers of real wages should not be interpreted as measuring fluctuations in the levels of consumption of wage-earners or wage-earners' families; they are intended to show only the trend in purchasing power of wages over the items covered by the price index, and in addition to the factors already mentioned, do not take into account other family income (fncluding family allowances) or changes in the savings position of families.

The table in this report showing indexes of both actual and real wages uses 1961 as a reference year. However, the adjustment made in the foregoing illustration can be applied to any reference level; percentage change between any two periods will be the same regardless of the reference period selected.

## Indexes of Retall Price Differentisle

 Indexes measuring comparative food price levels. Table 13 sumarizes the results of a detailed revision of earlier urban place-to-place food indexes and expands the scope of spatial retall price measurements to take in other elements of the family budget. A fuller explanation of the study from which this table is derived, inciuding more details of these inter-city price comparisons, are contained in the November 1968 1ssue of Prices and Price Indexes (DBS Catalogue Number $62-002$ ). In all, inter-city price comparisons were drawn for comoditles and services comprising nearly three-quarters of the budget on which the Consumer Price Index for Canada is currently based. Major omisslons are shelter (both rented and owned), domestic utilities (fuel, light and water), and restaurant meals. While recognizing the lmportance of shelter differentials in any overall comparison of the general price level being encountered by consumers in different urban centres, the problems inherent in drawing valid comparlsons between cicles are such as to require a good deal more research. Meanwile, it is considered that, despite the absence of shelter differentials at this time, publication of retail price comparisons for other elements of the budget will go some distance towards serving the varled needs of users.

The original data base of this study was the wide range of retall price quotations collected in the course of production of the national and urban Conswer Price Indexes. In developing these spatial price comparisons efforts were made to achieve comparability by equating quallties of goods and services and by matching types of retail outlets, as far as possi ble. Price relationships between palts of cities were derived and subsequently converted to a comon base of Winnipeg prices equalling 100 to facilitate comparisons over the whole range of citieg. The up-dating of these measurements of inter city retall price differentials was accomplished by application of the relative movement of prices, at the item level in each city, over the intervening perlod as derived from the relevant city consumer price indexes. These price relationships at the item level were aggregated on the basis of the Canada urban consumer spending pattern, rather than the patterns applicable to individual cities. While differences in spending patterns exist among cities, the magnitude of these differences in the cities covered is not such as to affect most of the spatial comparisons significantly. Because of the previously mentioned absence of shelter price relationships, which may be of considerable significance in any overall comparison of inter-urban retail price differentials, aggregative indexes beyond major budget groupings are not shown.

It should be noted that the retail prices used in this comparison, being those faced by consumers, include sales and exclse taxes as applicable. Variations between provinces in the scale of sales taxes imposed on aide range of non-food comodities can be of signiflcance in explaining inter-city price differentials for these items.

While theso indexes have bean expresced in terms of winnipeg = loo, the selection of winnioeg as the base city has


## 

The Consumer Price Index for Canada (1949=100) = Revision Based on 1957 Expenditures (Catalogue No. $62-518$ ) ........... $\$ .75$
Urban Retail Food Prices, 1914-59 (Catalogue No, 62-514)
1.00

Wholesale Price Indexes, 1913-50 (Reference Paper No. 24)
Price Index Number of Commoditles and Servicea Used by Farmers 1913 to 1948 (Revised, 1948) (Catalogue No. 62-503)..... . . 10
Wholesale Price Index Numbers of Canadian Farm Products (Base, 1935-39=100) (Catalogue No. 62-504)..................... . . 25
Non-Residential Building Materials Price Index, 1935-52 (Reference Paper No. 43) (Catalogue No. 62-506) ............... . . 25
Price Indexes of Highway Construction in Canada, 1956 100 (Reference Paper, Catalogue No. 62-520)..................... . . . 50
Pxice Indexes of Electric Utility Construction, 1956-65 (Reference Paper, Catalogue No. 62-526) ......................... . . . 75

Conversion of the Consumer Price Index to a 1961 Time Base ~ Prices and Price Indexes January 1969 (Catalogue No.
62-002)

[^8]Remittances should be in the form of cheque or money order, made payable to the Receiver Genersi of Canada and forwarded to the Publications Distribution Unit, Financial Control Section, Dominion Burca: of Statistics, or to the Queen's Printer, Ottawa, Canada.


[^0]:    1) Indexes for 1909 are subject to revision
    ) Year to year percentage change not shown fince these indexes are not comparable. Indexes subsequent to July 1968 are subject to reviston. See notes page 40 for details of Western grain prices.
[^1]:    See foothote (s) at end of table.

[^2]:    (1) For explanatinu see page 44.

[^3]:    (1) For detailed explanation, see page 46.
    (2) Excludes fuel and lighting.

[^4]:    (1) 1969 indexes are subject to revision, since tax and interest figures are preliminary.

[^5]:    Note: Mash includes pellets, crumbles, cubes, etc.

[^6]:    See footnote(s) at end of table.

[^7]:    (1) Mining stocks are not included in Investors index.

[^8]:    * A comprehensive statistical report on wholesale, farm, consumer and security prices and price indexes covering intensively the period 1949-52 and more broadly earlier perlods, in some cases from 1913 ; brief text is included.

