## CANADA

DEPARTMENT OF TRADE AND COMMERCE
DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS INTERNAL TRADE BRANCH

Vol. 7

## PRICES \& PRICE INDEXES

APRIL 1929

Wholesale Prices
Retail Prices
Security Erices
Stocks
Bonde
Foreign Price Indexes

Published by Authority of the Hon. James Malcolm, M.P.,
Minister of Trade and Commerce

OTTAWA

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## Published by Autihority of Hon. James Malcolm, M.P.,

 Minister of Trade and CommerceDRPARMITNT OI TRADE AND COMOERCE
DOMINION IYUEAUH OF STAIISTICS - CANADA
ONTERTAI, TRANE BRANCH
(J.ssuad Vay 1 I.hh, 1929)

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| :---: | :---: |
|  | S OE THOLESALE PRICES |
|  | APRIL, 1929 |

The Jominion Bureau of Statistics index number of wholesale prices on the base $1926 \mathbf{1 0 0}$ fell two points in April being 94.1 as compared with 96.1 in March. 109 price quotations were lower, 46 were higher and 347 were unchanged. Of the eight main sroups, six were lower, while twc registered only slight advances.

Vegetables and Vegeteble Products declined from 88.9 to 86.9 . lower prices for grains, flour and other milled products, bananas, lemons, vegetable oils, rubber, cocoa beans, potatoes and naval stores more than offsetting higher prices for tea, coffeg, oranges, dried fruits and hay. Animals and their Products fell from 109.8 to 108.6, declines in milk, eggs and fish more than offsetting advances in livestcck, meats, furs, hides and lard. Fitres, Textiles and Textile Products declined from 92.8 to 92.4 due to slightly lower levels for raw cotton, ran wool, raw silk and jute. Tood, Wood Products and Paper fell from 94.8 to 94.6 due mainly to slight declines in some lines of British Columbia ccdar. Non-Ferrous Metals, with general declines in the basic metals, fell from 101.5 to 98.7. Non-Metallic Minerals and their Products declined from 93.0 to 92.4 , lower ievels for coal and gasoline more than offsetting advances in glass, crushed stone, sand and gravel. Iron and its Products, chiefly because of firmer prices for pig iron and steel sheets, rose from 93.4 to 93.6 . Chomicals and Allied Products advanced from 94.5 to 94.9 due mainly to advances in white lead, litharge and cream of tartar.

Consumers' Goods fell from 94.7 to 93.7 , lower levels for flour and other milled products, fish, lemons, bananas, p:tatoes, oggs, coal and gasoline more than ffisetting higher levels for meats and poultry, tea, coffee, oranges and lard.

Producors' Goods declined from 93.9 to 92.9 . Building and Construction Materials fell from 100.2 to 99.8 due to declines in paint materials and in B.C. cedar. Manufacturers' Materials fell from 92.5 to 91.2 . Materials for the milling, textile and clothing and metal working industries were lower while those for the meat packing, fur and leather industries advanced in price.

RESTME OF IMPORTANT PRICF CHANGES: Grain prices sagged to new low levels during April. No. 1 Manitoba Northern cash wheat, Fort William and Port Arthur basis averaged $\$ 1.227$ per bushel as compared with $\$ 1.269$ in March, the high price for the month being $\$ 1.263 / 8$ on the 13 th and the $1<0 \$ 1.19{ }^{\frac{3}{3}}$ on the $22 n d, 23$ rd and 29 th. The favourable progress of the winter wheat crop, inproved seeding conditions in both Canadian and American Northwerts, hetter crop news from Europe, with, on the other hand, quiet foreign demand, relatively large stecizs yet remaining in North America, continued large shipments of Argentine liect unsold and reports of the accurculation of wheat at Argentine shipping points,were weakoning factors. The unsettled condition of American markets and disappointment over the roposed agricultural legislation at Washington contributed to the growth of beari.sh sentiment.

Coarse grains followed the wheat trend. Barley No. 3 C.W. at Winnipeg fell Irsm $74.8 \notin$ to $71.6 \phi$ per busk $7 . N 0.2$. F. oats from $64.2 \phi$ to $57.7 \phi$. No. 2 C . W. rye frcm $\$ 1.09$ to 99.8 and flax No. 1 N.W.N. from $\$ 2.07 \frac{1}{5}$ to $\$ 2.02$. Corn in spite of gocd demand. from Europe and a develcping derand in the Orient with supplies running shart in the United states, followed the gener:al trend. American yellow No. 2 corn at Toronto averaged $\$ 1.03 \frac{3}{4}$ as cumpared with $\$ 7.09 \frac{1}{2}$.

Milled products reflected the decline in the raw grain market. No. 1 patent Manitoba flour at Toronto declined from $\$ 7.60$ to $\$ 7.36$ per $2-981$ s jute bags. Oatmeal fell from $\$ 4.24$ to $\$ 4.13$ per bag and rolled oat from $\$ 3.85$ to $\$ 3.75$. Millfeeds reflected easier grain prices and the fact that farmers are using up their large stocks of potatoes and turnips as feed. Manitoba bran declined from $\$ 33.62$ to $\$ 30.16$ per ton ex track Montreal and shorts from $\$ 35.09$ to $\$ 30.16$.

Oranges were higher in price, due chiefly to the exhaustion of supplies of the cheap small sizes which cecently dominated the market. The average price of sizes predcminant on the market rose from $\$ 4.34$ to $\$ 4.94$ per case at Toronto. Brnanas declined from $6 \phi-6 \frac{1}{2} \phi ; 05 \phi-5 \frac{1}{2} \phi$ per pound at Toronto and from $\$ 1.50$ to $\$ 1.25$ - $\$ 1.50$ per bunch of 7 hands at Montreal.

Potato markets continued quiet with a further weakening of prices in scra localities. With large quantities coming on the market, Manitoba potatoes at Winnipeg declined from $\$ 1.35$ to $\$ 1.23$ per cwt. An easier trend, too, prevailed in tho Mritimes where the supplies of old crop potatoes still held are very large. Nova Suctia potatoes at Halifax fell from $90 \phi$ to $65 \phi$ per Dag and Canada A potatoes at St. Jchn from $78 \phi$ to $68 \frac{3}{4} \phi$ per cwt.

Coffee prices were firmer, Brazilian control being favoured by the prospective small crop. Green Santos, good coffee at Toronto rose from $29 \frac{1}{2} \phi$ to $30 \phi$ and green Jamaica from $26 \phi$ to $27 \frac{1}{2} \phi$. Gond quality tea continued strong, Pekoo Ceylon and India advancing frem $51 \phi$ to $52 \phi$ at Toronto.

Rubber prices decined, Ceylon ribbed smoked sheet falling from $24.4 \phi$ to $21.2 \phi$ at New York and upriver fine Para from $24.8 \phi$ to $21.6 \phi$. The market situation is likely to continue confused until the final effects of the removal of restrictions cII Malayan exports have become clear.

Neval stores were weaser, the unusually warm spring in the south having resulted in heavier supplies tha: usual at this time of the year wile demand has been comparatively light. Turpentine in 10 bbl . lots ex store Montreal, declined from $901 / 3 \phi$ to $85 \frac{3}{4} \phi$ per gal. Rosin TV.W. fell from $\$ 12.25$ to $\$ 11.90$ per bbl. With improving demand, a firmer tendency was apparent at the end of the month.

Iinseed oil reflected easier flax prices, declining from $84 \phi$ to $80 \phi$ per zillon (5-9 bbl. lots) at Montrecl.

Good demand prevailed for good quality hay No. 2-good No. 2 at Toronto advancins from $\$ 14.00-\$ 15.50$ to $\$ 15.00-\$ 16.50$.

Live stock markets cortinued firm during April. A good export outlet to the United States and strengthening domestic demand resulted in firmer cattle prices. The monthly average price of good steers $1000-1200 \mathrm{lbs}$. rose from $\$ 9.40$ to $\$ 10.18$ and at Winnipeg from $\$ 8.62$ to $\$ 9.56$. Calves, under heavier runs, suffered a seasonal dron, further declines being prevented by the strong expcrt demand. Good vaal calves at Toronto declined from $\$ 15.97$ to $\$ 14.68$ and at Winnipeg from $\$ 12.48$ to $\$ 12.02$. The hog market with continued short runs was firm. High British bacon prices and the condition of the new hog crop wera additional bullish factors. Thick smooth hogs at Toronto rose from $\$ 11.79$ to $\$ 12.73$, at Ninnipeg from $\$ 10.97$ to $\$ 11.82$ and at Montreal fron: $\$ 12.54$ to $\$ 13.37$. Sheep and lamb supplies were small and all markets quiet. Grocd handy weights, at Toronto, we:e $\$ 15.14$ as compared with $\$ 15.19$ in March and at Montreal $\$ 10.65$ as compared with $\$ 10.60$.

Meats followed the livastock trend. Good steer beef at Tinnipeg advanced from $18 \phi$ to $18 \frac{1}{2} \phi$ per 16 . and at Vancouver from $18 \frac{1}{2} \phi$ to $19 \frac{1}{2} \phi$. Shop hogs rose from 17 दे to $19 \frac{1}{2} \phi$ per 16 , at Toronto, from $19 \phi$ to $21 \phi$ at Montreal and from $19 \phi$ to $20 \phi$ at Winnipeg. Smoked standard, likht ham advanced from $27 \phi$ to $29 \phi$ at Toronto and frcm $29 \phi$ to $30 \phi$ at Winnipeg. Fow] prices continued their upward trend, the availabie supnlies being extremely light anc insufficient for the demand. Dressed fowl $4-5 \mathrm{lbs}$. advenced from $27 \phi$ to $28 \phi$ per lb. et Toronto.

Butter prices held fairly firm with an easier tendency apparent towards the end of the month, due to increasing supplies of fresh mode. Lard reflected the firmess in hogs advancing from $15 \frac{1}{2} \phi$ to $16 \phi$ at Toronto and from $15 \phi$ to $16 \frac{1}{2} \phi$ at Ti inripeg.

Egg prices with the natural seasonal increase in receipts showed substantial declines．Fresh extras fell from $4543 \phi$ to $34.3 \phi$ per dozen at Montreal， from 41.3 to $32 \phi$ at Toronto，from $42.5 \phi$ to 31.4 at Winnipeg，from $47.8 \phi$ to $32.5 \phi$ at Saskatoon，from $32 \phi$ to $27 \phi$ at Vancouver and from $46.3 \phi$ to $35.2 \phi$ at Halifax． A somewhat firmer undertone was evident in the latter part of the month owing to the general storing development anc．the extremely heavy consumptive demand，eggs being a choap food as compared with neats．

Several lines of fisk were reduced．Fresh haddock declined from $6 \phi$ to $5 \phi$ purlb．，sroked fillets from $14 \phi$ to $12 \phi$ and smoked finnan haddie from $9 \phi$ to $8 \phi$ ．

Higher prices p：Jvalled for most lines of furs at the March auction sales． Cnturio spring muskrat averaged $\$ 1.98-\$ 2.05$ as compared with $\$ 1.90$ to $\$ 1.95$ in jonuiry，beavar I and II exira large and large $\$ 32.20$ as compared with $\$ 30.85$ and silver fox $\frac{1}{4}$ to $2 / 3$ black $\$ 104.58$ as compared with $\$ 99.23$ ．

Cotton prices exhibited an almost steady downard trend．Upland midding spot at New York averaged $20.3 \phi$ per 16 ．as compared with $21.2 \phi$ in March while midding 1－1 $1 / 16$＂at Hamilton leclined from $22 \phi$ to $21.1 \phi$ ．Sentiment was prevailingly bcarish due mainly to improved veather and crop conditions．The downward reaction was accelerated，however，by weakness in stock markets and by disappointment over the farm relief legislation at Rashington．Such bullish factors as the late season， prowpective large World requirenents，bullish estimates of the probable carryover and the rise in the cotton goods trade were ignored and for the time boing the wather wis the central point of interess

Raw silk prices fluctuated within narrow limits but tended easier under the influence of between season conditions with supplies ample for the hand to mouth buying prevailing．Grand double extra fell from $\$ 5.65$ to $\$ 5.55$ per 16 ．at New York，crack double extra frem $\$ 5.35$ to $\$ 5.20$ and extra from $\$ 5.10$ to $\$ 5.00$ ．

Wool continued its downward trend，raw wool，eastern domestic，bright， $\frac{1}{3}$ blood declining from $32 \phi-33$ to $30 \phi$ per lb．at Toronto and western wool，range from 30申－32申 to $28 \phi-30 \phi$ ．

Raw jute，first marke，fell from $\$ 9.54$ to $\$ 9.05$ per cwt．f．o．b．Montreal． Now crop reports are favourable and the domand for manufactured goods is not brisk．

The pig iron market was firmer reflecting good demand and following advances in the United States．Pig iron stocks are reported as the lowest since 1923．Two advances of $50 \phi$ each have gone into effect since the last report，No．l foundry rising from $\$ 23.10$ to $\$ 24.10$ per ton $f .0 . b$ ．sellers works，standard malleable from $\$ 21.00$ to $\$ 22.00$ and basic from $\$ 20,00$ to $\$ 21.00$ ．Firmness prevailed in the sheet nictal market with spring business good．Black steel sheets \＃lO U．S．G．rose from $\$ 2.37$ to $\$ 2.97$ per 100 ibs 。foocis，Montreal．

Non－ferrous metal marksts nere weak．Copper，reacting after its recent neteoric climb caused，to some extient，by panicky buying，broke sharply，most of the other metal followed suit and more or less demoralized markets provailed．The reparations c ais and the rise jn the German discount rate were additional disquieting factors．Electrolytic domestic copper averaged $\$ 21.60$ per 100 lbs f． $0 . \mathrm{b}$ ． Mcntreal as compared with $\$ 22.90$ in March．Copper products followed successive conper declines．Copper sheet $f \in I I$ from $32 \frac{1}{4} \phi$ to $28 \frac{1}{2} \phi$ per lb，base，f．o．b．Montreal and solid bare copper wire from $\bar{c} 5 \frac{1}{4} \phi$ to $24 \frac{3}{4} \phi$ ．Brass sheet（yellow，high）at Toronto declined from $263 / 8 \phi$ to $25 \phi$ ．Tin ingots，Straits，fell from $51 \phi$ to $47 \frac{1}{4} \phi$ the iowest point in five years．Domestic lead averaged $\$ 7.08$ as compared with $\$ 7.17 \frac{1}{2}$ last month． Zinc wes the brightest spot in the metal markets with good demand pravailing but it failed to hold against the general rend，prime vostern or G．O．B．grades declining from $\$ 7.37$ to $\$ 7.23$ per $10 C$ lbs，f．o．b，Montreal．Solder was directly affected by the movement in tin，guaranteed $52 / 50$ falling from $30 \frac{1}{4} \phi$ to $28 \frac{1}{2} \phi$ at Toronto．

Seascnal declines in cozl occurred．American anthracite egg fell from $\$ 13.52$ to $\$ 12.92$ per ton Socb ．Toronto．Western domestic，standard，screened，lump cool fell from $\$ 4.25$ to $\$ 4.00$ at munheller and from $\$ 5.25$ ：$\$ 5.15$ at Lethbridge．

Glass prices reflected the firm trend in the Belgian market．Window glass 16 oz． $40 \mathrm{U} . \mathrm{I}$ ．rase from $\$ 4,47$ to $\$ 4.69 \mathrm{I} / 3$ and 21 oz ． 60 U ．I．frcm $\$ 8.28$ to $\$ 8.69 \frac{1}{2}$ ．

Gasoline was furthor recluced in some localities．At Montreal，the tank wagon price fell from $20 \frac{1}{2} \phi$ to $29 \frac{1}{2} \phi$ and at Vancouver from $22 \phi$ to $20 \phi$ ．

Reflecting recent higher pig lead costs and to some extent, increased demand with the progress of the painting season, whito lead, basic carbonate, advanced from $\$ 10.08$ to $\$ 11.50$ per cwt. at troronto. Litharge rose from $8 \frac{1}{4} \phi-10 \phi$ to $9 \phi-10 \phi$ per lb. The majority of chemical orices, contrary to the usual trend with the advent of the summer season are firm, fav oured by heavy production in automobile factories, iron and steel mills and good demand for glass and soap.

## SUMMARY IABLES OF INDEX NTMBERS



## INOEX MMBERS OF COMNDINTES

(Classified Accordi.g to Chief Componont Materiai)
$1926=100$

| Commodities |  | of Serie | s April | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Jent } \\ & 1529 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ted } \\ & 1929 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mar } \\ & 1929 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Apr} \text { 。 } \\ & 1929 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total Index | 502 | 98.3 | 94.5 | 95.7 | 96.1 | 94.1 |
| 1. | Vegetable Products | 124 | 101.4 | $3 \mathrm{OP}_{6}+$ | 90.1 | 88.9 | 36.4 |
|  | Fruits | 15 | 135.6 | 1.21. ${ }^{\text {4 }}$ | 2.19 .0 | 118.5 | 113.2 |
|  | Fresh, Domestic | 3 | 196.8 | 166, 3 | 166.5 | 175. 8 | 172.9 |
|  | Fresh, Foreign | 4 | 104.4 | 96.3 | 86.9 | 78.7 | 80.8 |
|  | Dried | 5 | 91,6 | S4, 0 | 84.0 | 84.3 | 54.6 |
|  | Canned | 3 | 97.9 | 100,1 | 100.1 | 100.1 | 200.1 |
|  | Grains | 23 | 108.8 | 86.4 | 92.5 | 90.4 | 87.3 |
|  | Flour and Milled Produc:s | 9 | 103.9 | 89.3 | 92.6 | 92.9 | 88.3 |
|  | Bakery Products | 2 | 100.2 | 97.3 | 97.3 | 97.3 | 97.3 |
|  | Vegetable oils | 6 | 92.8 | 88.5 | 89.7 | ${ }_{68} 9$ | 37.2 |
|  | fubber and Its Products | 6 | 77.6 | 69.5 | 70.0 | 65.2 | 65.2 |
|  | Sugar and Its Products \& Glucose | 5 | 102.4 | 90.3 | 90.3 100.0 | 88.3 101.6 | $\begin{array}{r} 88.3 \\ 102.1 \end{array}$ |
|  | Tea, Coffee, Cocoa \& Spices Tobacco | 13 8 | 102.1 68.3 | 98.7 | 100.0 68.3 | 101.6 68.3 | $\begin{array}{r} 102.1 \\ 68.3 \end{array}$ |
|  | Vegetables | 15 | 77.7 | 59.0 | 62.5 | 62.0 | 54.3 |
|  | Miscellaneous | 22 | 87.2 | 55.5 | 04.5 | 04.0 | 94.4 |
| 11. | Animals and Their Producis | 74 | 104.3 | 106,5 | 108.2 | 109.8 | 108,6 |
|  | Fishery Products | 16 | 95.1 | 107.0 | 105:8 | 201.0 | 99.1 |
|  | Furs | 9 | 133.0 | 12.5 .3 | 1460.3 | 146.1 | 249.9 |
|  | Hides and Skins | 5 | 199.2 | 139.9 | 126.1 | 122.9 | 115.6 |
|  | Leather, Unmanufactured. | 5 | 12-. ${ }^{\text {¢ }}$ | 21.1. | 119.2 | 125. ${ }^{\text {c }}$ | 115.1 |
|  | Boots and Shoes | 3 | 114.8 | 112.1 | 212.1 | 112.1 | 112.1 |
|  | Live Stock | 4 | 120.1 | 115..9 | 114. 0 | 119.4 | 123.2 |
|  | Meats \& Poultry | 10 | 96.1 | 102. 6 | 10406 | 206.? | 108.8 |
|  | Milk \& Its Products | 12 | 108.1 | $2 \mathrm{iC.E}$ | 120.3 | 21. 5 | 110.5 |
|  | Fats | $5$ | 84.8 | 91.1 | 90.3 | 89.5 | 91..? |
|  | Eges | $5$ | 90.5 | 85.6 | 97.3 | 111.5 | 85.3 |
| 111. | Fibres, Textiles \& Textila Productz | 60 | 93.5 | 93.2 | 93.2 | 92. 8 | 92.4 |
|  | cotton, raw | 2 | 117.7 | 115.6 | 115.6 | 121.1 | 126.2 |
|  | Cotton, Yarn and Thread | 2 | 97.8 | 100.2 | 100.2 | 102.1 | 102.1 |
|  | Cotton Fabrics | 17 | 94.6 | 91.3 | 91.3 | 91.4 | 01.4 |
|  | Knit Goods | 1 | $94 \times 4$ | 94.15 | 94.4 |  | 94.4 |
|  | Sash Cord | 1 | 101.3 | 113.0 | 21300 | 113.0 | 113.0 |
|  | Flax, Hemp \& Jute Products | 8 | 87.8 | 90.2 | 90, 1 | 85.9 | \&5.7 |
|  | Silk, raw | 3 | 85.3 | 81.1 | 80.9 | 83.5 | 81.7 |
|  | " thread and yarn | 2 | 82.0 | 82.0 | 82.0 | 82.0 | 32.0 |
|  | " hosiery | 2 | 93.6 | 93.6 | 98.6 | 98.6 | 98.0 |
|  | " fabrics | 4 | 77.6 | 81,6 | 81.6 | 79.5 | 77.3 |
|  | Artificial Silk and Products | 2 | 91.1 | 79.5 | 79.5 | T905 | 79.5 |
|  | Wool, raw | 3 | 109.8 | 210.3 | 107.8 | 103.7 | 96.4 |
|  | 11 yarns | 4 | 100.6 | 90.? | 96.2 | 95.2 | 96.2 |
|  | " hosiery and knit gcods | 2 | 103.7 | 112.9 | 112.9 | 112.9 | 112.9 |
|  | " blankets | 1 | 100.0 | 107,1 | 107.1 | 107.1 | 107.1 |
|  | " cloth |  | 98.1 | 9?,6 | 97.6 | 97.5 | 97.5 |
|  | Carpets | 2 | 92.14 | 92.4 | 92.4 | ge. ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | 92.4 |



## IMDRX NUMBERS OF COMNODITIES

(Classified According to Purpose for which used, 1926-100)


|  |  | Aver. 1926 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Ap1 } \\ & 2928 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Feb. } \\ & 1939 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Kar} \\ & 1029 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Api. } \\ & 19 ? 2 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| OLTS, NO. $2 \mathrm{C} . \mathrm{T}$. <br> Ft. Villiam \& Pt.Arthur Basis | Bus. | . 5483 | .72073 | . 7314 | . 6423 | - 57.58 |
| Whent, No. 1 Man. Northern |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bt. Winliam \& Pt.Artnur Basis | Bus. | 1.4951 | 1.5651 | 1. 2785 | 1.2595 | 1.2275 |
| TLOUR, First Patent 2-98:s jute Torunto |  | 8.821 | 8.425 | 7.50 | 7.50 | 7.36 |
| SUGGAR, raw 960 Centrifugal |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SUGAR, granulated |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Montreal | Crut. | 5.9577 | 6.08 | $5 \cdot 3 ?$ | 5.225 | 5.225 |
| RUBBER, ribbed, shokec sheets <br> New York Lb. . 488 . 1885 .2398 .2436 .2115 |  |  |  | -2398 | .2436 | . 2115 |
| RUBBER, Para, upriver, iline Ne: York | Lb, | . 434 | . 19213 | . 25 | . 25215 | ,2205 |
| CAMTIE, Steers,good, 1000-1200 lks . |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Toronto | 0 mt . | 7.33 | 10.05 | 9.27 | 9.40 | 10.18 |
| EOGS, thick smoctr. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| PEEF HIDES, packer hides, native steers |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Foronto | Lb. | .2347 | . $25-$ | .24- | .13- | .14- |
| SOIE LEATHER, Mfr's.green hide crops . 26 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Toronto | Lb. | . 3858 | - 49 | . 49 | , 47 | . 47 |
| BCX SIDES B. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mill | Ft. | . 2625 | . 36 | - 31 | - 30 | . 29 |
| BUTTER, creamery, finest |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| CHEESE, Canadian, old large |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Montreal | Lb. | . 2558 | . 27 | . 28 | - 28 | -28 |
| \#GGS, Fresh Extras |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Montreal | DCz. | . 465 | . 37375 | - 494 | .453 | . 3425 |
| COTRON, ram 1-1 1/16" |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| COTTON FARNS, 10 's mite single |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Hosiery cops, mill | Ib. | . 368 | . 345 | 037 | - 39 | . 39 |
| SAXURTY, $4.50 \mathrm{yds}$. to lb. Lb. .7172 .6412 .0412 . 64 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| GIVGHAN, dress 6.50-7.75 yds. to Ib. Mor.treal | Lb. | 1.086 | 1.10 | 1.0174 | 1.0174 | 2.0174 |
| SIIK, raw, grand double extra New York | b. | 6.642 | 5.80 | 5.45 | 5.65 | 5.55 |
| WOOL, Eastern bright $\frac{1}{4}$ blood domestic, Toronto | Jub. | . 306 | . 34 | . 34 | 320 | . 30 |
| WOLL, Nestern Range, Semi-bright . 33 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\frac{1}{2}$ blcod, domestic, Toronto | I.b. | . 3158 | -33.0 | .32 | -30- | . 28 - |
| PUTP, groundwood No. 1 |  |  | . 34 |  | . 32 | . 30 |
| Mill | I'on | 29.67 | 25.00- | 25,00- | 25.00* | 25.000 |
| PIG IRON, basic |  |  | 28.00 | 25.00 | 23,00 | 28.00 |
| Mill | Ion | 21.833 | 20.00 | 20.00 | 20.00 | 21.00 |
| STEEL MERCHMNI BARS, |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| COPPER, electrolytic dcmestic |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Montreal | Cut. | 15.767 | 15.821 | 19.64 | 22.93 | 21.62 |
| LTAD, domestic |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Montreal | cist. | 8. 154 | 5.907 | 6.53 | 7.173 | 7.08 |
| TIN INGCTS, Straits |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Toronto | Lij. | . 6621 | . 5475 | - 52 | - 57 | - $47 \frac{1}{4}$ |
| SPEITER, domestic |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Montreal | Crit. | 8.825 | 7.211 | 7.30 | 7.37 | 7.23 |
| COAL, antrracite |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tcrontc | Ton | 13.56 | 13.02 | 13.52 | 13.52 | 12.92 |
| Coht, bituminous, N.S. |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| GasCILINE |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| morento | $G=1$. | . 2525 | 100 | . 195 | . 195 | . 195 |
| SUIPEURIC ACID 660 Bearme |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ontario and quebec | Net Ton | 14.00 | 12.00 | 12.00 | 12.00 | 12.00 |

The weighted index number of retail prices, rents and costs of services ( $1926=100$ ) showed a slight decline in April, being 98.9 as compared with 99.5 in March. Lower prices for certain foods contributed chiefly to this result.

The index number for 46 food items fell from 100.0 to 98.2 due chiefly to easier prices for eggs. Fresh eggs declined from $51 \frac{1}{4} \phi$ to $40 \frac{1}{2} \phi$ per doz., while the cooking and storage variety we:e $44 \frac{1}{2} \phi$ and $34 \frac{3}{4} \phi$ per doz., respectively, for Warch and April. Potatoes were down from $27 \phi$ to $25 \frac{3}{4} \phi$ per pk . Onions rose from $7 \frac{3}{4} \phi$ to $8 \frac{1}{2} \phi$ per 16.

The fuel and lighting index advanced from 97.5 to 97.6 due to the influence of the mood group.

The miscellaneous index decined slightly, from 99.6 to 99.5 , due to lower prices for certain articles of the furniture group.

Index numbers for other groups were unchanged.
INDEX NUMBEES OF RETAII PRICES, RENS AND COSTS OF SERVICES, 1914-1928, AND JANUARY - APRIL, 1929.

| Year | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ToteI } \\ & \text { Index } \end{aligned}$ | Food <br> Index | Fuel <br> Index | Rent Index | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Clothing } \\ & \text { Index } \end{aligned}$ | Sundries Index |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1914 | 66.0 | 68.9 | 64.5 | 62.2 | 63.9 | 66.2 |
| 1915 | 67.3 | 69.5 | 63.2 | 60. 3 | 69.6 | 66.9 |
| 1916. | 72.5 | 77.5 | 64.5 | E0, 9 | 79.? | 70.2 |
| 1917. | 85.6 | 100,0 | 71.7 | 65.4 | 93.7 | 76.8 |
| 1918 | 97.4 | 114.6 | 78.9 | 69.2 | 109.5 | 86.1 |
| 2919 | 107.2 | 122.5 | 86.2 | 75.6 | 125.9 | 95.4 |
| 2920 | 124.2 | 141.1 | 102.6 | 86.5 | 153.2 | 104.0 |
| 1921 | 109.2 | 107.9 | 109.2 | 94.2 | 124.7 | 106.0 |
| 1922. | 100.0 | 91.4 | 104.6 | 98.1 | 105.7 | 106.0 |
| 1923. | 100.0 | 92.1 | 104.6 | 100.6 | 104.4 | 105.3 |
| 1924 | 98.0 | 90.7 | 102.0 | 101.3 | 101.9 | 103.3 |
| 1925 | 99.3 | 94.7 | 100.0 | 101.3 | 101.9 | 101.3 |
| 1926. | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| 1927 ...... | 98.5 | 98.1 | 97.8 | 98.5 | 97.5 | 99.6 |
| 1928. | 99.1 | 98.6 | 36.9 | 101.2 | 97.4 | 99.6 |
| 1928 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 99.6 | 100.4 |  |  |  |  |
| Fobruary | 99.2 | 99.1 | 97.5 | 101.2 | 97.2 | 99.6 |
| March .. | 98.8 | 97.7 | 97.5 | 101.2 | 97.2 | 99.6 |
| April | 98.7 | 97.5 | 97.3 | 101.2 | 97.2 | 99.6 |
| May... | 98.4 | 96.4 | 96.7 | 101. 2 | 97.3 | 99.6 |
| Junc | 98.2 | 95.9 | 96.0 | 101.2 | 97.3 | 99.6 |
| July ... | 98.4 | 96.6 | 96.0 | 101.2 | 97.3 | 99.6 |
| August.. | 99.2 | 98.9 | 96.3 | 101.2 | 97.6 | 99.6 |
| Septomber. | 95.2 | 99.2 | 96.4 | 101.2 | 97.6 | 99.6 |
| October | 99.9 | 101.1 | 97.1 | 101.2 | 97.6 | 99.6 |
| November | 99.7 | 100.7 | 97.2 | 101.2 | 97.6 | 99.6 |
| December | 99.7 | 100.5 | 97.2 | 101.2 | 97.6 | 99.6 |
| 1929 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 99.6 | 100.2 | 97.2 | 101.2 | 97.6 | 99.6 |
| February | 99.4 | 99.4 | 97.4 | i01.2 | 97.6 | 99.6 |
| March | 99.5 | $\bigcirc 00.0$ | 97.5 | i01.2 | 97.3 | 99.6 |
| April | 98.9 | 98.2 | 97.6 | 101.2 | 97.3 | 99.5 |

# - 10 - <br> INDEX NUMPRPS OF SECURITY PRICES 

## Movement of Indexes in April, 1929. Traders' Index

The "Traders" Index" of the prices of twenty-five best selling industrial and public utility common stocks on the Montreal and Toronto Exchanges was 962.4 for the month of April, 1929, as comparec. with 1057.3 for March 1929 (monthly indexes are simple averages of weekly figures).

Some of the principal chenges in price during the month were as follovs:Hayes Wheels rose from $\$ 4 \mathrm{c}, 0$ to $\$ 58.8$. National Breweries from $\$ 127.2$ to $\$ 137.3$. Canadian Gypsum and Alabastine from $\$ 107.4$ to $\$ 111.7$, Dcminion Bridge from $\$ 98.1$ to $\$ 102.3$. Page Hersoy from $\$ 127.3$ to $\$ 131.3$, Walkers from $\$ 75.3$ to $\$ 79.3$, and National steel Car from $\$ 101.0$ to $\$ 103.3$. Consolidated Mining and Smelting declined from $\$ 458.6$ to $\$ 427.9$, Massey Harris from $\$ 84.0$ to $\$ 72.3$. Shawinigan from $\$ 81.9$ to $\$ 75.0$, Bell Telephone from $\$ 169.7$ to $\$ 163.0$, Iyall from $\$ 56.7$ to $\$ 50.0$, International Nickel from $\$ 54.2$ to $\$ 48.4$, Power Corporation from $\$ 106.3$ to $\$ 102.0$, Quebec Power from $\$ 78.1$ to $\$ 75.5$ and Canadian Industrial Alcohol "A" from $\$ 38.4$ to $\$ 36.1$.

Sales of Walkers rose fron 42,500 to 96,400 , Dominion Bridge from 52,600 to 64,800, National Breweries from 11,900 to 25,200. Hayes Wheels from 3,700 to 13.500, Canada Car and Foundry from 9,300 to 18,800 and Shawinigan from 40,800 to 48,100 . International Nickel fell from 1,529.900 to 671,200, Brazilian from 400,900 to 204,300, Canadian Industrial Alconol "A" from 36,000 to 13.900, Massey-Harris from 86,200 to 64,800 , Power Corporation from 41,000 to 21,200 , Cockshutt Plow Co. frcm 35,000 to 20,300 and Montreal Iigint, Heat and Power from 27,000 to 16,800 .

Note: The Traders' Index measure:s the trend of gains or losses for an "Average" trader on the Montreal and Toronto Stock Exchanges, who buys and sells as a whole and turns over his investments every week.

Column 1. - Weighted index numbers of the prices of the 25 best selling Industrial and Fublic Utility Common Stocks on the Montreal and Toronto Exchanges.

Column 1l. - Weighted index numbers of the volumo of shares sold.
Column 111. -Index numbers of the total money value of the stocks included in $I$ and 11 above.

|  | 1 | 11 | 111 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Date | Prices | Sales | Values |
| 1926 | 100 | 100 | 100 |
| 1927 |  |  |  |
| January | 111.7 | 90.9 | 101.5 |
| February | 123.0 | 93.2 | 114.6 |
| March | 132.3 | 95.5 | 126.3 |
| Apriz | 146.2 | 102.3 | 149.6 |
| May | 161.0 | 104.2 | 167.8 |
| June | 177.3 | 132.1 | 234.2 |
| July | 174.0 | 66.7 | 116.0 |
| August | 187.8 | 63.1 | 118.5 |
| September | 211.3 | 110.1 | 232.6 |
| Octuber | 236.4 | 120.6 | 285.1 |
| November | 251.7 | 83.9 | 211.2 |
| December | 281.4 | 104.5 | 294.0 |
| 1928 |  |  |  |
| January | 317.7 | 88.6 | 282.9 |
| Febrwary | 322.0 | 74.6 | 230.3 |
| Narch | 338.5 | 67.5 | 230.5 |
| April | 379.5 | 69.0 | 262.0 |
| May | 417.1 | 61.3 | 256.0 |
| June | 388.0 | 47.5 | 184.3 |
| July | 391.2 | 27.5 | 108.0 |
| August | 391.3 | 32.7 | 127.8 |
| September | 470.6 | 35.3 | 166.4 |
| October | 553.2 | 64.1 | 362.4 |
| November | 714.1 | 61.1 | 440.1 |
| Deceraber | 809.7 | 31.8 | 256.8 |
| 2929 |  |  |  |
| January | 1039.5 | 45.1 | 475.3 |
| Febrtary | 1125.8 | 24.8 | 280.3 |
| March | 1057.3 | 23.9 | 242. |
| April | 962.4 | 13.2 | 128.4 |



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## INVESTOHS I INDEX NUMBERS OF COMMON STOCKS

The menthly index of 92 indust-ial stocks fose from 266.2 in March to 269.3 in April. This was due chiefly to the rise in oil stocks which more than cverbalanced declines in most other groups and particularly the miscellaneous group. Eishteen public utilities fell from 150.1 to 143.6 . Seven companies located abroad rose from 176.8 to 180.3 due to the influence of International Petroleum and the index for eight banks declined from 143.5 to 140.9 .

## PREFERRATD STOCKS

Twenty-two preferrec: stocks fell frcm 106.8 to 104.3. Canadian Oar and Foundry fell frem 150.7 to 146.2 , Ogilvie from 135.1 to 127.0 and Sherwin Williams from 127.0 to 119.7.

IXDEX NUNBERS OF 22 PREFERRAD STOCKS
1926 - 1979
$(1926=100)$

Jan. Feb. Mar. Apr. May June July Aug. Sept. Oct. Nov. Dec.
$\begin{array}{llllllllllllllllll}1926 & 100.4 & 101.4 & 100.9 & 99.5 & 98.3 & 98.7 & 99.1 & 99.4 & 100.0 & 100.2 & 101.0 & 101.4\end{array}$

 $1929 \quad 107.4108 .1 \quad 106.8 \quad 104.3$

## NEIGHTED INIEX NONBERS OF 27 MINING STOCKS

The weighted index of seventeen mining stocks, computed by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics on the base 1926-100, was 112.9 for the week ending April 25th, as compared with 113.1 for the previous week.

Gold copper stocks, represented by Amulet and Noranda, declined from 267.8 to 266.1 . Eleven gold stocks were unchanged at 83.4 . Four silver and miscellaneous stocks rase from 75.2 to 76.2 .

Among the gold stocks the average weekly prices behaved as follows:Promier rose from \$1.64 to \$1.79, Dome from $\$ 9.45$ to $\$ 10.09$, McIntyre from $\$ 18.85$ to $\$ 19.04$, Lake Shore from $\$ 26.73$ to $\$ 26.87$ and Sylvanite from $\$ 1.60$ to $\$ 1.73$. Ecllinger declined frcm $\$ 7.25$ and $\$ 7.21$, Teck-Hughes from $\$ 9.36$ to $\$ 9.31$ and Wright-Hargreaves from $\$ 2.05$ to $\$ 1.85$.

Average meekly prices were higher for one of the gold capper stocks and lomer for the other. Arsulet rose from \$1.70 to $\$ 1.79$ while Noranda fell from $\$ 52.59$ to $\$ 52.17$.

In the silver and miscellaneous group the average price of Coniagas rose from $\$ 1.29$ to $\$ 1.53$ and Mining Corporation frcm $\$ 4.54$ to $\$ 4.56$.



February to April, 1929.

$(1926=100)$

The index number of Interest Rates calculated from the yields of the most popular Ontario Bonds on the basis $1926 \mathbf{- 1 0 0}$ showed considerable increase in April being 103.3 as compared with 101.2 in Mareh, The index is based on inform ation received from Messrs. Wood, Gundy and Company Limited, showing the yield on these bonds tc be on a $4.95 \%$ basis for April.

Index Numbers of Interest Rates in Canada Calculated froin Mields of Ontario Bonds, 1900=1929

Base $1926=100$

|  | 1900 | 1901 |  | 1902 | 1903 | 2904 |  | 1905 | 1906 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| January | 73.1 | 77.9 |  | 79.3 | 78.5 | 78.5 |  | 78.5 | 76.2 |
| April | 74.1 | 78.5 |  | 79.3 | 78.5 | 78.5 |  | 75.2 | 76.2 |
| June | 75.2 | 78.7 |  | 79.3 | 78.5 | 79.3 |  | 74.1 | 76.2 |
| Oct:ber | 77.2 | 78.7 |  | 79.3 | 78.5 | 79.3 |  | 75.2 | 76.8 |
| December | 77.7 | 79.3 |  | 78.5 | 78.5 | 78.3 |  | 76.2 | 77.2 |
|  | 1907 | 1908 |  | 1909 | 1910 | 1911 |  | 1912 | 1913 |
| January | 78.3 | 88.7 |  | 82.5 | 81.4 | 83.5 |  | 83.5 | 88.7 |
| April | 81.4 | 87.7 |  | 81.4 | 82.5 | 81.0 |  | 85.6 | 89.8 |
| June | 85.6 | 86.6 |  | 80.4 | 82.5 | 81.0 |  | 86.6 | 90.8 |
| October | 87.7 | 85.6 |  | 80.4 | 82.5 | 81.4 |  | 87.7 | 91.9 |
| December | 88.7 | 83.5 |  | 81.4 | 83.5 | 83.5 |  | 88.7 | 92.9 |
|  | 1914 | 1915 |  | 1916 | 1917 | 1918 |  | 1919 |  |
| January | 91.9 | 88.7 |  | 109.6 | 100.2 | 125.3 |  | 121.1 |  |
| April | 90.8 | 91.9 |  | 110.6 | 109.6 | 125.3 |  | 116.9 |  |
| June | 88.7 | 93.9 |  | 109.6 | 114.8 | 126.3 |  | 112.7 |  |
| October | 88.7 | 104.4 |  | 104.4 | 123.2 | 125.3 |  | 116.9 |  |
| Decomber | 88.7 | 109.6 |  | 102.3 | 125.3 | 125.3 |  | 120.0 |  |
|  | 1920 | 1921 | 1922 | 1923 | 1924 | 1925 | 1926 | 1927 | 1928 |
| January | 120.0 | 125.3 | 115.9 | 112.7 | 106.5 | 99.2 | 100.2 | 97.1 | 89.8 |
| February | 120.0 | 125.3 | 114.8 | 110.6 | 106.1 | 100.2 | 100.2 | 97.1 | 87.7 |
| March | 120.0 | 125.3 | 113.8 | 109.6 | 106.1 | 100.2 | 100.2 | 96.0 | 88.7 |
| April | 121.1 | 125.3 | 112.7 | 107.5 | 106.1 | 100.2 | 100.2 | 95.2 | 88.7 |
| May | 121.1 | 126.3 | 112.7 | 107.5 | 106.1 | 99.2 | 100.2 | 95.0 | 90.8 |
| June | 125.3 | 126.3 | 112.7 | 107.5 | 105.8 | 99.2 | 100.2 | 95.0 | 91.9 |
| July | 125.3 | 128.4 | 112.7 | 107.5 | 103.5 | 99.2 | 100.2 | 95.0 | 93.9 |
| August | 125.3 | 128.4 | 112.7 | 107.5 | 99.2 | 99.2 | 100.2 | 95.0 | 96.0 |
| September | 125.3 | 127.3 | 111.7 | 107.5 | 99.2 | 99.2 | 100.2 | 95.0 | 96.0 |
| october | 129.4 | 126.3 | 111.7 | 107.9 | 100.2 | 100.2 | 100.2 | 93.9 | 95.0 |
| November | 129.4 | 119.4 | 112.7 | 107.3 | 99.2 | 100.2 | 99.2 | 93.3 | 95.0 |
| December | 128.4 | 119.4 | 113.2 | 107.3 | 99.2 | 100.2 | 99.2 | 90.8 | 96.0 |

1929
January 97.1
February 98.1
March 101.2
April 103.3

## WOJUD PRICE MOVEMENS MARCH, 1229

## WHOLESATE

The passing of another month failed to dislodge copper from its position as the major attraction in the field of prices. In the United States, quctations to home buyers were advanced $2 \phi$ ir two consecutive weeks in March, while the net gain for the month of approximately $6 \phi$ krought the price per pound up to $24 \phi$. Not since the period of post war inflation has a weekly increase of $2 \phi$ per pound been recorded. Zinc and lead also scored marked advances of a less spectacular nature.

The general upward novement of European wholesale indexes noted in last month's report, was still in evidence. It was most proncunced in the United Kingdom Where the Board of Trade index ander the influence of the Focds, Minerals, and Cotton groups rose from 138.4 in Febrazy to 140.1 for March. Germany, France, and the Netheriands were other countrics in which indexes pointed to slightly stiffer prices. Metals and Vegetabic Foodstuffs were the important factors in the minor gains made. Neats on the continent seemed to be somewhat lower.

A decline from 159 to 154 of the official index for Denmark offered the greatest contrast to the genera]. trend of European indexes. It was caused largely by a sharp break in the Fuel anc. Lubricating Oils group and a marked decline in building materials.

Indexes for the United States and Canada both registered fractional gains in March. Metals and Farm Products in the United States Bureau of Labor Statistics index scored gains of sufficient importance to overcome the inertia exhibited by the majority of other groups. Amongst the metals, as already noted, copper greatly influenced the advance. Hogs, butter, and flcur, more especially during the earlier part of the month, contributed to the strength shown by Farm Products. Later indications noticoable in the last week, however, pointed towards weakness in this group.

Comparative Tholebale index data for March, 1929, February, 1929, and March, 1928.

| Country | $\begin{array}{r} \text { March } \\ 1929 \end{array}$ | Fek . 19 с9 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { March } \\ & 1928 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { March } 1929 \\ & \text { compared. } \\ & \hline \text { Feb. } \\ & 1929 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} 9+\text { or }-\% \\ \text { With } \\ \text { March } \\ 1928 \end{gathered}$ | Index |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| United Kingdoun | 140.1 | 138.4 | 140.8 | + 1.2 | $-0.5$ | Bcard of Trade 1913=100 |
| Prance | 653 | $65 ?$ | - | $+0.2$ | - | Statistique Generale 1913=100 |
| Germany | 139.6 | 139.3 | 138.5 | $+0.2$ | $+0.8$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Federal Statistical } \\ & \text { Office } 1913=100 \end{aligned}$ |
| Denmarls | 154 | 159 | 154 | -3.1 | unchanged | Official 1913-100 |
| Hetherlands | 147 | 146 | 153 | $+0.7$ | $-3.9$ | Central Bureau of Statistics 1913=100 |
| Canada | 96.1 | 95.1 | 97.7 | +0.4 | $-1.6$ | Dominion Bureau of Statistics $1926=100$ |
| United States | 97.5 | $96.7$ | $96.0$ | $+0.8$ | $\pm 1.6$ | U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics 1926z100 |
| Japan | 170.9 | 170.9 | 169.2 | unchanged | +1.0 | Eank of Japan, October, $1899=100$ |

## RETATL

Price trends in evidence last month were generally still apparent in March. The upward movement in central Europe continued. Most indexes for northern Europe, and the official iniex fcr the United Kingdcm were lower.

The German cost of living index reached a new peak of $156.5,2.1$ points above the figure for last month which was higher than any number recorded since 1923. The increase was due to advances in the Focd, and Fuel and Lighting groups. The Fronch index of living costs for a morman's family of four, in the first quarter of 1929 also reached a new peak of 547 . This was 16 points above the number for the last quarter of 1928 and 2 points above the previous high point reached in the last quarter of 1926.

The Ministry of Iabcur index of living costs in the United Kingdom was four points lower for April 2nd, than for the same day of the previous month. This drop was due in large part to lower focd prices which caused the food index to drop seven points during March. Better weather conditions and seasonal factors were given as the reasons for this marked change.

The March index of foods for Sydney indicated that the recent rise of food prices in Australia had been checked and that at least a minor reaction was underway. From a year's low of 1362 in September 1928, the index mounted to 1711 in Februery 1929, a figure unequallei for several years. The March index however, was 1679, marking a break in the advaice of prices and probably the beginning of a change in the short term trend.

For the United States, the National Industrial Conference Board index was slightly lower due to the effect of the Food and Clothing group indexes. The latter at 166.1 was lower than it has been since 1925. Coal and rentals were slightly higher but the effect of their ga:ns was negligible.

Comparative Cost of Living index data for March,1929, February,1929,
and March,1928.

| Country | March1929 | Feb 1929 | March | March 1929for-\% <br> compared with |  | Index |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Feb ${ }_{\text {Fer }}$ | March 1928 |  |
| United Kingdom | 162 | 166 | 164 | - 2.4 | - 1.2 | Ministry of Labour. July 1914-100 |
| France | 607 | 602 | - | $+0.8$ | - | Paris Foods, July, $1914=100$ |
| Gerwany | 156.5 | 154.4 | 150.6 | $\frac{1}{7} .4$ | +4.0 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Cost of Living - } 71 \\ & \text { Towns - 1913-14-100 } \end{aligned}$ |
| Italy | 570.9 | 564.7 | 522.1 | +1.1 | $+9.3$ | 21 Foods - 1913=100 |
| Austria | 15.848 | 15.952 | 15.356 | -0.7 | $+3.2$ | C. of L. Vienna july 1914=1 |
| Norway | 180 | 181 | 193 | $-0.6$ | -6.7 | $\text { C. of } \begin{aligned} \text { L. }- & \text { July, } \\ & 1914=100 \end{aligned}$ |
| Finland | 160 | 161 | 158 | - 0.6 | $+1.3$ | 0. of L. - 21 Towns -Jan.-June $1914=100$ |
| Canada | 99.5 | 99.4 | 98.8 | $+0.1$ | +0.7 | Dominion Bureau of Statistics $1926 \mathrm{ml00}$ |
| United States | 159.8 | 161.0 | 161.1 | $-0.7$ | $-0.8$ | Nat. Ind. Conf. Board. July $1914=100$ |
| Japan | 186 | 185 | 184 | + 0.5 | 11.1 | Bank of Japan - Tokio, July 1914:100 |
| Australia | 1679 | 1711 | 1590 | - 2.9 | - 5.6 | Food \& Groceries Sydney - July 1914=100 |

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ia) "irst of Month. (x) Index No. of prices revised $1526=100$. (b) fre ruvised index on 2926 base see pp. ard 7 .

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| SOUNRRI | SUTTRIA | S.ITTZERLAND: | B9LTIUR | NETHERLANDS | NORTAY |  | Swide |  | Deninj |  | DPAIN |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Authority | Foderal <br> Statistical Offico | Official | ministry of <br> Industry \& Labour | Central <br> Buroulu of Statistics | Okanomisk Revue | Official | Gotaburgs Handels <br> Tidning | Commerco Dapartment | Officisl | Finans <br> tidondo | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dir Gonoria } \\ & \text { of } \\ & \text { Statistics } \end{aligned}$ |
| Number of Commodities | 47x | 71 | 130 | 48 | 100 | 25 | 47 | 160 | 118 | 33 | 74 |
| Baso Boriod | $\begin{aligned} & \text { January - } \\ & \text { July, } 1914 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { July } \\ & 1914 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Apri1 } \\ & 1914 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 1913 | Doc.31/13Junc 30/14 | 1913 | July $1 / 13$ Juno $30 / 14$ | 1913 | 1913 | July 1/1? Juns 30,14 | 1913 |
| Date |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1913 |  |  |  | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 134 Doc. | 100 |
| 1914 1915 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 146 | 159 |  | 145 |  |  | 149 " | 119 |
| 1916 |  |  |  | 226 | 233 |  | 185 |  |  | $206:$ | 141 |
| 1917 |  |  |  | 276 | 341 |  | 244 |  |  | 284 " | 166 |
| 1918 |  |  |  | 376 | 345 |  | 339 |  |  | $2 \hat{7}^{2}$ | 207 |
| 1915 |  |  |  | 304 | 322 |  | 330 |  |  | 340 " | 204 |
| 1920 |  |  |  | 292 | 382 |  | 347 | 359 |  | 341 "̈ | 221 |
| 1.921 | (a) | 191.2 | 366(b) | 182 | 298 |  | 211 | 222 |  | 178 " | 150 |
| 1522 | 99 | 167.5 | 367 | 160 | 233 |  | 162 | 173 |  | 181 " | 176 |
| 1923 | 124 | 180.6 | 457 | 151 | 232 | 232 | 157 | 163 |  | 210 " | 172 |
| 1524 | 136 | 174.6 | 573 | 156 | 269 | 268 | 155 | 162 |  | 234 " | 183 |
| 1925 | 136 | 161.6 | 558 | 155 | 251 | 253 | 157 | 161 | 210 | 157 " | 188 |
| 1926 | 123 | 144.5 | 744 | 145 | 196 | 198 | 144 | 149 | 163 | 141 " | 181 |
| 15,27 | 133 | 142.2 | $8+7$ | 148 | 160 | 167 | 141 | 146 | 153 | 145 " | 173 |
| 1928 | 130 | 1.44 .6 | 843 | 149 | 155 | 161 | 144 | 148 | 153 |  | 167 |
| $\underline{1528}$ | (d) | (0) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| vay | 131 | 145.1 | 844 844 | 152 153 | 156 158 | 162 | 149 | 152 151 | 155 155 | (g) | 164 |
| Juna | 133 133 | 145.2 | 844 841 | 153 | 150 | 161 | 149 | 150 | 155 155 | (g) | 164 |
| sugust | 133 | 143.6 | 831 | 144 | 153 | 162 | 148 | 149 | 154 |  | 166 |
| Soptember | 131 | 143.6 | 830 | 145 | 153 | 158 | 139 | 146 | 151 |  | 168 |
| October | 129 | 144.6 | 835 | 146 | 151 | 157 | 136 | 145 | 150 |  | 174 |
| November | 128 | 145.2 | 837 | 148 | 150 | 157 | 138 | 145 | 151 |  | 176 |
| Decomber | 127 | 143.9 | 855 | 148 | 150 | 157 | 139 | 145 | 151 |  | 175 |
| 1529 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| January | 128 | 142.5 | 867 | 146 | 149 | 154 | 138 | 144 | 151 |  | 171 |
| Wiarch |  |  |  | 147 |  |  |  | 144 | 154 |  |  |

[^1]| COUNTRY | $I T \AA L Y$ |  | FINLAND |  |  | POLAND | RUSSIA. | ISTONIn | BulGarli | HUNGARY | CZECHO SLOV $\mathrm{S}_{2} \mathrm{KI}_{\text {i }}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Bachi | Milan Chumber of Commerce | Brak | nland | Official | Commerce Reports | "Gcsplan" | Official | Dir. General of Stutistics | Officiul | General Bureau of Stiatistics |
| Number of Commoditios | 100 | 125 | Import | xports | 135 | 73 |  |  |  |  | 126 |
|  | 1913 | 2913 | - | - | 1913 | January, 1914 | 1913 | 1913 | 1914 | 1913 | July, 1914 |
| 1rato | (b) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1913 | 100 | 100 | 100 |  | 100 |  | 1 | 100 |  |  |  |
| 1914 |  |  | 106 | $103$ |  | 100 |  |  | 100 |  | 100 |
| 1915 |  |  | 162 | 134 254 | 206 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1916 |  |  | 227 | 254 | 206 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1917 |  |  | 519 741 | 375 415 | 332 585 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1918 |  |  | 741 | 415 442 | 505 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1919 |  |  | 138 | 4.41 1053 | 133 1183 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1920 |  |  | 1387 | 1053 | 1183 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1921 | 531 | 517 77 | 1329 | 1213 | 1263 |  | (a) 96 |  |  |  |  |
| 1922 | 508 | 529 | 1072 | 1180 | 1219 |  |  | 113 |  |  |  |
| 1923 | 512 | 536 | 915 | 1145 | 1095 | 85.9 109.8 | $1.69 x$ $1.72 x$ | 114 |  | 122 | 977 |
| 1924 | 512 | 554 | 958 | 1090 | 144 (2) | 109.8 | 1.72x | 116 | 2688 | 130 | 1008 |
| 1925 | 596 | 646 | 1052 | 1111 | 14. | (125.4 | $1.83 x$ | 124 | 3052 | 140 | 1008 |
| 1926 | 603 | 654 | 984 | 1092 | $14^{\circ}$ | (c) 181.2 | 1.77 x | 114 | 2781 | 124 | 954 |
| 1927 | 495 | 527 | 945 | 1092 | 14. | 118.6 | 1.71x | 114 | 2819 | 132 | 979 |
| 1928 | 462 | 491 | 955 | 1092 | 145 | 119.8 | 1.77x | 121 | 3072 | 135 | 977 (f) |
| $\frac{1928}{\text { May }}$ | 465 | 496 | 988 | 1047 | 143 | (e) 122.5 | 1.72 | 123 | 3134 | 135 | 986 |
| Juno | 462 | 493 | 981 | 1067 | 145 | 121.5 | 1.72 | 121 | 3078 | 135 | 979 |
| July | 453 | 488 | 972 | 1082 | 145 | 120.8 | 1.73 | 122 | 2987 | 133 | 996 |
| August | 456 | 486 | 966 | 1091 | 147 | 118.7 | 1.73 | 122 | 2961 | 134 | 986 |
| Soptombor | 458 | 488 | 958 | 1096 | 146 | 118.1 | 1.76 | 121 | 3051 | 137 | 971 |
| October | 463 | 492 | 958 | 1099 | 146 | 118.4 | 1.76 | 118 | 3129 | 138 | 957 |
| November | 466 | 495 | 955 | 1095 | 145 | 118.4 | 1.77 | 118 | 3207 | 137 | 955 |
| Documbar | 464 | 497 | 955 | 1107 | 144 | 118.4 | 1.77 | 118 | 3210 | 135 | 953 |
| $\frac{1929}{\text { Jonuary }}$ | 461 | 496 | 966 | 1069 |  | 116.0 | 1.77 | 119 | 3211 | 134 | 950 |
| Fobruary | 463 | 498 | 971 | 1063 |  | 117.1 | 1.78 | 121 | 3267 | 137 | 964 |

[^2](d) Gold Indox. \# Avorage of oight months. (o) Avorage last wook of month. (f) First of tho following month.

(i) Sonverted to 1913 buse.
(b) End of wonth.
(c) Last wednesday of konth.


[^3]INDEX NUURERS OF COST OF LIVING AND RET:IL RRICES OE FOOD IN C.NGDA AN OTHER COUNTRILS



 Prices. (g) Recalculatod on Easis of $\mathrm{N}_{\mathrm{ow}}$ Zloty. (h) Last Veek ci fonth. (i) June (k) 15 tr of Wontho




[^0]:    

[^1]:    
    

[^2]:    

[^3]:    (1) First kalf of your. (2) Since date of stabilisation: gold intex. (3) Recalculated or 1926 bese.

