# Published by Authority of Hon. W. D. Euler, M.P., Minister of Trade \& Commerce กYPARTMENT OF TRADE AND COMMERCE 

DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS
GENERUL STATISTICS BRANCH
OTCAMA - CANADA
Tssued Jan. 16, 1936.

| Dominion Statistician: |
| :--- |
| In Charge Employment Statistics: |

BUILDING PERMITS REPORT FOR DECEMBER; 1935. TITH COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS FOR NOVEMBER, 1935 , $A N D$ DECFMBER, 1934 , AND TOTALS FOK THE YEARS, 1920-1935.

The building nermits issucc by 58 cities in Deceaber, 1935, represented construction work vaiued at $\$ 2,590,014$, as compared with $\$ 3,315,001$ in November, 1935, and $\$ 2.52 .820$ in Deceniber, 1934. There was, therefore, a decrease of $\$ 924.987$ or 27.3 p.c. in December as compared with the preceding month, and of $\$ 151,806$ or 5.2 p.c. as compared with the same month of 1934.

In 1935, the vaiue of the builiding authorized in each month but December was greater than in the seme incntin of 19z4, while from January, the aggregate for each month crocelec that $\hat{\text { Ior }}$ the corresponding month in 1933. The total for 1935 was kigher than in any of the last three years, standing at $\$ 46,236,702$, as comparec with $\$ 27,457: 524$ in 2934 , $\$ 22,776,496$ in 1933 and $\$ 42,319,397$ in 1932; the 1935 iigures unrovised. Thila those for previous years are revised. Although the imnrovement indicated Lact year was partiy due to the granting of construction permitis for pubiic buijcings in several centres as an unemployment relief measure, the movement in general building operations was also more favourable than in the 1.ast few years. In comparison with earlier years of the record, from 1920 to 193I, homever; the raine of building euthorizations continues low. The index ruiver of wholesale prices or builing mstaria?s during I?35, at 82.2 p.c. of the 1926 hastc average: was lomer than in any preceding year for which building statisties for the 55 cities ers on racord. with the exception of 1931, 1932 and 1933.

A review of builaing permi cs granted in 1935 will be issued next month.
Detailec statements mere received from some 50 cities, showing that they haü issued some 160 permits for dweilings valued at almost $\$ 400,000$ and over 300 permits for otner buildings at an estimaked cost of more than $\$ 800,000$. There were also four permits taken out $\hat{0}$ : ${ }^{\prime}$ engineering mork at a cost of $\$ 47,770$. Druing November, the construction of some 260 dwelings and 1,060 other buildings was authorized; these were estimated to cost approximately $\$ 1,434,000$ and \$1, 640,000 , respectively.

As compared with the preceding month, Guehec reported an increase of $\$ 409.600$ or 79 p.c. in the value of the authorized building. Declines were indicated in the remaining prorinces, that of $\$ 1,165,353$ or $50.6 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{c}$. In Ontario being most pronounced.

Quebec, Saskatchewen and Biitish Columbia recorded increases as compared with December, 1934, in the value of the building authorized. In this comparison, quebec reported the greatest gain of $\$ 673.951$, or 255 p.c. of the reduction in the remaining provinces, that of $\$$ á 44.752 or $37.5 \mathrm{p}, \mathrm{c}$ 。 in Ontario was most marked.

Of the four Jargest cities, Montreei registered increases, both as compared With Noveaber: 2935, and December, 1934. Winnipeg and Vancouver reported deciines as compared with the proceding month, but an increase over the same montin in 1934, while Toronto showed reductions in the value of the building permits issued in each comparison. Of the smaller centres, Sherbrooke, Three Rivers, Westmount, Bellevil.le, Chatham, Stratford, St. Thomas, Sault Ste. Marie, Toodstock: Saskatoon, Edmonton, Kamloops, Nanaimo and New Mestminster recorded advances as compared with Novomer, 1935; and also with December, 1934.

The folloning table shoms the value of the building authorized by 58 cities during the Decembers of the years since 1920, and also for the completed years; the 1935 figures are unrevised, while for preceding years the statistics are revised. (A revised statement for 1935 will be issued next month). Index numbers, based upon the total value of the building authorized by these cities during 1926 as 100 , are given below, as are the average index numbers of wholesale prices of building materials in the years 1920-35.

| Year | Value of permits is sued in December | Value of permits is sued in twelve months | Indexes of value of permits issued in twelve months $(1926=100)$ | Average indexes of wholesale prices of builaing materials, twelve months $(1926=100)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1935 | \$ 2,390,014 | \$46,236, 702 | 29.6 | 82.2 |
| 1934 | 2,521,820 | 27,457,524 | 17.6 | 82.6 |
| 1933 | 1,983,292 | 21,776,496 | 13.9 | 78.3 |
| 1932 | 1,569,255 | 42,319,397 | 27.1 | 77.2 |
| 1931 | 7.895,106 | 112,222,845 | 71.8 | 81.9 |
| 1930 | 15,440,281 | 166,379,325 | 106.4 | 90.9 |
| 1929 | 14, 688,682 | 234,944,549 | 150.2 | 99.0 |
| 1928 | 16,095,160 | 219,105,715 | 140.1 | 97.1 |
| 1927 | 11,755,566 | 184, 613,742 | 118.0 | 96.1 |
| 1926 | 11,508,818 | 156,386,607 | 100.0 | 100.0 |
| 1925 | 7.363 .777 | 125,029,367 | 79.9 | 102.9 |
| 1924 | 6,463,319 | 126,583,148 | 80.9 | 106.6 |
| 1923 | 6,974,256 | 133,521,621 | 85.4 | 111.8 |
| 1922 | 9,517.402 | 148,215,407 | 94.8 | 108.7 |
| 1921 | 5,537,330 | 116,794,414 | 74.7 | 222.7 |
| 1920 | 4,844,354 | 117.019,622 | 74.8 | 144.0 |

[^0]The accompanying table gives the value of the building permits issued by 58 cities in November and December, 1935, and December, 1934. The 35 centres for thich records are available since 1910 are marked thus "x".
-3-
Estimated Value of Construction Work as Indicated by Building Permits Issued by 58 Cities.

| Oities | December,1935 | November, 1935 | December,1934 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \$---1 | \$ | \$ |
| P.E.I.- Charlbttetown | $1 /$ | 3,650 | 2,850 |
| Nova Scotia | 31,660 | 80,885 | 42,211 |
| $x$ Halifax | 31,610 | 71,235 | 40,811 |
| Net Glasgor | Nil | 1,900 | 1,400 |
| $x$ Sydney | 50 | 7.750 | Nil |
| New Brunswick | Nil | 20,220 | 20,945 |
| Fredericton | Nil | 450 | Nil |
| $x$ Moncton | 1/ | 10,000 | 2,535 |
| $x$ Saint John | 1/ | 9,770 | 18,410 |
| Quebec | 928,230 | 518,630 | 254,279 |
| $x$ Montreal - x Maisonneuve | 739,815 | 428,115 | 169,735 |
| $x$ Quebec | 27,180 | 60,245 | 5,3.69 |
| Shawinigan Falls | 600 | 200 | 55,250 |
| $x$ Sherbrooke | 135,100 | 16,000 | 7,500 |
| $x$ Three Riverg | 2,735 | 1,400 | 675 |
| $x$ Westmount | 22,800 | 12,670 | 15,750 |
| Ontario | 1,140,354 | 2,306,307 | 1,825,106 |
| Belleville | 800 | 125 | Nil |
| $x$ Brantford | 17,460 | 15,736 | 43,950 |
| Chatham | 21,500 | 2,175 | 8,400 |
| $x$ Fort William | 450 | 4,300 | 6,170 |
| Gelt | 975 | 2,207 | 60 |
| $x$ Guelph | 833 | 15,846 | 4,355 |
| $x$ Hamilton | 47.797 | 142,305 | 90,165 |
| $x$ Kingston | 295 | 15,250 | 3,200 |
| $x$ Kitchener | 32,090 | 77.589 | 4,140 |
| $x$ London | 12.655 | 252,780 | 84,360 |
| Niagara Falls | 1,135 | 280 | 8,678 |
| Oshawa | 400 | 2,100 | 2,000 |
| $x$ Ottawa | 24,750 | 358,000 | 14,155 |
| Owen Sound | 1,150 | 4,300 | 800 |
| $x$ Peterborough | 2,635 | 9,680 | 4,208 |
| $x$ Port Arthur | 1,050 | 4.889 | 7,190 |
| $x$ Stratford | 4,725 | 850 | 545 |
| $x$ St. Catharines | 5,425 | 40,744 | 6,145 |
| $x$ St. Thomas | 36,130 | 1,005 | 15,950 |
| Sernia | 2,550 | 5,458 | 7,375 |
| Sault Ste. Marie | 17,250 | 5,975 | 935 |
| $x$ Toronto | 739,812 | 1,097,798 | 1,392,627 |
| York \& East Yorle Townships | 139,333 | 219,940 | $88,805$ |
| Welland | 60 | 3,350 | 1,850 |
| $x$ Windsor | 9,405 | 17,665 | 22,200 |
| Riverside | Nil | 350 | Nil |
| Woodstock | 19,689 | 5,610 | 6,843 |
| Manitoba | 41,850 | 56,250 | 42,850 |
| $x$ Brandon | Nil | 1,600 | 2,000 |
| St. Boniface | 9,200 | , 50 | 26,500 |
| $x$ Winnipeg | 32,650 | 54,600 | 14,350 |
| Saskatchewan | 9,025 | 30,165 | 8,525 |
| $x$ Moose Jaw | Nil | 225 | 350 |
| $x$ Regina | 1,050 | 23,390 | 7.775 |
| $x$ Saskatoon | 7,975 | 6,550 | 400 |
| Alberta | 26,275 | 30,850 | 206,498 |
| $x$ Calgary | 13,920 | 16,148 | 190,806 |
| $x$ Edmonton | 10,825 | 6,180 | 8,085 |
| Lethbridge | 1,430 | 4,587 | 5,607 |
| Medicine Hat | 100 | 3,935 | 2,000 |
| British Columbia | 212,620 | 268,044 | 118.556 |
| Kaml oops | 3,130 | 2,951 | 120 |
| Nanaimo | 6,075 | 2,931 | 4,297 |
| x New Westminster | 20,465 | 16,425 | 2,100 |
| Prince Rupert | , 351 | 3,305 | ${ }^{\text {N11 }}$ |
| x Vancouver | 163,785 | 216,955 | 85,085 |
| North Vencouver | Nil | 370 | 145 |
| $x$ Victoria | 18,814 | 25.107 | 26,809 |
| Total - 58 Cities | 2,390,014 | 3,315,001 | 2,521,820 |
| Total - x 35 Cities | 2,14,28,6 | 3,038,802 | 2,279,105 |

1/ Report not received.


[^0]:    The unrevised statistics for 1935 indicate that last year's aggregate was $68.4 \mathrm{p} . \mathrm{c}$. higher than in 1934; it was also considerably higher than in 1933 and rather higher than in 1932. With these exceptions, the total was lower than in any other year since 1920. In this connection, it should be noted that the Bureau's index number of wholesale prices of building materials was practically the same as in 1934; while it was slightly higher than in 1931, 1932 or 1933, it was lower than in any year from 1920 to 1930.

