

# HOUSING BULLETIN NO. 10 

## CONSTRUCTION OF DWELLING UNITS IN CANADA FROM JANUARY I TO OCTOBER 31, 1948

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The number of dwelling units completed in Canada in the first ten months of 1948 1s estimated at 58,402 . During that time construction was cormenced on 78.553 units and the number under construction stood at 62,890 units at the and of October. For the first time since April, completions have exceeded starts.

NEW DWELLING UNITS COMPLETEI
(Excludes conversions)


In 1948 , there has been greater activity in the residential construction field than ever before. Completions during 1948 should reach 80,000 units compared with a to tal of 72,346 units in 1947. Meanwhile, starts are being made at an even greater rate and the carryover into 1949 of duelling unite under construction will probably exceed 50,000 , compared with 42,215 units brought forward into 1948. Conversions are excluded from all of these estimates.

The average length of time required to build the dwelling unlt completed 1n October was 6.1 months. This is a slight increase over the low of 5.4 monthis reached in September and may be attributed to a shift in emphesis from starts to completions. Quite a number of the dvelling unite now being completed have been under construc-
tion for some time and efforts are now being made to get them ready for winter occupancy.

It is estimated from the types of dwelling units being constructed that $26 \%$ of those completed in the first ten monthe of 1948 are for rental purposes and that the remainder will be owner-occupied. The proportion of rental units has been decreasing since the beginning of the year, the earliest estimete being 330 for the first three months (Housing Bulletin No. 2) and has always been less than the estimate of $38 \%$ for all units in Camada (Housing Bulletin No. 8).


These entimates, as well as other statistics contained in this bulletin, are the results of a nation-wide ourvey carried out each month by the Dominion Bureau of Statistica with the cooperation of the Central Mortgage and Housing Corporation. All metropolitan areas and urban centres with a population of 5,000 or more are enumerated completely. Approximately 400 sample areas lying outside these municipalitiea are also chosen for complete emmeration.

In some of the tables, there appears a colunn headed "adjustments". These adjustments can arise in various ways. For example, after a start on a dwelling hac been made, construction may cease, or a structure when completed may contain more or less dwelling units than were reported when construction comenced.

Table l.* Construction of dwelling unite in Cenede.
the provinces, and metropolitan areas
during the first ten months of 1948

|  | Under construction denuary 1 | Januery 1 to October 31 |  | Ad.justments | Under construction October 31 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Started | Completed |  |  |
| Canada | 42,215 | 78,553 | 58,102 | $\pm 524$ | 62,890 |
| inces: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Prince Eajward Island | 209 | 214 | 157 |  | 265 |
| Nova Scotia | 2,161 | 2,872 | 1,847 | 127 | 3,213 |
| New Brunswick | 736 | 2,131 | 1,461 | - 13 | 1,393 |
| quebec | 9.076 | 21,279 | 15,873 | - 24 | 114,458 |
| Ontario | 17,243 | 25.716 | 20,811 | $+109$ | 22,257 |
| Manitoba | 2,31.5 | 4,684 | 3.326 | - 13 | 3,660 |
| Saskatchewan | 1,469 | 3,214 | 2,337 | $\pm 40$ | 2,386 |
| Alberta | 2,310 | 8,005 | 3,680 | + 266 | 6,901 |
| British Columbia | 6,696 | 16,438 | 8,910 | + 133 | 8,357 |
| Metropolitan Areas: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ralifax | 275 | 655 | 363 | $\pm 5$ | 575 |
| Seint John | 82 | 260 | 109 | - 1 | 23\% |
| Montreal | 4.1334 | 10,464 | 6,592 | 122 | 8,328 |
| quebec | 816 | 61.2 | 848 | $+\quad 4$ | 584 |
| Hamilton | 887 | 1,229 | 1,069 | $\div 30$ | 1,07\% |
| Iondon | 543 | 848 | 631 | - 8 | 75. |
| Ottawa | 973 | 994 | 989 | $-7$ | - 971 |
| Toronto | 3,467 | 5,020 | 3.438 | - 3 | 5,046 |
| Windsor | 535 | 889 | 498 | - | 926 |
| Winnipeg | 2,100 | 2.698 | 2,247 | - 5 | 2,5) ${ }^{2}$ |
| Vancouver | 4,365 | 6,337 | 5,660 | 17 | 5,049 |
| Victoria | 1,002 | 1,034 | 1,039 | 17 | 1,004 |

Table 2.- Construction of dwelling units in rural and urben areas by regions,
during the first ten month of $191 / 8$

|  | Under construction Januery 1 | January 1 to Octuber 31 |  | Ad.justments | Unत̉er construction October 31 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Sterted | Completed |  |  |
| Canada | 42,215 | 78,553 | 58,102 | + 524 | 62,890 |
| urban | 34,716 | 60,156 | 44,399 | + 228 | 50,701 |
| 5000 or more | 29,510 | 49,433 | 36,997 | - 88 | 41,858 |
| under 5000 | 5,206 | 10,723 | 7.402 | $\pm 316$ | 8,843 |
| rural | 7. 499 | 18,397 | 14.003 | + 296 | 12,189 |
| non-farm | 6,314 | 14, 103 | 11,212 | ${ }_{4}^{4} \quad 3$ | 9,208 |
| farm | 1,185 | 4,294 | 2,791 | + 293 | 2.981 |
| Maritime Provinces | 3,106 | 5,217 | 3.165 | \% 13 | 4,871 |
| urban | 1,836 | 2,866 | 1,919 | - 10 | 2,773 |
| 5000 or more | 1,433 | 2,239 | 1,367 | - 10 | 2.295 |
| under 5000 | 1403 | 627 | 55. |  | 478 |
| rural | 1,270 | 2,351 | 1,546 |  | 2,098 |
| non-farm farm | 991 | 1,806 | $1,2.24$ | + 23 | 1,596 |
| farm | 279 | 545 |  |  |  |
| quebec | 9,076 | 21,279 | 15,873 | - 24 | 114, 458 |
| urban | 7,866 | 16,915 | 12,331 | $7 \quad 26$ | 12,476 |
| 5000 or more | 6,321 | 14,345 | 9,945 | $\begin{array}{r}\text { - } \\ \hline-\quad 76\end{array}$ | 10,674 |
| under 5000 | 1.542 | 2,570 | 2,386 | + 76 | 1,802 |
| rural | 1,210 | 4,364 | 3,542 | - 50 | 1,982 |
| non-farm | 984 | 3.720 | 2,862 | - 50 | 1,792 |
| farm | 226 | 644 | 680 | - | 190 |
| Ontario | 17.243 | 25,716 | 20,811 | $\bigcirc 109$ | 22.257 |
| urban | 12,857 | 18,579 | 14,448 | $\cdots \quad 10$ | 16,998 |
| 5000 or more under 5000 | 10,847 2,010 | 16,238 2,341 | 12,100 2,318 | 1 <br> $\therefore \quad 11$ | 14.974 2,024 |
| under 5000 | 2,010 4,386 | 2,341 7,131 | 2,348 6,363 | 21 $+\quad 99$ | 2,024 5,259 |
| non-farm | 3,795 | 5,726 | 5,353 | - 30 | [1,198 |
| farm | 59.1 | 1.411 | 1,010 | + 69 | 1,061 |
| Prairie Provinces | 6.094 | 15,903 | 9, 343 | 1. 293 | 12,947 |
| urban | 5,879 | 12,612 | 7.62\% | 469 | 10,933 |
| 5000 or more | 4.966 | 8,520 | 6,148 | - 74 | 7,264 |
| under 5000 | 913 | 4,092 | 1.479 | -143 | 3,669 |
| rural | 215 | 3,291 | 1,716 | + 224 | 2,014 |
| non-farm | 126 | 1.635 | 931 |  | 824 |
| farm | 89 | 1,656 | 779 | $\bigcirc 224$ | 1,190 |
| Fritish Columbia | 6,696 | 10,438 | 8,910 | +133 | 8,357 |
| urban | 6,278 | 9,184 | 8.074 | +133 | 7,521 |
| 5000 or more | 5.940 | 8,091 | 7.437 | 51 | 6,651 |
| under 5000 | 338 | 1.093 | 637 | $\frac{18}{8}$ | 870 |
| rural | 418 | 1,254 | 836 |  | 836 |
| non-farm | 418 | 1,216 | 836 | - | 738 |
| farm | - | 38 | - | $=$ | 38 |

Table 3.- Monthly starts and completions, first ten months of 1948,
Cenada and the provinces

|  | STARTS |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Jan. | Feb. | March | April | May | June | Tuly | August | Sept. | Oct. |
| Canada | 1,675 | 1,894 | 3.109 | 8,274 | 11,407 | 13.409 | 9,684 | 11,013 | 10,651 | 7.437 |
| Hrovinces: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Prince Idward Island | - | - | - | 15 | 30 | 20 | 43 | 93 | 13 | - |
| Nova Scotia | 42 | 12 | 37 | 326 | 439 | 478 | 342 | 678 | 332 | 186 |
| New Brunswick | 11 | - | 3 | 146 | 530 | 484 | 346 | 176 | 341 | 94 |
| Quebec | 251 | 590 | 1.355 | 2,800 | 3,019 | 3.613 | 2,227 | 2,270 | 3,079 | 2,075 |
| Ontario | 610 | 397 | 796 | 2,845 | 3.762 | 3,740 | 3,773 | 3,361 | 3.673 | 2,759 |
| Manitoba | 51 | 21 | 53 | 231 | 958 | 1,043 | 582 | 955 | 553 | 237 |
| Saskatchewan | 48 | 21 | 9 | 116 | 460 | 697 | 474 | 516 | 286 | 587 |
| Alberta | 80 | 98 | 72 | 244 | 1,137 | 1,824 | 769 | 1,619 | 1.473 | 687 |
| British Columbia | 582 | 755 | 784 | 1.551 | 1,072 | 1,510 | 1,128 | 1,345 | 899 | 812 |



Table 4.-Monthly completions during the first ten months of 1948 by average length of time under construction, for provinces and metropolitan areas

|  | Average Time Under Construction (in months) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Jan. | Feb. | March | Anril | May | Tune | July | August | Sept. | Oct. |
| Canada | $7 \cdot 3$ | $7 \cdot 1$ | $7 \cdot 5$ | $7 \cdot 7$ | $7 \cdot 2$ | 6.8 | 6.1 | 6.2 | 5.4 | 6.1 |
| Provinces: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Prince Edward Island | 7.3 | 4 | 8.6 | 8.8 | 7.8 | 5.1 | 11.C | 11.2 | 4.8 | 4.0 |
| Nova Scotia | 8.2 | 8.7 | 10.7 | 8.7 | 6.9 | 7.8 | 11.9 | 6.8 | 7.1 | 6.0 |
| New Brunswick | 6.1 | $7 \cdot 3$ | 8.8 | 7.1 | 4.9 | 7.5 | 3.3 | 3.2 | 4.6 | 6.3 |
| Quebec | 7.3 | 5.9 | 6.9 | 7.2 | 7.1 | 6.2 | 4.5 | 4.6 | 4.2 | 5.1 |
| Ontario | 7.1 | 6.9 | $7 \cdot 3$ | 7.4 | 6.7 | 7.1 | 7.4 | 6.8 | 7.0 | 6.6 |
| Manitoba | 6.0 | 7.0 | $7 \cdot 5$ | 8.7 | 8.2 | 7.9 | 7.6 | 4.8 | 5.3 | 6.2 |
| Saskatchewan | 7.4 | $7 \cdot 6$ | 7.6 | 8.7 | 7.9 | 6.2 | 0.2 | 6.5 | 4.2 | 4.8 |
| Alberta | 6.8 | 7.1 | 7.6 | 8.0 | 8.2 | 8.1 | 6.5 | 7.7 | 4.8 | 5.0 |
| British Columbia | 8.1 | 8.2 | 8.3 | 8.3 | 8.1 | 6.6 | 7.0 | 7.7 | 6.3 | 7.7 |
| Netropolitan Areas: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Halifax | 6.6 | 6.6 | 9.0 | 8.5 | 7.1 | 11.0 | 9.5 | 10.3 | 7.4 | 7.8 |
| Saint John | 2.8 | 6.4 | 8.2 | 6.3 | 8.0 | 5.0 | 10.7 | 6.1 | 10.8 | 2.6 |
| Montreal | 8.0 | 5.8 | 7.6 | 7.6 | 7.5 | 6.6 | 7.3 | 6.2 | 6.3 | 5.5 |
| Quebec | $7 \cdot 3$ | 7.4 | 6.4 | 5.9 | 7.9 | 7.6 | 6.4 | 3.9 | 4.2 | 4.4 |
| Hamilt on | 8.2 | 9.1 | 8.8 | 8.3 | 8.8 | 10.2 | 8.9 | 9.8 | 9.1 | 7.8 |
| Iondon | 9.4 | 6.6 | 6.8 | 7.0 | 6.7 | 6.4 | 6.9 | 8.5 | 6.5 | 7.1 |
| Ottawa | 7.7 | 6.6 | 7.2 | 7.2 | 8.5 | 10.7 | 9.0 | 9.1 | 9.7 | 10.8 |
| Toronto | 7.2 | 6.9 | 7.9 | 7.5 | 10.0 | 8.9 | 8.5 | 8.2 | 7.7 | 7.2 |
| Windsor | 6.9 | 6.5 | 7.2 | 5.0 | 7.3 | 6.9 | 7.7 | 6.4 | 6.5 | 6.1 |
| Winnipeg | 6.2 | 7.6 | 7.6 | 8.8 | 8.9 | 9.9 | 10.5 | 8.5 | 7.8 | 7.0 |
| Vancouver | 8.2 | 8.3 | 8.4 | 8.3 | 8.3 | 7.6 | 7.1 | 7.1 | 6.3 | 7.3 |
| Victoria | 8.8 | 9.0 | 8.8 | 8.8 | 7.6 | 7.8 | 8.0 | 9.5 | 10.1 | 8.6 |

* No completions

Table 5.-Dwelling units completed durinf October
by time under construction for Canada,
the provinces and metropolitar areas

|  | Total |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1-3 | 4-6 | 7-9 | 10-12 | or more | unkriown |
| CANADA | 8,164 | 1.985 | 3,891 | 729 | 734 | 809 | 10 |
| Provinces: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Prince Edward Island | 14 | - | 14 |  | - | - | - |
| prova Scotia | 1104 | 208 | 95 | 16 | 15 | 70 | - |
| New Brunswick | 313 | 26 | 189 | - | 96 | 2 | - |
| queber | 2,068 | 573 | 1,054 | 251 | 32 | 158 | - |
| Ontario | 2,923 | 589 | 1.335 | 246 | 489 | 256 | 8 |
| Manitoba | 306 | 34 | 211 | 2 | 23 | 34 | 2 |
| Saskatchewan | 576 | 297 | 189 | 2 | 9 | 79 | - |
| Alberta | 520 | 79 | 389 | 23 | 7 | 22 | - |
| British Columbia | 1,040 | 179 | 421 | 189 | 63 | 188 | - |
| Metropolitan Areas: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Halifex | 50 | - | 19 | 16 | 15 | - | - |
| Saint John | 17 | 11. | 6 | - | - | - | - |
| Montreal | 700 | 81 | 469 | 93 | 31 | 26 | - |
| Quebec | 100 | 34 | 51 | 12 | - | 3 | - |
| Hamilton | 134 | 5 | 72 | 20 | 17 | 19 | 1 |
| London | 50 | 1 | 30 | 9 | 8 | 2 | - |
| Ottawa | 137 | 11 | 19 | 14 | 47 | 46 | - |
| Toronto | 555 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| findsor | 55 | 8 | 31 | - | 5 | 6 | 5 |
| Winnipeg | 206 | 26 | 120 | 2 | 22 | 34 | $\mathfrak{2}$ |
| Vancouver | 691 | 149 | 307 | 81 | 36 | 118 | - |
| Victoria | 124 | 18 | 45 | 17 | 16 | 28 | - |

[^0]|  | Total | MONTHS |  |  |  | 1 yearor more |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1.3 | 4.6 | 1-9 | 10-12 |  |
|  | \% | \% | \% | \% | \% | \% |
| canada | 100 | 24 | 48 | 9 | 9 | 10 |
| Regions: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mawitimes | 100 | 32 | 41 | 2 | 15 | 10 |
| Quejec | 100 | 28 | 51 | 12 | 1 | 8 |
| Ontario | 100 | 20 | 146 | 8 | 19 | 9 |
| Prairies | 100 | 29 | 56 | 2 |  | 10 |
| British Columbia | 100 | 17 | 41 | 18 | 6 | 18 |

* Dwelinges for which the length of time under construction is unknown have been omitted from the calculation of percentages.

Table 7.- Completions during the first ten months of 1948 by type of dvelling, for Ganade end the lrovinces

|  | total. | one-family (ietached | $\begin{array}{\|c} \text { two-family } \\ \text { cetached } \end{array}$ | terruce | apurtment or flat | other |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| CANADA | 58,20'2 | 47.646 | 3.286 | 1,759 | 6,132 | 17.3 |
| Provinces: |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Frince Edward 1sland | 157 1.847 | 137 | -- | is | 20 | $=$ |
| Nown Scotia | 1.84 1.461 | 1509 1.273 | 118 | if | 171 18 | $=$ |
| quedec | 15,873 | 1.791 | c', 664 | 1,098 | 2. 213 | 107 |
| Ontario | 20,811. | 19,528 | 246 | 51 | 964 | 16 |
| Menitoba | 3.326 | 3.160 | 38 | . | 128 | - |
| sasketchewan | 2,337 | 2,321 | 2 | .. | 8 | - |
| Alverta | 3.680 | 3.309 | 136 |  | 135 | - |
| British Columbia | 8.910 | 8,3i+9 |  | - | 475 | 4 |

Tajle 80 - Rentel anits vompleted under the menepement of Central Mortpaze and Housing Corporetion during the first ten months of $1948^{*}$

|  | total | $\begin{aligned} & \text { single } \\ & \text { dwelling } \end{aligned}$ | upartments or flats | other |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| canada | 0,431 | 5,963 | 4.68 | ${ }^{\prime}$ |
| Provinces: |  |  |  |  |
| Prince Edward Island | $\stackrel{\square}{ }$ | - | - | - |
| Nova Scotia | - | - | - | - |
| New Brunswick |  | 171 | 1 | - |
| quebec | 674 | 4.44 | 230 | - |
| Oritario | 2,725 | 2,519 | 206 | - |
| Menitoba | 603 | 603 | - |  |
| Sa sketchewan | 746 | 716 | $=$ | - |
| Alberta | 614 | 61.4 | - | $\pm$ |
| Britis'a Columbia | 891. | 866 | 25 | - |

* Wartime Housing Limited and Housing Enterprises Limited.

Table 9.- Construction of dwelling units during
the first ten month of 1948
in urban centres of 5000 or more


|  | Under construction January 1 | Jenuary 1 to October 31 |  | Adjustments | Whder construction October 31 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Started | Completed |  |  |
| Quebec: (concl. ${ }^{\text {d }}$ ) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shawinigen Fells | 62 | 169 | 120 | - 14 | 97 |
| Sherbrooke | 129 | $41 \%$ | 335 | $\pm 1$ | 212 |
| Sorel | 11. | 8 | 13 |  | 6 |
| Thetford Mines | 4 | 44 | 20 | - | 28 |
| Trois Rivieres | 119 | 603 | 352 | - 33 | 337 |
| Valleyfield | 28 | 81. | 88 | - 2 | 19 |
| Victoriaville | 81 | 150 | $1 \%$ | - | 59 |
| Ontario: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Barrie | 50 | 120 | 79 | - | 91 |
| Belleville | 11.6 | 353 | 193 | - | 276 |
| Bramptos | 47 | 30 | 49 | $\cdots$ | 28 |
| Brantford | 228 | 280 | 248 | - | 260 |
| Prockville | 28 | 24 | 30 | - | 22 |
| Chatham | 143 | 152 | 140 | - | 155 |
| Cobourg | 29 | 84 | 35 | - | 78 |
| Collingwood | 82 | 55 | 94 | - | 43 |
| Cornwall | 63 | 131 | 106 | +1 | 89 |
| Dundes | 11 | 23 | 18 | - | 16 |
| Fort Erie | 19 | 62 | 23 | - 1 | 57 |
| Fort Frances | 22 | 48 | 38 | - | 32 |
| Fort William | 124 | 253 | 144 | - | 233 |
| Cailt | 172 | 94 | 163 | $\cdots$ | 103 |
| Guelph | 163 | 152 | 172 | - | 143 |
| Hemilton | 887 | 1,229 | 1.069 | $+30$ | 1,077 |
| Hawkes bury | 5 | 20 | 9 | - | 16 |
| Ingersoll Kenora | 33 | 32 | 27 | $-4$ | 34 |
| Kenora | 49 | 21 | 38 | - | 32 |
| Kingston | 153 | 171 | 173 | - | 151 |
| Kitchener | 422 | 71.3 | 431 | $\pm 4$ | 708 |
| Leamington | 39 | 54 | 57 | - | 36 |
| Iind say | 74 | 44 | 86 | - | 32 |
| London | 543 | 848 | 631 | - 8 | 752 |
| Midland | 70 | 24 | 76 | - | 18 |
| Niagara Falls | 189 | 318 | 236 | - 11 | 260 |
| North Bay | 46 | 114 | 6. | - 3 | 95 |
| Orillia | 36 | 184 | 66 | + 3 | 87 |
| Oshawa | 156 | 192 | 187 | - 4 | 157 |
| Ottawa Owen Sound | 973 | 994 | 983 | - 7 | 971 |
| Owen Sound | 88 | 121 | 126 | - | 83 |
| Parry Sound | 3 | 13 | 9 | - | 7 |
| Pembroke | 23 | 115 | 31 |  | 101 |
| Peterborough | 164 | 298 | 158 | - 2 | 302 |
| Port Arthur | 97 | 270 | 159 | - | 208 |
| Port Colborne | 22 | 19 | 19 | - 1 | 21 |
| Port Hope | 74 | 56 | 86 |  | 44 |
| Preston | 43 | 22 | 38 | - 1 | 26 |


|  | Under construction Junuary 1 | Jenuary 1 to October 31 |  | Adfustments | Under construction Octuber 31 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Started | Completed |  |  |
| Ontario: (concl'd) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Kenfrew | 10 | 47 | 13 | - | 44 |
| St. Cetharines | 293 | 506 | 391 | - 1 | 1401 |
| St. Thomas | 35 | 1.67 | 56 | - 2 | 144 |
| Sermia | 215 | $57 \%$ | 292 | - | 495 |
| Shult Ste. Warie | 1.88 | 322 | 285 | - | 225 |
| Simcoe | 40 | 55 | 55 | - | 40 |
| Smitin's Forlls | 9 | 34 | g | - | 34 |
| Stratford | 52. | 109 | 51 | - | 110 |
| Sudbury | 64 | 182 | 143 | - 2 | 101 |
| Thorold | 36 | 10 c | 42 | - 1 | 95 |
| Timmins | 106 | 52 | 122 | - | 36 |
| Toronto | 3.467 | 5.020 | 3.438 | - 3 | 5,046 |
| Trenton | 110 | 142 | 142 | - | 110 |
| Velland | 82 | 211 | 127 | $\dagger 8$ | 174 |
| Whitby | 45 | 21 | 43 | - | 23 |
| Wind sor | 535 | 889 | 498 | - | 926 |
| Woodstock | 74 | 144 | 92 | - | 126 |
| Manitoba: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Brandon | 63 | 173 | 99 | - | 137 |
| Portage 1a Prairie | 26 |  | 27 | - |  |
| Winnipeg | 2,100 | 2,698 | 2, 214 | - 13 | 2,538 |
| Sasketchewan: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Moose Jew | 110 | 135 | 122 | - 4 | 119 |
| North Battlefora | 65 | 60 | 51 | - | 68 |
| Prince Albert | 63 | 157 | 90 | - 2 | 128 |
| Hegime | 337 | 300 | 373 | - 10 | 254 |
| Saskatoor | 436 | 517 | 606 | - 31 | 316 |
| Svift Current | 64 | 134 | 92 | - 6 | 100 |
| Weyburn | , | 70 | 14 | - | 63 |
| Yorkton | 59 | 154 | 102 | - | 111 |
| Alberta: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Calçary | 706 | 1.533 | 963 | - 4 | 1.272 |
| Edmonton | 581 | 2.063 | 996 | - 4 | 1,644 |
| Lethoridge | 173 | 283 | $17 \%$ | - | $\begin{array}{r}278 \\ \hline 233\end{array}$ |
| Medicine Hat | 176 | 239 | 182 | - | 233 |
| British Columbia: |  |  |  |  |  |
| Kemloops | 53 | 34 | 66 | - 2 | 19 |
| Kelowna | 103 | 160 | 165 | - 1 | 97 |
| Nanaimo | 176 | 156 | $17 \%$ | - | 161 |
| Nelson | 1.6 | $2 \%$ | 18 | - | 20 |
| Frince George | 115 | 22 | 136 | - 1 | - |
| Prince Rupert | 10 | 1 | 6 | - | 5 |
| Trail | 52 | 156 | 83 | +48 | 173 |
| Vancouver | 4.365 | 6,337 | 5.660 | $+7$ | 5,049 |
| Vernon | 47 | 169 | 92 | - 1 | 123 |
| Victoria | 1,002 | 1,034 | 1,039 | $\div 7$ | 1,004 |

Appeacis 1 : Definitions

## (a) Coverage

The count of dwellings which ere started, completed and under construction includes only new residential construction intended for year-round occupency: This means that seasonal dwellings such as summer cottages, ski shecks, etco, are not counted. Furthermore, dwellinges which are occupied, even if unfinished, are regurded as completed for the purposes of this survey.
(o) Type of dwellimg

The definitions which apply to the different types of duelline are as follows:
(i) l-family detached: a one-fanily house onen on all four sides, i.e., not foined to other buildinge;
(ii) 2-femily detached; a two-femily house which contains only two duelling units, either one above the other open on all four sides, or two units side by side each open on thref sfies, sometimes known as a semi-detached house;
(iii) row or terrace: a one-femily or tro-femily house in a row of three or more attached houses with common adjacent wells;
(iv) apartment or flat: an apertment or flet is (a) a resi= dential structure containing three or more dvelling units, or (b) a structure used for business purposes which contains one or more dvelline; units (eog., living querters in an office builaing or fectory, living quarters over a store, etce); and
(v) other:
any type of duelling which does not tell into one of the above clessiftcations.
(c.) For the purpose of this survey, a dwelling unit is defined as the living quarters occupied by one household or family. The number of duelling units in a structure will be the numoer of households the structure is intended to accommodete.
(i) For the purpose of this survey, a farm must contain at least one acre and must yfeld agricultural produce valued at $\$ 50$ or more per year.

## Appendix 2 : Reliability of the estimates

Since the estimates in this report are partially based on a sample survey, they are subject to sampling variability. This sampling variability is not present in the data on the manicipalities of 5,000 and over. When the estimates include an element derived from the sample survey, the sampliag errer increase as the size of the estimate decresses. Care should be taken, therefore, in interpreting the precision of some of the estimates. The estimate of unfinished dwellings for the whole of Canada should be vithin 5 percent of the figure vhich would heve been obtained from a complete count.

The estimates presented in the tables are shown to the last digit instead of being rounded, not because they are assumed to be accurate to the last digit, but rather for convenience in summation and economy in processing the tabulations.

In addition to sampling variation, all the estimates are subject to errors of emueration. However, these should be very small as the survey for the most part can be carried on without interview with a consequent elimination col all types of respondent error. A complete count by the same enumerators would cortain the same enumerative error.

## Appendix 3: Metropolitan areas

Some cities in Canada have reasonably well-defined suburban areas which, for the purposes of the survey of starts and completions of dwelling units, have been included under the name of the principal city. A list of the municipalities included in these metropolitan areas was given in Housing Bulletin No. 1, pp. 13-15.


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[^0]:    Table 6.-Dwelling units completed during October. by time under constuction, as e percentare of total completions for Cenade and regions

