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DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS
OTTAWA - CANADA





## HOUSING BULLETIN NO. 16

CONSTRUCTION OF DWELLING UNITS IN CANADA FROM JANUARY 1 TO APRIL 30, 1949

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY OF THE RT. HON. C. D. HOWE, M.P...
MINISTER OF TRADE AND COMMERCE

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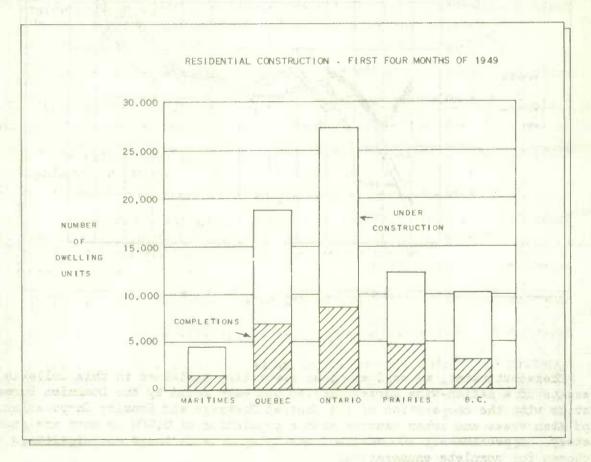
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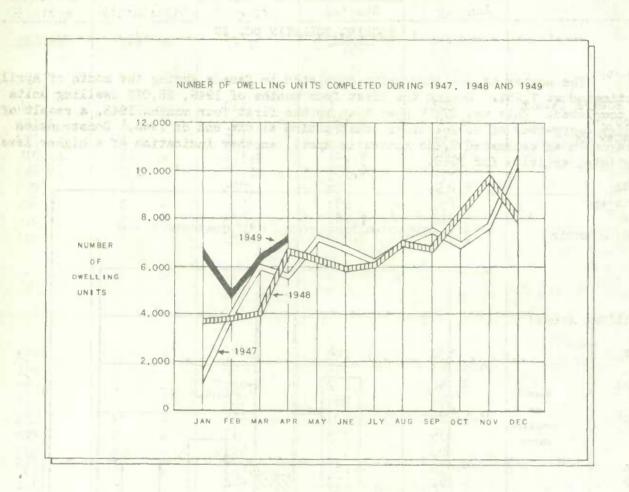
#### HOUSING BULLETIN NO. 16

The number of dwelling units completed in Canada during the month of April, is estimated at 7,251. During the first four months of 1949, 25,077 dwelling units were completed. This was 37% higher than in the first four months 1948, a result of the high carry-over of houses under construction at the end of 1948. Construction was begun on an estimated 8,466 houses in April, another indication of a higher level of building activity for 1949.



From the types of dwellings being built, 29% of those completed during the first four months of 1949 are for rental purposes and the remainder will be owner-occupied. In 1948, 33% of those completed during the same period of time were for rental purposes.

The average length of time required to build the houses completed in April, was 7.9 months, unchanged from the figure recorded in March.



These estimates, as well as other statistics contained in this bulletin, are the results of a nation-wide survey carried out each month by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics with the cooperation of the Central Mortgage and Housing Corporation. All metropolitan areas and urban centres with a population of 5,000 or more are enumerated completely. Approximately 400 sample areas lying outside these municipalities are also chosen for complete enumeration.

In some of the tables, there appears a column headed "adjustments." These adjustments can arise in various ways. For example, after a start on a dwelling has been made, construction may cease, or a structure when completed may contain more or less dwelling units than were reported when construction commenced.

Table 1.- Construction of dwelling units in Canada, the provinces and metropolitan areas during the first four months of 1949

	Under con- struction	January 1	to April 30	N-KE J I - L	Under con-
	January 1	Started	Completed	Adjustments	April 30
Canada	56,456	16,862	25,077	- 161	48,080
Provinces:					
Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia	203 2,748 1,069 13,848 21,112 2,632 1,853 5,262 7,729	1 424 87 4,961 6,350 506 294 1,780 2,459	110 1,085 378 6,778 8,725 1,225 500 3,023 3,253	+ 1 - 1 - 16 - 120 - 20 - 2 - 3	94 2,088 777 12,015 18,617 1,893 1,645 4,016 6,935
Metropolitan Areas:					
Halifax St John Montreal Quebec Hamilton London Ottawa Toronto Windsor Winnipeg Vancouver Victoria	530 243 8,746 558 1,224 835 803 4,875 861 2,084 4,630 866	144 39 3,682 264 423 303 177 1,721 118 432 1,208 322	336 28 4,451 445 501 317 491 1,815 548 931 1,878 335	- 6 - 38 + 2 - 14 + 16 - 20	338 254 7,971 377 1,108 823 475 4,797 431 1,565 3,960 853

Table 2.- Construction of dwelling units in rural and urban areas

by regions, during the first four months of 1949

	Under con- struction January 1	January 1 Started	to April 30	Adjustments	Under con- struction April 30
CANADA urban 5000 or more under 5000 rural non-farm farm	56,456 46,030 39,217 6,813 10,426 8,046 2,380	16,862 13,406 12,111 1,295 3,456 3,122 334	25,077 21,357 18,344 3,013 3,720 2,891 829	- 161 - 153 - 99 - 54 - 8 - 7 - 1	48,080 37,926 32,885 5,041 10,154 8,270 1,884
Maritime Provinces urban 5000 or more under 5000 rural non-farm farm	4,020 2,358 1,977 381 1,662 1,188 474	512 264 264 248 248	1,573 1,147 1,135 12 426 290 136		2,959 1,475 1,106 369 1,484 1,146
Quebec urban 5000 or more under 5000 rural non-farm farm	13,848 11,948 10,630 1,318 1,900 1,654 246	4,961 4,731 4,675 56 230 230	6,778 6,088 5,749 339 690 578	- 16 - 16 - 16	12,015 10,575 9,540 1,035 1,440 1,306
Ontario urban 5000 or more under 5000 rural non-farm farm	21,112 16,382 14,611 1,771 4,730 3,822 908	6,350 4,370 4,016 354 1,980 1,806	8,725 7,212 6,354 858 1,513 1,258 255	- 120 - 113 - 59 - 54 - 7 - 7	18,617 13,427 12,214 1,213 5,190 4,363 827
Prairie Provinces urban 5000 or more under 5000 rural non-farm farm	9,747 8,373 5,883 2,490 1,374 660 714	2,580 2,172 1,419 753 408 268 140	4,748 4,151 2,709 1,442 597 271 326	- 25 - 24 - 24 - 1	7,554 6,370 4,569 1,801 1,184 657 527
British Columbia urban 5000 or more under 5000 rural non-farm farm	7,729 6,969 6,116 853 760 722 38	2,459 1,869 1,737 132 590 570 20	3, 253 2, 759 2, 397 362 494 494	623 V.P. 625 V.D. 823 640	6,935 6,079 5,456 623 856 798 58

Table 3 .- Monthly starts by regions

	Canada	Maritime Provinces	Quebec	Ontario	Prairie Provinces	British Columbia
1948 January	1,675	53	251	610	179	582
February	1,894	12	590	397	140	755
March	3,109	40	1,355	<b>79</b> 6	134	784
April	8,274	487	2,800	2,845	591	1,551
May	11,407	999	3,019	3,762	2,555	1,072
June	13,409	982	3,613	3,740	3,564	1,510
July	9,684	731	2,227	3,773	1,825	1,128
August	11,013	947	2,270	3,361	3,090	1,345
September	10,651	686	3,079	3,673	2,314	899
October	7,437	280	2,075	2,759	1,511	812
November	7,795	287	2,282	2,974	1,636	616
December	3,846	208	1,421	1,286	352	579
1949 Jamuary	3,066	37	624	1,248	478	679
February	1,745	43	535	781	127	259
March	3,585	128	1,386	1,255	185	631
April	8,466	304	2,416	3,066	1,790	890

Table 4 .- Monthly completions by regions

	Canada	Maritime Provinces	Quebec	Ontario	Prairie Provinces	British Columbia
1948 Januar		164	564	1,534	610	864
Februa		174	798	1,451	676	679
March		158	1,525	1,113	613	646
April	6,729	277	1,978	2,708	918	84 <b>8</b>
May	6,284	300	1,267	2,803	1,225	689
June	5,946	432	1,556	2,175	966	817
July		313	2,067	2,026	620	1,047
August		495	2,062	2,404	777	1,232
Septem		421	1,988	1,674	1,536	1,048
Octobe Novemb Decemb	er 9,701	731 625 719	2,06 <b>8</b> 2,179 2,119	2,923 3,124 2,456	1,402 2,916 1,736	1,040 857 964
1949 Januar		325	1,591	2,449	932	1,346
Februa		358	1,159	1,881	717	692
March		477	1,854	2,066	1,248	731
April	7,251	413	2,174	2,329	1,851	ग्रेडान

Table 5.- Dwelling units completed during April, 1949 by time under construction for Canada and the provinces

		MONTHS				1 year	
	Total	1-3	4-6	7-9	10-12	or more	unknow
CANADA	7,251	431	2,061	2,992	1,343	421	3
Provinces:	He K						
Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia	314 99 2,174 2,329 387 119 1,345 484	1 159 106 1 2 116 46	28 35 728 797 34 24 253 162	161 51 708 764 249 54 860 145	99 7 472 490 84 36 94 61	26 5 107 171 17 17 22 70	1 2 -

Table 6.- Dwelling units completed during April, 1949 by time under construction, as a percentage of total completions for Canada and regions\*

		MONTHS				
	Total	1-3	4-6	7-9	10-12	or more
	%	%	%	%	%	%
CANADA	100	6	28	41	19	6
Regions:						
Maritime Region	100	-	15	51	26	8
Quebec	100	7	33	33	22	5
Ontario	100	5	34	33 63	21	7
Prairie Provinces	100	6	17	63	12	2
British Columbia	100	1	33	30	12	14

<sup>2</sup> Dwellings for which the length of time under construction is unknown have been omitted from the calculation of percentages.

Table 7 .- Completions by month by average time under construction

		Canada	Maritime Provinces	Quebec	Ontario	Prairie Provinces	British Columbia
1948	average	6.5	6.5	5.5	6.8	6.3	7.5
1948	January	7.7	6.0	6.3	8.7	6.7	8.1
	February	6.8	7.5	4.5	7.1	7.2	8.2
	March	7.1	9.5	6.0	7.4	7.6	8.0
	April	7.2	6.8	6.6	7.2	7.9	8.0
	May	7.2	6.1	7.1	6.7	8.1	8.1
	June	6.8	7.5	6.2	7.1	7.5	6.6
	July	6.1	6.4	4.5	7.4	6.9	7.0
	August	6.2	5.5	4.6	6.8	6.3	7.7
	September	<b>5</b> .4	5.4	4.2	7.0	4.9	6.3
	October	6.1	6.1	5.1	6.6	5.1	7.7
	November	6.0	6.7	6.1	5.7	5.5	7.8
	December	6.4	6.7	5.8	6.5	6.1	7.5
1949	Jamuary	7.0	7.6	7.7	6.4	6.2	7.6
	February	7.3	8.6	6.6	8.0	6.4	6.6
	March	7.9	9.9	6.9	8.2	7.4	8.7
	April	7.9	9.14	7.6	8.0	7.5	8.3

Table 8.- Completions during the first four months of 1949 by type of dwelling for Canada and the provinces

total	one-family detached	two-family detached	row or terrace	apartment or flat	other
25,077	19,498	2,340	349	2,724	166
				E ESTERAL STR	THE STATE
110	110	90	_		
1,085	1,080			5	
6,778	2,367	2,108	349	1,883	71
8, 725	8,033		h = -	- 1	11
500	498	2	-	- 13	en:
3,023	2,851	22	_		84
	25,077 110 1,085 378 6,778 8,725 1,225 500	25,077 19,498  110 110 1,085 1,080 378 376 6,778 2,367 8,725 8,033 1,225 1,058 500 498 3,023 2,851	total detached detached  25,077 19,498 2,340  110 110	total detached detached terrace  25,077 19,498 2,340 349  110 110	total detached detached terrace or flat  25,077 19,498 2,340 349 2,724  110 110 5 378 376 2 - 5 378 2,367 2,108 349 1,883 8,725 8,033 184 - 497 1,225 1,058 12 - 155 500 498 2 3,023 2,851 22 - 66

Table 9.- Rental units completed during the first four months of 1949 under the management of Central Mortgage and Housing Corporation

	total.	one-family detached	two-family detached	row or terrace	apartment or flat	other
CANADA	3,055	2,836	72	-	147	-
Provinces:		1				
Prince Edward Island	29	29		-	-	
Neva Scotia	241	241		ma	-	-
New Brunswick	234	234			-	cs
Quebec	81	7	72	-	2	~
Ontario	1,359	1,219		-	140	
Manitoba	440	11110		-	400	
Saskatchewan	153	153	-	-		-
Alberta	152	152	-	- 1		-
British Columbia	366	152 361		-	5	-

Table 10 .- Construction of dwelling units during the first four months of 1949

in urban centres of 5000 or more

A PORT STREET	Under con- struction	January 1	to April 30		Under con-
	January 1	Started	Completed	Adjustments	struction April 30
Prince Edward Island:				Tax in	
Charlottetown	53	1	38	C2	16
Summerside	10	39	2	64	g
Nova Scotia:			BA JH 1/4		
Amherst	49	1	37	-	13
Halifax	530	7,414	37 336	_	338
New Glasgow	87	1	40	- 2	46
Springhill Springhill	15	1	7		9
Stellarton	75	-	65	- 1	9
Sydney	373	41	159		255
Truro	77	20	43	W. H - W	54
Yarmouth	50	11	30	+ 4	255 54 35
New Brunswick:					
Campbellton	33	1	35	<b>‡</b> 1	-
Edmundston	33 16	-	35 16		600
Fredericton	231	3	219	-	15
Moneton	135		80	- 2	54
Saint John	135 243	39	28	alle	54 254
Quebec:	d recipients les		casio, to by-		
Asbestos	54	4	53		5
Chicoutimi	54 23 56 26	17	53 26	-	5 14
Drummondville	56	17 24	28	_	52
Granby	26	16	21	_	21
Grand Mere	42	10	21	-	31
Hull	138	30	69	- 8	91 84
Joliette	91	28	35 24	-	814
Jonquiere	31	16	24	-	23 8
Kenogami	13	7	12	-	
Lachute		1		- 10	7
La Tuque	40	5,1	37	-	27
Magog	8	10	7	-	11
Montreal	8,746	3,682	4,451	- 6	7,971
Quebec	558	264	445		377
Rimouski	49	dutt	31		18
Riviere du Loup	13 36	-	7	3 -	6
Rouyn	36	=		-	36 16 65 34 31
St. Hyacinthe	50	15 46	51 90	+ 2	16
St. Jean	108	46	90	+ 1	65
St. Jerome	33	28	27	-	34
St. Joseph d'Alma	22	12	3		31
St. Joseph de					
Grantham	14	14	-	-	g

	Under con- struction	January 1	to April 30		Under con- struction
	January 1	Started'	Completed	Adjustments	April 30
Quebec: (concl'd)					
Shawinigan Falls	70	16	39	===	47
Sherbrooke	119	92	70	co	141
Sorel	20	5	2	60	23
Thetford Mines	18	23	10	-	31
Trois Rivieres	215	243	152	- 5	301
Valleyfield	7	40	5	-	42
Victoriaville	34	18	33	809	19
Ontario:	35				
Barrie	77	15	47	re .	45
Belleville	341	15	86		261
Brampton	28	11	13	=	26
Brantford	230	221	146	€20	305
Brockville	47	41	9	60	79
Chatham	180	48	84		144
Cobourg	95		16	100	81
Collingwood	39	2	13		32
Cornwall	73	30	58	===	45
Dundas	73 24	12	16	E	20
Fort Erie	52		42		10
Fort Frances	32		13	<b></b>	19
Fort William	209	48	142		115
Galt	97	11	37		71
Guelph	1.79	29	49		159
Hamilton	1,224	423	501	- 38	1,108
Hawkesbury	12	3	8	-	7
Ingersoll	22	11	8		25
Kenora	28		G	<b>a</b>	28
Kingston	145	23	47	6	121
Kitchener	708	113	266	es	555
Leamington	38		15	P	28
Lindsay	28	5	1.9	- 1	20
London	835		317	† 2	823
Midland	13	303 4			8
Niagara Falls	292	53	9 114	=	231
North Bay	82	7	57	63	32
Orillia	69	7	57	5	50
Oshawa	141	73	108	-	106
Ottawa	803 62	177	491	- 14	475
Owen Sound	62	9	48	ca	23
Parry Sound	r>	ED	1000 41	cm	-
Pembroke	102	22	62	0	62
Peterborough	320	50	132	- 13	225
Port Arthur	159	50 40	120	- 1	78
Port Colborne	22	2	7	-	17
Port Hope	51	2 2	7 6	60	47
Preston	214	2	13		13

	Under con- struction	January 1	to April 30		Under con- struction
	January 1	Started	Completed	Adjustments	April 30
Ontario(concl'd)					
Renfrew	60	7	15	-	52
St. Catharines	357	74	143	-	288
St. Thomas	120	24	78	-	66
Sarnia	478	89	158	an	409
Sault Ste. Marie	136	35	78	-	93
Simcoe	48	10	26	-	32 14
Smith's Falls	21	5 9 43 2	12	-	14
Stratford	123	9	33 74	7	99
Sudbury	117	43	74	- 4	82
Thorold	93	2	43	-	52
Timmins	36	2	10	1	28
Toronto	4,875	1,721	1,815	† 16	4,797
Trenton	76	1	61	- 4	12
Welland	167	6	57	1 1	117
Whitby	21	27		-	32
Windsor	861	118	548		431
Woodstock	139	20	40	- 3	116
Manitoba:					
Brandon	124	14	67	-	71
Portage la Prairie	3	6	3	-	6
Winnipeg	2,084	432	931	- 20	1,565
Saskatchewan:		3.0	-		- 100 h
Moose Jaw	136	13	58	- 1	90
North Battleford	59	13	58 14	~	90 49
Prince Albert	103	5	40		68
Regina	226	5 105	86	-	245
Saskatoon	147	61	72	-	137
Swift Current	102	6	19	-	89
Weyburn	53	-	23		30
Yorkton	104	8	41	-	71
Alberta:		15 L			
Calgary	1,155	321	724	- 3	749
Edmonton	1,157	370	463	-	1,064
Lethbridge	257	47	109	-	195
Medicine Hat	173	27	60	-	140
British Columbia:		911			
Kamloops	35	26	g	_	53
Kelowna	35 92	1414	42	-	53
Nanaimo	177	80	76		181
Nel son	14	2	7		9
Prince George	-	2		-	2
Prince Rupert	5	0	-	-	5
Trail	248	47	25	-	270
Vancouver	4,630	1,208	1,878	_	3,960
Vernon	49	6	26	-	29
Victoria	866	322	335		853

## Appendix 1: Definitions

- (a) The count of dwellings which are started, completed and under construction includes only new residential construction intended for year-round occupancy. Seasonal dwellings such as summer cottages, ski shacks, etc., are not counted. Dwellings which are occupied, even if unfinished, are regarded as completed for the purposes of this survey.
- (b) Type of dwelling
  - (i) 1-family detached: a one-family house open on all four sides, i.e., not joined to other buildings;
  - (ii) 2-family detached: a two-family house which contains only two dwelling units, either one above the other open on all four sides, or two units side by side each open on three sides, sometimes known as a semi-detached house;
  - (iii) row or terrace: a one-family or two-family house in a row of three or more attached houses with common or adjacent walls;
  - (iv) apartment or flat: an apartment or flat is (a) a residential structure containing three or more dwelling units, or (b) a structure used for business purposes which contains one or more dwelling units (e.g., living quarters in an office building or factory, living quarters over a store, etc.); and
  - (v) other: any type of dwelling which does not fall into one of the above classifications.
- (c) For the purpose of this survey, a dwelling unit is defined as the living quarters occupied by one household or family. The number of dwelling units in a structure will be the number of households the structure is intended to accommodate.
- (d) For the purpose of this survey, a farm must contain at least one acre and must yield agricultural produce valued at \$50 or more per year.

#### Appendix 2: Reliability of the estimates

Since the estimates in this report are partially based on a sample survey, they are subject to sampling variability. This sampling variability is not present in the data on the municipalities of 5,000 and over. When the estimates include an element derived from the sample survey, the sampling error increases as the size of the estimate decreases. Care should be taken, therefore, in interpreting the precision of some of the estimates. The estimate of unfinished dwellings for the whole of Canada should be within 5 per cent of the figure which would have been obtained from a complete count.

The estimates presented in the tables are shown to the last digit instead of being rounded, not because they are assumed to be accurate to the last digit, but rather for convenience in summation and economy in processing the tabulations.

In addition to sampling variation, all the estimates are subject to errors of enumeration. However, these should be very small as the survey for the most part can be carried on without interview with a consequent elimination of all types of respondent error. A complete count by the same enumerators would contain the same enumerative error.

## Appendix 3: Metropolitan areas

Some cities in Canada have reasonably well-defined suburban areas which, for the purposes of the survey of starts and completions of dwelling units, have been included under the name of the principal city. A list of the municipalities included in these metropolitan areas is given in Housing Bulletin No. 12 pp. 17-19.

### Appendix 4: Index of residential rents

Since November, 1947, the Dominion Bureau of Statistics has been collecting data on money rents from a sample of households in conjunction with the quarterly labour force survey. The aggregate rent paid by a group of households in a given month is compared with the aggregate rent paid by the same group for the same living quarters in the next month. With a matched sample such as this, variations due to changes in the sample and to non-response are eliminated, and the index is a reliable measure of the change in rent paid for the same accommodation. Rent reported is the cash rent paid in all cases regardless of minor changes in the services provided.

Index of non-farm residential rents in Canada, by region (October, 1947 = 100)

	Month	Total	Maritime Provinces	Quebec	Ontario	Prairie Provinces	British Columbia
	July August September	99.7 99.8 99.9	99.4 99.5 99.7	100.0 100.1 100.1	99.4 99.6 99.3	99.5 99.7 99.7	99.9 100.1 100.0
	October November December	100.0 100.1 100.2	100.0 100.6 100.5	100.0 100.0 100.1	100.0 100.3 100.3	100.0 99.9 99.8	100.0 100.2 100.2
Fe Ma Ap Ma Ju Ju Au Se	January February March	100.2	100.8 100.8 101.0	100.1 100.1 100.5	100.4 100.4 100.7	99.9 99.9 100.0	100.5 100.5 101.2
	April May June	100.6 100.8 100.9	101 ·1 101 ·4 101 ·5	100 5 100 8 100 8	100.7	100.0 100.1 100.1	101.2
	July August September	100.9 100.9 100.9	101.7 101.8 101.8	100.8 100.8 100.8	100.8	100.1 100.2 100.2	102.1 102.3 101.6
	October November December	100.9 101.1 101.5	102.1 102.2 102.5	100.9 101.0 101.4	101.1 101.3 101.7	100.2 100.8 101.0	100.8 100.9 101.5
1949	January February March	101.9 102.0 102.1	102.8 " 102.9 103.0	101.7 101.7 101.3	102.3 102.4 102.5	101.5 101.6 101.6	102.0 102.1 102.2

