Government of Canada



HOUSING BULLETIN NO. 18



DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS DEPARTMENT OF TRADE AND COMMERCE

HOUSING BULLETIN NO. 18

CONSTRUCTION OF DWELLING UNITS IN CANADA FROM JANUARY 1 TO JUNE 30, 1949

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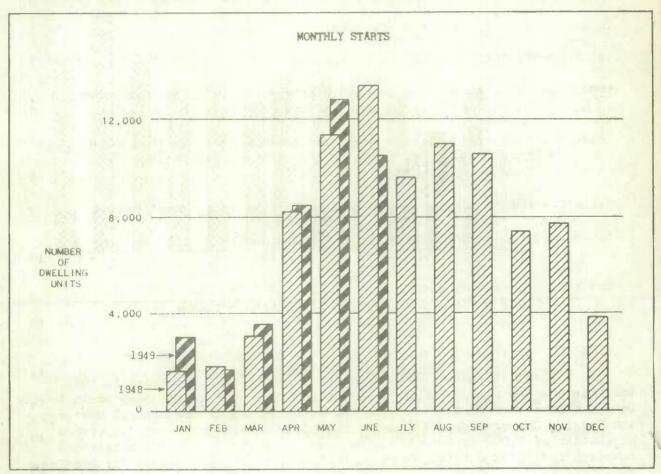
> Prepared in the Special Surveys Division Dominion Bureau of Statistics, Ottawa

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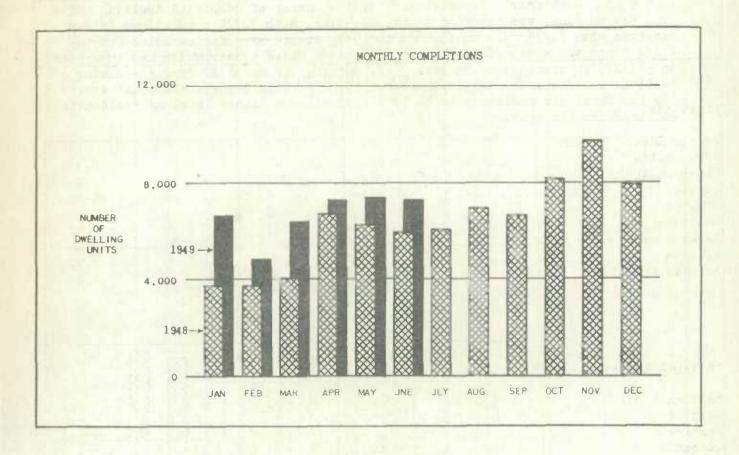
The number of dwelling units completed in Canada in the first six months of 1949 is estimated at 39,726, 30% higher than for the same period last year. Last year's levelling-off of the number of completed dwelling units from May to June, was repeated again this year, with 7,374 completions in May compared with 7,275 this month. As in 1948, starts have far exceeded completions since the month of April, and the number under construction has increased to 56,787, an increase of 9% over 1948. During the month of June the number of dwelling units started was estimated at 10,528. This brought the total starts for the first six months up to 40,199, indicating a higher level of residential construction for 1949.



More than 30% of the dwellings completed in the first half of 1949 were for rental purposes and the remainder were for owner occupancy. This proportion is about the same as last year's.

The average length of time required to build a house completed during the month of June was 7.4 months. Though greater than last year at the same

time, this reflects the seasonal speeding-up of the construction industry.



These estimates, as well as other statistics contained in this bulletin are the results of a nation-wide survey carried out each month by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics with the co-operation of the Central Mortgage and Housing Corporation. All metropolitan areas and urban centres with a population of 5,000 or more are enumerated completely. Approximately 400 sample areas lying outside these municipalities are also chosen for complete enumeration.

In some of the tables, there appears a column headed "adjustments." These adjustments can arise in various ways. For example, after a start on a dwelling has been made, construction may cease, or a structure when completed may contain more or less dwelling units than were reported when construction commenced

Table 1.- Construction of dwelling units in Canada, the provinces

and metropolitan areas during the first six months of 1949

	Under con- struction	January	1 to June 30		Under con- struction
	January 1	Started	Completed	Adjustments	June 30
Canada	56,456	40,199	39,726	- 142	56,787
Provinces:					
Prince Edward Island Nove Scotia New Brunswick Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia	203 2,748 1,069 13,848 21,112 2,632 1,853 5,262 7,729	67 1,086 789 11,528 14,788 2,096 1,337 14,077 14,431	112 1,648 553 10,756 14,059 2,194 1,140 4,359 4,905	- 1 - 10 - 101 - 23 - 1 - 5	158 2,186 1,304 14,610 21,740 2,511 2,049 4,975 7,254
Metropolitan Areas:				May -	
Halifax Saint John Montreal Quebec Hemilton London Ottewa Toronto Windsor Winnipeg Vancouver Victoria	530 243 8,746 558 1,224 835 803 4,875 861 2,084 4,630 866	249 170 7,446 530 812 636 353 3,092 451 1,459 2,304 506	520 127 7,227 570 826 592 685 2,840 659 1,667 2,771 504	1 2 38 4 2 14 26 - 18 - 3	258 286 8,967 518 1,172 881 457 5,153 653 1,858 4,160 868

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Table 2.- Construction of dwelling units in rural and urban areas

by regions, during the first six months of 1949

	Under con- struction January 1	January	1 to June 30	Adjustments	Under con- struction June 30
CANADA urban 5000 or more under 5000 rural non-farm farm	56,456 46,030 39,217 6,813 10,426 8,046 2,380	40,199 29,626 26,300 3,326 10,573 8,139 2,434	39,726 33,185 28,642 4,543 6,541 5,030 1,511	- 142 - 134 - 80 - 54 - 8 - 7 - 1	56,787 42,337 36,795 5,542 14,450 11,148 3,302
Meritime Provinces urban 5000 or more under 5000 rural non-farm farm	4,020 2,358 1,977 381 1,662 1,188 474	1,942 923 826 97 1,019 712 307	2. 313 1,615 1,560 55 698 539	- 1 - 1	3,648 1,665 1,242 423 1,983 1,361 622
Quebec urban 5000 or more under 5000 rural non-farm farm	13,848 11,948 10,630 1,318 1,900 1,654 246	11,528 10,002 9,521 481 1,526 1,108 418	10,756 9,650 9,057 593 1,106 918 188	10 10 10	14,610 12,290 11,084 1,206 2,320 1,844 476
Ontario urban 5000 or more under 5000 rural non-farm farm	21,112 16,382 14,611 1,771 4,730 3,822 908	14,788 9,460 8,343 1,117 5,328 4,755 573	14,059 11,148 9,846 1,302 2,911 2,434 477	- 101 - 94 - 40 - 54 - 7	21,740 14,600 13,068 1,532 7,140 6,136 1,004
Prairie Provinces urban 5000 or more under 5000 rural non-farm farm	9,747 8,373 5,883 2,490 1,374 660 714	7,510 5,742 4,445 1,297 1,768 652 1,116	7,693 6,665 4,533 2,132 1,028 379 649	29 - 28 - 28 - 1	9,535 7,422 5,767 1,655 2,113 933 1,180
British Columbia urban 5000 or more under 5000 rural non-farm farm	7,729 6,969 6,116 853 760 722 38	4,431 3,499 3,165 334 932 912 20	4, 905 4, 107 3, 646 461 798 760 38		7, 254 6, 360 5, 634 726 894 874 20

Table 3 -- Monthly starts by regions

	Ca		itime vinces Qu	lebec O			British Columbia
1948 Janua Febru March	ary 1	,894	53 12 1:0 1	251 590 355	610 397 796	179 140 134	582 755 784
April May June	11	,407 9	99 3	,800 ,019 ,613	2,845 3,762 3,740	591 2,555 3,564	1,551 1,072 1,510
July Augus Sept e	t 11	,013 9	47 2	, 227 , 270 , 079	3,773 3,361 3,673	1,825 3,090 2,314	1,128 1,345 899
Octob Novem Decem	ber /	,795 2	87 2	2,075 2,282 ,421	2,759 2,974 1,286	1,511 1,636 352	812 616 579
1949 Janua Febru March	ary 1.		37 43 28 1	624 535 , 386	1,248 781 1,255	1478 127 185	679 259 631
April May June	12	,809 8	17 3	2,416 3,525 3,042	3,066 4,941 3,497	1,790 2,539 2,391	890 987 985

Table 4.- Monthly completions by regions

	Canada	Maritime Provinces	Quebec	Ontario	Prairie Provinces	British Columbia
1948 January	3,736	164	564	1,534	610	864
February	3,778	174	798	1,451	676	679
March	4,055	158	1,525	1,113	613	646
April	6,729	277	1,978	2,708	918	848
May	6,284	300	1,267	2,803	1,225	689
June	5,946	432	1,556	2,175	966	817
July	6,073	313	2,067	2,026	620	1,047
August	6,970	495	2,062	2,404	777	1,232
September	6,667	421	1,988	1,674	1,536	1,048
October	8,164	731	2,068	2,923	1,402	1,040
November	9,701	625	2,179	3,124	2,916	857
December	7,994	719	2,119	2,456	1,736	964
1949 January	6,643	325	1,591	2,449	932	1,346
February	4,807	358	1,159	1,881	717	692
March	6,376	477	1,854	2,066	1,248	731
April	7,251	413	2,174	2,329	1,851	484
May	7,374	201	1,990	2,880	1,386	917
June	7,275	539	1,988	2,454	1,559	735

Table 5.- Dwelling Units completed during June, 1949 by time under construction for Canada and the provinces

	13 11-1		MOI	l year			
	Total	1-3	4-6	7-9	10-12	or more	unknown
CANADA	7,275	1,433	1,155	3,044	1,113	528	- 2
Provinces:							
Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia	393 146 1,988 2,454 458 490 611 735	129 49 296 349 75 367 20 148	34 2 588 285 5 2 101 138	90 7 926 1,083 230 53 415 240	87 87 168 467 93 64 63	53 1 10 268 55 4 12 125	2

Table 6.- Dwelling units completed during June, 1949 by time under construction, as a percentage of total completions for Canada and regions

Troit Italian Italian	es la laco		MOI	NTHS		
	Total	1-3	4-6	79	10-12	or more
CANADA	% 100	% 20	% 16	% 42	% 15	7
Regions:						
Maritime Region Quebec Ontario Prairie Provinces British Columbia	100 100 100 100 100	33 15 14 30 20	7 30 12 7 19	18 147 144 145 33	32 8 19 14	10 11 4 17

[■] Dwellings for which the length of time under construction is unknown have been omitted from the calculation of percentages.

Table 7 -- Completions by month by average time under construction

		Canada	Maritime Provinces	Quebec	Onterio	Prairie Provinces	British Columbia
1948	average	6.5	6.5	5.5	6.8	6.3	7.5
1948	January February March	7.7 6.3 7.1	6.0 7.5 9.5	6.8 4.5 6.0	8.7 7.1 7.1	6.7 7.2 7.6	8.1 8.2 8.0
	April May June	7.2 7.2 6.8	6.3 6.1 7.6	6.6 7.1 6.2	7.2 6.7 7.1	7.9 8.1 7.5	8.0 8.1 6.6
	July August September	6.1 6.2 5.4	6.4 5.5 5.4	4.5 4.6 4.2	7.4 6.8 7.0	6.3 4.9	7.0 7.7 6.3
	October November December	6.1 6.0 6.4	6.1 6.7 6.7	5.1 6.1 5.8	6.5 5.7 6.5	5.1 5.5 6.1	7.7 7.8 7.5
1949	January February March	7.0 7.3 7.9	7.6 8.6 9.9	7.7 6.6 6.9	6.1 8.0 8.2	6.2 6.4 7.4	7.6 6.6 8.7
	April May June	7.9 8.0 7.1	9.4 8.5 7.9	7.6 7.0 6.4	8.0 8.5 8.2	7.5 1.3 6.6	8.3 9.7 8.5

Table 8.- Completions during the first six months of 1949 by type of dwelling for Canada and the provinces

-con medial by the	total	one-femily detached	two-femily detached	row or terrace	apartment or flat	other
CANADA	39,726	30,523	3,650	361	4,974	218
Provinces:						
Prince Edward Island	112	112		ente		
Nova Scotia	1,648	1,626	2	-	20	_
New Brunswick	553	459	2	4	88	-
Quebec	10,756	3,792	3,270	357	3,264	73
Ontario	14.059	12,999	306	-	739	15
Manitoba	2,194	1,943	14	Pro 1	237	-
Saskatchewan	1,140	856	4	-	280	_
Alberta	4,359	4,085	32	819	112	130
British Columbia	4,905	4,651	20		234	

Table 9.- Rental units completed during the first six months of 1949 under the management of Central Mortgage and Housing Corporation

	total	one-family detached	two-family detached	row or terrace	apartment or flat	other
CANADA	5,010	4,669	92	4	245	
Provinces:			3 -			
Prince Edward Island	29	29		mer		-
Nova Scotia	371	371	607		100	
New Brunswick	323	235		14	84	-
Quebec	198	104	92		2	100
Ontario	2,226	2,072	- 1	-	154	TOILT COL
Manitoba	785	785	100	-	_	- 5 CC -
Saskatchewan	329	329	_	war.		
Alberta	306	306			_	
British Columbia	443	438	40	304	5	_

Table 10.- Construction of dwelling units during the first six months of 1949
in urban centres of 5000 or more

	10 902			1	
3 dlo 2 Class w	Under con- struction		to June 30		Under con- struction
	January 1	Started	Completed	Adjustments	June 30
Prince Edward Island:					
Charlottetown	53	16	40		29
Summerside	10	9	2	-	17
Nova Scotia:				200	
Amherst	49	6	42		71 "7
Halifax		249		7	13
New Glasgow	530 87	249	520 62	- 1 - 2	258 26
Springhill	15	3 9	10		14
Stellarton	75	1	68	- 1	14
Sydney	373	128	197	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	301
Truro	77	29			
Yarmouth	50	55	72 38	† 4	34 38
New Brunswick:					
Campbellton	7.7	8	75	1 1	7
Edmundston	33 16	21	35 16	T 1	21
Fredericton	231	32	222		41
Moncton	135	123	109	- 2	147
Saint John	135 243	170	127		286
Quebec:					
Asbestos	54	27	58		23
Chicoutimi	23	66	30	- 1	58
Drummondville	23 56	65	30 64	_	57
Granby	26	43	29		57
Grand Mere	42	48	26		64
Hul1	138	40	92	- g	78
Joliette	91	87	71	- 1	106
Jonquiere	31	38	33	-mo	36
Kenogami	13	11	16	PR PR	8
Lachute	6	8	6		8
La Tuque	40	30	38		32
Magog	8	31	8	-	31
Montreal	8,746	7,446	7.227	1 2	8,967
Quebec	558	530	570	-	518
Rimouski	49	13	1414	-	18
Riviere du Loup	13	5	12		6
Rouyn	36	-	om		36.
St. Hyacinthe	50 108	40	53	1 . 5	39
St. Jean		107	107	1 1	109
St. Jerome	33	68	32	-	69
St. Joseph d'Alma	22	57	10		69
St. Joseph de			7-3-4-3		Karl Harry
Grantham	4	14	2		16

	Under con-	January 1	to June 30		Under con-
	struction January 1	Started	Completed	Adjustments	June 30
Quebec: (concl'd)					
Shawinigan Falls	70	45	82		7.7
Sherbrooke		201		120	33 187
Sorel	119		133		11
Thetford Mines	18	5	19		34
Trois Rivieres	215	35 35	232	5	
Valleyfield	21.5	355 61	16	- 5	333
Victoriaville	34	45	33	C-50	52 46
Ontario:		·			
Barrie	77	64	54	-	87
Belleville	341	19	186	100	174
Brampton	28	īí	14		25
Brantford	230	310	238	E-7	302
Brockville	47	50	13	∆ p	84
Chatham	180	90	108		162
Cobourg	95	11		de	51
Collingwood	39	14	34		19
Cornwall	73	43	55 34 65 26		51
Dundas	24	12	26		10
Fort Erie	52	16	47	F-17	21
Fort Frances	32	21	31		22
Fort William	209	171	191	100	189
Galt	97	39	47	800	89
Guelph	179	78	103		154
Hamilton	1,224	812	826	- 38	1,172
Hawkesbury	12	6	13	4-7	4
Ingersoll	22	15	18	-	19
Kenora	28	₹E	-		28
Kingston	145	48	914	1 3	102
Kitchener	708	167	378	62	497
Leamington	38	174	26	-	26
Lindsay	28	29	27	- 1	29
London	835	636	592	† 2	881
Midland	13	6	12	-	7
Niagara Falls	292	139	198	= 1	232
North Bay	82	41	67	1 1	57
Orillia	69	28	70		27
Oshawa	141	120	126		135
Ottawa	803	353	685	· 14	457
Owen Sound	62	30	56	cry .	36
Parry Sound	3.020	6	100 m	-	6
Pembroke	102	28	100	-	30
Peterborough	320	207	220	~ 13	294
Port Arthur	159	133	154	23	137
Port Colborne	22	16	16	ėmo	22
Port Hope	51	11	21	600	41
Preston	5,4	16	19	0	21

	Under con- struction January 1	January Started	Adjustments		Under con- struction June 30	
	vanuary 1	viarted	Completed	Aujui	o viii e ii v is	a wife)0
Ontario: (concl'd)				110		
Renfrew	60	10	61		-	9
St. Catharines	357	137	229	+	4	269
St. Thomas	120	314	91	1310	-	63
Sernia	478	168	271	1	m	375
Sault Ste. Marie	136	238	126		-	548
Simcoe	48	19	38		-	29
Smith's Falls	21	8	16	- 111	-	13
Stratford	123	314	80		-	77
Sudbury	117	172	118	-	3	168
Thorold	93	13	66		refo	40
Timmins ·	36	6	12		-	30
Toronto	14,875	3,092	2,840	+	26	5,153
Trenton	76	6	61	as	14	17
Welland	167	66	126	1	2	109
Whitby	21	34	18			37
Windsor	861.	451	659		can	653
Woodstock	139	46	104	959	3	78
	Live No.					
Manitoba:						
Brandon	124	72	126	809	5	65
Portage la Prairie	3	25	3		-	25
Winnipeg	2,084	1,459	1,667	-	18	1,858
Saskatchewani						The Paris
Moose Jaw	136	26	91		1	70
North Battleford	59	14	148			25
Prince Albert	103	51	89			25 65
	226					457
Regina		358	127	9	7	221
Saskatoon	147	177	104	T	1	
Swift Current	102	31	25		Acqu	108
Weyburn	53	9	51		9753	11
Yorkton	104	43	64		-	83
Alberta:						10 10
Calgary	1,155	770	1,018		6	901
Edmonton	1,157	1,246	828	1	1	1,576
Lethbridge	257	108	177		1224	188
Medicine Hat	173	56	115		es	114
	The state of					
British Columbia:	AND DET	1.0				6-
Kamloops	35	46	18	7	2	65
Kelowna	92	63	71		mb	84
Nanaimo	177	156	134		616.	199
Nelson	14	5	9		-	10
Prince George		6	ob		-	.6
Prince Rupert	5	1			9CB	6
Trail	5/18	69	97		CLTS	220
Vancouver	4,630	2,304	2,771	6.0	3	4,160
Vernon	49	9	42		6.3	16
Victoria	866	506	504		0.00	868

Appendix 1: Definitions

- (a) The count of dwellings which are started, completed and under construction includes only new residential construction intended for year-round occupancy. Seasonal dwellings such as summer cottages, ski shacks, etc., are not counted. Dwellings which are occupied, even if unfinished, are regarded as completed for the purposes of this survey.
- (b) Type of dwelling
 - (i) 1-family detached: a one-family house open on all four sides, i.e., not joined to other buildings;
 - (ii) 2-family detached: a two-family house which contains only two dwelling units, either one above the other open on all four sides, or two units side by side each open on three sides, sometimes known as a semi-detached house;
 - (iii) row or terrace: a one-family or two-family house in a row of three or more attached houses with common or adjacent walls;
 - (iv) apartment or flat: an apartment or flat is (a) a residential structure containing three or more dwelling units, or (b) a structure used for business purposes which contains one or more dwelling units (e.g., living quarters in an office building or factory, living quarters over a store, etc.); and
 - (v) other: any type of dwelling which does not fall into one of the above classifications.
- (c) For the purpose of this survey, a dwelling unit is defined as the living quarters occupied by one household or family. The number of dwelling units in a structure will be the number of households the structure is intended to accommodate.
- (d) For the purpose of this survey, a farm must contain at least one acre and must yield agricultural produce valued at \$50 or more per year.

Appendix 2: Reliability of the estimates

Since the estimates in this report are partially based on a sample survey, they are subject to sampling variability. This sampling variability is not present in the data on the municipalities of 5,000 and over. When the estimates include an element derived from the sample survey, the sampling error increases as the size of the estimate decreases. Care should be taken, therefore, in interpreting the precision of some of the estimates. The estimate of unfinished dwellings for the whole of Canada should be within 5 per cent of the figure which would have been obtained from a complete count.

The estimates presented in the tables are shown to the last digit instead of being rounded, not because they are assumed to be accurate to the last digit, but rather for convenience in summation and economy in processing the tabulations.

In addition to sampling variation, all the estimates are subject to errors of enumeration. However, these should be very small as the survey for the most part can be carried on without interview with a consequent elimination of all types of respondent error. A complete count by the same enumerators would contain the same enumerative error.

Appendix 3 : Metropolitan areas

Some cities in Canada have reasonably well-defined suburban areas which, for the purposes of the survey of starts and completions of dwelling units, have been included under the name of the principal city. A list of the municipalities included in these metropolitan areas is given in Housing Bulletin No. 12 pp. 17-19.

Appendix 4: Index of residential rents

Since November, 1947, the Dominion Bureau of Statistics has been collecting data on money rents from a sample of households in conjunction with the quarterly labour force survey. The aggregate rent paid by a group of households in a given month is compared with the aggregate rent paid by the same group for the same living quarters in the next month. With a matched sample such as this, variations due to changes in the sample and to non-response are climinated, and the index is a reliable measure of the change in ront paid for the same accommodation. Rent reported is the cash rent paid in all cases regardless of minor changes in the services provided.

Index of non-farm residential rents in Canada, by region (October, 1947 = 100)

	Month	Total	Maritime Provinces	Quebec	Ontario	Prairie Provinces	British Columbia
1947	July	99.7	99.4	100.0	99.4	99.5	99.9
	August	99.8	99.5	100.1	99.6	99.7	100.1
	September	99.9	99.7	100.1	99.8	99.7	100.0
	October	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0
	November	100.1	100.6	100.0	100.3	99.9	100.2
	December	100.2	100.6	100.1	100.3	99.8	100.2
1948	January	100.2	100.8	100.1	100.4	99.9	100.5
	February	100.3	100.8	100.1	100.4	99.9	100.5
	March	100.6	101.0	100.5	100.7	100.0	101.2
	April	100.6	101.1	100.5	100.7	100.0	101.2
	May	100.8	101.4	100.8	100.8	100.1	101.9
	June	100.9	101.5	100.8	100.9	100.1	102.0
	July	100.9	101.7	100.8	100.8	100.1	102.1
	August	100.9	101.8	100.8	100.8	100.2	102.3
	September	100.9	101.8	100.8	100.8	100.2	101.6
dillo d	October	100.9	102.1	100.9	101.1	100.2	100.8
	November	101.1	102.2	101.0	101.3	100.8	100.9
	December	101.5	102.5	101.4	101.7	101.0	101.5
1949	January	101.9	102.8	101.7	102.3	101.5	102.0
	February	102.0	102.9	101.7	102.4	101.6	102.1
	March	102.1	103.0	101.8	102.5	101.6	102.2
	April	102,5	103.1	102.0	102.7	102.1	102.3
	May	102,5	103.7	102.4	102.3	102.1	102.4
	June	102,9	104.0	102.7	103.2	102.7	102.7

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