## THE LABOUR FORCE

QUARTERLY SURVEY, WEEK ENDED MAY 31, 1952

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## I INTRODUCTION

This report presents the results of the twenty-seventh labour force survey of the Dominion Bureal of Statistics, covering the week ended May 31, 1952. The survey is one of a continuing series begun in November, 1945, and taken at quarterly intervals since. Over 30,000 households chosen by area sampling methods in $11 \%$ different areas in Canada are visited each quarter. The labour force surveys provide periodic estimates of the employment characteristics of the civilian noninstitutional population of working age. Persons are classified according to current activity during the specific weeks covered by the surveys.

The final estimates are obtained by weighting the sample survey results to estimeted totals of population in age and sex groups in each province. These totals are derived from the official estimates of population based on census counts adjusted by the numbers of births, deaths, imrigrants, and known emigrants for the intervening period. The population estimates used for the 1952, and November, 1951, surveys are based on 1951 Census data. Estimates for previous surveys had been based on 1941 Census figures and were somewhat higher than if calculated on the basis of 1951 Census data because of the lack of reliable material on certain classes of emigration. The whole series of lebour force estimates before November, 1951, has been revised to bring them in line with revised population estimates for inter-censal years and is being published as a Reference Paper. In this report all estimates shown for the March, June, and August, 1951, surveys are on the revised basis.

Tables 1 to 8, inclusive, of this report present data for Canada as a whole, Table 1 sumarizing labour force characteristics and the remainder dealing with particular classifications. All regional data are brought together in Table 9. Definitions and explanations with reference to these tables are contained in Part III.

The estimates are subject to sampling error. In general, the smaller the estimate, the larger is the relative sampling error. Any estimate of less than 10,000 is replaced throughout the tables by an asterisk, as an indication that the sampling error associated with it is relatively large and that it should not be used without careful reservation.

It has not so far been possible to include in the labour force surveys persons living in certain inaccessible areas and Indians living on reservations, an estimated total of 180,000 .

In the week ended May 31, 1952, the civilian labour force totalled $5,329,000$ representing an increase of 74,000 ( $1.4 \%$ ) over the total of $5,255,000$ for the week ended June 2, 1951. During the same period the number of persons not in the labour force increased to a greater extent by 122,000 (2.7\%) from $4,459,000$ to $4,581,000$. Consequently, the total increase in the civilian noninstitutional population 14 years of age and over was 196,000 (2.1\%), the total being $9,910,000$ at the end of May, 1952.

The shift of workers from the agricultural to the nonagricultural labour force noted in earlier surveys has continued during the past year. Thus, the agricultural labour force declined from 998,000 for the week ended June 2, 1951 to 926,000 for the week ended May 31, 1952. During the same time the nonagricultural labour force rose from $4,257,000$ to $4,403,000$.

Persons with jobs increased by 50,000 from $5,172,000$ in the week ended June 2, 1951 to 5,22凤,000 in the week ended May 31, 1952. A somewhat larger proportion of this group was working full time (defined as 35 hours or more) during the current survey week than at the same season last year. At the same time the number having a job who did no work and were not looking for work, increased by 38,000, the increase being spread among several categories including those persons involved in a labour dispute, on temporary layoff, ill and on vacation.

Persons without jobs and seeking work in the week ended May 31 numbered 107,000 or 24,000 more than during the same season last year. In addition to this group being somewhat larger there was some indication that the average length of time spent between jobs was greater than last year.

In that portion of the population not in the labour force, there were 94,000 more persons keeping house and 60,000 more going to school than at the same time last year.

## III DEFINITIONS AND EXPLANATIONS

(a) Labour force - The civilian labour force is composed of that portion of the civilian noninstitutional population 14 years of age and over that had jobs or that did not have jobs and were seeking work during the survey week.
(b) Persons with jobs - For the purpose of the labour force survey, this category consists of two groups:
(1) those who did any work in the survey week for pay or profit or who did unpaid work which contributed to the running of a farm or a business operated by a relative;
(ii) those who had jobs but did not work during the survey week because of illness, bad weather, vacation, labour dispute, or temporary layoff with definite instructions to return to work within 30 days of the time of being laid off. (Persons who had jobs but did not work during the survey week and who also looked for work are included in (c) below, "Persons without jobs and seeking work".)

A useful supplement to the estimates of persons with jobs is provided in Table 4 which contains estimates of the weekly hours of work of persons employed in agriculture and in nonagricultural industries, and also of paid workers in nonagricultural industries. While variations in the estimates of the total number of persons with jobs provide a valuable indicator of economic conditions, significant changes in employment conditions may be concealed unless attention is focussed on the extent to which people worked less than full time. In tiis table, persons with jobs but not at work in the survey week are classed as working zero hours. Table 5 classifies persons in this category by the reasons for their absence from work.
(c) Persons Without jobs and seeking work - This cktegory includes those persons who were looking for work in the survey week and who did no work. Persons who were temporarily away from their jobs during the whole of the survey week and were seeking work are considered as without jobs and are inciuded in this category. In addition to those who actively looked for work, this clessification includes persons who would have locked for work, except that they were temporarily ill, were on indefinite or prolonged leyoff, or believed that no work was available.
(d) Persons not in the labour force - The non-working part of the population 14 years of age and over consists of those who are outside the labour force in the sense that they do not work for pay or profit or as unpaid workers in family enterprises slich as farms or businesses ard are not looking for work. Persons not in the labour force include, therefore, such groups as those going to school or keeping house, persons who are too old or unable to work for some other reason, and persons who are voluntarily idle or retired. Persons, such as housewives, students and others, who worked part-time are classed as persons with jobs, or, if they are looking for work, they are classed as persons without jobs and seeking work.

Table 1. - Summary of the labour force characteristics of the population 14 years of age and over, Canada.
(estimates in thousends)

|  | Total | Civilian labour force |  |  |  |  |  |  | Not <br> in the labour fore |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | Total labour force | 1th jobs |  |  |  |  | Vithout jobs and sooking work |  |
|  |  |  | Total <br> with <br> jobs | At work (hours) |  |  | Not at work (1) |  |  |
|  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & 35 \text { or } \\ & \text { more } \end{aligned}$ | 15-34 | 1-14 |  |  |  |
| Both Sexer |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Way 31, 1952 | 9,910 | 5,329 | 5,222 | 4,655 | 330 | 108 | 129 | 107 | 4,581 |
| Mar. 1, 1952 | 9,887 | 5,179 | 4,967 | 4,305 | 389 | 93 | 180 | 212 | 4,708 |
| Nov. 3, 1951 | 9,790 | 5,210 | 5,110 | 4,458 | 451 | 82 | 119 | 100 | 4,580 |
| Aug. 18, 1951 | 9,744 | 5,343 | 5,266 | 4,579 | 309 | 79 | 299 | 77 | 4,401 |
| June 2, 1951 | 9,714 | 3,255 | 5,172 | 4,632 | 335 | 114 | 91 | 83 | 4,459 |
| Mar. 3, 1951 | 9,688 | 5,114 | 4,944 | 4,200 | 428 | 109 | 207 | 170 | 4,574 |
| Malos |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May 31, 1952 | 4,970 | 4,143 | 4,053 | 3,739 | 178 | 36 | 100 | 90 | 827 |
| War. 1, 1952 | 4,965 | 4,053 | 3,872 | 3,422 | 250 | 47 | 153 | 181 | 912 |
| Nov. 3, 1951 | 4,920 | 4,085 | 4,005 | 3,613 | 265 | 33 | 94 | 80 | 835 |
| Aug. 18, 1951 | 4,899 | 4,193 | 4,136 | 3,744 | 165 | 18 | 209 | 57 | 706 |
| June 2, 1951 | 4,888 | 4,086 | 4,020 | 3,746 | 170 | 33 | 71 | 66 | 802 |
| Mar. 3, 1951 | 4,874 | 4,005 | 3,857 | 3,359 | 271 | 55 | 172 | 148 | 869 |
| Females |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May. 31, 1952 | 4,940 | 1,186 | 1,169 | 916 | 152 | 72 | 29 | 17 | 3,754 |
| War. 1, 1952 | 4,922 | 1,126 | 1,095 | 883 | 139 | 46 | 27 | 31 | 3,796 |
| Nov. 3, 1951 | 4,870 | 1,125 | 1,105 | 845 | 186 | 49 | 25 | 20 | 3,745 |
| Aug. 18, 1951 | 4,845 | 1,150 | 1,130 | 835 | 144 | 61 | 90 | 20 | 3,695 |
| June 2, 1951 | 4,826 | 1,169 | 1,152 | 886 | 165 | 81 | 20 | 17 | 3,657 |
| Mar. 3, 1951 | 4,814 | 1,109 | 1,087 | 841 | 157 | 54 | 35 | 22 | 3,705 |

(1) Ineludes persons who did not work at thoir jobs during the aurvey wook bocause of illness, bed weather, vacation, labour dispute or temporary layoff and who waro not seoking work.

Table 2. - Age distributions, Canada
(estimates in thousands)

|  | Total | $\begin{aligned} & 14-19 \\ & \text { years } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 20-24 \\ & \text { years } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 25-44 \\ & \text { years } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 45-64 \\ & \text { years } \end{aligned}$ | 65 years and over |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| The Labour Force |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\frac{\text { Both sexes }}{\text { May }} 31,1952$ |  |  |  | 2,427 | 1,392 | 227 |
| May 31, 1952 March 1, 1952 | 5,329 5,179 | 530 518 | 753 720 | 2,427 2,350 | 1,392 | 220 |
| June 2, 1951 | 5,255 | 552 | 758 | 2,341 | 1,368 | 236 |
| Malos <br> May 31, 1952 | 4,143 | 331 | 496 | 1,936 | 1,172 | 208 |
| March 1, 1952 | 4,053 | 322 | 473 | 1,899 | 1,162 | 197 |
| June 2, 1951 | 4,086 | 340 | 493 | 1,884 | 1,156 | 213 |
| Females |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May 31, 1952 | 1,186 | 199 | 257 | $491{ }^{\circ}$ | 220 |  |
| March 1, 1952 | 1,126 | 196 | 247 | 451 | 209 | 23 |
| June 2, 1951 | 1,169 | 212 | 265 | 457 | 212 | 23 |
| Persons with Jobs |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\frac{\text { Both soxos }}{\text { May 31, }} 1952$ |  |  |  |  |  | 224 |
| May 31, 1952 March 1, 1952 | 5,222 | 506 475 | 681 | 2,392 2,275 | 1,323 | 213 |
| June 2, 1951 | 5,172 | 533 | 741 | 2,317 | 1,349 | 232 |
| Males <br> May 31, 1952 | 4,053 | 314 | 479 | 1,905 | 1,150 | 205 |
| March 1, 1952 | 3,872 | 291 | 441 | 1,830 | 1,119 | 191 |
| June 2, 1951 | 4,020 | 327 | 481 | 1,864 | 1,139 | 209 |
| Famales |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May 31, 1952 | 1,169 | 192 | 253 | 487 | 218 | 19 |
| March 1, 1952 | 1,095 | 184 | 240 | 445 | 204 | 22 |
| June 2, 1951 | 1,152 | 206 | 260 | 453 | 210 | 23 |

Table 2. - Age distributions, Canada - con.
(estimates in thousands)


* Less than 10,000 .

Table 3. - Occupational status of persons with jobe, Canada
(estimates in thousands)

|  | Total | Paid workers | awn= account workers (1) | Employers <br> (2) | Unpaid family work ers (3) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Both sexes |  |  |  |  |  |
| May 31, 1952 | 5,222 | 3,887 | 730 | 306 | 299 |
| Mar. 1, 1952 | 4,967 | 3,725 | 712 | 282 | 248 |
| June 2, 1951 | 5,172 | 3,752 | 906 | 189 | 325 |
| $\frac{\text { Agricultural }}{\text { Kay 31, } 1952}$ | 924 | 105 | 495 | 76 | 248 |
| Mar. 1, 1952 | 825 | 87 | 482 | 62 | 194 |
| June 2, 1951 | 997 | 112 | 563 | 49 | 273 |
| $\frac{\text { Nonagricultural }}{\text { May }} 31,1952$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| May 31, 1952 | 4,298 | 3,782 | 235 | 230 | 51 |
| Mar. 1, 1952 June 2, 1951 | 4,142 4,175 | 3,638 3,640 | 230 343 | 220 140 | 54 52 |
| Malos |  |  |  |  |  |
| May 31, 1952 | 4,053 | 2,885 | 685 | 287 | 196 |
| Nar. 1, 1952 | 3,872 | 2,749 | 671 | 266 | 186 |
| June 2, 1951 | 4,020 | 2,777 | 852 | 181 | 210 |
| $\frac{\text { Asricultural }}{\text { May 31, }} 1952$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mar. 1, 1952 |  | 99 83 | 477 | 74 61 | 181 |
| June 2, 1951 | 898 | 103 | 553 | 48 | 194 |
| Nonagricultural |  |  |  |  |  |
| May 31, 1952 | 3,214 | 2,786 | 200 | 213 | 15 |
| Mar. 1, 1952 | 3,086 | 2,666 | 194 | 205 | 21 |
| June 2, 1951 | 3,122 | 2,674 | 299 | 133 | 16 |
| Females |  |  |  |  |  |
| May 31, 1952 | 1,169 | 1,002 | 45 | 19 | 103 |
| Mar. 1, 1952 | 1,095 | 976 | 41 | 16 | 62 |
| June 2, 1951 | 1,152 | 975 | 54 | * | 115 |
| Agricultural |  |  |  |  |  |
| May 31, 1952 | 85 | * | 10 | * | 67 |
| Mar. 1, 1952 | 39 | * | * | * | 29 |
| June 2, 1951 | 99 | * | 10 | * | 79 |
| Nonagricultural |  |  |  |  |  |
| May 31, 1952 | 1,084 | 996 | 35 | 17 | 36 |
| Mar. 1, 1952 | 1,056 | 972 | 36 | 15 | 33 |
| June 2, 1951 | 1,053 | 966 | 44 | * | 36 |

(1) Without paid employess. (2) With own business, profession, or farm. (3) In a business or farm.

* Less than 10,000 .

Table 4. - Number of hours worked during the survey week, Canada
(estimates in thousands)

|  | Total | $\begin{gathered} 0 \\ \text { hours } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} 1-14 \\ \text { hours } \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 15-24 \\ & \text { hours } \end{aligned}$ | $25-34$ hours | $\begin{aligned} & 35-44 \\ & \text { hours } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 45-54 \\ & \text { hours } \end{aligned}$ | $55 \text { and }$ over |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| All Status Groups |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Both gexes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May 31, 1952 | 5,222 | 129 | 108 | 141 | 189 | 2,362 | 1,304 | 989 |
| Mar. 1, 1952 | 4,967 | 180 | 93 | 174 | 215 | 2,331 | 1,348 | 626 |
| June 2, 1951 |  | 91 |  |  |  | 2,131 | 1,396 |  |
| Agricultural |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May 31, 1952 | 924 | 20 | 49 | 32 | 32 | 52 | 168 | 582 |
| Mar. 1, 1952 June 2, 1951 | 825 | 20 | 28 51 | 51 47 | 58 29 | 130 52 | 242 154 | 296 658 |
| Nonagricultural |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May 31, 1952 | 4,298 | 120 | 59 | 109 | 157 | 2,310 | 1,136 | 407 |
| Mar. 1, 1952 | 4,142 | 160 | 65 | 123 | 157 | 2,201 | 1,106 | 330 |
| June 2, 1951 | 4,175 | 85 | 63 | 100 | 159 | 2,079 | 1,242 | 447 |
| Vales |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May 31, 1952 | 4,053 | 100 | 36 | 71 | 107 | 1,730 | 1,087 | 922 |
| Mar. 1, 1952 | 3,872 | 153 | 47 | 105 | 145 | 1,718 | 1,135 | 569 |
| June 2, 1951 | 4,020 | 71 | 33 | 69 | 101 | 1,524 | 1,181 | 1,041 |
| Agricultural |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May 31, 1952 | 839 | * | * | 19 | 25 | 46 | 162 | 571 |
| Mar. 1, 1952 | 786 | 19 | 14 | 44 | 56 20 | 125 46 | 236 147 | 292 650 |
| June 2, 1951 | 898 |  |  | 24 | 20 | 46 | 147 | 650 |
| Nonagricultural |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May 31, 1952 | 3,214 3,086 | 91 134 | 29 33 | 52 61 | 82 89 | 1,684 1,593 | 925 899 | 351 277 |
| June 2, 1951 | 3,122 | 134 65 | 28 | 45 | 81 | 1,478 | 1,034 | 391 |

* Less than 10,000 .

Table 4. - Number of hours worked during the survoy week, Canade - con.
(estimates in thousands)

|  | Total | 0 hours | $\begin{aligned} & 1-14 \\ & \text { hours } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 15-24 \\ & \text { hours } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 25-34 \\ & \text { hours } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 35-44 \\ & \text { hours } \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 45-54 \\ & \text { hours } \end{aligned}$ | 55 and over |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| A11 Status Groups- |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Females |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May 31, 1952 | 1,169 | 29 | 72 | 70 | 82 | 632 | 217 |  |
| Mar. 1, 1952 | 1,095 | 27 | 46 | 69 | 70 87 | 613 607 | 213 | 57 64 |
| June 2, 1951 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Agricultural |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May 31, 1952 Mar. 1, 1952 | 85 39 | * | 42 14 | 13 | * | * | * | 11 |
| June 2, 1951 |  | * | 46 | 23 | * | * | * | * |
| Nonagricultural |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May 31, 1952 | 1,084 | 29 | 30 | 57 | 75 |  | 211 |  |
| Mar. 1, 1952 | 1,056 | 26 | 32 | 62 | 68 | 608 | 207 | 53 |
| June 2, 1951 | 1,053 | 20 | 35 | 55 | 78 | 601 | 208 | 56 |
| Paid Workers |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Both sexos |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May 31, 1952 | 3,782 | 112 | 49 | 85 | 126 | 2,179 | 962 |  |
| Mar. 1, 1952 | 3,638 | 132 | 51 | 95 | 122 | 2,090 | 934 1.055 | 214 296 |
| June 2, 1951 | 3,640 | 76 | 52 | 74 | 128 | 1,959 | 1,055 |  |
| Kales |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May 31, 1952 | 2,786 | 84 | 25 | 42 | 64 | 1,572 | 772 | 227 |
| Mar. 1, 1952 | 2,666 | 107 | 26 | 49 | 65 | 1,497 | 746 | 176 |
| June 2, 1951 | 2,674 | 56 | 24 | 35 | 62 | 1,378 | 865 | 254 |
| Females |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May 31, 1952 | 996 | 28 | 24 | 43 | 62 | 607 | 190 | 42 |
| Mar. 1, 1952 | 972 | 25 | 25 | 46 | 57 | 593 | 188 | 38 |
| June 2, 1951 | 966 | 20 | 28 | 39 | 66 | 581 | 190 | 42 |

[^0]Table 5. - Reason for absence of persons with jobs not at work during the survey week, Canada
(estimates in thousands)

|  | Tota1 | Illness | Bed <br> weather | Vacation | Labour <br> dispute | Temporary <br> layoff <br> (1) | Other |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |

(1) Includes only those who had definite instructions to return to their jobs within 30 days of date on which layoff began.

* Less than 10,000.

Table 6. - Marital status of females with jobs, Canada
(estinates in thousands)

|  | Total | Single | Married | Other (1) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Total |  |  |  |  |
| May 31, 1952 | 1,169 | 678 | 381 |  |
| $\begin{array}{ll}\text { Mar. } \\ \text { June } & 2,1952 \\ \text { 2, }\end{array}$ | 1,095 | 659 | 324 | 112 |
| June 2, 1951 |  |  | $361$ |  |
| Agriculturel |  |  |  |  |
| May 31, 1952 | 85 | 21 | 59 | * |
| Mar. 1, 1952 | 39 | 12 | 23 | * |
| June 2,1951 | 99 | 27 | 65 | * |
| Nonagricultural |  |  |  |  |
| May 31, 1952 | 1,084 | 657 | 322 | 105 |
| Mar. 1, 1952 | 1,056 | 647 | 301 | 108 |
| June 2, 1951 | 1,053 | 657 | 296 | 100 |

(1) Includes widowed, divorced, and permanently separated.

* Less than 10,000 .

Table 7. - Number of months looking for work, for persons without jobs during the survey week, Canada (estimates in thousands)

|  | Totzl | Under 1 <br> month | 1-3 <br> months | $4-6$ <br> months | $7-12$ <br> months | 13-18 <br> months | 19 <br> and over |
| :--- | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| May 31, 1952 | 107 | 32 | 40 | 23 | $*$ | $*$ | $*$ |
| Mar. 1, 1952 | 212 | 40 | 116 | 42 | $*$ | $*$ | $*$ |
| June 2,1951 | 83 | 28 | 28 | 13 | $*$ | $*$ | $*$ |

* Less than 10,000 .

Table 8. - Class of nonworker of persons not in the labour force, Canade
(estimates in thousands)

|  | Total | Permanently unable or too old to work | Keeping house | Going to school | Retired or voluntarily idie | Other |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Both sexes |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May 31, 1952 | 4,581 | 230 | 3,219 | 703 | 415 | 14 |
| Nar. 1, 1952 | 4,708 | 248 | 3,233 | 697 | 514 | 16 |
| June 2, 1951 | 4,459 | 236 | 3,125 | 643 | 441 | 14 |
| Malos |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May 31, 1952 | 827 | 145 | * | 380 | 296 | * |
| Mar. 1, 1952 | 912 | 154 | * | 360 | 388 | 10 |
| June 2, 1951 | 802 | 147 | * | 321 | 324 | * |
| Females |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May 31, 1952 | 3,754 | 85 | 3,218 | 323 | 119 | * |
| Mar. 1, 1952 | 3,796 | 94 | 3,233 | 337 | 126 | * |
| June 2, 1951 | 3,657 | 89 | 3,124 | 322 | 117 | * |

* Less than 10,000 .

Table 9. - Regional distributions
(estimates in thousands)

|  | Canada | Nfld. | $\begin{aligned} & P_{.} E_{.} I_{0} \\ & N_{0} S_{0} \\ & \text { N. B. }_{0} \end{aligned}$ | Que. | Ont. | Man. Sask. Alta. | B.C. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| The Labour Forces |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Both sexes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May 31, 1952 | 5,329 | 110 | 415 | 1,504 | 1,896 | 969 | 435 |
| Mar. 1, 1952 | 5,179 | 103 | 398 | 1,487 | 1,834 | 923 | 434 |
| June 2, 1951 | 5,255 | 109 | 428 | 1,475 | 1,852 | 952 | 439 |
| $\frac{\text { Agricultural }}{\text { May 31, }} 1952$ | 926 | * | 60 | 217 | 236 | 383 | 24 |
| Mar. 1, 1952 | 832 | * | 47 | 197 | 207 | 355 | 24 |
| June 2, 1951 | 998 | * | 64 | 252 | 251 | 395 | 31 |
| Nonagricultural |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May 31, 1952 | 4,403 | 104 | 355 | 1,287 | 1,660 | 586 | 411 |
| Mar. 1, 1952 | 4,347 | 101 | 351 | 1,290 | 1,627 | 568 | 410 |
| June 2, 1951 | 4,257 | 104 | 364 | 1,223 | 1,601 | 557 | 408 |
| Males 31 1952 4 - 303 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May 31, 1952 | 4,143 | 90 | 333 | 1,166 | 1,444 | 771 | 339 |
| Mar. 1, 1952 | 4,053 | 84 | 321 | 1,148 | 1,410 | 749 | 341 |
| June 2, 1951 | 4,086 | 91 | 343 | 1,138 | 1,407 | 765 | 342 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May 31, 1952 Mar. 1, 1952 | 841 793 | * | 55 45 | 205 194 | 209 199 | 348 333 | 19 20 |
| June 2, 1951 | 899 | * | 60 | 232 | 220 | 357 | 25 |
| Nonagricultural |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Nay 31, 1952 | 3,302 | 85 | 278 | 961 | 1,235 | 423 | 320 |
| Kar. 1, 1952 | 3,260 | 82 | 276 | 954 | 1,211 | 416 | 321 |
| June 2, 1951 | 3,187 | 86 | 283 | 906 | 1,187 | 408 | 317 |
| Females |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May 31, 1952 | 1,186 | 20 | 82 | 338 | 452 | 198 | 96 |
| Mar. 1, 1952 | 1,126 | 19 | 77 | 339 | 424 | 174 | 93 |
| June 2, 1951 | 1,169 | 18 | 85 | 337 | 445 | 187 | 97 |
| Asricultural 8 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May 31, 1952 Mar. 1, 1952 | 85 39 | * | * | 12 | 27 | 35 22 | * |
| June 2, 1951 | 99 | * | * | 20 | 31 | 38 | * |
| Nonagricultural |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May 31, 1952 | 1,101 | 19 | 77 | 326 | 425 | 163 | 91 |
| Mar. 1, 1952 | 1,087 | 19 | 75 | 336 | 416 | 152 | 89 |
| June 2, 1951 | 1,070 | 18 | 81 | 317 | 414 | 149 | 91 |

[^1]Table 9. - Regional distributions - con.
(ostimates in thousands)

|  | Canada | Nfld. |  | Que. | Ont. | Man. <br> Sask. <br> Alta. | B.C. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| The Labour Force |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All ages |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May 31, 1952 | 5,329 | 110 | 415 | 1,504 | 1,896 | 969 | 435 |
| Mar. 1, 1952 | 5,179 | 103 | 398 | 1,487 | 1,834 | 923 | 434 |
| June 2, 1951 | 5,255 | 109 | 428 | 1,475 | 1,852 | 952 | 439 |
| $\frac{14-19 \text { years }}{\text { May 31, }} 1952$ | 530 | 14 | 43 | 186 | 167 | 92 | 28 |
| Niar. 1, 1952 | 518 | 11 | 41 | 185 | 161 | 90 | 30 |
| June 2, 1951 | 552 | 13 | 47 | 190 | 170 | 102 | 30 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May 31, 1952 | 753 | 19 | 60 | 238 | 252 | 134 | 50 |
| Mar. 1, 1952 | 720 | 19 | 59 | 238 | 227 | 127 | 50 |
| June 2, 1951 | 758 | 19 | 65 | 233 | 247 | 137 | 57 |
| 25-44 yoars |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mar. 1, 1952 | 2,350 | 46 | 186 | 677 | 826 | 412 | 203 |
| June 2, 1951 | 2,341 | 51 | 191 | 666 | 814 | 416 | 203 |
| 45-64 years |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May 31, 1952 | 1,392 | 24 | 107 | 347 | 521 | 267 | 126 |
| Mar. 1, 1952 | 1,371 | 25 | 96 | 343 | 527 | 251 | 129 |
| June 2, 1951 | 1,368 | 24 | 105 | 338 | 524 | 250 | 127 |
| 65 yoars and over |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May 31, 1952 | 227 | * | 20 | 45 | 93 | 45 | 21 |
| Mar. 1, 1952 | 220 | * | 16 | 44 | 93 | 43 | 22 |
| June 2, 1951 | 236 | * | 20 | 48 | 97 |  | 22 |
| Persons with Jobs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| All status groups |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May 31, 1952 | 5,222 | 104 | 405 | 1,463 | 1,866 | 959 | 425 |
| kar. 1, 1952 | 4,967 | 92 | 375 | 1,412 | 1,779 | 899 | 410 |
| June 2, 1951 | 5,172 | 103 | 418 | 1,445 | 1,833 | 943 | 430 |
| Kial ${ }^{\text {as }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| - May 31, 1952 | 4,053 |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Kar. 1, 1952 | 3,872 | 73 | 302 | 1,086 | 1,362 | 728 | 321 |
| June 2, 1951 | 4,020 | 85 | 335 | 1,114 | 1,393 | 758 | 335 |

* Less than 10,000 .

Table 9. - Regional distributions - con.
(estimates in thousands)
$\left.\begin{array}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|c|}\hline & & & \text { Canada } & \text { Nfld. } & \begin{array}{c}\text { P.E.I. } \\ \text { N.S. } \\ \text { N.B. }\end{array} & \text { Qus. } & \text { Ont. } \\ & & & \begin{array}{c}\text { Man. } \\ \text { Salta. }\end{array} & \text { B.C. } \\ \text { Alta. }\end{array}\right]$

* Lese than 10,000 .

Table 9. - Regional distributions - con.
(estimates in thousands)

|  | Caneda | Nfld. | $\begin{aligned} & P_{.} E_{\bullet} I_{\bullet} \\ & N_{\bullet} S_{\bullet} \\ & N_{\bullet} B_{0} \end{aligned}$ | Que. | Ont. | Man. <br> Sa.sk. <br> Alta. | B.C. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Persons with Jobs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Paid workers |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May 31, 1952 | 3,887 | 80 | 299 | 1,118 | 1,499 | 537 | 354 |
| Mar. 1, 1952 | 3,725 | 75 | 286 | 1,085 | 1,439 | 503 | 337 |
| June 2, 1951 | 3,752 | 79 | 303 | 1,063 | 1,456 | 499 | 352 |
| $\frac{\text { Malos }}{\text { May }} 31,1952$ | 2,885 | 64 | 231 | 824 | 1,105 | 388 | 273 |
| Mar. 1, 1952 | 2,749 | 60 | 220 | 786 | 1,058 | 364 | 261 |
| June 2, 1951 | 2,777 | 64 | 232 | 779 | 1,068 | 361 | 273 |
| $\frac{\text { Females }}{\text { May }} 31,1952$ | 1,002 | 16 | 68 | 294 | 394 | 149 | 81 |
| Mar. 1, 1952 | - 976 | 15 | 66 | 299 | 381 | 139 | 76 |
| June 2, 1951 | 975 | 15 | 71 | 284 | 388 | 138 | 79 |
| Persons without Jobs |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May 31, 1952 | 107 | * | 10 | 41 | 30 | 10 | 10 |
| Mar. 1, 1952 | 212 | 11 | 23 | 75 | 55 | 24 | 24 |
| June 2, 1951 | 83 | * | 10 | 30 | 19 |  | * |
| Persons not in the |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Both sexes |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May 31, 1952 | 4,581 | 125 | 432 | 1,279 | 1,507 | 811 | 427 |
| Mar. 1, 1952 | 4,708 | 139 | 454 | 1,291 | 1,542 | 852 | 430 |
| June 2, 1951 | 4,459 | 127 | 416 | 1,250 | 1,452 | 801 | 413 |
| Maleg |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May 31, 1952 | 827 | 32 41 | 87 102 | 212 | 248 | 149 | 100 |
| June 2, 1951 | 802 | 31 | 79 | 211 | 239 | 148 | 94 |
| Females |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| May 31, 1952 | 3,754 | 93 | 345 | 1,067 | 1,259 | 662 | 328 |
| Mar. 1, 1952 | 3,796 | 98 | 352 | 1,064 | 1,271 | 681 | 330 |
| June 2, 1951 | 3,657 | 96 | 337 | 1,039 | 1,213 | 653 | 319 |

[^2]


[^0]:    * Less than 10,000 .

[^1]:    * Leas than 10,000 .

[^2]:    * Less than 10,000 .

