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SURVEY OF HIGHER EDUCATION 1950 - 1952

(PART II OF THE BIENNIAL SURVEY OF EDUCATION IN CANADA, 1950-1952)

DOMINION BUREAU OF STATISTICS

Education Division

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(2/8/54)

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PREFACE

The biennium under review saw an important development with regard to Federal Government participation in the financing of higher education in Canada. As a result of the Report of the Royal Commission on Development in the Arts, Letters and Sciences, the Federal Government, acting on a recommendation contained therein, paid nearly \$7,000,000 to certain institutions, based on their enrolment, during the academic year 1951-52.

With full time enrolment continuing to decrease from the peak set in 1947-48, and with continuing rising costs of operations, the universities and colleges of Canada were being faced with growing financial pressures which could only in part be met by an increase in student fees.

The report has been prepared by R.D. Mitchener of the Education Division of the Bureau.

May 1954.

H. MARSHALL,
Dominion Statistician.

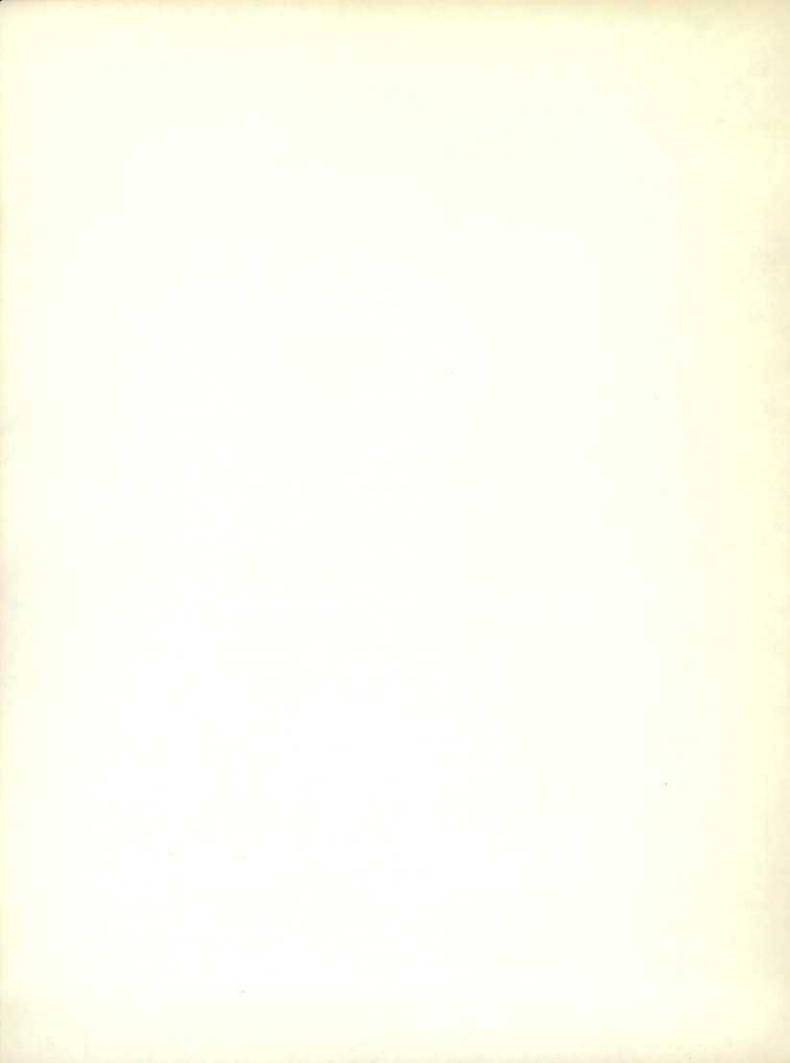


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SECTION I
ANALYSIS OF DATA



CHAPTER I

Entrance Requirements for Arts and Science in Canadian Universities

Minimum entrance requirements for the first years of Arts and Science courses vary between provinces and are governed by the high school matriculation standards in force within each province. Provincial differences result from the regulations of the British North America Act of 1867 which placed education solely within the realm of the constituent provinces of Canada. Through the years following Confederation, differing curricula in the secondary schools have led to various levels at which a student may obtain junior and senior matriculation. These, in turn, have had an effect on university entrance regulations in the different provinces.

Four provinces (Prince Edward Island, Nova Scotia; Quebec and Manitoba) consider the Grade XI level as being junior matriculation and the universities in those provinces accept students with that standing into the first year of a four year course leading to a pass or general B.A. Saskatchewan and Alberta require an additional year after Grade XI (senior matriculation or Grade XII) for entry into the first year but the B.A. may then be obtained in three years. British Columbia allows entry with Grade XII, there considered as junior matriculation, with four years of study being required for a degree. In Ontario there is no uniform system of admission as is the case with the institutions in the other provinces. Some of the institutions allow entrance with Grade XII (Ontario junior matriculation) while others

require Grade XIII (Ontario senior matriculation). In both cases, however, the total time required to obtain the B.A. is the same—four years from junior or three years from senior matriculation. Newfoundland has revised its high school curriculum so that beginning in 1954-55 Grade XII Standing will be required for entry into the four year B.A. course. Previously, Grade XI was necessary. New Brunswick, in 1953-54, also added one year to the high school program so that Grade XII will be needed for university entrance.

The French language system may be considered, for equating purposes, to have the eleventh year of schooling, as being the university entrance standard, with a further four years being needed to obtain the B.A. It should be noted that the eight year classical course begins at the finish of the seventh year of schooling with the last four years of it, as mentioned, corresponding to the requirements for the English language B.A.

For those provinces where junior matriculation allows university entrance, a further year in high school leading to senior matriculation allows the student to enter the second year of the four year degree course.

The following table illustrates the varying provincial requirements for university entrance.

TABLE A. Requirements for Entry into the Faculties of Arts and Science in the Different Provinces (Degree Granting Institutions Only)

Province	End of Year							
FIGURE	11	12	13	14	15	16		
ewfoundland		0				X		
rince Edward Island	0				X			
lova Scotia	0				X			
ew Brunswick		0				x		
uebec	0				x			
ntario: U. of Ottawa, Carleton, St. Patrick's and Assumption Colleges		0				х		
Queen's, McMaster, Toronto, Western Ontario								
Universities			Ø			X		
anitoba	0				X			
askatchewan		Ø			X			
lberta		Ø			X			
ritish Columbia		0				X		

^{0 -} minimum entry with junior matriculation

Ø - minimum entry with senior matriculation

X - year in which pass or general B.A. is granted.

Students attending university or college in a province other than that where they took their high school training usually are rated on the basis of their matriculation standing being equal to that of the province in which they are studying, insofar as the subjects written for the particular standard correspond to those required for admission to the particular university in question.

The differing entrance requirements deserve some comment. Essentially, the problem of university entrance resolves around the transition of the student from the high school milieu to that of the university-from the note copying to the lecture method of subject presentation. With many larger classes at university, the institutions tend to be more impersonal with the student relying more on his own resources and application. At present the upper years of high school prepare students for university. By extending high school to cover an additional year, and by requiring senior matriculation in some cases for entrance, the student enters university with additional maturity, measured chronologically. The high failure rate in first year, the weakness in written and oral composition, and the difficulty in adjusting to the lecture method of instruction, all of which have been pointed out in recent years by Canadian university authorities, seem to indicate that the gap between high school and university is not completely closed by extending the high school requirements. Rightfully, the universities wish to devote themselves to "higher" education. Of late, freshmen orientation programs have been instigated which, in a week or two prior to university opening, attempt to explain the new system to the student. Their success is in part measured by the continuing difficulties of new entrants.

Provincial differences would then seem to be attempts to arrive at the best points of transition between the two forms of education. The fact that they do not agree now does not preclude eventual agreement. They do indicate, though, the depth of the problem by the various approaches taken to it.

Interest has been shown in the establishment of junior colleges to resolve some of these difficulties. This system has been in operation in the United States for some time. In Canada, the few junior colleges now in existence are located mainly in the western and maritime provinces. At present they include only a small proportion of the new enrolment each year. Four main advantages of the junior college system might be indicated. They can help with the transition phase that leads to more independent study; they can act selectively in limiting university applicants to those who would be most likely to succeed while at the same time furthering the education of those who might terminate their studies at the end of the junior college years, rather than at the end of high school; they can allow the universities to devote their resources to true university level activities; and they can give the student more time to decide upon his eventual specializations by allowing him to be familiar with more phases of learning.

The French language system of classical colleges fulfils this function to some extent. Graduation from the classical colleges (with the B.A.) is required before a student can enrol in the parent university in whatever faculty he chooses. The B.A. is thus a prerequisite to any professional course and provides a broad liberal education as a background for later specialization. This is a further advantage of the junior college. It can assist in developing an acquaintance with fields of learning for which a specialized degree program is unable to find time. A recent American experiment in engineering education, the "three-two plan", is worthy of mention here. It consists of three years in a liberal Arts college with a range of subjects including elementary engineering courses, followed by two years in an engineering college. The B.A. is granted at the end of the fourth year and the engineering degree at the end of the fifth. This double degree program has also been established in some of the western provincial universities, again with the idea of giving a broader background for professional specialization.

CHAPTER II

Review of Statistics for 1950-52

Enrolment: Total enrolment figures continued to decline during the biennium from the peak established during the 1947-48 session. It is interesting to note that if those students in receipt of grants from the Department of Veterans' Affairs are excluded, the total remaining "civilian" undergraduate and post graduate enrolment maintained a steady increase during the post-war years until the 1951-52 session when there was a slight drop. This levelling off

could be interpreted as a stability that may be expected to continue until the higher birth rate of the war years begins to be reflected in an increased enrolment by the end of the present decade. It might also be noted that immigration can be expected to increase enrolment in the 1960's, as would any system of increased aid to students in the form of scholarships or bursaries, which would have the effect of causing an increase almost immediately.

TABLE B. V	eteran and	Non-Veteran	Enrolment,	1941-52,	in the	Regular	Session
------------	------------	-------------	------------	----------	--------	---------	---------

Year	Fu)	l time unde enrolme		Full and part time post graduate enrolment			
TOM	Total	Veteran	Minus veteran	Total	Veteran	Minus veteran	
1941 1944 1945 1946 1947 1948 1949 1950 1951	34, 817 35, 132 38, 376 61, 861 76, 237 79, 346 75, 807 69, 111 64, 036 59, 849	68 517 20,000 34,000 29,600 21,800 13,049 6,126 2,464	34, 817 35, 064 37, 859 41, 861 42, 237 49, 746 54, 007 56, 062 57, 910 57, 385	1,569 1,392 1,689 2,870 3,674 4,139 4,857 5,262 4,559 4,316	5 37 500 1,000 900 1,300 1,090 843 349	1,569 1,387 1,652 2,370 2,674 3,239 3,557 4,172 3,716 3,967	

An additional 670 veterans (214 undergraduate, 456 post graduate) in 1951 and 266 (54 undergraduate, 212 post graduate) in 1952 were registered in universities and colleges outside Canada.

The sex distribution of students has shown some change over a period of years, especially in post graduate courses, where women amounted to 25.5 per cent of the total enrolment in the regular session in 1921, 26.1 per cent in 1931, 20.8 per cent in 1941, 22.0 per cent in 1946, 15.4 per cent in 1951 and 15.7 per cent in 1952. In contrast, the proportion of women enrolled full time in undergraduate courses has remained fairly constant. Women accounted for 16.3 per cent of the total in 1921, 23.5 per cent in 1931, 23.3 per cent in 1941, 20.8 per cent in 1946, 21.7 per cent in 1951 and 22.1 per cent in 1952.

University Graduates: A total of 13,288 bachelor and first professional degrees, 1,601 masters and licentiates and 234 doctorates in course were granted during the 1951-52 session. In addition, 3,305 diplomas and certificates and 222 honorary doctorates were received. L'Université Laval granted 38 honorary doctorates during the year, it being its 100th anniversary.

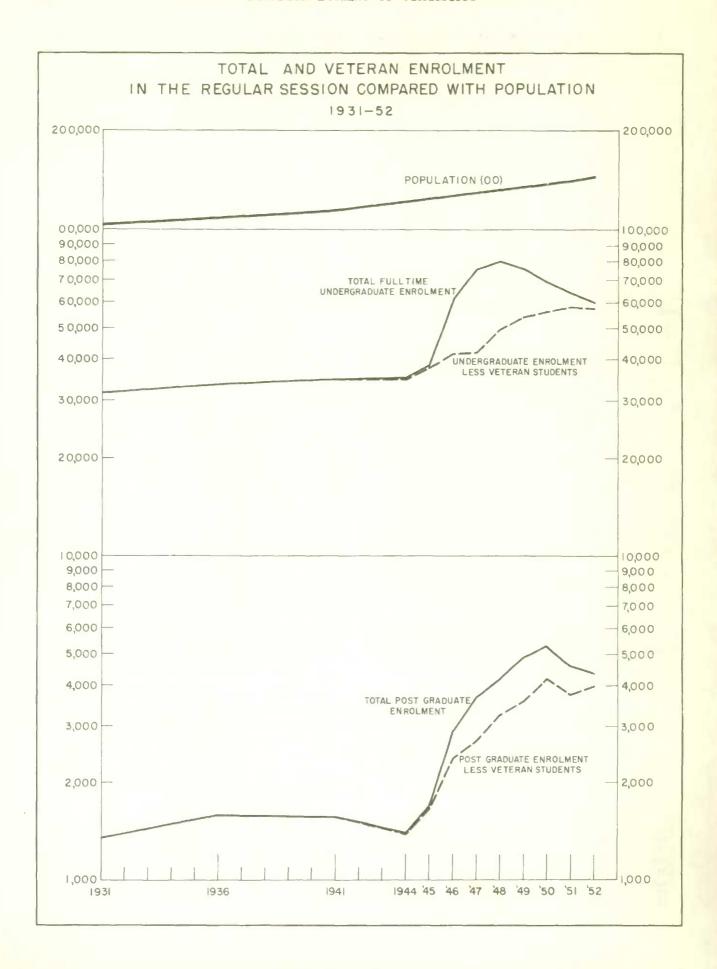
A breakdown of degrees by faculty appears in Section III of this report.

Teaching Staffs: In the 1951-52 session there were 11,381 teachers, including 5,074 part time, giving instruction at university level. Of the total, 4,495 or 39.5 per cent were instructing in the Faculties of Arts and Science, which included 48.4 per cent of the total full time university grade enrolment. The ratio of total staff to full time students returned, in 1952, to the pre-war ratio of one to six after having been as high as one to nine in 1948.

Residence of Students: About 12 per cent of the full time students were in attendance at universities outside their province of residence while an additional 5 per cent were from countries other than Canada, including 1,515 persons from the United States. Interesting comparisons can be made on the basis of the places of residence of the students as reported by the institutions. Table C compares, for each province, the ratios of provincial population to students with residences in the province. The wider differences between provinces for students who are residents in, and studying in, the same province may be mainly accounted for by the wider range of undergraduate and graduate courses offered in some provinces. It is evident that students who have such facilities near at hand will tend to remain at the institution where they began their work.

TABLE C. Full Time Students in Relation to Provincial Population, 1952

Province	1952 Population estimate	Ratio of provincial population to students with homes in province in attendance in			
	(000's)	Province	All Canada		
Newfoundland Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia	374 103 653 526 4,174 4,766 798 843 970 1,198	987: 1 486: 1 288: 1 479: 1 249: 1 274: 1 240: 1 388: 1 372: 1 233: 1	533: 1 214: 1 229: 1 273: 1 230: 1 254: 1 216: 1 269: 1 296: 1		



The fluctuations between provinces are reduced when the relationship between provincial populations and students from each province studying anywhere in Canada is considered. With the exception of Newfoundland, the table shows that, within moderate boundaries, each province contributes about the same proportion of students to the total Canadian enrolment figure. There are selective factors in operation that account for the differences that remain. Among these are differences in provincial public school enrolment, in proportions of those in the age group that would normally attend university, in the rural - urban population ratio, and in assistance to prospective students in the form of scholarships and loan funds. The socio-economic position of the parents of prospective students, together with the availability and remuneration of part time and summer employment, are also factors governing the number of students entering and continuing university. Except for a few studies by individual institutions, there has been no detailed investigation of the family background of those who attend university in Canada.

Student migration would seem to be governed by two principal factors, the availability of instruction and of financial aid. Table C shows that Nova Scotia, Quebec, Ontario, Manitoba and British Columbia tend to have a higher proportion of home students in relation to total population than the other provinces with this at least in part being due to the proximity of varied undergraduate and post graduate programs. The following table shows the percentage distribution of students by residence in relation to provincial enrolment for the academic year 1951-52 and shows that student migration tends to be greatest where facilities are more numerous. As well as having a higher proportion of home students in relation to total population, Nova Scotia, Quebec, Ontario, Manitoba and British Columbia also tend to attract more students from outside the province.

TABLE D. Proportional Distribution of Students by Residence, 1952

Province	Total	Residence of Students				
	Enrolment	Home Province	Other Parts of Canada	Foreign Students		
		p.c.	p.c.	p.c.		
Newfoundland Prince Edward Island Nova Scotia New Brunswick Quebec Ontario Manitoba Saskatchewan Alberta British Columbia	379 258 3,590 1,954 20,718 21,176 3,985 2,433 3,015 5,991	100, 0 82, 2 63, 5 58, 0 85, 4 83, 7 84, 5 91, 2 89, 5 86, 4	0.0 15.9 30.4 38.2 8.0 10.9 13.2 7.3 9.7	0.0 1.9 6.1 3.8 6.6 5.4 2.3 1.5 0.8 2.3		
Canada	63,499	83.2	11.9	4.9		

Numerically, the enrolment of foreign students increased from 1931 to 1949, when it then levelled off in the vicinity of 3,000. There has been a steady increase in the number of students from countries

other than the United Kingdom, the United States, and the British West Indies. Enrolment of American students, with the exception of the war years, has been quite constantly between 1,500 and 2,000.

TABLE E. Foreign Enrolment in Canadian Universities, 1931-52

Year	Total Full					
	Time Enrolment	U.S.A.	U.K.	B.W.I.	Other Countries	Foreign Enrolment
1931	32, 926 35, 108 36, 319 63, 550 80, 164 74, 273 68, 306 63, 499	1,506 2,018 1,478 1,116 1,759 1,875 1,758 1,515	333 156 41 167 158 176 164 132	54 32 74 263 279 288 252 259	236 237 289 507 825 909 1,014 1,106	2, 129 2, 443 1, 882 2, 053 3, 021 3, 248 3, 188 3, 012

Student Fees: Fees for the Faculty of Arts, including those for registration, tuition, health service, extra-curricular activities and student organizations, have shown a steady increase. Nine repre-

sentative universities show an average increase of 22.1 per cent for the sessions of 1948-49 to 1953-54 as is indicated below.

TABLE F. Student Fees in Arts at Selected Intervals

University	1953-54	1948-49	1938-39	1928-29
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Oalhousie, Halifax, N.S. Mount Allison, Sackville, N.B.	231 249	184 240	125 150	112 132 125
McGill, Montreal, P.Q. Queen's, Kingston, Ont. Foronto, Toronto, Ont.	300 275 282	250 233 236	215 148 213	88 163
Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man. Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask. Alberta, Edmonton, Alta.	208 208 207	152 143 157	115 106 134	80 56 10
British Columbia, Vancouver, 3.C.	238	205	175	10

Salaries: Statistics on salaries for full time university instructional staffs were first collected by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics for the 1937-38 session. Since that time the medians for 5 classifi-

cations have risen about 50 per cent from the 1937-38 level, with larger increases, on a percentage basis, for the lower ranks.

TABLE G. Median Salaries, by Region, for University Instruction Staff 1

	Western Provinces			Central Canada			Maritime Provinces		
Classification	1938	1952	% increase 1938-52	1938	1952	% increase 1938-52	1938	1952	% increase 1938-52
	\$	\$		\$	\$		\$	\$	
Deans Professors Associate Professors Assistant Professors Instructors and Lecturers	5,090 4,328 3,340 2,694	7,375 6,312 5,254 4,478 3,566	44.9 45.8 57.3 66.2	5,090 4,571 3,612 2,760	7, 625 6, 608 5, 377 4, 413 3, 323	49.8 44.6 48.9 59.9	3, 450 3, 000 2, 500 2, 175	5,000 4,306 3,525 3,396 2,273	44.9 43.5 41.0 56.1

1. Institutions included: Western Provinces - Universities of Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta, and British Columbia; Central Canada - McGill University, Bishop's University, Queen's University, McMaster University, Victoria University, the Universities of Toronto, Western Ontario and Trinity College; Maritime Provinces - Acadia, Mount Allison and Saint Francis Xavier Universities and the University of New Brunswick.

The above table includes a total of 2,484 individuals for 1952. Of this total, 1,084 (43.6 per cent) earned over \$5,000 per year. This contrasts with 592 persons out of 2,531 (23.4 per cent) for the year 1950 and 136 out of 1,957 (6.9 per cent) for 1938 who earned the same amount.

It is of interest to note that the median salary for all full time instruction staff rose nearly \$600 from 1951 to 1952. The median for 2,462 individuals in 1951 was \$4,185 while in 1952 it was \$4,773 for 2,484 persons. As well as being due to university policy of keeping salaries in line with those re-

ceived in other professions, the increase may in part be attributed to the Federal Grants paid to the universities for the first time during the 1951-52 session.

Median salaries for instructional staffs varied between institutions on the basis of enrolment of students. The following table shows the medians for 5 classifications of rank for 20 institutions giving courses up to a degree level. Ten of them had an enrolment of over 1,000 full time university grade students while the other 10 each had an enrolment of under 1,000.

TABLE H. Comparison of Salaries Paid in Institutions with Over 1,000 and Under 1,000 Full Time University Grade Enrolment, 1952

	Median Salaries for Institutions 1 with Full Time Enrolment of				
Classification	Over 1,000 (10 Institutions)	Under 1,000 (10 Institutions)			
	\$	\$			
Deans Professors Associate Professors Assistant Professors Instructors and Lecturers	7,561 6,450 5,342 4,445 3,398	5,625 5,000 4,000 3,602 3,021			

1. Institutions over 1,000 enrolment: McGill, Queen's, Toronto, Western Ontario, Victoria University, Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta, British Columbia, Dalhousie,

Institutions under 1,000 enrolment: Acadia, St. Francis Xavier, Mount Allison, New Brunswick, Bishop's, Sir George Williams, Carleton, McMaster, Trinity, United College.

Finances: Of major importance in the biennium under review was the introduction by the Federal Government, after the tabling of the report of the Royal Commission on Development in the Arts, Letters and Sciences, of a system of grants to the institutions of higher education in Canada. The grants were paid on the basis of 50 cents per head

of population in each province, with elegible institutions receiving their share of the total provincial grant in proportion to the number of full time students at university level attending in courses leading to a degree. A total of \$6,991,949.75 was paid to 83 institutions for the academic year 1951-52 as follows:

TABLE I. Federal Government Grants to Universities, by Province, 1951-52 Session

Province	Number of Institutions	Total Grants Paid
		\$
Newfoundland	1	180, 700, 00
Prince Edward Island	2	49, 200, 00
Nova Scotia	13	321, 249, 75
New Brunswick	6	257, 800, 00
Quebec	5	2, 027, 800, 00
Ontario	27	2, 298, 750, 00
fanitoba	7	388, 250, 00
askatchewan	14	415, 850, 00
Alberta	4	469, 750, 00
British Columbia	4	582, 600. 00
Canada Total	83	6, 991. 949. 75

Financial statistics used in this publication are from institutions accounting for 80 per cent of the university enrolment in Canada. Table J shows the relative amount of income from government grants (including Federal, Municipal and Provincial), student fees, investments and endowments and from other sources for selected years for these institutions.

TABLE J. University Income by Source, 1931-52

Year	Income \$'000's		Percentage	of Receipts from	
		Government Grants	Student Fees	Endowments and Investments	Other Sources
1952	48, 221 40, 532 25, 815 16, 048 13, 311 13, 963	52. 4 46. 2 40. 6 42. 4 40. 3 49. 6	30. 2 34. 6 37. 9 32. 0 33. 5 23. 8	3, (2) 7.7 9.3 12.8 14.6 16.2	10. 8 11. 5 12. 2 12. 8 11. 6 10. 4

In 1952 current expenditures amounted to 97.9 per cent of current income. The figures for the three preceding years were: 1951-100.6 per cent, 1950-100.6 per cent, 1949-99.0 per cent.

Fluctuations in enrolment over different years must be considered to arrive at an accurate picture of the amount and source of income. Table K shows that the two main sources of income, government grants and student fees, have risen over the years, despite changes intotal enrolment, to a greater degree than is indicated by a percentage breakdown of receipts. With university authorities expressing concern over the minimum standards at which they are forced to operate, especially with regard to research facilities, and with income from endowments and miscellaneous sources remaining small, the onus of operation falls on revenue derived from fees and grants. With fees rising steadily since the

end of the war, further increases are liable to act selectively in determining the type of student who will attend university. While fees are only a part of expenses, other costs have also risen and further the problems of financing the student's education. Fees can be raised only so much, after that government or private grants become the prime source for further income.

From 1941 to 1952, income increased 300 per cent. For the same period, full time enrolment increased only 175 per cent. Receipts from student fees in this period rose from \$4 million to \$14 million instead of to \$7 million as would have been the case if their rates had remained constant. Total receipts increased from \$16 million to \$48 million rather than to \$28 million as would have been the case on the basis of income from the 1941 enrolment.

TABLE K. Income Distribution on Basis of Full Time Enrolment, 1931-1952

Year	80 per cent of full time enrolment	Income per full time student from				
		Government grants	Student fees	Endowment and investments	Other sources	Total Income
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1952 1951 1946 1941 1936	50,799 54,675 51,762 29,055 28,086 26,341	498 343 203 234 191 263	286 256 189 177 159 126	63 57 46 70 69 86	102 85 61 71 55 55	949 741 499 552 474 530

Basically, there are two forms of control of the institutions of higher education in Canada. There are those controlled by provincial governments and those controlled by private organizations and religious bodies. Sources of income for the public and private institutions vary in that while the public ones rely on provincial grants for their main source of income, the private institutions have depended on income from endowments and gifts for the bulk of their capital. In both cases, of course, student

fees contribute a substantial sum to the operating costs, but apart from these fees, the difference in source for the balance remains. To show the changes in the sources of income at 10 year intervals since 1931, 6 private institutions (Dalhousie, Acadia, McGill, Queen's, Western Ontario and McMaster) and 6 public institutions (New Brunswick, Toronto, Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia) have been compared.

TABLE L. Comparison of Income Distribution for Six Private and Six Public Universities, 1931-1952

Source of income	Six private institutions			Six public institutions				
20200 01 11001110	1952	1951	1941	1931	1952	1951	1941	1931
	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.	p.c.
Endowments and investments Provincial grants Municipal grants Federal grants Student fees Other income	16. 2 16. 0 1. 7 15. 8 32. 2 18. 1	19. 0 16. 5 1. 7 6. 8 37. 8 18. 2	28. 5 16. 3 1. 6 0. 0 41. 2 12. 4	37. 6 20. 4 1. 5 0. 0 28. 2 12. 3	1.1 49.0 0.0 12.9 29.2 7.8	1. 4 54. 0 0. 0 4. 6 32. 9 7. 1	3.5 53.5 0.0 0.0 34.7 8.3	4.7 67.1 0.0 0.0 23.5 4.7
Total Income (\$000,000's)	13, 8	11.6	4.3	3, 7	21.5	18.4	6. 4	6. 2

SECTION II
CURRENT TABLES, 1950-52



TABLE 1. List of Institutions, Showing Addresses, Control, Courses and Affiliations

Note. The name of each institution is entered in the language (French or English) used in it as the main language of instruction. Each university with affiliated colleges has them entered immediately below, their names slightly indented in the column. The whole is designed to indicate the structure of the higher educational system in Canada.

Name of Institution, address and control	Courses and affiliations		
Newfoundland Memorial University of Newfoundland, St. John's (Provincial).	Degrees in Arts, Science, Education. Three years Engineering, Two years pre-medical, pre-dental, Agriculture and Household Science. (Co-educational).		
Queen's College, St. John's(Anglican).	Theology.		
Prince Edward Island			
Prince of Wales College, Charlottetown (Provincial).	Normal School, Preparatory, two years Arts and Commerce, two years pre-medical, pre-dental and pre-engineering (Co-educational). Graduates admitted to 3rd and 2nd year Arts in Dalhousie, Acadia, Mount Allison and Kings. Two years in Agriculture and Home Economics preparatory to third year at Macdonald College.		
St. Dunstan's University, Charlottetown	Junior Commercial, Preparatory and four-year degree courses in Arts, Science, and Commerce, pre-medical and pre-dental courses in Science. (Co-educational at University level). The University grants its own degrees and in addition students may obtain the Arts degree of Laval University on completion of certain courses in Philosophy prescribed by the Quebec University. Two years of the college course give eligibility to third year Arts and Science at McGill University Qualified graduates eligible for admission to first year of Faculties of Medicine or Dentistry at McGill and Dalhousie Universities and to the second year of the Faculty of Medicine at Queens University. Graduates are also eligible to apply for admission to the Faculty of Medicine at Laval University.		
Nova Scotia Acadia University, Wolfville(Baptist).	Preparatory, Degrees in Arts and Science, Household Science, Music, Theology and Education. Three Years' Engineering. Diploma in Secretarial Science. (Co-educational). Students completing Engineering Course, admitted to second last year of Bachelor's Course in Engineering in Nova Scotia Technical College and McGill University. Graduates in Arts, if proper electives have been chosen admitted to second year Medicine at McGill.		
Dalhousie University, Halifax(Undenominational).	Degrees in Arts and Science, Commerce, Music, Medicine, Dentistry, Education, Nursing, Law, Pharmacy, Fisheries, Food Technology, and Engineering Physics. Diplomas in Education, Nursing, Music, Pharmacy. Three years Engineering. On completion of Engineering Course at Dalhousie, B.Sc. in Engineering is obtained at Nova Scotia Technical College in two years, Faculty of Graduate Studies. (Coeducational).		
University of King's College, Halifax(Anglican).	Arts and Science (including diplomas in Journalism and Education). Two years' pre-medicine, pre-dentistry, pre-law. Degrees in Theology. (Preparatory in King's College School at Windsor, N.S., reported in private schools). (Co-educational). All degrees in Arts and Science granted by Dalhousie. Except in First Year classes in King's do not duplicate those in Dalhousie, each other class whether conducted in the one or the other institution, being open to students of both. King's is "associated" with Dalhousie.		
Pine Hill Divinity Hall, Halifax(United Church)	Degrees and Diplomas in Theology. First year of course may be taken at Dalhousie or Mount Allison Universities. For certain classes in Pine Hill credit is given toward the B.A. degree in Dalhousie.		
Maritime College of Pharmacy Medical Science Bldg., Halifax (Pharm. Soc. and Dalhousie Univ).	Two and three year Pharmacy courses. Prepare students to become registered Pharmacists in Nova Scotia, New Brunswick and Prince Edward Island. Students may obtain degree of B. Sc. (Pharmacy) from Dalhousie by taking certain courses in the Faculty of Arts and Science in addition. (Co-educational).		
Mount Saint Vincent College, Halifax(Roman Catholic).	Degrees in Arts (including a diploma course in Journalism), Science Education, Secretarial Science, Library Science, Nursing, Home Economics and Music, Preparatory courses in Mount Saint Vincent Academy. (Women only.		

TABLE 1. List of Institutions, Showing Addresses, Control, Courses and Affiliations - Continued

Name of Institution, address and control	Courses and affiliations	
Nova Scotia - Concluded		
St. Francis Xavier University, Antigonish (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory, Degrees in Arts, Science, Home Economics, Nursing, Commerce, Education, Three Years' Engineering. (Men and Women the ladies' College being Mount St. Bernard), B.Sc. in Engineering completed at Nova Scotia Technical College in two years by those completing the three-year course at St. Francis Xavier. Similarly at McGill.	
Xavier Junior College, Sydney(Roman Catholic).	Preparatory. Two year courses in Arts, Science and Commerce. (Coeducational).	
Convent of the Sacred Heart, Halifax (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory. Two years Arts giving admission to Junior (third) year at Dalhousie and equivalent at other institutions. (Women).	
St. Mary's University, Halifax(Roman Catholic).	Preparatory. Degrees in Arts (including diploma course in Journalism), Science (including Science with Engineering), Commerce. Two year pre-medical course. Three year Engineering course may be completed at Nova Scotia Technical College as above. (Men).	
College Ste-Anne, Church Point	Preparatory, Junior Commercial, Degrees in Art and Letters. (Men).	
Holy Heart Seminary, Halifax (Roman Catholic).	Theology and Philosophy.	
Maritime School of Social Work, Halifax (Undenominational).	Post graduate course of two years leading to diplomas and degrees in Social Work.	
Nova Scotia Agriculturai College, Truro (Provincial).	Short courses in Agriculture. Two years of "degree course" in Agriculture. Students completing "degree course" are admitted to the third year of B.Sc. (Agr.) course at Macdonald College and B.S.A. course at Ontario Agricultural College. Two year general Agriculture course for those with Grade XI. Two year vocational course for young farmers. (Co-educational).	
Nova Scotia Technical College, Halifax(Provincial).	The two final years of Bachelor of Engineering course. Grants degrees. Graduate courses leading to Master of Engineering. Regular students have taken junior years of course in Acadia, Dalhousie, King's, Mount Allison, St. Francis Xavier, St. Mary's or Memorial University of Newfoundland.	
New Brunswick		
University of New Brunswick, Fredericton	Degrees in Arts, Science, Business Administration, Law, Engineering, Forestry and Education, School of Graduate Studies. (Co-educational).	
Mount Allison University, Sackville,(United Church).	Degrees in Arts, Arts and Secretarial Science, Science, Commerce, Music, Fine Arts, Education and Home Economics, Certificates in Fine Arts, Applied Arts, Music, Commerce and Secretarial Science. Three years Engineering. One year Theology. Two years pre-medical and pre-dental. Arrangements provide for completion of degree course in Engineering at Nova Scotia Technical College, McGill or Queen's in two years, in Theology at Pine Hill Divinity Hall in two years, in Medicine at Dalhousie or McGill in five years, in Dentistry at Dalhousie in four years, (Co-educational).	
Université Saint-Joseph, Saint Joseph (Roman Catholic French and English).	Preparatory, Degrees in Arts, Literature, Science and Commerce. Two year diploma course in Agriculture, School of Education, (Men only).	
Collège Notre-Dame d'Acadie, Moncton (Roman Catholic).	Affiliated to St. Joseph's, Preparatory, Arts, Commerce, Education, Household Science and Music. (Women).	
Université du Sacré-Coeur, Bathurst	Preparatory, Diplomas in Commerce, Degrees in Arts and Lette (Men only).	
St. Thomas College, Chatham(Roman Catholic).	Preparatory. Degrees in Arts, Nursing and Education. (Co-educational at college level).	
Université Saint-Louis, Edmundston(Roman Catholic).	Preparatory, Junior Commercial and Arts. (Men). Three year evening course for Master's degree in Social Sciences.	
Collège Maillet, Saint-Basile(Roman Catholic).	Women's section of Universite Saint-Louis for courses in Faculty of Arts.	

TABLE 1. List of Institutions, Showing Addresses, Control, Courses and Affiliations - Continued

Name of Institution, address and control	Courses and affiliations		
Quebec			
Sir George Williams College	Diplomas and Degrees in Arts, Science and Commerce, Courses in Fine and Applied Art and Business (Co-educational).		
Bishop's University, Lennoxville, Que	Degrees in Arts, Science, Theology and Education (Co-educational).		
McGill University, Montreal, Que(Undenominational).	Degrees or diplomas in Divinity, Arts and Science, Fine Arts, Commerce, Law, Agriculture, Architecture, Engineering, Dentistry, Medicine, Pharmacy, Household Science, Nursing, Music, Physical Education, Social Work. Library School, School of Physical and Occupational Therapy and Graduate School. See under Royal Military College, Acadia, Mount Allison and Saint Francis Xavier Universities for arrangement re credit for Engineering courses at McGill. See also under Macdonald College and the three Theological Colleges immediately below. (Co-educational).		
Royal Victoria College, Montreal, Que (Undenominational).	The Women's College in McGill University.		
Macdonald College, Macdonald College (Undenominational).	Full courses and Short Courses in Agriculture and Household Science (Also Provincial Normal School) (Co-educational). An incorporated College of McGill University. Degree Courses in Agriculture controlled by, and degrees for same granted by, McGill. Other courses in Agriculture and those in Household Science under direction of the College.		
United Theological College			
Diocesan Theological College	Affiliated to McGill Faculty of Divinity. Grant certificates for ordination but degree-granting powers held by McGill.		
Montreal Presbyterian College	Degree in Theology. Affiliated to McGill.		
Collège Militaire Royal de Saint-Jean	Senior matriculation and two years Applied Science and Engineering for armed service cadets. Students completing the matriculation course can enter first year at any of the Canadian Military Colleges. First and second year university courses are as at the Royal Military College, Kingston, and give admittance to the second year of the Faculty of Arts and Science of English-speaking Canadian universities, second year Science at l'Université de Montréal, first year Science at l'Universite Laval, and first year Engineering at l'École Polytechnique. (Bilingual).		
Jniversité de Montréal, Montréal(Roman Catholic, as also most affiliated colleges).	The Faculties and Schools of the University are: Theology (Grand Séminaire de Montréal), Law, Medicine, Science, Philosophy (including l'Institut de Psychologie and l'Institut d'études médiévales), Letters, Hygiene, Music, Dietics, Dentistry, Pharmacy, Social Science (including Social Service and Industrial Relations); Nursing, and the affiliated Schools listed below in Agriculture, Commerce, Engineering and Applied Science, Optometry, Pedagogy and Veterinary Science, (Co-educational).		
Ecole Polytechnique			
Ecoles des Hautes Études Commerciales 535 Avenue Viger, Montréal (Provincial). Institut agricole d'Oka, LaTrappe Ecole de médecine vétérinaire, St. Hyacinthe (Provincial). Ecole d'optométrie, Université d'Montréal Institut Marguerite d'Youville	"Affiliated Schools" of the University of Montreal. They might be considered the respective professional Faculties of the University; which has direct control of the courses and grants the degrees, but has no financial control. The Institut Marguerite d'Youville offers courses in Nursing and Hospital Administration.		

TABLE 1. List of Institutions, Showing Addresses, Control, Courses and Affiliations - Continued

Name of Institution, address and control	Courses and affiliations
Quebec - Continued Université de Montréal - Continued Petit Séminaire de Montréal	Men and boys only, 'Little Seminaries' and 'Classical Colleges' affiliated to the University of Montreal, and in reality constituting the Faculty of Arts of the University, which regulates the courses
**Loyola College, Montreal **Collège Jean-de-Brébeuf, Côte-des-Neiges, Montréal. Collège André-Grasset, Montréal Externat Classique de Ste-Croix, Montréal Séminaire Marie-Médiatrice, Montreal Séminaire Oblat de Marie-Immaculée Chambly. Séminaire du T. SSacrement, Terrebonne Collège Notre-Dame des Servites Ayer's Cliff, Co. Stanstead, Collège des Saints-Apôtres Côte Ste-Catherine. Collège de Longueuil, Longueuil Séminaire Saint-François. R.R. 1, Cap Rouge. *Collège Campion, Regina, Saskatchewan	and grants the degrees in Arts. The "Classical" Course, however covers in addition to the final four years required for the B.A. degree several preliminary years of study comparable to the more advanced grades of the elementary schools and the secondary grades in other provinces. In addition several of these institutions offer junio commercial courses corresponding to commercial courses in the high schools of other provinces.
Collège Marguerite-Bourgeois, Montréal Marianopolis College, Montreal Collège Saint-Maurice, St-Hyacinthe Collège Basil Moreau, St-Laurent Collège Marie-Anne, Lachine Collège Jésus-Marie, Outremont Collège du Sacré-Coeur, Sherbrooke	Affiliated Arts Colleges for girls similar to above for men and boys
41 Couvents affiliés	Classical - "Letters-Sciences" or High School Course of four year for girls.
École de Musique (Institut Nazareth), Montréal. École Vincent d'Indy, Outremont École supérieure de musique de l'Institut des Soeurs de Sainte-Anne, Lachine. École supérieure de musique du Collège Marie-de-l'Incarnation, Trois-Rivières. École supérieure de musique de la S.V. Nicolet. École supérieure de musique de l'Institut des Soeurs de la Présentation de Marie, Saint-Hyacinthe. Institut familial et social 1215 est, blvd Saint-Joseph, Montréal. École de bibliothécaires 25 est, rue Saint-Jacques, Montréal. Institut de traduction 535, avenue Viger, Montréal. École de tourisme 2900 blvd de Mont-Royal, Montreal. Conservatoire Lasalle 5603, ave Canterbury, Montréal. 8 écoles d'enseignement ménager ou instituts familiaux.	Schools "annexed" to the University of Montreal, i.e. of which the University approves the curriculum, is represented at the examinations, and sanctions the diploma awarded.

^{**}By Ancient Pontifical authority the three Jesuit Colleges retain full authority over their own courses and examinations.

The university accepts the recommendations of the Colleges for candidates for degrees and grants the degrees in Arts or Science.

^{*}Also listed with the institutions of the province where located.

TABLE 1. List of Institutions, Showing Addresses, Control, Courses and Affiliations - Continued

Name of Institution, address and control	Courses and affiliations		
Quebec - Continued			
Université de Montréal - Concluded École de Technologie Médicale, Montréal	Training school for technicians in Medical Science, Course covers four years from B.Sc. degree. "Annexed" to Faculty of Medicine; as above.		
Université Laval, Québec(Roman Catholic, as also all affiliated colleges).	The Faculties and Schools of the University are: Theology, Philosophy, Law, Medicine (including affiliated Nursing Schools and courses in Technological Medicine), Arts (including preparatory courses in letters-sciences and the regular classical course, Music and Domestic Science). Letters (including Institute of History and Geography, Library Science and Modern Languages), Science (Including Engineering, Mining and Metallurgy, Pharmacy, Station Biologique de St-Laurent and the Superior Normal School), Agriculture (including School of Fisheries), Social Science (including Social Work), Surveying and Forestry and Commerce. Graduate School. (Coeducational).		
Grand Séminaire de Rimouski	The "Grand Seminaries" listed are schools of theology located at or near the "Little Seminaries" or "Classical Colleges" bearing the same name. The Grand Seminary at Quebec City is the Faculty of Theology in Laval University.		
Petit Séminaire de Québec, Québec Petit Séminaire de Nicolet, Nicolet	Classical Colleges and Littles Seminaries affiliated to the University of Laval. See explanation opposite the names of the similar institutions affiliated to the University of Montreal.		
*Collège des Jésuites, Sudbury, Ont *St. Dunstan's University	"Associated Colleges", i.e., "affiliated Classical Colleges" situated outside the province of Quebec.		
Académie de Québec, Québec	Schools for men, other than theological and classical, affiliated to the University of Laval. Diplomas and degrees are awarded by the University. The Schools of Agriculture and Fisheries comprise the Faculty of Agriculture. The Académie de Québec offers courses in Commerce.		
L'Institut des Dames Religieuses de Jésus- Marie de Sillery, Québec. L'Institut des Dames Religieuses de l'As- somption, Nicolet. L'Institut des Dames Religieuses des Ursu- lines, Trois-Rivières. Le Collège des Ursulines, Québec	Affiliated Arts Colleges for girls similar to Classical Colleges for men.		

^{*}Also listed with the institutions of the province where located.

TABLE 1. List of Institutions, Showing Addresses, Control, Courses and Affiliations - Continued

Name of Institution, address and control	Courses and affiliations
Quebec - Continued	
Université Laval — Concluded	
École Supérieure des Sciences Domestiques Québec.	Degree Courses in Domestic Science
10 couvents et 11 instituts affiliés	"Higher Primary instruction", i.e., High School Course for girls.
15 écoles de gardes-malades	Diploma Course in Nursing.
École d'architecture, (Beaux-Arts), Montréal (Provincial).	Professional school maintained by the Provincial Government offering a five year course in architecture.
Mont-St-Louis, 244, est, rue Sherbrooke Montréal.	"Secondary Science" course.
Theological and Classical Colleges (without university affiliation). Mont-St-Joseph, Aylmer, (Rédemptoristes) Séminaire des Eudistes, Gros-Pin Charlesbourg. Maison St-Joseph	Theological schools. Some have classical students, i.e. students in philosophy, as well as theological students, No affiliation.
Collège Séraphique (Franciscains)	Classical courses preparatory to Theology, roughly equivalent to high school and junior college years. No affiliation.

TABLE 1. List of Institutions, Showing Addresses, Control, Courses and Affiliations - Continued

Name of Institution address and control	Courses and affiliations		
Quebec — Concluded			
Theological Institutions — Concluded			
Mont-St-Jean-Baptiste, Granby			
Collège des Oblats, Rouyn			
(Des Sulpiciens). Collège Mgr. Decelles, 105, rue Prince, Sorel Collège Mgr. Prince, Granby Externat Classique, Rivière-du-Loup Externat Classique St-Raphaél Drummondville. Externat Classique St-Viateur, Outremont (Clercs St-Viateur).	Colleges of recent formation. Most of them were established by certain of the classical colleges in neighboring cities to satisfy local needs Generally, they as yet give only the first years of the classical course (i.e. high school level).		
Ontario			
Université d'Ottawa, Ottawa(Roman Catholic O.M.I. — Billingual).	Preparatory Department. Degree Courses in the Faculties of The ology, Canon Law, Law, Arts (including Science, Education, Commerce, Philosophy and Physical Education), Engineering, an Medicine. Conducts a School of Nursing, School of Music and Elocution, School of Graduate Studies, School of Political, Economic an Social Sciences, Library School and a Provincial Normal School for training teachers for the bilingual schools of Ontario (Co-educational).		
Collège Classique de Cornwall, Cornwall Congrégation de Notre-Dame, Ottawa Pensionnant de N.D. du Sacré-Coeur, Ottawa Petit Séminaire d'Ottawa, Ottawa St. Jerome's College, Kitchener	Preparatory and Arts Schools in Ontario. Full Course in Arts not given in all schools.		
*Notre-Dame College, Wilcox, Sask	Affiliated arts and preparatory schools situated outside the province of Ontario.		
Carleton College, Ottawa(Undenominational).	Degree courses in Arts (including Public Administration), Science Commerce, and Journalism. Two years of four year course in Engineering. Certificate course in Public Service Studies. Graduat courses in Public Administration. (Co-educational).		
Iniversity of Western Ontario, London	Degrees in Arts (and Science), Law, Journalism, Drama, Medicine Divinity, Nursing, Music, and Public Health, Diplomas in Busines Administration, Nursing and Hospital Administration and Househol Science. Faculty of Graduate Studies. (Co-educational). Grants degrees for affiliated Colleges.		
Alma College, St. Thomas(United Church).	Junior Arts College for girls. Affiliated with the University of Wester Ontario.		
Huron College, London	Theology. Affiliated with the University of Western Ontario. Men only		
Music Teachers' College, London(Undenominational).	Four year course in Arts and Music. Affiliated with the University of Western Ontario, (Co-educational).		
St. Peter's Seminary and College of Arts London (Roman Catholic).	Theology and Arts, Affiliated with the University of Western Ontario for Arts. Men only.		
Ursuline College, London(Roman Catholic).	Women's Arts College affiliated with the University of Western Ontario		

^{*}Also listed with the institutions of the province where located.

TABLE 1. List of Institutions, Showing Addresses, Control, Courses and Affiliations - Continued

Name of Institution, address and control	Courses and affiliations
Ontario - Continued	
University of Western Ontario — Concluded	
Waterloo College of Arts and Theological Seminary (Evangelical Lutheran Church).	Arts College (Co-educational), affiliated with University of Western Ontario. Theological courses for men only.
Queen's University, Kingston,(Undenominational).	Degrees in Arts (and Science), Physical and Health Education, Commerce, Applied Science and Engineering, Medicine and Nursing Diploma courses in Public Health, Industrial Relations and Teaching and Administration in Nursing. (Co-educational).
Queen's Theological College, Kingston (United Church).	Degree Course in Theology. Affiliated to Queen's University. Degrees granted by the University.
McMaster University, Hamilton(Baptist).	Degrees in Arts (and Science), Nursing and Theology. (Co-educational)
Hamilton College, Hamilton	Degree courses in Science, Degrees awarded by McMaster. (Co-educational).
Assumption College, Windsor(Roman Catholic).	Degrees in Arts, Commerce and Science. Pre-engineering and pre- nursing courses, Graduate work in Arts. (Co-educational). The Women's College is Holy Names.
Osgoode Hall Law School, Toronto 1(Law Society of Upper Canada).	Four year course for which an approved degree from a recognized university is prerequisite, graduating barristers-at-law. No affiliation. (Co-educational).
Royal Military College, Kingston(Federal).	Four year courses in General Arts and in Engineering. Canadian universities admit graduates to fourth year in certain Honours Arts Courses and to fourth year of Civil, Chemical, Mechanical and Electrical Engineering. (Men).
Collège du Sacré-Coeur, Sudbury	Preparatory and Arts (Men). See under Laval University.
St. Patrick's College, Ottawa(Roman Catholic).	Preparatory and junior commercial. Degrees in Arts, Science, Commerce and Social Science. Professional School of Social Welfare. The College, while retaining autonomy of Faculty and Administration shares the rights and privileges of the charter of the University of Ottawa with regard to the conferring of academic degrees. Coeducational at College level.
Canadian Memorial Chiropractic College 252 Bloor St. W., Toronto (Canadian Association of Chiropractors).	Four year course from secondary school graduation leading to diploma of Doctor of Chiropractic. Graduate courses. (Co-educational).
College of Optometry of Ontario, Toronto 5 (Ont. Board of Examiners in Optometry).	Four year course in Optometry; two year Optician's course. Graduate courses in Optometry. (Co-educational).
St. Augustine's Seminary, Toronto (Roman Catholic). St. Francis Xavier Seminary, Toronto (Roman Catholic). St. Alphonsus Seminary, Woodstock (Roman Catholic). Collège des Dominicains, Ottawa	
(Roman Catholic). Scolasticat des Montfortains, Eastview	Theological schools. Some have classical students, i.e., students in Philosophy, as well as Theological students.
Mount Carmel College, Niagara Falls	Classical course preparatory to Theology, roughly equivalent to hig school and junior college years.

TABLE 1. List of Institutions, Showing Addresses, Control, Courses and Affiliations - Continued

Name of Institution, address and control	Courses and affiliations		
Ontario - Concluded			
Lakehead Technical Institute, Port Arthur (Provincial).	One year of degree course in Arts, Applied Science, Commerce, estry, Forest Engineering and Household Science. Two year dipl courses in Technical Forestry and Technical Mining. (Co-education		
University of Toronto, Toronto 5(Provincial).	Degrees in the Faculties of Arts (including Pure Science, Commerce and Law), Education, Music, Household Science, Medicine, Dentistry, Pharmacy, Forestry, Engineering and Applied Science (including Architecture), School of Physical and Health Education, School of Social Work, School of Graduate Studies, Library Science and Nursing. Diplomas in Public Health, Public Health Nursing, Administrative Course for Graduate Nurses, Occupational Therapy, Physiotherapy, Child Study, Library Science. A course in Education leads to High School teacher's certificate from Provincial Department of Education (Co-educational).		
St. Michael's College and Institute of Mediaeval Studies, Toronto 5 (Roman Catholic).	Preparatory and full Arts Course (Men and women, the ladies' college being St. Joseph's College). Graduate course in Mediaeval Studies. Federated with the University of Toronto.		
Victoria University and Emmanuel College, Toronto (United Church).	Arts Degree Course in Victoria College. Theology in Emmanuel (Coeducational). Federated with University of Toronto.		
Trinity College, Toronto 5(Anglican).	Degree Courses in Arts and Theology (Co-educational). Federated with University of Toronto.		
Knox College, Toronto 5(Presbyterian).	Theology.		
Wycliffe College, Toronto 5(Anglican)	Theology.		
United Church Training School, Toronto	Diploma courses in Deaconess and Missionary training (Wome Affiliated with Emmanuel College in Victoria University, Cours of the Canadian School of Missions also available.		
Anglican Women's Training College, Toronto.	Diploma courses in Deaconess and Missionary training (Wome Courses given at Wycliffe College and at the Canadian School Missions are available to students.		
Canadian School of Missions, Toronto (Mission Boards of Anglican, Baptist, Church of Christ (Disciples), Presbyterian and United Churches).	Provides certain courses for missionary students and missionaries or furlough. All students have access to courses in the Theologica Colleges — Knox, Victoria, Trinity and Wycliffe.		
Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph	Degree and diploma courses in Agriculture and Household Science (Co-educational). Degrees from the University.		
Ontario Veterinary College, Guelph(Provincial).	Degree courses in Veterinary Science (Men). Degrees from the University.		
Manitoba			
University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man(Provincial).	Degrees in Arts, Science, Fine Arts, Commerce, Education, Law Medicine, Engineering, Interior Design, Architecture, Community Planning, Agriculture, Home Economics, Pharmacy, Music and Social Work, Diplomas in Music, Nursing, Agriculture, and Fine Arts. High School teachers' course. Faculty of Graduate Studies. (Co-edu- cational).		
Manitoba Iaw School, Law Courts, Winnipeg (University and Law Society).	Four-year Course leading to degree of LL.B. in the University of Manitoba, admission to the Law Society, and call to the Bar.		
United College (Wesley and Manitoba) Winnipeg (United Church).	Preparatory and full course in Arts and Theology. (Co-educational).		
St. Paul's College, Winnipeg(Roman Catholic).	Preparatory and Arts. Course for women given at St. Mary's College and Academy.		
St. John's College, Winnipeg	Preparatory, full course in Arts and Theology. (Co-educational).		
Collège de St-Boniface, St-Boniface	Preparatory, Junior Commercial and full course in Arts Women's courses given at St. Joseph's Academy.		
Brandon College, Brandon	Preparatory, full Arts and Science. Diplomas in Music and Expression. Education. (Co-educational). Affiliated with the University of Manitoba		
Grand Séminaire St-Boniface, St-Boniface (Roman Catholic).	Theology.		

TABLE 1. List of Institutions, Showing Addresses, Control, Courses and Affiliations - Continued

Name of Institution, address and control	Courses and affiliations			
Saskatchewan				
University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask. (Provincial).	Degrees in Arts, Science, Agriculture, Co Engineering, Pharmacy, Law, Medicine leading to provincial High School Teache years. School of Nursing, College of educational).	e. Education (also course er's Certificate). Pre-dental		
Emmanuel College, Saskatoon(Anglican).	Degree courses in Theology.			
St. Andrew's College, Saskatoon(United Church).	Degree Courses in Theology.			
Lutheran College and Seminary, Saskatoon	Preparatory and Diploma Courses in Theolog	gy.		
Luther Theological Seminary, Saskatoon (Nor. Lutheran).	Diploma Courses in Theology.			
St. Chad's College, Regina(Anglican).	Degree Course in Theology			
Regina College, Regina(Provincial).	A junior Arts College of the University of and one year in Arts, Science, Commer- of Fine Arts and Conservatory of Mus for laboratory technicians. (Co-educations	ce and Engineering. School ic. Special training course		
Campion College, Regina(Roman Catholic).	Preparatory and one year in Arts. (Boys).			
Sacred Heart College, Regina(Roman Catholic).	Preparatory and one year in Arts. (Girls).			
St. Peter's College, Meunster(Roman Catholic).	Preparatory and one year in Arts. (Boys).			
Luther College, Regina	Preparatory and one year in Arts. (Co-educational).			
St. Thomas More College, Saskatoon	Arts. (Co-educational). Affiliated with University of Saskatchewan.			
Regina Cleri Seminary, Regina	The ology.			
Collège Catholique, Gravelbourg	Preparatory and Arts (Boys).	See under		
Scolasticat du Sacre-Coeur, Lebret	Preparatory and Arts (Boys).	the University		
St. Thomas College, Battleford	Preparatory and Arts (Boys).	of		
Notre Dame College, Wilcox(Roman Catholic).	Preparatory and Arts (Co-educational).	Ottawa		
Alberta				
University of Alberta, Edmonton and Calgary (Provincial).	Degrees in Arts and Science, Commer Science, Engineering, Education (also mentary teachers' certificate), Law, Med and Nursing, School of Graduate Studies, Supervision in Schools of Nursing and Publ	"normal" course for ele- licine, Dentistry, Pharmacy Diplomas in Teaching and		
St. Stephen's College, Edmonton(United Church).	Theology, Arts classes taken in the Univers	ity of Alberta (Men).		
St. Joseph's College, Edmonton(Roman Catholic).	Instruction in Arts subjects, and religious instruction (Men). Al students also registered in the University of Alberta.			
St. Aidan's College, Edmonton				
Mount Royal College, Calgary(United Church).	Preparatory, Junior Commercial, Music and one year Arts. (Coeducational).			
Concordia College, Edmonton				
Canadian Union College, College Heights (Seventh Day Adventists).	Preparatory. Junior Commercial and two year Arts (including premedical, pre-dental, pre-nursing). Degrees in Theology. (Coeducational).			

TABLE 1. List of Institutions, Showing Addresses, Control, Courses and Affiliations - Concluded

Name of Institution, address and control	Courses and affiliations
Alberta - Concluded	
Collège St-Jean, Edmonton	Preparatory and Arts. See under University of Ottawa. (Male).
St. Joseph's Seminary, Edmonton(Roman Catholic).	Two year course in Philosophy; four year course in Theology. (Male).
British Columbia	
University of British Columbia, Vancouver (Provincial).	Degrees in Arts and Science (including Commerce, Education, Physical Education, Home Economics and Social Work), Engineering and Applied Science (including Architecture and Nursing), Agriculture, Law, Pharmacy, Medicine and Forestry, High School teacher's training course. Faculty of Graduate Studies (Co-educational).
Victoria College, Victoria(Municipal).	Two years of Arts and Science (including Commerce). University of British Columbia curriculum. A Junior College of the University of B.C. for the convenience of residents of Vancouver Island. (Co-educational).
Anglican Theological College of British Columbia, Vancouver (Anglican). Union College of British Columbia	Degree courses in theology. Affiliated theological colleges of the University of British Columbia. They provide religious knowledge options for which credit is given by the University toward the B.A. degree.
The Canadian Services College, Royal Roads, Victoria (Federal).	Two year academic and service training course for Armed Services Officer Cadets. Course may be completed at Royal Military College Kingston.
Notre Dame College, Nelson	Three years liberal Arts from B.C. Junior Matriculation. Affiliated with Gonzaga University, Seattle, Washington, U.S.A., where students are admitted after completion of any year. The B.A. is granted by Gonzaga on the completion of the fourth year in residence as Gonzaga. (Co-educational).

TABLE 2. List of Professional Schools, Colleges and University Faculties in Canada, Showing the Full-Time Enrolment of University Grade in Each Branch of Study, 1951 and 1952

Note. This is a detailed list of the institutions or parts of institutions for which statistics are summarized in the ensuing tables. The name of each appears in the language, English or French, used in it as the main language of instruction. The figures opposite the name of each show full-time enrolment of university grade, i.e., in courses for which matriculation is prerequisite, male and female separately. No record is included of part-time students (except in Post-Graduate Arts and Science where they cannot be separated), evening classes, short courses or extension students of any kind; nor of full-time students that are in courses for which matriculation is not prerequisite, e.g., students in the high school or preparatory departments of colleges, or in diploma courses in agriculture, household science, music, etc. Students of all kinds are counted in the later tables, but the more limited purpose of Table 2 is to show at what locations instruction in each branch of higher studies is available, and to indicate the approximate share of each institution in the total.

	1952		1951	
	м.	F.	М.	F.
Post-Graduate Arts and Pure Science (in this section it is necessary to				
include part-time students of the regular session as well as full-time):				
Acadia University, Wolfville, N.S.	12	3	28	
Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S. St. Francis Xavier University, Antigonish, N.S.	38	7	46	
Mount Allison University, Sackville, N.B.	3	_	2	
University of New Brunswick, Fredericton, N.B.	28	2	19	
McGill University, Faculty of Graduate Studies and Research, Mont-				
réal, Qué	391	79	407	6
Bishop's University, Lennoxville, Qué	52	11	87	
Université de Montréal, Qué ¹	165	52	194	4
Université d'Ottawa, Ont.	176	41	106	
St. Patrick's College, Ottawa, Ont.	_	_	_	
McMaster University, Hamilton, Ont.	64	9	47	
Queen's University, Kingston, Ont.	50	7	51	
Pontifical Institute of Mediaeval Studies, Toronto, Ont	607	118	704	1
University of Western Ontario, London, Ont.	82	12	91	1
Assumption College, Windsor, Ont.	4	_	6	
University of Manitoba, Fort Garry, Man.	98	12	87	
University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask,	110	6	122	
University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta. University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C.	183	14 30	178	
Undergraduate Arts and Pure Science (Full B.A. Course):				
NewFoundland: Memorial University College, St. John's	91	28	93	3
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND:				
St. Dunstan's University, Charlottetown	142	31	151	2
Nova Scotia:	00.0	00	0770	14
Acadia University, Wolfville	203	88	273 78	10
Dalhousie University, Halifax	338	221	365	2
King's College, (University of), Halifax	65	26	69	_
Mt. St. Vincent College, Halifax		125		
St. Francis Xavier University, Antigonish	407 91	60	468 74	
New Brunswick:		1		
Université du Sacré-Coeur, Bathurst	82	22	117	
Mount Allison University, Sackville St. Thomas College, Chatham	222	115	227 106	11
Université St-Joseph, St. Joseph	75 181	19	213	
University of New Brunswick, Fredericton	157	81	189	
Collège St-Louis, Edmundston	99	21	92	
QUEBEC:	146	00	150	
Bishop's University, Lennoxville	142	68	1, 140	8
McGill University, Montréal	977	848		

All students in the faculties of Letters, Philosophy and Science at the University of Montreal and Laval University hold a bachelor's degree, in a general classic course, not in specialized fields as is generally the case with students pursuing post-graduate studies in the English language universities.
 Record not available.

TABLE 2. List of Professional Schools, Colleges and University Faculties in Canada, Showing the Full-Time Enrolment of University Grade in Each Branch of Study, 1951 and 1952 — Continued

	1952		1951	
	M.	F.	М.	F.
Undergraduate Arts and Pure Science (Full B.A. Course) — Continued:				
QUEBEC — Concluded: Collèges Classiques affiliés à l'Université de Montréal:				
Collège de l'Assomption, L'Assomption	135		130	
Collège Bourget, Rigaud	131		127	
Collège Brébeuf, Montréal	239	_	209	
Séminaire de Joliette, Joliette	175	_	170	
Loyola College, Montréal	384	-	415	
Collège de Montrèal, Montrèal	295	-	211	
Seminaire St-Charles Borromée, Sherbrooke	199	-	167	
Séminaire de St-Hyacinthe, St-Hyacinthe	248		223	
Collège de St-Jean, St-Jean	138		133	
Collège St-Laurent, St-Laurent	224		224	
Collège André-Grasset, Montréal	170		157	
Externat Ste-Croix, Montréal	162	040	123	
Collège Ste-Marie, Montréal	498	_	462	
Sèminaire Ste-Thérèse, Ste-Thèrèse	105	_	102	
Séminaire Oblat, Chambly-Bassin	35		102	
Séminaire St-François, Cap Rouge	42			
Séminaire Marie-Médiatrice, Montréal	84	_		
Collège de Saints-Apotres, Côte St-Catherine	49	_	_	
Séminaire du T.SSacrèment, Terrebonne	20		_	
Collège Basile-Moreau, Saint-Laurent	_	81	-	
Collège Jèsus-Marie, Outremont	-	83	-	
Collège Marie-Anne, Lachine	_	44	-	
Collège Marguerite-Bourgeoys, Montrèal	-	112	-	
Marianopolis College, Montreal	-	150	_	1
Collège Saint-Maurice, St-Hyacinthe		20	-	
Collège du Sacré-Coeur, Sherbrooke		18	_	
Collèges Classiques affiliés à l'Université Laval:				
Séminaire de Québec	357	-	364	
Séminaire de Nicolet, Nicolet	137	-	134	
Collège de Ste-Anne, Ste-Anne-de-la-Pocatière	200		209	
Séminaire St-Joseph, Trois-Rivières	29 2 146	_	270 168	
Séminaire de Chicoutimi, Chicoutimi	298		258	
Collège Classique de Lèvis, Lévis	245		219	
Séminaire St-Joseph, Mont-Laurier	56	_	60	
Collège St-Alexandre, Pte-Gatineau	66	_	59	
Séminaire de St-Victor, St-Victor de Beauce	73	-	63	
Collège des Jésuites, Gaspé	49	man .	50	
Collège St-Charles-Garnier, Québec	183	-	168	
Séminaire St-Alphonse, Ste-Anne-de-Beaupré et Aylmer	62	-	43	
Séminaire St-Antolne, Trois-Rivières et Québec	38	-	31	
Collège Saint-Jean-Eudes, Québec	129	_	121	
Séminaire Montfortain Ecole Apostolique du Sacré-Coeur, Beauport	20		19	
Collège d'Amos	34		25	
Juvènat des Pères Maristes, Sillery	16		9	
Séminaire St-Georges, Beauce	29		15	
Pensionnat de Dames du Bon Pasteur, Chicoutimi	_	19		
Collège Marguerite d'Youville, Hull	-	1	-	
Scolasticat Notre-Dame de Grace, Hull	-	19	-	
Pensionnat Notre-Dame, Nicolet		14	-	
Pensionnat Notre-Dame-de-Bellevue	-	28	-	
Collège Jèsus-Marie de Sillery, Bergerville	_	47	_	
Collège des Ursulines, Quèbec	-	50	-	
Collège des Ursulines, Rimouski Collège Marie de L'Incarnation, Trois-Rivières		19	***	
ONTARIO:	500	0.10	00.0	
McMaster University, Hamilton	599	248	607	2
Université d'Ottawa, Ottawa (Colleges included)	539	78	664	
Collège Bruyère, Ottawa	_	39		
Séminaire diocèsain	65	30	68	
Congrégation de Notre-Dame	00		-	
St. Jerome's College, Kitchener	11	2	5	

[·] Record not available.

TABLE 2. List of Professional Schools, Colleges and University Faculties in Canada, Showing the Full-Time Enrolment of University Grade in Each Branch of Study, 1951 and 1952 - Continued

	1952		1951	
	M.	F.	M.	F.
c. Undergraduate Arts and Pure Science (Full B.A. Course) - Concluded:				
ONTARIO Concluded: Queen's University, Kingston Collège Sacré-Coeur, Sudbury St. Patrick's College, Ottawa Carleton College, Ottawa University of Toronto, Toronto (Colleges included) St. Michael's College, Toronto Trinity College, Toronto Victoria College, Toronto	447 79 74 172 1,841 363 208 572	354 — 11 91 1,468 169 217 525	442 95 86 202 2,055 380 252 657	35 - 1 9 1,67 18 23 62
University of Western Ontario, London (Colleges included) Assumption College, Windsor Ursuline College, London Waterloo College, Waterloo Huron College, London St. Peter's Seminary, London	1,597 503 - 145 23 73	437 67 97 33 —	1, 645 568 2 125 32 87	49 5 11 4
MANITOBA: University of Manitoba, Winnipeg (Colleges included) Brandon College, Brandon Collège St-Boniface, St-Boniface St. John's College, Winnipeg St. Paul's College, Winnipeg United College, Winnipeg	1,359 120 96 20 80 336	599 47 8 3 34 171	1, 489 124 99 12 82 323	66 5 - 3 18
SASK AT CHEWAN: Collège Mathieu, Gravelbourg Notre Dame College, Wilcox University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon St. Thomas More College, Saskatoon	52 30 492 79	4 255 57	42 31 480 81	27
ALBERTA: University of Alberta, Edmonton	512	176	496	20
BRITISH COLUMBIA: University of British Columbia, Vancouver	1.733	823	1,994	88
Junior Colleges Including Classical Schools of Roman Catholic Orders Preparatory to Theology:				
Prince Edward Island: Prince of Wales College, Charlottetown	31	21	37	:
Nova Scotia: Xavier Junior College, Sydney	50	8	_	
QUEBEC: Ecole St-Ignace (Jésuites), Montréal	300	(Estimated	1 Total > 298	
ONTARIO: Alma College, St. Thomas Mt. Carmel College (Carmelites), Niagara Falls Collège Séraphique (Capucins), Ottawa Juvénat St. Alexis (Servites de Marie), Ottawa St. Stanislas Novicate (Jesuits), Guelph St. Mary's College, Brockville	47 17 10 17 27	5	42 13 7 21	-

[·] Record not available.

TABLE 2. List of Professional Schools, Colleges and University Faculties in Canada, Showing the Full-Time Enrolment of University Grade in Each Branch of Study, 1931 and 1932 — Continued

	1952		1951	
	M.	F.	М.	F.
3. Junior Colleges Including Classical Schools of Roman Catholic Orders Preparatory to Theology — Concluded:				
SASKATCHEWAN:				
Campion College, Regina Luther College, Regina	22	1 3	18	3
Regina College, Regina		*	62	39
St. Peter's College, Muenster	3	4	25	-
ALBERTA:				
Canadian Union College, Lacombe	44	31	52	41
Concordia College, Edmonton	10	5	7 40	
Collège St-Jean, Edmonton	18	-	15	-
BRITISH COLUMBIA: Victoria College, Victoria	216	89	191	92
4. Agriculture:				
Prince of Wales College, Charlottetown, P.E.I.	2	1	3	_
Nova Scotia Agricultural College, Truro, N.S	36	2	45 36	
Institut Agricole d'Oka, La Trappe, Qué	84	-	95	_
Macdonald College, Macdonald College, Que. Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph, Ont.	266 398	21	306 476	2
Faculty of Agriculture, University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man.	131	4	184	1
College of Agriculture, University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask.	150	1	183	
Faculty of Agriculture, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta	122	2	192	
B.C.	220	31	280	3
5. Architecture:				
Department of Architecture, Faculty of Applied Science, McGill University, Montreal, Que.	131	7	147	
Ecole des Beaux-Arts, Montréal, Qué.				
School of Architecture, Faculty of Applied Science and Engineering, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont.	197	9	210	
Faculty of Engineering and Architecture, University of Manitoba, Win-	101		210	
nipeg, Man. Faculty of Applied Science, University of British Columbia, Van-	111	6	148	1
couver, B.C.	84	3	93	
6. Applied Science and Engineering:	77		55	
Memorial University College, St. John's, Nfld. ² Nova Scotia Technical College, Halifax, N.S.	77 256	_	358	
Acadia University, Wolfville, N.S. ²	55	-	60	-
Dalhousle University, Halliax, N.S.*	87 76	-	10 2	
St. Mary's College, Halifax, N.S. 2 St. Francis Xavier University, Antigonish, N.S. 2	120	600.0	154	-
Mt. Allison University, Sackville, N.B.	89 254	1	220	-
University of New Brunswick, Fredericton, N.B. Faculty of Applied Science, McGill University, Montreal, Qué.	1, 136	8	1, 240	
Ecole Polytechnique, Montréal, Qué.	498	1	486	-
Faculté des Sciences, Université Laval, Québec, Qué	422 682	4	357 681	
Faculty of Applied Science and Engineering, University of Toronto,	302	A		
Toronto, Ont.	1,651	10	2, 138	
Royal Military College of Canada, Kingston, Ont. Université d'Ottawa, Ottawa, Ont. 3	210 63	_	210 61	_
Carleton College, Ottawa, Ont. 3	41	1	53	

<sup>Record not available.
The pre-specialized years only of the Engineering course.
First two years of Engineering.</sup>

TABLE 2. List of Professional Schools, Colleges and University Faculties in Canada, Showing the Full-Time Enrolment of University Grade in Each Branch of Study, 1951 and 1952 - Continued

_		1952		1951	
	М.	F.	M.	F.	
s. Applied Science and Engineering - Concluded:					
Faculty of Engineering and Architecture, University of Manitoba, Win-					
nipeg, Man.	404		477	_	
College of Engineering, University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask	406		437	_	
Regina College, Regina, Sask. ³ Faculty of Engineering, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta.	47	2	554		
Faculty of Applied Science, University of British Columbia, Vancou-	5.40		000		
ver, B.C	740 150	_1	963	-	
. Commerce:					
St. Dunstan's University, Charlottetown, P.E.I.	22	-	20		
Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S.	131	5 36	142		
St. Francis Xavier University, Antigonish, N.S. St. Mary's University, Halifax, N.S.	55	-	48		
Université Saint-Joseph, N.B.	*	*	19	1	
Mount Allison University, Sackville, N.B.4 University of New Brunswick, Fredericton, N.B.	35 13	1	32	_	
L'Ecole Supérieure de Commerce de Québec, Université Laval, Qué-	10				
bec, Qué,	294 189	1 2	296 265		
Ecole des Hautes Etudes Commerciales, Montréal, Qué	510	51	572	3	
Sir George Williams College, Montreal, Que.	211	8	215		
Université d'Ottawa, Ottawa, Ont. St. Patrick's College, Ottawa, Ont.	107	5	119	_	
Carleton College, Ottawa, Ont.	42	4	40		
University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont	335	17	384	2	
ton, Ont.	97	17	95	1	
Department of Business Administration, University of Western Onta-	100	2	170		
rio, London, Ont. University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man.	198	10	172 151	1	
College of Commerce, University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask	126	11	134	1	
University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta. University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C.	90 338	14 24	98 305	1 2	
. Dentistry:					
Faculty of Dentistry, Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S.	47	2	48	_	
Faculty of Dentistry, McGill University, Montréal, Qué Faculté de chirurgie dentaire, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué	144 140	_	143 229	_	
Faculty of Dentistry, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont	379	10	454		
Faculty of Medicine and Dentistry, University of Alberta, Edmonton,	119	3	114		
	113	3	111		
Education: Acadia University, Wolfville, N.S.	21	5	38		
Dalhousie University Halifax N.S.	15	11	23		
Mount Saint Vincent College, Halifax, N.S.	21	45	38	6,4	
St. Francis Xavier University, Antigonish, N.S. Mt. Allison University, Sackville, N.B.	8	1	14		
University of New Brunswick, Fredericton, N.B.	10	2	10		
Université St-Joseph, N.B. Ecole de pédagogie, Université Laval, Québec	68	106	11 68	ç	
Bishop's University, Lennoxville, Qué	6	2	6		
McGill University, Montréal, Qué	24	29	35	10	
Institut pédagogique St-Georges, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué.	184	49	146	7	
Ecole normale secondaire, Université de Montréal, Qué,	17 317	205	19 334	17	
Ontario College of Education, Toronto, Ont. Faculty of Education, University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man.	25	18	99	1	
College of Education, University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask	130	67	176	8	
Faculty of Education, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta	248	431	279	24	
ver, B.C.	107	39	174		

^{*} Record not available.
3. First two years of Engineering.
4. First two years of Commerce and Finance.

TABLE 2. List of Professional Schools, Colleges and University Faculties in Canada, Showing the Full-Time Enrolment of University Grade in Each Branch of Study, 1951 and 1952 — Continued

	195	2	195	1
	М.	F.	М.	F.
10. Fine and Applied Arts:				
Mount Allison University, Sackville, N.B. McGill University, Montreal, Que. University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man.	10 3 9	42 39 19	16 5 4	39 57 6
11, Fisheries:				
Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S	13	JA 2	11	===
12, Forestry:		19 1-1	- 19	
Department of Applied Science, University of New Brunswick, Fredericton, N.B. Ecole d'arpentage et de génie forestier, Université Laval, Quèbec, Qué. Faculty of Forestry, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont. Department of Forestry, University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C.	204 101 163	1	188 93 208	1 - 1
13. Home Economics and Dietetics: Memorial University, St. John's, Newfoundland Mount St. Vincent College, Halifax, N.S.	=	17	_	8 10
Acadia University, Wolfville, N.S. St. Francis Xavier University, Antigonish, N.S.	_	45		60 42
Mount Allison University, Sackville, N.B.	_	59	-	50
Université St-Joseph, N.B Ecole supérieure des sciences domestiques de Saint-Pascal, Qué,	_	80		70
Macdonald College, Macdonald College, Qué,	-	133	-	144
Institut de diététique et de nutrition, Université de Montréal, Mont- réal, Qué		54		55
Instituts familiaux de l'Université de Montréal (7) et Ecole Ménagère				
provinciale, Montréal, Qué		164 124	_	150 86
Faculty of Household Science, University of Toronto; Toronto, Ont	_	19	_	15
University of Western Ontario, London, Ont. Faculty of Agriculture and Home Economics, University of Manitoba,	_	50	-	71
Fort Garry, Man.	-	296	-	308
School of Household Science, University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon,		60	_	75
School of Household Economics, University of Alberta, Edmonton,				
Alta. Department of Home Economics, University of British Columbia, Van-		60		74
couver, B.C.	-	167	-	185
14. Journalism:				
University of King's College, Halifax, N.S.	-	1	1	3
St. Mary's College, Halifax, N.S.	2	-4	2	- 3
Mount Saint Vincent College, Halifax, N.S. Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué,	_	-	-	_
Carleton College, Ottawa, Ont	27 16	20 15	37 24	16 18
15. Law:				
Faculty of Law, Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S	152 37 181 268 202 78 702 148 96	7 4 13 17 10 2 17 3 9	167 55 168 250 174 96 708 181 104 139	3 3 11 15 9 5 21 4 5
Faculty of Law, University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C.	247	17	308	17

^{*} Record not available.

TABLE 2. List of Professional Schools, Colleges and University Faculties in Canada, Showing the Full-Time Enrolment of University Grade in Each Branch of Study, 1951 and 1952 - Continued

	195	2	195	1
_	М.	F.	М.	F.
16. Library Science:				
Mount Saint Vincent College, Halifax, N.S. Library School, McGill University, Montreal, Que. Ecole de bibliothécaires, Université de Montréal, Qué. Library School, Ontario College of Education, Toronto, Ont. Ecole de bibliothécaires, Université d'Ottawa, Ottawa, Ont. Faculté des Lettres, Université Laval, Québec, Qué.	11 3 15 6	3 23 4 41 — 12	11 10 12 3	33 15 58
17. Medicine:				
Faculty of Medicine, Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S. Faculté de médecine, Université Laval, Québec, Qué. Faculté de médecine, Université de Montréal, Montréal Qué. Faculty of Medicine, McGill University, Montréal, Qué. Faculty of Medicine, University of Ottawa, Ottawa, Ont. Faculty of Medicine, Queen's University, Kingston, Ont. Faculty of Medicine, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont. Faculty of Medicine, University of Western Ontario, London, Ont. School of Medicine, University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man.	266 644 467 608 285 326 979 263 340	12 16 39 53 8 28 84 21 24	263 615 467 632 286 326 997 270 346	10 11 36 48 28 10 11 24
School of Medical Science (pre-clinical years only), University of Saskatchewan, Saskatcon, Sask. Faculty of Medicine, University of Alberta, Edmonton, Alta. Faculty of Medicine, University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C	52 207 112	12 15 8	56 206 57	1
8. Music (Degree Courses in Music):				
Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S. Acadia University, Wolfville, N.S. Mount St, Vincent College, Halifax, N.S. Mount Allison University, Sackville, N.B. Université Laval, Québec, Qué. Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué. McGill University, Montreal, Que. University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont. University of Western Ontario, London, Ont. University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man. University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Sask.	1 2 6 43 4 1 56 7	5 8 3 22 42 109 4 31 12 —	1 2 8 19 18 26 57 1	2 6 10 4 3 1
9. Nursing (Post-Graduate diploma and Degree Courses):				
Dalhousie University, Halifax, N.S. School of Nursing, Saint Francis Xavier University, Antigonish, N.S. School of Nursing, Mount Saint Vincent College, Halifax, N.S. School of Nursing, St. Thomas College, Chatham, N.B. School of Graduate Nurses, McGill University, Montreal, Que. Ecole d'hygiène sociale appliquée, Université de Montréal, Montréal,	-	13 7 9 6 59	-	1
Qué. Institut Marguerite d'Youville, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué Université Laval, Québec, Qué School of Nursing, University of Ottawa, Ottawa, Ont. School of Public Health Nursing, Queen's University, Kingston, Ont	_	37 81 - 116 27	=	34 14 2 2
School of Nursing, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont. School of Nursing, McMaster University, Hamilton, Ont. Faculty of Public Health, University of Western Ontario, London, Ont. School of Nursing Education, University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man.		242 23 49 10	-	27 3 5
School of Nursing, University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon, Saskatoo	_	39 125 102		12 9
0. Optometry:				
Ecole d'Optométrie, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué	54 66	1 2	36 97	
1. Pharmacy:				
Maritime College of Pharmacy, Halifax, N.S	45 82 340 362	5 14 13 58	61 92 332 321	1 2 4

TABLE 2. List of Professional Schools, Colleges and University Faculties in Canada, Showing the Full-Time Enrolment of University Grade in Each Branch of Study, 1951 and 1952 — Continued

	195	2	195	1
	M.	F.	М.	F.
21. Pharmacy - Concluded:				
Pharmacy Department, University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man,	87 110 72	5 17 16	90 134 83	6 26 13
B.C	107	28	136	30
22. Physical Education:				
The School of Physical Education, McGill University, Montreal, Que. Institute of Physical Education, University of Ottawa, Ottawa, Ont.	44 17	51	59 24	71
School of Physical and Health Education, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont	77	93	68	94
ton, Ont. Department of Physical and Health Education, University of Western	34	41	34	41
Ontario, London, Ont. Department of Physical and Health Education, University of British	23	11	14	3
Columbia, Vancouver, B.C.	98	39	91	48
23. Secretarial Science:			I I	
Acadia University, Wolfville, N.S	3	18	1	50
Mount St. Vincent College, Halifax, N.S. Mount Allison University, Sackville, N.B. University of Western Ontario, London, Ont.		25 80	- 2	20 13 71
24. Social Work:				
Maritime School of Social Work, Halifax, N.S. Ecole des Sciences sociales, Université Laval, Québec, Qué. Ecole des Sciences sociales, Université de Montréal, Montréal, Qué. McGill School of Social Work, 3480 University St., Montreal, Que. Saint Patrick's College, Ottawa. School of Social Work, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont. Department of Social Work, University of Manitoba, Winnipeg, Man. University of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C.	6 75 64 41 19 62 4 67	14 26 37 59 18 67 23 50	10 22 60 35 * 70 12 74	9 28 20 87 * 85 24 68
25. Therapy, Occupational and Physiotherapy:				
School of Physiotherapy, McGill University, Montreal, Que	=	72 250	=	59 213
26. Veterinary Science:				
Ecole de Médecine vétérinaire, St-Hyacinthe, Qué. Ontario Veterinary College, Guelph, Ont.	96 301	15	121 364	12
27. Theology:			1200	
BAPTIST CHURCH: Acadia University, Wolfville, N.S	6 36	3 7	8 37	2 15
Church of England: King's College, Halifax, N.S.	19		16	_
Bishop's University, Lennoxville, Que. Dioscesan Theological College, Montreal, Que.	14 22	-	10 20	-
Trinity College, Toronto, Ont,	50	1	51	1
Wycliffe College, Toronto, Ont	52	31	-	32
Huron College, London, Ontario	. 17	-	56 19	-
St. John's College, Winnipeg, Man. Emmanuel College, Saskatoon, Sask.	21	_	20	
St. Chad's College, Regina, Sask.	15	440	5	-
		-		

^{*} Record not available.

TABLE 2. List of Professional Schools, Colleges and University Faculties in Canada, Showing the Full-Time Enrolment of University Grade in Each Branch of Study, 1951 and 1952 - Concluded

	19	52	195	1
	M,	F.	M,	F,
. Theology - Concluded:				
Lutheran Church:				
Waterloo College, Waterloo, Ont. Lutheran College Seminary, Saskatoon, Sask. Luther Theological Sem. (Nor), Saskatoon, Sask.	16	• -	12	*
PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH:				
Presbyterian Theological College, Montreal, Que	15 42	_	14 51	
United Church of Canada:				
Pine Hill Divinity Hall, Halifax, N.S. United Theological College, Montreal, Que, Queen's Theological College, Kingston, Ont. Victoria University (Emmanuel College), Toronto, Ont. United Church Training School, Toronto, Ont. United College, Winnipeg, Man. St. Andrews College, Saskatoon, Sask. St. Stephen's College, Edmonton, Alta. Union College of British Columbia, Vancouver, B.C.	37 20 23 135 - * 29 12 24	1 5 37 1 1	37 21 23 133 — 32 35 13 28	
ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH (SECULAR CLERGY): Holy Heart Seminary, Halifax, N.S. Université Laval (Grand Séminaire), Québec, Qué. Université de Montréal (Grand Séminaire), Montréal, Qué. Séminaire de Missions Etrangères, Pont-Viau, Qué. Grand Séminaire d'Ottawa, Ottawa, Ont. Séminaire Universitaire Saint-Paul, Ottawa, Ont. St. Augustine's Seminary, Toronto, Ont. St. Francis Xavier Seminary, Scarboro Bluffs, Ont. St. Peter's Seminary, London, Ont. Saint Joseph's Seminary, Edmonton, Alberta.	87 198 188 54 135 190 131		77 231 168 54 179 189 142	
ROMAN CATHOLIC CHURCH (CLERGY IN COMMUNITIES): Compagnie de Saint-Sulpice (Sulpiciens), Montréal, Canadian College				
at Rome, Italy. Congrégation du Très-Saint-Rédempteur (Rédemptoristes), Aylmer, Qué,	87 83 16 15 38 27 66	(Estimate	87 77 24 15 41 27 66	
stock, Ont. Regina Cleri Seminary (Franciscans), Regina, Sask.	15	_	15	

[·] Record not available.

TABLE 3. Full-Time Students of the Regular Session by Provinces and Faculties

								Undergrad	uates					
Province		Arts 2	Pure Science	Agriculture	Architecture	Соппетсе	Dentistry	Education	Engineering and Applied Science	Porestry	Household Science	m or	Medicine	Music
	1952 1951	76 82	43	_	_	=	=	172 194	71 55					_
Prince Edward Island	1952 1951	155 153	75 93	3	-	22 21	_	=	_	=		- 4		_
Nova Scotia	1952 1951	965 1,089	585 625	38 47	_	350 339	49 48		593 735	_			56 272 67 274	
New Brunswick	1952 1951	849 913	218 205	_	_	67 84	_	40 49	344 307	198 184			41 — 58 —	33 40
Quebec	1952 1951	8,721 8,482	1,524 1,523	361 405	162 181	1, 252 1, 388	284 340		1, 745 1, 734	80 90			71 1,589 324 1,574	
Ontario		7,510 8,242	926	352 429	206 215	815 838	376 443		2,576 3,006	155 201	1	93 7	797 1, 821 128 1, 864	160
Manitoba		1, 958 2, 158	_	122 168	113	122 161		43 126	403 477	_	2	96 1	51 359 68 359	_
Saskatchewan		916 1,026		151	-	137 144	_	197 221	406 437	_		60 1	05 64 09 62	-
Alberta		390	429 474	104	-	104 112	122 116	676	455 535	_		60 1	17 222 42 216	-
British Columbia	1952	2, 853	-	223	87	370	-	143	875	85	1	67 2	64 120	-
	1951	3, 155	_	268	97	337	_	210	1,081	142		85 3	25 60	
Canada	1952 1951	24, 393 25, 722	3, 800 4, 049	1, 354 1, 668	568 652	3, 239 3, 424	831 947		7, 468 8, 367	518 617	1, 3			
			Undergraduates						Post	-Graduat	es 3	Oth	ers	
		Public Health and Nursing	Pharmacy	Social Service	Theology		Science	Others	Total (exl. duplicates)	Arts and Science	Others	Total	Pre- matriculation	Others 4
Newfoundland	1952 1951	-	_	-	-		-	-	379 380			_	_	_
Prince Edward Island	1952 1951	=	=	=	-		-	-	258 270	_	_	=	416	
	1952 1951	2 3			15 14		_	11 9	3, 504 3, 879	78 92	10 14	86 106	343 277	
	1952 1951		6 -	1	1	57	-	52 55	1,916 2,020	32 25	6 7	38 32	1,585 1,506	5 44
Quebec		17 25	7 44		1,02	91	96 121	369 392	19,468 19,819	808 852	442 484	1, 250 1, 336	17, 523 17, 963	2, 325
Ontario		40	3 42	0 78	1, 14	18	316 376	803	19, 495 21, 268	1, 202 1, 281	479 512	1, 681 1, 793	3, 806	252
Manitoba	1952	1	0 9:	2 27		92	-	107	3, 895	67	23 54	90	718	73
Baskatchewan		3	9 12	7 -	1:	15	-	-	2, 317	116	1	116	955	104
Alberta		12	5 8	8 -		08	_	_	2,575	188	23	168 70	849 564	394
British Columbia	1951 1952 1951	12 10 9	2 13	5 72	3	50 39 16	-	137	3, 015 5, 672 6, 399	178 220 296	99 127	239 319 423	653	4 18 9 16
	1952 1951	89 1, 03			2, 49		412 497	1, 479 1, 507	59, 849 64, 036	2, 568 3, 011	1, 082 1, 259	3, 650 4, 270	25, 910 25, 893	

Included in Arts by several universities.
 Includes philosophy.
 For part time enrolment see table 4.
 Includes diploma and certificate courses not of degree credit.

TABLE 4. Part-Time Students in the Regular Session by Province and Faculty

		Undergr	aduates			Post-g	raduate	S		C	thers	
Province and Course	1	952	15	951	19	52	19	51	1	952	1.5	051
	M.	W.	M.	W.	М.	W.	М.	W.	M.	W.	M.	W.
Newfoundland	30 30	9	14 14	6	_	_	_	=	=	_	_	
Prince Edward Island	1	4 4	2 2	3	-	_	-	-	-	1 1	=	_
Nova Scotia Arts and Science Agriculture Music Theology Education Other	67 54 - - 7 6	140 133 - 1 - 3 3	33 19 - 4 - 10	48 39 - - - 9	9 5 4	2 - - - - 2	88	5 5	35 7 27 27	105 4 	29 6 - 23 -	99 2 - 97 - -
New Brunswick Arts and Science Agriculture Music Theology Education Other	21 21 - - -	31 31 - - - -	24 24 — — — —	25 25 - - - -	3 1 - - - 2	1111111	-		68 38 - 30 - -	138 64 - 74 - -	73 45 	133 57 76
Quebec	389 134 — — 1 115 139	345 91 - - - 179 75	166 103 — 12 51	359 64 - 63 31 181	151 151 — — —	47 22 - - 25 -	87 14 - - 73	42 6	341 87 151 45 58	2,803 206 496 84 2,017	400 205 90 43 9	4, 653 272 355 101 10 3, 915
Ontario (excluding duplicates) Arts and Science Agriculture Music Theology Education Other	792 563 — 12 204 13	643 580 - 7 38 18	919 621 15 27 242 14	519 465 - 8 5 38 3	177 172 - - - 5	53 46 - - 7	104 98 - - - 6	42 39 - - - 3	73 1 -64 2 -6	313 29 - 274 2 - 8	107 -4 20 -	216 17 - 180 - 19
Manitoba Arts and Science Agriculture Music Theology Education Other	302 144 - - 151 7	276 110 165 1	171 48 - - 123	108 37 - 71	88 36 2 - 29 21	17 7 - 10	1 1		90 90 	259 	242 	1, 137
Saskatchewan Arts and Science Agriculture Music Theology Education Other	87 66 5 	48 43 — — 1 — 4	83 59 13 - 2 - 9	18 13 - - - 5		-				=	41 36 - 5	85 85
Alberta Arts and Science Agriculture Music Theology Education Other	113 15 2 - 5 52 39	107 12 - - - 85 10	80 20 3 - 2 45	74 13 — — 61	101 37 5 - 34 25	18 8 10 -		-	151 151 	302 302 	172 - 134 - 38	361 - - 267 - - 94
British Columbia Arts and Science Agriculture Music Theology Education Other	38 28 3 - 7 -	23 22 - 1 -	80 69 2 - 9	39 38 - 1	1 - 1 -			-		111111		
Total Canada (excluding duplicates) Arts and Science Agriculture Music Theology Education Other	1,840 1,056 10 - 35 529 210	1, 626 1, 035 1 9 470 111	1,572 979 18 15 56 461 43	1, 199 723 71 37 351 17	530 402 7 - 1 63 57	137 83 - - 45 9	200 121 - - 73 6	89 50 - - 36 3	758 133 — 513 47 — 65	3, 921 304 1, 502 86 - 2, 029	1, 064 292 4 537 48 9 174	6, 684 433 2, 112 101 10 4, 028

TABLE 5. Students in Summer Schools, Short Courses and Other Extra-Mural Courses

TABLE OF BRANC			raduates			Post-gr	_				hers	
Province and Course	15	952	19	951	19	52	19	51	1	952	11	951
	М.	w.	М.	W.	М.	W.	М.	W.	M.	W.	M.	W.
Newfoundland	160 160	247 247	153 153	196 196	Ξ	-	1 ~	-	=	=		=
Nova Scotia Summer School Other Short Courses Evening Classes Correspondence Other Extramural		334 225 - 12 10 87	48 39 - - 9	122 120 - - 2 -	9 9 -	22 22 - - -	16 16 —	34 34	200 26 123 22 29	149 29 77 29 14	25 2 1 —————————————————————————————————	59 24 12
New Brunswick Summer School Other Short Courses Evening Classes Correspondence Other Extramural	102 76 - - - 26	104 64 - - 40	100 77 - - - 23	100 63 - - - 37	51 35 - - 16	15 6 - - 9	55 42 - - 13	15 9 - - - 6	305 158 50 96	397 342 	253 107 — 52 92 2	444 398 — 9 34
Quebeć	4,052 966 28 3,037 19	1. 297 7 25 506 65	3, 206 876 45 2, 279 6	996 505 50 429 12	158 151 - - 7	39	50 50 - -	3 3	6, 165 740 363 5,027 26 9	7,055 890 573 5,277 40 275	6, 164 977 378 4, 703 106	6,959 1,300 476 5,177
Ontario (excluding duplicates) Summer School Other Short Courses Evening Classes Correspondence Other Extramural	5.971 1.043 52 1.669 1.040 2,415	3,551 1,057 50 1,413 996 150	5, 583 1, 066 16 1, 536 1, 050 2, 143	3, 155 981 - 1, 291 945 78	330 287 30 — — — —	153 58 95 — —	203 103 12 — 88	5 15 243 272 —	7,471 62 1,681 3,468 2,005 255	3. 287 25 255 2, 770 126 111	7,308 175 1,461 3,331 2,045 296	3, 112 36 202 2, 575 130 169
Manitoba Summer School Other Short Courses Evening Classes Correspondence Other Extramural	688 368 - 272 48	348 319 - 2 27	744 387 — 304 53 —	346 305 - 41	-	-			1,603 102 263 1,028 210	2.062 71 18 936 1.037	1.116 52 206 858	999 53 7 250 — 689
Saskatchewan Summer School Other Short Courses Evening Classes Correspondence Other Extramural	1,376 706 — 244 382 44	2,097 981 — 494 619 3	1, 277 744 — 139 394	1.965 1,044 - 332 589	-		~		18 16 -	38 - 38 - -	106 104 - 2	8 - 8 - -
Alberta Summer School Other Short Courses Evening Classes Correspondence Other Extramural	734 734 — —	1,069 1,069 - - -	800 768 31 — 1	953 948 5 —		-	-	-	212 122 17 73 —	50 9 409 - 100	93 5 86 	177 95 - 82 -
British Columbia	762 477 - 82 223	462 296 50 116	798 508 	462 286 50 126	146 146 - - -	39 39 —	117	65 65	333 24 309 —	477	236 _ _ 236 _	242 _ _ 242 _
Total Canada (excluding duplicates) Summer School	13, 956 4, 597 80 5, 313 1, 729 2, 465	9,509 4,983 50 2,477 1,833 281	12,709 4,618 92 4,301 1,758 2,168	8, 295 4, 448 55 2, 10 2 1, 715 115	694 628 30 — — 36	268 164 95 9	441 328 12 — 101	632 354 272 — 6	16, 307 1, 210 2, 489 9, 977 2, 156 475	13.974 1.766 961 9.599 216 1.432	15,301 1,318 1,944 8,616 2,267 1,156	12,000 1,906 705 8,335 193 861

TABLE 6. Summary of All Students Reported, Classified by Grade of Work

Province	Stude	A. Students of University Grade		3. re- ulation lents	All st	udents t in or B.		ient icates)	
	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Total
Newfoundland	455 428	370 321	_	_		_	455 428	370 321	825 749
Prince Edward Island	203	60	251	166	17	107	471	333	804
	213	62	236	210	6	50	455	322	777
Nova Scotia	2,945	1,319	349	162	215	137	3,509	1,618	5, 127
	3,283	1,016	265	169	133	38	3,681	1,221	4, 902
New Brunswick	1,712 1,804	569 567	1, 235 1, 104	672 738	287 306	304 305	3, 234 3, 214	1;545	4,779 4,824
Quebec	21,776	5,420	12,141	7,041	5,502	11,528	39,419	23,989	63, 408
	20,862	5,056	11,917	7,489	5,884	12,226	38,463	24,771	63, 234
Ontario	23,681	9,165	3, 759	490	7,640	3, 313	35,080	12,968	48,048
	24,806	9,372	3, 451	302	7,569	3, 241	35,826	12,915	48,741
Manitoba	2,978	1,728	733	158	1,664	2,250	6,375	4,134	10,509
	4,296	1,658	853	997	1,364	1,277	6,513	3,932	10,445
askatchewan	3,406	2,835	790	165	122	38	4,318	2,838	7,156
	3,509	2,577	701	148	285	93	4,495	2,818	7,313
Alberta	3,070	2,087	414	430	299	989	3,783	3,506	7, 289
	3,352	1,940	378	401	345	750	4,075	3,091	7, 166
British Columbia	5, 506 6, 245	1,976 2,138	_	_	341 250	478 244	5, 847 6, 495	2,454 2,382	8,301 8,877
Canada	66,732	25,327	19,672	9,284	16,087	19, 144	102,491	53,755	156, 246
	68,798	24,707	18,905	10,454	15,942	18, 222	103,645	53,383	157, 028

TABLE 7. Summary of All Students Reported, Classified as Full-Time, Part-Time, Short Courses, etc.

Province		-time lents	Part-time students of the regular session		Short course, evening, extra mural, and extension students		Tot (exclu	ent icates)	
	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Men	Women	Total
Newfoundland	265 261	114 119	30 14	9	160 153	247 196	455 428	370 321	825 749
Prince Edward Island	470 453	328 319	1 2	5 3	_	=	471 455	333 322	804 777
Nova Scotia	3,098 3,522	866 854	111 70	247 152	300 89	505 215	3,509 3,681	1,618	5,127 4,902
New Brunswick	2,684 2,709	860 893	92 97	169 158	458 408	518 559	3, 234 3, 214	1,545 1,610	4,779 4,824
Quebec	28, 163 28, 390	12,403 11,759	881 853	3, 195 5, 054	10,375 9,420	8,391 7,958	39, 419 38, 463	23,989 24,771	63, 408 63, 234
Ontario	20, 266 21, 602	4, 968 5, 356	1,042 1,130	1,009	13,772 13,094	6,991 6,782	35,080 35,828	12,968 12,915	48,048 48,741
Manitoba	3,604 4,239	1,172 1,342	480 414	552 1, 245	2, 291 1, 860	2, 410 1, 345	6,375 6,513	4, 134 3, 932	10,509 10,445
Saskatchewan	2,837 2,988	655 742	87 124	48 103	1,394 1,383	2, 135 1, 973	4, 318 4, 495	2,838 2,818	7, 156 7, 313
Alberts 1952 1951	2,472 2,930	1,501 1,526	365 252	427 435	946 893	1,578 1,130	3,783 4,075	3,506 3,091	7, 269 7, 166
British Columbia	4,547 5,264	1,453 1,574	39 80	23 39	1, 261 1, 151	978 769	5,847 6,495	2, 454 2, 382	8,301 8,877
Canada	68, 406 72, 358	24,320 24,484	3, 128 2, 836	5,684 7,972	30, 957 28, 451	23,751	102,491 103,645	53,755 53,383	156,246 - 157,028

TABLE 8. Summary of Degrees and Diplomas Granted

University		Diplom Certif	as and icates	Bache	elor ³	Maste Lice		Doc (In Co		Doctor (Honorary)		Total	
- Marianteer v		м.	F.	М.	F.	м.	F.	М.	F.	м.	F.	M.	F.
Dalhousie-Kings 1	1952 1951	56 65	26 33	205 248	76 53	20 22	4 2	-	_	4 5	- 1	285 340	106 89
Acadia	1952 1951	10 23	12 22	90 140	44 61	8 23	1 9	=	=	5 7	_	113 193	57 92
Seint-Francis-Xavier	1952 1951	54 70	1 6	137 131	31 23	1 2	1 3	=	=	5 6	_	197 209	33 32
New Brunswick	1952 1951	=	-	181 100	32 28	17 19	_	-	-	5 4	1 1	203 123	33 29
Mount Allison	1952 1951	25 38	24 14	53 68	35 43	3	2 2	-	-	6	_	87 113	61 59
Bishops	1952 1951	3	=	33 28	15 14	3	1	=	_	4 5	1	43 34	17 14
McGill	1952	23 44	72 75	900 1,145	372 346	128 152	29 37	52 61	6	11 8	- 1	1,114	479 463
Laval	1952 1951	101 119	121	576 934	95 140	146 150	32 22	12 21	3 2	35	3	870 1, 233	254 195
Montreal	1952 1951	83 203	114 142	1, 225 1, 145	190 170	313 302	69 41	12 14	_	7 22	- 1	1,640 1,686	373 354
Toronto	1952	92 101	181 116	1.915 2.526	698 740	285 246	57 51	86 70	7 3	15 6	2	2, 393 2, 949	945 910
Victoria ²	1952 1951	32 25	2 5	35 34	2 4	4	-1	1 3	_	5 4	Ξ	77 66	10
Trinity ²	1952 1951	19	- 2	18	_	11	-	=	_	8	_1	31 33	1 2
Western Ontario	1952 1951	26 46	61 60	496 546	158 218	56 46	4	13	-1	117		602 651	223 285
Queen's	1952 1951	18 19	4 4	373 508	113 116	42 36	3	_1	_	20 22		454 585	120 126
Ottawa	1051	16 11	47 10	359 364	73 66	48 75	3 5	18 11	5	4 5	=	445 466	128 82
Mc Master	1952 1951	3	4 9	148 188	78 77	14 17	_2	-2	_	6 12	_	171 220	84 86
Manitoba	1952 1951	51 96	36 62	675 762	275 266	51 37	8 5	3	_	4 9	_1	784 904	320 333
Saskatchewan	1952 1951	121 196	52 79	483 565	139 155	48 59	4 4	_1	_	4 4	1	657 824	195 239
Alberta	1952 1951	195 221	414 314	600 748	183 207	55 66	6 5	_	_	5 3	1	855 1,038	603 527
British Columbia	1952 1951	91 139	62 55	954 1, 249	29 4 328	83 112	14 28	5 2	_	17 5	1	1, 150 1, 507	371 412
Other Institutions	1952 1951	724 850	329 347	816 1.007	127 145	28 26	8	9	_	31 24	=	1,608	464 496
Canada	1952 1951	1,743	1,562 1,386	10,258 12,454	3,030 3,200	1,353 1,405	248 227	213 191	21 11	212 175	10 11	13, 779 16, 492	4, 871 4, 835

All degrees except those in theology granted by Dalhousie.
 All degrees except those in theology entered under Toronto.
 Medical, dental and veterinary doctors included in "bachelor" column.
 The licence in the French language universities is the next degree in advance of bachelor, as the Master's degree is in the English.

TABLE 9. University Grade Students of the Regular Session Attending Outside Their Province of Residence

				Number of	students		
To.	_	From New- found- land	From P.E.I.	From N.S.	From N.B.	From Que.	From Ont.
1 1	In Newfoundland	=	=	= =	-	=	=
3 4	Prince Edward Island	=	=	2	4 6	34 20	_
5	Nova Scotia	201 211	132 143	=	494 599	160 186	77 72
7	New Brunswick	48	45 56	253 220		255 236	109 103
9	Quebec	25 47	42 48	146 139	185 213	=	838 868
1 2	Ontario	45 59	49 61	168 213	130 140	889 1,011	Ξ
	Manitoba 1952 1951	_1	1 2	2 3	2 I	21 22	10: 10:
5	Saskatchewan 1952 1951	1 1	=	4 3	2 3	6	31
7	Alberta	1 2	1 1	5 4	- 1	6 3	17
	British Columbia	1 2	- 3	7	8 8	24 30	17 16
	Canada	323 382	270 314	587 594	825 971	1, 393 1, 514	1, 34: 1, 35:

Note. - Some of the institutions providing information for this table reported more than their students of university grade in the full time session.

TABLE 10. Teaching Staffs

				Arts, Letters Science	and Pure e	
	-		Full tin	ne	Part tin	ne
No.			М.	F.	М.,	F.
1 2	Newfoundland	1952 1951	15 I3	5 4	=	_
34	Prince Edward Island	1952 1951	2I 21	3 3	3 4	1
5	Nova Scotia	1952 1951	149 143	22 26	48 42	16 25
7 8	New Brunswick	1952 1951	144 126	12	22 13	3
9	Quebec	1952 1951	934 1,038	149 142	346 414	79 87
1 2	Ontario	1952 1951	896 876	108 108	516 469	122 106
3 4	Manitoba	1952 1951	188 156	51 10	11	11 4
5	Saskatchewan	1952 1951	104 90	14	15 22	=
7 8	Alberta	1952 1951	99 109	10	135 11	28 11
9	British Columbia	1952 1951	181 191	36 48	9	20
21	Canada	1952 1951	2, 731 2, 763	410 363	1, 094 1, 003	260 257

TABLE 9. University Grade Students of the Regular Session Attending Outside Their Province of Residence

			N	umber of st	idents				Total	Number	Students	
From Man.	From Sask.	From Alta.	From B.C.	From Yukon and N.W.T.	From U.S.A.	From U.K.	From British West Indies	From Other Coun- tries	non-re- sidents in each pro- vince	Number specified by province	of full time Univer- sity grade	No.
_	_	_	_	-	=	_	-	= =	=	379 380	379 380	1 2
_	=	_	_1	_	4 4	_	_	1 1	46 32	258 270	258 270	3 4
2 7	12 9	5 5	3 3	_	158 180	3 4	26 21	29 32	1, 302 1, 472	3,568 3,975	3,590 3,985	5 6
7 8	2 6	2	3 4	_	28 40	7 7	28 15	9 16	796 772	1, 895 2, 049	1,954 2,052	7 8
54 79	86 108	55 68	126 154	1 1	549 583	61 92	i29 141	561 493	2,858 3,034	19, 588 20, 662	20, 716 21, 155	9
196 257	312 385	198 277	281 387	_2	692 8 64	28 22	34 32	378 387	3, 402 4, 095	20, 790 22, 362	21, 176 23, 061	11 12
_	260 275	82 100	45 49	_	24 28	7 5	22 23	39 22	608 636	3.927 4.584	3, 985 4, 584	13 14
24 47	=	80 92	28 36	1 2	9 8	10 12	3 3	14 14	211 256	2, 385 2, 743	2, 433 2, 743	15 16
20 17	160 146	_	62 70	11 8	5 2	_1	2	14 8	305 277	2.912 3.285	3,015 3,254	17 18
72 94	128 183	247 313	_	12 12	46 49	15 22	15 16	61 41	811 928	5, 955 6, 822	5, 991 6. 822	19 20
375 509	960 1,092	669 85 6	549 703	27 23	1,515 1,758	132 164	259 252	1, 106 1, 014	10,339 11,502	61, 657 67, 132	63, 499 68, 306	21 22

Note. - Some of the institutions providing information for this table reported more than their students of university grade in the full time session.

TABLE 10. Teaching Staffs

			Total teach			culation	Pre-matri			Faculties	rofessional	P
	time	Part 1	ime	Full t	ime	Part t	time	Full	ime	Part t	ime	Full t
N	F.	М.	F.	M.	F.	М.	F.	М.	F.	M.	F.	M.
1 2		2	11 8	18 19	i 2	2	2 1	-	=	=	4 3	5 6
1 1	1	5 6	12 12	35 35	othe othe	3 3	12 12	23 23	_	_	=	_
39	39	226 213	53 46	259 245			3 4	19 25	24 22	189 209	31 20	138 78
10 9		38 31	31 20	236 227	_	13 14	-1	75 60	7 8	3 4	19 13	64 56
241	241 169	2. 169 1. 728	931 787	2.573 2.475	5 10	108 39	444 448	713 629	208 73	1,922 1,355	373 197	1,001
	215 190	1, 168 1, 117	164 177	1, 839 1, 790	3 2	22 39	13	181 197	95 83	654 645	54 56	807 764
22		201 224	66 41	333 277	_	-1	3 2	36 41	11 12	201 212	12 30	109 94
4 4		42 53	26 22	238 222	1 3	16 20	6	55 39	3 1	20 20	6 10	89 93
27	156 27	348 160	30 29	257 251	17 6	21	9 7	33 31	115 14	197 146	12 13	142 127
22 21		58 38	48 57	330 338	=	addige white	=		22	49 21	13	187 177
711	711 480	4,257	1, 372	6, 118 5, 879	27 23	185 125	481 494	1, 135 1, 045	485 214	3, 235 2, 612	524 351	2,542 2,206

TABLE 11. Salary Classification of Full-Time Teaching Staff in Canadian Universities, 19521

		Deans			Professors		Asso	ociate Profe	ssors
Salary Range	Western Provinces	Central Canada	Maritime Provinces	Western Provinces	Central Canada	Maritime Provinces	Western Provinces	Central Canada	Maritime Provinces
\$									
7,500 and more	16	22	2	15	73	1	_	2	_
7,000 – 7,499	8	4	_	21	57	-		2	_
6,500 - 6,999	9	1	3	48	67	1	2	3	_
6,000-6,499	3	3	1	84	94	9	23	24	
5,500 - 5,999	_	1	4	52	32	9	44	86	_
5,000 – 5,499		_	_	10	30	11	58	73	1
4,500 – 4,999	-	1	2	1	10	16	63	59	3
1,000 – 4,499	1	1	1	1	2	18	4	15	11
3,500 — 3,999	-	-	4	-	-	19	2	7	10
3,000 – 3,499	_		2	-	-	6	-	_	10
2,500 – 2,999	_	_	-	-	1	1		-	5
2,000 – 2,499	-	1	ado	-	-	_	-	-	1
Under 2,000	ento	-	2	-	_	18	-	-	9
Total	37	34	21	232	366	109	196	271	59
	Assi	stant Profes	sors	Instruc	tors and Le	cturers		Total	
	Western Provinces	Central Canada	Maritime Provinces	Western Provinces	Central Canada	Maritime Provinces	Western Provinces	Central Canada	Maritime Provinces
7,500 and more		ala	-		_	_	31	97	3
7,000 – 7,499	_	_		4000	_	-	29	63	_
5,500 – 6,999	_	_	_		_	_	59	71	4
6,000 – 6,499		_	_	-	_	-	110	121	10
5,500 – 5,999	3	_	_	_	_	_	99	119	13
5,000 5,499	38	29	1	2	2	_	108	134	13
4,500 — 4,999	89	87	1	9	3	-	162	160	22
4,000 — 4,499	104	86	5	39	32	-	149	136	35
3,500 — 3,999	32	43	16	53	88	1	87	138	50
3,000 – 3,499	4	16	24	67	103	4	71	119	46
2,500 — 2,999	_	1	7	16	49	15	16	51	28
2,000 — 2,499	, inch	1	3	7	22	22	7	24	26
Under 2,000	_		-	-	25	19	-	25	48
Total	270	263	57	193	324	61	928	1,258	298

Institutions included:
 Western Provinces: Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and British Columbia.
 Central Canada: Bishop's, McGill, Queen's, Toronto, Victoria, Trinity, McMaster, and Western Ontario.
 Maritime Provinces: Acadia, Dalhousie, St. Francis Xavier, Mount Allison, and New Brunswick.

TABLE 12. University and College Libraries, 1951

Name and Address	Librarian	Volumes 1	Pamphlets where Recorded	Loans Charged	Persons Charged with Loans	Seats in Library
Newfoundland:						
Memorial University, St. John's	Sadie L. Organ	21,000	2, 000	• •	480	160
Prince Edward Island:						
Prince of Wales College, Charlottetown	Mary Donahoe	5, 279	game.	3,595	635	68
St. Dunstan's University, Charlottetown	Rev. A.F. MacDonald	12,043	-		355	40
Nova Scotia:						
Mount St. Bernard College, Antigonish	. Sr. St. Mary of Calvary	4, 119	685			50
Saint Francis Xavier University, Antigonish		45,300	600		820	150
Collège Sainte-Anne, Church Point		10, 280	_		1.4	
Dalhousie University, Halifax		79,804	20,000	33, 026	1, 165	196
Dental Library	Charletta S. Allan	2,696	100	}	1 56)
Medical Library	Charlotte S. Allan	18,674	4,000	7,000	379	91
Law Library	Mrs. K.K. Chisholm	30,000			150	
Holy Heart Seminary, Halifax		10, 150	_		0.4	40
Maritime College of Pharmacy, Halifax		333	_		50	_
Mount Saint Vincent College, Halifax		33,099	1,600			90
Nova Scotia Technical College, Halifax	Donald A. Redmond	7,400			397	10
Pine Hill Divinity Hall, Halifax	. Rev. James W. Falconer	30,155	250	* #	91	30
Saint Mary's University, Halifax	Rev. W.A. Stewart	9,581	205	* *	207	31
University of King's College, Halifax	Dr. Burns Martin	32,500	900	4, 331		6'
Xavier Junior College, Sydney		2,000	100		210	4(
Nova Scotia Agricultural College, Truro		11,610	150	**		1
Acadia University, Wolfville	. Harry W. Ganong	95,000	• •	20,652	• •	150
New Brunswick:						
Université du Sacré-Coeur, Bathurst	R.P. Joseph LeGresley	9,525	800	2,000	350	
University of New Brunswick, Fredericton		51,300		19, 454	794	9:
St. Thomas College, Chatham		5,800		710	120	10
Mount Allison University, Sackville	. Olga B. Bishop	66,927	1	22,850	735	120
Université Saint-Joseph, Saint-Joseph	Fr. Omer Cormier	26,770	**	5,727	550	30
Collège Saint-Louis, Edmunston	q santa	b .		* *		
Quebec:	THE RESERVE OF					
Studendat Mont-Saint-Joseph, Aylmer	R.P. PE. Vadehoncoeur	19,505	2, 400	15, 300	88	10
Ecole Apostolique du Sacré-Coeur, Beauport		6,010	2, 100	10,000		10
Monastère P.P. Bénédictins, St-Benoît-du-lac, Bolton Centre		32, 160	1,600		70	
Juniorat de Marie-Immaculée, Chambly Bassin		9, 268	2 25	4,000	240	
Séminaire de Chicoutimi, Chicoutimi		23,040	1,500	13,000	750	6
Séminaire de Gaspé, Gaspé		8,015	400	4,000	230	
Séminaire des Péres Eudistes, Gros Pin		10,012	2,000		8	
Séminaire de Joliette, Joliette	R.P. Médard Laroche	44, 170	5,000	14, 500	750	130
Collège de l'Assomption, l'Assomption	abbé Henri Langlois	21, 394			420	_
Institut Agricole d'Oka, La Trappe	Fr. M. Hilaire	28,594		2, 100	154	32
Bishop's University, Lennoxville	Arnold D. Banfield	24, 492	600	8, 590	283	58
Collége de Lévis, Lévis	R.P. Lucien Cloutier	45,030	4,000	3,500	750	10
Collège Saint-Alexandre, Limbour (via Hull)		12,040	100			_
Macdonald College, Macdonald College P.O.		_	-	-	_	-
Séminaire Saint Joseph, Mont-Laurier	R.P. André Cadieux	10,000			* 4	30
Collège André-Grasset, Montreal		10.542	300	3, 200	400	_
Collège Jean-de-Bréheuf, Montreal	R.P. JR. Tremblay	32,050	_	15,000	650	_
Collège de Montréal, Montreal		30,016	-	> 4	20	-
Collège Marguerite Bourgeoys, Montreal	Sr. Ste-Sophronie	28,346	943	10, 390	393	65
Collège de Saint-Ignace, Montreal	R.P. Joseph-O. Bégin	16,050		6,000	200	10
Collège Sainte-Marie, Montreal	R.P. JB. Lalime	50,065	2,000		* *	_
Studium Saint-Bonaventure, Montreal	D.D. Claused Months	15,662	200	350	20	10

^{1.} Includes periodicals.

TABLE 12. University and College Libraries, 1951 - Continued

Name a	and Address	Librarian	Volumes 1	Pamphlets where Recorded	Loans Charged	Persons Charged with Loans	Seats in Library
Quebec -Concluded.							
Divinity Hall, Montreal	**************************************				h 0	**	
École des Hautes Études Cor	nmerciales, Montreal	Paul Houde	56,484	10,887	81,825	* *	85
École Polytechnique, Montres	1	Joseph R. Leduc	47,620	13,000	12,000	840	100
Externat Classique Sainte-Cr	oix, Montreal	R.P. C. Gabriel Allard	8,044	300	12,000	450	4
Institut Nazareth, Montreal	***************************************	Sr. Germaine Ménard	19,978	-	6,000	230	10
	(50.) (6.4) (4.6) (6.6) (_	21,445	_	- 0		80
	D 2 3 3 4 4 4 4 5 7 7 8 7 4 7 7 7 7 7 9 9 7 7 7 7 7 7 8 9 8 8 8 8 8	Richard Pennington	648, 261	45,880	190, 216	7, 445	83
Medical Library	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Edith Gordon	73,800	2,050	24,341	* *	8
Faculty of Divinity Library	***************************************	Mrs. T.G. Keir	34, 246	1,555	4, 412	83	58
Monastère des Franciscains,	Montreal	R.P. Osias Vandandaigue	26,465	100	1,530	60	13
Montreal Diocesan Theologic	al College, Montreal			* *	* *	* *	
Montreal Presbyterian Theolo	gical College, Montreal	Bessie F. Fraser	16,065	425	619	60	20
McGill School of Social Work,	Montreal	J.L. Gogo			4.4	* *	
Scolasticat de l'Immaculée-C	Conception, Montreal	R.P. Gérard Houle	104, 437	3,000	5,000	200	120
Scolasticat du Tres-Saint-Sac	rement, Montreal	R.P. A. Belanger	70,200	_			
Séminaire de Philosophie, Mo	ntreal	Emile Fréchette	20,060	300	**	р о	
Sir George Williams College,	Montreal	Margaret Broadhurst	22,972	200	36,309	2, 400	152
United Theological College,	Montreal	R.B. Y. Scott	12,522				_
	eal	Raymond Tanghe	150,950	6,000	35,000	1,800	173
	\$\$ \$ \$\$\$\$ 66.5 \$\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	Pierre Carignan	6,042	100			81
Faculté des Sciences (Inst.	itut Botanique)	Carmen Rinfret	21,111	40,000	* *	**	36
Faculté de Théologie (Gran	nd Séminaire de Montréal)	Marie-Georges Bulteau, p.s.s	38, 120	4,500	12,000	375	2:
	\$	R.P. Raymond M. Giguere	10, 100	1,000			10
Séminaire de Nicolet, Nicolet		Mgr. Robert Charland	51,058	10,100		400	
	auville	R.P. Bernard Dupuy	7,545	2, 500	610	105	1
	s, Pointe-aux-Trembles	R.P. Alfred	32,694	_			10
	geres, Pont-Viau	R.P. Jacques Desparts	16,050	-	800	80	
	**************************************	Fr. Maglorie	26, 396		10,000	570	13
	y, Quebec	Mère Marie des Anges	24,087	400	18.700	224	41
		R.P. Antonio Lepage	29,600	15,200	12,000	500	_
	· ••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••		15,042	1,000			-
	9C :	R.P. Patrice Robert	86,508	1,179	3,750	279	30
Université Laval, Québec (c	omprend les facultés de l'université						
(10))		abbé Joseph-Marie Blanchet	375, 590		18, 116	10,000	28
	. 4 + 65 - 4 66 - 4 6 6 6 5 - 5 + 6 + 7 - 7 + 7 + 7 + 7 + 7 + 7 + 7 + 7 + 7		50,488	3, 115		650	10
	10 21 400 40 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10		6,049	200	9 00	75	20
	\$\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	Chanoine Alphonse Fortin	30,548	3,000	4,000	140	2:
Séminaire Saint-Alphonse, Sa	inte-Anne-de-Beaupré	R.P. Adrien Grenier	42,040	2,206	7, 200	156	-
Collège de Sainte-Anne, Sain	te-Anne-de-la-Pocatière	abbé Armand Dubé	64,846	3,000	5,000	650	_
	e, Sainte-Anne-de-la-Pocatière	abbé Joseph Caron	10, 176	34,000	3,000	150	2:
	, Sainte-Hyacinthe	R.P. Rosario Vadnais	124, 235	10,000	32, 880	690	100
	re de la Province de Québec, Saint-	Jean-Rodolphe Borduas	2,424	_	1, 128	120	3
	In Saint-Lamont		50, 135	5,000	4,000	200	20
	lle Saint-Laurentint-Laurent		3,825	500	1,558	125	
	aint-Pascal		4, 221	500	1,300	320	
			39, 306	800	475	40	
· ·	inte-Thérèse		13, 237	2,876	2, 950	211	
	Victor (Beauce Co.)		7, 235		4,000	120	
	brooke			1,000	,		
	u-Récollet (Montreal)		14,084		22,360	32	1
	s, Sherbrooke		14,500	150	1, 872	285	1
	omée, Sherbrooke		35,075	4,200			
	s, Sillery		9,330			* *	
	scain, Sorel	Į.	10,056	2 000	• •	110	•
	ement, Terrebonne		12,055	2,000	2 000	110	13
	vières		20,055	750	2,000		13
	s-Rivières		20, 200	4,000	2 000	250	41
	leyfieldichelleu		1	500	2,000	350 150	11
			15, 120	_	0.0	1 100	1.

TABLE 12. University and College Libraries, 1951 - Continued

Name and Address	Librarian	Volumes 1	Pamphlets where Recorded	Loans Charged	Persons Charged with Loans	Seats in Library
Ontario:						
Scolasticat de la Cie de Marie, Eastview	R.P. Alexandre Lehleu	13, 532	1,000			
Scolasticat des Pères Blancs, Eastview	R.P. Dufresne	4, 260	1,000	375	90	
Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph	Miss F.G. Partridge	51,900	35,000	10, 211	1,600	125
Ontario Veterinary College, Guelph	Patricia Moore	2, 719			355	10
McMaster University, Hamilton	Miss M.H.C. Meikleham	74, 305	1	47,303		481
National Defence College and Canadian Army Staff College, Kingston	Mary O'Connor	16,911	5,000		101	35
Queen's University, Kingston	H. Pearson Grundy	258, 110	-	11,920	131	
Regiopolis College, Kingston	Rev. E. Granville	12,000	8.0	92,762	2, 500	210
Royal Military College, Kingston	J.W. Spuit	35,000	9 0	0 104	218	25
St. Jerome's College, Kitchener	Rev. A.J. Lehman	12, 085	500	9, 104		40
Huron College, London	Dorothy Pascoe		500 100	* *	575	25
St. Peter's Seminary, London	Rev. A. Durand	10,500			1.40	16
University of Western Ontario, London	Dr. James J. Talman	11, 206	5,000	05 000	143	50
Ursuline College, Brescia Hall, London	Rev. Mother M. Basil	195,779	1	85, 637	* *	444
Mount Carmel College, Niagara Falls		10,000	• •		***	29
Carleton College, Ottawa	Rudolph Flanik	17,035	_	01.050	193	30
Collège Dominicain, Ottawa	Hilda Gifford	18, 500	-	24, 352	790	200
Grand Séminaire d'Ottawa, Ottawa	Rev. Vincent Shooner	26, 441	_		0.0	10
	abbé Jean Fairfield	7,520	_	650	65	20
Petit Séminaire d'Ottawa, Ottawa	abbé Orila Saint-Jean	3,025		* *		-
St. Patrick's College, Ottawa	Rev. P.F. Spratt	24, 087	4, 800		690	4(
Université d'Ottawa, Ottawa	R.P. Auguste-M. Morisset	168,880	2,500	132, 550	5,418	244
Séminaire Universitaire, Ottawa	R.P. Jean-Léon Allie	50. 250	***	1.000	300	50
Holy Rosary Scholasticate, R.R. 1, Ottawa	R.P. A. MacInnis	6, 269	1, 500		70	15
Scolasticat Saint-Joseph, Ottawa-Est.	R.P. Marcel Patry	48, 117	550			40
Scolasticat des R.R. P.P. Servites de Marie, Ottawa	R.P. Stanislas Carrière	4, 010	0.0		4.0	_
Scolasticat des Pères Capucins, Ottawa	R.P. Adrien	17,599			4.0	_
Juniorat du Sacré-Coeur, Ottawa	R.P. Félix Massie (supérieur)		0.6			
Alma College, St. Thomas	Mrs. L.H. Doering	3,020	-	4 9	• •	20
Collège du Sacré-Coeur, Sudbury	R.P. V. Guèvremont	19,025	300	300	300	-
Knox College, Toronto	Neil G. Smith	42,060			330	40
Ontario College of Education, Toronto	Dorothy A. Thompson	23, 123		17, 786	1,040	155
Dept. of Educational Research, Toronto	Elizabeth Kerr	3,029	3,000			
Ontario College of Pharmacy, Toronto	Miss H.M. Walton	4, 975	275	2,581	395	32
Osgoode Hall Law School, Toronto	Marion Cohhan	8,691		15, 507	551	72
St. Augustine's Seminary, Toronto	Rev. J.V. Keating	22,828	1,000		224	
St. Basil's Seminary, Toronto	Rev. R.J. Scollard	13, 150	_		189	44
St. Michael's College, Toronto	Rev. R.J. Scollard	24, 500	_		830	50
Pontifical Institute of Mediaeval Studies, Toronto	Rev. J.F. Stapleton	29,500	1,500		167	45
Trinity College, Toronto	S.M. Adams	45,737	- 1	19,914	783	80
United Church Training School, Toronto	-	935	200		33	20
			200	**	30	20
University of Toronto, Toronto	W. Stewart Wallace	531,096	160, 130	311, 187	14, 548	500
Faculty of Dentistry	Dr. J.H. Johnson	6,000			**	35
Connaught Medical Research Laboratories, Toronto	Ruth M. Briggs	8, 420	16, 500	4,050	4.4	28
Victoria University, Toronto	Margaret V. Ray	110,500	4, 100	111,750	1, 440	175
Wycliffe College, Toronto	Rev. Thomas A.M. Barnett	19,053	-	0.0	86	40
Waterloo College and Evangelical Lutheran Seminary, Waterloo	Mrs. Dorothy E. Lewis	11,638	200	3, 721	273	16
Assumption College, Windsor	Rev. Frank Flood	13, 169	150		642	80
St. Alphonsus Seminary, Woodstock	Rev. D'Arcy L. Egan	21,000	анф	0 0	41	10
anitoba:						
Brandon College, Brandon	Miss G.G. Ralston	8,020		• •	200	30
Collège de St-Boniface, St-Boniface	R.P. Joseph Sabourin	21,080	-	10,000	250	30
Grand Séminaire, St-Boniface	R. Nadeau, éocl	1,951	-	214	32	5
Manitoba Law School, Winnipeg	A.J. Christie	25,383	235		275	40
St. John's College, Winnipeg	Miss V.P. Archihald	7, 272	* *		48	
United College, Winnipeg	E. Margaret Graham	60,000			764	325
University of Manitoba, Fort Garry	Elizabeth Dafoe	215,000		125, 945	3, 280	500
Medical Library, Winnipeg	Ruth D. Monk	18, 224		27, 206	744	60

TABLE 12. University and College Libraries, 1951 - Concluded

Name and Address	Librarian	Volumes ¹	Pamphlets where Recorded	Loans Charged	Persons Charged with Loans	Seats in Library
askatchewan:					i.	
Collège Mathieu, Gravelbourg		5, 200				
St. Peter's College, Muenster		12,500	500		124	
Campion College, Regina	1	12,015	200		25	_
Students' Library		2,010	20		3 05	3
Luther College, Regina.		4,712			110	4
Regina College, Regina		16,473	800	20, 243	568	7:
Sacred Heart Academy, Regina		2,122			178	
St. Chad's College, Regina		1,662			22	_
Emmanuel College, Saskatoon		8,520	100		106	1
Lutheran College and Seminary, Saskatoon		9,972	1,300			1
St. Andrew's College, Saskatoon		8,010			64	1
University of Saskatchewan, Saskatoon	D.C. Appelt	122,323		64,890		30
Alberta:						
Mount Royal College, Calgary		3,908	-		335	
Canadian Union College, College Heights	Mrs. Emma Coffin	8, 100			350	6
Concordia College, Edmonton	Arnold Guebert	8,531	_		107	2
Juniorat St-Jean, Edmonton	R.P. Georges Tetreault	7,526	400		16	1
St. Stephen's College, Edmonton	Dr. Lawrence E. Toombs	7,009	228	1,000	50	2
St. Anthony's College, North Edmonton	Fr. Vincent de Paul Prosser	2,523	17	392	89	2
University of Alberta, Edmonton	Marjorie Sherlock	136, 438	5,000	175,000	5, 500	35
British Columbia:						
Canadian Services College, Royal Roads	Mary Campbell	5,310	_	2, 200	242	4
Anglican Theological College, Vancouver	Thomas E. Speed	8,800			56	1
Union Theological College, Vancouver	Rev. R.A. Wilson	1,425	-	• •	55	4
University of British Columbia, Vancouver	Neal Harlow	3 10,500	10,000	259,000	7, 432	80
Victoria College, Victoria	Philip A. Morris	12,065	-		321	15

SECTION III
RETROSPECTIVE TABLES



TABLE 13. Enrolment of Full-Time Undergraduate Students of the Regular Session By Faculties 1

44	1931	1936³	19413	19463	1951	1952
		Arts	, Science, Letter	s and Philosoph	y	
Canada	16, 828 11, 473 5, 355	17,741 12,536 5,205	17, 634 12, 300 5, 334	31,229 23,164 8,065	29, 771 21, 833 7, 938	28, 193 20, 725 7, 468
Maritime Provinces	1,811 1,202	1.750 1,228	1,711 1,22i	2, 840 2, 164 676	3.201 2.426	2, 966 2, 171 795
Quebec T. M. F.	4,704 4,214 490	5.516 4.816 700	5,959 4,950 1,009	8,683 7,087 1,596	775 10.005 8,075 1,930	10. 245 8, 246 1, 995
Ontario	5, 387 3, 159 2, 228	5, 801 3, 549 2, 252	5, 408 3, 284 2, 124	9,320 6,047 3,273	9,330 6,328 3,002	8, 436 5, 75 2, 68
Western Provinces	4, 926 2, 898 2, 028	4.674 2.943 1.731	4,556 2,845 1,711	10,386 7,866 2,520	7, 235 5, 004 2, 231	6,540 4,550 1,990
			Agriculture — De	gree Course		
T. M. F.	899 889 10	1,108 1,088 20	1,373 1,347 26	2,198 2,110 88	1,668 1,592 76	1,354 1,28
Maritime Provinces	32 31 1	31 31	41 38 3	145 143 2	50 48 2	4 3
Quebec	322 321 1	273 271 2	310 308 2	388 379 9	405 383 22	36 34 1
Ontario	273 269 4	496 489 7	479 476 3	666 654 12	429 420 9	35 34
Western Provinces	272 268 4	308 297 11	543 525 18	999 934 65	784 741 43	60 56 3
			Agriculture - Di	ploma Course		
T. M. F.	370 370	385 384	396 390 6	685 679 6	660 653 7	41 41
Maritime Provinces	20	24	19	65	47	4
Quebec	145 145	202 202	145 143 2	167 166 1	108 106 2	77
Ontario	118 118	96 96 —	94 90 4	66 66 —	137 134 3	11 11
Western Provinces T. M. F.	87 87	63 62 1	138 138 —	387 382 5	368 366 2	18 18
			Archite	cture		
anada 2	137 136 1	133 116 17	146 136 10	188 171 17	652 624 28	56 54 2
Quebec	89 89	84 84	121 115 6	66 54 12	181 174	16 15
Ontario ² T. M. F.	_			****	215 210 5	20 19
Western Provinces	48 47 1	49 32 17	25 21 4	122 117 5	256 240 16	20 19

Newfoundland included in Maritime Provinces from 1950.
 Architecture in University of Toronto is included in Engineering prior to 1949.
 Revised since 1948-50 edition of survey.

TABLE 13. Enrolment of Full-Time Undergraduate Students of the Regular Session by Faculties - Continued

ent.	1931	1936	1941 ³	1946 ³	1951	1952
			Comme	rce		
Canada T	883	786	1,190	3,367	3,424	3,239
	757	684	1,024	3,069	3,091	2,912
	126	102	166	298	333	327
Maritime Provinces	108	89	164	289	444	439
	70	57	93	179	335	353
	38	32	71	110	109	86
Quebec	416	408	467	1,326	1,388	1,252
	393	387	448	1,284	1,342	1,190
	23	21	19	42	46	62
Ontario ⁴	222	140	183	504	838	815
	194	126	165	476	720	695
	28	14	18	28	118	120
Western Provinces 4 T M F.	137	149	376	1,248	754	733
	100	114	318	1,130	694	674
	37	35	58	118	60	59
			Dentis	try		
Canada	380	422	468	753	947	831
	375	419	462	744	941	816
	5	3	6	9	6	15
Maritime Provinces	27 27	53 53	31 31	27 27	48 48 —	49 47 2
Quebec	101	125 124	160 158 2	278 277 1	340 339 1	284 284
Ontario	220	196	225	390	443	376
	216	194	222	383	440	366
	4	2	3	7	3	10
Western Provinces	32 32 —	48 48	52 51 1	58 57 1	116 114 2	122 119 3
			Educa	tion		
Canada	618	802	677	1,092	2,277	2,240
	247	407	297	595	1,336	1,109
	371	395	380	497	941	1,131
Maritime Provinces 5	=	18 9 9	21 3 18	56 20 36	394 247 147	331 189 142
Quebec 5	92	198	162	168	368	350
	52	108	85	91	136	112
	40	90	77	77	232	238
Ontario	3 82	364	256	289	478	500
	144	176	98	171	310	302
	238	188	158	118	168	198
Western Provinces 6	144	222	23 8	579	1,037	1,059
	51	114	11 1	313	643	506
	93	108	127	266	394	553

^{4.} The Business Administration course of the University of Western Ontario and the Commerce courses of the University of Toronto are included in the Faculty of Arts. The Accountancy course of the University of Saskatchewan is here included and degree courses in Secretarial Science.

5. Students in the Maritime universities preparing for teaching certificates are reported as Arts students until 1935; similarly at McGill University until 1933.

6. The training of teachers in the University of Alberta was reorganized in 1946 to include all teacher-training classes of the Province within the Faculty of Education of the University.

TABLE 13. Enrolment of Full-Time Undergraduate Students of the Regular Session by Faculties - Continued

	1931	1936	1941	1946	1951	1952
		1	Engineering and	Applied Science		
Canada	3,554 3,548 6	3,387 3,376 11	4,381 4,368 13	10,884 10,827 57	8,367 8,348 19	7,468 7,443 25
Maritime Provinces	429 429	373 367 6	418 418	1,352 1,350 2	1,097 1,095	1,008 1,007
Quebec	523 523	542 542	799 798 1	1,657 1,642	1,734 1,730	1,745 1,738
Ontario	1,506 1,502	1,438 1,434	1,708 1,698 10	4,392 4,364 28	3,006 2,997 9	2,576 2,564 12
Western Provinces	i.096 1,094 2	1,034 1,033	1,456 1,454 2	3,483 3,471 12	2,530 2,526 4	2,139 2,136 3
			Fores	itry		
Canada T. M. M.	136 136	98 98	173 173	530 529	617 616	518 517
Maritime Provinces	49 49	17 17 —	64 64	269 268 1	184 184	198 198
Quebec	25	44	67	78	90	80
Ontario M.	62	37	42	183	201	155
British Columbia	†† -	<u>†</u> †	= =	†† = =	142 141	85 84 1
		Ho	usehold Science -	- Degree Course		
CanadaF.	639	688	790	1,110	1,411	1,387
Maritime Provinces F.	90	114	143	170	179	182
QuebecF.	27	93	81	171	418	429
Ontario	230 292	51 430	46 520	14 755	172 642	193 583
		Hou	sehold Science	- Diploma Cours	e	
Canada F.	928	729	634	545	510	441
Maritime Provinces F.	16	46	34	36	28	24
Quebec F. Ontario F.	378 515	451 232	446 154	509	362 72	362 55
Western Provinces	17	-	-	-	48	-
			La	N		
Canada	845 816 29	1,005 982 23	697 678 19	1,226 1,172 54	2,421 2,325 96	2,30 2,19 10
Maritime ProvincesT. M. F.	66 63 3	115 113 2	80 60	136 134 2	225 219 6	19' 186
Quebec	392 387	337 333	243 241 2	346 332 14	624 589 35	67 63 40
Ontario	249 238	391 380	252 243	500 479 21	628 802 26	79°
Western Provinces	11 138 128 10	11 162 156 6	9 142 134 8	244 227 17	744 715 29	63'

^{††} Included in Engineering and Applied Science until 1949.

TABLE 13. Enrolment of Full-Time Undergraduate Students of the Regular Session by Faculties - Continued

	1931	1936	1941	1946 ³	1951	1952
			Librarians	hip		
CanadaT.	42	67	52	67	113 23 90	100 29 71
F.	39	63	46	59	-	3
Maritime Provinces	=		_	-1	_	-3
Quebec T. M. F.	14 3 11	20 4 16	15 1 14	21 1 20	44 11 33	41 14 27
Ontario	28 - 28	47	37 5 32	45 7 38	69 12 57	56 15 41
			Medicin	e		
Canada T.	2, 921 2, 798 123	3,037 2,908 129	2, 940 2, 780 160	3, 200 2, 965 235	4,409 4,135 274	4,447 4,166 281
Maritime Provinces	171 170	186 180 6	219 215 4	167 162 5	274 261 13	272 261 11
Quebec T	944 930 14	961 942 19	959 924 35	1,204 1,158 46	1,574 1,504 70	1,589 1,505 84
Ontario	1,321 1,245 76	1,389 1,318 71	1, 234 1, 157 77	1,388 1,249 139	1,864 1,719 145	1,821 1,694 127
Western Provinces	485 453 32	50 1 468 33	528 484 44	441 396 45	697 651 46	765 706 59
		Nursing - De	gree and Post-Gr	aduate Diploma	Courses	
CanadaF,	301	372	510	974	1,034	891
Maritime Provinces F.	_	2	14	22	42	35
QuebecF.	53	43	127	256	259	177
Ontario F.	107	120	172	408	451	403
Western Provinces F.	141	207	197	288	282	276
		Оссир	ational Therapy	and Physiothera	ру	
CanadaT. M. F.	56 - 56	70 - 70	174 174	395 395	270 270	319 319
University of Toronto ⁷	56 	70 70	174	335 335	211 211	247 247
McGill University ⁸ T. M. F.	-	_	_	60	59 - 59	72 - 72

^{7.} Courses in Occupational Therapy and Physiotherapy combined in 1950-51. 8. Physiotherapy only.

TABLE 13. Enrolment of Full-Time Undergraduate Students of the Regular Session by Faculties - Continued

	1931	1936	1941	1946	1951	1952
			Physical and He	alth Education		
anada		76 55	128	325	547	52
F		76 3 52	123	142	290 257	29 23
Quebec T		25 21 3	19	84 30	130 59	9
Ontario T		25 18	19	54	71	
h	1	34	101	241 112	278 140	29
Western Provinces T		51 34	96	129	138	14
		=	8	-	91 48	3
			Pharm	асу		
anada	. 51	2 484	412	738	1 45 9	1 28
M F	l. 48		372 40	547 191	1,458 1,288 170	1,35 1,20 15
Maritime Provinces		2 9	7 5	42 27	64	
F		2 2	2	15	3	
Quebec T	9	4 95 4 95	86 84	203 193	456 423	4
Ontario T		0 200	186	10 220	33 422	4
M	. 23		165	144	363 59	3
Western Provinces T	. 15	6 180	133	273	516	4
M F		8 153 27	118	183	441 75	3,
			Social	Work		
anada			146	277	422	37
M F			22 124	59 218	211	18 19
Maritime Provinces T		_	1	14	19	2
F	-	-	i	11	10	
Quebec T		1 3	27	108	91	17
Ontario	. 2	9 14 85	23 92	82	100	
M F		9 15	14 78	66 12 54	46	
Western Provinces T	. 1	0 25	26	89	132	9
M F		9 21	22	18 71	64 68	
		Total The	ology (including	post-graduate str	udents)	S LI
mada T M F	2,21	7 2, 619	2,429 2,393 36	2,319 2,264 55	2,729 2,632 97	2,49 2,38
Maritime, Provinces T	. 13	3 187	146	198	198	15
M F			146	198	195	14
Quebec T	. 96	8 1, 221	1,073	1, 095 1, 094 1	1, 022 1, 021	89 8 9
Ontario T	. 93		940 906	826 778	1, 210 1, 122	1, 14 1, 05
F	. 3	7 23	34	46	88	9
Western Provinces T			270 268	200 194	299 294	29 29

lese To dist gut s total

TABLE 13. Enrolment of Full-Time Undergraduate Students of the Regular Session by Faculties - Concluded

ents.	1931	1936	1941	1946	1951	1952
		Pr	otestant Theolog	ical Colleges		
Canada	621 577 44	634 610 24	675 639 36	586 531 55	929 823 97	812 710 102
Maritime Provinces	60	98 98 —	85 85	106 106	121 118 3	66 62 4
Quebec	80	76 76	83 83	41 40 1	66 65 1	75 74 1
Ontario T. M. F.	259 222 37	301 278 23	293 259 34	284 236 48	506 418 88	445 355 90
Western Provinces T. M. F.	222 215 7	159 158 1	214 212 2	155 149 6	227 222 5	226 219 7
		Roman Cathol	ic Theological C	olleges, Semina	ries, etc.	
anada	1, 640	2,009	1,754	1, 733	1,809	1,679
Maritime Provinces M.	73	89	61	92	77	87
Quebec	888	1, 145	990	1,054	956	816
Ontario M.	679	775	647	542	704	703
Western Provinces	_	- mages	56	45	72	73
			Veterinary S	cience		
anada	122 122	245 245	245 241 4	395 386 9	497 485 12	412 397 15
Quebec	25 25	44	49 49	41 41	12i 121	96 96
Ontario	97 97	201 201	196 192	354 345 9	376 364 12	316 301 15

TABLE 14. Total Full-Time Undergraduate Enrolment in Universities and Colleges 1

Academic Year	Nfld.2	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.	Total	women In- cluded	War Veterans Included
19-20	_	127	1.463	477	6,905	8,668	1,522	641	969	897	21,869	3, 170	•
21		107	1,660	487	7, 157	9,050	1,644	647	989	1,050	22, 791	3,716	•
22		108	1,660	519	7, 479	9,446	1,956	702	1,021	1, 223	24, 114	4,405	•
23	_	107	1,629	513	8,016	9,393	2,161	871	1,210	1,312	25, 212	4,622	
24	_	119	1.560	508	7,986	8.738	2, 215	875	1,089	1,440	24,530	4.753	
25	_	125	1.585	493	8,030	8.752	2, 258	870	1.077	1.615	24, 805	5, 229	
26	_	108	1.561	560	8,039	8.785	2, 239	878	1,085	1.597	24.852	5, 272	
27	_	101	1,554	627	8, 118	9, 121	2, 263	1,109	1,065	1,776	25,734	5, 787	_
28	_	102	1.651	627	8, 263	9, 621	2,358	1.165	1,213	1,932	26, 932	6, 107	
29	_	107	1.776	730	8, 501	9, 928	2,538	1, 449	1, 294	1,981	28, 306	6, 492	_
29—30	_	107	1.854	819	8, 955	10,664	2,649	1,622	1.436	2, 103	30, 209	7, 113	
31	_	102	1.968	903	9,090	11.414	2,608	1,755	1,490	2,246	31,576	7,428	-
32	_	1.28	2,190	944	9.174	11,810	3, 125	1.752	1.539	2.200	32.862	7, 825	
33	_	119	2, 159	935	9, 655	12.078	2.940	1,735	1.617	1,928	33, 166	7,565	
34	_	117	2,130	921	9,696	11.916	2.649	1,726	1,690	1,751	32,596	7, 210	_
35	_	104	2.010	872	10.053	12,002	2,654	1,766	1.694	1.896	33,051	7, 375	_
36		93	2.099	863	10.249	12.066	2,670	1,776	1.745	1,961	33, 522	7, 494	_
37	1 _	96	2.137	882	10.471	11, 946	2,759	1.788	1,756	2,083	33,918	7. 582	_
38		108	2.075	942	10.769	11.833	2.860	1,839	1.706	2,328	34, 460	7, 547	_
39	_	115	2.079	1,006	10, 921	12, 229	2,738	1.858	1.831	2. 387	35, 164	7, 664	_
39—40	_	115	2.028	1,054	11.060	12, 290	2,671	2,186	1.982	2.517	35,903	8, 155	_
41		128	1,964	1.011	10.930	11.693	2.483	1,945	1.939	2.724	34.817	8. 107	_
42		135	1,924	911	11. 271	11.640	2.418	1,950	1.733	2.698	34. 680	8. 141	_
43	-	152	2,019	1,020	11.734	11,734	2,607	2,001	1.719	2,706	35, 692	8. 423	
	_	179		1.102	12.144	11, 364	2, 433	1.617	1.572	2.617	35, 132	8. 911	6
44		179	2,104	1, 252	13. 387	12. 297	2,789	1,787	1.478	3.095	38, 376	10, 995	51
45	_		2,112								61.861	12.870	20,00
48	_	268	3,400	2, 137	16,534	20, 278	5,427	3,997	2,996	6,824			34.00
47	_	276	4, 161	2,509	19,016	25,848	8,443	4,689	4, 124	9,171	76, 237	14,531	
48	_	307	4, 165	2,723	19,721	27,648	6,321	4,700	4.442	9,319	79, 346	14,615	29.60
49	_	306	4, 307	2,509	20,317	26, 303	5,528	3,956	3,984	8,597	75,807	14, 415	21,80
49-50	324	298	4,116	2, 195	19,687	23,679	4, 369	3, 256	3,662	7,525	69,111	14,083	13,04
51	380	270	3,879	2,020	19,819	21, 268	4,411	2,575	3,015	6, 399	64,036	13,666	6, 12
52	379	258	3,504	1,916	19,468	19,495	3,895	2,317	2,945	5,672	59,849	13,247	2,46

Excludes Normal School students and nurses studying for R.N.
 Record not available until 1949-50.
 Record not available.

TABLE 15. Enrolment of Post Graduate Students, of the Regular Session, by Faculties³

	1931	19362	1941	19462	1951	1952
		Post-Graduate	Courses in Art	s, Science and P	hilosophy	
T. M. F.	1, 118	1, 277	1, 252	2,370	3, 026	2, 927
	779	913	944	1,779	2, 581	2, 481
	339	364	308	591	445	446
Maritime Provinces	45	85	69	100	130	114
	27	57	55	76	105	88
	18	28	14	24	25	26
Quebec T. M. F.	342	328	350	768	857	892
	256	238	240	507	702	748
	86	90	110	261	155	144
Ontario T. M. F.	482	548	563	1, 206	1, 387	1, 398
	324	377	432	968	1, 203	1, 181
	158	171	131	238	184	217
Western Provinces	249	316	270	296	652	523
	172	241	217	228	571	464
	77	75	53	68	81	59
		Other Post-	-Graduate Course	es (excepting Th	eology)1	2
anada	232	309	317	500	1,533	1, 388
	219	285	299	461	1,276	1, 158
	13	24	18	39	257	233
Maritime Provinces	=	=	=		21 19 2	24
Quebec	27 27	57 57	69 64 5	153 134 19	608 487 121	556 453 103
Ontario	151	203	154	257	552	513
	140	161	146	243	474	430
	11	22	8	14	78	7
Western Provinces	54 52 2	49 47 2	94 89 5	90 84 6	352 296 56	299 241

^{1.} Includes Engineering and Applied Science, Agriculture, Dentistry, Law, Education, Medicine, Social Work, Forestry, Veterinary Science, Architecture, Household Science and Pharmacy.
2. Revised since 1948-50 edition of Survey.
3. Includes part-time students in the regular session.

TABLE 16. Total Post Graduate Enrolment in the Regular Session 1 in Universities and Colleges (except Theology)

Academic Year	N.S.	N.B.	Que,	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.	Total	Women In- cluded	War Veterans Included
							40	20	202	99	
919-20	12	1	98	182	21	6	43	20 15	383 423	108	
21	18	6	113	190	30	10	41				
22	15	6	162	222	31	16	68	38	558	158	
23	13	8	197	322	29	13	83	49	714	195	
24	21	9	222	396	44		105	54	851	221	
25	24	8	259	368	40	20	108	46	873	228	
26	21	6	253	385	40	21	66	54	846	221	_
27	39	4	273	419	38	25	84	47	9 29	252	_
28	52	8	316	473	41	29	69	51	1,039	291	_
29	43	5	296	487	43	27	62	47	1,010	269	_
929-30	47	11	351	546	33	33	57	59	1, 137	318	_
31	40	5	369	633	50	62	84	107	1, 350	352	1000
32	42	13	435	740	65	66	96	112	1,569	402	_
33	50	27	435	837	60	64	97	128	1.698	398	-
34	56	21	411	869	61	53	100	116	1, 687	424	_
35	60	24	386	735	76	50	88	114	1,533	399	_
	59	26	385	751	73	58	84	150	1,586	388	_
	67	13	379	792	63	54	85	182	1, 635	398	_
0.0	61	13	348	799	46	46	77	150	1, 540	332	
38	70	16		767	59	38	88	148	1,550	341	
39			364		61	43	99	162	1, 601	354	
939-40	71	19	393	753			84		1,569	326	
41	60	9	419	717	68	49	87	163		312	_
12	33	9	396	662	48	30			1.406	287	
43	37	4	376	544	48	23	87	108	1.227		
44	29	3	471	630	29	28	78	124	1, 392	404	9
45	38	7	662	663	52	33	94	140	1,689	428	37
48	78	22	921	1,463	59	46	101	180	2.870	630	500
47	96	33	1, 206	1,682	72	74	167	344	3, 674	719	1,000
48	97	31	1, 361	1,900	99	73	216	362	4, 139	867	900
49	80	30	1,692	2, 179	95	109	220	452	4,857	1, 124	1,300
949-50	112	42	1,857	2, 283	173	104	259	432	5, 262	1, 127	1,090
51	119	32	1, 465	1.939	174	168	239	423	4,559	702	843
52	97	41	1, 448	1.911	195	116	189	319	4.316	677	349

<sup>Record not available.
Includes full-time and part-time students.</sup>

TABLE 17. Degrees and Diplomas Conferred by Faculties

-	1931	1936	1941	1946	1951	1952
		Bac	helor of Agricul	tural Science		
Canada	160 158 2	238 231	238 230 8	202 192 10	556 539 17	332 304 28
Quebec	48	51 50 1	43 42	49	109 103 6	98 87 11
Ontario	53 52 1	117 115 2	109 105 4	59 59	180 178 2	82 78
Western Provinces	59 58	70 66 4	86 63 3	94 85 9	267 258 9	152 139 13
			Diplomas in Ag	riculture		
Canada	115 115	107 107	145 145	75 74 1	229 228	193 192
Maritime Provinces	16 16	17 17	12 12	22 22	25 25	12 12
Que bec	42	42 42	45 45	24 24	54 54	47 47
Ontario	33	36 36	34 34	_	59 58	59 59
Western Provinces	24 24	12 12	54 54	29 28	91 91	75 74
			Graduates in Ar	chitecture		
Canada	24 24	53 53	24 23	29 25 4	165 164	147 138 9
Quebec T. M. F.	8 8	22	16 16	11 8 3	50 49	38 36 2
Ontario T. M. F.	77	14	2 2	9 8	54 54	46 46
Western Provinces	9 9	17 17	6 5 1	9 9	61	63 56 7
		Bac	chelors of Arts	and Letters 1		
Canada	2,474 1,493 981	3, 175 2, 007 1, 168	3, 332 2, 242 1, 090	3,825 2,384 1,441	6,059 4,190 1,869	5, 623 3, 812 1, 811
Maritime Provinces	273 172 101	309 184 125	252 154 98	251 145 106	514 360 154	460 325 135
Quebec	669 567 102	916 762 154	1,109 931 178	1, 296 1, 002 294	1,664 1,321 343	1,645 1,281 364
Ontario	968 506 462	1,308 737 571	1,253 750 503	1.527 852 675	2,595 1,657 938	2,361 1,479 882
Western Provinces	564 248 316	642 324 318	718 407 311	751 385 366	1, 286 852 434	1, 157 727 430

^{1.} Includes a few Bachelors of Social Science in Quebec.

TABLE 17. Degrees and Diplomas Conferred by Faculties - Continued

	1931	1936	1941	1946	1951	1952					
		Е	achelors of Scien	nce (in Arts)							
CanadaT. M. M.	252 207 45	326 275 45	342 291 51	576 434 142	1,067 915 152	83° 712 125					
Maritime Provinces	73 61 12	109 99 10	102 83 19	170 140 30	223 192 31	156 137 19					
Quebec	84 74 10	50 42 8	93 78 15	187 128 59	393 334 59	346 279 61					
Ontario T.			13 12 1	49 46 3	141 124 17	111					
Western Provinces	95 72 23	161 134 27	134 118 16	170 120 50	310 265 45	230 195 35					
			Bachelors of C	ommerce ²							
Canada	169 152 17	202 177 25	263 231 32	338 299 39	708 661 47	663 623 33					
Maritime Provinces T. M. F.	24 20 4	19 19 —	24 19 5	18 17 1	75 69 6	70					
Quebec	41 41 -	50 46 4	58 53 5	97 92 5	261 250 11	279 268 11					
Ontario T. M. F. Western Provinces T.	68 58 10	77 75 2 56	82 76 6 99	67 61 6	160 149 11 212	13: 12: 17:					
M. F.	33	37 19	83 16	129 27	193	16:					
	Doctors of Dentistry										
Ganada	90 90 —	106 106	98 96 —	77 76 1	294 292 2	201 200					
Maritime Provinces	9 9	11 11 -	7 7	8 8	12 12	1:					
Quebec T.	15 15 - 59	33 33 - 59	33 33 - 45	61 61	106 105 1 151	80 80 					
Ontario	59	59	45	1 7	151	8:					
M. F.	7	3 -	13	6	.24	2					
		Graduate	es in Applied Sci	ence of Engine	ering						
Canada	420 42	566 564 2	697 697 —	1,006 1,002 4	2,427 2,424 3	1,770 1,765					
Maritime Provinces	38 38 —	38 38 -	49 49	71 71	174	18: 18:					
Quebec T. M. F.	72 72 -	1 02 1 02	146 146 —	173 173 —	513 513	369 369					
Ontario T.	184	246 244 2	291 291 —	389 387 2	991 988 3	65: 65:					
Western Provinces	126 126	180 180	211 211 —	373 371 2	749 749	55 55					

I. Includes a few Bacbelors of Accountancy and of Secretarial Science,

TABLE 17. Degrees and Diplomas Conferred by Faculties - Continued

-	1931	1936	1941	1946	1951	1952					
		Bac	helors of Educat	ion of Pedagogy	7						
Canada T. M. F.	61 41 20	100 75 25	149 112 37	251 187 64	577 322 155	5 86 405 1 81					
Maritime Provinces	1	12	12	14 9 5	100 87 13	96 79 17					
Quebec T.	15 5 10	16 11 5	51 45 6	45 35 10	63 31 32	86 37 49					
Ontario	37 31 6	52 47 5	39 32	39 32 7	43 41 2	41 34 7					
Western Provinces	8 5 3	20 11 9	47 31 16	153 111 42	363 255 108	371 263 108					
	Graduates of University Teacher Training Courses										
Canada ³	581	584	561	464	836	756					
Maritime Provinces T. M. M. F.	49 22 27	37 17 20	14 4 10	5 4 1	63 50 13	38 28 10					
Quebec ³ T.	38	48	45	62	40	42					
Ontario	377 133 244	390 171 219	338 159 179	261 120 141	352 228 124	384 214 170					
Western Provinces	117 48 69	109 47 62	164 54 110	136 65 71	381 269 112	292 167 125					
		Be	achelors of Scien	ce in Forestry							
Canada	41 41	21 21	42 42	40	157 157	158 157					
Maritime Provinces	9	1	12 12	2 2	77	60					
Quebec	10	5	16	13	25	23					
Ontario	18	14	3	12	56	46					
Western Provinces		1 1 1	11 11 -	13 13 —	69	29 26 1					
		В	achelors of Hous	ehold Science							
Canada T.	112	138	214	187	277	256					
Maritime ProvincesF		25	46	33	35	40					
Quebec F		17	16 15	35	56	61 25					
Ontario F. Western Provinces F		78	137	117	183	130					
			Bachelors of	Canon Law							
Canada T	16	_	8	13	2	1					
Quebec	l i	-	5	9	-						
Ontario M.		_	3	4	2	1					

^{3.} Record of men and women not obtained separately for Quebec.

TABLE 17. Degrees and Diplomas Conferred by Faculties - Continued

-		1931	1936	1941	1946	1951	1952				
				Graduat	es in Law						
Canada .	T. M. F.	223 218 5	228 221 7	265 261 4	161 149 12	712 692 20	562 536 26				
Maritime Provinces	M.	18 17	35 34	34 33	10 10	77 75	72 69				
Que bec	M.	76 76	79 77	74 74	55 52	166 159	170 163				
Ontario	M,	94 92	70 69	103 101	73 70	231 223	93				
Western Provinces	F. T. M. F.	2 35 33 2	1 44 41 3	54 53	23 17 6	238 235 3	22' 214				
		Graduates in Librarianship (Degrees and Diplomas)									
		20	66	53	57	122	10:				
Sanada,	M. F.	39 2 37	3 63	5 5 48	8	23	2				
Maritime Provinces	F.	-	-	-	1	-					
Quebec	т. М. F.	13 2 11	19 3 16	15 1 14	20 2 18	49 12 37	4: 1 3:				
Ontario	т. м. F.	26 - 26	47 47	38 4 34	36 6 30	73 11 62	5 1 4				
				Graduates	in Medicine						
Canada	T. M. F.	535 509 26	497 476 21	562 537 25	628 583 45	867 806 61	790 760 31				
Maritime Provinces		23 23	26 25	41	_	55 53	5 5				
Quebec	M.	163 160	1 176 171	208 200	288 272	352 335	27 26				
Ontario	M.	269 250	218 208	214 205	16 244 228	335 301	1 33 31				
Western Provinces	F. T. M. F.	19 80 76	10 77 72 5	9 99 91 8	96 83 13	34 125 117 8	1 13 12				
			3		in Pharmacy						
		E									
anada	T. M. F.	208 198 10	190 180 10	160 145 15	104 80 24	406 360 46	37 33 3				
Maritime Provinces	T. M. F.	4 3	1 1	4 2 2	8 5 3	25 23 2	2 2				
Quebec	T.	11 11	20 20	18 18	26 23 3	84 78 6	8				
Ontario	F. T. M. F.	128 122 6	100 97 3	64 57 7	51 42 9	107 97 10	11 10				
Western Provinces		65 62 3	69 62 7	74 68 6	19 10 9	190 162 28	14 12				

TABLE 17. Degrees and Diplomas Conferred by Faculties - Continued

-	1 931	1936	1941	1946	1951	1952
		Physi	ical Training and	i Health Educat	ion	
CanadaT.	45	21	54	34	129	96 44
M. F.	45	20	54	30	60	54
Quebec T. M. F.	15	5 1 4	11	10	40 20 20	26 9 17
Ontario	30 _ 30	16	35 - 35	24 3 21	52 24 28	53 21 32
Western Provinces T. M. F.	=	-	8 8	=	37 25 12	19 14 5
Canada T.	18	45	69	112 17 95	265 101 164	240 89 151
Maritime Provinces	18	39	60	9	7	8
M. F.	_	=	_	8	3 4	4 4 59
Quebec T. M. F.	7 7	8 1 7	17 1 16	22 2 20	57 14 43	17 42
Ontario	11	30	28	22	93	90 32
Western Provinces T.	11 _	25	25 24 5	20 59 12	108 54	58 83 36
M. F.	-	7	19	47	54	47
			Graduates in	Theology		
Canada T. M. F.	434 416 18	484 468 16	488 477 11	483 458 25	534 517 17	5 64 535 2 9
Maritime Provinces	42	39	33	51	31	45
Quebec T.	151 151	180 180	215 215	194 193	170	199 199
Ontario	178 164	226 213	197 186	189 165	260 243	264 236
F.	14	13	11	24	73	28
Western Provinces		36	43	49	73	55 1
		Bach	eiors of Divinity	(Post-Graduate)	
Canada T. M. F.		43	41 41	51 51	137 131 6	106 103 3
Maritime Provinces		17	13	8	23	17
Quebec	3	8 8	2 2	1 1	9 8	6
Ontario T. M.	24 24	12 12	19	39 39	81 77 4	58 56
Western Provinces	6	6	7 7	5 5	24 23	25

TABLE 17. Degrees and Diplomas Conferred by Faculties - Continued

	1931	1936	1941	1946	1951	1952					
		Gr	aduates in Veteri	mary Science							
Canada	28	53 53	68 67 1	43 42 1	175 159 16	125 121 4					
Quedec T. M. F.	8 8	8 8	12 12	6	12 12	26 26					
Ontario	20 20	45 45	56 55 1	37 36 1	163 147 16	99 95 4					
		Degrees a	Diplomas in N	ursing							
Canada T.	130	182	212	461	492	435					
Maritime Provinces F.	-	_	3	4	28	27					
Quebec F.	47	55	57	100	138	141					
Ontario ⁴ F.	65	102	124	256	229	152					
Western Provinces F.	18	25	28	101	97	115					
	Masters of Arta ⁵										
Canada T. M. F.	274 180 94	252 179 73	25 8 201 57	328 259 69	704 548 156	723 550 173					
Maritime Provinces	29 17 12	24 17 7	37 29 8	21 10 11	52 38 14	37 30 7					
Quebec T. M. F.	47 27 20	39 20 19	42 29 13	43 34 9	142 98 44	216 148 68					
Ontario	137 94 43	141 108 33	11 5 87 28	209 169 40	347 287 60	353 280 73					
Western Provinces	61 42 19	48 34 14	64 56 8	55 46 9	163 125 38	117 92 25					
			Masters of Sci	ence ⁶							
Canada	93 89 4	133 130 3	118 110 8	204 191 13	508 480 28	439 420 19					
Maritime Provinces	3 2 1	6 6	10	19 19	39 37	27 25					
Quebec	28 28 -	31 31	35 32 3	74 65 9	151 132 19	124 116 8					
Ontario	28 28	32 32	22 22 -	51	165 162 3	136 134 2					
Western Provinces	34 31 3	64 61 3	51 48 3	60 56 4	153 149 4	152 145 7					

^{4.} Includes 12-24 Dental nurses annually.
5. Includes M. Comm. and M. Ed. or M. Paed., M. Social Work.
6. Includes M.A.Sc. M.S.A., M.Sc.E., M. Arch., M.V.Sc., M. Surgery (where given separately).

TABLE 17. Degrees and Diplomas Conferred by Faculties - Concluded

alla	1931	1936	1941	1946	1951	1952
	Lic	ences (not includ	ling Theology and	first professi	onal degrees)	
Canada T.	91 89	100	211 209	299 281	352 316	281 232
F.	2	7	2	18	36	49
Quebec	67 66 1	92 85 7	191 190 1	268 250 18	323 287 36	259 210 49
Ontario	24 23 1	8 8 -	20 19 1	31 31	29 29 —	22 22
	Other Pos	st-Graduate Degre	ees and Diplomas	(except in Ed	ucation or Theol	ogy) ⁷
Canada T. M. F.	84 82 2	90	102 93 9	441 327 114	470 308 162	346 199 147
Quebec T. M. F.	55 54 1	66 66 —	62 56 6	333 245 88	267 163 104	152 76 76
Ontario T. M. F.	27 26 1	23 23 —	40 37 3	103 82 21	190 145 45	184 123 61
Western Provinces	2 2 -	1 1	_	5 5	13	10 10
			Doctorates (Ho	norary)		
Canada	95 95 —	100 98 2	77 71 6	134 128 6	186 175 11	222 212 10
Maritime Provinces	19 19	21 20 1	18 15 3	18 17 1	38 36 2	36 35 1
Quebec T. M. F.	13 13	19	25 23 2	44	46 44 2	61 57 4
Ontario T.	46 46	42 41 1	30 29	54 51 3	69 65 4	84 81 3
Western Provinces	17 17	18 18	4 4	16 16 2	33 30 3	41 39 2
			Doctorates (in	Course)		
Canada	46 39 7	68 63 5	75 70 5	108 96 12	202 1 91 1 1	234 213 21
Maritime Provinces	1 1	_	-	-	-	4 4
Quebec	19	29 27 2	30 30	58 51 7	102 96 6	85 76 9
Ontario T. M. F.	24 18 6	39 36 3	45 40 5	50 45 5	98 93 5	136 124 12
Western Provinces	2 1 1	_	=	-	2 2	9

^{7.} Exclusive of diploma courses reported under separate classification.

TABLE 18. Classification of Full-Time Students According to Place of Residence

										Resider		esidenc				
Universities and Colleges in	Nfld.	P.E.I.	N.S.	N.B.	Que.	Ont.	Man.	Sask.	Alta.	B.C.	Yukon and N.W.T.	U.S.A.	U.K.	British West Indies	Other Coun- tries	Total Speci- fied
Newfoundland ¹	324 380 379	-	1 1 1		=	-			-	-	1 1 1	-				324 380 379
Prince Edward Island	11111	159 132 174 295 238 212	1 1 1 2	5 1 3 12 6 4	20 12 14 20 34	1		-		- - - 1	-	3 6 4 2 4 4			1 1	191 155 195 310 270 258
Nova Scotia	67 71 102 154 211 201	71 59 116 143	1, 392 1, 192 1, 399 2, 245 2, 503 2, 266	277 246 260 427 599 494	27 26 33 108 186 160	20 19 18 31 72 77	2 1 4 3 7 2	5 3 7 9 12	3 4 4 9 5 5	6 8 11 3		104 248 150 66 180 158	2 13 6 3 4 3	7 2 6 23 21 26	18 14 9 9 32 29	2,020 1,918 2,061 3,212 3,975 3,568
New Brunswick	20 12 34 70 60 48	30 18 37 56 56 45	159 191 188 349 220 253	562 555 997 1,966 1,277 1,099	31 46 183 254 236 255	14 7 23 126 103 109	1 1 2 - 8 7	2 1 1 9 6 2	3 -7 5 1 2	1 1 4 3	- 2	20 16 48 36 40 28	10 10 - 3 7	5 5 15 10 15 28	4 1 15 16 9	857 866 1,537 2,902 2,049 1,895
Quebec (English)	69 32 23 31 47 25	19 26 22 41 45 39	78 70 93 137 128 135	77 80 81 123 132 113	2,030 2,112 2,603 5,055 5,252 4,970	342 275 294 692 663 658	32 32 37 82 64 41	36 45 33 67 94 71	42 35 47 71 64 53	81 64 82 146 147 119	1 1 1 1	318 335 229 191 463 390	146 68 19 28 91 61	29 20 40 160 128 127	13 20 45 82 302 365	3,312 3,215 3,648 6,907 7,621 7,168
Quebec (French) 1931 1936 1941 1946 1951 1952	24 33 3	8 7 1 117 3 3	9 16 11 9 11	63 30 123 81	14, 461 14, 179 12, 508 10, 590 12, 376 11, 760	84 92 83 171 205 180	11 10 11 16 15	8 3 17 9 14 15	2 1 17 4 4 2	1 1 7 7		617 763 507 263 120 159	2 1	5 15 13 2	33 60 57 125 191 196	15, 243 15, 198 13, 251 11, 448 13, 041 12, 420
Ontario	16 14 11 39 59 45	33 33 22 28 61 49	89 78 94 127 213 168	78 84 159 119 140 130	338 1,079 614 1,011	11,629 12,929 13,527 18,700 18,267 17,388	96 132 163 261 257 196	218 225 503 500 385 312	94 123 206 219 277 198	133 138 166 322 387 281	2 -3 1 -	421 635 513 431 864 692	78 43 14 48 22 28	11 5 8 47 32 34	138 126 147 162 387 378	13, 390 14, 903 16, 615 21, 618 22, 362 20, 790
Manitoba 1931 1936 1941 1946 1951 1952	3 - 1	- 1 2 1	2 - 1 3 2	2 1 1 - 1 2	1 1 2 22 21	48 96 106	2, 288 2, 597 2, 517 4, 866 3, 948 3, 319	252 204 271 351 275 260	30 21 26 57 100 82	25 16 60 79 49 45	1 - 1 - -	11 5 5 17 28 24	11 1 3 5 7	- - 5 23 22	3 1 3 4 22 39	2,685 2,872 2,934 5,485 4,584 3,927
Saskatchewan 1931 1936 1941 1946 1951 1952	- 1 - 1 1	1 - 1 -	3 1 1 3 4	1 - 1 - 3 2	3 2 1 6 6 4	12 5 9 32 29 31	7 12 42 47	1, 487 1, 427 2, 009 3, 221 2, 487 2, 174	12 10 36 65 92 80	5 9 13 37 36 28	- 1 - 2 1	1 2 9 7 8 9	65 18 - 1 12 10	2 - 3 3	5 1 1 1 14 14	1, 619 1, 481 2, 094 3, 414 2, 743 2, 385
Alberta 1931 1936 1941 1946 1951 1952	1 - - 2 1	9 1 1	18 4 5	4	1 15 3 6	10 6 4 66 14 17	9 13 16 103 17 20	86 116 306 146	1, 308 1, 508 1, 918 2, 496 3, 008 2, 607	79 101 87 111 70 62	2 - 4 - 8 11	3 2 74 2 5	13 3 1 74 —	1 1 2	4 2 19 104 8 14	1, 518 1, 721 2, 168 3, 381 3, 285 2, 912
British Columbia 1931 1936 1941 1946 1951 1952	3 2 1	- - 2 3	1 - 8 11 7	- 1 14 8 8	2 -4 12 30 24	7 2 2 49 164 175	6 3 7 45 94 72	9 13 22 137 163 128	29 63 208 313	1, 995 1, 831 2, 723 6, 502 5, 894 5, 144	4 2 3 6 12 12	8 6 11 29 49	5 22 15	2 16 15	22 9 7 5 41 61	2,079 1,895 2,843 7,027 6,822 5,955
Canada 1931 1936 1941 1946 1951	175 133 174 303 762 702	287 315 666 552	1,551 1,786 2,896 3,097	1,030 1,533 2,788 2,248	16, 715 16, 427 16, 656 19, 142	12, 178 13, 361 14, 008 19, 963 19, 623 18, 737	2,796 2,769 5,418 4,457	2,009 2,975 4,607 3,579	1,731 2,324 3,134 3,864	2, 165 3, 141 7, 210 6, 597	9 3 12 10 23 27	1,506 2,018 1,478 1,116 1,758 1,515	333 156 41 167 164 132	54 32 74 263 252 259	236 237 289 507 1,014 1,106	42, 914 44, 224 47, 346 65, 704 67, 132 61, 657

^{1.} Newfoundland not included prior to 1950.

TABLE 19. Summary of Teaching Staffs

	Arts, Letters and Pure Science Professional Facultie								
-	Full-	time	Part-time		Full-time		Part-time		
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F,	М,	F.	
Canada	1,558 1,719 1,768 2,108 2,763 2,731	158 203 268 364 363 410	372 432 409 837 1,003 1,094	147 147 130 167 257 260	1, 005 973 1, 558 2, 404 2, 206 2, 542	122 149 177 242 351 524	1, 613 1, 674 1, 611 2, 134 2, 612 3, 235	92 112 127 239 214 485	
Maritime Provinces 1 1931 1936 1941 1946 1951	154 159 199 206 303 329	12 16 31 38 39 42	57 81 40 28 59 73	30 14 11 5 27 20	62 62 82 124 140 207	8 23 18 33 36 54	141 136 128 168 213	17 11 12 11 30 31	
Quebec	642 773 704 952 1,038 934	25 59 101 157 142 149	82 70 86 316 414 346	13 19 15 39 87 79	305 329 639 1,220 811 1,001	47 35 47 114 197 373	748 646 731 1,120 1,355 1,922	38 29 36 111 73 208	
Ontario	485 515 542 578 876 896	82 85 94 121 108 108	128 205 247 419 469 516	56 94 78 93 108 122	395 375 568 735 764 807	30 46 80 40 56 54	516 649 551 563 645 654	33 58 47 75 83 95	
Western Provinces	277 272 323 372 546 572	39 43 42 48 74	105 76 36 74 61 159	48 20 26 30 35 39	243 207 269 325 491 527	37 45 32 55 62 43	208 243 201 283 399 467	6 14 32 42 28 151	
		Pre-Matriculation				Total Teaching Staff (excluding duplicates)			
	Full-		Part-time		Full-time		Part-time		
	M.	F,	М.	F.	М,	F'.	М,	F.	
Canada	680 719 931 1,000 1,045 1,135	456 183 312 621 494 481	108 114 77 112 125 185	79 35 29 25 23 27	3, 294 3, 476 3, 819 4, 923 5, 879 6, 118	754 541 748 1,143 1,199 1,372	1, 985 2, 063 2, 051 2, 998 3, 570 4, 257	279 281 243 417 480 711	
Maritime Provinces 1	45 56 87 91 108	4 4 10 17 18	22 15 17 26 19 18	2 2 2 2 2 2 1	290 293 336 353 526 548	30 44 54 93 86	162 184 182 227 250 271	36 23 30 22 53 51	
Quebec	450 499 609 646 629 713	426 164 266 552 448 444	28 38 20 38 39 108	48 23 3 13 10 5	1,399 1,612 1,754 2,462 2,475 2,573	498 260 412 763 787 931	854 730 832 1,390 1,728 2,169	97 67 53 157 169 241	
Ontario	197	13 6 19 31 13 2	14 13 18 17 39 22	15 2 3	988 1,003 1,128 1,413 1,790 1,839	125 137 193 179 177 164	654 836 774 1.006 1.117 1.168	91 152 98 161 190 215	
Western Provinces	94 88 111	13 9 17 21 15	44 48 22 31 28 37	25 12 9 10 9	617 568 601 605 1.088 1.158	10 1 100 89 108 149 170	315 313 263 375 475 649	55 39 62 77 68 204	

^{1.} Newfoundland included in Maritime Provinces from 1950.

TABLE 20. Annual Income, Expenditures and Capital Resources of Universities and Colleges in Canada, 1931-1952

Province Prome Province Provincial Dominion Mainto- Pres Student Revenue Carenda Car	Province	Current Income I								Value of Capital Resources ²		
1931 Nova Social and New Prams 265, 312 151, 861 - -			Government Grants		nts				Expendi-			Plant
1931 Nova Social and New Brunswick 265, 312 151, 881 -		ment	Provincial	Dominion ⁴		rees	Talleous	revenue			runds	
Nova Scotia and New Brunswick		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
wick 265, 312 151,881 - - 334,779 175,730 927,200 921,863 5,449,266 8,36 8,36 161,000 162,	1931											
Quebec												
Octatio				_	-							8,309,50
Canada 2,258,252 6,671,813 - - 822,955 314,051 3,573,942 3,629,307 3,711,452 21,686 Canada 2,258,252 6,671,813 - 35,000 3,223,360 1,454,382 13,962,807 14,435,982 48,458,966 82,40 1936 Nova Soctia and New Frunswick 247,455 164,323 - - 436,705 155,778 1,004,262 1,007,193 5,723,949 8,91 2,045,678 1,004,262 1,007,193 5,723,949 8,91 2,045,678 1,004,262 1,007,193 5,723,949 8,91 2,045,678 1,004,262 1,007,193 1,004,262 1,004,262 1,007,193 1,004,262 1,004,262 1,007,193 1,004,262 1,004,262 1,007,193 1,004,262 1,004,262 1,007,193 1,004,262 1,004,262 1,007,193 1,004,262 1,004,2				_	E 5 000							25, 327, 45
Canada 2, 238, 232 6, 871, 813 — 55, 900 3, 323, 360 1, 454, 382 13, 962, 807 14, 435, 982 48, 438, 866 82, 40 1936 Nova Scotia and New Fruns- wick					55,000							27,076,67 21,688,90
Nova Scotia and New Brunewick				_	55,000							82, 402, 53
Nova Scotia and New Brunswick												
wick												
Ontario 655,506 2,960,186 — 45,000 1,914,867 608,920 6,184,499 6,241,583 21,388,579 31,442 Canada 1,949,875 1,421,021 4,645,377 273,756 2,813,469 2,821,349 2,735,498 21,48	wick			-	-							8,910,02
Vestern Provinces				-	45.000							28,702,95
1941 Nova Scotia and New Erunswick 1945 1946 1946 Nova Scotia and New Brunswick 1946				-	45,000							31,443,10
1941 Nova Scotia and New Brunswick 974, 374 1,122,214 1,278,037 1710,777 3,462,168 2,968 1946 Nova Scotia and New Brunswick 1946 Nova Scotia and New Brunswick 1946 Nova Scotia and New Brunswick 1,276,408 229,688 15,962 294,359 136,985 1,398,895 1,399,895 1,399,8	western Provinces				_					2,73	15, 498	21,485,24
Nova Scotia and New Primewick 293,379 245,678 - 16,600 500,889 243,688 1,300,234 1,278,037 2,710,077 3,159,656 9,17 Quebec 974,374 1,122,214 - 15,000 1,178,537 424,510 3,714,635 3,729,014 26,361,336 2,590,615 31,22 Avestern Provinces 67,641 1,888,859 - 83,087 42,410 4,304 1,294,496 482,692 3,737,992 3,738,908 1,819,766 2,97,767 21,633 Canada 2,046,171 6,718,919 - 83,087 5,143,406 2,054,076 16,047,659 16,155,612 55,081,425 17,421,929 95,68 1946 Nova Scotia and New Brinswick 1,242,794 1,837,370 368,346 15,000 2,309,886 816,036 6,589,432 6,501,413 27,068,334 4,363,772 34,74 Quebec 1,242,794 1,837,370 368,346 15,000 2,309,886 816,036 6,589,432 6,501,413 27,068,334 4,363,772 34,74 Quebec 51,742,742,745 1,275,731 - 2,835,393 1,362,311 7,702,944 7,363,330 1,819,671 1,849,802 22,244 Canada 2,396,905 7,691,406 2,713,987 80,221 9,779,441 3,153,108 25,815,068 25,358,317 56,974,672 28,998,963 102,62 1951 Nova Scotia and New Brinswick 1,769,552 2,919,513 649,487 40,000 3,370,206 1,829,737 10,578,495 10,594,457 36,902,442 6,887,035 43,58 1,952 20 1,179,430 1,179,555 1,978,400 3,372,222 4,184 1,184	Canada	1, 949, 875	5, 314, 146	_	45,000	4, 457, 241	1,544,617	13, 310, 879	13, 738, 922	54, 37	7, 613	90, 541, 32
wick	1941											
Quebec 974, 374 1,122,214 — 15,000 1,178,537 424,510 3,714,635 3,729,014 26,361,396 2,590,615 31,22 Ontario 710,777 3,462,168 — 49,183 2,169,484 903,186 7,294,798 7,409,653 24,190,186 1,373,891 33,64 Canada 2,046,171 6,718,819 — 85,087 5,143,406 2,954,076 16,047,659 16,155,612 55,081,425 17,421,929 95,68 Nova Scotia and New Brusswick 356,085 276,408 229,688 15,962 924,359 136,985 1,939,487 1,911,296 2,982,964 4,868,359 10,47 Quebec 1,242,794 1,837,370 368,346 15,000 2,309,803 837,776 9,583,205 9,582,278 25,103,683 4,363,772 34,74 Western Provinces 51,734 2,325,975 1,127,531 — 2,835,393 1,362,311 7,702,944 7,363,330 1,819,671 1,849,802 22,242 Canada 2,396,952 </td <td></td> <td>203 370</td> <td>245 679</td> <td></td> <td>18 800</td> <td>500 999</td> <td>243 688</td> <td>1 300 234</td> <td>1 278 037</td> <td>2 710 077</td> <td>1 3 150 656</td> <td>9, 178, 82</td>		203 370	245 679		18 800	500 999	243 688	1 300 234	1 278 037	2 710 077	1 3 150 656	9, 178, 82
Ontario												31, 223, 00
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Note. Figures in this table represent a record of annual income for general university activities for the larger universities and many of the colleges of Canada. The institutions included represent about 80 per cent of the annual full-time enrolment. Total income and the resulting deficit or surplus does not include gifts and grants for capital expenditure. Table revised since publication of last survey.

1. Board and lodging not included.

2. Site, buildings, equipment.

3. Compiled separately from 1941, previous record not available.

4. Includes supplementary grants from the Department of Veterans' Affairs for ex-service students exclusive of amounts paid for fees which are included under "Student Fees"



SECTION IV
BIBLIOGRAPHY



BIBLIOGRAPHY FOR HIGHER EDUCATION, (1950-52)

Since the edition for 1932, the "Survey of Education in Canada" has contained a "Bibliography of Canadian Studies in Education", including a section on "Professional and Other Higher Education" and another on "Historical and Biographical Studies", in which new publications relating to higher education in Canada have been recorded. With the separation of statistics of higher education from the rest of the Survey, the corresponding bibli-

ographical items are published in the present report. The Education Division of the Dominion Bureau of Statistics will welcome advice of important omissions, so they may be included in the next edition. No systematic attempt has been made to include articles appearing in the periodical press other than the several university reviews; beyond these, the list includes only articles that have incidentally come to the attention of the Division.

ANNUAL AND BIENNIAL REPORTS

Hereunder are listed the printed annual reports of universities and Associations received by the Education Division. There may be others; if so, a copy would be welcomed by the compilers of this report. The annual calendars are not listed except

in the case of Université Laval and the Université de Montréal where the annuaire général includes a record of the year's work as well as a description of courses.

UNIVERSITIES

Acadia University.—Report of the Governors. Annual. 30-40 pp. Obtainable from the University, Wolfville, N.S.

Alberta, University of.—Report of the Board of Governors and the President. Annual, 30-40 pp. Obtainable from the University, Edmonton.

British Columbia, University of.—President's Report. Annual. About 30 pages. Obtainable from the University, Vancouver.

Dalhousie University.—President's Report. Annual. Includes a financial statement. About 30 pages. Obtainable from the University, Halifax.

Laval, Université. — Annuaire général. Includes reports of university officers. Obtainable from the University, Québec.

Manitoba, University of. — President's Report. Annual. About 135 pages. Obtainable from the University, Winnipeg.

McGill University.—Annual Report. Includes financial statements. About 180 pages. Obtainable from the University, Montréal.

McMaster University.—President's Report. Annual. 50-60 pp. Obtainable from the University, Hamilton.

Montréal, Université de.—Annuaire général. Includes several appendices on events and work of the year. Obtainable from the Secretary of the University, Montréal.

Ottawa, University of.—Report of the Rector. Annual. About 100 pages. Obtainable from the University, Ottawa.

Queen's University.—Principal's Report. Annual. Contains a summary of the year's work in all Faculties or Departments, including the Registrar's and Treasurer's Report. 120 pp. Obtainable from the University, Kingston, Ont.

Saskatchewan, University of.—President's Report. Annual. 50-100 pp. Includes financial statements. Obtainable from the University, Saskatoon.

Toronto, University of.—Annual Report of the President. A document of 200-250 pages reviewing all departments of the University's work. (In recent years it has also been printed in the Report of the Board of Governors.) University of Toronto Press, Toronto.

Toronto, University of.—Annual Report of the Board of Governors. Of recent years a document of more than 300 pages, including the President's Report on all Departments, detailed financial statement, etc. Queen's Printer, Toronto.

Western Ontario, University of.—Report of the President. Annual, about 60 pages, mimeographed. Obtainable from the University, London, Ont.

ORGANIZATIONS

Canadian Association of University Business Officers.—Annual Report. About 60 pages. Obtainable from A. Wilkinson, Secretary-Treasurer, Hart House, University of Toronto, Toronto, Ont.

Canadian Social Science Research Council.— Annual Report. Obtainable from the Secretary, 661 Island Park Drive, Ottawa, Ont. Humanities Research Council of Canada.—Annual Report. Obtainable from the Secretary, 661 Island Park Drive, Ottawa, Ont.

National Conference of Canadian Universities.— Annual Report. About 100 pages. Obtainable from E.A. Walker, Secretary-Treasurer, Queen's University, Kingston, Ont. Universities Bureau of the British Empire.—The Yearbook of the Universities of the Empire. Lists the staff and gives general information concerning Canadian universities, as also for those in other parts of the British Empire. Published by G. Bell and Sons, London, Eng.

World University Service of Canada.—Annual Report. About 30 pages. Obtainable from the Executive Secretary, 43 St. George St., Toronto, Ont. This

organization, prior to 1951, was the International Student Service.

Yearbook of Canadian Universities.—Biennial. A summarized report of Canadian Universities and affiliated colleges. Information on staff, courses, fees, control and admission requirements of the independent and affiliated degree-granting institutions of higher education. Issued under the auspices of the National Conference of Canadian Universities, Editor K.P.R. Neville, Ph.D., LL.D., London, Ont.

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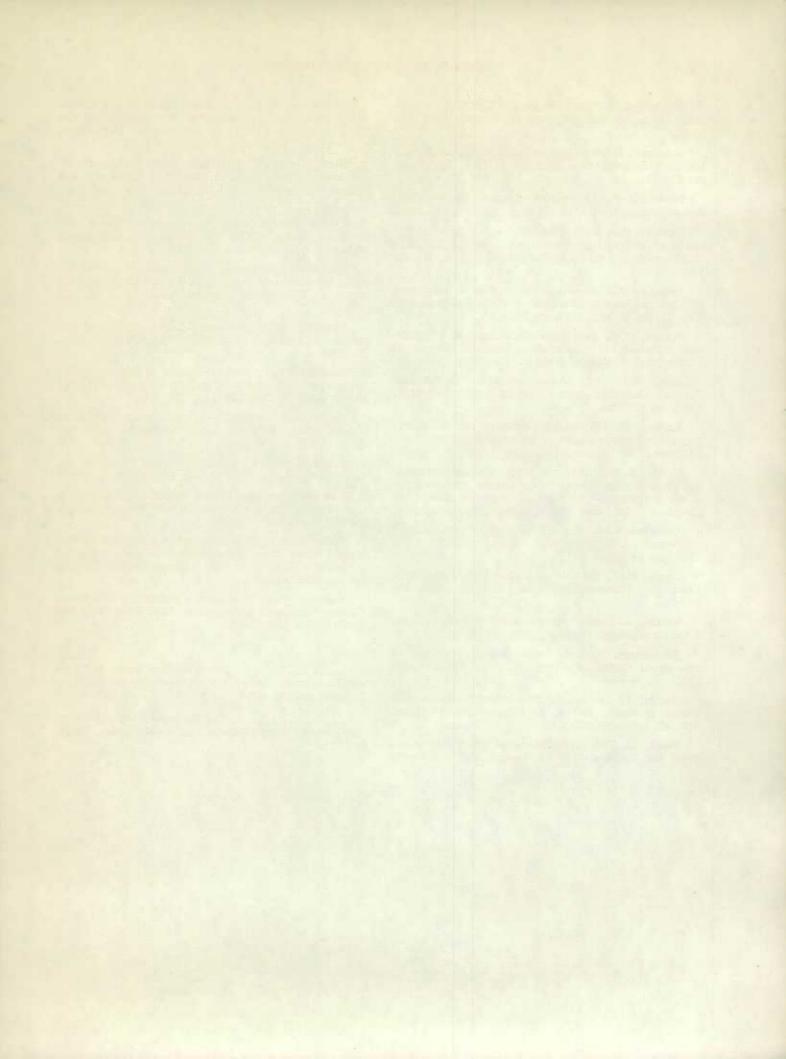
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