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# TRAMSITSISTEMS 

1935-1945
$20-4 ? 50$

The tables in this report were compiled from the records of the Transit. Controller, which were transferred to the Dominion Bureau of Statistics last November when control of transit systems was concluded. Monthly reports of traffic carried are nom made to the Bureau.

Since its inception the Bureau has compiled statistics of electric railways and previously the statistics were compiled by the Department of Railways and Canals (now Department of Transport), but as electric cars were displaced by motor buses, the statistics of such systems were dropped from the annual electric railway report. The first such transfer was in 1326 when the St. Thomas electric railway censed operation. This was followed in 1927 by the Peterborough railway, in 1928 by the Yarmouth railway, in 1930 by the Kingston system and in 1931 four ritilways ceased operation, namely, in Lloncton, Sarnia, Sherbrooke, and the Toronto Suburban. In 1.932 the moose Jaw railway ceased operation, in 1933 the Three Livers railway and in 1939 the Culeis Street railway, which operated in St. Stephen on the New brunswick side of the Fiver St. Croix, censed operation, and the Windsor system transferred to buses. In 1340 the Brantford municipal and the London Street railway also ceased operating street cars and substituted motor buses, and the Oshawa (1) system also substituted buses for its street cars but continues to operate electric locomotives for its freight business, and in 1.941 the electric railway in Salt ste. warie and across the bridge to the city in Wicizigan censed operation. This was the last street railway to give way to motor buses but several systems are installing trackless trolley buses in place of electric street curs. During the pact 25 years twelve interurban electric railways have ceased operating, and the Nipissing Central ceased operating electric cars and operated its entire business with steam locomotives.

The Transit Controller secured certain statistics for 1933 and subsequent years from electric railways and motor bus systems operating during the war yours. Consequently these data for the urban systems present a better picture of the urban transportation than the report on electric railways for the same period.

Passenger traffic on urban systems is shown in table 1. There were only snell increases in each of the geographical groups up to 1939, but extraordinary increases were recorded for the war years. In the Maritime Provinces the increase between 1939 and 1945 was 323 per cent, the principal carriers being the Halifax and St. John systems. In Ontario the increase was $362,463,096$ passengers or 155 per cent, in the Prairis Provinces 140 per cent, in ititish Columbia 113 per cent and in quebec 97 per cent. The largest annual increase was in 1942 when the total of all systems increased by 27.53 per cent. The shortage of gasoline and tires for private automobiles was undoubtedly an important factor in this and the further reduction in gasoline rations in 1943 probably diverted still wore traffic to the public carriers which, with increasing activities of war industries, created an unprecedented situition for urban transit systems. The vehicle miles showed substantial increases during these war years but not nearly as great as the number of passengers carried. In all the groups except the beritimes and quebec, the increase in vehicle miles was less than his the increase in passengers
(1) Data for Oshawa Railway are included in Electric Railway Statistics.
carried. This does not necessarily mean that twice as many passengers were crowded into the vehicles because no allowance is made for the average miles each passenger travelled; data on passenger miles are not compiled. Table 3 shows the number of vehicles available for service as compiled by the Transit Controller. The number of electric cars is slightly less than recorded in the electric railway report as vehicles owned, and the difference would be accounted for by vehicles out of service for repairs. The supply of electric cars, trolley buses and motor buses was short and additional equipment could not be secured. The Transit Controller had control of the distribution and he distributed the vehicles where he considered they were most urgently needed; practically every system was attempting to secure more equipment.

The data indicate that average mileage per vehicle was increased from 27,879 in 1939 to 32,987 miles in 1945 or by 18.3 per cent, and that the average number of passengers carried per vehicle increased from 147,178 to 238,264 or by 61.9 per cent. It should be noted that these vehicles fary considerably in capacities and that the largest increase in number was in motor buses which have smaller capacities then electric cars. l'ables 4 and 5 show the monthly fluctuations in passengers carried and vehicle miles for the years 1940-1945. In ench of these years the urban traffic showed a marked rise in March and declined during the sumar months. The walking conditions and the sumer driving of private automobiles undoubtedly were fictors in these fluctuations. The interurben traffic showed opposite trends, the increases being gradual up to the summer months and peaks being reached in July and August.

Statistics for interurban motor buses are shown in tables 6 and 7. These data do not include the interurban electric railways and were not compiled prior to 1941. The bus miles during 1941-1945 increased from 61,089,787 to $84,604,067$ or by 38.5 per cent, and the number of passengers carried increased from $34,435,018$ to $80,323,265$ or by 133 per cent. The annual increase in passengers carried was 57.4 per cent during 1942 and it was fairly evenly spread throughout the year, and the rate of increase declined to 8.9 per cent in 1945 when over half the increase over 1944 traffic was made in August, September and December. The increase in notor bus miles in 1945 reflects the inprovement in the supply of vehicles, gasoline and tires and the removal of restrictions in the leneth of trips and other regulations.

Checing these totals against the passencers reported by electric railways and motor carriers to the Bureau for the years 1941-1944 shows some differences, but they were insignificant in 1342, less than half of one per cont in 1944 and only 3.4 per cent in 1941 when the Bureau's motor cerrier report was inauøurated. This first report was admittedly incomplete for small carriers. There are also some differences in distribution between urban and interurben traffic, due mainly to citf systems brealinc dorn their traffic in Bureau reports into wrban and intermean.

PASSEMCERS


| Month | 1940 | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 | 1944 | 1945 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Jamuary | 62,272,117 | 72,121,429 | 85,941,464 | 170,542,230 | 118,357,185 | $1<3,576,1 \in 4$ |
| bebruary | 59,584, ¢36 | 68,241,296 | $82,70 今 3,238$ | 105.918, 222 | 110, 275.58 | 1<0, ${ }^{131}$ |
| inurch | 63,529,181 | 74,040,844 | 89,651,216 | 115,430, 897 | 123,643,513 | 128,579,695 |
| ipril | 59,692,765 | 68,182, 314 | 87,922,965 | 110,421,680 | 117,374,1.0 | 121,522,730 |
| ray | 58,739,410 | 69,065,300 | 88,776, 608 | 110,208,291 | 118,048, 079 | 123, c78,379 |
| Junc | 55,522,192 | 65,758,335 | 86, 699,186 | 106,734,279 | 123,995,478 | 119, 226,517 |
| July | 54,834, 614 | 65,997,034 | 86,888,311 | 105,406,55\% | 108,981,415 | 114,255,736 |
| Au | 56,899,799 | 67,81\%,496 | 87,81\%, 854 | 104,863,536 | 101,298,091 | 117,970,790 |
| Septamber | 57,994,403 | 70,409,18: | 90,635,802 | 106,700,518 | 113,891,8:7 | 117,753, 714 |
| October | 63,182,748 | 76,45 5,526 | 99, 220,395 | 124,053,534 | 119,888,6¢1 | 127,946, ¢77 |
| ilovember | 66,851,579 | 77,872,031 | 101, 348,508 | 116,242,256 | 123, 782,243 | $130,659,711$ |
| iecember | 74,052,38? | 86, 686,439 | 112,755,020 | 122,783,953 | 120,117,8\&\% | 153,076,535 |
| TOT/L | $733,169,851$ | 862,640,026 | 1,100,450,547 | 1,325,305,748 | 1,402,552,006 | 11.477, 572,067 |

Pable 5
VEHICLH BILEN RUN

|  | 1940 | 1941 | $19 \leq 2$ | 1943 | 1944 | 1945 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Jenuery | 11,414,015 | 18,364,001 | 13, 678,831 | 15,48R, 615 | 16,420,006 | 16,221,911 |
| Februs: | 10,858,897 | 11,409,036 | 1\%,71E, 161 | 14,455,550 | 15,546,1.22 | 15,504,415 |
| iharch | 11,393,517 | 12, E12,901 | 14,257, 237 | 15,905,852 | 16,797,926 | 17,200,188 |
| April | 11,116,771 | 12,158,342 | 14,071,044 | 15,760, 867 | 16,164,956 | 16,606,832 |
| Bioy | 11,288,818 | 12,432,881 | 14,554,053 | 16,283,210 | 16, 835,295 | 17,084,494 |
| June | 10,011,545 | 12, 062,469 | 14,236, 1:4 | 15,887, 821 | 16,400,866 | 16,806,135 |
| Ju2\% | 11,242,745 | 12,496,482 | 14,585,211 | 16,221,668 | 16,584,126 | 16,280,131 |
| Fueust | 12, 3 \% ,046 | 12,417,650 | 14,409,308 | $16,059,411$ | 15,338,786 | 16,975,707 |
| Scptember | 10,914,961 | 12,261,254 | 14,163,989 | 15,753, 394 | 16,162,913 | 16,554,126 |
| Octoker | 11, 480,679 | 12,815,299 | 15,031,084 | 16,211, 316 | 16,545,105 | 17,226, ²16 |
| Novamber | 11,497,331 | 12,708,592 | 14,754,883 | 16,133,871 | 16,563,187 | 17,072,102 |
| Secemter | 12,280,722 | 12, 739,002 | 15, ¢85,072 | 16,7€8,344 | 16,841,247 | 17,421,872 |
| total | 135,778,945 | 148,478,809 | 172,138,910 | 191,023,915 | 196,389,085 | 201,524,863 |

Table 6

| Honth | 1941 | 1942 | 1943 | 1944 | 1945 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Jenury | 2,42C,277 | 3,398,676 | 4,962,077 | 5,778,314 | 5,915,973 |
| Feluruary | 2,326,579 | 3,336,220 | 4,600,895 | 5,445,524 | 5,658,972 |
| ilarch: | 2,497,612 | 3,651,217 | 4,757,922 | 5,682,109 | 6,166,566 |
| April | 2,398,594 | 3,737,803 | 5,070,784 | $5,63 \mathrm{C}, \mathrm{Cl} 3$ | 5,813,007 |
| May | 2,670,:19 | 4,155,024 | 5,375,281 | 5,905,794 | 6, 335,724 |
| June | 2,894,103 | 4,251,912 | 5,507,113 | 6,199,871 | 6, 571,275 |
| July | 3,292,071 | 4,231,008 | 6,198,572 | 7,010,710 | 7,479,8<1 |
| August | 3,524,290 | 5,005,091 | 6,120,060 | 6,875,800 | 7,605,228 |
| September | 3,050,564 | 4,515,690 | $5,668,616$ | 6,382,1.81 | 7,661,950 |
| October | 3,033,818 | 4,720,851 | 5,774,368 | 6,264,097 | 6,506,400 |
| Nover.ber | 3,061,119 | 4,567,264 | $5,655, \in \in \AA$ | 6,093,355 | 6,760,163 |
| Decarber | 3,250, 672 | 4,590,874 | 5, $2 \times 3,366$ | 6,101,548 | 7,849,466 |
| TOTAL | 34,435,018 | 50,759,610 | 65,519,81. 6 | 73, 375,316 | 80, 223,265 |
| Increase - ivo. P.C. |  | $\begin{array}{r} 16,324,592 \\ 57.4 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 14,760,206 \\ 29.1 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 7,855,500 \\ 12 . C \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 6,947,949 \\ 8.9 \end{array}$ |

Table 7

| Jenuary | 4,229,190 | 4,939,840 | 4,699,077 | 5,403,951 | 5,784,524 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| February | 3,852, 524 | 4,557,421 | 4,16゙R,934 | 5,069,622 | 5,458,067 |
| Larch | 4,151,383 | 4,808,611 | 4,375,488 | 5,357, C66 | 5,980,198 |
| April | 4,146,736 | 4,846,903 | 4,626,332 | 5,389,834 | 5,824,543 |
| nay | 4,853,009 | 5,580,842 | 5,472,444 | 5,91え,118 | 6,553,730 |
| June | 5,380, 7\%8 | 5,722,855 | $5,718,624$ | 6,248,827 | 7,11e,257 |
| Jivi | 6,253,515 | 6,472,871 | 6,264,055 | 7,023,420 | 8,212,107 |
| \&urust | 6,565,554 | 6,792,118 | 6,349,626 | 7,024,101 | 8,590,217 |
| Septcmber | 5,642,99\% | 6,136,579 | 5,904,414 | 6,654,077 | 8,448,743 |
| October | 5,509,696 | 5,957,124 | 5,991,883 | 6,627,865 | 7,590,501 |
| llover: ber | 5,252, 235 | 5,473,427 | 5,725,219 | 6,252,674 | 7,423,453 |
| December | 5,271,517 | 4,862,699 | 5,673,302 | 6,088,379 | 7,521,727 |
| TOML | 61,089,787 | 66,151,588 | 65,063,696 | 75,051,954 | 84, 604,067 |
| Ircrease - ino. P.C. |  | $5,061,601$ <br> 8.1 | $\begin{array}{r} -1,087, € 92 \\ -\quad 1.6 \end{array}$ | $\begin{array}{r} 7,988,258 \\ 12 . z \end{array}$ | $11,552,133$ $15.8$ |

