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DOMINION OF CANADA

ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS

FOR THE

YEAR ENDED MARCH 31

1916

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OTTAWA

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1916

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To Field Marshal His Royal Highness Prince Arthur William Patrick Albert, Duke of Connaught and of Strathearn, K.G., X.T., K.P., etc., etc., etc., Governor General and Commander in Chief of the Dominion of Canada.

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR ROYAL HIGHNESS: -

The undersigned has the honour to present to Your Royal Highness the Annual Report of the Department of Indian Affairs for the fiscal year ended March 31, 1916.

Respectfully submitted,
WILLIAM JAMES ROCHE,
Superintendent General of Indian Affairs.

Ottawa, October, 1916.

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A	
Abenakis of Becancour, Que.	Denis Hebert
Abenakis of St. Francis, Que.	Henri Niquet
Ahtahkakoop's Band, Carlton Agency, Sask.	S.A. Milligan
Alberta Incorporate - Agencies	J.A. Markle
Alexander's Band, Edmonton Agency, Alberta	Geo. H. Race
Alexis Band, Edmonton Agency, Alberta	Geo. H. Race
Algonquins of Maniwaki, Que.	E.S. Gauthier
Algonquins of Timiskaming, Que.	J.A. Renaud
Alnwick Band, Ont.	W.R. Coyle
Amalecites of Cacouna, Que.	Same as 'Amalecites of Viger'
Amelecites of Viger, Que.	Narcisse LeBel
Annapolis County, N.S., Micmacs	George S. Hoyt
Antigonish County, N.S., Micmacs	John Cameron
Appropriation accounts	Summary, Part 1, page 163
Assabaska Band	R.S. McKenzie
Assiniboine Agency, Sask	Thos. E. Donnelly
B	
Babine and Upper Skeena Agency, B.C.	R.E. Loring
Bastien, Antoine O.	Hurons of Lorette, Que.
Batchawana Band, Ont.	A.D. McNabb
Bathurst Band, N.B.	Co. John Sheridan
Battleford Agency, Sask.	J.A. Rowland
Baxter, F.W.	Gore Bay Agency, Ont.
Bay of Quinté, Ont., Mohawks	G.M. Campbell
Beardy's Band, Duck Lake Agency, Sask.	Chas. P. Schmidt
Bearspaw's Band, Stony Agency, Alberta	E.H. Yeomans
Beattie, Edwin	Moravians of the Thames, Ont.
Beaver Band, St. Johns, Lesser Slave Lake Lake Agency, Alberta	Harold Laird
Beaver Band, St. Johns, Lesser Slave Lake Agency, Alberta	Harold Laird
Beaver Band, Dunvegan, Lesser Slave Lake, Aqoi, etc.	Harold Laird
Beaver Lake Band, Saddle Lake Agency, Alberta	Chas. E. Hughes
Becancour, Que., Abenakis	Denis Hebert
Beckwith, Chas. E	Micmacs of Kings County, N.S.
Bella Coola, Agency, Que.	Iver Fougner

Berens River Band, Fisher River Agency, Man.	T.H. Carter
Bersimis Agency, Que.	Jos. P.X. Bossé, M.D.
Bertrand, Chas. F.	Lake of Two Mountains Agency, Que.
Big Cove Band, N.B.	Col. John Sheridan
Big Island Band, Ont.	R.S. McKenzie
Birdtail Sioux Band, Birtle Agency, Man.	G.H. Wheatley
Birtle Agency, Man.	G.H. Wheatley
Black River Band, Man.	F.W.R. Colcleugh
Blackfoot Agency, Alberta	J.H. Gooderham
Blood Agency, Alberta	W.J. Dilworth
Bloodvein Band, Fisher River Agency, Man.	T.H. Carter
Bossé, Jos. F.X., M.D.	Bersimis Agency, Que.
Bourchier, John R.	Chippewas of Georgina and Snake Islands, Ont.
Boyd, A.J.	Nova Scotia - Agencies
Brokenhead Band, Man.	F.W.R. Colcleugh
Brosseau, J.M.	Iroquois of Caughnawaga, Que.
Brown, J. Robert	Okanagan Agency, B.C.
Brown, W. Russell	Ojibbewas of Lake Superior, Western Division
Brunswick Post Band, Ont.	Wm. McLeod
Buctouche Band, N.B.	Col. John Sheridan

B	
Buffalo Bay Band, Ont.	J.P. Wright
Bunn, John R.	Lake Winnipeg Inspectorate - Agencies
Burnt Church Band, N.B.	Col. John Sheridan
Butlin, J.	Hobbema Agency, Alberta
Byrne, Peter	New Westminster Agency, B.C.
C	
Cacouna, Que., Amalecites	Same as 'Amalecites of Viger'
Cameron, John	Antigonish and Guysborough Counties, N.S.
Campbell, G.M.	Mohawks of the Bay of Quinté, Ont.
Campbell, John E.	Micmacs of Victoria County, N.S.
Cape Breton County, N.S., Micmacs	Rev. A.R. McDonald
Cape Croker, Ont., Chippewas	A.J. Duncan
Card, Gerald	Fort Smith Agency, N.T.W.
Carlton Agency, Sask	S.A. Milligan
Carry-the-Kettle Band, Sask.	Thos. E. Donnelly
Carter, T.H.	Fisher River Agency, Man.
Caughnawaga, Que., Iroquois	J.M. Brosseau
Census	See 'Census,' Part 1, pages 253.
Chapleau Agency, Ont.	Wm. McLeod
Chemawawin Band, Man.	W.R. Taylor
Chiniquay's Band	W.R. Taylor
Chiniquay's Band, Stony Agency, Alberta	J. Waddy, E.R. Yeomans
Chipewyan Band, Fort Chipewyan, Alberta	Gerald Card
Chipewyan Band, Great Slave Lake, N.W.T.	Gerald Card
Chipewyan Band, Onion Lake Agency, Sask.	W. Sibbald
Chippewyan Band, Saddle Lake Agency, Sask.	Chas. E. Hughes
Chippewas of Beausoleil, Ont.	Same as 'Chippewas of Cape Croker.'
Chippewas of Cape Croker, Ont.	A.J. Duncan
Chippewas of Christian Island, Ont.	C.J. Picotte
Chippewas of Georgina and Snake Islands, Ont.	J.R. Bouchier
Chippewas of Nawash, Ont.	Same as 'Chippewas of Cape Croker.'
Chippewas of Rama, Ont.	Chas. W. Myers
Chippewas of Sarnia, Ont.	T. Maxwell
Chippewas of Saugeen, Ont.	T.A. Stout
Chippewas of Thames, Ont	Henry Janes
Chippewas of Walpole Island, Ont.	Thos. A. McCallum
Chisholm, Daniel	Micmacs of Halifax County, N.S.
Christian Island Band, Ont.	C.J. Picotte
Christianson, M.	Pelly Agency, Sask.

Clandeboyce Agency, Man.	F.W.R. Colcleugh
Clearwater Lake Band, Birtle Agency, Man.	G.H. Wheatley
Cockburn, Geo. P.	Sturgeon Falls Agency, Ont.
Cockburn, Island Band, Ont.	F.W. Baxter
Colchester County, N.W., Micmacs	Robert H. Smith
Colcleugh, F.W.R.	Clandeboyce Agency, Man.
Conroy, H.A.	Report on Treaty No. 8
Conroy, H.A.,	Fort Simpson and Fort Smith Agencies, N.W.T.
Cory, Thos.	Moose Mountain Agency, Sask.
Cote Band, Pelly Agency, Sask.	Christianson
Couchiching Band, Ont.	T.P. Wright
Cowessess Band, Crooked Lake Agency, Sask.	E. Taylor
Cowichan Agency, B.C.	W.R. Robertson
Cox, Chas A.	West Coast Agency, B.C.
Coyle, W.R.	Mississaguas of Alnwick, Ont.
Crane River Band, Man.	A. Ogletree
Cree Band, Port Chipewyan, Albert	Gerald Card
Cree Band, Port Vermilion, Lesser Slave Lake Agency, Alberta	Harold Laird
Crombie, W.B.	North Saskatchewan Inspectorate
Crooked Lake Agency, Sask.	E. Taylor
Crozier, J.W.	Mississaguas of Scugog, Ont.
Cumberland Band, Sask.	W.R. Taylor
Cumberland County, N.S., Micmacs	J.A. Johnson
D	
Dalles Band, The, Ont.	R.S. McKenzie
Day Star's Band, Touchwood Hills Agency, Sask.	W. Murison
Deasy, Thomas	Queen Charlotte Agency, B.C.

D	
Deer Lake Band, Fisher River Agency, Man.	T.H. Carter
Desert River, Que., Algonquins	E.S. Gauthier
Digby County, Micmacs	R.A. Harris
Dilworth, W.J.	Blood Agency, Alberta
Ditchburn, W.E.	Southwestern Inspectorate, B.C.
Dogrib Band, Great Slave Lake, N.W.T.	Gerald Card
Dokis Band, Ont.	Geo. P. Cockburn
Donnelly, Thomas E.	Assiniboine Agency, Sask.
Doyle, Frank	Mingan Agency, Que.
Driftpile River Band, Lesser Slave Lake Agency, Alberta	Harold Laird
Duck LaKe Agency, Sask.	Chas. P. Schmidt
Duncan, A.J.	Chippewas of Cape Croker, Ont.
E	
Eagle, Chas. R.	Moose Woods Reserve, Sask.
Eagle Lake Band, Ont.	R.S. McKenzie
Ebb and Flow Lake Band, Man.	A. Ogletree
Edmonton Agency, Alberta	Geo. H. Race
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Eel Ground Band, N.B.	Col. John Sheridan
Eel River Band, N.B.	Col. John Sheridan
Employees	Return of Officers and Employees, Part I, pages 166 - 196.
Enochs Band, Edmonton Agency, Alberta	Geo. H. Race
Ermineskin Band, Hobbema Agency, Alberta	J. Butlin
Escoumains Band, Que.	Jos. P.X. Bossé, M.D.
Eskasoni Agency, Cape Breton County, N.S.	Rev. A.R. McDonald
F	
Fairford Band, Man	A. Ogletree
File Hills Agency, Sask.	W.M. Graham
File Hills Ex-Pupil Colony, Sask.	W.M. Graham
Fisher River Agency, Man.	T.H. Carter
Fishing Lake Band, Touchwood Hills Agency, Sask.	W. Murison
Fleetham, T.J.	Sarcee Agency, Alberta
Flying Post Band, Ont.	Wm. Mcleod
Fond du Lac Band, Lake Athabaska, Sask.	Gerald Card

Fort Alexander Band, Man.	P.W.R. Colcleugh
Fort Folly Band, N.B.	Col. John Sheridan
Fort Frances Agency, Ont.	J.P. Wright
Fort Frances Agency, Ont.	Rev. John. Semmers
Fort Fitzgerald Band, Alberta	Gerald Card
Fort McMurray Band, Alberta	Gerald Card
Fort Simpson Agency, N.W.T.	Thos. W. Harris
Fort Simpson Agency, N.W.T.	H.A. Conroy
Fort Smith Agency, N.W.T., Sask. and Alberta	Gerald Card
Fort Smith Agency, N.W.T., Sask. and Alberta	H.A. Conroy
Fort Smith Band	H.A. Conroy
Fort Vermilion Bands, Lesser Slave Lake Agency, Alberta	See 'Beaver' and 'Cree' Bands.
Fort William Band, Ont.	W. Russell Brown
Fougner, Iver	Bella Colla Agency, B.C.
Freeman, N.P.	Micmacs of Lunenburg County, N.S.
Frenchmans Head Band, Savanne Agency, Ont.	R.S. McKenzie
Frog Lake Band, Onion Lake Agency, Sask.	W. Sibbald
G	
Galbraith, R.L.T.	Kootenay Agency, B.C.
Gamblers Band, Birtle Agency, Man.	G.H. Wheatley
Garden River Band, Ont.	A.D. McNabb
Gauthier, E.S.	Algonquins of Maniwaki, Que.
George Gordon's Band, Touchwood Hills Agency, Sask.	W. Murison

G	
Georgina Island, Ont., Chippewas	John R. Bouchier
Gibson (or Watha) Band, Ont.	Alexander Logan
Golden Lake Agency, Ont.	Patrick Rankins
Gooderham, J.H.	Blackfoot Agency, Alberta
Gordon's Band, Touchwood Hills Agency	Same as 'George Gordon's Band.'
Gore Bay Agency, Ont.	F.W. Baxter
Graham, H.	Lytton Agency, B.C.
Graham W.M.	South Saskatchewan Inspectorate
Grand Rapids Band, Fisher River Agency, Man.	T.H. Carter
Grassy Narrows Band, Ont.	R.S. McKenzie
Griffiths, B.J.	.Southwestern Division, New Brunswick
Griswold Agency, Man.	Jas. McDonald
Gunn, H.A.	Peigan Agency, Alberta
Guysborough County, N.S., Micmacs	John Cameron
H	
Hagan, Samuel	Thessalon Agency, Ont.
Halifax County, N.S., Micmacs	Daniel Chisholm
Halliday, W.M.	Kwawkewlth Agency, B.C
Hants County, N.S., Micmacs	A. Wallace and J.W. Stephens
Harlow, Charles	Micmacs of Queens County, N.S.
Harris, R.A.	Micmacs of Digby County, N.S.
Harris, Thos. W.	Fort Simpson Agency, N.W.T.
Hawksley, John	Superintendent for Yukon Territory
Hay River Band N.W.T.	Gerald Card
Hebert, Denis	Abenakis of Becancour, Que.
Henvey Inlet Band, Ont.	Alexander Logan
Hewitt, C. Gordon, D.Sc.	Transmitting report of Tom Wilson on Indian orchards in B.C.
Hipson, John	Micmacs of Shelburne County, N.S.
Hobbema Agency, Alberta	J. Butlin
Hollowater Band, Man.	F.W.R. Colcleugh
Hoyt, George S.	Micmacs of Annapolis County, N.S.
Hudson Bay Agency	J.R. Bunn
Hughes, Chas E.	Saddle Lake Agency, Alberta
Hungry Hall Bands, Ont.	J.P. Wright
Hurons of Lorette, Que.	A.O. Bastien
I	
Ignace Band, Savanne Agency,	

Ont.	R.S. McKenzie
Indian Gardens Band, Portage la Prairie Agency, Man.	A. Ogletree
Indian Island Band, N.B.	Col. John Sheridan
Indian Superintendent for Nova Scotia	A.J. Boyd
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Inverness County, N.S., Micmacs	Rev. J.N. McLennan
Iroquois of Caughnawaga, Que.	J.M. Brosseau
Iroquois of Lake of Two Mountains, Que.	C.F. Bertrand
Iroquois of St. Regis, Que.	Francis E. Taillon
Island Lake Band, Onion Lake Agency, Sask.	W. Sibbald
Island Lake Band, Norway House Agency	J. Jones
Islington Band, Ont.	R.S. McKenzie
J	
Jackfish Lake Band, Battleford Agency, Sask.	J.A. Rowland
Jackhead Band, Fisher River Agency, Man.	T.H. Carter
Jackson, S.J.	Lake Manitoba Inspectorate - Agencies
James Seenum's Band, Saddle Lake Agency, Alberta	Chas. E. Hughes
James Smith's Band, Duck Lake Agency, Sask.	Chas. P. Schmidt
Janes, Henry	Chippewas, Munsees and Oneidas of the Thames
John Smith's Band, Duck Lake Agency, Sask.	Chas. P. Schmidt
Johnson, J.A.	Micmacs of Cumberland County, N.S.
Jones, J.	Norway House Agency, Man.
Joseph Bighead's Band, Onion Lake Agency, Sask.	W. Sibbald

K	
Kahkewistahaw Band, Crooked Lake Agency, Sask.	E. Taylor
Kamloops Agency, B.C.	John F. Smith
Keeheewin Band, Onion Lake Agency, Sask.	W. Sibbald
Keeseekoonse Band, Pelly Agency, Sask.	M. Christianson
Keeseekoowenin's Band, Birtle Agency, Man.	G.H. Wheatley
Kenemotayo's Band, Carlton Agency, Sask.	S.A. Milligan
Kenora Agency, Ont.	R.S. McKenzie
Kenora Agency, Ont.	Rev. John Semmens
Key Band, Pelly Agency, Sask.	M. Christianson
Kings County, N.S., Micmacs	C.E. Beckwith
Kingsclear Band, N.B.	B.J. Griffiths
Kinistino Band, Duck Lake Agency, Sask.	Chas. P. Schmidt
Kiskisink Band, Lake St. John Agency, Que.	Armand Tessier
Kootenay Agency, B.C.	R.L.T. Galbraith
Kwawkewlth Agency, B.C.	W.M. Haliday
L	
Lac des Iles Band, Onion Lake Agency, Sask.	Same as 'Joseph Bighead's Band.'
Lac des Mille Lacs Band, Ont.	R.S. McKenzie
Lac la Croix Band, Ont.	J.P. Wright
Lac Seul Band, Ont.	R.S. McKenzie
Laird, Harold	Lesser Slave Lake Agency, Alberta
Lake Athabaska Band, Fort Smith Agency, N.W.T.	Gerald Card
Lake of the Woods Inspectorate	Rev. John Semmens
Lake of Manitoba Inspectorate	S.J. Jackson
Lake Mistassini Band, Que.	Armand Tessier
Lake Nipigon Band, Ont.	Same as Nipigon Band
Lake St. John, Que., Montagnais	Armand Tessier
Lake St. Martin Band, Man.	A. Ogletree
Lake Superior, Ojibbewas	See 'Ojibbewas.'
Lake Timiskaming Band, Que.	J.A. Renaud
Lake of Two Mountain Agency, Que.	C.F. Bertrand
Lake Winnipeg Inspectorate	John R. Bunn
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LeBel, Narcisse	Amalecites of Viger, Que.
Lesser Slave Lake Agency, Alberta	Harold Laird
Lewis, R.J.	Manitowaning Agency, Ont.
Lewis Bone Band, Crooked Lake Agency, Sask.	E. Taylor
Lewis Forks Band, Ont.	J.P. Wright
Lewis Grand Rapids Band, Fisher River Agency, Man.	T.H. Carter

Lewis Pine Band, Battleford Agency, Sask.	J.A. Rowland
Lewis Red River Band, Lesser Slave Lake Agency, Alberta	Harold Laird
Lewis Saskatchewan Band, Man.	A. Ogletree
Logan, Alexander	Parry Sound Superintendency, Ont.
Long Lake Band, Ont.	W. Russell Brown
Long Plain Band, Man.	A. Ogletree
Long Sault Bands, Ont.	J.P. Wright
Loon Lake Band, Onion Lake Agency, Sask.	W. Sibbald
Lorette, Que., Hurons	A.O. Bastien
Loring, Richard E.	Babine and Upper Skeena River Agency, B.C.
Louis Bull's Band, Hobbema Agency, Alberta	J. Butlin
Lunenburg County, N.S., Micmacs	N.P. Freeman
Lytton Agency, B.C.	H. Graham
Mac or Mc	
McAllan, W.J.	Stuart Lake Agency, B.C.
McCallum, Thos. A.	Walpole Island Agency, Ont.
McCamus, R.J.	Mississaguas of Rice and Mud Lakes, Ont.
McDonald, Rev. A.R.	Eskasoni Agency, Cape Breton County, N.S.
McDonald, James	Griswold Agency, Man.
McDonald, Rev. John A.	Superintendent for Prince Edward Island
McDonald, Rev. R.L.	Micmacs of Richmond County, N.S.
MacDougal, C.A., M.D.	Seven Islands Agency, Que.
McGibbon, Chas.	Six Nation Indians

Mac or Mc	
McKenzie, Robert S.	Kenora and Savanne Agencies, Ont.
McLennan, Rev. J.N.	Micmacs of Inverness County, N.S.
MacLeod, Rev. J.D.	Micmacs of Pictou County, N.S.
McLeod, William	Chapleau Agency, Ont.
McNabb, A.D.	Ojibbewas of Lake Superior, Eastern Division
M	
Maganatawan Band, Ont.	Alexander Logan
Makwa, Lake Band, Onion Lake Agency, Sask.	Same as 'Loon Lake Band.'
Manitou Rapids Bands, Ont.	J.P. Wright
Manitoulin Island, unceded	R.J. Lewis
Manitowaning Agency, Ont.	R.J. Lewis
Manitowapah Agency, Ont.	A. Ogletree
Maniwaki Band, Que.	E.S. Gauthier
Maria, Que., Micmacs	Rev. J.D. Morin
Markle, J.A.	Alberta Inspectorate
Martin Falls Band, Ont.	W. Russell Brown
Masset Band, Queen Charlotte Agency, B.C.	Thomas Deasy
Matatchewan Band, Ont.	George P. Cockburn
Mattagami Band, Ont.	Wm. McLeod
Maxwell, Timothy	Chippewas of Sarnia, Ont.
Meadow Lake Band, Battleford Agency, Sask.	J. A. Rowland
Megraw, A	Southeastern Inspectorate
Metlakatla Band, Nass Agency, B.C.	Chas. C. Perry
Michel's Band, Edmonton Agency, Alberta	Geo. H. Race
Michipicoten Band, Ont.	A.D. McNabb
Micmacs of Maria, Que.	Rev. J.D. Morin
Micmacs Nova Scotia	See under name of counties.
Micmacs Prince Edward Island	Rev. John A. McDonald
Micmacs Ristigouche, Que.	J. Pitre
Milligan, S.A.	Carlton Agency, Sask.
Mingan Agency, Que.	Frank Doyle
Ministikwan Band, Onion Lake Agency, Sask.	Same as 'Island Lake'
Missinaibi Band, Ont.	Wm. McLeod
Mississagi River Band, Ont.	S. Hagan
Mississaguas of Alnwick, Ont.	W.R. Coyle
Mississaguas the Credit, Ont.	W.C. Van Loon
Mississaguas Mud Lake, Ont.	R.J. McCamus
Mississaguas Rice Lake, Ont.	R.J. McCamus
Mississaguas Scugog, Ont.	T.W. Crozier

Mistawasis Band, Carlton Agency, Sask.	S.A. Milligan
Mohawks of the Bay of Quinté, Ont.	G.M. Campbell
Moisie, Que., Montagnais	C.A. MacDougal, M.D.
Montagnais of Lake St. John, Que.	Armand Tessier
Montagnais Mingan Agency, Que.	Frank Doyle
Montagnais Seven Islands, Que.	C.A. MacDougal, M.D.
Montana Band, Hobbema Agency, Alberta	J. Butlin
Montreal Lake Band, Carlton Agency, Sask.	S.A. Milligan
Moose Lake Band, Man.	W.R. Taylor
Moose Mountain Agency, Sask.	Thos Cory
Moose Woods Reserve, Sask.	Chas. R. Eagle
Moosejaw Sioux, Sask.	Thos. E. Donnelly
Moosomin Band, Battleford Agency, Sask.	J.A. Rowland
Moravians of the Thames, Ont.	Edwin Beattie
Morin, Rev. J.D.	Micmacs of Maria, Que.
Mud Lake, Ont., Mississaguas	R.J. McCamus
Munsees of the Thames Ont.	Henry Janes
Murison, William	Touchwood Hills Agency, Sask.
Muscowekwan Band, Sask.	W. Murison
Muscowpetung Band, Qu'Appelle Agency, Sask.	H. Nichol
Myers, Chas. W.	Chippewas of Rama, Ont.
N	
Nanaimo Band, Cowichan Agency, B.C.	W.R. Robertson
Nass Agency, B.C.	Charles C. Perry
New Brunswick	Col. John Sheridan and B.J. Griffiths
New Westminster Agency, B.C.	Peter Byrne
Niacatchewenin Band, Ont.	J.P. Wright
Nichol, H.	Qu'Appelle Agency, Sask.
Nickickonsemenecaning Band, Ont.	J.P. Wright

N	
Nipigon Band, Ont.	W. Russell Brown
Nipissing Band, Ont.	Geo. P. Cockburn
Niquet, Henri	Abenakis of St. Francis, Que.
Northern Inspectorate, British Columbia	A.M. Tyson
North Saskatchewan Inspectorate	W.B. Crombie
Northwest Angle Bands, Ont. and Man.	R.S. McKenzie
Norway House Agency, Manitoba	J. Jones
Nova Scotia	See under names of counties.
Nova Scotia	A.J. Boyd, Supt. for the Province
Nut Lake Band, Duck Lake Agency, Sask.	Chas. P. Schmidt
O	
Oak Lake (Sioux) Band No. 59, Man.	Jas. McDonald
Oak River (Sioux) Band No. 58, Man	Jas. McDonald
Obidgewong Band, Ont.	F.W. Baxter
Ochapowace Band, Crooked Lake Agency, Sask.	E. Taylor
Officers	Return of officers and employees, Part I, pages 166 -196.
Ogden, Isaac	Williams Lake Agency, B.C.
Ogletree, A.	Portage-la-prairie and Manitowapah Agencies, Man.
Ojibbewas of Lake Superior, Eastern Division	A.D. McNabb
Ojibbewas of Lake Superior, Western Division	W. Russell Brown
Ojibbewas of Mississagi River, Ont.	S. Hagan
Oka Rand, Que.	C.F. Bertrand
Okanagan Agency, B.C.	J. Robert Brown
Okemassis Band, Duck Lake Agency, Sask.	Chas. P. Schmidt
One Arrow's Band, Duck Lake Agency, Sask.	Chas. P. Schmidt
Oneidas of the Thames, Ont.	Henry Janes
Onion Lake Agency, Sask.	W. Sibbald
Onion Lake Band, Sask.	W. Sibbald
Orchards, B.C.	Tom Wilson
Oromocto Band, N.B.	B.J. Griffiths
P	
Parry Sound Superintendency, Ont.	Alexander Logan
Pas Agency, Man. and Sask.	W.R. Taylor
Pas Band, Man.	W.R. Taylor
Pasqua Band, Qu'Appelle Agency, Sask.	H. Nichol
Paul's Band, Edmonton Agency, Alberta	Geo. H. Race
Pays Plat Band, Ont.	W. Russell Brown
Peace River Crossing, Lesser Slave Lake, Alberta	Harold Laird
Peguis Band, Man.	T.H. Carter

Peigan Agency, Alberta	H.A. Gunn
Pekangekum Band, Fisher River Agency, Man.	T.H. Carter
Pelican Lake Band, Carlton Agency, Sask.	S.A. Milligan
Pelly Agency, Sask.	M. Christianson
Perry, Chas. C.	Nass Agency, B.C.
Petaquakey's Band, Carlton Agency, Sask.	S.A. Milligan
Piapot Band, Qu'Appelle Agency, Sask.	H. Nichol
Pic River Band, Ont.	W. Russel Brown
Picotte, C.J.	Chippewas of Christian Island, Ont.
Pictou County, N.S., Micmacs	Rev. J.D. MacLeod
Pierreville, Que., Seigniory	See 'Abenakis of St. Francis.'
Pine Creek Band, Man.	A. Ogletree
Pitre, Jeremie	Micmacs of Ristigouche, Que.
Pointe Bleue Band, Que.	Armand Tessier
Point Grondin Band, Ont.	R.J. Lewis
Poorman's Band, Touchwood Hills Agency, Sask.	W. Murison
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Prince Edward Island	Rev. John A. McDonald, Superintendent for the Province

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Seven Islands Band, Ont.	C.A. MacDougal
Shawanaga Band, Ont.	Alexander Logan
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Sheridan, Col. John	Northeastern Division, New Brunswick
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Shoal Band, Sask.	W.R. Taylor
Shoal River Band, Man.	A. Ogletree
Shubenacadie Agency, Hants County, N.S.	Alonzo Wallace
Sibbald, William	Onion Lake Agency, Sask.
Simpson, W. Scott	Stikine Agency, B.C.
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Skidegate Band, Queen Charlotte Agency, B.C.	Thomas Deasy
Slave Band, Great Slave Lake, N.W.T	Gerald Card

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Cecilia Jeffrey Boarding, Kenora District	Rev. John Semmens
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Henvey Inlet, Parry Sound District	Rev. John Semmens
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Sidney Day (No. 2), Saugeen Peninsula, Bruce County	A.J. Duncan
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Wikwemikong, Manitoulin Island, Algoma Dist.	R.J. Lewis

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Berens River	J.R. Bunn
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Birtle Boarding	G.H. Wheatley
Birtle Boarding	S.J. Jackson
Black River	F.W.R. Colcleugh
Black River	J.R. Bunn
Bloodvein	T.H. Carter
Bloodvein	J.R. Bunn
Brandon Industrial	S.J. Jackson
Brokenhead	F.W.R. Colcleugh
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Chemawawin	S.J. Jackson
Crane River	S.J. Jackson
Cross Lake, Methodist	J. Jones
Cross Lake, Methodist	J.R. Bunn
Cross Lake, Methodist	J. Jones
Cross Lake, Methodist	J.R. Bunn
Cross Lake, Roman Catholic	J.R. Bunn
Cumberland (Sask.)	W.R. Taylor
Cumberland (Sask.)	S.J. Jackson
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Deer Lake	T.R. Carter
Deer Lake	J.R. Bunn
Dog Creek	A. Ogletree
Dog Creek	S.J. Jackson
E	
Ebb and Flow	A. Ogletree
Ebb and Flow	S.J. Jackson
Elkhorn Industrial	S.J. Jackson
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Fairford Improved	A. Ogletree
Fisher River	T.H. Carter
Fort Alexander	J.R. Bunn
Fort Alexander Boarding	F.W.R. Colcleugh
Fort Alexander Boarding	J.R. Bunn

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Mackay Boarding, Pas Reserve	S.J. Jackson
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Moose Lake	S.J. Jackson
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Nelson House Methodist	J.R. Bunn
North Peguis	T.H. Carter
North St. Peters	F.W.R. Colcleugh
North St. Peters	J.R. Bunn
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Norway House, Boarding	J. Jones
Norway House	J.R. Bunn
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Oak River	S.J. Jackson
Okanase	S.J. Jackson
Oxford House	J. Jones
Oxford House	J.R. Bunn
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Pas	S.J. Jackson
Patapun	F.W.R. Colcleugh
Pine Creek	S.J. Jackson
Pine Creek Boarding	A. Ogletree
Poplar River	T.H. Carter
Poplar River	J.R. Bunn
Portage la Prairie Boarding	H. Ogletree
Portage la Prairie Boarding	S.J. Jackson
R	
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Red Earth (Sask.)	J. Jackson
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Roseau Rapids	S.J. Jackson
Roseau River	A. Ogletree

Rosseau River	S.J. Jackson
Rossville	J. Jones
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Sandy Bay Boarding	A. Ogletree
Sandy Bay Boarding	S.J. Jackson
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Shoal Lake	S.J. Jackson
Shoal River	A. Ogletree
Shoal River	S.J. Jackson
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Swan Lake	A. Ogletree
Swan Lake	S.J. Jackson
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Upper Fairford	S.J. Jackson
Upper Fort Alexander	F.W.R. Colcleugh
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Crowstand Boarding	M. Christianson
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Cumberland	S.J. Jackson
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Daystar's	W. Murison
Daystar's	W.M. Graham
Duck Lake Boarding	C.P. Schmidt
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File Hills Boarding	W.M. Graham
Fill Hills Ex-Pupil Colony	W.M. Graham
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Gordon's Boarding	W. Murison
Gordon's Boarding	W.M. Graham
Graham, W.M.	South Saskatchewan Inspectorate
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John Smith's	C.P. Schmidt
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Key's	M. Christianson
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Littlepine	J.A. Rowland
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Meadow Lake	J.A. Rowland
Mistawasis	S.A. Milligan
Montreal Lake	S.A. Milligan
Moose Mountain	T. Cory
Moosomin	J.A. Rowland

Muscowekwan's Boarding	W. Murison
Muscowekwan's Boarding	W.M. Graham
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Onion Lake Anglican Boarding	W. Sibbald
Onion Lake Roman Catholic	W. Sibbald
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Q	
Qu'Appelle Industrial	W.M. Graham
R	
Red Earth	W.R. Taylor
Red Earth	S.J. Jackson
Red Pheasant and Stony	J.A. Rowland
Round Lake Boarding	E. Taylor
Round Lake Boarding	W.M. Graham
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Sturgeon Lake	S.A. Milligan
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Thunderchild Boarding	J.A. Rowland
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Valley River	M. Christianson

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Blood Anglican Boarding	J.A. Markle
Blood Roman Catholic Boarding	W.J. Dilworth
Blood Roman Catholic Boarding	J.A. Markle
Blue Quill's Boarding	Chas. E. Hughes
Blue Quill's Boarding	J.A. Markle
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Crowfoot Boarding	J.H. Gooderham
Crowfoot Boarding	J.A. Markle
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Ermineskin's Boarding	J. Butlin
Ermineskin's Boarding	J.A. Markle
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Fort Smith	G. Card
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P	
Peigan Anglican Boarding	H.A. Gunn

Peigan Anglican Boarding	J.A. Markle
Peigan Roman Catholic Boarding	H.A. Gunn
Peigan Roman Catholic Boarding	J.A. Markle
R	
Red Deer Industrial	J.A. Markle
St	
St. Albert Boarding	G.H. Race
St. Albert Boarding	J.A. Markle
St. Bruno's	H. Laird
St. Joseph's Industrial	J.A. Markle
S	
Saddle Lake	Chas. E. Hughes
Saddle Lake	J.A. Markle
Samson's	J. Butlin
Samson's	J.A. Markle
Sarcee Boarding	T.A. Fleetham
Sarcee Boarding	J.A. Markle
Sturgeon Lake Boarding	H. Laird
V	
Vermilion Boarding	H. Laird
W	
Wabiskaw Anglican (St. John's) Boarding.	H. Laird
Wabiskaw Roman Catholic (St. Martin's) Bdg.	H. Laird
Whitefish Lake	Chas. E. Hughes
Whitefish Lake Boarding	H. Laird

BRITISH COLUMBIA.	
A	
Ahousaht Boarding	W.E. Ditchburn
Aiyansh	C.C. Perry
Aiyansh	A.M. Tyson
Alberni Boarding	W.E. Ditchburn
Alert Bay	R.L.T. Galbraith
Alert Bay	E. Ditchburn
Alert Bay Girls, Home	R.L.T. Galbraith
Alert Bay	W.E. Ditchburn
Albert Bay Industrial	R.L.T. Galbraith
Alert Bay	W.E. Ditchburn
All Hallows Boarding	H. Graham
All Hallows Boarding	A. Megraw
Andimaul	R.E. Loring
Andimaul	A.M. Tyson
B	
Bella Bella	I. Fougner
Bella Bella	A.M. Tyson
Bella Coola	I. Fougner
Bella Coola	A.M. Tyson
Boothroyd	H. Graham
Boothroyd	A. Megraw
C	
Cairns, Rev. R.H.	Inspector of Schools
Cape Mudge	R.L.T. Galbraith
Cape Mudge	W.E. Ditchburn
China Hat	I. Fougner
China Hat	A.M. Tyson
Clayoquot	W.E. Ditchburn
Clayoquot Industrial	W.E. Ditchburn
Coqualeetza Institute	Peter Byrne
Coqualeetza Institute	W.E. Ditchburn
D	
Ditchburn, W.B	Southwestern Inspectorate
F	
Fort Babine	R.E. Loring
Fort Babine	A.M. Tyson
G	
Gitlakamiks	C.C. Perry

Gitlakamiks	A.M. Tyson
Gitwangah	R.E. Loring
Glen Vowell	R.E. Loring
Glen Vowell	A.M. Tyson
Gwinoha	C.C. Perry
Gwinoha	A.M. Tyson
H	
Hartley Bay	I. Fougner
Hartley Bay	A.M. Tyson
Hazelton	R.E. Loring
Hazelton	A.M. Tyson
Homalco	Peter Byrne
Homalco	W.E. Ditchburn
K	
Kamloops Industrial	J.F. Smith
Kamloops Industrial	A. Megraw
Katzie	Peter Byrne
Katzie	W.E. Ditchburn
Kincolith	C.C. Perry
Kincolith	A.M. Tyson
Kisgegas	R.E. Loring
Kisgegas	A.M. Tyson
Kispiox	R.E. Loring
Kispiox	A.M. Tyson
Kitimat	I. Fougner
Kitimat Boarding	I. Fougner
Kitimat Girls' Boarding	A.M. Tyson
Kitkatla	I. Fougner
Kitkatla	A.M. Tyson
Kitsegukla	R.E. Loring

BRITISH COLUMBIA - Continued.	
K - Con.	
Kitsegukla	A.M. Tyson
Kitselas	A.M. Tyson
Kituanghai	See 'Gitwangah'
Kituanghai	See 'Kitisangar'
Koksilah	W.R. Robertson
Koksilah	W.E. Ditchburn
Kootenay Industrial	R.L.T. Galbraith
Kootenay Industrial	A. Megraw
Kuper Island Industrial	W.R. Robertson
Kuper Island Industrial	W.E. Ditchburn
L	
Lakkalzap	C.C. Perry
Lakkalzap	A.M. Tyson
Lytton	H. Graham
Lytton	A Megraw
Lytton Industrial	H. Graham
Lytton Industrial	A. Megraw
M	
Masset	Thos. Deasy
Masset	A.M. Tyson
Meanskinisht	R.E. Loring
Meanskinisht	A.M. Tyson
Megraw, A.	Southeastern Inspectorate
Metlakatla	C.C. Perry
Metlakatla	A.M. Tyson
N	
Nanaimo	W.R. Robertson
Nanaimo	W.E. Ditchburn
New Town (Kitselas)	R.E. Loring
O	
Osoyoos	J.R. Brown
P	
Port Essington	C.C. Perry
Port Essington	A.M. Tyson
Port Simpson	C.C. Perry
Port Simpson	A.M. Tyson
Port Simpson Girls' Boarding	C.C. Perry
Port Simpson Girls' Boarding	A.M. Tyson

Q	
Quamichan	W.R. Robertson
Quamichan	W.E. Ditchburn
R	
Rocher Deboulé	R.E. Loring
St	
St. Mary's Mission Boarding	Peter Byrne
St. Mary's Mission Boarding	W.E. Ditchburn
S	
Sechelt Boarding	Peter Byrne
Sechelt Boarding	W.E. Ditchburn
Shulus	J.F. Smith
Shulus	A. Megraw
Simpson, W.S.	Stikine
Skidegate	Thos. Deasy
Skidegate	A.M. Tyson
Skwah	Peter Byrne
Skwah	W.E. Ditchburn
Sliammon	W.E. Ditchburn
Sliammon	Peter Byrne
Songhees	W.E. Ditchburn
Songhees	W.R. Robertson
Squamish Mission Boarding	Peter Byrne
Squamish Mission Boarding	W.E. Ditchburn
Stuart Lake	W.J. McAllan
Stuart Lake	A. Megraw

BRITISH COLUMBIA - Concluded.	
T	
Tahltan	W.S. Simpson
Tahltan	A.M. Tyson
Telegraph Creek	W.S. Simpson
Telegraph	A.M. Tyson
Tsartlip	W.R. Robertson
Tsawwassen	Peter Byrne
Tyson, A.M.	Northern Inspectorate
U	
Ucluelet	W.R. Ditchburn
W	
West Saanich	W.E. Ditchburn
Williams Lake Industrial	J. Ogden
Williams Lake Industrial	A. Megraw
YUKON TERRITORY.	
C	
Carcross Boarding	John Hawksley
Champagne Landing	John Hawksley
F	
Forty Mile	John Hawksley
L	
Little Salmon	John Hawksley
M	
Moosehide	John Hawksley
R	
Rampart House	John Hawksley
T	
Teslin Lake	John Hawksley
W	
Whitehorse	John Hawksley

REPORT
OF THE
DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 1916.

OTTAWA, September 30, 1916.

Honourable W. J. ROCHE, M.D., M.R.C.P., LL.D.,
Superintendent General of Indian Affairs,
Ottawa.

SIR, - I have the honour to submit the report of the Department of Indian Affairs for the year ended March 31, 1916.

I am pleased to report a general improvement in the condition of the Indians as compared with the preceding year. The agricultural Indians shared in the general prosperity, and the hunting Indians received a better price for their furs, the fur trade having recovered from the depression that followed the beginning of the war and the hunt being successful.

The advance in agriculture is shown by the fact that the increase in land under crop is 8,459 acres, and the increased yield was 709,1324 bushels. The increase in value of all agricultural produce was \$432,888.

POPULATION.

The following table shows the Indian population by provinces. It will be noted that there is a considerable increase since last year.

While the increase shown arises to some extent from the difficulties which surround an accurate enumeration of the Indian population, it may be confidently stated that the aborigines are slowly increasing.

...	Population.	
...	1915.	1916.
Alberta	8,500	8,682
British Columbia	25,399	25,737
Manitoba	10,795	11,935
New Brunswick	1,862	1,574
Nova Scotia	2,042	2,119
Ontario	26,162	26,305
Prince Edward Island	288	302
Quebec	13,174	13,348
Saskatchewan	9,775	9,962
Northwest Territories	4,003	3,769
Yukon	1,528	1,528
Total Indian population	103,531	105,561
Eskimos	3,447	3,296
Total number of Indians and Eskimos	106,978	108,857

HEALTH.

There is nothing of importance to report under this heading; there have been no serious epidemics and the health of the Indians has on the whole been good during the past year.

The department continues to follow the policies that I have outlined in my last report. Great effort is being made to introduce more sanitary conditions in the Indian dwellings, and at the schools special attention is given to hygienic and prophylactic instruction.

The work carried on by our medical officers has met with satisfactory results, and a steady improvement is being made from year to year in all matters pertaining to health and sanitation.

BUILDINGS.

As I stated in my last report, it has been the policy of the department to replace the old boarding and industrial school buildings by modern structures with the latest sanitary improvements, and to erect any new buildings that may be required at the agencies, such as dwelling-houses, stables, storehouses and so forth. During the past year, however, the department has had a more limited appropriation at its disposal, and in consequence new building operations have not been undertaken to any extent.

Combined day schools and teacher's residences were erected at Manitou Rapids and Kaboni Settlement on the unceded portion of Manitoulin island; the latter is situated in the centre of a good agricultural district, and there is every indication that it will be a successful school. At Garden River a warehouse and root-house were built, and repairs were made to the council-house. A new stable was built at the Carcross school, in the Yukon Territory, and a root-house at Old Sun's boarding school. A temporary laundry was built at the Gordon's boarding school, and repairs were made to the school building.

At the Edmonton agency 20 dwelling-houses for the younger members of the Enoch's band are under construction.

The Cross Lake Roman Catholic boarding school, a stone building accommodating 60 pupils, and a new overseer's house at the Valley River reserve, were completed this year.

Additions and alterations were made to the Scotch Settlement day school; and an addition to the Glen Vowell day school.

The erection of a combined day school and teacher's residence at Sheshegwaning is being contemplated.

Various improvements were made to the sites of the Kuper Island and Kootenay industrial schools in British Columbia.

Alterations were made to the teacher's residence, at Alderville, and alterations and repairs to the Walpole Island agency building.

New heating systems have been installed at the Elkhorn and Brandon industrial schools, and also, at the latter institution, a new drainage system and a septic tank at the principal's residence; a new water-supply system has been installed at the Bella Coola agency.

Repairs have been made to All Saints' church and rectory at Tyendinaga, the Chapleau boarding school, the teacher's residence at Middle River, N.B., and the Lorette day school.

Repairs to the school building and an addition to the barn have been made at the Sarcee boarding school.

AGRICULTURE.

The department is making a great effort to arouse among the Indians a more active interest in agricultural pursuits and to convince them of the increased prospect of progress, profit, and general well-being that would result from the proper cultivation of their lands.

The system of agricultural instruction, that was initiated last year in Ontario, by the appointment of a departmental field agent to supervise the laying out of gardens at the Indian schools, has now successfully passed the experimental stage.

It has become evident that one man could not give sufficient attention to all the reserves in Ontario, and it was in consequence, this year, arranged to have Mr. I.F. Metcalfe, district representative of the Ontario Agricultural Department, visit Gore Bay, Manitowaning, and Sault Ste. Marie agencies; while Mr. R.H. Abraham, a graduate of the Ontario Agricultural College, was reappointed to supervise the work on the other Ontario reserves. Mr. Abraham reports that a great interest is evinced in this work both by teachers and pupils at all the schools. School fairs were held at a number of places last fall, and the children had some excellent exhibits of garden produce. The department co-operated in the fairs by the donation of prizes. A larger number of these school fairs will be held this fall.

In addition to the work of the schools, the department is endeavouring to create an interest in agriculture among the older Indians by holding standing crop competitions on a number of the reserves. These crop competitions will be held on the Deseronto, Caradoc, Walpole Island, Moraviantown, Wikwemikong, West Bay, and Shesheganing reserves. The department has offered four prizes for the best crops on each reserve. The competitions will be supervised and judged by the department's field agents, Mr. Metcalfe and Mr. Abraham. The seed provided for these competitions is of the best quality, At Walpole's Island each Indian will be given one-half bushel of pure North. Dakota White Flint, enough to plant two acres. A garden and better home contest was held at the Rama reserve.

Instruction and advice is given to the Indian farmers with regard to the construction of open ditches and tiled drains where these are necessary, and helpful suggestions are made to them encouraging the proper short crops to grow, the time to plant, and so forth.

Although particular attention has been paid at present to Ontario, the department is not neglecting other provinces. The cultivation of school gardens is being encouraged wherever it is practicable, and the report shows that at many of the schools, both in the east and the west, the teachers and children are evidencing an encouraging and constantly increasing activity in this work.

The following table shows a very marked, and gratifying increase in the value of agricultural products, in the acreage under crop, and the number of bushels harvested; the increase is particularly noticeable in the prairie provinces, where the Indians have fully availed themselves of the opportunities afforded by the splendid crop.

Province.	Population.	Land under crop.	Grain and Roots.	Hay.	Value.
...	...	Acres.	Bushels.	Tons.	\$ cts.
Alberta	8,682	13,010 1/2	427,347	20,112	301,711
British Columbia	25,737	11,727	566,555	24,292	655,490
Manitoba	11,935	7,333	147,085	11,920	162,451
New Brunswick	1,874	209	5,663	167	6,482
Nova Scotia	2,119	269	7,848	890	18,990
Ontario	26,305	17,122	521,148	34,416	603,918
Prince Edward Island	302	60	1,186	87	1,425
Quebec	13,348	4,605	110,885	3,348	146,6778
Saskatchewan	9,962	19,380	562,165	36,573	349,362
Total, 1916	100,264*	73,716	2,349,882	1351,805	2,246,507
Total, 1915	98,000	65,256 3/4	1,640,558	132,355	1,813,619
Increase	2,264	8,459 1/4	709,324	...	432,888
Decrease	...	...	...	550	...

[*Not including 5,297 Indians in the Yukon and Northwest Territories.]

REAL AND PERSONAL PROPERTY.

The following table shows the value of land in the Indian reserves by provinces: -

Alberta	\$12,646,537
British Columbia	13,494,015
Manitoba	2,303,690
New Brunswick	71,200
Nova Scotia	86,665
Ontario	4,827,957
Prince Edward Island	20,214
Quebec	1,318,210
Saskatchewan	10,587,557
Total	\$45,356,045

As compared with 1915, there is a reduction of one million four hundred thousand dollars; this reduction has been made in the estimated value of reserves in British Columbia. Last year the Royal Commission on Indian Affairs for the Province of British Columbia caused a careful valuation to be made of all the reserves, and the result is this year incorporated in the general statement.

The following table shows the Value per capita of real and personal property: -

Province.	Population.	Total value of Real and Personal Property.	Value per Capita of Real and Personal Property.
Alberta	8,682	14,370,485	1,655.20
British Columbia	27,737	17,666,178	686.41
Manitoba	11,935	3,101,161	259.80
New Brunswick	1,874	220,856	118.60
Nova Scotia	2,119	233,9292	110.31
Ontario	26,305	8,717,950	331.42
Prince Edward Island	302	44,434	147.17
Quebec	13,348	2,759,780	206.76
Saskatchewan	9,962	12,321,323	1,234.82
Total	100,264*	59,436,089	593.79

[*Not including 5,297 Indians in Yukon and Northwest Territories.]

SOURCES AND VALUE OF INCOME.

A table showing the sources and value of the income of the Indians given on page 114, may be summarized as follows: -

Value of farm products, including hay	\$2,246,507 00
Value of beef sold, also of that used for food	307,779 00
Wages earned	1,530,373 00
Received from land rentals and from timber	117,126 00
Earned by fishing	665,528 00
Earned by hunting and trapping	790,886 00
Earned by other industries and occupations	593,298 00
Annuities paid, and interest on Indian Trust funds	450,496 41
Total income of Indians	\$6,691,993 41

The above table discloses a very marked increase in the value of farm products, which may be ascribed in part to the good crop and in part to the added interest and activity in agricultural pursuits that is being evinced by the Indians on many of the reserves. There is a considerable increase since last year in the income derived from hunting, owing to the partial recovery of the fur market.

The diminishing hunts and the low price of raw furs entailed particularly severe hardship among the Indians of the North Shore and the gulf of St. Lawrence. Traders, who previously made advances to Indians to enable them to reach, their bunting grounds, have discontinued to do so, and in consequence it has been necessary for the department to give the required assistance. With a view to enabling these Indians to better provide for themselves, especially in summer, the department has endeavoured to establish them in the cod-fishing industry at points where it appears practical. A satisfactory start was made last season, and greater and better results are anticipated in 1916.

The total income of the Indians shows an increase of over three-quarters of a million dollars.

The following table shows the per capita income of the Indians. It is gratifying to note that there is an average per capita increase of \$6.26; the most notable individual provincial increase is that of \$17.36 in the province of Alberta.

Province.	Population.	Total Income of Indians.	Per Capita Income of Indians.
Alberta	8,682	653,677.72	75.29
British Columbia	25,737	1,733,137.09	67.34
Manitoba	11,935	751,143.59	62.10
New Brunswick	1,874	82,236.85	43.88
Nova Scotia	2,119	125,088.43	59.03
Ontario	26,305	1,966,903.49	74.77
Prince Edward Island	302	11,125.00	37.17
Quebec	13,348	570,305.49	42.73
Saskatchewan	9,962	795,375.15	79.84
Total	100,264*	6,691,993.41	66.74

[*Not including 5,297 Indians in Yukon and Northwest Territories.]

EDUCATION.

The report of the Superintendent of Indian Education and the report of the inspectors of schools and agencies, and the tabular statements, contain full information on the subject of Indian education.

There were in operation during the year 269 day, 59 boarding, and 17 industrial schools a total of 345. As compared with the previous year, this is an increase of 12 day schools, and a decrease of one in each of the boarding and industrial school classes. The increase in the day schools is mainly due to a number of summer schools of this class being opened in remote districts for the summer months only, and also to returns having been received from white schools where Indian children are allowed to attend, and for which the department pays a tuition grant.

Several day schools were closed during the year, owing to lack of attendance and inability to secure a teacher; while on the other hand several were re-opened.

The above changes will account for the increase of 12 schools in this class.

In the boarding school class, the Port Simpson Boys' Home was closed during the previous fiscal year, and the name of this school does not appear in the schedule of the school statement for this fiscal year. The Crowstand boarding school was closed on November 30, 1915; but, as it was in operation during part of the fiscal year, it is included in the statement.

The Battleford industrial school, which was included in the tabular statement of last year, has been discontinued in the statement for the present year, as this school was closed during the former fiscal year.

The total enrolment for the year was 12,799 pupils, namely, 6,528 boys and 6,271 girls. This, as compared with the previous year, shows an increase of 331 pupils - 161 boys and 170 girls. There was an enrolment of 8,138 in the day schools, 2,851 in the boarding schools, and 1,801 in the industrial schools. The average attendance of

pupils enrolled was 8,070, being a decrease of 641 as compared with that of the previous year. The percentage of attendance of pupils enrolled during the year was 63.05.

In addition to the above, about 120 Indian children, the greater number of whom are orphans, are being cared for and educated in various institutions throughout the Dominion.

The schools in operation during the year were conducted under the following auspices: -

Undenominational, 51 day and 2 industrial; Roman Catholic, 93 day, 32 boarding and 8 industrial; Anglican, 77 day, 16 boarding and 3 industrial; Methodist, 41 day, 3 boarding and 4 industrial; Presbyterian, 5 day and 8 boarding; Salvation Army, 2 day schools.

The total expenditure on Indian education during the past fiscal year from the Government appropriations, amounted to \$911,377.89.

The Indian schools in Ontario, Quebec, Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island are inspected semi-annually by the provincial, separate, and public school inspectors under arrangements with the department of education in each province. In New Brunswick and British Columbia the Indian schools are inspected by officials appointed by the department. In Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and the Northwest Territories the schools are inspected by the inspectors of the different Indian agencies; regular visits are made, and reports submitted to the department. In addition to this inspection, almost all the schools are under the direct supervision of the different Indian agents, who are required to make monthly inspections and reports.

Qualified teachers with professional training are engaged whenever it is possible to obtain them, and in the older settled portions of the different provinces the greater number of the teachers are so qualified. In the schools situated in the more remote reserves it is difficult to secure teachers with certificates. Many of our teachers who have not professional qualifications have, however, long experience and are meeting with a great measure of success in Indian school work.

During the last fiscal year 21 girls and 34 boy ex-pupils were assisted to the extent of \$4,908.11. Ex-pupils have refunded on loans during the past fiscal year \$1,348.07.

In addition to the above expenditure, the ex-pupils of the File Hills Colony were assisted to purchase seed-grain to the amount of \$2,663.14. This assistance was given on account of the severe losses these ex-pupils suffered through having their crops hailed out during the summer of 1915. This aid will be refunded by these ex-pupils from the proceeds of their crops.

THE WAR.

A laudable and gratifying, spirit of loyalty has been evinced by the Indians throughout the Dominion; their contributions to the various war funds have been most liberal, and they have signified their intention of continuing to offer them so long as the war may last. Many Indians have enlisted, and recently a signally successful recruiting campaign has been conducted on the reserves in Ontario; nearly one-

half of the, total strength of the 14th Battalion, Haldimand Rifles, has been recruited from the Indian reserves in eastern Ontario. There are 65 Indian members of the 52nd, popularly known as the Bull Moose Battalion. The Bruce Battalion has 65 Indians from the Cape Croker reserve, where the total male population between the ages of 21 and 65 is only 108. Eighty Indians were recruited from the remote regions of the Hudson's Bay district.

In all about 1,200 Indians have enlisted. They are distributed by provinces as follows: Ontario, 862; Quebec, 101; Manitoba, 89; Saskatchewan, 57; Prince Edward Island, 24; British Columbia, 17; Nova Scotia, 14; New Brunswick, 12; Alberta, 9; Yukon, 2; total, 1,187. Of this number eight are commissioned officers, - Capt. George Smith, 4th Batt.; Capt. Ormond Picard, 12th Batt.; Capt. Charles Smith, 114th Batt.; Lieut. Cameron D. Brant, 4th Batt. (killed at Ypres) ; Lieuts. Milton Martin, James D. Moses, John R. Steacey, and C.A. Cooke, 114th Batt.

A notable demonstration of the traditional loyalty of a distinguished Indian family was the death in action at Langemarck of Lieut. Cameron D. Brant, who was the first man from Brant county to be killed at the front. The late Lieut. Brant was a great-great-grandson of the famous Capt. Jos. Brant who rendered such valuable service to the British cause in 1776. Two Other lineal descendants of this great chieftain, Corporal Albert W.L. Crain, 4th Battalion, 1st Brigade, and Pte. Nathan Monture, were Severely injured at Ypres.

Pte. Belanger, an Indian, of the 52nd Battalion, has received the Military Medal for bravery; his brother was severely wounded.

Pte. W.F. Lidkers, a Six Nation Indian who went overseas with the 48th Highlanders, is now a prisoner in Gottingen Camp, Germany. Pte. Alex. Moore, of the 28th Batt., a nephew, of the chief of the Norway House band is also a prisoner in Germany.

The Indians who have gone to the front have displayed qualities of courage, endurance and intelligence that have placed them among the most valuable members of the Canadian Expeditionary Force. They excel as sharpshooters, and some of them have excellent records in this branch of the service.

The Indian women have also given evidence of patriotism in a manner that reflects greatly to their credit; they knit socks and mufflers, and supply various comforts for the soldiers and take an active part in Red Cross activities.

The following contributions have been made by the Indians to the Patriotic, Red Cross, Belgian Relief and other war funds since my last report: -

Ontario: -	...
The Dokis Indians	51,000 00
Nipissing Indians	500 00
Chippewas of Walpole Island	100 00
Henvey Inlet Band	100 00
Pottawattamie Band, Walpole Island	25 00
Alnwick Indians	100 00
Six Nations to the Women's Patriotic League	50 00
Mississaguas of the Credit to the funds of the 114th Battalion	200 00
Manitoba: -	...
The Sioux Indians of Oak River, a further contribution	51 00

Saskatchewan: -	...
The Indians of File Hills Colony	502 10
White Bear Band	1,000 00
Councillor Saulteaux, Carry-the-Kettle Band, Assiniboine reserve, a further contribution of	20 50
Beardy and Okemassis Bands, Duck Lake agency	100 00
Indian Bands in the Onion Lake agency	25 70
James Smith's Band, Duck LaKe agency	100 00
Stony, Red Pheasant, Moosomin and other Indians	156 20
Alberta: -	...
Whitefish Lake, Indians and whites	15 00
Enoch's Band, further contribution of	200 00
Stony Indians to the Cochrane Patriotic Fund	50 00
Stony Indians wood to the Patriotic Fund	39 00
Stony Indians and to the Associated Charities in Calgary	48 75
Blackfoot Indians to the Gleichen Patriotic Fund	207 00
British Columbia: -	...
Stuart Lake Indians	24 80
Metlakatla Indians to the Prince Rupert Red Cross	1,000 00
Stuart Lake Indians to local Patriotic Fund	278 00

In addition to the foregoing, the following amounts were offered. The department was unable to accept them, as the bands in question could not afford the expenditure: -

Chippewas of the Thames, Caradoc\$200 00

Bay of Quinté, Mohawk100 00

Obidgewong200 00

Rice Lake100 00

ROYAL COMMISSION ON INDIAN AFFAIRS FOR THE PROVINCE OF BRITISH COLUMBIA.

The commission closed its labours on June 30, and disbanded. The printed report containing maps and illustrations is now being completed and will in due course be placed before the interested governments.

SURVEYS.

The following are the surveys made during the fiscal year ended March 31, 1916:

Prince Edward Island. - A disputed limit on the northeast boundary of the Morell reserve was re-established by survey.

Quebec. - The limits of the Restigouche reserve were re-traced, as they had become practically obliterated.

In connection with the claim for damage to an Indian house on the Lorette reserve, a survey Was made to define the limit at that point of the right of way for the water-supply of the city of Quebec.

Ontario. - An examination and report was made in connection with an application to purchase Myers island, in the Trent river, township of Murray.

The unsold islands in lake Couchiching were surveyed and valued. Chief's island, in the same lake, was subdivided into small lots and valued for sale for camping purposes.

Wild Lands, Paskonkin, The Bishop, Little Forks, and Long Sault reserves Nos. 1 and 2, in the Rainy river district, having been surrendered for sale, were subdivided and valued for that purpose.

The Manitou Rapids reserve, Rainy River district, has been subdivided into lots for Indian occupation.

The limits of certain grazing lots, the property of the band in the Tyendinaga reserve, were defined on the ground, and a plan prepared showing them.

At the especial request of the band, all the lots in the West Bay reserve, whose limits have become very much obliterated, were re-traced and posted.

Saskatchewan. - The Big Head reserve, No. 124, situated at Lac des Isles, was located and surveyed, under the provisions of Treaty No. 6, for the Cree band, of whom Big Head is the chief.

The Makwa Lake reserves, Nos. 129 and 129A, were located and surveyed under the provisions of Treaty No. 6 for the Cree band residing there.

The north boundary was surveyed of the Cold Lake reserve, No. 149B, which was received in exchange for the portions surrendered of the Cold Lake reserve No. 149.

On account of certain discrepancies in the original survey of the Kylemore townsite in the Fishing Lake reserve No. 89, a re-survey was necessary.

Alberta. - A tract in the Blood reserve containing about twenty square, miles was subdivided for Indian occupation.

Reserves No. 13 and 173A, situated in townships 102 and 103, range 9, and township 104, range 10, west of the fifth meridian, were surveyed under the provisions of Treaty No. 8 for the Tall Cree band.

The Fort McKay reserve, No. 174, Namur River reserve, No. 174A, and Namur Lake reserve, No. 174B, were located and surveyed under the provisions of Treaty No. 8 for the Chipewyan band of Fort McKay.

The Clearwater River reserve, No. 175, and Gregoire Lake reserves, Nos. 176, 176A, and 176B, were located and surveyed under the provisions of Treaty No. 8 for the Cree Indians of the locality.

British Columbia. - A part of the Industrial School reserve at Alert Bay, Cormorant Island, has been subdivided into village lots for Indian occupation.

A serious discrepancy having been discovered between the limits of an adjacent lot and the Musqueam reserve No. 2, the limits of the reserve, which were very much obliterated, were re-traced.

Yukon. - A small reserve for the resident Indians has been surveyed at the Six Mile river between lakes Tagish and Marsh.

A small reserve, containing three hundred and twenty acres, near Whitehorse on the west bank of the Fifty Mile river, has been surveyed for the Indians of the locality.

LANDS.

Sales made of surrendered surveyed lands are shown on the tabular statement on page 160, Part I, and during the past year 29,347.50 acres were sold, realizing \$66,741.16.

During the year 212 Crown grants were issued and recorded under the provisions of the Indian Act, and forwarded either direct to the patentees or to the different registrars of titles for the district in which the lands were situate, in accordance with the Land Titles Act.

Returns of Crown grants to the number of 32 were prepared and forwarded to the registrars of the counties and districts in which the lands patented were situate, and four returns were made to the Provincial Secretary of Ontario, covering lands patented within that province.

The Indians of the Rainy River district having surrendered the Wild Lands reserve, the Hungry Hall reserve, the Long Sault reserve and the Little Forks reserve, to be sold for their benefit; these were, duly subdivided into lots and advertised for sale by public auction in May, 1916.

A number of sales of lots that were made many years ago, in the township of Bedford, in the county of Hastings, were cancelled, and the lands examined and valued, and disposition made of a number of them to parties who were resident thereon.

LOCATION TICKETS.

Location tickets granting title under the provisions of the Indian Act to individual owners, for lands on the reserve, were issued during the past year to the number of 186, and on March 31, last, there were current 1,948 location tickets.

A new subdivision survey of the Golden Lake reserve, in the county of Renfrew, having been made, the old location tickets held by the Indians which were issued in 1888, were called in, and new location tickets issued to the Indians in accordance with the new survey.

LEASES.

Under the provisions of section 11 of the Regulations for the Disposal of Indian Lands, leases were issued, in triplicate, to white men at the request of Indian locatees to the number of 123, and on March 31, last, there were 1,245 leases current.

The regulations adopted in connection with the issue of leases requiring that applications should be passed on by the band and tenders called for by the local agents seem to give very satisfactory results.

TIMBER.

The number of timber licenses current at the end of the fiscal year was 23, being 9 less than the previous year, two having been cancelled by the department for contravention of the regulations, eight having reverted to the department by consent of the licensees, whilst a new license was issued covering the spruce and balsam timber on the Weymontachi reserve.

This report covers the lumbering operations for the season 1914 - 15, as the timber returns for the season of 1915 - 16 are not available until the end of the year.

The total amount of timber cut on Indian reserves for sale was considerably less than the quantity cut during the previous season of 1913 - 14, owing to the trade depression, resultant from the outbreak of the war.

The exact quantities of different material cut for sale were as follows: -

Lumber of various kinds	...	3,195,198 ft. B.M.
Boom timber of various kinds	...	21,772 cu. ft.
Ties of various kinds	(No.)	86,839
Pulpwood (spruce and fir)	(cds.)	19,516
Cordwood of various kinds	(cds.)	1,077
Posts (cedar)	(No.)	25,075
Shingle bolts	(cds.)	70

This material had a stumpage value of approximately \$150,000, a certain proportion of which, amounting to the sum of \$50,545.20, being credited as dues paid in cash to the trust funds of the interested reserves.

Statistics are not available to show accurately what quantity of timber was cut on reserves by the Indians for their own domestic use, but it is not improbable that the amount would approximate 5,000,000 feet b.m. of lumber of various kinds for building purposes, and 30,000 cords of firewood, besides other material cut for the native manufacture of axe-handles, snowshoe bows, and baskets.

The total receipts from the sale of timber on Indian reserves during the same period were: -

Bonus from sale of timber, Weymontachi	\$20,000 00
Bonus from sale of burnt timber, Shawanaga	3,000 00
Dues on timber cut under license	46,113 48
Dues on timber cut under permit	3,713 49
Trespass, dues	395 99
Penalty dues	322 24
License fees	104 00
Ground rents	1,227 00
Total	\$74,876 20

Prompt action in regard to the prosecution of trespassers on reserves, and the infliction of fines for cutting undersized timber, has resulted in an appreciable abatement of these two evils.

Estimates of timber and reports on land, respecting twenty reserves in the eastern provinces, have been prepared during the last two seasons, the statistical data thus obtained being placed on record for future reference, and it is anticipated that this work of computing the timber and land resources of the various reserves will be of great value and assistance in the administration of the same.

The Indians of Manitoulin Island (unceded), Christian Island, West Bay, Garden River, Bersimis and other reserves take out timber annually for sale under contract, and, where necessary, assistance is afforded them by the department to market the product of their labour.

Cash advances to the extent of \$800 were made by the department to the Indians of the Bersimis reserve to enable

them to purchase supplies whilst engaged in cutting pulpwood.

Successful representations were made to the Governor in Council asking that the "Manufacturing Conditions" clause, which prohibits the export of pulp or boxwood from Indian reserves, should be temporarily waived, in order that the Garden River Indians might have an opportunity of cutting a quantity of this class of material at a reasonable profit, thereby relieving considerable distress.

A circular letter has been distributed to all Indian inspectors and agents dealing with matters in connection with forest conservation and management, and through the influence of these outside officers it is hoped that the Indians will be led to realize the importance of exercising every precaution against the outbreak of forest fires, the adoption of careful lumbering methods, and the co-ordination of their lumbering operations with the clearing and preparation of their lands for cultivation.

FINANCIAL.

At the close of the twelve months ended March 31, 1916, the capital of the Indian Trust Fund, which at the end of the preceding year amounted to \$7,738,145.97, had increased to \$7,741,491.92.

The amount expended from the Consolidated Revenue Fund was as follows: Voted by Parliament for the purposes of the department, \$1,980,552.17, and annuities by statute, \$210,549.

On March 31, last, the balance to the credit of the Indian Savings Account for the funding of the annuities and earnings of pupils at industrial schools, together with collections from Indians for purchases of cattle and for ranching expenses, was \$56,743.14. Deposits and interest during the twelve months aggregated \$32,278.18, and withdrawals \$44,214.94.

The manner in which the officers both of the Inside and Outside Service have performed their respective duties has been eminently satisfactory, and I desire to express my gratification at the conscientious and cooperative spirit that has characterized their services throughout the year.

*I have the honour to be, sir,
Your obedient servant,
DUNCAN C. SCOTT,
Deputy Superintendent General of Indian Affairs.*

PART I
TABULAR STATEMENTS

Sarcee Agency -	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bull's Head	188	75	...	...	...	24	...	89	21	29	15	9	4	6	56	41	3	10	...	5	8	...	12	1
Stony Agency -	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bear's Paw	247	...	...	247	...	...	...	...	19	22	27	32	14	19	46	64	...	4	5	...	11	...	6	...
Chiniquay's	122	...	...	122	...	...	...	...	9	8	13	13	9	9	26	33	1	1	...	7	4	...	5	6
Wesley's	290	...	...	290	...	...	...	...	22	24	34	30	22	18	65	68	1	6	7	...	9	6	8	...
Total	659	...	...	659	...	...	...	...	50	54	74	75	45	46	137	165	2	11	12	7	24	6	19	6
Total, Alberta Inspectorate	5,531	792	...	1,550	...	2,096	...	1,093	573	622	527	469	338	310	1,249	1,276	56	111	145	46	231	108	177	63

Table, see page 2

Total	1,526	...	...	1,006	...	89	...	210	143	123	165	162	80	56	374	305	70	48	17	10	53	5	47	4
Cowichan Agency -	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cheerno (Beecher Bay)	30	...	...	...	...	16	14	...	2	2	3	2	3	2	7	9	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...
Clemclemaluts	111	...	...	10	...	101	...	...	5	6	17	12	4	4	28	32	2	1	...	1	2	...	3	...
Comeaken	62	...	...	...	...	62	...	...	4	4	4	3	3	2	18	21	1	2	2	...	3	...	1	...
Comox	34	...	...	...	2	32	...	...	...	...	3	1	5	1	12	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cowichan Lake	10	...	...	10	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	4	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Discovery Island	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	22	...	...	...	22
Esquimalt	17	...	...	...	...	17	...	...	2	1	3	4	1	1	1	3	...	1	2	...	2	...	...	...
Galiano Island	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	31	...	...	...	31
Hellelt	28	...	...	...	...	14	14	...	2	3	4	3	1	2	5	6	1	1	...	...	1	...	1	...
Khenipson	40	...	...	1	...	39	...	...	1	2	4	4	1	3	12	11	1	1	...	...	1	...	1	...
Kilpaulus	4	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	2	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Koksilah	16	...	...	3	...	13	...	...	1	1	1	...	1	...	5	6	1	...	...	1	...	...	1	...
Kulleets	70	...	...	...	...	70	...	...	7	7	8	6	5	2	18	16	...	1	...	2	...	...	2	...
Llmalche	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	...	...	...	7
Lyackson	81	...	...	...	...	81	...	...	5	4	8	13	8	8	16	17	...	2	1	...	2	...	1	...
Malakut	10	...	...	...	...	10	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	2	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mayne Island	17	...	...	...	...	17	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	7	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nanaimo	170	...	...	170	...	...	...	...	8	9	17	16	18	18	35	42	3	4	20	...	15	10	5	...
Pauquachen	62	...	...	...	...	62	...	...	2	3	3	4	6	6	19	19	...	...	...	4	...	...	4	...
Penelakut	226	...	...	...	...	226	...	...	16	11	14	14	17	22	63	66	2	1	91	...	3	90	2	...

Thompson (Cukcugualk)	220	...	...	...	...	220	...	...	23	20	25	23	12	15	47	50	3	2	31	...	6	30	5	...
Oregon Jack Creek	28	28	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	3	3	2	...	...	7	8	...	1	4	...	3	1	...	...
Upper Nicola	180	...	...	...	...	180	...	...	18	20	19	15	9	15	36	41	3	4	7	...	11	...	4	...
Total	2342	724	...	...	...	1618	...	...	189	186	208	209	141	157	584	577	42	49	63	9	86	31	63	...
Kootenay Agency. -	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Arrow lake (Shushwap and Kootenay)	21	...	...	...	...	21	...	...	...	2	1	...	2	1	7	7	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Lower Columbia Lake	83	...	...	...	...	83	...	...	11	2	6	11	5	3	20	21	2	2	...	1	...	...	1	...
Lower Kootenay	157	...	...	...	...	157	...	...	10	17	12	15	4	6	39	43	6	5	...	8	...	...	4	4
Shushwap (Kinbaskets)	67	...	...	...	...	67	...	...	6	6	10	7	3	1	15	12	4	3	2	...	2	...	...	...
St. Marys	202	...	...	...	...	202	...	...	19	15	24	18	9	9	47	48	4	9	...	8	...	...	8	...
Tobacco Plains	52	...	...	...	...	52	...	...	1	3	5	5	...	4	15	14	...	5	...	4	...	...	...	4
Total	582	...	...	...	...	582	...	...	47	45	58	56	23	24	143	145	16	25	2	21	2	...	13	8
Kwawkewlth Agency. -	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Klawatsis and Matilpi	90	...	...	...	...	...	...	90	10	5	7	5	1	1	30	25	4	2	2	...	3	2	3	...
Koskemo and Klaskino	57	...	...	...	...	...	...	57	4	2	2	2	2	2	17	22	1	3	...	5	...	...	5	...
Ewashela	37	...	...	...	...	...	...	37	3	3	2	2	3	2	10	8	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kwatsino	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	14	1	2	...	...	...	...	5	5	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	...
Kwawkewlth	115	115	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	6	12	15	6	6	35	30	1	1	...	2	4	...	6	...
Kwiahkah	12	...	...	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	5	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Namalillikulla	80	...	...	...	...	...	...	80	6	4	6	4	2	...	32	22	2	2	6	...	4	6	2	2
Nakwakto	96	...	...	...	...	...	...	96	8	6	9	8	3	...	30	30	1	1	...	3	5	...	5	3

Agency and Band.	No. in Band.	Religion.							Under 6 years.		From 6 to 15 inclusive.		From 16 to 20 inclusive.		From 21 to 65 inclusive.		From 65 years upwards.		Change in Population during year.		Cause of increase.		Cause of decrease.	
		Anglican.	Baptist.	Methodist.	Presbyterian.	Roman Catholic.	Other Christian Beliefs.	Aboriginal Beliefs.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Increase.	Decrease.	Births.	Migration.	Deaths.	Migration.
BRITISH COLUMBIA - Con.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kwawkewlth Agency - Concluded.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nimkish	139	139	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	13	14	10	9	3	42	39	...	1	4	...	1	6	2	1
Nuwitti	52	...	...	...	...	...	...	52	4	3	5	1	3	...	15	15	4	2	...	...	1	...	1	...
Tanakteuk	76	...	...	...	...	...	...	76	4	4	8	5	5	4	25	19	1	1	...	5	1	...	3	3
Tsawaineuk	208	208	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	15	18	18	3	3	74	57	1	7	...	10	4	...	12	2
Wawlitsum	20	...	...	20	...	...	...	...	3	2	1	...	...	...	7	7	...	...	...	4	...	...	2	2
Wewayakay or Cape Mudge	85	...	...	85	...	...	...	...	10	5	6	9	...	...	27	27	...	1	...	5	2	...	1	6
Wewayakum or Campbell River	59	...	...	59	...	...	...	...	2	1	3	8	2	...	23	19	...	1	...	...	1	1	2	...
Total	1140	462	...	176	...	...	...	502	78	71	94	87	40	21	377	330	18	24	13	34	27	15	44	19
Lytton Agency -	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Anderson Lake	48	...	...	...	...	48	...	...	2	2	5	5	4	4	12	11	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Boothroyd	147	139	...	...	...	8	...	...	16	12	11	11	7	8	41	41	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...
Boston Bar	121	89	...	...	...	32	...	...	10	10	10	7	10	10	30	28	3	3	2	...	2	...	...	...
Bridge River	98	...	...	...	...	98	...	...	8	4	5	9	12	6	25	26	2	1	...	2	...	...	2	...
Cayoose Creek, No. 1	28	...	...	...	...	28	...	...	2	1	1	1	2	3	7	6	2	3	1	...	1	...	...	...
Cayoose Creek No. 2	16	...	...	...	...	16	...	...	1	2	2	1	...	1	5	3	...	1	1	...	1	...	...	...
Cheam	39	...	...	1	...	38	...	...	2	2	3	4	3	2	10	12	1	...	2	...	2	...	...	...
Cisco	31	31	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	3	3	2	2	7	10	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Clinton	34	...	...	...	...	34	...	...	1	2	2	2	3	2	10	12	...	...	3	...	...	3	...	...
Fountain	254	...	...	...	...	254	...	...	31	28	13	13	13	16	56	63	7	14	6	...	6	...	...	...
High Bar	33	...	...	...	...	33	...	...	2	1	1	2	2	2	11	9	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hope	95	6	...	2	...	87	...	...	10	10	9	8	9	8	19	20	1	1	2	...	2	...	...	...
Kanaka Bar	53	53	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	4	4	7	5	6	11	9	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Lillooet	76	15	...	...	...	61	...	...	5	6	7	6	8	7	12	19	3	3	...	1	...	...	1	...
Lytton	460	460	...	...	...	...	...	...	42	40	40	39	24	27	115	117	7	9	4	...	4	...	...	...

Maria Island	124	...	...	...	...	124	...	...	9	9	10	9	8	11	34	30	2	2	3	...	...	3	...	...
Ohamil	44	...	...	...	...	44	...	...	4	4	3	6	4	4	9	8	1	1	...	2	...	...	1	1
Pavilion	89	...	...	...	...	89	...	...	8	8	9	9	7	6	19	20	1	2	...	1	...	...	1	...
Popcum	11	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	2	2	2	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Seton Lake	108	...	...	...	...	108	...	...	7	7	16	10	5	1	22	25	7	8	...	2	...	...	2	...
Shawahlook	14	...	...	...	...	14	...	...	1	1	2	1	1	1	4	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Skuppah	16	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	1	1	...	1	5	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Spuzzum	114	60	...	...	...	54	...	...	9	9	11	11	7	6	32	27	1	1	...	2	...	...	2	...
Squawtits	39	10	...	2	...	27	...	...	3	2	4	6	4	3	8	8	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Texas Lake	30	3	...	...	...	27	...	...	3	2	3	4	3	2	3	5	4	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Union Bar	69	12	...	...	...	57	...	...	2	4	5	6	10	9	14	16	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
Yale	73	15	...	...	...	58	...	...	6	7	6	7	6	7	12	18	2	2	...	2	...	...	1	1
Total	2264	920	...	5	...	1339	...	...	193	180	188	190	161	155	535	552	51	59	26	12	20	6	10	2
Nass Agency -	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Aiyansh	181	181	...	...	...	...	...	...	15	14	21	27	12	11	37	36	4	4	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kincolith	251	251	...	...	...	...	...	...	25	28	34	26	6	10	55	51	8	8	...	...	6	...	6	...
Kitladamiks	83	83	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	11	8	7	4	3	17	18	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kitwilluchsilt (Gwinoha)	67	67	...	...	...	...	...	...	13	5	4	5	6	1	16	15	2	...	2	...	...	2	...	...
Lackalzap	231	231	...	...	...	...	...	...	24	24	34	31	7	14	54	42	1	...	...	7	3	...	6	4
Metlakata	183	183	...	...	...	...	...	...	16	23	26	14	5	9	45	43	2	...	...	5	...	...	5	...
Port Essington and Kitsumkalum	184	...	...	100	...	...	84	...	21	23	20	19	11	18	34	30	4	4	...	...	2	...	2	...
Port Simpson	654	...	...	654	...	...	...	...	47	39	63	90	39	42	168	145	10	11	...	90	12	...	19	83
Total	1834	996	...	754	...	...	84	...	173	167	210	219	90	108	426	380	33	28	2	102	23	2	38	87

Agency and Band.	No. in Band.	Religion.							Under 6 years.		From 6 to 15 inclusive.		From 16 to 20 inclusive.		From 21 to 65 inclusive.		From 65 years upwards.		Change in Population during year.		Cause of increase.		Cause of decrease.	
		Anglican.	Baptist.	Methodist.	Presbyterian.	Roman Catholic.	Other Christian Beliefs.	Aboriginal Beliefs.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Increase.	Decrease.	Births.	Migration.	Deaths.	Migration.
BRITISH COLUMBIA - Con.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
New Westminster Agency -	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Aitchelitz	5	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Burrard Inlet No. 3	39	...	...	...	...	39	...	...	4	4	5	5	2	3	8	8	...	...	1	...	2	...	1	...
Chehalis	113	3	...	...	...	110	...	...	8	7	13	12	7	8	25	28	2	3	...	3	1	...	4	...
Coquitlam	28	...	...	...	...	28	...	...	6	2	5	2	2	...	7	4	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...
Douglas	67	...	...	...	...	67	...	...	8	7	5	4	4	8	10	16	3	2	...	1	2	...	3	...
Homalco	112	...	...	...	...	112	...	...	10	10	15	15	14	14	15	15	2	2	4	...	7	...	3	...
Katzie	79	...	...	...	...	79	...	...	6	5	9	7	7	6	15	20	2	2	...	...	3	...	3	...
Kapilano	44	...	...	...	...	44	...	...	4	4	4	4	2	3	10	10	2	1	2	...	3	...	1	...
Klahoose	70	...	...	...	...	70	...	...	6	8	8	6	7	7	10	10	3	5	2	...	6	...	4	...
Kwaw-kwaw Apilt	20	...	...	...	...	20	...	...	2	2	4	2	1	1	4	4	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...
Langley	36	...	...	...	...	36	...	...	3	3	4	2	2	3	6	7	2	4	...	...	2	...	2	...
Matsqui	34	...	...	...	...	34	...	...	4	3	2	2	3	3	6	8	2	1	...	2	1	...	3	...
Mission Burrard Inlet	226	...	...	...	...	226	...	...	28	28	22	17	19	19	38	44	5	6	...	...	8	...	8	...
Musqueam	114	...	...	7	...	107	...	...	11	9	9	11	10	10	25	20	5	4	1	...	5	...	4	...
New Westminster	34	...	...	...	...	34	...	...	4	3	5	3	2	3	5	8	...	1	...	2	...	2	...	
Nicomen	4	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	1	...	4	1	...	5	...
Pemberton Meadows	283	...	...	...	...	283	...	...	30	35	27	24	25	23	53	56	5	5	8	...	12	...	4	...
Samahquam	59	...	...	...	...	59	...	...	6	4	4	10	5	5	9	9	3	4	...	1	2	...	3	...
Scowlitz	32	...	...	...	...	32	...	...	2	4	4	4	4	3	4	4	1	2	...	1	1	...	2	...
Sechelt	260	...	...	...	...	260	...	...	30	30	27	27	19	17	52	50	4	4	7	...	12	...	5	...
Semiahmoo	38	...	...	...	...	38	...	...	3	3	3	3	4	2	7	9	2	2	...	1	2	...	3	...
Seymour Creek	18	...	...	...	...	18	...	...	1	2	2	1	2	1	4	4	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Skookum Chuck	101	...	...	...	...	101	...	...	11	11	9	9	8	9	16	18	4	6	...	1	4	...	5	...
Skulkayn	27	...	...	21	...	6	...	...	2	2	1	2	1	2	7	7	2	1	...	1	1	...	2	...
Skwah	109	...	...	4	...	105	...	...	9	9	13	10	10	9	19	20	5	5	...	1	5	...	6	...
Skway	27	3	...	...	...	24	...	...	1	2	2	2	1	3	7	8	1	...	...	1	1	...	2	...

Skweahm	19	...	...	...	...	19	...	...	1	2	2	3	1	1	4	4	...	1	...	3	1	...	4	...
SlIAMmon	113	...	...	...	...	113	...	...	12	13	12	12	10	13	16	18	3	4	1	...	4	...	3	...
Sooahlie	44	...	...	35	...	9	...	...	6	4	3	4	4	4	6	9	2	2	2	...	3	...	1	...
Squamish (Howe Sound)	56	...	...	...	...	40	...	16	4	5	4	2	6	7	9	8	6	5	...	2	2	...	4	...
Sqiala	12	...	...	...	...	12	...	...	2	1	1	1	1	1	2	3	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...
Sumas	43	...	...	20	...	23	...	...	3	3	3	3	2	3	9	11	3	3	...	2	1	...	3	...
Tsawassen	48	...	...	...	...	48	...	...	5	5	6	4	4	4	8	8	1	3	...	2	1	...	3	...
Tzeachten	47	5	...	18	...	24	...	...	6	6	4	4	3	3	8	10	1	2	...	...	2	...	2	...
Whonnock	27	...	...	...	...	27	...	...	2	3	4	2	1	2	5	6	2	...	...	2	...	...	2	...
Yukkwewioose	26	...	...	6	...	20	...	...	3	3	3	2	2	2	3	4	1	3	...	...	1	...	1	...
Total	2,414	11	...	116	...	2,271	...	16	244	242	244	222	195	204	435	469	74	85	31	30	100	...	99	...
Okanagan Agency -	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Okanagan	287	...	...	...	...	287	...	...	27	25	27	26	16	15	60	60	15	16	10	...	10	...	...	...
Osoyoos	72	...	...	...	...	72	...	...	8	6	10	11	2	3	14	15	...	3	2	...	2	...	...	...
Penticton	181	...	...	...	...	181	...	...	18	18	19	18	13	11	37	37	6	4	2	...	2	...	...	...
Similkameen, Lower	132	...	...	...	...	132	...	...	12	12	14	13	5	6	30	28	5	7	...	3	...	...	3	...
Similkameen, Upper	35	...	...	...	...	35	...	...	2	1	4	5	4	1	7	6	1	4	...	1	...	...	1	...
Spallumcheen	167	...	...	...	...	167	...	...	11	10	21	20	11	10	37	39	8	5	...	1	...	...	1	...
Total	874	...	...	...	...	874	...	...	78	72	95	93	51	46	185	185	30	39	14	5	14	...	5	...

Agency and Band.	No. in Band.	Religion.							Under 6 years.		From 6 to 15 inclusive.		From 16 to 20 inclusive.		From 21 to 65 inclusive.		From 65 years upwards.		Change in Population during year.		Cause of increase.		Cause of decrease.	
		Anglican.	Baptist.	Methodist.	Presbyterian.	Roman Catholic.	Other Christian Beliefs.	Aboriginal Beliefs.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Increase.	Decrease.	Births.	Migration.	Deaths.	Migration.
BRITISH COLUMBIA - Con.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Queen Charlotte Agency -	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Masset	353	353	...	...	...	...	...	...	28	33	50	49	12	15	88	74	2	2	3	...	2	1	...	...
Skidegate	242	...	...	242	...	...	...	...	13	15	34	36	7	8	64	61	3	1	4	...	3	1	...	...
Total	595	353	...	242	...	...	...	...	41	48	84	85	19	23	152	135	5	3	7	...	5	2	...	...
Stikine Agency -	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Atlin and Teslin	150	80	...	...	...	70	...	...	6	6	24	20	6	6	41	39	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Casca, McDames Creek	70	10	...	...	...	6	...	54	6	4	6	12	3	4	21	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Grahame Nomads	32	...	...	...	...	32	...	...	...	1	3	2	4	5	9	6	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
Liard and Francis Lake	79	...	...	...	...	...	...	79	6	3	9	11	1	3	20	21	3	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nelson River Nomads	89	...	...	...	...	30	...	59	2	2	26	15	5	7	16	16	...	...	...	2	...	...	1	1
Tahltans, Telegraph Creek	218	160	...	...	29	29	...	...	17	15	28	23	14	8	50	50	7	6	1	...	5	...	4	...
Total	638	250	...	...	29	167	...	192	37	31	96	83	33	33	157	146	11	11	1	2	5	...	5	1
Stuart Lake Agency -	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Blackwater	4	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	16	...	...	...	...	16
Burns Lake	32	...	...	...	...	32	...	...	6	4	4	5	2	2	5	4	...	...	32	...	3	29	...	...
Cheslatta	76	...	...	...	...	76	...	...	11	8	9	7	6	6	13	14	...	2	11	...	5	8	2	...
Decker Lake	9	...	...	...	...	9	...	...	1	2	...	...	...	...	2	2	1	1	9	...	1	8	...	...
Euchinico	18	...	...	...	...	18	...	...	3	1	1	2	2	...	4	4	...	1	18	...	2	16	...	...
François Lake	60	...	...	...	...	60	...	...	5	4	6	7	3	2	16	15	1	1	...	21	5	...	1	25
Fraser Lake	77	...	...	...	...	77	...	...	8	10	8	6	6	5	16	15	1	2	6	...	5	2	1	...
Ft. Connelly (Bear Lake)	75	...	...	...	...	75	...	...	9	8	9	7	4	4	16	17	...	1	...	11	4	...	5	10
Ft. George	126	...	...	...	...	126	...	...	13	10	11	10	5	3	34	34	3	3	2	...	5	...	3	...

Ft. Grahame	56	...	...	...	...	56	...	...	5	5	6	5	3	5	12	14	...	1	...	3	4	...	7	...	
Grand Rapids	13	...	...	...	...	13	...	...	2	3	2	1	...	1	2	2	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...
Klusklus	55	...	...	...	...	55	...	...	7	6	5	6	3	2	11	10	3	2	...	24	5	...	3	26	
McLeod Lake	75	...	...	...	...	75	...	...	8	9	7	9	4	3	15	16	2	2	...	1	5	...	6	...	
Maxim Lake	20	...	...	...	...	20	...	...	4	2	2	1	...	1	5	4	...	1	20	...	1	20	1	...	
Naaneese (estimated)	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	40	...	...	...	40	
Nazco	41	...	...	...	...	41	...	...	2	7	5	3	...	2	10	10	1	1	41	...	3	38	...	...
North Tacla Lake	38	...	...	...	...	38	...	...	5	6	4	5	2	2	6	6	...	2	38	...	3	36	1	...	
Pintcee	35	...	...	...	...	35	...	...	4	4	4	2	3	2	6	8	1	1	...	3	3	...	3	3	
Stella	73	...	...	...	...	73	...	...	10	9	9	5	2	1	16	18	2	1	...	4	4	6	6	2	
Stony Creek	172	...	...	...	...	172	...	...	23	21	14	19	7	6	38	39	2	3	2	...	8	...	6	...	
Stuart Lake	187	...	...	...	...	187	...	...	23	22	22	23	9	8	36	38	2	4	4	...	7	...	3	...	
Tatcee	47	...	...	...	...	47	...	...	5	6	5	4	3	2	10	9	1	2	8	...	4	...	2	...	
Tsislainli	30	...	...	...	...	30	...	...	4	3	4	3	2	3	5	5	...	1	3	...	3	...	...	...
Yacutcee	42	...	...	...	...	42	...	...	5	4	5	5	4	3	9	7	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	...	
Total	1,411	...	...	...	...	1,361	...	50	163	155	142	136	70	64	288	291	20	32	196	123	85	163	53	122	

Red Stone	55	...	...	...	...	55	...	...	6	6	8	3	3	...	12	14	2	1	...	1	...	...	1	...
Riskie Creek (Toosie)	57	...	...	...	...	57	...	...	8	9	2	2	3	2	13	15	2	1	4	...	4	...	...	...
Soda Creek	100	...	...	...	...	100	...	...	20	16	8	5	4	9	14	17	4	5	2	...	4	...	2	...
Stone	54	...	...	...	...	54	...	...	15	13	3	5	1	...	6	9	1	1	...	...	3	...	3	...
Williams Lake (Sugar Cane)	153	...	...	...	...	158	...	...	22	23	10	9	5	5	31	37	5	6	2	...	5	...	3	...
Total	1,230	...	...	...	...	1,230	...	...	177	149	85	68	70	77	252	280	34	38	17	19	53	...	55	...
Nomadic Indians, estimated1	2,500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total, British Columbia2	24,742	4,459	...	3,047	571	12,441	345	1,379	1,898	1,787	2,148	2,093	1,283	1,301	5,353	5,256	505	568	631	648	605	395	544	473

[1 No details as to ages or religions of 2,500 Indians available.]

[2 No details as to ages of 2,550 Indians or religions of 2,500 Indians available.]

Naicatchewenin	62	...	...	...	...	1	...	61	6	1	6	11	1	1	16	16	2	2	...	1	2	1	3	...	
Nickickonsemenecaning	51	...	...	...	...	10	...	41	1	7	5	10	1	2	10	13	...	2	1	...	3	...	2	...	
Seine River	131	...	...	...	...	...	...	131	10	6	16	12	5	3	27	38	9	5	1	...	5	...	4	...	
Stangecoming	39	...	...	...	...	10	...	29	2	1	4	4	2	4	6	12	1	3	...	2	...	...	1	1	
Sturgeon Lake	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	...	...	...	1	1	...	2	4	...	...	...	3	...	...	3	...	
Total	912	39	...	...	...	219	...	654	58	59	100	97	34	35	205	266	25	33	19	8	38	9	32	4	
Griswold Agency -	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Oak Lake	62	...	...	...	29	14	...	19	3	4	2	6	4	5	14	13	4	7	...	1	3	1	4	1	
Oak River	344	184	...	1	14	56	...	89	34	36	41	34	14	10	70	74	9	22	13	...	22	1	10	...	
Total	406	184	...	1	43	70	...	108	37	40	43	40	18	15	84	87	13	29	13	1	25	2	14	1	

Agency -																								
Cross Lake	549	...	...	330	...	219	...	...	68	85	58	49	43	38	82	96	13	17	7	...	20	8	12	9
God's Lake	293	...	...	293	...	...	...	...	41	52	19	33	22	30	33	45	7	11	4	...	11	...	6	1
Island Lake	519	...	...	519	...	...	...	...	91	76	52	46	43	44	63	88	5	11	21	...	27	6	5	7
Nelson House	461	...	...	385	...	76	...	...	60	65	50	61	33	43	64	66	7	12	...	...	12	...	12	...
Norway House	734	208	...	494	...	32	...	...	64	87	106	71	22	23	153	164	17	27	...	9	27	...	27	9
Oxford House	328	...	...	328	...	...	...	...	57	49	25	20	29	21	53	57	7	10	...	5	17	...	22	...
Split Lake	341	341	...	...	...	...	...	...	57	50	35	32	34	25	44	49	6	9	...	...	17	...	15	2
Total	3,225	549	...	2,349	...	327	...	...	438	464	345	312	226	224	492	565	62	97	32	14	131	14	99	28
Pas Agency -	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chemawawin	139	137	...	...	...	2	...	...	10	6	13	18	10	4	26	32	10	10	...	1	8	2	5	6
Cumberland	174	150	...	...	...	24	...	...	13	16	9	15	14	13	34	45	6	9	13	...	7	12	4	2
Le Pas	467	453	...	...	...	4	10	...	48	41	45	38	31	28	92	113	12	19	29	...	22	14	7	...
Moose Lake	125	124	...	...	...	1	...	...	9	8	11	11	8	3	27	33	7	8	4	...	7	1	4	...
Red Earth	153	153	...	...	...	...	...	...	16	15	16	9	13	12	26	34	5	7	11	...	12	4	5	...
Shoal Lake	96	96	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	9	9	14	6	3	19	19	5	2	3	...	7	...	4	...
Total	1,154	1,113	...	...	...	31	10	...	106	95	103	105	82	63	224	276	45	55	60	1	63	33	29	8

Agency and Band.	No. in Band.	Religion.							Under 6 years.		From 6 to 15 inclusive.		From 16 to 20 inclusive.		From 21 to 65 inclusive.		From 65 years upwards.		Change in Population during year.		Cause of increase.		Cause of decrease.	
		Anglican.	Baptist.	Methodist.	Presbyterian.	Roman Catholic.	Other Christian Beliefs.	Aboriginal Beliefs.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Increase.	Decrease.	Births.	Migration.	Deaths.	Migration.
MANITOBA - Concluded.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
PORTAGE-LA-PRAIRIE AND MANITOWAPAH AGENCY.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Manitowapah Division -	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Crane River	44	8	...	...	...	...	...	36	6	5	4	1	4	5	7	11	...	1	2	...	5	...	3	...
Ebb and Flow	88	...	...	...	...	78	...	10	8	7	9	9	14	11	12	15	1	2	5	...	4	9	2	6
Fairford	191	115	47	...	...	29	...	...	16	12	19	18	16	17	39	39	7	8	...	6	6	1	8	5
Lake Manitoba	126	25	...	...	...	90	...	11	9	8	11	8	10	16	30	23	5	6	...	3	3	7	11	2
Lake St. Martin	182	134	41	...	...	7	...	...	15	16	18	20	20	15	33	38	4	3	6	...	7	9	10	...
Little Saskatchewan	175	77	...	...	...	98	...	...	11	19	13	15	24	16	38	35	2	2	23	...	8	19	2	2
Pine Creek	233	...	...	...	...	218	...	15	19	16	14	38	21	23	34	59	5	4	...	5	5	3	13	...
Sandy Bay	338	10	...	...	...	288	...	40	39	21	26	37	43	21	60	78	7	6	3	...	16	3	9	7
Shoal River	179	149	...	...	...	...	...	30	11	9	13	14	21	32	31	41	4	3	...	11	8	...	7	12
Waterhen	73	...	...	...	...	60	...	13	6	8	8	4	9	7	13	16	1	1	1	...	3	5	5	2
Total	1,629	518	88	...	...	868	...	155	140	121	135	164	182	163	297	355	36	36	40	25	65	56	70	36
Portage la Prairie Division -	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Long Plain	114	...	...	...	40	...	...	74	12	10	10	10	5	10	25	24	5	3	1	...	7	2	3	5
Roseau River and Rapids	198	...	...	...	...	85	...	113	16	16	22	16	16	18	43	40	6	5	...	2	11	1	8	6
Sioux	125	...	...	...	109	...	...	16	24	23	10	11	5	3	20	21	5	3	3	...	4	1	2	...
Swan Lake and Indian Gardens	122	5	...	...	95	22	...	...	11	10	13	13	15	15	18	20	3	4	16	...	11	7	2	...
Total	559	5	...	...	244	107	...	203	63	59	55	50	41	46	106	105	19	15	20	2	33	11	15	11
Fort Churchill District -	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Fort Churchill	123	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	34	...	4	51	21	...
York Factory	282	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	67	...	16	66	15	...
Total	405	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	101	...	20	117	36	...
Total, Manitoba Inspectorate ¹	14,784	4,282	138	3,131	562	2,432	432	2,802	1,352	1,384	1,592	1,468	1,046	914	2,722	3,060	373	468	1,362	211	620	1,438	499	408

[1No details of ages or religions of 405 Indians obtainable.]

County	80	...	...	...	...	80	...	...	3	10	1	13	4	4	14	15	3	3	...	...	3	...	3	...
Oromocto, Sunbury County	78	...	...	...	...	78	...	...	9	10	11	9	6	4	14	12	3	...	...	9	1	...	4	6
Queens County	75	...	...	...	...	75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
St. John County	30	...	...	...	...	30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
St. Marys, York County	111	...	...	...	...	111	...	...	15	14	9	14	9	6	17	21	4	2	6	...	8	...	2	...
Woodstock, Carleton County	60	...	...	...	...	60	...	...	8	6	9	6	3	4	11	11	1	1	...	1	1	...	2	...
Total1	549	...	...	...	...	549	...	...	35	40	40	42	22	18	56	59	11	6	16	10	13	10	11	6
Indians of Nova Scotia living in Kings, Queens, St. Johns and Charlotte Counties.2	156	...	...	...	...	156	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total, New Brunswick.3	1,874	...	...	...	...	1,874	...	...	160	153	156	162	77	62	316	314	59	39	49	37	67	35	38	52

[1No details as to ages of 220 Indians available.]

[2No details as to ages of 156 Indians available.]

Agency and Band.	No. in Band.	Religion.							Under 6 years.		From 6 to 15 inclusive.		From 16 to 20 inclusive.		From 21 to 65 inclusive.		From 65 years upwards.		Change in Population during year.		Cause of increase.		Cause of decrease.	
		Anglican.	Baptist.	Methodist.	Presbyterian.	Roman Catholic.	Other Christian Beliefs.	Aboriginal Beliefs.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Increase.	Decrease.	Births.	Migration.	Deaths.	Migration.
NOVA SCOTIA INSPECTORATE.	.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Annapolis County -	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Micmacs	60	...	...	...	...	60	...	...	6	9	6	4	2	2	15	13	3	...	2	...	2	...	...	...
Antigonish and Guysboro County -	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Afton	191	...	...	...	...	191	...	...	15	17	22	24	13	11	41	47	...	1	36	...	15	30	9	...
Antigonish Landing	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	...	...	...	8
Beech Hill	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	5
Cooks Cove	17	...	...	...	...	17	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	3	4	5	1	...	17	...	...	17	...	...
Guysborough	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17	...	...	...	17
Heatherton	15	...	...	...	...	15	...	...	2	1	1	3	1	...	3	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Summerside	5	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	1	2	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	15	...	...	...	15
Williams point	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	6
Total	228	...	...	...	...	228	...	...	17	18	24	29	19	14	49	57	1	1	53	51	15	47	9	51
Cape Breton County -	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Eskasoni (Micmacs)	131	...	...	...	...	131	...	...	18	25	8	9	6	6	23	26	4	6	7	...	8	2	3	...
Cape Breton County -	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sydney (Micmacs)	137	...	...	...	...	137	...	...	7	13	25	24	20	20	5	10	9	4	12	...	8	8	4	...
Colchester County -	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Millbrook	97	...	...	...	...	97	...	...	4	5	9	10	4	9	25	22	5	4	...	5	5	1	5	6
Cumberland County -	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Franklin Manor (Micmacs)	77	...	...	...	...	77	...	...	3	5	13	7	2	2	23	17	4	1	8	...	2	6	...	...
Digby County -	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bear River (Micmacs)	102	...	...	...	...	102	...	...	7	11	18	8	2	6	24	17	5	4	6	...	6	4	2	2
Halifax County -	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bedford	14	...	...	...	...	14	...	...	1	1	2	...	...	...	5	3	2	...	...	...	1	...	1	...
Dartmouth	58	...	...	...	...	58	...	...	4	8	5	7	3	2	13	10	4	2	...	...	2	3	3	2
Elmsdale	96	...	...	...	...	96	...	...	15	16	7	7	7	8	17	14	3	2	...	...	3	1	4	...
Enfield	30	...	...	...	...	30	...	...	4	5	3	2	...	1	6	6	3	...	...	...	1	...	1	...
Sheet Harbour	23	...	...	...	...	23	...	...	1	2	1	2	2	3	7	4	...	1	...	...	3	...	2	1

Wellington	14	...	...	...	...	14	...	...	1	1	1	1	2	1	2	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	235	...	...	...	...	235	...	...	26	33	19	19	14	15	50	41	13	5	...	...	10	4	11	3
Hants County -	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Indian Brook (Micmacs)	82	...	...	...	...	82	...	...	6	8	9	10	3	5	16	18	3	4	1	...	1	5	4	1
Hants County -	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Windsor (Micmacs)	28	...	...	...	...	28	...	...	...	5	...	3	1	1	7	8	2	1	28	...	1	29	2	...
Inverness County -	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Malagawatch	39	...	...	...	...	39	...	...	3	4	3	1	1	1	14	12	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...
Whycocomagh	159	...	...	...	...	159	...	...	24	18	12	21	10	9	30	27	3	5	3	...	6	...	3	...
Total	198	...	...	...	...	198	...	...	27	22	15	22	11	10	44	39	3	5	5	...	8	...	3	...

River (Micmacs)	82	...	...	...	...	82	...	...	3	8	13	7	3	1	23	16	3	5	7	...	6	5	4	...
Yarmouth County -	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Micmacs	76	...	...	...	...	76	...	...	2	7	4	8	6	7	12	9	13	8	...	6	3	...	5	4
Total, Nova Scotia	2,119	15	10	...	...	2,093	1	...	159	222	242	229	132	139	438	403	88	67	146	69	89	128	64	76

Lake Nipigon	395	20	...	...	...	268	...	107	47	50	32	24	42	37	83	65	6	9	...	11	9	...	19	1
Long Lake	277	10	...	...	...	223	...	44	34	37	31	36	18	19	41	49	6	6	3	...	9	...	4	2
Martin Falls	142	50	...	...	...	40	...	52	15	16	14	13	17	18	20	25	2	2	...	3	3	10	9	7
Pays Plat	46	...	...	...	...	46	...	...	3	3	8	7	3	3	8	7	1	3	8	...	1	8	1	...
Pic River	203	...	...	...	...	203	...	...	17	16	17	18	16	18	45	47	4	5	...	5	8	10	16	7
Red Rock	219	32	...	...	...	187	...	...	27	33	26	22	13	16	34	41	3	4	...	14	6	4	9	15
Total	1573	112	...	...	...	1233	...	228	177	185	158	148	144	140	282	273	29	37	11	37	46	32	66	38
Georgina Island Agency -	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chippewas of Georgina and Snake Island	109	1	...	108	...	...	...	...	7	10	14	5	4	5	23	23	11	7	2	...	3	...	1	...
Golden Lake Agency -	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Algonquins of Golden Lake	132	...	...	...	...	132	...	...	14	16	19	20	12	5	20	19	4	3	5	...	5	2	2	...
Gore Bay Agency -	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cockburn Island	56	12	...	...	...	44	...	...	4	5	6	9	6	3	13	9	1	...	2	...	4	...	2	...
Obidgewong	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	1	...	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sheshegwaning	186	55	...	...	...	131	...	...	14	15	17	13	25	9	47	46	...	...	...	...	5	...	5	...
West Bay	306	...	...	...	...	306	...	...	32	27	36	38	12	15	62	73	5	6	...	4	5	...	7	...
Total	553	67	...	...	...	481	...	5	50	47	60	60	43	27	124	130	6	6	2	4	14	...	16	...

Rice Lake Agency -	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mississaguas of Mud Lake	217	...	...	217	...	...	...	...	25	19	19	23	9	8	60	47	4	3	4	...	5	4	4	1
Mississaguas of Rice Lake	107	...	...	107	...	...	...	...	9	13	10	13	4	8	22	23	2	3	5	...	5	1	...	1
Total	324	...	...	324	...	...	...	...	34	32	29	36	13	16	82	70	6	6	9	...	10	5	4	2
Sarnia Agency -	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chippewas of Sarnia, Kettle and Stony Points.	430	129	...	300	...	1	...	...	38	32	43	23	16	19	90	137	13	19	2	...	6	4	7	1
Saugeen Agency -	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
Chippewa of Saugeen	445	12	...	397	...	36	...	...	36	26	50	43	32	24	110	102	12	10	3	...	18	...	14	1
Sault Ste. Marie Agency -	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Batchawana	428	42	...	6	...	380	...	...	20	24	44	46	30	32	108	115	4	5	5	...	8	4	4	3
Garden River	430	176	...	...	...	254	...	...	24	27	43	46	33	34	105	109	4	5	...	...	10	5	10	5
Michipicoten	300	105	...	...	...	195	...	...	17	14	29	29	27	27	75	79	2	1	...	14	4	2	5	15
Total	1,1158	323	...	6	...	829	...	...	61	65	116	121	90	93	288	303	10	11	5	14	22	11	19	23

County -																								
Algonquins	198	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
District of Patricia -	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Agumiska Island	44	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Attawapiskat	150	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Beaver House	153	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cat Lake	107	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Deer Lodge	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Fort Severn	250	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Trout Lake	471	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Winisk River	102	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	1,377	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total, Ontario1	20,896	5,542	1,180	4,517	12	6,347	516	1,207	1,552	1,510	1,849	1,759	1,349	1,249	4,566	4,648	414	425	312	228	539	308	416	347

[1No details of ages or religions of 1,575 Indians available.]

Agency and Band.	No. in Band.	Religion.							Under 6 years.		From 6 to 15 inclusive.		From 16 to 20 inclusive.		From 21 to 65 inclusive.		From 65 years upwards.		Change in Population during year.		Cause of increase.		Cause of decrease.	
		Anglican.	Baptist.	Methodist.	Presbyterian.	Roman Catholic.	Other Christian Beliefs.	Aboriginal Beliefs.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Increase.	Decrease.	Births.	Migration.	Deaths.	Migration.
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Lennox Island	222	...	...	...	...	222	...	...	20	21	27	24	12	13	45	42	11	10	9	...	4	7	...	2
Morell	80	...	...	...	...	80	...	...	6	7	9	8	5	5	16	14	4	3	5	...	2	3	...	...
Total	302	...	...	...	...	302	...	...	26	28	36	32	17	18	61	56	15	13	14	...	6	10	...	2

Pointe Bleue	599	51	...	...	...	548	...	...	83	89	61	65	36	32	114	107	4	8	...	...	21	...	21	...
Ristigouche Agency -	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Micmacs of Ristigouche	570	...	...	...	...	570	...	...	58	60	50	51	29	28	134	128	15	17	29	...	26	13	10	...
St. Augustine Agency -	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Natashkwan, Romaine and St. Augustine	489	...	...	...	...	489	...	...	60	57	51	64	33	36	86	86	8	8	...	...	8	...	8	...
St. Regis Agency -	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Iroquois of St. Regis	1,655	6	...	126	...	1,503	20	...	194	199	165	170	98	111	269	308	67	74	25	...	49	22	15	31
Seven Islands Agency -	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Montagnais of Seven Islands	693	...	...	...	...	693	...	...	60	66	39	50	55	72	164	154	19	14	...	1	...	...	1	...
Timiskaming Agency -	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Timiskaming	246	...	...	...	...	246	...	...	24	22	31	23	13	10	48	59	7	9	1	...	4	...	3	...

[illegible]

Total	733	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hudsons Bay (Eastern District). -	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
East Main	144	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nemiskan and Strutton Island	45	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ruperts House	386	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	575	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ungava. -	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Fort Chimo	260	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Fort George	450	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Great Whale River	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Little Whale River	65	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nichikum	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	1,025	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total, Quebec1	13,348	121	...	453	7	8,633	20	...	929	1,003	885	923	572	541	1,950	1,934	256	241	183	9	312	74	164	48

[1No details of ages or religions of 4114 Indians available.]

Agency and Band.	No. in Band.	Religion.							Under 6 years.		From 6 to 15 inclusive.		From 16 to 20 inclusive.		From 21 to 65 inclusive.		From 65 years upwards.		Change in Population during year.		Cause of increase.		Cause of decrease.	
		Anglican.	Baptist.	Methodist.	Presbyterian.	Roman Catholic.	Other Christian Beliefs.	Aboriginal Beliefs.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Increase.	Decrease.	Births.	Migration.	Deaths.	Migration.
SASKATCHEWAN INSPECTORATES.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Assiniboine Agency -	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Carry the Kettle	207	...	...	...	90	79	...	38	16	16	14	13	8	8	49	33	22	28	4	...	13	2	4	7
Moose Jaw Sioux1	124	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total1	331	...	...	...	90	79	...	38	16	16	14	13	8	8	49	33	22	28	4	...	13	2	4	7
Battleford Agency -	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Little Pine	142	108	...	...	...	25	...	9	13	15	16	17	7	6	31	27	1	9	10	...	11	10	10	1
Meadow Lake	83	...	...	...	...	83	...	...	7	6	8	8	8	9	12	20	2	3	...	2	1	...	3	...
Moosomin	134	35	...	...	...	92	...	7	16	24	9	8	6	8	23	24	6	10	...	1	8	3	7	5
Poundmaker	116	20	...	...	...	91	...	5	7	11	7	12	5	7	27	28	4	8	1	...	6	...	4	1
Red Pheasant	150	118	...	...	...	30	...	2	20	15	12	13	4	4	37	35	4	6	12	...	14	4	2	4
Stony	94	67	...	...	...	6	...	21	8	11	7	8	2	8	21	20	3	6	4	...	3	3	2	...
Thunderchild	78	40	...	...	...	32	...	6	8	9	4	6	6	1	21	19	2	3	7	...	4	7	1	3
Sweet Grass	120	78	...	...	...	38	...	4	9	12	12	10	1	3	31	34	5	3	4	...	9	4	9	...
Total	917	466	...	...	...	397	...	54	88	103	75	82	38	46	203	207	27	48	38	3	56	31	38	14
Carlton Agency -	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Big River (Kenemotoyoos)	166	65	...	...	...	81	...	20	24	20	22	15	15	18	23	26	1	2	25	...	10	18	2	1
Mistawasis	145	5	...	...	106	34	...	...	22	16	17	12	8	8	31	30	1	...	...	3	7	1	5	6
Montreal Lake	253	250	...	...	...	...	...	3	25	33	19	20	25	23	45	54	5	4	8	...	10	5	5	2
Muskeg Lake (Petaquakey)	130	...	...	...	...	130	...	...	13	16	8	12	11	14	27	29	...	...	3	...	2	7	4	2
Pelican Lake	44	...	...	...	...	26	...	18	10	9	2	2	4	4	1	10	1	1	...	12	3	1	...	16
Sandy Lake (Ahtahkakoops)	229	210	...	...	...	18	...	1	24	32	24	18	15	10	46	58	1	1	5	...	8	...	3	...
Sturgeon Lake	178	57	...	...	9	12	...	100	14	18	17	10	16	15	30	50	5	3	4	...	7	2	2	3
Wahpaton Sioux	60	...	...	...	35	...	...	25	6	11	5	2	2	3	12	15	2	2	...	...	2	...	2	...
Total	1205	587	...	...	150	301	...	167	138	155	114	91	96	95	215	272	16	13	45	15	49	34	23	30
Crooked Lake Agency -	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cowesses	229	...	...	...	19	207	...	3	25	20	31	31	10	10	36	53	5	8	8	...	11	2	4	1
Kahkewistahaw	105	...	...	...	43	11	...	51	9	12	10	17	3	3	17	25	4	5	...	...	4	2	6	...
Ochapowace	117	...	...	...	47	20	...	50	10	13	14	6	2	6	22	26	7	11	...	...	5	2	5	2
Sakimay and Little Bones	144	...	...	...	24	18	...	102	9	13	15	13	6	6	34	37	4	7	...	4	3	...	7	...

Total	595	...	...	...	133	256	...	206	53	58	70	67	21	25	109	141	20	31	8	4	23	6	22	3
Duck Lake Agency -	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Beardy's and Okemasis	158	8	...	...	...	150	...	...	21	11	16	23	10	10	29	24	5	9	4	...	5	5	5	1
James Smith's	243	243	...	...	...	...	...	...	27	30	22	27	12	11	46	54	9	5	...	19	6	3	12	16
John Smith's	159	159	...	...	...	...	...	...	19	23	18	14	12	16	22	24	7	4	4	...	12	...	3	5
Kinistino	74	...	...	...	...	...	...	74	7	6	8	5	3	4	15	21	2	3	4	...	8	...	4	...
Nut Lake	274	1	...	...	...	4	...	269	38	41	30	29	14	8	51	58	3	2	16	...	16	10	2	8
One Arrow	107	...	...	...	...	107	...	...	12	10	13	7	6	...	28	25	2	4	4	...	4	11	8	3
Total	1015	411	...	...	...	261	...	343	124	121	107	105	57	49	191	206	28	27	32	19	51	29	34	33
File Hills Agency -	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
File Hills Colony	162	14	...	13	34	101	...	...	27	24	27	15	2	1	38	28	...	...	16	...	13	6	3	...
Little Black Bear	43	...	...	...	13	21	...	9	...	2	5	3	3	5	8	9	4	4	1	...	1	2	2	...
Okanees	40	...	...	...	16	16	...	8	2	1	4	7	1	4	7	12	...	2	...	2	1	2	2	3
Peepeekesis	34	...	...	...	11	6	...	17	2	...	...	3	1	2	6	13	2	5	...	1	2	2	1	4
Star Blanket	46	...	...	...	6	14	...	26	3	5	4	5	...	1	10	12	1	2	3	...	2	1	...	...
Total	325	14	...	13	80	158	...	60	34	32	40	33	7	13	69	74	10	13	20	3	19	13	8	7

[1No details for ages or religions of 124 Indians.]

Agency and Band.	No. in Band.	Religion.							Under 6 years.		From 6 to 15 inclusive.		From 16 to 20 inclusive.		From 21 to 65 inclusive.		From 65 years upwards.		Change in Population during year.		Cause of increase.		Cause of decrease.	
		Anglican.	Baptist.	Methodist.	Presbyterian.	Roman Catholic.	Other Christian Beliefs.	Aboriginal Beliefs.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Increase.	Decrease.	Births.	Migration.	Deaths.	Migration.
SASKATCHEWAN - Concluded.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Moose Mountain Agency -	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
White Bear	214	3	...	...	...	17	94	100	45	35	11	13	3	3	39	46	8	11	...	4	13	...	17	...
Moose Woods Reserve -	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
White Cap Sioux	60	...	...	61	...	4	...	4	4	8	12	6	...	1	14	13	3	8	3	...	4	1	2	...
Onion Lake Agency -	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chipewyan	270	...	...	...	...	270	...	...	33	29	35	38	5	6	49	61	3	11	...	7	8	...	15	...
Frog Lake	152	12	...	...	...	140	...	...	15	20	8	13	5	3	34	37	5	12	8	...	8	6	5	1
Island Lake	112	16	...	...	...	7	...	89	18	16	8	19	2	2	23	16	2	6	...	...	6	5	10	1
Joseph Bighead's	88	...	...	...	...	8	...	80	8	10	8	5	5	2	22	24	...	4	2	...	5	...	3	...
Keeheewin's	163	11	...	...	...	152	...	...	24	23	21	19	2	2	28	26	5	13	...	...	8	1	4	5
Loon Lake	34	...	...	...	...	4	...	30	2	3	2	3	3	3	7	8	1	2	...	5	...	...	1	4
Onion Lake	239	73	...	...	...	164	...	2	35	32	15	19	9	8	48	50	8	15	5	...	14	4	12	1
Total	1,058	112	...	...	...	745	...	201	135	133	97	116	31	26	211	222	24	63	15	12	49	16	50	12
Pelly Agency -	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Coté	275	...	...	...	189	30	...	56	42	40	40	28	20	9	43	42	1	10	13	...	19	7	11	2
Keeseekoouse	143	4	...	...	16	103	...	20	12	19	14	10	9	8	28	30	5	8	...	1	6	2	4	5
Key	82	45	...	...	...	31	...	6	14	9	11	13	3	2	11	14	3	2	...	3	4	1	3	5
Valley River	72	...	...	8	16	48	...	...	3	6	14	7	...	3	17	19	3	...	...	4	1	1	3	3
Total	572	49	...	8	221	212	...	82	71	74	79	58	32	22	99	105	12	20	13	8	30	11	21	15
Qu'Appelle Agency -	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Muscowpetung	76	...	...	...	22	28	...	26	3	9	8	5	2	3	16	19	5	6	...	7	...	...	3	4
Pasqua	147	...	...	...	33	101	...	13	16	15	15	13	1	2	26	35	9	15	5	...	7	4	6	...
Piapot	190	...	...	...	28	110	...	52	16	17	15	14	5	5	52	49	7	10	8	...	8	10	7	3
Standing Buffalo	184	...	...	...	...	138	...	46	12	16	14	11	16	9	48	41	11	6	...	4	3	...	7	...
Total	597	...	...	...	83	377	...	137	47	57	52	43	24	19	142	144	32	37	13	11	18	14	23	7
Touchwood Agency -	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Day Star's	75	1	...	...	...	...	...	74	9	8	7	6	3	6	18	11	3	4	3	...	4	2	...	3
Fishing Lake	120	2	...	...	3	22	...	93	16	16	21	5	4	2	22	28	5	1	2	...	3	...	1	...
George Gordon's	225	150	...	...	...	34	...	41	28	26	32	24	4	9	48	43	5	6	4	...	9	1	6	...
Muscowekwan's	166	...	...	...	...	134	...	32	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Poorman's	141	21	...	...	...	27	...	93	10	20	19	17	5	3	27	33	5	2	...	1	5	1	5	2	
Total	727	174	...	...	3	217	...	333	86	90	94	73	19	28	152	149	19	17	14	1	31	4	17	5	
Total, Saskatchewan Inspectorates1	7,625	1,816	...	82	760	3,024	94	1,725	841	882	765	700	336	335	1,493	1,612	221	316	205	80	356	161	259	133	

[1No details of religions or ages of 124 Indians.]

McMurray, Stragglers	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	...	...	...	9
Fort Nelson District -	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sicannies	94	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	82	...	6	87	5	6
Slaves	119	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	30	...	8	28	6	...
Great Slave Lake District -	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chipewyans of Smith	244	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	12	16	4	27
Chipewyans of Resolution	146	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	12	12	7	11
Dog Ribs of Resolution	194	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	11	12	7	10
Yellow Knives of Resolution	196	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	5	14	6	12
Slaves of Hay River	96	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	6	5	2	14
Lake Athabasca District -	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Crees of Chipewyan	235	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	10	14	5	14
Chipewyans of Chipewyan	348	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	14	27	10	26
Chipewyan of Fond du Lac (Sask.)	421	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	54	...	22	114	12	70
Total, Northern District	2,248	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	199	18	411	345	72	203
Total, Treaty No. 8 Inspectorate1	4,703	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	279	54	205	408	127	261

[1No details as to ages or religions of 4703 Indians available.]

Agency and Band.	No. in Band.	Religion.							Under 6 years.		From 6 to 15 inclusive.		From 16 to 20 inclusive.		From 21 to 65 inclusive.		From 65 years upwards.		Change in Population during year.		Cause of increase.		Cause of decrease.	
		Anglican.	Baptist.	Methodist.	Presbyterian.	Roman Catholic.	Other Christian Beliefs.	Aboriginal Beliefs.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Increase.	Decrease.	Births.	Migration.	Deaths.	Migration.
ISLE À LA CROSSE DISTRICT.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Lac la Ronge District - (Treaty No. 6.)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Amos Charles' Band	243	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	...	16	2	3	6
James Roberts' Band	325	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	...	6	10	5	1
Mathias Colomb's Band	236	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	8	1	14	...
Peter Ballendine's Band	352	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	...	18	1	11	...
Total	1,156	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	27	5	48	14	33	7
Treaty No. 8 -	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Fort McMurray Indians	38	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1
Fort McMurray Stragglers	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	...	7	1	...
Total	54	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	1	...	7	1	1
Treaty No. 10 -	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Barren Lands	175	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	9	...	8	...
Canoe Lake	99	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	4	4	3	...
Clear Lake	184	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	9	1	3	1
English River	204	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	23	...	8	21	6	...
Lac la Hache	98	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	1	4	4
Total	760	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	35	...	37	27	24	5

Total, Isle à la Crosse District1	1,970	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	68	6	85	48	58	13
TREATY No. 9.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Albany River District -	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
English River	90	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	4	...	...	...
Fort Hope	543	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	...	24	10	14	10
Martin Falls	139	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	7	5	4	3
Osaburg	452	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	...	21	16	13	15
Total	1,224	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	28	...	56	31	31	28
James Bay District -	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Fort Albany	932	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	...	47	20	35	20
Moose Factory	373	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	15	5	11	6
New Post	31	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	5	1	3
Total	1,336	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17	...	63	30	47	29
Total, Treaty 9 District2	2,560	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	45	...	119	61	78	57

[1No details of ages or religions of 1,970 Indians available.]

[2No details of ages or religions of 2,560 Indians available.]

Forty Mile	30	30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Lac Labarge	50	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Lancing Creek (Slaves)	100	...	...	...	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Livingstone Creek	43	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mayo	50	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Moosehide	250	250	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rampart House	140	140	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Selkirk	85	85	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Whitehorse	206	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Wood or Stick	64	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total 5	1,528	915	...	...	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

[1These Indians are living in British Columbia.]

[2No details for these Indians available.]

[3Estimated.]

[4No details available as to ages or religions of 1,479 Indians available.]

[5No information as to ages of 1,528 Indians, or as to religions of 513 Indians available.] 27 - i - 4

RECAPITULATION: - CENSUS OF INDIANS AND ESKIMOS.

ARRANGED under Departmental Inspectorates, Agencies and Districts for the Year ended March 31, 1916.

[illegible]

Hudson Strait	471	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Frobisher Bay	63	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cape Haven	23	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Blacklead Island	134	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Keckerton Island	126	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Home Bay	90	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pond Inlet	140	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Admiralty Inlet	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	1,087	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mainland -	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Port Burwell	109	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ungava Bay	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hudson Strait	300	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hudson bay (east side)	200	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hudson bay (west side) (including Chesterfield inlet)	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Franklin Isthmus to Liverpool Bay	350	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hershell Island and Mackenzie Delta and Coast	250	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	2,209	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total Eskimos	3,296	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total Number of Indians and Eskimos.	108,857	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

NOTE - No information available as to ages of 21,384 Indians, or as to religions of 19,943 Indians.]

ARRANGED under Provinces and Districts, for the Year ended March 31, 1916.

Provinces and Districts.	Number.	Religion.							Under 6 years.		From 6 to 15 inclusive.		From 16 to 20 inclusive.		From 21 to 65 inclusive.		From 65 years upwards.		Change in Population during year.		Cause of increase.		Cause of decrease.	
		Anglican.	Baptist.	Methodist.	Presbyterian.	Roman Catholic.	Other Christian Beliefs.	Aboriginal Beliefs.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Male.	Female.	Increase.	Decrease.	Births.	Migration.	Deaths.	Migration.
Alberta	8,682	792	...	1,550	...	2,096	...	1,093	573	622	527	469	338	310	1,249	1,276	56	111	267	85	349	271	251	187
British Columbia	25,737	4,459	...	3,047	571	12,883	345	1,379	1,942	1,818	2,201	2,150	1,301	1,324	5,445	5,363	512	578	997	659	649	753	570	494
Manitoba	11,935	3,991	138	3,131	551	1,973	432	1,314	1,125	1,166	1,227	1,109	922	791	2,113	2,369	317	391	1,325	188	493	1,367	369	354
New Brunswick	1,874	...	...	...	...	1,874	...	...	160	153	156	162	77	62	316	314	59	39	49	37	67	35	38	52
Nova Scotia	2,119	15	10	...	...	2,093	1	...	159	222	242	229	132	139	438	403	88	67	146	69	89	128	64	76
Ontario	26,305	6,433	1,180	4,517	23	6,806	516	2,695	1,779	1,728	2,214	2,118	1,474	1,372	5,174	5,339	470	502	477	334	785	336	524	454
Prince Edward Island	302	...	...	...	...	302	...	...	26	28	36	32	17	18	61	56	15	13	14	...	6	10	...	2
Quebec	13,348	121	...	453	7	8,633	20	...	929	1,003	885	923	572	541	1,950	1,934	256	241	183	9	312	74	164	48
Saskatchewan	9,962	1,816	...	82	760	3,024	94	1,725	841	882	765	700	336	335	1,493	1,612	221	316	327	140	463	323	329	270
Northwest Territories	3,769	307	...	...	...	1,351	...	...	134	133	206	196	78	64	370	379	50	48	29	263	100	43	64	313
Yukon	1,528	915	...	...	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total Indian population	105,561	18,849	1,328	12,780	1,912	41,135	1,408	8,206	7,668	7,755	8,459	8,088	5,247	4,956	18,609	19,045	2,044	2,306	3,814	1,784	3,313	3,340	2,373	2,250
ESKIMOS.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Baffin Land -	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hudson Strait	471	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Frobisher Bay	63	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cape Haven	23	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Blacklead Island	134	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Keckerton Island	126	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Home Bay	90	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pond Inlet	140	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Admiralty Inlet	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	1,087	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mainland -	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Port Burwell	109	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Ungava Bay	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hudson Strait	300	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hudsons Bay (east side)	200	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hudsons Bay (west side, and including Chesterfield inlet)	500	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Franklin Isthmus to Liverpool Bay	350	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hershell Island and Mackenzie delta and coast line	250	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	2,209	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total Eskimos	3,296	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total number of Indians and Eskimos	108,857	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

No details available as to ages of 21,384 Indians, or as to religions of 19,943 Indians.

TABLE No. 2 - GRAIN PRODUCTION.

Agency.	Wheat.		Oats.		Barley.		Corn.		Rye.		Buckwheat.		Peas.		Beans.	
	Acres Sown.	Bushels Harvested.	Acres Sown.	Bushels Harvested.	Acres Sown.	Bushels Harvested.	Acres Sown.	Bushels Harvested.	Acres Sown.	Bushels Harvested.	Acres Sown.	Bushels Harvested.	Acres Sown.	Bushels Harvested.	Acres Sown.	Bushels Harvested.
ALBERTA.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Blackfoot	1,798	59,283	821	43,096	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Blood	1,602	56,095	665	17,237	223	6,548	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Edmonton	318	6,180	1,304	34,093	230	5,625	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hobbema	528	8,479	1,170	47,303	58	1,198	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Lesser Slave Lake	...	...	8	317	7	227	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Peigan	1,654	49,753	982	25,033	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Saddle Lake	189	3,774	559	18,931	31	742	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sarcee	226	4,360	403	14,130	...	...	...	...	17	395	...	...	...	...	...	...
Stony	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	6,315	187,924	5,912	200,138	549	14,340	...	...	17	395	...	...	...	...	...	...
BRITISH COLUMBIA.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Babine and Upper Skeena	...	...	96	282	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bella Coola	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cowichan	12	390	255	11,520	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	95	...	...
Kamloops	254	3,810	906	27,180	...	...	6	151	...	...	...	...	155	1,013	216	1,657
Kootenay	60	1,300	1,380	36,300	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kwawkewlth	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Lytton	99	2,150	166	3,705	8	155	7	175	...	...	...	...	26	575	211	6,580
Nass	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
New Westminster	31	1,250	357	23,830	...	...	39	1,520	...	...	...	...	101	4,030	15	520
Okanagan	1,350	23,550	1,550	39,500	...	...	2	40	...	...	...	...	18	360	13	300
Queen Charlotte	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Stikine	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Stuart Lake	...	...	223	7,455	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
West Coast	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Williams Lake	131	2,700	555	12,150	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	1,937	35,150	5,488	155,922	8	155	111	1,886	...	...	...	...	303	6,073	455	9,057

[illegible]

Cape Breton (Eskasoni)	...	...	7	160	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	8	1/4	5
Cape Breton (Sydney)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Colchester County	...	...	2	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cumberland County	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Digby County	...	...	1	30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Halifax County	...	...	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hants County	...	...	6	125	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Inverness County	...	...	18	245	...	...	1	10	...	...	...	...	1/2	5	1/2	5
Kings County	...	...	2	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	20	1/2	10	1/2	10
Lunenburg County	...	...	7	185	4	49	...	...	...	...	4	55	...	...	...	...
Pictou County	...	...	3	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Queens County	...	...	...	...	1/2	15	...	...	...	...	...	...	1/2	10	1/4	3
Richmond County	1/4	12	11	250	1/4	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Shelburne County	...	...	1	5	...	...	1/4	5	...	...	...	...	1/2	6	1/4	5
Victoria County	...	...	8	130	...	...	1/4	3	...	...	...	...	1/4	4	1/2	6
Yarmouth County	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	1/4	12	83	1,368	4 3/4	68	1 1/2	18	...	...	5	75	3 1/4	53	2 1/4	34

Agency.	Wheat.		Oats.		Barley.		Corn.		Rye.		Buckwheat.		Peas.		Beans.	
	Acres Sown.	Bushels Harvested.	Acres Sown.	Bushels Harvested.	Acres Sown.	Bushels Harvested.	Acres Sown.	Bushels Harvested.	Acres Sown.	Bushels Harvested.	Acres Sown.	Bushels Harvested.	Acres Sown.	Bushels Harvested.	Acres Sown.	Bushels Harvested.
ONTARIO.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Alnwick	10	205	86	2,385	...	...	...	...	47	930	18	305	...	...	...	...
Cape Croker	30	550	150	4,560	4	108	19	40	3	...	...	...	44	830	...	...
Caradoc	275	5,816	694	22,156	22	790	408	17,114	10	175	28	263	2	10	70	790
Chapleau	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Christian Island	10	100	75	1,200	...	...	10	100	...	...	16	200	5	75	...	...
Fort Frances	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Fort William	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Georgina Island	69	1,135	56	1,105	5	80	8	210	...	...	6	45	...	...	1	10
Golden Lake	4	50	10	150	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	50	...	...
Gore Bay	25	400	161	4,807	14	500	43	1,035	...	...	...	...	48	568	2	30
Kenora	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Manitowaning	367	6,200	469	14,225	17	945	85	1,465	2	40	1	10	200	2,400	7	130
Moravian	120	1,787	170	3,532	...	...	150	4,240	2	22	12	187	2	35	35	439
New Credit	179	3,150	373	12,012	58	1,262	21	1,550	4	60	2	26	6	65	2	125
Parry Sound	...	...	26	1,950	...	...	13	1,050	...	...	...	...	3	100	3	170
Rama	10	200	70	1,750	...	...	5	100	...	...	...	...	4	60	4	70
Rice Lake	105	3,050	240	8,500	...	...	...	...	10	250	16	480	...	...	...	...
Sarnia	123	3,360	317	6,716	24	585	90	2,639	...	...	...	...	3	44	6	122
Saugeen	18	225	175	3,000	...	...	20	225	...	...	...	...	18	425	2	40
Sault Ste. Marie	...	...	110	3,042	...	...	3	65	...	...	...	...	3	45	...	...
Savanne	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Scugog	12	150	38	860	5	60	2	28	...	...	12	300	15	148	1	6
Six Nations	2,090	40,960	3,900	117,000	510	16,200	410	14,710	120	1,140	20	620	40	680	35	240
Sturgeon Falls	...	...	18	450	...	...	6	420	...	...	2	40	6	180	...	...
Thessalon	...	...	18	540	...	...	18	457	...	...	...	...	19	371	...	...
Tyendinaga	60	1,000	300	12,000	350	7,200	50	1,000	50	920	35	875	25	450	3	50
Walpole Island	122	2,889	206	7,516	1	25	210	8,395	...	...	7	69	3	32	26	409
Total	3,629	71,227	71,227	229,456	1,010	27,755	1,571	54,543	248	3,537	175	3,420	450	6,568	197	2,631

Agency.	Wheat.		Oats.		Barley.		Corn.		Rye.		Buckwheat.		Peas.		Beans.	
	Acres Sown.	Bushels Harvested.	Acres Sown.	Bushels Harvested.	Acres Sown.	Bushels Harvested.	Acres Sown.	Bushels Harvested.	Acres Sown.	Bushels Harvested.	Acres Sown.	Bushels Harvested.	Acres Sown.	Bushels Harvested.	Acres Sown.	Bushels Harvested.
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Prince Edward Island	15	136	35	525	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
QUEBEC.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bécancour	...	...	16	350	2	40	1	15	...	...	3	75	1	8	...	...
Bersimis	1	8	2	31	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cacouna	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Caughnawaga	8	140	600	12,500	50	1,500	80	1,400	...	...	100	300	5	60	12	300
Jeune Lorette	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Maniwaki	6	76	94	1,794	...	...	2	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Maria	...	...	110	950	1	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mingan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Oka	21	140	405	3,850	10	80	35	300	...	...	11	100	...	...	3	35
Pierreville	...	...	50	413	...	...	4	21	...	...	5	43	...	...	3	11
Pointe Bleue	60	500	400	5,000	34	260	...	...	...	...	60	1,100	45	400	3	45
Ristigouche	...	...	162	3,750	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	110	...	...	...	...
Seven Island	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
St. Regis	126	1,785	554	11,000	18	400	295	5,725	...	...	4	75	54	650	10	285
Timiskaming	4	75	115	3,500	3	75	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	175	...	...
Total	226	2,724	2,508	43,138	118	2,363	417	7,481	...	...	186	1,803	115	1,293	31	676
SASKATCHEWAN.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Assiniboine	431	7,571	430	9,480	60	1,570	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Battleford	821	14,858	1,174	199,741	14	400	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Carlton	1,026	20,670	1,342	33,117	12	520	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Crooked Lake	891	19,411	527	15,523	4	90	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Duck Lake	761	9,901	622	15,404	39	462	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
File Hills Agency	35	250	75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
File Hills Colony	1,078	4,549	1,833	15,087	105	260	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Moose Mountain	653	15,672	187	7,480	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Moose Woods	12	224	62	1,275	...	...	3	25	...	...	...	...	1	5	...	...
Onion Lake	178	4,270	484	15,894	401	1,446	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pelly	621	14,490	1,134	39,710	44	690	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Qu'Appelle	1,172	19,295	878	14,141	8	105	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Touchwood	833	16,601	1,423	23,566	47	410	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	8,512	147,762	10,171	390,418	434	5,953	3	25	...	...	...	...	1	5	...	...

RECAPITULATION.

Province.	Wheat.		Oats.		Barley.		Corn.		Rye.		Buckwheat.		Peas.		Beans.	
	Acres Sown.	Bushels Harvested.	Acres Sown.	Bushels Harvested.	Acres Sown.	Bushels Harvested.	Acres Sown.	Bushels Harvested.	Acres Sown.	Bushels Harvested.	Acres Sown.	Bushels Harvested.	Acres Sown.	Bushels Harvested.	Acres Sown.	Bushels Harvested.
Alberta	6,315	187,924	5,912	200,138	549	14,340	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
British Columbia	1,937	35,150	5,488	155,922	8	155	111	1,886	17	395	...	...	303	6,073	455	9,057
Manitoba	3,877	68,569	2,494	55,302	447	6,976	26	350	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
New Brunswick	4	58	106	2,165	...	...	4	24	...	...	13	180	2	10	5	43
Nova Scotia	1/4	12	83	1,368	4 3/4	68	1 1/2	18	...	...	5	75	3 1/4	53	2 1/4	34
Ontario	3,629	71,227	7,662	229,456	1,010	27,755	1,571	54,543	248	3,537	175	3,420	450	6,568	197	2,631
Prince Edward Island	15	136	35	525	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Quebec	226	2,724	2,508	43,138	118	2,363	417	7,481	...	...	186	1,803	115	1,293	31	676
Saskatchewan	8,512	147,762	10,171	390,418	434	5,953	3	25	...	...	...	...	1	5	...	...
Total	24,515 1/4	513,562	34,459	1,078,432	2,570 3/4	57,610	2,133 1/2	64,327	265	3,932	379	5,478	874 1/4	14,002	690 1/4	12,441

TABLE NO. 3 - ROOTS AND FODDER

Agency.	Potatoes.		Carrots.		Turnips.		Beets.		Other Roots.		Fodder.		
	Acres Sown.	Bushes Harvested.	Acres Sown.	Bushels Harvested	Acres Sown.	Bushels Harvested.	Acres Sown.	Bushels Harvested.	Acres Sown.	Bushels Harvested.	Hay Cultivated.	Hay Wild.	Other Fodder.
ALBERTA.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Tons	Tons	Tons	...
Blackfoot	3 1/2	750	...	...	...	...	...	...	3 1/2	100	3	2,528	461
Blood	20	7,715	7	350	8	2,525	3	250	...	...	250	6,000	300
Edmonton	49	3,683	2	65	3	110	...	...	25	622	378	2,028	135
Hobbema	20	2,415	...	...	9	533	...	...	...	...	40	2,808	...
Lesser Slave Lake	27	2,060	1/4	4	1 1/4	31	...	...	...	...	...	235	...
Peigan	15	1,000	1/2	7	1	125	...	...	...	...	50	900	225
Saddle Lake	11	1,665	3	125	3	165	...	...	...	...	...	2,321	...
Sarcee	2	200	1/4	20	1/4	30	...	...	...	...	15	600	25
Stony	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	750	60
Total	147 1/2	19,488	13	571	25 1/2	3,519	3	250	28 1/2	722	736	18,170	1,206
BRITISH COLUMBIA.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Babine and Upper Skeena	450	55,500	...	...	72	12,700	...	...	...	...	472	390	...
Bella Coola	13	1,850	1	100	1	100	...	...	...	...	30	208	...
Cowichan	55	2,505	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	883	...	...
Kamloops	667	90,722	165	11,220	188	12,784	96	6,528	275	18,280	9,590	565	397
Kootenay	97	11,725	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	415	880	340
Kwawkewlth	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Lytton	152	5,980	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	851	75	...
Nass	295	31,200	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	90	...	...
New Westminster	209	47,210	31	3,830	49	8,121	...	...	...	...	867	542	267
Okanagan	319	15,850	23	700	20	655	16	475	...	...	2,320	1,175	620
Queen Charlotte	6	500	2	110	2	90	...	...	2	100	3	3	...
Stikine	1/4	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	...
Stuart Lake	51	7,745	...	...	20	3,125	...	...	7	805	163	1,175	19
West Coast	2	277	1	80	1/4	43	...	...	...	22	11	8	...
Williams Lake	108	4,760	14	1,090	14	1,320	...	...	2	200	341	1,605	...
Total	2,424 1/4	275,834	237	17,130	366 1/4	38,938	112	7,003	286	19,407	16,036	6,613	1,643

Agency.	Potatoes.		Carrots.		Turnips.		Beets.		Other Roots.		Fodder.		
	Acres Sown.	Bushes Harvested.	Acres Sown.	Bushels Harvested	Acres Sown.	Bushels Harvested.	Acres Sown.	Bushels Harvested.	Acres Sown.	Bushels Harvested.	Hay Cultivated.	Hay Wild.	Other Fodder.
MANITOBA.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Tons	Tons	Tons
Birtle	20	1,522	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	145	...	1,408	1,453
Clandeboye	40	2,715	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	545	...
Fisher River	110	2,800	6	8	16	26	5	8	13	21	...	1,670	...
Griswold	18	1,947	...	...	2	160	...	...	...	...	...	948	219
Manitowapah	62	3,289	...	...	5	171	...	...	...	...	...	...	4,260
Norway House	83	565	5	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pas	76	1,936	4	43	4	89	...	...	2	26	...	820	...
Portage - la - Prairie	9	417	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	569	28
Total	418	15,191	15	51	31	446	5	8	20	192	...	5,960	5,960
NEW BRUNSWICK.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Northern Division.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Madawaska and Victoria Counties	4	325	1/2	5	1	40	...	...	...	...	30	...	...
Northeastern Division.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gloucester, Kent, Northumberland, Ristigouche and Westmorland Counties	56	2,200	1 1/2	23	1 1/2	103	3 1/4	75	1 1/2	34	83	54	...
Southwestern Division.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Carleton, Charlotte, Kings, Queens, Sunbury, St. Johns and York Counties	6	288	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	66	2,903	2	28	2 1/2	143	3 1/4	75	1 1/2	34	113	54	...

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

Agency.	Potatoes.		Carrots.		Turnips.		Beets.		Other Roots.		Fodder.		
	Acres Sown.	Bushes Harvested.	Acres Sown.	Bushels Harvested	Acres Sown.	Bushels Harvested.	Acres Sown.	Bushels Harvested.	Acres Sown.	Bushels Harvested.	Hay Cultivated.	Hay Wild.	Other Fodder.
Bersimis	4	237	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	9	...
Cacouna	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Caughnawaga	300	28,000	4	120	3	130	5	500	...	...	800	...	...
Jeune Lorette	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Maniwaki	51	3,869	...	...	10	1,130	...	...	...	...	162	13	...
Maria	7	200	1	9	1	10	...	...	...	...	25	...	...
Mingan	1	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Oka	25	1,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	115	3	180
Pierreville	23	513	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	76	...	10
Pointe Bleue	100	2,000	...	...	1	60	1	50	...	...	180	5	75
Ristigouche	85	2,800	...	...	2	90	...	...	...	...	105	5	120
Seven Islands	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
St. Regis	350	8,973	7	325	8	641	4	85	...	...	450	370	581
Timiskaming	6	400	...	...	3	150	...	...	...	...	30	...	...
Total	954	48,107	12	454	28	2,211	10	635	...	...	1,972	405	971
SASKATCHEWAN.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Assiniboine	5	800	3	900	3	1,500	...	...	...	...	...	1,085	650
Battleford	17	835	2	50	5	147	...	...	...	...	...	5,562	235
Carlton	38	1,081	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	126	4,112	2,465
Crooked Lake	5	823	1	37	1	174	...	...	...	...	10	1,762	57
Duck Lake	11	458	4	15	5	23	...	...	...	...	...	2,595	340
File Hills Agency	7	750	1	20	4	200	...	...	...	...	...	1,150	1,240
File Hills Colony	10	500	2	40	5	90	...	...	...	...	...	900	1,300
Moose Mountain	2	265	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	300	...	598	200
Moose Woods	10	300	1	25	3	100	1	40	10	100	...	1,000	27
Onion Lake	35	2,001	...	...	5	292	...	...	...	...	...	2,609	430
Polly	9	147	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,801	607
Qu'Appelle	21	2,235	4	435	4	425	...	...	5	320	...	2,402	1,155
Touchwood	12	2,104	2	208	4	262	...	...	...	...	...	1,938	217
Total	182	12,299	20	1,730	39	3,213	1	40	17	720	136	27,514	8,923

RECAPITULATION.

Province.	Potatoes.		Carrots.		Turnips.		Beets.		Other Roots.		Fodder.		
...	Acres Sown.	Bushes Harvested.	Acres Sown.	Bushels Harvested.	Acres Sown.	Bushels Harvested.	Acres Sown.	Bushels Harvested.	Acres Sown.	Bushels Harvested.	Hay Cultivated.	Hay Wild.	Other Fodder.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Tons.	Tons.	Tons.
Alberta	147 1/2	19,488	13	571	25 1/2	3,519	3	250	28 1/2	722	736	18,170	1,206
British Columbia	2,424 1/4	275,834	237	17,130	366 1/4	38,938	112	7,003	286	19,407	16,036	6,613	1,643
Manitoba	418	15,191	15	51	31	446	5	8	20	192	...	5,960	5,960
New Brunswick	66	2,903	2	28	2 1/2	143	3 1/2	75	1 1/2	34	113	54	...
Nova Scotia	152	5,035	1 1/4	17	11	971	1/4	7	4 1/2	190	673	169	48
Ontario	1,799	88,105	54 1/2	1,754	127	15,899	32 3/4	2,071	166 1/2	14,182	20,485	2,217	11,714
Prince Edward Island	10	525	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	52	35	...
Quebec	954	48,107	12	454	28	2,211	10	635	...	...	1,972	405	971
Saskatchewan	182	12,299	20	1,730	39	3,213	1	40	17	720	136	27,514	8,923
Total	6,152 3/4	467,487	354 3/4	21,735	630 1/4	65,340	167 1/4	10,089	524	35,447	40,203	61,137	30,465

RECAPITULATION.

Agency	Area of Reserve.	Under Wood. ¹	Cleared but not Cultivated. ¹	Under actual Cultivated. ¹	Fenced.	Dwellings.					Barns.	Horse Stables.	Cattle Stables.	Driving Sheds.	Pig Sties.	Store Houses.	Root Houses.	Milk Houses.	Corn Cribs.
						Stone.	Brick.	Frame.	Log.	Shanties.									
ALBERTA.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Blackfoot	175,580	3,300	168,236	4,044	18,880	...	...	74	100	20	1	130	20	65	1	4	2	1	41
Blood	354,086	4,760	343,641	5,685	20,880	...	...	29	255	...	7	100	6	...	...	78	70	...	...
Edmonton	82,101	43,971	35,738	2,992	9,853	...	...	12	92	15	23	85	52	25	14	48	13	...	...
Hobbema	78,980	76,887	308	1,785	10,393	...	...	5	82	61	...	122	30	22	...	40	...	...	...
Lesser Slave Lake ²	146,866	16,448	11,441	43	111	...	...	...	46	...	...	37	16	...	...	13	...	...	...
Peigan	93,142	700	89,180	3,262	15,000	...	...	19	67	8	4	52	...	...	...	6	...	...	...
Saddle Lake	117,221	37,605	78,409	1,207	68,156	...	...	...	121	76	11	107	77	...	8	36	3	...	...
Sarcee	69,120	10,782	57,692	746	71,000	...	...	39	6	...	...	34	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Stony	88,258	40,000	47,903	355	11,000	...	...	10	130	...	...	50	40	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	1,205,354	233,853	832,448	20,119	225,273	...	...	188	899	180	46	717	241	112	23	255	88	1	41
BRITISH COLUMBIA.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Babine and Upper Skeena	30,150	20,845	8,098	1,207	1,089	...	...	441	314	62	13	135	91	...	4	42	196	...	...
Bella Coola	22,616	22,317	215	84	1,317	...	...	307	14	191	9	15	12	...	2	58	56	...	...
Cowichan	19,920	11,134	5,466	3,320	5,575	...	...	609	10	25	221	5	71	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kamloops	172,185	87,112	73,131	11,942	98,958	...	...	240	325	...	10	348	13	15	4	5	277	3	1
Kootenay	42,316	2,320	38,019	1,977	1,977	...	...	45	142	80	38	23	25	...	...	...	23	...	...
Kwawkewlth	16,498	15,971	509	18	24	...	...	109	...	176	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Lytton	55,360	32,721	19,133	3,506	5,307	...	...	422	335	...	273	201	...	...	74	...	...	...	...
Nass	63,004	62,392	320	292	204	...	...	459	63	97	...	...	...	...	...	22	...	...	...
New Westminster	40,002	32,582	4,235	3,185	3,910	...	...	614	55	226	243	212	201	11	67	4	23	1	...
Okanagan	147,339	51,038	86,417	9,884	27,700	1	...	75	120	...	...	153	102	39	39	2	95	5	...
Queen Charlotte	3,484	2,474	995	15	22	...	...	144	...	45	4	6	5	...	...	5	1	...	...
Stikine	415	15	400	...	1	...	...	1	24	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Stuart Lake	34,714	29,519	4,655	540	2,243	...	...	43	241	109	33	51	37	...	2	54	24	...	...
West Coast	12,364	11,897	372	95	147	...	...	382	...	222	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...
Williams Lake	66,598	49,696	15,499	1,403	9,480	...	...	13	261	...	...	152	...	...	...	2	203	...	...
Total	726,965	432,033	257,464	37,468	157,954	1	...	3904	1904	1233	844	1301	563	65	192	194	898	9	1

[1These three columns make up total area of reserve.]

[2Complete details not available for Lesser Slave Lake Agency.]

Agency	Area of Reserve.	Under Wood.1	Cleared but not Cultivated.1	Under actual Cultivated.1	Fenced.	Dwelling.					Barns.	Horse Stables.	Cattle Stables.	Driving Sheds.	Pig Sties.	Store Houses.	Root Houses.	Milk Houses.	Corn Cribs.
						Stone.	Brick.	Frame.	Log.	Shanties.									
MANITOBA.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Birtle	51,649	31,303	17,357	2,989	10,586	...	...	18	92	18	3	100	48	7	7	73	2	6	...
Clandeboye	39,784	29,940	9,536	308	308	...	...	5	212	...	...	...	82	...	...	9	...	...	...
Fisher River	113,075	112,329	370	376	839	...	...	...	358	...	...	...	166	...	13	67	29	...	...
Griswold	12,294	900	7,595	3,799	1,316	1	...	36	40	27	...	52	13	14	3	36	23	...	...
Manitowapah	81,429	40,413	40,758	258	568	...	...	1	324	17	...	148	192	...	18	124	26	37	...
Norway House	54,741	48,421	6,229	91	86	...	...	...	347	235	...	...	17	...	...	6	...	...	...
Pas	29,846	19,217	10,043	86	199	...	...	29	176	9	...	19	54	...	4	14	...	...	...
Portage - la - Prairie	26,280	6,000	18,190	2,090	2,760	...	...	...	86	21	3	75	29	...	3	21	10	6	...
Total	408,598	288,523	110,078	9,997	16,662	1	...	89	1635	327	6	394	601	21	48	350	90	49	...
NEW BRUNSWICK.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Northern Division.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Madawaska and Victoria Counties	6,506	6,069	234	203	220	...	...	47	4	1	15	7	6	3	5	...	...	...	...
Northeastern Division.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gloucester, Kent, Northumberland, Restigouche and Westmorland Counties	13,387	12,261	520	606	878	...	...	200	1	20	47	23	40	...	3	...	25	...	...
Southwestern Division.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Car eton, Charlotte, Kings, Queens, St. Johns and York Counties	747	506	211	30	173	...	...	52	9	7	4	...	3	...	...	1	...	...	...
Total	20,640	18,836	965	839	1,271	...	...	299	14	28	66	30	49	3	8	1	25	...	...
NOVA SCOTIA.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Annapolis Comity	400	395	3	2	5	...	...	15	...	4	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Antigonish and Guysborough Counties	1,050	870	130	50	140	...	...	33	...	13	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Golden Lake	1,500	1,230	210	30	...	...	...	4	18	2	2	10	...	2	...	...	...	3	...
Gore Bay	15,302	12,617	1,740	945	1,864	...	...	14	100	1	19	71	24	20	64	45	33	3	...
Kenora	123,153	122,913	152	88	238	...	...	...	195	...	...	58	24	...	...	46	...	...	...
Manitowaning	179,685	147,182	27,922	4,581	8,265	1	...	38	442	22	137	352	87	1	238	132	243	4	...
Moravian	3,010	810	1,200	1,000	2,500	...	1	35	36	2	8	37	14	15	7	5	2	4	16
New Credit	6,000	150	1,925	3,925	6,000	1	3	62	7	...	35	16	9	14	9	7	5	7	...
Parry Sound	87,432	85,400	1,194	838	828	...	...	29	63	49	9	32	35	5	15	2	7	9	3
Rama	2,300	1,150	750	400	1,150	...	...	52	10	...	3	8	7	2	4	...	10	4	...
Rice Lake	3,860	2,150	660	1,050	2,100	...	2	45	17	1	15	18	14	9	11	...	11	2	...
Sarnia	10,500	5,648	2,802	2,050	6,505	...	4	86	3	26	30	65	18	19	29	23	5	14	17
Saugeen	9,020	4,000	3,690	1,330	1,650	...	1	81	27	...	30	64	30	12	...	10	3	...	...
Sault Ste. Marie	39,816	36,539	1,451	1,826	1,865	...	...	59	95	22	61	70	39	6	...	21	24	28	...
Savanne	101,267	100,664	546	57	94	...	...	...	154	...	...	11	8	...	...	21	...	...	...
Scugog	800	60	225	515	800	...	...	8	1	1	5	2	3	...	...	...	...	...	...
Six Nations	43,696	9,000	8,100	26,596	43,696	15	34	503	353	8	275	396	193	121	188	66	44	110	74
Sturgeon Falls	64,780	64,328	...	452	291	...	...	40	63	8	8	27	2	2	3	28	5	4	...
Thessalon	60,374	59,154	502	718	718	...	...	35	72	16	27	28	24	...	26	...	30	...	...
Tyendinaga	16,700	7,134	1,726	7,840	13,720	1	1	227	8	...	115	110	38	140	75	20	6	15	37
Walpole Island	7,782	3,338	2,375	2,069	3,262	1	...	86	65	12	8	76	5	17	20	40	1	7	67
Total	972,497	836,492	70,256	65,749	114,813	29	60	1797	2107	245	912	1669	669	421	759	504	451	230	264

[1These three columns make up total area of reserve.]

Agency	Area of Reserve.	Under Wood.1	Cleared but not Cultivated.1	Under actual Cultivated.1	Fenced.	Dwelling.					Barns.	Horse Stables.	Cattle Stables.	Driving Sheds.	Pig Sties.	Store Houses.	Root Houses.	Milk Houses.	Corn Cribs.
						Stone.	Brick.	Frame.	Log.	Shanties.									
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Prince Edward Island	1,527	726	404	397	542	...	...	45	...	23	25	22	25	3	...	5	37	6	...
QUEBEC.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bécancour	122	19	...	112	90	...	...	6	...	2	1	2	2	1	1	...	...	...	...
Bersimis	63,197	62,784	345	68	50	...	...	30	42	...	8	7	8	...	4	1	...	...	...
Caconna	300	300	...	...	...	...	...	4	3	1	1	...	2	...	1	...	...	...	...
Caughnawaga	12,327	1,360	7,143	3,824	2,700	50	2	434	...	...	135	185	155	3	402	16	...	...	...
Jeune Lorette	27	...	27	...	20	1	1	86	...	...	6	5	5	1	6	...	...	...	...
Maniwaki	44,537	43,501	186	850	484	...	...	3	37	24	11	27	9	5	2	5	1	1	...
Maria	416	80	200	136	150	...	...	20	1	...	15	8	15	...	...	1	...	1	...
Mingan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Oka	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	89	...	...	16	49	...	30	7	1	...	...	10
Pierreville	579	...	25	554	234	...	2	65	...	...	10	2	9	34	...	1	...	1	...
Pointe Bleue	3,779	2,455	488	836	1,100	...	...	45	15	1	33	28	...	...	25	4	10	19	...
Ristigouche	8,856	8,204	52	600	600	...	...	84	8	2	62	28	64	12	40	4	...	15	...
Seven Islands	6	...	6	...	...	...	...	40	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
St. Regis	6,938	80	5,380	1,478	580	...	...	178	30	...	74	60	48	9	10	1	...	10	12
Timiskaming	14,936	14,430	228	278	190	...	...	12	26	16	...	13	7	...	2	...	12	2	...
Total	156,020	133,204	14,080	8,736	6,198	52	5	1116	162	46	312	414	324	95	500	38	23	50	22
SASKATCHEWAN.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Assiniboine	40,897	27,264	12,263	1,370	12,111	...	...	6	36	4	...	32	24	2	4	27	1	...	...
Battleford	172,736	20,150	149,993	2,593	8,577	...	...	2	113	127	12	109	82	2	6	55	4	...	...
Carlton	219,641	86,425	130,195	3,021	22,364	...	...	...	153	96	22	154	150	...	25	87	1	5	10
Crooked Lake	120,895	17,200	101,430	2,265	14,000	...	...	...	49	106	...	67	81	...	6	47	4	...	...
Duck Lake	123,498	39,588	81,410	2,500	15,103	...	...	7	137	51	...	45	150	7	16	38	4	12	2
File Hills agency	65,614	25,000	40,438	176	15,777	...	...	7	47	...	...	44	30	...	...	...	...	...	7
File Hills Colony	18,840	2,000	12,540	4,300	300	...	...	7	18	...	4	20	24	...	12	...	...	...	55

Agency	Area of Reserve.	Under Wood.1	Cleared but not Cultivated.1	Under actual Cultivated.1	Fenced.	Dwelling.					Barns.	Horse Stables.	Cattle Stables.	Driving Sheds.	Pig Sties.	Store Houses.	Root Houses.	Milk Houses.	Corn Cribs.
						Stone.	Brick.	Frame.	Log.	Shanties.									
Moose Mountain	30,088	25,486	3,362	1,240	4,000	...	...	1	20	34	...	27	30	1	2	21	...	...	...
Moose Woods	4,160	1,368	2,717	75	5,280	...	...	...	15	6	...	11	14	3	1	...	...	...	...
Onion Lake	190,432	41,896	147,784	752	10,445	...	...	4	163	...	...	...	90	...	14	17	...	...	...
Pelly	44,605	16,522	25,671	2,412	3,540	...	...	4	57	39	...	63	50	1	7	28	...	...	...
Qu'Appelle	81,087	6,180	71,892	3,015	13,675	...	...	26	124	2	2	57	39	...	...	28	2	...	86
Touchwood	110,873	35,465	71,324	4,084	34,835	...	...	5	136	10	...	112	104	2	7	73	...	15	...
Total	1,223,366	344,544	851,019	27,803	160,007	...	...	69	1068	475	40	741	881	21	100	421	16	32	160

[1These three columns make up total area of reserve.]

RECAPITULATION.

Province.	Area of Reserve.	Under Wood.1	Cleared but not Cultivated.1	Under actual Cultivated.1	Fenced.	Dwelling.					Barns.	Horse Stables.	Cattle Stables.	Driving Sheds.	Pig Sties.	Store Houses.	Root Houses.	Milk Houses.	Corn Cribs.
						Stone.	Brick.	Frame.	Log.	Shanties.									
...	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Alberta	1,205,354	233,853	832,448	20,119	225,273	...	...	188	899	180	46	717	241	112	23	225	88	1	41
British Columbia	726,965	432,033	257,464	37,468	157,954	1	...	3,904	1,904	1,233	844	1,301	563	65	192	194	898	9	1
Manitoba	408,598	288,523	110,078	9,997	16,662	1	...	89	1,635	327	6	394	601	21	48	350	90	49	...
New Brunswick	20,640	18,836	965	839	1,271	...	...	299	14	28	66	30	49	3	8	1	25	...	...
Nova Scotia	20,937	15,757	3,090	2,090	3,047	...	...	354	9	76	101	34	46	4	49	3	11	15	...
Ontario	972,497	836,492	70,256	65,749	114,813	29	60	1,797	2,107	245	912	1,669	669	421	759	504	451	230	264
Prince Edward Island	1,527	726	404	397	542	...	...	45	...	23	25	22	25	3	...	5	37	6	...
Quebec	156,020	133,204	14,080	8,736	6,198	52	5	1,116	162	46	372	414	324	95	500	38	23	50	22
Saskatchewan	1,223,366	344,544	851,019	27,803	160,007	...	...	69	1,068	4715	401	741	881	21	100	421	16	32	160
Total	4,735,904	2,303,9681	2,139,804	173,198	685,767	83	65	7,861	7,798	2,633	2,412	5,322	3,399	745	1,679	1,741	1,639	392	488

[(1)These columns make up total area of reserve.]

TABLE No. 5. - PUBLIC BUILDINGS.

Agency.	Churches.	Council Houses.	School Houses.	Driving Sheds.	Other Buildings.	Saw Mills.	Threshers.	Engines.	Other Farm Machinery.
ALBERTA.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Blackfoot	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	210
Blood	...	2	3	8	11	...	2	2	...
Edmonton	2	...	2	...	9	2	1	1	2
Hobbema	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1
Lesser Slave Lake	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Peigan	1	1	1	...	13	...	1	3	3
Saddle Lake	...	...	4	...	...	1	...	...	...
Sarcee	2	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...
Stony	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	5	7	11	8	34	3	6	9	216
BRITISH COLUMBIA.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Babine and Upper Skeena	...	1	...	...	2	3	...	...	...
Bella Coola	7	4	6	...	1	...	...	...	...
Cowichan	4	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...
Kamloops	15	6	2	15	348	1	3	2	...
Kootenay	5	...	1	...	2	...	...	...	1
Kwawkewlth	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	1	...
Lytton	34	4	2	...	...	...	1	1	3
Nass	12	4	8	...	9	3	...	3	...
New Westminster	29	5	5	...	...	...	...	...	...
Okanagan	8	5	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Queen Charlotte	3	2	2	1	7	...	...	...	...
Stikine	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Stuart Lake	14	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...
West Coast	10	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...
Williams Lake	12	1	...	...	...	2	2	2	...
Total	153	32	45	16	373	9	6	9	4
MANITOBA.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Birtle	4	...	1	2	1	...	2	2	...
Clandeboye	5	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...
Fisher River	6	1	8	1	12	...	...	...	...
Griswold	2	...	1	...	5	...	...	...	...
Manitowapah	10	...	11	...	8	...	...	...	...

Agency.	Churches.	Council Houses.	School Houses.	Driving Sheds.	Other Buildings.	Saw Mills.	Threshers.	Engines.	Other Farm Machinery.
MANITOBA.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Norway House	9	1	3	...	2	...	...	...	...
Pas	4	...	5	...	6	1	...	...	...
Portage - la - Prairie	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...
Total	40	2	34	3	37	1	3	2	...
NOVA SCOTIA.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Annapolis County	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Antigonish and Guysborough Counties	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cape Breton (Eskasoni)	1	...	1	...	2	...	...	...	...
Cape Breton (Sydney)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Colchester County	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...
Cumberland County	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Digby County	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...
Halifax County	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hants County	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...
Inverness County	1	...	2	1	2	...	...	...	...
Kings County	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Lunenburg County	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pictou County	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
Queens County	...	...	...	...	22	...	...	...	...
Richmond County	1	1	1	...	2	...	...	1	...
Shelburne County	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Victoria County	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	2
Yarmouth County	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	9	2	13	2	30	...	...	1	2
NEW BRUNSWICK.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Northern Division -	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Madawaska and Victoria Counties	1	1	2	1	4	...	...	...	...
Northeastern Division -	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gloucester, Kent, Northumberland, Restigouche and Westmorland Counties	6	3	4	...	6	...	...	...	...
Southwestern Division -	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Carleton, Charlotte, Kings, Queens, Sunbury, St. Johns and York Counties	...	2	4

Total	7	6	10	1	10
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[illegible]

Caughnawaga	1	1	5	3	2	1	...	2	...
Jeune Lorette	1	...	1	3	...
Maniwaki	...	1	2	...	2
Maria	1	...	1	1
Mingan	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Oka	1	...	1	1	...	...	1	...	...
Pierreville	3	1	2	3	2	...	...	...	...
Pointe Bleue	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...

Agency.	Churches.	Council Houses.	School Houses.	Driving Sheds.	Other Buildings.	Saw Mills.	Threshers.	Engines.	Other Farm Machinery.
QUEBEC.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ristigouche	1	1	1	...	...	1	2	...	10
Seven Islands	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
St. Regis	2	1	5	...	11	...	2	2	5
Timiskaming	...	...	1	...	2	...	1	...	1
Total	14	5	20	7	20	2	7	7	16
SASKATCHEWAN.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Assiniboine	...	1	1	...	4	...	1	1	40
Battleford	7	...	5	5	19	1	1	2	...
Carlton	4	...	6	...	7	1	2	3	...
Crooked Lake	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...
Duck Lake	3	...	4	...	...	...	4	3	9
File Mills Agency	1	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	...
File Hills Colony	2	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	1
Moose Mountain	1	1	1	3	1	...	1	1	70
Moose Woods	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Onion Lake	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	1	...
Pelly	4	...	3	...	2	...	2	...	...
Qu'Appelle	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...
Touchwood	1	...	3	...	2	...	3	3	...
Total	24	2	23	10	35	4	18	18	120

RECAPITULATION.

Province.	Churches.	Council Houses.	School Houses.	Driving Sheds.	Other Buildings.	Saw Mills.	Threshers.	Engines.	Other Farm Machinery.
Alberta	5	7	11	8	34	5	6	9	216
British Columbia	153	32	45	16	373	9	6	9	4
Manitoba	40	2	34	3	37	1	3	2	...
New Brunswick	7	6	10	1	10	...	...	...	...
Nova Scotia	9	2	13	2	30	...	...	1	2
Ontario	92	27	79	43	88	3	6	3	23
Prince Edward Island	1	1	2	...	3	...	1	...	...
Quebec	14	5	20	7	20	2	7	7	16
Saskatchewan	24	2	23	10	35	4	18	18	120
Total	345	84	237	90	630	24	47	49	381

TABLE No. 6. - AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, VEHICLES, ETC.

Agency.	Ploughs.	Disco and Harrows.	Seed Drills.	Cultivators.	Land Rollers.	Mowers.	Reapers and Binders.	Horse Rakes.	Fanning Mills.	Threshing Machines.	Tool Chests.	Other Implements and Tool.	Wagons.	Carts.	Sleighs, Draught.	Sleighs, Draught.	Democrat Wagons.	Buggies and Road Carts.
ALBERTA.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Blackfoot	50	15	2	3	...	90	2	80	...	...	3	280	180	...	50	40	50	50
Blood	89	22	30	...	2	110	12	105	5	2	10	2,000	265	...	25	3	136	25
Edmonton	91	78	22	13	...	59	25	56	7	2	2	224	97	...	16	67	15	19
Hobbema	86	64	9	...	...	86	15	72	...	...	...	769	138	...	24	110	19	11
Lesser Slave Lake	6	6	...	...	...	4	...	4	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...
Peigan	50	56	15	...	1	49	15	45	2	...	28	876	120	...	5	5	30	10
Saddle Lake	70	45	3	...	...	57	8	55	...	...	...	3	100	5	26	94	35	7
Sarcee	21	20	2	2	1	26	3	15	1	1	1	280	70	...	...	28	16	4
Stony	40	10	1	...	...	42	...	25	...	...	...	...	100	...	45	8	80	25
Total	50	316	84	18	4	523	80	457	15	5	44	4,432	1,072	5	191	355	381	151
BRITISH COLUMBIA.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Babine and Upper Skeena	14	16	1	1	...	10	...	14	...	...	70	4,950	42	2	2	75	12	...
Bella Coola	10	7	...	...	...	7	...	5	...	...	51	500	16	...	7	17	3	...
Cowichan	165	111	...	7	3	42	16	33	6	16	11	4,370	192	6	21	9	33	167
Kamloops	548	425	11	97	55	186	28	205	9	4	3	1,000	190	23	83	125	121	38
Kootenay	153	41	...	...	...	39	4	26	3	...	...	335	69	...	20	67	26	19
Kwawkewlth	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	200	...	...	...	...	1	...
Lytton	187	152	8	46	27	70	...	36	5	...	...	647	183	...	20	108	46	14
Nass	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	147	...	...	...	135	...	...
New Westminster	79	66	...	9	...	19	3	8	...	...	...	1,816	87	5	...	6	3	4
Okanagan	169	146	13	22	47	70	12	70	8	...	...	572	126	...	43	95	79	109
Queen Charlotte	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	200	1	...	1	1	...	...
Stikine	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	150	1	...	...	1	...	...
Stuart Lake	30	14	...	...	...	20	1	10	...	...	10	1,905	17	...	44	34	12	1
West Coast	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	230	6	...	...	...	1	11
William Lake	112	68	...	...	49	95	15	94	8	2	4	500	94	...	20	194	67	28
Total	1,477	1,047	33	182	181	459	79	501	39	22	149	17,522	1,024	36	261	867	404	391

Agency.	Ploughs.	Disco and Harrows.	Seed Drills.	Cultivators.	Land Rollers.	Mowers.	Reapers and Binders.	Horse Rakes.	Fanning Mills.	Threshing Machines.	Tool Chests.	Other Implements and Tool.	Wagons.	Carts.	Sleighs, Draught.	Sleighs, Draught.	Democrat Wagons.	Buggies and Road Carts.
MANITOBA.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Birtle	116	67	32	6	1	52	36	43	6	2	2	1,055	94	4	70	86	52	80
Clandeboye	22	17	...	...	...	4	...	3	...	1	2	250	11	2	3	28	...	...
Fisher river	31	15	2	...	...	42	1	38	...	...	...	300	58	...	16	69	3	8
Griswold	106	60	21	...	...	35	40	26	10	2	4	505	74	...	37	74	53	36
Manitowapah	45	36	4	1	...	74	...	52	...	...	17	955	119	27	104	109	19	100
Norway House	4	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	645	...	...	...	1	...	...
Pas	14	13	...	...	...	9	...	8	...	...	5	1,010	8	3	...	12	...	...
Portage - la - Prairie	50	22	9	1	...	28	11	19	7	1	2	300	45	3	29	43	16	50
Total	388	233	68	8	1	244	88	189	23	6	39	5,020	409	39	259	422	143	274
NEW BRUNSWICK.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Northern Division -	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Madawaska and Victoria Counties	9	5	2	4	1	4	2	6	...	...	4	100	10	...	11	7	...	3
Northeastern Division -	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gloucester, Kent, Northumberland, Restigouche and Westmorland Counties	25	25	...	6	6	11	1	8	1	1	64	4	26	1	17	53	7	8
Southwestern Division -	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Carleton, Charlotte, Kings, Queens, Sunbury, St, Johns and York counties	3	2	...	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	37	32	2	10	6	16	3	15	2	1	68	104	36	1	28	60	7	11
NOVA SCOTIA.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Annapolis County	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	150	1	...	...	1	...	...
Antigonish and Guysborough Counties	3	4	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	100	2	1	2	2	...	...

Cape Breton (Eskasoni)	6	4	...	3	...	6	...	2	...	...	25	500	13	11	5	12	1	3
Cape Breton (Sydney)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	50	...	...	...	...	...	...
Colchester County	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	212	1	1	1	1	1	...
Cumberland	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	60	1	1	1	...	...	...
Digby County	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	45	...	...	...	...	...	...
Halifax County	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	32	60	1	1	1	...	...	...
Hants County	4	4	...	5	...	3	...	3	...	...	10	50	2	...	6	6	...	3
Inverness County	8	5	...	3	1	4	...	2	...	...	5	135	5	8	5	9	1	...
Kings County	2	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	140	2	1	...	1	...	...
Lunenburg County	8	8	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	5	114	17	...	8	4	...	7
Pictou County	4	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	1	...	3	75	5	...	5	2	1	2
Queens County	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	112	2	1	1	1	...	...
Richmond county	7	6	...	3	1	1	...	1	...	...	4	155	6	4	5	9	...	...
Shelburne County	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	100	1	...	...	...	...	...
Victoria County	4	3	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	5	95	3	3	2	4	...	...
Yarmouth County	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	90	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	51	42	1	20	21	17	...	9	1	...	99	2,238	62	32	42	52	41	15

Agency.	Ploughs.	Disco and Harrows.	Seed Drills.	Cultivators.	Land Rollers.	Mowers.	Reapers and Binders.	Horse Rakes.	Fanning Mills.	Threshing Machines.	Tool Chests.	Other Implements and Tool.	Wagons.	Carts.	Sleighs, Draught.	Sleighs, Draught.	Democrat Wagons.	Buggies and Road Carts.
ONTARIO.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Alnwick	15	12	7	10	5	6	5	7	6	...	6	160	10	1	12	10	2	12
Cape Croker	42	39	3	6	3	15	6	19	14	1	2	322	29	2	15	30	20	22
Caradoc	137	139	31	122	14	66	32	47	32	2	21	724	95	7	75	72	49	127
Chapleau	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	115	...	...	...	...	...	...
Christian Island	14	12	2	3	1	4	4	5	3	1	7	90	10	...	6	12	4	5
Fort Frances	20	12	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	2	695	3	...	8	13	...	...
Fort William	11	5	...	...	...	1	...	2	...	...	1	286	9	...	8	10	...	1
Georgina Island	14	14	4	2	1	7	4	5	4	1	13	65	9	...	8	7	3	2
Golden Lake	5	3	...	...	...	1	...	1	1	...	1	100	4	...	6	5	3	6
Gore Bay	63	51	3	6	3	20	3	18	5	...	23	337	39	1	41	34	15	30
Kenora	14	13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	4,209	...	...	...	19	...	...
Manitowaning	200	156	6	23	12	99	21	94	28	4	52	3,334	146	...	219	197	63	106
Moravian	45	35	9	50	7	19	10	10	5	...	4	250	30	4	25	11	11	40
New Credit	50	31	14	30	12	20	14	18	11	...	...	400	30	...	25	20	11	42
Parry Sound	39	30	...	7	...	13	...	11	11	1	...	695	22	...	28	20	10	20
Rama	4	6	3	3	...	3	1	3	3	...	...	50	3	...	4	4	2	3
Rice Lake	28	24	9	12	7	13	10	11	11	1	...	171	17	2	11	15	10	21
Sarnia	61	45	21	31	5	32	18	26	21	1	27	619	45	8	29	29	25	46
Saugeen	50	25	2	3	1	14	3	12	2	...	10	850	30	...	20	35	20	40
Sault Ste. Marie	39	26	1	4	1	9	...	10	1	1	13	1,175	23	...	71	43	5	18
Savanne	5	5	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	3,235	...	...	...	...	...	...
Scugog	4	3	2	1	...	2	1	2	1	...	2	60	2	...	3	2	3	3
Six Nations	396	340	122	216	124	220	147	202	189	6	60	4,520	314	65	204	228	166	275
Sturgeon Falls	21	11	...	...	1	2	...	5	4	...	53	400	13	4	33	45	5	13
Thessalon	9	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	896	3	...	19	8	1	...
Tyendinaga	157	120	55	87	30	74	43	67	44	1	33	822	100	4	85	102	48	115
Walpole Island	98	83	5	79	2	39	13	22	14	2	4	250	66	10	26	47	26	80
Total	1,542	1,250	299	695	229	680	335	598	410	22	344	24,830	1,052	108	981	1,018	502	1,027
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Prince Edward Island	9	11	1	...	5	1	1	3	1	1	...	...	1	4	...	12	...	...

Agency.	Ploughs.	Disco and Harrows.	Seed Drills.	Cultivators.	Land Rollers.	Mowers.	Reapers and Binders.	Horse Rakes.	Fanning Mills.	Threshing Machines.	Tool Chests.	Other Implements and Tool.	Wagons.	Carts.	Sleighs, Draught.	Sleighs, Draught.	Democrat Wagons.	Buggies and Road Carts.
QUEBEC.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bécancour	2	2	1	1	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	150	1	1	1	1	...	1
Bersimis	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	175	3	4	1	3	1	1
Cacouna	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	...
Caughnawaga	140	210	70	12	15	125	15	120	6	16	24	545	142	92	335	272	...	302
Jeune Lorette	3	5	...	...	1	...	...	4	...	...	...	168	4	3	3	2	2	4
Maniwaki	24	23	...	2	2	9	3	9	1	1	...	200	12	2	16	15	3	17
Maria	5	5	1	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	100	2	4	6	5	4	4
Mingan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	...
Oka	31	23	...	3	3	9	1	4	...	4	...	100	11	14	28	23	...	28
Pierreville	8	6	...	2	...	2	...	1	...	...	1	122	8	...	7	9	...	7
Pointe Bleue	26	30	1	1	2	8	2	10	9	9	4	250	21	25	34	30	16	15
Ristigouche	28	32	2	8	6	4	2	16	2	2	2	170	12	4	15	40	...	10
Seven Islands	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	100	...	...	...	...	...	...
St. Regis	238	111	10	98	5	77	18	75	6	4	62	400	58	12	60	65	12	79
Timiskaming	10	8	...	2	...	4	...	3	1	...	4	300	9	1	1	8	5	6
Total	517	457	86	129	34	241	41	245	25	36	97	2,980	283	162	507	473	43	474
SASKATCHEWAN.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Assiniboine	33	21	11	1	...	25	7	26	2	...	...	287	37	...	18	36	15	29
Battleford	116	73	12	5	2	86	21	71	10	2	5	1,150	157	7	64	116	32	20
Carlton	126	112	25	22	4	92	25	79	8	...	9	1,725	154	6	151	109	72	30
Crooked Lake	83	55	22	12	...	62	21	53	8	...	...	565	115	7	74	98	21	63
Duck Lake	99	98	12	...	1	67	24	59	...	...	1	1,799	132	6	96	114	16	49
File Hills agency	7	4	1	1	...	21	1	19	...	2	...	380	30	...	30	30	6	28
File Hills Colony	54	25	25	9	1	17	19	14	11	...	...	250	31	...	16	32	4	19
Moose Mountain	47	17	8	2	1	26	10	20	2	1	2	360	46	30	48	33	23	20
Moose Woods	10	5	1	1	...	13	...	8	...	...	6	70	19	...	7	15	5	3
Onion Lake	30	25	1	...	...	67	1	63	...	...	7	865	122	6	48	102	48	22
Pelly	65	46	13	11	...	41	22	34	1	2	5	500	66	...	54	72	21	38
Qu'Appelle	111	78	24	...	...	52	25	38	13	...	13	735	131	...	86	111	150	60
Touchwood	106	71	25	...	...	61	19	57	7	4	3	758	99	4	54	104	30	44
Total	887	630	180	54	9	630	195	541	62	11	51	9,444	1,139	65	746	972	346	425

RECAPITULATION.

Province.	Ploughs.	Disco and Harrows.	Seed Drills.	Cultivators.	Land Rollers.	Mowers.	Reapers and Binders.	Horse Rakes.	Fanning Mills.	Threshing Machines.	Tool Chests.	Other Implements and Tool.	Wagons.	Carts.	Sleighs, Draught.	Sleighs, Draught.	Democrat Wagons.	Buggies and Road Carts.
Alberta	503	316	84	18	4	523	80	457	15	5	44	4,432	1,072	5	191	355	381	151
British Columbia	1,477	1,047	33	182	181	459	79	501	39	22	149	17,522	1,024	36	261	867	404	391
Manitoba	388	233	68	8	1	244	88	189	23	6	39	5,020	409	39	259	422	143	274
New Brunswick	37	32	2	10	6	16	3	15	2	1	68	104	3	16	28	60	7	11
Nova Scotia	51	42	1	20	2	17	...	9	1	...	99	2,238	62	32	42	52	4	15
Ontario	1,542	1,250	299	695	229	680	335	598	410	22	344	24,830	1,052	108	981	1,018	502	1,027
Prince Edward Island	9	11	1	...	5	1	1	3	1	1	...	...	1	4	...	12	...	...
Quebec	517	457	85	129	34	241	41	245	25	36	97	2,980	283	162	507	473	43	474
Saskatchewan	887	630	180	54	9	630	195	541	62	11	51	9,444	1,139	65	746	972	346	425
Total	5,411	4,018	753	1,116	471	2,811	822	2,558	578	104	891	66,570	5,078	452	3,015	4,231	1,830	2,768

TABLE No. 7. - LIVE STOCK AND POULTRY.

Agency.	Horses.			Cattle.					Other Stock.					Poultry.			
	Stallions.	Geldings and Mares.	Foals.	Bulls.	Oxen, Work.	Steers.	Cows, Milch.	Young Stock.	Sheep.	Lamps.	Boars.	Sows.	Other Pigs.	Turkeys.	Geese.	Ducks.	Cocks and Hens.
ALBERTA.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Blackfoot	...	1,599	300	...	...	120	553	597	...	...	...	...	20	...	...	...	100
Blood	5	3,309	419	41	...	243	1,030	1,922	...	...	5	25	40	75	...	...	1,500
Edmonton	2	314	13	8	7	60	212	302	...	...	...	1	246	2	...	...	1,300
Hobbema	...	395	73	...	10	78	101	168	...	...	...	...	56	...	...	...	411
Lesser Slave Lake	38	237	...	6	...	9	44	82	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Peigan	1	1,384	...	...	...	...	488	842	...	...	1	5	19	15	10	25	150
Saddle Lake	...	467	...	2	78	2	236	303	...	...	5	44	35	10	13	...	510
Sarcee	...	531	...	...	...	29	104	109	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Stony	20	1,242	...	...	...	...	64	99	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	66	9,478	805	57	95	544	2,832	4,424	...	...	11	75	416	102	23	25	3,971
BRITISH COLUMBIA.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Babine and Upper Skeena	9	499	59	11	...	5	163	89	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bella Coola	6	372	36	4	...	10	26	14	...	...	1	3	10	...	...	6	465
Cowichan	9	267	70	1	...	13	236	134	1,100	660	...	5	30	...	470	400	5,675
Kamloops	62	3,647	1,138	35	...	145	1,390	452	...	...	22	71	181	132	144	168	6,240
Kootenay	50	1,075	195	37	...	140	727	590	...	...	3	14	30	...	8	6	1,035
Kwawkewlth	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	4	770
Lytton	52	762	395	40	...	86	320	358	286	...	39	226	277	...	76	137	2,069
Nass	...	5	...	1	...	12	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	950
New Westminster	26	417	72	29	8	109	431	480	221	212	39	192	1,098	...	92	796	6,040
Okanagan	32	1,455	470	33	...	465	1,075	1,150	80	80	15	65	255	...	...	...	1,545
Queen Charlotte	...	14	4	5	...	...	35	25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	400
Stikine	...	12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Stuart Lake	24	444	77	15	...	83	135	85	...	...	...	2	4	...	...	...	55
West Coast	...	12	...	18	...	...	59	22	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	1,095
Williams Lake	40	2,238	903	30	...	148	1,164	552	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	860
Total	310	11,220	3,419	259	8	1,221	5,773	3,949	1,687	952	119	583	1,885	132	794	1,525	27,199

Cape Breton (Eskasoni)	...	14	2	1	22	15	100
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Gore bay	...	118	19	2	...	15	45	46	26	20	16	51	234	7	4	8	510
Kenora	...	79	1	9	22	2	26	12	2	52
Manitowaming	8	408	94	26	14	106	290	189	142	9	25	317	614	26	22	10	2,111
Moravian	...	89	3	...	...	15	25	6	...	...	...	10	23	8	16	24	1,400
New Credit	1	96	12	2	...	16	85	48	13	7	...	19	77	23	21	25	917
Parry Sound	9	37	10	10	1	4	53	68	10	2	12	24	12	15	26	39	850
Rama	...	6	...	...	...	9	8	...	...	...	...	3	18	...	5	8	250
Rice Lake	...	46	3	2	...	14	51	65	...	...	...	13	153	29	74	...	755
Sarnia	1	100	7	4	...	14	51	31	...	...	9	34	61	122	...	107	2,184
Saugeen	2	85	10	1	...	5	48	45	...	...	...	10	25	30	20	25	350
Sault Ste. Marie	5	106	9	5	6	...	57	77	...	...	...	...	8	...	...	...	1,067
Savanne	...	13	...	7	7	...	16	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	80
Scugog	...	8	1	...	...	...	3	5	...	...	...	1	9	8	8	...	140
Six Nations	14	704	250	40	...	310	890	940	190	90	24	470	1,490	820	250	1,415	21,000
Sturgeon Falls	8	57	6	7	...	8	40	58	...	...	7	18	25	12	16	18	520
Thessalon	...	44	2	1	...	10	23	23	...	...	2	15	30	...	...	...	468
Tyendinaga	2	311	35	21	...	20	550	280	47	65	5	50	250	500	220	400	3,840
Walpole Island	3	255	61	1	...	...	139	106	...	...	4	47	117	88	3	153	2,213
Total	54	3,126	560	151	54	650	2,665	2,292	442	191	114	1,183	3,700	1,841	739	2,534	48,227

Agency.	Horses.			Cattle.					Other Stock.					Poultry.			
	Stallions.	Geldings and Mares.	Foals.	Bulls.	Oxen, Work.	Steers.	Cows, Milch.	Young Stock.	Sheep.	Lamps.	Boars.	Sows.	Other Pigs.	Turkeys.	Geese.	Ducks.	Cocks and Hens.
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Prince Edward Island	...	10	4	1	...	1	8	6	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	10	150
QUEBEC.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bécancour	...	2	1	1	...	...	7	6	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	25
Berimis	...	5	...	2	...	...	14	5	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	32
Cacouna	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Caughnawaga	2	325	50	90	...	60	350	240	...	...	...	125	700	350	50	75	8,000
Jeune Lorette	2	8	...	...	1	...	13	3	...	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	350
Maniwaki	...	32	...	...	...	...	44	35	4	6	6	10	17	3	...	...	217
Maria	...	2	...	1	...	10	11	9	10	7	1	2	6	...	...	...	90
Mingan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Oka	1	78	14	5	...	...	78	25	3	...	...	7	23	5	...	...	165
Pierreville	...	10	...	3	...	...	17	13	...	...	...	2	32	...	...	...	73
Pointe Bleue	3	38	6	7	8	18	85	35	10	...	7	37	52	...	...	...	400
Ristigouche	1	20	2	2	...	12	30	75	...	...	5	8	33	...	...	...	90
Seven Islands	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
St. Regis	1	204	20	16	4	30	310	190	15	...	15	85	129	300	100	64	561
Timiskaming	...	16	...	3	...	2	18	15	13	...	...	6	21	...	...	...	175
Total	10	740	93	130	13	132	977	651	55	13	34	283	1,024	658	150	139	10,178
SASKATCHEWAN.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Assiniboine	1	198	35	2	30	1	50	90	...	...	...	...	12	...	...	...	125
Battleford	9	572	55	14	63	123	382	341	...	...	1	7	12	...	...	...	775
Carlton	3	448	...	13	107	111	493	652	15	...	24	79	84	91	...	14	1,101
Crooked Lake	...	282	31	6	43	39	168	230	...	...	...	...	6	2	6	...	455
Duck Lake	4	338	47	1	113	72	269	539	11	6	...	...	34	...	...	...	737

Agency.	Horses.			Cattle.					Other Stock.					Poultry.			
	Stallions.	Geldings and Mares.	Foals.	Bulls.	Oxen, Work.	Steers.	Cows, Milch.	Young Stock.	Sheep.	Lamps.	Boars.	Sows.	Other Pigs.	Turkeys.	Geese.	Ducks.	Cocks and Hens.
File Hills Agency	...	90	10	3	3	63	96	163	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	97
File Hills Colony	...	127	13	2	15	47	69	124	...	...	...	...	18	20	5	...	505
Moose Mountain	...	130	...	3	14	42	48	50	...	...	...	6	25	4	...	...	50
Moose Woods	1	57	12	2	2	32	106	97	...	...	...	1	3	6	...	12	70
Onion Lake	...	437	...	1	69	85	314	300	...	...	...	25	81	...	...	...	370
Pelly	...	225	...	6	36	18	187	133	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	210
Qu'Appelle	...	386	26	9	11	75	188	302	...	...	...	...	47	...	...	...	90
Touchwood	6	342	46	15	55	57	285	310	...	...	...	...	32	...	3	3	757
Total	24	3,632	275	77	561	765	2,655	3,331	26	6	25	118	354	123	14	29	5,342

RECAPITULATION.

Province.	Horses.			Cattle.					Other Stock.					Poultry.			
	Stallions.	Geldings and Mares.	Foals.	Bulls.	Oxen, Work.	Steers.	Cows, Milch.	Young Stock.	Sheep.	Lamps.	Boars.	Sows.	Other Pigs.	Turkeys.	Geese.	Ducks.	Cocks and Hens.
Alberta	66	9,478	805	57	95	544	2,832	4,424	...	...	11	75	416	102	23	25	3,971
British Columbia	310	11,220	3,419	259	8	1,221	5,773	3,949	1,687	952	119	583	1,885	132	794	1,525	27,199
Manitoba	12	1,329	43	54	369	255	953	892	21	...	2	3	106	29	19	13	2,842
New Brunswick	...	41	1	1	...	7	38	50	...	...	1	8	4	3	...	16	475
Nova Scotia	...	54	9	5	17	26	122	117	85	14	...	10	23	...	11	11	1,072
Ontario	54	3,126	560	151	54	650	2,665	2,292	442	191	114	1,183	3,700	1,841	739	2,534	48,227
Prince Edward Island	...	10	4	1	...	1	8	6	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	10	150
Quebec	10	740	93	130	13	132	977	651	55	13	34	283	1,024	658	150	139	10,178
Saskatchewan	24	3,632	275	77	561	765	2,655	3,331	26	6	25	118	354	123	14	29	5,342
Total	476	29,630	5,209	735	1,117	3,601	16,023	15,712	2,316	1,176	306	2,263	7,514	2,888	1,750	4,302	99,456

TABLE No. 8 - GENERAL EFFECTS.

Agency.	Motor Boats.	Sail Boats.	Row Boats.	Canoes.	Rifles.	Shot Guns.	Steel Traps.	Nets.	Tents.
ALBERTA.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Blackfoot	...	...	5	...	50	40	50	...	140
Blood	...	...	...	...	40	15	...	...	275
Edmonton	...	...	16	20	96	73	1,644	50	101
Hobbema	...	...	1	...	80	83	1,637	31	129
Lesser Slaver Lake	...	...	...	32	27	26	402	92	37
Peigan	...	...	...	...	20	10	...	...	115
Saddle Lake	...	...	29	19	96	87	2,090	140	135
Sarcee	...	...	...	...	6	8	50	...	65
Stony	...	...	...	...	150	12	1,200	...	200
Total	...	...	51	71	565	354	7,073	313	1,197
BRITISH COLUMBIA.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Babine and Upper Skeena	...	13	19	207	605	322	8,900	173	137
Bella Coola	82	70	92	110	433	189	4,100	98	114
Cowichan	134	63	...	348	307	273	29	74	168
Kamloops	...	...	19	130	...	...	30	...	481
Kootenay	...	...	...	57	178	22	130	...	148
Kwawkewlth	59	73	74	295	256	174	2,920	216	109
Lytton	...	6	54	72	229	95	471	67	197
Nass	82	90	156	165	...	...	3,650	272	278
New Westminster	168	...	122	379	330	383	914	155	303
Okanagan	...	2	13	10	204	62	270	4	170
Queen Charlotte	18	...	110	20	55	75	160	25	70
Stikine	...	...	8	5	80	50	450	10	50
Stuart Lake	...	8	7	243	391	226	4,740	504	169
West Coast	40	47	...	1,171	328	392	2,173	123	159
Williams Lake	...	...	...	37	287	38	3,395	...	344
Total	583	872	674	3,249	3,683	2,301	32,272	1,721	2,897
MANITOBA.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Birtle	...	...	1	...	69	60	1,270	10	111
Clandeboyne	...	1	156	35	42	130	1,200	248	223
Fisher River	...	2	168	209	129	312	2,970	807	286

Agency.	Motor Boats.	Sail Boats.	Row Boats.	Canoes.	Rifles.	Shot Guns.	Steel Traps.	Nets.	Tents.
MANITOBA - Concluded.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Griswold	...	...	...	4	64	73	1,740	3	81
Manitowapah	...	61	176	168	168	282	7,304	1,557	317
Norway House	...	2	314	680	540	740	1,770	3,260	980
Pas	1	...	21	293	93	291	5,275	693	148
Portage - la - Prairie	2	...	10	9	55	50	1,274	...	93
Total	3	66	846	1,398	1,160	1,938	22,803	6,568	2,238
NEW BRUNSWICK.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Northern Division -	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Madawaska and Victoria Counties	...	...	...	9	13	7	28	1	6
Northeastern Division -	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gloucester, Kent, Northumberland, Restigouche and Westmorland Counties	1	35	52	19	45	100	376	200	18
Southwestern Division -	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Carleton, Charlotte, Kings, Queens, Sunburg, St. Johns and York, Counties	4	...	...	24	22	33	1,051	9	25
Total	5	35	52	52	80	140	1,455	210	49
NOVA SCOTIA.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Annapolis County	...	...	...	3	6	10	15	...	2
Antigonish and Guysborough Counties	...	4	4	...	5	22	28	11	1
Cape Breton (Eskasoni)	...	3	9	...	...	10	200	5	...
Cape Breton (Sydney)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Colchester County	...	...	...	...	2	15	30	...	...
Cumberland County	...	1	2	2	4	6	...	...	...
Digby County	...	...	...	8	11	4	145	...	9
Halifax County	...	3	7	...	13	29	45	...	3
Hants County	...	2	7	3	10	9	100	5	1
Inverness County	...	2	20	...	1	18	100	9	...
Kings County	2	4	4	15	1	100	1
Lunenburg County	10	5	6	22	25	3	4

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Prince Edward Island	3	3	15	1	...	23	54	22	...
QUEBEC.
Bécancour	2	6
Bersimis	...	3	3	116	31	119	1,340	15	114

Agency.	Motor Boats.	Sail Boats.	Row Boats.	Canoes.	Rifles.	Shot Guns.	Steel Traps.	Nets.	Tents.
QUEBEC - Concluded.
Cacouna	12	2	19	149	...	...
Caughnawaga	3	1	40	10	50	40	100	...	6
Jeune Lorette	8	10	30	450	...	7
Maniwaki	1	95	91	68	1,897	54	70
Maria	1	8	5	15	121	...	2
Mingan	...	11	4	45	23	513	2,500	...	50
Oka	26	3	...	...	...	...	2
Pierreville	10	5	6	25	450	...	204
Pointe Bleue	2	160	150	288	7,400	150	200
Ristigouche	2	15	26	2	120	...	...
Seven Islands	...	1	...	300	100	400	1,000	200	300
St. Regis	7	...	80	2	19	45	640	34	3
Timiskaming	2	24	23	11	300	15	21
Total	10	17	171	803	536	1,117	16,473	468	779
SASKATCHEWAN.
Assiniboine	8	48	895	1	47
Battleford	5	6	85	114	2,300	135	188
Carlton	8	79	178	174	4,441	311	202
Crooked Lake	53	68	107	16	144
Duck lake	10	1	92	159	3,636	16	156
File Hills Agency	19	36	88	...	43
File Hills Colony	12	24	44	...	...
Moose Mountain	1	35	53	12	400	48
Moose Woods	4	...	8	10	50	...	15
Onion Lake	13	32	125	123	3,850	118	153
Pelly	79	62	2,011	...	84
Qu' Apelle	42	65	715	17	154
Touchwood	70	102	3,601	4	150
Total	40	119	806	1,038	21,720	1,018	1,384

RECAPITULATION.

Province.	Motor Boats.	Sail Boats.	Row Boats.	Canoes.	Rifles.	Shot Guns.	Steel Traps.	Nets.	Tents.
Alberta	...	...	51	71	565	354	7,073	313	1,197
British Columbia	583	372	674	3,249	3,683	2,301	32,272	1,721	2,897
Manitoba	3	66	846	1,398	1,160	1,938	22,803	6,568	2,238
New Brunswick	5	35	52	52	80	140	1,455	210	49
Nova Scotia	5	27	95	44	116	236	947	221	32
Ontario	70	323	522	1,829	1,508	2,067	38,572	3,670	1,380
Prince Edward Island	3	3	15	1	...	23	54	22	...
Quebec	10	17	171	803	536	1,117	16,473	468	779
Saskatchewan	...	...	40	119	806	1,038	21,720	1,018	1,384
Total	679	843	2,466	7,566	8,454	9,214	141,369	14,211	9,956

TABLE No. 9 - EDUCATIONAL AND INDUSTRIAL.

Agency.	Education.				Number of able-bodied male adults.	Industrial population.	Number engaged in Farming.	Number engaged in Hunting, Trapping, or Fishing.	Number engaged in Stock raising.	Number engaged in other industries or occupations.	Number who wear modern clothing.
	Number who speak English.	Number who write English.	Number who speak French.	Number who write French.							
ALBERTA.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Blackfoot	163	140	...	...	175	200	78	10	120	40	640
Blood	300	250	...	...	325	360	67	3	400	25	1,050
Edmonton	104	50	57	5	153	295	101	66	63	20	708
Hobbena	89	54	...	...	149	...	117	41	66	21	776
Lesser Slave Lake	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Peigan	109	86	...	...	100	...	70	...	89	...	432
Saddle Lake	173	126	10	4	210	210	83	72	44	11	864
Sacree	29	24	...	...	38	38	33	2	18	5	46
Stony	85	62	...	...	125	125	...	125	50	...	654
Total	1,052	792	67	9	1,275	1,228	549	319	850	127	5,170
BRITISH COLUMBIA.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Babine and Upper Skeena	245	108	...	...	565	821	...	488	31	130	1,901
Bella Coola	148	70	...	...	377	377	10	361	24	305	1,520
Cowichan	1,689	206	...	...	406	419	154	119	...	315	1,712
Kamloops	179	47	7	...	634	636	549	10	...	71	2,342
Kootenay	200	103	1	...	167	423	139	148	118	86	505
Kwawkewlth	257	103	...	...	376	625	...	375	...	2	1,140
Lytton	1,901	157	...	...	615	610	562	45	...	34	2,264
Nass	811	746	...	...	522	522	...	522	6	212	1,834
New Westminster	1,469	433	...	...	2,414	1,302	387	392	520	315	474
Okanagan	48	11	...	...	189	190	191	2	166	...	874
Queen Charlotte	350	250	...	...	175	350	...	350	...	20	595
Stikine	220	42	...	...	158	175	...	172	...	40	640
Stuart Lake	162	19	110	3	308	526	40	448	58	113	1,355
West Coast	581	437	...	...	551	1,332	...	632	...	23	1,779
Williams Lake	695	166	5	...	353	182	174	188	144	124	423
Total	8,955	2,898	123	3	7,810	8,490	2,206	4,252	1,067	1,789	19,358

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Antigonish and Guysborough County	222	36	70	138	27	70	...	70	238
Cape Breton (Eskasoni)	90	65	1	...	125	65	25	40	23	40	125
Cape Breton (Sydney)	137	60	2	...	20	37	...	...	...	37	137
Colchester	97	25	...	...	18	...	...	5	...	14	97
Cumberland	72	35	...	...	16	16	...	12	...	...	77
Digby County	89	74	1	1	24	18	...	19	...	8	98
Halifax County	213	122	...	...	65	...	9	47	...	7	251
Hants County	107	32	...	...	25	28	8	17	3	25	110
Inverness County	125	19	2	1	44	30	27	32	11	5	208
Kings County	87	50	...	...	30	58	1	35	1	58	87
Lunenburg County	107	70	...	...	23	25	12	12	15	19	107
Pictou County	99	39	2	1	47	37	17	30	3	...	158
Queens County	51	24	...	...	51	29	15	20	19	8	39
Richmond County	90	40	...	...	40	40	38	15	...	26	145
Shelburne County	38	38	...	...	11	38	11	11	...	11	38
Victoria County	50	10	2	...	26	50	15	18	6	50	82
Yarmouth County	70	10	24	10	3	10	76
Total	1,80	779	10	3	679	679	210	397	71	378	2,133

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Edward Island	189	139	1	1	60	75	15	45	302
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Agency.	Education.				Number of able-bodied male adults.	Industrial population.	Number engaged in Farming.	Number engaged in Hunting, Trapping, or Fishing.	Number engaged in Stock raising.	Number engaged in other industries or occupations.	Number who wear modern clothing.
	Number who speak English.	Number who write English.	Number who speak French.	Number who write French.							
QUEBEC.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bécancour	1	1	23	11	9	9	1	...	1	9	23
Bersimis	1	...	252	148	188	180	6	176	...	5	596
Cacouna	...	...	20	15	30	35	...	...	...	...	122
Caughnawaga	1,300	600	500	50	620	510	75	...	...	550	2,100
Jeune Lorette	48	7	375	158	140	140	...	5	...	138	519
Maniwaki	284	77	246	14	126	115	15	58	...	53	444
Maria	80	40	10	2	24	15	3	10	2	24	115
Mingan	2	...	2	...	60	60	...	60	...	...	175
Oka	215	155	197	135	200	50	34	...	...	...	465
Pierreville	204	167	283	198	99	159	5	14	...	80	310
Points Bleue	75	30	409	180	175	203	78	190	...	...	602
Ristigouche	260	80	40	10	170	295	40	6	25	204	590
Seven Islands	...	...	63	23	280	280	...	280	...	...	693
St. Regis	1,050	250	2	...	450	710	61	39	...	50	1,655
Timiskaming	241	124	10	...	22	40	15	11	14	15	246
Total	3,761	1,531	2,432	944	2,593	2,801	333	849	42	1,128	8,655
SASKATCHEWAN.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Assiniboine	76	66	...	...	58	58	23	30	19	22	126
Battleford	158	98	8	2	207	313	102	150	133	95	914
Carlton	490	306	55	7	231	703	147	194	207	195	1,205
Crooked Lake	230	196	122	...	109	114	47	...	55	56	547
Duck Lake	272	233	4	...	248	529	95	169	148	32	956
File Hills Agency	64	57	25	1	32	32	5	22	27	61	92
File Hills Colony	143	82	38	...	38	38	38	...	26	30	162
Moose Mountain	33	30	1	...	56	36	47	21	20	15	5
Moose Woods	28	28	1	1	14	17	7	10	17	...	...
Onion Lake	137	135	6	6	211	307	66	133	122	43	884
Pelly	273	154	2	...	98	221	68	48	86	21	521
Qu' Appelle	199	183	3	...	100	100	80	...	64	...	521
Touchwood	341	272	3	...	169	176	103	162	113	...	475
Total	2,444	1,840	268	17	1,571	2,643	828	939	1,037	570	6,459

RECAPITULATION.

Province.	Education.				Number of able-bodied male adults.	Industrial population.	Number engaged in Farming.	Number engaged in Hunting, Trapping, or Fishing.	Number engaged in Stock raising.	Number engaged in other industries or occupations.	Number who wear modern clothing.
	Number who speak English.	Number who write English.	Number who speak French.	Number who write French.							
Alberta	1,052	792	67	9	1,275	1,228	549	319	850	127	5,170
British Columbia	8,955	2,898	123	3	7,810	9,400	2,206	4,252	1,067	1,789	19,358
Manitoba	4,148	1,946	103	7	2,365	2,406	230	1,978	144	358	10,443
New Brunswick	1,323	493	83	14	372	602	192	153	22	235	1,496
Nova Scotia	1,804	779	10	3	679	679	210	397	71	378	2,133
Ontario	14,509	8,909	1,370	82	5,782	7,201	1,888	2,416	889	2,379	21,781
Prince Edward Island	189	139	1	1	60	75	15	45	...	...	302
Quebec	3,761	1,531	2,432	944	2,593	2,801	333	849	42	1,128	8,655
Saskatchewan	2,444	1,840	268	17	1,571	2,643	828	939	1,037	570	6,459
Total	38,185	19,327	4,457	1,080	22,507	26,125	6,451	11,348	4,122	6,964	75,797

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Sarnia	34	27	20	40	2	1	1	1	1	1	1
Saugeen	10	15	15	150	1	1	1	1	1
Sault Ste. Marie	10	75	20	2	2	4	...	2
Savanne	12	...	...	8	...	...	...	15	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Scugog	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Six Nations	...	20	20	...	1	1	17	...	...	7	3	4	2	5	...	3	2	3
Sturgeon Falls	17	17	17	15	...	...	3	1	...	...	3	...	...	...	3	...	...	...
Thessalon	15	15	15	15	...	...	...	...	...	1	3	...	...	1	...	1	...	...
Tyendinaga	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Walpole island	39	40	39	64	...	...	6	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...
Total	372	500	486	1,828	1	1	44	87	13	19	38	6	17	19	16	14	3	5
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Prince Edward Island	11	2	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Agency.	New Land Improvements.				Buildings Erected.													
	Acres Cleared.	Acres Broken.	Acres cropped for first time.	Acres Fenced.	Dwellings, Stone.	Dwellings, Brick.	Dwellings, Frame.	Dwellings, Log.	Shanties.	Barns.	Horse Stables.	Driving Sheds.	Cattle Stables.	Pigsties.	Store Houses.	Root Houses.	Milk Houses.	Corn Cribs.
QUEBEC.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bécancour	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Barsimis	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cacouna	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Caughnawaga	10	6	3	10	...	...	6	...	...	1	1	...	3	...	...	...	...	...
Jeune Lorette	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Maniwaki	38	25	25	33	...	...	...	...	2	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Maria	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mingan	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Oka	5	...	5	25	...	...	3	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pierreville	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Pointe Bleue	10	4	6	...	...	...	3	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ristigouche	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...
Seven Islands	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
St. Regis	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	3	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	4
Timiskaming	5	5	5	3	...	...	...	...	4	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	69	40	44	73	...	...	13	...	6	7	6	1	3	3	1	...	...	4
SASKATCHEWAN.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Assiniboine	...	249	49	913	...	...	...	3	4	...	4	...	6	3	8	...	...	...
Battleford	...	242	239	...	...	...	...	7	1	...	3	2	1	...	...	1	...	...
Carlton	98	587	259	1,619	...	...	...	23	6	...	5	...	2	...	...	...	...	10
Crooked Lake	...	303	158	8,450	...	...	...	1	9	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Duck Lake	...	190	112	192	...	...	...	8	2	...	1	...	5	2	...	...	...	...
File Hills Agency	...	50	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
File Hills Colony	...	113	182	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Moose Mountain	3,362	1,240	70	...	...	...	1	7	...	...	5	...	4	1	...	...	...	...
Moose Woods	90	90	74	5,280	...	...	...	1	1	...	1	1	1	1	...	...	...	...
Onion Lake	...	447	251	1,625	...	...	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	14	...	...	...	...
Pelly	...	539	656	470	...	...	1	...	1	...	5	...	18	...	9	...	...	...
Qu'Appelle	...	273	180	225	...	...	23	15	...	1	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	4
Touchwood	...	215	55	3,000	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	...	...	...
Total	3,550	4,738	2,285	21,774	...	...	30	79	24	1	27	3	39	21	24	1	...	14

RECAPITULATION.

PROVINCE.	New Land Improvements.				Buildings Erected.													
	Acres Cleared.	Acres Broken.	Acres cropped for first time.	Acres Fenced.	Dwellings, Stone.	Dwellings, Brick.	Dwellings, Frame.	Dwellings, Log.	Shanties.	Barns.	Horse Stables.	Driving Sheds.	Cattle Stables.	Pigsties.	Store Houses.	Root Houses.	Milk Houses.	Corn Cribs.
Alberta	...	1,898	2,380	7,739	...	...	8	23	12	12	55	2	8	3	45	39	...	...
British Columbia	448	1,210	1,184	3,496	...	...	64	54	23	34	33	1	12	27	10	19	1	2
Manitoba	213	3,242	1,810	216	...	...	1	78	4	4	17	1	10	3	33	2	1	...
New Brunswick	42	38	16	17	...	...	60	...	9	8	6	4	...	...	...	1	...	...
Nova Scotia	80	19	12	74	...	...	2	1	28	5	3	1	1	3	2	...	...	...
Ontario	372	500	486	1,828	1	1	44	87	13	19	38	6	17	19	16	14	3	5
Prince Edward Island	11	2	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Quebec	69	40	44	73	...	...	13	...	6	7	5	1	3	3	1	...	...	4
Saskatchewan	3,550	4,738	2,285	21,774	...	...	30	79	24	1	27	3	39	21	24	1	...	14
Total	4,785	11,687	8,219	35,217	1	1	245	322	119	90	184	19	90	79	131	76	5	25

TABLE No. 11. - VALUE OF REAL AND PERSONAL PROPERTY AND PROGRESS DURING YEAR.

Agency.	Total Value of Lands in Reserves.	Value of Private Fencing.	Value of Private Buildings.	Value of Public Buildings, property of the Band.	Value of Implements and Vehicles.
ALBERTA.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Blackfoot	2,808,380 00	11,000 00	100,100 00	12,200 00	35,000 00
Blood	5,310,815 00	10,000 00	40,000 00	47,200 00	57,000 00
Edmonton	1,176,928 00	7,485 00	27,200 00	16,615 00	26,200 00
Hobbema	407,319 00	9,993 00	14,145 00	2,160 00	24,600 00
Lesser Slave Lake	...	...	...	...	...
Peigan	964,040 00	6,510 00	22,925 00	36,810 00	26,047 00
Saddle Lake	599,985 00	2,525 00	28,105 00	2,500 00	19,780 00
Sarcee	1,114,296 00	9,800 00	20,000 00	36,800 00	14,200 00
Stony	264,774 00	8,000 00	15,000 00	500 00	13,000 00
Total	12,646,537 00	65,313 00	267,475 00	154,785 00	215,827 00
BRITISH COLUMBIA.	...	...	...	...	...
Babine and Upper Skeena	218,010 00	17,750 00	123,100 00	15,435 00	12,900 00
Bella Coola	365,600 00	3,750 00	115,000 00	11,500 00	7,700 00
Cowichan	1,762,700 00	109,700 00	168,600 00	2,500 00	37,265 00
Kamloops	3,733,318 00	46,350 00	129,800 00	38,600 00	67,400 00
Kootenay	137,945 00	12,471 00	17,010 00	117,700 00	19,256 00
Kwawkewlth	278,121 00	990 00	53,515 00	2,475 00	8,350 00
Lytton	964,779 00	11,620 00	59,905 00	22,320 00	28,344 00
Nass	991,822 00	17,700 00	255,145 00	96,390 00	1,500 00
New Westminster	1,606,145 00	12,351 00	126,200 00	13,700 00	13,000 00
Okanagan	2,425,000 00	40,200 00	77,750 00	13,800 00	33,500 00
Queen Charlotte	104,520 00	800 00	25,000 00	1,600 00	9,000 00
Stikine	2,075 00	15 00	12,600 00	...	240 00
Stuart Lake	245,790 00	8,910 00	71,515 00	20,900 00	7,020 00
West Coast	114,000 00	4,375 00	107,500 00	...	1,410 00
Williams Lake	544,190 00	15,835 00	49,100 00	8,900 00	41,785 00
Total	13,494,015 00	302,817 00	1,391,740 00	405,820 00	288,670 00
MANITOBA.	...	...	...	...	...
Birtle	400,728 00	1,490 00	18,164 00	1,730 00	18,244 00
Clandeboye	211,509 00	975 00	30,025 00	...	3,115 00
Fisher River	918,740 00	4,130 00	60,695 00	13,200 00	10,415 00
Griswold	198,905 00	1,020 00	15,420 00	7,200 00	25,120 00
Manitowpah	203,938 00	1,252 00	27,350 00	15,150 00	11,950 00
Norway House	80,949 00	475 00	47,475 00	...	962 00
Pas	88,039 00	1,065 00	33,250 00	3,675 00	3,173 00

Portage - la - Prairie	200,882 00	3,105 00	7,925 00	8,050 00	10,000 00
Total	2,303,690 00	13,512 00	240,304 00	49,005 00	82,969 00
NEW BRUNSWICK.	...	...	...	...	...
Northern Division.	...	...	...	...	...
Madawaska and Victoria Counties	19,060 00	200 00	10,500 00	10,750 00	1,300 00
Northeastern Division.	...	...	...	...	...
Gloucester, Kent, Northumberland, Restigouche and Westmorland Counties	46,440 00	2,150 00	25,140 00	30,200 00	4,500 00
Southwestern Division.	...	...	...	...	...
Carleton, Charlotte, Queens, Sunbury, St. Johns and York Counties	5,700 00	50 00	9,075 00	3,600 00	160 00
Total	71.200 00	2,400 00	44,70 00	42,550 00	5,960 00

TABLE No. 11. - VALUE OF REAL AND PERSONAL PROPERTY AND PROGRESS DURING YEAR.

Agency.	Value of Live Stock and Poultry.	Value of General Effects.	Value of Household Effects.	Total Value of Real and Personal Property.	Progress during Year 1914.		
					Value of New Land Impro's.	Value of Buildings Erected.	Total Increase in Value.
ALBERTA.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Blackfoot	135,000 00	5,000 00	21,000 00	3,127,680 00	400 00	...	400 00
Blood	435,970 00	4,200 00	11,000 00	5,916,185 00	6,500 00	6,500 00	13,000 00
Edmonton	58,295 00	3,325 00	4,300 00	1,320,348 00	2,087 00	1,955 00	4,042 00
Hobbema	39,206 00	3,548 00	4,803 00	505,774 00	8,090 00	2,740 00	10,830 00
Lesser Slave Lake	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Peigan	150,151 00	1,060 00	1,435 00	1,208,978 00	...	1,065 00	1,065 00
Saddle Lake	54,480 00	3,775 00	6,775 00	717,925 00	660 00	4,485 00	5,145 00
Sacree	20,525 00	500 00	2,200 00	1,218,321 00	200 00	...	200 00
Stony	41,000 00	3,000 00	10,000 00	355,274 00	...	...	...
Total	934,627 00	24,408 00	61,513 00	14,370,485 00	17,987 00	16,746 00	34,682 00
BRITISH COLUMBIA.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Babine and Upper Skeena	29,800 00	44,100 00	31,500 00	492,095 00	7,100 00	6,100 00	13,200 00
Bella Coola	14,765 00	53,500 00	37,900 00	609,715 00	1,000 00	4,900 00	5,900 00
Cowichan	43,000 00	26,845 00	41,400 00	2,192,010 00	...	300 00	300 00
Kamloops	303,610 00	6,935 00	15,150 00	4,341,163 00	...	1,300 00	1,300 00
Kootenay	85,681 00	5,154 00	6,090 00	401,307 00	1,680 00	906 00	2,580 00
Kwawkewlth	560 00	44,200 00	63,200 00	451,411 00	...	1,300 00	1,300 00
Lytton	72,245 00	5,275 00	20,375 00	1,181,863 00	9,050 00	4,090 00	13,140 00
Nass	4,450 00	75,000 00	33,100 00	1,475,107 00	...	...	...
New Westminster	56,415 00	47,290 00	63,200 00	1,978,301 00	17,950 00	3,900 00	21,850 00
Okanagan	205,000 00	5,900 00	11,700 00	2,812,850 00	2,700 00	4,950 00	7,650 00
Queen Charlotte	2,700 00	6,500 00	9,000 00	159,120 00	600 00	1,700 00	2,300 00
Stikine	1,900 00	12,444 00	11,500 00	40,774 00	...	7,500 00	7,500 00
Stuart Lake	27,645 00	22,369 00	16,975 00	421,124 00	2,795 00	2,885 00	5,680 00
West Coast	4,866 00	57,657 00	31,650 00	321,458 00	195 00	...	195 00
Williams Lake	109,150 00	8,970 00	6,950 00	784,880 00	2,390 00	1,800 00	4,190 00
Total	961,287 00	422,139 00	399,690 00	17,666,178 00	45,460 00	41,625 00	87,085 00
MANITOBA.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Birtle	37,260 00	3,649 00	3,465 00	484,730 00	1,590 00	880 00	2,470 00
Clandeboye	19,678 00	5,595 00	9,415 00	280,312 00	125 00	900 00	1,025 00
Fisher River	22,945 00	16,875 00	26,150 00	1,073,150 00	730 00	10,679 00	11,400 00
Griswold	24,100 00	2,096 00	3,650 00	277,511 00	685 00	650 00	1,335 00
Manitowapah	78,020 00	14,840 00	11,700 00	364,200 00	450 00	12,570 00	13,020 00

Norway House	1,905 00	51,878 00	18,500 00	202,134 00	434 00	2,475 00	2,909 00
Pas	13,540 00	20,080 00	5,730 00	168,552 00	80 00	1,250 00	1,330 00
Portage - la - Prairie	15,310 00	1,450 00	3,850 00	250,572 00	7,640 00	8,250 00	15,890 00
Total	212,758 00	116,463 00	82,460 00	3,101,161 00	11,734 00	37,645 00	49,379 00
NEW BRUNSWICK.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Northern Division.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Madawaska and Victoria Counties	18,070 00	425 00	6,900 00	67,205 00	130 00	925 00	1,055 00
Northeastern Division.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Gloucester, Kent, Northumberland, Restigouche and Westmorland Counties	3,289 00	6,000 00	15,700 00	133,419 00	125 00	5,500 00	5,625 00
Southwestern Division	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Carleton, Charlotte, Kings, Queens, Sunbury, St. Johns and York Counties	694 00	1,393 00	1,560 00	20,232 00	...	...	...
Total	22,053 00	7,818 00	24,160 00	220,856 00	255 00	6,425 00	6,680 00

Agency.	Total Value of Lands in Reserves.	Value of Private Fencing.	Value of Private Buildings.	Value of Public Buildings, property of the Band.	Value of Implements and Vehicles.
NOVA SCOTIA.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Annapolis County	1,000	40	1,200	...	75
Antigonish and Guysborough Counties	12,900	330	1,700	3,800	25
Cape Breton (Eskasoni)	12,005	609	8,750	6,729	2,540
Cape Breton (Sydney)	12,200	...	7,500	600	...
Colchester County	1,800	40	1,776	250	175
Cumberland County	250	...	300	...	100
Digby County	1,675	50	1,800	1,600	40
Halifax County	1,700	265	1,380	...	386
Hants County	10,510	500	5,000	1,500	1,900
Inverness County	9,675	1,020	8,900	4,330	530
Kings County	4,000	100	2,000	...	...
Lunenburg County	4,000	320	7,865	600	883
Pictou County	2,300	280	6,000	5,000	300
Queens County	1,000	50	2,310	...	150
Richmond County	7,000	350	3,800	10,000	800
Shelburne County	...	500	1,400	...	40
Victoria County	4,500	275	1,810	3,200	250
Yarmouth County	150	...	125	...	...
Total	86,665	4,729	63,605	37,609	8,194
ONTARIO.	...	...	...	...	...
Alnwick	60,000	4,900	18,800	3,600	2,300
Cape Croker	120,500	2,300	49,200	30,000	6,000
Caradoc	133,536	17,886	94,190	...	21,170
Chapleau	18,400	...	10,500	...	...
Chritian Island	29,400	8,50	7,500	3,0(0	2,100
Fort Frances	281,636	1,100	20,000	6,250	1,750
Fort William	200,000	785	45,610	3,900	1,700
Georgina Island	32,150	850	6,425	1,650	1,250
Golden Lake	4,329	500	2,725	3,100	500
Gore Bay	67,000	14,770	25,272	18,400	8,854
Kenora	123,329	357	7,770	265	3,323
Manitowaning	202,753	14,930	55,460	22,950	34,952
Moravian	95,300	5,800	30,600	5,000	8,500

New Credit	210,000	8,600	41,400	8,900	9,000
Parry Sound	127,145	1,300	18,875	19,000	3,000
Rama	40,000	3,000	15,250	12,200	1,250
Rice Lake	107,000	2,700	32,700	8,800	5,300
Sarnia	510,000	6,970	35,520	17,000	14,975
Saugeen	65,000	1,700	12,000	18,500	3,500
Sault Ste. Marie	49,600	2,525	27,000	25,600	6,000
Savanne	101,381	141	5,220	90	2,228
Scugog	68,000	1,798	2,000	500	572
Six Nations	1,092,400	436,960	650,255	55,000	219,000
Sturgeon Falls	241,680	2,000	29,300	11,000	3,300
Thessalon	133,958	8,905	12,550	9,600	850
Tyendinaga	645,300	134,825	89,155	39,300	42,754
Walpole Island	68,160	7,483	21,015	...	9,069
...	4,827,957	683,935	1,366,092	324,608	413,197
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.	...	...	...	...	...
Prince Edward Island	20,214	1,630	7,200	8,000	890

Agency.	Value of Live Stock and Poultry.	Value of General Effects.	Value of Household Effects.	Total Value of Real and Personal Property.	Progress during Year 1915.		
					Value of New Land Improvements.	Value of Buildings Erected.	Total Increase in Value.
NOVA SCOTIA.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Annapolis	250	25	135	2,725	...	...	...
Antigonish and Guysborough Counties	310	660	350	20,075	...	...	...
Cape Breton (Eskasoni)	2,100	1,527	1,211	35,471	300	500	800
Cape Breton (Sydney)	...	500	500	21,300	...	...	...
Colchester County	175	125	300	4,640	...	75	75
Cumberland County	600	800	700	2,750	...	...	...
Digby County	42	965	600	6,072	...	85	85
Halifax County	800	900	1,240	6,726	...	...	...
Hants County	...	700	2,000	22,110	60	200	260
Inverness County	1,600	425	860	27,340	60	200	260
Kings County	400	150	250	6,900	100	...	100
Lunenburg County	1,940	380	1,800	17,778	340	323	663
Pictou County	400	600	600	15,480	...	600	600
Queens County	220	...	250	3,980	100	...	100
Richmond County	975	1,650	700	25,275	300	2,600	2,900
Shelburne County	100	650	500	3,190	...	...	...
Victoria County	1,000	300	500	11,835	30	50	80
Yarmouth County	...	...	...	275	...	...	...
Total	10,912	9,712	12,496	233,922	1,290	4,983	6,273
ONTARIO.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Alnwick	3,000	1,365	7,260	101,225	...	100	100
Cape Croker	17,800	...	19,800	245,600	...	300	300
Caradoc	44,275	690	28,523	340,270	342	625	967
Chapleau	...	3,410	...	32,110	...	...	...
Christian Island	4,500	2,800	2,700	52,850	2,000	2,300	4,300
Fort Frances	7,200	7,900	8,500	334,836	300	5,000	5,300

Fort William	3,730	16,106	9,830	281,661	1,000	1,418	2,418
Georgina Island	4,900	920	2,200	50,345	...	...	...
Golden Lake	1,000	950	2,000	14,404	...	...	...
Gore Bay	17,400	3,207	13,987	168,890	360	1,055	1,415
Kenora	5,273	12,339	15,115	167,771	144	690	834
Manitowaning	59,884	11,526	30,610	433,065	2,365	2,595	4,960
Morivian	20,000	1,000	10,000	176,200	...	600	600
New Credit	17,800	600	10,000	306,300	400	950	1,350
Parry Sound	4,000	5,200	16,00	194,520	280	4,000	4,280
Rama	1,860	1,400	7,250	83,210	...	...	...
Rice Lake	9,200	2,890	10,300	178,890	...	...	...
Sarnia	12,900	2,200	13,200	612,765	100	800	900
Saugeen	9,500	1,500	5,500	117,200	100	2,000	2,100
Sault Ste. Marie	11,500	9,750	1,300	133,275	1,000	1,200	2,200
Savanne	1,819	12,893	12,979	136,751	42	525	567
Scugog	1,319	356	1,040	75,585	...	...	...
Six Nations	199,800	3,000	59,000	2,715,415	600	35,025	35,625
Sturgeon Falls	12,900	12,800	28,000	340,980	340	2,000	2,340
Thessalon	9,076	8,533	7,960	191,432	500	375	875
Tyendinaga	84,347	2,645	55,800	1,1094,126	...	1,600	1,600
Walpole Island	21,846	2,544	8,657	138,774	...	...	...
...	586,829	127,824	387,511	8,717,950	9,873	63,158	73,031
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Prince Edward Island	1,500	2,000	3,000	44,434	300	100	400

Agency.	Total Value of Lands in Reserves.	Value of Private Fencing.	Value of Private Buildings.	Value of Public Buildings, property of the Band.	Value of Implements and Vehicles.
QUEBEC.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Bécancour	4,000	160	1,620	...	289
Bersimis	36,000	445	17,300	3,000	205
Cacouna	...	3,700	...	...	...
Caughnawaga	742,000	8,050	376,500	60,000	30,000
Jeune Lorette	22,000	350	35,800	25,000	1,700
Maniwaki	16,235	2,225	10,977	2,043	3,233
Maria	22,600	500	1,000	3,000	1,030
Mingan	...	...	4,000	500	...
Oka	...	3,900	39,700	3,000	6,500
Pierreville	25,000	825	52,000	2,000	500
Pointe Bleue	28,750	4,205	20,100	6,000	4,950
Ristigouche	170,000	12,000	45,000	...	114,000
Seven Islands	500	...	4,700	1,500	...
St. Regis	228,425	1,350	71,000	15,000	10,600
Timiskaming	22,700	700	8,300	1,400	1,450
Total	1,318,210	38,410	687,997	122,443	174,467
SASKATCHEWAN.	...	...	...	...	...
Assiniboine	398,144	3,552	17,550	6,975	10,765
Battleford	1,501,568	9,975	20,200	300	35,400
Carlton	741,390	11,182	35,180	31,200	41,957
Crooked Lake	818,560	42,000	20,530	2,050	27,171
Duck Lake	1,933,540	3,340	46,470	9,580	31,264
File Hills Agency	407,597	6,475	9,450	300	14,800
File Hills Colony	276,515	300	20,000	3,200	11,000
Moose Mountain	206,000	600	8,000	2,400	8,000
Moose Woods	67,200	600	200	...	150
Onion Lake	1,802,695	18,890	39,200	2,000	17,155
Pelly	844,050	2,100	23,250	3,750	20,400
Qu'Appelle	966,964	4,102	29,600	3,900	29,482
Touchwood	1,123,334	11,146	26,701	2,300	33,594
Total	10,587,557	114,262	296,234	66,955	281,138

Agency.	Value of Live Stock and Poultry.	Value of General Effects.	Value of Household Effects.	Total Value of Real and Personal Property.	Progress during Year 1915.		
					Value of New Land Improvements.	Value of Buildings Erected.	Total Increase in Value.
QUEBEC.	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Bécancour	630	11	59	6,769	...	...	...
Berimis	1,500	5,000	6,500	69,950	...	...	...
Cacouna	...	...	...	3,700	...	...	...
Caughnawaga	59,500	2,000	60,000	1,338,050	550	1,500	4,050
Jeune Lorette	1,000	1,000	10,000	96,850	...	...	...
Maniwaki	6,486	5,400	6,060	52,659	660	585	1,245
Maria	900	300	2,000	31,330	25	150	75
Mingan	...	4,000	5,000	13,500	...	...	...
Oka	16,500	...	4,400	74,000	100	400	500
Pierreville	2,150	812	14,800	98,087	...	...	...
Pointe Bleue	6,930	21,170	8,700	100,805	350	1,100	1,450
Ristigouche	9,000	15,000	14,000	379,000	...	...	...
Seven Islands	...	59,000	12,000	77,700	...	...	...
St. Regis	34,250	980	14,275	375,880	...	4,000	4,000
Timiskaming	2,750	1,000	3,200	41,500	200	150	350
Total	141,596	115,673	160,994	2,759,780	3,885	7,785	11,6410
SASKATCHEWAN.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Assiniboine	32,047	2,727	4,000	475,760	7,840	1,885	9,725
Battleford	101,130	7,650	13,900	1,690,123	1,223	2,650	3,875
Carlton	125,735	12,815	12,213	1,011,672	5,199	3,575	8,774
Crooked Lake	48,489	2,657	7,200	968,657	6,733	675	7,408
Duck Lake	99,395	6,340	16,780	2,146,709	950	2,745	3,695
File Hills Agency	26,800	1,130	5,220	471,772	250	270	520
File Hills Colony	33,052	400	4,000	348,467	1,565	...	1,565
Moose Mountain	22,000	2,100	3,500	252,600	800	2,000	2,800
Moose Woods	17,028	100	500	85,778	300	200	500
Onion Lake	85,753	3,835	7,500	1,981,028	3,879	4,429	8,308
Pally	41,800	3,000	10,200	448,550	1,980	3,100	5,080
Qu, Appelle	88,988	2,755	9,425	1,134,117	1,426	15,140	16,566
Touchwood	86,312	8,750	13,950	1,306,090	1,560	950	2,510
Total	808,530	58,259	108,388	12,321,323	33,707	37,619	71,326

RECAPITULATION.

Province.	Total Value of Lands in Reserves.	Value of Private Fencing.	Value of Private Buildings.	Value of Public Buildings, property of the Band.	Value of Implements and Vehicles.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Alberta	12,646,537	65,313	267,475	154,785	215,827
British Columbia	13,494,015	302,817	1,391,740	405,826	288,670
Manitoba	2,303,690	13,512	240,304	49,005	82,969
New Brunswick	71,200	2,400	44,715	42,550	5,960
Nova Scotia	86,665	4,729	63,605	37,609	8,194
Ontario	4,827,957	683,935	1,366,092	324,605	413,197
Prince Edward Island	20,214	1,630	7,200	8,000	890
Quebec	1,318,210	38,410	687,997	122,443	174,457
Saskatchewan	10,587,557	114,262	296,234	66,955	281,138
Total	45,366,045	1,227,008	4,365,362	1,211,772	1,471,302

RECAPITULATION.

Agency.	Value of Live Stock and Poultry.	Value of General Effects.	Value of Household Effects.	Total Value of Real and Personal Property.	Progress during Year 1915.		
					Value of New Land Improvements.	Value of Buildings Erected.	Total Increase in Value.
...	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Alberta	934,627	24,408	61,513	14,370,485	17,937	16,745	34,682
British Columbia	961,287	422,139	399,690	17,666,178	45,460	41,625	87,085
Manitoba	212,758	116,463	82,460	3,101,161	11,734	37,645	49,379
New Brunswick	22,053	7,818	24,160	220,856	255	6,425	6,680
Nova Scotia	10,912	9,712	12,496	233,922	1,290	4,983	6,273
Ontario	586,829	127,824	387,511	8,717,950	9,873	63,158	73,031
Prince Edward Island	1,500	2,000	3,000	44,434	300	100	400
Quebec	141,596	115,673	160,994	2,759,780	3,885	7,785	11,670
Saskatchewan	808,530	58,259	108,388	12,321,323	33,707	37,619	71,326
Total	3,680,092	884,296	1,240,212	59,436,089	124,441	216,085	340,526

TABLE No. 12 - SOURCES AND VALUE OF INCOME.

[illegible]

Birtle	30,772 00	2,301 00	3,409 00	...	512 00	4,581 00	2,630 00	3,286 51	47,491 51
Clandeboyne	5,756 00	760 00	4,600 00	354 00	3,025 00	6,250 00	...	8,329 85	29,074 85
Fisher River	7,775 00	4,550 00	17,750 00	1,700 00	20,700 00	25,500 00	20,250 00	11,886 55	110,111 55

(Sydney)	...	...	4,00000	...	...	...	4,000 00	7 86	8,007 86
Colchester County	13500	...	3,000 00	...	175 00	250 00	1,150 00	...	4,710 00
Cumberland County	...	...	11000 00	...	50 00	250 00	700 00	42 47	2,042 47
Digby County	365 00	...	1,900 00	...	75 00	300 00	900 00	...	3,540 00
Halifax County	1,500 00	920 00	6,225 00	...	100 00	3,800 00	10,600 00	84 74	23,229 47
Hants County	900 00	400 00	500 00	...	50 00	2,000 00	2,000 00	...	5,850 00
Inverness County	2,900 00	145 00	3,500 00	200 00	300 00	75 00	1,200 00	...	8,320 00
Kings County	325 00	40 00	2,000 00	...	100 00	200 00	1,000 00	...	3,665 00
Lunenburg County	2,575 00	1,175 00	3,600 00	...	675 00	775 00	1,250 00	08	10,050 08
Pictou County	700 00	500 00	3,500 00	...	1,000 00	200 00	7,500 00	...	13,400 00
Queens County	1,200 00	115 00	1,300 00	100 00	240 00	400 00	...	65 53	3,420 53
Richmond County	1,600 00	290 00	1,980 00	...	975 00	25 60	315 00	...	5,185 00
Shelburne County	100 00	30 00	1,500 00	...	150 00	350 00	275 00	...	2,405 00
Victoria County	2,400 00	230 00	2,800 00	1100 01	180 00	210 00	1,200 00	5 39	7,135 39
Yarmouth County	...	...	100 00	...	...	...	...	...	100 00
Total	18,990 00	4,095 00	45,700 00	410 00	4920 00	9,360 00	41,395 00	218 43	125,088 43

[1Complete figures for Lesser Slave Lake Agency not available.]

Edward Island	1,425 00	160 00	...	...	4,500 00	40 00	5,000 00	...	11,125 00
QUEBEC.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bécancour	590 00	40 00	500 00	620 00	...	...	500 00	226 84	2,476 84
Bersimis	450 00	250 00	1,500 00	...	800 00	17,500 00	3,300 00	140 80	23,940 80

Agency.	Value of Farm Products, including Hay.	Value of Beef sold, also of that used for food.	Wages Earned.	Received from Land Rental and from Timber.	Earned by Fishing.	Earned by Hunting and Trapping.	Earned by other Industries and Occupations.	Annuities paid, and Interest on Indian Trust Funds.	Total Income of Indian.
Cacouna	...	...	2,220 00	220 00	370 00	700 00	1,935 00	272 30	5,717 39
Caughnawaga	50,000 00	4,000 00	76,000 00	5,609 00	...	...	12,000 00	1,014 58	148,623 58
Jeune Lorette	...	...	20,000 00	...	...	800 00	17,000 00	486 08	38,286 08
Maniwaki	5,667 00	119 00	13,393 00	757 00	210 00	12,106 00	2319 00	1,563 97	36,134 97
Maria	900 00	130 00	2,900 00	...	200 00	350 00	1,550 00	...	6,030 00
Mingan	...	...	...	...	330 00	2,000 00	...	...	2,330 00
Oka	6,000 00	2,300 00	10,800 00	...	125 00	...	...	319 27	19,544 27
Pierreville	2,100 00	317 00	3,140 00	94 00	...	312 00	6,740 00	210 03	12,913 03
Pointe Bleue	9,000 00	1,000 00	6,000 00	...	400 00	25,000 00	2,000 00	273 12	43,673 12
Restigouche	9,500 00	750 00	28,000 00	3,800 00	280 00	500 00	8,500 00	27 52	51,357 52
Seven Island	...	...	...	...	...	6,000 00	...	...	6,000 00
St. Regis	58,971 00	16,100 00	67,000 00	527 00	2,000 00	1,500 00	13,000 00	2,555 47	161,653 47
Timiskaming	3,500 00	300 00	4,000 00	...	150 00	2,500 00	200 00	974 51	11,624 51
Total	146,678 00	25,306 00	235,453 00	11,627 00	4,865 00	69,268 00	69,044 00	8,064 49	570,305 49
SASKATCHEWAN.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Assiniboine	24,418 00	4,952 00	1,466 00	...	50 00	1,000 00	7,688 00	1759 21	41,333 21
Battleford	49,881 00	8,892 00	11,986 00	...	2,280 00	7,990 00	11,145 00	7,030 58	99,204 58
Carlton	59,112 00	11,320 00	12,510 00	...	4,400 00	16,935 00	12,278 00	6,105 58	122,660 58
Crooked Lake	33,798 00	2,934 00	4,000 00	...	1,350 00	1,500 00	8,366 00	8,299 71	60,247 71
Duck Lake	11,668 00	9,961 00	7,408 00	...	1,130 00	22,508 00	3,699 00	7,234 68	63,608 65
File Hills Agency	8,983 00	4,970 00	400 00	...	...	1,200 00	2,050 00	1,705 45	19,308 45
File Hills Colony	12,212 00	3,080 00	800 00	...	...	200 00	1,000 00	...	17,292 00
Moose Mountain	20,000 00	3,000 00	1,400 00	1,650 00	1,000 00	4,500 00	4,000 00	2,661 02	38,211 02
Moose Woods	1,482 00	3,235 00	1,207 00	130 00	...	974 00	...	...	7,028 00
Onion Lake	18,988 00	10,032 00	5,593 00	3,232 00	8,200 00	19,055 00	4,004 00	5,540 55	74,644 55
Pelly	26,500 00	1,500 00	5,050 00	2,700 00	...	5,500 00	...	6,785 07	48,035 07
Qu'Appelle	48,562 00	4,060 00	5,550 00	...	1,750 00	2,900 00	8,500 00	7,075 87	78,397 87
Touchwood	33,758 00	6,123 00	13,845 00	...	4,500 00	49,150 00	6,600 00	4,237 43	118,213 43
Isle à la Crosse	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10,196 00	10,190 00
Total	349,362 00	74,059 00	71,215 00	7,712 00	24,660 00	133,412 00	69,330 00	68,625 15	789,375 15

[1No further details for Isle à la Crosse available.]

RECAPITULATION.

PROVINCE.	Value of Farm Products, including Hay.	Value of Beef sold, also of that used for food.	Wages Earned.	Received from Land Rental and from Timber.	Earned by Fishing.	Earned by Hunting and Trapping.	Earned by other Industries and Occupations.	Annuities paid, and Interest on Indian Trust Funds.	Total Income of Indian.
...	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Alberta	301,711 00	62,513 00	103,986 00	13,025 00	5,795 00	30,654 00	65,209 00	70,784 72	653,677 72
British Columbia	655,490 00	94,417 00	285,023 00	2,695 00	365,165 00	152,181 00	168,490 00	9,676 69	1,733,137 69
Manitoba	162,451 00	13,891 00	124,504 00	2,254 00	92,598 00	233,981 00	60,055 00	61,409 59	151,143 59
New Brunswick	6,482 00	200 00	56,820 00	25 00	7,466 00	1,472 00	8,540 00	1,237 85	82,236 85
Nova Scotia	18,990 00	4,095 00	45,700 00	410 00	4,920 00	9,360 00	41,395 00	218 43	125,088 43
Ontario	603,918 00	33,138 00	807,672 00	79,378 00	145,565 00	160,518 00	106,235 00	230,479 49	1,966,903 49
Prince Edward Island	1,426 00	160 00	...	...	4,500 00	40 00	5,000 00	...	11,125 00
Quebec	146,678 00	25,366 00	235,453 00	11,627 00	4,865 00	69,268 00	69,044 00	8,064 49	570,305 49
Saskatchewan	349,362 00	74,059 00	71,215 00	7,712 00	24,660 00	133,412 00	69,330 00	68,625 15	795,375 15
Total	2,246,507 00	307,779 00	1,530,373 00	117,126 00	655,528 00	790,886 00	593,298 00	450,496 41	6,691,993 41

SCHOOL STATEMENT

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SCHOOL STATEMENT.

STATEMENT OF Indian Day Schools in the Dominion (from which returns have been received) for the Fiscal Year ended March 31, 1916.

NOTE. - The 'Standard' indicates the classification of the pupils according to the reading book used and, therefore, shows the degree of general advancement in all the studies prescribed by the curriculum, thus: -

Standard I	First Reader, Part I	Standard IV	Third Reader.
Standard II	Second Reader Part II	Standard V	Fourth Reader.
Standard III	Second Reader	Standard VI	Fifth Reader.

[illegible]

1Bishopville	at Bishopville	Kings County	Miss Elizabeth A. Woodworth	Roman Catholic	2	3	5	2	1	1	1	...	...	2	1Bishopville
Tufts Cove	at Tufts Cove	Halifax County	George F. Richardson	Roman Catholic	6	8	14	5	4	1	2	6	1	...	Tufts Cove
Afton	Afton	Antigonish County	William J. Rogers	Roman Catholic	21	21	42	17	23	9	9	1	...	...	Afton
Total, Nova Scotia	...	...	...	...	157	141	298	137	144	55	40	33	10	16	Total, Nova Scotia
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.
Lennox Island	Lennox Island	P.E.I. Superintendency	Jacob Sark	Roman Catholic	20	19	39	17	24	8	4	3	...	...	Lennox Island
3Rocky Point	Rocky Point	P.E.I. Superintendency	Peter Scully	Roman Catholic	4	5	9	6	6	3	...	...	...	...	3Rocky Point
Total, Prince Edward Island.	...	...	...	...	24	24	48	23	30	11	4	3	...	...	Total, Prince Edward Island.
NEW BRUNSWICK.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	NEW BRUNSWICK.
Burnt Church	Church Point	Northeastern	Miss Harriet E. Keating	Roman Catholic	24	21	45	23	21	6	8	6	4	...	Burnt Church
Big Cove	Big Cove	Northeastern	Miss Alice McLaughlin	Roman Catholic	16	18	34	13	14	13	5	2	...	...	Big Cove
1Beaumont, S.S. No. 15	Fort Folly	Northeastern	Miss Emerise Cormier	Roman Catholic	3	3	6	2	3	1	1	1	...	...	1Beaumont, S.S. No. 15
Eel Ground	Eel Ground	Northeastern	Miss Margaret Isaacs	Roman Catholic	13	17	30	18	15	9	4	2	...	...	Eel Ground
Eel River	Eel River	Northeastern	Miss Marie LeBlanc	Roman Catholic	8	14	22	16	9	7	...	6	...	...	Eel River
Red Bank	Red Bank	Northeastern	Miss Ena A. Cormier	Roman Catholic	5	8	13	10	5	8	...	...	...	...	Red Bank
Kingslear	Kingsclear	Southwestern	Miss Florence O'Brien	Roman Catholic	7	15	22	16	3	8	5	4	2	...	Kingslear
Oromocto	Oromocto	Southwestern	Mrs. B.J. McCaffrey	Roman Catholic	10	11	21	12	9	4	4	1	3	...	Oromocto
St. Mary's	St. Mary's	Southwestern	Miss M.T. Hughes	Roman Catholic	10	18	28	18	11	5	8	4	...	...	St. Mary's
Woodstock	Woodstock	Southwestern	Miss Genevieve Brophy	Roman Catholic	9	3	12	7	2	5	2	3	...	...	Woodstock
Edmundston	Edmundston	Northern	Miss Annie	Roman	8	6	14	12	1	4	3	6	...	...	Edmundston

			Michaud	Catholic											
Tobique	Tobique	Northern	Miss Ethel F. McGrand	Roman Catholic	21	17	38	27	12	11	6	4	5	...	Tobique
Total, New Brunswick.	...	...	...	...	134	151	285	174	105	81	46	39	14	...	Total, New Brunswick.

[1White school attended by Indian children.]

[2Open from August to December, 1915, only.]

[3New school, opened during October, 1915.]

Village	St. Regis	St. Regis	Nellie Keon	Undenominational	34	29	63	46	30	11	8	10	4	...	Village
Chenail	St. Regis	St. Regis	Miss Catherine McCaffrey	Undenominational	27	20	47	27	30	10	5	1	1	...	Chenail
Chetlain	St. Regis	St. Regis	Mrs. Peter A. McDonald	Undenominational	18	19	37	20	27	6	3	1	...	...	Chetlain
Cornwall Island	St. Regis	St. Regis	Miss M. O'Hare	Undenominational	33	17	50	23	27	15	6	2	...	...	Cornwall Island
Oka Country	Oka	Oka	Miss L.E. Dickenson	Methodist	16	18	34	13	7	6	6	8	3	4	Oka Country
Congo Bridge	Maniwaki	Maniwaki	Miss Helen J. White	Undenominational	9	12	21	10	9	7	3	2	...	...	Congo Bridge
Maniwaki	Maniwaki	Maniwaki	Miss Margaret McCaffrey	Roman Catholic	9	13	22	11	7	5	5	4	1	...	Maniwaki
Maria	Maria	Maria	Miss Josephine Audet	Roman Catholic	15	10	25	14	4	4	8	6	1	2	Maria
Lorette	Lorette	Lorette	Sr. St. Jean Berchmans (Prin.)	Roman Catholic	26	44	70	65	31	10	19	10	...	...	Lorette
...	...	...	Sr. St. Agathe (Asst.)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2Long Point	At Long Point	Timiskaming	Miss Jane E. Wabie	Roman Catholic	6	12	18	8	18	...	...	...	...	...	2Long Point
2Waswanipi	At Waswanapi	Timiskaming	Harry Cartlidge	Anglican	15	16	31	21	31	...	...	...	...	...	2Waswanipi
Timiskaming	Timiskaming	Timiskaming	Sister Monica	Roman Catholic	14	18	32	12	7	5	9	7	4	...	Timiskaming
1Hunters Point	At Hunders Pt.	Timiskaming	Miss Bertha L. Cappelain	Roman Catholic	7	16	23	15	3	7	4	4	...	...	1Hunters Point
2Wolf Lake	At Wolf Lake	Timiskaming	Miss Agnes Robinson	Roman Catholic	5	15	20	18	1	4	5	4	6	...	2Wolf Lake
Ruperts House	At Rupert House	James Bay District	Rev. P.C. Howard	Anglican	9	6	15	10	7	4	2	2	...	...	Ruperts House
3Ste. Lucie de Doncaster	Doncaster	Doncaster	Mrs. Henry Viger, jr.	Roman Catholic	6	10	16	13	8	5	3	...	...	...	3Ste. Lucie de Doncaster
Total, Quebec	...	...	...	...	609	647	1256	802	609	243	185	131	49	39	Total, Quebec

[1White school, attended by Indian children.]

[2Open during the summer only.]

[3New school, opened November, 1915.]

Rama	Rama	Rama	N. McBain (Prin.)	Methodist	28	27	55	35	23	7	14	8	3	...	Rama
...	...	...	Miss R. Waite (Asst.)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1Hiawatha	Rice Lake	Rice Lake	Miss Mina E. Throop	Undenominational	7	12	19	10	3	3	7	1	5	...	1Hiawatha

[1White school attended by Indian children. 2Re-opened March 13, 1916, having been closed since December 31, 1913. 3Open during the summer only. 4Closed September quarter, 1915; no teacher. 5New school, opened September 1, 1915. 6Re-opened January 1, 1916. 7New school, opened August 1, 1915.]

Table, see page 120

School.	Reserve.	Agency.	Teacher.	Denomination.	Number on Roll.			Standard.								School.
					Boys.	Girls.	Total.	Average Attendance.	I	II	III	IV	V	VI		
ONTARIO - Concluded.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	ONTARIO - Concluded.
Mud Lake (Chemong)	Mud Lake	Rice Lake	Mrs. Wm. J. Hanes	Undenominational	19	20	39	22	22	8	2	6	1	...	...	Mud Lake (Chemong)
Kettle Point	Kettle Point	Sarnia	Mrs. Angus George	Undenominational	22	10	32	14	17	7	4	4	...	...	...	Kettle Point
Stony Point	Stony Point	Sarnia	Miss Agnes A. Weaver	Undenominational	4	11	15	7	11	2	1	1	...	...	...	Stony Point
St. Clair	Sarnia	Sarnia	Miss Alice M. Matthews	Methodist	21	13	34	15	22	3	7	2	...	...	...	St. Clair
French Bay	Saugeen	Saugeen	T.J. Wallace	Undenominational	18	13	31	25	19	1	7	4	...	...	...	French Bay
Saugeen	Saugeen	Saugeen	Miss Isabella Ruxton	Undenominational	16	10	26	17	10	1	5	7	3	...	...	Saugeen
Scotch Settlement	Saugeen	Saugeen	Mrs. B. Robb	Undenominational	27	16	43	31	12	8	4	12	7	...	...	Scotch Settlement
Batchawana	Batchawana	Sault Ste. Marie	Miss M. Mercier	Roman Catholic	12	8	20	6	10	6	4	...	...	...	...	Batchawana
Garden River (R.C.)	Garden River	Sault Ste. Marie	Miss Tackney, (1st teacher), Miss McDermott, (2nd teacher)	Roman Catholic	36	36	72	31	29	8	24	10	1	...	...	Garden River (R.C.)
Garden River Anglican	Garden River	Sault Ste. Marie	L.F. Hardyman	Anglican	15	9	24	13	10	6	8	...	...	...	...	Garden River Anglican
Goulais Bay	Goulais Bay	Sault Ste. Marie	Miss Annie O'Connor	Roman Catholic	9	11	20	11	8	3	8	1	1	...	...	Goulais Bay
1Scugog S.S. No. 3	Scugog Island	Scugog	C.G. Hayes	Undenominational	3	4	7	3	5	2	...	...	...	...	...	1Scugog S.S. No. 3
Six Nations, No. 1	Six Nations	Six Nations	Miss Mary H. Jamieson	Undenominational	26	34	60	30	28	19	11	5	6	...	...	Six Nations, No. 1
Six Nations, No. 2	Six Nations	Six Nations	Elmer Jamieson, (Prin.): Miss E. Alexander (Asst.)	Undenominational	46	46	92	43	39	13	14	15	11	...	...	Six Nations, No. 2

Six Nations, No. 3	Six Nations	Six Nations	C.E. Scragg	Undenominational	28	28	56	28	25	11	11	9	...	...	Six Nations, No. 3
Six Nations, No. 4	Six Nations	Six Nations	Miss Mina E. Marten	Undenominational	11	12	23	9	8	6	1	7	1	...	Six Nations, No. 4
Six Nations, No. 5	Six Nations	Six Nations	S.A. Anderson	Undenominational	17	18	35	17	17	4	6	6	2	...	Six Nations, No. 5
Six Nations, No. 6	Six Nations	Six Nations	John R. Lickers	Undenominational	19	12	31	14	9	3	6	8	2	3	Six Nations, No. 6
Six Nations, No. 7	Six Nations	Six Nations	Miss Alma Marten	Undenominational	30	42	72	27	32	15	18	6	1	...	Six Nations, No. 7
Six Nations, No. 8	Six Nations	Six Nations	Elam D. Bealfoot	Undenominational	20	22	42	20	19	8	12	2	1	...	Six Nations, No. 8
Six Nations, No. 9	Six Nations	Six Nations	Jesse M. Moses	Undenominational	18	18	36	16	20	9	3	4	...	...	Six Nations, No. 9
Six Nations, No. 10	Six Nations	Six Nations	Miss Julia L. Jamieson	Undenominational	33	25	58	24	26	11	11	8	2	...	Six Nations, No. 10
Six Nations, No. 11	Six Nations	Six Nations	Victor A. E. Ellis	Undenominational	38	23	61	23	36	9	6	7	3	...	Six Nations, No. 11
Garden Village	Nipissing	Sturgeon Falls	Miss Ellen Ratchford	Roman Catholic	18	18	36	21	8	7	21	...	...	...	Garden Village
1Mattawa	Mattawa	Sturgeon Falls	Sister St. Peter	Roman Catholic	33	28	61	41	24	12	12	8	4	1	1Mattawa
2Timagami	Bear Island	Sturgeon Falls	Miss Mary G. Honan	Undenominational	18	5	23	14	20	1	2	...	...	...	2Timagami
Mississagi River	Mississagi River	Thessalon	Miss Margaret Tolly	Roman Catholic	10	5	15	7	8	...	7	...	...	...	Mississagi River
3Thessalon	Thessalon	Thessalon	Miss L. Shaddeau	Roman Catholic	3	4	7	5	3	3	...	1	...	...	3Thessalon
2Abitibi	At Abitibi	Treaty No. 9	Mrs. Mary A. McDonald	Roman Catholic	22	18	40	15	28	10	2	...	...	...	2Abitibi
Albany River (C.E.)	At Fort Albany	Treaty No. 9	Rev. J.T. Griffin	Anglican	40	38	78	22	66	8	1	3	...	...	Albany River (C.E.)
Fort Hope	At Fort Hope	Treaty No. 9	Rev. E. Richards	Anglican	27	25	52	16	52	...	...	...	...	...	Fort Hope
French Post	At Moose River	Treaty No. 9	Fred Marks	Anglican	9	8	17	6	8	8	1	...	...	...	French Post

Moose Fort	At Moose Fort	Treaty No. 9	Miss Lucy J. Barker	Anglican	13	8	21	14	16	2	2	1	...	...	Moose Fort
4Osnaburg	At Osnaburg	Treaty No. 9	S.N. Dixon	Anglican	23	31	54	19	46	7	1	...	...	...	4Osnaburg
Tyendinaga (Eastern)	Tyendinaga	Tyendinaga	Miss Flossie M. Hall	Undenominational	27	26	53	22	20	14	8	11	...	...	Tyendinaga (Eastern)
Tyendinaga (Western)	Tyendinaga	Tyendinaga	Miss Ethel M. Picard	Undenominational	15	12	27	17	10	4	7	3	3	...	Tyendinaga (Western)
Tyendinaga (Central)	Tyendinaga	Tyendinaga	Miss F. Fletcher	Undenominational	23	5	28	9	9	2	7	9	1	...	Tyendinaga (Central)
Tyendinaga (Mission)	Tyendinaga	Tyendinaga	Alex. Leween	Undenominational	25	12	37	13	24	5	3	5	...	...	Tyendinaga (Mission)
Walpole Island, No. 1	Walpole Island	Walpole Island	Miss S.E. Wilson	Anglican	22	37	59	24	41	7	6	5	...	...	Walpole Island, No. 1
Walpole Island, No. 2	Walpole Island	Walpole Island	Miss M. Warnock	Methodist	20	20	40	24	27	5	3	5	...	...	Walpole Island, No. 2
Total Ontario	...	...	...	...	1444	1320	2764	1352	1509	419	452	275	102	7	Total Ontario

[1White school attended by Indian children. 2Open during the summer only. 3Closed from June 30, 1915. 4Open only 67 days during the year.]

Lake St. Martin	Lake St. Martin	Manitowapah	Jno. E. Favell	Anglican	10	18	28	20	20	5	2	1	...	...	Lake St. Martin
Little Saskatchewan	Little Saskatchewan	Manitowapah	Colin Sanderson	Anglican	21	24	45	12	34	8	3	...	...	...	Little Saskatchewan
6Pine Creek	Pine Creek	Manitowapah	Rev. G. Leonard	Roman Catholic	13	9	22	19	10	8	3	1	...	...	6Pine Creek
Shoal River	Shoal River	Manitowapah	T.D. Conlin	Anglican	25	19	44	29	34	10	...	...	...	...	Shoal River
Waterhen River	Waterhen River	Manitowapah	Jos. Inglott	Roman Catholic	9	3	12	5	8	2	2	...	...	...	Waterhen River
2Bloodvein River	Bloodvein	Norway House	Joseph A. Everett	Methodist	20	23	43	15	34	7	2	...	...	5	2Bloodvein River
Cross Lake (Prot.)	Cross Lake	Norway House	Miss Irene Gaudin	Methodist	18	18	36	10	25	4	2	...	...	5	Cross Lake (Prot.)
7Cross Lake (R.C.)	Cross lake	Norway House	Sister Marguerite Marie	Roman Catholic	9	8	17	11	12	5	...	...	...	...	7Cross Lake (R.C.)
8Island Lake	Island Lake	Norway House	John Moar	Methodist	3	5	8	6	8	...	...	...	...	...	8Island Lake
Jake River	Jack River	Norway House	Mrs. Mabel Marshall	Anglican	13	8	21	6	14	5	2	...	...	...	Jake River
Oxford House	At Oxford House	Norway House	Wm. G. Brisley	Methodist	15	10	25	5	25	...	...	...	...	...	Oxford House
Nelson House	At Nelson	Norway House	W.E.W. Hutly, B.A.	Methodist	5	12	17	8	17	...	...	...	...	...	Nelson House
Rossville	Norway House	Norway House	Miss Emily N. Royan	Methodist	14	11	25	15	12	11	2	...	...	...	Rossville
9York Factory	At York Factory	Norway House	Miss Ida E. Collins	Anglican	18	17	35	14	35	...	...	...	...	...	9York Factory
Big Eddy	Pas	Pas	Robert J. Thomas	Anglican	11	12	23	13	19	4	...	...	...	...	Big Eddy
Chemawawin	Chemawawin	Pas	Richard G.V. Cooper	Anglican	9	18	27	10	22	5	...	...	...	...	Chemawawin
Cumberland	Cumberland	Pas	Joseph Chamberlain	Anglican	5	5	10	4	10	...	...	...	...	...	Cumberland
Moose Lake	Moose Lake	Pas	John G. Kennedy	Anglican	11	14	25	9	19	6	...	...	...	...	Moose Lake
Pas	Pas	Pas	M. Chambers	Anglican	9	14	23	13	17	6	...	...	...	...	Pas
Red Earth	Red Earth	Pas	Francis Daniels	Anglican	17	10	27	14	18	6	3	...	...	...	Red Earth
Shoal Lake	Pas	Pas	Louis Young	Anglican	7	11	18	14	14	1	2	1	...	...	Shoal Lake
Lower Roseau River	Roseau River	Portage-la-Prairie	Miss Emma Godin	Roman Catholic	9	13	22	7	18	4	...	...	...	...	Lower Roseau River
Roseau	Roeseau	Portage-la-	Miss Olive	Udenominational	11	8	19	6	11	6	1	1	...	...	Roseau

Rapids	Rapids	Prairie	E. Leslie												Rapids
Swan Lake	Swan Lake	Portage-la-Prairie	Miss Jessie G. Bruce	Presbyterian	8	8	16	4	9	2	4	1	...	...	Swan Lake
Total, Manitoba	...	...	...	...	624	583	1207	520	887	187	94	30	4	10	Total, Manitoba

[1White school attended by Indian children. 2Open during the summer only. 3Closed from April 30 to October 25, 1915. No teacher. 4Re-opened August 16, 1915, having been closed since June 30, 1914. 5New day school opened February, 1916. 6Day pupils attend classes in the Boarding School. 7Closed from June 30, 1915. 8Re-opened September 1, 1915. 9Only one quarterly return received.]

School.	Reserve.	Agency.	Teacher.	Denomination.	Number on Roll.			Average Attendance.	Standard.						School.
					Boys.	Girls.	Total.		I	II	III	IV	V	VI	
SASKATCHEWAN.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	SASKATCHEWAN.
Assiniboine	Assiniboine	Assiniboine	Miss Gertrude Lawrence	Presbyterian	14	16	30	15	13	4	6	7	...	...	Assiniboine
Little Pines	Little Pines	Battleford	Rev. W.H. English	Anglican	13	12	25	12	13	12	...	...	...	...	Little Pines
Murray Lake	Moosomin	Battleford	Roch Landreville	Roman Catholic	11	16	27	9	21	3	3	...	...	...	Murray Lake
Poundmakers	Poundmakers	Battleford	Mrs. A. Tierney	Roman Catholic	10	8	18	10	13	5	...	...	...	...	Poundmakers
Red Pheasants	Red Pheasant	Battleford	J. Marshall	Anglican	13	14	27	24	24	2	...	1	...	...	Red Pheasants
Ahtahkakoops	Ahtahkakoops	Carlton	H. Hutchinson	Anglican	20	22	42	24	24	8	5	4	1	...	Ahtahkakoops
Big River	Kenamotayoos	Carlton	L. Abenakeu	Anglican	13	14	26	12	19	3	3	1	...	...	Big River
Meadow Lake	Meadow Lake	Carlton	Eliza Chatelain	Roman Catholic	7	4	11	3	11	...	...	...	...	...	Meadow Lake
Mistawasis	Mistawasis	Carlton	Rev., J.E. Smith	Presbyterian	20	18	38	19	26	5	2	5	...	...	Mistawasis
Montreal Lake	Montreal Lake	Carlton	John R. Settee	Anglican	9	16	25	12	13	8	4	...	...	...	Montreal Lake
Sturgeon Lake	Wm. Twatts	Carlton	George Swift	Anglican	19	11	30	20	12	11	5	2	...	...	Sturgeon Lake
Fort à la Corne (South)	James Smith	Duck Lake	John Leonard Lowe	Anglican	12	11	23	12	9	9	1	4	...	...	Fort à la Corne (South)
John Smith	John Smiths	Duck Lake	P.H. Gentleman	Anglican	20	14	34	22	12	7	1	4	8	2	John Smith
James Smith	James Smith	Duck Lake	Henry W. Shaw	Anglican	10	18	28	15	16	10	2	...	...	...	James Smith
White Bears	White Bears	Moose Mountain	Mrs. E.M.A. Fernie, (teacher)	Presbyterian	12	11	23	13	3	2	13	5	...	...	White Bears
...	...	...	Mrs. Body (assist. Teacher)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1White Cap Sioux	Moose Woods	Moose Woods	Charles Hawk	Methodist	11	6	17	11	14	3	...	...	...	...	1White Cap Sioux
Keys	Keys	Pelly	Alex J. Lawes	Anglican	6	8	14	10	11	3	...	...	...	...	Keys
Keeseekoonse	Keeseekoonse	Pelly	Rev. Jos. Poulet, O.M.I.	Roman Catholic	10	8	18	15	2	6	5	...	5	...	Keeseekoonse

2Valley River	Valley River	Pelly	Peter Rattlesnake	Undenominational	11	2	13	10	7	2	4	...	...	...	2Valley River
Day Stars	Day Stars	Touchwood Hills	W.H. Brookfield-Scharpe	Anglican	6	5	11	8	4	3	4	...	...	...	Day Stars
Frog Lake	Frog Lake	Onion Lake	Charles Quinney	Anglican	5	4	9	4	7	2	...	...	...	...	Frog Lake
3Stanley	Amos Charles	Treaty No. 10	Miss M.E. Coates	Anglican	2	8	10	9	10	...	...	...	...	...	3Stanley
Total, Saskatchewan	...	...	...	...	254	245	499	289	284	108	58	33	14	2	Total, Saskatchewan
ALBERTA.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	ALBERTA.
2Goodfish Lake	Pakan	Saddle Lake	Mrs. H.H. Howard (teacher)	Methodist	14	12	26	15	17	9	...	...	...	...	2Goodfish Lake
...	...	...	Mr. H.H. Howard (assist. Teacher)	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Saddle Lake	Saddle Lake	Saddle Lake	Miss W.J. McKittrick	Methodist	13	9	22	8	20	2	...	...	...	...	Saddle Lake
Samson's	Samson's	Hobbema	Miss A. Alywin	Methodist	12	14	26	9	17	6	3	...	...	...	Samson's
Total, Alberta	...	...	...	...	39	35	74	31	54	17	3	...	...	...	Total, Alberta
BRITISH COLUMBIA.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	BRITISH COLUMBIA.
Andimaul	At Andimaul	Babine	Vernon Leake	Salvation Army	12	11	23	11	14	6	2	1	...	...	Andimaul
Fort Babine	Fort Babine	Babine	Jos. Morrissey	Roman Catholic	24	29	53	24	20	16	14	3	...	...	Fort Babine
Gitwingak	Kitwangar	Babine	Miss F.B. Kemp	Anglican	24	21	45	13	29	9	3	4	...	...	Gitwingak
Glen Vowell	Sicedach	Babine	Miss Pearl Jackson	Salvation Army	15	19	34	17	11	18	3	2	...	...	Glen Vowell
Hazelton	Gitamakeh	Babine	Miss Elizabeth J. Soal	Anglican	15	22	37	13	10	15	5	5	2	...	Hazelton
Kitsegukla	Kitsegukla	Babine	Miss Hannah A. Edgar	Methodist	8	9	17	12	10	7	...	...	...	...	Kitsegukla
Kitselas (New town)	Kitselas	Babine	Franklin Van Gorder	Methodist	8	11	19	7	7	6	6	...	...	...	Kitselas (New town)
Kispiox	Kishfiax	Babine	Miss Gertrude Marten	Methodist	18	26	44	14	19	20	5	...	...	...	Kispiox
4Kisgegas	Kisgegas	Babine	Jonathan Mercer	Anglican	14	7	21	6	10	4	2	5	...	...	4Kisgegas

Meanskinisht	At Meanskinisht	Babine	Miss S.Z. Richardson	Methodist	5	10	15	9	7	2	4	1	1	...	Meanskinisht
Rocher Deboulé	At Rocher Deboulé	Babine	Sydney Browning	Roman Catholic	14	13	27	19	19	6	2	...	...	...	Rocher Deboulé

[1Closed from September 20, 1915 to February 1, 1916, no teacher. 2Closed during September quarter, 1915. 3New day school, opened January 1, 1916. 4Re-opened September 1, 1915.]

2Wyah	Nitinat	West Coast	Plumb	Methodist	6	5	11	3	6	5	...	...	...	...	2Wyah
Stuart lake	at Stuart Lake	Stuart Lake	A.R.J.M. Ockoniy	Roman Catholic	26	27	53	23	45	8	...	...	...	...	Stuart lake
Total British Columbia	...	...	...	...	783	725	1,508	657	915	333	157	68	29	6	Total British Columbia

[1Closed during June quarter, 1915. 2Closed from June 30, 1915. 3Closed during September quarter, 1915. 4New school, opened May 1, 1915. 5Re-opened December, 1915. 6White school attended by Indian children. 7New school, opened April 1, 1915. 8Only open 21 days during year.]

School.	Reserve.	Agency.	Teacher.	Denomination.	Number on Roll.			Average Attendance.	Standard.						School.
					Boys.	Girls.	Total.		I	II	III	IV	V	VI	
NORTHWEST TERRITORIES.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	NORTHWEST TERRITORIES.
St. David's Mission	At Fort Simpson	Fort Simpson	Rev. Geo. W. Bowring	Anglican	8	13	21	4	20	1	...	...	...	...	St. David's Mission
1Fort Smith	At Fort Smith	Fort Smith	Sister Gadbois	Roman Catholic	12	11	23	21	23	...	...	...	...	...	1Fort Smith
Fort McPherson	Mackenzie River Dist.	...	Rev. G.E. Merritt	Anglican	7	5	12	7	8	3	1	...	...	...	Fort McPherson
Fort Norman	Mackenzie River Dist.	...	Rev. W.S. Tremain	Anglican	5	15	20	1	20	...	...	...	...	...	Fort Norman
2Kittigagjuit	Arctic Coast	...	Rev. Herbert Girling	Anglican	6	1	7	2	3	...	2	1	1	...	2Kittigagjuit
Total N.W.	...	...	...	...	38	45	83	35	74	4	3	1	1	...	Total N.W.
YUKON.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	YUKON.
Moosehide	At Moosehide	Yukon	Rev. Benjamin Totty	Anglican	6	3	9	4	5	3	1	...	...	...	Moosehide
Selkirk	At Selkirk	Yukon	Rev. Chas. C. Brett	Anglican	11	11	22	4	22	...	...	...	...	...	Selkirk
Teslin Lake	At Teslin Lake	Yukon	Rev. Chas. C. Brett	Anglican	16	10	26	5	26	...	...	...	...	...	Teslin Lake
Whitehorse	At Whitehorse	Yukon	W.G. Blackwell	Anglican	19	5	24	10	24	...	...	...	...	...	Whitehorse
Little Salmon	At Little Salmon	Yukon	E.M. Swanson	Anglican	23	8	31	6	21	5	1	4	...	...	Little Salmon
Forty Mile	At Forty Mile	Yukon	Arthur C. Field	Anglican	2	2	4	2	1	...	...	3	...	...	Forty Mile
Total, Yukon	...	...	...	...	77	39	116	31	99	8	2	7	...	...	Total, Yukon

[1New school opened September 1, 1915. 2Esquimo school conducted by missionaries of Church of England on Arctic Coast.]

STATEMENT of Indian Boarding Schools in the Dominion for the Fiscal Year ended March 31, 1915.

School.	Reserve.	Agency.	Teacher.	Denomination.	Number on Roll.			Average Attendance.	Standard.						School.
					Boys.	Girls.	Total.		I	II	III	IV	V	VI	
ONTARIO.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	ONTARIO.
Albany Mission	At Fort Albany	Treaty No. 9	Rev. L. Carriere, O.M.I.	Roman Catholic	11	14	25	20	7	12	6	...	...	...	Albany Mission
Moose Fort	At Moose Fort	Treaty No. 9	Rev. W. Haythornwaite	Anglican	20	7	27	25	12	3	4	5	3	...	Moose Fort
Chapleau	At Chapleau	Chapleau	Rev. Geo. Prewer	Anglican	22	9	31	25	21	3	7	...	...	...	Chapleau
Fort William Orphanage	At Fort William	Port Arthur	Sister M.F. Clare	Roman Catholic	3	10	13	10	8	3	...	2	...	...	Fort William Orphanage
Fort Frances	Fort Frances	Fort Frances	Rev. Ph. Vales, O.M.I.	Roman Catholic	22	39	61	60	29	7	16	6	3	...	Fort Frances
Cecilia Jeffrey	Shoal Lake	Kenora	Rev. F.T. Dodd	Presbyterian	30	36	66	58	50	4	3	4	4	1	Cecilia Jeffrey
Kenora	At Kenora	Kenora	Rev. C. Brouillet, O.M.I.	Roman Catholic	34	35	69	56	29	9	19	4	8	...	Kenora
Total, Ontario	...	...	...	...	142	150	292	254	156	41	55	21	18	1	Total, Ontario
MANITOBA.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	MANITOBA.
Birtle	At Birtle	Birtle	Rev. David Iverach, B.A.	Presbyterian	26	26	52	43	25	7	8	10	1	1	Birtle
Fort Alexander	Fort Alexander	Clandeboye	Rev. Ph. Geelen, O.M.I.	Roman Catholic	31	37	68	61	19	7	11	20	11	...	Fort Alexander
Pine Creek	Pine Creek	Manitowapah	Rev. G. Leonard, O.M.I.	Roman Catholic	27	54	81	76	42	17	8	8	6	...	Pine Creek
Sandy Bay	Sandy Bay	Manitowapah	Rev. O. Chagnon, O.M.I.	Roman Catholic	27	27	54	50	17	13	16	7	1	...	Sandy Bay
Norway House	Norway House	Norway House	Rev. J.A. Lousley	Methodist	58	40	98	80	41	30	12	5	10	...	Norway House
Cross Lake	Cross Lake	Norway House	Rev. E. Lecoq, O.M.I.	Roman Catholic	28	22	50	39	34	10	3	1	2	...	Cross Lake
Portage-la-Prairie	At Portage-la-Prairie	Portage la Prairie	Rev. W.A. Hendry	Presbyterian	32	45	77	68	34	15	8	11	9	...	Portage-la-Prairie
Mackay (The Pas)	At The Pas	Pas	Rev. L. Laronde	Anglican	49	43	92	83	44	27	16	4	1	...	Mackay (The Pas)
Total, Manitoba	...	...	...	...	278	294	572	500	256	126	82	66	41	1	Total, Manitoba
SASKATCHEWAN.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	SASKATCHEWAN.
Thunderchild's	Adjoining Thudnerchilds	Battleford	Rev. A. Watelle	Roman Catholic	20	18	38	34	17	4	9	2	4	2	Thunderchild's

Cowessess	Cowessess	Crooked Lake	Rev. J.B. Beys, O.M.I.	Roman Catholic	23	22	45	45	13	18	7	6	1	...	Cowessess
Round lake	On north side of Round Lake	Crooked Lake	Rev. H. McKay	Presbyterian	27	22	49	40	18	8	8	12	3	...	Round lake
Duck Lake	Near Duck Lake	Duck Lake	Rev. H. Delmas, O.M.I.	Roman Catholic	54	57	111	106	26	24	21	8	13	18	Duck Lake
File Hills	Adjoining File Hills	Qu'Appelle	Mr. W.W. Gibson	Presbyterian	29	38	67	53	6	12	11	25	8	5	File Hills
Onion Lake (R.C.)	Seekaskootch	Onion Lake	Rev. E.J. Cunningham	Roman Catholic	21	34	55	42	31	12	5	5	1	1	Onion Lake (R.C.)
Onion Lake (Anglican)	Makao's	Onion Lake	Rev. J.R. Matheson	Anglican	17	13	30	26	10	7	3	4	6	...	Onion Lake (Anglican)
*Crowstand	Coté's	Pelly	Rev. W. McWhinney	Presbyterian	21	25	46	24	17	3	15	4	7	...	*Crowstand
Gordon's	George Gordon's	Touchwood	Rev. H.H. Atwater	Anglican	23	23	46	40	22	...	8	10	6	...	Gordon's
Muscowekwan	Adjoining Muscowekwan	Touchwood	Rev. A.J.A. Dugas, O.M.I.	Roman Catholic	22	30	52	50	11	11	11	5	6	8	Muscowekwan
Lac la Plonge	At Lac la Plonge	Carlton	Rev. F. Ancel, O.M.I.	Roman Catholic	17	30	47	43	17	19	5	6	...	...	Lac la Plonge
Lac la Ronge	At Lac la Ronge	Carlton	Archdeacon J.A. Mackay (acting)	Anglican	21	39	60	53	33	1	13	9	4	...	Lac la Ronge
Total, Saskatchewan*	...	...	...	...	295	351	646	555	222	119	116	96	59	34	Total, Saskatchewan*

[*The Crowstand boarding School closed November 30, 1915.]

STATEMENT of Indian Boarding Schools in the Dominion for the Fiscal Year ended March 31, 1916.

School.	Reserve.	Agency.	Teacher.	Denomination.	Number on Roll.			Average Attendance.	Standard.						School.
					Boys.	Girls.	Total.		I	II	III	IV	V	VI	
ALBERTA.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	ALBERTA.
Blood (Anglican)	Blood	Blood	Rev. S. Middleton	Anglican	37	28	65	56	41	9	10	3	2	...	Blood (Anglican)
Blood (R.C.)	Blood	Blood	Rev. E. Ruaux	Roman Catholic	31	28	59	49	21	12	15	11	...	...	Blood (R.C.)
Crowfoot	Blackfoot	Blackfoot	Rev. L. Levern, O.M.I.	Roman Catholic	31	14	45	43	22	...	12	9	2	...	Crowfoot
Old Sun's	Blackfoot	Blackfoot	Rev. M.C. Gandier	Anglican	17	25	42	38	8	15	9	10	...	...	Old Sun's
St. Alberta	At St. Albert	Edmonton	Sister M.A. Leduc	Roman Catholic	59	35	94	86	26	90	12	13	2	11	St. Alberta
Ermineskin	Ermineskin	Hobbema	Rev. P.P. Moulin, O.M.I.	Roman Catholic	29	25	54	49	30	6	7	7	4	...	Ermineskin
Peigan (Anglican)	Peigan	Peigan	W.R. Haynes	Church of England	19	13	32	30	16	7	9	...	...	...	Peigan (Anglican)
Peigan (R.C.)	Peigan	Peigan	Rev. M. Lepine, O.M.I.	Roman Catholic	13	13	26	26	15	6	4	1	...	...	Peigan (R.C.)
Blue Quills	Blue Quills	Saddle Lake	Rev. A. Husson, O.M.I.	Roman Catholic	23	26	49	47	13	12	8	9	7	...	Blue Quills
Sarcee	Sarcee	Sarcee	Arch'dn J.W. Tims	Anglican	23	14	37	34	27	6	3	1	...	...	Sarcee
Fort Chipewyan (Holy Adgels)	At Fort Chipewyan	Fort Smith	Sister M. Laverty	Roman Catholic	17	24	41	38	29	5	3	2	1	1	Fort Chipewyan (Holy Adgels)
Lesser Slave Lake (Anglican).	Lesser Slave Lake	Lesser Slave Lake	W.J. Kent	Anglican	7	7	14	10	6	2	3	2	1	...	Lesser Slave Lake (Anglican).
Lesser Slave Lake (St. Bernard's)	Lesser Slave Lake	Lesser Slave Lake	Rev. J. Calais, O.M.I.	Roman Catholic	11	5	16	13	4	1	6	5	...	...	Lesser Slave Lake (St. Bernard's)
Lesser Slave Lake (St. Brunos)	Lesser Slave Lake	Lesser Slave Lake	Rev. C. Batie, O.M.I.	Roman Catholic	22	23	45	43	21	14	9	1	...	...	Lesser Slave Lake (St. Brunos)
Sturgeon Lake	At Sturgeon Lake	Lesser Slave Lake	Rev. Jos. Habey, O.M.I.	Roman Catholic	16	25	41	35	20	4	5	12	...	...	Sturgeon Lake
Vermilion (St. Henri)	At Fort Vermilion	Lesser Slave Lake	Rev. C. Joussard	Roman Catholic	5	16	21	13	10	5	3	2	1	...	Vermilion (St. Henri)

Wabiskaw Lake (Anglican)	At St. John Mission, Wabiskaw Lake	Lesser Slave Lake	Miss Ida E. Collins	Anglican	6	11	17	11	11	3	3	...	...	...	Wabiskaw Lake (Anglican)
Wabiskaw Lake (R.C.)	At St. Martin's Mission, Wabiskaw Lake	Lesser Slave Lake	Sister Catherine Aurelie	Roman Catholic	15	14	29	23	11	3	8	7	...	...	Wabiskaw Lake (R.C.)
Whitefish Lake (St. Andrews Mission)	At Whitefish Lake	Lesser Slave Lake	J. Palmer Morgan	Anglican	7	7	14	5	4	6	2	2	...	...	Whitefish Lake (St. Andrews Mission)
Total, Alberta	...	...	...	...	388	353	741	649	335	146	131	97	20	12	Total, Alberta
NORTHWEST TERRITORIES.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	NORTHWEST TERRITORIES.
Fort Resolution	At Fort Resolution	Fort Smith	Sister McQuillan	Roman Catholic	21	32	53	50	20	18	5	3	4	3	Fort Resolution
Hay River	At St. Peter's Mission	Fort Smith	Rev. Alfred J. Vale	Anglican	22	16	38	31	14	11	7	6	...	...	Hay River
Providence Mission (Sacred Heart)	At Fort Providence	Fort Simpson	Sister McGuirk	Roman Catholic	30	35	65	60	38	9	6	12	...	...	Providence Mission (Sacred Heart)
Total, N.W.T.	...	...	...	...	73	83	156	141	72	38	18	21	4	3	Total, N.W.T.

School.	Reserve.	Agency.	Teacher.	Denomination.	Number on Roll.			Average Attendance.	Standard.						School.
					Boys.	Girls.	Total.		I	II	III	IV	V	VI	
BRITISH COLUMBIA.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	BRITISH COLUMBIA.
Kitamat	Kitimat	Bella Coola	Miss Ida M. Clarke	Methodist	8	26	34	27	20	...	4	3	2	5	Kitamat
Alert Bay Girl's Home	Alert Bay	Kwawkewlth	Rev. F. Cromley (Acting prin.)	Anglican	...	32	32	28	7	4	12	9	...	...	Alert Bay Girl's Home
Yale (All Hallows)	At Yale	Lytton	Constance, Sister Superior	Roman Catholic	...	34	34	22	17	5	5	5	1	1	Yale (All Hallows)
Port Simpson Girl's Home	At Port Simpson	Nas	Miss Lottie M. Deacon	Methodist	...	40	40	31	12	10	4	4	5	5	Port Simpson Girl's Home
Sechelt	Sechelt	New Westminster	Sister Theresine	Roman Catholic	25	27	52	45	14	14	11	5	3	5	Sechelt
Squamish	At Squamish	New Westminster	Sister Mary Amy	Roman Catholic	24	26	50	50	18	14	12	6	...	...	Squamish
St. Mary's	At St. Mary's Mission	New Westminster	Rev. Vic. Rohr, O.M.I.	Roman Catholic	36	41	77	76	2	21	30	17	3	4	St. Mary's
Ahousaht	Ahousaht	West Coast	John T. Ross	Presbyterian	18	18	36	34	13	5	4	4	8	2	Ahousaht
Alberni	Tresahlt	West Coast	H.B. Currie	Presbyterian	27	29	56	47	21	6	12	7	10	...	Alberni
Total, British Columbia	...	...	...	...	138	273	411	360	124	79	94	60	32	22	Total, British Columbia
YUKON.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	YUKON.
Carcross	At Carcross	Yukon	W.T. Townsend	Anglican	17	19	36	32	11	8	10	3	3	1	Carcross

School.	Situation.	Principal.	Denomination.	Number on Roll.			Average Attendance.	Standard.						Industries Taught.			School.
				Boys.	Girls.	Total.		I	II	III	IV	V	VI	Carpenter.	Shoemaker.	Baker.	
ONTARIO.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	ONTARIO.
Mohawk Institute	At Brantford	Rev. C.M. Turnell	Undenominational	67	77	144	127	16	19	18	21	25	45	2	...	...	Mohawk Institute
Mount Elgin Institute	At Muncey	Rev. S.R. McVitty	Methodist	73	74	147	122	21	19	36	43	23	5	...	...	...	Mount Elgin Institute
Shingwank Home	At Sault Ste. Marie	Rev. Benj. P. Fuller	Anglican	45	40	85	77	30	15	18	16	6	...	...	...	...	Shingwank Home
Spanish River	At Spanish	Rev. L.N. Dugas, S.J.	Roman Catholic	110	92	202	161	57	59	39	26	17	4	3	3	2	Spanish River
Total Ontario	...	...	...	295	283	578	487	124	112	111	106	71	54	5	3	2	Total Ontario
MANITOBA.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	MANITOBA.
Brandon	At Brandon	Rev. T. Fenier	Methodist	65	52	117	111	40	14	16	15	13	19	65	...	...	Brandon
Elkhorn	At Elkhorn	A.E. Wilson	Undenominational	69	60	129	96	33	32	26	22	7	9	...	...	...	Elkhorn
Total, Manitoba	...	...	...	134	12	246	207	73	46	42	37	20	28	65	...	...	Total, Manitoba
SASKATCHEWAN.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	SASKATCHEWAN.
Qu'Appelle	At Lebretonford	Rev. J. Hugonard	Roman Catholic	122	129	251	213	90	29	49	35	25	23	...	...	...	Qu'Appelle
ALBERTA.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	ALBERTA.
Red Deer	At Red Deer	Rev. J.F. Woodsworth	Methodist	50	34	84	73	30	32	9	7	2	4	...	...	...	Red Deer
St. Joseph	At Davisburg	Rev. G. Nordmann	Roman Catholic	38	15	53	47	1	7	20	13	9	3	...	...	...	St. Joseph
Total, Alberta	...	...	...	88	49	137	120	31	39	29	20	11	7	...	...	...	Total, Alberta
BRITISH COLUMBIA.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	BRITISH COLUMBIA.
Kootenay	At St. Eugene, 5 miles from Cranbrook Kootenay Ag	Sister Justinian	Roman Catholic	40	40	80	80	22	28	14	16	...	...	40	...	...	Kootenay
Kamloops	At Kamloops in the Kamloops Agency	Rev. Alph. Carion	Roman Catholic	36	36	72	65	18	12	13	11	12	6	5	8	...	Kamloops
Lytton	2 1/2 miles from Lytton, Lytton Agency	Rev. Leonard Dawson	Anglican	76	...	76	58	22	21	15	7	8	3	17	18	...	Lytton
Coqualeetza	3 miles from Chilliwack, New Westminster Agency	Rev. Geo. H. Raley	Methodist	82	49	131	112	36	21	16	16	26	16	4	...	...	Coqualeetza

Kuper Island	On Kuper Inland, Cowichan Agency	Rev. W. Lemmons	Roman Catholic	34	34	68	62	13	17	20	7	11	...	...	...	...	Kuper Island
Alert Bay	At Alert Bay, Kwawkewlth Agency	Rev. T. Comley (acting)	Anglican	37	...	37	33	10	6	8	9	3	1	...	...	...	Alert Bay
Clayoquot	At Clayoquot Sound, West coast, Vancouver Island, West Coast Agency	Rev. Froben Epper	Roman Catholic	35	25	60	52	25	1	14	13	5	2	...	...	...	Clayoquot
Williams Lake	At Williams Lake, 4 miles from Sugar Cane Reserve, Williams Lake Agency	Rev. Ed. Maillard, O.M.I.	Roman Catholic	35	36	71	59	31	3	7	14	9	7	1	...	2	Williams Lake
Total, British Columbia	...	...	...	375	220	595	511	177	109	107	93	74	35	67	26	2	Total, British Columbia

[NOTE. - All boys at industrial schools are taught farming, and all girls sewing, knitting and general household duties.]

STATEMENT showing the Total Enrolment, by Provinces, in the Different Schools, during the Fiscal Year ended March 31, 1916.

Province.	Number of Schools.	Denomination.						Number on Roll.			Average Attendance.	Percentage of Attendance.	Standard.						Province.
		Undenominational	Roman Catholic.	Anglican.	Methodist.	Presbyterian.	Salvation Army.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.			I	II	III	IV	V	VI	
DAY SCHOOLS.																			
Nova Scotia	17	...	17	...	...	...	...	157	141	298	137	45.97	144	55	40	33	10	16	Nova Scotia
Prince Edward Island	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	24	24	48	23	47.91	30	11	4	3	...	...	Prince Edward Island
New Brunswick	12	...	12	...	...	...	...	134	151	285	174	61.05	105	81	46	39	14	...	New Brunswick
Quebec	28	6	17	3	2	...	...	609	647	1,256	802	63.85	609	243	185	131	49	39	Quebec
Ontario	80	36	24	12	8	...	...	1,444	1,320	2,764	1,352	48.91	1,509	419	452	275	102	7	Ontario
Manitoba	43	2	6	24	10	1	...	624	583	1,207	520	43.08	887	187	94	30	4	5	Manitoba
Saskatchewan	22	1	4	13	1	3	...	254	245	499	289	57.98	284	108	58	33	14	2	Saskatchewan
Alberta	3	...	...	...	3	...	...	39	35	74	31	41.89	54	17	3	...	...	...	Alberta
Northwest Territories	5	...	1	4	...	...	...	38	45	83	35	42.17	74	4	3	1	1	...	Northwest Territories
British Columbia	51	6	10	15	17	1	2	783	725	1,508	657	43.50	915	333	157	68	29	6	British Columbia
Yukon	6	...	...	6	...	...	...	77	39	116	31	26.72	99	8	2	7	...	...	Yukon
Total, Day Schools	269	51	93	77	41	5	2	4,183	3,955	8,138	4,051	48.78	4,710	1,466	1,044	620	223	75	Total, Day Schools
BOARDING SCHOOLS.																			
Nova Scotia	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nova Scotia
Prince Edward Island	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Prince Edward Island
New Brunswick	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	New Brunswick
Quebec	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Quebec
Ontario	7	...	4	2	...	1	...	142	150	292	254	80.13	156	41	55	21	18	1	Ontario
Manitoba	8	...	4	1	1	2	...	278	294	572	500	87.41	256	126	82	66	41	1	Manitoba
Saskatchewan	12	...	6	3	...	3	...	295	351	640	555	85.71	225	119	116	96	59	34	Saskatchewan
Alberta	19	...	12	7	...	...	...	388	353	741	649	87.58	335	146	131	97	20	12	Alberta
Northwest Territories	3	...	2	1	...	...	...	73	83	156	141	91.02	72	38	18	21	4	3	Northwest Territories
British Columbia	9	...	4	1	2	2	...	138	273	411	360	87.58	124	79	94	60	32	22	British Columbia
Yukon	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	17	19	36	32	88.89	11	8	10	3	3	1	Yukon
Total, Boarding	59	...	32	16	3	8	...	1,330	1,523	2,854	2,491	87.28	1,176	557	516	364	177	74	Total, Boarding

Schools																			Schools
INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.																			
Nova Scotia	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nova Scotia
Prince Edward Island	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Prince Edward Island
New Brunswick	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	New Brunswick
Quebec	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Quebec
Ontario	4	1	1	1	1	...	...	295	283	578	487	84.25	124	112	111	106	71	54	Ontario
Manitoba	2	1	...	...	1	...	...	134	112	246	207	84.14	73	46	42	37	20	28	Manitoba
Saskatchewan	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	122	129	251	213	84.86	90	29	49	35	25	23	Saskatchewan
Alberta	2	...	1	...	1	...	...	88	49	137	120	87.60	31	39	29	20	11	7	Alberta
Northwest Territories	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Northwest Territories
British Columbia	8	...	5	2	1	...	...	375	220	595	511	85.86	177	109	107	93	74	35	British Columbia
Yukon	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Yukon
Total, Industrial Schools	17	2	8	3	4	...	...	1,014	793	1,807	1,538	85.11	495	335	338	291	201	147	Total, Industrial Schools

SUMMARY OF SCHOOL STATEMENT.

Province.	Class of School.			Total number of Schools.	Denomination.						Number on Roll.			Average Attendance.
	Day.	Boarding.	Industrial.		Undenominational	Roman Catholic.	Church of England.	Methodist.	Presbyterian.	Salvation Army.	Boys.	Girls.	Total.	
Nova Scotia	17	...	...	17	...	17	...	...	...	...	157	141	298	137
Prince Edward Island	2	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	24	24	48	23
New Brunswick	12	...	...	12	...	12	...	...	...	...	134	151	285	174
Quebec	28	...	...	28	6	17	3	2	...	...	609	647	1,256	802
Ontario	80	7	4	91	37	29	15	9	1	...	1,881	1,753	3,634	2,083
Manitoba	43	8	2	53	3	10	25	12	3	...	1,036	989	2,025	1,227
Saskatchewan	22	12	1	35	1	11	16	2	5	...	671	725	1,396	1,057
Alberta	3	19	2	24	...	13	7	4	...	...	515	437	952	800
Northwest Territories	5	3	...	8	...	3	5	...	...	...	111	128	239	176
British Columbia	51	9	8	68	6	19	18	2	3	2	1,296	1,218	2,514	1,528
Yukon	6	1	...	7	...	...	7	...	...	...	94	58	152	63
Total	269	59	17	345	53	133	96	49	12	2	6,528	6,271	12,799	8,076

[1All boys at industrial schools are taught farming, and all girls sewing, knitting and general household duties.]

Percentage Attendance.	Standard.						Industries Taught.								Province.	Total.
	I	II	III	IV	V	VI	Carpenter.	Shoemaker.	Tailor.	Blacksmith.	Baker.	Harnessmaker.	Printer.	Painter.		
45.97	144	55	40	33	10	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Nova Scotia
47.91	30	11	4	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Prince Edward Island
61.05	105	81	46	39	14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	New Brunswick
63.85	609	243	185	131	49	39	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Quebec
57.59	1,789	572	618	402	191	62	5	3	...	...	2	...	...	...	10	Ontario
60.59	1,216	359	218	133	65	34	65	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	65	Manitoba
75.71	596	256	223	164	98	59	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Saskatchewan
84.03	420	202	163	117	31	19	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Alberta
73.64	146	42	21	22	5	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Northwest Territories
60.78	1,216	521	358	221	135	63	67	26	...	...	2	...	...	...	95	British Columbia
41.44	110	16	12	10	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	Yukon
63.05	6,381	2,358	1,888	1,275	601	296	137	29	...	...	4	...	...	...	170	Total

SCHEDULE OF ESTABLISHMENT OF INDIAN BOARDING AND INDUSTRIAL SCHOOLS.

School.	Location.	Land.	Buildings.	Water Supply.	Fire Protection.	Heating and Lighting.
Mohawk Institute.	In township Brantford, some 1 3/4 miles from city of Brantford. P.O. Brantford, Ont.	Comprises lot 5 Eagle's Nest (10 acres) a Crown grant, 194 acres by license of occupation and 176 acres Mohawk Glebe lot in city.	Buildings form letter H, consisting of main building, including stores, cold stores, officers' dining rooms, etc., north wing and south wing, a boy's playhouse, a small hospital, stables, hog pen, 2 greenhouses, a carpenter shop, frost-proof fruit house, poultry house and silo.	From city water works.	Fire department of city including 4 hydrants with hose; 2 stand pipes with hose on all floors; 4 chemical fire extinguishers; 2 dozen blaze killer tubes, axes and extension ladders. A branch firehall close by, for which school contributes \$60 per year.	Both wings occupied by pupils have coal and gas furnaces of large capacity. Main building, heated by hot water; kitchen, laundry and dairy all use natural gas. Buildings lighted throughout by electricity.
Mount Elgin Institute.	15 miles northwest of St. Thomas in county Middlesex, township Caradoc. P.O. Muncey, Ont.	225 acres, being a portion of the Chippewa reserve.	A main building erected in 1895 four stories, brick; an old building 100 feet to rear contains of dwellings of two officers and families and a four-cot hospital and dairy cellar. Other buildings are a carpenter shop, implement shed, carriage shed, poultry house, stables, grain barn, etc., all on brick or cement foundations.	Abundant supply of spring water, furnished by hydraulic pumps and piped to all parts of the building.	Two large tanks located in attic. Pipes convey water to 18 hose distributed throughout the building. Fire extinguishers, pails, and axes placed in main hallways.	Three coal furnaces and hot water system heat main buildings, and schoolrooms; lighted by electricity.
Shingwauk Home.	Located 1 1/2 miles east of business part of Sault Ste. Marie, but within town limits. P.O. Sault Ste. Marie, Ont.	Comprises 93 acres mostly cleared, being park lots 1 and 2 Tarentaurus township.	Main building, stone, 185 x 137 feet; principal's residence, offices of institution, etc. To the east is a 2-story frame building 60 x 30, drill hall and playroom and upper story, a schoolroom; a chapel, hospital, farmer's cottage; carpenter's cottage; factory and stables; a new laundry, stone, 30 x 20 feet.	3-inch pipe connects with city supply.	Has 2 hydrants connected with 3-inch pipe from city, inside and outside; 2 fire tanks capacity of 1,925 gallons in upper flat - a 50 lb. Pressure maintained. Axes, pails kept handy.	Main building heated by a hot water system; separate buildings by stoves. Coal oil lamps used to light.

School.	Location.	Land.	Buildings.	Water Supply.	Fire Protection.	Heating and Lighting.
Spanish River Industrial.	1 mile from Spanish river, north shore of Lake Superior. P.O. Spanish, Ont.	Between 300 and 400 acres.	Boys' buildings: frame, cement foundation, one 90 x 45, 3-story, the other 106 x 45, 3-story frame. Girls' buildings: main building is solid cement 66 x 50 with two wings, each 56 x 36, 3-story high.	Abundant supply of water throughout buildings, obtained from wells and pumped by windmills.	...	Heated by hot-water furnaces. Lighted by electricity.
Albany Mission Boarding.	Situated on Albany Island, at mouth of Albany river, 6 miles from the sea. P.O. Fort Albany. James Bay, via Cochrane, Ont.	Belongs to the Hudsons Bay Co., a perpetual grant given.	Main building, 3-story, 65 x 40 feet; a barn, carpenter-shop, laundry and a store house.	Water taken to buildings in buckets from river.	Two ladders fixed at each end of building are only means of protection.	Heated throughout by wood furnaces. Lighted by coal-oil lamps.
Cecilia Jeffrey Boarding.	At west end of Shoal Lake, 45 miles southwest of Kenora. P.O. Kenora, Ont.	A peninsula of 210 acres registered as D 492, District of Kenora, granted Presbyterian Church by Ontario Government.	Main building, 67 x 38 feet, with wing 22 x 30 feet, frame, on stone basement. Also a class-room, 43 x 28 feet; principal's residence 46 x 24 feet; a stable and icehouse, stone hen-house and storehouse combined.	Good water supplied from lake. Pumped by gasoline engine into 1,500 gal. Tank in attic, thence by pipes throughout the building.	Hose connected to tank supply on each floor. Axes, buckets and ladders kept in readiness. Fire-escapes from dormitories. Fire extinguishers.	Building heated by steam. Lighted by coal-oil lamps.
Chapleau Boarding.	On lot 2, section 6, township Chapleau, 1/2 mile from town and across lake. P.O. Chapleau, Ont.	165 acres, only 15 of which is cleared. Belongs to Government.	School building, 40 x 22 feet, dwelling-house, 52 x 52 feet; kitchen 20 x 12 feet; cottage for principal, 24 x 20 feet, woodshed, boat house and chicken house, all frame buildings.	Water obtained from lake for laundry purposes, and from a well for drinking purposes.	Barrels and buckets are kept filled with water; also 2 iron fire-escapes.	Heated with wood stoves, lighted by oil lamps.
Fort William Orphanage.	Northwest corner of Franklin and Arthur streets, Fort William. P.O. Fort William, Ont.	Comprises 3 1/2 acres and belongs to school.	School is a three story solid brick building 78 x 40 ft. with an extension 33 x 22 feet, basement and attic. Stable 28 x 24 feet, store room 22 x 14 feet and a chicken house, all frame.	City water supply, and is conducted throughout building by means of tank and water pipes.	There are 100 feet of hose on each flat connected with city power. Wrought iron fire escape from top to second floor and also from second to ground.	Heated by hot water system and lighted by electricity.

Fort Frances Boarding.	On agency reserve, southwest of Rainy Lake. P.O. Fort Frances, Ont.	63 acres, part of the reserve.	Main building of 3 stories 40 x 70 feet. Principal's office, ice- house, workshop, stable, laundry.	Water pumped by gasoline engine from lake into 3 tanks in attic of 500 gallons each.	Two fire escapes from either end of building. Also fire extinguishers, buckets and barrels.	Steam heated and lighted by acetylene.
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SCHEDULE of Establishment of Indian Boarding and Industrial Schools. - Continued.

School.	Location.	Land.	Buildings.	Water Supply.	Fire Protection.	Heating and Lighting.
Kenora Boarding	Located 3 miles from town of Kenora, on a hill commanding view of the lake. P.O. Kenora, Ont.	There are 45 acres of land belonging to Roman Catholic Church, subdivision 1-8, township Jaffray.	School building 112x40 feet, brick veneered, on stone foundation, attached to rear is kitchen, 12x70 feet; laundry, 46x16 feet; carpenter shop, 30x25 feet; 3 boathouses, icehouse, machine shed, stable and pig sty.	From Lake of the Woods, a 6 h.p. gasoline engine pumps the water.	Have 3 outside fire escapes from dormitories; 20 extinguishers, 6 pails and 6 axes.	Heated by steam furnace. Lighted by electric light from the town of Kenora.
Moose Fort	On Moose Island, 9 miles, from where the Moose river joins salt water. P.O. Moose Fort, James Bay, via Cochrane, Ont.	10 acres of land is leased from Hudsons Bay Co. Produces hay and potatoes.	Boarding school building, 2 stories, 40x50 feet, principal's house 30 x 30 feet cottage hospital, carpenter's-shop, engine house, cow stable, woodshed. The day school building is 40 x 20 feet.	All water used is obtained from river 100 yards distant from school.	Buckets and barrels, filled, always on hand; two ladders from roof.	Heated by three wood stoves. Lighted by coal-oil lamps.
Brandon Industrial	Is 3 miles northwest of Brandon. P.O. Brandon, Man.	320 acres, being east half of sect on 28, township 10, range 19; about 240 acres of this is in the valley; also 640 acres being section 23 township 10, range 19, west of principal meridian.	Main building of brick veneer, 97 feet frontage, 3 stories high, with a 2-story addition across rear; principal's residence, asst. principal's residence, ice-house, root-houses (2), barn, stables, piggery and other out-buildings, new building for a granary and implement shed.	Spring water, pumped by windmill into large tank at top of building, with pipes to all parts of institution. Supplemented by well pumped by electric power.	A McRobie engine with hose to all parts of building. Hose from tank also. Fire escapes from dormitories.	Hot air from 3 large wood and 2 coal furnaces, in main building. Lighted by electricity.
Elkhorn Industrial	About 1/4 mile from town of Elkhorn, Man. P.O. Elkhorn, Man.	320 acres as a farm, comprising southwest quarter-section 4 and southeast quarter-section 5, township 12, range 28; also 1/2 section rented.	Comprises main building, principal's residence, laundry, gymnasium and various stables, granary, dairy, and other outbuildings. A new barn 35x75 feet, containing root-house, with silo attached, was built during 1915.	From a well, water being pumped by gasoline engine into large tanks at top of main building.	A McRobie engine in basement with an 80-gallon tank, supplemented by 2 Babcocks, 5 Stempels and 20 Eclipse dry dust tubes.	Hot water boiler heated with tamarack wood. Lighted with acetylene.

School.	Location.	Land.	Buildings.	Water Supply.	Fire Protection.	Heating and Lighting.
Birtle Boarding.	On north bank of Bird Tail river ravine, within limits of town of Birtle. P.O. Birtle, Man.	Owns 30 acres and rents 30 acres in 6, 7 and 26, in municipality of Birtle. School farm situated 2 miles away on southwest quarter 16, 17, 26, having 100 acres arable land.	Main building 84 x 26 feet, stone; new class room and gymnasium, 58 x 28 feet, frame; old school building, 3 stories and basement; barn, 16 x 24 feet, frame; hogpen, 20 x 14 feet, concrete; granary, 10 x 12 feet, frame; root-house, 16 x 40 feet; poultry house, 14x26 feet. A cottage hospital run in connection with the school.	School is connected with new pumping plant of C.P.R. in Birtle; 40 lbs. Pressure through buildings. Hard water is obtained from well 200 yds, from school and is pumped into a tank by means of a gasoline engine and thence piped to kitchen.	Plenty of hose and regular drill of pupils. Hose on all floors, stand pipe and tank at top of building. Escapes and extension ladder; fire axes and pails.	Two large Safford sectional boilers in main building. Acetelyne from the Birtle plant.
Cross Lake Boarding.	At Cross Lake, on left bank of Nelson River. P.O. Cross Lake via Norway House, Man.	401 acres reserved for school purposes.	Main building, stone, 101 1/2 x 40 feet with a chapel adjoining, 66 x 36 feet; blacksmith and carpenter shop, 40x20 feet, a stable and ice-house.	From the lake; a good supply of clear filtered water throughout building.	Fire-escapes and extinguishers.	Heated by steam; lighted by electricity from own plant.
Fort Alexander Boarding.	On south bank of Winnipeg river, a mile from its mouth, and on the Fort Alexander reserve. P.O. Fort Alexander, Man.	Land comprises about 145 acres, 9 chains frontage and runs back from river about 2 miles. Is lot No. 60, of the Indian reserve.	School building is 100 x 45 feet, 3 stories and basement; also a workshop, stable, log barn, implement shed, engine-house, and pig-pen, a new and fully equipped laundry built in 1913.	A pump, run by a gasoline engine, draws the water, from the Winnipeg river to a large tank in attic.	On third floor are 3 tanks each containing 600 gallons; pumped full by gasoline engine. Fire escapes from every floor.	Steam heated. Main buildings lighted by gas; other buildings by coal oil lamps.
Mackay Boarding.	On Fisher Island, in the Saskatchewan River, 6 miles from town of LePas. P.O., Le Pas, Man.	An island, 320 acres extent.	Main building, 3-story frame structure on concrete foundation, 90 x 85 feet; barn, piggery, hen and root-house, ice-house and pupils out-buildings. Buildings completed during 1915.	A 3,000 gallons compression tank and a large soft-water cistern. Hot and cold water available on each floor of main building.	Balconies on front of building, where are located fire-escapes consisting of brass sliding poles, with doors leading out from each dormitory and hallway.	Steam heated and lighted by acetylene.

Norway House Boarding.	Situated at Rossville Mission, on Norway House reserve, on Little Playgreen lake. P.O. Norway House via Selkirk, Man.	A nominal claim on land partly on reserve and partly in Rossville village; 2 acres under cultivation.	A new 3 story building on a cement basement. Main building 90x46 1/2 feet with annex 33x32 1/2 feet. Balconies extend along front of main building. Out-buildings are: log stable, roothouse, and a combine ice house and freezer, 30 x 40 feet.	Obtained from Little Playgreen lake by means of a water system and conducted to baths, wash rooms and closets on each floor of building.	Fire-hose, fire-escapes and barrels and pails kept filled on each flat.	Steam heated and lighted by electricity from own lighting plant.
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School.	Location.	Land.	Buildings.	Water Supply.	Fire Protection.	Heating and Lighting.
Pine Creek Boarding.	On Lake Winnipegosis, near Pine Creek reserve. P.O. Camperville, Man.	Section 1, township 35, range 19, west 1st meridian, 160 acres; also south part of section 34, township 34 range 20, west 1st meridian.	A stone building, 115 x 50 feet, 3 stories. Also a stable 100 x 50 feet, sawmill, carpenter shop, blacksmith shop, ice-house, boat-house.	Water drawn from river by windmill and a gasoline engine.	Large fire-escape in rear of building; water pipes with hose connections on each flat; also fire extinguishers.	Heated by steam; lighted by acetylene gas.
Portage-la-Prairie Boarding.	Two miles southwest of the city of Portage-la-Prairie. P.O. Portage-la-Prairie, Man.	56 acres, adjoining limits of city of Portage-la-Prairie.	Main building, brick on stone foundation, 136x64 feet. Barn 70 x 36 feet, silo attached. Also pig-house, 33x26 feet; poultry-house, 16 x 32 feet; cold storage, 30 x 24 feet; garage and work-shop, 20x12 ft. All completed during 1915.	Connected with city water system.	Fire-extinguishers throughout building. In telephone communication with city brigade. Hydrants in grounds.	Heated by steam; lighted by electricity from city plant.
Sandy Bay Boarding.	Centre of Sandy Bay reserve, on west shore of Lake Manitoba. P.O. Marius, Man.	100 acres, part of section 16, township 18, range 9, set aside from the Sandy Bay reserve for the purposes of the school.	Main building is 3-story, frame, 70 x 40 feet, on stone foundation, with two wings and an annex. Ice-house, barn 30 x 100 feet, piggery and hennery, carpentry and machine shop.	Two artesian wells. Water pumped by gasoline engine and windmill into 3 tanks having a capacity of 3,270 gallons.	Two fire-escapes from dormitories. Hose on each floor connected with tanks in attic. Also fire-extinguishers distributed throughout the buildings.	Heated by steam and lighted by acetylene gas.
Qu'Appelle Industrial.	In the Qu'Appelle valley on the Melville-Reginabranch of the G.T.P. Ry. P.O. Lebret, Sask.	Some 1,300 acres consisting of various parts of sections all in township 21, range 13, west 2nd meridian of which about 1 / 3 is arable. All is fenced and owned by department.	Main building 120 x 50 feet girls' building 80 x 50 feet, and boys' building 80x50 feet. Also shop buildings, stables, storehouse and barn.	Drinking water from wells: water for domestic uses and fire protection brought from lake into two 1,500 gallon air pressure tanks.	Two 50 feet hose on each flat of main, boys' and girls' building are connected with the air pressure tanks. Electric alarm system; 2 escapes to each of three buildings, extinguishers, pails, etc.	Four Gurney steam boilers and stoves in shops. Siche gas system used to light the school buildings, and coal-oil for the shops.

School.	Location.	Land.	Buildings.	Water Supply.	Fire Protection.	Heating and Lighting.
Cowessess Boarding.	South of Crooked lake, on Cowessess reserve, Qu'Appelle Valley, P.O. Marieval, via Grayson, Sask.	Land consists of 586 acres southeast 1/4 section 3, township 19, range 5, west of 2nd meridian, 19 acres; southwest 1/4 section 3, township 19, range 5, west of 2nd meridian, 152 acres; northeast 1/4 section 4, township 18, range 5 west of 2nd meridian, 66 acres; section 5, township 19, range 5 west 2nd meridian, 323 acres.	Main building 3 story, 58 x 38 feet, a priest's house, church, workshop 30 x 20 feet, stable and various outbuildings.	From a well in basement and is pumped by a gasoline engine into a large tank from which it is distributed by pipes throughout the building.	A gasoline engine and power pump of 100 gallons per minute, connected with a stand pipe from a tank in attic and connections on each floor; also fire-escapes and buckets.	Main building heated by steam from a 30 horse power boiler. Other buildings by stoves. Lighted by acetylene gas.
Duck Lake Boarding.	Located 1/2 mile from town of Duck Lake. P.O. Duck Lake, Sask.	550 acres, composed of subdivisions 4 and 3 and the W. 1/2 of sub-division 2, of section 4, in tp. 44, R. 2 W. of 3rd meridian; also 1/2 sec., northeast section 33, township 43, range 2, west 3rd meridian; all land belongs to the Rev. Oblate Fathers.	Main building, 250 x 36 feet, with two wings, 30 x 30 and 20 x 40 feet, respectively; other buildings include stable and barn, 100 x 35 feet, bakery, farmer's house, workshop, granary, 46 x 30 feet, laundry, 30 x 30 feet milkhouse, henhouse, ice-house.	Three artesian wells, pumped by a 3-h.p. oil engine, into large steel tanks in basement, and by air pressure forced to all parts of building.	Fire hose in main corridors connected with water system.	Heated by two Gurney steam furnaces and lighted by acetylene.
File Hills Boarding.	Adjoins File Hills reserve. P.O. Balcarres, Sask.	East 1/2 section 32, township 22, range 11, west 2nd meridian and all that part of section 33 which is outside of Okanase reserve, in all 410 acres. The Government owns 10 acres and the Presbyterian Church 400 acres.	Main building, brick, 3 story, 76 x 45 feet; a hospital annex, 45 x 24 feet; class-room frame, 26 x 41 feet on cement foundation; stable, 28 x 80 feet; granary, two roothouses, shed; also residence for principal, stone, and a 5-roomed cottage for farm instructor.	Water is supplied from the lake close by for domestic purposes. Drinking water is obtained from a well close to the school.	Fire pails, axes, extinguishers; also barrels kept full of water.	Main building and class-room heated by steam, lighted by coal-oil lamps.
Gordon's Boarding.	On west side of Gordon's reserve, 12 miles from agency headquarters. P.O.	Totals 320 acres, comprising east 1/2 section 4, township 27, west 2nd meridian, owned by Government.	Main building, stone 42x48 feet, with frame addition, 40 x 20 feet; also laundry, 30 x 18 feet, storehouse, 18 x 16 feet, stables 42 x 18 feet, outbuildings	A well some 200 yards from school; also rain water.	Two Babcocks, a pump with hose, hand grenades, tank, axes, barrels	Heated by wood stoves and lighted by coal-oil

	Punnichy, Sask.		are of log with shingled roof.		and pail, also coils of rope.	lamps.
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School.	Location.	Land.	Buildings.	Water Supply.	Fire Protection.	Heating and Lighting.
Lac la Plonge Boarding.	North of Junction of the Castor and La Plonge rivers. P.O. Lac la Plonge via Mistawasis, Sask.	Land not yet surveyed, but said to be on limits of the 71st and 72nd townships, range 2, west 3rd meridian.	Main building 3-story, frame, 100 x 33 feet; a presbytery 3 stories high, 26 x 36 feet; a church, 20 x 50 feet; a laundry, carpenter shop, storehouse, stable, 36 x 25 feet, and various other outbuildings, also a saw and planing mill.	From Lac la Plonge river by means of an hydraulic ram.	Two outside stairs and 6 doors openings outward.	Heated by a steam furnace, lighted by electricity.
Lac la Ronge Boarding.	On west shore of Lac la Ronge, 1 1/2 miles from mouth of Big Stone river. P.O. Lac la Ronge, via Prince Albert, Sask.	Is mission property, belonging to Anglican Church and comprises 80 acres.	Two buildings, 80x26 and 30x42 feet, frame. Stable, carpenter shop, store-room, milkhouse, hen-house and other outbuildings.	Brought from the lake.	Two fire-escapes: one 8 feet wide from girls' dormitory, and one 6 feet wide from boys' dormitory. Also 18 fire-extinguishers.	Heated by box stoves and lighted by coal oil.
Muscowekwan's Boarding.	About 12 miles from the Touchwood agency. Adjacent to Muscowekwan's reserve. P.O. Lestock, Sask.	Comprises 640 acres, being section 14, township 27, range 15, west 2nd meridian. Belongs to Oblate Order.	Main building, three stories on stone foundation, with annex 42 x 52 feet and an addition 17 x 20 feet, a frame stable 116 x 36 feet.	Three large tanks, pumped full by a windmill and gas engine pump, water is supplied throughout building. Water is obtained from a well.	Fire-extinguishers and axes; hose connections from tanks in each hallway. Fire-escapes at each end of building.	A furnace, steam heats building, and it is lighted by acetylene gas.
Onion Lake Roman Catholic Boarding.	Situated on Seekaskootch reserve, some 12 miles from old Fort Pitt. P.O. Onion Lake, Sask.	About 20 acres in section 5, township 55, range 27. Is part of the reserve, set apart for school purposes and fenced.	Main building, 45x33 feet, 3 stories high. Two buildings for staff, 38x25 feet and 36 x 26 feet, respectively. Laundry and bakery combined, 57 x 20 feet, 2 stables, woodsheds, closets and a building for gasoline engine, 13x10 feet.	From a good well near the buildings.	A well; ladders, pails, axes and barrels of water kept ready. Twelve dry dust extinguishers; also fire drills regularly.	Wood stoves used to heat buildings. Coal-oil lamps light the rooms.

School.	Location.	Land.	Buildings.	Water Supply.	Fire Protection.	Heating and Lighting.
Onion Lake Anglican Boarding.	On northeast corner Makao's reserve, some 360 yards southwest of agency headquarters. P.O. Onion Lake, Sask.	Some 30 acres, part of reserve.	Main building, 3-story, frame, 30 x 40 feet; also a hospital, 3 story, 28x24 feet, log cottage, 2-story, 16 x 20 feet, the Mission house, 60 feet square, 2 stories, for use of staff; also various outbuildings.	From two wells. An ample supply.	Two chemical and 12 eclipse fire-extinguishers in the different rooms, outside stairs and a steel ladder from the dormitory.	Heated by wood stoves and lighted by lamps.
Round Lake Boarding.	At east end of Round lake, close to Crooked Lake reserves in Qu'Appelle Valley. P.O., Whitewood, Sask.	Comprises south 1/2 section 23 township 18, range 3, west 2nd meridian and 22 acres of northeast 1/4 of 14, same township and range. Owned by Presbyterian Church.	Main building, including dormitories, dining-room, waiting rooms, etc., the school-house, barn, horse and cow stables, granary, and implement house - all frame.	Abundant supply of water from lake and from well.	Fire-escapes from all bedrooms and an abundant supply of water kept handy. Some extinguishers on hand.	Heated by hot-air furnaces and stoves and lighted by coal-oil lamps.
Thunderchild Boarding.	On Roman Catholic Mission land 1/2 mile north of Delmas Station. P.O. Delmas, Sask.	4 acres, part of section 6, township 46, range 18, west 3rd meridian, patented.	School is of frame, on stone foundation, 36 x 28 2 1/2 stories, with annex at south end 36 x 28, 3 stories; laundry 28 x 12 feet, warehouse, stable and hen-house.	Water supplied throughout each floor of building and is obtained from the C.N. Railway pipe line which extends from Sask. River to Delmas. A good sewage system.	Two fire-escapes, 12 dry dust fire-extinguishers, barrels kept full of water; a few axes and pails.	Heated by two hot air furnaces, using wood. Lighted by coal-oil lamps.
Red Deer Industrial.	On north bank of Red Deer river, 3 miles from town of Red Deer. Is 40 miles from nearest reserve. P.O. Red Deer, Alta.	Three quarter-sections, being part of section 14, township 38, rge. 28, west 4th meridian, also 14 acres of section 11, and half each of sections 16 and 20 as hay land. In all 1,140 acres belonging to the department.	Main building of grey stone, a 3-story brick building, principal's residence, 3 cottages for married members of staff, stables, granary, cow stable, workshops and other outbuildings.	Good supply pure water pumped from a spring well through the two main buildings by steam power, and stored in tanks; also a second well, worked by hand pump.	Large tanks and 36 dry dust extinguishers; 2 modern fire-escapes.	Two Smead-Dowd and two Pease furnaces heat main buildings and principal's residence. Cottages heated by stoves. Coal-oil lamps used for lighting.

School.	Location.	Land.	Buildings.	Water Supply.	Fire Protection.	Heating and Lighting.
St. Joseph's Industrial.	Situated on High river, 3/4 mile from its mouth. Nearest railway station is DeWinton, 11 miles away. P.O. Davisbury, Alta.	There are 1,870 acres in connection with school. Comprises east 1/2 section 22, township 21, range 28; 1/2 southwest quarter section 26, township 21, range 28; 30 acres of section 15, township 21, range 28, and 633 acres section 27, township 21, range 28, all west 4th meridian. Hay land made up of east 1/2 section 26, township 20, range 27, and 3/4 section 36, township 20, range 27, west 4th meridian. All land belongs to the Government.	Two main buildings, one for boys and one for girls, and a number of outbuildings, including stables, workshops, bakery, laundry, new henhouse, wagon sheds, coal sheds and icehouse.	From High river, water is filtered into a well and then pumped into tanks in main buildings.	Well supplied with stairs and escapes. Two tanks in boys' building and one in girls' building, each with a capacity of 1,400 gallons; hose connections from tanks on each flat; 18 extinguishers, 48 hand grenades, 40 pails, 8 fire axes and 36 fire-extinguishers.	The two main buildings heated by steam each with its own plant. Lighted by acetylene gas.
Blood Anglican Boarding.	Across the Belly river from agency headquarters. Is 15 miles southeast of MacLeod. P.O. MacLeod, Alta.	Comprises 160 acres, bordering on Belly river. Northwest 1/4 section 30, township 7, range 25, west of 4th meridian and is owned by Diocese of Calgary.	Are arranged in square: comprise girls' home 45 x 75 feet, with an addition 45 x 18 feet; the boys' home 66 x 55 feet; the hospital, 36 x 24 feet; gymnasium, principal's house, 38 x 24; school, 45 x 21 feet; stables, granary and outbuildings, all frame.	Obtained from 4 wells by means of a pump. Each main building has its own water supply.	Sufficient exits from building; a good supply of fire-extinguishers, axes and fire pails.	Heated by stoves. Lighted by coal-oil lamps.
Blood Roman Catholic Boarding.	On Blood reserve, 25 miles south of Macleod; 1 mile from upper agency. P.O. Standoff Alta.	Comprises 5 acres; a part of the Blood reserve; also 3 acres leased land.	Main building, 36 x 36 feet, 3 stories, with two wings, 32 x 36 feet, 2 stories; a kitchen 20 x 20 feet, 3 stories, a laundry, stables, storehouse, chicken-house.	Water is supplied throughout building from a well by means of a force pump.	12 fire-extinguishers, 12 hand grenades and buckets kept full of water also four staircases.	Two hot air furnaces heat building. Lighted by coal-oil lamps.

School.	Location.	Land.	Buildings.	Water Supply.	Fire Protection.	Heating and Lighting.
Blue Quill's Boarding.	On Edmonton road, 6 miles west Saddle lake, on Blue Quill's reserve. P.O. Sacred Heart, Alta.	125 acres, a portion of the reserve.	Is a frame building, 2 1/2 story, 90 x 30 feet divided into necessary departments. Outbuildings are, bakery, laundry, store house and stables.	Abundant supply from a well, pumped by gasoline engine.	A fire-escape at each end of building leading from top story to ground; also fire-extinguishers.	Heated by steam. Lighted by coal-oil lamps.
Crowfoot Boarding.	Is 3/4 miles west of Cluny Station, near Bow river on Blackfoot reserve. P.O. Cluny, Alta.	A quarter - section of Blackfoot reserve set apart for use of school, 1/4 sec. 32, tp. 21, R. 21.	Main Building, 3 stories, 36 X 36 feet with two wings, 2 story, 36x32 feet. Barn, 60 x 38 feet, poultry house, wagon house, 40 x 12 feet, ice house and a root house.	Pumped into house from a good well by means of a gasoline engine.	Fire-extinguishers, hand grenades, fire pails and axes and a good water supply.	Steamheated. Lighted coal-oil lamp.
Ermineskin Boarding.	On Ermineskin reserve, 1 mile from Hobbema Station. P.O. Hobbema, Alta.	Consists of 40 acres, fenced; 5 acres of this is garden, 5 school yard, balance for pasturage.	Main building 45 x 50 feet. A building 25 x 20 feet, containing chapel and kitchen; Sisters' building 40 x 24 feet; a laundry 40 x 24 feet, including therein a room for contagious diseases: a new class-room building one story, 25 x 22 feet.	From an artesian well, pumped into buildings. A good sewerage system installed.	Two fire-escapes, hose, pails, grenades and dry extinguishers provide fire protection.	Heated by steam furnace and lighted by coal-oil lamps.
Fort Chipewyan (Holy Angels) Boarding.	Located at Fort Chipewyan. P.O. Fort Chipewyan.	Fifteen acres of farm land. Crop consists of potatoes and turnips, small vegetables.	Consists of school building, church, clergy house. Belongs to Roman Catholic Mission (Grey Nuns).	From two wells and the lake.	A force-pump and hose, ladders, buckets and axes. Three fire-escapes.	Two hot air furnaces and 7 wood stoves heat buildings. Coal-oil is used for lighting.
Lesser Slave lake (Anglican) Boarding.	North west side of Lesser Slave lake, 6 miles from Grouard. P.O. Grouard, Alta.	90 acres, the property of the church missionary society and is river lot 64, township 76, range 15, Hart river settlement.	Girls home, log, 30 x 25 feet, with kitchen adjoining, 15 x 18 feet; and a wing added for boys' residence, frame, 35 x 25 feet. Various outbuildings; also a church, 50 x 20 feet.	From the Hart river.	Ladders, buckets and stairways.	Heated by stoves; lighted by coal-oil lamps.
	At Grouard	72 acres in			Four fire-	Two hot air furnaces heat

Lesser Slave Lake Boarding. (St. Bernard's.)	on Buffalo bay on western side of Lesser Slave lake. P.O. Grouard, Alta.	connection with school, the property of the Sisters of Providence. Is in section 31, township 75.	Main building, 72x28 feet, 3 stories. Boys' house, 60 x 25 feet, 2 story, and a school building, 35 x 25 feet for class-rooms only. All frame. Laundry, dairy, fish and ice-house.	From a well and from Buffalo lake.	extinguishers, 6 axes, buckets, ladders and outside stairs comprise the fire protection.	main building, stove used for other buildings. Coal-oil used for lighting purposes.
Lesser Slave Lake Boarding. (St. Bruno's.)	St. Bruno's Mission, Lesser Slave Lake. P.O. Grouard, Alta.	10 acres have been cleared.	Two-story frame building, 64x25 with a wing 18x30; and an annex 50 x 25 feet.	Water from Lesser Slave lake.	34 fire-extinguishers, axes, buckets, ladders and outside stairways.	Heated by wood stoves: lighted by coal-oil lamps.

School.	Location.	Land.	Buildings.	Water Supply.	Fire Protection.	Heating and Lighting.
Old Sun's	At North Camp, Blackfoot reserve, 1 1/4 miles from Gleichen. P.O. Gleichen, Alta.	160 acres, n.e. 1/4 sec. 1, tp. 22, range 23, west 4th M. Part of reserve.	Residence for pupils and staff, school-house, laundry, driving shed, horse-stable, cow stable, poultry house.	From a well in basement of laundry, conducted through building by air pressure from tank.	On each floor of residence is a hose and nozzle.	Residence heated by steam, school-house by hot air and laundry by stoves; lighted by acetylene gas.
Peigan Anglican Boarding.	On bank of Pincher creek, 1 1/2 miles from Brocket. P.O. Brocket, Alta.	140 acres, being northeast 1/4 section 12, township 7, range 29, west 4th meridian. Belongs to the school.	Main building, 2-story, frame, stone foundation, 78 x 32 feet, with two wings 30 x 40 feet. Also mission church, hospital, laundry, stable, workshop and other necessary buildings.	A drive well in kitchen with hand-pump.	There are 14 fire tubes hung in the main rooms.	School heated by 2 hot air furnaces, school-room and open air dormitories heated by stoves lighted by coal-oil lamps.
Peigan Roman Catholic Boarding.	About centre of Peigan reserve, just north of Oldman river. P.O. Brocket, Alta.	Is a part of the reserve, some 51 acres, all fenced.	Main building 30 x 30 feet, 3 stories, with two wings; east wing 30 x 26 feet, west wing 48 x 26 feet; two additions 16 x 22 feet, used as play-rooms and fresh air dormitories; also a laundry 30 x 20 feet, stable 28 x 30 feet.	A good well near the school.	Buckets filled with water; some axes and extinguishers.	Heated by stoves and lighted by coal-oil lamps.
Sarcee Boarding.	Located on southeast corner Sarcee reserve. P.O. Calgary, Alta.	Some 10 acres of reserve, fenced and used for school and mission purposes.	Main building 60 x 40 feet frame, concrete foundation, a chicken house, stables and coach shed, 40 x 20 feet and storehouse.	Well of spring water.	Barrels of water, dry dust fire-extinguishers, and doors opening outwards.	Heated by coal and wood stoves and lighted by coal-oil lamps.
Sturgeon Lake Boarding.	On east shore of Sturgeon lake, in centre of Sturgeon Lake reserve. P.O. Colais, via Heatherwood, Alta.	Some 160 acres, part of reserve and only 30 acres under cultivation.	Main building is a 3-story structure, 40 x 27 feet, with an addition 2-story, 27x20 feet and a wing, 20 x 20 feet, 2-story. A second building, 30x25 feet, 2-story, contains recreation hall and classrooms.	From the lake.	A supply of water kept ready; ladders, axes and buckets handy; also 20 fire-extinguishers.	Heated by four wood stoves; lighted by coal oil lamps.

School.	Location.	Land.	Buildings.	Water Supply.	Fire Protection.	Heating and Lighting.
St. Albert Boarding.	Located 1/4 mile north of C.N.R. Station, town of St. Albert. P.O. St. Albert, Alta.	513 acres, property of Sisters of Charity, section 4, township 54, range 25. Excellent farm land.	Main building, 4-story, brick veneered, 100 x 50; stables, bakery, repair shops, implement shed, barn, hennery and store houses.	From two artesian wells, pumped into tanks by a hot air engine and thence conducted by pipes throughout building.	Water distributed throughout buildings. Outside galleries and stairs give quick access; 500 feet of hose and grenades, extinguishers, pails and fire escapes.	Main building heated by 2 Economy hot water heaters. Stoves used also where needed. Lighted by Siche gas.
Fort Vermilion Boarding.	At Fort Vermilion on south bank of Peace river, facing Caribou mountain. P.O. Fort Vermilion, via Athabaska Landing, Alta.	80 acres, owned by Oblate Fathers.	Pupils and staff temporarily residing in log building, 30 x 48 feet, 2 1/2 story. Also a laundry and a store-house.	A well in school, also water from Peace river for laundry purposes.	A supply of water and ladders.	Heated by stoves; lighted by coal-oil lamps.
Lake Wabiskaw Anglican Boarding.	On Wabiskaw lake, P.O. Wabasca via Athabaska Landing, Alta.	Has never been surveyed or measured. Comprises about 40 acres and runs back 3/4 of a mile from lake being a narrow strip lying between Hudson's Bay Co., and Revillon Bros., posts.	Main building is 32x26 feet with kitchen 24 x 20 feet, 1 1/2 stories. Church 17 x 22 feet. Mission house, 2 stories, 24 feet square, building 20 feet square for hospital; storehouse, stables and workshop.	Well; also water from lake for laundry purposes.	Ladders and a supply of water only means.	Heated by wood stove and lighted by oil and candles.
Lake Wabiskaw Roman Catholic Boarding.	On northern shore of Wabiskaw lake. P.O. Wabasca, via Athabaska Landing, Alta.	22 acres, 7 of which is under cultivation.	There are 4 buildings of hewn logs, two of them are 42 x 32 feet, 3 stories, a wing 18 x 24 feet; also a wing 40 x 27 feet under construction.	From the lake.	Ladders and buckets, together with a supply of water are only means.	Heated by wood stoves and lighted by coal-oil lamps and candles.
Whitefish Lake Boarding.	Whitefish lake not on a reserve. P.O. Grouard, Alta.	Not surveyed. School claims about 90 acres.	Main building, log, 30 x 25 feet; with wing, 16 x 18 feet, a storehouse and small stable.	From lake and barrels which catch rain water from roof.	Ladders, axes and pails.	Heated by wood stoves lighted by coal-oil lamps.
					Four fire-	

Fort Resolution Boarding.	On south bank of Great Slave lake. P.O. Fort Resolution, N.W.T.	Five acres, the property of the Roman Catholic mission.	Three story frame building, 40 x 30 feet, with two wings 40 x 20 feet, and a new addition 56 x 36 feet, fish house, ice-houses, stable.	A good well in basement.	extinguishers, outside stairs from dormitories and recreation rooms, and buckets and ladders.	Heated by two hot-air furnaces; lighted by coal-oil lamps and candles.
Hay River Boarding.	At mouth of Hay river, in Treaty No. 8. P.O. Hay River, Great Slave lake, N.W.T.	Some 10 acres of Crown land.	Main building 2 1/2 stories, contains 18 rooms; a dwelling-house, 2 1/2 stories, 25 x 23, and various outbuildings, also a new log warehouse and a church.	From the Hay river.	Barrels of water, ladders and axes kept handy; fire drill taught regularly.	Ten stoves, burning spruce, used to heat all buildings; lighted with candles and lamps.

School.	Location.	Land.	Buildings.	Water Supply.	Fire Protection.	Heating and Lighting.
Providence Mission (Sacred Heart)Boarding.	At Fort Providence, on the Mackenzie river. P.O. Fort Providence, N.W.T., via Athabaska Landing, Alta.	34 acres under cultivation, the property of the Oblates.	Main building, 91 x 30 feet, 3 stories. The walls are logs. A second building 65 x 30 feet, a laundry 22 x 20 feet, hospital 40 x 20 feet; stable, 70 x 27 feet; vegetable cellar and ice-house.	Obtained from the river and brought to the school by means of tramway.	Outside stairways from dormitories, ladders and barrels filled with water.	Heated by stoves lighted by lamps and candles.
Alert Bay Industrial.	Situated at Alert Bay, west end of Cormorant Island. P.O. Alert Bay, B.C.	There are 410 acres, part of Alert Bay Industrial School reserve; only 5 of which has been cleared.	School building is 60 x 40 feet, frame, with a wing 54 x 18 feet, and various outbuildings.	From a well.	Four extinguishers, 2 axes, 8 buckets and an iron fire-escape from upper bedroom. Hose and pump. Drill practised.	Heated by wood stoves; lighted by coal-oil lamps.
Clayoquot Industrial.	On Clayoquot sound, west coast of Vancouver Island. P.O. Kakawis via Victoria, B.C.	175 acres heavily timbered, the title of which is vested in Abbot of St. Benedict's Abbey.	Main building, 2 1/2 story with basement, 144 x 52 feet. A laundry, woodshed, barn, warehouse, storehouse, hen-house and a cottage for instructor.	From a mountain stream; by means of a flume brought into 8,000 gallon tank.	Ten chemical extinguishers, pails, axes, 200 feet hose, connected with tanks. Outside escapes and fire drill regularly practised.	Hot water system used for heating; lighted by coal-oil lamps.
Coqualeetza Home	On south bank of Fraser river, 3 miles from Chilliwack. P.O. Stardis, B.C.	90 acres, comprising lots 38 and 297, group 2, district of New Westminster, municipality of Chilliwack.	Main building, dormitory for boys, 60 x 18 feet, residence of principal, residence farm instructor, 3 barns, granary, wagon-shed, woodshed and carpenter shop, with recreation hall above, 55 x 27 feet; also various outbuildings.	From the Elk Creek Water Co. pipes.	Exits numerous; all doors opening outward; fire escapes from dormitories; fire drill taught.	Smead-Dowd hot-air furnaces; lighted by electricity.
Kamloops Industrial.	On north bank of South Thompson river, 2 miles from Kamloops. P.O.	Some 200 acres belong to the school, surrendered by Indians. Only a small portion is	Main building, 2 story; girls' house, boys' home, each 1 story high and various outbuildings, also new laundry.	Good water obtained from south Thompson river by means of a bull-dozer pump and	Numerous chemical and dry dust extinguishers. A large reservoir tank and pump. Rubber hose, ladders, buckets	Heated by numerous box stoves. Coal-oil lamps and candles used for lighting

	Kamloops, B.C.	cultivated.		gasoline engine.	and 3 hydrants.	purposes.
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School.	Location.	Land.	Buildings.	Water Supply.	Fire Protection.	Heating and Lighting.
Kootenay Industrial.	Situated five miles northeast of Cranbrook. P.O. St. Eugene, B.C.	An area of 33 acres belongs to the Government, on which buildings are; there are 276 acres belonging to Sister of Charity.	Main building recently completed; built of concrete; chapel and room for staff in wing; a barn 110 x 38 feet.	A new water system from St. Mary's river; pipes into building.	Chemical extinguishers, ladders, axes, buckets; hydrants outside and standpipes and hose inside and fire-escapes.	Heated by hot water. School has its own electric lighting plant.
Kuper Island Industrial.	On Telegraph bay, southwest side of Kuper island, 5 miles from Chemainus station. P.O. Kuper Island, B.C.	A part of the Kuper Island reserve; 70 acres.	Main building, 3-story brick, on concrete foundation, erected 1915, 130 x 75 1/2 ft; with extension at rear 41 x 27 feet and a laundry building 34 x 26 feet.	Water supply obtained from a natural spring capable of furnishing an abundant supply.	Four sliding pole fire-escapes are installed; and on each story are hydrants and fire hose.	Heated by steam, (vapour system); lighted by acetylene gas.
Lytton Industrial	North of Lytton, 2 1/2 miles, on left bank of Fraser river. P.O. Lytton, B.C.	Comprises 300 acres, owned by New England Co.	Main building and various outbuildings, including a saw-mill. All in good repair.	From a creek fed by 3 springs.	Two fire-escapes from dormitories, axes, buckets and hose.	Heated by hot air furnaces; lighted by coal-oil lamps.
Williams Lake Industrial.	Some 125 miles from Ashcroft, in a valley along San José creek. P.O. Williams Lake, B.C.	Consists of pasture land and belongs to the Oblates of Mary Immaculate.	Comprises main building, girls' and boys' homes and a fourth building containing kitchen and dining room. Also outbuildings.	Piped from an artificial lake, part of San José creek.	Ordinary means; the pressure of the water supply is too low to form an efficient means of protection. Fire axes, fire pails and fire drill.	Three McClary hot air furnaces heat all occupied building. Lighted by acetylene gas.
Ahousaht Boarding.	Adjoins Maktosis reserve on Flores island, west coast of Vancouver Island. P.O.	Some 140 acres belonging to Presbyterian Church, only a small portion	Main building 68 x 46 feet, 2 story frame with wide verandahs; also an outside play-room for girls, 12 x 30 feet, a workshop, barn, two hen houses, woodshed and other outbuildings, and new launch-house and smoke-house for	Chiefly dependent on the rainfall. A well supplements this for laundry	A number of extinguishers; ladders at each end of building. Force pump and hose, pails, & c. Pupils instructed	Heated by a hot-air furnace, assisted by a stove in coal weather; lighted by

	Ahousaht, B.C.	cleared.	drying salmon.	purposes.	in fire-drill.	coal-oil lamps.
Alberni Boarding.	2 1/2 miles from Alberni on the Suma river and adjoining the Shesaht reserve. P.O. Alberni, B.C.	Some 156 acres, part of lot 81, district of Alberni. Belongs to Presbyterian Church.	Main building with concrete basement 38 x 43 feet, 3 stories, with wing 32 x 46 feet 2 story; a new classroom, frame 24 x 30 feet; a new combined carpenter shop laundry and bake-shop, 50 x 18 feet, 2 story, also root- house, wood and driving sheds, barn and hen-house.	A gasoline engine pumps water from river into a reservoir and it is conducted by gravity through a 2- inch pipe to building.	Four Keystone extinguishers and six Haverhill Eclipse, buckets, etc.; 300 feet hose can be connected with gasoline engine to pump from river.	Main building heated by hot-air furnace; additions by stoves. Coal-oil used for lighting purposes.

SCHEDULE of Establishment of Indian Boarding and Industrial Schools. - Concluded.

School.	Location.	Land.	Buildings.	Water Supply.	Fire Protection.	Heating and Lighting.
Alert Bay Girls' Home.	At Alert Bay, P.O. Alert Bay, B.C.	Two acres partly cleared. Is part of the Alert Bay Industrial School reserve.	Main building, 62 x 68 feet, laundry, 24 x 16 feet. Engine-and-pump-house, cow-shed and a chicken-house.	From a well pumped into a large concrete tank by a gasoline engine and supplied throughout the school building by galvanized pipes.	12 buckets kept filled, 12 fire-extinguishers; also 1 iron fire-escape from dormitory.	Heated by steam and lighted by coal-oil lamps.
Kitamat Boarding.	At Kitamat, on Douglas channel. P.O. Kitamat, B.C.	About an acre. Part of Kitamat reserve.	The house, a 3-story building, frame, 70 x 40 feet; play-house 24 x 30 feet; dry-shed, root-cellar and stable.	A mountain creek, conducted by pipes to building.	Fire-escapes from dormitories, 12 fire-extinguishers, fire buckets, axes and hose.	Hot-air furnaces and stoves used to heat buildings. Coal-oil lamps used for lighting.
Port Simpson Girls' Home.	At Port Simpson, just outside Tsimpsean reserve. P.O. Port Simpson, B.C.	A part of section 4, township 1, range 5, Coast district, belongs to Women's Missionary Society.	Main building, 3-story with basement; a tank-house, chicken-house, wood-shed, drying-shed and a large play-room.	From a mountain stream, conducted through wooden pipes to large tank; also a well.	An iron fire-escape from each dormitory. A ladder to roof, pails and axes and 6 chemical fire-extinguishers. Drill, & c.	A furnace and stoves heat buildings. Lighted by coal-oil.
Sechelt Boarding.	Behind Indian village of Sechelt. P.O. Sechelt, B.C.	Belongs to the band and consists of 4 acres.	Main building, 83 x 36 feet, with wing, 30 x 28 feet, a laundry, 65 x 25 feet, with workshop; also a stable and chicken house, 30 x 22 feet.	Obtained from a creek, 4 miles distant, and is piped throughout school building. Poor supply.	Extinguishers, buckets, ladder and 200 feet hose.	Wood stoves used to heat building; lighted by coal-oil and gasoline lamps.
Squamish Mission.	On north shore of Burrard Inlet, opposite and 4 miles from Vancouver. P.O. North Vancouver, B.C.	Some 10 acres belonging to the Sisters of the Holy Infant Jesus. Only 4 acres are cleared.	Main building, an older building recently improved, a cottage for hospital purposes, and various outbuildings.	Connected with Vancouver water system.	Stempel extinguishers, buckets, axes and ladders, with 200 feet hose. Telephone connection with city brigade.	Heated by 2 McClary hot air furnaces; lighted throughout by electricity.

School.	Location.	Land.	Buildings.	Water Supply.	Fire Protection.	Heating and Lighting.
St. Mary's Boarding.	On north bank of Fraser River, 40 miles east of Vancouver. P.O. Mission City, B.C.	About 310 acres, the property of the Oblates of Mary Immaculate. Group 3, township 17 of Mission.	Boys' and girls' schools, each 60 x 35 feet, 3 stories, with two wings. A large vegetable cellar and various outbuildings, also laundry, saw mill and church. Septic tanks for both schools.	Piped from St. Mary's creek, a distance of 1 1/2 miles. Good spring water.	A number of extinguishers, axes and pails; plenty of hose and water pressure. Fire drill imparted to pupils. Fire-escapes from each dormitory.	Two school buildings and church heated by a 70 h. p. tubular steam boiler. Lighted by electricity from own plant.
All Hallows Boarding.	Half mile west of Yale station on Fraser river. P.O. Yale, B.C.	About 4 acres in township of Yale, bought by friends, aided by department.	Consist of main building, 77 x 27 feet, with two additions, a chapel, 32 x 21 feet, house for staff and outbuildings.	School owns water rights on 2 mountain streams. High pressure water system installed which supplies an abundance of water throughout the school building.	Three stand-pipes at rear of school, and one in front. Extinguishers, axes, pails and staircases. Pupils taught drill.	Heated by coal and wood stoves and lighted by coal-oil lamps and gasoline.
Carcross Boarding.	Two miles from Carcross. P.O. Carcross, Y.T.	160 acres.	Main building 64 x 48 feet; frame, 2 story; workshop, 20x36 feet; chicken-house 12 x 16 feet.	From a well conducted through building by a hand force pump.	Tank, stand-pipe and hose connection on each floor, 2 iron fire-escapes, 6 fire-extinguishers and pails.	Heated by a low pressure steam boiler; lighted by coal-oil lamps.

INDIAN LAND STATEMENT

SHOWING the number of acres of Indian Lands sold during the Year ended March 31, 1916, the total amount of purchase money realized, and the quantity of land unsold at that date.

ONTARIO.

Town or Township.	County or District.	Number or acres sold.	Amount of Sale.	Number of acres unsold.	Remarks.
...	...	Acres.	\$ cts.	Acres.	...
Albermarle	Bruce	283 00	150 00	62 00	Some of these lands were resumed by the department, the conditions of sale not having been complied with, so that in certain cases there appears to have been more land remaining unsold at the close of the past fiscal year than remained unsold according to the previous year's report.
Eastnor	Bruce	...	...	358 00	...
Lindsay	Bruce	...	...	589 00	...
St. Edmund	Bruce	98 00	19 60	128 60	...
Bury (town plot.)	Bruce	70 00	15 00	233 19	...
Hardwicke (town plot.)	Bruce	...	...	1,111 00	...
Oliphant (town plot.)	Bruce	...	...	40 00	...
Southampton (town plot.)	Bruce	...	...	21 00	...
Wiarton (town plot.)	Bruce	...	...	10 20	...
Islands off West Coast of Saugeen Peninsula	Bruce	...	...	158 50	...
White Cloud Island	Grey	...	...	16 50	...
Thessalon	Algoma	...	...	400 00	...
Thessalon (town plot)	Algoma	...	...	11 80	...
Archibald	Algoma	...	...	2,943 00	...
Dennis	Algoma	...	...	364 00	...
Herrick	Algoma	...	...	190 00	...
Havilland	Algoma	...	...	559 50	...
Kars	Algoma	...	...	6,686 00	...
Apaquash (town plot)	Algoma	...	...	120 50	...
Laird	Algoma	422 00	226 90	3,826 00	...

Vankoughnet	Algoma	...	...	4,468 50	...
Kehoe	Algoma	...	...	14,337 00	...
Fenwick	Algoma	...	...	5,393 50	...
Cobden	Algoma	...	...	370 21	...
Pennefather	Algoma	...	...	483 00	...
Ley	Algoma	...	...	929 00	...
Fisher	Algoma	...	...	80 00	...
Fisher (town plot)	Algoma	...	...	199 30	...
Tilley	Algoma	...	...	876 00	...
Tupper	Algoma	401 50	176 55	3,024 50	...
Duncan	Algoma	12,606 50	9,452 10	...	...
Meredith	Algoma	3,551 85	...	...	...
Macdonald	Algoma	2,466 50	...	...	...
Assiginack	Manitoulin	469 00	192 63	98 00	...
Billings	Manitoulin	380 00	151 00	112 00	...
Bidwell	Manitoulin	123 00	36 90	103 00	...
Campbell	Manitoulin	147 00	35 04	758 00	...
Carnarvon	Manitoulin	497 00	179 40	7,174 00	...
Howland	Manitoulin	...	...	645 00	...
Sheguiandah (town plot)	Manitoulin	425 00	131 36	740 00	...
Manitowaning (town plot)	Manitoulin	45 13	114 02	29 00	...
Tehkummah	Manitoulin	0 23	145 00	16 02	...
Sandfield	Manitoulin	640 00	286 25	7,020 00	...
Shaftesbury (town plot)	Manitoulin	100 00	25 00	3,053 00	...
Tolsmaville (town plot)	Manitoulin	...	...	8 50	...
Allan	Manitoulin	...	...	1,002 00	...
Burpee	Manitoulin	100 00	35 00	1,151 00	...
Barrie Island	Manitoulin	...	...	4,167 00	...
Gordon	Manitoulin	...	...	1,384 00	...
Gore Bay (town plot)	Manitoulin	...	...	904 00	...
Mills	Manitoulin	...	...	2 00	...
Cockburn Island	Manitoulin	59 00	5 90	2,731 00	...
Dawson	Manitoulin	...	...	18,670 00	...
Robinson	Manitoulin	...	...	10,624 00	...
South					

Baymouth (town plot)	Manitoulin	1,318 00	449 00	15,063 00	...
Meldrum (town plot)	Manitoulin	...	...	133 00	...

INDIAN LAND STATEMENT showing the number of acres sold during the Year ended March 31, 1916 -
Continued.

ONTARIO - Concluded.

Town or Township.	County or District.	Number or acres sold.	Amount of Sale.	Number of acres unsold.	Remarks.
...	...	Acres.	\$ cts.	Acres.	...
Cayuga	Haldimand	...	...	78.00	...
Cayuga (town plot)	Haldimand	...	...	33.36	...
Dunn	Haldimand	...	...	1,548.00	...
Caledonia (town plot)	Haldimand	...	...	50.00	...
Shannonville (town plot)	Hastings	...	...	1.45	...
Desseronto (town plot)	Hastings	...	...	4.80	...
Islands in the River St. Lawrence	Prov. Of Ontario	...	...	19.48	1245 Islands & Islets unsold.
Islands in Georgian Bay	Prov. Of Ontario	4.15	175 00	...	...
Bedford	Frontenac	176.70	295 10	208.30	...
Tyendinaga Reserve	Hastings	...	...	2,871.00	...
Kenyon	Glengarry	81.75	131 09	...	...
Wild Lands Reserves	Rainy River	...	...	30,673.17	...
Little Forks Res. No. 10	Rainy River	...	...	1,951.56	...
Long Sault Reserve	Rainy River	...	...	11,462.24	...
...	...	24,465.31	12,427 84	172,578.68	...
QUEBEC.					
Ouiatchouan	Lake St. John	...	...	3,917.14	...
Dundee	Huntingdon	...	...	4,057.74	...
Maniwaki (town plot)	Wright	1.26	460 00	43.33	...
Timiskaming Reserve	Timiskaming	353.62	2,148 02	1,813.22	...
Quarante Arpents	Laprairie	...	...	19.00	...
...	...	354.88	2,608 02	9,850.43	...
NEW BRUNSWICK.					
Tobique Reserve	Victoria	1,239.00	2,804.50	1,137.00	...
Richibucto or Big Cove Reserve	Kent	101.00	202 00	...	...
...	...	1,340.00	3,006 50	1,137.00	...
MANITOBA.					
Gambler's Reserve	Marquette	...	...	80.00	...
...	...	...	...	80.00	...
SASKATCHEWAN.					
Assiniboine Reserve	Assiniboia	...	...	320.00	...

Muscowpetung Reserve	Assiniboia	...	...	352.00	...
Little Bone Reserve	Yorkton	...	...	2,002.73	...
Coté Reserve No. 64	Yorkton	...	...	11,692.03	...
Keeseekoonse Reserve	Yorkton	...	...	457.00	...
Key Reserve	Yorkton	...	...	845.50	...

INDIAN LAND STATEMENT showing the number of acres sold during the Year ended March 31, 1916 - Concluded.

SASKATCHEWAN - Concluded.

Town or Township.	County or District.	Number or acres sold.	Amount of Sale.	Number of acres unsold.	Remarks.
...	...	Acres.	\$ cts.	Acres.	...
Kylemore (town plot)	Humboldt	0.28	110 00	20.72	...
Lestock (town plot)	Humboldt	0.18	50 00	15.40	...
Moosomin and Thunderchild Reserve	West Saskatchewan	...	...	757.73	...
Fishing Lake Reserve No. 89	Humboldt	...	...	12.00	...
...	...	0.46	160 00	16,475.11	...

ALBERTA.

Sucker Creek Reserve No. 150 A	Northern Alberta	153.95	2,309 25	...	...
Wabumun (town plot)	Northern Alberta	1.14	300 00	66.53	...
Sharphead Reserve	Northern Alberta	...	...	685.20	...
Swan Lake Reserve No. 150 E	Northern Alberta	...	...	44.42	...
Samson Reserve	Northern Alberta	...	...	1,920.00	...
Bobtail Reserve	Northern Alberta	...	...	6,787.64	...
Louis Bull Reserve	Northern Alberta	...	...	1,107.00	...
Duffield (town plot)	Northern Alberta	...	...	234.95	...
Blackfoot Reserve	Southern Alberta	2,867.38	43,021 50	64,481.70	Rt. Of way for Canal.
Peigan Reserve	Southern Alberta	...	...	6,080.00	...
Sarcee Reserve	Southern Alberta	...	...	6,650.00	...
...	...	3,022.47	45,630 75	88,037.44	...

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Necait Reserve	Lillooet	5.15	75 00	...	...
Cayoosh Reserve	Lillooet	20.60	1,060 00	...	...
Fountain Reserve No. 2	Lillooet	15.80	79 00	...	...
Fountain Reserve No. 3	Lillooet	8.45	152 50	...	...
Pavilion Reserve No. 1	Lillooet	68.30	591 50	...	...

Nequatque Reserve	Lillooet	6.82	238 20	...	...
Anderson Lake Reserve No. 2	Lillooet	2.46	46 60	...	...
Lokla Reserve No. 4	Lillooet	3.20	66 40	...	...
Soda Creek Reserve No. 1	Cariboo	24.80	333 65	...	...
Williams Lake Reserve No. 1	Cariboo	4.37	43 70	...	...
Alexandria Reserve No. 1	Cariboo	4.43	221 50	...	...
...	...	164.38	2,908 05	...	...

General Remarks.

The land sold during the year amounted to 29,347.50 acres, which realized \$66,741.16. The quantity of surrendered land in the hands of the department was approximately 288,158 acres. The principal outstanding, on account of Indian lands sold, amounted to \$2,349,351.87, a considerable portion of which has not yet become due.

APPROPRIATION ACCOUNTS

1915 - 1916.

Vote.	Grant.	Expenditure.	Grant not used.	Grant exceeded.
MANITOBA, SASKATCHEWAN, ALBERTA, ETC.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Implements, tools, etc.	11,893 00	11,106 08	786 92	...
Garden and field seeds	4,530 00	3,214 98	1,315 02	...
Live stock	4,835 00	4,781 92	53 08	...
Supplies for destitute Indians	143,465 00	145,277 76	...	1,812 76
Triennial clothing	6,000 00	3,361 83	2,638 17	...
Surveys	11,000 00	9,227 51	1,772 49	...
Medical attendance, medicines, hospitals, etc.	105,035 00	108,839 99	...	3,804 99
Sioux	6,418 00	5,794 51	623 49	...
Mills	1,049 00	1,267 05	...	218 05
General expenses	263,924 00	265,183 24	...	1,259 24
Unexpended balance	...	...	...	94 13
...	558,149 00	558,054 87	7,189 17	7,189 17
Yukon	22,000 00	17,734 86	4,265 14	...
Annuities	205,290 00	209,549 00	...	4,259 00
NOVA SCOTIA.	...	...	...	...
Salaries	6,200 00	6,050 00	150 00	...
Relief	8,000 00	8,520 87	...	520 87
Medical attendance and medicines	5,000 00	5,963 45	...	963 45
Miscellaneous and unforeseen	5,300 00	3,758 99	1,541 01	...
Repairs to roads and dyking	600 00	494 50	105 50	...
Seed Grain - To provide for encouragement of agriculture among Indians of Maritime Provinces	1,000 00	1,834 63	...	834 63
Building Council House, Chapel Island	2,500 00	1,976 75	523 25	...
Unexpended balance	...	...	...	0 81
...	28,600 00	28,599 19	2,319 76	2,319 76
NEW BRUNSWICK.	...	...	...	...
Salaries	1,984 00	1,779 49	204 51	...
Relief	8,000 00	8,444 44	...	444 44
Medical attendance and medicines	4,000 00	3,629 39	370 61	...
Miscellaneous	850 00	844 60	5 40	...
Repairs to roads	450 00	302 74	147 26	...
Seed Grain - To provide an amount to encourage agriculture	1,000 00	1,282 90	...	282 90
Unexpended balance	...	...	...	0 44
...	16,284 00	16,283 56	727 78	727 78

BRITISH COLUMBIA.	...	...	...	...
Salaries	47,840 00	43,094 26	4,745 74	...
Relief	30,000 00	29,863 54	136 46	...
Seeds, implements and farming	8,950 00	8,218 10	731 90	...
Hospitals, medical attendance and medicines	43,200 00	51,222 22	...	8,022 22
Travelling Expenses	20,000 00	21,231 95	...	1,231 95
Office, miscellaneous and unforeseen	22,400 00	19,353 81	3,046 19	...
Surveys	5,000 00	869 10	4,130 90	...
B.C. Land Commission	41,400 00	44,301 02	...	2,901 02
Cleansing Indian orchards	3,500 00	4,047 30	...	547 30
Unexpended balance	...	...	...	88 70
...	222,290 00	222,201 30	12,791 19	12,791 19
Indian Education	984,115 00	911,377 89	72,737 11	...

NOTE - The overdraft in connection with annuities is explained by the appropriation for 1916-17 not being available at a time appointed for paying some Indians their annuities.

APPROPRIATION ACCOUNTS - Concluded.**1915 - 1916.**

Vote.	Grant.	Expenditure.	Grant not used.	Grant exceeded.
GENERAL.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Payments to Indians surrendering their lands	25,000 00	5,660 00	19,340 00	...
Relief to destitute in remote districts	60,000 00	75,242 72	...	15,242 72
To prevent spread of tuberculosis	10,000 00	11,331 62	...	1,331 62
Printing and Stationery, etc.	5,000 00	6,870 76	...	1,870 76
Grant to assist Trust Fund Account 310 for suppression of liquor traffic	3,000 00	3,000 00	...	...
Surveys, Ontario, Quebec and Maritime Provinces	3,000 00	8,014 80	...	5,014 80
To provide for expenses in connection with epidemic of small-pox and other diseases	10,000 00	7,199 39	2,800 61	...
Fees for registration of births, marriages and deaths	1,500 00	138 00	1,362 00	...
Unexpended Balance	...	...	...	42 71
...	117,500 00	117,457 29	23,502 61	23,502 61
ONTARIO - QUEBEC.	...	...	...	...
Quebec, relief, medical attendance and medicines	17,000 00	16,999 35	0 65	...
Ontario, relief, medical attendance and medicines	11,000 00	11,034 97	...	34 97
General legal expenses	5,500 00	6,417 42	...	917 42
Repairs to roads and drainage	21,900 00	21,770 34	129 66	...
General expenses	51,075 00	49,701 18	1,373 82	...
Unexpended balance	...	...	...	551 74
...	106,475 00	105,923 26	1,504 13	1,504 13
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.	...	...	...	...
Salaries	600 00	600 00	...	...
Relief and seed-grain	1,125 00	1,227 30	...	102 30
Medical attendance and medicines	850 00	921 05	...	71 05
Miscellaneous	650 00	171 60	478 40	...
Unexpended balance	...	...	...	305 05
...	3,225 00	2,919 95	478 40	478 40

INDIAN TRUST FUND.

SHOWING transactions in connection with the Fund during the year ended March 31, 1916.

Service.	Debit.	Credit.
...	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Balance, March 31, 1915	...	7,738,145 97
Collection on land sales, timber and stone dues, rents, fines and fees	...	412,792 79
Interest for year ended March 31, 1915	...	277,247 70
Legislative grants to supplement the fund	...	15,500 00
Outstanding cheques, 1913-14	...	193 25
Credit transfers during the year	...	188 00
Debit transfers during the year	68 00	...
Expenditure during the year	702,507 79	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	7,741,491 92	...
...	8,444,067 71	8,444,067 71

RETURN A (1) of Officers and Employees of the Department of Indian Affairs on April 1, 1916.**HEADQUARTERS - INSIDE SERVICE.**

Name.	Division.	Rank.	Annual Salary.	Date of Present Rank.	Date of First Permanent Appointment.
...	\$
Hon. Wm. J. Roche, M.D.	...	Superintendent General	...	Holds this office combined with that of Minister of the Interior.	...
Duncan C. Scott	...	Deputy Superintendent General	5,000	Oct. 11, 1913	Oct. 8, 1880
SECRETARY'S BRANCH.					
John D. McLean	1 A.	Asst. Deputy Supt. General and Secretary of the Department.	3,650	Sept. 1, 1908 July 1, 1897	Oct. 1, 1876
Samuel Stewart	1 B.	Asst. Secretary	2,800	Dec. 30, 1898	July 1, 1879
Henry A. Conroy	1 B.	Inspector	2,800	Sept. 1, 1908	April 1, 1902
Angus S. Williams	1 B.	Law Clerk	2,700	June 16, 1909	June 16, 1909
Chas. McGibbon	1 B.	Inspector	2,400	July 27, 1912	July 27, 1912
John McGirr	2 A.	Clerk of Supply	2,100	Oct. 14, 1891	July 1, 1883
Henry C. Ross	2 A.	Printing and Translation	2,100	Aug. 1, 1906	Jan. 10, 1883
Robert B. E. Moffat	2 A.	Clerk	1,950	April 1, 1909	Feb. 7, 1891
Samuel J. Robins	2 A.	Private Sec'y to Supt. General	1,750	Jan. 28, 1913	Jan. 28, 1913
Alex. F. MacKenzie	2 A.	Secretary to Deputy Supt. Gen'l	1,750	April 1, 1913	Nov. 13, 1902
Elmer B. Cogswell	2 B.	Clerk	950	April 1, 1912	April 1, 1912
T.R.L. MacInnes	2 B.	Clerk	900	Jan. 1, 1914	Jan. 1, 1914
Helen M. O'Donahoe	3 A.	Clerk	1,200	July 1, 1904	July 1, 1904
Margaret H. Brennan	3 A.	Clerk	1,200	July 1, 1905	July 1, 1905
Gertrude H. Gorrell	3 A.	Clerk	1,200	May 10, 1906	May 10, 1906
Beatrice Phelan	3 A.	Clerk	1,100	Jan. 1, 1912	Sept. 1, 1908

Eva L. MacRitchie	3 A.	Clerk	1,050	April 1, 1913	Sept. 1, 1908
Annie E. Sleeth	3 B.	Clerk	700	Feb. 1, 1912	Feb. 1, 1912
Winifred Churchill	3 B.	Clerk	650	June 15, 1912	June 15, 1912
Benjamin Hayter	...	Packer	800	July 26, 1892	July 26, 1892
Frederick Munro	...	Messenger	800	Sept. 1, 1908	Sept. 1, 1908
John Bradley	...	Messenger	800	Sept. 1, 1908	Sept. 1, 1908
ACCOUNTANT'S BRANCH.					
Frederick H. Paget	1 A.	Accountant	3,000	Oct. 15, 1913	June 5, 1885
Hiram McKay	1 B.	Asst. Accountant	2,400	April 1, 1913	July 9, 1880
Emile Jean	1 B.	Clerk	2,300	April 1, 1914	Nov. 10, 1886
John W. Shore	2 A.	Clerk	1,950	April 1, 1909	Mar. 24, 1884
Sidney W. Hobart	2 A.	Clerk	1,900	April 1, 1909	Dec. 12, 1903
Geo. A. Conley	2 A.	Clerk	1,750	April 1, 1913	Jan. 30, 1903
Herbert N. Awrey	2 A.	Clerk	1,700	April 1, 1914	Jan. 21, 1902
Mary D. Maxwell	2 B.	Clerk	1,600	Aug. 1, 1906	May 31, 1890
John H. Fee	2 B.	Clerk	900	June 18, 1913	June 15, 1912
Robert Pringle	3 A.	Clerk	1,200	April 20, 1906	April 20, 1906
Effie K. McLatchie	3 A.	Clerk	1,200	Aug. 1, 1906	Aug. 1, 1906
Maud M. McIntosh	3 A.	Clerk	1,200	July 1, 1907	July 1, 1907
Hugh Michael Graham	3 A.	Clerk	1,200	Jan. 1, 1908	Jan. 1, 1908
Ellen I. Findlay	3 A.	Clerk	1,200	April 29, 1908	April 29, 1908
Georgiana C. Caddy	3 A.	Clerk	1,050	April 1, 1913	Sept. 1, 1908
Mary H. Coghlan	3 A.	Clerk	1,000	Jan. 28, 1914	Sept. 28, 1909
Alice F. Masta	3 B.	Clerk	900	Feb. 2, 1916	Dec. 11, 1913
Anita B.					

Bailey	3 B.	Clerk	750	July 20, 1910	July 20, 1910
Lilya E. Langdon	3 B.	Clerk	600	July 1, 1913	July 1, 1913
Ada M. Tench	3 B.	Clerk	600	Jan. 1, 1914	Jan. 1, 1914
Vera E. Hood	3 B.	Clerk	600	Dec. 2, 1915	Dec. 2, 1915
Marion O. Neilson	3 B.	Clerk	500	Mar. 1, 1916	Mar. 1, 1916
Joseph M. McAllister	...	Messenger	800	Sept. 1, 1908	Sept. 1, 1908
Wm. A. Downing	...	Messenger	800	May 29, 1909	May 29, 1909

HEADQUARTERS - INSIDE SERVICE. - Concluded.

Name.	Division.	Rank.	Annual Salary.	Date of Present Rank.	Date of First Permanent Appointment.
...	\$
LAND AND TIMBER BRANCH.					
William A. Orr	1 A.	Clerk of Lands and Timber and Registrar of Land Patents	3,000	Feb. 1, 1914	Nov. 24, 1883
Alfred E. Kemp	2 A.	Asst. Clerk of Lands and Timer	2,100	Aug. 2, 1902	Feb. 1, 1884
Peter J. O'Connor	2 A.	Clerk	1,950	April 1, 1909	July 1, 1901
Henry J. Bury	2 A.	Timber Inspector	1,600	Dec. 1, 1915	Dec. 1, 1915
Helen G. Ogilvy	3 A.	Clerk	1,200	July 1, 1900	June 30, 1890
Emma S. Martin	3 A.	Clerk	1,200	July 1, 1900	Sept. 11, 1894
Helen G. Russell	3 A.	Clerk	1,100	Jan. 1, 1912	Sept. 1, 1908
SURVEY BRANCH.					
Samuel Bray	1 B.	Chief Surveyor	2,800	July 1, 1905	June 14, 1884
W. Russel White	1 B.	Surveyor	2,300	July 1, 1913	April 1, 1911
Donald Fraser Robertson	1 B.	Surveyor	2,300	April 1, 1914	Sept. 1, 1908
Henry Fabien	2 B.	Chief Draughtsman	1,600	Sept. 1, 1908	Sept. 1, 1908
Katherine E. Boast	3 B.	Clerk	500	Dec. 11, 1915	Dec. 11, 1915
RECORD BRANCH.					
Geo. M. Matheson	1 B.	Registrar	2,400	April 1, 1913	June 21, 1888
Chas. A. Cooke	2 B.	Clerk	1,350	April 1, 1915	July 1, 1901
Henry Hooper	3 A.	Clerk	1,200	Aug. 1, 1906	Aug. 1, 1906
Alphonse E. St. Louis	2 B.	Clerk	1,050	Jan. 20, 1915	June 29, 1912
Gordon Davies	2 B.	Clerk	850	Jan. 5, 1914	Jan. 5, 1914
Arthur S. Bourinot	2 B.	Clerk	850	May 19, 1914	May 19, 1914
Thos. H. Ogilvie	2 B.	Clerk	850	April 1, 1915	April 1, 1915
Gibson Armstrong	3 B.	Clerk	550	July 4, 1914	July 4, 1914
Everett J. Morgan	3 B.	Clerk	550	July 8, 1914	July 8, 1914
Chas. A. O'Reilly	3 B.	Clerk	500	Sept. 1, 1915	Sept. 1, 1915
William Seale	...	Messenger	800	Mar. 18, 1893	Mar. 18, 1893
SCHOOL BRANCH.					

Martin Benson	1 B.	Clerk of Schools	2,300	Oct. 15, 1913	April 1, 1876
John D. Sutherland	2 A.	Clerk	1,850	April 1, 1911	Jan. 11, 1899
Philip N.L. Phelan	2 B.	Clerk	1,100	July 5, 1909	July 5, 1909
Martha J. Back	3 A.	Clerk	1,050	April 1, 1913	Sept. 1, 1908
Nora E. Darby	3 A.	Clerk	1,050	April 1, 1913	Sept. 29, 1909
ARCHITECT'S BRANCH.					
Robert M. Ogilvie	1 B.	Architect	2,300	April 1, 1914	Aug. 25, 1905
R. Guernsey Orr	3 A.	Junior Architect	1,200	April 1, 1909	Sept. 1, 1908
Annie Doyle	3 B.	Clerk	800	Sept. 1, 1908	Sept. 1, 1908

RETURN A (2) of Officers and Employees of the Department of Indian Affairs on April 1, 1916.

OUTSIDE SERVICE.

Name.	Office.	Annual Salary, etc.	Address.	Bands or Reserves in Agency.
ONTARIO.				
...	...	\$ cts.	...	...
Parker, Chas. C.	Inspector	1,900 00	Ottawa	Ontario and Quebec.
...	Cape Croker Agency.	...	...	...
Duncan, A.J.	Indian Agent	600 00	Cape Croker	Chippewas of Nawash.
Wigle, H., M.D.	Medical Officer	500 00 - Paid from band funds	Warton	...
Sutherby, J.E.	Indian Lands Agent	250 00	Warton	Chippewas of Nawash and Saugeen.
...	Caradoc Agency.	...	...	...
James, Henry	Indian Agent	1,200 00	Delaware	Chippewas, Munsees and Oneidas of the Thames.
Woods, W.H., M.D.	Medical Officer	260 00 - Paid from band funds	Mt. Brydges	...
Woods, W.H., M.D.	Medical Officer	390 00 - Voted.	Mt. Brydges	...
...	Chapleau Agency.	...	...	...
McLeod, Wm.	Indian Agent	500 00	Chapleau	Treaty No. 9 Indians.
Sheahan, J.J., M.D.	Medical Officer	500 00	Chapleau	...
...	Christian Island Agency.	...	...	...
Picotte, Chas. J.	Indian Agent	600 00	Penetanguishene	Chippewas of Christian Island.
McDonald, P.A., M.D.	Medical Officer	300 00 - Paid from band funds.	Penetanguishene	...
...	Chippewas of Georgina and Snake Island.	...	...	...
Bourchier, John R.	Indian Agent	400 00	Sutton West	Chippewas of Georgina and Snake Island.
Pringle, W.H., M.D.	Medical Officer	150 00 - Paid from band funds.	Sutton West	...
...	Chippewas of Rama Agency.	...	...	...
Myers, Chas. W.	Indian Agent	550 00	Atherley	Chippewas of Rama.
Gilpin, W., M.D.	Medical Officer	400 00 - Paid from band funds.	Brechin	...

Name.	Office.	Annual Salary, etc.	Address.	Bands or Reserves in Agency.
...	Chippewas of Sarnia Agency.	...	...	...
Maxwell, Timothy	Indian Agent	600 00 and \$50 for office assistant	Sarnia	Chippewas of Sarnia, Stony Point and Kettle Point.
Bradley, Thos. P., M.D.	Medical Officer	450 00 - Paid from band funds.	Sarnia	...
Patterson, C.A., M.D.	Medical Officer	250 00 - Paid from band funds.	Forest	...
...	Chippewas of Saugeen.	...	...	...
Stout, Thos. A.	Indian Agent	700 00	Chippewa Hill	Chippewas of Saugeen.
Scott, P.J., M.D.	Medical Officer	400 00 - Paid from band funds.	Southampton	...
...	Golden Lake Agency.	...	...	...
Rankins, Patrick	Indian Agent	200 00	Ruby	Algonquins of Golden Lake.
Reeves, James, M.D.	Medical Officer	350 00	Eganville	...
...	Gore Bay Agency.	...	...	...
Baxter, Frank W.	Indian Agent	800 00	Gore Bay	Chippewas of Cockburn Island, Sheshegwaning, Obidgewong and West Bay.
Baker, Jas. A., M.D.	Medical Officer	250 00 - Paid from band funds.	Gore Bay	...
Davis, R.W., M.D.	Medical Officer	600 00 - Paid from band funds.	Mindemoya	...
...	Manitowaning Agency	...	...	...
Lewis, R.J.	Indian Agent	1,200 00	Manitowaning	Whitefish River Band, Sucker Creek, Point Grondin, Whitefish Lake, Sheguiandah, South Bay, Tahgaiwinini, Maganatawan, and Manitoulin Island unceded.
McLeod, H.C.	Clerk	720 00	Manitowaning	...
Arthur, R.H., M.D.	Medical Officer	350 00 - Paid from band funds.	Sudbury	...
McDonald, P.J., M.D.	Medical Officer	500 00 - Paid from band funds.	Little Current	...
Shaw, R.W., M.D.	Medical Officer	1,000 00 - \$816 paid from band	Manitowaning	...

		funds - \$184 voted		
McGowan, A.	Constable	300 00 - Paid from ac. 310	Manitowaning	...
...	Mattawa.	...	...	...
James, M., M.D.	Medical Officer	200 00	Mattawa	Mattawa and vicinity.
...	Mississaguas of Alnwick.	...	...	...
Coyle, Wm. R.	Indian Agent	425 00	Hastings, R.R. No. 1	Mississaguas of Alnwick.
Wade, J.J., M.D.	Medical Officer	450 00 - Paid from band funds	Roseneath	...
...	Mississaguas of the Credit.	...	...	...
Van Loon, W.C.	Indian Agent	700 00	Hagersville	Mississaguas of the Credit.
Quance, S.H., M.D.	Medical Officer	350 00 - Paid from band funds	Hagersville	...

RETURN A (2) of Officers and Employees of the Department of Indian Affairs on April 1, 1916.

Name.	Office.	Annual Salary, etc.	Address.	Bands or Reserves in Agency.
ONTARIO - Continued.				
...	Mississaguas of Rice and Mud Lakes.	\$ cts.	...	...
McCamus, Robert	Indian Agent	425 00	Keene	Mississaguas of Rice and Mud Lakes.
Blakeman, F.W., M.D.	Medical Officer	5 00 each visit, not to exceed 50 visits a year	Lakefield	...
Amys, C.H., M.D.	Medical Officer	Accounts rendered paid from band funds	Peterborough	...
...	Mississaguas of Scugog.	...	...	...
Crozier, J.W.	Indian Agent	200 00	Scugog, R.R. No. 3	...
Berry, J.D., M.D.	Medical Officer	2 50 per annum for each member of band attendedPaid from band funds	Port Perry	Mississaguas of Scugog.
...	Mohawks of Bay of Quinte	...	...	...
Campbell, G.M.	Indian Agent	900 00	Deseronto	Mohawks of Bay of Quinte, Tyendinaga.
Moore, John, M.D.	Medical Officer	350 00 - Paid from band funds	Shannonville	...
Vandervoort, S.D., M.D.	Medical Officer	350 00 - Paid from band funds	Deseronto	...
Creggan, Rev. A.A.	Missionary (Anglican)	700 00 - Paid from band funds	Deseronto	...
...	Moravians of the Thames.	...	...	...
Beattie, Edwin T.	Indian Agent	600 00	Highgate	Moravians of the Thames.
McPhail, D.P., M.D.	Medical Officer	300 00 - Paid from band funds	Highgate	...
...	Ojibbewas of Lake Superior, Eastern Division.	...	...	...
McNabb, Alex. D.	Indian Agent	1,200 00	Sault Ste. Marie	Garden River, Batchawana, Michipicoten.
McCaig, A.S., M.D.	Medical Officer	1,000 00 - Paid from band funds	Sault Ste. Marie	...

Name.	Office.	Annual Salary, etc.	Address.	Bands or Reserves in Agency.
...	Ojibbewas of Lake Superior, Western Division.	\$ cts.	...	...
Brown, W.R.	Indian Agent	1,200 00	Port Arthur	Long Lake, Pic River, Nipigon, Red Rock, Pays Plat, Fort William.
Gillis, J.C., M.D.	Medical Officer	Accounts rendered - Paid from band funds	Fort William	...
Crowe, H.S., M.D.	Medical Officer	Accounts rendered - Paid from band funds	Shreiber	...
Powell, C., M.D.	Medical Officer	Accounts rendered - Paid from band funds	Port Arthur	...
Baker, D.M., M.D.	Medical Officer	Accounts rendered - Paid from band funds	White River	...
Smith, W.W., M.D.	Medical Officer	300 00	Nipigon Station	...
Shabb, Alex	Constable	240 00 - Paid from band funds	Fort William	...
Penassie, S.	Constable	240 00 - Paid from band funds	Fort William	...
Cameron, Paul	Constable	480 00 - Paid from acc. 310	Nipigon	...
Bouchard, A.	Constable	25 00 - Paid from acc. 310	Gull Bay	...
Terence, Phillip	Constable	120 00 - Paid from acc. 310	Heron Bay	...
...	Parry Sound Superintendency.	...	...	...
Logan, Alex	Indian Superintendent	1,000 00 and commission of 5 p.c. on land sales and timber dues.	Parry Sound	Parry Island, Henvey Inlet, Maganatawan, Shawanaga, Watha.
Biehn, S.B., M.D.	Medical Officer	Accounts rendered	Parry Sound	...
Cartwright, V.S., M.D.	Medical Officer	Accounts rendered	Gravenhurst	...
Limbert, M.H., M.D.	Medical Officer	Accounts rendered - Paid from band funds	Parry Sound	...
Oillie, J.A., M.D.	Medical Officer	Accounts rendered	Byng Inlet	...
Mason, W.R., M.D.	Medical Officer	Accounts rendered	Parry Sound	...
Burgess, A.M., M.D.	Medical Officer	Accounts rendered	Bala	...
...	Six Nations Superintendency.	...	...	...
Smith,				

Gordon J.	Indian Superintendent	2,000 00	Brantford	Six Nations of Grand River.
Hill, H.M.	Clerk	750 00	Brantford	...
Hill, E. Pearl	Stenographer	450 00	Brantford	...
Davis, Walter, M.D.	Medical Officer	2,850 00 - Paid from band funds and \$400 00 for drugs.	Ohsweken	...
...	Sturgeon Falls Agency.	...	...	...
Cockburn, G.P.	Indian Agent	1,800 00 \$1,000 voted, \$800 paid from band funds.	Sturgeon Falls	Nipissing, Dokis, French River, Timagami, Matatchewan.
Coulombe, P.O., M.D.	Medical Officer	Accounts rendered.	Sturgeon Falls	...
...	Thessalon Agency.	...	...	...
Hagan, Samuel	Indian Agent	600 00 and office rent	Thessalon	Thessalon, Mississagi River, Serpent River, Spanish River.
Sproule, W.B., M.D.	Medical Officer	225 00 - Paid from band funds	Thessalon	...
Robb, J.M., M.D.	Medical Officer	400 00 - Paid from band funds	Blind River	...
Flaherty, T.J., M.D.	Medical Officer	250 00 - Paid from band funds	Massey	...
...	Walpole Island Agency.	...	...	...
McCallum, T.A.	Indian Agent	700 00	Walpole Island	Chippewas and Pottawattamies of Walpole Island.
Cathcart, J.P.S., M.D.	Medical Officer	600 00 - Paid from band funds	Walpole Island	...

Name.	Office.	Annual Salary, etc.	Address.	Bands or Reserves in Agency.
QUEBEC.				
...	Becancour Agency.	\$ cts.	...	...
Hebert, Denis	Indian Agent	200 00	Becancour	Abenakis of Becancour.
...	Bersimis Agency.	...	...	...
Bossé, Jos. F.X., M.D.,	Indian Agent	700 00	Bersimis	Bersimis and Escoumains.
Bossé, Jos. F.X., M.D.	Medical Officer	1,000 00 and \$250 for drugs	Bersimis	...
Bussièrès, J.C.L., M.D.	Medical Officer	150 00	Bergeronnes	...
Lepage, A.	Constable	600 00 - Paid from acc. 310	Bergeronnes	...
...	Cacouna Agency.	...	...	...
LeBel, Narcisse	Indian Agent	250 00 and commission of 5 p.c.	Cacouna	Amalecites of Viger.
Leprohon, E.S., M.D.	Medical Officer	Accounts rendered	Cacouna	...
Kane, J., M.D.	Medical Officer	Accounts rendered	Cacouna	...
...	Caughnawaga Agency.	...	...	...
Brosseau, J.M.	Indian Agent	900 00	St. Constant	Iroquois of Caughnawaga.
Gras, Rev. C.J.	Missionary (R.C.)	100 00 - Paid from band funds	Caughnawaga	...
Two Axe, Martin	Constable	480 00 - Paid from acc. 310	Caughnawaga	...
Jacobs, J.H., M.D.	Medical Officer	800 00	Caughnawaga	...
...	Lorette Agency.	...	...	...
Bastien, A.O.	Indian Agent	600 00	Jeune Lorette	Hurons of Lorette.
Allard, Ernest, M.D.	Medical Officer	100 00	Baie St. Paul	...
Boucher, Alex, M.D.	Medical Officer	600 00	Lorette	...
Giroux, Rev. J.C.	Missionary (R.C.)	600 00 - Paid from band funds	Lorette	...
...	Maniwaki Agency.	...	...	...
Gauthier, E.S.	Indian Agent	600 00 and \$50 office rent	Maniwaki	Algonquins of River Desert.
Mulligan, E.A., M.D.	Medical Officer	350 00 - Paid from band funds	Maniwaki	...
Leroux, J.B.	Constable	50 00 - Paid from acc. 310	Maniwaki	...

Name.	Office.	Annual Salary, etc.	Address.	Bands or Reserves in Agency.
...	Maria Agency.	\$ cts.	...	...
Morin, Rev. J.D.	Indian Agent	250 00	Grand Cascapedia	Micmacs of Maria.
Bouleau, Jos., M.D.	Medical Officer	300 00	New Richmond West	...
...	Gaspé Agency.	...	...	...
Kavanagh, A.J.	Acting Indian Agent	10% com. On suppl. Purch. For Indians	Gaspé	Micmacs of Gaspé.
McCartney, F.W., M.D.	Medical Officer	80 00 - Voted by Parliament	Gaspé	...
...	Mingan Agency.	...	...	...
Doyle, Frank	Indian Agent	300 00	Esquimaux Point	Mingan and Chaloupe River.
McDuff, S., M.D.	Medical Officer	200 00	Esquimaux Point	...
...	Timiskaming Agency.	...	...	...
Renaud, Jos	Indian Agent	600 00	North Timiskaming	Lake Timiskaming and Abitibi.
Beauséjour, A., M.D.	Medical Officer	Accounts rendered	North Timiskaming	...
...	Oka Agency.	...	...	...
Bertrand, Chas. F.	Indian Agent	450 00	Oka	Lake of Two Mountains.
Pagé, Jos., M.D.	Medical Officer	200 00	St. Benoit	...
...	Pierreville Agency.	...	...	...
Niquet, Henri	Indian Agent	400 00	Pierreville	Abenakis of St. Francis.
Gelinas, P., M.D.	Medical Officer	Accounts rendered	Pierreville	...
De Gonzague, Rev. Jos	Missionary (R.C.)	500 00 - Paid from band funds	Pierreville	...
Wawanolet, Elie	Constable	25 00 - Paid from band funds	Pierreville	...
...	Pointe Bleue Agency.	...	...	...
Tessier, Armand	Indian Agent	700 00 -= Com. 5 % on land sales	Pointe Bleue	Pointe Bleue, Lake Mistassini, Kiskisink group, Ste. Anne group.
Bouchard, A.D., M.D.	Medical Officer	200 00	Chicoutimi	...

Constantin, Jules, M.D.	Medical Officer	500 00	Pointe Bleue	...
...	Ristigouche Agency.	...	...	...
Pitre, Jeremie	Indian Agent	600 00	Ristigouche	Micmacs of Ristigouche.
Martin, D.A., M.D.	Medical Officer	Accounts rendered	Campbellton, N.B.	...
Savoie, William	Constable	660 00 - Paid from account 310	Campbellton, N.B.	...
Allard, P.	Asst. Constable	540 00 - Paid from account 310	...	...
...	Seven Islands Agency.	...	...	...
MacDougal, Chas. A., M.D.	Indian Agent	300 00	Seven Islands	Seven Islands and Moisie.
MacDougal, Chas., A., M.D.	Medical Officer	450 00 and 200 for drugs	...	...
Blouin, P.C.	Constable	360 00 - Paid from account 310	St. Jean, Isle d'Orleans.	...
Gamache, Jos.	Constable	60 00 - Paid from account 310	Seven Islands	...
Levesque, W.	Constable	60 00 - Paid from account 310	Seven Islands	...

Name.	Office.	Annual Salary, etc.	Address.	Bands or Reserves in Agency.
QUEBEC - Concluded.				
...	St. Augustin Agency.	\$ cts.	...	...
West, J.H., M.D.	Indian Agent	Without salary	Harrington Harbour	St. Augustin to Natashkwan, including Romaine and St. Augustin.
West, J.H., M.D.	Medical Officer	200 00	...	...
Vigneault, P.	Constable	300 00 - Paid from account 310	Natashkwan	...
...	St. Regis Agency.	...	...	...
Taillon, Francis E.	Indian Agent	450 00	St. Regis	Iroquois of St. Regis
Bourget, Rev. P.	Missionary (R.C.)	125 00 and 25 00 for fuel - Paid from band funds	St. Regis	...
NEW BRUNSWICK.				
Ryan, Rev. J.J.	Supt. Of Indian Schools.	400 00	St. Mary's	...
...	Northeastern Division.	...	...	...
Sheridan, J.B.	Indian Agent	800 00	Buctouche	Eel River, Bathurst, Burnt Church, Eel Ground, Red Bank, Big Cove, Indian Island, Buctouche.
Coleman, H.H., M.D.	Medical Officer	200 00	Moncton	...
Desmond, F.J., M.D.	Medical Officer	400 00	Newcastle	...
Ferguson, A.C., M.D.	Medical Officer	50 00	Dalhousie	...
Girvan, Robt., M.D.	Medical Officer	300 00	Rexton	...
King, Wallace, G., M.D.	Medical Officer	40 00	Buctouche	...
Leger, J.A., M.D.	Medical Officer	200 00	Shediac	...
Michaud, J.N., M.D.	Medical Officer	150 00	Bathurst	...
McKenzie, J.D., M.D.	Medical Officer	200 00	Loggieville	...
Allan, C.T., M.D.	Medical Officer	150 00	Dorchester	...
Barlow, Louis	Constable	24 00 - Paid from account 310	Buctouche	...

Narvie, Wm.	Constable	20 00 - Paid from band funds	Dalhousie	...
Paul, Daniel	Constable	50 00, 24 00 voted 26 00 paid from account 310	Eel Ground	...
Tenass, Jos	Constable	12 50 voted	Red Bank	...
Ginish, John S	Constable	25 00 voted	Burnt Church	...

Name.	Office.	Annual Salary, etc.	Address.	Bands or Reserves in Agency.
Dominac, Wm.	Constable	25 00 - Voted	Burnt Church	...
Paul, John Peter	Constable	12 50 - Voted	Rexton	...
...	Northern Division.	...	...	...
Wootten, N.J.	Indian Agent	350 00	Perth	Edmundston and Tobique.
Guy, J.A., M.D.	Medical Officer	Accounts rendered	Edmundston	...
Peat, G.B.	Medical Officer	400 00	Andover	...
Ryan, Rev. F.C.	Missionary (R.C.)	350 00	Tobique	...
Ellis, Jos	Constable	180 00 paid from account 310	Andover	...
...	Southwestern Division.	...	...	...
Griffiths, B.J.	Indian Agent	450 00 and 50 00 for office rent	Fredericton	...
Mullin, B.M., M.D.	Medical Officer	175 00	St. Mary's Ferry	...
Patterson, F.P., M.D.	Medical Officer	Accounts rendered	Westfield	...
Sprague, T.L., M.D.	Medical Officer	150 00	Woodstock	...
Case, Mayes, M.D.	Medical Officer	Accounts rendered	St. John	...
Caswell, J.A., M.D.	Medical Officer	Accounts rendered	Upper Gagetown	...
McDonald, M.H., M.D.	Medical Officer	Accounts rendered	Hampstead	...
Gilchrist, John B., M.D.	Medical Officer	200 00	Norton	...
Robertson, B.W., M.D.	Medical Officer	150 00	Keswick Ridge	...
Jack, O.M.D.	Medical Officer	Accounts rendered	Oromocto	...

Brook, S.	Constable	180 00 paid from account 31	St. Mary's	...
Sabatis, John	Constable	96 00	Oromocto	...
NOVA SCOTIA.				
Boyd, A.J.	Insp. of Indian Agencies	1,800 00	River Bourgeois (Cannes)	Guysborough, Pictou, Antigonish, Richmond, Inverness, Victoria, and Cape Breton Counties.
Foster, W.G.	Insp. of Indian Agencies	1,800 00	Halifax	Shelburne, Yarmouth, Digby, Annapolis, Queens, Lunenburg, Kings, Hants, Halifax, Colchester and Cumberland Counties.
...	Annapolis County.	...	...	...
Hoyt, Geo	Indian Agent.	100 00	Lequille	Liverpool Road, Fairy Lake.
Morton, L.M., M.D.	Medical Officer	50 00	Middleton	...
Withers, Russell, M.D.	Medical Officer	50 00	Annapolis	...
...	Antigonish and Guysborough Counties.	...	...	...
Cameron, John	Indian Agent.	200 00	Heatherton	...
McKinnon, W.F., M.D.	Medical Officer	250 00	Antigonish	...
Buckley, C.E., M.D.	Medical Officer	Accounts rendered	Guysborough	...
McGarry, P.A., M.D.	Medical Officer	Accounts rendered	Canso	...
Prosper, Jas.	Constable	2 00 a day	Heatherton	...

Name.	Office.	Annual Salary, etc.	Address.	Bands or Reserves in Agency.
NOVA SCOTIA - Continued.				
...	Cape Breton County.	\$ cts.	...	...
McDonald, Rev. A.R.,	Indian Agent	150 00	Christmas Island	Eskasoni.
Sparrow, C.J., M.D.	Indian Agent	100 00	Sydney	Sydney, Cariboo Marsh, North Sydney.
Sparrow, C.J., M.D.	Medical Officer	350 00	Sydney	...
Julian, Joseph	Constable	120 00 - Paid from account 310	Sydney	...
...	Colchester County.	...	...	...
Smith, Robert H.	Indian Agent	100 00	Truro	Millbrook.
Kent, H.V., M.D.	Medical Officer	150 00	Truro	...
...	Cumberland County.	...	...	...
Johnson, J.A.	Indian Agent	100 00	Parrsboro	Franklin Manor.
...	Digby County.	...	...	...
Harris, Rupert A.	Indian Agent	150 00	Bear River	Bear River.
Archibald, C.C., M.D.	Medical Officer	250 00	Bear River	...
Hallett, E.O., M.D.	Medical Officer	100 00	Weymouth	...
Rice, F.E., M.D.	Medical Officer	Accounts rendered	Sandy Cove	...
...	Halifax County.	...	...	...
Chisholm, Daniel	Indian Agent	200 00	Dutch Village	Grand Lake, Sambro, Ingram's River, Beaver Lake, Ship Harbour Lake, Minister's Lake.
Gourlay, J.M., M.D.	Medical Officer	Accounts rendered	Sheet Harbour	...
Graham, J.V., M.D.	Medical Officer	200 00	Elmsdale	...
Morton, A. McD., M.D.	Medical Officer	Accounts rendered	Bedford	...
Smith, M.A.B., M.D.	Medical Officer	350 00	Dartmouth	...
...	Hants County.	...	...	...

Wallace, Alonzo	Indian Agent	100 00	Shubenacadie	Indian Brook.
Stephens, Jos	Indian Agent	100 00	Windsor	Windsor and vicinity.
Culton, A. M.D.	Medical Officer	150 00	Shubenacadie	...
Morris, C.H., M.D.	Medical Officer	75 00	Windsor	...

Name.	Office.	Annual Salary, etc.	Address.	Bands or Reserves in Agency.
...	Inverness County.	\$ cts.	...	...
McPherson, Rev. D.	Indian Agent	100 00	Glendale	Whycocomagh and Malagawatch.
MacAuley, J.A., M.D.	Medical Officer	100 00	Malagawatch	...
McDonald, H.N., M.D.	Medical Officer	275 00	Whycocomagh	...
...	Kings County.	...	...	...
Beckwith, C.E.	Indian Agent	200 00	Steam Mills	Cambridge, Horton.
Moore, W.B., M.D.	Medical Officer	200 00	Kentville	...
McNally, Geo, M.D.	Medical Officer	200 00	Berwick	...
...	Pictou County.	...	...	...
McLeod, Rev. J.D.	Indian Agent	150 00	New Glasgow	Fisher Grant, Chapel Island.
Keith, Sylvanus, M.D.	Medical Officer	200 00	New Glasgow	...
...	Lunenburg County.	...	...	...
Freeman, N.P.	Indian Agent	200 00	Bridgewater	New Germany, Penall, Cold River, New Ross, Port Medway River.
Cole, W.H., M.D.	Medical Officer	50 00	New Germany	...
Hebb, A.M., M.D.	Medical Officer	50 00	Chester	...
Marshall, C.S., M.D.	Medical Officer	60 00	Bridgewater	...
Cochrane, W.N., M.D.	For Emergency Work	Accounts rendered	Mahone	...
Barnhill, H.B., M.D.	For Emergency Work	Accounts rendered	Petite Rivière	...
DeBrisay, Thos, M.D.	For Emergency Work	Accounts rendered	Lunenburg	...
McDonald, W.H., M.D.	For Emergency Work	Accounts rendered	Riverport	...
...	Queens County.	...	...	...
Harlow, Chas	Indian Agent	100 00	Caledonia	Wildcat and Ponhook Lake.
Ford, T.R., M.D.	Medical Officer	100 00	Liverpool	...
McLeod, A.C., M.D.	Medical Officer	Accounts rendered	Caledonia	...
Smith, Freeman, M.D.	Medical Officer	Accounts rendered	Mill Village	...
...	Richmond County.	...	...	...

McDonald, Rev. R.L.	Indian Agent	200 00	St. Peters	Chapel Island.
McDonald, J.A., M.D., Sr.	Medical Officer	300 00	St. Peters	...
...	Shelburne County.	...	...	...
Hipson, John	Indian Agent	50 00	Shelburne	Sable River, Shelburne River, Clyde River, and Barrington.
Densmore, J.D., M.D.	Medical Officer	Accounts rendered	Port Clyde	...
Fuller, L.O., M.D.	Medical Officer	Accounts rendered	Shelburne	...
...	Victoria County.	...	...	...
Campbell, John E.	Indian Agent	150 00	Baddeck	Middle River.
Grant Hector A., M.D.	Medical Officer	325 00	Whycocomagh	...

Name.	Office.	Annual Salary, etc.	Address.	Bands or Reserves in Agency.
NOVA SCOTIA - Concluded.				
...	Yarmouth County.	\$ cts.	...	...
Whalen, Wm. H.	Indian Agent	50 00	Yarmouth	Yarmouth.
Farish, G.W.T., M.D.	Medical Officer	Accounts rendered	Yarmouth	...
Bethune, Roderick, M.D.	Medical Officer	Accounts rendered	Yarmouth	...
Lebbutte, F.A., M.D.	Medical Officer	Accounts rendered	Port Maitland	...
PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.				
McDonald, Rev. J.A.	Indian Supt.	400 00	Grand River Lot 14	Lennox Island, Morell Reserve.
Arsenault, J.O.	Asst. Supt.	200 00	Higgins Road	...
Stewart, J.A., M.D.	Medical Officer	450 00	Tyne Valley	...
Conroy, P., M.D.	Medical Officer	Accounts rendered	Charlottetown	...
Toombs, J.G., M.D.	Medical Officer	Accounts rendered	Mount Stewart	...
McDonald, R.J., M.D.	Medical Officer	Accounts rendered	Morell	...
Gillis, E.G., M.D.	Medical Officer	50 00	Kensington	...
Ledwell, R.J., M.D.	Medical Officer	Accounts rendered	Charlottetown	...
MANITOBA.				
Grain, O.I., M.D.	Medical Inspector for Manitoba, Sask. And Alberta	3,500 00	Winnipeg	...
Grain, Dorothy	Clerk	600 00	Winnipeg	...
...	Winnipeg Office.	...	...	...
Campbell, Glen	Chief Inspector of Indian Agencies	3,000 00	Winnipeg	...
Swinford, Sydney	Insp. Indian Agency Accounts	2,400 00	Winnipeg	...
McKenna, J.A.J.	Inspector R.C. Schools	2,600 00	Winnipeg	...

Name.	Office.	Annual Salary, etc.	Address.	Bands or Reserves in Agency.
McLean, W.J.	Officer in Charge, Indian Dept. Stores	1,800 00	Winnipeg	...
Betournay, G.A.	Clerk	1,400 00	Winnipeg	...
Campbell, Mary G.	Clerk	720 00	Winnipeg	...
Fewtrell, E.L.	Caretaker	180 00	Winnipeg	...
...	Lake Manitoba Inspectorate.	...	...	...
Jackson, S.J.	Inspector	2,200 00	Stonewall	...
...	Birtle Agency.	...	...	...
Wheatley, G.H.	Indian Agent	1,200 00	Birtle	Birdtail Sioux, No. 57; Keeseekoweenin's, No. 61; Waywayseecappo's, No. 62; Gambler's No. 63; Rolling River, No. 67; Clearwater Lake, No. 61A.
Dickinson, S.M.	Clerk	900 00	Birtle	...
Smith, Frank A., M.D.	Medical Officer	800 00	Birtle	...
Evans, J.W., M.D.	Medical Officer	Accounts rendered	Rosburn	...
Collins, A.W., M.D.	Medical Officer	Accounts rendered	Strathclair	...
White, Elizabeth	Nurse	480 00	Birtle	...
Mitchell, R.M.	Housekeeper	300 00	Birtle	...
Smith, Russell	Constable	2 50 a day - Paid from a/c. 310	Birtle	...
Bell, John	Caretaker Agency team	180 00	Birtle	...
Montagne, A.W., M.D.	Medical Officer	Accounts rendered	Minnedosa	...
...	Brandon School.	...	...	...
Edmison, J.H., M.D.	Medical Officer	Accounts rendered	Brandon	...
...	Elkhorn School.	...	...	...
Goodwin, R., M.D.	Medical Officer	350 00	Elkhorn	...
...	Griswold Agency.	...	...	...
McDonald,	Indian Agent	1,200 00	Griswold	Oak River, No. 58, Oak Lake, No. 59.

Jas				
McDonald, M.	Clerk	300 00	Griswold	...
Blanchard, D., M.D.	Medical Officer	Accounts rendered	Griswold	...
Cairns, J.W., M.D.	Medical Officer	Accounts rendered	Virden	...
Blacksmith, Tom	Constable	60 00 - Paid from a/c. 310	Griswold	...
Wakapa, Chaska	Constable	60 00 - Paid from a/c. 310	Griswold	...
(t)Antoine, J.H.	Constable	60 00 - Paid from a/c. 310	Griswold	...
Zepherin, Sioux	Interpreter	480 00	Griswold	...
Blake, Florence	Field Matron	325 00	Griswold	...
...	The Pas Agency.	...	...	...
Taylor, W.R.	Indian Agent	1,200 00	Le Pas	Chemawawin, Cumberland, Moose Lake, Red Earth, Pas, Shoal Lake,
Taylor, Ruth	Clerk	600 00	Le Pas	...
Robertson, P.C., M.D.	Medical Officer	1,000 00	Le Pas	...
Ducharme, A.P.	Interpreter	600 00	Le Pas	...

[(t)Resigned June 1, 1916.]

[*Resigned May 1, 1916.]

Name.	Office.	Annual Salary, etc.	Address.	Bands or Reserves in Agency.
MANITOBA - Continued.				
...	The Pas Agency - Con.	\$ cts.	...	...
Martin, L.	Nurse (Hospital)	600 00	Le Pas	...
Belton, Mrs. K.E.	Matron (Hospital)	300 00	Le Pas	...
Belton, J.B.	Caretaker (Hospital)	300 00	Le Pas	...
Cooper, R.G.V.	Dispenser (Hospital)	50 00	Le Pas	...
Kennedy, J.G.	Dispenser	50 00	Le Pas	...
Young, Louis	Dispenser	50 00	Le Pas	...
Chamberlain, Jos	Dispenser	50 00	Le Pas	...
Daniels, Francis	Dispenser	50 00	Le Pas	...
Constant, Chas	Constable	15 00	Le Pas	...
Cowley, Jeremiah	Constable	15 00	Le Pas	...
Cook, Thomas	Constable	15 00	Le Pas	...
Constant, Antoine	Constable	15 00	Le Pas	...
...	Portage-la-Prairie and Manitowapah Agency.	...	...	...
Ogletree, Archibald	Indian Agent	1,200 00	Portage-la-Prairie	Roseau River, Roseau Rapids, Long Plain, Swan Lake, Indian Gardens, Portage-la-Prairie, Sioux, Sandy Bay, Lake Manitoba, Ebb and Flow Lake, Lake St. Martin, Fairford. Little Saskatchewan, Crane River. Waterhen River, Pine Creek, Shoal River.
Burton, F.	Clerk	1,000 00	Portage-la-Prairie	...
Hassard, H.J., M.D.	Medical Officer	500 00	Portage-la-Prairie	...
Rose, E.W., M.D.	Medical Officer	100 00	Gladstone	...
Houston, D.B., M.D.	Medical Officer	Accounts rendered	Dominion City	...
Medd, A.E., M.D.	Medical Officer	500 00	Winnipegosis	...
Wallace, D., M.D.	Medical Officer	60 00 - Paid from band	Swan Lakes	...

		funds		
Mott, W.A., M.D.	Medical Officer	Accounts rendered	Rathwell	...
Bunn, Chas, R., M.D.	Medical Officer	Accounts rendered	Ashern	...
Campbell, M.	Farmer	720 00	Indian Springs	...
Scott, J.C.	Farmer	400 00	Dominion City	...
Hughes, Isabelle	Nurse	480 00	Portage-la-Prairie	...
Hampson, J.F.	Farmer	600 00	Long Plain Reserve	...
Jackson, T.C.	Caretaker	60 00	Portage-la-Prairie	...
Chagnon, Rev. O.	Dispenser	50 00	Portage-la-Prairie	...
Favel, Jno. E.	Dispenser	50 00	Portage-la-Prairie	...
Hyson, A.	Dispenser	50 00	Portage-la-Prairie	...
Kahkeekaysick, J.	Dispenser	50 00	Portage-la-Prairie	...
Inglott, Jos.	Dispenser	50 00	Portage-la-Prairie	...

Name.	Office.	Annual Salary, etc.	Address.	Bands or Reserves in Agency.
Leonard, Rev. G.	Dispenser	50 00	Portage-la-Prairie	...
Conlin, T.D.	Dispenser	50 00	Portage-la-Prairie	...
Houle, Chief J.	Dispenser	50 00	Portage-la-Prairie	...
Sanderson, C.	Dispenser	50 00	Portage-la-Prairie	...
...	LAKE OF THE WOODS INSPECTORATE.	...	...	...
Semmens, Rev. J.	Inspector of Indian Agencies	2,200 00	Winnipeg	...
...	Fort Frances Agency.	...	...	...
Wright, J.P.	Indian Agent	1,400 00	Fort Frances, Ont.	Hungry Hall Bands 1 and 2, Long Sault Bands 1 and 2, Manitou Rapids Bands 1 and 2, Little Forks Band, Wild Lands Reserve, Couchiching, Stangecoming, Niacatchewenin, Nickickousemenecaning, Seine River, Lac la Croix and Sturgeon Lake.
Moore, R., M.D.	Medical Officer	450 00	Fort Frances, Ont.	...
Bethune, F.H., M.D.	Medical Officer	Accounts rendered - Paid from band fund	Emo, Ont.	...
Charlton, R.M., M.D.	Medical Officer	Accounts rendered	Rainy River, Ont.	...
Lyons, J.H.	Interpreter	650 00	Fort Frances, Ont.	...
Jourdain, P.	Constable	120 00 Paid from account 310	Fort Frances, Ont.	...
Spencer, A.	Farm Instructor	600 00	Emo, Ont.	...
...	Kenora and Savanne Agency.	...	...	...
McKenzie, R.S.	Indian Agent	1,400 00	Kenora, Ont.	The Dalles, Rat Portage, Shoal Lake, Northwest Angle, Buffalo Bay, Big Island, Assabaska, Whitefish Bay, Islington, Eagle Lake, Wabigoon, Lac des Mille Lacs, Lac Seul, Wabuskang, Grassy Narrows.
Ferguson,	Medical Officer	1,000 00	Kenora,	...

A.D., M.D.			Ont.	
Hansen, Hans	Constable and Engineer	540 00 - Paid from account 310420 00 paid from Vote II	Kenora, Ont.	...
Stratton, L.	Nurse (Cecilia Jeffrey Boarding School.)	600 00	Kenora, Ont.	...
Eley, Rev. F.	Dispenser	50 00	Kenora, Ont.	...
...	LAKE WINNIPEG INSPECTORATE	.	...	...
Bunn, John R.	Inspector of Indian Agencies.	2,200 00	Winnipeg	...
...	Clandeboyce Agency.	...	...	...
Colcleugh, F.W.R.	Indian Agent	1,200 00	Selkirk	Brokenhead, Fort Alexander, Black River, Hollwwater.
Latulippe, H.O.	Clerk	1,100 00	Selkirk	...
Steep, J.R., M.D.	Medical Officer	900 00	Winnipeg	...
Kennedy, V.W.	Constable	900 00 - Paid from Acct. 310	Selkirk	...
Sinclair, Jno	Dispenser	25 00	...	...
Rev. C. Fryer	Dispenser	80 00	...	...
F. Geelen	Dispenser	25 00	...	...
Geo. Slater	Dispenser	25 00	...	...
Rev. E.C. Smith	Dispenser	25 00	...	...

Name.	Office.	Annual Salary, etc.	Address.	Bands or Reserves in Agency.
MANITOBA - Concluded.				
...	Fisher River Agency.	\$ cts.	...	...
Carter, Thos. H.	Indian Agent	1,200 00	The Halfway P.O.	Bloodvein, Fisher River, Jackhead, Berens River, Poplar River, Grand Rapids, Peguis, Little Grand Rapids, Pekangikum, and Deer Lake.
Carter, B.G.	General Helper	480 00	The Halfway P.O.	...
Palson, J.F., M.D.	Medical Officer	Accounts rendered	Arborg	...
Sanderson, Rev. M.	Dispenser	120 00	...	...
Stevens, F.G.	Dispenser	120 00	...	...
Lowes, J.G.	Dispenser	100 00	...	...
Lee, Wm.	Dispenser	50 00	...	...
McKay, H.	Dispenser	50 00	...	...
Louter, G.	Dispenser	50 00	...	...
...	Norway House Agency.	...	...	...
Jones, Joseph	Indian Agent	1,200 00	Norway House	Norway House, Cross Lake, Nelson House, Split Lake, Oxford House, God's Lake, Island Lake;
Norquay, H.C., M.d.	Medical Officer, Hospital	1,800 00	Transcona	...
Dent, Mrs. G.Y.	Nurse in charge, Hospital	600 00	...	...
Cooper, M.	Cook, Hospital	360 00	...	...
Trask, Mrs. T.	Ward Maid, Hospital	240 00	...	...
Fobister, J.	House Maid, Hospital	120 00	...	...
Balfour, Geo.	Attendant, Hospital	300 00	...	...
Keeper, T.B.	Interpreter, Hospital	660 00	...	...
Kirkness, John	Teamster, School	540 00	...	...

Gaudin, Mrs. A.T.	Field Matron, Cross lake	500 00	...	...
Fox, Mrs. C.G.	Field Matron, Split lake.	300 00	...	...
Fox, Rev. C.G.	Dispenser, Split lake.	120 00	...	...
Jackson, Alice	Dispenser, Nelson House.	120 00	...	...
Cargell, W.R.	Dispenser, Oxford House.	50 00	...	...
Niddrie, Rev. J.W.	Dispenser, Island lake.	50 00	...	...
Faries, Rev. R.	Dispenser, York Factory.	100 00	...	...

Name.	Office.	Annual Salary, etc.	Address.	Bands or Reserves in Agency.
SASKATCHEWAN.				
...	NORTH SASKATCHEWAN INSPECTORATE.	\$ cts.	...	...
Crombie, W.B.	Inspector of Indian Agencies.	2,000 00	Prince Albert	...
...	Battleford Agency.	...	...	...
Rowland, J.A.	Indian Agent	1,200 00	Battleford	Red Pheasant, Sweet Grass, Poundmaker, Little Pine, Stony, Moosomin, Thunderchild, Kopwayawakenum.
Capstick, H.	Clerk	900 00	Battleford	...
Macadam, S.T., M.D.	Medical Officer	1,000 00	Battleford	...
Pink, H.	Farmer	600 00	Battleford	...
Suffern, A.	Farmer	600 00	Battleford	...
Taylor, W.	Farmer	600 00	Battleford	...
Pruden, H.	Farmer	600 00	Battleford	...
Ballendine, J.W.	Farmer	480 00	Battleford	...
Whyte, R.G.	Engineer	600 00	Battleford	...
Taylor, C.	Teamster and Interpreter	480 00	Battleford	...
English, Rev. H.A.	Dispenser	50 00	Little Pine's Reserve	...
English, Mrs. H.A.	Field Matron	300 00	Little Pine's Reserve	...
Tierney, Mrs. A.	Field Matron	100 00	Poundmaker's Reserve	...
*Marshall, Mrs. J.	Field Matron	300 00	Red Pheasant's and Stony Reserve	...
...	Carlton Agency.	...	...	...
Milligan, Silas	Indian Agent	1,300 00	Mistawasis	Sturgeon Lake, Mistawasis, Petaquakey's, Ahtahkakoop's, Kenemotayoo's. Wm. Charles, Wahpaton.
Rogers, C.W.	Clerk	900 00	Mistawasis	...
Allan, Ed. E.	Stenographer	540 00	Mistawasis	...
Reid, H. Stuart, M.D.	Medical Officer	900 00 with house and rations	Mistawasis	...

McKeen, Isaac	Farmer	600 00	Alingly	...
DuBos, Fred	Farmer	480 00	Mistawasis	...
Settee, J.R.	Overseer	60 00	Montreal Lake via Prince Albert	...
Isbister, Geo	Farmer	600 00	Starblanket	...
Dreaver, John	Interpreter	480 00	Mistawasis	...
Sutherland, Hugh	Labourer	480 00	Leask	...
Muchahoos, John	Mail Carrier	180 00	...	...
Hutchinson, Mrs. H.	Field Matron, Ahtahkakoop's School	300 00	...	...
Swift, Miss C.	Field Matron, Sturgeon Lake School	300 00	...	...
(t)Swift, Mrs. G.	Asst. Field Matron, Sturgeon Lake School	100 00	...	...
Smith, Mrs. J.E.	Field Matron, Mistawasis Res.	300 00	...	...
Knife, E.	Asst. Field Matron, Mistawasis Res.	50 00	...	...

[*Resigned June 1, 1916.]

[(t)Resigned May 1, 1916.]

Name.	Office.	Annual Salary, etc.	Address.	Bands or Reserves in Agency.
SASKATCHEWAN - Continued.				
...	NORTH SASKATCHEWAN INSPECTORATE - Con.	\$ cts.	...	...
...	Carlton Agency - Con.	...	...	...
Ahenakew, Mrs. L.	Field Matron, Big River Res.	100 00	...	...
Ahenakew, Ada	Field Matron, Ahtahkakoop's School	100 00	...	...
...	Duck Lake Agency.	...	...	...
Schmidt, Chas. P.	Indian Agent	1,300 00	Duck Lake	One Arrow's, Okemassis, Beardy's John Smiths', James Smith's, Nut Lakes, Kinistino.
Campbell, A.J.	Clerk	900 00	Duck Lake	...
Urton, M.E.	Stenographer	600 00	Duck Lake	...
*MacRitchie, A.E., M.D.	Medical Officer	500 00	Duck Lake	...
Giles G.M., M.D.	Medical Officer	300 00	Birch Hills	...
Brandt, Dr.	Medical Officer	Accounts rendered	Wadena	...
Spence, Dr. T.C.	Medical Officer	300 00	Melfort	...
Stuart, W.A., M.D.	Medical Officer	480 00	Kinistino	...
Hamilton, P.J.	Farmer	800 00	Perigord	...
Kennedy, W.	Farmer	600 00	Duck Lake	...
Marion, L.	Farmer	300 00	Duck Lake	...
Rothwell, W.F.	Farmer	660 00	Fort à la Corne	...
Robertson, W.E.	Farmer	600 00	Chagoness	...
Gentleman, P.H.	Overseer	200 00	Puckahn	...
Lepine, M.	Farmer	720 00	Duck Lake	...
Legare, J.L.	Interpreter	420 00	Duck Lake	...
Lowe, Mrs.	Field Matron, Fort à la Corne	300 00	...	...

Jno. S.	School			
Shaw, Mrs. Henry W.	Field Matron, Fort à la Corne School.	300 00	...	...
Gentleman, Mrs. P.H.	Field Matron, John Smith's Res.	300 00	...	...
Badger, Mrs. N., Asst.	Asst. Field Matron, John Smith's Res.	60 00	...	...

[*Left district June 30. Dr. A.V. Stewart, Rosthern, employed.]

Name.	Office.	Annual Salary, etc.	Address.	Bands or Reserves in Agency.
...	Moose Woods Sioux Agency.	\$ cts.	...	...
Eagle, C.R.	Overseer	120 00	Dundurn	Moose Woods.
Stewart, P.D., M.D.	Medical Officer	Accounts rendered	...	...
...	Onion Lake Agency.	...	...	...
Sibbald, Wm.	Indian Agent	1,300 00	Onion Lake	...
Turner, Lang	Clerk	940 00	Onion Lake	...
Matheson, Mrs. J.R., M.D.	Medical Officer	300 00	Onion Lake	...
Charlebois, J.B., M.D.	Medical Officer	Accounts rendered	Onion Lake	Onion Lake, Frog Lake, Keeheewin's, Island Lake, Chipewyan.
Martineau, A.	Farmer	720 00	Onion Lake	...
Dresser, F.J.	Farmer	540 00	Onion Lake	...
Bangs, J.	Interpreter	540 00	Onion Lake	...
Pratt, R.	Asst. Interpreter	480 00	Onion Lake	...
Taylor, Jos.	Miller	660 00	Onion Lake	...
...	SOUTH SASKATCHEWAN INSPECTORATE.	...	...	...
Graham, W.M.	Inspector of Indian Agencies	2,400 00	Balcarres	...
...	Assiniboine Agency.	...	...	...
Donnelly, Thos. E.	Indian Agent	1,200 00	Sintaluta	Carry-the-Kettle, Moosejaw Sioux.
Grant, Lillian	Clerk	660 00	Sintaluta	...
Hiddesheimer, Dr.	Medical Officer	Accounts rendered	Sintaluta	...
Blenkin, Thos.	Farmer	720 00	Sintaluta	...
...	Crooked Lake Agency.	...	...	...
Taylor, Ezekiel	Indian Agent	1,400 00	Broadview	Ochapowace, Kahkewistahaw, Cowessess, Sakimay, Little Bone.
Boyer, Arthur	Clerk	900 00	Broadview	...
Allingham, A.W., M.D.	Medical Officer	300 00	Broadview	...
Craig, G.H., M.D.	Medical Officer	300 00	Broadview	...

Hillhouse, R.F.	Farmer	720 00	Broadview	...
Deacon, F.L.	Farmer	600 00	Grenfell	...
Sugden, A.A.	Farmer	600 00	Broadview	...
Cameron, Harry	Interpreter	480 00	Broadview	...
Sutherland, J.A.	Constable	300 00 - Paid from account 310	Broadview	...
...	File Hills Agency.	...	...	...
Graham, W.M.	Inspector in charge	Salary under South Sask. Inspectorate	Balcarres	...
Tye, Alice W.	Clerk	900 00	Balcarres	File Hills Colony and other reserves in the Agency.
Knoke, H., M.D.	Medical Officer	Accounts rendered	Lemberg	...
Main, Charles	Farmer	720 00	Balcarres	...
Moore, J.L.	Teamster	480 00	Balcarres	...

Name.	Office.	Annual Salary, etc.	Address.	Bands or Reserves in Agency.
SASKATCHEWAN - Continued.				
...	SOUTH SASKATCHEWAN INSPECTORATE - Con.	\$ cts.	...	...
...	File Hills Agency - Con.	...	...	...
Hockley, W.S.	Farmer	900 00	Balcarres	...
Ometaway, John	Labourer	420 00	Balcarres	...
MacMullen, Emily	Nurse	720 00	Lorbi	...
Keenaydin, Nora	Asst. Nurse	180 00	Lorbi	...
...	Moose Mountain Agency.	...	...	...
Cory, Thos	Indian Agent	1,100 00	Carlyle	White Bear's Amalgamated Band.
Stapleford, C.H., M.D.	Medical Officer	450 00	Manor	...
Beattie, W.W.	Farmer	600 00	White Bear Reserve	...
*Hall, K.S.	Field Matron	240 00	White Bear school	...
...	Qu'Appelle Agency.	...	...	...
Nichol, H.	Indian Agent	1,100 00	Edgeley	Piapot, Muscowpetung, Pasqua, Standing Buffalo.
Wilson, R.D.	Clerk	840 00	Edgeley	...
Hall, W., M.D.	Medical Officer	Accounts rendered	Fort Qu'Appelle	...
Harris, J.A.	Farmer	600 00	Edgeley	...
(t)Oswald, A.H.	Farmer	600 00	Edgeley	...
Pratt, Chas T.	Teamster	480 00	Edgeley	...
...	Pelly Agency.	...	...	...
Christianson, M.	Indian Agent	1,200 00	Kamsack	Cote Key, Keeseekoonse, Valley River.
Walls, J.H.	Clerk	720 00	Kamsack	...
Tran, C.E., M.D.	Medical Officer	600 00	Kamsack	...
Ross, John, M.D.	Medical Officer	Accounts rendered	Grandview	...
Stanton, G.B.	Overseer	600 00	Grandview	...
Hume, Chas	Labourer	420 00	Kamsack	...
Hamelin, B.W.	Farmer	480 00	Fort Pelly	...

Name.	Office.	Annual Salary, etc.	Address.	Bands or Reserves in Agency.
...	Touchwood Agency.	\$ cts.	...	...
Murison, Wm.	Indian Agent	1,400 00	Punnichy	Muscowekwan's, George Gordon's, Day Star's, Poorman's, Fishing Lake.
Stanley, E.	Clerk	900 00	Punnichy	...
Dr. Brandt	Medical Officer	Accounts rendered	Wadena	...
Saucier, J.T.O., M.D.	Medical Officer	Accounts rendered	Punnichy	...
Golden, L.A.	Farmer	600 00	Kylemore	...
Forsyth, W.S.	Farmer	600 00	Punnichy	...
Petterson, G.C.	Farmer	600 00	Punnichy	...
Adam, J.C.O.	Farmer	600 00	Lestock	...
Morris, Fred	Teamster	420 00	Punnichy	...
...	Wood Mountain Agency.	...	...	...
Thomson, J.H.	Overseer	360 00	Wood Mountain	...
...	Qu'Appelle Industrial School.	...	...	...
Hall, W., M.d.	Medical Officer	600 00	Fort Qu'Appelle	...
Blondeau, M.	Instructress	240 00	Fort Qu'Appelle	...
ALBERTA.				
...	ALBERTA INSPECTORATE.	...	...	...
Markle, J.A.	Insp. of Indian Agencies.	2,400 00	Red Deer	...
...	Blackfoot Agency.	...	...	...
Gooderham, J.H.	Indian Agent	1,500 00	Gleichen	Blackfoot Indians.
Gordon, Wm.	Asst. Indian Agent	1,100 00 - Paid from band funds.	Gleichen	...
Jowett, J.W.	Accountant	1,000 00	Gleichen	...
Rose, Wm., M.D.	Medical Officer	700 00	Gleichen	...
Clark, F.J.	Farmer	720 00	Gleichen	...
Ostrander, J.E.	Farmer	720 00	Cluny	...
Jones, A.E.	Stockman	720 00	Gleichen	...
Brereton, D.L.	Stockman	720 00	Gleichen	...
McMaster,				

Donald	Asst. Stockman	240 00	Gleichen	...
Yellow Fly, Teddy	Interpreter	420 00	Gleichen	...
...	Blood Agency.	...	...	...
Dilworth, W.J.	Indian Agent	1,200 00	Macleod	Blood Indians.
Faunt, J.T.	Clerk	900 00	Macleod	...
Lancaster, A.W.	Asst. Clerk	600 00	Macleod	...

[*Resigned, March 1916.]

Name.	Office.	Annual Salary, etc.	Address.	Bands or Reserves in Agency.
ALBERTA - Continued.				
...	ALBERTA INSPECTORATE - Con.	...	...	...
...	Blood Agency - Con.	\$ cts.	...	...
Tupper, T.S., M.D.	Medical Officer	1,500 00	Macleod	...
Graham, Thos	Farmer	660 00	Macleod	...
Hilier, E.G.	Farmer	780 00	Macleod	...
Nash, L.R.	Farmer	660 00	Macleod	...
Sandgathe, F.J.	Farmer	660 00	Macleod	...
Baker, H.F.	Stockman	660 00	Macleod	...
Mountain Horse, Joe	Interpreter	420 00	Macleod	...
Mills, David	Asst. Interpreter	180 00	Macleod	...
White Buffalo, Weasel	Mail Carrier	180 00	Macleod	...
Sister Cayer	Matron, Hospital	180 00	Stand-Off, Alta.	...
Sister Bourret	Nurse	120 00	Stand-Off, Alta.	...
Sister St. Germain	Nurse	120 00	Stand-Off, Alta.	...
Sister Parentau	Nurse	120 00	Stand-Off, Alta.	...
Sister du St. Esprit	Cook	120 00	Stand-Off, Alta.	...
...	Edmonton Agency.	...	...	...
Race, G.H.	Indian Agent	1,200 00	Edmonton	Epoch's, Michel's, Alexander's, Joseph's, Paul's.
Pugh, J.E.	Clerk	840 00	Edmonton	...
Anderson, W.E., M.D.	Medical Officer	Accts. Rendered - Paid from band funds	Edmonton	...
Ferguson, A.A., M.D.	Medical Officer	Accts. Rendered - Paid from band funds	Morinville	...
Park, J., M.D.	Medical Officer	Accts. Rendered - Paid from band funds.	Edmonton	...
Valery, Chas., M.D.	Medical Officer	Accounts rendered	Edmonton	...
Pattison, A.E.	Farmer	600 00	Wabamun	...
Hope, H.	Farmer	600 00	Rivière- qui-barre	...
White, J.	Interpreter	540 00	Edmonton	...
...	Hobbema Agency.	...	...	...

Butlin, Jos.	Indian Agent	1,200 00	Hobbema	Ermineskin's, Louis Bull's, Samson's, Montana.
Mann, G.G.	Assistant Agent	600 00	Hobbema	...

Name.	Office.	Annual Salary, etc.	Address.	Bands or Reserves in Agency.
Mann, Blanche E.	Clerk	720 00	Hobbema	...
Walker, H.C.R., M.D.	Medical Officer	700 00	Wetaskiwin	...
Butlin, W.C.	Farmer	720 00	Hobbema	...
White, John	Interpreter	420 00	Hobbema	...
Sayer, A.	Blacksmith	600 00	Hobbema	...
Kyatapen, A.	Labourer	240 00	Hobbema	...
Rattlesnake, A.	Labourer	240 00	Hobbema	...
...	Peigan Agency.	...	...	...
Gunn, H.A.	Indian Agent	1,200 00	Brocket	Peigan Indians.
Black, Wm.	Clerk	1,000 00	Brocket	...
Gillespie, J.J., M.D.	Medical Officer	500 00	Pincher Creek	...
La Grandeur, E.	Farmer	780 00	Brocket	...
Clarke, C.H.	Stockman	900 00	Brocket	...
Smith, Percy	Interpreter	420 00	Brocket	...
Henault, Geo.	Asst. Stockman	300 00 - Paid from band funds	Brocket	...
Fornier, L.	Asst. Stockman	300 00 - Paid from band funds	Brocket	...
La Grandeur, P.	Asst. Stockman	480 00 - Paid from band funds	Brocket	...
Bain, A.	Blacksmith	840 00 - Paid from band funds	Brocket	...
Kelly, M.G.	Hospital Nurse	600 00	Brocket	...
Kelly, Marion	Asst. Nurse	300 00	Brocket	...
...	Saddle Lake Agency.	...	...	...
Hughes, C.E.	Indian Agent	1,200 00	Saddle Lake	Saddle Lake, James Seenum's, Chipewyan, Beaver Lake.
Gullion, W.E.	Clerk and Farmer	780 00	Saddle Lake	...
Hardy, J.C., M.D.	Medical Officer	Accounts rendered	Vigreville	...
Sabourin, S., M.D.	Medical Officer	Accounts rendered	Lac la Biche	...
Borwick, John	Interpreter	540 00	Saddle Lake	...
Borwick, Colin	Labourer	240 00	Saddle Lake	...
Makokis, Daniel	Constable	240 00 - Paid from acc. 310	...	...

...	Stony Agency.	...	...	...
Yeomans, E.H.	Indian Agent	1,200 00	Morley	Stony Reserve.
Stocken, P.E.	Clerk	780 00	Morley	...
Park, A.W., M.D.	Medical Officer	600 00	Cochrane	...
McKenzie, J.	Farmer	600 00	Morley	...
Wildman, Dan	Interpreter	420 00	Morley	...
...	Sarcee Agency.	...	...	...
Fleetham, T.J.	Indian Agent	1,400 00	Calgary	Sarcee Reserve.
(t)Grant, John	Clerk and Stockman	900 00	Calgary	...
Follett, J.V., M.D.	Medical Officer	400 00	Calgary	...
Allen, R.A.	Engineer and blacksmith	720 00 - Paid from band funds	Calgary	...
Hodgson, Geo.	Farmer	600 00	Calgary	...

[(t)Resigned June 30.]

Name.	Office.	Annual Salary, etc.	Address.	Bands or Reserves in Agency.
ALBERTA - Continued.				
...	ALBERTA INSPECTORATE - Con.	...	...	...
...	Sarcee Agency - Con.	\$ cts.	...	...
Allen, Isaac	Asst. to blacksmith	240 00 - Paid from band funds	Calgary	Sarcee Reserve.
(tt)Onespot, John	Police Scout	240 00 - Paid from band funds	Calgary	...
Robertson, W.	Asst. laborer	420 00	Calgary	...
Barcomb, Agnes	Nurse	600 00	Calgary	...
...	St. Joseph's Industrial School.	...	...	...
Ardiel, A.E., M.D.	Medical Officer	300 00	Okotoks	...
...	St. Albert Boarding School.	...	...	...
Valery, Chas. M.d.	Medical Officer	200 00	Edmonton	...
...	Red Deer School.	...	...	...
George, Henry, M.D.	Medical Officer	480 00	Red Deer	...
...	Treaty No. 8.	...	...	...
LaMothe, L.H.	Clerk to Insp. Conroy	1,500 00	Ottawa, Ont.	H.A. Conroy, Insp. of Indian Agencies and Reserves with headquarters at Ottawa, has general supervision of the whole of Treaty 8, but the following bands are under his direct management: Ft. McMurray, Fond du Lac, Fort Chipewyan, Smith's Landing, Hay River and Fort Resolution.
...	Fort Simpson Agency.	...	...	...
Harris, T.W.	Indian Agent	1,400 00	Fort Simpson, N.W.T.	Fort Simpson, Fort Nelson.
Johnson, W.	Engineer	1,200 00	Fort Simpson, N.W.T.	...

Villeneuve, Jos.	Interpreter	540 00	Fort Simpson, N.W.T.	...
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[(tt)John Onespot temporarily employed as Stockman at \$600 a year.]

Name.	Office.	Annual Salary, etc.	Address.	Bands or Reserves in Agency.
...	Fort Smith Agency.	\$ cts.	...	...
Card, Gerald	Indian Agent	1,400 00	Fort Smith, N.W.T.	Fort Smith and Smith's Landing.
McDonald, A.L., M.D.	Medical Officer	500 00	Fort Smith, N.W.T.	...
Brown, Wm.	Interpreter	540 00	Fort Smith, N.W.T.	...
Salmon, R.S.	Farmer	720 00	Fort Smith, N.W.T.	...
Ross, A.F.	Teamster	480 00	Fort Smith, N.W.T.	...
...	Treaty No. 10.	...	...	...
Rossignol, Rev. M.	Dispenser and Issuer	50 00	Ile à la Crosse, Reserve.	...
Egenoff, Rev. L.J.	Dispenser and Issuer	50 00	Lac du Brochet Reserve	...
Edwards, Rev. M.B.	Dispenser and Issuer	50 00	Amos Charles Reserve	...
Renaud, Rev. J.I.A.	Dispenser and Issuer	50 00	Pukittawagan Band	...
McKay, Ven. J.A.	Dispenser and Issuer	50 00	Lac la Ronge Band	...
Guilloux, Rev. M.	Dispenser and Issuer	50 00	Pelican Narrows Band	...
...	Lesser Slave Lake Agency.	...	...	...
Laird, Harold	Acting Indian Agent	1,200 00	Grouard	Dunvegan, Fort Vermilion, Little Red River, Peace River Crossing, Sturgeon Lake, Wabiskaw, Whitefish Lake, Fort St. John, Kinnoosay's.
Rimer, F.E., M.D.	Medical Officer	500 00	Grouard	...
Boulanger, J.J., M.D.	Medical Officer	Accounts rendered	Grouard	...
Baldwin, H.G., M.D.	Medical Officer	Accounts rendered	North Vermilion, Peace River, Alberta	...
McNutt, L.W., M.D.	Medical Officer	Accounts rendered	Peace River Crossing	...
Nash, Charles	Interpreter	600 00	Grouard	...
...	Mackenzie River District.	...	...	...

Doyle, P.E., M.D.	Medical Officer	500 00	Ft. McPherson, Peel River, N.W.T., via Edmonton	...
BRITISH COLUMBIA.				
Cairns, R.H.	Insp. of Indian Schools	1,500 00	Vancouver	For bands or reserves in agencies in British Columbia, see 'Census of Indians British Columbia.'
Wilson, T.	Insp. of Indian Orchards	1,500 00	Vancouver	...
...	SOUTHEASTERN INSPECTORATE.	...	Vernon	...
Megraw A.	Insp. of Indian Agencies	2,200 00	...	...

Name.	Office.	Annual Salary, etc.	Address.	Bands or Reserves in Agency.
BRITISH COLUMBIA - Continued.				
...	Kamloops Agency.	\$ cts.	...	...
Smith, John F.	Indian Agent	1,300 00	Kamloops	...
Bennett, A.E.H., M.D.	Medical Officer	780 00	Kamloops	...
Sanson, Geo., M.D.	Medical Officer	420 00	Ashcroft	...
Tutill, G.H.	Medical Officer	480 00	Nicola Lake	...
Scatchard, W., M.D.	Medical Officer	Accounts rendered	Chase	...
Dallen, W.C.	Constable	900 00	Kamloops	...
...	Kootenay Agency.	...	...	...
Galbraith, R.L.T.	Indian Agent	1,300 00	Steele	...
Green, F.W., M.D.	Medical Officer	500 00	Cranbrook	...
Hannington, D.P., M.D.	Medical Officer	300 00	Wilmer	...
Henderson, G.B., M.D.	Medical Officer	300 00	Creston	...
Dr. Saunders	Medical Officer	Accounts rendered	Baynes	...
Ryckman, F.S.	Constable	900 00	Cranbrook	...
...	Lytton Agency.	...	...	...
Graham, H.	Indian Agent	1,400 00	Lytton	...
Spillman, M.E.	Stenographer	600 00	Lytton	...
McCaffrey, P.S., M.D.	Medical Officer	750 00	Agassiz	...
Fort, H.R., M.D.	Medical Officer	600 00 + 120 00 for attending Lytton School	Lytton	...
Asselstine, B., M.D.	Medical Officer	Accounts rendered	Lillooet	...
Daunt, A.O.	Constable	900 00	Lytton	...
...	Okanagan Agency.	...	...	...
Brown, J.R.	Indian Agent	1,400 00	Vernon	...
McEwen, M.D., M.D.	Medical Officer	300 00	Hedley	...
Logie, H.B., M.D.	Medical Officer	300 00	Armstrong	...
Arbuckle, J.A., M.D.	Medical Officer	500 00	Vernon	...
White, R.B., M.D.	Medical Officer	420 00	Fairview	...
McNaughton, J.G., M.D.	Medical Officer	300 00	Kelowna	...
Cawston, J.	Constable	420 00	Penticton	...

Name.	Office.	Annual Salary, etc.	Address.	Bands or Reserves in Agency.
...	Stuart Lake Agency.	...	...	...
McAllen, Wm. J.	Indian Agent	1,300 00	Fraser Lake	For bands or reserves in British Columbia, see 'Census of Indians, British Columbia.'
Chisholm, H.G., M.D.	Medical Officer	600 00	Fort Fraser	...
Lazier, D.B., M.D.	Medical Officer	400 00	South Fort George	...
Manson, W.F.	Constable	900 00	South Fort George	...
Mrs. Ockoniy	Field Matron	300 00	South Fort George	...
...	Williams Lake Agency.	...	...	...
Ogden, Isaac	Indian Agent	1,400 00	Lac la Hache	...
Baker, Gerald, M.D.	Medical Officer	Accounts rendered	Quesnel	...
Feare, W.K., M.D.	Medical Officer	600 00	150-Mile House, Caribou.	...
Wright, J.H., M.D.	Medical Officer	400 00	Alexis Creek	...
...	SOUTHWESTERN INSPECTORATE.	...	...	...
Ditchburn, W.E.	Inspector of Indian Agencies	2,500 00	Victoria	...
Whitwell, Alice	Clerk	540 00	Victoria	...
...	Cowichan Agency.	...	...	...
Robertson, W.R.	Indian Agent	1,400 00	Duncan	...
Robertson, Catherine	Clerk	600 00	Duncan	...
Dykes, Watson, M.D.	Medical Officer	600 00	Duncan	...
Cummings, W.G., M.D.	Medical Officer	300 00	Sydney	...
Ewing W., M.D.	Medical Officer	300 00	Ladysmith	...
Drysdale, W.F., M.D.	Medical Officer	500 00	Nanaimo	...
Millard, H.P., M.D.	Medical Officer	Accounts rendered	Courtney	...
Jones, O.M.,	Medical Officer	500 00	Victoria	...

M.D.				
O'Connell, Tom	Constable	1,000 00	Nanaimo	...
Tom, Indian	Constable	240 00	Duncan	...
...	Kwawkewlth Agency.	...	...	...
Halliday, W.M.	Indian Agent	1,300 00	Alert Bay	...
Columbia Coast Mission	Medical Officer	600 00	Alert Bay	...
Cox, H.B., M.D.	Medical Officer	240 00	Quatsino	...
*Jamieson, T.H., M.D.	Medical Officer	480 00	Campbell River	...
...	New Westminster Agency.	...	...	...
Byrne, Peter	Indian Agent	1,400 00	New Westminster	...
O'Malley, Winnifred	Clerk	700 00	New Westminster	...
Drew, E., M.D.	Medical Officer	1,200 00	New Westminster	...

[*Dr. Jamieson since deceased; Dr. U.F. Shaw appointed May 13, 1916.]

Name.	Office.	Annual Salary, etc.	Address.	Bands or Reserves in Agency.
BRITISH COLUMBIA - Concluded.				
...	New Westminster Agency - Con.	\$ cts.	...	...
Wilson, T.A., M.D.	Medical Officer	1,200 00	New Westminster	...
Henderson, A., M.D.	Medical Officer	300 00	Powell River	...
Stuart, A.J., M.D.	Medical Officer	500 00	Mission City	...
King, A.A., M.D.	Medical Officer	300 00	Ladner	...
Hepworth, W.G., M.D.	Medical Officer	500 00	Steveston	...
Henderson, J.C., M.D.	Medical Officer	400 00	Chilliwack	...
Inglis, F., M.D.	Medical Officer	480 00	Gibson's Landing	...
Grant, J.S.	Constable	900 00	New Westminster	...
Mrs. Maroney	Field matron	300 00	Homalco	...
Marsden, Mrs. Wm.	Field matron	900 00	Chehalis	...
...	West Coast Agency.	...	...	...
Cox, C.A.	Indian Agent	1,400 00	Alberni	...
Cox, Grace	Clerk	600 00	Alberni	...
McLean, Chas., M.D.	Medical Officer	510 00	Ucluelet	...
Morgan, A.D., M.D.	Medical Officer	540 00	Alberni	...
Dixon, D.S., M.D.	Medical Officer	510 00	Clayoquot	...
Whitehouse, E.C., M.D.	Medical Officer	Accounts rendered	Port Renfrew	...
Homewood, Edward	Engineer	900 00	Alberni	...
...	NORTHERN INSPECTORATE.	...	...	...
Tyson, A.M.	Inspector of Indian Agencies	2,200 00	Vancouver	...
...	Babine Agency.	...	...	...
Loring, R.E.	Indian Agent	1,300 00	Hazelton	...
Wrinch, H.C., M.D.	Medical Officer	1,000 00	Hazelton	...
Wallace, A.H., M.D.	Medical Officer	600 00	Tewlkla, Bulkley Valley	...
Ardagh, E.R., M.D.	Medical Officer	240 00	Kitwanga	...
Hamblin, H.	Constable	900 00	Aldermere	...

Name.	Office.	Annual Salary, etc.	Address.	Bands or Reserves in Agency.
Halpenny, Adjutant	Field Matron	400 00	Andimaul	...
Richardson, Z.	Field Matron and nurse	600 00	Meannskinisht	...
Martin, Eva	Field Matron	200 00	Kispiox	...
...	Bella Coola Agency.	...	...	...
Fougner, Iver	Indian Agent	1,300 00	Bella Coola	...
Darby, G.E., M.D.	Medical Officer	600 00	Bella Bella	...
Bavis, W.E., M.D.	Medical Officer	600 00	Bella Coola	...
Tucker, Chas.	Constable	900 00	Bella Coola	...
Sutherland, H.	Engineer	900 00	Bella Coola	...
Read, Mrs. Harriet	Field Matron	300 00	China Hat	...
Vacant	Field Matron	120 00	Bella Bella	...
Alton, S.E.	Field Matron	500 00	Kitimat	...
...	Nass Agency.	...	...	...
Perry, Chas. C.	Indian Agent	1,300 00	Metlakatla	...
Perry, Cath. J.	Clerk	600 00	Metlakatla	...
Large, R.W., M.D.	Medical Officer	1,080 00	Port Simpson	...
McDonald, D.J., M.D.	Medical Officer	900 00	Kibolut	...
Cade, J.P., M.D.	Medical Officer	400 00	Prince Rupert	...
Traynor, S., M.D.	Medical Officer	Accounts rendered	Terrace	...
Phillipson, A.J.	Constable	900 00	Port Simpson	...
Watkinson, A.J.	Constable	600 00	Port Simpson	...
Miss Capper	Field Matron	800 00	Lakalsap	...
Miss Cleveland	Field Matron	600 00	Gwinoha	...
Miss Royds	Field Matron	900 00	Aiyansh, Nass River	...
...	Queen Charlotte Agency.	...	...	...
Deasy, Thos.	Indian Agent	1,300 00	Massett	...
Graves, C.A., M.D.	Medical Officer	500 00	Massett	...
(t)Vacant	Medical Officer	500 00	Skidegate	...
Hughes, O.W.M.	Constable	900 00	Massett	...
Mrs. Edenshaw	Field Matron	300 00	Massett	...
Russ, Mrs. W.H.	Field Matron	300 00	Skidegate	...
Miss Tindale	Field Matron	600 00	Skidegate	...
...	Stikine Agency.	...	...	...
Simpson, W.S.	Indian Agent	1,300 00	Telegraph Creek	...
Vacant	Medical Officer	750 00	Telegraph Creek	...

Harrison, E.H., M.D.	Medical Officer	Accounts rendered	Atlin	...
Cullen, F.E.	Constable	900 00	Telegraph Creek	...

RETURN A (2) of Officers and Employees of the Department of Indian Affairs on April 1, 1916. - Concluded.

Name.	Office.	Annual Salary, etc.	Address.	Bands or Reserves in Agency.
YUKON.				
...	...	\$ cts.	...	...
Hawksley, Rev. John	Indian Superintendent	3,000 00	Dawson	...
Clark, W.B., M.D.	Medical Officer	1,200 00	Whitehorse	...
La Chapelle, J.O., M.D.	Medical Officer	1,200 00	Dawson	...

PART II
REPORTS OF INDIAN AGENTS
AND
REPORT OF THE SUPERINTENDENT.
OF INDIAN EDUCATION

REPORTS OF INDIAN AGENTS

REPORT OF WM. McLEOD, INDIAN AGENT FOR CHAPLEAU AGENCY, ONTARIO.

Bands. - This agency consists of the following bands: Robinson Treaty Indians at Chapleau, Robinson Treaty Indians at Missinaibi, Treaty No. 9 Crees at Chapleau, Treaty No. 9 Ojibways at Chapleau, Treaty No. 9 Ojibways at Mattagami, Treaty No. 9 Ojibways at Flying Post, Treaty No. 9 Ojibways at Brunswick Post.

Occupations. - These Indians live mostly by hunting and fishing in winter, and in summer act as guides and work for survey parties. A few around Chapleau are working on the Canadian Pacific Railway this winter. On account of the unexpected rise in the fur market, most of the Indians have been able to get along fairly well without assistance, with the exception of the old and sick.

Farm Machinery and Implements. - These Indians are taking more interest in gardening than in former years, but they have only a few rakes and hoes.

Stock. - They have a few chickens, geese and pigs.

Buildings. - The Indians live in small frame houses and tents during the summer months, and in wigwams in winter.

Health and Sanitation. - The health of the Indians has been fairly good during the past year, with the exception of a few fatal cases of consumption. A few also of the Indians have had grippe. Sanitary conditions are fair.

Characteristics and Progress. - As a rule these Indians are not a saving people; but a few of them save a little. Several of our Cree Indians have answered the call of their country. They progress a little each year.

Temperance and Morality. - During the past year very few of the Indians have used intoxicants, to my knowledge. Their morals are fair.

REPORT OF A.J. DUNCAN, INDIAN AGENT FOR THE CHIPPEWAS OF CAPE CROKER, ONTARIO.

Health and Sanitation. - The general health of the band has been good during the year. There has been only one death from consumption. Sanitation has been observed.

Buildings. - The dwelling-houses are good; a number of them are stone and they are nearly all kept neat and clean. The barns and stabling are not so good.

Stock. - Their stock consists of horses, cattle, pigs and poultry, which receive good attention.

Farm Implements. - This band has all the implements necessary for cultivating and harvesting; but as a rule, these are not very well taken care of.

Occupations. - The chief occupations of these Indians are: farming, gardening, fishing, and basket-making. Quite a number of the younger men sail during the summer months.

Characteristics and Progress. - Some of the members of this band are industrious and progressive; but many of them are not making the advancement they should, considering the opportunities they have.

Temperance and Morality. - The Indians of this band, generally speaking, are temperate, some of them are addicted to the improper use of liquor when they can procure it in any way.

REPORT OF C.J. PICOTTE, INDIAN AGENT FOR THE CHIPPEWAS OF CHRISTIAN ISLAND, ONTARIO.

Health and Sanitation. - The health of the Indians in general is fairly good. Although there have been many cases of colds and influenza due to the wet weather in the early part of the winter, there was no epidemic during the year. Sanitary precautions are well observed, the homes and premises are generally kept clean.

Occupations. - A few are farming and succeed fairly well; their land is good and they have good crops, although they do not work their land as they should. Others prefer working in the mills in summer, and in logging camps in winter; some are doing very well at fishing and trapping, also guiding for the tourists.

Buildings - There are some very good frame houses, well kept and painted. The log houses are whitewashed, and look well. There are some good stables too. The public buildings are in excellent order.

Stock. - There are a few good working teams of horses besides some ponies. The cattle are of the Polled Angus breed and are very good.

Farm Implements. - The farmers have all the implements needed for farming, but they do not take care of their machinery as they should owing to the fact that they have no buildings for that purpose.

Characteristics and Progress - The Indians of this band are industrious enough; they are good mechanics. Their progress is slow, although there is a marked difference in those who devote themselves to farming.

Temperance and Morality. - As a whole, the Indians of this band are temperate; they are not quarrelsome.

Their morals are fairly good.

REPORT OF J.R. BOURCHIER, INDIAN AGENT FOR THE CHIPPEWAS OF GEORGINA AND SNAKE ISLANDS, ONTARIO.

Occupations. - Eight or ten families depend entirely on the cultivation of their locations for their livelihood; others work for the farmers on the main land, a few make baskets, and most of the women make fancy-work, which they dispose of at good prices to the summer visitors.

Farm Machinery and Implements. - The Indians have all the farm machinery they require, but do not take very good care of it.

Buildings. - The houses are generally comfortable, a few of them comparing favourably with those on the mainland; but a few shacks still are occupied.

Health and Sanitation. - The band as a whole has enjoyed good health during the past year, except in the month of February, when both old and young suffered from a severe attack of influenza, but without any serious result.

Characteristics and Progress. - A very few make satisfactory progress, most of them taking little thought for the future. They are law-abiding.

Temperance and Morality. - There is not an old man on the island who indulges in liquor, and only a few of the young men make any use of it. I wish I could speak as well of their morality.

REPORT OF HENRY JANES, INDIAN AGENT FOR THE CHIPPEWAS, MUNSEES, AND ONEIDAS OF THE THAMES, ONTARIO.

Occupations. - A number of the Indians of these three bands are engaged in farming, and some are raising some very good stock. About sixty of the young men from the three bands have enlisted for overseas Service. The rest make their living by daily labour among the white people.

Farm Machinery and Implements. - The Indians who work their land have some very good machinery; but, for lack of proper sheds, the implements have to be left out of doors much of the time.

Buildings. - There are a few cement block and brick houses on the reserve; the rest are frame and log houses. Their barns and stables are not very good.

Health and Sanitation. - The health of these Indians has been very good, except a few who are suffering from tuberculosis. Sanitary precautions have been well observed. There has been no epidemic of any kind during the past year.

Characteristics and Progress. - A large majority of these Indians are industrious and law-abiding. They appear to be improving.

Temperance and Morality. - Nearly all of the Munsee band are very temperate. A number, of the Oneidas and Chippewas are addicted to the use of intoxicants. There is a good deal of immorality practised on the reserves, but less than in former years.

REPORT OF CHAS. W. MYERS, INDIAN AGENT FOR THE CHIPPEWAS OF RAMA, ONTARIO.

Health and Sanitation. - In general the health of the Indians has been very good. No epidemic prevailed among them. Sanitary precautions are well observed: the houses and their surroundings are well looked after.

Occupations. - The older members do considerable work in their gardens. The young men are experienced river-drivers; they are also expert canoemen. American tourists pay the Indians very large wages, because they are trustworthy guides. The Indian women who make fancy quill and sweet hay work during the winter months find ready sale for their ware to American tourists at good prices.

Buildings. - Most of their dwelling-houses are frame, and in general kept clean. The Indians are having more home comforts around them.

Stock. - These Indians do not own much stock. They have splendid milch cows, and are improving the grade of their horses. Their animals are well looked after during the winter.

Farm Implements. - These Indians take good care of their implements; they realize the cost of them.

Characteristics and Progress. - The members of this band appear to make a good living. They are well clothed as a rule and are improving their conditions.

Temperance and Morality. - The use of intoxicants on the reserve by the Indians is now something of the past.

Morality is now viewed from a higher plane of life.

REPORT OF T. MAXWELL, INDIAN AGENT FOR THE CHIPPEWAS OF SARNIA, ONTARIO.

Health and Sanitation. - An epidemic of grippe has been prevalent in each of the reserves this winter, necessitating the closing of one school and reducing the attendance of the others to a minimum. The result was great distress and much suffering among many families, so that an appeal for aid had to be made to the department at Ottawa. At Kettle Point a number of cases developed into pneumonia, three of which proved fatal. On the Sarnia reserve there were also three deaths from tuberculosis.

Occupations. - The principal occupations of these Indians is farming. Some of the Indians rent their river front property for fishing purposes. Many of the younger men find employment in the lumber yards of the city and at the oil refinery, while others work on the docks in the summer-time. Some of the women make baskets and fancy articles of sweet grass or bead-work, which they sell in the city, or to the campers along the shore in the summer season.

Farm Machinery And Implements. - Many of the Indians have the necessary machinery and implements to conduct their farming operations successfully and these are generally fairly well cared for.

Buildings. - On the Sarnia reserve there is a good brick schoolhouse, which is well equipped; an Anglican church a Methodist church, which has been repaired and re-decorated at a cost of \$1,000; a large frame parsonage, which has also been repaired and put in good order, and a fine new brick council-house, which cost \$4,500. Kettle Point has two frame churches, Anglican, and Methodist, a frame school-house and a council-house, also a hall used for exhibition purposes at the fall fair.

Stony Point has a frame school and a Methodist church. These are all in good condition and well cared for.

Characteristics and Progress. - The more intelligent Indians of the tribe are industrious and consequently prosperous, while many seem to lack ambition to improve themselves or their condition and therefore are thriftless and poor.

Temperance and Morality. - Some of the Indians on this reserve have a strong inclination to indulge in intoxicants whenever opportunities occur. There is also room for improvement in the morals of some of the younger members of the tribe.

REPORT OF T.A. STOUT, INDIAN AGENT FOR THE CHIPPEWAS OF SAUGEEN, ONTARIO.

Health and Sanitation. - The health of the Indians has been fairly good during the past year. There is always a certain amount of sickness during the winter months. Grippe has been very bad this year and has taken several of the older Indians, but altogether they have come through the winter very well.

Sanitary precautions have been very well observed on the reserve. Most of the houses are very neat and clean.

Occupations. - The majority of the Indians cultivate their holdings. Last year there was quite a marked improvement in the growing of potatoes and corn, but this year so many of them have enlisted in service of the King and country that there will not be as many to work at home. They engage in basket-making, rustic work, working in saw-mills and factories, pulling flax, berry picking, making maple syrup; and a good many of them help on the farms in the harvest time. They also take out dead and fallen timber.

Buildings. - The public buildings are all very good and in good repair; private buildings are also very good and in most cases are kept very well repaired and very comfortable. There has been one nice large barn built this year.

Stock. - The stock consists of horses, cattle and hogs. These Indians do not keep very much stock. There are quite a number of horses and cows, but only a few of the Indians keep hogs. They do not seem to be able to get enough fodder to keep their animals over winter, but most of them keep their animals in very good condition.

Farm Implements. - The Indians have all the implements necessary for successfully cultivating and harvesting the crop grown. Of these they take very good care.

Characteristics and Progress. - Most of the Indians are fairly industrious. I think that as they are getting out more among the white people they are following their example. There are quite a number that work well all the year, round.

Temperance and Morality. - A few of the Indians on this reserve are addicted to using intoxicants to excess; but, as a whole, they are doing better. Many of them are otherwise immoral, but we are doing all we can to try to improve them in this respect.

REPORT OF JOHN P. WRIGHT, INDIAN AGENT FOR FORT FRANCES AGENCY, ONTARIO.

Bands. - This agency comprises the following bands: Hungry Hall Nos. 1 and 2, Long Sault Nos. 1 and 2, Manitou Rapids Nos. 1 and 2, Little Forks (these seven bands have been amalgamated on the Manitou Rapids reserve, but retain their individuality) Couchiching, Stangecoming, Niacatchewenin, Nickickonsemenecaning, Seine River, Lac la Croix, Sturgeon Lake and Buffalo Bay.

Occupations. - Hunting and fishing are the chief occupations of these Indians. They work in saw-mills, on steamboats, and for settlers, river-driving, acting, as guides, and taking out dead and fallen timber on their reserves. They do little, if any, farming, but we hope to see an improvement in the next few years. Seven have enlisted in the 141st battalion for active service.

Farm Machinery and Implements. - The amalgamated band on the Manitou Rapids reserve have an implement shed, built last fall, where all the farm machinery is kept, under the supervision of the farm instructor.

Buildings. - There are a number who have good frame houses, but the majority have good log buildings with shingle roofs, and taken as a whole these are comfortable and well kept.

Health and Sanitation. - The health of the Indians in this agency has been fairly good, no epidemics having occurred. I consider that all the Indians in this agency have been well vaccinated. Most of them keep their premises clean.

Characteristics and Progress. - The majority of these Indians are industrious and law-abiding; but progress has been slow. The seven Rainy River bands have been amalgamated on the Manitou Rapids reserve and seem desirous of going into farming and stock-raising. They built 23 new houses last fall and cleared some land. The department has built a combined school and teacher's residence on this reserve; also a stable and storehouse. This school will accommodate 60 pupils, and was opened on March 13, 1916, with 29 pupils on the roll. A farm instructor has been appointed. and is doing good work.

Temperance and Morality. - The majority of these Indians are addicted to the use of intoxicants. In other respects they are fairly moral.

REPORT OF PATRICK RANKINS, INDIAN AGENT FOR GOLDEN LAKE AGENCY, ONTARIO.

Tribe. - The Indians of this agency belong to the Algonquin tribe

Health and Sanitation. - The health of these Indians has been fairly good. There were two cases of tuberculosis. There has been no epidemic during the past year.

Sanitary precautions have been well observed. As a rule the houses are kept neat and clean.

Occupations. - These Indians do very little farming. They work with lumber camps in winter, and river-driving in spring. A number engage in making mitts moccasins and snowshoes. Others are employed by sportsmen as guides.

Buildings. - Their dwellings are fairly comfortable, but are generally small.

Characteristics and Progress. - These Indians are fairly industrious. They are progressive and law-abiding.

Temperance and Morality. - In these respects, conditions have greatly improved in the past year.

REPORT OF F.W. BAXTER, INDIAN AGENT FOR GORE BAY AGENCY, ONTARIO.

Bands. - The following bands are included in this agency: West Bay, Sheshegwaning, Obidgewong, and Cockburn Island.

Occupations. - Farming and stock-raising are the principal occupations; other occupations, are loading timber, working in saw-mills in the summer months, and in the lumber camps in winter.

Farm Machinery and Implements. - All the bands have good machinery, and take good care of it.

Buildings. - Most of the buildings are of log, with the exception of a few nice frame houses and barns. The buildings are kept in good repair.

Health and Sanitation. - The health of the Indians in this agency is very good.

Characteristics and Progress. - The Indians are industrious and law-abiding and are giving more attention to their farms than in the past.

Temperance and Morality. - The moral standard of the Indians is very good.

REPORT OF R.S. MCKENZIE, INDIAN AGENT FOR KENORA AND SAVANNE AGENCIES, ONTARIO.

KENORA AGENCY.

Bands. - This agency comprises the following bands: Assabaska, Big Island, the Dalles, Islington, Northwest Angle No. 33, Northwest Angle No. 34, Northwest Angle No. 31, Rat Portage, Shoal Lake No. 39, Shoal Lake No. 40, and Whitefish Bay, all of the Ojibbewa tribe.

Occupations. - The principal occupations are: hunting, fishing, taking out lumber, and as canoemen and guides for tourists. The members of the Whitefish Bay band have taken out a lot of lumber this winter, which has been a great help to them during the winter. Several other bands have also taken out cord-wood, and timber, which gave them sufficient to support their families. Furs have gone up in price; this has helped the Indians to make a living.

Farm Machinery and Implements. - They are well supplied with all they require for the amount of farming they do, all of which is well taken care of, and properly housed in the fall for the winter months.

Buildings. - The buildings are of logs, well built comfortable and kept neat and clean. The majority of the Indians have their houses nicely furnished with good substantial furniture.

Health and Sanitation. - The general health of the bands has been good. Three deaths have occurred during the year, two from old age, and one from consumption. All cases of illness are promptly attended to by Dr. Ferguson. Sanitary precautions are well observed on the majority of the reserves. Vaccination is well attended to by the doctor, who takes an interest in the welfare of the Indians.

Characteristic and Progress. - A number of the bands are very indolent, and prefer roaming about in their old mode of life, from place to place, rather than do any manual labour for support. I am pleased to say, that the majority of the bands are industrious and making fair progress; they are law-abiding and civil.

Temperance and Morality. - A large number of these Indians are addicted to the improper use of intoxicants; but as a very strict watch is kept over them here, I find a marked improvement during the year. In other respects their moral standard is fairly good.

SAVANNE AGENCY.

Bands. - This agency comprises the following bands: Eagle Lake, Frenchman's Head, Grassy Narrows, Ignace, Lac des mille lacs, Lac Seul, Wabigoon, and Wabuskang.

Occupations. - The following are the chief occupations of these Indians: working for the Hudson's Bay Company as canoemen and freighters, in lumber camps, on railroads, hunting, fishing, and as guides to tourists, attending to their gardens and potato patches, berry and wild rice picking. Any of the Indians who have cattle take fairly good care of them; there are only a few who have any stock. The Indians do not take any interest in this industry, saying that stock is more of a detriment than a benefit to them, owing to the life they are obliged to live.

Farm Machinery and Implements. - These Indians do very little farming; they are well supplied with all the implements and tools required, and take good care of them.

Buildings. - The buildings are of logs, well built, of fair size and well ventilated, kept clean and comfortable, and in the majority of cases they are well supplied with good and substantial furniture and bedding.

Health and Sanitation. - Sanitary precautions have been fairly well carried out, and all the Indians have been, as far as possible, vaccinated, and all persons suffering from any contagious disease have been isolated and cared for. The general health of the bands has been fairly good. There have been a few deaths during the year from old age, consumption, and other causes; but not more than could be expected out of a population of over 1,100 Indians.

Characteristics and Progress. - The majority of these Indians are industrious and making good progress, while there is a portion of them that is very indolent, and do nothing but roam about from place to place. They are law-abiding and civil.

Temperance and Morality. - A large number of these Indians are much addicted to the use of intoxicants, which they can procure almost any time along the lines of the railroads and other places. Owing to the large territory they occupy, it is not possible to keep a strict watch over them, as I have quite enough work at my office to keep me busy all the time. I am pleased, however, to say that there is a marked improvement in the past year.

Their morals are fairly good, with a few exceptions.

REPORT OF R.J. LEWIS, INDIAN AGENT FOR MANITOWANING AGENCY, ONTARIO.

Bands. - This agency comprises the following bands: Whitefish River, Whitefish Lake, Sucker Creek, Sheguiandah, Sucker Lake, Point Grondin, Tahgaiwinini, Spanish River No. 3, South Bay, and Manitoulin Island Unceded.

Occupations. - A great number of these Indians work their locations, they raise cattle, horses, pigs, sheep and fowls. Quite a number fish, hunt, work in saw-mills, load boats with lumber and ties in the summer, act as guides to surveyors and prospectors, and make railway ties and work in lumber camps during the winter. The women make fancy sweet grass and birch bark work, baskets, knit socks and mittens, and pick berries.

Farm Implements. - Those cultivating their land are well supplied with modern farm implements, which are well taken care of.

Buildings. - The houses of the Indians are very comfortable, but are mostly log, which are whitewashed, all are kept clean and in good repair. Some of the Indians who follow farming have good barns and stables.

Health and Sanitation. - The health of these bands has been very good for the past year. No contagious diseases have visited the reserves. Grippe was somewhat severe among the Indians last winter, but without any fatal results. Sanitary precautions are well observed.

Characteristics and Progress. - During the past year I can say that there has been much progress, especially among those who are farming. A majority of the Indians are striving to better their circumstances. These Indians are all fairly industrious and law-abiding, and their condition is improving from year to year.

Temperance and Morality. - With few exceptions the Indians of this agency are moral and temperate.

General Remarks. - The winter of 1915 - 16 has been very mild, and during the past summer the Indians had the best crop of hay and grain on record; so the horses and cattle throughout this agency wintered well and with no loss. The lumbering industry in this district has been very good, which enabled the young Indians to earn fair wages during the winter. On the whole the Indians in this agency are in a better condition financially than they have ever been before. About twenty of the young men of the Manitoulin Island Unceded band have enlisted with the 119th battalion.

REPORT OF W.R. COYLE, INDIAN AGENT FOR THE MISSISSAGUAS OF ALNWICK, ONTARIO.

Occupations. - A number of the Indians work their own land and are doing fairly well, but the majority rent their holdings to white farmers contiguous to the reserve. A few earn good wages by working as farm-hands during the summer months. A few act as guides to tourists. Twenty-four members of this band have enlisted for overseas service; four of their number have been in the trenches, one of whom was killed in action in France.

Farm Machinery and Implements. - Nearly all kinds of machinery and implements are in use on this reserve, and are very well taken care of.

Buildings. - The dwelling-houses are chiefly frame buildings. A few have added to the appearance of their homes by painting them. A few barns have stone foundations.

Health and Sanitation. - Generally speaking, the health of this band has been fairly good for the past year. Whooping cough was prevalent on the reserve during November and December and a few cases of measles have developed during the month of March, but without any fatal results. Sanitary precautions are pretty well observed on this reserve. Two houses were disinfected during the year. The majority of these Indians keep their houses clean and tidy.

Characteristics and Progress. - A number of this band are industrious and intelligent and are desirable citizens, but the majority prefer to adhere to their old custom of living, although an improvement is expected from the pupils now attending school.

Temperance and Morality. - A few of the young men will indulge if an opportunity is given them to use liquor. Their morals are fairly good with few exceptions.

REPORT OF W.C. VAN LOON, INDIAN AGENT FOR THE MISSISSAGUAS OF THE CREDIT, ONTARIO.

Occupations. - General farming is the principal means of making a living; some are very successful farmers, quite equal to the best of the whites in the surrounding country; others without means lease their land and hire out as farm labourers. Twenty-five of the younger men have enlisted for active service in the European war; five others applied and were rejected.

Farm Machinery and Implements. - Those engaged in farming are fairly well supplied with necessary implements, which, with very few exceptions, are well taken care of.

Buildings. - There was some improvement during the year, but not as much as in the previous year; however, on the whole the buildings on this reserve are very comfortable and kept in good repair.

Health and Sanitation. - While there was no Contagious disease of any kind during the year, there was considerable sickness, mostly among the older inhabitants. The health committee is most energetic in carrying out all sanitary measures.

Characteristics and Progress. - A large majority of these Indians are industrious and law-abiding. Those cultivating their land are progressing steadily, improving their holdings by erecting new fences, overhauling and enlarging buildings, etc. In many cases where land is leased a portion of the rent is expended in necessary improvements. On the whole, I can say that this band is becoming better off each year.

Temperance and Morality. - A large majority are temperate and moral. This is especially true of those residing on the reserve. Some of the younger members who work around Hamilton and on fruit farms in the surrounding country get good wages and spend considerable of their earnings for liquor, which they have no trouble to procure when they have the money.

REPORT OF R.J. McCAMUS, INDIAN AGENT FOR THE MISSISSAGUAS OF RICE AND MUD LAKES, ONTARIO.

Occupations. - A number of the Indians work their own locations and are making fair progress. Some of the young men hire with the farmers for the summer months; others hunt, fish, and act as guides for the tourists. When the tourist season is over, the rice is ready for gathering, at which very good wages can be made for a few days. Ten of the young men have enlisted for overseas service.

Farm Implements and Machinery. - Those cultivating their locations are well supplied with modern implements, which are well taken care of.

Stock. - The farmers have very good horses; they also keep cattle, pigs and poultry, which are well cared for and comfortably housed.

Buildings. - The farmers are taking a great interest in their barns; quite a number of them are on stone foundations with stabling in the basement. Most of the houses are frame and are kept in fairly good repair.

Health and Sanitation. - Generally speaking, the Indians of these bands are robust and healthy. With the exception of an epidemic of measles in the Rice Lake band and some grippe in Mud Lake, there has been no sickness of a serious nature during the year. Their homes are kept clean and tidy.

Characteristics and Progress. - The Indians of these two bands are anxious to improve their condition, but find it difficult to break away from the old way of living. They are industrious, but spend freely. The farmers are making good progress.

Temperance and Morality. - The majority are temperate and moral; there are very few exceptions to this rule. They will compare quite favourably with the average white population.

REPORT OF J.W. CROZIER, INDIAN AGENT FOR THE MISSISSAGUAS OF SCUGOG, ONTARIO.

Health and Sanitation. - The health of the members of the band for the past year has been fairly good. A mild epidemic of la grippe and measles was prevalent on the reserve during March, but no serious trouble resulted therefrom. There are traces of that terrible disease tuberculosis in the band, which we are trying to stamp out.

Occupations. - The younger members are industrious, either engaging in farming for themselves or working for the whites. The older members are not so industrious; they do a little fishing and trapping, but there is no money in it, as fish is very scarce and fur-bearing animals are scarce, and there are a great number of trappers. The women engage in basket-making and do good work, but the fancy work done by them is excellent.

Buildings. - The buildings are, nearly all frame, and in general very well kept.

Stock. - There is not much stock kept. They have some fairly good horses and, some cattle (though few in number) and there is a marked improvement in the care given to the stock.

Farm Implements. - A fairly large number of implements are used and the owners are taking better care of them.

Characteristics and Progress. - The members of this band are law-abiding and fairly progressive, but merely holding their own as to worldly possessions, as it seems very hard for an Indian, to hold any money over night.

Temperance and Morality. - These Indians are considered moral, and some are temperate; but many of them indulge in liquor when they can get it, and they get plenty.

REPORT OF G.M. CAMPBELL, INDIAN AGENT FOR THE MOHAWKS OF THE BAY OF QUINTE, ONTARIO.

Health and Sanitation. - The health of this band has been good for 66 past year. No contagious disease visited this reserve during the year, and only two have, died of tuberculosis of the lungs.

Occupations. - The majority of the Indians of this band engage in general farming and stock-raising, and dairying and growing large quantities of corn, peas, beans, and tomatoes for the canning factory at Deseronto. A number of the Indians and their families work in canning factories in adjoining counties, and in the cement mills at Point Anne.

Farm Machinery and Implements. - The enterprising Indians are taking good care of their farm machinery, and have sheds to store them in when not in use.

Buildings. - A number of the Indians take pride in painting and improving their buildings, and on the whole the buildings on this reserve are in good repair.

Characteristics and Progress. - The Indians are improving their farms by fencing and setting out orchards of apples, cherries, plums and other small fruits. The majority of the Indians on this reserve are industrious, well behaved, and law-abiding citizens.

Temperance and Morality. - The majority of the Indians are temperate and moral, while there are a few that spend nearly all their money on strong drink, which they get at neighbouring towns.

REPORT OF EDWIN BEATTIE, INDIAN AGENT FOR THE MORAVIANS OF THE THAMES, ONTARIO.

Occupations. - Farming is the chief occupation of the band. The young men work for farmers in the district, and also in sawmills, brickyards and canning factories. Flax-pulling is another, of their occupations. They grow considerable garden produce for the canning factories. The canning companies employ considerable Indian labour. A number of girls go out to domestic service and give good satisfaction.

Buildings. - The reserve has a number of good residences, several new buildings having been erected in recent years.

Stock. - Some stock is kept of fairly good quality. It consists chiefly of horses, cattle and pigs, and poultry. The stock is usually sold to dealers.

Farm Implements. - These Indians have a fair supply of farm implements, and would like more; what they have they use intelligently.

Health and Sanitation. - The health of these Indians is fair; whooping cough and measles have been prevalent; otherwise their health has been good. Sanitation is attended to, and the Indians are frequently advised to regard cleanliness and abstinence as important conditions in maintaining their health. Their premises are usually clean and well kept.

Characteristics and Progress. - These Indians are very good people and like to progress. One of the largest Indian fairs in Ontario is held on this reserve. A new grand stand has recently been built. The fair is managed by the Indians themselves and has a larger attendance than many white fairs. Some drainage is being carried out on the reserve, which will improve their farms. Considering their difficulties, they are making fair progress.

Temperance and Morality. - These Indians always require oversight and watchfulness. There are breaches, but the condition is fair and we hope to improve matters in those particulars. I think there is an improvement in their temperance.

REPORT OF A.D. McNABB, INDIAN AGENT FOR THE OJIBBEWAS OF LAKE SUPERIOR, EASTERN DIVISION, ONTARIO.

There are three bands included in this agency: Garden River band, residing on the Garden River reserve nine miles east of Sault Ste. Marie; Batchawana band, residing at Goulais Bay, Batchawana Bay, Gros Cap, Sault Ste. Marie, and Garden River; and the Michipicoten band, residing on its reserve at Little Gros Cap near Michipicoten Harbour, and a few families residing at Michipicoten River.

Health and Sanitation. - The Indians of this agency have been enjoying fairly good health. There have been several deaths from tuberculosis. This winter there was an epidemic of grippe and whooping cough at the Garden River reserve, and a few cases of the same diseases at Goulais Bay and Batchawana. The Garden River and Batchawana bands have made improvements in the sanitation of their dwelling-houses, these are as a rule kept clean and tidy. They are learning the great benefit of fresh air.

Occupations. - The Garden River band has turned its attention to farming on a much larger scale than usual. These Indians take great interest in their work, and during the past season with the assistance of the department they had good crops of oats, peas and vegetables of all kinds. Potatoes grown at Garden River brought 25 cents a bag more on the market than those grown on clay land. These Indians also competed at the Central Algoma Agricultural Fall fair in horses and vegetables, and they took several prizes. In the coming season I am looking for far better results. The weather at harvest time was not at all favourable, and a quantity of grain was spoiled but with all the drawbacks, they threshed over 2,500 bushels of oats, besides other grain such as barley.

The Batchawana band residing at Goulais Bay and Batchawana Bay do not farm; their land is not suitable for farming. They have small gardens where they raise potatoes and a few vegetables. They make a living by fishing and working in the lumber woods, loading vessels at saw-mills, and a little hunting and trapping. The members of the Michipicoten band live chiefly by hunting and trapping.

Farm Machinery and Implements. - The Garden River band has a number of farm implements, and these are well taken care of by the different owners.

The band in common owns a plough, smoothing harrow, a disc harrow, seeder, and are two-thirds owner in a Sterling threshing machine, the other one-third being owned by the Shingwauk and Wawanosh Home. The machine is stored at the Shingwauk Home; the other articles are stored in a rented building at Garden River.

The Batchawana band residing at Goulais Bay has a plough and harrow and the necessary garden tools. These are well looked after. The Michipicoten band has no implements excepting a few hoes and garden rakes.

Stock. - All the bands in this agency, excepting the Michipicoten band, have horses, cattle, pigs and poultry. All are well cared for: they have plenty of feed, and good warm stables.

The Garden River band purchased a thoroughbred Aberdeen Angus bull during the past summer, to improve their cattle; in addition they purchased through the department seven young mares mostly Clydes, to assist in farming and raising a better stock of horses on the reserve.

Buildings. - The dwelling-houses are log and frame, and are kept warm and clean. The barns are nearly all log buildings and are very comfortable.

Characteristics and Progress. - The majority of the Indians in this agency are industrious and good workers; there are a few who are shiftless and lazy.

The Batchawana and Goulais Bay Indians are expert fishermen, and they make a good living at this work.

The members of the Michipicoten band are good hunters and trappers; they do very little fishing.

Most of the members of the Garden River band are excellent workers. The younger men follow lumbering in its different branches; they are expert woodsmen and river-drivers, and they command the highest wages for this kind of work.

The middle-aged and old men are turning their attention to the land for their living. They are beginning to see that by a little perseverance they will soon be as well off as their white neighbours, and, if they carry out their present intentions, this will be a prosperous farming community in a very few years.

They have the best of farm-land; they are getting some stock and implements, and the men are bound to succeed, and I cannot see anything to keep them back.

Temperance and Morality. - I have had less trouble during the past year with intemperance than I have had since I took this agency in June, 1912. There have been very few cases of intoxication and more especially so since the appointment of Mr. Thomas Thibault as chief constable. The great majority of these Indians are moral and are good churchgoers and citizens.

There are a few who are living immoral lives in spite of all the delay and myself can do.

We are continually trying to put a stop to their way of living, but we cannot do much as neither the Criminal Code nor the Indian Act applies, and moral persuasion does not succeed.

REPORT OF W. RUSSELL BROWN, INDIAN AGENT FOR THE OJIBBEWAS OF LAKE SUPERIOR, WESTERN DIVISION, ONTARIO.

Bands. - This agency is one of the largest in the Dominion and comprises, the following bands: Fort William, Lake Nipigon, Long Lake, Martin Falls, Pays Plat, Pic River, and Red Rock.

Occupations. - The Fort William Indians are located on the outskirts of Fort William and find odd jobs around the city. They also take out cord wood during the winter, and some are engaged in fishing during the open season. The Red Rock band is located on the famous Nipigon river. These people act as guides for the tourists and are expert canoemen. Most of the other bands live entirely by hunting and fishing.

Farm Machinery and Implements. - The Indians on most of the reserves have done no farming outside of growing a few potatoes.

Buildings. - Good frame and log houses are located on some of the reserves, but many of the Indians still follow the old bush life and live in teepees.

Characteristics and Progress. - Some are industrious, while others are shiftless And lazy. Not more than two or three Indians in the agency have bank accounts. Some of them made money catching live foxes two years ago, but this was spent quickly and foolishly.

Health and Sanitation. - Deaths have been numerous during the year. Tuberculosis is responsible for fully eighty percent.

On the Fort William reserve one boy died of diphtheria, but precautions were taken immediately and no other cases developed.

Temperance and Morality. - Most of these Indians drink to excess when liquor can be Obtained. The families of the intemperate Indians are always half starved and insufficiently clothed. Some children have fainted in school through hunger.

The wiping out of the liquor traffic means a great stride forward for our Indians.

The War. - Some thirty-five of the young men from this agency are fighting the Empire's battles in Europe. They make splendid soldiers and are among the cleverest snipers on the firing line. Many more would enlist if a special effort were made to secure them.

REPORT OF ALEXANDER LOGAN, INDIAN SUPERINTENDENT FOR PARRY SOUND AGENCY, ONTARIO.

There are a lot of Christian Island Indians living on the reserve, also some half breeds and non-treaty Indians from other reserves. They all belong to the Ojibbewa tribe.

The health has been fairly good this past year, but a few have died of tuberculosis, which is rather prevalent among the Indians generally.

Occupations. - Their principal occupation is guiding for the tourists in summer, and many of them get work at Depot Harbour and Parry Sound, loading boats, etc.

In religion they are about equally divided between Methodists and Roman Catholics.

Temperance. - They are as a rule well-behaved, but some of the young fellows have been getting liquor lately and it is bard to-induce them to tell where they get it.

SHAWANAGA BAND.

Occupations. - The members of this band do not do very much farming. Some guide in the tourist season, others work at the Munition Plant, at Nobel, and some in the lumber woods.

Characteristics. - These Indians are fairly well-behaved, except when they get whisky. They are not very industrious and do not take very well to, farming.

MAGANATAWAN BAND.

These Indians have a piece of ground near Byng Inlet where they grow considerable garden produce, which they sell to the people of Byng Inlet. Some of them work in the saw-mills at the Inlet and on the river.

HENVEY INLET BAND.

A number of these Indians live at Killarney.

Occupations. - Fishing, hunting, and berry-picking are their occupations. Some of the younger men find work in the

saw-mills in the vicinity.

GIBSON BAND.

The Indians on this reserve belong to the Iroquois tribe.

Some of them have very fair farms and good stock.

The men have had plenty of work this last winter, taking out the burnt hemlock timber.

The general health of this band is good. A few of them have enlisted for active service.

REPORT OF CHARLES, McGIBBON, ACTING SUPERINTENDENT FOR THE SIX NATION INDIANS, ONTARIO.

Health and Sanitation. - During the past year the average health was good. There were four or five cases of diphtheria and scarlet fever on the reserve. Only one death resulted from diphtheria. Tuberculosis is slightly on the decrease, and more care is taken in preventing contagion. All houses where any disease has been are always fumigated under the direction of the medical officer of the reserve.

An efficient board of health assists the medical officer in enforcing sanitary measures. The medical officer and the board of health have taken advantage of every opportunity to urge improved dwellings, cleaner surroundings, particular care in regard to drinking water, and the general observance of the laws of health.

Occupations. - General farming is the chief means of making a living. The crops for the past year were, above the average, the hay crop being large and realizing good prices. Many of the younger members seek employment off the reserve as farm labourers and domestic help. All the contracts let on the reserve during the year have been done by the Indians. A large amount of small fruit, vegetables and dairy produce weekly offered for sale by the Indians, on the Brantford and Hagersville markets. The Indians are taking more interest in dairy, and creamery routes have been started on the reserve.

Buildings. - A steady improvement in buildings continues.

Stock. - A greater interest is taken in the raising of stock.

Farm Implements. - These Indians have all the implements that are generally used on the farm, and almost every farmer is well supplied with implements, and these are well taken care of.

Characteristics and Progress. - The Indians are generally industrious, progressive, and, law-abiding. Quite a number obtain regular employment in Brantford, Hamilton and other cities and towns.

The Six Nations Agricultural fair, wholly under the management of Indians, had its usual three days' fair. It was most successful both in attendance and in the quality and quantity of its exhibits. In fact the entries were the largest in the history of the society.

The Farmers' Institute and the Women's Institute held their meetings in the council-house, and were largely attended. A great interest is taken by the Indians in these meetings. Daily and weekly newspapers and agricultural journals have a large circulation on the reserve.

The public roads and bridges are kept in good condition under the direction of the path-masters, who are appointed by the council at the January meeting.

Many Indians have bank deposits and transact business by cheques.

During the past year many. Indians from the Six Nation Reserve have enlisted in the 114th Battalion, Brock's Rangers. The officers in charge of the battalion expect to have a full company of Indians by the time they go into camp. The officers and noncommissioned officers are mostly Indians.

Temperance and Morality. - The Indians are generally temperate in their habits and assist in the effort to prevent the use of intoxicants on the reserve. Several temperance societies assist and hold regular meetings.

The morality of the Indians is improving.

REPORT OF GEORGE P. COCKBURN, INDIAN AGENT FOR THE STURGEON FALLS AGENCY, ONTARIO.

Bands. - This agency comprises the following bands: Dokis, Matachewan, Nipissing and Timagami.

Occupations. - The majority of the Indians in this agency follow the Indian mode of making a living. by hunting and fishing and acting as guides to tourists and survey

parties who frequent this district each season. They also worked in lumber camps during the past winter, owing to the stress of the fur market caused by the European war. The Indians are cutting pulp-wood for sale, for which they have a ready market at a good price. Others make canoes, snowshoes and axe-handles, which they market in the adjoining towns and villages. A number of the men have enlisted for overseas service.

Farm Machinery and Implements. - Those who farm are well supplied with implements, and take good care of them.

Buildings. - The dwellings, of the Dokis, and Nipissing bands are exceptionally good, and a number compare favourably with buildings in the adjoining towns in the district. The majority of the Timagami Indians live in tents or teepees.

The Matatchewan Indians have a number of comfortable log dwellings upon their reserve.

On the whole the Indians are continually improving their buildings and are taking more interest in improving their out-buildings for the better protection of stock during the winter months.

Health and Sanitation. - The health of the Indians has been good and free from any epidemic during the year. Tuberculosis, while still prevalent, is on the decrease. Indians are erecting better dwellings and learning the nature of the disease and taking necessary precaution to prevent it.

The health of the Nipissing and Dokis bands has been exceptionally good. They keep their premises clean, and isolate persons having contagious disease. They dress well and keep their dwellings comfortable.

The health of the Timagami and Matatchewan bands has not been as good as formerly. They are careless about sanitation owing to their manner of living, but are showing improvements in this respect.

During the year a large number were vaccinated.

Characteristics and Progress. - The majority of the Indians are industrious and are continually improving their conditions. This is very noticeable in their manner of living, in the care of their children, and the general effect upon the reserve. They are making good progress and are law-abiding.

Temperance and Morality. - There is a marked improvement in regard to temperance, but there are always a few who will get liquor whenever an opportunity offers. During the year a number of persons have been convicted for supplying intoxicants; this has had a good effect.

Generally, these Indians are moral.

REPORT OF SAMUEL HAGAN, INDIAN AGENT FOR THESSALON AGENCY, ONTARIO.

Bands. - This agency comprises the following bands: Mississagi River, Serpent River, and Spanish River, First and Second Divisions, and Thessalon.

Tribes. - All the Indians in this agency are Ojibbewas.

Health. - The health of the Indians of this agency has been good during the past year.

Occupations. - They are chiefly employed in loading vessels and working at saw-mills.

Buildings. - Their buildings are fair and with a few exceptions are kept clean and in a good sanitary condition.

Implements: - They take good care of their implements.

Stock. - They have some good cattle, and take good care of them.

Characteristics and Progress: - These Indians are fairly industrious, and are getting along better every year.

Temperance and Morality. - A great many of them are fond of liquor, and loose in their morals; others are quite respectable. On the whole they are improving each year.

REPORT OF THOS, A. McCALLUM, INDIAN AGENT FOR WALPOLE ISLAND AGENCY, ONTARIO.

Bands. - This agency comprises two bands, the Chippewas and the Pottawattomies.

These bands get along harmoniously together and conduct council business in a way that would astonish some people.

Occupations. - The greater number of these Indians are engaged in farming, some of them quite successfully. A number of the young men work in factories and make a success of it. We have a number of our Indian girls working in the cities for white people, and doing well.

Farm Machinery and Implements. - A few of the Indians take good care of their implements, others are careless and do not look after them.

Buildings. - The Indians are building better houses and putting up more of them.

Health and Sanitation. - The health of the Indians on this reserve is good. We have had none of the diseases or epidemics that have been prevalent in other years.

The sanitation is not good; our drainage is very bad and stagnant water stands in creeks till late in the summer, until it evaporates.

Characteristics and Progress. - The Indians of this reserve are industrious, sober and law-abiding citizens. They are becoming richer.

Temperance and Morality. - There is very little intemperance on this island. There are a few Indians who are addicted to drink, but there are many that are strictly total abstainers. As for the morality of the Indians, this reserve will compare favourably with other reserves.

REPORT OF REV. JOHN SEMMENS, INSPECTOR FOR LAKE OF THE WOODS INSPECTORATE, ONTARIO.

The headquarters of this inspectorate is Winnipeg, Manitoba.

The area supervised embraces the Kenora, Savanne and Fort Frances agencies, all in the province of Ontario except Buffalo Bay reserve, at the southwestern extremity of the Lake of the Woods, which is in Manitoba.

The Kenora agency covers the Lake of the Woods, Shoal Lake, and a portion of the Winnipeg river as far as the Dalles and Islington.

The Savanne agency extends from Eagle Lake eastward along the line of the Canadian Pacific railway to Ignace and Lac des Mille Lacs, from Minaki along the line of the Grand Trunk Pacific railway eastward to Sioux-Lookout; thence northward to Frenchman's Head and Lac Seul; thence down the English river to Wabascaw and Grassy Narrows.

The Fort Frances agency includes the country along the Rainy river to Fort Frances, the Rainy lake, Seine river, Namakun lake, Lac le Croix and Sturgeon lake. One reserve is on the Lake of the Woods.

Both the Kenora agency and the Savanne agency are under the care of Mr. R.S. McKenzie, whose office is in the town of Kenora, Ontario.

The Fort Frances agency is superintended by Mr. J.P. Wright, who resides in the town of Fort Frances, Ontario.

It has been thought advisable to establish an agency at Sioux Lookout for the greater encouragement, better protection, and closer supervision of the Indians of the Savanne agency; because the great distance of this eastern section from the agent at Kenora renders it impracticable for him to give all the attention to this portion of work that circumstances seem to demand. No final action has yet been taken, but it is hoped that the department will be able to carry this

project into effect in the near future.

This agency has 11 bands of Indians, all of whom speak the language of the ancient Ojibways, from whom they have descended. These people are hunters and fishermen, who love the wild woods, and roam about a great deal, living in accordance with the practices, habits, and traditions of their pagan ancestors. In the summer-time they dwell in tents, for the most part, enjoying a care-free life in the sunlight and fresh air of their earthly heritage. In winter they live in log houses on their reserves, or in temporary shacks adjacent to their hunting grounds or fishing stations. They usually form themselves into groups of four or five families, more or less nearly related, so as to enjoy social advantages. Location is decided by the shelter afforded from wintry winds, by the proximity of dry wood, by the important consideration of food-supplies, and by the near abundance of wild animals. In the average year these Indian groups live well and enjoy life. Very few distracting cares disturb the even tenor of their way. They live near to nature's heart.

The winter just past has been fairly favourable. The prices of fur have advanced to such an extent as to make the hunt profitable once more. Young men have done fairly well, but the old and the sick have felt the pinchings of poverty. Traders continue to be very cautious about making advances; and times are too hard with every one to warrant much liberality towards those who suffer. Some have been compelled to beg their bread; but as soon as this was known, assistance was given from our destitute supplies, to the limit of our ability. Some have been allowed to cut timber or cordwood so as to enable them to procure the necessities of life in this way. Some have been able to draw upon the interest of their capital account, and others have been helped through the trading companies whose accounts have been honoured by the department. At no time has help been given to the undeserving, and no deaths through starvation have occurred.

A number of the Indians have made good in gardening, and stock-raising, and such persons are in a prosperous condition. They have money and enjoy a good degree of comfort. They have good homes and their families are respectably dressed. One man raised 600 bushels of potatoes and found a market for them at fifty cents a bushel, last fall. Many others have succeeded in a less degree, and their thrift has been followed by much personal advantage. Officers are proud of such people, and are not slow to commend and encourage them and urge them to make even greater efforts to win wealth from the cultivated soil. Still the fact remains that comparatively few are disposed to throw aside gun and fish-net for the spade and hoe, because, forsooth, their fathers did not do so and yet enjoyed life well. This lack of love for the ways of the white man, this hesitation to work and win, is as unfortunate as it is hurtful. Let us hope that fuller light may bring greater advantage along industrial lines.

The winter just passed has been both severe and protracted. Snow has been very deep and travel has been difficult. It is not wonderful that influenza has found many victims, and that some have passed to the great beyond. Help has been given wherever it was possible to send medical aid. Many have suffered unaided, because the facts were not known until it was too late.

There has been considerable trouble this year with illicit liquor-dealing. Middlemen can always be found who do not scruple to minister to the depraved tastes of the poor Indian. There have been many arrests, and numerous fines; and in some cases a jail sentence has been imposed. This extreme measure usually works out in hardship to the family of the person imprisoned. Both the agent and magistrate McLennan of Kenora have done their utmost to correct existing wrongs; but the evil has not been wholly abolished. New cases appear in the most persistent manner, and in the most unexpected directions.

Associated with the question of intemperance is the kindred one of immorality. It is pretty generally supposed that the Indian is not richly gifted with the grace of

moral purity. While admitting that some reason may be found for this conclusion, I wish to say that I believe imagination has helped to make matters worse in report than they are in fact. Many Indians living close to our town and city centres, being tempted, fall; but this should not give rise to a general condemnation of native frailty. There are hundreds of them who lead clean lives, keep their marriage vows in all good conscience, and conduct themselves commendably. Where the contrary is true, it is largely attributable to the corrupting influences of the unprincipled portion of the white race.

I have visited the Indian agent's office four times during the year, and cannot but bear testimony to the faithful and efficient work done by him in the performance of his office duties. His long experience in dealing with the native people, and his skill in keeping accounts and records, qualify him in a pre-eminent degree for the position he holds. He is vigorous and energetic enough to do his full duty. The Indians appear to respect and honour him, and though his manner is somewhat stern at times, his heart is always kind.

As directed by the department, I accompanied the paying agent on the treaty tour of last summer, and assisted him in the disbursement of the annuities. The time spent on the agency was one month. In this way I was, able to meet all the Indians assembled at the various reserves visited, and to make observations on personal appearance, condition of their homes, nature of their industries, state of health, and the general habits of their lives. Although I cannot say that everything was pleasing, it is possible to report progress in essential conditions. Houses are better built and are kept cleaner. The refuse of the front yards is consumed as soon as the snow is gone. Birch canoes are giving place to Peterboroughs. Birch-bark wigwams are supplanted by canvas tents. Navy blue suits with collars and neckties to match are seen everywhere. More money is handled than ever before. The old open fireplace has been superseded by stoves and ranges. Sewing-machines are found in almost every village. Dietary reforms are most noticeable. Cleanliness is more than ever in evidence. These signs of the times inspire us with the hope for still greater advances in the Indian mode of living.

SAVANNE AGENCY.

This agency is composed of eight bands. The people are known as Ojibways. The majority of them are pagans. Some favour the Roman Catholic religion. A very prosperous mission at Lac Seul is under the auspices of the Anglican Church. The Indians of this part of the country are very migratory in their habits. Hunters and fishermen must needs go where the means of subsistence can best be secured. True they have houses on their reserves, but the forest is their ancestral home, the hillsides are their observation posts, the lakes are their playgrounds, and their places of worship are under the sheltering pine-trees.

The fur-catch of the year has been fair, and ruling prices somewhat in advance of last season. Profiting by advice given to them last year from the officers of the department, they wintered where food would at least be assured; and, in consequence, have suffered but little from the severity of the long and cruel winter.

The general health has been but fair. Pulmonary troubles have been rife in some sections and a number of old people could not endure the strain. Children, too, have been takers, but we are hoping that the death-rate will not be unusual.

There is no separate agent for this section of the work, but the department will no doubt appoint a suitable person to take charge when the war disturbance has quieted and normal conditions prevail again.

It must be said to the credit of the Indians of the Savanne agency that they have very generously, and without any undue pressure, subscribed liberally to the Patriotic Fund, and have intimated to their agent that if needed, they will form a company for service at the front.

I accompanied the agent over this agency when the yearly payments were being made, and met all the native people at the several reserves, or places of location. The Ignace band, most of whose members originally lived at Frenchman's Head or Lac Seul, but, becoming soured or entangled, drifted to Ignace, has become divided, and part of these Indians have found their way to Wako, on the G.T.P. branch line from Graham to Toronto. We paid there last summer for the first time, and found a goodly number who seemed to like the place and wished to settle there. It seems to be a pity that these people are allowed to drift as they have done. They are without chief or councillor. They have no reserve. They are like sheep without a shepherd. Mr. Dallas Gastmeier has taken a great interest in them, and they appreciate his kind attentions; and this is doubtless the reason why they have gathered where they now are.

One unfortunate circumstance has happened at Favel Station on the G.T.P. adjacent to Grassy Narrows in the Savanne agency. On January 8, James Pishk, No. 1 - 87 of the Lac Seul Band, committed suicide. This was duly investigated by Constable Hanson, and the facts showed that it was a case of self-destruction arising from protracted illness. It had been very deliberately planned and must have resulted from temporary insanity. This is the second case that I have known in forty years' experience where an Indian has taken his own life.

FORT FRANCES AGENCY.

This agency was formerly composed of fourteen bands. They are Ojibways and speak the language in use over the Lake Superior country.

The occupations followed are cutting cord-wood, making ties for the railway, river-driving, saw-mill work, and boating. Besides these, much advantage is gained by berry-picking, rice-gathering, and gardening. Fort Frances is a good market for all that the Indians have to sell, and very fair prices usually prevail.

I had the pleasure of accompanying the agent on his last year's round of payments, which occupied about fourteen days. All points were visited except Sturgeon Lake. Indians from the last mentioned place drew their treaty at Seine River. Lac La Croix was visited by me for the first time, and I found the people belonged to the non-progressive type of Indians, representatives of patriarchal history.

It was a matter of congratulation that the natives of this agency were found to be in a healthy and prosperous condition at nearly every point. There was no complaint of want, and no cry for assistance. No doubt the winter had been a very trying one to some; but, if so, no mournful statements of the fact were rehearsed at the pay tables. Some cases of sickness were reported, but no epidemic had prevailed. To make this information very definite, the chiefs were asked to tell how they had wintered, and, all the answers obtained were expressive of fair conditions. Fur had been down in value, but good wages had been earned. Game had been fairly plentiful, and market prices for berries and rice had been good. There was no disposition to look at the darker side of life. Hopefulness and contentment were evidenced in all that was heard and seen.

Intemperance in this agency has been, materially checked of late years. I attribute this to the firmness and vigour of the agent whose efforts to promote sobriety have been crowned with a large measure of success. While the appetite for liquor is inherent, the fear of detection and punishment has had, and is still having, a very deterrent influence on the Indians; and liquor-dealers are far more cautious than they were about exposing themselves to the consequences of broken law. It would not be fair if I did not add that we owe much to Magistrate Hollands of Fort Frances, who has always given the agent his most valuable support in the endeavour to suppress illicit liquor-dealings with Indians.

I would not like to venture the statement that no cases of immoral living could be found in the agency, but I am free to say that no charges were brought before us,

and none were reported to us as having occurred during the past year. This led me to the conclusion that moral conditions in the district are kept within proper limits.

It afforded us pleasure to observe that a few of the Indians have made decided progress in the cultivation of the ground and in stock-raising. Certain of the chiefs gave us the assurance that it will be their aim for the future to excel all past records in this particular line, so that both by precept and example they might commend agricultural pursuits to their several bands. These resolutions were duly endorsed by the departments' officers as being both commendable and proper.

The notable event of the year in this agency was the concentration of the seven bands of the Rainy river at Manitou Rapids. For years the agent, Mr. J.P. Wright, had been working in this direction with the view of doing more for the Indians than could be done while they were scattered in small circles over a wide area. On March 16, 1915, the bands were assembled to discuss the question of surrendering Hungry Hall reserves 1 and 2, Long Sault reserves 1 and 2, and Little Forks reserve. After some delay, this was amicably arranged. For the first time in history the seven bands resident on the Rainy river were paid together on the Manitou Rapids reserve, June 1, 1915. The transfer of families to the new base was speedily effected, and the utmost harmony prevailed throughout. A combined schoolhouse and teacher's residence was duly completed, a competent teacher was engaged, a farm instructor was installed, stables and storehouses were completed, and at the time of writing a well attended school has been organized.

This state of things reflects great credit upon the wisdom, prudence and business ability of the agent, and is a fitting climax to his long career of usefulness.

I am personally thankful that my work has afforded me the opportunity of helping the Indian, for whom I entertain increasing respect, and am glad to have been permitted to serve a department whose persistent purpose it is to educate and elevate our native people. There never was a time when they needed help more, and the men who are entrusted with the duty of caring for them may be counted upon to do their duty fearlessly, conscientiously, and economically.

REPORT OF DENIS HEBERT, INDIAN AGENT FOR THE ABENAKIS OF BECANCOUR, QUEBEC.

Health and Sanitation. - The health of the Indians has been fairly good during the year. Sanitary conditions are improving every year; the Indians observe them fairly well. There have been no contagious diseases.

Occupations. - Most of these Indians work far away from the reserve in the shanties, they drive the logs; and they make baskets. A single Indian engages in the cultivation of the soil.

Farm Implements. - Some of the Indians engage in gardening for their own needs. They do not possess any farm implements, except the one man engaged in cultivation of the soil; he has good implements and all the vehicles for his industry. He takes great care of all the implements that he possesses.

Buildings. - Their houses are not very large, but fairly comfortable and well kept.

Temperance and Morality. - Temperance is making marked progress among the Indians of this reserve; there is, it is true, some weakness on the part of a few, but these are exceptions and they only break out at rare intervals; there is improvement in this respect.

The laws of morality are fairly well respected.

Characteristics and Progress. - The members of this band seem to like to work; they appear to be content with the present conditions of their existence. The department supplies them with a little grain, which they use to advantage. They are adopting more and more the kind of life of the white people.

Occupations. - As in the preceding year, they have hunted for fur-bearing animals during the winter season. Most of them are good hunters. The hunt this year has not brought them much returns; all the same, prices are good. The rival companies on the north shore are paying reasonable prices, especially for the beaver and the marten; but the Indians are not making a great deal by hunting. Some of them have fished for cod; this has provided them with food. Two families from Rivière Chaloupe are fishing as white men do, and this assists them a great deal. The Indians of Mingan hunt the hair seal in the months of June and July. This hunt is fairly good. They eat the flesh and the fat, which is fairly good; the skin is sold; \$2 is got for them, but the price varies often. Also the Indians use the skin to make moccasins.

Buildings. - Many of these Indians occupy houses that are fairly comfortable and fairly well kept.

Many prefer to live in their cotton tents. I believe that their houses are harmful to their health.

Temperance and Morality. - Their morals have been fairly good for some years. They no longer drink; the fines paid in 1913 stopped them and especially the liquor sellers.

General Remarks. - These Indians are not making progress; on the contrary they are always becoming poorer; the low price of furs has made them careless. This year again the hunt has not amounted to anything with these Indians. In the month of January they all came out of the woods with the exception of four families who left in the month of August, 1915, to come back in the month of June, 1916, and they returned to the woods after receiving some assistance from the department.

I believe that this year they will have more trouble than usual in making a living, because they cannot get any credit from merchants as in past years. I believe that the department will again be obliged to give them a little assistance this year.

I have not yet the results of the spring hunt, because the Indians have not yet come out.

REPORT OF A. TESSIER, M.D., INDIAN AGENT FOR THE MONTAGNAIS OF LAKE ST. JOHN, QUEBEC.

Bands. - This agency comprises the following bands: Pointe Bleue, Lake Mistassini, Kiskisink and Ste. Anne.

Occupations. - Hunting and farming are the chief occupations of the Indians of Pointe Bleue. The hunt has been mediocre, and to crown the misfortune the Indians have been obliged to sell their furs at low prices. Those engaged in agriculture have fared better than the hunters: their work has been rewarded by a magnificent harvest.

Farm Implements. - The members of the band that are farmers are well provided with the implements necessary for their work, and they take great care of them.

Buildings. - The houses on the reserve are comfortable, and generally well kept up.

Health and Sanitation. - Grippe was severe among the Indians from last fall until the spring; but without any fatal results.

Sanitary regulations are observed in a satisfactory manner.

Characteristics and Progress. - These Indians are intelligent and apply themselves, well. Their material condition is not as good as in previous years, because the effects of the European war, are being felt up to the present time.

Temperance and Morality. - Some of these Indians are still addicted to the bottle; but their number is decreasing.

No serious crime has been committed during the course of the year.

REPORT OF NARCISSE LEBEL, INDIAN AGENT FOR THE AMALECITES OF VIGER, QUEBEC.

Health and Sanitation. - The health of the Indians has been very good and there have been no deaths during the year. Sanitary regulations have been well observed.

Occupations. - Quite a number of men go to the shanties during the -winter, chiefly the young men. Only one Indian does a little cultivation of a piece of land that he bought himself, the Whitworth reserve being uncultivated. Quite a number of the women make baskets with ash and sweet grass which they sell to tourists in the summer.

Buildings. - One house has been built on the Whitworth reserve during the year.

Characteristics and Progress. - Most of these Indians are improvident, and no progress is noted.

Temperance and Morality. - Temperance and morality have been fairly well observed.

REPORT OF JOSEPH F.X. BOSSE, M.D., INDIAN AGENT FOR BERSIMIS AGENCY, QUEBEC.

Bands. - This agency comprises two bands, that at Bersimis, and the one at Escoumains.

Health and Sanitation. - The health of the Indians in this agency is really satisfactory; we have not had an epidemic of any kind; tuberculosis in its various forms, snow shoes, skin slippers, and little articles of needlework by the women complete the year, and this year again we have had an increase in population.

Occupations. - Hunting is the occupation by choice of these Indians, with fishing during the summer. From these, two sources they draw their chief means of existence. The making of pulp-wood during the year on the Bersimis reserve has enabled those who were in need and who could not do anything else to make a living. This industry continues with the good will of the department and accustoms our Indians to provide for themselves and at the same time inculcated in them a habit of work. At Bersimis the loading of vessels for the disposal of timber and the summer industries of making snow shoes, skin slippers, and little articles of needlework by the women complete the means of subsistence. At Escoumains some of the Indians work during the summer for the lumber company at that place.

Cultivation of the Soil. - No one does any cultivation on the Bersimis reserve except a few patches of potatoes; the soil and the climate are not very favourable to cultivation; at Escoumains all that is at present cultivable on this small reserve is worked by the population which succeeds more or less in this industry.

Buildings. - Building on these reserves has come to a standstill, as much on account of hard times as because the people are in absolute want. On neither one of these reserves has there been any progress in this respect this year.

Characteristics and Progress. - Although having a desire for intoxicating liquor that seems almost uncontrollable, the Indians of this agency appear to be improving, owing to the habit of enforced temperance that is imposed upon them by the severe punishment of contraventions. Taken all together, our Indians observe the law. Naturally improvident they know how to be satisfied with a little at times, just as they also know how foolishly to exceed their income when they feel that they are prosperous.

Temperance and Morality. - In spite of what has often been thought about them, the Indians enlightened by the Gospel are moral in their actions, and, left to their own inspirations, they practise the morality taught by the religion that they follow; also cases of immorality are rarely observed among them. In fact I have only once in this

agency seen immorality accomplished without the assistance of a white person and at his, instigation. Alcoholic stimulants are forced upon them by white men in most cases and, when the Indians themselves undertake this task at their own risk, it is because they have found a merchant with little conscience or without heart to sell them liquor obtained often at exorbitant prices.

As for morality, it is to be regretted that a certain class of individuals sometimes abuse their position, and in spite of the fact that the Indian Act applies to every person and is at the disposal of the agents, one does not see why the agents should be bound to take upon themselves the risk of a prosecution in the name of their irresponsible wards, any more than it is possible to see well why the causes of immorality cannot be repressed and the immorality not committed. A law permitting the agents to prevent would be as useful as or more so than the law that punishes.

REPORT OF A.O. BASTIEN, INDIAN AGENT FOR THE HURONS OF LORETTE, QUEBEC.

Occupations. - The chief occupation of these Indians is always the making of moccasins and snowshoes. The demand for these articles has been much greater this year than during the last three years. The men in a position to do so engage as guides for the American tourists who come to their clubs to hunt and fish there. For the four Indians who have followed the hunt, returns, have been good; but the prices of furs have been lower.

Farm Implements. - These Indians do not own any farm implements, as they do not cultivate the soil at all.

Buildings. - The houses are kept neat, both inside and outside; as a rule they are well furnished, and comfortable. No new building has been erected during the year.

Health and Sanitation. - Most of the Hurons are strong and enjoy good health. There has been no epidemic during the year. Sanitary regulations have been well observed in the dwellings and surroundings.

Characteristics and Progress. - The Indians like to live well, and do not live without anything that they can procure. Most of them are improvident and live from hand to mouth. They are industrious and good workers.

Temperance and Morality. - There is a marked change in favour of temperance, and the conduct of the Indians is improving visibly. The village is most peaceful in this respect.

The laws of morality are well observed.

REPORT OF J.M. BROSSEAU, INDIAN AGENT FOR THE IROQUOIS OF CAUGHNAWAGA, QUEBEC.

Occupations. - Most of our Indians are working in the shell factories of Lachine and Montreal. Many are employed at the erection of structural steel works, in other building work and in car shops, and make good wages. Many travel in order to sell their beadwork. The small number who are engaged in agriculture succeed fairly well.

Farm Machinery and Implements. - Most of the Indians of this reserve engaged in agriculture are well equipped with modern machinery, of which they take good care.

Buildings. - In general, the houses are neat, well furnished and comfortable. The Indians have not sufficient barns and other farm buildings.

Health and Sanitation. - The health of our Indians has been good during the past year. No contagious diseases appeared.

Characteristics and Progress. - Most of the Indians of Caughnawaga are industrious; but, the financial progress is slow, this being due to pride. However, some are lazy, relying on their wives for a living.

Temperance and Morality. - There has been improvement in the matter of sobriety on the reserve. Intemperance is decreasing every day, and progress in this respect is visible and - Considerable. The domestic relationships of the Indians are good.

REPORT OF C.F. BERTRAND, INDIAN AGENT FOR THE IROQUOIS AND ALGONQUINS OF THE LAKE OF TWO MOUNTAINS, QUEBEC.

This band comprises two nations, Iroquois and Algonquins. The Iroquois are in the majority.

Health and Sanitation. - In general these Indians are robust and enjoy good health; no contagious disease has appeared during the year, most of the deaths have been caused by apoplectic attacks.

Occupations. - These Indians follow a mixed occupation; some do farming, others work in shanties and at ice-houses or spend their time in malting sledge handles. Some of them have enlisted.

Buildings. - In general houses are in good order. The new buildings are erected with great attention. There are not sufficient barns.

Farm Machinery. - The Indians engaged in farming have nearly all the necessary implements, but they do not take care of them.

Stock. - Their stock in general looks well enough while in pasture, but this spring some of the animals were looking very poor.

Characteristics and Progress. - Financial progress is rather slow for the Indians are a little too extravagant in their dressing. However, some of them are advancing a little.

Temperance and Morality. - The majority are practically temperate. Those most addicted to strong drink are the young people. Otherwise their morality is fairly good.

REPORT OF F.E. TAILLON, INDIAN AGENT FOR THE IROQUOIS OF ST. REGIS, QUEBEC.

Occupations. - These Indians have various ways of earning their livelihood, chief amongst them are, farming, hunting, fishing, basket and snow-shoe making, the manufacture of lacrosse-sticks, working in cotton and woollen mills, while many are engaged in railroading and the lumber camps.

Farm Machinery and Implements. - Those engaged in farming have nearly all the necessary machinery, and invariably they are properly housed.

Buildings. - The buildings on the whole are in good condition. During the past year some new buildings have been erected, and they compare with any in the country.

Health and Sanitation. - The Indians of this reserve have enjoyed excellent health during the past year, and there have not been any contagious diseases.

The majority of the Indians take considerable pride in keeping their premises clean. In contagious diseases the patients are isolated and the houses quarantined. From time to time these Indians are vaccinated.

Characteristics and Progress. - These Indians are law-abiding; while their advancement is na rapid, still their is a very noticeable improvement.

The experiment being tried out in a small way by lending money, on the real estate of individual Indians, is a move in

the right direction, and I am positive that ere long the benefits will be appreciated by the entire band.

Temperance and Morality. - The morals of these Indians compare very favourably with those of white people of the same environments. As a whole they are fairly temperate, although there are some who like strong drink.

REPORT OF REV. J.D. MORIN, INDIAN AGENT FOR THE MICMACS OF MARIA, QUEBEC.

Health and Sanitation. - The Indians of Maria have been in good health during the whole year with the exception of the last two months, during which several have been ill with grippe.

Occupations. - The Indians of this agency earn their living in various ways: they engage in hunting and fishing, and do a little farming. In summer several of them are employed by American tourists as guides and canoemen on the Grand Cascapedia river. Many of them work in the shanties and drive the logs in spring. Finally, others remain in the house, where they make snow shoes, shovels, and baskets. They also make axe-handles. Then some of them tan green skins, with which they make soft slipper moccasins.

Buildings. - Their dwellings are fairly comfortable, although small for the most part. However, four or five are fairly large and well finished inside. There are also two good barns.

Characteristics. - The Micmacs of Maria are good workers when they work, and earn good wages; but they are very indifferent: they like to remain too long in the house. They are generally poor on account of their lack of economy and their improvidence.

Temperance and Morality. - The Indians of the Maria reserve have a pronounced taste for strong drink, but thanks to good supervision, they cannot procure easily what they like so much.

Their morals are generally good and they observe well the laws of morality when they are sober.

REPORT OF J.A. PITRE, INDIAN AGENT FOR RESTIGOUCHE AGENCY, QUEBEC.

Health and Sanitation. - The health of the members of this band, for the past year, has been fairly good. A mild epidemic of grippe was prevalent in the course of the winter, but no serious trouble resulted therefrom. Sanitary precautions are well observed.

Occupations. - These Indians have many ways of making a living: they do some farming, work in mills and, at ship-loading in summer; several of them act as canoemen for the American tourists. They work in the lumber wood in winter; the old men make peevie-stocks axe-handles, snow shoes and moccasins; a few women make baskets and fancy work.

Buildings. - Their houses are fairly comfortable and are well kept.

Stocks. - They have some good horses and other animals, of which they take good care.

Temperance and Morality. - A good many of these Indians are still addicted to strong drink, which they get too easily in spite of our efforts. Otherwise their morality is fairly good.

Characteristics and Progress. - They are industrious and law-abiding. The majority of them are striving to better their circumstances.

REPORT OF FRANK DOYLE, INDIAN AGENT FOR MINGAN AGENCY, QUEBEC.

Health and Sanitation. - The health of these Indians is fairly good, like that of all the Indians on the north shore. They suffer from troubles of respiration, and bronchitis, and tuberculosis. Under the care of Dr. McDuff the disease does not spread.

Occupations. - As in the preceding year, they have hunted for fur-bearing animals during the winter season. Most of them are good hunters. The hunt this year has not brought them much returns; all the same, prices are good. The rival companies on the north shore are paying reasonable prices, especially for the beaver and the marten; but the Indians are not making a great deal by hunting. Some of them have fished for cod; this has provided them with food. Two families from Rivière Chaloupe are fishing as white men do, and this assists them a great deal. The Indians of Mingan hunt the hair seal in the months of June and July. This hunt is fairly good. They eat the flesh and the fat, which is fairly good; the skin is sold; \$2 is got for them, but the price varies often. Also the Indians use the skin to make moccasins.

Buildings. - Many of these Indians occupy houses that are fairly comfortable and fairly well kept.

Many prefer to live in their cotton tents. I believe that their houses are harmful to their health.

Temperance and Morality. - Their morals have been fairly good for some years. They no longer drink; the fines paid in 1913 stopped them and especially the liquor sellers.

General Remarks. - These Indians are not making progress; on the contrary they are always becoming poorer; the low price of furs has made them careless. This year again the hunt has not amounted to anything with these Indians. In the month of January they all came out of the woods with the exception of four families who left in the month of August, 1915, to come back in the month of June, 1916, and they returned to the woods after receiving some assistance from the department.

I believe that this year they will have more trouble than usual in making a living, because they cannot get any credit from merchants as in past years. I believe that the department will again be obliged to give them a little assistance this year.

I have not yet the results of the spring hunt, because the Indians have not yet come out.

REPORT OF A. TESSIER, M.D., INDIAN AGENT FOR THE MONTAGNAIS OF LAKE ST. JOHN, QUEBEC.

Bands. - This agency comprises the following bands: Pointe Bleue, Lake Mistassini, Kiskisink and Ste. Anne.

Occupations. - Hunting and farming are the chief occupations of the Indians of Pointe Bleue. The hunt has been mediocre, and to crown the misfortune the Indians have been obliged to sell their furs at low prices. Those engaged in agriculture have fared better than the hunters: their work has been rewarded by a magnificent harvest.

Farm Implements. - The members of the band that are farmers are well provided with the implements necessary for their work, and they take great care of them.

Buildings. - The houses on the reserve are comfortable, and generally well kept up.

Health and Sanitation. - Grippe was severe among the Indians from last fall until the spring; but without any fatal results.

Sanitary regulations are observed in a satisfactory manner.

Characteristics and Progress. - These Indians are intelligent and apply themselves, well. Their material condition is not as good as in previous years, because the effects of the European war, are being felt up to the present time.

Temperance and Morality. - Some of these Indians are still addicted to the bottle; but their number is decreasing.

No serious crime has been committed during the course of the year.

REPORT OF C.A. MACDOUGAL, M.D., INDIAN AGENT FOR THE MONTAGNAIS OF SEVEN ISLANDS AND MOISIE, QUEBEC.

Occupations. - Hunting and trapping fur-bearing animals is the only way our Indians have of earning their livelihood. There are no other resources open to them.

Buildings. - Most of the houses the Indian reside in (there are no other buildings - excepting a Roman Catholic church), are in very poor condition and are gradually going to ruin, including the church edifice above mentioned. Seven houses occupied by destitute Indians were repaired last fall (1915) and made comfortable at the department's expense.

Health and Sanitation. - All the Indians are in a very poor state of health. Respiratory troubles and tuberculosis prevail constantly. While living in the woods they enjoy better health than when at the sea shore. An epidemic of grippe broke out in December 1915. All the Indians on the reserve are more or less affected thereby. Those coming in from the hunt catch the disease as soon as they arrive on the reserve. The Indians are fairly clean about their person, but neglect taking any sanitary precautions about their premises.

Characteristics and Progress. - All our Indians are law-abiding. They are, generally speaking, industrious; but some depend altogether too much upon aid from the department, owing to the generous assistance given them by the department in equipping them for the hunt (when the fur catch failed) in 1912-13 and 1913-14, and which assistance was not repaid to the department by the Indians as had been promised. They are consequently becoming indolent and poorer.

Temperance and Morality. - Intoxicants have disappeared altogether from among the Indians since 1913.

There has been only one case of immorality during the past year.

REPORT OF J.A. RENAUD, INDIAN AGENT FOR TIMISKAMING AGENCY, QUEBEC.

Occupations. - The majority of the members of this band are engaged in farming, but only a few make a success of it; although the soil is good, the returns are not satisfactory. The young men have no interest in farming, because they do not derive an immediate benefit from it. In the summer-time, instead of clearing land for cultivation, they hire on the drive or as guides for the tourists and prospectors. In the winter some members take out stove-wood, which they sell in town, others still do some trapping and hunting; but, as the country is pretty well filled with settlers, the forbearing animals are scarce and not much money is made by these pursuits.

Farm Machinery and Implements. - Those engaged in farming have not all the machinery necessary for the working of their farms; but what little they have, they take good care of.

Buildings. - Not much improvement was done to buildings during the past year, but in general they are comfortable.

Health and Sanitation. - There have been no epidemics nor contagious diseases during the past year. The health of the Indians, in general, seems to be becoming poorer, and consequently there have been many cases of sickness during the year.

Characteristics and Progress. - The Indians of my agency are in general law-abiding and of good morals. A few are making fair progress but the majority are poor and have not the opportunity of making much progress, for the chief industry of the Indians of my agency is farming and really they have not the means to clear their farms and work them in such a manner as to get the greatest returns out of them.

Temperance and Morality. - The Indians of my agency are temperate in their habits. There has been no serious case of immorality during the past year, although a few young men have succeeded in getting liquor.

REPORT OF COL. JOHN SHERIDAN, INDIAN AGENT FOR NORTH-EASTERN DIVISION, NEW BRUNSWICK.

Tribe. - All the Indians of this agency belong to the Micmac tribe.

Bands. - This agency includes the following bands: Buctouche, Big Cove, Indian Island, Burnt Church, Eel Ground, Red Bank, Eel River, Bathurst, and Fort Folly.

Health and Sanitation. - There has been considerable illness among the Indians during the winter, mostly grippe, but there were a few cases of pneumonia. There were a few deaths from the latter disease and one death from consumption. I have pointed out to the Indians the necessity of keeping their dwellings clean and well ventilated.

Occupations. - The Indians residing near the fishing grounds engage in fishing; those further inland work during winter in the lumberwoods and at stream-driving in the spring. Some engage in farming. A few act as guides for sportsmen. All make baskets and other Indian wares.

Buildings. - All those living on the reserve occupy small, frame houses, quite a number of which are well built while others are poorly built affording poor protection against the cold. Their dwellings are kept fairly clean and tidy, and some of them are quite well furnished. The Indians who move away for the winter occupy small shanties, which are generally not very clean.

Those keeping stock have small frame barns, which are poorly built. Nearly all the reserves have a church and a schoolhouse.

Stock. - A few of the bands keep some stock, which does well in summer, but is only poorly housed and fed in winter.

Farm Implements. - A few in each band have implements, which are fairly well taken care of.

Temperance and Morality. - There are a few in this agency who manage to get liquor when about the towns, but it is becoming more difficult for them to do so, on account of the close watch on the hotels by the police.

The morality of the Indians is very good.

Characteristics and Progress. - Many of the Indians are industrious; those so inclined are making a very good living, while others are indolent and are very poor, requiring assistance in the winter. Very few try to save any money. They are as a rule peaceable and law-abiding.

REPORT OF B.J. GRIFFITHS, INDIAN AGENT FOR SOUTHWESTERN DIVISION, NEW BRUNSWICK.

Bands. - This agency comprises the following bands: Woodstock Kingsclear, St. Mary's and Oromocto.

Health and Sanitation. - The health of the Indians of this division has been fairly good, excepting a few cases of tuberculosis.

Occupations. - The Indians derive their living from the sale of Indian wares; a few work in lumber woods and in the mills and for farmers. Some farm a little for themselves.

Farm Machinery and Implements. - What machinery the Indians have belongs to the Government and the Indians take good care of it.

Buildings. - The buildings are mostly small frame structures.

Characteristics and Progress. - The Indians are mostly industrious. They appear to be improving.

Temperance and Morality. - The majority of the Indians are sober, and with few exceptions they are well behaved.

General Remarks. - There are a number of Indians located at Upper Gagetown during the summer-months. In addition to the above, there are a number of Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island Indians of the Micmac tribe, that come to Kings and Queens counties during the summer months. Some of them are good workers and do fairly well; others there are who will not work, if they can exist without it.

REPORT OF GEORGE S. HOYT, INDIAN AGENT FOR ANNAPOLIS COUNTY, NOVA SCOTIA.

Tribe. - The Indians in this county are all Micmacs.

Health. - The health of the Indians has been good for the past year. There was some light sickness among the children.

Occupations. - Their occupations are basket-making, working as labourers and working in the lumber woods.

Buildings. - They have very good frame buildings, most of which are in good condition.

Temperance and Morality. - They are all temperate with some few exceptions. Their moral character is good.

REPORT OF JOHN CAMERON, INDIAN AGENT FOR ANTIGONISH AND GUYSBOROUGH COUNTIES, NOVA SCOTIA.

Tribe. - All the Indians of this agency belong to the Micmac tribe.

Health. - The health of the Indians during the past year was generally good, there being no epidemic during the year. There were five deaths from pulmonary consumption, but I am glad to be able to report that this dread disease is now pretty well under control, thanks to the active measures taken by the department during the recent years towards its banishment.

Occupations. - The Indians of this agency follow a mixed occupation of farming, fishing, hunting, and coopering. Many of the young men, during the summer months, seek And obtain work at the industrial centres. Others get employment from the neighbouring farmers, especially during seeding and harvesting time.

Progress. - There is but little progress to report. I regret to say that the Indians are not inclined very much towards progress, and seem quite satisfied with the existing condition of affairs. Many of them would not be able to live were it not for the assistance afforded them by the department.

Temperance and Morality. - The Indians of this agency have improved in temperance very materially, but there is still considerable drinking among the young men. Liquor-dealers are being closely watched. With but very few exceptions, the morals of the Indians are very good.

REPORT OF REV. A.R. McDONALD, INDIAN AGENT FOR ESKASONI AGENCY, CAPE BRETON COUNTY, NOVA SCOTIA

Tribe. - All the Indians of this agency are Micmacs.

Occupations. - The Indians are engaged in various works, such as farming, fishing, coopering and trapping. During the winter months, they make pit-timber, and in the summer many of the young men hire out as labourers in the Sydneys, and around the mines.

Farm Implements. - They take fairly good care of the machinery they have.

Buildings. - All the buildings are frame. They are small, but are well kept and most of them fairly comfortable.

Health and Sanitation. - With the exception of grippe, during the winter months, the general health of the Indians has been good. They suffered from no contagious disease, and tuberculosis, once so prevalent among them, is rapidly decreasing. There were three deaths in the agency during the year.

Characteristics and Progress. - They are law-abiding and intelligent. Progress, however, is very slow and many of them are very poor and have to be helped by the government.

Temperance and Morality. - With the exception of a few, the Indians of this band are temperate and their morals excellent.

REPORT OF ROBERT H. SMITH, INDIAN AGENT FOR COLCHESTER COUNTY, NOVA SCOTIA.

Occupations. - The Indians follow various occupations. Those able to do so engage as choppers in the lumber woods, and at stream-driving on the rivers, in summer, and as farm labourers and railway navvies; the hunting season also calls for their attention. Others follow the Indian trades - coopering, basket-making and beadwork; while many go to New Brunswick in the late summer, picking blueberries.

Buildings. - They have very good frame buildings, nearly all in good repair, and quite comfortable.

Health and Sanitation. - The health of the Indians for the past year was generally good. Tuberculosis still seems to follow in some families. Early last year one case of small-pox was brought to the reserve; but by prompt quarantine measures there was no spread of the disease.

Characteristics and Progress. - The Indians have, for the most part been profitably employed, it being a more favourable year in that respect than the preceding one. At the present time no Indian able to work has any excuse for idleness.

Inquiries for the product of the women - fancy baskets and beadwork, - have come from the United States dealers, anxious to secure supplies.

The enlistment of some seven or eight of the young men in the overseas forces, is a detrimental factor for the reserve, although from a patriotic standpoint no complaint can be made.

Temperance and Morality. - Very little intoxication is in evidence among the Indians. Recent repressive temperance laws will probably tend still further to decrease the traffic.

With few exceptions their morals are good.

REPORT OF J.A. JOHNSON, INDIAN AGENT FOR CUMBERLAND COUNTY, NOVA SCOTIA.

Health and Sanitation. - The general health of the Indians in this agency has not been very good this year, especially during the winter months, when there seemed to be an epidemic of grippe, which was of a most severe type. The sanitation of their houses and surroundings has been looked after by their chief as well as their Indian agent so that there has been no disease from that source.

Occupations. - It cannot be said that they have any particular calling or trade, but work at anything they find to do. There are a few who during the lawful season fish, trap and shoot big game.

Characteristics and Progress. - They naturally are a quiet law-abiding class of Indians, giving little trouble to the public or their agent. They are inclined to be a little lazy, but this applies to the few and not the many. Their progress during the past year was slow, they being contented to be and do as they did the year before; so to expect any great progress would be out of the question.

Temperance and Moral Reform. - The strict enforcement of our liquor law as applied to Indians and their great devotion to their church has had much to do with the keeping up of their morals.

REPORT OF R.A. HARRIS, INDIAN AGENT FOR DIGBY COUNTY, NOVA SCOTIA.

Tribe. - All the Indians in this agency are Micmac.

Health and Sanitation. - The health of the Indians, during the past year, has been generally good. At the present time there are three cases of tuberculosis. The active measures taken by the department, it is to be hoped, will have a beneficial result. Sanitary measures are generally well observed. There has been no epidemic during the past year.

Occupations. - The Indians of this agency follow a mixed occupation. Nearly all of them do some farming. They also make axe-handles and canoes and all kinds of fancy-work. During the hunting season a good many go as guides to sportsmen. I am proud to say that so far six of the young men have enlisted for overseas service.

Buildings. - All the buildings are of frame and in fairly good repair.

Characteristics and Progress. - The members of this band are law-abiding and intelligent, although they do not appear to make much progress. The past year has been very hard on the Indians, as it has been hard to find employment; while a good many are very old and would not be able to subsist without assistance.

Temperance and Morality. - The older Indians are temperate and moral. The younger class are more given to drink when they can procure it; but there has been a marked improvement during the year. Their morals are good.

REPORT OF DANIEL CHISHOLM, INDIAN AGENT FOR HALIFAX COUNTY, NOVA SCOTIA.

Tribe. - All the Indians of this agency are Micmacs.

Health and Sanitation. - The general health of the Indians has been fairly good, except that those advanced in years require constant medical attendance as well as government assistance in the way of food, clothing, etc.

Occupations. - Farming, hunting, lumbering, stream driving, making small wares, etc., are the chief sources of revenue.

Buildings. - The buildings are mostly frame, except that the roving Indians adhere to the camp.

Stock. - Those who keep horses and cattle take good care of them.

Characteristics. - All the Indians are law-abiding.

Temperance. - Many of the Indians will drink liquor; yet they are very rarely seen under the influence of liquor.

REPORT OF ALONZO WALLACE, INDIAN AGENT FOR SHUBENACADIE AGENCY, HANTS COUNTY, NOVA SCOTIA.

Tribe. - All the Indians of this band are Micmacs.

Health and Sanitation. - The health of the band during the year has been fairly good.

Occupations. - The principal occupations are farming, fishing, small coopering, basket making, making hockey sticks, oars, etc., also many of the Indians work in the woods and mills.

Characteristics and Progress. - The members of this band are industrious and law-abiding.

Temperance and Morality. - These Indians have little opportunity to procure intoxicants, they are fairly temperate. They are morally and religiously inclined, being very attentive at all their religious assemblies.

REPORT OF J.W. STEPHENS, INDIAN AGENT FOR WINDSOR AGENCY, HANTS COUNTY, NOVA SCOTIA.

Tribe. - All the Indians in this district are Micmacs.

Health and Sanitation. - The general health has been good with two or three exceptions. There is one case of tuberculosis. Sanitation is fair.

Occupations. - The occupations of these Indians are principally coopering, making baskets, also axe-handles and hockey-sticks. One or two work in quarries, and at the present time two or three are employed in a hay-press.

Buildings. - The buildings are small frame or shacks, which are fairly comfortable except in extreme cold weather.

Characteristics and Progress. - These Indians are fairly industrious, law-abiding and respected as a rule.

Temperance and Morality. - They are temperate, and their morals are quite good.

REPORT OF REV. J.N. McLENNAN, ACTING INDIAN AGENT FOR INVERNESS COUNTY, NOVA SCOTIA.

Bands. - There are two bands in this agency, one at Whycocomagh, and the other at Malagawatch.

Occupations. - The Indians of these reserves live practically by farming, coopering and fishing. Those of them who have horses haul pit-props during the winter months. Very few of them show the right interest in farming, although most of the cleared land on the Whycocomagh reserve is well adapted for cultivation.

Farm Implements. - They take fair care of their farming implements.

Buildings. - Nearly all the families of these reserves live in small, but comfortable dwellings. The department has done much to help them in this respect. The school buildings and the teacher's residence are in good repair.

Health and Sanitation. - The general health of the Indians of this agency during the past year was very good indeed. Measles broke out on the Whycocomagh reserve; but the disease was confined to a few families. Two adults and one child died on this reserve during the year. Tubercular trouble to-day, as in the past, seems to be the great plague of the Indian people. Some precautions are being taken by the people to prevent the spread of the dread disease. Their houses and surroundings are gene-rally clean.

Characteristics and Progress. - Some of the Indians of this agency are very industrious indeed; while many of them are very indolent, or indifferent about bettering their condition in life. Many of them seem contented with the bite for to-day, and let the morrow provide for itself. There is no doubt, however, that they are becoming more independent and self-supporting year by year. As law-abiding citizens, the Indian people of these reserves are good. They are kind and inoffensive.

Temperance and Morality. - Many of the people of these reserves are total abstainers; while, with very few exceptions, they are all temperate people, and their moral character is good.

REPORT OF C.E. BECKWITH, INDIAN AGENT FOR KINGS COUNTY, NOVA SCOTIA.

Occupations. - The following are the chief occupations of the Indians in this agency: as labourers, guides, fishing, hunting, basket-making, and coopering.

Buildings. - Their buildings are frame and are comfortable.

Health and Sanitation. - The health of these Indians as a rule is good. Their dwellings are kept clean and no refuse allowed to accumulate.

Characteristics. - They are law-abiding and are fairly industrious but are inclined to spend their earnings as fast as they get them.

Temperance and Morality. - They are temperate, and their morals are good.

REPORT OF N.P. FREEMAN, INDIAN AGENT FOR LUNENBURG COUNTY, NOVA SCOTIA.

Tribe. - All the Indians of this agency are Micmacs.

Health and Sanitation. - The health of these Indians during the past year has been good, there having been no epidemics. Greater care is being taken in keeping their premises clean.

Occupation. - These Indians get their living by farming, fresh-water fishing, cooking, engaging as laborers, making baskets, making mast-hoops, and stream-driving.

Farm Machinery and Implements. - A few ploughs, harrows, hoes and some other small articles, are possessed by them, and are well cared for.

Buildings. - The houses and other buildings are all frame buildings.

Stock. - Their stock consists of oxen and young cattle, cows and poultry, and two or three of them have a horse. The stock is well cared for.

Characteristics and Progress. - These Indians are with few exceptions, very industrious and law-abiding.

Temperance and Morality. - With few exceptions, the inhabitants of this agency are moral and temperate.

REPORT OF REV. T.D. MACLEOD, INDIAN AGENT FOR PICTOU COUNTY, NOVA SCOTIA.

Tribe. - All the Indians in this agency are Micmacs.

Occupations. - These Indians are engaged in farming, fishing, making baskets and pick-handles, and hiring as labourers. Not a few work at the steel works at New Glasgow. Many during the past summer found employment loading steamers at Pictou and Pictou Landing with lumber, and products of Nova Scotia Steel Company. The smelt-fishing was not a success during the past season. The Indians have no boats or nets for sea fishing. This, it is thought, would be a profitable source of employment if they had the means.

The women help in making baskets and moccasins.

Farm Implements. - The Indians take good care of their farm implements such as ploughs, harrows, wagons, and cultivators.

Buildings. - All the houses with few exceptions are frame buildings of small size and fairly comfortable.

Health and Sanitation. - The health of the Indians has been good. Precautions are taken in avoiding infection in cases of tuberculosis.

Characteristics and Progress. - The Indians are industrious with few exceptions. The younger men show a more progressive spirit and are anxious to secure more permanent and lucrative occupations at nearby industries to build better dwellings and to live up to a higher standard of life.

Temperance, and Morality. - The large majority of the Indians are temperate. There are but few exceptions. Their morals with rare exceptions are very good.

REPORT OF CHARLES HARLOW, INDIAN AGENT FOR QUEENS COUNTY, NOVA SCOTIA.

Tribe. - All the Indians in this agency are Micmacs.

Health and Sanitation. - The health of the Indians in this agency has been good except for grippe. They observe sanitary regulations about their buildings fairly well.

Occupations. - The Indians on this reserve make their living by farming, hunting, fishing, basket-making, and working in the lumber woods.

Characteristics. - The Indians in this agency are industrious and law-abiding.

Temperance and Morality. - They are temperate, and their morals are good.

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REPORT OF REV. R.L. McDONALD, INDIAN AGENT FOR RICHMOND COUNTY, NOVA SCOTIA.

Tribe. - All the Indians of this agency are Micmacs.

Occupations. - They engage in farming, fishing, coopering of all kinds, hire as labourers, and do a little trapping. Although greater attention is given each year to farming, there is still great room for improvement.

Farm Machinery and Implements. - More of these have been purchased during the year. Good care is taken of them.

Buildings. - Nearly all are framed, they are comfortable and fairly well furnished.

Health and Sanitation. - The general health has been good. There were no epidemics.

Characteristics and Progress. - These Indians are very law-abiding. Very few indeed are indolent. Given an opportunity, they are industrious and strive to improve their condition.

Temperance and Morality. - Their morals are good. They are nearly all total abstainers from intoxicants.

REPORT OF JOHN HIPSON, INDIAN AGENT FOR SHELBURNE COUNTY, NOVA SCOTIA.

Tribe. - All the Indians in this agency are Micmacs.

Health and Sanitation. - The health of the Indians has been fairly good during the year. They observe the sanitary regulations.

Occupations. - The Indians are engaged in fishing, hunting, making baskets, and hiring as labourers.

Buildings. - The buildings in this agency are of frame. They are comfortable and kept in good repair.

Characteristics and Progress. - The Indians are law-abiding and industrious, but make very little progress.

Temperance and Morality. - They are temperate. Their moral character is good.

REPORT OF JOHN E. CAMPBELL, INDIAN AGENT FOR VICTORIA COUNTY, NOVA SCOTIA.

Occupations. - The chief occupations of the Indians in this agency are: farming, fishing, timbering, hunting, coopering, basket-making and hiring out as labourers.

Farm Machinery and Implements. - They take fairly good care of machinery and implements.

Buildings. - The majority of the buildings are in fairly good repair.

Health and Sanitation. - The health of the members of this band has been fairly good; however, the nomadic habits of one family brought scarletina to the reserve, which caused the death of two children and the discomfiture of many others; two others died of consumption. They try to conceal the presence of any contagious disease.

Characteristics and Progress. - The majority of them are industrious and law-abiding, more of them are so on the principle of `making a virtue of necessity.` They are becoming more independent and self-sustaining each succeeding year.

Temperance and Morality. - Very few, if any, of the heads of families drink any liquor or at least spend any money in buying it, but very few of them also would refuse it from another man. There is no liquor drunk on the reserve, but there are three or four who drink all they earn when they get to where it is to be had.

Their morals are fairly good.

REPORT OF W.H. WHALEN, INDIAN AGENT FOR YARMOUTH COUNTY, NOVA SCOTIA.

Tribe. - There are five families on the reserve, 16 in number, the rest of the Indians are scattered all over the county.

Health and Sanitation. - The health of these Indians is very poor.

Occupations. - These Indians engage in the making of baskets, mast hoops and axe-handles, also in trapping. Some go as guides in the fishing and shooting season and berry-picking.

Progress. - Very little progress is being made by these Indians.

Temperance and morality. - With few exceptions they are very temperate.

REPORT OF A.J. BOYD, INDIAN SUPERINTENDENT FOR EASTERN NOVA SCOTIA AND PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

Tribe or Nation. - Indian tribes inhabiting the territory over which my supervision extends at present, are the Micmac in Nova Scotia, Prince Edward Island and Northeastern New Brunswick, and the Amalecite in Northern and Southwestern New Brunswick.

Health and Sanitation. - An epidemic of measles, which was prevalent in many sections of the Maritime Provinces within the year, visited most of our Indian reserves and caused the deaths of several children. Consumption also, the Indian's insidious physical foe, exacted its toll of lives as usual. Yet, the death-rate was not abnormal.

Close personal observation inclines me to the belief that consumption is not as common among Indians as it was formerly, and, if so, the happy change is no doubt due to improved sanitary conditions, whose principles are becoming better understood by these people from day to day, and as the direct result of persistent education on that point by school teachers, agents, and medical officers.

Buildings. - Several dwelling-houses and other buildings were erected within the year, some of which are not yet completed, but no doubt will receive the finishing touches during the approaching summer months. I note that most of the buildings erected in recent years are well and substantially constructed. The dwellings, although small comparatively speaking, are modern in style and planned with the object of obtaining the most accommodation from the smallest space; facts which surely denote advancement in the scale of civilization.

Stock. - The stock raised by Indians includes horses, cattle, and pigs, but no sheep. They keep too many vicious worthless dogs to make sheep-raising either for themselves or their neighbours a profitable undertaking. Some steps must be taken to compel the owners of such dogs to destroy them.

It seems to be an ambition among Indians to own a horse, and, as a consequence, more horses may be found on some reserves than prudence would suggest or circumstances justify. As a rule they are kind to domestic animals and take good care of those they own. Occasionally some of them undertake to winter more stock than their means would properly afford, but they are resourceful and manage to tide over difficulties arising from a shortage of fodder that would dismay people considered more worldly-wise.

Farm Implements. - Indians who till the soil to any extent are well equipped with farm implements, which are owned also in some cases by those who have very little use for them, and which in the latter circumstances represent money not judiciously spent. These utilities are generally well cared for.

Progress. - Evidences of progress to a greater or less extent may be seen on every reserve. In some places they are quite marked, as one would think on seeing a well dressed Indian with a gold watch chain dangling from his fob pocket, enjoying a ride

in his up-to-date rig. Further evidences are the erection of dwelling-houses and other buildings as mentioned above, the cultivation of the land, and other forms of improvement.

Temperance and Morality. - The large majority of the Indians make no use of intoxicating liquor; but yet too many of them are much addicted to it, especially in particular sections of the country, where, however, officials are exerting themselves to suppress the liquor traffic with these unfortunates, and it is to be hoped that their efforts may be completely successful in due time.

While there is considerable room for improvement in the moral character of both Micmacs and Amalecites, I would say that they bear favourable comparison in that respect with other classes of the population.

REPORT OF REV. JOHN A. McDONALD, INDIAN AGENT FOR PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND.

Tribe. - All the Indians of this province are Micmacs.

Health and Sanitation. - There has been a great improvement in the health of the Indians, especially for the latter part of the year. The new water-supply and other sanitary precautions undertaken by the department at Rocky Point have been followed so far by beneficial results. The Indians are generally careful to destroy all refuse about their places.

Occupations. - They do not make a great success of farming. Some of them, however, are persevering, notwithstanding the very unfavourable season last year. Some are engaged in fishing, but the greater number still depend largely on the making of Indian wares.

Buildings. - A few new houses have been erected of a better type than formerly by some of the Indians, and as a consequence others are trying to follow along the, same lines. They keep them clean and neat.

Stock. - The Indians look after their stock well enough, but the trouble is, they have too little. Only a few will take the trouble to keep cows. Those they have are excellent. I have tried to impress on them the need of keeping cows so as to have milk for the children.

Farm implements. - They take good care of their implements.

Characteristics and Progress. - They are making slow progress, but generally are advancing and bettering their condition.

Temperance and Morality. - While they may be classed as temperate and moral, there seem to be periodical relapses. They are much the same as their white neighbours.

REPORT OF G.R. WHEATLEY, INDIAN AGENT FOR BIRTLE AGENCY, MANITOBA.

Bands. - This agency comprises the following bands: Keeseekoowenin's, No. 61; Waywayseecappo's, No. 62; Gamblers No. 63; Rolling River, No. 67; Clear Water Lake, No. 61 A; and Bird Tail Sioux, No. 57.

Occupations and Resources. - The Indians of the Bird Tail Sioux band, No. 57, are practically all farmers, although a few hunt and trap. They earn their living by growing wheat, oats, barley, and corn; and raise some cattle, horses, pigs and poultry. All work small gardens and raise potatoes, beans, onions, turnips and other garden truck. Other resources are fallen dry wood gathered and sold, also a quantity of big willows for fencing purposes.

The women make willow baskets, straw and rag mats, moccasins and beadwork of all kinds for sale. The band also earns considerable money in the sale of senega-root and wild fruits.

The Indians of the Keeseekoowenin's band earn their living principally by farming, growing wheat, oats and barley. They raise some cattle, horses and some pigs, and a number raise poultry. The band sells its surplus hay and dry fire-wood. All have gardens and raise potatoes and other garden truck. A number hunt and trap and do some fishing, and make a good living from the sale of their fur catch.

The women make willow baskets, straw and rag mats, moccasins and beadwork of all kinds, they also sell wild fruits and senega-root, during the season. Some of the young women are excellent needle women and earn: good wages at dressmaking and other needlework. Other young women are employed as domestic servants in the homes of good reliable people, and on the whole give fairly good satisfaction to their employers.

Of the Indians of the Waywayseecappo's band, a number farm and grow wheat, oats and barley, raise some cattle and horses and a few poultry. A number hunt and trap, the principal catch being, muskrat, mink and wolf. All have small gardens and raise potatoes, carrots, onions, turnips and other garden truck. The band receives quite a revenue from the sale of the fallen timber on the reserve, and the surplus hay. A number of the younger men work out as farm labourers and earn good wages.

The women make willow baskets, straw and rag mats, moccasins and beadwork of all kinds. Some of the young women, ex-pupils, work out as domestic servants, and give fairly good satisfaction to their employers.

The Indians of the Gambler's reserve, No. 63, earn their living from the farm. They are up-to-date farmers and have all the necessary implements required on a well equipped farm. They grow on the farm, wheat, oats and barley, raise cattle, horses, pigs and poultry, are well-to-do, and getting better off each year.

The members of the Rolling River band, No. 67, earn their living by farming and raising cattle, some horses, and poultry. A number hunt and trap and fish. They sell the dry fallen timber and their surplus hay. A number of the younger men work out as farm labourers during the seeding and harvest, and make very good wages.

The women make willow baskets, rag and straw mats, moccasins, and do beadwork of all kinds, also tan hides. During the wild fruit season large quantities are gathered and sold at good prices. Senega-root is also gathered in very large quantities during the summer months, it is then dried and sold, netting the Indians a good return during the summer months.

Farm Machinery and Implements. - As the Indians purchase nearly all their own farm implements, good care, on the whole, is taken of them.

Buildings. - Improvements in dwelling-houses are steadily going on. It is now the ambition of each head of a family to deny himself and save up sufficient moneys to enable him to purchase lumber and shingles to improve his log house and make it more comfortable for his wife and family.

There are a number of good stables, storehouses and granaries on each reserve, all in fairly good repair.

Health and Sanitation. - The health of the Indians during the past year has been satisfactory. There were no serious epidemics. Measles were prevalent on the Rolling River reserve, and the cases developed were kept well in hand by the medical officer, Dr. Montague.

There have been the usual cases of tuberculosis, tubercular glands, pneumonia, bronchitis, and other minor ills, which were attended to by the medical officers appointed for each reserve. There were a few deaths from these diseases. Every precaution is taken by the medical officers when treating tubercular cases, premises are kept clean as possible and the building thoroughly disinfected. During the

summer months the Indians move into their tents, and their houses are then lime-washed inside and out, and the premises cleaned up and all refuse burned.

Characteristics and Progress. - The Indians on the whole are making progress slowly. Those who are steady and persevere on the farm and raise stock are making fair progress. A number, however, seem to have no ambition, energy or foresight, to make their living by cultivating the land, or raising cattle, preferring to follow the old nomadic life of hunting and trapping.

The ex-pupils who have received a good training in the schools, and who have started farming for themselves, are making steady progress. These pupils are assisted by the department when they leave school, in the way of work oxen, harness, ploughs, harrows and other necessary implements. They are allotted quarter sections in their reserves, and every encouragement is given to the young men to make good on their land.

Temperance and Morality. - The Indians are law-abiding, and are very rarely implicated in any very serious crimes. Their morals, under the condition in which they live, are very good. The liquor traffic affects them seriously, as there are a number who are addicted to its use. There are a number of unscrupulous persons who will purchase intoxicants for them for the profit in it and who act as a go-between for the licensed hotel and the Indian, and it is very rarely that sufficient evidence can be obtained to secure a conviction. There is a special constable detailed for the suppression of the liquor traffic; but, owing to the distance apart of the reserves in the agency, constant supervision cannot be done by the constable.

There were four convictions during the year for selling intoxicants to Indians.

Stock. - Notwithstanding the long hard winter, cattle and horses wintered well. There was sufficient feed and the animals came through in pretty fair condition, with a very light per cent of loss.

The improvement in the class of horses now used on all the reserves, was brought about by the Indians taking a greater interest in cultivating the land, and the result is a better class of work horse, on all the reserves, than formerly was the case.

A number of the Indians take an interest in raising cattle, but the majority do not, preferring to have no responsibility in the care of them during the winter months.

General Remarks. - A number of young men from this agency, ex-pupils of industrial and boarding schools, have enlisted for active service and are now in training in Winnipeg and other points in Manitoba. Their physiques are good, and they should make good soldiers.

REPORT OF F.W.R. COLCLEUGH, INDIAN AGENT FOR CLANDEBOYE AGENCY, MANITOBA.

Tribes. - The Indians in this agency are principally Ojibbewas or Saulteaux, with more or less of an admixture of Swampy Cree, and quite a number of French half-breeds belong to the Fort Alexander reserve.

Bands. - This agency is composed of the following bands: old St. Peters, Brokenhead, Fort Alexander, Black River and Hollow Water River.

Health and Sanitation. - On all the reserves of this agency an epidemic of whooping cough and measles broke out during the winter, and quite a number of deaths occurred, the Fort Alexander band suffering the most in this respect. The deaths were mostly among the children from the age of three years and under. The Black River band escaped without having one death.

Occupations. - Fishing and hunting are the chief occupations of all the Indians in this agency. Some of the members of the bands also raise some stock, but the members of the Fort Alexander band engage more extensively in stock-raising than any of the other bands. All the members of the different reserves occasionally engage in any kind of employment they can get. During the past winter quite a number of

the Black River and Hollow Water River Indians have been working at the mines in the Rice Lake mining district.

Stock. - All the bands have some horses and cattle, while the Fort Alexander band has quite a number of horses, cattle and pigs. One Indian of the Brokenhead band has started to raise sheep.

Farm Implements. - Some of the bands in this agency have farm implements, but the majority have not. The Fort Alexander band raises oats, wheat, and barley on a small scale. The other bands do not engage in agriculture; they have only small gardens.

Buildings. - Nearly all the houses in this agency are built of logs and have shingled or thatched roofs. There are some frame dwellings, but very few. The houses are generally comfortable and clean in the inside and nicely whitewashed on the outside. Most of the Indians of the Brokenhead band live in tents during the summer months.

Characteristics and Progress. - The members of the Hollow Water band are much given to roaming around, but they seem to be contented. Very few of them reside on their own reserve during the summer. The members of the Brokenhead band are mostly pagan and not very prosperous. The Black River Indians are industrious, and quite frequently work in the lumber and wood camps, and at any other work whenever they get an opportunity.

Temperance and Morality. - Most of the Indians belonging to this agency are quite temperate; but their morality is not of a very high standard.

REPORT OF T.H. CARTER, INDIAN AGENT FOR THE FISHER RIVER AGENCY, MANITOBA.

Bands. - There are 10 bands in this agency: Peguis, Fisher River, Bloodvein, Jackhead, Berens River, Poplar River, Grand Rapids, Little Grand Rapids, Pekangikum, and Deer Lake. The people of these bands are a mixture of Cree and Saulteaux.

Occupations. - Most of the Indians obtain a living by hunting and fishing, with the exception of those of the Peguis and Fisher River bands, many of whom raise stock, do a little cultivation, and work for white people at various callings.

Farm Implements and Machinery. - The Indians of the Fisher River agency have a sufficient supply of implements and tools, which are used and cared for in a fair manner.

Buildings. - These are in fair condition and are being added to in most reserves.

Health and Sanitation. - As a rule the Indians are fairly healthy, but a severe attack of grippe during the past winter proved fatal in several cases.

Temperance and Morality. - The Indians are fairly temperate and moral. With the curtailment of the white man's privilege in regard to the obtaining of intoxicants, a greater improvement in temperance, among Indians may be expected.

Characteristics and Progress. - The Indians character is good, and, if properly cultivated, should result in the Indian becoming a good citizen; but his progress is necessarily slow.

REPORT OF JAMES McDONALD, INDIAN AGENT FOR THE GRISWOLD AGENCY, MANITOBA.

Bands. - This agency comprises two bands, Oak River, No. 58, and Oak Lake, No. 59.

Occupations. - The chief occupation of those Indians is fanning, and they are cultivating their land much better than formerly; consequently they are raising a better grade of wheat. Quite a number of the Indians go hunting and trapping in season. The women do beadwork, make baskets, mats, and moccasins for sale.

Stock. - Their stock is increasing in number, and a better class of horses is being bred on the reserves.

Farm Machinery and Implement. - The farm machinery and implements in this agency are some of the best that can be bought; it is mostly modern machinery, and the Indians have purchased a new traction threshing outfit, which after a few lessons and supervision they seem quite capable of handling. Practically all the new machinery is kept under cover; the Indians find that it pays to protect it.

Buildings. - They are not only improving the houses they live in, but they are improving the housing of their stock. There have been several new stables built this year, larger and better ventilated than formerly with hay lofts above and gable roofs.

Health and Sanitation. - The health of the Indians has been satisfactory. There was quite an epidemic of whooping cough last spring, followed by a number of cases of measles. A few cases of tuberculosis in the first stages have been cured by the doctor.

The Indians have improved very much in the cleanliness of themselves and their houses. Where deaths have occurred from tuberculosis, the houses have been disinfected. They are also taking better care of their children's health.

Characteristics and Progress. - They are fairly industrious and are getting more self-reliant every year. Quite a number of them have wheat to sell all the year round; whereas they used to sell it all at once and waste their money. Now they put in a good stock of flour and other necessities in the fall. They are showing improvement and making progress. The corn crop was a partial failure owing to the frost last June.

Temperance and Morality. - The majority of the Indians in this agency are temperate; there have been a few cases of intemperance, but these have been off the reserves and not more than could be expected owing to the condition of things at present.

The standard of morality is fairly good.

REPORT OF J. JONES, INDIAN AGENT FOR NORWAY HOUSE AGENCY, MANITOBA.

Bands. - In this agency we have seven bands, namely, Norway House, Cross Lake, Split Lake, Nelson House, Oxford House, God's Lake, and Island Lake.

Occupations. - The chief occupations of these Indians are: hunting, trapping, fishing, tripping, cutting cord-wood, making fishnets and snowshoes, and building skills. The women are skilful in silk work, such as in making moccasins, gloves, and skin coats. Some of the Indians raise stock; but this is only in a small way, as the country is not adapted to stock-raising. Potatoes are grown by a few of the more progressive Indians. The resources of the districts are fish, fur and game.

Farm Machinery and Implements. - No farm machinery is used in this agency, as the land is not adapted for agriculture. The implements used are the hoe, pitsaw, and axe, and these are well cared for.

Buildings. - Their buildings are all of log construction with shingle roofs; they are neat in appearance, but too small to be healthy. Efforts are being made to induce the Indians to build larger houses and better ventilated. Three of the houses have been covered with drop siding, and dormer windows added to the upper story.

Health and Sanitation. - There have been a few cases of dysentery among the children. Influenza has been prevalent among all classes; a few of these cases have developed into pneumonia.

Sanitary rules are being observed by most of the people, and yet there is great room for improvement.

Characteristics and Progress. - The transition process is so slow that it is almost imperceptible. The old habits are still in evidence. They are a people who live in the present, spending their all as they earn it. Of course there are a few exceptions, but

speaking generally, they live without thought of future needs. The majority are industrious, and prefer to work near home. As a people, they are law-abiding.

Temperance and Morality. - This territory is under prohibition, therefore the temptation to indulge in intoxicants is not placed before the people. Sometimes some unscrupulous white man smuggles in liquor, but I have not heard of any treaty Indian indulging in drink this year.

The morals of the people are of a very low standard; there is room for improvement.

REPORT OF W.R. TAYLOR, INDIAN AGENT FOR THE PAS AGENCY, MANITOBA AND SASKATCHEWAN.

Bands. - The Pas agency comprises the following bands: Chemawawin, Cumberland, The Pas, Moose Lake, Red Earth, and Shoal Lake.

Occupations. - Hunting and trapping are the chief occupation of the Indians in this agency. The country not being adapted for extensive farming, without tremendous expense, and as the Indians cannot afford the outlay to farm extensively, they do no more than raise potatoes and a few other vegetables, for their own use, selling what surplus they have. A little is done in stock-raising; but this is discouraging, as at any season we may get high water, which floods the hay lands, as it did last summer, then hay is very hard to get. Several of the Indians are trading for themselves, and are doing fairly well. Some of the younger educated ones are clerking for merchants in The Pas, while a few fish for commercial purposes, and all for their own use.

Farm Machinery and Implements. - Very little farm machinery is used in this agency, what machinery and implements the Indians have are fairly well taken care of. I am encouraging and advising them to build sheds in which they can keep their implements and machinery.

Buildings. - These are mostly built of logs, and roofed with shingles or paroid roofing. They are finished with matched lumber inside. Several frame buildings have been erected, and, being painted, are of pleasing appearance beside the log houses.

Health and Sanitation. - During the past year, generally speaking, the health of the Indians has been good. While many minor cases of sickness have been treated by the medical officer and medical dispensers, there has been no serious outbreak of any contagious disease on any of the reserves. A light outbreak of fever occurred among the pupils at the McKay boarding school; but by isolating each case to the hospital as it was discovered, and fumigating the school, the disease was brought under control and stamped out, without a single fatality. Refuse from around houses is diligently gathered and burnt. While some are careless in matters of sanitation, the majority keep their houses and surroundings clean.

Stock. - There has been a slight increase in live stock during the past year, the increase amounting to forty-three head in cattle and native horses. No poultry is raised on account of the difficulty in protecting them from dogs. It has been tried without success. Cattle wintered well and had sufficient feed.

Characteristics and Progress. - These Indians are law-abiding, and have great respect for any one in authority. Little can be said regarding progress. They have earned more this year owing to advance in prices of furs, and, while they may not be advancing as rapidly as could be wished, they are not going backwards. While there are a few indolent ones among them, the majority are fairly industrious, and are willing to work.

Temperance and Morality. - Speaking generally, the Indians in this agency are temperate. Since the hotel opened, opportunities have been better for procuring liquor, had they looked for it; but I am pleased to say that we have had no more trouble than before. The cases of drunkenness that have come before the authorities have been younger Indians. The elder ones do not have any desire for intoxicants. The police

are very alert in matters of this kind, and this may have a restraining effect on the Indians, as they respect law greatly; but I consider great credit is due to the Indians of this agency for the way they keep themselves from this curse of mankind, intoxicating liquor.

Root Crop. - Last year with the exception of Red Earth and Shoal Lake, the crop was very light; at Moose Lake practically a failure. The two former reserves had good returns, as the soil is excellent for raising vegetables.

REPORT OF A. OGLETREE, INDIAN AGENT FOR PORTAGE LA PRAIRIE AND MANITOWAPAH AGENCIES, MANITOBA.

PORTAGE LA PRAIRIE AGENCY.

Bands. - The following bands are, included in this agency: Roseau River and Rapids, Swan Lake, Indian Gardens, Long Plain, and Portage la Prairie.

Occupations. - Grain-growing is the chief industry. The younger men are making good farmers, the older men do some hunting and trapping. Very little stock is raised.

Farm Machinery and Implements. - These Indians are well supplied with machinery. They buy most of it themselves, but do not take very good care of their implements.

Buildings. - Most of the houses are built of logs. They are generally comfortable and clean.

Health and Sanitation. - The health of the Indians in this agency, during the past year, has been fairly good. An epidemic of grippe or influenza visited all the reserves, but not many deaths have been reported.

Characteristics and Progress. - The majority of these Indians are industrious; they either farm themselves or work out with farmers in the summer-time. In the winter-time they chop wood.

Temperance and Morality. - Most of these Indians are temperate; but their morality is not of the best.

PORTAGE LA PRAIRIE SIOUX.

These Indians live near the city of Portage la Prairie. They have good gardens, and during the harvest they work for the white farmers, and in the winter-time they chop wood.

Most of these Indians are very fond of liquor, but on account of this city being under Local Option, it is now very hard for them to get liquor.

MANITOWAPAH AGENCY.

Bands. - The following bands are included in this agency: Sandy Bay, Lake Manitoba Ebb and Flow, Fairford, Lake St. Martin, Little Saskatchewan, Crane River, Waterhen, Pine Creek, and, Shoal River.

Occupations. - Hunting, trapping and fishing are, the chief occupations of these Indians. Very little farming is done, as the land in this agency is not adapted for grain-growing. Some of the Indians raise a few cattle.

Farm Machinery and Implements. - These Indians are well supplied with the machinery they require, but are very careless about their implements when not in use.

Buildings. - Some of these Indians have very good houses; these are kept clean, and are very comfortable; their stables are well built and warm.

Health and Sanitation. - During the past year the health of these Indians has been fairly good. A severe epidemic of grippe or influenza visited all these reserves;

but a very few deaths resulted. During last summer small-pox broke out among the Indians of Lake Manitoba reserve, but by the prompt action of the doctor, with the assistance of the Sisters of St. Joseph, the epidemic was soon checked. The sanitary regulations are improving on some of these reserves.

Characteristics and Progress. - These Indians, with a few exceptions, are doing very well. Some of them are increasing their possessions, and their homes are improving in comfort.

Temperance and Morality. - These Indians are becoming more temperate, but their morality is not improving.

REPORT OF S.J. JACKSON, INSPECTOR FOR LAKE MANITOBA INSPECTORATE, MANITOBA.

PORTAGE LA PRAIRIE AGENCY.

I visited all the reserves in this agency at least once during the year 1915 - 16. The Swan Lake and Roseau reserves, I visited on several occasions. My first visit to the Swan Lake reserve was on April 26 and 27, when the band decided by a resolution, which was forwarded to the department, to expend \$8,000 out of its capital account, in breaking up 600 or 700 acres of the reserve, buying implements, horses, etc., etc. This amount, which was to come out of the capital funds of the band and was for improvements, was advanced to 22 members of the band who wished to go into farming or increase their present acreage. The amount expended in this reserve out of its capital fund, was in round figures \$7,400. This amount is to be repaid to the capital funds of the band by those Indians who benefited, in five annual payments, without interest.

I visited the Roseau reserve on May 24 to get a resolution signed by the band in connection with the breaking of 500 acres and the purchasing of the necessary farm implements, seed wheat, oxen, etc., necessary to farm this increased acreage. The amount of \$4,886 has been expended to date on these improvements, and this sum has been taken out of the capital fund of the band and is to be returned to the capital fund in five annual payments by 19 members of the band, who are to work the new land that was broken. Nearly all of the new land was disked last fall and will be all seeded in wheat within a month. The Indians of this agency had a fairly successful year in farming during the past season.

It is a very fortunate thing for the Swan Lake and Roseau bands that a large acreage of new land was broken up last year, as last fall, the season being a very bad one, hardly any fall ploughing was done in the province. At the time of writing, spring has not as yet opened up in the country, no seeding being done at this date anywhere in the vicinity of the reserves, and from present prospects it will be the first of May before seeding starts in most parts where the reserves are situated. This agency is at the present time almost altogether depending upon grain-raising for a living, as there are very few cattle kept on the reserves, 55 being the total number for the agency, and of this number 53 are owned by the Roseau and Swan Lake bands, leaving only two head of cattle as owned by the Long Plain band. The farm instructors on the Roseau and Swan Lake reserves are taking great interest now in the progress made during the last year in the breaking up of the land. During the year, the Indians as a whole on these reserves have made a fair living, and the war has made little, if any, difference as far as they are concerned.

We are still having more or less trouble with whisky on all of the reserves, all the bands being located in districts where there are licensed hotels in their immediate vicinity. A great many members of the three bands in this agency still lead a very roving life; just as soon as spring opens, they get out and travel around the

country. A large number of them still take very little interest in the cultivation of the soil, but a number of the younger Indians are seeing that they will have to get to work on the land to make a living, and the experiment made this year in breaking the land will help the young men to see what they can do in the direction of farming. During last year, I bought a threshing-machine for the Swan Lake band, costing in round figures \$3,200. Over \$1,600 was paid by these Indians last fall out of their interest money on this account, and the next payment will be made the coming fall out of the same interest funds. It was a very fortunate thing for this band that the threshing-machine was bought this year, as on account of the very large crop in the country, threshers were very scarce, and, without this machine, none of their grain would have been threshed at the time of writing. A great number of the white farmers in that vicinity still have their threshing to do, but the band has finished all its threshing excepting a few oats.

A farm instructor was appointed for the Long Plain band during the past year. A good residence and out-buildings have been built, and the intention is to try to instruct the Indians in mixed farming. On this reserve they have been doing very little farming, when the quality of the soil and the amount of good land that they have on the reserve are taken into account, and it is hoped that the appointment of this new official on this reserve will have a good effect on these Indians.

The health of the Indians during the year has been good; there have been no serious sickness and just the ordinary deaths from old age, etc.

MANITOWAPAH AGENCY.

I visited all the reserves in this agency during the month of June; Sandy Bay on June 2, Lake Manitoba on June 4, Ebb and Flow on the 7th, Lake St. Martin on the 10th, Little Saskatchewan on the 11th, Fairford on the 12th, Crane River on the 16th, Water Hen on the 17th, Pine Creek on the 26th, and Shoal River on the 28th. I also visited Sandy Bay reserve in March, and spent several weeks at Fairford during the fall of 1915, looking after the building of the new combined day school that was put up on that reserve by the department. The Indians of the Sandy Bay reserve have made a fair living during the year; they are raising a little grain on that reserve now. A number of the younger men in this band are commencing to farm a little. The land is good on the reserve, and they are commencing to see the benefits of doing some farming. They also put up 625 tons of hay during the season and on my recent visit in March they reported that the cattle and horses have been wintering fairly well.

There is no progress to report on the Lake Manitoba reserve. I found things at the time of my visit just about the same as usual. Quite a number of Indians from this reserve work out among the white farmers, and earn quite a bit of money that way. They made quite a sum of money this season in fishing as have nearly all the bands in this agency.

There is no progress to report on the Ebb and Flow reserve, things going just about the same as usual. The great bulk of the male members of this band are out working during the summer season, among the farmers in the Gladstone and Portage la Prairie districts, and make a great part of their living in this way. They also fish and are able to get plenty for their own use and always sell some in the fall and winter.

The Indians on the Lake St. Martin and Little Saskatchewan reserves are not making very much progress, and about all that we can get them to do is to put in a garden. Last year, all the gardens in that part of the country were practically ruined by the early August frosts, and none of the Indians have raised enough potatoes for their own use during the season. Both these bands are in a first-class district for fishing, but this last fall fishing was not as good as usual, and in consequence quite a number of the Indians have had hard work to make a living and keep their families in any sort of comfort. They have been able to get enough fish for their own use, but

not very many for sale. Prices of fur this year have been better than last, and that has helped them out to some extent, in fact all of their living is made by hunting and fishing. A few of the Indians go out to work, but the bulk of them just stay at or near the reserve.

During the early summer of 1945, I sent in to this reserve, about 50 bushels of fresh seed potatoes, which were paid for at treaty-time. They were all planted, but unfortunately the early August frost killed all the tops, and the potatoes were of no use; so practically all of the potatoes the Indians used during last winter had to be brought in by the stores in that district, which supply the Indians with certain kinds of provisions in exchange for their furs and fish.

There is nothing new to report about the Crane River reserve, which was visited once during the year. The cows that were bought the year before are all doing well, and the members of the band were much pleased that they had invested \$600 in these cattle. At the time of my visit to this reserve, the potatoes were looking very well, but the crop was very poor last fall.

The Water Hen band has done very well during the past year. Fishing was good and a number of the band this winter have made as high as \$500 by the sale of fish. These Indians are very free spenders of money, and what they get for fish does not last very long. They buy all kinds of things, and as a rule when we get there at treaty-time, in June, there is none of their winter money left. They are in a district where there is a great supply of the very best of whitefish, and they also are able to get plenty of hay for their cattle.

There is no progress to report on the Pine Creek reserve. I visited this reserve twice during the year, and had band meetings on both occasions, and, though the Indians are making a fair living, hunting and fishing, there is not much actual progress discernible on the reserve. These Indians do a considerable amount of hunting for fur, and the prices being higher this year, will help them out. The fishing in the district was not very good, so many of the white and half-breed settlers fishing now hurts the Indian. The Indian boarding school on this reserve is quite a help to the Indians, work of one kind or another being available at certain times of the year, during the farming operations of the school.

At the time of my visit to Shoal River reserve, the Indians were just about in the same condition as in the preceding year, having lived very well, and the reports that have come in during the past winter say that the fibbing is good and that the Indians had a successful year. This is a great, district for the best whitefish, and the Indians are only about 30 miles from the railway, and the buyers come right on to the reserve to take their fish there for shipment. The price for fish this year was just about the same as last, and from reports I have received the Indians have made quite a bit of money during the fishing season.

General Remarks.

All the Indians of this agency depend for a large part of their living on the sale of fish and fur, and now that the railways are adjacent to quite a number of the reserves, they also sell quite a lot of wood as nearly all the reserves in this agency are largely wooded with white poplar and spruce. Sandy Bay, Ebb and Flow, Dog Creek and Crane River reserves are situated on Lake Manitoba. Lake St. Martin, Little Saskatchewan and Fairford reserves adjoin Lake St. Martin. The Water Hen reserve is situated on the river of the same name, which connects Lake Winnipegosis and Lake Manitoba. The Pine Creek and Shoal River reserves are situated on Lake Winnipegosis, the latter on an arm of the lake called Dawson bay.

On account of the high prices of cattle during the last two or three years, the Indians on all the reserves have been induced to sell quite a large number of their stock. The number of cattle and horses on the reserve in June last was 1,109 as against

1,585 in June 1914, a decrease of 476 during the year and the decrease is particularly in cattle. Cattle were high during the year and the Indians were tempted and induced by the buyers to sell. The agent and myself on every occasion have been telling the Indians not to sell their young animals; but when the buyer comes along and offers a good price, the cattle go.

The health of the Indians has been generally good during the year. There have been some slight epidemics like grippe, but nothing of a very serious nature.

GRISWOLD AGENCY.

I inspected both reserves in this agency during the year, and found that the Indians were in very good condition and had made a good living off the land. The agency consists of two reserves, the Oak Lake and the Oak River. The Oak River reserve is situated about 6 miles north of the town of Griswold, which is on the main line of the Canadian Pacific railway, and the Oak Lake reserve is close to the town of Pipestone, which is situated 182 miles from Winnipeg, on the Canadian Pacific railway, southwestern branch. The Indians on both of these reserves depend now to quite a large extent on the soil for a living. The Oak River band has a much larger population than the one at Pipestone and had quite a large crop during the past year. Fifty-three members of this band are farming at the present time.

On the Oak Lake reserve, thirteen members of the band are engaged in farming operations. The members of this band do a lot of travelling around in the spring, summer and fall seasons, and it is very difficult to get them to stick to their farming operations. They were assisted quite materially last year, by the department with seed, but the crop was light in that district on the old lands that they had in crop, and the agent intends to see that quite a large amount of their old lands are summer-fallowed, as it is almost impossible to expect a crop by continuing to put in grain on these old fields. The members of these bands raised quite a lot of Indian corn and had in both reserves about 240 bushels. This corn is mostly sold to the seedmen for general sale to the public for seed. On account of the orders given by the department last season, to see that every available acre was put in, almost all their acreage was in crop last year, and in consequence there was no land whatever summer-fallowed on the Oak Lake reserve. Fortunately on the Oak River reserve there was about 600 acres summer-fallowed, which will be ready for wheat this spring.

The health of the bands has been good during the year, there having been no serious epidemic of any kind. A large number of the children of the Indians of this agency are put in the boarding and industrial schools, and Mr. James McDonald, the agent, informs me that when the male pupils are discharged, they take more interest in farming and he is sure the result of their education will have a good effect on the future of the reserves that he has in charge. There is a lady now living on the Oak River reserve who has the special duty intrusted to her by the department of visiting the Indian houses and instructing the women about the various duties of housekeeping and teaching them to keep their homes clean, and with a good result, as quite a number of the Indians on this reserve now have things very tidy around their premises. The agent's reports sent in from this agency, every month, are always entertaining and contain a lot of useful information regarding the reserves.

BIRTLE AGENCY.

This agency comprises the following reserves: Waywayseecappo's, 25 miles north of Birtle; Gambler's, 5 miles southwest of Binscarth; Keeseekoowenin, 10 miles north of Strathclair; Rolling River, 8 miles north of Basswood; and the Bird Tail Sioux, 14 miles southwest of the town of Birtle. All these towns are on the Canadian Pacific railway, northwestern line.

I visited most of the reserves in this agency with the agent during treaty payments of last May, and found that all the Indians had made a very fair living during the year, Most of the Indians in this agency are engaged in farming. The crop during the season of 1915 was just a fair one. It will be necessary for these Indians in the not distant future to break up some new land as a great many of the old fields are at the present time very weedy and require to be summer-fallowed, badly. They have quite a lot of cattle on the greater number of the reserves, and have put up a large quantity of hay. These Indians do some hunting during the early spring and late fall, but depend upon this for a very small portion of their living, as white settlers surround these reserves, and it makes the prospect of their earning much from this source more difficult every year. The potato crop was poor in this agency, just the same as all over the province of Manitoba.

The general health of the Indians has been good and will compare quite favourably with that of the white settlers who adjoin the reserves. The hospital for the reserves, and boarding school, at the town of Birtle were visited during the year, and the doctor in charge informed me that everything was going as well as he could desire and very few patients from the reserves were in residence during the year.

THE PAS AGENCY.

I visited all the reserves in this agency during the month of July, and found that everything was just about in the same condition as the year before with the exception of the Pas reserve. Nearly all the reserves in the agency are practically at a standstill, showing very little improvement this year over the last one. The members of the Pas reserve, on account of the ease with which they can get lumber and with their own saw-mill, do quite a lot of improvement and one can always see some buildings erected between visits. I have been through the Pas reserve several times during the year, but inspected the other five reserves only during treaty payments. All the Indians in this agency do a large amount of hunting for fur, and, prices being good during this past season, a large part of their income has been derived from that source. They also, can get a lot of fish in the lakes and rivers adjacent to their reserves, and we never bear in that district of any shortage in the food-supply for the Indians.

The Chemawawin reserve is situated on Cedar lake, where the Saskatchewan river enters that water and is about 100 miles southeast of the Pas town. The Indians of this band depend upon hunting and fishing for a living, and the progress of the band is slow. At the time of my visit in July, the potatoes were just nicely up and looked well.

The Moose Lake band is situated on Moose lake about 75 miles east by north from the Pas, and the Indians of this band are engaged in hunting for most of the year, and always manage to make a very fair living. The potato gardens were good as usual on this reserve. These Indians take great pleasure in having us go around and see their gardens. A tract of 320 acres of hay-land has recently been given to them, and they are going to make an effort to go more into the keeping of stock and have more cattle on their reserve. The Hudson Bay railway will make the access to this reserve easier in the future, as it is distant from the reserve about 20 miles, and, when it is in operation, there will be no difficulty in getting into or out of that reserve at any season of the year, and, when the railway is in operation, I have no doubt the Indians will earn a lot of money by catching fish for sale. At the present time the fish in their lakes are so far away from market that they are practically of no value outside of what the Indians use for their food-supply.

The Shoal Lake reserve in this agency is situated on the Carrot river about 100 miles west of the Pas, in the province of Saskatchewan. These Indians have quite a number of cattle and horses on their reserve, the cattle number 60 and the horses 15,

but they depend almost altogether upon their hunting and trapping for a living. They get a great deal of moose meat during the year and are never short of provisions in this part of the country. They also had at the time of my visit some very nice gardens of potatoes and usually grow enough for their own supply.

The Red Earth reserve is also situated on the Carrot river, about 15 miles up the river from the Shoal Lake Indians. These Indians also live in much the same way as those on the other reserves, by hunting, trapping and shooting game. As well, they have a large number of cattle and horses, 108 head of cattle and 36 horses. They have quite a lot of hay-land and put up a lot of hay every year for food for their stock. The soil on this reserve is of a very fine quality and they have every year the best potatoes in the agency. As a rule, every year, the first potatoes we get will be from this reserve, and they are all of good quality. For several years these Indians have taken down to The Pas, in the spring of the year, a quantity of potatoes to sell, being the surplus they carry over from the winter. The Carrot river is now open from the Pas town to the reserve lately granted this band by the department. The first time that I ever went direct from The Pas to the Red Earth reserve by water, without portaging, was during the past year. We were able to take the boat right through and land at the reserve.

The Cumberland reserve is situated on Cumberland lake about 100 miles northwest of The Pas, by river. The members of this band make their living by hunting and fishing. A number of the band live about 30 miles from the main reserve on a small reserve lately granted this band by the department. At the date of my last visit to The Pas, prospectors had just come in from the district north of Cumberland about 50 miles, with reports of the discovery of the richest gold mines in Canada. If these reports prove correct, there will be a great influx into that district, and, as it is a water route, the Indians will be able to earn plenty of money in taking the prospectors in during the open season.

The health of the Indians, as a whole, in the agency, has been very good during the year. There was an epidemic of typhoid fever on The Pas reserve, but no deaths from this cause, all the Indians having recovered.

GENERAL REMARKS.

The agent, Mr. W.R. Taylor, has given close supervision to all the bands in his agency, during the past year, and has everything in the agency office in very good order. He visits the various bands two or three times a year, and his monthly reports are always of very great interest. The cattle in this agency have increased about 60 during the year, and the Indians have about the same number of horses as on the date of my last report.

The past winter was a very severe one in the north country, though there was not as much snow as we have had in the southern parts of Manitoba. The Saskatchewan river was very high during July and August of last year, which caused flooding of a great deal of hay-land through the agency, and all the bands had considerable trouble in getting hay; but from all the reports of the agent, they have been able to feed their cattle, although some members of The Pas band had to buy hay to bring their cattle through the winter.

REPORT OF JOHN R. BUNN, INSPECTOR FOR LAKE WINNIPEG INSPECTORATE, MANITOBA.

The office of this inspectorate is located in the city of Winnipeg; its territory embraces the agencies of Clandeboye, Fisher River and Norway House.

Clandeboye agency has the agency office and head-quarters located in the town of Selkirk. The reserves included in this agency are all located on the eastern shore of

Lake Winnipeg; they extend in a northerly direction about 100 miles from the agency office at Selkirk. There is also within the boundaries of this agency, a small portion of the surrendered reserve of St. Peter's, approximating 3,000 acres, that is held by special arrangement for the benefit of the people of St. Peter's band. The reserves on Lake Winnipeg are severally located as follow at the outflow into Lake Winnipeg, of the following streams: Brokenhead reserve, on Brokenhead river; Fort Alexander reserve, on Winnipeg river; Black River reserve, on Little Black river; Hollowwater reserve, on Winnipeg river; and Loon Creek reserve, on Loon creek. The territory of this agency lies wholly within the boundaries of the province of Manitoba.

Fisher River agency has the agency office and head-quarters on the Peguis reserve. On the agency site located on the Peguis reserve, and set aside by resolution of the band, for agency purposes, in 1913, there have been erected suitable buildings for a well equipped and well established agency, with ample accommodation for good service. During the past year a good well has been sunk for the use of the agency, and a plentiful supply of good water has been obtained. The territory of this agency is large, extending from Dog Head on Lake Winnipeg, northerly, along the whole eastern end part of the western shores of this lake, and reaching inland from the mouth of the Berens river, so as to include reserves at Little Grand Rapids, Deer Lake and Pikangikum, a distance inland of 300 miles approximately, in an easterly direction. Peguis reserve is located up the Fisher river, this stream runs through this reserve, from one end to the other. All the territory of this agency lies within the province of Manitoba with. the exception of Deer Lake and Pikangikum, which are in New Ontario.

Norway House agency has the agency house, office and head-quarters established on the Indian reserve at Norway House, closely adjacent to the Methodist, mission at Rossville. The area, within the limits of this agency, is very large, and extends north and northeasterly from the north end of Lake Winnipeg. Lying along the Nelson river are located Norway House and Split Lake reserves; in a westerly direction from Split Lake, up the Burntwood river, is Nelson House reserve, on Footprint lake; to the east on Oxford Lake is Oxford House; further east and south on God's lake is God's Lake reserve; and further south on Island lake is Island Lake reserve. All the territory of this agency lies within the province of Manitoba.

The Indians of the inspectorate are located by bands, in the following agencies: -

Clandeboyce Agency	5 bands, F.W.R. Colcleugh, Agent.
Fisher River Agency	10 bands, Thos H. Carter, Agent.
Norway House Agency	7 bands, Joseph Jones, Agent.
Total	22 bands.

The aggregate population continues to show some increase, and is very much scattered over the area embraced within the limits of the Lake Winnipeg inspectorate. The mode of travel, in part of the western portion of Norway House agency, will soon undergo some change, by the advent and completion of the Hudson Bay railway; this will, in a measure, reduce the hardship and danger of travel, and the expense of transportation, in this part of the inspectorate. As the mode of travel to reach the other parts of the inspectorate remains the same as formerly, it is expensive and dangerous, and is always operated with care, for safety and economy.

During the season of 1915, from June 4 to June 12, I was engaged in making the annuity payments for Agent Colcleugh, of Clandeboyce agency, who was confined to his home by a serious illness. I paid all the Indians at Brokenhead, Fort Alexander, Black River and Hollowwater reserves, and returned to my office at Winnipeg on June 12, and completed and sent in reports on this work. On June 18, I went with Agent Carter, of Fisher River agency, and accompanied him to all the payments on

the reserves at Bloodvein, Jackhead, Berens River, Poplar River, Grand Rapids, Little Grand Rapids and Deer Lake. After witnessing all the payments at the points mentioned, and visiting on the several reserves, I returned to my office at Winnipeg, and completed and sent all my reports on this work. On July 26, I left Winnipeg to join the late agent, J.G. Stewart, of Norway House, and then accompanied him and witnessed all the payments at Cross Lake, Split Lake and Nelson House, I also inspected these reserves. The whole treaty party returned to Cross Lake; here I parted with the agent; he went to Oxford House, God's Lake and Island Lake, accompanied by the doctor, and completed the payments at these points, and returned to Norway House on September 4. I visited and inspected the new boarding school building that was in course of erection at Cross Lake under the auspices of the Roman Catholic Church, also the day school under the auspices of the Methodist Church. I then returned to Norway House and inspected the boarding school operated under the auspices of the Methodist Church there, also the several day schools under Methodist and Anglican auspices there. I also made a thorough inspection of the hospital for Indians at Norway House. I remained at Norway House until Agent Stewart returned, and under instructions of the department I assisted him to complete his work. When this was all finished, I returned to Winnipeg, and was in my office on September 20. As soon as convenient, from time to time, I completed reports and sent them in, covering the matters that I had observed and inspected in this journey.

The journeys I have described afforded me ample opportunity to meet a large majority of the people, at the several points I visited, in the three agencies of Clandeboyne, Fisher River and Norway House to talk with them about their mode of living and habits of life, and to inquire about their means of making a livelihood, to see a number of their homes and gardens, to note the condition of the resources of the reserves, and to suggest to them the wishes of the department as to how they could improve their conditions, and in this way become better trained to rely on their own exertions and to utilize their energy and resources to better advantage for their comfort and health. I was also able to observe the relations of the officers and wards of the department; I am pleased to bear witness to the feeling of confidence that exists in this work, and to testify that the business to be done in this work was handled in a satisfactory manner by the several agents, and to the satisfaction of the Indians generally. This convinced me that the agents were well fitted to discharge their duties in a capable manner as the official representatives of the department, and in this way to place the department in a satisfactory position with its wards, the Indians.

CLANDEBOYNE AGENCY.

The Indians of this agency are members of the great Ojibway tribe principally, although some Swampy Cree have been introduced by admission and intermarriage; the language spoken is Ojibway, sometimes designated *Saulteaux*. Swampy Cree is quite commonly used; many of the people speak English fluently.

During the past year, the health conditions of these people have been fair and satisfactory, epidemics have not been prevalent in any general way; locally there have been some outbreaks of grippe, at varying periods, during the past winter, also some whooping cough appeared in one or two localities, limited, however, to only a few cases. We have had the usual troubles from tuberculosis and swollen glands, but not in any particularly excessive degree, as compared with other years. The provision of medical supplies furnished by the department to the several dispensers throughout the agency have been used with good effect in relieving the sick. Dr. T.R. Steep is the medical officer of this agency. His own health, for a time, was not robust; for the time he was unable to travel, but he furnished a good substitute. The doctor visits all points in the agency periodically, and he gives prompt and ready attention to all calls.

The hospital, established for many years, at Dynevor, under the auspices of the Women's Auxiliary of the Church of England, in the old reserve at St. Peter's is an institution utilized and operated entirely for the benefit of Indians. The management, during the past year, have added a new wing to the hospital building. This will add twelve beds to the capacity of the institution, when completed. It is a wooden frame building, on a concrete foundation; it is well plastered, and substantial in finish. This new addition will be used for tubercular patients, principally. It is fitted out and planned and equipped to provide the latest and most up-to-date treatment for such cases. The management have also installed a steam-heating plant, which adds to the comfort of the institution greatly. During the coming season, this work will be fully completed. When this is done, the Dynevor hospital should be a very useful institution, ready to meet and provide good service. The management have become well acquainted with the peculiar needs of this work, so that efficient and practical assistance is afforded to many who are sick and suffering from disease, and to many aged, infirm and destitute people - men, women and children - who, on account of their misfortune and condition, require the care and treatment they receive in this institution. The department grants very generous assistance to this work, and I am able to bear testimony to the fact that this institution affords most valuable relief and care to many Indians in a most practical manner.

The movement of Indians from St. Peter's to the new reserve at Peguis, located on the Fisher river, has been going on steadily, but not rapidly, during the past year. The Indians have been fully advised, with reference to this matter, of the wishes of the department, and that it would mean quite a serious loss to them, if they should by delay fail to get the full advantage of the assistance promised, on certain conditions, for building and transportation, when they took residence in the new reserve.

The old and destitute people, widows and orphans, have always received prompt attention from the agent. The supplies furnished by the department for this service have been faithfully and well handled, to the best advantage for those deserving such assistance.

The past winter has been one of the most, if not the most, severe and trying winter seasons experienced in this, country. From the beginning, in early November, up to the middle of March, with a very little exception, the temperature has been uniformly low, almost all the time. This has been accompanied by the heaviest snow-fall ever recorded by the government meteorological observatory since its establishment here some time in 1871. These conditions have contributed to make living very strenuous. The potato crops and garden operations, on account of an unfavourable season, were somewhat of a failure. However, under the trying conditions the Indians have been able to make a fair living; game, rabbits and fish were fairly plentiful. The proceeds of their fur hunting operations have been very much better, owing to the improved condition of the raw fur market prices.

FISHER RIVER AGENCY.

The Indians of this agency are members of the great Ojibway tribe and the Swampy Cree tribe, in the proportion of about two-thirds Ojibway and one-third Swampy Cree. The languages spoken are Ojibway or Saukteaux and Swampy Cree. Many of the Indians speak English fluently.

The health conditions of the people of this agency for the past year, on the whole, have been fair. Up to the end of October last there was nothing to occasion any special mention; since then, there has been an outbreak of grippe passing among the people. This trouble has been more or less serious with young children and the old people; there have been a few deaths, but in proportion to the number affected, the death-roll cannot be specially marked as serious. Reports received from those reserves located at points long distant inland, have been favourable; the sources of

information have been reliable. The medical dispensers have been well supplied with medicines, which they have used, diligently with success. The travelling nurse who worked in and throughout the agency last summer and early spring, did good work. She was very industrious in caring for the sick, and in her endeavours to instruct the people in sanitation and cleanliness, by visiting their homes and speaking to them plainly about these important matters. Dr. Palsson accompanied the treaty party. He reported the health of the Indians as satisfactory. The Indians of this agency, notwithstanding the very, severe winter, have had a fairly successful hunting season. The prices of furs, for this season, have advanced, so that the revenue from this source was improved, and has proved to be a boon to the hunters and their families. Fish, game and rabbits have abounded, so there was a fair food supply from these to an unfavourable season, which was quite general, many of the Indian garden, did not result well. This was discouraging as well as unfortunate. No cases of severe destitution have been reported; there have been some hardships, but for such a severe winter they were comparatively light.

NORWAY HOUSE AGENCY.

The Indians of this agency are members of the Swampy Cree tribe. There is a small proportion of Ojibway. The language spoken is principally Swampy Cree. A number of the Indians understand and speak English well.

From month to month during the past year I have received reports of the health conditions of the Indians of this agency. On the whole, these have been quite satisfactory. Dr. H.C. Norquay is the medical officer of this agency. He looks after this side of the work. He has associated with him a trained nurse. The hospital at Norway House has been in operation for some time, it is a good institution, well equipped, now well officered, and well supplied with all that goes to make it splendidly efficient to do good work. Dr. Norquay here treats many of the side. He is ably seconded in this good work by the nurse, Mrs. Dent, a fine woman, well fitted by training and temperament to be most efficient in her duty. This organization, the institution and the staff, as now made up, meets the needs of the sick and suffering in this district and surrounding country in a satisfactory way. The appointment of field matrons at Cross Lake, Split Lake and Nelson House is another move for the benefit of the Indians that the department has sanctioned. Those who have been appointed are good women, who have for some years been accustomed to this work. The position is now more definitely organized, and will be of benefit to the Indians. Dr. Norquay accompanied the treaty party through the whole trip for the season of 1915. He reported that he found the health conditions of the Indians located on inland reserves generally satisfactory.

It would appear, from the reports that I have received from the more remote parts of this far distant district, that the Indians have been able to pass a fairly good winter, notwithstanding the undue severity of the conditions that have prevailed this winter throughout the district. Fur hunting has been quite successful, the fur-bearing animals have been quite plentiful, the prices that have, obtained for their fur catch have ruled much higher than during the winter of 1914 - 1915. These enhanced prices have increased the incomes of the hunters, so that they have been able to make better provision for themselves and their families. Fish, rabbits and game have also been plentiful, so that this source of food supply has been good. No cases of severe destitution were reported. So far as I have been able to learn, the supplies furnished by the department for destitute calls have been available in a provident manner.

The building and partial operation of the Hudson's Bay railway has been of some benefit to the people who live near this great work; it has afforded some employ-

ment to a number of them. It has also been a factor in reducing the cost of supplies that these people purchase. It has also given a better market for their furs indirectly, as the buyers can get in more easily. So far, therefore, the advent of this work has helped the Indians in a material way. The moral effect has not become apparent so far.

HUDSON BAY AGENCY.

Located in this agency there are two reserves, York Factory and Churchill; both lie along the west shore of Hudson bay.

At the time of writing, no regular agent has been appointed to look after this work. The supervision of the work: is under the Royal Northwest Mounted Police. The report of the work submitted by them will no doubt give full details covering an conditions in this district.

The Indians live exclusively by hunting and fishing and they live under conditions that are not capable of much development.

No adverse reports of the health conditions of these people have been received.

The people of York Factory belong principally to the Swampy Cree tribe; the people of Churchill are of the Chipewyan tribe.

GENERAL REMARKS.

I have not much to add under this head, as I have endeavoured to cover under the several heads all the information I could. I might, however, make the statement that the traffic in intoxicants with Indians has been the most prolific sources of any difficulties that arise in dealing with the problem of caring for the Indians. The wave of prohibitory action that seems to be now general throughout the country, will no doubt have a timely effect in the control of this traffic. The officers who have to deal with this matter have been active and energetic in following up and punishing any infractions of the regulations governing this traffic.

I have to report that a number of the Indians have enlisted under the colours, and have taken their places in the ranks for active service. Some are now on the firing line, and some on the way there, and more are training. This action is altogether voluntary, and is the outcome of the desire on the part of the Indians to, defend their King and country; the spirit of loyalty is commendable.

The Indians have expressed appreciation of the treatment accorded to them by the department in the very apparent determination to keep faith with them, and a readiness to redeem all promises made in treaty, and to care for, protect, and watch over them.

REPORT OF THOS. WM. HARRIS, INDIAN AGENT FOR FORT SIMPSON AGENCY, NORTHWEST TERRITORIES.

Health and Sanitation. - The general health has been good during the past year, and no epidemics have been prevalent. There have been eight deaths, of which three were caused by consumption, two by pneumonia, two by tumour and one by softening of the brain. The Indians who live in tents are careful to keep their tents clean, and to change place, when necessary, but those who have houses leave much to be desired in the way of sanitation.

Occupations. - All the Indians of this agency are hunters and trappers. The fall in the prices of all kinds of fur, consequent upon the European war, has greatly diminished their revenue, for the past two years. Moose seem to be getting scarce throughout the country, and rabbits have almost entirely disappeared. The fishing is poor, and in winter no fish can be caught in the small lakes within the section of coun-

try frequented by the Indians of this place. The Indians are willing to work at anything, when they can find anyone to employ them, but the demand for labour is small.

Those who have houses have usually a small plot of land on which they raise a few potatoes; but, as they leave their houses in the winter to hunt, the potatoes freeze, and they are obliged to apply for seed each spring. The land along the banks of the Mackenzie river, is well adapted for the growth of potatoes and other vegetables, and the long hours of sunlight in summer hasten maturity.

Farm Machinery and Implements. - The Indians do not possess any machinery of any kind, except an occasional spade; nor do they require any at present, their farming operations being few and simple.

Buildings. - Nearly all the well-to-do Indians have small houses or shacks, in which they spend a portion of the winter. These shacks are built of logs, roofed with poles, covered with mud, or in some cases, pine bark, and form a good protection against the severity of the Northern winter. In summer they all live in tents, and move from place to place, as the exigencies of their search for food demand.

Characteristics and Progress. - A want of initiative and of energy seems to be the most noticeable characteristic of these people. When engaged to work by others, they give satisfaction; but they are very lazy in performing their every day duties, when left to themselves. They are law-abiding and amenable to reason, and have a great respect for the uniform of the Royal Northwest Mounted Police. They have, unfortunately, certain old superstitions, which have a tendency to retard their progress; but these will be eradicated in time, as has been the case with the Indians of the prairies. As hunters, the young men now growing up do not seem to compare favourably with their fathers; but this may be due, at least in part, to the fact that game is becoming scarcer.

Temperance and Morality. - There is no intoxication among the Indians of this place. In former times, they made a kind of beer, but this habit has been entirely discontinued, as far as can be learned, since the advent of a detachment of police. Their morals are improving, and the former practice of changing wives is now unknown. For a number of years, these people have been strictly monogamous. While given to exaggeration, they are not fundamentally untruthful, and cases of theft are rare. There appears to be no reason why the Indians of this agency should not become as self-supporting and independent as those in other parts of Canada.

REPORT OF GERALD CARD INDIAN AGENT FOR FORT SMITH AGENCY, NORTHWEST TERRITORIES.

Bands. - The following bands are included in this agency: Chipewyan, Fond du Lac (Lake Athabaska), Fort Chipewyan, Fort Fitzgerald, Fort Smith, and Great Slave Lake; Cree, Fort McMurray and Fort Chipewyan; Slave, Hay River and Great Slave Lake; Dogrib, Great Slave Lake; Yellowknife, Great Slave Lake.

Occupations. - Practically all the Indians in this agency live by hunting, trapping and fishing. The fishing is either for the Indian's maintenance or for the company for whom he is working. No fish are sold, as nobody ever catches enough. So far, the fur trade has been the only industry in this agency.

Stock. - Apart from a few Indians at Fort Smith, and at Fort Fitzgerald, the Indians in this agency own no stock, except dogs. At the above places there are a few horses.

As there is abundant grazing in the country west of Fort Smith, and transportation facilities are becoming improved, the Indians are beginning to ask for the stock that, they say, was promised them, when they made treaty with the Government.

Farm Implements. - As in the case of stock, only a few Indians at Fort Smith and Fort Fitzgerald own any farm implements. At these places a few own wagons.

Buildings. - The majority of the Indians live in log houses. These are fairly warm in winter, and, in my opinion, are not unhealthy where they have fireplaces. Few new buildings have been erected during the year, as no lumber or shingles could be bought.

Health and Sanitation. - The health of the Indians during the past year has been fairly good. There has been the usual amount of sickness when they congregate at treaty-time, and at the New Year, but no more than formerly. No epidemic has been reported. The establishing of a hospital at Fort Smith, under the management of the Sisters of Charity, has supplied a long felt need, which, owing to the size of the district served, and the many infirmities of the various bands, is capable of considerable expansion. Two large tents, recently purchased by the department, will be used at this institution this spring for the treatment of consumptive patients. As in former years, Dr. McDonald, medical officer for the department, conducts both in winter and summer, an extensive itinerary from Fort Smith. The placing of a physician at this place, together with the establishing of the above hospital, has been a great boon, not only to the Indians, but also to the half-breeds and the white residents.

Very little improvement can be reported on the subject of sanitation; but as the various bands are nomadic in their mode of living, conditions are not so unsanitary as might be expected.

Temperance and Morality. - The Indians on the whole are temperate. No trouble has been caused during the past year by the attempted sale of intoxicants. As everybody is away from the Indians, there is, as far as this agency is concerned, no difficulty in the way of enforcing the law.

With regard to morality, the patient teaching of the missionaries, together with the correct example that they, set the Indians, is year by year having a visible influence; were there no counteracting force at work, progress would be much more noticeable.

Characteristics and Progress. - The Indians in this agency are law-abiding, gentle and timid; but are not progressive. Destitution and starvation are always very near. Fur may be high or low in price, but the Indian is always poor; he believes in an over-ruling providence who will always provide him with moose, and he believes in a paternal government. The arrival of the railway at Fort McMurray, this spring, will bring civilization, so called, very near; conditions will change; but what changing conditions will do to change Indian character remains to be seen.

REPORT OF HENRY A. CONROY, CONCERNING FORT SIMPSON AND FORT SMITH AGENCIES, NORTHWEST TERRITORIES

FORT SMITH AGENCY.

Owing to the resignation of Mr. A.J. Bell in February, 1915, Dr. A. McDonald at Fort Smith was instructed to act as Indian agent until the arrival of Mr. G. Card in June, who had been appointed as Indian agent.

Buildings. - The buildings at the headquarters of this agency comprise agents house, office, warehouse, stable and shed; and this year a house for the agency interpreter was completed.

A piece of ground about 1 acre in extent is cultivated as a garden, with good results, although the soil is light and sandy. Good fences are in evidence and the general appearance of the grounds is very neat and tidy. A well has recently been completed, which provides sufficient water for the requirements of the agency headquarters.

Experimental Farm. - Mr. R. Salmon, who occupied the position of clerk during the time when Mr. Bell was agent, also took an active interest in the experimental

farm, which is distant from Fort Smith about 12 miles. He has, however, enlisted for overseas service with an Edmonton battalion, and, in consequence, at the present time, there is no one filling his place.

I am of the opinion that it would be in the interest of the Department of Agriculture to take over the administration of the experimental farm at this point, as has been done at Fort Vermilion. It is too far distant from the agency headquarters to be well looked after, and, if results are to be achieved from its operation, it would seem desirable to have a farmer resident thereon.

Saw-mill. - Since last year the saw-mill building has suffered some considerable damage due to the collapse of the roof, owing to the sinking of the foundation. The boiler is also showing a tendency to subside, as its situation was too close to a disused well, and, in consequence of the gradual caving in of the surrounding soil, the natural support is giving way.

It will be necessary to have the roof repaired so that the machinery will not be exposed to the weather, and the boiler will have to be shifted. I would suggest that when this work is to be performed, a new disposition of the mill machinery be made, so that logs can be handled more expeditiously than heretofore. Previously logs had to be hauled out on shore and drawn to the loading gangway by means of teams; but, under the proposed plan of constructing the main building, so that delivery of logs can be made direct from the river into the mill, by bull wheel and cable, it would seem to be a good opportunity to arrange for this during the reconstruction that has become necessary by reason of present damage and defects.

The staff of the agency consists of agent, clerk, and interpreter.

FORT SIMPSON AGENCY.

The present agency buildings consist of the agent's house and the barn or stable. The buildings are situated on land leased from the Hudson's Bay Company; but I would suggest that the necessary steps be taken to have a transfer made of lots Nos. 16, 18, 20, 22 and 24, comprising in all 115 acres, approximately, from the Interior Department to comprise an agency reserve. This would provide ample ground for farm and agency purposes.

The saw-mill has been in operation for some considerable time, and, besides filling the local want for lumber, it is also engaged in, supplying lumber for Providence and Hay River settlements.

The farm work, which is now under the actual charge of the agent, Mr. T.W. Harris, is productive of very good results. The late farm instructor, Mr. Dinnies von der Osten, at one time lieutenant in the 74th Hussars, German army, left the scene of his duties in the winter of 1914, in order to rejoin the German army. In spite of obstacles placed in his way by the Royal Northwest Mounted Police, it is understood that he has made his way to Germany. The vacancy created by his departure has not since been filled, and, in view of the very creditable manner in which Agent Harris is discharging his duties, without conflicting with his regular agency work, I am of the opinion that a farm instructor at Fort Simpson is not a necessity.

In lieu of appointing a farm instructor to supervise the farming experiment at Simpson, I would suggest that Agent Harris be authorized to hire temporary local assistance as occasion demands.

The staff consists at the present time of agent, engineer, and interpreter.

REPORT OF THOS. E. DONNELLY, INDIAN AGENT FOR ASSINIBOINE AGENCY, SASKATCHEWAN.

Bands. - The Assiniboine reserve is occupied by members of Carry-the-kettle's band, while the Moosejaw Sioux, who are situated at some distance, are under the supervision of this agency.

Occupations. - The chief of these are farming, stock-raising marketing hay, pickets and fire-wood. The occupation of supplying firewood could be greatly extended, since the amount of wood available is quite large. The wood that is sold is soon replaced by rapid up-growth of poplar, willow, and birch. The revenue from this source is always available, and one that some of these Indians could not afford to do without.

Farm Machinery and Implements. - The majority of the Indians farming have a good supply of implements, with the exception of young farmers, who are just starting who borrow from the agency headquarters such machinery as they need, from time to time. These people own and operate jointly a threshing-machine, under the supervision of the farm instructor. Some of the farmers house their implements carefully, while others are very careless with their machinery, but in time when they realize the difficulty in purchasing these implements, they will doubtless take more care of them.

Buildings. - Each year there is a noticeable improvement in the buildings erected by the Indians. A few have good frame houses, on stone or concrete foundation, with vegetable cellars. A greater number have houses with log walls, and frame roofs thoroughly plastered, whitened with lime. The old log cabin, with a sod or mud roof, will soon be a thing of the past. The horse and cattle stables require improvement, and subsequently better results will be obtained, when these stables are made warmer, and the animals will be better able to withstand a severe winter, such as we have just gone through.

Health and Sanitation. - The health of the Indians has been fair, In June there was an epidemic of scarlet fever and measles in combination, which attacked a number of children. Fortunately only one death resulted therefrom. The births exceeded the deaths during the year. The younger married women show improvement in the care of their children, exposing them less than the older generation. Tuberculosis is present in Indians in different forms, but, nevertheless, it is remarkable the number of years this disease can be kept in check. A few young people have scrofulous glands, which are being constantly treated by the medical attendants. This disease appears to be gradually decreasing. The Indians are observing the ventilation of their houses, with more precaution. Most of them keep their houses clean, by continuous scrubbing, and disinfecting at intervals. They whitewash their houses as a sanitary measure. These Indians are very particular, often more so than their white neighbours, about having their yards thoroughly raked, and all refuse burned, as soon as the snow, disappears in the spring.

Characteristics and Progress. - The majority of these Indians are industrious, and gradually year by year are improving their financial condition. The educated people are making better progress, since they care for their earnings, and provide more for future needs. I can notice a marked improvement along these lines, which no doubt will continue to improve as time goes on.

Temperance and Morality. - These Indians are very temperate. Their morals are good.

MOOSEJAW SIOUX.

These people are non-treaty Indians. Some live at Wood Mountain, others in the city of Moosejaw, while others live in the various small towns between these two places.

Occupations. - Many of these people work for farmers and ranchers. Others have settled on a small reserve at Wood Mountain and are raising horses. A few spend a portion of their time hunting.

Buildings. - They do not possess many buildings, but live mostly in tents.

Health and Sanitation. - They appear to be healthy, and do not require very much medical attention.

Temperance and Morality. - These people are temperate in their habits. The R.N.W.M. Police stationed at Moosejaw and Wood Mountain keep a close watch over them. They inform me from time to time that they have no trouble with them.

Their morals are good.

REPORT OF J.A. ROWLAND, INDIAN AGENT FOR BATTLEFORD AGENCY, SASKATCHEWAN.

Bands. - This agency comprises eleven bands, - Stony, Red Pheasant, Sweet Grass, Poundmaker, Littlepine, Meadow Lake, Moosomin, Thunderchild, Jackfish Lake Saulteaux, Witchehan Lake, and Waterhen. The last three mentioned are not in treaty.

Tribes. - The members of the Red Pheasant, Sweet Grass, Poundmaker, Littlepine and Meadow Lake are Crees. The Jackfish Lake and Witchehan Lake are Saulteaux. The Moosomin, Thunderchild and Waterhen are mostly Crees with a mixture of Saulteaux among them. The Stony bands belong to the Assiniboine or Stonies.

Health and Sanitation. - With the exception of colds, there have been no epidemics of any kind during the year. The general health of the Indians has been excellent and the population of this agency has shown quite an increase. Due to better conditions of living, tuberculosis is on the decrease. The houses are now kept much cleaner and better ventilated, and those that were erected this year were built on more sanitary lines. One thing that is specially noted is that the mortality among young children has considerably decreased. Due to the efforts of the field matrons, the children attending school are kept clean and well clothed. Altogether the progress shown is very encouraging and shows good results for the efforts made.

Occupations. - All the bands in this agency, with the exception of the Saulteaux, are engaged in farming. During the past year a larger acreage than ever has been under crop, and splendid results were attained. The yield of grain was, seven times as high as the previous year, and the grain marketed mostly graded number one and two. Owing to the dryness of the fall, little of the land was ploughed. Considerable new land was broken during the year and summer-fallowing was more general than heretofore. Many of the Indians are engaged in stock-raising. The other industries are hunting and trapping, fishing, and selling hay, wood and willow pickets. Many of them last autumn stacked their grain and went out threshing for the settlers, and by this means succeeded in earning good sums of money.

Stock. - All the reserves in the agency are suited for stock-raising, with excellent pasturage and an abundance of hay. The stock has shown a small increase during the year and has been well looked after. This in my opinion is the most important industry engaged in by the Indians, and the one that will eventually place them in an independent position. Stricter measures are being employed to prevent the unnecessary slaughtering and sale of cattle.

Farm Implements. - With the exception of the Meadow Lake band the Indians of this agency are well equipped with farming implements. They have been purchased by themselves and are as a general rule kept in good condition. The Thunderchild and Stony bands in particular have added to their stock of farm implements this past year, and they are paying for them from the proceeds of their interest payments.

Buildings. - The majority of the buildings of this agency are of log construction with shingled or thatch roofs. Those that have been erected in recent years are much larger and better finished than the older ones. During the past year the Indians of the Stony bands have awakened to the necessity of better houses, and there have been four new ones built, which are a credit to their owners. Other members of these bands are now engaged in getting material to build during the coming summer. Most of the houses are supplied with comfortable furniture, which is being added to from time to time.

Characteristics and Progress. - The Indians are for the most part quiet, law-abiding and patriotic. During the past year it was very gratifying to see the interest the Indians have taken in the progress of the war. They have shown this in a practical manner by subscribing over five hundred dollars to the Patriotic and other funds. They have also shown more desire to get on, which is demonstrated by the increased acreage farmed and the large increase in their crops. There is no excuse for any able-bodied Indian to be in want, for those who are industrious live in as much comfort as their white neighbours. Laziness is not encouraged and the thriftless ones are being shown that they must rely on their own efforts instead of continually looking for assistance.

Temperance and Morality. - There have been very few cases of intemperance that have come to my notice, and with few exceptions the Indians are temperate. Their morality is improving and in most cases they are remaining faithful to their wives. I have discouraged them living together without a marriage ceremony, and during the past year all the young people that have taken wives have been married by the church. Although there is still much room for improvement, yet the results achieved in the past year or more are very encouraging.

REPORT OF S.A. MILLIGAN, INDIAN AGENT FOR CARLTON AGENCY, SASKATCHEWAN.

Bands. - The following bands are included in this agency: William Twatt's, Petequaakey's, Mistawasis, Ahtahkakoop's, Kenemotayo, Pelican Lake, Montreal Lake, and Wahpaton Sioux.

Health and Sanitation. - Generally speaking, the health of the Indians throughout this agency has been good for the past year. As usual, there were a number of cases of tuberculosis, bronchitis and pneumonia, and during December a rather severe outbreak of grippe incapacitated a number of Indians for three or four weeks. The usual precautions against small-pox and such contagious diseases were taken, with the result that epidemics of this description were conspicuous by their absence.

Occupations. - The chief occupations of the Indians of this agency are farming, stock-raising, freighting, hunting, fishing, and trapping. Some of the most intelligent manage to make a comfortable living outside the boundaries of the agency for instance, one is an accountant, three or four are excellent carpenters, and two are holders of engineer's certificates.

Buildings. - The majority of the buildings inhabited by the Indians of this agency are made of logs. They are, nevertheless, substantially built, and could without much trouble be made quite healthy, and serviceable. It is rather the rule, however than the exception to find the interior of these buildings both dirty, and untidy. Naturally one finds exceptions, but these are so few and far between that one is apt to overlook the cases that come under this heading.

The barns and different outhouses built by the Indians are of the usual type, and these, like their houses, are mostly made of logs, as a matter of fact it is difficult thing for one to make any comparison between the two.

Stock. - The stock industry shows an increase in both cattle and horses, and the Indians owners deserve some credit in the matter of caring for their animals during the past year, and especially through last winter, which was most severe.

Farm Machinery and Implements. - Individually the Indians of this agency are splendidly equipped with all kinds of farming machinery necessary to carry on the work. Many have complete outfits, large enough in numerous cases to operate successfully farms of two or three hundred acres. While some of our Indians are indifferent in the matter of caring for their implements, the majority, I am pleased to say, take good care of those in their possession.

Characteristics and Progress. - Generally speaking, the Indians of this agency are of law-abiding character.

Their progress, however, is slower than one would expect, considering the advantages they have at their command.

Those engaged in regular occupations generally manage to give satisfaction, but this cannot be said of those who only work spasmodically; invariably one finds that the latter class practically includes all ex-pupils or rather a great proportion of them while it may appear a remarkable assertion, yet I have no hesitation in saying that those pupils who receive assistance immediately after they leave school hardly, if ever, make a success of farming until at least three or four years have passed.

What these young men need more than anything, is farming experience, and this can only be acquired by labouring out with some person capable of instructing them.

After having received such a course of instruction, they would be in such a position that the assistance usually given to ex-pupils by the department, if given then, would be appreciated to the full, and infinitely better results would be obtained all round.

Temperance and Morality. - There were no convictions of drunkenness. during the year, neither were there any rumours that drinking was being indulged in upon the reserves. This, however, can be attributed to the fact that the liquor business throughout this province is now absolutely under the control of the Provincial Government.

With the exception of a few cases, that are past redemption, the conduct and morals of these Indians cannot be considered below the average.

REPORT OF E. TAYLOR, INDIAN AGENT FOR CROOKED LANE AGENCY, SASKATCHEWAN.

Bands. - This agency comprises four bands known by the following names: Cowessess, Kahkewistahaw, Ochapowace, and Sakimay and Little Bone.

Health and Sanitation. - The general health of the Indian's has been fairly good throughout the year. Tuberculosis or scrofula is the worst disease against which many of these Indians have to contend. Quite a number are afflicted with eye trouble.

Sanitary regulations with some Indians, generally of the old type, are not well observed; but, taking the Indian families as a whole, the cleanliness of their persons and premises is deserving of praise.

Occupations. - Grain-growing and cattle-raising are the chief industries in this agency. Many Indians sell fire-wood, pickets for fencing, hay, and senega-root, in the neighbouring towns. The young and middle-aged men are taking to cultivation of the soil and to the raising of cattle with more zeal than formerly. During the busy seasons of the year under review, quite a number of the young men hired out to the white settlers as farm-hands, and good reports of them in the majority of cases have been heard.

Implements and Machinery. - The equipment in this line is very good. Fairly good care is taken of it.

Dwellings. - Many good dwelling-houses with shingled roofs are to be seen upon these reserves. The low log shack, with mudded walls and sod roofs, is in the majority; but the tendency now when Indians are contemplating building is to build good roomy dwellings with shingled roofs, and to plaster the walls with lime and sand, instead of mud. Every encouragement is given to build good dwellings.

Characteristics and Progress. - Lately many of these Indians are showing a desire to get on. The interest displayed by many in the cultivation of the soil, cattle-raising, comfort of their homes, etc., etc., is very pleasing. The good crop harvested

and the money made therefrom by the farming Indians was noticed by those who chiefly derive their livelihood from the sale of fire-wood and senega-root, and it is expected that more will take to farming as their chief occupation.

Temperance and Morality. - Very few prosecutions for infractions of the Act in respect to liquor have taken place. If liquor is brought upon those reserves, it is done very quietly, as cause for suspicion of Indians drinking is not noticed by those who are among them daily. As a whole the Indians here are temperate and law-abiding. As regards their morality, if it were not for the bad actions of three or four, the best of reports upon the Indians' moral character could be given.

REPORT OF CHAS. P. SCHMIDT, INDIAN AGENT FOR DUCK LAKE AGENCY, SASKATCHEWAN.

Bands. - The following bands are included in this agency: Nut Lake, No. 90; Kinistino, No. 91; One Arrow's, No. 95; Beardy's and Okemassis, Nos. 96 and 97; John Smith's, No. 90; and James Smith's, No. 100.

Tribes. - The Nut Lake and Kinistino bands are Saulteaux; Beardy's and Okemassis are Plain Crees, and John Smith's and James Smith's are Swampy Crees.

Occupations. - On One Arrow's, Beardy's and Okemassis, John Smith's and James Smith's farming and stock-raising are the chief occupations. These Indians also derive considerable revenue from the sale of hay, wood, and fence posts, and by freighting for traders in the North. Some of the older people hunt and trap, and dig senega-root. The younger women make gardens and are, taking much interest in them.

During the past summer, the Indians of Beardy's and Okemassis bands put up 15 miles of fence. During the coming summer another 7 or 8 miles will be added thereto, which, when completed will inclose all that portion of their reserve lying south of the Carlton trail. The cost of this, is paid out of the bands' funds.

The Indians of Nut Lake and Kinistino reserves depend mostly on trapping and hunting for a living. They do a little farming, but are very unsteady at this work. Like the other bands, they also dig senega-root, for which there is a steady demand, but the price paid during the past summer was rather low. During the past winter the Nut Lake Indians have taken out sufficient tamarac posts to fence in their reserve, which they intend doing during the coming summer.

Stock. - All the bands of this agency have fair herds of fine. grade cattle, of which they take good care. During the summer, sales were conducted on the different reserves, when the surplus fat cattle were sold. Competition was keen, and the prices realized were satisfactory. The Indians are being encouraged and advised to increase, their herds, which now show a slight increase. Many of the Indians own horses, and though the type they now raise is improving, due to the fact that they are using better sires, it is not altogether a success, as it is almost impossible to stop them from working the colts when they are only two years old. The Indian places very little importance on the size or type of a horse, but on the number he possesses.

Farm Machinery and Implements. - The different bands have all the machinery they, require to work with. The four bands that farm the most have threshing machines of their own.

Buildings. - There is a general improvement in the class of houses now being built by the Indians of this agency. The mud-roofed shanties are being done away with, and good log houses, shingle roofed, with comfortable interiors, and large windows are being built.

Health and Sanitation. - With a few exceptions, the health of the Indians has been good. A few families are afflicted with scrofula, and there are a few cases of tuberculosis. During the month of January last, a large number of the older people were laid up with influenza, and five deaths were recorded among the old women. Sanitary precautions are fairly well observed. Improvement in this line is marked by the number of the women who keep their houses very neat and tidy.

Characteristics and Progress. - The Indians of this agency are law-abiding; they are showing improvement and are progressive; they show a desire to get on, and are taking more interest in their farming. Their stock is better attended to, and the new buildings they erect are more substantial, and comfortable; the layouts of the buildings, which in many cases are fenced in, show that interest is taken in the making of the home.

A number milk cows, and make butter. Cream-separators are in use on the different reserves.

Temperance and Morality. - A number of the Indians are addicted to the use of intoxicants, but now that the sale of these is restricted, it is much more, difficult for them to Procure. The standard of morality is good, and unchanged.

On September 22 and 23 the James Smith's Reserve Agricultural Society held their first annual fair on the Pahoonan Plains on the reserve. Several hundred exhibits were shown. These consisted of horses, cattle, sheep, pigs, chickens, geese, ducks, all kinds of fields and garden produce, leather, silk and bead work, sewing, knitting, crocheting, cooking, bread and bannock, pastry, jam and preserves, the old stand-by food, pemican, etc., etc. The competitors were members of the society, who are members of the band, and the exhibits, with the exception of horses, were bona-fide property of the exhibitor, and either grown or made on the reserve.

The fair, managed by a committee of ex-pupils, under the supervision of the farm instructor, was a success. A large number of outsiders from the neighbouring country towns and cities were out, and all went home having a different opinion of an Indian reserve fair from that which they had before coming.

REPORT OF THOS. CORY, INDIAN AGENT FOR MOOSE MOUNTAIN AGENCY, SASKATCHEWAN.

Bands. - There is only one band in this agency, the White Bear amalgamated band.

Occupations. - Farming, stock-raising, trapping, and working out for white farmers the chief occupations.

Farm Machinery and Implements. - These Indians are well supplied with all kinds of farm machinery and implements, and take fairly good care of them.

Buildings. - There is a great improvement in the buildings erected during the past year.

Health and Sanitation. - There has been. a very heavy death-rate in the fiscal year ending March 31, 1916, all due to tuberculosis in some form. Everything has been done in the way of cleaning up around their houses and every effort has been made to get the women to keep their houses clean.

Characteristics and Progress. - These Indians are fairly industrious and are certainly doing much better from a material,point of view.

Temperance and Morality. - They are very temperate, and fairly moral.

REPORT OF CHARLES R. EAGLE, OVERSEER FOR MOOSE WOODS RESERVE, SASKATCHEWAN.

Tribe. - These Indians are all Dakotas,

Health and Sanitation. - These Indians have had no epidemic. Sanitation is good.

Occupations. - Stock-raising, farming, hunting, and working for farmers constitute their chief means of support.

Buildings. - The Indians of this band have comfortable log houses with shingled roofs, and some good warm stables for their stock. They keep their houses clean and tidy.

Stock. - The cattle and horses wintered well and are well cared for.

Farm Implements. - The farm implements are sufficient for their requirements.

Education. - There is a day school here, which is conducted by the Methodist Church authorities. The attendance is very fair, and the progress passably good.

Characteristics and Progress. - These Indians are industrious, and make a good living.

Temperance and Morality. - They are very temperate and moral.

REPORT OF W. SIBBALD, INDIAN AGENT FOR ONION LAKE AGENCY, SASKATCHEWAN.

Bands. - There are, seven bands in this agency, known by the following names: Onion Lake, Frog Lake, Keeheewin's, Island Lake (Ministikwan), Joseph Bighead's (Lac des Isles), Loon Lake (Makwa Lake) and Chipewyan.

Occupations. - These bands all belong to the Cree nation with the exception of the one last mentioned, which, as the name denotes, belongs to the Chipewyan tribe. The three bands first mentioned follow very closely the same mode of living, their chief home industries being cattle-raising and farming; and, although they do not compare in largeness of herds and quantity of grain raised with the bands of some agencies, still it is gratifying to find that they are making some progress in both lines. During the past fiscal year the Indians of Keeheewin's band were able for the first time to take their wheat to the mill to be gristed, yielding a supply of flour of which they are very proud. The feeling of independence evinced by those who had been wise enough to raise wheat and have their own flour, has had a good effect upon others, and we look for still further progress in this direction this year, if we are again fortunate enough to reap so good a harvest. The Onion Lake Indians have also been able to get more flour than in any other year from wheat of their own raising. The members of the Frog Lake band have done but little farming yet, but have more land ready for seed than they have ever had before.

The cattle owned by these bands are some of the finest stock in the country, but they are not increasing in number as we should like them to. These Indians also derive a good portion of their income and substance from hunting, trapping and fishing; and several of the younger men are readily employed by surveyors when they visit this district. The other three Cree bands earn their living almost entirely by hunting, trapping, and fishing; their reserves being well situated for these pursuits.

The Chipewyans are noticeably different from the Cree Indians, and there is no similarity between their languages. While many of the Chipewyans, can speak Cree, but very few, Indians or whites, other than the Chipewyans themselves, speak the Chipewyan language. They are in a measure energetic, but at the same time stubborn, especially in prosperity. It is only of recent years that they have undertaken farming; they always have had some cattle which had become very inbred, but are now building up again owing to the introduction of purebred bulls by the department. These Indians have always been great hunters, a pursuit they still follow very profitably. The improvement in the price of furs this winter enabled some of them to be quite independent. Last year and the year before they cut a number of sawlogs, some of which were sawn into lumber last spring, and the work was commenced again in the last days of February this year, and will be continued until seeding-time.

Farm Machinery and Implements - The bands have farm machinery and implements sufficient for their present requirements.

Buildings. - The Chipewyan, Keeheewin's and Frog Lake bands have mostly good log dwelling-houses with shingled roofs; there being three frame houses on these reserves. At Onion, Lake there are several good log houses with shingled roofs, but the majority of the dwellings on that reserve are but shacks. At Island Lake, Loon Lake and Joseph Bighead's the buildings are chiefly pole and sod shacks.

Health and Sanitation. - The general health of the bands throughout the year has been fairly good. On the Chipewyan reserve throughout the winter there was a troublesome epidemic of typhoid fever; and to a lesser extent on Frog Lake reserve also. The deaths attributable to the disease were four only. Proper medical attention was supplied and the houses disinfected to prevent the further spread of the epidemic. The annual precaution of cleaning up around the houses in the spring is always done.

Characteristics and Progress. - The working bands are becoming more industrious, especially in regard to farming, and, as for the hunting Indians, they are most industrious in their particular pursuit. The bands are all law-abiding; and, whenever offenses are committed, the cause is generally due to outside influence. In general circumstances they are better off now than they were a year ago.

Temperance and Morality. - With regard to the use of intoxicants, there are not many who will not take liquor if it is put in their way; but it cannot be said that any of them are habitual drinkers.

In some respects their morals are loose; but as regards honesty the majority of them are very scrupulous.

Surveys. - The two Cree bands known as Joseph Bighead's (Lac des Isles) and Loon Lake (Makwa) have each had a reserve surveyed for them during the past fiscal year.

REPORT OF M. CHRISTIANSON, INDIAN AGENT FOR PELLY AGENCY, SASKATCHEWAN.

Bands. - This agency comprises the following bands: Cote, Key, Keeseekoonse and Valley River.

Occupations. - A large percentage of these Indians are occupied in farming and Stock-raising, while others earn their livelihood by selling hay and wood to the neighbouring towns. There are still a few who follow the old life of hunting and trapping, and the Indians of Valley River reserve are occupied in lumbering to a certain extent in winter seasons, which brings them a good revenue. The majority of the Indians who were farming this year were particularly successful in harvesting the best Crop OIL record at this agency, having threshed 54,890 bushels of grain, the quality of which was of average standard. They also broke considerable new land. The motive power used in this work was principally oxen and the work performed was as good as that of their white neighbours. The herds of this agency have diminished in past years, but an increase has been effected this year on all the reserves, and by careful supervision the cattle industry should become a profitable source of revenue. In the majority of cases the stock is well attended to, but, of course, there are always a few who do not seem to realize that stock require attention, and they only attend to them as suits their convenience.

Farm Machinery and Implements. - Some of the Indians have all the necessary machinery for general farming, while others have not sufficient for their own use and have to depend on assistance from their neighbours. Two of the bands own their. threshing outfits, which are operated by the Indians themselves. Most of them are very careless with their implements, being inclined to. leave them wherever they were last used and never attempt to repair them until occasion demands it.

Buildings. - A number of the dwelling-houses were improved this year by additions and repairs in general, but very few new houses were built. Although in some cases the buildings are small, most of them are comfortable.

Health and Sanitation. - There has been no outbreak of any contagious disease this year. All the Indians enjoyed the best of health during the summer months; but, owing to the extreme cold weather during the winter, bronchitis, pneumonia and grippe were very much in evidence, but no fatalities occurred from these sources. There were the usual cases of old-standing tuberculosis and minor sicknesses, and all cases were carefully attended to by the medical officers. Most of the Indians keep their houses fairly clean, and are beginning to realize the necessity of sanitation.

Characteristics and Progress. - There are quite a number of the younger men in each band who are ambitious and are making good progress in agricultural pursuits, but the influence of the older people with their old-time superstitions and beliefs is very detrimental to the advancement of the progressive ones. All the Indians of this agency are of a law-abiding and peaceful nature, and their behaviour has been as good as could be expected. As the results of their efforts in farming will show, they have made very satisfactory progress.

Temperance and Morality. - Regarding intemperance, it is gratifying to note that this evil is on the decrease in this agency, only a few cases being brought up during the year, and these were not of a serious nature.

The morals of these Indians are, in some cases, not of the best; but there seems to be much improvement in this respect.

Indian Patriotism. - Since the outbreak of the present great war the Indians have taken a great interest in its progress, many of them being subscribers to the daily papers. The older people who are unable to read constantly inquire at the agency headquarters as to the progress of the war, and a branch of the Red Cross Society has been organized by them recently, and they all seem to be anxious to be of as much assistance as possible in this great struggle. Already twenty of our young men, all school graduates, have enlisted with the 188th Battalion, and several more have signified their intention of doing so in the near future.

REPORT OF H. NICHOL, INDIAN AGENT FOR QU'APPELLE AGENCY, SASKATCHEWAN.

Tribes or Nations. - Four tribes are represented in this agency, namely, Sioux, Cree, Saulteaux, and Assiniboine.

Bands. - This agency is comprised of the following bands: Muscowpetung, No. 80; Pasqua, No. 79; Piapot, No. 75; and Standing Buffalo, No. 78.

Occupations. - These Indians are engaged principally in farming and stockraising. More interest is being taken in these industries from year to year. Each Indian has his own herd of cattle, and provides stable accommodation and feed for them. No difficulty is found in getting the Indians to care for their cattle. Owing to unfavourable seasons, high wages outside, low prices for grain, and a ready market for wood, hay and pickets, the Indians lost considerable interest in farming for a time. They are, however, again realizing the benefits to be derived from farming, and the past two seasons show a marked increase in these operations.

Piapot and Muscowpetung bands, particularly, have large hay meadows. Some of the Indians depend upon the sale of hay, wood, and pickets for a livelihood. The number of Indians gaining a livelihood in this manner is gradually increasing.

Standing Buffalo band unfortunately has very little range for its cattle, and the hay-supply is limited. For these reasons these Indians do not go in for cattle very extensively.

The class of horses on the different reserves is improving from year to year. With few exceptions the stamp of horses varies from the heavy farm type to general purpose.

Marked improvement is noted in the care taken of the horses. It is quite general to find them cared for properly during the winter, and in first-class condition for spring work.

A few Indians hunt fur-bearing animals during the open season, when. prices are high. None of the Indians depend entirely on hunting for a livelihood.

Farm Machinery and Implements. - The Indians on the whole are well supplied with farm implements, Standing Buffalo more particularly in this respect. They take only fair care of their machinery and implements. A threshing outfit is owned by the four bands in common.

Buildings. - On Muscowpetung reserve all the dwellings are frame. On the other three reserves they are of log wall. with lumber roof and shingle construction. There are very few of the old mud-roofed shacks left, and they are gradually disappearing.

Health and Sanitation. - During the past year the general health of the Indians has been very good. Apart from scrofula and consumption, there has been no sign of disease or epidemics of any kind. The visible signs of both scrofula and consumption seem to be decreasing from year to year, and I take it that the Indians are becoming more constitutionally fit and better able to throw off to a certain extent the effects of these diseases.

Less difficulty is met with in getting the Indians to keep the grounds around their houses clean. Their mode of housekeeping is gradually improving.

The Indians still adhere to the old log wall and pole roof type of stable. These are quite comfortable, and in most cases are kept very well.

Characteristics and Progress. - The Indians are naturally of an indolent disposition, but the necessity of having to put forth more and more effort from year to year to provide themselves with the necessities of life, which are always increasing both in price and variety, and a desire to live better, is having the effect of making them more industrious. A marked improvement is noted in their mode of life, and there is no doubt they are becoming richer and more prosperous.

Temperance and Morality. - There was only one case of intemperance during the year. It may be said this is, not entirely due to the fact that they fear the legal consequences, although it is a big factor, but in a measure due to a knowledge of its evil effect, and a desire to overcome it.

The morals of the Indians are improving, and with very few exceptions no difficulty is encountered in such matters.

REPORT OF WILLIAM MURISON, INDIAN AGENT FOR TOUCHWOOD HILLS AGENCY, SASKATCHEWAN.

Bands. - The following bands are included in this agency: Muscowekwan's, George Gordon's Day Star's, Poorman's, and Fishing Lake.

Occupations - The Indians in this agency derive their living from farming, cattleraising, hunting, trapping, sale of senega-root, fire-wood logs and willow posts, making rabbit skin robes, beadwork, tanning hides, and working for farmers and threshers.

Farm Machinery and Implements. - These Indians are fairly well equipped with farm implements, which are added to as required. The chief difficulty with the beginner is in obtaining adequate working stock for farming operations, but I have found that the man who has obtained his outfit through his own efforts takes better care of his equipment than those who have them given to them.

Buildings. - An improvement is noted each year in the increased comfort of their dwelling-houses on all the reserves with the exception of Muscowekwan's.

Health and Sanitation. - The general health has been good during the year throughout the agency. Cases of scrofula, which was once so common, are becoming fewer each year. This I attribute to better food and more cleanly habits. The rubbish that accumulates around the houses in the winter is raked up and burned, in the spring.

Stock. - An ample supply of feed was secured for the stock, and a very few losses were sustained during the past winter. The cattle are in good healthy condition.

Characteristics and Progress. - The Indians in this agency are law-abiding, and with a few exceptions are industrious at those pursuits that are congenial to them. They are in demand during the threshing season, and their earnings during that season amount to a considerable sum of money. They have not, generally speaking, taken a serious interest in farming, although there are a number who are doing very well. The manner in which they prepared their summerfallow and new breaking last year shows a very marked improvement, and a number of the fields of summerfallow are as well prepared as one will see anywhere. The crops on Muscowekwan's and Day Star's reserves were hauled out in July. On the three reserves the crops were fairly good and over 40,000 bushels of grain was threshed. The second growth crops on the fields that were hauled were cut and used as feed for the stock.

REPORT OF W.B. CROMBIE, INSPECTOR FOR NORTH SASKATCHEWAN INSPECTORATE.

This inspectorate consists of the following agencies: Carlton, Duck Lake, Battleford, Onion Lake, and Isle à la Crosse agencies, and Moose Woods reserve.

The annuity payments for the Isle à la Crosse agency were made last summer under the supervision of Mr. William McKay, assisted by Mr. Holroyd as clerk, and Dr. Stuart Reid as medical attendant.

The party left Prince Albert on June 11, and returned via Le Pas towards the end of September. Considerable difficulty in travelling was experienced on account of low water. The officer in charge reported that notwithstanding the falling off in the demand for furs, the Indians were amply provided for, there being a plentiful supply of fish and big game. The medical officer found nothing of a serious nature to report.

The farming industry on the reserves in this inspectorate during the past year, in nearly every case, shews increased activity and extra large yields.

Some of the crops obtained by individual Indians on one or two of the reserves in Carlton agency were very gratifying indeed, and will compare favourably with crops got by white settlers in the immediate vicinity.

The past season ranks as a good one, and it is encouraging to note that the total crop harvested of wheat and oats, in quantity, quality, and average per acre, is far in excess of any previous year. There has also been an increase in the acreage of new land brought under cultivation.

In the Duck Lake agency the total crop got was much larger than formerly, and the average on some of the reserves for wheat was 26 bushels per acre, and for oats 36.75 per acre. On Beady's and One Arrow's reserves the results obtained were not so good. In the early summer there was an exceptionally dry spell, which damaged the crops, and the yield was low. This condition also existed in the adjoining white settlement, where the yield was about the smallest in the west.

The reserves in the Battleford agency had a much increased acreage under cultivation over any previous year. The average for oats was about the same as formerly; while on one reserve the average of wheat was 33 bushels per acre. Most of the grain was of good quality and graded exceptionally high.

On one or two of the Onion Lake agency reserves, where grain-raising has only of recent years been begun, the results are gratifying, and the bands, finding the raising of grain advantageous, are steadily increasing the acreage to be brought under cultivation.

On Moose Woods reserve farming operations are still limited, but the acreage of land farmed is increasing.

On many of the reserves the raising of vegetables and the keeping of gardens is encouraging, and in some instances provided a considerable source of revenue.

The cattle industry in most of the agencies is in a fairly good Condition, and, with the exception of one or two reserves, an increase is shown in their herds.

As a result of the generosity of the department in supplying thoroughbred bulls, the grade of beef cattle continues to improve, and some of the herds are particularly fine. The result has been that the beef cattle, when marketed, have, in almost all cases, brought an exceptionally high figure.

Most of the reserves are suitable for stock-raising with a plentiful supply of good hay available. On many reserves a considerable revenue is derived from the sale of hay, and on almost all the reserves an ample supply of hay was put up for winter use, with the result that, notwithstanding the severity of the past winter, the cattle came through in fine condition, with a minimum of loss through neglect.

In the raising of horses, however, the same degree of success has not been attained, and, while many of the bands show an increase in the number of their horses, yet the increase is not as high as it might be.

It is worthy of note that there is evidence of a desire on the part of the Indians to improve their dwellings. While there is yet much to be desired by way of improvement, it is interesting to note that they are gradually getting away from the pole shack with the sod roof. On some of the reserves substantial lumber dwellings have been erected, where it was possible to obtain lumber as a result of their own sawing operations. These buildings are well constructed and, in many cases are suitably furnished with modern furniture. On most of the reserves the buildings are constructed of logs; but in many cases the upper part of the building is constructed of lumber with shingle roof.

It is pleasing to note that at least some of these dwellings are kept clean and tidy, and in many of the homes the work of the female ex-pupil is noticeable. In a few instances I noticed that some of the dwellings are not only well furnished, but the windows are kept clean and provided with curtains and window blinds.

The continued efforts of the agents in keeping the subject of cleanliness and ventilation before the various bands, together with the teaching of hygiene in the schools, is beginning to have a good affect, and it is noticeable that, in some instances at least, the buildings are properly ventilated as well as kept clean.

No epidemics of any kind have been reported on the various reserves during the past year, and the general health of all the bands, outside of chronic cases, has been good.

Most of the members of these bands are law-abiding and they are becoming more industrious, and the encouraging results obtained from their farming and cattle industries during the past year have, in many cases, been instrumental in spurring them on to greater efforts.

It is also worthy of note that many of the bands have contributed very liberally to the various funds for patriotic purposes.

REPORT OF W.M. GRAHAM, INSPECTOR FOR SOUTH SASKATCHEWAN INSPECTORATE.

PELLEY AGENCY.

A change was made in the management of this agency last May, - Mr. Blewett resigned, and Mr. M. Christianson has been appointed in his place.

The Indians of this agency had an exceptionally fine crop last year, in fact, I think it was by far the best they have ever had. As a result, they were very much encouraged. They worked well and prepared a nice lot of land during the summer. This agency is well equipped with all the necessary farm machinery.

The cattle industry at Pelly has had a great setback from one cause and another. The herds were greatly reduced and, it will take some years to put them back to where they were years ago. In December last I purchased 80 head of young cows for Cote band, with funds of the band, and intend to buy 80 more next month.

I cannot say that I have noticed any marked advancement among these Indians during the last few years. They seem to make a living without much effort, and are content to lead a free and easy life.

The graduates of schools are capable of doing much more than they have done, with the exception of one or two cases, where really good progress has been made.

During the past summer I spent a good deal of time at this agency, instructing the new agent in his duties and supervising the erection of the new school on Gote reserve, which is still in course of construction. I visited the agency six times during the summer.

A large number of the young men from this agency have enlisted, and at the time of writing nineteen have gone, and I understand others are to follow.

QU'APPELLE: AGENCY.

Under instructions from the department, I visited this agency for the purpose of making an inspection, between October 5 and 22.

I also made four trips there during the summer, for the purpose of supervising the construction of twenty-three new houses that were being erected on Muscowpetung reserve. These buildings were paid for out of band funds, and are all neat frame structures.

On Pasqua's reserve the Indians had a fine crop; but on the other reserves it was not so good.

ASSINIBOINE AGENCY.

The Indians of this agency had an unusually good crop last year, and as a result they put in a very fair winter. There is steady improvement going on at this point, and the ex-pupils are making steady advancement, not only in the way they farm, but in the manner in which they live.

Many of the ex-pupils are accumulating property and are beginning to realize that it pays to give strict attention to farming. The old people, some twenty-five in number, receive destitute rations from the department regularly.

This band is well equipped for farming, having fine horses and good machinery and very few debts, I am pleased to say,

CROOKED LAKE AGENCY.

I visited this agency in August, and again in February, for the purpose of making a general inspection. These Indians had a splendid crop last year and have put in a good winter. This agency has made a good showing in the past year,

and I think a step in the right direction has been made.

This agency was inspected by me in March. There has been advancement here in the past year. The Indians are farming better and living in better houses. This band, like most others in this section of the province, had a splendid crop last year, and as a result these Indians were able to buy many comforts and articles necessary to carry on their work.

At this agency I found Indians who took the very best care of their stock, and then again there are others that require constant watching.

The Indians of this agency are comparatively free from debt.

TOUCHWOOD HILLS AGENCY.

I visited this agency in March, and found it most difficult to get about, owing to the bad roads; but I was able to inspect the two boarding schools, the day school, and three reserves.

I noticed improvement in the way the Indians of Gordon's band have been doing their farm work. This band had a good crop last year, which helped out considerably. Muscowekwan's and Day Star's reserves were badly hailed out and the loss was very great, and as a consequence the Indians of these two reserves were unable to pay their debts in full. However, they sold some cattle and this helped them out considerably. The stabling on Gordon's and Day Star's reserves is very good. On Muscowekwan's there is room for improvement in both houses and stables.

Six Indians from this agency have enlisted for overseas service up to the time of writing.

FILE HILLS AGENCY.

The Indians of this agency had in crop the largest area they ever had, and up to July 22 there was every promise of a magnificent yield. On that date a terrific hail and wind storm completely mowed the crop to the ground, and the loss to these Indians would amount to between \$50,000 and \$60,000. All this land has been brought under summerfallow, and the largest area in the history of this agency is being put in this spring. Fortunately these Indians have very few debts.

Nearly fifty per cent of the young men of the Colony have gone to war; at the time of writing 15 have enlisted.

REPORT OF J. H. GOODERHAM, INDIAN AGENT FOR THE BLACKFOOT AGENCY, ALBERTA.

Occupations. - The principal occupations of the Blackfoot Indians are farming, stock-raising, hay-making, coal-mining, and working for wages, for neighboring farmers. We have about 80 farms set apart, of one-quarter section each. These are inclosed by fences. We have also inclosed pastures, yards, and gardens. Road allowances are made round each section. These farms produced over 100,000 bushels of wheat and oats in the season of 1915. We are trying to hold the Indians to good farming. A large number of the band have cattle and horses, from which they derive a considerable income. There is plenty of hay on the reserve for the use of the Indians, and for sale. There are also good deposits of coal, and considerable money is earned by the Indians from the mining and sale of the same. The income of the band is very largely augmented by wages earned from white farmers, and at the same time the Indian is learning how the white farmer works and manages.

Farm Machinery and Implements. - The members of this band are learning how to use their implements to better advantage each year, and as they learn their value, take better care of them. They are well supplied, and machinery is well housed and eared for.

Buildings - Very little change is being made in the old Indian homes, as the occupants are awaiting erection of new houses provided for under surrender conditions. On most of the farms are well built four-room frame cottages, on concrete foundations, with, cellar, good ventilation, and a fireplace in each. There are also wood-sheds, wagonshed, stable for four horses, and hay mow. The majority of the farmers also have portable granaries. In addition there are for the Indian farmers two large storage granaries, one at each farm instructor's, and four large implement storage sheds. There have been a number of good two-room cottages built for the old people, who are also provided with wood-sheds, stables, buggy-sheds and hay mows. All of these, with the first cost of fencing, roads, breaking, etc., are paid for from band funds under surrender conditions.

Health and Sanitation. - The general health of the band has been very good. There have been no epidemics. The houses, especially the new one, and premises, are kept clean and in good condition. There is no doubt that the regular ration of fresh beef and flour provided for under surrender conditions, contributes to the maintenance of good health.

Characteristics and Progress. - No great change can be observed, except among those who have commenced farming. The farmers are learning the importance of doing their work well and at the proper times. Of course there are some failures, which was to be expected. Many more of the men are now anxious to farm. The farmers bought many good work horses last fall from the proceeds of sale of grain, and are now in a better position than ever to farm well and to extend their cultivated areas. They are also learning to look ahead a little, and for the most part willingly leave funds from their sale of grain to draw upon during the winter, and more especially for expenses during the seeding season. Some of them take remarkably good care of their horses.

Temperance and Morality. - The members of this band secure considerable liquor, as is evidenced from the number of convictions of drunkenness, and of outsiders for supplying intoxicants during the year. They are probably as moral as the average band of Indians.

REPORT OF W.J. DILWORTH, INDIAN AGENT FOR THE BLOOD AGENCY, ALBERTA.

Occupations. - The occupations of these Indians are farming, stock-raising, haymaking, and agricultural labour off the reserve.

Farming. - This occupation, started some seven years ago, is now the most important one of the tribe, and last year reached its highest record. Owing to propitious weather conditions and the well sustained and purposeful effort of the Indian farmers themselves, a large harvest was garnered in good season, and twice the acreage prepared for the coming year's crop as was seeded this year. Also 1,000 acres was broken from sod to allow fourteen new farmers to make a start.

Stock-raising. - The Blood Indians own one of the best beef-type herds in the Northwest. This herd supplies the rationing requirements of the reserve, some 350,000 pounds beef annually.

The horse herds have increased in numbers and improved in quality; dourine discovered amongst them two years ago having been practically obliterated.

Haymaking. - Haymaking, which last year reached record proportions, was this year curtailed owing to the abundance of feed in the district and consequent lack of demand. The Indians, however, in addition to supplying the requirements of the reserve, were able to sell their surplus at fair prices.

Agricultural Labour. - White settlers off the reserve having heavy crops, and labour being scarce, in the first week in August I sent every able-bodied Indian not required to perform the labour on the reserve, off the reserve for three months or

until the harvesting operations were completed. Some 150 teams and 200 men availed themselves of the labour at remunerative wages and with satisfaction to their employers.

Implements. - These Indians take good care of implements purchased by their private earnings, but poor care of implements purchased for their use out of band funds.

Buildings. - Each passing year sees a marked improvement in the housing conditions. New houses are being built yearly, and all are more roomy, better ventilated and lighted. As a result of this last season's farming operations, a number of new frame houses and stables are in course of erection.

Health and Sanitation. - As there is yearly an improvement in the housing conditions, and as the Indians are yearly changing their diet from one wholly meat to one made up of vegetable and cereal foods, there is an improvement in the general health. Scrofulous cases are less and less prevalent amongst children. Tuberculosis is not so frequently met with. During the year the numbers of the band increased. While the old diseases are not so frequent or virulent in form, yet there have appeared for the first time cases of appendicitis, three patients having been operated upon successfully.

Characteristics and Progress. - These Indians are naturally a pleasure-loving people, and so far in their development, old men especially, look upon the adventurous days of the past as the ideal life. These old men are boastful and vainglorious of their former exploits and adventures. These ideals are being rapidly changed. Each passing year sees them more content to keep up a sustained and purposeful effort at some industrious pursuit. The toil and the moil of a busy life is weaning them away from their former desires, it is encouraging them to make a home, individual and separate from their relations; is developing their physique, mentality and moral habits, and is giving them the stick-to-it-iveness that makes for lasting benefits, independent of help outside their own efforts.

Progress in the direction of applied efforts has been marked throughout the year, in that it has gone a long way towards obscuring the ideals of the past, and decisive in obliterating those acquired instincts that tend to make of these Indians public parasites and private mendicants.

Temperance and Morality. - As the year has been a busy one, there has been much less of intemperance and immorality than has been usual.

REPORT OF GEORGE H. RACE, INDIAN AGENT FOR EDMONTON AGENCY, ALBERTA.

Bands. - This agency consists of five bands, the Enoch's, Michel's, Alexander's, Paul's and Alexis'.

Occupations Farming and stock-raising form the principal occupations of the Indians of this agency. All of them do more or less hunting when furs are selling at a good price, and by this means provide themselves with a great many comforts during the winter when other means of income are cut off.

Farm Machinery and Implements. - The Indians of this agency are all well supplied with machinery and all kinds of implements, for the most part purchased with their own money, and fairly good care is taken of them.

Buildings. - Good buildings are general with all these Indians. These consist of log-walled houses, with shingle roofs, floored with good flooring. The farm buildings are similarly constructed. During the year Alexander of the Enoch band built himself a fine large horse-stable with a hip roof, planked floor, stalls for five teams of horses, and a harness-room. There is considerable improvement along this line.

Health and Sanitation. - The general health of the Indians for the year has been fairly good; but through the winter there was a considerable amount of grippe and, pneumonia. There were few deaths, however. The usual sanitary precautions are always taken in the way of lime-washing the inside and outside of dwellings, and a careful regard that no refuse is allowed to accumulate around the houses.

Characteristics and Progress. - Taking all things into consideration, most of these Indians are industrious and make a good living for themselves and families; they are law-abiding and becoming better off every year.

Temperance and Morality. - Liquor is without doubt the greatest holdback for all Indians; and those of this agency are no better and no worse than Indians of other agencies. It may be said that during the year there has been less drinking going on than formerly; at any rate there have been many less convictions for drinking. The morals improve as the liquor is less used.

General Remarks. - For the first time, there was a considerable quantity of wheat grown by the Indians of this agency. The crop was good and prices realized were as high as, and in some cases higher, than those of our white neighbours. It is also pleasing to state that at all reserves the Indians have paid for all seed supplied them, and for the first time in the history of the agency they have their seed on hand ready for this year. There is not the slightest doubt that these Indians are progressing, as it has been remarked many times by outsiders who pass by and through the reserves.

REPORT OF J. BUTLIN, INDIAN AGENT FOR HOBBEA AGENCY, ALBERTA.

Bands. - This agency comprises the following bands: Ermineskins, Louis Bull's, Montana, and Samson's.

Occupations. - Mixed farming, stock-raising, hay-making for home use and for sale, working for neighbouring farmers, and hunting, are the principal industries followed by these Indians.

The farming area was increased last season, and the result of the crops was also satisfactory.

There are excellent hay meadows on these reserves, and considerable of the earnings are derived from the hay-making industry.

During the summer 156,540 feet of lumber was sawn at the agency mill for the different bands, and this lumber is being used by them in making improvements on their farms.

A large number of the Indians take advantage of the fishing at Pigeon lake, and during the past season the catch was very good.

Farm Machinery and Implements. - These Indians have a good supply of modern machinery, and many new articles were purchased during the year. In most cases they take care of their machinery.

Buildings. - Most of the dwellings are of logs, neatly constructed, and generally they have shingle roofs. With the lumber on hand, the Indians greatly improved some of their places. The houses, with a few exceptions, have a fair supply of furniture and are well kept.

Health and Sanitation - The general health of these Indians has been fairly good. While there was considerable sickness due to influenza and tuberculosis, no epidemics occurred amongst them. All sanitary precautions are carefully observed.

Characteristics and Progress. - Most of these Indians are fairly industrious and law-abiding. Their general condition is steadily improving, the farming operations are being followed with more success than formerly, and the herds are showing a small increase.

Temperance and Morality. - There have been fewer cases of intemperance during the year as compared with previous years.

On the whole the moral standard of these Indians is fair, considering the conditions under which they live.

REPORT OF HAROLD LAIRD, ACTING INDIAN AGENT FOR LESSER SLAVE LAKE AGENCY, ALBERTA.

Bands. - This agency comprises the following bands: Wabiskau, Whitefish Lake, Sturgeon Lake, Peace River Crossing, Little Red River, Sucker Creek, Driftpile River, Swan River and Sawridge; Beaver at St. Johns and Dunvegan; Cree and Beaver at Fort Vermilion; and Slave at Upper Hay River.

Health and Sanitation. - The health of the Indians of most of the bands in this agency has been excellent. There, were no epidemics of any kind.

Occupations. - Hunting, trapping and fishing are the chief occupations of these Indians. Very little farming is done, but most of the Indians who live on the reserve have fair gardens,

Buildings. - There are none but log buildings on any of the reserves, but larger and better buildings are gradually being erected.

Implements. - Most of the bands have implements for putting up hay, and have also gardening tools. It seems impossible to get the Indians to give the implements the care they should receive.

Stock. - These Indians keep quite a number of horses. On a few of the reserves they have cattle.

Characteristics and Progress. - These Indians are industrious in hunting and trapping; otherwise they are indolent. Owing to their manner of living, very little progress is made.

Temperance and Morality. - As a rule these Indians are temperate. Only a few cases of intemperance were reported during the past year. They are fairly moral.

REPORT OF H.A. GUNN, INDIAN AGENT FOR PEIGAN AGENCY, ALBERTA.

Occupations. - The Indians have been engaged in stock-raising and farming. The stock is increasing in numbers and the class of cattle is improving owing to the quality of the bulls we have been getting each year, and the care during the winter months in the feeding of the young cows.

The Indian farmers were favoured with the most successful season since farming started here, thanks to favourable weather conditions and the manner in which they handled their land, by preparing good seed beds by deep ploughing, and the generous use of the disc and drag harrows.

Farm Machinery and Implements. - The improvement in the care of their machinery and implements is very slight. Just as soon as the farmers own their implements, a greater improvement should be noticeable.

Buildings. - A few buildings were erected by the farmers from the proceeds of their crops, and a greater increase in building can be looked for as they get clear of debt and have the money to pay for the building materials.

Health and Sanitation. - The health of the Indians has been good with the exception of a few cases of tuberculosis. The hospital where the tuberculin treatment is being used is certainly a success with the children.

Their premises are kept clean in winter, and all refuse is raked and burnt and houses disinfected just as early in spring as it is possible for them to move out to their farms or into their tents.

There have been no epidemics and no particular disease prevalent this year.

Characteristics and Progress. - The majority of these Indians are industrious, and, as they had good returns for their labours last season, they are in good circumstances and getting free of debt.

Temperance and Morality. - There are a few addicted to liquor, and, as they had a little more money to spend than usual, there were a few more cases of drunkenness; but the majority are temperate.

Their morality has not improved very much and is not of a very high standard.

REPORT OF CHARLES E. HUGHES, INDIAN AGENT FOR SADDLE LAKE AGENCY, ALBERTA.

Bands. - The following bands are included in this agency: Saddle Lake, James Seenum's, Chipewyan and Beaver Lake.

Tribe. - With the exception of the Chipewyan band, all the Indians of this agency belong to the Cree tribe.

Occupations. - There has been considerable farming and stock-raising on the Saddle Lake and Whitefish Lake reserves, the area under cultivation exceeding the acreage cropped last year. The Indians of these reserves also hunt and trap a good deal. On the Chipewyan and Beaver Lake reserves the Indians do little, if any farming, and depend altogether on hunting and trapping. Some of them have small gardens. The Indians of Beaver Lake reserve have some splendid land for farming, but so far it has been impossible to get them to farm. They also have some good hay meadows, but they do not put up much hay.

Farm Machinery. - Most of the Indians of the Saddle Lake and Whitefish Lake reserves are fairly well supplied with machinery, but it is hard to get them to take proper care of it.

Buildings. - The buildings on the Whitefish Lake and Saddle Lake reserves are showing a good deal of improvement. On the Whitefish Lake reserve there have been quite a number of good barns built this season. and also several good dwelling-houses.

Health and Sanitation. - The general health of the Indians has been very good this year. There have been no epidemics except a few cases of gripe. There have been the usual number of colds and one or two cases of tuberculosis. The prescribed regulations in regard to cleaning up and burning of rubbish have been observed.

Characteristics and Progress. - While there are quite a number among the Indians of this agency who are making some progress, the large majority are lazy and indolent and will not look to the future. So long as they can get enough to eat, they seem to be satisfied.

Temperance and Morality. - Most of the Indians are fairly temperate. Their morals are not very good.

REPORT OF T.J. FLEETHAM, INDIAN AGENT FOR THE SARCEE AGENCY, ALBERTA.

Health and Sanitation. - The health of the Indians on the whole has been fairly good, with the exception of a few cases of scrofula and consumption, and one death from typhoid fever. The medical officer and nurse attend regularly to all cases. All premises are kept fairly clean.

Occupations. - The principal industries are farming, stock-raising, cutting, hauling and selling wood, hay, green feed, and working for neighboring farmers. They earn considerable amounts in these industries, and could earn more if they wished.

Buildings. - All the houses and stables are new, and every family is very comfortable. Their houses are well ventilated, with a fireplace in each, which gives good ventilation; and the bulk of them are kept very clean and many fairly well furnished.

Stock. - Cattle and horses have done well during the winter on good feed, with a fair percentage of calves and foals. Although the winter has been long and hard on them, they are coming through with very small loss to date.

Farm Implements. - The Indians have not hitherto taken much care of implements but are improving. They have built a large shed where most of their implements are stored away during the winter.

Characteristics and Progress. - There are a few who are fairly industrious; the rest are gradually improving, and, should we have a good crop this year, it will certainly stimulate them in the future.

Temperance and Morality. - The proximity of the reserve to the city of Calgary is a great inducement for the Sarcees to gratify their desire for drink obtained through half-breeds, and every effort is being made to abate this evil, which is decreasing. The morals of these Indians are fairly good.

REPORT OF E.H. YEOMANS, ACTING AGENT FOR STONY AGENCY, ALBERTA.

Bands. - This agency comprises three bands, as follows Wesley, Bearspaw, and Chiniquay's.

Health and Sanitation. - The health of these bands during the year has been good; there has been no epidemic or contagious disease. Buildings are whitewashed, and premises kept clean. There is a tendency to overcrowd buildings during cold weather.

Occupations. - The chief occupations are: cutting cordwood, hunting, stock-raising, and hay-making.

Buildings. - The houses are usually small, and with few exceptions are of the one-room variety. The stables are merely sheds.

Characteristics and Progress. - The Stony is not indolent, but spends his earnings as he goes along.

Temperance and Morality. - They are temperate, and immorality is the exception. Intermarrying is a common custom.

REPORT OF J.A. MARKLE, INSPECTOR OF INDIAN AGENCIES FOR THE ALBERTA INSPECTORATE.

There are eight agencies and nineteen reserves within this inspectorate.

The agencies are known as: Blood, Peigan, Blackfoot, Sarcee, Stony, Hobbema, Edmonton, and Saddle Lake.

The season of 1915 proved to be the best one on record for the Indians who farm. The area under crop was the largest the Indians in this inspectorate ever harvested. Joe B. R. Medicine, a Blackfoot Indian, and Iron Shirt, a Peigan, had the greatest wheat-yields. Both of these Indians had over sixty bushels of high-grade wheat yields per acre. Mike Bear Hat, a Blackfoot, threshed 617 bushels of oats from 5 acres, or an average of 123 bushels per acre.

The good crop of last season has greatly stimulated the Indians at farming. A slightly greater area is likely to be put under crop in this inspectorate next season.

On the whole the cattle industry has been fairly satisfactory. The exceptions are at the Stony and Saddle Lake reserves and where it seems to be a difficult task to keep the Indian from illegally killing immature animals. Years ago the Stony Indians held 'approximately 1,000 head of cattle, and now 300 head would probably include all their holdings.

The use of intoxicating liquor by Indians has not decreased. The vending of such is to be prohibited within this province after June 30 next, and strong hopes are entertained that this will prove to be a great blessing to the Indians.

REPORT OF HENRY A. CONROY, INSPECTOR FOR TREATY No. 8.

I beg to submit my report on the affairs of Treaty No. 8 for the year 1915.

I arrived in Edmonton on May 5, accompanied by Mr. H.J. Bury, Acting Clerk to Treaty No. 8, and, after attending to such matters as the checking of drug and medical supplies for the northern missions, and the purchase of additional equipment for the schools, we proceeded to Athabaska Landing.

At this point we joined the transport flotilla of the Northern Trading Company under the management of Mr. Campbell Young, and left Athabaska Landing for the journey down the Athabaska river on May 19. Owing to the easy stage of water, an uneventful trip was made down the rapids on the river, and McMurray was reached on May 31.

Both the Cree and Chipewyan Indians at this place expressed great pleasure in regard to the arrival of the survey party under Mr. D.F. Robertson, of this department, who had been instructed to plot out the lands that the Indians wished to have set aside for reserves. The lands thus secured are in every way suitable for the needs of the Indians, and, now that the survey work is completed, there will be no further cause of annoyance from white settlers squatting on Indian locations.

When the Alberta and Great Waterways railway is completed to McMurray, there will doubtless be an influx of settlers into this district, and, in my opinion, encouragement should be given to the Indians to locate permanently on their reserves. The most effective manner of achieving this object would be to appoint a farm instructor to have direct supervision of these bands and to grant the Indians a certain measure of assistance in the nature of agricultural implements, seed-grain, etc. The tools sent in this year to these bands were greatly appreciated, and care was exercised that they were distributed only to those Indians who, in the opinion of the headmen, were willing and able to utilize them in a proper manner.

I am pleased to report that there was no unusual amount of destitution during the past winter at this point, and, speaking generally, the Indians of the northern country managed to pass the winter season without undue want or suffering. This state of affairs, I am convinced, is a direct result of the prompt action of the department in taking the necessary steps for relief in September of 1914, and is due also to the loyal manner in which the various officers and members of the Royal Northwest Mounted Police discharged their duties in regard to the distribution of relief.

There were 5 births and 8 deaths reported at this point, representing a net decrease of 3, although several of the Indians who were absent last year returned for treaty this time.

Chipewyan was reached on June 7, and treaty paid to 235 Indians of the Cree band and to 348 Indians of the Chipewyan tribe. In the former instance 10 births were reported and 5 deaths, whilst in the case of the latter band there were 14 births and 10 deaths since last year.

There had been no unusual amount of destitution here, although it was, reported, that the Chipewyan band had not put forward any strenuous effort in the early winter to provide for themselves in a desirable manner; but the officer in charge of the Royal Northwest Mounted Police at this place, Sergeant Mellor, managed through his own personal efforts to persuade them to exert themselves in a manner conducive to their own interest, and the danger of widespread destitution among this band was fortunately avoided.

A certain quantity of ammunition was given them under his supervision, and they were enjoined to move to a locality where game was more abundant.

The Holy Angels' boarding school was inspected and a report regarding this is submitted in the school report.

The journey to Fond du Lac, at the eastern extremity of Athabaska lake, was made without event, although, owing to the prevalence of high wind and correspondingly rough water, it took longer than usual.

Payment was made at this point to 421 members of the Maurice's band, 22 births were reported and 12 deaths. A number of Indians who were absent last year returned for treaty on this occasion.

Caribou had been plentiful during the winter, and, in consequence, the Indians did not undergo any scarcity of food. No effort had been made on their part, however, to dry sufficient meat for their needs in the spring, and, in consequence, on my arrival there was some indication of a food shortage. When distributing the treaty rations I enjoined upon the Indians the necessity of laying aside supplies of meat and fish when these were plentiful, as a protection to them of a food-supply against the time when such would be scarce.

Fort Smith was reached on June 26, and payment made to 244 Indians of the Chipewyan band. Twelve births were reported and 4 deaths, representing a net increase of 8. Conditions at this point during the past winter season had been similar to those at the other posts. Prompt action by the police in the matter of the judicious distribution of the relief supplies left in their charge was sufficient to ward off destitution, and the result was that the band did not suffer any unusual hardship due to the depression in the fur trade.

Payment was made to 146 members of the Chipewyan tribe at Fort Resolution on July 2, to 196 Indians of the Yellowknife band and to 194 members of the Dogrib tribe.

An increase of 5 was noted in the Chipewyan tribe, as 12 births were registered and only 7 deaths. The Yellowknife band had decreased by one, as 5 births and 6 deaths were reported. An increase of 4 was evident in the Dogrib tribe, there having occurred 11 births and 7 deaths since last year.

The Chipewyans and Yellowknives had experienced no destitution during the winter, but one section of the Dogrib band had lived in some degree of want, until word had been sent in to the police at Resolution and provisions dispatched.

The Indians at this point were impressed, with the necessity of hunting for game and food rather than trapping furs, for which they received only very low prices.

The boarding school was inspected and found to be in a very satisfactory condition.

At Hay River 96 members of the Slave band received payment, 6 births and 2 deaths being reported, although several members of the band were absent this year.

Many of the old, infirm Indians are in need of assistance in the form of blankets for protection during the winter, and I would suggest that a restricted quantity be sent to the various posts for distribution to deserving cases.

At some of the posts on the Lower Mackenzie a certain amount of destitution was reported as having occurred last winter, but there was none of a widespread character, as might have been expected from the fact of there being practically no market for furs. At Fort Rae Caribou were killed in great abundance, in fact, to such an extent that a considerable quantity of dry meat was exported from this post to other less favoured situations.

The general health of the northern Indians was very fair, there being no evidence of serious illness or epidemic. Dr. McDonald also reports that throughout the winter season the Indians by reason of the improvement in their mode of life did not require medical assistance to the same extent as in previous years. It is hoped that this improvement will continue, and I have no doubt that when the various efforts of the resident doctors, missionaries and the department become coordinated to a better degree, the results will be very satisfactory.

Inspector C. Rheault, Officer Commanding the Royal Northwest Mounted Police at Smith Landing, accompanied the treaty party to Fort Providence, and his services at the annuity payments at Smith, Resolution and Hay River were invaluable, whilst his intimate knowledge of the question of relief and general police administration at the northern posts was of great use to the paying official.

The return journey was without incident, except for the wrecking of the Hudson's Bay Company steamer McMurray on the Rapide de Boyer, on the Peace river. This accident necessitated the requisitioning of the fire-patrol boat Rey at Smith Landing under Engineer McLellan in order to proceed to the Vermilion Chutes, on the Peace river.

Upon our arrival at the upper end of the Chutes, we were compelled to remain in camp for three weeks, whilst awaiting the departure of the next steamer.

We reached Peace River Crossing on August 24, and, after crossing to the end of steel at Reno, arrived in Edmonton via the Edmonton, Dunvegan and British Columbia railway on August 31.

From this point Mr. Bury returned to Ottawa, whilst I awaited further orders in accordance with instructions received in telegram from Ottawa.

Matters relating to schools and agencies in Treaty 8 territory have been discussed under special reports.

SUMMARY.

There are several matters of special import that I should like to bring before the notice of the department in connection with the affairs of Treaty No. 8.

Necessity of appointing a doctor at Fort Simpson.

I would again strongly urge upon the department the necessity of arranging for additional medical assistance for the northern districts. Dr. McDonald has done great service by trying to cover the entire country for a lineal distance of 1,300 miles, but it is obvious that such an extensive district cannot properly be covered by one man. A local hospital has been established at Fort Simpson under the auspices of the Roman Catholic mission, and I am convinced that a doctor should be appointed at this point, in order to supplement a medical service which, up to the present time, has been insufficient for the needs of the Indians.

Desirability of permitting the resident Agents in Treaty 8 to pay annuities in 1916.

As there are at the present time two permanent officials of the Indian Department resident in Treaty No. 8 territory, I would suggest that in order to increase their effectiveness and add to their respect in the eyes of the habitant Indians, they be instructed to pay treaty in 1916.

Agent Card might be authorized to pay annuities at McMurray, Chipewyan, Fond du Lac, and Smith, whilst Agent Harris would attend at Resolution, Hay River and Fort Nelson.

I would suggest that they be instructed to meet the paying officer at McMurray and Resolution and be in personal attendance at all the treaty points, so as to familiarize themselves with the mode of procedure and method of transacting business. They would then be in a position to undertake this duty in the following year. It is at treaty-time that they would be best able to get an insight into any matters that closely affect the tribe, for on these occasions most of the members of the band are present.

Necessity of securing the adhesion to Treaty No. 8 of the Indians inhabiting the north shore of the Great Slave lake and the Mackenzie River valley as far as Fort Simpson.

I would again strongly suggest that the remainder of the Indians belonging to the Dogrib and Slave bands inhabiting the north shore of Great Slave lake and the upper Mackenzie river as far as Fort Simpson be allowed to tender their adhesions to Treaty No. 8. They have from year to year expressed a great desire to do this, and, as shown in my general report of last year, I am of the opinion that it would be a beneficial later both to the Indians and the department. I would suggest that next year the paying official be empowered to open preliminary negotiations with the responsible chiefs and headmen, with a view to admitting these Indians to Treaty 8.

Necessity of appointing a farm instructor at McMurray as a means of assistance to the several bands of Cree and Chipewyan Indians now allotted reserves in the vicinity.

The Cree and Chipewyan Indians of the McMurray band have now been allotted reserves, and, as their lands are in every way suitable for agriculture, I would suggest that they be given some encouragement in this pursuit. These reserves are too far distant from the agency at Saddle Lake to be intimately looked after from that point, and, in consequence, I would recommend that a farm instructor be appointed at McMurray to have general supervision of the agricultural efforts of the surrounding bands of Indians.

SURVEY REPORT OF DONALD F. ROBERTSON.

In accordance with instructions of April 27, last, I proceeded to Fort McMurray for the purpose of selecting and surveying the Indian reserves in that district.

I informed Inspector Conroy, who was paying treaty, that I should be in McMurray several days before treaty was to be paid, (the Indians of that district had been advised that treaty would be paid at McMurray on June 10) so that I could discuss the location of the reserves with the Indians themselves when they were all assembled for treaty. I had my assistant, Mr. H.W. Fairchild, leave Ottawa on May 3 to arrange for the assembling of outfit and party and shipping of supplies. On my arrival at Fort McMurray on June 5, I found that treaty had already been paid, and I did not have an opportunity of discussing the location of the reserves for the Fort McKay band with this band as a whole. However, I located their reserves according to the information I received from Chief Boucher, who accompanied me on this survey and who, Mr. Conroy informed me, was appointed by the band to show me the land they wished to have included in their reserve.

I should have much preferred to meet all these Indians as a band myself, as the method by which this reserve was selected, i.e., by the chief alone representing the wishes of the band, gives them too much opportunity to complain that their wishes have not been met.

On Sunday June 6, I proceeded to Fort McKay. Mr. Fairchild and party had arrived on June 3 and had commenced the work of locating the Indian houses in Fort McKay settlement. In connection with this settlement, the work here was considerably increased by my finding that the Indians desired land on the river at this point and that they had a number of houses in what is now known as McKay Settlement. This was at variance with the information I received before leaving Ottawa, and as a consequence I had not with me any information regarding the Department of Interior settlement survey at that point and lands adjoining same, as information on our files showed all lands desired by Indians in this district a considerable distance from the river.

After locating the Indian houses at Fort McKay and running such lines as would enable these to be cut out of the settlement if such arrangement can be made, I left McKay on June 9 for Namur river near Namur lake about 45 miles west of Fort McKay, arriving there on June 9. Along the expansions of this river a reserve of 5,490 acres was selected for the McKay band.

I then went to Namur lake and there surveyed a reserve of 7,715 acres. Namur lake is a very clear, cold lake, and lake trout and whitefish are plentiful, of good size and of excellent quality. The fish in Namur river, fronting the reserve, are mostly jackfish and a few whitefish; The Indians state that the country in the vicinity of these reserves is excellent for trapping. Situated as they are, back from the Athabaska river, and as the surrounding country is not such as to invite settlement for some

time, it will be many years before their hunting will be. damaged by settlement. These reserves are composed of rolling country mostly covered with poplar, spruce and jackpine, and broken by muskegs. They are not suitable for farming, as indeed very little of the country in this district is

After the completion of this work, the reserve for Paul Cree's band at the confluence of the Clearwater and Christina rivers was selected and surveyed.

The situation here was complicated by the occupancy of part of the land desired by these Indians by Geo. Golasky (or Gordon) and Harry Malcolm. These men had made statutory declarations to R.H. Knight, D.L.S., who had just previously to my arrival there, subdivided a portion of the land desired by this band. After considerable negotiation, I was able, however, to obtain a complete release of all claim from. both these men, by allowing them to cut hay on this land.

This reserve is composed of 2,275 acres and includes a sufficient supply of hay, some excellent timber. An outcropping of asphalt occurs in Sec. 22 on the Christina river, and game is plentiful in this part. The soil on the timbered portion is good sandy loam, and that on the open part is also good, but more shallow.

When this was completed, I proceeded to Gregoire lake, and there located a reserve of 5,710 acres. About 400 acres of this is fine hay-land, and this reserve is excellent for stock-raising. Frequent, burning has considerably impoverished the soil, but a shallow top of good soil remains. Fishing is good in Gregoire lake. Game is still plentiful in the vicinity, although the A. and G. W. railway which is being completed, is* only about six miles east of this reserve and may affect the hunting to some extent. Alexan Boucher, a halfbreed, had been squatting on part of the prairie which these Indians wanted, but he had been on the prairie and appeared to me to be endeavouring, to be a bona fide squatter; he had four or five buildings and considerable fencing, so that it would have been a very considerable expense to compensate him for his improvements if his land were included in the reserve. Also if the land he occupied had been included, the area to which these Indians were entitled would have made it necessary to omit part of the reserve to the south which was if anything finer land than that which Boucher occupied. As the J section on which Boucher has his improvements included a piece of land that chief John Milton claimed as his, but on which lie had no improvements, Milton was not altogether satisfied. Gregoire Hainault insisted on his land being on the east side of Gregoire lake, and as R.H. Knight, D.L.S., was going to subdivide on the east side of the lake, his assistant informed me that, if necessary to run a line through the centre of a section in order to cut out his land, he would do so, as it would only involve between J and j mile of extra cutting for them, while if I were to go in and cut out Hainault's land before subdivision was brought up, it might result in breaking up 1/4 sections unnecessarily.

Towards the latter part of my work here I learned that the Janviers, a band numbering 22, wanted their land near what is shown on the map as Bohn and Cowpar lakes, about 50 miles south and east of Gregoire lake. One of the Janviers who came to Gregoire lake while I was working there, informed me that they had made this request of Inspector Conroy several years ago and that he had instructed them to put up notices to warn intending squatters.

As my supplies were just finished and almost half of my pack train unfit for work, I considered that the cost of attempting to go to this place over a muskeg trail which at that season had no frost in it, and survey this reserve, would be considerably greater than the importance of having it done this year would justify particularly as I was informed that it will only be between six to ten miles from the A.G.W. railway when completed, which will be next year, and the survey can then be made for very much less expenditure. In the meantime I gave them instructions to put up the notices which they already had warning squatters, and I also gave Janvier a letter, warning any squatters or intending homesteaders that these Indians would be given a reserve of about five square miles selected from the land in the vicinity of that posted by the

Indians; I also instructed the Indians to show the letter to anyone who was looking for land there, and, if after that anyone commenced any improvements, to report to the nearest R.N.W.M.P. showing the police the letter and asking them to protect the Indian interests. I also informed Corporal Thorne, of McMurray, of this letter.

Work in this district being completed, I left Fort McMurray on August 7 and reached Edmonton August 12.

REPORT OF R.E. LORING, INDIAN AGENT FOR BABINE AND UPPER SKEENA AGENCY, BRITISH COLUMBIA

Bands. - This agency comprises the following bands: Andimaul, Fort Babine, Getanmax (Hazelton) Glen Vowell, Kisgegas, Kispiox, Kitselas, Kitsegukla, Kitwanga, Kitwankool, Kuldoe, Moricetown, Old Fort Babine and Rocher Deboulé (Hagwilget.)

Occupations - The main occupation is fishing; and since the prices of pelts have latterly advanced, hunting and trapping receive more attention. During the season quite a number of the people work about the canneries of the coast. Some pack and team freight, and work in the section parties along the Grand Trunk Pacific railway line. Steadily more land is being broken up and fenced, and the area of gardening increased.

Farm Implements. - With the exception of some ploughs, mowers, harrows, horse rakes and wagons, only the common gardening tools are used. The Indians take good care of all their implements.

Buildings - The old type of dwelling of split cedar is fast disappearing. In most of the villages great improvements are constantly under way. The houses, with outhouses and barns, are of good construction and well placed.

Health and Sanitation. - The general health of all the Indians has been very good. With the exception of periodically occurring forms of influenza, the people were free from any sort of contagion.

Sanitary precautions are being taken in so far as they can successfully be applied. Yearly vaccination and re-vaccination after an interval of seven years, which practice has been followed for a considerable number of years, should largely secure immunity for the future.

Characteristics and Progress. - Generally considered, the Indians are law-abiding, industrious and making steady progress along the lines of civilization.

Temperance and Morality - Notwithstanding besetting temptations, under both of these headings the Indians on the whole gave a remarkably good account of themselves in the year just past.

General Remarks. - In conclusion, it may be stated that a general improvement of conditions is everywhere noticeable, and will no doubt continue from year to year.

REPORT OF IVER FOUGNER, INDIAN AGENT FOR BELLA COOLA AGENCY, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Bands. - This agency comprises the following bands: Bella Bella, Bella Coola, China Hat, Hartley Bay, Kinisquit, Kitimat, Kitkatla, Kitlope, Rivers Inlet, and Ulkatcho.

Occupations. - With the exception of the Ulkatcho people, all the natives of this agency live close to salt water, and derive their principal sustenance from the sea. They also trap, hunt, and work as hand-loggers, carpenters, and ordinary labourers.

A little farming is done on some reserves, where conditions are favourable.

The Ulkatchos live inland, and are mainly occupied in trapping, hunting and packing.

Farm Machinery and Implements. - Not much machinery is owned by these Indians; but what they have is well taken care of.

Boats and Fishing Implements. - The natives are discarding the old salt-water canoes, and many build, or buy, motor boats for themselves and in this sometimes go beyond, their means. As a rule they learn to operate the engine well. They fish for home consumption with implements owned by themselves. When fishing for commercial purposes, the implements are, for the most part furnished by their employers.

Buildings. - The buildings will, as far as size and outward appearance go, Compare favourably with those of white labourers and small farmers. The furniture is generally scant, and the rooms not orderly, judged by our standard.

Health and Sanitation. - The health of the Indians has been good on the whole. The winter was severe, however, and many, particularly children, suffered from the minor diseases attributable to sudden changes of weather conditions.

Sanitary rules are not generally followed; but there seems to be some improvement from year to year.

Characteristics and Progress. - The Indian in this agency is gradually becoming more like the white man in appearance and manner. He may be accused of being indolent, at times; but anyone who has seen him engaged in occupations in which he is interested would not stigmatize him as lazy.

Few accumulate money, but most of them acquire property, such as houses, boats and implements. They live extravagantly when they have money, and readily buy expensive food, such as canned goods.

In winter-time they congregate in their villages; while in summer-time they are scattered all along the coast at various employments.

Temperance and Morality. - They are, speaking generally, temperate in eating and drinking, and in this there has been improvement in late years. Their sexual relations are somewhat loose. They are as truthful and honest as can reasonably be expected.

REPORT OF W.R. ROBERTSON, INDIAN AGENT FOR COWICHAN AGENCY, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Bands. - This agency comprises the following bands: Beecher Bay (Cheerno), Comox, Cowichan district, Cowichan Lake, Esquimalt, Hellelt, Kulleets and Siccameen, Lyackson, Nanaimo, Qualicum, Nanoose (Suonowaa), Penelakut, Saanich district, Songhees, and Sooke.

Occupations. - The Indians of this agency are chiefly engaged in farming, fishing, hunting, in the canneries, at stevedore work and as day labourers.

Farm Machinery and Implements. - Nearly all, the bands are well equipped with the necessary farm implements. On the reserves where the most farming is done they have all the latest improved farm implements of every description.

Buildings. - The buildings on most of the reserves are of a very good class, many of the homes being lumber and frame dwellings, painted and well finished.

Health and Sanitation. - The health of the majority of the Indians of this agency during the past year has been good. There was an epidemic of gripe during the winter months, and a number of the old and feeble Indians died.

The sanitary conditions are very good. The villages are nearly all situated on the salt water or bank of some river, thus affording good drainage.

Characteristics and Progress. - The Indians throughout this agency are fairly industrious. Some of them make good use of the land at their disposal, but the majority have not the staying powers to stick to any one job they should have, the Indian wants quick returns.

Temperance and Morality. - The majority of the Indians of this agency are on the whole temperate and moral; but there are a few of them who will procure intoxicants whenever possible.

REPORT OF JOHN F. SMITH, INDIAN AGENT FOR KAMLOOPS AGENCY, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Tribe or Nation. - The Indians of this agency belong to the Salish nation and are called the Chinook Indians; they compose three different tribes, each speaking a different language.

The Adams Lake, Niskainlith, or Halaut, Kamloops, Little Shuswap Lake, North Thompson, or Chuckuqualk, Deadman Creek, and the Bonaparte bands are of the Shuswap tribe.

Ashcroft, Oregon Jack, Cook's Ferry, Nicomin, Lower Nicola, and Coldwater bands are of the Thompson tribe. The band occupying the Upper Nicola belongs to the Okanagan tribe.

THE SHUSWAP TRIBE.

Occupations. - The chief occupation of the Indians of this tribe is mixed farming and stock-raising. They hunt, and sometimes trap on a small scale. Some team and act as freighters, and occasionally as labourers. The majority have in the past few years occupied themselves principally with the cultivation of the land.

Stock. - Every band of Indians of this tribe owns horses and some fairly large herds of cattle, and the indications point to an effort to increase their herds both of horses and cattle.

Farm Implements. - Nearly all the Indians of this tribe in the agency who are giving special attention to the cultivation of their allotments on their reserves, are fairly well supplied with the necessary tools for their work.

Temperance and Morality. - The pernicious illicit liquor traffic among a certain number of the Indians of each band, still continues its baneful influence. However, only a small percentage of the Indians of this tribe are addicted to liquor. The majority are temperate, and are of good morals. Those inclined to be intemperate are usually found to be of loose morals.

Dwellings. - A large portion of the dwelling-houses of the Indians of this tribe are of log, but in a few of the villages neat frame buildings will occasionally be found. Some of the log houses are neatly put up, and tidily kept, while others are not only unsightly on the outside, but decidedly unsanitary on the inside.

Health and Sanitation. - Except for an epidemic of grippe which showed itself in a virulent form among the Indians of the North Thompson band, and in a milder form in other villages of the Shuswap tribe, a normal healthy condition prevailed. The cases of grippe received prompt medical attention, and no fatality is reported in consequence.

Characteristics and Progress. - The great majority of the Indians of the Shuswap tribe are industrious. Those who are devoting themselves to the cultivation of their land are fast becoming skilful farmers, they are handling their land intelligently and are getting good results in the growing of cereals, such as wheat, oats, barley and corn, as well as successfully growing all kinds of vegetables, pease, beans and melons. A number of them have young orchards and are taking excellent care of their trees. A few of the reserves such as Kamloops, Adams Lake and the Niskainlith, have now under cultivation nearly every inch of cultivable land for which water can be secured for irrigation.

THE THOMPSON AND OKANAGAN TRIBES.

Tribes. - These tribes consist of the Ashcroft, Oregon Jack, Cook's Ferry, Nicomin, Lower Nicola, Coldwater, and the Upper Nicola bands.

Occupations. - The chief occupation of these Indians is mixed farming and stock-raising, hunting game for food, and sometimes hop-picking.

Stock. - Every band of Indians of this tribe owns and raises horses, some large herds both of horses and cattle. In this particular special mention may be made of the Upper Nicola band of the Okanagan tribe, which occupies both the Douglas Lake and the Nicola Lake reserves; notably of the chief, among whose herds are to be found some of the finest bred horses in the province, as well as a well-selected grade of beef cattle and milch cows.

Farm Implements. - All of these Indians are fairly well supplied with the necessary farming appliances, some are exceptionally well provided with the latest improved farming equipment of every description. This is particularly noticeable among the Indians of the Douglas Lake and Nicola Lake reserves.

Temperance and Morality. - A good proportion of the Indians of the Thompson and Okanagan tribes in this agency are temperate as far as liquor-drinking is concerned, and their morals are good. The facilities, however, for illicit liquor traffic among these Indians still have their demoralizing effects, and this is particularly noticeable among the Indians of the Lower Nicola, and has called for strict police vigilance during the past summer, resulting in several arrests and convictions of suppliers, which in a measure has done much to check the traffic for the time being. The utter disregard for the marriage tie among the Indians of the Lower Nicola band continues to have its deteriorating effect on their morals. I find it very difficult to combat this phase of their morals.

Dwellings. - The dwelling-houses of these Indians are mostly of logs, some of which present a neat appearance on the outside. There are also a fair proportion of frame dwellings, notably the Cooks Ferry Village, which is composed altogether of frame buildings, also on the Nicola Mameet No. 1, or Shulus, as well as the Douglas Lake and Nicola Lake reserves, on which are a superior class of both log and frame dwellings, a number of which are neatly painted on the outside, and some are neat and tidily kept inside.

Characteristics and Progress. - The Indians of the Thompson tribe taken as a whole are fairly industrious. In some localities exceedingly satisfactory results are being obtained in the cultivation of their land, notably the Indians occupying the Pomynoos reserve No. 9, of the Cook's Ferry band, who are supplied with an abundance

of water for irrigation, and are most successful in raising their Crops of hay, grain, beans, pease, and all kinds of vegetables, as well as fruits, both large and small. On the Nicola Mameet (Shulus) reserve gratifyingly large crops of hay, grain and vegetables were grown during the past summer; while the Upper Nicola, of the Okanagan tribe, can be classed as practical farmers and stock-raisers. The great majority of them are industrious and interested in their work. Being well equipped with farm implements, they raise large crops of hay, grain, and vegetables, particularly hay, and are devoting themselves exclusively to agricultural pursuits.

General Remarks. - The Indians of this agency as a whole are law-abiding. They are all, with an exceptional few, making satisfactory advance in their methods of soil cultivation for the best results. It is, therefore, safe to say that they are gradually realizing the security afforded in the dignity of self-reliance, as well as the importance and value of their own efforts in that direction. Some are doing remarkably well, keener interest is being taken in each succeeding year in the quality and quantity of each individual production. And every effort is being put forth to keep up that spirit, and to foster and encourage them in keeping up the interest they are taking in improving their allotments by careful cultivation, care of their growing plants, and the harvesting of their crops.

The majority of the Indians of the agency are neat in their dress and appearance, and, as nearly all are owners of horses and some cattle, some of them have fine turnouts and equipments, and live well. The young men as a rule take great interest in all forms of athletic sports, and are usually in evidence at agricultural fairs, participating in all their athletic sports and games.

REPORT OF R.L.T. GALBRAITH, INDIAN AGENT FOR KOOTENAY AGENCY, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Bands - The following bands are included in this agency: Arrow Lake, Lower Columbia Lake, Lower Kootenay, Shuswap or Kinbaskets, St. Mary's and Tobacco Plains.

Occupations. - The principal occupations followed by the Indians in this agency, are farming, stock raising, freighting, hunting, fishing and trapping. A number find employment as farm labourers in the several sections of the agency. The Lower Kootenay Indians are employed around the Kootenay lake and at Creston, picking and crating fruit for the markets of Alberta and Saskatchewan, and are considered proficient at their work.

Farm Machinery and Implements. - The Indians are fairly well supplied with these, and, as a rule, place them under cover when not in use.

Buildings. - Frame structures are taking the place of the old log buildings that were first erected. These are fairly well ventilated and lighted.

Health and Sanitation. - During the past year the health of the Indians has been very good. Every precaution has been taken to keep their dwellings in a sanitary condition, And they are beginning to realize that this is important in order to keep away disease. The only serious illness consisted of three cases of diphtheria at the Kootenay industrial school; and prompt measures were taken to prevent the disease spreading, and only in one case was it fatal.

Characteristics and Progress - The Indians of the agency are most industrious and law-abiding, and are cultivating their several holdings with intelligence, and are becoming in many cases proficient farmers, and I consider that they have made a fairly good showing for the past few years.

Temperance and Morality. - The majority of the Indians are moral, law-abiding, and temperate, and keep up their reputation as such. Every effort has been made to stop the use of intoxicants amongst the young men, and a marked improvement is noticed.

General Remarks. - The winter of 1915 - 16 has been one of the coldest that we have experienced in the agency for many years, with the result that the loss both in cattle and horses has been very great, and will be a great setback and a hardship to these Indians for many years to come. Although the prices of furs have improved, the Indians were unable to do much trapping, owing to the very great snowfall, and were constantly employed during the winter feeding and caring for their stock. An improvement is noted in the lumbering industry, which it is hoped will continue and which will benefit the Indians to a very great extent, as some of them find employment in connection with logging.

REPORT OF W.M. HALLIDAY, INDIAN AGENT FOR THE KWAWKEWLTH AGENCY, BRITISH COLUMBIA

Tribe or Nation. - The Indians of this agency belong to the Kwawkewlth and Lackwiltack or Yucaltaw nations, but the language is the same throughout the entire agency.

Bands. - The following bands are included in this agency: Koskemo, Klaskino, Klawatsis, Mutilpi, Kwatsino, Kwashela, Kwawkewlth, Kwiahkah, Mamalillikulla, Nakwakto Ninikish, Nuwitti, Tanakteuk or Knight Inlet, Tsawataineux or Kingcome Inlet, Wawlitsum or Salmon River, Wewayakay or Cape Mudge, and Wewayalcum or Campbell River. These all live in fifteen principal villages.

Health and Sanitation. - During the past year while there was no epidemic, the deaths exceeded the births by seventeen. The majority of the deaths were confined to old people. Amongst the children or younger people tuberculosis claimed several victims.

The Indians naturally are careless and indifferent about sanitary arrangements, although quite clean in their own persons. On the occasion of visits from the agent, each village is inspected and the Indians are advised to clean up their premises, and particularly warned to throw all offal into the sea. The water-supply for all the villages is pure and wholesome.

Occupations. - The principal occupation of all the Indians in this agency is fishing. During the canning season the larger majority go to the various canneries. Their earnings during the past year, owing to the length of the season, were above the average. In the spring, commencing about April 10, the oulachon fish run in the rivers at Kingcome Inlet and Knight Inlet, and large quantities are caught; but at present the only use made of them is for the oil, which is extracted and boiled, and forms an article of commerce amongst themselves.

During the past year, owing to the depression in the lumber market, very little logging was done. One camp was run by the Indians at Port Neville, but, owing to the poor state of the log market, they made very poor wages over and above expenses.

Buildings. - Only a small percentage of the buildings in this agency are modern or comfortable. Most of the houses are large barn-like shacks, built of split cedar boards, and heated and lighted by a large bon-fire in the centre. These buildings have only earth for the floor, the smoke finds its way out partly through a hole left in the centre of the roof, and partly through the crevices. A noticeable percentage of the Indians after reaching about fifty years of age have eye troubles, seriously affecting the sight, and it is thought that the continued living in this smoke while wholesome in other ways affects the eyes.

Characteristics and Progress. - As a class the Indians in this agency are indolent, and lack all desire for steady employment. They commence any operation with great zest, but the interest soon flags, and after a short time it is difficult to get them to do anything. This is one reason assigned by employers of labour for not engaging Indians excepting for short jobs.

On the whole they are peaceful and law-abiding. They have wordy quarrels over their own tribal customs, but very rarely do they resort to blows. The work amongst them is not encouraging, owing to the lack of progress and advancement, but, there are occasional glimpses of a desire to do better which keep one from altogether becoming a pessimist.

Temperance and Morality. - In regard to the liquor evil it may be confidently stated that it is almost eradicated. There have been very few convictions during the past year against Indians for having intoxicants or against other people for supplying. During the canning season the Chinese at the various canneries require to be watched, but, at many of the canneries, the managers have a penalty clause in their contracts with the Chinamen, which has done a great deal to eliminate this evil.

With regard to morality, it may be stated that the code of ethics amongst the Indians is quite different from that of the whites. Their marriage laws are very lax, and they never wait for the formality of a legal divorce, before marrying again, if it can be called marriage at all. In some of the villages the younger men are beginning to realize the necessity of purity and virtue, and improvement can be noticed in these villages.

REPORT OF H. GRAHAM, INDIAN AGENT FOR LYTTON AGENCY, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

SALISH TRIBE OR NATION.

Bands. - The following bands belong to this tribe: Cheam, Squawtits, Ohamil, Popcum, Union Bar, Skawahlook, Hope, Yale, and Seabird or Maria Island.

Occupations. - The chief occupations of these Indians are farming, fishing, hoppicking, a small amount of trapping, lumbering and a little labouring.

In farming they are improving year by year; but as for labouring, there is very little of this, it becomes scarcer every year.

During the past year very few Indians worked in the canneries owing to two reasons: firstly, the smaller run of fish, and secondly, the great influx of Japanese, who have altogether superseded the Indians.

Many of the Indian women go in a great deal for basket-making, and have been in the habit of deriving a considerable income from this source.

On some of the reserves market gardening is followed, and of this they are making a fairly good success.

Farm Machinery and Implements. - On the whole, the members of these bands are not too well supplied with implements, but they are fast collecting more and more, some of which are well taken care of, being kept under cover when not in use.

On a few of the reserves they are provided with the very latest improved farm implements, which are made good use of.

Buildings - On the whole, the buildings belonging to these bands may be considered fairly good, some of them having very nice, modern houses built on more up-to-date plans, the majority of which are frame buildings consisting of several rooms.

The older type of Indian dwellings is becoming practically extinct in this part of the agency.

Barns, stables and outhouses are in most cases sufficient for the requirements, some of the Indians having nice, large barns, which they require in this wet climate.

Health and Sanitation. - I think that I can say that the health of the Indians this year has been very good, there having been no contagious diseases of any description outside of consumption, which is prevalent amongst all these Indians.

Sanitary arrangements are gradually becoming improved and the Indians are beginning to realize the great advantage it is to them to look after these.

I notice where there are ex-pupils from the different schools they are having a great effect upon these conditions on the different reserves.

During the past season hop-picking the health of the Indians was very satisfactory, and with strict police supervision the sanitary arrangements were well carried out.

Characteristics and Progress. - The Indians on the whole have been working more industriously and are showing the result of this on their farms, but the amount earned by outside labour has been less, owing to the scarcity of work this past season, and the Indian has not as yet learned to look ahead and prepare for a rainy day. The consequence is that there has been a great deal of hardship this past winter on this account owing to the exceptionally severe weather.

There are the variable Indians to be found, of course, those who work by fits and starts; but on the whole they can be classed as industrious and progressive. They are also most peaceable and law-abiding when left alone and not incited by the usual sort of white agitators.

Temperance and Morals. - Although many of the Indians are striving very hard to suppress the liquor traffic, there are always a few to be found who will drink liquor when they can get it, still on the whole I think these Indians can be termed fairly temperate and moral. Amongst them are a few half-breeds who invariably tend to lead others astray in the whisky line and also carry a few of the women away to other reserves.

THOMPSON, LILLOOET AND SHUSWAP TRIBES OF NATIONS.

Bands. - These tribes are comprised of the following bands: Spuzzum, Boston Bar, Boothroyds, Kanaka Bar, Siska, Skuppah, Lytton, Anderson Lake, Seton Lake, Cayoose Creek No. 1, Cayoose Creek No. 2, Lillooet, Bridge River, Fountain, Pavilion, High Bar, and Clinton.

Occupations. - The principal occupation of the Indians of these tribes is farming, with a little stock-raising and trapping.

On the whole there has been a very considerable improvement shown in the farming during the past year; there being practically no outside work to be had, the Indians have had to put all their energies onto the land and I am glad here to be able to report that the prize offered by the department for the best farm in the agency was won by Frank Mitchell, an Indian of the Bridge River band, who obtained the highest number of marks obtained by any Indian in British Columbia.

This past year was an exceptionally good one for beans, and the Indians alone raised no less than ten carloads, for which they obtained a very good price.

Trapping has been resorted to with very fair results this past winter.

Fishing for their own consumption was very much restricted last season owing to the stringent regulations placed upon Indians and the small run of fish in the river. The result of this was that a great number of Indians obtained very small catches, consequently their winter supply ran out very early, causing great hardship amongst them, which became doubly hard owing to the great severity of the weather.

Besides the scarcity of salmon, a great number of Indians had their potatoes frozen.

Farm Machinery and Implements. - The Indians of these bands are very well supplied with farm implements, of which they take very good care, though of course there are some occasional instances where tools have not the care taken of them that they should have.

Each year sees better and more improved up-to-date farm implements being brought in amongst them, as they are realizing the great benefit these are to them. They are also using more implements worked by horses, doing work that up to the last few years was always done by hand.

Buildings. - The buildings of the Indians in these districts mostly consist of the old frame dwellings of the one and two room type, but this past year has seen several modern frame buildings built, which the Indians take an interest in keeping painted and clean.

Barns and stables, of a better type, are on the increase.

Health and Sanitation. - Generally speaking, I think the health of the Indians has been up to the average this past year.

There was a small outbreak of typhoid fever in the Lillooet district, but by strict supervision on the part of the doctor, it did not spread very far.

The majority of the bands are taking a much keener interest in the appearance and cleanliness of their premises, which has a great deal to do with the health of the Indians on the whole; but I regret to have to report that the very severe weather experienced this past winter seemed to have a very bad effect on the older Indians, as quite a number of them have passed away.

Characteristics and Progress. - Most of the Indians are intelligent and industrious and are making very good progress along the lines of civilization.

Great improvement is shown in mixed farming and fruit-growing. They are realizing more fully the importance of cultivating their land properly. In many instances they are working at a great disadvantage owing to the fact that there is no access to their reserves excepting by horse trail; everything must be packed on horseback a great number of miles and then canoed across the Fraser river.

Taking these bands as a whole, they may be classed as very industrious and law-abiding.

Temperance and Morality - As a rule these Indians are temperate.

A few of the younger generation have shown an inclination for drink, but since the easy means of obtaining liquor,

through the foreign element brought into this country by railway-building, has gone, the number of cases of intoxication has diminished and the morality of the Indians generally has gone up.

General Remarks. - The summer of 1915 showed a decided improvement in the general progress of the Indians throughout the agency, but the winter of 1915 and 1916 has been one of the coldest and worst on record. Horses and cattle have suffered

very much in consequence and in very many cases the Indians have lost potatoes and other roots, owing to the fact that the frost got into their root-houses and cellars.

The fur industry has picked up somewhat this past winter, and the prices received have been a little above the average; but, owing to the depth of the snow, the Indians in many instances have had great difficulty and hardship in visiting their trips.

Industries in the district have been very limited, but at the present time a large number of the Indians are employed on the railway; which employment however will not last more than a very short time.

REPORT OF CHARLES CLIFTON PERRY, INDIAN AGENT FOR NASS AGENCY, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Bands. - This agency comprises the following groups of bands: the Nishga group, which comprehends the Gitlakdamiks, Aiyansh, Kitwilluchsilt (or Gwinoha), Lakkalzap and Kincolith bands, of the Nass River; and the Tsimpshagan group, which is composed of the Port Simpson, Metlakatla, Port Essington and Kitsumkalum bands, whose reserves are in the neighbourhood of and on the Skeena river.

Occupations. - These Indians are handymen, and are nomadic. They seem to be able to adapt themselves to almost any kind of manual employment. Essentially, they are fishermen, hunters and trappers; but when they are not following their more common pursuits, they engage in boat-building, carpentry, marine engineering, freighting, net, basket and souvenir making. Some are good artists, and others are storekeepers and preachers. They are enthusiasts as evangelists.

Usually they are very industrious, but are not adept at keeping alive industries such as business partnerships, saw-mill or fish-packing enterprises.

Farm Machinery and Implements - with the exception of a few ploughs, these Indians do not make use of these.

Buildings. - These continue to improve from year to year, and there is great competition in the matter of home-building. The houses in use by the greater part of the Indian population are of modern design. There is usually a lack of completeness about them, however, which suggests a promise of a comfortable home when circumstances will admit. The nomadic pursuits of the Indians forbid the home touches of lawns and flower beds, such as grace the homes of the white people under favourable conditions. For this reason it is common to find a modernly built home surrounded with weeds and wild growth of many kinds.

Some of the Indians take considerable pride and care in the growth of flowers, and beauty of their premises, but these are not in the majority.

The Indian settlements, as a rule, appear quite modern and are pleasing to look at. The old style of Indian house is fast disappearing, in fact, there are very few left - I believe, only four in the whole agency.

Health and Sanitation. - While the agency has been free from epidemics, a case of measles is under quarantine in Metlakatla at the time of this writing. So far seven days have elapsed since the rash appeared. No new cases have developed. The neighbouring city of Prince Rupert is at present emerging from an epidemic of two hundred cases of measles. It is surprising that the Indian villages have not all been affected. Efforts have been successfully made to keep as many Indians as possible away from the city during the epidemic.

Numerous cases of tubercular disease have been under treatment at the hospitals. I have lectured with the aid of a lantern and slides on the subjects of tuberculosis and venereal diseases in all the villages of the agency during the year. The medical officers of the department have presided where possible at the lectures, and it is believed that good results will follow.

The Indians of the agency are, generally, well served with medical attention and treatment by the department. In addition to the medical officers in the work three field matrons now minister to the Indians' needs; their influence is far-reaching and helpful.

It is pleasing to find on every hand evidences of the realisation by the Indians of the effectiveness of reasonable measures and precautions for the prevention of disease and the acquisition of better conditions of sanitation. Indian mothers take better care of their children at childbirth, and eye troubles are less numerous. Many Indians burn rubbish that would otherwise become the habitat of fly pests. Attention is given to the open window and lighter homes as safeguards against the spread of tuberculosis. Some shopkeepers forbid spitting on the floors of their shops. Many homes are kept beautifully clean by frequent cleanings.

Characteristics and Progress. - The progress of the Great War has been instrumental in bringing about an era of economical resourcefulness on the part of Indians as well as on the part of the white people. The cost of living being higher, and the fur trade bad, has given them a better sense of the value of money, so that they no longer throw their money away on unnecessary things. I find the Indians very industrious and law-abiding, and they are, generally, self-supporting. They have passed the hardest winter known to any of the Indians here with the least assistance in the way of relief supplies.

The Great War has also afforded an opportunity to the Indians to express their loyalty. It is with considerable pleasure that I am able to inform the department of the manner in which the Indians have responded to the appeals of the Canadian Patriotic and Red Cross funds. The Tsimpseans, in particular, have contributed most liberally to these funds. A Port Simpson Indian woman made thirty pairs of socks to aid the Red Cross movement. The band also contributed several small sums of money as well as gifts of socks and comforts for the soldiers.

The Metlakatla band, in addition to a gift of \$140 in cash to aid the Canadian Patriotic Fund, has contributed \$1,000 from its trust account to the Canadian Red Cross. In addition to this, some of the most useful and pretty basketry, doilies, table centres, etc., have been made and given for the Red Cross movement.

From other parts of the agency I expect to receive shortly boxes of gifts, such as basketry, mats, socks, etc., as contributions to a sale of work to be held at Prince Rupert during Easter week in aid of the Canadian Red Cross. No better expressions of loyalty and fealty can be expected than have already been manifested by these Indians.

Half-breed Indians to the number of seven, connected with the reserves of the agency, have joined the overseas forces and are at present in England, en route to the front.

The usual difficulties of the Indians in the matter of obtaining employment obtain in the agency. Many of them are carpenters, but there is very little work for them and they are thrown back upon the reserve life.

Temperance and Morality. - The year has passed with but little drinking amongst the Indians on record. They have been exceptionally temperate. As to their morals, they make good showing side by side with an equal number of the white race.

General Remarks. - I have visited all the reserves of the agency during the year, and have held meetings with and otherwise interviewed the Indians in their reserves and homes. I am pleased to be able to report that the Indians are making splendid progress in the ways of civilisation, their interest in which becomes more intelligent year by year.

The Royal Commission on Indian Affairs for the Province of British Columbia visited all the principal reserves and met the Indians, gave them a full and patient hearing in all matters appertaining to their affairs, and was received graciously by the Indians everywhere.

REPORT OF PETER BYRNE, INDIAN AGENT FOR NEW WESTMINSTER AGENCY, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Tribe or Nation. - All the Indians of this agency belong to the Salish nation. The majority of them speak English and Chinook, as well as their own particular dialect.

Bands. - The following bands are included in this agency: those in Chilliwack district, on Howe sound, Burrard inlet, and Squamish river; Chehalis and Scowlitz, Coquitlam, Douglas, and Skookumehuck, Samahqnam and Pemberton Meadows; Hoinalco and Klahoose, Katzie, Langley and Whonnoc; Musqueam, Matsqui, New Westminster, Nicomen and Skweaham, Semiamu, Sechelt, Sumas, Sliammon, and Tsawwassen.

Health and Sanitation. - With few exceptions, the health of these Indians has been good. Many of them, however, were laid up with gripe in the winter; but with the advent of spring the disease disappeared. One case of small-pox broke out in St. Mary's Mission boarding school. The patient was promptly isolated and all the pupils in attendance were vaccinated. The building was quarantined, and the disease stamped out before it had time to spread. Sanitary conditions are good.

Occupations. - The chief occupations of these Indians are fishing, hop-picking, farming, and gardening. A great many of them also work in the canneries during the fish-canning season, and others work for their white neighbours as farm-hands. Many of the women are expert basket-makers, and derive a considerable income from this source.

Dwellings. - The Indians in this agency, generally speaking, take a pride in their houses, nearly all of which are good frame structures, and kept clean and neat.

Stock. - The majority of the Indians raise stock, which as a rule is well cared for; but, owing to the long cold winter, for which they were not prepared, some of their animals suffered from want of food, and others died from exposure.

Farm Implements. - The Indians of this agency are well supplied with the necessary farm implements, which are well taken care of, and kept under cover when not in use.

Characteristics and Progress. - Most of the Indians are intelligent and industrious and making good progress along the lines of civilization. They are also law-abiding.

Temperance and Morality. - The Indians of this agency are both temperate and moral, with a few exceptions. Generally speaking, they give material assistance in the suppression of the liquor traffic; but there are a few who will get whisky whenever they possibly can do so.

General Remarks. - Through the influence of education the Indians are making steady progress along the lines of civilization. They are adapting themselves to the white man's methods of cultivating the soil, and raising stock. A number of them are excellent farmers, and their crops in many instances compare favourably with those of their white neighbours.

Of late years the Indians seem to take a decided interest in fruit-growing, and the fruit-trees supplied, by the department are a great incentive to them to continue along this line.

REPORT OF J. ROBERT BROWN, INDIAN AGENT FOR OKANAGAN AGENCY, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Tribe or Nation. - The Indians of this agency belong to the Salish tribe or nation. They are called Chinook Indians, speaking natively two distinct dialects, - Shuswap and Okanagan.

Bands. - The following bands are included in this agency: Spallumcheen, Okanagan or N'Kamaplix, Penticton, Osoyoos, Skemeequankin, Ashnola, and ChuChu Wayha.

Health and Sanitation. - The health of the Indians in this agency has been good during the past year. There are, however, cases of blindness and consumption. The sanitary conditions are not all that could be desired, but the Indians are improving in this respect, and love to live in tents during the summer months.

Occupations - General farming and stock-raising are the chief occupations of the Indians, with hunting, fishing and fruit-growing as side issues.

Farm Implements. - Almost all the bands are supplied with the requisite farm Implements.

Buildings. - Considerable improvement has taken place in recent years in the houses of the Indians in all the bands, some very fine frame and one cement house having been erected. There is also improvement in the outbuildings.

Stock. - The majority of the Indians raise stock. Some very fine horses and cattle are found on the reserves, the sires being pedigreed.

Characteristics and Progress. - Most of the Indians are intelligent and industrious and are making steady progress, especially in stock raising. They are peaceable and law-abiding.

Temperance and Morality. - Although there is some drinking among the Indians, particularly around the towns, on the whole they can be classed as temperate.

General Remarks. - The Indians, in spite of good crops last year, found that the price of grain and roots in the fall was less than half the amount they paid for their seed in the spring, and were inclined to be discouraged thereby, for they found they were barely able to pay off their indebtedness; but, owing to lack of demand for outside help, they are beginning to realize that they must depend more and more on their land and the necessity of having stock, for most of them have plenty of unused pastureland, which only needs fencing. They also have some of the finest arable land in the province of British Columbia, and all it needs is thorough cultivation and manure to raise enormous crops. Mixed farming ought to be the mainstay of the Indians in these valleys, for cattle and pigs at the present time are in great demand, and prices for beef and pork are exceptionally high. The Indians are beginning to realize as never before the value of their meadows for hay and winter feed, and are on the lookout for summer pasture for their cattle, especially in the Similkameen valley.

I am glad to be able to state that the Indians in spite of inherent weaknesses and many temptations are making an honest effort to better their conditions, and in some cases are competing successfully with white men.

REPORT OF THOMAS DEASY, INDIAN AGENT FOR QUEEN CHARLOTTE AGENCY, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Bands. - The two large bands of Indians on Queen Charlotte islands are known as the Massetts and Skidegates, and are located on Graham island, the largest of the group of islands on the shores of Hecate straits. Before the location of the boundary line between the United States and Canada, the Hydah Indians crossed over to Prince of Wales island, and a number of the same tribe located there. We had a visit, last year, from fifty-five of the American Hydahs now permanently located at Hydaburg, Alaska, and had the opportunity to meet with Indians who live under another form of government, and an opportunity to compare the Indians of the same nation who have been granted the privileges of citizenship, and who are, practically, independent of government control. They remained, at Massett, almost a month, and my experience with them proved that they are no further advanced than the Indians of this agency. A number of them read, write and speak the English language, and they were met by Indians who addressed them in the same tongue. They brought three large launches, flying the American flags. Our Indians met them with a uniformed brass band, and the Union Jack was flying before the houses of our prominent Indians, in places where, a short time ago, the "totem" poles of the hereditary chiefs stood.

The former, so-called, "Head Hunters of the Pacific" meet, as they did last year, their former enemies, the Tsimpshean band, and showed the marked improvement since Confederation. The chief councillor addressed them in English, and there was little to show that it was not a gathering of whites, welcoming to a town, modern in all its surroundings, in place of the small villages, where they formerly met, to sail out to raids on their neighbouring Indians. Fifty years ago these Indians were the "terrors of the North"; to-day they are the most advanced on the whole coast of North America. The change can only be comprehended by those who have associated with these Indians for half a century. It is the most remarkable circumstance in the history of British Columbia.

There is much still for the Indian to learn before he will take his place as one of the equals of our race; but there is no doubt that the Hydah nation is ambitious to become a part of the British nation, freed from wardship, and capable of exercising the franchise, on this side of the line, as their brethern are on United States territory. Individually, a large percentage of them read and write. They take a keen interest in everything that goes on around them. Their internal affairs are managed by councils, elected annually, and working under by-laws, approved by the department. They, have their churches, town halls, good streets, presentable residences, wharves, brass bands, gasoline launches, row-boats, cattle, horses and all modern improvements, including water-works. When at their home towns, the schoolhouses are filled with pupils, and they are asking for a boarding school, to which they guarantee to send every eligible girl and boy. They all dress well, and the able-bodied Indian asks for no relief, earning a living for himself and his family.

Health and Sanitation. - It is pleasing to state that there are indications of suppressing the dread disease, consumption, among the Indians. It has been asserted by medical men that tuberculosis will carry off the Indians, and there has been marked inroads made by consumption. Sanitary laws are hard to enforce in Indian settlements; but the death-rate is steadily falling off, which is proof that there is hope of saving the race. In past years, the Indians depended on the rain water, from the tops of Buildings for home consumption. Our Indians now have water-works, from which they obtain the very best water. An attack of chicken-pox, which was introduced through visitors from outside places, troubled a few of the children. A strict quarantine was imposed, and the disease was stayed., Fish offal is now buried, or thrown below high water mark. The towns are cleaned up, regularly, by the councils, and a large number of shacks were removed, the whole of the inhabitants, on one occasion, turning out and making firewood, not only, of the old buildings, but also of their "totem" poles. The death-rate decreased almost one-half, from the returns of last year. Both the Massetts and Skidegates have an increasing birth-rate. Of course, tuberculosis cannot be eradicated in a day, a month, or a year; but there is a way, and when the Indian looks upon this disease as he does small-pox, and other dread diseases, the change will come. I have been advocating the removal of the young and healthy children to boarding schools. We must either remove the sick from the healthy or the healthy from the sick. A house full of children in which one is suffering from tuberculosis is a menace to all. I have seen Indians carrying their consumptives to entertainments some of them in the last stages. I understand that thirty per cent of the Indians die from consumption. The disease is, without doubt, doing a great deal of harm among the Massetts and Skidegates; but we are fighting it to the best of our ability, under conditions that are none too favourable.

Occupations. - The Massetts and Skidegates are fishermen. It is safe to state that they catch over \$100,000 worth of fish, annually, for shipment to the outside world. At the trolling grounds, and on the rivers, they work from April until August in each year. The remainder of the time, they do little or nothing, outside of gathering their own winter fish, obtaining wood, and building their own boats. Recently new industries have started, which will engage a number of men. A number have

taken out logging licenses, and are cutting timber for the mills. It is difficult to obtain for them areas of timber-land. There are hundreds of thousands of acres of timber-lands on these islands; but when we applied for a few limits, for the Indians, we were met by the statement that the timber limits are too valuable for logging. It would be advisable for the department to obtain timber limits for the Indians. They have a very restricted area now as Indian reserves. On their reserves there is some timber; but the Indians will require this; in the future, for firewood, and for their own use as lumber. The Indians of Alasett, and Skidegate are good boat builders. For the first time they have received an order to build boats for a cannery, on which several of the men are now working. Some Indians own gasoline launches, which are employed during the fishing season. An cannery, owned by an Indian company at Skidegate, has been leased for a term of five years. Indians will be employed there, catching dogfish, and extracting oil from the carcasses. The women are the principal gardeners. They prepare small gardens, before the fishing season, and grow vegetables for winter use. The women and children work in the canneries, for about two months, and the whole family make enough to carry them through the winter. It is to be hoped that there will be work for the Indians, during the winter months. What they make in the summer they spend during the winter. Few of them have any money when the spring opens up. They are willing to work at all seasons of the year; but the way of things in this agency is that there is little or nothing to do at certain seasons. The white working men leave the island during the winter, seeking work outside. The Indian remains, and passes the time doing little or nothing. The last year was one in which a number of the men endeavoured to fish the year round; but weather conditions, and a few failures, disheartened them. We expect that a cannery on the island will commence operations shortly, which will give work to all. It has been a very hard winter, and the Indians felt it keenly; but there was no general destitution, and no able-bodied Indians applied for relief.

Buildings. - The Skidegates erected a number of new residences, and all of them are substantial buildings. They take a pride in erecting good cottages, and are learning to furnish them with modern furniture. In fact, the Skidegate Indians have homes that are models of cleanliness, and they deserve credit for many improvements that are seldom noticeable in towns inhabited by Indians. Many of them have musical instruments, carpeted floors, kitchen ranges, and all the conveniences of modern dwellings. The Massetts did not construct many new houses. They made an improvement as good, in tearing down all the old shacks along the waterfront, formerly occupied as dwellings, and in removing the signs of former times, the "totem" poles. It was customary for the chiefs to have large cedar poles in front of their houses, on which were carved the figures of animals and birds. Since the introduction of the councils, the Indians are doing away with old ideas and customs. The former chiefs are no longer the official heads of the band. In place of the "totem" pole, they have erected flagstaffs, from which they float the British flag. If all Indians disposed of the "totem" poles and the hereditary chiefs were eliminated, it would go a great way towards suppressing, the "potlach" and the "feast". Usually, the chief assumed the position of head man of the village, which position he retained, whether he was the best, or the most non'-progressive of the Indians. The annual election gives the Indians the opportunity to select their own chief councillor, and council, and the greatest step, among progressive Indians, has been the entire disposal of customs that never would be beneficial.

Stock. - The unprecedented winter, with snow and storms, has been the cause of a great deal of suffering to the animals. It caught the Indians unprepared, in a country where it has been the boast of Indians and whites that cattle can feed outside the year round. Many imported hay and grain; but the cattle will have a hard time, even yet. It was apparent that some of the Indians should not own cattle, and we endeavoured to bring those to task who neglected their animals. A number have been

killed, and the meat sold. The Skidegates imported hay, and turned their boathouses into shelters. A few of the Massetts fed their cattle; but the majority roamed, and they were difficult to find, in the snow, and hiding away in the bush. We are feeding fill that we possibly can, and are endeavouring to show the Indians that there is a paying side, in supporting their stock, as well as treating the animals in a proper way. These islands are not suitable, at present, for raising fodder, and nearly all the settlers are importing food for their stock. The Indians are, usually, away during the harvest season, and made little provision; but they will take notice of the lesson of this winter.

Farm Implements. - The Massetts and Skidegates are not farmers. They have few farm implements, only those used in working small gardens. Before proceeding to the fishing grounds, they seed a small piece of land, and gather the vegetables after their return from fishing.

Characteristics and Progress. - The introduction of town councils, working under approved by-laws, appears to show improvement in many ways. The residents take an interest in the elections, and the proceedings, and the agent has an authorized body of men to consult, when business of local interest is to be transacted. It is noticeable that the Indians elect some of the best of their bands as councillors. Fortunately, they understand all that is said; they study the by-laws, and are in favour of improving things. They even want to go further than the by-laws allow. It is sometimes problematical whether the Indian should have the same liberty that is given the Hydahs of Alaska. We have men capable of exercising the franchise, who can read and write and understand the affairs of the country as well, if not better, than many foreign voters, who have been naturalized. If the Department should consider the question of enfranchising the Indian, the Hydahs would be a model band to first prove the advancement of the aborigines. There is no doubt that they are not content with being wards of the Government. They are ambitious, and are looking ahead, and wondering why they have not the same privileges with men who have no interest in the country. They have all the qualifications necessary not as a band but individually, among the educated Indians. They feel that the Indian Act requires amendment, in many ways, and they should be privileged to take up preemptions, and give up community life. There is no disguising the fact that the Indian young man is willing to fall back, in many instances, to the life that means fishing in the summer, and doing little, or nothing in the winter. The girls look for a home, with the surroundings they have been brought up in. The eligible young men are few, and a great number have no homes of their own. There is a custom, among the Indians, of the friends and relatives selecting the bride and groom. In some cases, unhappy marriages are the result. If the girl does not marry, what is there for her to do but to return to the old home, where the elderly people talk the language of the tribe, and where she must again take her place as a helper. She is then taken to the cannery; where nothing good is learned, and many fall away. In many cases, the educated Indian girl is the prey of white men, who have, in many instances, only evil intentions. The girls come back home, with different ideas from those of the older people. They desire to show that they are out of the rut that the Indian of former days occupied. Education has been given them, to better their condition in life, and what is there for them in an Indian village? Some have married well; others have fallen, and the older Indians wonder whether it is best to keep their children at home, and give them the ordinary day school education, where they, will not absorb ideas and ideals above their station in life. It is but a step from the Indian life to the ways of the whites, and back again. An Indian has all the racial proclivities that we have, and will always look for the freedom from mannerisms and customs that we exhibit. They are not dependents, and appear to have, a great deal of freedom of speech and manner that we would consider unusual. Although the Indians are wards, they often show that they can go where they like, and say what they please. If they have employment, and feel aggrieved at anything, away they go, and care little about another

position. In many cases, when you offend one, the whole band has a grievance. Year after year goes on, and we report on their condition; but it is improvement we desire. The Indians of this agency, we claim, are different from the large majority of Indians in the province. They are all under certain laws and restrictions, which some consider are only for what are called the "blanket Indians." Where bands of Indians build towns, have councils, speak English, and where they conduct their own affairs, as the whites do, they claim that some other form of government should be applied to them than that given to the ignorant Indians, living along the Coast, in shacks and making no efforts to improve. They ask: Why are we educated? What are our prospects for the future?". They also say Our American Hydahs, just across the boundary line, are no better able to care for themselves than we are; yet they have the franchise, and are not as children and wards." In my opinion, there are many Indians capable of caring for themselves, who should not be under the protection of the department. They associate with the whites: are as shrewd, in business dealings, as we are, and are well able to care for themselves. The older Indians are not fitted for self-government; but the Indians under forty years of age are all capable of caring for themselves, in this neighbourhood, and it is pleasing to note that the Deputy Superintendent-General, in his last annual report, states that the ultimate aim of the department is to enfranchise the Indian. With the population now in Canada, the Indian voter would not carry the influence that would have meant so much a few years ago. The educated Indian realizes the responsibilities of government; and the difference in tribes, and languages, makes one band independent of the other. The Indians of this agency have not offered themselves to take a place in the forces now under training or at the front. They have not shown any disloyalty, and are eager to hear of the success of the Allies; but no effort was made to induce them to leave their homes, and take up arms. They would be very useful, for home defence, and I feel sure that every able-bodied man would join the colours, in defence of, Canada. The Indians of this agency have been isolated from the scenes of preparedness, and hardly realize the immensity of the struggle now in progress. Although they met many foreigners, at the fishing grounds, I have been assured that they, one and all, are loyal.

Temperance and Morality. - The fact that only one case of drunkenness appears on the court list, during the whole year, shows that the Massetts and Skidegates, on the islands, are a temperate people. When they visit the cities and towns, a few of them have been known to obtain intoxicants; but it is a fact that the constable, Mr. Hughes, who has been visiting the reserves, and who lives on the island, within a few miles of the largest band, did not arrest one seller of intoxicating liquor, or arrest one drunken man, during the year.

The question of morals is one that has given considerable difficulty. Some Indians do not look upon the moral code of the whites as applicable to them. Their old marriage customs were different, and they retain many of the characteristics of the ancient Indian, when it suits their purpose. Men leave their wives, and wives leave husbands, and they think nothing of cohabiting with other Indians. The better class of Indians, and the missionaries, are fighting this evil, which is the greatest difficulty we have to contend with. The history of our Indian tribes shows that each had a different law regarding marriage, which might have been acceptable before the advent of the, Christian teachers; but, where we now have missionaries among the Indians, the same law regarding marriage that we have for the whites should be carried out.

In conclusion, permit me to thank the officials of the department in Ottawa, and also in this agency, for the assistance given during the year. I will not specialize; but can honestly state that all worked with one aim, the advancement of the people under our care. As well as they can, the Indians of this agency also appreciate the endeavours made for their benefit. There are times when the problem of managing bands of Indians seems trying; but the petty difficulties give place to a measure of

satisfaction, when we consider that we are dealing with people that knew little of civilization, or Christianity, a few years ago. Their advancement has been phenomenal, and it is to be hoped that our efforts among them will also bear fruit, and tend to better their condition and those who will follow in their footsteps.

REPORT OF W. SCOTT, SIMPSON, INDIAN AGENT FOR STIKINE AGENCY, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Bands - This agency comprises the following bands: Tahltans, of Telegraph Creek and vicinity; Casca band, and Grahame Nomads, of McDames Creek; Liard band, and Nelson nomads, of Liard Post; Atlin and Teslin Lake band.

Occupations. - All these bands hunt and trap for their living. The Tahltans and a few of the Atlin band supplement this source of livelihood by engaging in other occupations such as guiding big game hunters, working in pack trains, hay and wood cutting, boating, mining, and freighting with dog teams; while a few are occasionally employed at house-building and rough carpenter work. A few of the Indians have horses, which as a rule are employed by the merchants owning large pack trains.

Farm Machinery and Implements. - There is no farming done in this agency.

Buildings. - Most of the buildings on the Tahltan reserve are old, but of late years a number of the band have purchased lots, in the village of Telegraph Creek and have erected good dwelling-houses, mainly of logs, well furnished inside with lumber, and most of them are equipped with modern cook-stoves, sewing-machines, washing-machines and imported furniture.

Health and Sanitation. - The general health of the bands is good, there having been no outbreak of any serious disease or epidemic of any infectious nature.

Characteristics and Progress. - All the Indians throughout this agency are lawabiding. All are industrious with the exception of the Grahame and Nelson River nomads, and have greatly improved in the last decade. The younger members of the Tahltan, Teslin, Casca, and Liard bands speak English and as a rule are well dressed. The Nelsons and Grahames have not had many opportunities of, coming in contact with the whites, and are consequently more backward than their more fortunate neighbours. All are extravagant and spend their money on all sorts of luxuries and expensive clothing.

Temperance and Morality. - The Indians of the Tahltan and Atlin bands are fond of liquor and will pay any price to get it. There is always a certain element in every floating population that is on the watch for such opportunities and the Indians have such a system of espionage in conjunction with these men as to defy all efforts of the constable to apprehend them. Once in a while they are caught, and the offenders are heavily fined or imprisoned. Many escape who are wise enough to take the liquor far away from the town before indulging in a carouse, but the fact remains that it is getting harder for them to secure a supply, and we have every reason to hope that this is the last year in which liquor can be purchased in this section of the province. There are no liquor licenses granted in the territory to the east of Telegraph Creek, consequently the interior Indians are unable -to get a supply.

In the matter of morality, there, is a marked change for the better, but there is still room for improvement, which example alone can remedy.

REPORT OF W.J. McALLAN, INDIAN AGENT FOR STUART LAKE AGENCY, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Bands. - The following bands are within the jurisdiction of this agency, namely: Blackwater, Burns Lake, Cheslatta, Decker Lake, Euchinico, Francois Lake, Fraser Lake, Fort George, Grand Rapids, Muskus, Maxim Lake, Nazco, North Tacla Lake,

Pintcee, Stony Creek, Stella, Stuart Lake, Tatcee, Tsislainli, Yacutcee, Fort Connelly, Fort Graham, McLeod Lake, and Naanee.

The twenty bands mentioned first may be said to be in the farming belt, and all to a more or less extent till the land. The majority have stock of some kind. The last four are semi-nomadic, living mostly by hunting. These have no stock of any sort. Small gardens are generally put in each spring; but, from want of attention during the growing season, results are not very encouraging except at McLeod Lake, where fair crops of potatoes are raised every year.

Occupations. - Trapping was undoubtedly the main support. Fur prices were good, and in the first part of the season animals were plentiful. Every Indian who could set a trap or a snare was out many big catches being made. Farming operations were again very important, the area under cultivation being materially increased. Stony Creek band in particular almost doubled its acreage under crop. These Indians easily hold first place as the most progressive in the agency. Stock-raising, particularly in the south is receiving more attention, and I expect to see this develop into a very important industry within the next few years.

It is really remarkable how suddenly has come the appreciation of cow's milk. In some instances butter is made for home use. These food products coming into more general use are having a beneficial effect on the health of children, among whom the mortality rate has been low.

A small start has been made, with chickens and hogs, which is very satisfactory. Four years ago any one suggesting that these could be raised by Indians here would have been laughed at, and indeed at that time on account of so many dogs being kept it would have been impossible. However, the Indians are rapidly learning to appreciate the value of food-producing animals, and in the south at any rate the dog's day is over.

Odd jobs and outside labour were very hard to get, but indications are better for the future.

Fishing also received great attention. A few years ago fish was generally regarded as the chief food-supply; it is being gradually supplanted by the ordinary foodstuff now readily procurable in the country.

Farm Machinery and Implements. - With the growth of agricultural pursuits, the need of more farming implements is a natural sequence. Indians as a rule are ready purchasers of farm implements. The commoner varieties are steadily coming into use and are generally well cared for. The Ruchinico band has a large shed where all the tools, wagons, sleighs, etc., are put when not in use. Other bands have smaller places where implements are cared for.

A very large number of garden tools also are used.

Buildings. - Dwellings are mostly of the one or two-room log cabin type of house. At Fort George, however, the houses are all story and a half frame buildings of from three to five rooms. At Stony Creek an entire new village is in process of erection, the old houses being removed as the new ones are ready for occupation.

Outbuildings, cattle and horse stables could be improved upon in many cases in the matter of room and ventilation.

Health and Sanitation - There were no epidemics of any kind, and health can be considered satisfactory. Tubercular diseases in different forms are the main causes of sickness.

The relation of sanitation to health is being better understood. Refuse and garbage are now generally burned. A certain degree of improvement in all-round personal and household cleanliness can be noticed, with still lots of room to progress along the same lines.

Whitewashing the insides of dwellings is being tried in some of the Stuart Lake villages, and results beneficial to health are expected.

Characteristics and Progress. - Probably a greater degree of progress has been attained during the past year than in any other. This can be attributed largely to a general awakening. Six or eight years' contact with the white settlers has apparently convinced the Indian that the white man's methods are the best, and he is going to adopt them. He has discovered that there are a great many things he can do just as well as a white man if he tries.

One need only look at the farming activities of the Stony Creek band or the well kept fields, fences, implements and live stock of the Euchinico band to be convinced that they possess most of the qualities and a good deal of the ambition necessary to become successful farmers, and it is along these lines that their future efforts must be directed. The farmers are the "progressives" and are becoming more numerous from year to year. The condition of the Indians who simply hunt and trap remains more or less stationary - this year they have been fairly prosperous, but as a rule they get but a precarious existence.

Temperance and Morality. - With the exception of the Fort George band, whose behaviour is not creditable in either respect, all the bands have a good record.

So far as general observance of the law is concerned, conditions could hardly be better, as outside of liquor cases only two cases of petty theft came before the courts. Of serious crimes or offences there were none.

General Remarks. - The year's operations have been decidedly favourable. The best of crop conditions prevailed and fair yields all round were secured. Prices for farm products were low, but this removed the temptation to oversell stocks, ensuring sufficient supplies of potatoes for the house and fodder for the animals. The winter just ended will go on record as one of the severest ever experienced, yet live stock of all kinds has come through in good condition.

The destiny of these people lies in farming. I regret that I have so little time during the planting season to give practical instruction. The farm competition instituted last season is along right lines. The Indians took a great interest and there was quite a rivalry for first place.

The Indians are showing their adaptability for all branches of farming. No sooner do they realize that the high prices ruling for hay and grain during railway construction days are gone for good than they are turning their attention to stock-raising, for which the southern part of the agency is well adapted.

Through the operations of the Royal Indian Commission adequate land provision has been made for all the bands. This action has produced the greatest satisfaction in that it has removed entirely the Indian's greatest grievance. It concedes him an existence and furnishes a sure means of livelihood, of which I have no doubt he will fully avail himself.

REPORT OF CHAS. A. COX, INDIAN AGENT FOR WEST COAST AGENCY, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Bands. - the following bands are included in this agency: Ahousaht, Clayoquot, Chaicclesaht, Ehattisaht, Hesquiat, Howchucklesit, Kilsemeht, Kyuquot, Matchilaht, Mouchaht, Nitinaht, Noochatlaht, Ohiaht, Opitchesaht, Pacheenaht, Toquaht, Tsessaht, and Ucluelet.

Occupations. - The chief occupations of these Indians are fishing, and sealing off shore, and also working about the canneries, a few in the lumber mills, and others trapping. Many migrate annually to the United States to assist with the hop-picking; others go to the Chilliwack district on the mainland for the same employment.

Farm Machinery and Implements. - There are only two ploughs amongst all the bands.

Buildings. - Many of the buildings are only shacks, but a few really good buildings are spread over each reserve. At Ahousaht, Clayoquot and Nootka the Indians have lined up their residences, and the settlements are consequently much more symmetrical. The smoke houses in most cases have been removed to positions behind the settlements. A commencement along these lines has also been made at Hesquiat.

Health and Sanitation. - The health of the Indians, with one or two exceptions mostly old people has been very good. An attack of chicken-pox on the Ahousaht reserve was reported, but it was soon quelled. This was in February. On most of the reserves the sanitation is good.

Characteristics and Progress. - The majority of the bands are making some progress, and are peaceable and law-abiding; but some of the bands are stationary.

Temperance and Morality. - As a rule the Indians in this agency are fairly temperate except when working at the canneries. The same remark may also be made in regard to the morality of the bands.

REPORT OF ISAAC OGDEN, INDIAN AGENT FOR WILLIAMS LAKE AGENCY, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

Bands. - The following bands comprised in my agency: Anaham, Alkali Lake, Alexandria, Canoe Creek, Canim Lake, Dog Creek, Nemiah Valley, Toosey, Red Stone, Stone, Soda Creek, Quesnel, and Sugar Cane.

Occupations. - The occupations of these bands are: farming, stock-raising, freighting, hunting and trapping; some work out for the whites, they are now mostly going into farming and stock-raising. Quite a few trapped this winter and secured much higher prices for their pelts than those of last season.

Farm Machinery and Implements. - Nearly all these Indians take good care of their farm machinery and implements.

Buildings. - Their buildings are nearly all of log, but those that are going up now are much better.

Health and Sanitation. - The health of these Indians has been fair. The only epidemic prevalent during the year was whooping cough, and a few of them died of consumption.

Characteristics and Progress. - These Indians are becoming industrious. They are law-abiding, with the exception of very few. The Indians on one or two of the reserves are getting richer.

Temperance and Morality. - They are temperate compared to what they were a few years ago.

Their morality is good.

REPORT OF A.M. TYSON. INSPECTOR OF INDIAN AGENCIES, FOR THE NORTHERN INSPECTORATE, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

BELLA COOLA AGENCY.

The Bella Coola agency extends from Rivers Inlet on the south to the Nass and Babine agencies on the north, where it is bounded by the 54° north latitude. It includes about 200 miles of coast line and islands adjacent thereto, running inland and including the sources of the Bella Coola and Salmon rivers. It is under the supervision of Indian Agent Fougner, and comprises the following villages: Bella Coola, Bella Bella, Kimsquit, China Hat, Oweekayno, Hartley Bay, Kitkatla, Kitlope, Ulkatcho and Kitimat.

Occupations. - Fishing is the principal industry, while during the canning season many of the Indians find employment at the various canneries. The Indians of this agency are, also expert boat-builders, and own splendid gasoline launches, which are of much assistance in travelling between the different reserves located near the water. Trapping, hunting, and logging may also be included in the industries of this agency, although the Indians have not paid so much attention to trapping this year as formerly, owing to the poor condition of the fur trade. I am pleased to report, however, that these people are giving more of their attention to the cultivation of the soil, and there is this year a considerable increase in the number of gardens under cultivation, as well as a marked improvement in the condition of the same.

General Conditions. - Conditions, at this agency have been much improved during the past year. The new water system installed at Bella Bella has proved a valuable acquisition to the people, and the completion of a new roadway and substantial sidewalk at Bella Coola has considerably benefited conditions in this village, especially during the wet weather. The new hospital, which was publicly opened last year, is in charge of Dr. (Mrs.) Sutherland, who has an efficient staff under her and is doing good work at Bella Coola. With few exceptions the fishing season has been particularly good, so that the Indians have provided themselves with ample dried fish, which, with a plentiful supply of garden produce, has enabled them to put up considerable food for winter consumption.

Health and Sanitation. - I am pleased to report that the Indians are giving more attention to sanitation both in the home and in the condition of their streets, as a result of which the general health has been much improved, so that there has been very little sickness among these people during the year.

The gasoline launch Charles Todd has, been of great service to the Indian agent in enabling him to visit the different Indian villages.

The accommodation provided for the Indians at the different canneries is most satisfactory.

Constable Tucker's efforts to suppress the use of intoxicants by these people are meeting with considerable success, and with an active vigilance at all times, offenders in this regard are summarily brought to time.

The people of the Bella Coola agency are making steady progress in the right direction, and every year a marked improvement is noticed both in the people themselves and in their surroundings.

STIKINE AGENCY.

The Stikine agency is situated in the Cassiar district, being north of the Nass and Babine agencies, and is in charge of W.S. Simpson. The principal villages are Tahltan, Drytown, Casca and Atlin.

Occupations. - The people of this agency are for the most part engaged in hunting, trapping, fishing, and working on pack trains; while during the hunting season many find remunerative employment in acting as guides for the big game hunters, who on different occasions have expressed their appreciation of the valuable and efficient service rendered by the Indians in this capacity. On account of the poor condition of the fur trade, the Indians during the past year have given less of their time than usual to the trapping or killing of the fur-bearing animals. Owing to the poor condition of the soil, long winters and early frosts, this agency is not adapted for agriculture, so that we cannot expect that very much success will be met with in this direction.

General Conditions. - The Indians all have comfortable homes, which are both clean and sanitary. In some instances they have very fine buildings, and all are kept in a good state of repair. In person the people of this agency are neat and cleanly, and as a rule they are a moral and law-abiding class. As a good deal of dried salmon was put up for winter consumption, with this and their garden produce, they have been able to get through the, winter without any severe suffering from want.

Health and Sanitation. - Sanitary conditions have been much improved in the different villages, and as a result the general health of the people has been very satisfactory during the past year.

Constable Cullen is keeping a sharp watch on the liquor traffic, and under his constant vigilance a marked improvement has taken place both in the moral conduct of the people and in general conditions in the agency.

The Royal Commission visited this agency during the past year, meetings being held at the different villages.

The Nass agency extends from the south bank of the Skeena river to the head waters of the Nass on the north and along the coast line to Port Essington on the Skeena river. It is comprised of the following principal villages: Essington, Metlakatla, Kincolith, Port Simpson, Gitlakdamiks, Gwinoha, Aiyansh, Kitsunikalum and Lakalsap. Mr. C.C. Perry is the Indian agent.

Occupations. - Fishing, hunting, trapping, logging and boat-building are the principal industries, while many of the Indians are employed at the various canneries during the canning season.

The soil of this agency is for the most part unsuitable for agriculture, although efforts are being put forth constantly to encourage the Indians in this pursuit, a result of which is that at Metlakatla, Aiyansh and Gitladamiks there are some very fine gardens, while at Aiyansh and Gitladamiks considerable stock has been raised.

General Conditions. - Conditions in this agency are very encouraging. Many new buildings have been erected, old ones repaired and repainted, and all are kept in a clean and sanitary condition. At Kincolith a new saw-mill has been built, which will give employment to quite a number of these people. They have also some splendid homes, which they are anxious to keep in good condition.

I Health and Sanitation. - The streets in the different villages were much improved during the past year in regard to sanitation, and for the most part were clean and tidy. The people are also paying more attention to sanitation in the home; and I am pleased to report the health has been much improved, there being very little sickness among these people during the year.

General Remarks. - The moral conduct has been good and the people are industrious and anxious to improve themselves and their conditions wherever possible.

On account of the unsatisfactory condition of the fur trade, the Indians have put up an extra supply of dried fish, which forms the staple food during the winter months.

Constable Watkinson, with headquarters at Port Simpson, and Constable Philipson at Prince Rupert are both doing good work in this agency and keeping a sharp watch on the liquor traffic.

The Royal Commission paid a visit to this agency during the year and were courteously received by the people.

The Indians of the Nass river are becoming more reconciled to the white settlers of late. This is a marked advancement, as they formerly exhibited an unfriendly attitude.

BABINE AGENCY.

The Babine agency is located northeast of the Bella Coola agency and east of the Nass, and is in charge of Agent R.E. Loring, who is located at Hazelton. The principal villages are Hazelton, Kitselas (New Town) Kitwanger, Andimaul, Glen Vowell, Kispiox, Kitseguecla, Meanskinisht, Hagwilget, Morrice Town, Kitsegas, Kitwancool, Kuldoe and Babine.

Occupations. - The chief occupations are fishing, hunting trapping and teaming, although perhaps agriculture is carried on to a greater extent here than in any other agency of the Northern inspectorate, many of the Indians having particularly fine gardens and considerable stock, which appears to be well cared for. The fruit-trees supplied to Glen Vowel by the department have been given careful attention by Mr.

Jackson, the Salvation Army officer at this village, and are thriving well. We are looking forward to good results being obtained in the near future from an agricultural Standpoint. Some of the Indians are taking an interest in mining, and have staked mining claims.

General Conditions. - Conditions in this agency are much improved since my last visit, both in respect to the people themselves, who are clean and neat in appearance, and the general condition of the villages. The people of this agency, have some very nice buildings and homes, which are well looked after and kept in good repair.

Health and Sanitation. - Sanitary conditions are much better than formerly; both in the home and the streets considerable improvement was noticed in this respect. The health during the past year has been very good, there having been very little sickness.

General Remarks. - Constable Hamblin has been very active in suppressing the liquor traffic, and through his efforts much has been accomplished in this regard.

The Royal Commission visited this agency during the year and held meetings at the different villages.

These people are progressing, and each year a wonderful improvement both in the people themselves and their general mode of living.

QUEEN CHARLOTTE AGENCY.

This agency is located on the Queen Charlotte group of islands, and includes two villages, Massett and Skidegate, the agency being in charge of Mr. Thomas Deasy.

Occupations. - Fishing, logging and hunting form the principal industries of these people, though many of them are splendid boat-builders and carpenters, as is evidenced by the remarkable workmanship displayed in their gasoline launches and buildings. Efforts are being put forth to encourage these people to cultivate the soil to a greater extent, and as a result there are some fine gardens under cultivation.

Band Councils-At Massett and Skidegate the Indians have exceptionally good councils, which look after affairs at the villages in a very efficient manner.

Liquor Traffic. - Constable Hughes is doing good work in this agency and keeping a sharp watch on the liquor traffic. Through his efforts much has been done in the way of improving the moral conduct of these people.

General Conditions. - I am pleased to report conditions at this agency exceptionally good. The Indians have many fine buildings. especially homes, which are kept in a good state of repair. These as well as the streets are kept clean and sanitary, and the people themselves are neatly clad and healthy in appearance. At Massett the new wells recently installed have been a wonderful help to these people, and with the new water system at Skidegate, this agency is now provided with an ample supply of water.

At Skidegate and Massett new wharves of creosote piles have been built, and will doubtless prove a considerable improvement on the old ones.

Canneries are to be opened this year at Aliford Bay and Naden Harbour, which will give employment to a number of the Indians who, have previously had to leave home during the fishing season.

Health and Sanitation. - The streets and homes have been improved in regard to sanitation, and the health of the people has been very good, with the exception of an epidemic of chicken-pox, which visited the village of Massett. I am pleased to report that all traces of the epidemic have now disappeared and the people are enjoying good health.

GENERAL REMARKS.

There has been a great improvement in this inspectorate during the past year. The people are industrious and

painstaking, and anxious to progress so that they may compare favourably with the white people whom the younger generation imitate in

dress and customs. - They treat newcomers with the greatest courtesy and evince the utmost loyalty to the Crown. Since the outbreak of the war these people have contributed a good deal to the war fund. In the many meetings held both with the Royal Commission on Indian Affairs and otherwise, their statements, requests and complaints were, with very few exceptions, brought forward in an orderly manner, and the meetings; conducted in a businesslike way.

Many of the Indians own very fine homes, which they keep in good condition both as regards sanitation and repair, many of them being particularly well furnished.

More interest is being taken in agriculture than formerly, and, as a result of this, the Indians are, for the most part, well supplied with garden produce. Efforts are being put forth constantly to encourage the Indians to devote even more of their time to agricultural pursuits, and it is expected that the future will show some splendid results in this direction.

The various constables are doing good work in the different agencies and doing much to suppress the liquor traffic, which has played so large a part as a detriment to advancement among these people.

As, more attention is being paid to sanitation and ventilation, so is the health of the Indian people improving, and I am pleased to report that very little sickness has occurred among the people during the past year.

The field matrons stationed at the various villages in the different agencies have been a great help to these people, particularly to the Indian women, who are being taught to care for their sick, and otherwise instructed in the household arts.

The people of the Northern inspectorate are very musical and many of the villages have splendid brass bands, which, on the visit of the Royal Commission on Indian Affairs, invariably turned out to welcome them.

I am pleased to report very little suffering among these people from want during the past year. The fishing season being for the most part successful, plenty of dried fish was put up for winter consumption, and this, together with their garden produce and other roots, enabled them to stand the winter with very little hardship

REPORT OF A. MEGRAW, INSPECTOR FOR THE SOUTHEASTERN INSPECTORATE, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

This inspectorate comprises six agencies: Kootenay, Lytton, Kamloops, Okanagan, Williams Lake, and Stuart Lake, and covers an area that includes not only the entire portion of the southern interior of British Columbia, but takes in as well much of the western slope of the Cascades, for it extends as far west as Agassiz, and runs northward to about the 57th parallel of latitude.

KOOTENAY AGENCY.

Kootenay agency was visited in June, July and October, on each of which occasions I was accompanied by the Indian agent, Mr. R.L.T. Galbraith.

The past year was more prosperous for the Indians of this agency. This increased prosperity was due principally to two causes, viz., revival of the lumber trade, which gave employment and put more money into circulation, and to better crops, owing to the generous rains of June and July. The gain in employment brought about by resumption of operation in the saw-mills was in a measure offset by completion of construction of the Kootenay Central railway, which passed over to the operating department in the early part of the year.

More attention is being paid to farming, especially among the Shuswaps of the Upper Columbia, but the land held by the Indians of Kootenay agency is not so well

adapted for farming as is most of the land in other agencies. The Lower Kootenay band near Creston is the worst in this respect, as most of the land is submerged from April to October, and it is hoped that additional allotment may be obtained for those Indians, for they are sober and industrious. Were it not for the money they earn in berry-picking time from the white growers at Duck Lake, and the fish and wild-fowl that they obtain from Kootenay lake and Kootenay river, they would have a rather difficult task to subsist.

KAMLOOPS AGENCY.

During the past year there has been marked progress at the Kamloops agency. The Indian display at the Kamloops fair was most encouraging, and showed that the Indians are ambitious to improve their condition and obtain from agricultural pursuits more of the benefits that should be theirs. On some of the reserves are to be seen some very good orchards, from which the owners are making some money, and the attention that is being paid to the cultivation of clover augurs well for improved condition of the land.

The death of Chief Louis of Kamloops, who was for many years a prominent figure in the Indian life of the agency, was one of the notable events of the year. His influence was for improvement, and he lived to see substantial advancement among his people.

The agent, Mr. John F. Smith, is deserving of much credit for the spirit of emulation that is apparent among his Indians.

An important part of his work during the year also has been the punishment of a lawless element, at one or two centres in his agency, that was debauching the Indians. His hearty support of Dominion Constable Dallin, who has now gone on active service, resulted in the conviction of various culprits who had been in the habit of supplying the Indians with intoxicants.

In this agency many Indians volunteered for service abroad. In fact the agent complained that over-zeal on the part of recruiting officers made the recruiting too indiscriminate, and as a result some married men with families left their farms with none to look after the crops.

LYTTON AGENCY.

A successful year was experienced by the Indians of the Lytton agency. The crops were very satisfactory, because of the bountiful rains in June and July. Much of this agency is known as the dry belt, and an occasional season of greater rainfall during the growing months is worth much to agriculturists.

The land holdings as a rule are not very large in this agency, and cultivation of the little white bean has been a staple source of revenue in the past and is likely to continue. Irrigation and mixed farming are the two ideas that need to be kept constantly before the Indians, and more of them, year by year, are beginning to grasp this, as has been amply shown by the very favourable record made by the agency in the department's farm competition.

The central event of the year was the completion of the Botanie lake storage dam and construction of the Indians' new ditch to take advantage of it. In past years the salmon in the Fraser river was the great stand-by of the Indian for his food supply. This has failed him during the past two or three years, Owing, it is claimed, to obstruction in the Fraser at Hell Gate between Yale and North Bend; but, with more attention to mixed farming, they may become independent of deprivations of that kind.

Some of the Indians found a difficulty in marketing the produce of their gardens last year. This is a handicap which has occasioned loss to white growers as, well as Indians, and it seems due to temporary break-down in the selling organization.

Less railway construction, and also vigilant constabulary work, have lessened the amount of drunkenness and crime in the agency.

WILLIAMS LAKE AGENCY.

Although better crops were harvested in this agency during the past year than the average, the advantage therefrom that might otherwise accrue, has been offset by other drawbacks that have borne somewhat heavily upon the Indians. There has been depression consequent upon the cessation of construction work on the P.G.E. railway. The price of hay and oats has fallen because the completion of the GT and Trunk Pacific railway permits produce of that kind to be brought in from the prairies and freighted down the Fraser to Soda Creek. Then the freighting industry itself, which enabled many Indians in the past to earn good wages teaming up the Cariboo road from Ashcroft, has been partially disorganized by the running of passenger and freight service on the P.G.E. to Lillooet. It is the period of re-adjustment necessitated by altered conditions, and it will take a few years to overcome present difficulties.

STUART LAKE AGENCY.

The visit to this agency was early in September, and harvesting operations at that time were still in progress, although most of the harvest had been gathered in. In much of this agency the Indians still depend for subsistence on trapping and hunting, and to the lakes and streams they look for a good deal of their food supply. In fact one or two tribes are nomads pure and simple, and have no fixed place of abode. Even among those who are making the least effort at tilling the soil, the fish supply taken from the streams forms a considerable portion of the food. In this connection a circumstance was observed that is worthy of note. It is that the Indians, instead of depleting the streams of fish, have shown a disposition to practise a degree of economy and self-denial for which scant credit has been given them. Among the hundreds of pounds of fish that were being dried for the winter supply were seen large numbers of suckers and other rough destructive fish that prey upon others of their species. It is a notable fact also that in the three agencies Lytton, Williams Lake and Stuart Lake where there has been the most marked increase in the amount expended for relief, the Indians all complain of the scarcity of salmon, which they claim is due to an obstruction in the Fraser river, and these agencies are all in the watershed of the Fraser and its tributaries.

Indian trappers did better last year than in the year previous. The fur-catch was somewhat better, and the prices obtained were better.

The advance in, agriculture, especially among the Indians of Stony Creek, is most encouraging and marked. These Stonies are noted for their industry. They earn money for their own sustenance and the improvement of their holdings, by clearing land for the whites, and the crops they were harvesting on their own lands, looked very well. Important results are expected here, as elsewhere, from the Indian farm competition, in which these Stonies evinced a lively interest.

OKANAGAN AGENCY.

The Indians of this agency harvested the largest crop last year that they have had for some time. The prices fell below their expectation, and some disappointment was felt in consequence; but the better yield per acre compensated in a measure for the lower price received. The hay crop was hard to save owing to the wet weather prevailing in June and July. Much of the Indian hay is grown on old meadows that require renewal and they have the fault of allowing it to get too ripe before cutting. This affects the quality adversely and makes it difficult for them at times to secure buyers; neither is it as good for their own stock. Effort is being made to induce them to get rid of their surplus horses, and keep more stock of other and more profitable kinds, and go in for rotation of crops so as to improve the condition of their land. In the southern part of

the agency the Indians raise more cattle and are accordingly making more money; but there is the same tendency to neglect the land and allow the hay meadows to get too old before renewal.

Fruit-growing has received considerable attention, and there are some very fair Indian orchards.

GENERAL REMARKS.

The liquor traffic, which is the curse of mankind, is doubly so in the case of the Indian, and the excellent prospect, at present, of securing in this province effective prohibitory legislation must be welcomed by all who have to do with Indian administration, as it is welcome to the Indians themselves. In every instance where I have explained to Indians the nature of the change that it is hoped will be effected, and discussed the matter with them in the light of their own experience, they have invariably expressed their satisfaction. With an effective prohibitory law in force, much greater advance may be looked for among the Indians of the province.

The goal at present is to make the Indians self-supporting, and the principal means to that end is to get them into mixed farming. Various native prejudices stand in the way, and one of these, which seems hard to eradicate, is that of regarding the horse as a standard of value. In the past the western Indian's wealth was judged by the number of horses he owned. That is what made him a horse thief and the fetish remains with him still, although not in the sense that makes him amenable to the criminal code. Instead of a real standard of value and an index of wealth, it is really in many instances an index of poverty. If they will raise good horses, which they can sell profitably it is all right, but 15 or 20 head of unsaleable horses on a small Indian farm where there is work for only one team, make it a losing game. When the Indian can be induced to substitute cattle and hogs for useless horses, and have the liquor placed beyond his reach, some real progress towards independence will be made.

REPORT OF W.E. DITCHBURN, INSPECTOR FOR THE SOUTHWESTERN

INSPECTORATE, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

This inspectorate comprises the Cowichan, Kwawkwalth, New Westminster and West Coast agencies.

COWICHAN AGENCY.

The Indians of this agency are chiefly engaged in farming, fishing, hunting, hoppicking, stevedoring, working at the canneries, and as day labourers where such work is available. On the farms at Cowichan, Saanich, Nanaimo River and Sooke good crops were obtained during the past season and favourable weather conditions existed for harvesting. On the Songhees reserve, at Esquimalt, the land is subdivided into small plots for general fruit and vegetables growing; all the available land under cultivation. The young trees planted on this reserve one year ago have all done well, but, of course, are as yet too young to bear fruit. The Indian orchards throughout the agency have been kept trimmed and sprayed with lime and sulphur solution. The Indians have been kept up to the mark keeping the weeds on their reserves cut before going to seed.

Owing to the poor run of salmon in the Fraser river last fall and there being only a medium crop of hops, at the yards at Chilliwack, Agassiz and in the State of Washington, with also a scarcity of outside labour, the Indians of this agency did not earn much money. The depressed conditions that prevail generally throughout the province will, no doubt, have a beneficial effect on, the Indians, as it will have a tendency to make them realize the necessity of putting all their lands under cultiva-

tion. There was but little clearing done through the year, though the more industrious of the Indians do much of this work annually.

While occasionally a new house is noted, on the different reserves, very little general improvement has been observed in the Indian houses throughout the agency. Owing to the very heavy snow-fall during the months of January and February, a number of the old, houses were wrecked.

A considerable number of the Indians have been prosecuted for either being intoxicated or having liquor in their possession during the year. No serious crimes, however, have been committed and the moral conduct of the Indians as a whole may be considered as having been fair.

Owing to the hard times and to an exceptionally severe winter, it has been found necessary to issue more relief to the Indians than in former years.

The Indians have enjoyed fair health throughout the year, though an epidemic of grippe occurred during the winter and several of the older people died; otherwise there were no serious outbreaks amongst them.

One and a-half acres of land on the Esquimalt reserve has been surrendered by the Indians to be leased to the Ocean Fisheries, Limited, which is about to establish a fish-packing plant on this site. It is expected that this industry will give employment to a considerable number of Indians.

KWAWKEWLTH AGENCY.

As but few of the reserves in this agency contain land suitable for agriculture, no pretence whatever has been made at farming by the Indians, who have to depend for a livelihood upon what they can earn at the canneries and in the logging, camps, when these are in operation. Unfortunately, however, for the Indians, practically all the logging camps in British Columbia were closed down throughout the year. A number of the Indians who went to Rivers Inlet last season expecting to be able to fish for some of the canneries found it was impossible to obtain gear, and consequently fared but poorly in the way of earning any money. Those who were fortunate enough to get boats and nets from the canneries earned a good deal of money. Owing to the low prices being obtained for furs, very little trapping was done by the Indians.

A few new Indian houses have been erected by the Indians, and at Alert Bay a new plank roadway was put down extending the full length of the reserve. The Indians, however, are slothful and it is with great difficulty that they are kept up to the mark in the matter of observing any rules of sanitation. The village at Cape Mudge is the one outstanding exception in the agency, and here the reserve and houses are generally to be found in a clean and healthy condition. .

Up to the closing days of the year, the health among the Indians had been fair, though a number of the older people had passed away from various causes. A report has just been received, however, of a case that is suspected to be smallpox Dr. Stevenson has put into effect a strict quarantine and vaccination of all the Indians.

The moral conduct of the Indians of this agency cannot be considered to be of a very high order; a number of them were convicted of being intoxicated and heavy fines were imposed. It has generally been found that Chinamen were the suppliers, and in a number of cases they have been apprehended and convicted. In one case, however, two whitemen were proven guilty of supplying intoxicants to Indians, and they were fined heavily.

The amount of relief issued during the past year has not exceeded that given out during other years.

NEW WESTMINSTER AGENCY.

Farming, fishing, hunting; stevedoring, general labouring, hop-picking, and basketmaking constitute the main vocations from which the Indians of this agency earn a

livelihood. Those who have good farms and worked them intelligently last year had good results both from the orchards and the farms, as the prices obtained for all kinds of farm products were above the average and the crops in general were heavy.

A considerable amount of new land was cleared on the reserves of the Chilliwack, Harrison River, Douglas and Squamish (Howe Sound) bands. The Indians did an amount of work in improving their homes. A number of new houses were built as also were a number repaired. Good work was done in the orchards, the fruit-trees being sprayed and pruned. A number of old dead trees were cut down. They have also done a great amount of good work in keeping the noxious weeds cut down to prevent them from seeding.

A considerable assistance was given by the department to Indians of different bands in the matter of supplying them with seeds, oats, etc. At the Tsawwassen reserves five tons of seed oats alone were purchased, the Indians returning the cost of these to the department from the heavy crop harvested.

At Sechelt village the old water flume was taken up and replaced by a new wooden pipe line a mile long at a cost of \$900. The work was done by the Indians and material paid for from the funds to the credit of this band held by the department.

There was an exceedingly poor run of salmon in the Fraser river last year, and only a medium crop of hops at Chilliwack and Agassiz; consequently the Indians did not earn much money from these sources of employment. At the hop-yards it has been customary in the past to pay one dollar and the loaf of bread for each box of hops picked. The companies, however, last season did not give the loaf of bread.

The past winter has been the most severe experienced in British Columbia for a great many years and was very hard on a number of cattle and horses belonging to the Indians. It is reported that owing to the great depths of snow in certain sections of this agency, a number of both cattle and horses died.

At Churchhouse (Homalco Reserve No. 6) Mrs. Moroney, wife of the school teacher at that place, has been appointed field matron. Her duties are to visit the Indian homes and teach the Indian women and girls the art of housekeeping; she also attends to the sick and instructs the women how to care for young children as well as giving them instruction in keeping their homes in a sanitary condition. The appointment of Mrs. Moroney should have a very beneficial effect on this reserve.

Grippe was prevalent to a considerable extent among the Indians during the past year, otherwise their health was good.

No very serious crimes were recorded against the Indians of this agency during the year. For either being drunk or having intoxicating liquor in their possession a number of them were prosecuted and convicted. Taking into consideration the fact that there are over 2,400 Indians in the New Westminster agency, their morals on the whole were extremely good.

WEST COAST AGENCY.

The Indians of this agency earn a livelihood from fishing, hunting, trapping and working at the hop-fields. Practically all the Indians from the northern part of the agency proceed to Rivers Inlet about the middle of June to fish for the canneries at the place, and the rest go to the lower Fraser River to follow the same occupation during the months of July and August, after which they move on to the hop-fields at Chilliwack and Agassiz early in September.

A number of those who went to Rivers Inlet did well last season, as the run of salmon was Very good; but this only applied to those who were able to obtain gear from the canneries. At the Fraser River the run of salmon was the smallest in a number of years, and very few of the Indians made any money over and above their expenses. The hop-picking was not very profitable last year, as the crop was only a medium one. For the coming season the outlook is not very bright for the Indians

of this agency from a fishing standpoint, as in the northern fishery district of British Columbia, of which Rivers Inlet-forms a part, the Department of Naval Service has of recent years, put into practice the system of issuing independent or unattached licenses. The number of these licenses has increased each year until now it has got up to as high as 300 out of a total of 700 licenses issued for that district, leaving only 400 attached licenses. These are distributed by the canneries to the Indians and the Japanese, which, of course, makes the amount of gear now able to be procured by the Indians much less than it was in the past, and will militate very seriously against their earnings for the future. The Department of Naval Service has repeatedly refused to issue independent licenses to Indians having their own gear.

Owing to the depressed conditions existing at the present time, there is no market for any furs and consequently the Indians have not done anything in the line of trapping or taking seal skins off shore during the past year.

At a number of the villages of this agency the Indians have improved their settlements by rearranging their houses, widening the streets, and cleaning up in general.

There has been very little sickness amongst them. There was a slight epidemic among the children of Ahousaht in the month of January, which, at first was thought to be small-pox, but fortunately did not develop into anything more serious than chicken-pox.

The moral conduct of the Indians throughout the year has been very good indeed, there having been no serious crimes recorded against them.

There is no farming done in this agency except for the two reserves at Alberni, at which place the land under cultivation produced good crops. In the other sections of the agency only small gardens are to be seen at the villages, the land being very heavily timbered and not suitable at the present time for agricultural purposes.

REPORT OF TOM WILSON, INSPECTOR OF INDIAN ORCHARDS, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

OTTAWA, May 22, 1916.

The Deputy Superintendent General of Indian Affairs,

Department of Indian Affairs,

Ottawa.

SIR, - I have the honour to submit herewith the annual report for the year ended March 30, 1916, of our officer, Mr. Tom Wilson, in charge of the work in the Indian orchards in British Columbia. As I have pointed out on previous occasions, this work has assumed a much wider character than it possessed originally, and, instead of involving merely the control of insect pests in the orchards in the Indian reserves, our officer now supervises and gives instruction and assistance in the planting out and subsequent care of the orchards and in the marketing of the fruit. In addition, as his report shows, he is now assisting the agents in agricultural matters generally.

The extension of orcharding among the Indians, in a province so well adapted for fruit-growing, and the training of the young people in horticulture in the schools, are undoubtedly the most important features of the work with which we are happy to be connected, as they are looking towards the future.

I have, etc.,

C. GORDON HEWITT,

Dominion Entomologist.

MARCH 31, 1916.

Dr. GORDON HEWITT,
Dominion Entomologist,
Department of Agriculture,
Ottawa.

SIR, - I beg leave to present to you my tenth annual report on the work done in connection with the Indian Orchards and agriculture generally in British Columbia during the past year. I am glad to be able to report a continued advance along the same lines as last year. Extremely good progress has been made and a large area of new land has been prepared for cultivation. Prices for their surplus commodities have been good. Large quantities of potatoes are now being shipped out of the Fraser Valley, and the Indians are sending their share. Fruit crops were not very heavy, but prices were good, and there was a ready sale. Owing to the very fine dry weather in the Fraser valley at haymaking-time, the crop was saved in good condition. We had no serious insect pests to contend with, so that our efforts in the orchards have all been directed towards putting the existing orchards into good order, and also training up the young orchards that have been planted in different localities. These on the whole have done very well and some have shown signs of bearing a sampler

In 1914-15 some parts of the interior of British Columbia were badly infested with larva of *plusia californica*, so much so that some crops suffered severely. Beans and other ground crops being in some instances cut right off. I am glad to say that we have had no further recurrence of the plague; consequently there were eleven carloads of beans shipped from Lytton alone; these sold at very remunerative prices. Beans and potatoes seem to be the favourite crops of the Indians of the Lytton agency, one reason being, no doubt, that they succeed most admirably. Potatoes were a good crop, but until, very recently prices were extremely low. Large and beautiful crops of tomatoes were also grown, but the price was small and large quantities were fed to stock.

I have kept up my efforts to try and abate the noxious weed nuisance, and I think with good success. There have been the usual number of complaints from outside persons, but most of them have, on investigation, been found to be baseless. I do not mean to say that there are no weeds on the Indian reserves; but very good attempts, have been made to get rid of them, and the average of freedom has been as great on the reserves as on the neighbouring place belonging to whites. This fact has been supported in several cases by statements made by, the provincial weed inspectors.

I am glad to say that my crusade against the permanent manure pile has been attended with a fair measure of success; They have not altogether been done away with, (that would be too much to expect) but there has been a very considerable abatement of the nuisance. I was very pleased on looking round a man's place and asking him where the pile was, to receive the answer, "It's all spread out on the field." In some places, however, the Indians have a very bad example set them by their white neighbours. I saw up in the Chilcoten country last fall, the accumulation of years, I was going to say ages, so much so that I saw on some places trenches had been dug through the pile to get to the stable door. I have heard that the old-timers in Oregon used to haul away the stable when the manure pile got too big.

A trip was made in company with the two inspectors of agencies, Mr. Ditchburn, of Victoria, and Major Megraw, of Vernon, over the strictly agricultural positions of their respective districts for the purpose of judging the different places and placing the award of \$25 for the best kept and managed Indian farm in each agency. Reports on these trips have already been sent in by the gentlemen mentioned. I many say that as much verbal advice and instruction as to what to avoid and what to follow, was given in the time at our disposal.

The agencies visited were Stuart Lake, Williams Lake, Lytton, Kamloops, Okanagan, Kootenay, New Westminster, and Cowichan. The schedule on which the judging

was done may have erred a little in lack of elasticity; this, however, may be rectified another year; but there is no doubt that more interest will be evinced in future. The most backward of all these people are the Kootenays, though some Shuswaps who settled in that district many years ago are excellent farmers, with well tilled places, good houses, and tidy surroundings.

During the past year, I have paid particular attention to the different Indian schools, both boarding and industrial ' giving practical instruction in horticulture and fruit-growing to the pupils. The experimental orchards that were put in last year at several of the schools have done well, and we hope more of these will be put out in other localities. Most of the pupils show a keen interest in the instructions that I give them from time to time.

A start has been made to beautify some of the day school grounds with shrubs and trees, and we hope to have, some school gardens put out on the same plan as is carried on in many of our public school grounds. A very successful garden was put out at Metlakdla by Miss Klippert, the teacher who attended the Rural Science course in Victoria.

The case of "fire blight" at the Kootenay industrial school orchard has been watched closely and shows no sign of spreading and, although this disease was again very prevalent in the south part of the Okanagan valley on the white people's orchards, there was not a single case occurring on any of the, Indian orchards. There has been no recurrence of "black knot" such as was reported from Creston and Musqueam, the measures taken having proved effective.

The spray pumps have been kept at work when necessary, and most of the orchards are in good condition.

I have to thank the different inspectors and agents for very sympathetic aid in my work, and I should like especially to mention Mr. Ditchburn, of Victoria, and Major Megraw, who have both made strenuous efforts to advance the Indians along agricultural lines.

I have, etc.,

TOM WILSON,
Inspector of Indian Orchards.

REPORT OF J. HAWKSLEY, INDIAN SUPERINTENDENT FOR THE YUKON TERRITORY.

During the past year I have met the majority of the various Indian bands scattered through the Yukon Territory and have had reports of those whom, owing to difficult and expensive transportation, I have not met.

The general condition of the Indians is comparatively good; the prices in the fur market have improved; there has been greater activity among the natives in the trapping line and consequently they are better off than last year. Game has been plentiful all over the territory and successful hunts made; most camps were well supplied with meat.

The Moosehide and Forty Mile bands were somewhat handicapped in the meat market of Dawson this winter. As a rule they are able to make quite a little money by the sale of their game; but in the early part of the winter a very large herd of cariboo passed through the country about 10 miles west of Dawson, and nearly all the able-bodied men and many women and boys rushed to the place and killed large numbers of them, every one was well supplied with meat for the winter, and this closed the meat market to the Indians. They had plenty of meat for themselves, but were short of cash for the purchase of other necessities. The Indians complained at the wholesale slaughter of the animals; there is little doubt that a number of the animals were wounded and escaped to the woods, where they died and were left to rot. It certainly worked a hardship on the natives.

Regarding the relief of indigent Indians, great care has been exercised in the giving of rations; in most cases the quantity given is not sufficient to support them entirely; thus they are kept doing a little for themselves, such as snaring rabbits and fishing. Most of the recipients are aged and without friends to care for them. The idea of keeping them self-supporting is constantly kept in mind. In a few cases ammunition has been given to able-bodied men who for the time being were not able to purchase it for themselves, and they were sent out to hunt, with good results.

Health and Sanitation. - The general health of the various bands has been fairly good throughout the year, no epidemics have broken out amongst them. Tuberculosis has been the chief cause of death, with one or two cases of spinal meningitis. Several operations for tubercular glands have been successfully performed.

Some improvement has been made in matters of sanitation, which we are pleased to see, though in this respect one hopes for further improvement: I wish to put on record the kindly co-operation of the missionaries in this particular matter. They are living with the bands and endeavour to keep before them the necessity of personal cleanliness as well as keeping their premises and surroundings clean. Their help is of great value.

Most of the villages were thoroughly cleaned up in the spring, the refuse was thrown on to the ice and carried off by the break-up. All the Indian houses have ventilators in them, but sometimes one finds that these have been filled up with old clothing. When such is found, it is instantly removed and a little sound advice given to the individuals. Notices have been sent to the Indians that they are expected to have their villages cleaned up before the warm weather sets in.

The removal of the Whitehorse Indians on to a reserve was a good move in more ways than one: besides grouping them together in one place, instead of having them scattered in different parts of the town, it was the means of destroying several of their germ-infected, tumble-down cabins. Everything on the new reserve is fresh and clean; they will be urged to keep it so. There was a little resentment at the time of the removal, but this has been overcome.

There is quite a marked improvement in some cases in personal cleanliness, especially among the younger members of some of the bands. The members of the Selkirk band are the most tardy in this.

Occupations. - Hunting game and trapping furs are the chief occupations of the Yukon Indians. In addition to this, some of the younger men engage themselves to wood-cutters for the purpose of cutting and rafting fire-wood to the white settlements, also for cutting cord-wood, for the steamboats. A few work as deck-hands on the boats in the summer; they also act as guides occasionally, in which capacity they often prove highly efficient and are well paid.

Generally speaking, the Indians are industrious when at work, but they are not steady, that is, after they have worked for a while, they think they are entitled to a holiday, and as a rule take one, which lasts until their money is gone. This is rather an unfortunate trait, as they sometimes leave their employment when most needed the result is that, when they go back they find the employer unwilling to re-engage them. They will, I think, in time realize the folly of such a proceeding and become steady and regular in their habits.

They do very little in the way of farming. Last spring about 200 pounds of potato seed and some turnip seed was given to the Moosehide band. I visited the village and got them to work up the ground and plant the seed. In the fall they gathered between 500 and 600 pounds of potatoes besides a quantity of turnips. I feel the returns would have been greater had the crops been properly attended to during growth. The neglect of the crop is not altogether due to laziness: when the crops need most attention is just the time when the salmon are in full run, and the Indians are away fishing and laying up a store of dried salmon for winter use. Climatic conditions are not conducive to developing very much in the way of agriculture, but the Indians are urged to grow potatoes for themselves.

Temperance and Morality. - The liquor traffic among the natives is still a problem that is difficult to solve. Many of the Indians have a fondness for liquor, and resort to all sorts of tricks to obtain it. A good deal of time and attention has been given to the suppression of this, and with the co-operation of the police quite a few have been convicted and imprisoned for supplying drink to Indians. Most of those caught are of foreign birth. I am inclined to think that the penalties set forth in the Indian Act are not severe enough to act as a deterrent.

Someone once remarked that the Indians of the Northwest are not immoral, but unmoral, that is, they have no standard of morality. It would appear that there is a certain amount of truth in this statement. Under such conditions one cannot be surprised that some of the women fall an easy prey to unscrupulous white men. Their moral conduct is not what it ought to be, though signs of improvement are not wanting. There are numbers in each band whose general conduct is good, but some of the younger women living near the white settlements do not value their honour as they should. It is hoped that the training given in the boarding school will be quite a factor in raising the moral tone of the future generation. Effort is made on all sides to improve matters in this respect with some good results.

Buildings. - Nearly all the Indians build small cabins for themselves at the centres where they congregate, mostly in the vicinity of a trading post or white settlement. Many of these are well built and fairly well furnished. The majority of the Indians, as a rule, do not live in them the year round, but spend part of the time, especially in the summer, in tents. The cabins are all built of logs. The Indians have, no council-houses in the Yukon, but the chief, as a rule, has a larger house than the rest, where meetings are held from time to time. There is visible improvement to be noticed in the newly erected cabins in many ways.

Medical Attendance. - The two medical officers have been diligent in their duties and have been kept fairly busy during the year. Their reports show that quite a number of patients have been treated each month. The hospital accommodation is good, and those patients who have been in the institutions have been well cared for and carefully nursed. The Indians of the northern end of the territory are fortunate in having a nurse of their own tribe to attend to them; the language difficulty is thus overcome. This is quite a factor, as many of the natives do, not understand or speak English very well.

General Remarks. - A number of disputes arising between Indians and whites and between the Indians themselves have been satisfactorily arranged through this office. The Indians feel they have a place to go to when they are in trouble where they can be advised and helped; they appreciate it very much.

It is only fair to say that the Indians of the Yukon are patriotic and take a keen interest in the progress of the great war; daily inquiries are made at the office for war news. Some of the bands have contributed according to their means to the Canadian Patriotic fund, and, though they show no desire to volunteer for foreign service, would to the last man fight in defence of the country, if necessary, at home.

REPORT
OF THE
SUPERINTENDENT OF INDIAN EDUCATION
AND REPORTS FROM INSPECTORS
FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 1916

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OTTAWA, June 1, 1916.

DUNCAN C. SCOTT, Esq.,

Deputy Supt. General of Indian Affairs,

Ottawa.

SIR, - I have the honour to submit the annual report upon Indian education for the fiscal year ended March 31, 1916.

The expenditure for the year from parliamentary appropriation has been as follows: -

Province	Day Schools.	Boarding Schools.	Industrial Schools.	Expupils.	Travel and Salaries.	Tuition.	Freight Expenses.	Miscellaneous.	Total.
...	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Ontario	30,477 33	37,419 00	78,143 73	125 62	1,285 12	6,532 48	894 13	2,890 03	157,767 44
Quebec	23,509 42	...	...	...	2,511 62	3,218 23	441 40	2,144 46	31,825 13
Nova Scotia	7,160 97	...	...	...	...	178 99	3 00	552 66	7,895 62
New Brunswick	8,109 37	...	...	...	501 00	386 59	...	694 58	9,691 54
Prince Edward Island	786 85	...	...	...	...	302 50	35	54 88	1,144 58
Manitoba	39,877 26	122,917 16	619,960 33	1,491 88	375 00	179 37	1,195 13	3,808 02	231,804 15
Saskatchewan	29,186 76	70,052 79	29,601 17	2,608 39	...	...	519 67	1,948 33	133,917 11
Alberta	3,152 35	83,292 83	17,057 06	2,443 64	3 25	...	1,519 17	1,745 76	109,214 06
North West Territories	650 00	20,724 87	...	...	...	...	6 30	59 15	21,440 32
British Columbia	42,631 40	40,536 44	108,649 17	350 23	...	50 68	287 49	2,739 94	195,245 35
Yukon	2,604 35	8,685 92	...	...	...	60 00	56 71	25 61	11,432 59
Totals	188,146 06	383,629 01	295,411 46	7,019 76	4,675 99	10,908 84	4,923 35	16,663 42	911,377 89

Several bands of Indians, whose funds will permit them to meet the outlay, assist in providing for education. For the fiscal year ended March 31, 1916, the amounts so contributed have been as follows: -

Account No.	Band.	Interest.	Capital.
...	...	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
1	Ojibbewas of Batchawana	819 75	...
2	Chippewas of Beausoleil	490 50	...
3	Chippewas of Nawash	1,591 25	...
4	Chippewas of Rama	291 00	...
5	Chippewas of Sarnia	1,617 25	...
6	Chippewas of Saugeen	1,324 38	...
7	Chippewas of Snake Island	191 03	...
8	Chippewas of the Thames	846 64	...
9	Chippewas of Walpole Island	243 32	...
10	Chippewas of Fort William	115 89	...
12	Ojibbewas of Garden River	710 97	...
13	Ojibbewas of Henvey Inlet	100 00	...
14	Ojibbewas of Nipissing	546 20	...
17	Mississaguas of Alnwick	767 14	...
18	Mississaguas of Credit	553 12	...
19	Mississaguas of Rice Lake	300 00	...
20	Mississaguas of Mud Lake	225 00	...
21	Mississaguas of Scugog	12 70	...
22	Mohawks of Bay of Quinte	2,046 14	...
23	Moravians of the Thames	547 85	...
30	Chippewas of Parry Sound	368 40	3,105 00
31	Pottawattamies of Walpole Island	13 65	...
33	Six Nations of Grand River	12,217 51	...
36	Chippewas of Thessalon River	75 00	...
50	Algonquins of River Desert	425 00	...
82	Ojibbewas of Whitefish Lake	378 35	...
246	Ojibbewas of Sheguiandah	321 75	...
247	Ojibbewas of Sheshegwaning	230 00	...
248	Ojibbewas of South Bay	200 00	...
251	Ojibbewas of West Bay	375 00	...
...	Total	27,974 79	3,105 00
...	...	...	31,079 79

The amounts expended from capital represent the outlay on new buildings and equipment, while the expenditure from interest represents the current expenses.

In addition to the above expenditure the religious denominations engaged in Indian educational work have spent

considerable sums from their funds, the exact amount of which is not available.

The statistics giving the number of children of school age, enrolment; and average attendance, together with the pupillage of residential schools printed at the head of each agency report, show the relation borne by the schools to the number of children to be provided for, The census returns published in the annual report for 1915 have been used in this compilation, and the children of school age are those between the ages of 6 and 15.

In some cases the number of children said to be enrolled in the day and residential schools is shown to be greater than the number given of school age. This apparent discrepancy arises from the fact that some children enter the schools before the age of 6 years and remain after they reach 15, but the main reason is that the age limit for pupils of residential schools is 18.

A comprehensive statistical statement is appended to the report showing the enrollment and attendance at all classes of schools, and a tabular statement has been prepared showing the location and general establishment of each residential school.

The progress made last year in educational work has been encouraging, there having been a marked increase in the enrolment but with a slightly lower average attendance than last year, owing to the severe winter and epidemics of grippe and measles.

DAY SCHOOLS.

The department is continuing its efforts to increase the efficiency of the day schools by providing the best available teachers, up-to-date buildings and equipment and enlarged playgrounds and garden plots. The practical lessons in agriculture, domestic science, household economy, sanitation and hygiene are showing good results in the Indians' homes and surroundings.

RESIDENTIAL SCHOOLS.

The work carried on in the boarding and industrial schools is showing steady progress. These institutions are full to their limit, which is a sure indication of the appreciation of Indian parents.

GENERAL REMARKS.

During the last fiscal year twenty-one girl and thirty-four boy ex-pupils were assisted to the extent of \$4,908.11. Ex-pupils have refunded on loans during the past fiscal year \$1,348.07.

In addition to the above expenditure the ex-pupils of the File Hills colony were assisted to purchase seed grain to the amount of \$2,663.74. This assistance was given on account of the severe losses these ex-pupils suffered through having their crops hailed out during the summer of 1915. This aid will be refunded by these ex-pupils from the proceeds of their crops.

There are a number of orphan and neglected children who have been placed in charitable institutions established in different provinces, chiefly Quebec and the Maritime Provinces, where there are no residential Indian schools, for whose maintenance the department pays a per capita grant. The training at these institutions is excellent, and the children benefit from contact with whites. The number of Indian children placed in institutions of this class is about 120.

In addition to the children placed in charitable institutions, the Department allows a per capita grant for about 30 children who are attending institutions of higher education. Some of these institutions attended by Indians are McGill University, Grand Ligne Mission, Pointe-Aux-Trembles, Institute, Lévis College, Quebec Seminary, Nicolet College, Dartmouth College, St. Laurent, Aylmer Convent and Lachine Convent in the province of Quebec, and St. Joseph's University, Miscouche Convent and Carleton. Convent in the Maritime Provinces.

PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND AGENCY.

Number of children of school age, 61; number of pupils enrolled, 48; average attendance, 23.

Rev. John A. McDonald, the Indian superintendent, reports on educational matters as follows: -

Lennox Island Day School.

The teacher, Jacob Sark, is becoming more proficient, and the school has retained its reputation. The pupils are bright and eager to study. The attendance is irregular at some periods of the year.

Rocky Point Day School.

This school is taught by Mr. Peter Scully. Good work is being done.

General Remarks.

A number of Indian children are attending the white schools at Richmond, Freeland, Miscouche and Indian River. Three Indian girls are attending the convent at Miscouche. Twelve ex-pupils of the Lennox Island school have joined the colours.

NOVA SCOTIA.

ANNAPOLIS COUNTY.

The Indian agent, Mr. G.S. Hoyt, reports on the educational work in this agency as follows: -

Five Indian children from this agency are attending the Lequille public school. Two of these children are in the fifth grade, and the other three are in the fourth grade. Another Indian boy is in the fourth grade of the North Williamstown public school. All these children seem very bright and are making excellent progress.

ANTIGONISH AND GUYSBORO COUNTIES.

Number of children of school age, 56; number of pupils enrolled, 42; average attendance, 17.

Mr. John Cameron, the Indian agent, reports on the educational work in this agency as follows: -

Afton Day School.

As this school has only been in operation for two years, the majority of the pupils are in the lower standards.

The Indian parents appreciate the advantages of an education and, as a result, the average attendance is very good, and compares most favourably with the attendance at the neighbouring public schools.

As yet the pupils are lacking in their knowledge of English, but this drawback is being rapidly overcome.

The pupils are progressing in their studies. They are obedient, and in this respect they actually excel the average children in white schools.

The children's dress and surroundings show that the parents are, giving due regard to sanitary requirements.

COLCHESTER COUNTY.

Number of children of school age, 20; number of pupils enrolled, 17; average attendance, 5.

The Indian agent, Mr. R.H. Smith, reports on the educational work, in this agency as follows: -

Millbrook Day School.

The teacher at this school, Miss Jessie Smith, does faithful work, and has succeeded in maintaining the interest of both the children and their parents.

The children attending this school compare most favourably with the children attending the neighbouring white schools.

General Remarks.

Owing to the influence exerted by the school, the children are more intelligent, neater in dress, and speak more English. The home life has also distinctly improved.

DIGBY COUNTY.

Number of children of school age, 25; number of children enrolled, 11; average attendance, 7.

The Indian agent, Mr. R.A. Harris, reports on the educational work in this agency as follows: -

Bear River School.

This school is situated in the centre of the reserve. The building is comfortable and well equipped.

The teacher, Miss A. McGinty, is very painstaking, and the pupils have made excellent progress during the year.

The parents are taking more interest in their children's education and, as a result, the average attendance has been most satisfactory.

General Remarks.

All the children have enjoyed good health during the past year. Education is effecting a marked improvement in the manners and customs of the Indians.

ESKASONI AGENCY.

Number of children of school age, 19; number of pupils enrolled, 24; average attendance, 13.

Rev. A.R. McDonald, the Indian agent, reports on the educational matters in this agency as follows: -

Mr. James McNeil has been in charge of this school for several years. The attendance and progress of the pupils has been quite satisfactory.

Preparations have been made for a school garden, and special attention will be given to this important feature of education during the coming year.

Education is certainly improving the condition of the Indians. The ex-pupils are more industrious and intelligent, and show their superiority over those who have not had any educational advantages. The ex-pupils keep their homes in a sanitary condition. As a result of education, consumption is rapidly decreasing.

INVERNESS COUNTY.

Number of children of school age 33; number of pupils enrolled, 32; average attendance, 14.

The Indian agent, Rev. J.N. McLennan, reports on the educational work in this agency as follows: -

Whycocomagh Day School.

This school is in charge of Mr. J.A. Gillis, who takes a lively interest in the children.

Owing to the indifference of the parents it is difficult to maintain a regular attendance.

Malagawatch Day School.

This school was conducted last summer by Mrs. Annie McNeil. Owing to the small attendance it was closed in November.

HALIFAX COUNTY.

Number of children of school age 38; number of pupils enrolled, 14; average attendance, 5.

Mr. D. Chisholm, the Indian agent, reports on the educational work in this agency as follows: -

Tufts Cove Day School.

This school is in charge of a qualified teacher, Mr. G.F. Richardson, who has had several years' experience.

The pupils are progressing, and the beneficial effect of education on those attending school is most marked.

The building and furniture are equal to most country schools.

General Remarks.

At Sheet Harbour, Elmsdale, and Enfield, a few children attend the white schools, but their attendance is so irregular that no marked advancement is noticeable.

HANTS COUNTY.

Number of children of school age, 18; number of pupils enrolled, 16; average attendance, 6.

The Indian agent, Mr. A. Wallace, reports on the educational work in this agency as follows: -

Shubenacadie Day School.

Owing to the efficient work of the present teacher, Miss M. A. Short, the pupils are making splendid progress. The attendance at school is very regular. A number of shade trees have been planted on the school grounds.

General Remarks.

The children show by their language, deportment, and appearance that they have benefited by education.

KINGS COUNTY

Number of children of school age, 23; number of pupils enrolled at school, 9.

Mr. C.E. Beckwith, the Indian agent, reports on the educational work in this agency as follows: -

There are no Indian schools in this agency, but a number of Indian children attend the neighbouring white schools.

As the Indians are anxious for their children to be educated, their attendance is quite regular. The Indians of this agency can read and write, and are much interested in the news of the day, especially the war news.

LUNENBURG COUNTY.

Number of children of school age, 23; number of pupils enrolled, 15; average attendance, 9.

The Indian agent, Mr. N.P. Freeman, reports on the educational work in this agency as follows: -

New Germany Day School.

During the past year the pupils at this school have made excellent progress, under the guidance of the teacher, Miss E.B. Julian, who is much interested in her pupils.

The buildings are in excellent repair and are comfortable and clean.

General Remarks.

A few Indian children also attend the white schools.

PICTOU COUNTY.

Number of pupils of school age, 46; number of pupils enrolled, 26; average attendance, 18.

Rev. J.D. McLeod, the Indian agent, reports on the educational work in this agency as follows: -

Indian Cove Day School.

This school is on the Fisher's Grant reserve. It is a modernly constructed building, large; well ventilated and comfortable.

For some years the school has been in charge of Miss Gertrude McGirr, who holds a grade "B" provincial scholarship.

Owing to the migratory habits of the Indian families, it is difficult to secure regular attendance. Those children who attend regularly are progressing. satisfactorily.

General Remarks.

The careful education of the children by a conscientious teacher has a very good effect on the reserve life.

RICHMOND COUNTY.

Number of children of school age, 29; number of pupils enrolled, 32; average attendance, 10.

Rev. R.L. McDonald, the Indian agent, reports on the educational work in this agency as follows: -

Salmon River Day School.

During the past year this school has made satisfactory progress.

The average attendance is not as high as it might be, owing to so many families leaving the reserves during the summer.

The teacher, Mr. Ernest L. McNeil, shows continued interest in the scholars, and enjoys the confidence of the parents.

SHELBURNE COUNTY.

Number of children of school age, 8; number attending school, 11.

Mr. J. Hipson, the Indian agent, reports on the educational work in this agency as follows: -

There are, no Indian schools in this agency, but several Indian children attend the white schools at Sable River, Shelburne River and Clyde River.

They attend school quite regularly and are making satisfactory progress.

VICTORIA COUNTY.

Number of children of school age, 20; number of pupils enrolled, 23; average attendance, 11. ,

Mr. J.E. Campbell, the Indian agent, reports on the educational work in this agency as follows: -

Middle River Day School.

The sanitary conditions and the equipment of this school are excellent. Very satisfactory progress has been made during the year under the efficient management of the teacher, Mr. J.A. MacRae. The pupils are tidy and clean and,

with the exception of one or two, are obedient.

By supplying a mid-day lunch at the school the average attendance has been increased. The parents are anxious for their children to receive the benefit of education.

YARMOUTH COUNTY.

Number of children of school age, 11; Number of children attending schools, 4.

The Indian agent, Mr. W.H. Whelan, reports on the educational work in this agency as follows: -

The Indian agent, Mr. W.H. Whalen, reports on the educational work in this Tusket, Tusket Forks, Heetanooga and Yarmouth.

From the reports received the children are well-behaved and learn very quickly.

NEW BRUNSWICK.

NORTHEASTERN DIVISION.

Number of children of school age, 171; number of pupils enrolled, 150; average attendance, 82.

The Indian superintendent, Col. J.B. Sheridan, reports on the educational work in this superintendency as follows: -

Big Cove School, Kent County.

This school is located on the Big Cove reserve. The present teacher, Miss A. McLaughlin, holds a second-class teacher's license for the province of New Brunswick. She takes a great interest in the school. In addition to the regular studies, instruction is also given in sewing and fancy-work.

Burnt Church School, Northumberland County.

This is an up-to-date school. The teacher, Miss Harriet E. Keating, holds a third-class license for the province of New Brunswick. She is a very good teacher and her pupils are making good progress. In addition to the regular studies, she gives instructions in knitting, sewing and fancy-work. This school has a school garden.

Eel River School, Restigouche County.

This is a splendid building located in the centre of the reserve. The school is in charge of Miss Marie LeBlanc. The attendance is good and the children have made splendid progress during the short time there has been a school on this reserve. This teacher also teaches sewing and knitting.

Red Bank School, Northumberland County.

This school was opened in 1914. Miss Ena Cormier, the teacher, is doing good work. She also gives instruction in sewing and knitting.

Eel Ground School, Northumberland County.

This school is well situated on high ground, near the Miramichi river. The teacher is Miss Margaret Isaacs, a Micmac Indian girl, who received her education in the province of Quebec. The children are making good progress. The attendance is very, good. Miss Isaacs also instructs her pupils in sewing and fancywork. She also instructs the women of the band in cooking and general household work.

General Remarks.

There are no Indian day schools on the other reserves, but the Indian children are permitted to attend the neighbouring

white school upon payment of a small tuition fee. At Dorchester several of the Indian children who attend the school in the town, are making very good progress. The Indian, children learn to read and write very quickly. Their writing and drawing are exceedingly good.

I think education is going to make a marked improvement upon the present generation.

SOUTHWESTERN DIVISION.

Number of children of school age, 76; number of pupils enrolled at day schools, 83; average attendance at day schools, 53.

The Indian agent, Mr. B.J. Griffiths, reports on the educational work in this agency as follows: -

Woodstock Day School.

Miss Genevieve Brophy, the teacher, is painstaking. The attendance is very regular and the pupils are making steady progress.

Kingsclear Day School.

This reserve possesses a good school, which is well cared for. The teacher is Miss Florence O'Brien, who holds a superior license.

St. Mary's Day School.

This school is in charge of Miss Mary T. Hughes, whose work is deserving of great praise. The attendance is good. The children are neat and clean.

Oromocto Day School.

The teacher is Mrs. Blanche McCaffrey. The attendance is irregular, owing to the roving habits of the Indians.

General Remarks.

Calisthenics, plain sewing and knitting are taught in all the Indian schools, and I believe are of great benefit to the children.

NORTHERN DIVISION.

Number of children of school age, 60; number of pupils enrolled at day schools, 52; average attendance at day schools, 39.

Mr. N.J. Wootten, the Indian agent, reports on the educational work in this agency as follows: -

Edmundston Day School.

The teacher, Miss Annie Michaud, holds a third-class provincial license, and has been in charge of the school about two years.

The pupils are very regular in their attendance at school, the daily average being about twelve. The pupils are showing good progress in reading, writing, spelling and drawing.

Lessons are given in physical drill and hygiene. The girls are given special instruction in sewing and knitting.

The school building is new and in good condition. A school garden has been successfully cultivated.

Tobique Day School.

Miss Ethel McGrand, who holds a second-class provincial license, has been the teacher for the last five years.

Good progress is being made in all grades. The school-house is in good condition. Very little interest has been taken in, agriculture by the pupils, as for the past three years they have had no school garden.

Education has had a good effect upon the reserve life. The ex-pupils are making good progress and, as a rule, have shown that education has been a help to them.

QUEBEC.

BERSIMIS AGENCY.

Number of children of school age, 111; number of pupils enrolled, 72; average attendance, 43.

The Indian agent, Jos. Fx. Bossé, M.D., reports on the educational work in this agency, as follows: -

Bersimis Day School.

This school is conducted by Sisters St. Eugene and St. Raphael, of the Order of Our Lady of Good Counsel.

The number attending this school is less than it should be, owing to the children accompanying their parents to the woods for long periods.

The school consists of two class-rooms, with a teachers' residence in connection.

Escoumains Day School.

The Indian children on the Escoumains reserve attend this school.

The children are making marked progress in their studies. The improvement in reserve life can be attributed to education.

CAUGHNAWAGA AGENCY.

Number of children of school age, 508; number of pupils enrolled at day schools, 373; average attendance at day schools, 262; number attending Mount Elgin industrial, 11; number attending Spanish River industrial, 41; number attending Shingwauk Horne, 2; number attending St. Joseph's orphanage, Ottawa, 27; number attending St. Patrick's orphanage, Ottawa, 4.

The Indian agent, Mr. J.M. Brosseau, reports on the educational work in the agency as , follows: -

Caughnawaga Village Schools.

The two Roman Catholic schools in the village are large brick buildings.

Since January, 1915, they have been in charge of the Sisters of Ste Anne, with Rev. Sister M. Edward, as principal. The sisters have the confidence of their pupils, who are advancing rapidly in their studies. The average attendance at these two schools is now more than 90 per cent of the enrolment.

The Protestant school in the village is taught by Miss Margaret Matthews.

St. Isidore Road School.

This school is taught by Mrs. J.S. Twoaxe. The average attendance is very satisfactory.

Bush, School.

For several years this school has been in charge of Mrs. A. Beauvais, who is a very successful teacher.

General Remarks.

These schools offer every educational advantage for the pupils.

The parents are anxious to have their children receive an education, the good effects of which are felt more and more.

Ex-pupils are succeeding very well.

LORETTE AGENCY.

Number of children of school age, 102; number of pupils enrolled, 70; average attendance, 65.

The Indian agent, Mr. A.O. Bastien, reports on the educational work in this agency as follows: -

Lorette Day School.

This school is in Lorette village and is under the sisters of the Congregation of Perpetual Help.

Sister St. Jean Berchmans teaches the senior class and Sister Ste. Agathe is in charge of the preparatory class.

Agricultural instruction is given in addition to the regular studies.

General Remarks.

Three ex-pupils of the Lorette day school are attending the Christian Brothers' school this year, and are proving themselves excellent pupils.

As a result of education we find marked improvement in the band. Practically, everyone is now able to write.

MANIWAKI AGENCY.

Number of children of school age, 70; number of pupils enrolled, 43; average attendance, 21.

Mr. E.S. Gauthier, the Indian agent, reports on the educational work in this agency, as follows: -

Congo Bridge Day School.

This school is five miles from Maniwaki and, is taught by Miss Helen Jane White.

In addition to the usual curriculum of studies, the girls are taught sewing, knitting and cooking.

Maniwaki Day School.

This school is taught by Miss Margaret McCaffrey. Sewing, knitting, and cooking are taught, in addition to the usual subjects.

The attendance at both schools is improving, and satisfactory progress has been made.

General Remarks.

Education greatly contributes to the welfare of the Indians, as it enables them to act intelligently in all matters concerning themselves.

MARIA AGENCY.

Number of children of school age, 30; number of pupils enrolled, 25; average attendance, 14.

The Indian agent, Rev. J.D. Morin, reports on educational matters in this agency as follows: -

Maria Day School.

This school has been in existence for the past thirty years.

Through the good work of Miss J. Audet, who has taught the school for the last five years, there has been a marked improvement.

All the children speak English, French and Micmac are also taught.

A school garden has been cultivated during the past year.

General Remarks.

It is noted that education is more beneficial for the girls than the boys, as the former spend a longer time at school. The good results of education are shown in the improvement of the reserve life.

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OKA AGENCY.

Number of children of school age, 94; number of pupils enrolled at day schools, 34; average attendance at day schools, 13; number attending Shingwauk Home, 17.

The Indian agent, Mr. O.F. Bertrand, reports on the educational work in this agency as follows: -

Oka Country School.

At this school all instruction is in the English language. Miss L.E. Dickinson is the teacher, and fair progress is being made by the pupils in attendance.

General Remarks.

A number of Indian children residing in the village of Oka attend the white schools. The boys attend the Christian Brothers' school, and the girls attend the school conducted by the Sisters of Notre Dame. The children at these schools are making satisfactory progress.

In addition to the above, the following are attending outside schools: one at St. Laurent College, Montreal; one at Hospice St. Antoine, Longueuil; two at the Seminary of St. Sulpice; and one at Cornwall public school.

PIERREVILLE AGENCY.

Number of children of school age, 49; number of pupils enrolled, 82; average attendance, 58.

The Indian agent, Mr. H. Niquet, reports on the educational work in this agency as follows: -

St. Joseph's Academy (Roman Catholic).

This school was repaired last summer and is now well equipped. A new heating plant was also installed.

The Grey Nuns have had charge of this school for several years and are popular with both the pupils and their parents. Instruction is given in sewing, music, domestic science and commercial work.

Through the kindness of the missionary, Rev. Joseph de Gonzague, land for a school garden was placed at the disposal of the nuns last year. The pupils derived much benefit from the lessons in agriculture that they received.

Protestant School.

This school was also repaired this year, and is very comfortable.

Mr. H.L. Masta, a member of the Abenakis band, is in charge, and the progress of the pupils is most satisfactory.

Instruction is given in English, French and Abenakis. Some of the ex-pupils of this school are continuing their studies at different colleges. Two of the former pupils of this school hold good positions.

POINTE BLEUE AGENCY.

Number of children of school age, 126; number of children enrolled, 62; average attendance, 44.

The Indian agent, Mr. A. Tessier, reports on the educational work in this agency as follows: -

The Montagnais reserve of Pointe Bleue has a fairly large school, well lighted, and provided with a good system of ventilation and modern furniture. It is kept in a state of cleanliness both inside and outside. The yard and surroundings

are carefully kept by the pupils during the hours of recreation. Good order is maintained in the class-room.

The Reverend Sisters Marie Antoinette and St. Louis, who give all their zeal and devotion to the direction of the school, ought to be happy at the good results obtained.

As in previous years, they received from the school inspector for the county the remark "excellent" at the examinations in summer and in winter.

On their side the pupils show much ambition and good will, and each year they make marked progress. One observes in addition that the education received at the school bears good results among the families, where it softens the manners and habits.

The attendance this year was not so good as usual, owing to an epidemic of grippe, some cases of whooping-cough, and especially to the fact that many of the parents, who are in the habit of leaving their children on the reserve in order to enable them to follow the classes during the winter, were compelled to take the latter with them to the woods on account of the cost of living and the hard times.

RESTIGOUCHE AGENCY.

Number of children of school age, 105; number of pupils enrolled, 78; average attendance, 48.

Mr. J.A. Pitre, the Indian agent, reports on the school in this agency as follows The day school in this agency is under the charge of the Sisters of the Holy Rosary, who are qualified teachers. They are doing faithful work and have been reported on favourably by the inspector.

In addition to the regular studies instruction is given in sewing, dressmaking, cooking, and general housework.

Two large classrooms furnish ample accommodation for the pupils in attendance.

ST. REGIS AGENCY.

Number of children of school age, 323; number of pupils enrolled at day schools, 226; average attendance at day schools, 138; number attending Spanish River industrial, 14; number attending St. Patrick's orphanage, Ottawa, 4; number attending Cornwall high school, 10.

Mr. F.E. Taillon, the Indian agent, reports on the educational work in this agency as follows: -

Chenail School.

Miss K. McCaffrey, a qualified teacher, is in charge of this school. She is doing excellent work and her pupils are attending regularly. Prizes were awarded to worthy pupils at the close of the school year.

Chetlain School.

The teacher, Mrs. P. McDonal, has been very successful at this school. A school garden will be cultivated this year.

Cornwall Island School.

Mrs. M. O'Hare, the present teacher, is doing faithful work at this school and is meeting with much success.

St. Regis Island School.

Miss L. McGoey, who is the teacher at this school, is doing excellent work.

A school garden will be cultivated this year.

St. Regis Village School.

The teacher, Miss N. Keon, is doing good work here. During the past year the school grounds have been fenced and a cement walk laid from the street to the school.

General Remarks.

At Christmas suitable exercises were held in the schools, and excellent programmes were carried out by the pupils.

The inspector has graded these schools as first-class and has compared them favourably with the white schools.

Thanks are due the teachers for their untiring zeal and energy in their work, and for the excellent feeling that has existed during the past year. The average attendance has been very good.

TIMISKAMING AGENCY.

Number of children of school age, 54; number of pupils enrolled at day schools, 124; average attendance at day schools, 74; number attending Spanish River industrial school, 3.

The Indian agent, Mr. J.A. Renaud, reports on the educational work in this agency as follows: -

Timiskaming Day School.

This school is located about one mile north of the village of North Timiskaming. It is in charge of Sister Monica, a member of the Order of the Sacred Heart, which has a residence in North Timiskaming. The pupils are bright and obedient, and those attending school regularly are making fair progress.

Summer Schools.

During the months of June, July and August summer schools were conducted at Abitibi by Miss M. A. McDonald, at Long Point by Miss Jane Wabie and at Wolf Lake by Miss Agnes Robinson. I have had the pleasure of visiting these schools during the summer and I can say that the pupils are making progress from year to year. The pupils are attentive and obedient, and have much respect for the teacher.

General Remarks.

Education in my agency has had much to do for the welfare of the Indians. The majority can write and read fairly well, which is a great advantage for them when transacting business with white people..

ONTARIO.

ALNWICK AGENCY.

Number of children of school age, 57; number of pupils enrolled at day school, 58; average attendance at day school, 27; number attending Mount Elgin Institute, 3.

Mr. W.R. Coyle, the Indian agent, reports on educational matters in this agency as follows: -

Alnwick Day School.

The teacher, Mr. F.S. Joblin, has been in charge of this school for the past eight years. He is energetic and painstaking, and the children are progressing in their studies.

The school and its surroundings are kept clean.

Last summer a plot of ground was fenced and cultivated for a school: garden, which will be started this year.

General Remarks.

Education is having a beneficial effect on this reserve. The Indian children compare favourably with the neighbouring white pupils. Practically all Indians on this reserve speak English.

The ex-pupils are doing well, and many hold positions of trust.

CARADOC AGENCY.

Number of children of school age, 260; number of pupils-enrolled at day schools, 198; average attendance at day schools, 86; number attending Mount Elgin industrial, 47; number attending Mohawk Institute, 14.

The Indian agent, Mr. H. Janes, reports on the educational work in this agency, as follows: -

There are five day schools in this agency, two on the Oneida reserve and three on the Chippewa reserve.

Oneida No. 2 School.

Mr. H.C. Jamieson, an Oneida Indian, teaches at this school. He holds a third-class certificate and is doing very good work.

Oneida No. 2 School.

This is a brick building with basement and furnace. The teacher is Miss V. Sims, and the pupils are progressing under her care.

River Settlement School.

Miss Mary Vining, who holds a second-class certificate, teaches this school. Good work is being done here.

Back Settlement School.

This is a new frame building situated in the centre of the Chippewa reserve. This school is taught by Mr. Lyman Fisher.

Bear Creek School.

Miss Annie McDougall is in charge of this school. The children are making satisfactory progress in their studies.

General Remarks.

Each school in this agency had a garden last year. At home each pupil had a garden plot, which was cultivated under the supervision of the teacher. On September 23, a school fair was held and prizes were given the children. The exhibits at this fair proved that a great interest had been taken in this work by the pupils.

It can be definitely stated that education is having a most beneficial effect on the Indians of this agency.

CAPE CROKER AGENCY.

Number of children of school age, 64; number of pupils enrolled at day schools, 86; average attendance at day schools, 56; number attending Spanish River industrial, 10.

The Indian agent, Mr. A.J. Duncan, reports on the educational work in this agency as follows: -

Cape Croker No. 1 Day School.

This school is taught by Miss Mary Moffitt. The children of this section show steady improvement in their studies. Manual training is taught at this school. The older boys have made chairs, bookcases and cupboards.

Agriculture has not been neglected, and the pupils cultivate a garden at the school and garden plots at their homes. The teachers and pupils visit these home gardens at least twice a month. Several of the pupils were successful in winning prizes at the fall fair.

The girls are taught sewing, knitting and cooking.

Sidney Bay No. 2 Day School.

This school is in charge of Miss I. McIvor who takes great interest in her pupils. A school garden is cultivated every year with very satisfactory results.

Port Elgin No. 3 Day School.

This school is taught by Mr. Thomas Jones. A school garden will be cultivated this year. Mrs. Jones is teaching sewing and knitting to the girls.

General Remarks.

All the schools in this agency are built of stone. They have individual desks and libraries. All the young men and women speak English fluently. There is considerable advancement in agriculture.

CHAPLEAU AGENCY.

Number of pupils of school age, 150; number of pupils enrolled at Chapleau boarding, 25; number attending Shingwauk Home, 9.

The Indian agent, Mr. W. McLeod, reports on the educational work in this agency as follows: -

Chapleau Boarding School.

The principal of this institution is the Rev. G. Prewer, who is assisted in his work by a staff of two. All the pupils have made good progress in the curriculum of studies prescribed by the department. On account of Mr. Prewer being able to speak the Indian language it is a great advantage to him when teaching the children the English language, which he takes a great interest in doing. Two half days are taken from the class work each week, when the boys are employed at gardening and other outside work, and the girls are given special instruction in sewing, cooking and mending. Two or three of the ex-pupils are married and live on the reserve. These seem to have profited by the education they have received.

In his annual report the principal, Rev. Geo. Prewer, says: "The whole interior of the main building was thoroughly cleaned and renovated during the summer holidays. The public school inspector commented favourably on the marked improvement in the work of the pupils. A splendid vegetable garden was cultivated."

General Remarks.

There are no day schools in this agency, but a number of Indian children, who live in the town of Chapleau, attend the public school and are making satisfactory progress.

CHRISTIAN ISLAND AGENCY.

Number of children of school age, 55; number of pupils enrolled, 32; average attendance, 14.

The Indian agent, Mr. C.J. Picotte, reports on the educational work in this agency as follows: -

The work at this school has been rather disorganized during the past year, as the former teacher, Mr. James Oliver, left at midsummer, and there was considerable difficulty in securing a suitable teacher. A competent teacher is now in charge of the school, and it is expected that the pupils will progress as favourably as they did under Mr. Oliver. The attendance is regular and the parents are taking a marked interest in the school.

No school garden was cultivated owing to the aridity of the soil, but garden plots will be tried this spring.

General Remarks.

The Indian language is spoken on the reserve, but, with few exceptions, all the Indians speak and write English. The benefits of education are shown by the good behaviour of the Indians at public gatherings,

FORT WILLIAM AGENCY.

Number of children of school age, 287; number of pupils enrolled at day schools, 170; average attendance at day schools, 83; number enrolled at Fort William orphanage, 13; number attending Shingwauk Home, 2; number attending Spanish River industrial, 1.

The Indian agent, Mr. W. R. Brown, reports on educational matters in this agency as follows: -

Mountain Village School.

The teacher at this school is Miss Annie O'Brien. The attendance is large and the progress of the pupils is satisfactory.

Mission Bay School.

Miss Rose Chaput is in charge of this school. The attendance has not been as large as last year, owing to the decrease in the number of children of school age. The pupils in attendance are clean and orderly.

Pic River School.

This school is taught by Miss Julia Larch. As many of the Indians take their children with them when they go on hunting trips, it is difficult to maintain a regular attendance at this school. Those who attend regularly are making satisfactory progress. A small garden was cultivated last year.

Lake Helen School.

This school has been in operation for some years, and a number of the Indians are very careless about sending their children to school regularly. This school is taught by Miss C. Harrison.

Mobert School.

This school was opened in September, 1915, and is in charge of Mrs. E. McGillis. The attendance has been very regular and the children are showing marked improvement, both in their studies and in their personal appearance.

Gull Bay School.

This school was opened in September, 1915, and was placed in charge of Mr. Dominic Ducharme.

Before the school was opened the children at this place could not speak or understand English, but, under Mr. Ducharme, they are progressing splendidly.

Pays Plat School.

This school was re-opened in January, 1916. Every child of school age on the reserve is attending regularly, and satisfactory progress is being made.

In addition to the class-room work the teacher, Mrs. X. McLaren, is teaching baking to the girls.

Fort William Orphanage.

This large modern institution is conducted by the Sisters of St. Joseph, at Fort William. The children are taught sewing, baking and laundry work, in addition to the regular curriculum of studies.

In her annual report, the principal, Sister M.F. Clare, says: "The building is lighted by electricity and a modern system of ventilation has been recently installed. The general health of the pupils has been good."

FORT FRANCES AGENCY.

Number of children of school age, 209; number of pupils enrolled at Fort Frances boarding, 61; number attending Elkhorn industrial, 3.

The Indian agent, Mr. J.P. Wright, reports on the educational work in this agency as follows: -

Fort Frances Boarding School.

This is the only school in this agency that has been open this year. It is situated on the northeast end of the agency reserve, on Rainy lake. It is three and one-half miles from the town of Fort Frances.

The staff consists of the principal, Rev. Ph. Vales, Brother DeByl, Mr. Joseph Grouette, farmer, and five sisters.

The boys in this school are taught farming and gardening and the girls are instructed in housekeeping, cooking and sewing.

I consider the progress of the ex-pupils of this school to be very good, considering their opportunities.

In his annual report, the principal, Rev. P. Vales, O.M.I., says: "Particular attention has been given to the religious training of the children. The health of the pupils has been very good. The conduct of the ex-pupils is fairly satisfactory."

General Remarks.

I consider that education has a good effect on reserve life, as one can see, in the homes of the ex-pupils, a greater desire to better their condition than in the other homes. Ex-pupils are more intelligent, dress better and are cleaner and healthier. I think that the careful training and advice they receive at school, induces them to live morally, and, as the years go by, this will be even more noticeable.

GEORGINA ISLAND AGENCY.

Number of children of school age, 21; number of pupils enrolled at day school, 23; average attendance at day school, 16; number attending Shingwauk Home, 2; number attending Mount Elgin industrial, 6.

The Indian agent, Mr. J.R. Bouchier, reports on educational matters in this agency as follows: -

On account of the resignation of the former teacher, Mr. George Cork, the lay school in this agency was closed from the end of December to February 8, when Mrs. Taylor took charge, The average attendance for the past year has been

better than usual. I find that those who have attended the day school are very intelligent, and are well able to conduct any business they undertake.

GORE BAY AGENCY.

Number of children of school age, 121; number of pupils enrolled at day schools, 84; average attendance at day schools, 47; number attending Spanish River industrial school, 4; number attending Shingwauk Home, 5.

There were four day schools in operation in this agency during the past fiscal year.

West Bay Roman Catholic Day School.

This school is a frame building with large playgrounds. There is a good garden plot in connection with this school in which gardening is carried on by the pupils under the direction of the teacher, Miss Clotilde Leferriere, who has completed a course of study at the Guelph Agricultural College. The children show a great deal of interest in this work.

In addition to the usual school study, instruction in cooking and sewing is also given. The children are much interested and the instruction given is proving very beneficial. Good progress is noted at this school.

Sheshegwaning Roman Catholic Day School.

Miss Elizabeth Leusch continues in charge of this school and is doing good work. One of the finest school buildings on Manitoulin Island is erected at this point. In addition to the usual course of school study the pupils are given lessons in sewing and cooking, and they are deriving very great benefit from the instruction which they receive in their studies. A school garden is carried on under the direction of the teacher. The children take a great deal of interest in this work and they had a very nice garden. Miss Leusch has taken a course at the Guelph Agricultural College.

Sheshegwaning Anglican Day School.

Mr. Edwin Weeks is the teacher. He began his duties on September 1, 1915. The school is conducted in a small frame building. The usual programme of studies is adhered to, in which the children are making progress. A school garden was in operation, and although not as successful as desired the children were much interested. They had better success with their home garden plots, taking a good share of prizes at Silverwater fair. The parents are deeply interested in their children's education.

Cockburn Island School.

A day school was conducted at this point from June 1 to November 30, 1915. Miss Susie A. Fex was appointed teacher and met with a great deal of success during the period this school was in operation. This school is under Roman Catholic auspices and was conducted as a summer school only.

GOLDEN LAKE AGENCY.

Number of children of school age, 38; number of pupils enrolled, 30,; average attendance, 17.

Mr. P. Rankins, the Indian agent, reports on the school in this agency as follows:

Golden Lake Day School.

This school is in charge of Miss Catherine Goulet. The children show a steady improvement in their studies. Owing to the indifference of a number of the parents about sending their children to school, a truant officer was appointed last year, and as a result the average attendance has improved considerably.

The Christmas entertainment given by the pupils and the awarding of prizes had a very good effect. Parents expressed great satisfaction at the work that is being done at this school. The ex-pupils are fairly industrious.

KENORA AND SAVANNE AGENCY.

Number of children of school age, 542; number enrolled in Cecilia Jeffrey boarding, 66; number enrolled at Kenora boarding, 69; number attending Elkhorn industrial, 8.

The Indian agent, Mr. R.S. McKenzie, reports on the schools in this agency as follows: -

Cecilia Jeffrey Boarding School.

This school is situated on Shoal lake, about forty-five miles from the town of Kenora, and is conducted under the auspices of the Presbyterian Church. Rev. F.T. Dodds is principal, and he is assisted by a staff of six persons.

A roof was put on the fire-escape during the summer. It is now much more comfortable, being clear of rain and snow. Fire drill and calisthenics are regularly practised. The large class-room is clean and well ventilated. The teacher, Miss Brodie, takes great interest in her work, and the pupils are making fine progress under her tutelage.

Miss Stratton, the trained nurse, is giving every satisfaction. She is very devoted to her work in attending the sick pupils as well as many of the Indians on the reserve.

The general effect of education is very much in evidence upon the reserve life of the Indians, and particularly amongst the ex-pupils, who have some nice garden plots and potato fields.

In his annual report the principal, Rev. F. Dodds, says: "Good progress has been made in all branches of the class-room. The general health of the pupils has been very good."

Kenora Boarding School.

This school is located about two and a half miles from the town of Kenora, on the lake of the Woods, and is under the auspices of the Roman Catholic Church. Rev. C. Brouillet, O.M.I., is principal and is assisted by a staff of seven.

The whole building is equipped with modern conveniences. It is lighted by electricity and has a first-class heating apparatus in the basement. It is provided with fire escapes and other necessary appliances. Calisthenics and fire drill are regularly practised by the boys, as well as out-door sports.

All dormitories and classrooms are clean and well ventilated. The dining-rooms are clean, and the food supplied is the best.

The girls are taught general house work, cooking, sewing, knitting, and laundry work, the boys are taught care of stock and poultry and gardening, in all of which they make good progress.

The general health of the pupils has been good. Doctor Ferguson attends regularly to all their wants.

During the year, excellent progress has been made in the class-rooms, particularly in speaking English, pronunciation of words, and reading.

In his annual report, the principal, Rev. C. Brouillet, O.M.I., says: "There has been marked progress in the class-room work. The health of the pupils has been very good. Our ex-pupils are very successful."

General Remarks.

The mode of life of these Indians shows that they now realize the benefit their children have derived from education.

The ex-pupils speak and read the English language. They dress better than formerly. A number have enlisted and some are now in the trenches, giving a good account of themselves.

MANITOWANING AGENCY.

Number of pupils of school age, 349; number of pupils enrolled at day schools, 193; average attendance at day schools, 98; number attending Shingwauk Home, 6; number attending Spanish River industrial, 27.

Mr. R.J. Lewis, the Indian agent, reports on the educational work in this agency as follows: -

Wikwemikong Day School (Roman Catholic).

The principal of this school is Miss Adele Duhamel, who is assisted by Miss Agnes Kelly. Both are energetic in their work and the pupils are making satisfactory progress. In addition to the regular studies the boys are taught gardening and the girls are instructed in sewing, knitting and cooking.

The school garden was a great success last year. A large supply of vegetables was grown, including twelve bags of potatoes and twenty-five bags of turnips. About sixty squash and pumpkins were grown, and the cooking class made preserves of these. Arrangements are being made to supply seed from the school garden to the Indians of the reserve.

South Bay Day School (Roman Catholic).

This school is taught by Miss Rose Fagan, who is a very careful teacher and takes great interest in the education and welfare of her pupils. The boys are taught gardening and the girls are instructed in sewing, knitting and cooking.

Buzwah Day School (Roman Catholic).

The teacher, Miss Lila A. Dodd, takes an active interest in her work. The attendance during the past year has been very good. The parents are anxious for their children to avail themselves of the educational advantages offered.

Whitefish Lake Day School (Roman Catholic).

The former teacher, Mrs. J. Jalbert, jr., resigned at Christmas, and this school is now in charge of Miss Tillie Fitzpatrick. Satisfactory progress is being made in the class-room work.

Sucker Creek Day School (Anglican).

This school is taught by Miss M.C. Schultz. Under her guidance the progress of the pupils has been excellent. In addition to the regular studies the girls are taught sewing and knitting.

Shegmandah Creek Day School (Anglican).

This school is in charge of Mr. W.D. Murray. He takes great interest in his work and the pupils are making satisfactory progress. The school is comfortable and well furnished. A plot of ground is being cultivated for a school garden.

General Remarks.

During the last few years education in this agency has accomplished excellent results. Those who have attended school dress better and are cleaner and healthier. All ex-pupils speak English. Many of these ex-pupils show the good results of the training they received in the school garden by successful farming. I consider that the education received in the class-room and the school garden has a very beneficial result on reserve life.

MORAVIANTOWN AGENCY.

Number of children of school age, 55; number of pupils enrolled at day school, 79; average attendance at day school, 35; number attending Mohawk Institute, 3; number attending Mount Elgin industrial, 5.

Mr. E. Beattie, the Indian agent, reports on the educational work in this agency as follows: -

The Moraviantown school is a modern brick structure, situated in the centre of the reserve. The teacher, Mr. Beith Gardiner, does efficient work. Particular attention is now being given to agricultural instruction. A school garden is cultivated and the best corn grown on the reserve last year was grown in the school garden.

General Remarks.

The Indians on this reserve appreciate the advantages of education, and all can read and write. The Indians are being fitted for any occupation.

NEW CREDIT AGENCY.

Number of children of school age, 48; number of pupils enrolled at day school, 32; average attendance at day school, 16; number attending Mohawk Institute, 10.

The Indian agent, Mr. W.C. Van Loon, reports on educational matters in this agency as follows: -

There is one school in this agency. It is brick veneered and is equipped with modern desks and slate blackboards. Fifteen acres of land, in the centre of the reserve, have been set aside for school and public purposes. The same curriculum of studies is followed in this school as in the public schools of the province. The school has been frequently visited during the year, and everything was found in good order. The average attendance has been higher than for many previous years.

PARRY SOUND SUPERINTENDENCY.

Number of children of school age, 120; number of pupils enrolled at day schools, 84; average attendance at day schools, 41; number attending Spanish River industrial, 11; number attending Mount Elgin industrial, 2.

Mr. Alex Logan, the Indian superintendent, reports on the schools in this agency as follows: -

Parry Island Day School.

This school is near the town of Parry Sound. A modern building, with teacher's residence attached, was built here last year. Miss Frances Munt, the teacher, takes a great interest in her pupils.

Shawanaga Day School.

Progress is being made at this school, which is under the capable direction of Miss Creasor.

Henvey Inlet Day School.

This school is taught by Mr. Joseph Partridge, a member of the Parry Island band. The attendance and discipline are very good, and the pupils are progressing in their studies.

Gibson Day School.

This school is taught by Miss Stephenson, who is a very efficient teacher and is much interested in her pupils. The children are very intelligent, and compare favourably with the neighbouring white children.

General Remarks.

The children who attend school regularly are doing very well. Truancy is very frequent, as the Indian parents keep their children at home on the slightest pretext.

RAMA AGENCY.

Number of children of school age, 53; number of pupils enrolled, 35; average attendance, 23; number attending Mount Elgin industrial, 4.

The Indian agent, Mr. C.W. Myers, reports on the educational work in this agency as follows: -

Rama Day School.

The school and teacher's residence is a modern brick structure, with a stone foundation.

At the front of the school lot there is a row of maple trees. On both sides of the school there are flower beds. The garden is at the back of the school.

The children are making excellent progress in their studies. Miss McBain, teacher of the junior room, takes great interest in the younger pupils, while Miss Waite, teacher of the senior room, is doing splendid work with her pupils.

General Remarks.

Education is improving reserve life. The parents are taking a greater interest in their children's education.

The example of the school garden has encouraged many of the children to have plots at their homes. These home plots are carefully looked after.

RICE LAKE AGENCY.

Number of children of school age, 62; number of pupils enrolled, 58; average attendance, 32.

The Indian agent, Mr. R.J. McCamus, reports on the educational work in this agency as follows: -

Rice Lake Day School.

This school is attended by both whites and Indians. Miss M. E. Throop is an excellent teacher and has perfect discipline. The pupils are intelligent and happy. The best garden in the county was cultivated at this school last year.

Mud Lake Day School.

Mrs. W.J. Hanes took charge of this school last October, and a marked improvement is shown in the attendance of the pupils and in their interest in their studies. A school garden was commenced last year, and it is hoped to have an excellent one this year.

SARNIA AGENCY.

Number of children of school age, 76; number of pupils enrolled at day schools, 81; average attendance at day schools, 36; number attending Mount Elgin industrial 13; number attending Shingwauk Home, 1.

Mr. T. Maxwell, the Indian agent, reports on educational matters in this agency as follows: -

St. Clair Day School.

This school is taught by Miss Alice Matthews. The children are progressing in their studies. In addition to the regular

school work the girls are taught sewing. There is a school garden in which the pupils are much interested.

Kettle Point Day School.

Mrs. Angus George is in charge of this school and she is doing good work. The girls are taught sewing, in addition, to the regular curriculum of studies. There is a school garden here also.

Stony Point Day School.

The teacher at this school is Miss Agnes Weaver, who is doing her best to interest her pupils in their studies. A number of pupils had garden plots at their homes last year, and were successful in winning prizes at the school fair.

General Remarks.

Ex-pupils who have taken up farming, do good work, as a result of the training received in the school garden. Among the benefits of education on reserve life may be mentioned the habit of neatness and cleanliness, attained by the Indians of this agency. An intelligent interest in public affairs is also manifested by the reading of the daily and weekly newspapers.

SAUGEEN AGENCY.

Number of children of school age, 93; number of pupils enrolled at day schools, 100; average attendance at day schools, 73; number attending Shingwauk Home, 2; number attending Mount Elgin industrial, 11; number attending Spanish River industrial, 3.

Mr. T.A. Stout, the Indian agent, reports on the educational work in this agency as follows: -

Saugeen Day School.

This school is in a good, state of repair, and is furnished with all necessary equipment. A well stocked library provides interesting reading for the pupils. Miss Isabel Ruxton is still in charge of this school, and is doing everything possible for her pupils. In addition to the regular studies the girls are taught sewing and knitting.

Scotch Settlement Day School.

This is a brick-building with a frame dwelling for the teacher. Both are in good repair, and the school is furnished with all necessary material. Mrs. B. Robb, the teacher, is doing excellent work. The drawing done by some of the pupils is above the average of any school in this district. At Christmas, a very successful entertainment was given by the pupils. The girls are also taught sewing.

French Bay Day School.

This is a brick building, with a frame dwelling for the teacher. Mr. T.J. Wallace, who has taught here for sixteen years, is still in charge. He is doing splendid work. A plot of ground has been prepared, and it is hoped to have a school garden here this year. A very successful Christmas entertainment was given, and the children reflected great credit on their teacher and themselves by the manner in which they recited and sang.

General Remarks

The younger people on this reserve are showing improvement in their manner of living. All show the benefits of the education received at school. The parents are anxious to have their children attend school. Daily papers are read by all. A number of the young men have enlisted.

SAULT STE. MARIE AGENCY.

Number of children of school age, 229; number of pupils enrolled at day schools, 136; average attendance at day schools, 61; number of pupils enrolled at Shingwauk Home, 85; number attending Spanish River industrial, 26.

Mr. A.D. McNabb, the Indian agent, reports on educational matters in this agency as follows: -

Garden River Anglican School.

For the last ten years this school has been in charge of Mr. L.F. Hardyman, who is a very capable teacher. The children are progressing satisfactorily in their studies.

Mr. Hardyman distributed a quantity of garden seeds among the pupils last spring, As a result the children cultivated garden plots at their homes and met with great success in their first attempt at agriculture.

Garden River Roman Catholic School.

This school is taught by Miss K. Tackney and Miss J. McDermott. The pupils have made excellent progress in their studies. The teachers' dwelling was repaired this year, and the school grounds were improved.

Goulais Bay Roman Catholic School.

This school is in charge of Miss A. O'Connor, who is a very painstaking teacher. The attendance at this school is unsatisfactory, as a number of the Indians move from the reserve during the summer.

Batchawana Roman Catholic School.

This school is taught by Miss M.F. Mercier.

Shingwauk Home.

I visited this school monthly during the past year, and have no hesitation in saying that it is one of the best-managed institutions in the country. The principal Rev. B. Fuller, and his assistants, Miss Fuller and Mrs. Thomas, are most efficient, and devote all their time to the care and education of the children. The pupils are clean and well-dressed, and are progressing rapidly in their studies. The farm stock and implements are looked after by Mr. Hayes, who is a very capable farmer. I had the pleasure of attending the Christmas concert given by the pupils, and I am proud to say that it could not be excelled in any other school in the province.

In his annual report the principal, Rev. B. Fuller, says: "A new laundry has been erected during the past year."

The public school inspector reports favourably on the class-room work. Painting, carpentry, shoe-repairing and farming are Some of the industries taught the boys. The girls receive instruction in housekeeping.

General Remarks.

Education is improving both the old and the young Indians. Those who have attended school in their youth are anxious for their children to obtain as good an education as possible. Special attention is being given to the teaching of farming and gardening. The attendance at all the schools has been most satisfactory.

SCUGOG AGENCY.

Number of children of school age, 6; number of pupils enrolled, 6; average attendance, 3.

Mr. J.W. Crozier, the Indian agent, reports on the school in this agency as follows: -

This is a union school; both white children and Indians attend it. Miss C.G. Hays, the teacher, appears to be doing her best to assist the Indians as well as the white children. We find it rather difficult to have the children attend regularly, as the parents do not take the interest in the education of their children that they should. The children who attend regularly, learn easily and are making good progress. There was a nice plot of flowers in the school grounds last summer, and the school and grounds are very nicely kept, being clean and tidy, and a credit to all concerned.

SIX NATIONS AGENCY.

Number of children of school age, 808; number of pupils enrolled at day schools, 566; average attendance at day schools, 251; number enrolled at Mohawk Institute, 144; number attending Shingwauk Home, 4; number attending Mount Elgin industrial, 11.

The acting Indian superintendent, Mr. C. McGibbon, reports on the educational work in this agency as follows: -

Trustees. - The schools are under the management of the school board, composed of three white, representing the New England Company, Methodist and Anglican Missions; five Indians appointed by the council; and the superintendent, who is ex officio chairman. Regular meetings were held during the year at the council house and the Indian office, alternately. An annual grant of \$8,000 is made by the council for the payment of salaries of teachers, truant officers and inspector. T.W. Standing, B.A., public school inspector of Brant county, is engaged as inspector. The Indian trustees act as truant officers for the schools placed under their charge.

No. 1 School.

The teacher, Miss Mary Jamieson, is an Indian. She is a graduate nurse and was formerly a teacher at this school. The school is a new frame building and has a special ventilation system.

No. 2 School.

The teacher is Elmer Jamieson, B.A., an Indian, and a graduate of McMaster University, Toronto, and the Normal school in Alberta. Mr. Jamieson has recently enlisted with the 114th Battalion, Brock's Rangers.

Miss Ethel Alexander is teaching the junior division. She is doing good work. The building is two-roomed brick, with cement basement, and is situated in the village of Osweken. During the past summer two Kelso warm air generators, with special ventilation system, were installed. This has improved the heating and ventilating system of this school.

No. 3 School.

The teacher, Mrs. O.E. Scragg, holds a first-class certificate, from the English army school. The school is a new frame building, with special ventilation system.

No. 4 School.

The teacher is Miss Mina Martin, who was appointed temporarily after the resignation of Mr. Milton Martin, who enlisted in the 114th Battalion. The school is a new frame building with special ventilation system and the grounds are ample and well shaded.

No. 5 School.

The teacher, Mr. James D. Moses, resigned to enlist in the 114th Battalion. Mr. Frank Churchill was appointed in his place, but he also resigned to enlist in the 114th Battalion. Mr. Sam A. Anderson, an Indian, has been appointed teacher for this school. A new school building, with special ventilation system, was erected during the past summer.

No. 6 School.

The teacher, Mr. John A. Lickers, an Indian, has had 25 years' experience, but no professional qualifications. This is a difficult section to work, as many of the parents are employed as berry-pickers, and remove their families from the reserve in the spring.

No. 7 School.

The teacher, Mr. Garland Churchill, resigned to enlist in the 54th Battery. Mr. Almee Martin, an Indian, was appointed temporarily to teach here.

No. 8 School.

The teacher, Mr. H.T. Parker, resigned to enlist in the 54th Battery. Mr. Elam Bearfoot was appointed to take charge of the school until the summer holidays.

No. 9 School.

The teacher is Mr. Jess Moses, an Indian. He is doing good work.

No. 10 School.

The teacher is Miss Julia L. Jamieson, an Indian, who has passed her entrance to the Normal school. The building is brick and is situated in well shaded and ample grounds.

No. 11 School.

The teacher, Mr. Victor A. Elliss, holds a second-class Normal certificate. During the past summer, a new building, with special ventilation system, was erected and the grounds were enlarged.

Ex-Pupils.

Graduates of reserve schools are obtaining higher education as follows: five attending Caledonia High School, two in Hagersville, three in Brantford Collegiate Institute, two at the Hamilton Normal School, one at the Agricultural College, Guelph, one at McGill University, Faculty of Medicine, one at Queen's University.

The occupation of some of the graduates is: seven teachers on the Six Nations reserve; four graduate nurses, of whom one is a head nurse in a surgical hospital at Sandusky, Ohio; one in New York hospital; two engaged in private nursing; two stenographers in Brantford; three practising medicine in United States; one secretary of the Six Nations council and one clerk in the Indian office.

General Remarks.

The matter of education has received considerable attention from the council during the past year. An epidemic of measles and whooping-cough, during the winter, has interfered very seriously with the attendance at the schools. The children that attend regularly are making good progress. The war has had a bad effect on the schools, as so many of the teachers have enlisted; but the school board expects to secure competent teachers in the near future.

School Gardens.

During the past summer several of the schools had school gardens. Corn and potatoes were also distributed among the children for home planting. This created considerable interest among the pupils of the schools. At the Six Nations fall fairs prizes were offered by the society and the department for the best exhibit of corn and potatoes grown by the children.

STURGEON FALLS AGENCY.

Number of children of school age, 96; number of pupils enrolled, 120; average attendance, 76; number attending Spanish River industrial, 3; number attending Shingwauk Rome, 2.

The Indian agent, Mr. G.P. Cockburn, reports on the educational work in this agency as follows: -

Garden Village School.

This school is in charge of Miss Ellen Rutherford. The children show steady improvement in the regular studies, especially in English. This is now very apparent in hearing their stories pertaining to the war.

A noticeable feature is the steady attendance. The girls learn sewing and knitting, and arrangements have been made to cultivate a garden during the summer.

The building is comfortable and furnishes ample accommodation for the pupils in attendance. It is well furnished and is kept clean and warm.

The parents residing in the vicinity of this school take an active interest in their children's education. The pupils are neat and clean in appearance and well clothed and take good care of school material.

Bear Island School.

This school is kept open for the summer months only, as the Indian families leave for the woods each fall on their annual hunt and do not return until the spring.

Miss Mary G. Ronan, who is in charge, takes a very active interest in the children, The general routine of study is followed. The children are bright and learn readily. The building furnishes ample accommodation for the pupils in attendance, and is comfortably furnished.

Mattawa Separate School.

In addition to the above schools a grant is paid by the department to the Mattawa separate school. At this place a number of Indian families, belonging to the Nipissing band, reside, and their children attend this school. The attendance is regular and the children are making good progress.

General Remarks.

Education has a good influence on the Indians in their manner of living in their homes. Progress is shown in a marked degree, not only by, the pupils attending the Schools, but also by the older Indians. The Indians are beginning to realize the value of education and to take an active interest in the attendance of their children. The majority of the pupils converse fluently in English.

The progress of ex-pupils has been very encouraging in many ways. They are improving their surroundings and are uplifting reserve life. A number of the ex-pupils in this agency have enlisted for overseas service in the present war, and the commanding officer of their regiment states that they learn readily and show efficiency in the work.

THESSALON AGENCY.

Number of children of school age, 110; number of pupils enrolled at day schools, 22; average attendance at day schools, 12; number attending Spanish River industrial, 22.

The Indian agent, Mr. S. Hagan, reports on educational matters in this agency as follows: -

Spanish River Day School.

Rev. T.H. Young is in charge of this school. He is doing good work, and the attendance is increasing every year.

Missisagi Day School.

Miss Margaret Tolley is the teacher at this school. Owing to the small attendance it is difficult to do satisfactory work here.

General Remarks.

Every endeavour is being made to have agriculture taught. There is a marked improvement in Indians of to-day as compared with the Indians of a few years ago.

TYENDINAGA AGENCY.

Number of children of school age, 277; number of pupils enrolled at day schools, 145; average attendance at day schools, 61; number attending Mohawk Institute, 21; number attending Mount Elgin industrial, 5.

The Indian agent, Mr. G.M. Campbell, reports on the educational work in this agency as follows: -

Western School.

This school is at the western part of the agency. It is taught by Miss Pickard, who is doing good work. I find the pupils are making steady progress.

Central School.

This school is at the southern side of the reserve. It is taught by Miss Fletcher. The pupils who attended regularly made progress during the past year.

Mission School.

This school is in the northern part of the reserve. It is taught by Mr. Leween, an Indian. He is doing good work.

Eastern School.

This school is near Deseronto and is taught by Miss Hall. There has been a marked improvement in the attendance and progress of the pupils during the past year.

General Remarks.

I have visited all the schools frequently, during the past year, and have found all in good repair.

WALPOLE ISLAND AGENCY.

Number of children of school age, 130; number of pupils enrolled at day schools, 99; average attendance at day schools, 48; number attending Mount Elgin industrial, 10; number attending Shingwauk Home, 2.

Mr. T.A. McCallum, the Indian agent, reports on the educational work in this agency as follows: -

Walpole Island School No. 1.

This school is on the west side of the reserve, near the St. Clair river. It is taught by Miss S.E. Wilson, a qualified teacher. The pupils, who attend regularly are progressing satisfactorily.

Walpole Island School No. 2.

This school is in charge of Miss M. Warnock. The pupils here are also showing advancement in their studies.

General Remarks.

A number of the children from this agency are attending Mount Elgin industrial, Shingwauk Home and Mount Pleasant Institute. Education has a tendency to improve the Indians' mode of living, and to make them law-abiding citizens.

MANITOBA.

BIRTLE, AGENCY.

Number of children of school age, 104; number enrolled at Birtle boarding school, 52; number attending Sandy Bay boarding school, 2; number attending Qu'Appelle industrial school, 5.

Mr. G.H. Wheatley, the Indian agent, reports on the educational work in this agency as follows: -

Birtle Boarding School.

This school is located in the town of Birtle, Manitoba. It has a good heating plant, is well ventilated and has a good water-supply, and sanitary equipment.

Farming, gardening and stock-raising are the principal industries taught the boys. The past season has been the most successful, along these lines, in the history of the school. The return from the garden and field crops is as follows: potatoes, 1600 bushels; carrots, 16 bushels; beets, 10 bushels; onions, 20 bushels; cabbages, 150 heads; peas, 5 bushels; parsnips, 10 bushels; celery, 500 heads; field roots-mangels, 300 bushels; sugar beets, 300 bushels; turnips, 600 bushels; wheat, 742 bushels; oats, 2,277 bushels; barley, 274 bushels; green feed, 8 tons; and 20 tons of hay put up for stock. All the work has been done by the boys, who have shown a greater interest in farming and gardening than in former years. This work is under the supervision of the farming instructor, Mr. Perry, who thoroughly understands his business, and the boys are receiving a thorough training along agricultural lines.

The progress in the school-room, especially in the junior grades, has been satisfactory. Improvement noted in reading, writing and number work. In the senior grades the progress is not so marked. Senior pupils are very reticent in carrying on conversations in English.

In the gymnasium the equipment is now installed, and the pupils will receive physical training, under the supervision of the principal and the teacher, Miss Leslie.

The Cottage hospital in connection with the school is under the management of the principal, the Rev. D. Iverach; B. A.F. Smith, M.D., medical officer; Miss White, nurse, and Miss Wheatley, housekeeper. The patients receive every care and attention, and good work has been done during the past year. On the whole, the health of the pupils has been satisfactory. The Presbyterian missionaries on the reserves take a great interest in the education of the Indian children, and assist in recruiting for the school.

In his annual report, the principal, Rev. D. Iverach, says: "I am glad to be able to report increasing interest by all the pupils, thus improving the general standard of work. This school now compares most favourably, with the white schools of the province. The appearance of the farm has been much improved during the last few years and furnishes a good object lesson for the boys."

Ex-pupils.

The Indians, on the whole, are in favour of having their children educated, and the ex-pupils, with a few exceptions, show a good example to the other Indians.

The ex-pupils who are married and are farming on their own account, are making steady progress. I might mention the following: Walter Longclaws, Frank Seaton, Basil Tanner, jr., Willie Seaton and Jos. H. Mecas of the Waywayseecappo's reserve, No. 62, and Evan Bird of the Rolling River reserve, No. 67. All have comfortable log houses, with shingled roofs and kitchen annexes. They have also the necessary farm implements, and good work-horses and oxen. Several of the unmarried ex-pupils also are doing fairly well. I might mention Sam. Jandreu also Fred, and Gilbert Longclaws of the Waywaysetleappo's reserve, who have the necessary farm equipment and work-oxen.

The graduates who are employed as domestic servants continue to give satisfaction to their employers. A number, however, soon return to their reserves, and, where the home is a good one, it soon shows the result of their school training. A number of ex-pupils subscribe for farm papers, also the Winnipeg weekly papers, and keep themselves well informed on current events.

CLANDEBOYE AGENCY.

Number of children of school age, 127; number of pupils enrolled at day schools, 139; average attendance at day schools, 58; number enrolled at Fort Alexander boarding, 68; number attending Elkhorn industrial, 25; number attending Brandon industrial, 20.

The Indian agent, Mr. F.W.R. Colcleugh, reports on the educational work in this agency as follows: -

Fort Alexander Roman Catholic Boarding School.

This is a fine institution and reflects great credit on Rev. Father Geelen, the acting principal, and his efficient staff of teachers.

The principal of this school, Rev. Father Bousquet, is at the front with the, French army.

Everything around the school is in first-class order. In his annual report, the acting principal says: "The boys are taught shoe-repairing said farming, while the girls are instructed in general housework. There have been several marriages among ex-pupils of this school, and these couples are progressing satisfactorily."

North St. Peters Day School.

This school is in charge of, Mr. Peter Harper, who is a member of the St. Peters band. He is doing quite satisfactory work.

Brokenhead Day School.

Mr. John Sinclair is in charge of this school. Owing to the indifference of the parents, the attendance is rather irregular. However, fairly good work is being done.

Upper Fort Alexander Day School.

This school is taught by Rev. C.H. Fryer, an Anglican clergyman, who is very competent. Mr. Fryer studied medicine for some time, and is very useful in attending the Indians when they are sick.

Black River Day School.

Mr. George Slater is teaching this school, and he is giving good satisfaction. There is a regular attendance at this school.

Hollow Water River Day School.

Rev. George Smith teaches this school. He is a very fine man, and is doing good work among the Indians. The children are making satisfactory progress.

Patapun Day School.

This is a municipal school. It is situated in the municipality of St. Clements and is taught by Miss M. Eaton. A number of the children from the old St. Peters reserve attend this school.

FISHER RIVER AGENCY.

Number of children of school age, 552; number of pupils enrolled at day schools, 337; average attendance at day schools, 127; number attending Brandon industrial, 43; number attending Elkhorn industrial, 10; number attending Fort Alexander boarding, 1.

Mr. T.H. Carter, the Indian agent, reports on the educational work in this agency as follows: -

South Peguis School (Anglican).

Mr. H.J. Francis is in charge of this school. Attendance is fair. The pupils are bright and have a good grasp of the subjects taught.

North Peguis School (Anglican).

This school was without a teacher from the end of April until late in October, 1915, when Mr. A.H. Packer took charge. Mr. Packer is a good disciplinarian, an efficient teacher and has the confidence of the pupils. The children are making good progress.

Fisher River (Methodist).

Miss M.N. Royan resigned at the end of the June quarter. Miss M.N. Carter is now in charge of the senior room, and Mr. W. Stevens, the junior room, in the splendid new building erected on the Fisher River reserve last summer. Grippe and colds have been severe at Fisher River this winter and the attendance is poor.

Grand Rapids (Anglican).

Mr. Nathan Settee is in charge of this school, and is well liked by pupils and parents. The children are, progressing under his tuition.

Poplar River (Methodist).

In August last Mr. W. Lee took charge of this school, and appears to be the right person for the place. He is gifted with good judgment and is very painstaking with the children.

Berens River (Methodist).

Mrs. Lowes, the teacher at this school, is doing excellent work. In spite of the sickness during the past winter months, there has been a good attendance.

Deer Lake (Methodist).

This school was taught by Mr. E. Sinclair, an ex-pupil of the Brandon industrial school, during the summer months only.

Mr. Sinclair is the first teacher at Deer Lake and was much appreciated by the people there. With the assistance of his

wife he taught elementary education and domestic science to the children and people in a satisfactory manner.

Bloodvein (Methodist).

This is a summer school, and was again successfully conducted by Mr. J. Everett, during the past season.

General Remarks.

Taken as a whole, the progress of the pupils attending the schools within the Fisher River agency is slow, on account of the generally poor attendance. It is gratifying to be able to report, however, that an advancement is quite noticeable since last year.

GRISWOLD AGENCY.

Number of children of school age, 79; number of pupils enrolled at day school, 28; average attendance at day school, 14; number attending Qu'Appelle industrial, 12; number attending Brandon industrial, 5; number attending Elkhorn industrial, 10; number attending Portage la Prairie boarding, 15; number attending Birtle boarding, 5.

Mr. Jas. McDonald, the Indian agent, reports on educational matters in this agency as follows: -

Oak River Day School.

This school is in charge of Miss R. Havard, who is a very good teacher and takes a great interest in her pupils. This school has been open for three years. There are now three grades and the teacher expects to advance some of the pupils to the 4th grade shortly. The children are taking a keener interest in the school work. They come to school clean and well dressed and the parents are to be congratulated on their appearance. A hot meal is served to the children at mid-day. During the past year a school garden was cultivated by the teacher and pupils. All kinds of vegetables were grown for use of the school.

Ex-Pupils.

Several have gained their honourable discharge from the Elkhorn industrial school this year. Two of these have taken up farming, one of them had sown 25 acres and the other 15 acres in the spring, and they had this to reap when they were discharged. Another has joined the 79th Battalion at Brandon. The older ex-pupils are cultivating their land better, and some of them had 37 bushels of wheat to the acre. They are much easier to work with, as they understand the value of cultivation much better than the old Indians.

General Remarks.

The general effect of education upon the reserve life is beneficial.

They are building larger houses and keep them clean. They look after and keep their stock in better condition. I tell the older ex-pupils to teach their children morals at home so that in later years they will be able to look after themselves. A number of them have taken this advice. I am concentrating my efforts on the younger generation.

Quite a number of the Indians take a daily paper and keep in touch with the affairs of the country. They are much interested in the war.

NORWAY HOUSE AGENCY.

Number of children of school age, 703; number of children enrolled at day schools, 227; average attendance at day schools, 90; number enrolled at Norway House Methodist boarding, 98; number enrolled at Cross Lake Roman Catholic boarding, 50; number attending Brandon industrial, 13.

The Indian agent, Mr. J. Jones, reports on the educational work in this agency, as follows: -

Norway House Methodist Boarding School.

This well-equipped school was opened on October 1, 1914, with an average attendance of 84. The first year has been most successful. The principal, Rev. J.A. Lousley, is assisted by an enthusiastic and efficient staff. The regular programme of studies is carried out, and particular attention is paid to the teaching of English. The pupils have made excellent progress.

In addition to the regular class-room work, instruction is given along industrial and domestic lines. The female graduates of this school are teaching the older women of the reserve the proper manner in which to conduct their domestic affairs, such as dressmaking, cooking, etc. The male graduates are a credit to the school. In his annual report, the principal, Rev. J. A Lousley, says: "Some improvements have been made to the main building. In addition to the class-room work, the boys are taught gardening and carpentering, while the girls are instructed in sewing and general housework. Ex-pupils are doing well in almost every case."

Cross Lake Roman Catholic Boarding School.

This school, which has been under construction for some time, was completed this spring. It is built of laurentian granite and is heated by steam. There is both hot and cold water throughout the building. With Rev. Father Lecoq as principal, and a staff of eight, this institution will be a great factor in this agency.

In his annual report, the principal says: "Owing to the, building being only completed, matters are not thoroughly organized. All pupils are taught English. The girls will be taught housework and the boys will receive instruction in blacksmithing, shoemaking and mending nets."

Day Schools.

Jack River school, under the auspices of the Anglican church, is taught by Mrs. Marshall. Rossville school is taught by Miss Rotan. Cross Lake Methodist day school is taught by Mr. Johnson Hargreaves. Nelson House Methodist day school is taught by Rev. W. W. Nutty. Oxford House is taught by Mr. Brisely. Island Lake day school was reopened on September 1, 1915. It is taught by Mr. John Moar, a graduate of the Brandon industrial school.

The attendance at all the day schools is fairly satisfactory. All the teachers are endeavouring to induce the children to attend regularly.

PAS AGENCY.

Number of children of school age, 211; number of pupils enrolled at day schools, 153; average attendance at day schools, 77; number enrolled at Mackay boarding, 92.

The Indian agent, Mr. W.R. Taylor, reports on educational matters in this agency as follows: -

Mackay Boarding School (Anglican).

The Mackay boarding school is situated on the Pas reserve, on Fisher island, six miles west of the town of The Pas. Rev. L. Laronde, the principal, is assisted by a staff of eight persons. Of the eight persons, I might mention Miss Willis and Miss Hopsdel, who are the teachers. Splendid progress has been made in the school-room, and I must say that the teachers are very painstaking with the pupils under their charge. The girls are taught housekeeping, sewing, and general kitchen work, while the bigger boys are taught the care of stock, and general work around a farm. The school site being hard to clear, very little farming has been done yet. The island is covered with heavy and dense woods and the clearing so far has cost considerable

money, and is not yet in condition for the plough. A good crop of garden vegetables was harvested.

In his annual report the principal says: "Owing to the recent opening of the school we are just beginning to get matters in running order. The boys are taught farming and the girls housework. Class-room work is progressing satisfactorily. We have 50 new acres cleared, of which 30 acres are stumped."

Big Eddy Day School.

This day school was re-opened on September 1, 1915, with Robert Thomas, an educated member of the Pas band, as teacher.

Fair progress is being made by the children. Mr. Thomas is earnest in his work, and is endeavouring to improve his pupils in their studies.

Pas Day School.

Miss M. Chambers is teacher here and is doing good work. All the children enrolled in this school are very young, as the elder ones have been taken into the Mackay boarding school. All make a fair showing in elementary studies.

Chemawawin Day School.

Mr. R.G.V. Cooper is teaching this school. Progress in this school is good, when the children attend regularly, but the Indians of this reserve are of a nomadic nature. Most of them spend the winter away from the reserve and, naturally, they take their children with them. Consequently, the children forget all they have been taught during the summer. The work is very uphill and discouraging on this account.

Moose Lake Day School.

Mr. J.G. Kennedy is in charge of this school. Here also, as at Chemawawin, the children go away with their parents to the winter hunting grounds and are there all winter. In summer there is a fair attendance, but progress is slow.

Shoal Lake Day School.

The attendance at this school is more regular than at any other school in the agency, consequently the children's standing in their studies and behaviour is more noticeable. These Indians send their children to school regularly and assist their teacher in every way. Louis Young, a member of the band, an ex-pupil of St. Paul's industrial school, is the teacher. He has his pupils in hand and takes a great interest in his work.

Red Earth Day School.

Mr. Fred Young resigned his duties as teacher of this school at the end of March quarter, 1915. His place was filled by Mr. Francis Daniels, who has been teaching since. The average attendance for the year at this school is the highest in the agency, being 15.74 out of 26 enrolled. Progress is fair both in studies and behaviour.

Cumberland Day School.

The attendance at this school is very small, owing to the reserve being divided. Part of the Indians live at Pine Bluff, thirty or forty miles west of Cumberland, and a number of their children are sent to the Mackay boarding school. Mr. Joseph Chamberlain is teacher at this place, and is doing good work.

General Remarks.

The effect of education upon Indians is good. This is noticed in their dress and their manner of living. Their houses are being better built, and are kept cleaner. The shawl is disappearing from use among the women, who now wear coats and caps instead.

Very little progress can be reported regarding ex-pupils in this agency. Those of them who have learned a trade have no chance in this northern country to put it to practice. Their example in living and dressing and keeping clean surroundings has a beneficial effect upon their relatives and friends on the reserve. Nearly all the girls are married and, are good housekeepers, while the men work hard at any employment they obtain. Hunting is their chief occupation.

PORTAGE LA PRAIRIE AND MANITOWAPAH AGENCIES.

Number of children of school age, 405; number enrolled at day schools, 323; average attendance at day schools, 154; number enrolled at Portage la Prairie boarding, 77; number enrolled at Pine Creek boarding, 81; number enrolled at Sandy Bay boarding, 54; number attending Elkhorn industrial, 38.

Mr. H. Ogletree, the Indian agent, reports on the-schools in these two agencies as follows: -

PORTAGE LA PRAIRIE AGENCY.

Roseau River Day School (Roman Catholic).

This school is taught by Miss Godon. Although the average attendance is small, satisfactory progress is being made.

Roseau Rapids Day School (Undenominational).

Miss Olive Leslie is in charge of this school. Besides the regular school subjects the girls are taught sewing and knitting. The ex-pupils of this school are engaged in farming and hunting.

Swan Lake Day School (Presbyterian).

This school is taught by Miss Bruce, who holds a first-class professional certificate, and is a very capable teacher. To encourage regular attendance a mid-day lunch is given to the pupils.

Portage La Prairie Boarding School.

This school is conducted under the auspices of the Presbyterian Church and is managed by Mr. and Mrs. Hendry. Miss Henderson and Miss Reid do the teaching.

A large farm, in connection with the school, gives every opportunity for teaching farming to the boys.

In his annual report the principal, Mr. W.A. Hendry, says: "Splendid progress has been made both in the junior and senior rooms. English is the only language spoken. in the school. The boys are taught farming, carpentering and painting, and the girls receive instruction in housework and sewing. The health of the pupil's has been excellent. Ex-pupils are prospering."

Dog Creek Day School (Roman Catholic).

Mr. Raymond P. Martel is in charge of this school. Owing to the indifference of the parents, the attendance at this school is very small.

Ebb and Flow Day School (Roman Catholic).

Miss Adams is the teacher at this school. The pupils are making fair progress.

Upper Fairford base School (Anglican).

This school has been in charge of Mr. Robert Bruce. The attendance has been small, and this school will be closed in the near future.

Fairford Improved Day School (Anglican).

This is a new school and was opened in February, 1916. The building is modern, and a mid-day meal will be supplied to the children. Mr. A. Hyson is the teacher.

Lower Fairford Day School (Anglican)

This school is in charge of Mr. Colin Sanderson, a treaty Indian. His pupils are well advanced. Owing to the opening of the Fairford, improved day school, this school will soon be closed.

Lake St. Martin Day School (Anglican).

Mr. John Favell, the teacher, has been in Indian work for thirty years. He takes a great interest in his pupils. The average attendance is very good.

Little Saskatchewan Day School (Anglican).

Mr. Colin Sanderson has been recently appointed teacher of this school, to succeed Mr. A. Hyson.

Shoal River Day School (Anglican).

This school is taught by Mr. T.D. Conlin. This school is well attended and the pupils are progressing.

Waterhen Day School (Roman Catholic).

The average attendance at this school is small. The teacher is Mr. Joseph Inglott. The ex-pupils of this school are engaged in fishing and hunting.

Pine Creek Boarding School (Roman Catholic).

This school is under the capable management of Rev. Father Leonard. The teachers are Mother Lawrence and Sister Frances. The pupils are very industrious, and are well advanced in their work. The boys work on the large farm in connection with the school. The girls receive instruction in cooking and general housework. A number of the ex-pupils work their own farms and have comfortable homes.

In his annual report the principal, Rev. G. Leonard, O.M.I., says: "Pupils are progressing satisfactorily. Their health during the past year has been very good. Ex-pupils are doing well."

Sandy Bay Boarding School (Roman Catholic).

This school is under the able management of Rev. Father Chagnon. Sister St. Leon and Sister Calixte are the teachers. The pupils are clean, bright, and healthy and take great interest in their school work. The boys are taught farming and the girls receive instruction in housework.

In his annual report the principal, Rev. O. Chagnon, O.M.I., says: "The boys are determined to continue farming after they graduate. Both male and female ex-pupils are doing well."

SASKATCHEWAN.

ASSINIBOINE AGENCY.

Number of children of school age, 31; number of pupils enrolled at day school, 30; average attendance at day school, 15; number attending Qu'Appelle industrial, 5.

Mr. T.E. Donnelly, the Indian agent, reports on educational matters in this agency as follows: -

Assiniboine Day School.

This is an improved day school, and is situated about a quarter of a mile from the agency buildings. The building is frame with cement basement and is heated by a hot air furnace. In the basement, there is a well-equipped kitchen and store-rooms. The class-room is provided with modern single desks and all necessary school supplies. A mid-day meal is supplied to the pupils by the teacher, Miss G. Lawrence.

Under the supervision of the teacher a school garden was cultivated last year, and carrots, onions and-turnips were grown. Some of the pupils also had gardens at their homes.

Ex-Pupils.

There are graduates from industrial, boarding and day schools on this reserve. The majority of the industrial school graduates are engaged in mixed farming. The boarding school graduates on this reserve are young women, and they have proved to be good housekeepers. The graduates of the day schools are doing well. All ex-pupils are anxious to have their children attend school regularly.

General Remarks.

Education has made the Indians cleaner and more intelligent.

BATTLEFORD AGENCY.

Number of children of school age, 157; number of pupils enrolled at day schools, 94; average attendance at day schools, 59; number enrolled at Thunderchild's boarding, 38; number attending Elkhorn industrial, 10; number attending Onion Lake boarding, 5.

The Indian agent, Mr. J.A. Rowland, reports on educational matters in this agency as follows: -

Red Pheasant and Stony School.

This school, which is under the auspices of the Anglican Church, furnishes accommodation for the children of both bands. The pupils are conveyed to and from the school by Indians employed for the purpose, and by this means a regular average attendance is maintained. This school has made exceptionally good progress during the year, and the children have shown great improvement. The teacher, who is energetic, has, in addition to the school studies, instructed the pupils in gardening. Enough vegetables were raised both for his own and the school's use. The teacher's wife, who is the field matron, has had a class of girls, whom she has taught to knit and sew. During the year they have knitted a muffler and a pair of mittens for every pupil. The girls are also taught to prepare the noon meals. In their studies the children are advancing rapidly, and many of the children of both bands are now able to understand and to speak intelligent English. If this school continues to progress in the future as it has been doing in the past, it will well repay the work and money spent upon it.

Littlepine Day School.

This school is under the auspices of the Anglican Church, and is so situated that no child is more than a mile distant. A good meal has been served the children every school day. I cannot report that this school made much progress during

the past year.

Poundmaker Day School.

This school is conducted under the auspices of the Roman Catholic Church. It is held in the church, which is centrally situated and within easy reach of the pupils. The school has made good progress and the children have advanced in their studies. A number of them speak fairly good English. In addition to the regular studies, the girls have been taught to sew and knit. The girls also assist in preparing the noon meal for the children

Moosomin Day School.

This school is under the auspices of the Roman Catholic Church and is held in the church building. The school is making little progress. Since the beginning of September there has been a male teacher in charge, and it is hoped that a better showing will be made during the coming year. Some of the children speak English.

Meadow Lake Day School.

This school is under the auspices of the Roman Catholic Church. The attendance is poor and the progress is very small. For a part of the year there was no attendance, as nearly all the Indians were away from the reserve.

Thunderchild Boarding School.

This school is at Delmas on the main line of the Canadian Northern railway. The building is modern and up-to-date. It is under the management of the Sisters of the Assumption. During the year the school received permission to increase the number of scholars and the enrolment is now 38, with an average attendance for the year of 33.75. It has been making the same excellent progress as it has done in the past. The pupils who have been discharged are able to speak and write good English, One of them has recently Volunteered for the war. The boys are taught a limited amount of gardening, and the girls are instructed in housework, sewing and knitting. Music is taken Up by some of the scholars and they are making good progress.

Rev. Father A. Watelle, the principal, in his annual report says: "The pupils have appeared more interested in their class-room work during the year. Their general health was good."

Ex-Pupils.

Red Pheasant Band. - There are sixteen male and twenty female ex-pupils in this band who have received instruction in boarding and industrial schools. The women are good housekeepers and, for the most part, look after their children, and keep them clean. The men are not very industrious, although they are good workers when they apply themselves. They do some farming and stock raising and work among the settlers., There is a good market for wood and pickets, and all manage to make a fairly good living by sale of wood when other work is scarce.

Stony Band. - There are three male and five female ex-pupils in this band. They have done little farming this past year, but they have made a living by selling wood and hay and by working for the farmers. Although they are not showing much progress, yet, they are less trouble to manage than the other bands, and rely on their own efforts instead of asking help from the department.

Poundmaker Band. - There are six male and four female ex-pupils in this band. The men have been fairly successful in their farming, and have had good results. They do not seem to be able to hold their money. The women look after their houses well and take good care of their children.

Littlepine Band. - The ex-pupils of this band have done fairly well during the past year in their farming. Quite a number earned good pay by working for the settlers during the harvesting season.

Sweet Grass Band. - There are four male and four female ex-pupils in this band. They are fairly successful in their farming and stock-raising. All made good money last autumn by working for the farmers. The women are good house-keepers.

Moosomin Band. - There are nine male and twelve female ex-pupils in this band. The men are handicapped by being on such a poor reserve, and their efforts at farming are very disappointing. They hunt, fish and work for the settlers.

General Remarks.

The education of this agency is under the auspices of the Anglican Church and the Roman Catholic Church. Some of the day schools have made splendid progress and others have been very disappointing. The attendance is larger than in other years, and more interest is being taken by the older Indians to have their children attend school. With properly qualified teachers who have an interest in their work, there is no reason why the Indian children should not advance as rapidly as white children. They are, on an average, equally intelligent, and when properly guided can grasp knowledge as quickly as the white child. Many of the children can now read and write intelligent English.

The Thunderchild boarding school is doing the same good work it has done in the past, and the graduates are, for the most part, a credit to the institution.

The morals of the ex-pupils have improved. By advice and compulsion on the part of the missionaries and of the staff of this agency, the young people are being properly married and are remaining faithful to their vows. For the most part they are honest and temperate. No convictions for drunkenness were recorded this year against any of the ex-pupils.

The great drawback to their prosperity is the fact that they do not realize the value of money, and squander it on useless trash instead of investing it or looking after it. They earn sufficient to keep them in comfort if it were properly applied.

CARLTON AGENCY.

Number of children of school age, 196; number enrolled at day schools, 172; average attendance at day schools, 90; number attending File Hills boarding, 1; number attending Duck Lake boarding, 42; number- attending Elkhorn industrial, 1.

Mr. S.A. Milligan, the Indian agent, reports on the educational work in this agency as follows: -

Sturgeon Lake Day School.

Mr. Geo. Swift, who is an undergraduate of the Saskatchewan University, satisfactorily performed the duties of teacher at this school, throughout the year.

The children attend very well considering the distances some of them are compelled to travel each day, in fact, were it not for the transportation rigs furnished by the department, the average of, 20 scholars per day, which was maintained during the year, would have been considerably reduced.

Since my last report I am able to record that a most noticeable advance is apparent in the pupils' reading and spelling.

The teacher, although a married man, relinquished his position at the close of the fiscal year in order to become a member of Canada's overseas forces.

Mistawasis Day School.

The attendance of nearly all pupils of school age, living near enough the school to be conveyed by the drivers, has been satisfactory. As a matter of fact, several of the pupils have scarcely missed a day during the year, except through illness.

The regular curriculum of studies prescribed by the department has been followed. The, text-books in use are those authorized by the Education Department of the province of Saskatchewan.

The progress, in almost all subjects, has been satisfactory, in some cases gratifying, especially in reading, spelling, writing, and arithmetic. The teacher has taken special pains in reading, attention being paid to inflection, correctness, and clearness in enunciation.

In addition to the ordinary subjects of the public schools course, the Holy Scriptures and primary catechism are systematically taught. The conduct of the children on the whole has been commendable.

The teacher has sought in every way to quicken within them a sense of honour, and it is pleasing to observe the way in which the children have responded to the trust which has been reposed in them.

Encouraged by last year's results we are looking forward to the year, on which we have now entered with much hopefulness as to the future possibilities of our Indian children.

The Rev. J.E. Smith, the teacher of this school is a graduate in arts of Queen's University, and a post graduate in theology. He has had three years' experience in white schools in the province of Ontario, and a year and a half in Indian work. Mr. Smith is carrying out his duties both faithfully and well.

Ahtahkakoops Day School.

Mr. Hutchinson, the teacher of this school, continues to carry out his work in a capable and satisfactory manner. The same course of studies is followed here as at the Mistawasis school.

The conduct of the pupils has been very fair, in many cases, good.

As a general rule the scholars at this school are diligent in their studies. The teacher, it is noticed, makes a great effort to render all subjects as interesting as possible, by placing the matter before the pupils as attractively as the nature of the study will allow.

The teacher is materially assisted in his work by his wife, who acts in the capacity of field matron. She is very industrious, and is well liked by the Indians on the reserve.

The Mistawasis school teacher is likewise assisted by his wife, and the Sturgeon Lake teacher by his aunt. The two latter ladies are also doing good work.

Big River and Montreal Lake Day Schools.

When one considers that the teachers of these schools are of the Indian race, one immediately recognizes that to compare their efforts with those of their white brothers is hardly fair. Both Mr. Ahenakew of Big River, and Mr. Settee of Montreal Lake, are carrying on their work to the best of their ability. The results obtained are fairly good.

General Remarks.

The effect of the school life upon the children is marked in many respects, and can be seen in the difference between those who attend school and the absentees. The child who attends regularly gets a wider view of life. It may be said that the appearance of the one class denotes the result of the exercise of the brain in right channels, and the other the disfigurement caused by its neglect.

CROOKED LAKE AGENCY.

Number of children of school age, 139; number of pupils at Round Lake boarding, 49; number of pupils enrolled at Cowesses' boarding, 45; number attending Qu'Appelle industrial, 16; number attending Elkhorn industrial, 1; number attending Brandon industrial, 1.

The Indian agent, Mr. E. Taylor, reports on the educational work in this agency as follows: -

Round Lake Boarding (Presbyterian).

This is an old established school, the principal being the Rev. Hugh McKay, D.D., who is assisted by a staff of five persons. Miss Munroe, the matron, appears to be a very capable lady, and has the welfare of the children at heart. The teacher, Fred Ahetapew, is an ex-pupil of the same school and holds a third-class certificate.

In addition to the classroom work, instruction is given in farming, gardening and stock-raising.

In his annual report, the principal, Rev. H. McKay, says: "The pupils have made good progress in their class-room work. The health of the pupils has been excellent. During the past two years we have been much encouraged by the progress, made by our ex-pupils. All our ex-pupils are making good livings."

Cowessess Boarding (Roman Catholic).

This school is still under the principalship of the Rev. J. B. Beys, O.M.I., who is ably assisted by a staff of seven. The children here are bright boys and girls, and take a delight in proving to a visitor how they are progressing in their studies. Both boys and girls appear to have marked confidence in themselves. The teacher, Sister Augustine seems to be a very capable lady, and has the welfare of the children at heart. The school building is well laid out, and is in good condition. The stables and outbuildings are well kept. A very good garden is cultivated here every year, which is a splendid education for Indian children. Farming and stockraising are carried on quite extensively.

In his annual report, the principal, Rev. J.B. Beys, O.M.I., says: "The boys are taught farming, carpentering, blacksmithing and harness-repairing. The girls receive instruction in serving and housekeeping. There was no serious sickness during the past year."

Ex-Pupils.

Practically all our ex-pupils are capable of showing better results than they do. but the majority are doing better and I feel that, as time goes on, reports will be more favourable from, year to year. Crops here were very good this year, and good prices were realized for the grain. The breaking and summer-fallow which was done, was in most cases well done, and disked and harrowed in the proper way. Threshing was late and very little fall ploughing was done, which leaves all the more work for next spring. There is no question, education has a beneficial effect on our Indians, and I am sure in a very short time many of our educated Indians will be able to take their place successfully with white people.

As in former years many, of the ex-pupils received assistance through the office, chiefly in the way of seed grain and orders for actual necessities to enable them to carry on their farming operations. In most. cases when the time arrived to pay for this assistance, the amounts due were paid.

DUCK LAKE AGENCY.

Number of children of school age, 214; number of pupils enrolled at day schools, 85; average, attendance at day schools, 49; number enrolled at Duck Lake boarding, 111; number attending Qu'Appelle industrial, 1; number attending Brandon industrial, 11.

The Indian agent, Mr. C.P. Schmidt, reports on the educational work in this agency as follows: -

Duck Lake Boarding School.

This school is located one mile south of the town of Duck Lake. The principal, Rev. H. Delmas, O.M.I., is ably assisted by the Reverend Sisters of the Presentation who have charge of all class-work, which is up to the standard. The girls are taught all branches of housekeeping, dairying and gardening. They make their own and most of the boys' clothing. The boys are taught farm work and stock raising, and acquire considerable knowledge of carpentry work, blacksmithing and repairing, by assisting the mechanic employed by the school.

In his annual report the principal says: 'New infirmaries have been built during the past year. All the children are very attentive to their class-room work, the ex-pupils are showing that they have derived benefits from the education they received.'

John Smith's Day School.

This school is conducted under the auspices of the Anglican Church. The school building and teacher's residence are new and up to date. Mr. P.H. Gentleman is the teacher. The attendance is good and progress is noticeable. Mrs. Gentleman acts as field matron, and gives the girls and older women of the reserve weekly lessons in sewing and other household duties. The children of this school are given a warm meal at noon. The school has a garden plot in which are grown potatoes used for the mid-day meal, and a few vegetables.

James Smith's Day School, North.

This school is situated at the north end of James Smith's reserve, and is under the auspices of the Anglican Church. Mr. H.W. Shaw is the teacher. Mrs. Shaw acts as field matron for this end of the reserve, and is kept very busy visiting the different houses, instructing the women in their housekeeping and giving sewing lessons to the school girls. The children are given a midday meal. The attendance which, in the past, was irregular, is very much improved, and fairly good progress is being made.

The school garden is a credit to the teacher and pupils. It is particularly large, and very fine vegetables have been grown therein during the past summer. These are prepared for the children with their midday meal.

James Smith's Day School, South.

This school is situated at the south end of James Smith's reserve, and is under the auspices of the Anglican Church. Mr. J.L. Lowe is the teacher, and his pupils are progressing. Mrs. Lowe acts as field matron for this end of the reserve. The girls and older women are taught sewing and knitting by the matron; also, instruction in housekeeping is given. A midday meal is served the children.

The school garden was a failure owing to the condition of the land, which is new soil, not sufficiently cultivated. Another year it is expected that better results will be obtained.

General Remarks.

Some of the older, uneducated Indians are indifferent to the education of their children; nevertheless, the attendance at the day schools is improving.

Education has accomplished excellent results. The younger generation live in comfortable homes, dress well, are clean, and one may converse with them and be understood.

Number of children of school age, 32; number enrolled at day school, 23; average attendance at day school, 13; number attending Qu'Appelle industrial, 4.

Mr. T. Cory, the Indian agent, reports on the educational work in this agency as follows: -

The day school in this agency has made very good progress during the past year. Domestic science has been taught during the year, and the girls are beginning to show that they are being benefited by this instruction. A midday meal is served to the pupils. The vegetables used at this meal are grown in the school garden.

General Remarks.

With few exceptions, the conduct of the ex-pupils is exemplary.

ONION LAKE AGENCY.

Number of children of school age, 241; number of pupils attending day school, 9; average attendance at day school, 4; number enrolled at Onion Lake Anglican boarding, 29; number enrolled at Onion Lake Roman Catholic boarding, 54.

The Indian agent, Mr. W. Sibbald, reports on the educational work as follows: -

Onion Lake Anglican Boarding School.

Rev. J.R. Matheson is the principal of this institution. Owing, to Mr. Matheson's ill health, the management, during the past two years, has devolved entirely upon Mrs. Matheson, M.D. She does her work in a capable manner. Miss A.L. Cunningham acts as teacher, and the progress made by the pupils under her charge has been very gratifying. Calisthenic exercises are taught and they are very healthy for the children.

On the whole I can report very favourably on the progress made during the past year. In his annual report the principal, Rev. J.R. Matheson, says: 'The progress of the children in the class-room has been very marked during the past year. Both boys and girls are taught industries that will be useful in after life.'

Onion Lake Roman Catholic Boarding School.

The principal of this school is Rev. E.J. Cunningham. There are two classrooms, the senior room, taught by Sister St. Isabelle, and the junior room, in charge of Sister St. Mary. Both of these sisters are very devoted to their work, and the children are progressing very satisfactorily. A number of the older girls play the mandolin in a very creditable manner. Calisthenics is also taught.

A fine garden was cultivated last year, and vegetables of all kinds were raised. This is an exceptionally well - Conducted school, and I have nothing but praise for it.

In his annual report, the principal, Rev. E.J. Cunningham, O.M.I., says: 'The pupils have been much interested in the class-room work. The boys are taught farming, while the girls are instructed in sewing and housework. The general health of the pupils has been good.'

Frog Lake Day School.

This school is proving very useful, as the children who attend it would not likely attend either of the boarding schools. The teacher, Mr. Charles Quinney, is a graduate of Emmanuel College, Winnipeg. He is very painstaking and the children are making satisfactory progress.

Long Lake and Cold Lake Day Schools.

Schools are being established at Long Lake and Cold Lake, under the auspices of the Roman Catholic Church. The school at Cold Lake will be connected with a hospital, which will be looked after by nursing sisters. This is expected to

fill a long-felt want.

General Remarks.

The progress made by the male ex-pupils is rather discouraging. They usually receive oxen and implements, but do not make the use of them that they should. The advantages of education are more noticeable with regard to the female ex-pupils. Many of them have married comfortably, and they keep their homes very tidy. All ex-pupils show by their speech and dress that they have benefited by the education they have received.

PELLEY AGENCY.

Number of children of school age, 139; number of pupils enrolled at day schools, 45; average attendance at day schools, 35; number attending Birtle boarding, 30; number attending File Hills boarding, 14; number attending Qu'Appelle industrial, 14; number attending Elkhorn industrial, 3.

The acting Indian agent, Mr. M. Christianson, reports on the educational work in this agency as follows: -

Crowstand Boarding School.

This school was conducted under the auspices of the Presbyterian Church, by Mr. McWhinney as principal, assisted by four ladies and a farm instructor; Miss Walker being the teacher. The pupils who attended this school are fairly well advanced in school work, the girls having received domestic training, and the boys instruction in farm work. This school was closed on December 1, 1915, as the buildings were very old and in a dilapidated condition. Eleven of the pupils of this school have been sent to File Hills boarding school and the others are home with their parents at present, pending the opening of Cote improved day school.

Keeseekoonse (St. Philip's) Day School.

This school is owned by the Roman Catholic Church and is attended by the children of Keeseekoonse. Rev. Father Poulet, O.M.I., is the principal, and is assisted by a lady teacher. Since Father Poulet took charge of this school the buildings have been remodelled and painted and are now in good condition. The attendance has been satisfactory and all children of school age on the reserve have attended regularly. The educational progress of the pupils has been all that could be desired, and an improvement in the cleanliness and general behaviour of the children is observed.

Keys (St. Andrew's) Day School.

This school is Anglican and is situated on the Key reserve. Air. A.J. Lawes is the present teacher, and much credit is due him for the satisfactory progress made by the pupils. During the year the school building and teacher's house were painted and are now in good condition. A garden has been ploughed and the children will receive instruction in agriculture next summer.

Valley River Day School.

This school is undenominational and is situated in Valley river reserve. Considerable difficulty has been experienced during the year in securing a permanent teacher. At the present time the pupils are being taught by Peter Rattlesnake, a graduate of Birtle boarding school. The attendance at this school is satisfactory, and the parents seem anxious to have their children educated.

Cote Improved Day School.

This school is being built on Cote reserve and is to replace the Crowstand boarding school. It will be completed in the near future.

General Remarks.

I am pleased to note the effect that education has in the advancement of the Indian. In the majority of cases, the ex-pupils are more ambitious than the uneducated Indians. Their mode of living is of a better standard. The girls are good housekeepers, and are practically as good as many white people in similar conditions.

QU'APPELLE AGENCY.

Number of children of school age, 92; number enrolled at Qu'Appelle industrial, 251; number attending File Hills boarding, 10.

Mr. H. Nichol, the Indian agent, reports on the educational work in this agency as follows: -

I beg to say there are no schools within the limits of this agency, but ample provision is made for all children from this agency at File Hills boarding school, and Qu'Appelle industrial school. The effect of education is quite noticeable on the different reserves.

A few years ago ex-pupils had no voice in band affairs, and were guided entirely by the old men. To-day it is just the reverse. The young men have a very strong voice in band affairs, and, as a result, the whole trend of reserve life is showing a marked improvement. Conditions in the home, and class of buildings erected show a distinct advance.

It is gratifying to note that the ex-pupils are gradually realizing the benefits to be derived from the pursuit of agriculture. To-day some of them are storing the bulk of their wheat in terminal elevators, instead of disposing of it by the load at whatever price they could get at the local elevators; they take a far greater interest in their financial affairs.

TOUCHWOOD AGENCY.

Number of children of school age, 156; number of pupils enrolled at day school, 11; average attendance at day school, 8; number enrolled at Muscowekwan's boarding 52; number enrolled at Gordon's boarding, 46; number attending Qu'Appelle industrial, 22; number attending Elkhorn industrial, 7.

Mr. W. Murison, the Indian agent, reports on the educational work in this agency as follows: -

Muscowekwan's Boarding School.

This school is situated on the north side of the Muscowekwan reserve and is under the auspices of the Roman Catholic Church. The staff consists of the Rev. A.J.A. Dugas, the principal, an assistant priest, a lay brother and five Sisters of Charity, one of whom is the teacher.

The teacher is capable, and steady progress is noted in class-room work. The pupils are given regular drill and calisthenic exercises. They are clean and healthy and there has been very little sickness among them. All the clothing for the pupils is made at the school, by the girls, under supervision. They are also given instruction in butter-making and general housework.

There is a well-kept farm in connection with this school, and they have over 100 head of stock. The boys do the work under the capable supervision of the lay brother. They are given careful instruction in the care of stock and farming and have every opportunity for equipping themselves with practical knowledge, which should be useful to them when they take up life on the reserve.

In his annual report, the principal, Rev. A.T.A. Dugas, O.M.I., says: "Classroom work has been satisfactory. All pupils are given a complete course in all trades that will prove useful to them. Our ex-pupils are settled on adjoining farms and are making good livings."

Gordon's Boarding School.

This school is centrally situated on the George Gordon reserve, and is under the auspices of the Anglican Church. It is conducted by the Rev. W.H. Atwater and his two daughters, all of whom are trained teachers. There is a trained nurse also, who acts as assistant matron. A new class-room and boys' dormitory has been added during the past year.

The health during the past year has been excellent. A wonderful change has taken place in the deportment of the pupils under the present management.

Good progress has been noted in the class-room work. The pupils are given regular drill and calisthenic exercises, and, during their recreation hours, they are encouraged in healthy outdoor sports, which develop their physical condition.

The girls are given instruction in sewing, knitting, and general housework. During the past year they have knitted several dozen pairs of socks for the Red Cross Society.

There is a small but well kept farm in connection with the school, as well as a large garden, which are looked after by the boys. A sufficient number of cows are kept to provide all the milk necessary for their requirements.

In his annual report, the principal, Rev. H.W. Atwater, says: 'In addition to the class-room work, instruction is given in vocal and instrumental music. The boys receive special instruction in farming. In all our ex-pupils the good results of the training received at school are manifest.'

Day Star Day School.

This school is situated on the Day Star reserve, and is under the auspices of the Anglican Church. The teacher, Mr. W.H. Brookfield - Scharpe, is a very devoted and earnest worker, and his efforts are conducive to good results in the moral life on this reserve.

The attendance is very regular, as the Indians appreciate and take a keen interest in their school. During the summer months when the parents are camped at a distance, the pupils are driven to school regularly and are always punctual on time.

There is a garden in connection with the school which is divided into individual plots and each pupil cares for one plot. The produce from the garden is used to supplement their midday meal.

The health of the pupils has been very good during the past year. They are given instruction in drill and calisthenic exercises.

ALBERTA.

BLACKFOOT AGENCY.

Number of children of school age, 111; number enrolled at Old Sun's boarding, 42; number enrolled at Crowfoot boarding, 45; number attending St. Joseph's industrial, 2.

The Indian agent, Mr. J.H. Gooderham, reports on the educational work in this agency as follows: -

Old Sun's Boarding School.

This school is conducted under the auspices of the Anglican Church. It is situated one mile south of Gleichen, and can be seen from the town and from the main line of the Canadian Pacific railway. The present building was erected in 1912.

The NE. 1/4 of section 1, township 22, range 23, west of the 4th meridian, is set aside for school purposes. Twenty-eight acres were cultivated last year. Sufficient vegetables were raised for the use of the school, and also grain for the

stock. The principal and staff devote their whole time to the instruction and welfare of the pupils.

In his annual report, the principal, Rev. M. Gandier, says: 'The work in the class-room was never more efficient. The girls have progressed rapidly in sewing and housekeeping, and the boys are learning farming.'

Crowfoot Boarding School.

This school is under the auspices of the Roman Catholic Church, and is situated about half a mile from Cluny. The present building was completed in 1914.

The N.W. 1/4 of section 32, township 21, range 21, west of the 4th meridian, is set apart for the use of this school.

About thirty acres were cultivated last year. Good returns were obtained, both in the farm crop and the garden products. A number of trees were planted in front of the buildings last year, and these will add to the appearance of the place. The principal and his staff take every interest in the instruction and health of the pupils.

In his annual report, the principal, Rev. J.L. Levern, O.M.I., says: 'The boys are taught farming, while the girls receive instruction in sewing and housework. All our ex-pupils are doing well.'

Ex-pupils.

It is worthy of note that, although the ex-pupils are in the minority among the farmers on the reserve, the largest crops were grown by ex-pupils, and also that ex-pupils had both the greatest average area under cultivation and the greatest average yield of wheat per acre. The ex-pupils learn modern methods of farming more readily than the older Indians and their knowledge of English is a considerable aid in the transaction of business. The cattle owned by ex-pupils have shown better returns than cattle owned by the older men. The housekeeping and manner of life of the female ex-pupils show that they have been favourably influenced by education.

BLOOD AGENCY.

Number of children of school age, 230; number enrolled at Blood Anglican boarding, 65; number enrolled at Blood Roman Catholic boarding, 59; number attending St. Joseph's industrial, 12.

The Indian agent, Mr. W.J. Dilworth, reports on the educational work in this agency as follows: -

Blood Anglican Boarding School.

The principal of the school is Rev. S. Middleton, who is assisted by a competent staff. Miss A. Campbell, an Ontario Normal graduate, is teacher. She is assisted by Mr. T.V. Webb, a graduate of an English school. This school has made satisfactory progress during the year; the enrolment has been increased and the attendance regular.

There is in connection with the school one hundred and sixty acres of land, on which was grown, during the past year, sufficient fodder to feed the milch cows and horses owned and used by the school, and a bounteous supply of vegetables for the use of the pupils and staff.

In his annual report, the principal, Rev. S. Middleton, says: 'There has been great improvement in the class-room work. The boys are learning farming and the girls are receiving instruction in domestic science. The conduct of our ex-pupils is commendable.'

Blood Roman Catholic Boarding School.

The principal of this school is Rev. Father Ruau, O.M.I., who is assisted by a competent staff of the Sisters of Charity. The teachers are Rev. Sister Ste. Gertrude and Sister St. Patrick. This school has maintained its former standard and has had a most successful year. The attendance has been more regular and the enrolment has been increased.

During the year a plot of ground was broken on which was grown an ample supply of vegetables for the pupils and staff. The principal and pupils also put up enough hay to supply the requirements of the school.

In his annual report, the principal, Rev. E. Ruaux, O.M.I., says: 'The progress made in the class-room work has been very noticeable. The majority of the ex-pupils of this school are farming on the reserve and are doing well.'

Ex-pupils.

While at many times we meet with discouragements, yet, in spite of all handicaps, the pagan beliefs and superstitions of the fathers, the dislike of the white man's way is passing away. Progress is yearly becoming more and more evident in the improvement, morally, mentally and physically of reserve life. Not only is this improvement apparent in the ex-pupils themselves, but as they raise the standard of living, they bring up with them their pagan and slothful parents. It can be well said that these Indians have proceeded a long way towards civilization, and this advance must be credited to education rather than to any other single agency. Their nomadic traits are rapidly disappearing and they are yearly becoming more content to settle by themselves and to become homemakers.

They have developed physically, largely due to the efforts of the school. The most outstanding feature is their mental development. The ex-pupils, as a rule, have hopes of a brighter future. They have caught the vision of what white man's civilization means. They are content to produce as white men produce, and are weaning themselves away from the pursuits of their fathers, and they have a beneficial effect in persuading the old pagan Indian to adopt the new order of things.

Our ex-pupils, during the year, have done well. They are being given farms as rapidly as we can supply them with broken land. They are anxious to have their children educated; and even desire the children to have a better education than they have had.

EDMONTON AGENCY.

Number of children of school age, 114; number of children enrolled at St. Albert boarding, 94; number attending Ermineskin's boarding, 4; number attending Red Deer industrial, 18; number attending St. Joseph industrial, 3.

Mr. G.H. Race, the Indian agent, reports on educational matters in this agency as follows: -

St. Albert Boarding School.

This school is situated at St. Albert and has a farm of about 300 acres connected with it, so that the children have ample opportunity of obtaining a very good knowledge of farming. The girls are taught dairy work and the boys are instructed in the care of stock and horses and the cultivation of the land. This is a great help to the pupils when they leave the school and return to the reserve.

In her annual report, the principal, Rev. Sister M.O. Briault, says: 'The studies outlined by the department have been taught and the pupils have made good progress. The boys are taught all branches of farming, and the girls are instructed in general housework. The health of the pupils has been exceptionally good.'

Ex-Pupils.

The progress of the ex-pupils from the various classes of schools is to a great extent dependent on the individual. Very often it is found that the boy or girl who was a paragon at school is absolutely useless when he has to look out for himself and earn his living by his own efforts. The advice and help of the reserve officials have little effect on these young men, as they are unfortunately impressed with the erroneous idea that they know everything. There are, however, I am glad to say, more of

the other class, who, since their start at farming on the reserve, have made good progress. I might mention one on the Enoch hand, who started about four years ago, and last year had a greater crop than any of the old farmers. Another, who has started only about three years, did well also. On the Michel reserve there are several ex-pupils of the Dunbow school and all, without exception, have good farms and are quite capable of handling their business and making their living without assistance from the agency.

HOBHEMA AGENCY.

Number of children of school age, 148; number of pupils enrolled at day school 6; average attendance at day school, 9; number enrolled at Ermineskin's boarding, 514; number attending Red Deer industrial, 24.

The Indian agent, Mr. J. Butlin, reports on the educational work in this agency as follows: -

Ermineskin's Boarding School.

This institution is located on Ermineskin's reserve, about one mile from Hobbema siding, on the Calgary and Edmonton branch of the Canadian Pacific railway. It is conducted by the Reverend Sisters of the Assumption, under the Reverend Father Moulin, O.M.I., as principal.

The school building is frame, with a cement foundation, and is heated by steam. There are two fire-escapes and fire-extinguishers which provide the necessary fire-protection, and the pupils are carefully instructed in fire-drill.

The school is divided into two classes, one under control of the Reverend Sister St. Jean d'Avila, and the other under the direction of the Reverend Sister St. Emilienne. During the year, satisfactory progress has been made. The pupils of the first class learn English with remarkable facility, and the drawing of the pupils shows individual merit. In addition to the usual school-room routine the girls are instructed in sewing and housework, and, the boys in gardening. Various forms of drill are also regularly taught. The musical entertainments given by the pupils of this school are well worth mentioning. The institution is well managed, and every apartment kept scrupulously clean and well ventilated. There is a large garden kept up in connection with the school.

The progress made by the ex-pupils of the boarding school, who have married and are working for themselves, farming on the reserves, has been fairly satisfactory.

In his annual report, the principal, Rev. Father Moulin, O.M.I., says: 'We had good crops last year. There has been no serious illness during the year.'

Samson's Day School.

This school is centrally located on the Samson reserve, and is under the management of the Methodist mission. The school building is comfortable and fairly well equipped. Miss Aylwin, who has been teaching in this school since 1912, is interested in her work and in addition to the usual class room work, gives regular instruction in sewing and knitting. During the year, a number of articles of clothing were made up in the school and distributed to the pupils. The children attending this school are very young, but the progress made by those who attend regularly has been fairly good.

The system of transport for the pupils and the midday meal, introduced by the department a few years ago, are being continued here.

PEIGAN AGENCY.

Number of children of school age, 80; number enrolled at Peigan Anglican boarding, 32; number enrolled at Peigan Roman Catholic boarding, 36; number attending St. Joseph's industrial, 3.

Mr. H.A. Gunn, the Indian agent, reports on the educational work in this agency as follows: -

Peigan Anglican Boarding School.

This school is just outside the western boundary of the reserve. The buildings are old but are kept clean. Only seven acres of land are available for cultivation.

Rev. W.R. Haynes, the principal, is the missionary on the reserve. The assistant-principal, Mr. Owens, resides at the school. Miss Gill is in charge of the classroom work.

In his annual report the principal says: - 'The pupils have made good progress in the class-room. The health of the pupils has been very good. The majority of the ex-pupils are doing well.'

Peigan Roman Catholic Boarding School.

There is no farm land at this school, but an excellent garden was cultivated last year.

The principal is Rev. Father Lepine. The former principal, Rev. Father Riou, left last fall for France, as he is a reservist. The teacher, Sister Lewis, and the staff are competent.

In his annual report the principal says: - 'The studies approved by the department are taught in the class-room. We are also introducing kindergarten methods. The majority of the ex-pupils are making a good living.'

General Remarks.

The older ex-pupils are progressing favourably. Education has a beneficial effect on reserve life.

SARCEE AGENCY.

Number of children of school age, 31; number enrolled at Sarcee boarding school, Mr. T.J. Fleetham, the Indian agent, reports on the educational work in this agency as follows: -

Sarcee Boarding School (Anglican).

The staff in charge of this institution comprises: Ven. Archdeacon Tims, principal; Miss Tims, teacher, Miss C. Tyrrell, girl's matron; Miss Crump, boys' matron; Miss R. Quigley, kitchen matron.

In addition to the class-room work the boys are given practical instruction in gardening. The girls also cultivate garden plots, and are taught household duties.

In his report the principal, Ven. Archdeacon Tims, says: 'Exceptionally good progress has been made by the pupils in their class-room work. The health of the pupils has been very good. All the ex-pupils of this school are located on the reserve and are engaged in farming.'

General Remarks.

The male ex-pupils are engaged in farming, and the female ex-pupils are employed in household work. Their advancement is encouraging. The Indians have comfortable homes, and practically all speak English.

SADDLE LAKE AGENCY.

Number of children of school age, 163; number of pupils enrolled at day schools, 48; average attendance at day schools, 1; number enrolled at Blue Quill's boarding, 49; number attending Red Deer industrial, 31; number attending St. Joseph's industrial, 1.

Mr. O.E. Hughes, the Indian agent, reports on the educational work in this agency as follows: -

Saddle Lake Day School.

This school is situated about the centre of the Saddle Lake reserve, and is under the management of the Methodist Church. The school was kept last winter in the Methodist mission, of which Rev. J.A. Seller is in charge. Mrs. Seller taught during the winter.

During the summer the management of this school was taken over by Miss McKitrick, who is in charge at present. An Indian house is now being used as a school building. The attendance has been very poor and very little progress is being made.

Goodfish Lake Day School.

This school is situated on the east side of Goodfish lake, in the southern part of Whitefish Lake reserve. It is under the management of Mrs. H.H. Howard, with Mr. H.H. Howard as assistant. A new school building was erected, and a kitchen was also added to the teacher's residence, and they now have very comfortable quarters. The attendance has not been as good as it should be.

Whitefish Lake Day School.

This school is situated on the northern end of Whitefish Lake reserve and has been closed since 1910 on account of non-attendance.

Blue Quill's Boarding School.

This school is situated on the western portion of the Saddle Lake reserve. It is conducted under the auspices of the Roman Catholic Church and is managed by the Rev. Father Musson, principal, and sister superior and staff. This school is under very efficient management and is kept up to the standard of efficiency at all times. I always find good order and discipline maintained. The different class-rooms, dormitories, dining-room and other departments of the school are well equipped, and kept clean in every respect, as they should be. The pupils are also neat and clean at all times.

In his annual report the principal, Rev. Father Musson, O.M.I., says: 'In addition to the class-room work, the boys are taught farming and the girls receive instruction in sewing and housework. The health of the children has been very good. The majority of the ex-pupils are doing well.'

General Remarks.

Excellent results in gardening etc., were shown by the staff and pupils of Blue Quill's boarding school during the past season. The flower and vegetable gardens of that institution were a credit to the community. So far as my experience goes, the day school is not a success owing to the impossibility of getting the Indians to send their children to school regularly. In the boarding schools, where they kept all the time, they make better progress. Generally speaking the Indians of this agency make very little use of their education, falling back to their old way of living as soon as they leave school.

TREATY NO. 8

Mr. H. Laird's district: -

Number of pupils enrolled at Lesser Slave Lake Anglican boarding, 14; number of pupils enrolled at St. Bruno's Roman Catholic boarding, 45; number of pupils enrolled at Lesser Slave Lake Roman Catholic boarding, 16; number of pupils enrolled at Whitefish lake Roman Catholic boarding, 14; number of pupils enrolled at Sturgeon Lake Roman Catholic boarding, 41; number of pupils enrolled at Wabiskaw Anglican boarding, 17; number of pupils enrolled at Wabiskaw Roman Catholic boarding, 29; number of pupils enrolled at Fort Vermilion Roman Catholic boarding, 21.

Inspector H.A. Conroy's district: -

Number of pupils enrolled at Fort Chipewyan boarding, 41; number of pupils enrolled at Fort Resolution boarding 53; number of pupils enrolled at Hay River boarding, 38; number of pupils enrolled at Fort Providence boarding, 65.

The large district, under the heading Treaty 8, is divided into three agencies: (1) Lesser Slave Lake, of which Mr. Harold Laird is acting agent, (2) Fort Simpson, with Mr. T.W. Harris, as agent, and (3) Fort Smith, in charge of Mr. G. Card, as agent.

The educational work, within this large area, is dealt with in reports from these three agents and Inspector H.A. Conroy.

LESSER SLAVE LAKE AGENCY.

Mr. Harold Laird, the acting agent, reports on the educational work in this agency as follows: -

Lesser Slave Lake Anglican Boarding School.

This school, situated about five miles west from the town of Grouard, enjoys a commanding position on the banks of the Hart river. The pupils, under the careful supervision of the principal, Mr. Kent, show decided progress in their studies. In addition to their school studies, the boys receive instruction in practical agriculture, and the girls, in housekeeping. The school-building is comfortable, clean, and well adapted to its purpose.

In his annual report, the principal, Mr. W.J. Kent, says: 'The health of the pupils has been exceptionally good. Many of our ex-pupils continue to be a great credit to the school.'

St. Bruno's Boarding School.

The situation of this school, on the south shore of Lesser Slave lake, is an ideal one. It is convenient to the Lesser Slave lake Indian reserves, from which the pupils are drawn, being located about half-way between the Sucker creek and the Driftpile reserves - some fourteen miles from the town of Grouard. The pupils here reap the benefit of the country life, and enjoy all the advantages of the school's situation on the shores of the lake.

The influence of this school upon the children admitted to its care cannot be otherwise than beneficial. Excellent methods are followed in teaching the pupils and they are showing marked improvement, in their studies, which embrace the preliminary ones of a sound English education. They are taught reading, writing, spelling, grammar, arithmetic and geography. They also receive instruction in gardening and housework. The school building is substantial, well lighted and clean.

In his annual report, the principal, Rev. C. Batie, O.M.I., says: 'All the pupils have enjoyed good health during the year. Good reports have been received about the conduct of the ex-pupils of this school.'

Lesser Slave Lake Roman Catholic Boarding School.

This school is situated at Grouard, on the shore of Buffalo bay, at the western extremity of Lesser Slave lake. The school is under the auspices of the Roman Catholic Church, and the progress made by the pupils testifies to the care and attention bestowed upon them, and to the excellent methods of teaching employed.

Four buildings are used for school purposes. A large frame building, 72 by 28 feet, contains three well-lighted and heated dormitories for girls. A building, 61 by 26 feet contains a class-room, a recreation-room and a dining-room. The second floor of this building is used as a boy's dormitory. A well lighted and ventilated building contains two dormitories, 27 by 16 feet. A two-story frame building contains two class-rooms, one on each floor, 30 by 16 feet.

The children are well cared for and appear contented and happy. They are drilled in the elementary branches of a sound education, and are making excellent progress in reading, writing, spelling and geography. The girls are also instructed in housework. The boys receive instruction in the care of farm animals and in gardening.

In his annual report, the principal, Rev. J. Calais, O.M.I., says: 'The health of the pupils has been excellent. The class-room has been very satisfactory.'

Whitefish Lake Boarding School.

This school is situated at Whitefish lake, about 45 miles northeast of Grouard, and is under the auspices of the Anglican Church. The children, under the care and teaching of Mr. C.D. White, are making substantial progress. They are being well grounded in reading, spelling, writing, arithmetic, grammar and geography.

In his annual report, the principal, Mr. C.D. White, says: 'The boys are taught gardening and the care of stock. The general health of the pupils has been exceptionally good. The conduct of our ex-pupils is encouraging.'

Sturgeon Lake Boarding School.

This school is pleasantly situated on the shore of Sturgeon lake. It is well built, clean and comfortable. The children appear contented and happy and are making decided progress in their studies, which embrace reading, writing, spelling, arithmetic, grammar and geography. The girls are also taught plain sewing, mending and general housework. The boys help in the care of the farm stock and in the gardens and general farm work. The school is under the auspices of the Roman Catholic Church.

In his annual report, the principal, Rev. J. Habay, O.M.I., says: 'The pupils have enjoyed excellent health during the past year. The behaviour of the ex-pupils is very good.'

Wabiskaw Anglican (St. John's) Boarding School.

This school shows progress. The building, which is one and a half stories high, is well lighted and substantially constructed. The children have made great advances in their studies during the past year, and show the beneficial results of care and attention. They are taught reading, writing, arithmetic, geography, spelling and grammar. The boys also receive instruction in farming, and the girls in housework.

Wabiskaw Roman Catholic (St. Martin's) Boarding School.

The school building is almost new, 42 by 321 feet, three stories high, and has a wing 24 by 30 feet.

The children are well taught the elementary branches of a sound education, and are showing marked progress in their studies. The girls are also taught housework, and the boys gardening and the care of farm stock.

In her annual report the principal, Sister Catherine Aurelie, says: 'Satisfactory progress has been made in this class-room during the past year. The health of the pupils has been exceptionally good. The ex-pupils are conducting themselves most properly.'

Vermilion Boarding School.

This school, under the auspices of the Roman Catholic Church, is situated on the banks of the Peace river at Fort Vermilion. Bishop Joussard, the principal is assisted by the Sisters of Providence.

The pupils of this school, who are drawn from the Cree, Beaver, and Slave hands, are well advanced in their school work. The girls receive instruction in general housekeeping. There is a farm in connection with the school, and the boys receive practical education in agriculture.

FORT SIMPSON AGENCY.

Mr. T.W. Harris reports as follows: -

Fort Providence Boarding School (Roman Catholic).

This school is conducted under the auspices of the Roman Catholic Church, and is taught by a staff of Sisters belonging to the Order of the Grey Nuns of Montreal. It is inspected twice each year by the Indian agent, and is also visited in the summer by Inspector H.A. Conroy.

In her annual report, the principal, Sister McQuirk, says: 'The pupils made satisfactory progress in their class-room work during the past year. The boys get experience in farming. The girls are taught housekeeping. There was no serious sickness among the pupils.'

All the children seem well and contented in their surroundings, and are making noticeable progress in their scholastic work. The programme of studies prescribed by the department is followed as closely as circumstances permit, and great stress is laid on the necessity of speaking the English language.

The health of the children is good at present, and the sanitary conditions of the school leave nothing to be desired. The pupils are inspected annually by a qualified medical practitioner in the service of the department, and several of the Nuns are qualified nurses.

Many of the ex-pupils of this school have attained good positions in the country after leaving the school, and those who have adopted the Indian mode of life have retained in their household management some of the cleanly habits which they acquired at school.

Fort Simpson Day School (Anglican).

This school was last inspected on November 25, 1915. There were present three children, two boys and one girl, all in standard 1, and all beginners. These children are being taught the rudiments of English, together with such moral and ethical precepts as circumstances permit. The school is being taught in the rectory, and the room is large enough to accommodate more pupils than attend. The room and premises are clean and the children were not outwardly dirty, but of course the teacher cannot control the habits of children who live at home, as can be done, in the case of a boarding school.

It is impossible to report scholastic progress in this school, as the pupils are drawn from the nomadic population, and the attendance is so irregular that no marked improvement can be looked for in any short space of time.

Fort Norman Day School (Anglican).

The agent has not had an opportunity of inspecting this school since it was re-opened, but it is conducted on the same lines as the school at Fort Simpson.

FORT SMITH AGENCY.

The Indian agent, Mr. G. Card, reports on the educational work in this agency as follows: -

Fort Chipewyan (Holy Angels') Boarding School.

This school is beautifully situated on lake Athabaska, in the centre of one of the pioneer fur-trading posts of the north. As has been formerly reported, it is conducted by the Grey Nuns. The pupils are drawn from the Chipewyan and the Cree bands. The former seem to be in the majority. A few half-breeds also receive their education at this school. At the date of inspection, September 29, 1915, there was a full attendance, and no sickness. Before examining the pupils in class-work, I was shown over the building by the reverend sisters in charge. The dormitories, class-rooms, kitchen and laundry were spotlessly clean. On examination, the pupils showed a marked proficiency in their studies, especially in writing. The boys, in anticipation of an inspection, had been instructed in military drill, and were very proud of their attainments. The excellent work being done in this school cannot be too highly commended.

In her annual report, the principal, Sister Laverty, says: 'In addition to the class-room work, the boys learn carpentering and gardening, while the girls receive instruction in dressmaking and housekeeping. The ex-pupils are doing very well.'

Fort Resolution Boarding School (Roman Catholic).

In order to ascertain mid-winter conditions at this school, I made an inspection on the 24th of February, during one of the coldest periods of a severe winter. The four-days trip by dog-sled from Fort Smith was made with considerable discomfort, owing to the extreme temperature and strong north wind.

As in the case of the above, this school is conducted by the Grey Nuns, Reverend Sister Girard being the superior, and Sister McQuillan being headmistress. The building is the best that I have seen in the north. It is commodious, well built, well planned and comfortable. Although at the time of my visit the weather was very cold, the building was quite warm, being heated by three large furnaces. The building, although already the largest in the north, has not been able to meet requirements, so is being further enlarged by the addition of a new wing, which will provide with a large dormitory for girls, with a classroom beneath it. When completed, as it will be this summer, the school will have accommodation for eighty pupils. The children are carefully instructed in the various branches required by the department. The writing and mental arithmetic were particularly good. I asked for specimens of the writing to be forwarded to the department as an exhibit. In addition to their class-work, the older girls are instructed in needle-work and cooking. I did not sample the latter, but can bear testimony to their skill in the former. The general health of the pupils was good; every child was able to be in class. I am informed that the school has a large and excellent garden, but at this season of the year had no opportunity of seeing it.

Hay River Boarding School (Anglican).

Rev. A.J. Vale, principal, reports a full attendance, and everything as being in a satisfactory condition, but owing to the impossibility of procuring sufficient dog fish for the trip, was unable to project my visit to the school.

In his annual report the reverend principal says: - 'Steady progress has been made in the classroom by all the pupils. The boys are taught fishing, ploughing, milking and the use of tools. The girls receive instruction in sewing and housework. The health of the pupils has been excellent. Our ex-pupils are prospering.'

Fort Smith Day School (Roman Catholic).

This school was opened in the month of September, 1915. The building is a new frame structure, well built and sufficiently commodious to meet present requirements.

The school is conducted by the Grey Nuns, Reverend Sister Gadbois being teacher. The pupils, to the number of 31, six of whom are half-breeds, live at Fort Smith and the country tributary. The Indian children belong to the Chipewyan band. The children are bright, fond of their teacher, and attend very regularly. As they could not speak English at first, and had never been to school elsewhere, the teacher in charge has had to start from the beginning. None have advanced far yet, but a good beginning has been made.

REPORT OF INSPECTOR H.A. CONROY.

There are four large boarding schools in the northern section of Treaty 8, as follows: - Fort Chipewyan boarding school (Roman Catholic), Fort Resolution boarding school (Roman Catholic), Hay River boarding school (Anglican), Fort Providence boarding school (Roman Catholic).

Owing to the fact that I was able to utilize canoe transport to a considerable extent this year, I had facilities for inspecting these schools which in previous years I did not have, when my itinerary was, to a great extent, subordinated to the exigencies of the Hudson's Bay Company transport service.

Fort Chipewyan (Holy Angels') Boarding School.

The school buildings were in an excellent state of repair, a considerable amount of labour having recently been spent on them, including painting and general renovating work. A spacious room had been set aside for a gymnasium, where the pupils are exercised twice a week. Another commodious section of the building has been set aside for the use of the older girls, where facilities for dressmaking and general needlework are provided.

A praiseworthy spirit of progressiveness is manifested by the entire management in respect to matters relating to the training of the Indian boy or girl for their various duties in domestic life after leaving school. At the time of inspection there were nine boys and nineteen girls at the school, as vacation time had commenced.

I had the privilege of attending a concert given by the pupils, during which, drill, musical numbers, recitations and a short play were conspicuous items on the programme. The performance came up to a very high standard and indicated to a considerable degree the care and attention that had been bestowed on the scholars. A military drill by the boys was an outstanding feature of the exercises, and was carried out with a thoroughness which was a credit to the boys and their instructor, Sergeant Mellor, R.N.W.M.P.

The inside class work follows along the lines laid down by the department, five hours a day being devoted to this work, the remainder of the working day being taken up by the boys in outside occupations, such as carpentry, garden work, sawing wood, etc., while the girls receive instruction in housekeeping, cooking and dressmaking.

Some difficulty was experienced this year with the water-supply, owing to the fact that the level of Athabaska lake had receded and the lake water was then about 200 yards distant from the school. Fire-extinguishers had been provided so as to guard against any outbreak of fire, but it is expected that the low water conditions will not obtain for very long, and, as such conditions were very unusual, there is no great possibility of a recurrence of this state of affairs for some time to come.

The mission saw-mill, which was burnt down last year, is being reconstructed about one mile distant from the school, as this mill constituted an inflammable risk, which it was not advisable to have so close to the school.

Heating and ventilating appliances were in good order, and the general health of the pupils was very good.

Fort Resolution Boarding School.

A considerable addition has been recently made to the buildings of the Resolution school, comprising a large wing 35 by 65 feet. Accommodation is now provided for seventy-five scholars, and the ventilating, heating and dormitory arrangements are everything to be desired. A good water-supply is provided by a well in the kitchen of the school, although the water from Great Slave lake is excellent for drinking purposes.

At the time of inspection there were seventeen boys and twenty-three girls at the school, and all exhibited a well-cared-for appearance. The proficiency of the scholars was well up to the standard, especially with regard to writing and reading. The boys have been receiving physical and military drill at the hands of O. Stephens of the R.N.W.M.P. at Resolution, and take a keen interest in this training. The girls receive instruction in housekeeping and needlework, and many articles, such as dresses, moccasins and fancy-work of caribou and moose skin were to be seen.

Nearly four acres of land in the vicinity of the school are given up to gardening, and the different crops of vegetables and roots are sufficient for the use of the school. Facilities are provided for the boys to take part in the fishery and trapping, with a view to preparing them to earn their livelihood after leaving the school.

The health of the scholars was in every way satisfactory, for, although two rooms in the school had been set aside as infirmaries for the boys and girls, they are very rarely occupied.

Hay River Boarding School.

The school buildings are not, in my opinion, quite suitable for the needs of the pupils, although the principal, Mr. A. Vale, is using every effort to provide additional accommodation. The construction of a new school has been commenced, the foundation timbers and 25,000 feet of lumber being on the ground. It is confidently expected that the new school will be ready for occupation next year, and will constitute a great improvement on the old one.

The class work follows the usual routine, a great deal of stress being laid upon the teaching of the English language. A good deal of attention is also given to outside work in the nature of gardening, fishing, trapping, and it is evident that in recent years the staff have endeavoured to specialize along the lines of instruction that will enable the ex-scholar to utilize his or her knowledge in after life.

Some of the pupils come from very remote districts of the lower Mackenzie river, and include some Eskimo children. These latter exhibit an intelligence superior to that of the Slave or Yellowknife Indian boys, and are particularly adept in carpentry work and other similar handicrafts.

Religious exercises and drill constitute a leading feature of the curriculum, and the discipline of the school is excellent.

Heating and ventilating arrangements are satisfactory in so far as the present buildings are concerned. Adequate fire-protective measures have been taken, and the water supply is abundant and readily accessible from the Hay river.

A large area of land, comprising, nearly eight acres, is being cultivated, and new land is gradually being brought into use for this purpose.

Fort Providence Boarding School.

This school is possibly one of the best equipped in the north. The buildings are in good condition and the grounds well kept. Its situation on the bank of the Mackenzie river is a great advantage, as the water-supply is one of the best in the world. A force pump (underground) is used to provide water for the various buildings.

Some difficulty is experienced in adequately heating the large school buildings during the cold winter months, as, up to the present time, the heating system has been restricted to stoves. It is understood, however, that this is to be replaced in the near future by furnaces, when there should be no difficulty in providing the necessary amount of heat.

The same uniform thoroughness of training and education is visible here as at Resolution school, and a competent staff use every effort to equip the Indian children with an education which will benefit them in after life. The boys are provided with every opportunity to develop themselves in regard to outside occupations, such as gardening, carpentry and woodwork, while the girls are encouraged in cooking, preparing meat and fish and needlework.

Excellent samples of the class-work of the boys and girls were shown, and the results speak very highly for the effective training that the pupils are receiving.

The gardens in the vicinity of the school provide sufficient potatoes and vegetables for the use of the school, and exhibit a well-kept appearance.

BRITISH COLUMBIA.

BABINE AGENCY.

Number of children of school age, 387; number of pupils enrolled at day schools, 335; average attendance at day schools, 145; number attending Coqualeetza industrial, 5.

Mr. R.E. Loring, the Indian agent, reports on the educational work in this agency as follows: -

New Town (Kitselas) School.

This school is fairly centrally located in the village of New Town, on the right bank of the Skeena, and about four miles below the Kitselas canyon. Its teacher is Mr. Frank Van Gorder, who is taking a marked interest in his work. Through his efforts this school has been brought to a good working order.

Meanskinisht School.

This school is also centrally situated in the village of that name. Its teacher is Miss S.Z. Richardson. Good progress is being made. The teacher acts in the capacity of field matron, and in that manner renders a beneficent influence over the community in general. The girl pupils are being instructed in cooking and sewing.

Kitwanga School.

This school, centrally located in the village, is making steady progress. The teacher, Miss Florence D. Kemp, is capable and well adapted for the work, and has the faculty of making herself likable to her pupils. The attendance is usually large and regular, and the results derived are profitable.

Andimaul School.

This school is centrally located. The teacher, Miss Vernon Leake, is capable. The girl pupils are given instruction in sewing, knitting and in other respects. The principal, Miss (Adjutant) Jennie Halpenny, fills the position of field matron, which in its effects is largely adding evidence of a wholesome influence on the community as well.

Kitsegukla School.

This school is situated in the exact centre of the village, and good progress is being made.

Hazelton School.

This school is located on the north boundary of the Hazelton townsite. The teacher is Miss E.J. Soal. The work is stimulated by active and interesting teaching. The girl pupils are taught sewing, knitting and other domestic accomplishments. The attendance is usually well kept up. The exercise of good manners and deportment, too, is largely in evidence.

Glen Vowell School.

This school is placed in the exact centre of the Sikedach reserve. Its teacher, Miss Pearl Jackson, is an energetic worker, and successful in maintaining her school in good working order. All of the children of school age in the village are on the roll. Their attendance is large, steady and punctual. The girl pupils receive lessons in sewing, knitting, and in other useful ways and in the sense of general results this school is doing much good.

Kispiox School.

The department erected and equipped a large and commodious building. It is well lighted and ventilated and otherwise perfect in its appointments. The teacher, Miss Gertrude Martin, is painstaking in all her work, and the results are highly satisfactory. Miss Eva Martin, field matron, ably assists in the manual training of the pupils, and in that manner much good results from the management of the school.

Kisgegas School.

This school is located in the most northerly part of the agency and completes the list of day schools in the district of the Skeena. The school building is centrally placed in the village. Its teacher is Jonathan Mercer an able, intelligent native missionary. Good progress is being made. The teacher is assisted by his wife, from whom the girl pupils receive lessons in sewing and knitting. Since the people here frequent the hunting and trapping grounds for a livelihood, it has of late years become more of a practice to have the children left behind with the old people, in order to enable them to have the benefits of the school.

Rocher Deboulé School.

This school, serving the Hagwilget Indians, is situated on the reserve of Tsitsk, and on the east bank of the Bulkley river. Its attendance is derived from the Moricetown and Coryatsaqua reserves as well. Of the latter reserves many children are being kept by their relatives at Tsitsk (Rocher Deboulé), to furnish the school a large and satisfactory number of pupils. The teacher, Sidney Browning, assisted by his wife, is doing good work. By the latter the girl pupils are being given instruction in useful occupations. On the whole the school is making good progress.

Fort-Babine School.

This school provides educational advantages for the Fort and Old Fort Babine villages, and such of the people of that tribe with habitations along both shores of Babine lake.

The teacher of this school, Joseph F. Morrissey, has achieved most satisfactory results, and otherwise has proved himself most useful in furthering the interests of his pupils in general.

General Remarks.

In review of the foregoing, I have the honour to state that, in all the schools, the pupils are daily put through the exercises of calisthenics, and, for diversion, are given opportunities for play.

As to the encouragement of agriculture in cultivating gardens on the plots encompassing the schools, all is being done to effect this in a general extent. Up to the present these measures obtain only in connection with some of the schools.

Regarding the progress of ex-pupils of the different classes of schools, the schools of this district have hardly been established long enough to admit of giving a pronounced statement, but in the instances under observation, the results speak well of the benefit attained.

As to the general effect of education upon the reserve life, it affords me great satisfaction to be able to state that, on the whole, the influence of the schools promotes a greater respect for law and order, cleanliness of habits, and a better understanding of how to avoid the contracting of disease. The rules of hygiene are insisted upon in the schools, and this has a far-reaching effect on the communities.

BELLA COOLA AGENCY.

Number of children of school age, 312; number of pupils enrolled at day schools, 249; average attendance at day schools, 86; number enrolled at Kitimat boarding, 34; number attending Coqualeeetza industrial, 6.

Mr. I. Fougner, the Indian agent, reports on the educational work in this agency as follows: -

Kitimat Boarding School.

This is the only boarding school in this agency and is situated on a hillside, overlooking Kitimat Arm. The buildings are comparatively new, and are kept in excellent condition.

The principal, Miss I.M. Clarke, is assisted by Misses Swann and Scouten. In addition to the class-room work, the girls are taught housekeeping.

In her annual report, the principal says: 'The pupils are progressing in their class-room work. An improvement in English is especially noticeable. There has been no serious sickness during the year.'

Bella Coola Day School (Methodist).

This school is in the centre of the Indian village. The building is surrounded by ample grounds, which are fenced and seeded.

Miss M.A. Gibson is in charge of this school, and the pupils are progressing in their studies. The attendance has improved.

Bella Bella Day School (Methodist).

This school has been repainted and the old floor has been replaced by a new one. New single desks have also been installed.

Miss Tranter is doing patient and effective work at this school.

China Hat Day School (Methodist).

This school is taught by Miss H. Read. The pupils are making satisfactory progress in their studies. The school room is neat and clean.

Kitimat Day School (Methodist).

Miss Isabella Clarke, the teacher, does skilful and energetic work at this school.

The children from the village attend this school in the forenoon, and the children from the Kitimat boarding school attend in the afternoon.

Hartley Bay Day School (Methodist).

The teacher, Rev. J.H. Matthews, takes great interest in his work. The attendance has improved and this is one of the most efficient day schools in the agency.

Kitkatla Day School (Anglican).

This school is taught by Mr. George Oliver, who has shown great interest in the school work. Good results can be expected from this school.

As the Indians in this agency are, almost exclusively, fishermen, very little instruction in gardening can be given at school. The Indians in this agency are improving and credit is due to the painstaking work that is being done in the school by the teachers.

COWICHAN AGENCY.

Number of children of school age, 294; number of pupils enrolled at day schools, 92; average attendance at day schools, 429; number enrolled at Kuper Island industrial, 68; number attending Coqualeetza industrial, 10.

Mr. W.R. Robertson, the Indian agent, reports on educational matters in this agency as follows: -

Kuper Island Industrial School.

This school is in charge of Rev. W. Lemmens as principal, who is assisted by a very efficient staff. All the pupils have made good progress during the year. In addition to their regular studies in the class-room, the girls are taught sewing, cooking and all branches of housework, while the boys are given instruction in farming, carpentry and shoemaking. Many of the ex-pupils show the good results of their training and their influence has a good effect on the other members of the band.

The new school, which is a fine building with all modern improvements, is now completed, and the furniture, which is all new, is being installed. It is expected that the building will be ready for occupation in the near future.

In his annual report the principal, Rev. W. Lemmens, S.M.M., says: 'Our new buildings are provided with the most up-to-date system of ventilation, heating and plumbing. With our new buildings, we shall have a larger attendance, and increased progress is expected.'

Koksilah Day School.

This school is in charge of Mr. C.A. Dockstader, who takes great interest in the Indian work. The pupils have been making very satisfactory progress, and the average attendance has been good.

Nanaimo Day School.

This school is now in charge of Miss Adelaide Bool, who has been teaching since the 1st of October. The average attendance has been quite good, and the pupils are making very good progress.

Quamichan Day School (Roman Catholic).

This school is taught by Miss C. Ordano and Miss M. Frumento. The school is centrally located on the Clemclemaluts reserve. The average attendance has been exceptionally good. The teacher and pupils take an interest in their work, and very satisfactory progress is made by the pupils.

Songhees Day School.

This school is in charge of Miss Rose A. Quigley, who is doing very good work. Very satisfactory progress is made by the pupils. They are encouraged to take an interest in gardening. The past year they had a very good garden, of which they were justly proud.

Tsartlip Day School.

Miss L.H. Hagen was in charge of this school till the 30th June, and since that date it has been closed. There have been several deaths among the children of school age and owing to the roving disposition of the Indians in that vicinity, it has been impossible to get a sufficient number of children of school age.

KAMLOOPS AGENCY.

Number of children of school age, 392; number enrolled at day school, 17; average attendance at day school, 12; number enrolled at Kamloops industrial, 72.

The Indian agent, Mr. J.F. Smith, reports on the educational work in this agency as follows: -

Kamloops Industrial School.

The Kamloops industrial and boarding school and auxiliary buildings are erected on a rising prominence, in a one-hundred and sixty acre plot, of the Kamloops reserve, some three and a half miles northeast of the city of Kamloops.

The buildings are frame structures, conveniently arranged on the plot selected. The main buildings are two-story structures, connected by a hallway leading from the culinary department these have undergone considerable remodelling during the past couple of years. These buildings are lighted by electricity from the city of Kamloops, with which it is also in telephone communication. They are also fitted up with toilets and baths, which are supplied with water from an aerial tank recently erected and conveniently located; at an elevation for developing sufficient pressure to effectively operate the fire-protection hose, which are to be found at easily accessible points throughout the buildings.

The aerial water tank, with its 1,000 or more gallons capacity, which has been installed between the two main buildings, has given efficient service in supplying water to all parts of these buildings. The one erected on the outside is used as an auxiliary, and conveys water to the boys' recreation and dormitory building. These two tanks are supplied with water from the South Thompson river by a five horsepower gasoline engine, installed over one year ago, and is giving good satisfaction.

The teaching staff consists of the Reverend Father A.M. Carion, O.M.I., principal, two male teachers, one in charge of the class-room, the other the outside work, and four Sisters of St. Anns, Sister Mary Monica being the superior.

Mr. R.W. Colderwood, who is not only a very efficient teacher, but has shown qualities specially adapted to teaching Indian boys, is still in charge of the boys' class-room. Mr. Beck, who succeeded Mr. Ed. La Basse at the opening of the fall term as the farm and outside instructor, has so far been satisfactory.

The girls' class-room is in charge of Sister M. Rogation, while the work of the culinary department, domestic, and sewing, are divided between Sisters M.A. D'Awray and M. Lucine, under the guidance of Sister Mary Monica the superior.

The boys devote the forenoon to the class-room, where they are making satisfactory progress in their studies under their very efficient teacher, Mr. R.W. Colderwood. In the afternoon the majority are in charge of Mr. Beck, and are engaged in the various outdoor work mapped out each day by the principal. They cultivate a garden plot of about five acres, which produces sufficient vegetables of every kind for the use of the institution. They also care for and feed the stock.

The girls devote the forenoon to the domestic work of the institution. Some are taught cooking, others sewing and knitting, while all take their turn in the work of general housekeeping. The afternoon is given up entirely to the class-room, under their able and efficient teacher, Sister Mary Rogation, who, through sickness, was temporarily replaced by another teaching sister last November. The progress in their studies is considered satisfactory.

During the last two months of the past quarter an epidemic of grippe has prevailed among the children and certain members of the teaching staff. The children however, were all cared for and are convalescent. Otherwise the health of the school has been good.

Shulus Day School.

The Nicola Mameet reserve, No. 1, Shulus day school is situated on one of the large Indian villages in the Nicola valley, about four miles west of the town of Merritt. As the Indian villages are far apart in the valley, the children of school age of the other Indian villages cannot avail themselves of the educational facilities offered by this school, which is in charge of Mr. J.W. Harwood, who reports that, although the great majority of the children in attendance at the school are small, they show satisfactory interest in their studies and are making good progress. The building in which the class is conducted is a well built frame structure, high ceiling, well lighted and airy in the summer and properly heated in the winter. During the summer vacation outdoor toilets were erected, thus improving the sanitary surroundings. It has also been arranged to continue the sewing class inaugurated among the adult women of the band last winter under the instruction of Mrs. A.H. Plummer, wife of the Anglican missionary in charge of the Indian mission, who is also conducting a singing class among the children.

KOOTENAY AGENCY.

Number of children of school age, 118; number enrolled at Kootenay industrial, 80.

Mr. R.L.T. Galbraith, the Indian agent, reports on the educational work in this agency as follows: -

Kootenay Industrial School.

During the past year the work at this institution has progressed in a satisfactory manner, and I note, with pleasure, a steady improvement.

The staff comprises: Sister Justinian, principal, Sisters M. Benedicta and Alicia, assistants, Rev. Father Lambout, O.M.I., chaplain, and Mr. George Bruce, farm instructor and physical science teacher. The teachers are faithful and efficient, and the different subjects prescribed by the department are carefully taught.

The boys are given instruction in farming, stock-raising, carpentry and shoemaking. Older boys assist in looking after the heating, pumping and lighting plants, and take an interest in their work. The girls are taught housekeeping, dairying, sewing and knitting, and are making steady advancement.

There is an excellent garden, where all vegetables used in the institution are grown. The girls have individual garden plots, upon which they expend considerable labour.

Mr. Tom Wilson, entomologist, visited the school several times during the year, and gave the pupils instruction in pruning and the care and culture of fruit. He also gave a lecture on 'Insect life' to the staff and pupils.

General Remarks.

Two Indian children are attending the public school at Barton, and are making satisfactory progress with their studies. Their teacher speaks highly about them.

An ex-pupil of the industrial school was employed on the government dredge on Arrow lake, and his work and conduct were highly commended. The ex-pupils, with the exception of one or two, continue to make their influence for good felt throughout the agency. They are proving useful and helpful, and are assisting greatly in uplifting and bettering the condition of the Indians.

KWAWKEWLTH AGENCY.

Number of children of school age, 183; number of pupils enrolled at day schools, 40; average attendance at day schools, 21; number enrolled at Alert Bay industrial, 37; number enrolled at Alert Bay Girls' Home, 32.

Mr. W.M. Halliday, the Indian agent, reports on the educational work in this agency as follows: -

Alert Bay Boys' Industrial School.

It is a matter of congratulation to note the continued good work that is being done at this institution. The capacity of the school is thirty-five, and, there is no difficulty in obtaining the number required.

The principal, Rev. A.W. Corker, has been in England on furlough, and, during his absence, Rev. F. Comley, as acting principal, has met with considerable success. The class-room has been presided over by Mr. C.M. Parrott, a young man of ability and untiring energy, and the pupils are making noticeable progress.

The whole institution is under the control of the Anglican diocese, of Columbia. His Lordship Bishop Scriven takes a personal interest in the school. The buildings are in a sanitary condition. The trade instructor, Mr. Eli Hunt, teaches the boys carpentering and gardening.

In his annual report, the acting principal, Rev. F. Comley, says: 'The class-room work has been very good. The general health of the pupils has been excellent.'

Alert Bay Girls' Home.

This school is also under the control of the Anglican diocese of Columbia. Rev. F. Comley is acting-principal. The matron, Miss A.E. Neville, is very efficient and has splendid control over the pupils, who are taught cooking, sewing, and other domestic duties.

Under the guidance of the teacher, Miss M. Nixon, the pupils are progressing in their classroom work. The building is well lighted, and well ventilated. An abundant supply of fresh water is obtained from an artesian well. In his annual report, the acting-principal says: 'Class-room work is very satisfactory. The health of the pupils has been better than in former years.'

Alert Bay Day School.

The attendance at this school has increased during the past year. Miss E. Ferryman, the teacher, continues to do good work. In addition to the regular course of studies, the pupils are taught physical drill and calisthenics.

As soon as the pupils of this school are old enough they are sent to the girls and boys' industrial school.

Cape Mudge Day School.

Mr. J.E. Rendle, the Methodist missionary at Cape Mudge, continues to teach this school with increasing success. Although the attendance at this school is rather irregular, reasonable progress has been made during the year.

Ex-pupils.

The ex-pupils are peaceable and law-abiding, but there is a lack of progress.

It is difficult to obtain regular employment, as there are no factories, or any opportunity for agriculture, owing to the physical nature of the country. The lack of progress, therefore, can be attributed to the want of steady employment.

The influence of the ex-pupils is being felt on the reserves. Many of these ex-pupils are opposed to the old tribal customs, and, as their number increases they will be able to exert a greater influence against these old customs.

LYTTON AGENCY.

Number of children of school age, 377; number enrolled at day schools, 41; average attendance at day schools, 27; number enrolled at Lytton industrial, 76; number enrolled at All Hallows boarding, 34.

The Indian agent, Mr. H. Graham, reports on the educational work in this agency as follows: -

Lytton Industrial School (Anglican).

This school is situated two and a half miles from Lytton on a good agricultural farm of 660 acres. It is under the supervision of the Rev. Leonard Dawson, principal.

The class-rooms are well supplied with up-to-date desks, and are well lighted and commodious. They are also particularly well supplied with school books and school material.

The teachers, Mr. C.H. Lallemand and Mrs. Christie, are well qualified for their work, as is shown by the progress made by the pupils.

The pupils are trained in every class of work such as keeping the building clean and laundry work, as well as outdoor employments, which I trust will be of great value to them in after life, as the majority of the children are recruited from an agricultural district.

The ex-pupils of this school have so far not shown a great deal of progress, owing principally to their having to go back to the reserve life and work for their parents on the reserve or go out labouring for themselves on the railroad. The scarcity of water for irrigation purposes hinders the placing of ex-pupils on plots of land of their own.

I think I can say that the education of these boys is beginning slowly to have some effect upon the Indians in their reserve life, but it is one of those things that work very slowly, as there are still a great number of the older Indians who are very adverse to education.

In his annual report, the principal says: 'Progress has been made in the classroom work. The health of the boys has been very good.'

All Hallows Boarding School.

This is a boarding school for Indian girls situated at Yale, and it is under the supervision of Sister Constance of the Community of All Hallows. She has Miss Miller as teacher, and Miss Officer as matron.

The work in the class-room is most creditable, and the progress made by the different pupils is most gratifying.

One of the principal studies taught is nature study, which the children take to very keenly, and which I consider a very necessary study for Indian children in after life.

The children are thoroughly trained in all domestic employments such as sewing, laundering and cooking. In all of these they are making splendid progress.

During the summer months each child is given a garden plot and seeds. The children take great pride in these small gardens, and they have a competition for the best kept one.

I am glad to report that the ex-pupils of this school are found to be making great progress throughout the province. They show what can be done by a thorough education.

The education of Indian girls has a greater effect upon the reserve than that of the boys, as the girls set a splendid example in their homes, and greatly assist the agents in the matter of teaching the Indians to take more care of their houses.

In her annual report, the principal says: 'The pupils have shown great interest in their class-room work during the past year. A number of the older girls have been knitting socks for the soldiers.'

Lytton Day School (Anglican).

This school is in charge of Miss Hobden, a very capable missionary, who is doing conscientious work, which is carried on under great difficulty, owing to the fact that a number of the pupils live out of town during the summer.

The pupils are all young and nearly all are in the kindergarten stage. All the exercise copy books are well written and taken care of for such young pupils.

Boothroyd Day School (Anglican).

This is the new school which has been in operation nearly a year now. It is in charge of Miss Lily Blachford, who is exceptionally well fitted for this work, as she speaks the Thompson language fluently, and has exceptional control over the children and the school work generally.

I am glad to report that both the children and the parents take a keen interest in the school work. The average daily attendance is very gratifying.

The progress made by the pupils, considering that none of them knew English ten months ago, is most encouraging to the teacher, as several of the children are now as advanced as the second reader.

NASS AGENCY.

Number of children of school age, 456; number enrolled at day schools, 314; average attendance at day schools, 152; number enrolled at Port Simpson Girls' Home, 40; number attending Coqualeetza industrial, 11.

The Indian agent, Mr. C.C. Perry, reports on the educational work in this agency as follows: -

Port Simpson Girls' Boarding School.

This is a well organized institution, conducted under the Women's Missionary Society of the Methodist Church of Canada. Miss L.M. Deacon is the efficient matron of this establishment, whose assistants are: Miss Armstrong, teacher; Miss Powell, sewing-room instructress; and Miss Miles, who conducts the domestic industries of the home. Exceptionally good discipline is maintained, and all branches of study and exercise are thoroughly taught. Flower gardening is taught, in which some of the pupils are much interested. Several prizes were won for exhibits shown, in open competition with the public schools of the north, at the Northern British Columbia Exhibition held at Prince Rupert.

The progress of ex-pupils has, considering all the circumstances, been fairly satisfactory. The education received has benefited the Indian girls to the extent that it has aided them to be of assistance to their less educated parents and relatives, and has materially aided in the elevation of reserve life. In many of the homes of ex-pupils can be seen unquestioned evidence of the knowledge of domestic industries and household arts.

Port Essington Day School.

The school is under the supervision of Miss Fanny Noble, whose work is quite satisfactory and who maintains good discipline. The attendance, though small, on account of the nomadic pursuits of the Indians, is satisfactory. The school building is in good condition, and is well equipped and nicely kept. The site is not adapted for school gardens. The ventilation is good.

Metlakatla Day School.

This school is conducted by Miss S. Klippert, an able and enthusiastic teacher. It is managed under the absolute control of the Government. Attendance continues satisfactorily. The building is in splendid condition, is well ventilated, equipped, and kept. Exemplary discipline is maintained, and pupils make marked progress. The local Indian council favours the application of the school regulations at all times, but recourse has never been had to their enforcement.

At the Northern British Columbia Exhibition several prizes were won in open competition by Miss Klippert's pupils, for drawing and writing.

Port Simpson Day School.

The school is conducted under the supervision of the Methodist Church of Canada. Its teachers, Mr. E.S. Grant and Miss Elsie Potter, are paid by the Government through the Church. The building appears to belong to the Church, and has been kept in good repair and thoroughly equipped by the Government. Attendance at this school has been very unsatisfactory, the apathy of the parents being due mainly to questions appertaining to lands and to the nomadic pursuits of the people. The building is in splendid condition. The rooms are well kept by the janitor.

Kincolith Day School.

This school is conducted by Miss Alice Collison. The building is in first-class condition, and is well equipped with furnishings, material and supplies. The Indians of this reserve are nomadic, which fact may account to a large extent for the small attendance. There are no school gardens here. The school lot is covered with scrubby brush and tree stumps.

Lak-kalzap Day School.

The school is located in an Indian village, about twenty-one miles up the Nags river. It is conducted by Miss Silvia Sturges, who is encouraged in her work by the activities of a field matron, who is engaged for service amongst the Lak-kalzap Indians, to advance their interests and improve their condition. The attendance has been remarkably good, and night classes, conducted jointly by the teacher and matron, have aided greatly in making the Indians realize the benefits of education.

During visits made to this reserve during the year, I have been struck with the neat and cleanly condition of the pupils and the homelike influence of the school. The parents, too, have held both teacher and matron in high esteem and are grateful to the department for assisting them in this manner. The building is in first-class condition, and is well furnished and supplied with materials and fire-wood.

During the summer both teacher and matron followed the Indians to their fishing bases at Nass Harbour, where, at the local cannery, a school was conducted during the summer months: The experiment proved quite successful and the attendance was good.

Gwinoha Day School.

The classes are conducted by Miss Helen Freeman in the local church building, until the spring, when a suitable building may be erected.

School was opened during November, last, and has been fairly well attended by the Indians. It is somewhat of a novelty to the Indians, who have been without a school for some time in consequence of their apathetic attitude in relation to their land grievances, which has been relaxed by visits of the Royal Commission on Indian Affairs to their village.

Aiyansh Day School.

Aiyansh is situated about seventy-five miles up the Nass river. It has had no school under either government or church auspices for several years, the people having chosen to engage and pay their own teacher, because they had been led to believe that if they accepted schools from the Government their chances for a settlement of their land grievances would be thereby prejudiced.

The Royal Commission on Indian Affairs having visited their settlement and listened to their grievances, the people decided to have a Government school. Consequently, a teacher was sent to take charge of school work here, in the person of Miss Vera A. Chastenay, in November, last. The school is being conducted in the house of an Indian chief until the spring, when a suitable building will be erected. The teacher is accompanied by a field matron, who will do much good on the reserve.

Gitlakdamiks Day School.

The village is situated about seventy-seven miles up the Nass river. The position of this village regarding a school was similar to that of Aiyansh prior to the visit of the Royal Commission.

Miss Olive Bowen was engaged by the department and sent to this school in November, last. It is hoped that her efforts will teach the Indians the value of education.

A new building will be erected in the spring. The field matron at Aiyansh will also assist Miss Bowen in her efforts to secure a good attendance at the school.

Remarks.

I have visited all the villages and schools of the agency during the year, some of them on several occasions. I am pleased to be able to report that there is gratifying evidence on every hand that the growth of Indian education is being greatly advanced by the efforts of the department to make the schools a more efficient medium of development. I find the payment of larger salaries to teachers a sure inducement to them to stay with their work and remain in the isolated settlements for longer periods of time. The teachers, too, being better qualified than formerly do more effective work, which is more and more appreciated by the Indians, who watch the interests and development of their children.

I desire to thank the department for its close and cordial support of all reasonable efforts made and recommended for the advancement of the Indians in education. I trust that the results obtained from this attention will measure fully up to the high standards of proficiency earnestly sought.

In conclusion, I would say that ex-pupils of the Indian day schools mentioned, while finding it difficult to obtain employment in competition with whites, nevertheless, find their education of great advantage in following their normal pursuits.

NEW WESTMINSTER AGENCY.

Number of children of school age, 441; number of pupils enrolled at the day schools, 114; average attendance at day schools, 65; number enrolled at Coqualeetza, institute, 117; number enrolled at Squamish Mission boarding, 50; number enrolled at Sechelt boarding, 52; number enrolled at St. Mary's Mission boarding, 77; number attending Kuper Island industrial school, 4; number of Indian children attending white schools, 4.

Mr. Peter Byrne, the Indian agent, reports on the educational work in this agency as follows: -

Coqualeetza Institute.

This school is situated in the Chilliwack valley. The children receive a good education under the guidance of the Rev. G.H. Raley and his able assistants, who are earnestly endeavouring to advance the pupils along the most modern lines of civilization.

There is a farm in connection with this school, and the boys are instructed in all branches of agriculture and the management of stock. Some are taught gardening, fruit-growing, carpentry, and shoe repairing. The girls are taught housekeeping, in which they are making good progress. Some of them cut and make their own garments and those of the other pupils.

A good substantial frame building, 55 by 27 by 20 feet high, has been erected during the past year. The pupils assemble here for lectures, and it is also used as a recreation hall during the stormy weather.

The cadet corps, 50 strong, organized at this school, receives drill instruction once a week. This is very beneficial as it teaches the boys discipline, and provides them with healthy exercise.

In his annual report, the principal, Rev. G.H. Raley, says: 'Our pupils are advancing rapidly in their class-room work. A number are trying entrance work. The pupils were very successful in their competition for prizes at the Agricultural and Arts Exhibition at Chilliwack.'

St. Mary's Mission Boarding School.

This school is situated about one mile east of Mission City, overlooking the Fraser river, and the C.P.R. and C.N.R. lines. The boys and girls occupy separate buildings about 300 feet apart. The Rev. J. Tavernier, O.M.I., successor to Rev. V. Rohr, with his able assistants, is giving the pupils a good education.

On the large farm connected with this school the boys are trained in all branches of agriculture, and fruit-growing, and also, in the care and management of stock. They are taught how to use the most modern agricultural implements, and to take care of them.

The girls secure a good training in housekeeping, and are taught to make and mend their own clothes. Some of them are expert needle-women and have frequently obtained prizes at the local exhibition, for their fancy needle-work.

The pupils of this school enjoy good health, and are making good progress in all the branches of study authorized by the department.

In his annual report, the principal says: 'Satisfactory progress has been made in every branch of the class-room work. I feel justified in saying that our ex-pupils are more thrifty and are steadier in work and principles than those deprived of education.'

Squamish Mission Boarding School.

This school is situated in the city of North Vancouver. The Reverend Sister Mary Amy, and her competent staff, continue to educate the pupils in all the branches of study, authorized by the department.

The boys receive instruction in gardening and dairying, and are also taught how to care for and milk the cows that are kept at the institution. The girls are instructed in all branches of housework under the supervision of the sisters, who bestow every care possible on their pupils.

Many of the pupils of this school display a marked talent for music. Some of them are able to play two and three instruments with exceptional ability.

In her annual report, the principal, Reverend Sister Amy says: 'The children have enjoyed good health during the past year. Most of the ex-pupils seem to be thriving.'

Sechelt Boarding School.

This school is situated on Sechelt reserve near Trail bay. It is in charge of the Reverend Sister Theresine and a competent staff, who attend to the duties connected therewith. The pupils have made progress in all the branches of study authorized by the department.

The boys are taught gardening, fruit-growing, and how to care for the stock kept at the institution. They also receive instruction in carpentry and shoe-making, and many of them are capable of mending their own and the other pupils shoes.

The girls receive instruction in all branches of housekeeping, besides butter-making. Most of the elder girls cut and make their own garments and those of the other pupils.

The sisters visit the homes of the Indians and instruct the mothers in housekeeping and in the care of their children, and a decided change is taking place along the lines of cleanliness. Generally speaking, the health of the pupils is satisfactory.

In her annual report, the principal says: 'Good progress has been made in their studies by all the pupils. Excellent health has been enjoyed by the children this year. The conduct of the ex-pupils is commendable.'

Homalco Day School.

This school is situated on Aup reserve, near Bute inlet. The parents of these children are obliged to be away from their village, engaged at various occupations, during the greater part of the year. While they are absent the children reside in the school building, the parents providing the necessary food and clothing for them. By this arrangement a good average attendance is maintained.

Mr. J.J. Moroney is the teacher of this school and his wife is field matron. The pupils are making excellent progress under their guidance. Mrs. Moroney makes daily visits to the Indians houses and instructs the mothers in cleaning and managing their homes, and also in the care of their children. There is a marked improvement in the appearance of the homes of these people, and the mothers appreciate very much the presence of the matron, particularly when any of the children are sick.

The area of land available for cultivation on this reserve is very small, hence the pupils are not instructed in farming, but are taught gardening on a small scale.

Sliammon Day School.

This school is situated on the Sliammon reserve near the village. Mr. Basil Nicholson, who with his wife and children is living on the second floor of the school building, continues to do good work. He is educating the children in all the branches of study authorized by the department, and they are progressing along the lines of civilization.

Mrs. Nicholson, from time to time, visits the Indians' homes on the reserve, and instructs the mothers in housekeeping, cleanliness, and the care of their children. She is always ready to respond to their call in cases of sickness, and to render such assistance as she is capable. A marked improvement in cleanliness is noticeable throughout the village, and the health of the Indians is good.

Tsawassen Day School.

This school was not reopened during the past year, on account of the absence of the parents and children from the reserve.

Skwah Day School.

This school is situated on Skwah reserve and has accommodation for forty pupils. Mr. Grimshaw is the teacher, and lives on the reserve with his wife. He is doing very good work among the Indians. The parents are taking a keener interest in the education of their children as they advance in their studies, and are able to read the news and write letters for them.

During the past year the school grounds have been fenced by the Indians, the department supplying the material. It is the desire of the teacher and the parents to have fruit-bearing and ornamental trees planted this spring, and also to have a portion of the land ploughed up and put into a state of cultivation, in order that the pupils, under the supervision of the teacher, may be taught farming, gardening, and fruit-growing.

Katzie Day School.

This school is situated, on Katzie reserve, the headquarters of the Katzie band. Mr. J.F. Wilson, successor to Mr. J.J. Murphy, who resigned to join the overseas forces, is doing excellent work.

The pupils are making excellent progress in all the branches of study authorized by the department, and we hope to have some of them attending the high school in the near future. The parents take a keen interest in the education of their children, and are anxious that they should advance in their studies as rapidly as the white children in the vicinity.

There being no Indian school on the Langley reserve, four children belonging to this tribe are attending the public school in the vicinity. These pupils are making good progress, and compare favourably with the white children in the same classes.

General Remarks.

The Indians are beginning to grasp the benefits derived from education, and its effect is becoming very noticeable in the homes of the ex-pupils, who are adopting more and more the manners and customs of the whites. Generally speaking, the male ex-pupils show a marked improvement in the management of their farms and in the care of their stock, which in many cases comes quite up to the standard of that of the average white settler.

OKANAGAN AGENCY.

Number of children of school age, 188; number of children enrolled at day schools, 31; average attendance at day schools, 17; number attending Coqualeetza industrial, 5.

Mr. J.R. Brown, the Indian agent, reports on the educational work in this agency as follows: -

Osoyoos Day School.

Last fall a school was opened on the Osoyoos reserve. It is in charge of Mr. J.J. Norwood. When the school started the children could not speak a word of English, but they are now making marvellous progress.

General Remarks.

A number of Indian children attend the white schools at Larkin, Wood's Lake and Similkameen. These children attend school regularly and are making very satisfactory progress.

QUEEN CHARLOTTE AGENCY.

Number of children of school age, 151; number of pupils enrolled at day schools, 121; average attendance at day schools, 39; number attending Coqualeetza industrial, 42.

Mr. T. Deasy, the Indian agent, reports on the educational work in this agency as follows: -

Masset Day School.

The school-house on the Massett reserve is a large, well ventilated building, with two class-rooms. Mr. Frank Trainor is the teacher. He is assisted by Mrs. Trainor when the attendance is very large. The school is provided with single and double desks, and is in good condition throughout.

There has been marked improvement in the cleanliness of the children. The parents are showing great interest in education, and the children are advancing and are eager to learn English.

Skidegate Day School.

This school is in charge of Mr. J.H. Young. There has been a marked improvement in the attendance during the winter months.

General Remarks.

All the Indians are fishermen and they take their families with them when they go to the canneries. For this reason there is practically no attendance at school from April to November each year. When the cannery at Naden Harbour is operated the teacher of the Massett school lives there, and opens school in one of the cannery buildings. I visit the schools frequently, and find the children well dressed, clean and eager to learn.

STIKINE AGENCY.

Number of children of school age, 165; number of pupils enrolled at day school, 16; average attendance at day school, 7.

The Indian agent, Mr. W.S. Simpson, reports on the educational work in this agency as follows: -

Telegraph Creek Day School.

This school is taught by Mr. W.T. Pake, and it is attended by both whites and Indians. Those children who attend regularly are progressing. The majority of the members of the Telegraph Creek band speak English. All dress in the garb of white men, and the children attending school are neatly clothed.

Mr. Pake has started some garden plots in order to encourage the Indians to engage in agriculture.

Tahltan Day School.

This school was closed last June, owing to the difficulty of obtaining a regular attendance. The former teacher, Rev. F.P. Thorman, has gone to the front.

General Remarks.

Ex-pupils show marked improvement in housekeeping and in general deportment. The tribe, as a whole, is vastly improved.

STUART LAKE AGENCY.

Number of children of school age, 282; number of pupils enrolled, 53; average attendance, 23.

Mr. W.J. McAllan, the Indian agent, reports on the educational work in this agency as follows: -

Stuart Lake Day School.

This is the only Indian school in this agency. The teacher, Mr. A. Okon Ockoniy, is assisted by his wife, who acts as children's cook and field matron. The attendance has been quite satisfactory, a few of the more ambitious pupils rarely missing a day. The pupils receive a mid-day meal. The pupils show advancement in spelling, reading, and writing, but the progress in arithmetic is tardy. Mr. Ockoniy conducts a night school, during the winter, for the benefit of the adults. Mrs. Ockoniy has a knitting class for the older girls. Land for garden purposes was cleared and planted last spring and a crop of vegetables was raised. Mr. Ockoniy is endeavouring to make the Indians interested in agriculture.

General Remarks.

The beneficial effects of education will become more noticeable from year to year, as the English language supersedes the Indian dialect. All the Indians are now taking a great interest in the education of their children. Rev. Father Coccola, O.M.I., who supervises school matters, is entitled to share with the teachers the credit for the progress obtained.

Number of pupils of school age, 159; number of pupils enrolled at Williams Lake industrial, 71.

Mr. I. Ogden, the Indian agent reports on the educational work in this agency as follows: -

Williams Lake Industrial School.

Reverend Father Maillard, O.M.I., is the principal of this institution. He is assisted by a competent staff of nine persons. The boys are encouraged to farm, and, under the guidance of Brother Collins, great interest is taken in this work. The gardens are splendidly cultivated.

In his annual report, the principal says: 'During the past year the pupils have taken great interest in the class-room work. In addition to farming the boys are taught carpentry and shoemaking. The girls receive instruction in knitting, sewing and domestic science. Our ex-pupils are a credit to the school.'

General Remarks.

The ex-pupils are beginning to realize the benefit of education, as the knowledge of agriculture obtained at the school greatly assists them when they start for themselves.

Tommy Wycott, an ex-pupil, assisted by his father-in-law, won the prize for the best kept farm in this agency. Ex-pupils dress well and take interest in their former studies. They secure work from the whites more easily than those who have not attended school. The female ex-pupils are good housekeepers. They are better morally than those who have not been educated.

YUKON.

Number of pupils enrolled at day schools, 116; number enrolled at Carcross boarding, 36.

Rev. John Hawksley, Indian superintendent, reports on the educational work in the Yukon, as follows: -

Carcross Boarding School.

This school was visited twice during the year. I am pleased to be able to report that excellent progress has been made by all the pupils. The ready and correct answers given, during the examinations, indicates the thoroughness of the teaching. All the children answered the questions put to them in a manner that shewed familiarity with the subjects. The principal has taken great pains with his pupils with good results. I saw the girls at work in the laundry, the sewing-room, and the kitchen, under the supervision of one of the teachers. The work they were doing was excellent and done in an orderly manner. The bread, baked by the pupils, was light and wholesome. Cleanliness is the keynote of the school in all departments. In the workshop, the boys were repairing boots, getting up the type for the school paper, Northern Lights, making boxes for two of the pupil, who were leaving the school, and assisting the manager to build a launch for carrying freight from the railway to the school across the lake. This launch has proved a good, serviceable boat. The outdoor work such as haymaking, working in the gardens, and caring for the stock was performed intelligently. The growing crops looked very promising and proved to be the best since the establishment of the school.

The health of the pupils has been very satisfactory. Ada Roberts, a girl from the Moosehide band, died at the Whitehorse hospital; this was the first case of death in three years. Every care is taken by the staff to keep the children in good health. The physical drills, as outlined in the manual issued by the department, were well done, showing that they were well and frequently practised.

Fire drill is excellent. A test was made when the pupils were asleep in bed at 10 p.m., and the building was emptied in a little under three minutes and done in an orderly manner. The pupils are taught to pick up their clothing and wrap a quilt around them. On examination I found each child with its clothing in its arms and wrapped in a quilt, all this was done in the time specified above. The staff were unaware of my intention to ring the fire alarm.

Credit is due to the staff for the excellent manner in which they are conducting the school, the discipline is remarkable.

Whitehorse.

The Indian day school here has been in abeyance during the past year, owing to a variety of circumstances. In the earlier part the Indians were away in the hills hunting. Through the decrease in the price of furs they were in poor circumstances and were obliged to remain out hunting as they did not have the money to support themselves in their village.

The Rev. W.G. Blackwell, the teacher, was away for six months on a business and holiday trip, and the moving of the Indians to the new reserve upset things somewhat, so that it was not possible to gather the children together for school. A new schoolhouse will possibly be built on the reserve in the near future. In the meantime school will be held in the present building whenever the Indians are around to attend.

Teslin Lake and Champagne Landing.

The missions at these places have been vacant during the year, the Church authorities being unable to secure a man for them. I am given to understand by the Bishop of Yukon that he is in negotiation with a teacher for Champagnes to take up the school work, but arrangements were not complete at the time of writing. Both the schools at these places were doing good work and it is regrettable that they are now closed.

Little Salmon.

The Rev. C. Swanson has conducted school here, whenever the Indians were at the village, with good results. The pupils are bright and anxious to learn, and show samples of their work with great pride. All are in the elementary grade, and progress is rather slow, for the simple reason that the pupils are so much away and cannot attend regularly. Considering the irregularity of the attendance, it may be said that the teacher has done good work. The school-room is neat and clean, well ventilated, and neatly furnished. The Government property is well cared for and is in good condition.

Selkirk.

Last July the Rev. C.O. Brett was transferred from Teslin to this place. On settling down he immediately opened the day school, at which he has had a fair attendance, whenever the Indians are in, and very fair progress was being made by the scholars. I regret to have to report that owing to the health of his wife he has been compelled to resign and leave for a more temperate climate, thus for the present the school is closed. The Church authorities are arranging for one of the ex-pupils of the Carcross Indian boarding school to go to Selkirk to teach the day school. James Wood is about 19 years of age, and was one of the brightest pupils in the Carcross school. He has done a little teaching in the Moosehide school where he showed aptitude for the work, hence his appointment to Selkirk. It is hoped the experiment will prove successful. The school material is in good condition and well taken care of. The schoolroom is kept neat and clean.

Moosehide.

This school, being located three miles from Dawson, is frequently visited by me. The pupils are fairly regular in attending, and while the progress is somewhat slow, there is a marked improvement since my last report. Some of the pupils read and write fairly well and have some knowledge of elementary arithmetic. The attendance varies somewhat because at times the children are away with their parents hunting. The sessions have been held continuously throughout the year. During the absence of the regular teacher, Rev. B. Totty, on missionary trips, a temporary teacher has been employed. Mr. J. Whitehouse taught on one occasion and Mr. James Wood on the other, both being efficient. I visited the school during both these periods and saw the teachers at work. The school-room is neatly and cleanly kept, the pupils were clean, and the discipline very fair. The school material is in good order and is carefully looked after.

Forty Mile.

Mr. A.C. Field has taught, four Indian pupils in the day school, which is a mixed school for Indians and whites. He reports that the Indians have done pretty well. I have not yet had an opportunity of examining the Indian pupils, but expect to visit the place shortly, after which a further report will be sent.

Rampart House.

The day school here is taught by the native clergyman, the Rev. Amos Njootli. All the work is done in the native tongue, as the clergyman himself speaks very little English. Most of the pupils read and write in their own language. What is needed here is a teacher to teach the school in English. It is hoped that this may be arranged for by the Anglican Church, which is conducting the mission.

General Remarks.

I may say that the day school work throughout the territory has been carried on during the year under many difficulties. I feel that it can be justly said that the best has been done in circumstances that none could control. Conditions in regard to the Indians are improving, better prices are now being paid for their furs, and we hope that during the coming year the attendance at the day-schools will improve.

It is hoped that the information conveyed by the foregoing report will be of value to those interested in Indian education, and that it may be useful as a record of progress.

*I have the honour to be, sir,
Your obedient servant,
MARTIN BENSON,
For Superintendent of Indian Education.*

REPORT OF A.J. BOYD, INSPECTOR OF INDIAN SCHOOLS IN THE PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA.

SCHOOLS.

The number of schools under my supervision at present, which is temporary, is twenty-eight, including Halfway River, Beaumont, and Black Lands, these being properly white schools attended by Indian children. The first mentioned is in Nova Scotia, the two others are in New Brunswick.

INSPECTION.

It is my duty to inspect the schools in Nova Scotia periodically, and those in the other Maritime Provinces as occasion occurs. I, therefore, promptly embraced the opportunity which presented itself in January last, to visit and inspect the schools at Tobique and Edmundston, in New Brunswick, which I found in charge of efficient teachers, and which, as a result, are making satisfactory progress.

I inspected all the schools in Nova Scotia since the beginning of the present term, except the New Germany school, which I had to pass by on my tour of inspection on account of stormy weather, which caused a suspension of railway traffic at that particular time in some sections of Western Nova Scotia.

BUILDINGS.

All Indian school-houses in Nova Scotia are in very good repair, with the exception of the one at Shubenacadie reserve. Other buildings also connected with the schools are, for the most part, in good condition. Class-rooms, as a rule, are kept scrupulously clean and well ventilated, which is evidence that hygienic conditions are duly appreciated. These observations will also apply in a general way to school buildings in New Brunswick. and Prince Edward Island.

ATTENDANCE.

Referring particularly to Nova Scotia, an epidemic of measles, which visited many sections of the province recently, and from which Indian reserves were not exempt by any means, interfered rather seriously with the attendance at Indian schools this year, as it did with many of the white schools. A prevailing factor which adversely affects the attendance of pupils at school every term, is the inability of parents with large families to provide their children with comfortable clothing, and, as a consequence, many of the younger ones are kept from attending school during the winter months. Yet, from statistical information obtained on my tour of inspection, I find that the number of pupils enrolled up to the end of the fiscal year was approximately 250, with on average attendance of about 145, or 56 per cent, which, in the circumstances, may be considered very good.

PROGRESS.

In most of the schools inspected by me progress was evident and satisfactory - particularly so in a few instances - and, as a rule, they compare favourably in that respect with the other common schools of the country. Good discipline and polite behaviour on the part of pupils were pleasing features in most of the schools, and gave evidence of careful training by the teachers.

TEACHERS.

Under this heading I have to repeat what I stated on former occasions, that teachers employed by the department are well qualified to perform the duties which they are expected to faithfully discharge. There may be a couple among the number who do not display as much energy as they might, but there are bound to be exceptions, always, to the most comprehensive rules.

REPORT OF REV. JOHN J. RYAN, SUPERINTENDENT OF INDIAN SCHOOLS, FOR THE PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK.

Eleven schools are now comprised in this superintendency, and are situated as follows: Burnt Church, Eel Ground and Red Bank, in Northumberland county; Eel River in Restigouche county; Big Cove in Kent county; Oromocto in Sunbury county; St. Mary's and Kingsclear in York county; Woodstock in Carleton county; Tobique in Victoria county; and Edmundston in Madawaska county.

Eel River School.

On September 15, accompanied by Mrs. J. Morrissey, wife of the Minister of Public Works for New Brunswick, and Mrs. M.A. Ryan, I paid an official visit to this school. There were eighteen pupils present, and the average, attendance since the opening of the term was eighteen. I examined the pupils in all the subjects taught, and am pleased to say that they acquitted themselves very creditably and made a most favourable impression on the visitors. All the children were neatly and comfortably clothed, and were very obedient.

The teacher, Miss M. Leblanc, has done excellent work since she assumed charge of this school. The building is comfortable and there are ample playgrounds. This school is showing progress and, in a short time, it should be one of the best in the superintendency.

Eel Ground School.

On September 20, accompanied by Father Dixon, I visited this school and found nineteen pupils present. At my request Father Dixon examined the pupils and was well pleased at the good showing of the older pupils. The children are acquiring a better knowledge of English. Good order was maintained during our visit, and the children were clean and neatly clad.

Miss Margaret Isaacs, the teacher, is a bright, capable girl and is ambitious to succeed. The school building is in good condition. Teacher's quarters have been erected recently.

Burnt Church School.

Accompanied by Father Murdock, I visited this school on September 20. There were sixteen pupils in attendance. I examined these, but, as a number of the older pupils were absent, the examination was not as satisfactory as it would otherwise have been.

The teacher, Miss H. Keating, seems anxious to do her utmost for the welfare of the pupils. The school building is in excellent condition. Splendid playgrounds adjoin the school. Miss Keating has shown commendable enterprise in encouraging the boys to cultivate a school garden. The children worked diligently to make this a success.

Red Bank School.

This school was inspected on September 21, when there were thirteen pupils present. As this school has just been started, little can be said of the children's work, as the pupils are only in the first and second grades. The parents do not pay much attention to their children, but it is hoped that under careful training of the teacher the pupils will improve in cleanliness and dress.

Miss E. Cormier, the teacher, has no diploma, but I trust she will be successful. The school is being conducted in a rented room.

Tobique School.

This school was visited on October 6, and I found twenty-one pupils present. The average attendance since the beginning of the term was twenty-two. At this time of

the year there is a slight falling off in the attendance, as a number of the children are working in the potato fields. Considerable progress was noticed, especially in reading, spelling and geography. Discipline was well maintained, and the neatness and cleanliness of the children was up to the usual high standard.

Miss McGrand, who has taught here for several years, is a capable, painstaking and earnest teacher, and admirably qualified for work in an Indian school, being patient and persevering. The school building and outhouses are in good repair, and ample playgrounds adjoin the building.

Oromocto School.

Accompanied by Father Cormier, I inspected this school on October 14. There were eleven present, out of an enrolment of twelve, and the average attendance since the start of the term was ten. The children acquitted themselves very creditably in their examination. A pleasing improvement in reading has taken place. This improvement is due to the perseverance of the teacher. In spelling, arithmetic, drawing and geography, they were good. Discipline is well maintained, and they were generally neat and clean in dress and appearance.

Miss D. McCaffrey is a qualified teacher, and has had charge of this school since its inception. She is painstaking and conscientious. Owing to the indifference of the parents, a careful supervision over the children is required. There has been a considerable improvement in the manners and dispositions of the children, and good work is being done. Splendid playgrounds adjoin the school.

Kingsclear School.

On October 15 I visited this school and examined the eighteen pupils who were present. The average attendance since the beginning of the term was nineteen, an excellent showing. The pupils, both in the primary and advanced grades, showed good progress. I found the girls, especially, very well advanced in arithmetic, geography, selling and reading. The discipline was good, and the deportment of the children is worthy of special mention. They were neatly and comfortably dressed.

The teacher, Miss Florence O'Brien, is a very bright and clever young lady, holding a superior grammar school license. Her enthusiasm is touching the slower natures of the Indian children, and I trust that the progress, now evident, will continue. The school building, being a new and up-to-date structure, is bright and cheerful. There are ample playgrounds.

Big Cove School.

Accompanied by Father McLaughlin, I visited this school on November 16 and found thirteen pupils present. Owing to the indifference of the parents the attendance at this school is unsatisfactory.

The teacher, Miss McLaughlin, is doing her best in the interest of the pupils, but her efforts have been unproductive up to the present. The school building is rather old. There is a good playground.

Edmundston School.

Accompanied by Father Conway, I visited this school on December 14. There were twelve pupils present out of an enrolment of thirteen. I was pleased with the progress shown in this school since my last visit. The children, with few exceptions, did well in reading, arithmetic and geography. Discipline was well maintained, and the dress and appearance of the pupils compared favourably with the children of the other schools in this superintendency.

The teacher, Miss M. Michaud, is earnest, capable and persevering, and seems much attached to her work, taking an individual interest in each pupil. The school-house, recently occupied, is a suitable building for the purpose. The classroom is well-lighted and heated. The playground is excellent.

I inspected this school on March 9 and found twenty pupils present out of an enrolment of twenty-three. The examination of the children proved very satisfactory, all doing remarkably well in the different subjects. The older pupils were especially proficient in arithmetic, particularly mental arithmetic. Good order was maintained and the pupils were neat, clean, and comfortably clothed.

The teacher, Miss Mary Hughes, is thoroughly competent, and devotes herself energetically and conscientiously to her work. She has taught her pupils to love their work, and the school is improving daily. The schoolhouse is new and up-to-date. There is a good playground.

Woodstock School.

I inspected this school on March 13 and found seven pupils present, out of an enrolment of eleven. On examination the children did well in reading, spelling and arithmetic. Discipline was well maintained and the pupils presented a clean appearance.

The teacher, Miss Genevieve Brophy, is painstaking and earnest, in the discharge, of her duties. This school is difficult to manage, owing to the parents of the children not getting on as well as they should. The school-house is modern with a large and airy classroom. A large playground adjoins the school.

St. Joseph's College.

Two Indian boys, Peter Tremblay and Gabriel Perley, are pursuing their studies at this institution, and it is very gratifying to be able to state that both boys are advancing. The elder, Peter Tremblay, has made special progress in English composition. The examination of both boys at Christmas averaged 86 per cent.

General Remarks.

In practically all the schools, sewing and knitting form part of the work of the girls. A few hours each week are set aside for the teaching of these useful employments. It is gratifying to note, not only the interest taken by the teacher, but also the pleasure evidenced by the pupils in this work, and the improvement noticeable from year to year. Dresses, aprons and blouses are made, while caps, sweaters, stockings and mitts are knitted.

Calisthenic exercises, as prescribed by the department, form part of the school work. These exercises tend to get the children out of their naturally indolent ways, and, besides, are healthful for their bodies. Health talks, suitable to the understanding of the children, are also given by the teachers, who, in a number of cases, give advice to the parents when opportunity offers.

In conclusion, I may say that the department has a painstaking and earnest body of teachers, who, in season and out of season, labour for the advancement of the children committed to their care. Their work during the past year has been crowned with success.

REPORT OF JOHN R. BUNN, INSPECTOR OF INDIAN AGENCIES AND RESERVES, ON THE INDIAN SCHOOLS IN THE LAKE WINNIPEG INSPECTORATE.

Norway House Boarding School.

This school is conducted under the auspices of the Methodist Church of Canada. The principal of the school is the Rev. J.A. Lousley. I visited this school in September, 1915, and went over the premises thoroughly, and into the work very care fully.

The building used for the school work is new and is in good condition and the accommodation is ample for the present needs of the work. It is modern in equipment, is electric-lighted, heated by steam, well ventilated, and is built on a fine location. The grounds are ample in area for the recreation of the pupils.

The attendance at the school, is well up to capacity and numbers eighty-nine in residence, 53 boys and 36 girls. At the time of my visit I found the pupils in residence bright and enjoying fairly good health.

I found that they were making good progress in their studies and other training exercises. In addition to their class work the boys, in a systematic manner, are taught to perform domestic chores pertaining to the outside work of any well-ordered home, carpentering, gardening and habits of industry, and they are also taught habits of politeness and respect for the staff and each other. The girls are taught plain and fancy sewing, mending, darning, knitting, cooking, laundry and general domestic work. They are taught habits of cleanliness and elementary rules and knowledge of sanitation.

The staff are well qualified for their work, and perform their duties with credit to themselves and profit to their pupils. They are kind and fair, good disciplinarians, and exercise good judgment in the discharge of their duty.

I was favourably impressed with this institution, and, when the work of getting located in the new quarters and premises is completed, the outlook for successful operation is promising.

Fort Alexander Boarding School.

This school is conducted under the auspices of the Roman Catholic Church. The work is under the supervision of the assistant-principal, the Rev. Father Jellin; the principal, the Rev. Father Bousquet, has been fighting under the flag of France since the commencement of the European war. The Rev. Father Jellin is assisted by a competent staff.

I visited this school on the 8th June, 1915, and I went over the premises, visited the buildings and found everything in splendid Order. The arrangements for the accommodation of the staff and pupils were complete and comfortable. The pupils, numbering about sixty-one, boys and girls, I found to be bright, healthy and contented. They are also progressing very well in their class-work.

The farm and garden, operated in connection with the school, are well managed by the farmer and his assistant, who are capable officials. Many of the boys are given duties to perform in this work, and in this way they are given practical lessons in farming and gardening, and how to care for horses, stock pigs and poultry, and to milk cows. The girls are also given practical lessons in plain and fancy sewing, laundry and domestic work, knitting and mending.

The institution is well cared for and managed, and reflects credit on the management, in all departments of their work.

Nelson House Day School (Methodist).

There is no school building at this point. The work is under the charge of Mr. W.E. Hatty, an active and interested man who is anxious to succeed. The Indians here are a good band. The school population is quite large, but for the greater part of the year is nomadic and scattered, so that there is always a difficulty in having them assembled for successful class work. The prospect of a new school building centrally located, will assist the work. I saw some of the working record in use daily and the writing and spelling were fair, and some progress was evidenced.

Cross Lake Day School (Methodist).

This school was visited on August 16, 1915. The enrolment on this date was fourteen, attendance 7. This was low, as the Indians had not permanently returned from their summering homes about the lake. A local epidemic among the children also affected the attendance. Mr. Johnson Hargreaves, the teacher, is fairly well qualified and is interested in the work. The classes were assembled in a rented room and they were quite comfortable. The work is very elementary, but some writing and spelling in the daily records was fairly well done. The equipment was ample, and in good order.

Norway House Day School (Methodist).

This school was visited on September 17, 1915. The enrolment was twenty-seven, the attendance on the day of inspection was seventeen. Examination tests showed the work to be elementary. Reading was good, spelling was fair, writing was neat and tidily done. In arithmetic, number work and simple problems, showed the scholars to be intelligently getting in touch with this work. Calisthenics is practised regularly and the children appear quite proficient in this. The scholars sang the national anthem very well. Miss De Wolff, the teacher, is very successful with the Indian children, being patient and kind, so that she wins the affection and respect of her pupils, and thus is more readily able to centre attention to subjects she desires to teach. The school building was in good order. The equipment was ample and in good order.

Poplar River Day School (Methodist).

This school was not in operation for some time. I visited it in June, 1915. It was owing to the indifference of the Indians that the school was closed for a time. The new councillor, Miles Michel, is active and energetic, and desirous of having conditions bettered. He wants a teacher, and a new one took up the work in August, 1915. Reports are encouraging, and there is a more active interest shown by the band. The building was in fair condition, clean and tidy. The equipment was ample and in good order.

Berens River Day School (Methodist).

I visited this school on June 22, 1915. The classes were not assembled at the time. I examined the daily working records of the pupils, find found writing and spelling neatly and well done, simple problems in arithmetic were fairly worked out. I found the building clean and tidy and well kept. The equipment was ample and in good order. Rev. J.H. Lowes was, actively, the teacher during the past year.

Bloodvein Day School (Methodist).

This school was visited on June 19. The pupils had been disbanded for summer holidays. The building, log with a shingled roof, was in fair repair, clean and tidy. The equipment was ample and in good order. The teacher is Joseph Everett, an educated Indian. He is kind and patient with his pupils, and does fair work. The copybooks and scribblers used by the children showed neat writing and fair spelling.

Deer Lake Day School (Methodist).

This is a summer day school. I visited this day school on July 8, 1915. The furniture is rough, being made on the ground by the teacher, Elijah Sinclair, an ex-pupil of Brandon industrial school. The seats are comfortable. The class-work is very elementary, the attendance is good, and the pupils are interested. The result of the work is very encouraging and a credit to the teacher, who is patient and kind to his pupils. The classes are assembled in a log building that is commodious, comfortable and kept very clean. The equipment was limited and was in good order. The school-room its well lighted and well ventilated.

Oxford House Day School (Methodist).

During the past year my visiting did not extend to this point. The teacher reports that there has not been much progress, owing almost entirely to the nomadic habits of the people. The Indians of this band live by hunting and fishing and to successfully work for a living they are scattered, and move about a great deal.

Cross Lake School (Roman Catholic).

I visited this school on August 17, 1915. This school was being conducted under rather unsettled conditions. The day school feature was discontinued on June 30, 1915, as it was expected that the new school building would be ready for partial occupation. At the time of my visit the school was still going as a semi-day and boarding school. The pupils present as boarders were: thirteen boys and twelve girls; the day pupils, eight boys and seven girls. The boarders were tidy and well dressed and looked healthy and well nourished. The scholars did some elementary exercises which were commendable. I examined the daily working records, and found the writing and spelling fairly good, and knowledge of simple problems in arithmetic fairly good. The girls are taught sewing, knitting, and assist in domestic work in all departments. The boys are taught suitable habits of industry, in such a manner as should be of assistance to them when they start to become home-makers and to settle down for life. The buildings used for the accommodation of the staff and pupils of the school are commodious and comfortable. The equipment and supplies for the school work were ample and kept in good order.

North St. Peter's Day School (Anglican).

I visited this school on March 14, 1915. I found the enrolment to be twenty-six, the attendance on the day I visited being nine. Examination tests resulted as follows: I found that the pupils read and spelled very well, their copybooks were neat and tidy, the writing good. Elementary arithmetic was fair. The teacher is Peter Harper, a member of St. Peter's band. He is faithful and attentive, patient and kind to his pupils, and brings his pupils along fairly well. The school building is log with a shingled roof and plastered walls. It is well lighted and is commodious and warm. Supplies for the school were ample and in good order.

Norway House Day School (Anglican).

I visited this school on September 16, 1915. The enrolment was twenty-two, the attendance was seven. The attendance varies in summer. Work is elementary. Reading and spelling fair, writing was good. Elementary arithmetic is taught with fair success. Mrs. Marshall, the teacher, has a second-class professional certificate from Ontario. She taught in Toronto for twelve years. The school-room is in the house occupied by Rev. Mr. Marshall, the resident Anglican missionary. It is comfortable and commodious, and the equipment and supplies of the school-room are sufficient and in good order.

Grand Rapids Day School (Anglican).

I visited this day school on June 28, 1915. The classes were disbanded for the summer holidays. I examined the scribblers and copy-books used daily by the

pupils, and found, from these, that the work was receiving careful attention. Writing and spelling were fair, and elementary arithmetic was worked out very well. The teacher is Nathan Settee, an educated Indian. He performs his duties very well. He is patient and kind to his pupils, and keeps fair discipline. The building was in good condition and well kept. The grounds have been cleaned up and improved, and afford some chances for recreation for the pupils. The new chief is energetic and helps the school. The supplies and equipment were ample and kept in good order.

Fort Alexander Day School (Anglican).

I visited this school on June 11, 1915. The classes were not assembled at the time, not having returned after the treaty holiday. I examined the building and the premises, and found the building in good order, clean and tidy. The supplies and equipment were ample. I saw the scribblers and copy-books used daily by the pupils. Writing and spelling were fair and simple problems in elementary arithmetic were worked out fairly well. The teacher is the Rev. C.H. Fryer. He is kind and patient with the children, and enjoys the confidence of the parents and children.

Black River Day School (Anglican).

I visited this day school on June 9, 1915. The classes were assembled, and I looked over them specially, as this was a holiday on account of the payments. I found the building kept clean and tidy. The equipment and supplies of the school were ample and in good order. The teacher, George Slater, handles the work well, and under his care the school is progressing. I examined the scribblers and copy-books. The writing and spelling was fair, and simple problems in arithmetic were satisfactorily worked out.

Hollow Water Day School (Anglican).

I visited this school on June 10, 1915. I found the building in good order, clean and tidy. The equipment was ample and in good order. The teacher is the Rev. George Smith, the missionary here. He handles the work very well. All the classes are elementary. The daily working records showed good writing and fair spelling. The band is divided, a portion living at Rice River and a portion at the old point, near the mouth of the Hollow Water river. For this reason the attendance is small.

Brokenhead Day School (Anglican).

I visited this school on June 5, 1915. The classes were not in session. I found the school building in good order, clean and tidy. The equipment and supplies were ample and in good order. The teacher, John Sinclair, is patient and kind to his pupils. The class work is elementary, but the scribblers and copy-books showed good writing, good spelling and some fair work in elementary arithmetic.

General Remarks.

The classification of the day schools in the Lake Winnipeg inspectorate is elementary. The work that is done has been faithfully performed, and the Indians have been shown, and it has been explained to them clearly, the benefits and advantages of education. It has been, at all times, pointed out to them that the department places these opportunities within easy reach for them, very freely, and that the teachers work conscientiously to perform their duty. I desire to state that, in my opinion, the results achieved warrant continued effort. Those who are engaged in this work deserve every encouragement as the duties that are associated with it are always strenuous and sometimes disheartening.

REPORT OF REV. JOHN SEMMENS, INSPECTOR OF INDIAN AGENCIES AND RESERVES, ON THE SCHOOLS IN THE LAKE OF THE WOODS INSPECTORATE.

Day Schools.

In last year's report, I was under the necessity of saying that there was no school of this class in operation throughout my jurisdiction, and several reasons were adduced to account for this fact. This year, I am happy to say, we have some advance to record.

The concentration of the seven small bands of the Rainy river at Manitou Rapids, which has been pending for some time, was happily consummated during the year 1915, through the activity of Mr. J.P. Wright, the Indian agent at Fort Frances. Instead of having a number of small circles of people at various degrees of distance from each other, we now have the whole of the Indians of the river at one point. What we could not do for a much scattered population becomes easy in the changed circumstances.

In consequence of this re-arrangement the department ordered the erection of a combined school building and teacher's residence, which was completed about last midwinter. A suitable teacher was engaged, and organization was effected; so that, at the time of writing, we have a fine day school in active operation. It is too soon to think of inspection and report upon the work being done, but we are assured that excellent success must follow the introduction of this new line of activity.

Boarding Schools.

Splendid work is being done in institutions of the boarding school class, and one object of this report is to present a resumé of the work done in the three schools which we have had the honour of inspecting during the year just closed.

Kenora Boarding School.

Three visits have been made by myself to this school during the year, - one on July 19, 1915, another on November 12, 1915, and a third on February 23, 1916. Special reports were sent to the department after each inspection, conveying information both general and financial.

This institution is situated about two miles south of the town of Kenora, Ontario. It is built near the top of a hill sloping toward the lake of the Woods, and presents a most imposing appearance to the many tourists and visitors who visit Kenora in the summer time.

The principal is the Rev. C. Brouillet, O.M.I. He is assisted by Brother A. D'Amour, disciplinarian of the boy students, Sister Gerard as matron, Sisters Gilbert and Octave, as teachers, and three other sisters in various capacities.

The school is equipped with all modern conveniences, is well lighted with electricity, and has a first-class beating apparatus, quite adequate to all demands. Dormitories are capacious, well ventilated, abundantly supplied with bedding of good quality, and are as clean as soap, water and energy could make them. The wash bowls, towels, baths and cupboards for storage of clothing are in perfect order.

The classrooms are well equipped with up-to-date desks and are commodious, well lighted, and properly ventilated. Ample supplies of books, slates, copy-books and other requisites were found to be on hand or in use. The teachers are well qualified, kind in manner, yet firm in preserving order. The progress of the pupils was satisfactory.

A new septic tank, properly connected, is a great boon to the school.

The pupils are very obedient to their officers, very polite to strangers, and faithful in the performance of their duties. The English language is freely spoken, and the

home feeling is strongly developed. Many of the ex-pupils are reported as doing well since their return to their reserves, and their influence is felt in the home life of their people. The staff must be commended for continued devotion to the best interests of the pupils intellectually, socially, and morally. The rules laid down by the department for the guidance of the school are faithfully observed.

Cecilia Jeffrey Boarding School.

This school has been inspected on two occasions during the year, on June 18, 1915, and on March 23 and 24, 1916. The school is situated on the shore of Shoal lake, Ontario, adjacent to reserves No. 89 and 40. It is about forty five miles from the town of Kenora in a southwesterly direction, and within about five miles of the now, famous Indian bay, whence the city of Winnipeg proposes to procure its water-supply. The terminus of the Greater Winnipeg Water District Railway is now within a short distance of the school.

The principal of this institution is the Rev. F.T. Dodds, a clergyman of the Presbyterian Church. Mrs. Dodds is matron, Miss Zena Brodie is teacher, Miss Lila Stratton is nurse, Miss Emma Andrew has charge of the kitchen, and Miss Craig is laundress. The assistant to the principal has recently resigned. The officers appear to be much overworked. The number of children in attendance is sixty-three, twenty-eight boys and thirty-five girls. All the children are in good health.

The class-room is large, high, well lighted, well ventilated, and well furnished. The teacher is doing excellent work. The building is clean throughout. All the taps and the hose connections are in good working order. The compression tank does its work well. Fire-drill is regularly practised. A roof has been added to file balconies of the fire-escape. Safety is now secured, and general satisfaction has resulted. Outbuildings are in good order, and the stock has wintered well. The water-supply is in good working order, and the sewerage is perfect.

Progress in English is not quite up to expectation, but steps are being taken to bring about improvement in this direction.

The department has lately permitted the principal to enrol pupils to the number of seventy, and this will greatly help the finances. To the credit of the school, it must be said, that good influences have resulted from the conduct of ex-pupils. Grant Okemow, Alex. Mandamin, David Kesik, John Robert Tapeigh, and Charles Pukwasikun are specially named as having done the institution credit both in point of thriftiness and in general good character.

A number of the girls, who have gone out to practical life have married and are keeping their homes in good order, and are leading moral lives. Such signs of the times afford encouragement to those who labour for the industrial and social uplift of these children of the forest. Tribal life is being slowly, but surely, moulded into new and improved conditions, through the educational work of the department.

Fort Frances Boarding School.

This school was inspected on March 16 and 17, 1916. It is located on the shore of Rainy lake, immediately west of Couchiching reserve, and is about three miles from the town of Fort Frances, Ontario.

The Rev. Father Vales, O.M.I., is principal, Rev. Sister Marianne is matron, and they have, as assistants, two male members of staff and four sisters. There are sixty children in attendance, all of whom were, in good health with the exception of three, who were not seriously ill.

I conducted a thorough examination of both the senior and junior departments of the school, and must bear testimony to a general proficiency. I noted very considerable improvement since my last visit. The children have developed a capability which it is a pleasure to commend. Enunciation was distinct and clear, punctuation

was properly observed, accent was good, tone and manner were excellent. There was no shyness nor hesitation, and they understood what they were reading. The blackboard exercises in arithmetic, as far on as division, were complex questions, but they were worked out with a promptness which was both pleasing and surprising. The general knowledge of English was found to be good. Many of the pupils, on being asked the meaning of certain words in their lesson, gave satisfactory replies in faultless diction.

Wholesome food was supplied in sufficient quantities. The best proof of this is to be found in the chubby faces of the smiling children. All pupils are well dressed and tidy in appearance, and stores of clothing are laid aside for future use.

Water pipes were frozen at the time of inspection, much to the disadvantage of all concerned. It was interesting to observe how quickly other methods of procedure were adopted to meet the unforeseen emergency.

The atmosphere in all the rooms was found to be fresh and good. Fire-appliances were ready for action. The drainage system was working well. The furnaces were meeting all demands. The house, in all its parts, was clean and orderly.

Altogether there was so much to commend and so little to find fault with that your inspector believes it will afford pleasure to the department to know how matters stand. In conclusion the agent, Mr. J.P. Wright, assures me that not only is the school living up to its duties and privileges, but its influence for good is felt both far and wide.

REPORT OF S.J. JACKSON, INSPECTOR OF INDIAN AGENCIES, AND RESERVES, ON THE SCHOOLS IN THE LAKE MANITOBA INSPECTORATE.

Dog Creek Day School (Roman Catholic).

I visited and inspected this day school on Thursday, June 3, and found on the roll ten boys and nine girls, a total of nineteen. The average attendance for the quarter ending March 31 was five.

Standard I are in the A.B.C. class, except four who read a little in the first reader. Standard II read in the second reader. They can count up to 100 and are learning addition. They can write their names. Six out of the eleven present are good writers. The two in Standard II know the multiplication table up to six times twelve. They also know the days in the week and the months in the year. They are taught the geography of the Dominion, the provinces and their capitals. The great trouble with this school is the irregular attendance. Mr. Martel, the teacher, has passed the first part for matriculation, but has no certificate.

Ebb and Flow Day School (Roman Catholic).

I inspected this school on Saturday, June 5, and found on the roll fourteen pupils, ten boys and four girls.

The first standard know their A.B.C.'s, and can count up to thirty. They also write simple words on their slates. Average attendance during the last three weeks was twelve. This was the only part of the quarter that the school was open. The second standard can do simple sums up to multiplication, and can read fairly well in the second reader. Miss Adams has been reaching for one year. She has no certificate, but was educated at Portage-la-Prairie and St. Rose.

Upper Fairford Day School (Anglican).

I inspected this day school three times during the year, on April 12, June 9, and November 25.

The average for the quarter ending March 31, 1915, was five. The irregular attendance has prevented any progress being made at this school. The teacher, Rupert Bruce, says that the parents will not send their children regularly, and, in consequence, he cannot make progress.

Lower Fairford Day School (Anglican).

I inspected this school on Monday, June 14, and also in November. In June I found on the roll fifteen boys and sixteen girls; a total of thirty-one.

The second standard read well in the second book, spell very well, and can do sums up to long division. They are also good writers. The pupils in this class each recited a page of poetry. The premier division of the first standard read well in the Ontario primer, can spell any word in their lesson, and do simple sums up to multiplication. They can all write their names on their slates. The A.B.C. class are good in knowing their A.B.C.'s and can read small words. All the pupils in standard one can write their names. All the pupils sing hymns and songs very nicely. At the date of this report, both the Upper and Lower Fairford day schools have been closed, and the now combined day school, which is midway between the two old schools, has been opened, under the charge of A. Hyson, teacher, and Mrs. Hyson, matron. The children are taken to this school by team, and a warm meal is given to them at noontime.

Lake St. Martin Day School (Anglican).

I inspected this day school on Thursday, June 10, and found on the roll eight boys and seventeen girls, a total of twenty-five.

There were present at inspection twenty-three pupils, seven boys and sixteen girls. The average for the quarter ending March 31 was 13.06. The two pupils in standard four read well in the third book; spell well, are good writers, and can do sums up to long division, and know the geography of Western Canada. Nearly all the pupils present were in standard one, and are in classes from the A.B.C., to reading in the first book. All of the senior pupils write well. The teacher is John A. Favel.

Little Saskatchewan Day School (Anglican).

I visited this school on Friday, June 11, and found there were present twenty-five pupils, ten boys and fifteen girls. This school was not open during the March quarter, owing to the death of the previous teacher. The second standard read very well in the second book, and can spell fairly well and can do small sums in addition. The first part of the first standard read fairly well in the first primer and can spell some words in their lessons. The second part of the first standard know their A.B.C. and figures, also small words. Mr. Hyson, the teacher, has only recently come from England, where he has taught in the Anglican church schools and appears anxious to make good. At the date of this report he has been promoted to teach the new improved day school at Fairford, and Colin Sanderson, till lately teacher at Lower Fairford, is now in charge of The Little Saskatchewan school.

Water Hen Day School (Roman Catholic).

I visited this school on June 17. The holidays were on at the time of my visit, and owing to the lowness of the water, we arrived on the reserve at 7 p.m. on Thursday and left the following morning at 6.45 a.m., giving me no opportunity to inspect this school on the treaty trip. The attendance for the quarter ending March 31 was 5.12 and the teacher complains of the poor attendance and the difficulty in getting the Indians to see the necessity of sending their children regularly. A good many of the children were sick at the time of my visit. The teacher, Joseph Inglott, was

educated at Stonehurst Jesuit College, England, Palermo Jesuit College, and at a college at Malta. He has a third-class professor's certificate from Manitoba, but no Normal training. He has had Normal training in England.

Pine Creek Boarding School (Roman Catholic).

The principal, Father G. Leonard, is assisted by a staff of three male assistants and nine sisters. I inspected this school twice during the year, on June 26, 1915, and January 7, 1916. At the time of my first visit there were present in both class-rooms, nineteen boys and thirty-two girls. A great number of the pupils were laid up at the time of my visit with a cold. Twenty-four girls and nine boys were sick with the measles. It being Saturday, I just looked over both rooms, without making a regular inspection of the classes. All the other departments of the school were also looked over, and I found every branch of the work of the school carefully managed. On my second visit, in January, I found present in the senior class-room, which is in charge of Sister Lawrence, eleven boys and twenty-one girls, a total of thirty-two. The second class read well in the second reader, and can spell all the words in their lessons. They write nicely, and are also taught drawing and geography. The third standard read well in the Catholic reader and are excellent in spelling. They do sums up to short division and are also taught geography and drawing. The two boys and four girls in the fourth reader are just about as far advanced in all classes of the fourth standard as the average white pupil in the country schools of Manitoba.

The junior classroom at this school is in charge of Lay Sister Frances, who is making good progress in her room. I found present seventeen boys and twenty-seven girls, all in the first standard, but divided in several branches.

The new junior class-room on the second floor is now completely finished, and is a great improvement on the old class-room in the basement. Of the numbers quoted about as far advanced in all classes of the fourth standard as the average white leave present at inspection seventy Indian children. Two Indian boys were away at the time of this visit, bringing the attendance for the January quarter up to seventy-two.

Shoal River Day School (Anglican).

I inspected this school on Monday, June 28, and found present at inspection, twenty-one girls and twenty-two boys. The average for the March quarter was 23.2. The teacher is Mr. Thos. Conway.

The Mackay Boarding School (Anglican).

Rev. Louis Laronde, principal, has a staff of ten assistants, three male and seven female. I inspected the class-rooms on Tuesday, July 6. I found the junior room in charge of Miss K.S.S. Upsdell, teacher. There were present at inspection twenty-six girls and fourteen boys, all in the first standard. All the children are making good progress in reading, writing and arithmetic. All can write from dictation and a number can recite from their lesson-book. They also sing nicely a large number of pieces. I consider that Miss Upsdell has done a remarkable work in connection with the junior room at this school, and very great progress can be noticed since my visit last February. In the senior room, where Miss M.G. Willis is the teacher, there were present at inspection nine girls and seven boys, all in the 2nd, 3rd and 4th standards.

All read fairly well in the second, third and fourth books. There are five classes in arithmetic, in this room, from addition to fractions. They are good writers, and can also spell all the words in their lessons. They are also taught all the other branches in their standards. At the school, at the time of my visit, the boys and girls

were being taught all the outside branches, the raising of all sorts of vegetables and grain, and also flowers, and the boys, about a dozen of them, were being taught how to clear land of bush and get it ready for grain and roots. As all the island, 349 acres, on which the school is situated, is covered with bush, the land is being cleared. At the time of my visit about 40 acres was clear of bush and the stump puller was at work. The big boys were attending to this and were doing well and liked the work.

There is also, on Fisher island, a hospital for the benefit of the school and agency, situated about 300 feet east of the school, the nurse in charge being Miss Mabel Jenner, who is fully qualified. The hospital had been in quarantine since June 24 until the date of my visit with one case of smallpox. The caretaker, Mr. Belton, and four other patients were in at the time of my visit.

Shoal Lake Day School (Anglican).

I found present four boys and four girls, out of an enrolment of fifteen. The average for the June quarter was 9.88. The holidays were on at the time of my visit, but the teacher Louis Young, rang the bell and eight came in for an hour's examination. Only seven in standard I and one boy in standard II were present. These pupils are progressing slowly.

Red Earth Day School (Anglican).

I inspected this school on July 9 and found that Francis Daniels had been teacher since May 3. I found on the roll nine girls and eighteen boys. Average for June quarter was thirteen. There were present at Inspection three girls and fifteen boys. Standard III read nicely in the second reader and have a lot of general knowledge about things going on about their reserve and surroundings. They spell any word in the lesson and each of the class wrote me a very nice letter. Standard II read well and do sums in addition; they also write well. Standard I read well in the primer and can spell any word in their lesson. They can do small sums in addition, and are also learning to write. Mr. Daniels taught at the Shoal Lake day school for two years. He was educated at St. Paul's.

Cumberland Day School (Anglican).

I inspected this school on Thursday, July 15, and found on the roll twelve pupils, six boys and six girls. The average for the June quarter was 4.08. All the pupils on the roll are in the first standard. There were present at inspection three boys and two girls, a total of five. The pupils of the first standard are divided into two classes, the A.B.C. and the first primer. The senior division read well in the Ontario primer, can do small sums up to subtraction, write well and are good spellers. All the children are taught calisthenics and they sing hymns very well. The teacher, Joseph Chamberlin, has taught for two years at the Big Eddy day school, and also at Battleford and Onion Lake schools, for two years. He is conscientious and careful, and well able to teach. The irregular attendance is the bane of this school.

Chemawawin Day School (Anglican).

I inspected this school on July 20, and found on the roll seven boys and thirteen girls. The attendance for the June quarter was 10.20. There were present, at inspection, seven boys and eleven girls. The first part of the first standard are doing very well. The second part of standard I read well in the first book, standard II read fairly well in the second book and can spell the words in their lesson. They are good at mental arithmetic, and can do small sums in long division. They sing well. All classes take part in the calisthenic exercises. Mr. R.C.V. Cooper is the teacher.

Moose Lake Day School (Anglican).

I found on the roll thirteen boys and eleven girls. The average for the June quarter was 9.75. I found six boys and six girls present at inspection. The second standard can read fairly well in the second reader and can do small sums. The first standard are from the know-nothing up to the A.B.C. and first primer. One thing is very noticeable in all our Indian day schools, and that is the very large number of first standard pupils at every inspection. Just as soon as the child reaches ten or thereabouts, he stays or is kept away from school. The teacher is Mr. J.G. Kennedy.

Swan Lake Day School (Presbyterian).

I visited this school three times during the year and found things, on every occasion, about as usual. I found on the roll, on April 26, fourteen boys and twelve girls. At inspection there were present five boys and six girls. The average attendance for the preceding quarter was eight. The children are doing very well, in their different classes, but the irregular attendance is still a great trouble. Miss J.G. Bruce is the teacher and she is assisted by her sister.

Roseau Day School (Roman Catholic).

I visited this school on December 21 and found on the register of the school twenty-one pupils, ten boys and eleven girls, all in standard I. The average attendance for the June quarter was nine. Miss Godin, the teacher, is a bright girl. She has just passed her entrance examination and I think will do very well at this school. At the time of my visit there were fifteen pupils present, seven boys and eight girls.

Rousseau Rapids Day School (Undenominational).

Was not able to visit this school during the year. On my recent visit to the reserve the snow was so deep and the roads so bad that I decided not to go, seeing that the agent had been out there a few weeks before.

Crane River Day School (Roman Catholic).

This school is still closed up.

Okanase Day School (Presbyterian).

This school on the Keeseekooweenin reserve still remains closed.

Brandon Industrial School (Methodist).

Rev. T. Ferrier, the principal, is assisted by a staff of twelve. I inspected this school twice during the year, in April, 1915, and November, 1915. On my visit I found Miss Follet in charge of the junior class-room. She has been teaching in this room for several years and is doing good work among the junior pupils. She takes an interest in the personal progress of each pupil, both in and out of the class-room. I inspected the junior class-room in the morning, and found present fourteen girls and fifteen boys.

In the first standard the two branches read very well off the cards and in the first book. The second class read well in the second book. The third class are reading well in the third book and can do sums up to multiplication in five figures. Both classes, second and third write well from dictation, and make sentences with words that are on the blackboard. In the afternoon I found present seven boys and eleven girls. The senior class-room is taught by Miss Margaret Edwards. In the afternoon there were present fourteen girls and thirteen boys.

The three standards in this room read very well in the fourth and fifth books, and they all spell well. They are also good writers and can do all sorts of sums. They are also taught all the subjects as laid down by the department for the different standards.

Miss Edwards has a second-class Ontario non professional certificate, with a third-class Normal in Saskatoon. She has a business certificate for stenography, also diploma for pipe-organ and piano. This is her first school. She has been here since March 11. She seems to like the work among the Indian children and may do for the work.

Good teachers for the Indian schools are hard to obtain, as a large number of the pupils know nothing when they arrive at the school at the age of from 12 to 16. In both class-rooms, at the time of my visit, were 92 children out of 100 on the roll.

At my second visit in November, I found on the roll of the school 116 pupils and actually present 113, 54 girls and 59 boys. There is a great improvement in the basement of this school since my last visit, owing to the removal of the many hot air furnaces. Two Gurney boilers have been installed and the system of heating changed from hot air to steam. There is now a fine large room for the boys to lounge in, which has been badly wanted in the winter time. The old system of ventilation took up a lot of room in the basement, which is now being utilized, and the building is still well ventilated, the old air shafts being still in operation.

The boys are taught farming, gardening, carpenter work, painting, and also how to run and repair all kinds of farm machinery, including gasoline engines. If they stay at this school until they are 18, they will know all about horses and cattle, the care of colts and young stock, the milking of cows, and the proper care of this class of stock.

The girls are taught all kinds of housework including the care of milk and the making of butter. There has been no serious sickness during the year, and the school had only one death to report.

ELKHORN INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL.

The principal, A.E. Wilson, is assisted by a staff of thirteen. I inspected this school twice during the year, in April and December. In April I found the senior classroom in charge of Miss B. McDonald, who has a second-class non-professional certificate with a second-class normal. She has taught in public schools for three years.

Standards II and IV are doing well in reading, writing arithmetic and geography. The class-room is in excellent order. Standard III read well in the third book, and are well advanced in writing, arithmetic and spelling. Standard VI read well in the fifth book, are good writers, and are also taught arithmetic, geography, history, composition, grammar and drawing. Standard VIII read well in English history, write nicely, are well up in arithmetic and all the subjects taught. Hygiene and calisthenics are also being taught.

Miss Melita Wilson, teacher of the junior class-room, has a second-class non-professional certificate and also second-class Normal. She has taught in public schools and this school for nearly four years. All the pupils in the junior class-room read well from the blackboard and first book. The senior division of the standard first do sums on the blackboard, in addition and multiplication. All the divisions of standard I are learning to write and some are progressing very well. This class reads well in the fourth Manitoba reader, spells well, is doing sums up to fractions, is learning geography, can draw a map of North America and is good at writing.

The new enlarged class-room is a great improvement over the old class-room. The total number of pupils present in the class-rooms, at the time of my visit and inspection was 104. The general health of the pupils has been very good during the year. There was only one death.

The boys are taught farming and gardening at this school, and also the use of

carpenter's tools. When they graduate all will be able to make a good living by working out for wages, or can utilize their knowledge on the reserves to which they return. The boys assist in doing all the work of the institution originated by the principal, assistant-principal, farmer and the carpenter, and are, with few exceptions, handy with all sorts of tools and implements. They are given special instruction with regard to cattle.

The girls are under very careful supervision, and, in addition to what they learn in the class-room, are taught housework which will be useful to them later on in life. They also assist in making their own clothes, and do all the darning of the institution. The girls are also taught gardening, and the care of milk, including the making of butter.

The food furnished at this school is good and plenty of it without any waste. The bill of fare shows that the children are well nourished with good and wholesome food.

On December 1 and 2, I went all over the school on a general inspection with the lady superintendent, and found everything in first-class condition. I also made an inspection of all the barns, etc., with the principal and farm instructor. I found 119 pupils on the roll of the school, eight of this number were away, due for discharge, reducing the number to 111.

A new Gurney furnace has been installed in the basement and appears to be doing good work. The new barn is finished and was full of cattle. The capacity is thirty-six cows, one bull and a few calves. Threshing was late this year, not having been started on the date of my visit.

Portage la Prairie Boarding School (Presbyterian).

The principal, Mr. W.A. Hendry, has a staff of six. I inspected this newly-built school in September, and also in October. I found on my first visit in September that Miss Winnifred Henderson, the teacher, has first-year in arts, holds a second-class non-professional certificate and a third-class in Normal training. She keeps excellent order in the school and has good control over all the pupils. In the class-room in the morning I found 19 boys and 29 girls, and in the afternoon there were twenty boys and thirty-two girls. On the roll of the school are twenty-eight boys and forty-two girls, a total of seventy.

The pupils in all the different classes are being taught as laid down by the department for the different standards. All the classes are making progress. It is hard for the teacher to have so many, standard-one pupils in the same room with the other standards. A second teacher was at work on my second visit, and is taking care of all the first standard pupils.

The school building is of very fine appearance, being built of brick and stone. The first story is stone and the upper two brick. It is the best finished school building in the inspectorate, and a credit to the department of Indian Affairs. It is built in the shape of the letter H, the centre part being 42 feet by 80 feet, and the wings on each end 27 feet by 65 feet, the total front of the building being 134 feet, and the width of the ends 65 feet. There is an inclosed verandah at back, 8 feet by 34 feet, with two short verandah, one at each end of the inclosed part and opening off the junior dormitories, and in this part is located the fire-escape, two brass sliding rods to the ground floor. The two junior dormitories are each 24 feet by 26 feet and the two senior dormitories are each 26 feet by 29 feet, all of these rooms having a 15-foot ceiling.

The class-room on the ground floor is 27 feet by 28 feet with a 13-foot ceiling, and will seat comfortably about fifty children. The dining-room is in the basement, and is in size 25 feet by 40 feet with a 9-foot ceiling, and can seat eighty children. There is ample flooring throughout the upper three floors and in part of basement, the other part being cement, and the building is plastered throughout.

The site adjoins the limits of the city of Portage-la-Prairie and consists of fifty-six acres, all cultivated. The school building fronts on Crescent lake and there is a fine view from all the upper windows of the school.

Oak River Day School (Anglican).

Miss Havard, is the teacher. I visited this school several times during the year, and found that the teacher and her assistant are doing good work. The attendance has been good and Miss Havard feels that good progress is being made in all the branches of the school work.

Birtle Boarding School (Presbyterian).

The principal, Rev. D. Iverach, is assisted by a staff of five. I found on the register of the school, twenty-seven boys and twenty-three girls, a total of fifty.

Miss Elizabeth McCurdy was in charge of the classroom during my visit, but I understand that, shortly after, she retired from the work. Miss McCurdy made an excellent teacher for the lower grades, but could not control the larger pupils.

Sandy Bay Boarding School (Roman Catholic).

Father Chagnon, principal, has a staff of eleven. I visited and inspected all the branches of the Sandy Bay school, and found everything in first-class order. The notes of this inspection were mislaid.

REPORT OF J.A. MARKLE, INSPECTOR OF INDIAN AGENCIES AND RESERVES, ON THE SCHOOLS IN THE ALBERTA INSPECTORATE.

Ermineskin's Boarding School (Roman Catholic.)

This school is situated within a mile, westerly, of the Hobbema railway station. It was last inspected on September 3. Twenty-six boys and twenty-four girls were enrolled. Seventeen of these pupils were in grades three, four and five.

The Rev. Father Moulin is the principal and ten sisters creditably fill various positions on the staff. There are two classrooms and the teachers hold first and second-class certificates. Five pupils were discharged at the end of the June quarter.

Blue Quill's Boarding School (Roman Catholic.)

This school is situated on the Saddle Lake reserve and it is also known as the 'Sacred Heart' school.

It was last inspected on September 13 and there were then twenty-three boys and twenty-six girls enrolled.

Out of the forty-nine pupils enrolled twenty-four were in grades III, IV and V.

The Rev. Father Husson and eight sisters carry on the work.

Two teachers and two class-rooms are maintained.

About thirty-nine acres of land was cultivated last season. Wheat, oats, barley, potatoes and various sorts of vegetables were all successfully grown, and also small fruits and flowers.

Blood Roman Catholic Boarding School.

This school was inspected on November 8.

The Rev. Father Ruaux is the principal and eight sisters fill the various positions on the staff.

There are two class-rooms, each in charge of a teacher.

Twenty-eight boys and twenty-seven girls were enrolled, and of this number twenty-five girls were in attendance. Twenty-three of the pupils were in grades three and four.

St. Joseph's Industrial School (Roman Catholic).

This school is situated near the junction of the Bow and the High rivers - near Davisburg post office. The principal, Rev. Father Nordman, has a staff of eleven.

There are two separate main buildings. One building is occupied by the male staff and the boys, while the sisters and the girl pupils occupy the other one. The chapel and the refectory are within the building occupied by the reverend sisters. Two class-rooms are maintained; one solely for boys and the other one for girls only.

Mr. J.J. McDougall has charge of the boys' classes, and the Reverend Sister Cormpigne the girls' classes. There were twenty-six treaty and nineteen non-treaty children enrolled, or a total of forty-five. Thirty-five pupils were in grades III, IV and V.

About fifteen thousand bushels of grains were harvested, besides three thousand bushels of roots and a lot of green feed and vegetables last season. About fifty head of horses, one hundred and fifty head of cattle and one hundred pigs are usually kept. The boys of advanced age assist at farming and in caring for stock, while the eldest female pupils assist in the kitchen and in the sewing-room.

Crowfoot Boarding School (Roman Catholic).

This school is situated on the Blackfoot reserve and about half a mile southwesterly of Cluny - a station on the main line of the Canadian Pacific Railway. An inspection was made of this institution on February 14.

The Rev. Father LeVern is the principal, and the Rev. Sister Adrian the matron. Six more sisters fill other positions on the staff and, besides, there were two male employees caring for the heating appliances and the outside work. There were thirty-one boys and fourteen girls enrolled and of these forty-five pupils fifteen were in grades III, IV and V. Two class-rooms are maintained, one for senior and one for the junior pupils.

The location of this institution is a commanding one. The buildings are new and imposing, and about one thousand trees and shrubs have been planted and taken root.

St. Albert Boarding School (Roman Catholic).

This school is located on a hill overlooking the town of St. Albert about ten miles northerly from Edmonton. The Rev. Sister Briault, superior, has eight assistants and four male helps on the farm and on duty within the institution. Three class-rooms are in charge of a sister each, and fifty-two pupils out of the eighty-three present were in standards III, IV, V and VI. The inspection was made on March 2.

There are 1,513 acres of land in connection with this institution, and of this acreage about three hundred acres are devoted to the growing of grain, roots, green feed and vegetables of various sorts. Boys of advanced age assist at general farm work and the girls are taught housekeeping.

Peigan Roman Catholic Boarding School.

This school was inspected on October 18. There were thirteen boys and fourteen girls enrolled and of this number one girl was absent at a hospital.

The Rev. Father Riou was then the principal, but he has since undertaken the duties of a chaplain in the overseas forces. Sister Superior St. Marguerite is assisted by five sisters. The pupils are all under Sister St. Lewis, and were classified as follows: Grade I, 12; grade II, 13; grade IV, 2.

Blood Anglican Boarding School (St. Paul's).

This school is situated on land owned by the Anglican church and is separated from the Blood reserve by a river. When an inspection was made on November 15, there were fifty-eight enrolled and fifty-four present. Fifteen children, out of the fifty-eight enrolled, were classed in grades III, IV, and V.

Miss A. Campbell, who holds a first class teacher's certificate, was in charge of the classroom. The Rev. S. Middleton is the principal, and he had the assistance of two males and four females.

Sarcee Boarding School (Anglican).

The Ven. Archdeacon Tims is the principal of this institution, which is situated on the Sarcee reserve. There were thirty-four pupils present when the inspection was made on December 10. A majority of these pupils were admitted within a year and a half of the date of inspection and are still in grades I and II. There were four pupils in grade IV. Miss Tims has charge of the class-room and is qualified with a second-class certificate. The working staff comprises five persons.

Old Sun's Boarding School (Anglican).

This school is situated one mile south of Gleichen, and on the Blackfoot reserve. It was last inspected on February 11. There were seventeen boys and twenty-two girls enrolled and, of this number, three boys were absent. Seven boys and twelve girls were in standards III and IV. The staff comprises the Rev. M.C. Gandier, the principal and five assistants. Mrs. Wilcocks, the teacher, holds a B.S. degree, secured in London, England.

Peigan Anglican Boarding School.

This boarding school is situated just west of the Peigan reserve, from where all of the pupils are drawn. It was last inspected on March 15, and there were then twenty-one boys and fifteen girls enrolled. Sixteen of the pupils were in grades III and IV. The Rev. W.R. Haynes is the principal, and Mr. P.J. Owen assistant principal. There are five others on the staff.

Goodfish Lake Day School (Methodist).

This school was last inspected on May 19. There were thirty pupils enrolled, and seven boys and eight girls present. The most advanced pupils were in grade II. Mrs H.H. Howard is the teacher.

A mid-day meal is given to the children, who attend this institution. A new classroom building, with a kitchen and a refectory included, was in course of erection. This building has since been completed and occupied. This school is situated on the Whitefish Lake reserve, in the Saddle Lake agency.

Samson's Day School (Methodist).

This school is situated on the Samson reserve in Hobbema agency. There were twenty pupils enrolled, and when the school was inspected, September 2, there were six boys and seven girls present. Six of the pupils were in standards II and III, and the remaining seven in standard I. Miss Abbie Aylwin is the teacher. A mid-day meal is supplied to the children who attend this school.

Red Deer Industrial School (Methodist).

This school is situated on the north bank of the Red Deer river, and about six miles from the city from which it derived its name. There are 1,120 acres of land in

connection with this institution. Of this area about two hundred and fifty acres were under crop, and besides, about fifty acres of new land were broken. Hail did some damage to the crops. However, notwithstanding the hail injury, a very good return was secured. Twenty and more cows, besides about eighty head of other cattle, are usually kept and the revenue derived from the sale of butter and cream, materially helps to meet the expense of maintaining the school. The pupils of advanced years spend half of each tuition day in the class-room and the remainder of the time at work on the farm, duties in connection with the stock and at various household work.

Rev. J.F. Woodsworth, the principal, is assisted by a staff of six males and five females. There were fifty boys and thirty-two girls enrolled on August 25 when the inspection was made. Of this number, thirty-five boys and twenty-four girls were present. Forty-three of the fifty-nine pupils were in grades I and II, and sixteen pupils were in grades III, IV, V, and VI.

Saddle Lake Day School (Methodist).

This school was inspected on September 15. There were nine children enrolled and five boys and two girls present. All of the pupils were in grade one. Miss Winifred McKittrick had charge of the class-room. Several years ago a day school was maintained here and it was closed for want of the support by the Indians. Credit is due, however, to the Indians at this point, for placing a reasonable number of their children in the industrial school at Red Deer.

General Remarks.

In my last annual report I stated as follows: 'The expense of operating residential schools has increased considerably of late years. Although the per capita grant given by the department was increased about four years ago, the religious bodies, under whose auspices these schools are operated, find the grant to be inadequate to meet the advanced cost of foodstuffs daily in use in these schools. Moreover, contributions towards the support of such institutions are said to have diminished, owing chiefly to the financial stringency caused by the war in Europe. The numbers on the staff at some of the schools are too few to efficiently cope with the work. While there is a noticeable advancement among the pupils in all of the schools within this inspectorate, I entertain the opinion that more might be accomplished in some of these institutions, if the finances permitted a larger and a more remuneratively paid staff.'

The truth in the foregoing statements made a year ago has been intensified since. The staff at some of the boarding schools are too small to properly carry on the work. Moreover, the salaries offered, rarely entice capable persons to offer their services in this work. Frequent changes on an Indian school staff, particularly of teachers, has undesirable features. Efficient teachers are in demand throughout the country, at nearly double the salary the teachers are paid in Indian schools.

REPORT OF W.M. GRAHAM, INSPECTOR OF INDIAN AGENCIES, ON THE INDIAN SCHOOLS IN THE SOUTH SASKATCHEWAN INSPECTORATE.

Qu'Appelle Industrial School.

I visited this school in October, and my inspection covered a period of ten days.

This school is under the principalship of the Rev. J. Hugonnard, who has been in charge of the institution since it was first opened thirty-two years ago. He is assisted in his work by a staff of twenty-two members.

At the time of my visit there were 204 Indian children on the roll, 103 boys, divided into two class-rooms, and 101 girls, divided into three class-rooms. I spent

half a day in each of the classrooms and was particularly well pleased with all I saw and heard. The discipline in all the class-rooms was excellent. I was particularly pleased with the advancement made by the senior boys, under Mr. Towne.

The children at this school are well clad and well fed. The management of this particular part of the work is left entirely in the hands of the sisters.

I found the school in the best of order with the exception of a portion of the boys' basement. The dormitories were in splendid order, the beds being clean and comfortable. Considering that this school has been built nearly ten years, and has had a large number of children living in it all the time, it is surprising to find it in the excellent state of preservation in which it is to-day. A person visiting it would think it had been occupied only about a year. Since my last inspection, new lavatories have been built in the girls' quarters, and a new drainage system put in. The change has made the management of the children much easier, to say nothing of the improvement from a health standpoint. The instruction given to the boys at this school is very good and during the last two years particular attention has been paid to this branch of the work.

During the season of 1915 the Home farm had 497 acres in crop and 11,050 bushels of grain were produced. In addition to this 9,800 bushels of roots were grown. The school keeps about 100 head of cattle.

The girls are employed in all kinds of housework, as well as sewing. They make most of the clothing used at this school.

File Hills Boarding School.

This school is situated half a mile from the agency headquarters at File Hills. This institution is under the principalship of Mr. W.W. Gibson, who is assisted by a staff of four. At the present time, there are sixty-four pupils enrolled, twenty-seven boys and thirty-seven girls.

During the year, there has been a change of teachers. Miss McKenzie, who did excellent work, had to retire on account of ill-health. She was succeeded by Miss F. Cromie, a highly qualified teacher, who is doing equally well.

The boys at this institution receive an excellent training in all branches of farm work. The farm is well conducted and it is a satisfaction to go into the stables at any time and see everything in splendid order, and the stock well looked after. All the work is done by the boys under the direction of the principal.

The girls receive a splendid training in all branches of housework, under competent teachers. Nearly all the clothing used by the girls is made in this school. In my frequent visits to this school I have always found everything about the place in good order. The children are clean and well dressed. The beds are comfortable and all matters pertaining to the interior management are splendid.

Assiniboine Day School.

This day school, which has had such a splendid record in the past, has fallen back somewhat during the year. The attendance is much smaller than it should be, and there has been a great deal of irregularity on the part of nearly all the pupils. Under these conditions, it is difficult for the teacher, Miss Lawrence, to keep the work up to a high standard. However, I think there will be a change and that the attendance will improve. On my last visit to the school I found the class-room clean and tidy. The children were clean and well-dressed and appeared to be very healthy.

Round Lake Boarding School.

This school is situated at Round lake, in the Crooked Lake agency, and is under the principalship of Rev. Hugh McKay, assisted by a staff of five. The school is under the auspices of the Presbyterian Church.

At the time of my visit there were forty-one children in attendance and forty-eight were enrolled. I was pleased with what I saw in the class-room. The children have made advancement since my last visit. They read well and understand the context of what they read. They are particularly far advanced in arithmetic and their writing is splendid. The pupils were clean and well dressed, reflecting credit on Miss Munro, who is a very capable woman.

This school was very successful with their farming operations last year. The following is a list of the grain produced: wheat, 1,700 bushels; oats, 600 bushels; and barley, 800 bushels. There was also a large quantity of garden stuff produced. Nearly all the work is done by the boys under the direction of a farming instructor. The school has a large herd of cattle, some ninety head, but only twenty-five of these are actually kept at the school.

Cowessess Boarding School.

This school is situated at Round Lake, in the Crooked Lake Agency. It is under the auspices of the Roman Catholic Church, and the principalship of the Rev. Father Beys, who is assisted by a staff of eight.

The buildings and surroundings were in good condition. I found the dormitories in splendid order, being clean and airy. The beds were comfortable and everything in connection with the interior management was excellent. All the children were comfortably dressed, and all the clothing worn by the boys and girls is made at the school by the sisters and the older girls. The children appeared to be quite healthy.

At the time of my visit there were forty-six children in attendance, twenty-three boys and twenty-three girls. They were divided into five classes. At the time of my visit the children went through fire drill, and it was really surprising to see how quickly the building was emptied after the alarm sounded.

This school has a good farm in connection with it, and last year the returns were as follows: wheat, 2,000 bushels; oats, 1,500; roots, 900 bushels. There is also a good herd of cattle, numbering seventy-four, in connection with this school, much of the work on the farm is done by the older boys under the direction of a farm instructor.

Day Star's Day School.

This little school was visited by me on March 29. It is carried on under the auspices of the Anglican Church. It is taught by Mr. F.H.B. Scharpe.

At the time of my visit there where nine children enrolled and eight were in attendance. The children were fairly well advanced, but there is room for further improvement. They have been regular in attendance, and appeared to be clean. A mid-day meal is prepared and given to the children every school day.

The school and teacher's residence are frame structures. There is a small garden and I hope to see the premises fenced before the end of May.

Gordon's Boarding School.

This school is situated on George Gordon's reserve in the Touchwood agency and is under the auspices of the Anglican Church. The principal, Rev. H.W. Atwater, has a staff of three to assist him.

At the time of my inspection there were forty-six children enrolled and forty-five were in attendance. The management and discipline, at the school, is splendid and good work is being done in all branches. The children were well clad, well fed and healthy.

There is a nice little farm of thirty-seven acres in connection with this school and all the work is done by the boys and a yoke of oxen. The building was scrupulously clean throughout. The financial condition of the school is splendid.

Muscowekwan's Boarding School.

This school situated near Muscowekwan's reserve in the Touchwood agency its under the auspices of the Roman Catholic Church. The principal, Rev. Father Dugas, is assisted by a staff of seven.

I inspected this school on March 31, and found fifty-one children enrolled, but nine were temporarily absent from various causes. The children were divided into six classes and gave a very fair account of themselves and their studies. I found the children well dressed, clean, and healthy. All the clothing for the boys and girls is made by the staff and larger girls.

The school building here is modern in every respect, with the exception of a small stone structure, in which is situated the boys' dormitory, and this dormitory is by no means poor, as it has running water and is lighted by gas. It is the intention however, to tear down this old building in the near future and build in its place a more modern structure. The class-room, sewing-room, sisters' quarters, kitchen, dining-room, etc., are bright, cheerful and well ventilated. The rooms are large and the ceilings high. There is ample fire protection.

There is a splendid farm in connection with this school, and the boys receive a good training in this line.

REPORT OF A. MEGRAW INSPECTOR OF INDIAN AGENCIES, ON THE SCHOOLS IN THE SOUTHEASTERN INSPECTORATE, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

KAMLOOPS AGENCY.

Kamloops Industrial School (Roman Catholic).

This school was visited on September 26, 1915. Rev. Father Alph. M. Carion, O.M.I., who has been principal for twenty-three years, was found at his post, still hale, and hearty, and his enthusiasm undiminished. No material change has taken place during the year in the premises and appointments, and, although the buildings are somewhat old-fashioned, they are kept bright and cheery in exterior appearance by timely applications of fresh paint, while the same spotless cleanliness is observed in dormitories, kitchens and all interior apartments. What is lacking in modernness and convenience is made up for in the care with which they are kept. The attendance is a little over 70, and the health of the school during the past year has been good. Classes were heard, both of the girls and boys, and good work is being done.

Shulus Day School (Anglican).

This school, situated on the Nicola Mameet reserve, in the Nicola valley, is the only day school in the Kamloops agency, and owing to the number of Indian children in the valley, and the long distance to any other school, it is badly needed. Rev. A. Harold Plummer, the priest in charge of the mission, has also the oversight of this mission day school. Miss Williams, who was teacher at the time of a former visit, left at midsummer, and Mr. Harwood has since been teacher. There are seventeen pupils on the roll, and the attendance in December averaged 13.4, but in the exceedingly cold weather of January this was considerably reduced. The progress being made is encouraging, but better support is required from the chief and parents to secure regular attendance.

LYTTON AGENCY.

Lytton Industrial School (Anglican).

The attendance at this school, which was visited on October 29, 1915, was very much increased from that on my former visit in 1914. There were sixty-six boys in

attendance, of whom twenty-two had been brought down from the Nass agency. To accommodate these, more cots were placed in some of the dormitories, and a new dormitory, making provision for fourteen cots, was fitted up in the upper story, all the carpenter work being done by pupils under the direction of the carpenter. Faithful work appears to be done in the class-rooms, and the health of the school has been good.

All Hallows Girls' Boarding School (Anglican).

This school, at Yale, which is well known over the province, was visited on October 28.

Miss Miller, of Victoria, a duly certificated teacher, was in charge of the Indian girls in the class-room, and the instruction imparted is of a high-class. There were twenty-one girls present on the date of visit, but more were expected. The grades ranged from primer up to entrance work. The exercise-books showed great care and gave evidence of careful and capable instruction.

Outside the class-room domestic science had close attention, and many of the girls were doing sewing for the soldiers on service.

The entire institution under the direction of Sister Superior Constance is well managed, and the influence of the school is bound to have a beneficial effect in the Indian homes from which the pupils have come.

Lytton Day School (Anglican).

This school was visited on October 29. There were present, on that day, nine pupils, most of whom were small and in the lower grades. The number on roll was eleven. Miss Hobden, the teacher, is faithful and painstaking in the discharge of her duties. The school is doing efficient work as a feeder for the Lytton industrial school for boys and for All Hallows girls' boarding school at Yale. It enables the Indians to have the younger pupils at home until they are large enough to attend elsewhere.

Boothroyd Day School.

This is a new school opened in this agency during the year, and it is but rarely that the department has such immediate substantial return for outlay in Indian education as has been obtained in this instance. The school was only opened on May 3, 1915, with children who had no previous education, and none of whom could speak English. There are now thirty pupils on the roll, with an average attendance of twenty-four. Miss Lily Blachford is the teacher, and, besides being a well trained teacher, she speaks the Thompson Indian language, which has proved of great advantage to her in her work. The parents take a keen interest in the school and see that the attendance is kept up. Already some of the larger pupils have advanced to the standing of the third reader. This school, which serves several reserves that are remote and inaccessible, was badly needed, and has already justified its establishment. Miss Blachford had formerly done excellent work when she taught the Lytton Indian day school, but at Boothroyd she has made a wonderful record and eclipsed all her former achievements.

WILLIAMS LAKE AGENCY.

Williams Lake Industrial School (Roman Catholic).

At the above school, which was visited on September 13, there were present thirty-two boys and thirty-two girls. The school has had a successful year and the health of the pupils has been fair, although there had been much sickness throughout the agency and many deaths among the children. This circumstance led to special care at the school and consequent preservation of a normal bill of health.

There was no change in the staff since my former visit. Times looked prosperous on the school farm, and with the alternation of study and manual training every two hours, the interest of the pupils is kept up. A good feeling seems to exist between pupils and teachers, and the reputation of the school stands high throughout the district, where preference is given to ex-pupils in the matter of obtaining employment, from leading ranchers, owing to their greater capability. Father Maillard, the principal, encourages his pupils to thrift, and counsels them to save their earnings.

STUART LAKE AGENCY.

A breakdown in the auto prevented me reaching Fort St. James to visit the Indian school, but reports received from Indian agent W.J. McAllan as to progress made is very favourable. Mr. A.K.J. Okon Okoniy is the teacher, and in addition to the class of the day school, the girls are being taught sewing and housework by Mrs. Okoniy, who, as field matron, will be in a position to give valuable assistance by helping the Indians to observe hygiene in their homes.

KOOTENAY AGENCY.

Kootenay Industrial School (Roman Catholic).

This school was visited once during the past year - October 9. The attendance at the time of visit was seventy, but several more pupils were expected daily. An outbreak of measles on the reserve had affected the attendance for the quarter. The authorized number of pupils is eighty, although they have usually carried more than that number.

The excellent work which has characterized the institution and its management in the past, is not only being maintained, but excelled, as the facilities are improved. In the previous year I made reference to certain drainage improvements and the installation to secure adequate supply of pure water from St. Mary river. This was completed and is giving excellent satisfaction. The important improvement of the past year was the erection of a barn 110 by 38 feet with concrete foundations throughout, and an implement extension 20 by 28 feet with root cellar underneath. The arrangements for housing stock are ideal, making it an installation worthy of a model stock-farm; and there was also erected a smaller detached building for pigs, which is thoroughly modern and up to date.

The dairying equipment of the school is excellent. A significant feature, in connection with this, was the high mark for dairying taken by an Indian of this agency in the Indian farm competition for the Southeastern inspectorate. Although it was not the highest mark taken, the maximum of efficiency for the minimum of cost was obtained.

The only change in the staff during the year was the resignation of Mr. T.M. Smith, as farm instructor, and he was succeeded by Mr. George Bruce, who appears to be very successful in inspiring in his pupils an interest in their farm work.

OKANAGAN AGENCY.

During the year in this agency the principal work of Indian education has been that imparted in the public schools of the province, to Indian children who have attended from reserves in the vicinity of the schools. There was, however, one exception to this in the lower Okanagan, where the Indians of the Inkameep reserve, near Osoyoos, asked for a school and chose their own teacher, John Norwood, who, although not a qualified teacher, appears to have been very successful in teaching the children reading and writing and the simple rules of arithmetic, and maintained a fair attendance. I have not had an opportunity to visit the school, but have been

assured by the Indian agent that remarkable progress had been made by the Indian children under his teaching.

There is, however, good reason to hope that the Indians of Penticton may decide this year in favour of a school. Their new spiritual adviser, Father John, is breaking down their prejudice against education, and he is hopeful that they will agree to support a school if one is established. Enderby and the Head of the Lake are under the domination of the reactionary elements in regard to their attitude towards education. But better counsels will yet prevail.

REPORT OF W.E. DITCHBURN, INSPECTOR OF INDIAN AGENCIES, ON THE INDIAN SCHOOLS IN THE SOUTHWESTERN INSPECTORATE, BRITISH COLUMBIA.

During the past year all the residential schools in the Southwestern Inspectorate have been filled to their capacity, and, in two instances, the grant has been increased to allow of them taking in more pupils. At St. Mary's mission boarding school, at Mission City, the grant was increased from sixty to seventy-five and at the Coqualeetza industrial institute, at Chilliwack, the number was increased from 100 to 110. At many of the day schools the attendance of the pupils has also been very good, these instances being at such reserves where the Indians spend a great deal of their time at home. The progress made by the pupils, on the whole, has been all that could be desired, and their health generally was exceptionally good.

COWICHAN AGENCY.

Kuper Island Industrial School (Roman Catholic).

At this school, the principal of which is Rev. W. Lemmens, the pupils have been making good progress during the past year. Rev. A. Murphy attends to the education of the boys, and Sister Mary Lowis that of the girls. The boys receive instruction in carpentry, general handiwork, shoemaking and farming, while the girls are taught general housework, cooking, plain and fancy sewing. The pupils enjoyed splendid health during the whole of the year, notwithstanding the fact that the weather, during the months of January and February, was very severe. The school receives a grant for sixty pupils and this number has been kept up continuously.

Before the present month is closed, the pupils will be transferred to the new school, when it is expected that the grant will be increased to at least seventy-five, though the school building has a capacity for 100 pupils. The furniture is being placed in the new school at the time of writing. First-class equipment has been procured for both the classrooms and manual training rooms.

The water-supply for the new school is now beyond any question of doubt. When exploring for water, it was estimated that 5,000 gallons per day would be the maximum flow from the small springs to be tapped. On excavating for the reservoir, however, a large spring was struck which gave a daily flow of 100,000 gallons of clear spring water.

The farm in connection with this school contains seventy acres, from which are obtained sufficient vegetables for use at the school, as well as a good supply of feed for the live stock, which consists of three horses, thirteen head of cattle, twenty-seven pigs and 200 chickens.

Nanaimo Day School (Methodist).

The Nanaimo day school, which is situated on the Nanaimo City reserve, was, during the first half of the year, under the supervision of Rev. W.J. Knott, but since

the opening, after the summer holidays, Miss A. Bool, who holds a second-class British Columbia temporary certificate, has had the tuition of the children.

When the Indians are at home on the reserve this school has a very good attendance of pupils, and they make fine progress in their studies. Their health during the year has been first-class. The school-house is in a good state of repair, and the sanitary conditions are excellent.

Quamichan Day School (Roman Catholic.)

Miss Maud Frumenti, the teacher of this school, has been having a good attendance of children, and they appear to be making fair progress in their studies. There has also been noted a marked improvement in general appearance during the year.

The schoolhouse is old and is not as centrally located as could be desired to draw children from the reserves. This school will prove an excellent feeder for the Kuper island industrial school in the future.

Koksilah Day School (Methodist).

The new Koksilah day school is now located on a piece of ground adjacent to the Koksilah, Somenos and Quamichan reserves. The school was built by the department at a cost of \$1,500. The class-room is 18 by 26 feet and is well ventilated. There is also a cement basement, the full size of the building. During the early part of the year, the attendance had been very small, owing to so many of the children being away with their parents. Since October, however, the attendance has been much better, and pupils are making fair progress under Mr. C.A. Dockstader's teaching.

West Saanich Day School (Roman Catholic).

Owing to the fact that a number of the Indians of the West Saanich reserve have been away during a great part of the year, this school was closed for lack of attendance for several months. Miss Alice Hagan is the teacher, and has fair success with her pupils when they attend regularly.

Songhees Day School (Roman Catholic).

Miss Rose Quigley, the teacher at this school, has been having classes regularly during the year, and the pupils made good progress. The attendance has not been large, but there are now not many children of school age on the Songhees reserve. The grounds at this new school have been fenced during the year, and it is intended to further enhance their appearance by the addition of some fruit and ornamental trees.

KWAWKEWLTH AGENCY.

Alert Bay Industrial School (Anglican).

During the year marked success has been had with the pupils of this school. The principal, the Rev. A.W. Corker, has been on furlough in England, and Rev. F. Comley has been acting-principal, with Mrs. Comley acting-matron: Mr. C.M. Parrott has had charge of the class-room and under his tutorship the pupils have been getting along splendidly. Three of the pupils were so far advanced that they sat for the high school examinations in the month of June last, unfortunately, however, they all fell a few marks short of the number required.

Besides their regular studies in the class-room, the boys receive first-class instruction in carpentry and general handiwork, from the manual training instructor, Mr. Eli Hunt. There are thirty-five pupils on the roll, and all have enjoyed excellent health throughout the year.

The building is now about twenty-four years old and has begun to show need of repair and modernizing. There is now a first-class water-supply at both this school and the Girls' Home, the well that was sunk, during the previous year having proved a success. The sewerage system is good, all sewage being drained to the salt water natural gravity.

Considerable new ground was broken during the year, which, when put in crop, should help considerably in the production of vegetables for use at the school. The live stock consists of one cow, one horse, sixteen pigs and twenty-four chickens.

Alert Bay Girls' Home (Anglican).

Miss A.R. Neville is matron at this school, which is also under the supervision of the principal of the Boys' industrial school. In the class-room Miss M.E. Nixon has been having splendid success with the thirty girls who are enrolled as pupils. These girls are also taught general housework, sewing, cooking and gardening. Miss E. Edwards is now assistant-matron having succeeded Miss Roper early in the year.

No sickness of any account occurred amongst the pupils. There is a first-class sewerage system at this school; likewise, an adequate supply of pure water.

The amount of ground for garden purposes is only one-and-a-half acres, but, from this small plot, Miss Neville has had marked success with vegetable and small fruit. The live stock amounts to two cows two pigs, one hundred chickens, and twenty-one ducks.

Alert Bay Day School (Anglican).

At this school, Miss E.W. Ferryman, the teacher, generally has a very fair attendance of pupils, and, during certain seasons of the year, when a large number of Indians from other reserves are gathered at Alert Bay, the attendance is exceptionally good. All the children are young, the older ones from time to time being graded into the Girls' Home. I noticed considerable improvement in the progress made by the children on my last visit in November, from my earlier one in June. All the children had been enjoying good health. The classroom is large and well ventilated.

Cape Mudge Day School (Methodist).

Rev. J.E. Rendle, the missionary at Cape Mudge, holds regular school sessions in the school-house on the Cape Mudge reserve, and when all the children are at home they attend regularly, and make fair progress. The sanitary conditions at this school and on the reserve are excellent, and, consequently, the children have enjoyed good health. Mr. Rendle takes a keen interest in his work amongst the Indians.

NEW WESTMINSTER AGENCY.

Coqualeetza Industrial Institute (Methodist).

A very successful year has been had at this institute, which is at Chilliwack. Rev. G.H. Raley is the principal. The grant for this school during the year has been increased from 100 to 110. The progress made during the year has been very satisfactory. One pupil passed the entrance to the high school, another took first year high school work, successfully passing his examinations. Regular examinations have been held and promotions made from junior to senior grades.

There has been remarkable freedom from disease or any kind of sickness among the pupils during the year, no epidemics of any kind having taken place. Besides regular studies in the class-room, the boys are given instruction in carpentry, horticulture and agriculture, and the girls in sewing, laundry work, cooking and all branches of domestic science.

The buildings are kept in a sanitary condition but, as they are now somewhat old show the need of some repair. The system of ventilation and heating is provided by the Smead - Dowd system.

There is a fine farm and garden in connection with the school, from which an ample supply of vegetables and fruit are procured.

The water supplied at the school is from the mains of the Chilliwack water system. This school draws pupils from six agencies in British Columbia, from which there are repeated requests for accommodation of pupils.

St. Mary's Mission (Roman Catholic).

The St. Mary's Mission Indian boarding school, situated on the outskirts of Mission City, is now in charge of Rev. Father Tavernier, as acting-principal. Rev. Father Rohr, who had so successfully conducted this school during the past five years, has lately tendered his resignation. During his term of office, the establishment underwent great development, owing to his spirit of enterprise and interest in the work.

The grant for this school has been increased during the past year from sixty to seventy-five. There are now on the roll thirty-seven boys and forty-one girls, making a total of seventy-eight. The number of pupils, discharged during the year was seventeen, and the number taken in was eighteen. Very noticeable progress has been made in every branch by the pupils, but more particularly in reading and writing.

The health of the pupils has been excellent, owing to wholesome food, perfect cleanliness, and good ventilation throughout the whole establishment. No deaths occurred among the pupils during the year.

In industrial work the boys are taught farming, gardening, and general handiwork; the girls receive instruction in needlework of various kinds, washing and ironing, plain and fancy cooking, and, in general, such work as is necessary to make a good housekeeper.

In connection with the school there is a large farm, which produces root and grain crops, and, in the orchard, fruits of all kinds, in abundance. The building, which is heated by steam, has a first-class water supply and good sewerage.

Squamish Boarding School (Roman Catholic).

Sister Mary Ann is sister superior at this school which is situated at North Vancouver, close to the Mission reserve. There are fifty pupils on the roll, for which number they receive a grant.

The buildings are kept in a first-class state of repair, and are always to be found in a scrupulously clean condition. They are well ventilated and heated with hot air. They are connected with the North Vancouver sewerage system and the water from the city mains is supplied to the school.

The progress made by the children in the class-rooms was very good. Very little sickness appeared amongst them, there being no epidemics except seasonable colds.

There are five acres of land for garden purposes, and from this a good crop of vegetables and fruits were procured. The boys receive instruction in gardening and general handiwork and the girls in plain and fancy sewing, cooking and general housework.

Eight of the pupils received their honourable discharge at the beginning of September and eight new ones entered the school to take their places.

Sechelt Boarding School (Roman Catholic).

The school at Sechelt is in charge of Sister Theresine, as principal, who, with her excellent staff, has been doing good work with the pupils during the past year. The school receives a grant for fifty pupils, and the roll is generally kept up to this number.

The boys are taught gardening fruit-growing, shoemaking and carpentry, and the girls are taught all branches of housekeeping and plain and fancy sewing. Most of the girls cut and make their own garments and those of the other pupils. There is now an excellent water supply for this school, the old wooden flume having been supplanted by a wood-pipe main from a spring three miles distant. The school is always kept in a clean condition and the sanitary arrangements are very good.

Skwah Day School.

Mr. W.H. Grimshaw, the teacher at this school, has been having a splendid attendance of children, all of whom have been doing exceptionally well with their studies. They have also enjoyed excellent health. The sanitary conditions at this school are splendid, the classroom being large and airy with good ventilation.

Homalco Day School.

Mr. J.J. Moroney is the teacher at this school, which is situated on the Aupe reserve, Butte inlet. Mrs. Moroney is field matron and makes visits to 'the Indians' homes daily, and imparts knowledge to the women in the matter of keeping their houses in a clean and sanitary condition. The pupils of the school have been doing well throughout the year and no serious sickness has appeared amongst them.

Sliammon Day School.

This school is situated on the Sliammon reserve, and Mr. Basil Nicholson, the teacher, has had fair success with the pupils. Mr. and Mrs. Nicholson live in the second story of the school building, and are in touch with the Indian homes at all times. The building is well ventilated and always kept in a clean condition.

Katzie Day School.

Mr. J.J. Murphy, who was the first teacher at this school, which is situated on the Katzie reserves resigned some time ago to go to the front. He has been succeeded by Mr. F. Wilson. The pupils are making good progress in all branches of study, and the work of the teacher is recognized by the Indian parents, who take considerable interest in the education of their children, and appear to be very anxious for them to advance in their studies.

WEST COAST AGENCY.

Alberni Boarding School (Presbyterian).

The Alberni boarding school is situated close to the Sechart reserve at Alberni. The principal is H.B. Currie, with Mrs. Currie as matron. Miss Lucia Becker has charge of the children in the class-room. The progress made by the pupils of this school has been very fair, and some have done very well indeed.

The health, on the whole, has been very good, there having been no epidemics among the children. One girl had appendicitis and one had pneumonia; otherwise any sickness amongst the pupils was only of a mild nature. There were no deaths reported during the year.

The buildings are in a good state of repair, considerable new work having been done in the previous year. There are fourteen acres of land, for farm and other purposes, in connection with the school, on which were grown considerable fodder for the cattle, as well as root crops and small fruits for the school. Besides work in the class-room, the boys are taught baking, gardening, farm work, and care of stock, while the girls learn plain and fancy sewing, cooking, washing and general housework. Seven acres of new ground were chopped, burned and logged during the year. This will be cleared off during the coming year in order that it may be put into crop.

Ahousaht Boarding School (Presbyterian).

Mr. J.T. Ross is principal of this school, with Mrs. Ross as matron and Miss O. Arbuthnot teacher. The school has a grant for thirty-five pupils, and the roll is generally kept up to this number. The buildings are in first-class condition.

The progress made by the children during the year has been very good. This is very noticeable in the junior grades. There has been no sickness of any moment among the pupils during the year, but there was one death. Two pupils received their discharge and one new one was taken in.

Although there are about seventeen acres of land in connection with the school there is only about one acre fit for cultivation, consequently practically all the vegetables for the use of the school must be purchased. In industrial work, the boys are given instruction in first-class carpentry, painting, repairing and general handiwork, and the girls are taught all the branches of housekeeping.

Clayoquot Industrial School (Roman Catholic).

Rev. Father Epper is the principal of this school, which is situated a mile distant from the main Clayoquot Indian village. Sister Mary Clare is matron, with Sister Mary Patricia as teacher, Sister Mary Clotilda, seamstress, and Mr. Joseph Mully, manual training instructor.

The progress made by the pupils was very satisfactory. At this school some excellent work may be seen in map and other drawing, and painting with water colours. The writing of a number of pupils is also of a very high grade.

The health of the pupils has been very satisfactory, and not one serious case of cold was reported during the winter. There was, however, one death amongst the pupils, one of them having died while undergoing an operation in the hospital at Alberni.

In industrial work, the boys are taught carpentry and shoemaking and the girls are given instruction in dressmaking, plain and fancy sewing, and general housework. The building is in a very good state of repair and is heated by hot water. There is an ample supply of pure water on the premises, coming from a mountain stream.

There are about seven acres of land now cleared for garden purposes, from which were grown five rates of potatoes and other vegetables. Considerable work was done in the way of painting fences, the building of a storehouse, and clearing ground during the last year.

Clayoquot Day School (Roman Catholic).

This school is situated on the Opitsat reserve, which is the main village of the Clayoquot Indians. Rev. Joseph Schindler, O.S.B., is the teacher, assisted by his sister, Miss Victoria Schindler, Rev. Joseph Schindler gives instruction to the children in religion, arithmetic and geography, while the sister has charge of the reading, spelling, penmanship, drawing and singing classes, in which the children take quite an interest. Practically all the children on the reserve are on the roll at the school and a very fair attendance is kept up. The children have been making very good progress with their studies. The class-room is light and airy and well ventilated.

Ucluelet Day School (Presbyterian).

This school is situated on the Ittatsoo reserve. The teacher is Hugh W. Vander Veen, who has a university training. There are eighteen pupils on the roll, this being the full number of children on the reserve who should attend. During the past year there has been a very fair average attendance. The size of the class-room is 18 by 26 feet, and the sanitary conditions are very good.

The progress made by the children may be considered fair, taking into consideration the difficulties a day school has to meet, owing to the fact that Indians leave their reserves so frequently. Very little sickness of any moment is reported amongst the children during the year.

**REPORT OF A.M. TYSON, INSPECTOR OF INDIAN AGENCIES, ON THE SCHOOLS IN THE
NORTHERN INSPECTORATE, BRITISH COLUMBIA.**

BELLA COOLA AGENCY.

Bella Coola Day School (Methodist).

Miss Gibson, the teacher in charge of this school, reports the attendance fairly good, and the children making satisfactory progress in the work, although the studies are somewhat interrupted during the year, owing to the fact that the Indians and their families move to the canneries for the fishing. The school building is in good condition, and well equipped with the necessary furnishings. There are also ample playgrounds about the school, properly fenced and in good condition.

Bella Bella Day School (Methodist).

Miss Tranter is in charge of this school, and, under her guidance, the children are making good progress. Since the roof has been repaired and the building repainted the building is now in first-class condition. Sanitation and ventilation are carefully looked after, and the school is equipped with the necessary furnishings.

China Hat Day School (Methodist).

Mr. Reid is in charge of the school and reports the attendance good, and the children making satisfactory progress. This school has also been repainted both inside and out, which has greatly improved the general appearance. Sanitation and ventilation are good and the building equipped with the necessary furnishings.

Kitimat Girls' Boarding School (Methodist).

This is an exceptionally fine building, and kept in excellent repair. Sanitary conditions and water supply are good, and the building well furnished throughout. There is also a splendid playground and a recreation room for use in wet weather. The health of the pupils is reported good, and all impressed me as being particularly bright, and clean and tidy in appearance. Miss Ida Clark is in charge of the school and reports a steady progress in the work, and that the girls are taking a keen interest in their various studies.

Hartley Bay Day School (Methodist).

Mr. Mathews is in charge of the school and reports the children making good progress. The building is in fine condition and well equipped with the necessary furnishings.

Kitkatla Day School (Anglican).

This school was re-opened in September, in charge of Mr. George Oliver, who reports the attendance satisfactory, and the children making good progress. Sanitation and ventilation are also good, and the building is kept in excellent repair.

STIKINE AGENCY.

Tahltan Day School (Anglican).

This school is in charge of the Rev. Mr. Thorman, who reports that during the past winter the attendance has been much lower than formerly, owing to the fact that the Indians and their families had moved to the hunting grounds. As a result of this, conditions at this school have not been very satisfactory.

Telegraph Creek Day School (Undenominational).

Mr. William Pake is the teacher in charge and reports that the children are making good progress, though the attendance is small. Constable Cullen has received instructions to see that the children of Drytown attend the school regularly, and we are looking for a better attendance in the future.

NASS AGENCY.

Port Essington Day School (Methodist).

This school was visited September 25, 1915. Miss Noble, the teacher, reports the attendance fair, and the children making satisfactory progress. The building is of a good substantial character and in good repair. It is also well equipped with the necessary furnishings, and ventilation and sanitation are well looked after.

Metlakatla Day School (Anglican).

The school was visited on September 27. The building is in good condition, both inside and out. With the installation of new toilets, sanitary conditions have been much improved. Miss Klippart is in charge of the school and is a great favourite with both children and parents. The attendance is reported to be good, the children progressing favourably.

Port Simpson Day School (Methodist).

This school was visited on September 28. Mr. E.S. Grant is in charge of the senior division, and Miss Elsie Potter in charge of the junior. The building is well equipped with the necessary furnishings and in good repair. Sanitary conditions are also good.

Port Simpson Girls' Boarding School (Methodist).

This school is in charge of Miss G.E. Armstrong, under whom the pupils are making favourable progress in the different lines of work taken up. The building is kept in excellent condition, sanitation and ventilation being especially looked after. There are splendid recreation grounds in connection with this school, and efficient fire-escapes have been built, so that the building is now thoroughly modern and up-to-date in every respect. The pupils appeared healthy, and are clean and tidy in appearance.

Kincolith Day School (Anglican).

Miss Collison is in charge of this school, and reports the children making favourable progress, although the attendance is not very large. This is an especially fine building and kept in good repair.

Lakalzap Day School (Anglican).

Miss Sturgiss is doing excellent work at this school, and the children making satisfactory progress. The chief councillor and council expressed their appreciation of the good work being done here by Miss Sturgiss. The building is a good one and in excellent condition both outside and in.

Gwinoha Day School (Anglican).

Miss Helen Freeman has recently been appointed to this school, and the children are reported to be making good progress. A temporary building has been secured for school purposes.

Gitlakdamiks Day School (Anglican).

Miss Olive C. Bowen, who has recently been appointed, reports the children making favourable progress and the attendance good. A temporary building has been secured.

Aiyansh Day School (Anglican).

Miss Vera A. Chastenay has recently been appointed to this school, and the children are reported to be making good progress. A temporary building has been secured for school purposes.

BABINE AGENCY.

Hazelton Day School (Anglican).

Miss Soal is the teacher in charge. Sanitary conditions are good, also ventilation. The attendance is regular and the children are making satisfactory progress. The building is in excellent condition and well equipped with the necessary furnishings.

Hagwilget Day School (Roman Catholic).

Mr. Browning is in charge of this school and is doing good work. The attendance is reported good and the children making satisfactory progress. The building is in excellent repair, and sanitation and ventilation are also good.

Kispiox Day School (Methodist).

Miss Martin, the teacher, reports the children making good progress and the attendance satisfactory. The building is a good substantial one and kept in careful repair. Ventilation and sanitation are also well looked after. This school is surrounded by ample grounds.

Glen Vowel Day School (Salvation Army).

Miss Jackson, the teacher, reports the attendance good and the children making satisfactory progress. The children at this school are particularly good singers and Miss Jackson has taken great pains in training them. Sanitation and ventilation are well looked after.

Andimaul Day School (Salvation Army).

This school is in charge of Miss Vernon Leake. The attendance is reported good and the children are taking a keen interest in the work.

Meanskinisht Day School (Anglican).

Miss S.Z. Richardson is in charge of the school and reports the children making favourable progress. The building is a good one, and well equipped with the necessary furnishings.

Kitwangar Day School (Anglican).

Kiss Kemp is in charge of this school and reports the attendance good and the children making favourable progress. The building is well equipped with the necessary furnishings.

New Kitsequecla Day School (Methodist).

Miss Edgar is in charge of this school and reports the attendance fair and the children making good progress.

Kisgegas Day School (Methodist).

This school is in charge of Jonathan Mercer, a native, who reports the attendance good and the children making satisfactory progress.

Fort Babine Day School (Roman Catholic).

Mr. J.F. Morrissey is in charge of this school and reports the attendance good. The children are making satisfactory progress.

Kitselas Day School (Methodist).

Mr. Frank Van Gorder is in charge of this school and reports the attendance good and the children making satisfactory progress.

QUEEN CHARLOTTE AGENCY.

Massett Day School (Anglican).

Mr. and Mrs. Traynor are in charge of the school, which is in two divisions, Mrs. Traynor teaching the junior pupils. The average attendance is reported good, although during the severe storm weather experienced this winter, it fell off to some extent. The children are making good progress, and impressed me as being particularly bright, clean and tidy in appearance. The school has been repaired and repainted since my last visit and is now in good condition, both outside and in. Sanitation and ventilation are also good.

Skidegate Day School (Methodist).

Mr. Young, the teacher, reports the average attendance fairly good, although at the time of my visit, owing to the extreme weather experienced, there were but eighteen children present. The school has been put in first-class condition during the past year. A new floor has been laid and the building repaired and repainted, so that it now presents a very creditable appearance. Sanitation and ventilation are also good.

General Remarks.

The children attending the schools of the Northern inspectorate seem a bright and intelligent class, and are clean and tidy and healthy. For the most part they take a keen interest in the work and are making good progress.

The buildings at the different villages are being kept in excellent repair, and are good substantial structures, a credit to the department. In the various boarding schools, the fire-fighting appliances are being kept in their proper place, for use in case of necessity.

The new teachers appointed for the Nass River, to the Indian villages of Aiyansh, Gitlakdamiks and Gwinoha, have had the schools opened and we are looking forward to good results.

The teachers in the Northern inspectorate take a great interest in the welfare and education of the children, and a marked improvement is steadily growing in conditions, which would be, however, far greater were it not for the fact that the Indians are continually moving from one place to another, especially during the fish-

ing season, when they move down to the different canneries. This difficulty was to some extent solved by Miss Sturgiss last year, when, owing to the kindness of Mr. Chambers, manager of the Nass Harbour cannery, in providing a temporary building, she was enabled to carry on school with the younger children through the fishing season. If some such arrangements would be made at the other canneries, or, better still, if in some way arrangements could be made for the younger children to remain at home, the school work would progress more favourably.

REPORT OF W.M. GRAHAM, INSPECTOR OF INDIAN AGENCIES, ON THE EX-PUPIL COLONY AT FILE HILLS, SASKATCHEWAN.

This colony is made up of graduates of the different Indian schools throughout this inspectorate. At the present time the population numbers 163, comprising thirty-nine men, twenty-eight women, fifty-six boys and forty girls.

There are thirty-six Indians engaged in farming on this colony. Grain-growing is the principal occupation, but many of them are gradually acquiring stock and going into mixed farming.

The spring of 1915 was the most promising in the history of the colony. The Indians had a very large acreage in crop, there being 1,078 acres of wheat, 1,833 acres of oats and 105 acres of barley - a total of 8,016 acres. A large proportion of this land in crop was summer-fallow and breaking, and had been extra well prepared, as an effort was being made to raise a record crop. During the months of May and June and the first three weeks of July this large crop looked very promising indeed. On July 22, when it was nearly all headed out, a terrific hail and wind storm struck the Balcarres district, and completely wiped out hundreds of farmers, and the colony did not fare any better than did the outsiders. The very large crop, which gave every promise of a record yield, was, with the exception of two or three farms on the northern end, completely destroyed. The loss was a terrible one, as it meant everything to these people, who depended entirely upon farming as a means of making a living, and spent all their time the previous season preparing for this crop. Fortunately nearly all these people had hens and pigs, which provided food, and also good horses and working outfits, with which they could turn in and earn money selling wood, etc., to get ready cash to buy clothing and groceries for the present winter.

Within one week after the storm over thirty outfits were at work ploughing up the hailed fields and putting them under summer-fallow. While doing this they had to stop every now and again to earn money in other ways to keep them going. However, I am glad to say that by the end of the season they had summer-fallowed (two ploughings) 1,527 acres and broken 313 acres, and this land was thoroughly harrowed and made ready for crop.

As years pass, I can notice a decided improvement, in the manner in which these people live. As a rule their houses are clean and better furnished, and they themselves take more interest in their own persons.

Their stock is well cared for and they take a great interest in acquiring better horses. Most of them own from four to ten head of splendid work-horses. This year they had good gardens up to the time of the hail storm.

They clothe their children well, and take an interest in education, all being anxious to send their children to school. Their pastimes and amusements are usually the same as those of the white people and they are interested in what goes on outside.

There has not been an infringement of the Indian Act during the past year. This is not unusual in this colony.

We have a cottage hospital situated about the centre of this settlement, and the trained nurse in charge looks after all cases of illness. Most of the confinement cases are brought to this hospital.

In religion, the colony is about equally divided, half being Protestants and half Roman Catholics.

The Indians of this colony owe practically nothing and, had the crop of this year been successfully harvested, they would have been in excellent condition financially. As it is, they have a splendid line of farm implements, including two threshing outfits.

This report would not be complete without some mention of what these people have done to assist in the great war. No less than fourteen men out of this colony have enlisted for overseas service. Three of these are now in Europe and eleven are with different regiments in this province. In addition to the fourteen who enlisted, three others tried to go, but were rejected as medically unfit.

In addition to this large enlistment, these people have done wonderfully well with Red Cross and Patriotic work. There is a flourishing Red Cross branch, which has sent in the following articles since organization: socks, 64 pairs; night shirts, 9; surgical shirts, 29; pyjamas, 22; mitts, 4; wristlets, 3; scarfs, 3; bandages, 240; cholera belts, 3; and cheese-cloth handkerchiefs, 312. In addition to this, they have raised the following amounts in cash: Red Cross, \$1,230; Patriotic Fund, \$900; Belgian Relief, \$284; making a total of \$2,414. When one takes into consideration the heavy loss these people suffered last year I think it must be admitted that they have done well, and I doubt if any white community has given freely in men and money as have these young Indians.

Nearly all the people in this colony take a daily paper and are keenly interested in what is going on in the world at large, particularly with regard to the war.

REPORT OF REV. R.H. CAIRNS, INSPECTOR OF INDIAN SCHOOLS, ON THE SCHOOLS IN BRITISH COLUMBIA.

During the year there were in operation some sixty-five schools, with 165 teachers and instructors. The total enrolment was approximately 2,500 pupils. Four day schools were reopened on the Nass river, and one new school was opened in the Lytton agency. The schools were classified as follows: industrial schools, 8; boarding schools, 9; and day schools, 48.

BUILDINGS.

The school buildings on the whole are well adapted for the purpose for which they were erected. They are also kept in good repair.

The industrial school on Kuper island has been in operation for twenty-five years. The original buildings were frame. They had become old and too small to accommodate the applicants of to-day. A splendid new building of brick veneer, modern in all its equipment, has just been completed. This building has full manual-training equipment. This is one of the best school buildings in the province.

The Kootenay industrial school is another excellent building. The lower part is concrete and the upper part is constructed of concrete blocks. Everything is the very best of its kind. The school has its own electric light plant.

In the day schools there is more variety. Port Simpson and Massett have two roomed buildings equipped with modern desks. Some of the day schools are neat, comfortable, and well equipped. A considerable number have single desks. A gradual improvement is taking place. Schools that have been erected of late years are made to conform to modern ideas.

STAFF.

The greatest factor in any school system is the teacher. On our staff we have many very excellent teachers, and, with remarkably few exceptions, the teachers and instructors evince a genuine interest in the physical, intellectual, and moral development of the Indian children. They are earnest and persistent in their efforts to make the pupils proficient and efficient in all the work.

Many of our teachers have had special training for their work. A good number of them have attended normal school. Six normal-trained teachers have been placed on the staff during the year.

PUPILS.

Throughout the province there is a growing interest among the Indians on the subject of education, and as a result all the industrial and boarding schools are full to capacity.

Speaking generally, the health of the pupils has been good. There was an epidemic of grippe among the Indian pupils, in common with the pupils of our public schools. This, however, has not been followed by any serious results. The recuperative powers of these people are becoming stronger.

The attendance in the day schools shows a slight improvement. The parents are anxious to send their children to school, but they do not know how to organize the home so that the children may be punctual and regular in attendance.

PROGRESS.

In nearly all the schools there has been marked progress during the year. Indian children, when conditions are favourable, do good and satisfactory work in the classroom. The pupils of the industrial and boarding schools have been tested by written examinations on spelling, hygiene, composition, geography, and arithmetic. The results have been gratifying. In the industrial Department the aim is to make the work both educational and vocational. Farming, gardening, stock-raising, fruit-growing, carpentry, and shoemaking engage the attention of the boys.

The girls are trained in household, science and dressmaking. In some of the schools the girls are taught also to care for fowls. In the industrial schools, and also in the boarding schools, punctuality, system, and order are emphasized. This makes for efficiency.

In a limited number of the day schools a start has been made in school gardening. The hope is this, that school gardening may multiply the home gardens.

Calisthenics and deep breathing exercises are practised daily with the object of developing the lung capacity of the pupils. Health, efficiency, and length of life depend to a marked degree on the ability to purify the blood.

RELIGIOUS TRAINING.

'Train up a child in the way he should' go is not only God's command to parents, but it is society's first demand on both teacher and parent. This training, too, is one of the first needs of the child's own nature. With it, happiness is within his reach; without it, not only is his own happiness impossible, but he will interfere with the rightful enjoyment of others. In all our industrial and boarding schools, both by precept and example the positive teaching of the New Testament is kept before the pupils. The object is to vitalize and to energize the whole being through religious instruction. The day schools are opened with prayer, scripture reading, and singing.

Children should be taught kindness, reverence, justice, honesty, and truthfulness. The impressions made on the minds of young children are the deepest-rooted and adhere the longest.

At one of the industrial schools the boys are receiving military drill. Each is armed with a wooden gun. Their evolutions are very creditable.

Some ten of the ex-pupils have joined the Army and have gone or are preparing to go to Europe to fight in the defence of the Empire. I had a letter from one of the Nass River boys. He was located at Hounslow Heath and had the opportunity of visiting London. He speaks of the historic buildings he had visited, of his splendid health, and of the fact that he expected to leave soon for anywhere from France to Egypt.

Nearly all the schools have a portrait of the King and Queen hanging on the walls.

The Indians are exceedingly fond of music, and apt in learning to play a musical instrument. Many of the villages have a brass band. A few of the schools have added this to their curriculum, and the boys receive regular instruction. They play fairly well.

7 GEORGE V SESSIONAL PAPER NO. 1A. 1917

AUDITOR GENERAL'S REPORT

1915 - 16.

PART H

INDIAN AFFAIRS DEPARTMENT

DETAILS OF EXPENDITURE AND REVENUE

1 - 1H

Summary of Expenditure.	Page in Part H.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Civil Government -	...	...	...
Salaries	3	114,454 82	...
Contingencies	5	17,883 03	...
...	...	...	132,337 85
Annuities paid under Statute	6	...	209,549 00
Ontario	7	...	10,996 82
Quebec	7	...	16,999 35
Ontario and Quebec -	...	...	...
General legal expenses	8	6,417 42	...
Repairs to roads and bridges and drainage	8	21,770 34	...
General expenses	9	49,739 303	...
...	...	...	77,927 09
New Brunswick	11	...	16,283 56
Nova Scotia	11	...	28,599 19
Prince Edward Island	13	...	2,919 95
Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and Northwest Territories -	...	...	...
Expenses of agencies	14	543,265 16	...
Sioux	33	5,794 51	...
Surveys	33	9,227 51	...
...	...	...	558,287 18
British Columbia -	...	...	...
Expenses of agencies	35	172,983 88	...
Surveys	42	869 10	...
Cleansing Indian orchards	42	4,047 30	...
British Columbia Land Commission	42	44,301 02	...
...	...	...	222,201 30
Yukon	44	...	17,734 86
Indian Education	45	...	911,377 89
General -	...	...	...
Payments to Indians on surrender of lands	59	5,660 00	...
Relief to destitute Indians in remote districts	59	75,242 72	...
Prevention of the spread of tuberculosis	60	11,331 62	...
Epidemics of smallpox and other diseases	61	7,199 39	...
Surveys, Ontario, Quebec and Maritime Provinces	62	8,014 80	...
Suppression of the Liquor Traffic	62	3,000 00	...
Registration fees re births, deaths and marriages	62	138 00	...
Printing, stationery, etc., outside service	62	6,870 76	...
...	...	...	117,457 29
Miscellaneous -	...	...	...

Gratuities paid under Statute	62	...	1,100 00
War appropriation (see Vol. IV)	...	...	5,688 83
Indian Trust Fund -	...	...	...
Summary of balances	63	...	...
Summary of accounts	64	...	...
Band accounts	81	...	...
Total	...	...	2,329,460 16

Abatements.	Indian Affairs: Salaries at Ottawa.	Civil Government.	Outside Votes.
\$ cts.	Superintendent General.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
...	Hon. W.J. Roche (salary shown under Interior Department).	...	...
...	Deputy Superintendent General -	...	...
(tt)*51 86	D.C. Scott, 12 m. to Mar. 31	5,000 00	...
...	Staff.	...	...
...	Div. 1A -	...	...
(tt)	J.D. McLean, 6 m. at \$3,550, 6 m. at \$3,650	3,600 00	...
*58 00	W.A. Orr, 12 m. to Mar. 31	2,900 00	...
146 25	F.H. Paget, 9 m. at \$2,900, 3 m. at \$3, 000	2,925 00	...
...	Div. 1B -	...	...
(tt)	M. Benson, 9 m, at \$2,200, 3 m. at \$2,300	2,225 00	...
*56 00	S. Bray, 12 m. to Mar. 31	2,800 00	...
140 00	H.A. Conroy, 12 m. to Mar. 31	2,800 00	...
110 00	E. Jean, 12 m. to Mar. 31	2,200 00	...
*46 00	G.M. Matheson, 12 m. to Mar. 31	2,300 00	...
117 50	C. McGibbon, 6 m. at \$2,300, 6 m. at \$2,400	2,350 00	...
(tt)*12 48	H. McKay, 12 m. to Mar. 31	2,300 00	...
110 00	R.M. Ogilvie, 12 m. to Mar. 31	2,200 00	...
110 00	D.F. Robertson, 12 m. to Mar. 31	2,200 00	...
(tt)	S. Stewart, 12 m. to Mar. 31	2,800 00	...
113 75	W.R. White, 3 m. at \$2,200, 9 m. at \$2,300	2,275 00	...
133 75	A.S. Williams, 3 m. at \$2,600, 9 m. at \$2,700	2,675 00	...
...	Div. 2A -	...	...
82 50	H.N. Awrey, 12 m. to Mar. 31	1,650 00	...
26 64	H.J. Bury, 4 m. to Mar. 31, at \$1,600	533 32	...
63 36	G.L. Chitty, 8 m. to Nov. 30, at \$1,900 (deceased)	1,266 64	...
85 00	G.A. Conley, 12 m. to Mar. 31	1,700 00	...
95 00	S.W. Hobart, 12 m. to Mar 31	1,900 00	...
*42 00	A.E. Kemp, 12 m. to Mar. 31	2,100 00	...
85 00	A.F. MacKenzie, 12 m. to Mar. 31	1,700 00	...
*42 00	J. McGirr, 12 m. to Mar. 31	2,100 00	...
*38 00	R.B. Moffat, 12 m. to Mar. 31	1,900 00	...
95 00	P.J. O'Connor, 12 m. to Mar. 31	1,900 00	...
77 92	S.J. Robins, 12 m. to Mar. 31, at \$1,700 (less November)	1,558 34	...
*41 50	H.C. Ross, 6 m. at \$2,050, 6 m. at \$2,100	2,075 00	...
*57 00	J.W. Shore, 12 m. to Mar. 31	1,900 00	...
90 00	J.D. Sutherland, 12 m. to Mar. 31	1,800 00	...
...	Div. 2B -	...	...
36 29	A.S. Bourinot, May 22 to June 30 at \$800, 9 m. at \$850	725 68	...

47 50	E.B. Cogswell, 12 m. to Mar. 31	950 00	...
65 00	C.A. Cooke, 12 m. to Mar. 31	1,300 00	...
42 50	G. Davies, 12 m. to Mar. 31	850 00	...
80 00	H. Fabien, 12 m. to Mar. 31	1,600 00	...
44 38	J.H. Fee, 3 m. at \$850, 9 m. at \$900	887 50	...
*46 66	Miss M.D. Maxwell, 12 m. to Mar. 31	1,600 00	...
43 13	T.R.L. McInnes, 9 m. at \$850, 3 m. at \$900	862 50	...
40 00	T.H. Ogilvie, 12 m. to Mar. 31	800 00	...
53 75	P.N.L. Phelan, 6 m. at \$1,050, 6 m. at \$1, 100	1,075 00	...
50 00	A.E. St. Louis, 12 m. to Mar. 31	1,000 00	...
...	Div. 3A -	...	...
50 00	Miss M. Back, 12 m. to Mar. 31	1,000 00	...
60 00	Miss M.H. Brennan, 12 m. to Mar. 31	1,200 00	...
50 00	Miss G.C. Caddy, 12 m. to Mar. 31	1,000 00	...
47 50	Miss M.H. Coghlan, 12 m. to Mar. 31	950 00	...
50 00	Miss N.E. Darby, 12 m. to Mar. 31	1,000 00	...
60 00	Miss E.I. Findlay, 12 m. to Mar. 31	1,200 00	...
60 00	Miss G.A. Gorrell, 12 m. to Mar. 31	1,200 00	...
60 00	H.M. Graham, 12 m. to Mar. 31	1,200 00	...
60 00	H. Hooper, 12 m. to Mar. 31	1,200 00	...
50 00	Miss E. MacRitchie, 12 m. to Mar. 31	1,000 00	...
(t)42 00	Miss E.S. Martin, 12 m. to Mar. 31	1,200 00	...
7 37	Miss A.F. Masta, Feb. 2 to Mar. 31 at \$900	147 44	...
60 00	Miss M. McIntosh, 12 m. to Mar. 31	1,200 00	...
60 00	Miss E.K. McLatchie, 12 m. to Mar. 31	1,200 00	...
3,392 59	Carried forward	93,981 42	

1 - 1 1/2H

[*Superannuation Fund, No. 1.]

[(t)Superannuation Fund, No. 2.]

[(tt)35 year's service completed.]

Abatements.	Indian Affairs: Salaries at Ottawa.	Civil Government.	Outside Votes.
\$ cts.	Staff - Concluded.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
3,392 59	Brought forward	93,981 42	...
...	Div. 3A - Concluded.	...	...
60 00	Miss H.O. Donahoe, 12 m. to Mar. 31	1,200 00	...
*24 00	Miss H.G. Ogilvy, 12 m. to Mar. 31	1,200 00	...
50 00	Miss S.M. O'Gready 10 m. to Jan. 31, at \$1,200 (deceased)	1,000 00	...
60 00	R.G. Orr, 12 m. to Mar. 31	1,200 00	...
53 13	Miss B. Phelan, 9 m. at \$1,050, 3 m. at \$1,100	1,062 50	...
60 00	R. Pringle, 12 m. to Mar. 31	1,200 00	...
53 13	Miss H.G. Russell, 9 m. at \$1,050, 3 m. at \$1,100	1,062 50	...
30 00	S.E. Sangster, 6 m. to Sept. 30 at \$1,200 (resigned)	600 00	...
...	Div. 3B -	...	...
26 25	G. Armstrong, 6 m. at \$500, 6 m. at \$550	525 00	...
36 25	Miss A.B. Bailey, 6 m. at \$700, 6 m. at \$750	725 00	...
7 65	K.E. Boast, Dec. 11 to Mar. 31, at \$500	153 20	...
31 88	Miss W. Churchill, 3 m. at \$600, 9 m. at \$650	637 50	...
40 00	Miss A. Doyle, 12 m. to Mar. 31	800 00	...
9 92	V.E. Hood, Dec. 2, to Mar. 31, at \$600	198 39	...
24 37	Miss L.E. Langdon, 3 m. at \$550, 9 m. at \$600 (less Aug. 7 to Oct. 6)	487 49	...
16 08	Miss J.C. Macfarlane, April 1 to Sept. 28, at \$650 (resigned)	321 40	...
23 21	Miss A.F. Masta, 9 m. at \$550, Jan. 1 to Feb. 1 at \$600, promoted)	464 20	...
13 74	Miss C.G. McDonald, April 1 to Oct. 2 at \$550 (resigned)	277 94	...
26 25	E.J. Morgan, 6 m. at \$500, 6 m. at \$550	525 00	...
2 08	M.O. Neilson, Mar. 1 - 31, at \$500	41 66	...
14 56	C.A. O'Reilly, 7 m. to Mar. 31 at \$500	291 62	...
32 50	Miss A.E. Sleeth, 12 m. to Mar. 31	650 00	...
28 13	Miss A.M. Tench, 9 m. at \$550, 3 m. at \$600	562 50	...
...	Messengers, etc. -	...	...
40 00	J. Bradley, 12 m. to Mar. 31	800 00	...
39 38	W.A. Downing, 3 m. at \$750, 9 m. at \$800	787 50	...
*16 00	B. Hayter, 12 m. to Mar. 31	800 00	...
40 00	M. McAllister, 12 m. to Mar. 31	800 00	...
40 00	F. Munro, 12 m. to Mar. 31	800 00	...
*16 00	W. Seale, 12 m. to Mar. 31	800 00	...
...	Private Secretaries. -	...	...
...	W. Bryan, Nov. 1 - 30, at \$150	12 50	...
...	Miss A.G.E. Crawford, 8 m. to Nov. 30 at \$300 (deceased)	200 00	...

...	T.S. Heaslip, Nov. 1 - 30 at \$150	12 50	...
...	S.J. Robins, 12 m. to Mar. 31 at \$300 (less November)	275 00	...
...	Civil Government Contingencies, Page H - 5 (\$1,826.53)	...	...
...	Clerks -	...	...
...	H. Moir, April 1 to Sept. 30, at \$500	250 00	...
...	V. Seed, July 31 to Dec. 27, at \$500	204 27	...
...	Miss A. Smith, Mar. 13 - 31, at \$500	25 54	...
...	Messengers, Sorters and Packers -	...	...
...	F.G. Allen, 12 m. to Mar. 31	500 00	...
...	K.E. Boast, April 1 to Dec. 10, at \$500	346 72	...
...	A. Bristow, 12 m. to Mar. 31	500 00	...
...	Ontario and Quebec, Page H - 9 (\$3,333.32).	...	...
...	H.J. Bury, timber inspector, 2 m., Oct. and Nov.	...	233 32
...	C.C. Parker, inspector, 12 m. to Mar. 31	...	1,900 00
...	George Shaw, timber inspector, 12 m. to Mar. 31	...	1,200 00
...	Man., Alta., Sask. & N.W.T., Page H - 32 (\$2,199.96).	...	...
...	H.J. Bury, clerk, Treaty 8, April 1 to Sept. 30	...	699 66
...	L.H. Lamothe, clerk, Treaty 8, 12 m. to Mar. 31	...	1,500 00
4,307 10	Carried forward	116,281 35	5,532 98

[*Superannuation Fund, No. 1.]

[(t)Superannuation Fund, No. 2.]

[(tt)35 years' service completed.]

Abatements.	Indian Affairs: Salaries at Ottawa. - Concluded.	Civil Government.	Outside Votes.
\$ cts.	...	\$ cts.	\$ cts
4,307 10	Brought forward	116,281 35	5,532 98
...	Indian Education, Page H - 58 (\$1,999.92).	...	...
...	D. Chéné, architect, 12 m. to Mar. 31	...	1,999 92
...	Trust Fund, Page H - 158 (\$1,299.96).	...	...
...	J.A. Robertson, 12 m. to Mar. 31	...	1,299 96
4,307 10	...	116,281 35	8,832 86

[*Superannuation Fund, No. 1.]

[(t)Superannuation Fund, No. 2.]

[(tt)35 years' service completed.]

Civil Government Contingencies.	...	\$ cts.
Salaries at Ottawa	(Page H - 4)	1,826 53
Stationery Office supplies, 12 m. to Mar. 31 (\$4,574.15) -	...	...
Books printed, \$391.98; blank books and scratch pads, \$216.45	...	608 43
Typewriters, 5, \$558; carriage for typewriter, 1, \$65	...	623 00
Typewriter repairs and supplies, \$219.85; typewriter chairs, 2, \$19	...	238 85
Typewriter desks, 3, \$70.15; fountain pen, 1, \$5.25	...	75 40
Paper and envelopes, \$1,204.44; portfolio, 1, \$6.50	...	1,210 94
Reinforcing corners on paper, \$550; baskets, 2 doz., \$19.02	...	569 02
Tracing cloth, 16 rolls, \$116.19; daters, 2, \$9.60	...	125 79
Files, binders and transfer cases, \$76.07; index tabs, 1,000, \$7.50	...	83 57
Filing cabinets, 2, \$55.99; guides and folders, \$34.19	...	90 18
Phone indexes, 14, \$8.50; pencil sharpener, 1, \$6.50	...	15 00
Proportional dividers, 1, \$16; mailing tubes, 300, \$15	...	31 00
Envelope sealer, 1, \$35; letter opener, 1, \$21	...	56 00
Sundry stationery supplies, \$730.17; parliamentary publications, \$116.80	...	846 97
King's Printer's account, printing, binding, etc.	...	2,451 12
Telegrams, \$1,179.24; telephone messages, \$6.20; postage, \$393.68	...	1,579 12
Subscriptions to newspapers and publications	...	127 90
Street car fares, \$12; cartage, \$10.15; water, \$64.75	...	86 90
Gratuities to telegraph messengers, \$10.25; soap, \$15	...	25 25
White and blue prints, \$393.15; framing pictures, \$15.25	...	408 40
Galvanized box, 1, \$9.50; cash box, 1, \$3.25; portrait, 1, \$3.77	...	16 52
Folio case, 1, \$9; whisks, 1 doz., \$3; cotton, 55 yd., \$6.88	...	18 88
Drawing instruments, \$60.15; sundry small items, \$20.87	...	81 02

Ontario Association of Architects, dues	...	20 00
Association of Ontario Land Surveyors, dues	...	4 00
Washing towels, Mrs. E. Bellefeuille, 12 m.	...	84 00
Washing impression cloths, Mrs. E. Walsh, 12 m.	...	72 00
Travelling expenses: H.J. Bury, \$253.55; H.A. Conroy, \$3,811.30; C.A. Cooke, \$329.15; C. McGibbon, \$959.04; A.F. MacKenzie, \$123.20; J.D. McLean, \$50.45; R.M. Ogilvie, \$130.90; W.A. Orr, \$227.43; F.H. Paget, \$40.30; D.C. Scott, \$60.86; W.R. White, \$328.50; A.S. Williams, \$192.56	...	6,507 24
...	...	17,883 03

Annuities, paid under Statute.	\$ cts.
Manitoba, Alberta and Saskatchewan: chiefs, \$25; headmen, \$15; Indians, \$5 (\$182,745) -	...
Assiniboine Agency: 1 chief, 3 headmen, 167 Indians	905 00
Battleford Agency: 2 chiefs, 2 headmen, 955 Indians; arrears, \$160	5,015 00
Birtle Agency: 3 chiefs, 5 headmen, 405 Indians; commutations, \$100	2,275 00
Blackfoot Agency: 2 chiefs, 8 headmen, 721 Indians; arrears, \$15	3,790 00
Blood Agency: 1 chief, 11 headmen, 1,142 Indians; arrears, \$25	5,925 00
Carlton Agency: 6 chiefs, 17 headmen, 1,122 Indians	6,015 00
Clandeboyne Agency: 4 chiefs, 11 headmen, 1,598 Indians; arrears, \$220	8,475 00
Crooked Lakes Agency: 4 chiefs, 6 headmen, 581 Indians; arrears, \$45	3,140 00
Duck Lake Agency: 2 chiefs, 5 headmen, 1,008 Indians; arrears, \$25; commutations, \$150	5,340 00
Edmonton Agency: 5 chiefs, 4 headmen, 700 Indians; arrears, \$165; commutations, \$100	3,950 00
File Hills Agency: 1 chief, 5 headmen, 319 Indians; arrears, \$10	1,705 00
Fisher River Agency: 5 chiefs, 18 headmen, 2,228 Indians; arrears, \$365; commutation, \$50	11,950 00
Fort Frances Agency: 13 chiefs, 26 headmen, 848 Indians; arrears, \$30	4,985 00
Hobbema Agency: 2 chiefs, 6 headmen, 787 Indians; arrears, \$40	4,115 00
Isle à la Crosse Agency: 9 chiefs, 17 headmen, 1,924 Indians; arrears, \$85	10,185 00
Kenora Agency: 13 chiefs, 29 headmen, 2,130 Indians; arrears, \$975	12,385 00
Lesser Slave Lake Agency: 10 chiefs, 21 headmen, 2,424 Indians; arrears, 125; commutations, \$250	13,060 00
Moose Mountain Agency: 1 chief, 2 headmen, 211 Indians; arrears, \$15	1,125 00
Norway Howe Agency: 7 chiefs, 14 headmen, 3,201 Indians; arrears, \$10; commutations, \$400	16,800 00
Onion Lake Agency: 4 chiefs, 13 headmen, 1,022 Indians; arrears, \$170	5,575 00
Pas Agency: 6 chiefs, 12 headmen, 1,137 Indians; arrears, \$55	6,070 00
Peigan Agency: 1 chief, 4 headmen, 427 Indians; arrears, \$20	2,240 00
Pelly Agency: 4 chiefs, 6 headmen, 561 Indians	2,995 00
Portage la Prairie Agency: 13 chiefs, 33 headmen, 2,027 Indians; arrears, \$165; total, \$11,120; advance to pay annuities, 1916 - 17, \$2,375	13,495 00
Qu'Appelle Agency: 2 chiefs, 5 headmen, 403 Indians; arrears, \$15	2,155 00
Saddle Lake Agency: 2 chiefs, 8 headmen, 846 Indians; arrears, \$35	4,435 00
Sarcee Agency: 1 chief, 3 headmen, 184 Indians	990 00
Stony Agency: 3 chiefs, 5 headmen, 651 Indians	3,405 00
Touchwood Agency: 5 chiefs, 8 headmen, 714 Indians	3,815 00
Treaty 8: 10 chiefs, 17 headmen, 2,221 Indians; arrears, \$2,020; commutations, \$100	13,730 00
Fort Churchill and York Factory: 1 chief, 4 headmen, 400 Indians; arrears, \$915; advances to pay annuities, 1916 - 17, \$3,000; total, \$6,000; less advanced in 1914 - 15, \$3,300	2,700 00
Treaty 9, Ontario, Indians at \$4 (\$15,504).	...
Abitibi Indians: Dominion band, 158 Indians, arrears, \$8; Ontario band, 82 Indians, arrears, \$4	972 00
Albany Indians, 809: arrears, \$1,232; commutation, \$40; English River Indians, 87	4,856 00
Fort Hope Indians, 523; arrears, \$8	2,100 00
Martin's Falls Indians, 276; arrears, \$324; commutation, \$40	1,468 00

Matatchewan Indians, 82	328 00
Moose Factory Indians: at Chapleau, 73; at Missinaibi, 43; at Moose Factory, 363; arrears, \$280; commutations, \$120	2,316 00
New Post Indians, 29; arrears, \$16	132 00
Ojibbewa Indians: at Brunswick Post, 121, arrears, \$100; at Chapleau, 58; at Flying Post, 83, arrears, \$16; at Mattagami, 72, arrears, \$52	1,504 00
Osnaburgh Indians, 443; arrears, \$56	1,828 00
Robinson Treaty Annuities at \$4 (\$11,300).	...
Brown, W.R., annuities paid: Fort William band, 253, arrears \$8; Long Lake band, 276; Nipigon band, 385, arrears \$36; Pays Plat band, 45; Pic band, 199, arrears \$8; Red Rock band, 213, arrears \$12; total, 1,371, arrears \$64	5,548 00
Cockburn, Geo. P., annuities paid: Dokis band, 109; Nipissing band, 287; Timagami band, 81; total, 477	1,908 00
Hagan, Samuel, annuities paid: Mississagi band, 106; Spanish River bands, No. 2, 223; No. 2, 32; Serpent River band, 116; Thessalon band, 96; total, 573	2,292 00
Logan, A., annuities paid: Henvey Inlet band, 155; Maganatawan band, 32; Parry island band, 104; Shawanaga band, 121; total, 412	1,648 00
McLeod, W., annuities paid: French River band, 35; Maganatawan band, 50; Manitoulin band, 122; Point Grondine band, 27; Spanish River band No. 3, 106; Tahgaiweneni band, 63; Whitefish Lake band, 142; Whitefish River band, 48; total, 593	2,372 00
McLeod, Wm., annuities paid: Mississagi band, 28, arrears \$16; Michipicoten band, 164; Spanish River band, 35, arrears \$8; total, 227, arrears \$24	932 00
McNabb, A.D., annuities paid: Batchawana bands, 359; Garden River band, 342; Michipicoten band, 112; total, 813	3,252 00
Annuities paid by department: arrears, \$500; commutations, \$160	660 00
...	216,861 00
LESS - Paid from Ojibbewas of Lake Huron, Trust Account No. 26, \$5,791, and from Lake Superior Trust Account No. 27, \$1,521, on account of Robinson Treaty Annuities	7,312 00
...	209,549 00

Ontario.	\$ cts.
Abitibi Indians: maintenance in hospital, \$51; operating room, medicines, etc., \$8	59 00
Cape Croker Agency: hospital matron, 6 weeks at \$9; care and board, St. Mary's Hospital, \$140; drugs and medical supplies, \$30.15	224 15
Caradoc Agency: medical officer, Dr. W.H. Woods, 9 m. to Dec. 31, \$292.50; medical attendance, Dr. Williams, \$100, Dr. W.H. Woods, \$140.50, sundry, \$19.50; care and board, London Asylum, \$640.22, Woodstock Asylum, \$156, Strathroy Hospital, \$120, Victoria Hospital, London, \$83; operating room, \$10; ambulance, etc., \$10; provisions, \$71.50; clothing, \$10.45; maintenance, \$44; grant to Tecumseh Agricultural Society, \$90	1,787 67
Chapleau Agency: medical officer, Dr. J.J. Sheahan, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$500; medical attendance, Dr. Ells, \$80, sundry, \$15; care and board, Hamilton Asylum, \$156, Mimico Asylum, \$99.50, Lady Minto Hospital, \$116, Water Street Hospital, Ottawa, \$19; travelling expenses with patients, \$113.46; provisions, seeds, etc., \$55.77; drugs and medical supplies, \$94.53; burial expenses, \$124.60, small items, \$35.20	1,409 06
Golden Lake Agency: medical officer, Dr. M. James, 6 m. to Mar. 31, \$100; medical attendance, Dr. F.J. Dodd, \$101, Dr. M. Maloney, \$102, Dr. J. Reeves, \$350, sundry, \$71.50; maintenance, St. Charles Home, Ottawa, 11 m. at \$15, Victoria Hospital, Renfrew, 39 d. at \$1; provisions, clothing, etc., \$162.68; seed, \$62.36; building material, etc., \$151.47; burial expenses \$30; travelling expenses, \$16.05	1,351 06
Gore Bay Agency, maintenance, 17 d. at \$1	17 00
Lake Superior, Eastern Division Indians: medical attendance, Dr. F.G. Davis, \$102.50, Dr. A.E. McKibbin, \$36; hospital treatment, \$7; coffin, \$6	151 50
Lake Superior, Western Division Indians: medical officer, Dr. W.W. Smith, 11 m. to Mar. 31, \$275; medical attendance, Dr. D.M. Baker, \$83, Dr. H.S. Crowe, \$311.70, Dr. C. Powell, \$88, sundry, \$167.55; care and board, Mimico Asylum, \$143, McKellar Hospital, Fort William, \$123, St. Joseph's Hospital, Port Arthur, \$239, X ray treatment, \$24; drugs and medical supplies, \$367.31; provisions, \$12.70; potatoes, 100 sacks, \$80; implements, \$45; building material, \$32.95; freight, 74.35; small items \$7.75	2,074 31
Manitowaning Agency: medical officers, Dr. R.W. Shaw, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$184.12, Dr. M. James, 6 m. to Sept. 30, \$100; medical attendance, Dr. H.C. Murray, \$40; hospital treatment and board, \$12; provisions, etc., \$119.85	455 97
Mississaguas of the Credit, grant to mother of Indian serving overseas, 54 wks, to Mar. 14, at \$3	162 00
Parry Sound Superintendency: medical attendance, Dr. E.G. Evans, \$104, Dr. W.T. Hand, \$195, Dr. W.R. Mason, \$140, sundry, \$86; St. Joseph's Hospital, \$178; livery, etc., \$4.30	707 30
Rice and Mud Lake Indians: medical attendance, \$23; transportation, \$6	29 00
Scugog Agency: provisions and clothing, \$13.40; coffin and case, \$20; travelling expenses, \$1.85.	35 25
Sturgeon Falls Agency: medical attendance, Dr. P.O. Coulombe, \$70.45, Dr. C.W. Haeutchel, \$157.20, sundry, \$46.85; board and treatment, Providence General Hospital, Haileybury, \$272; provisions and supplies, \$324.16; fishing nets and twine, \$31; burial expenses, \$20; small items, \$11.55	933 21
Thessalon Agency: medical officer, Dr. T.F. Flaherty, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$250; hospital care and maintenance, \$120; provisions, \$118.25; postage, \$4.01	492 26
Walpole Island Agency: maintenance, London Asylum, \$78, Orillia Asylum, \$95.72; travelling expenses with patients, \$28.55; burial expenses, \$2	204 27
General: grant to Moose Fort Hospital, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$450; blankets, 37 at \$3.30; drugs and medical supplies, \$269.72; hessian and twine, \$9.04; fares, \$3; freight and express, \$88.10	941 96
...	11,034 97
LESS amount transferred in error from Ontario and Quebec vote, page H - 10	38 15
...	10,996 82
Quebec.	...

Bécancour Agency: medical attendance, \$185.35; board and maintenance, \$142.67; provisions, \$96.38; clothing, \$17.41; expenses taking Indians to asylum, \$26.40; garden tools, seeds, etc., \$25.88; small items, \$11.35	505 44
Bersimis Agency: medical officers, 12 m. to Mar. 31, Dr. J.F.X. Bossé, \$1,000, Dr. J.C.L. Bussièrès, \$150; drugs, medical supplies, etc., \$583.88; small items, \$9.45	1,743 33
Cacouna Agency: medical attendance, \$348.60; hospital care and medicines, \$21.75; provisions, \$231.15; wood, \$36.75; burial expenses, \$10; cartage, 25c.	648 50
Caughnawaga Agency: grant to Sacred Heart Hospital, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$1,000; board, \$30; provisions, \$382.29; coal, 11 tons, \$83; coffins, 3, \$21; seed potatoes, 229 bags, \$183.20; seed oats, 506.85 bush., \$351.66; sundry seed, \$40; fares, \$27.72; small items, \$6.50; total, \$2,125.37, less paid on account of seed grain advances, \$126.95	1,998 42
Gaspe Agency: medical officer, Dr. F.W. Macartney, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$80; medical attendance, \$10; hospital attendance, board and medicines, \$35.60	125 60
Lorette Agency: medical officers, 9 m. to Dec. 31, Dr. E. Allard, \$75, Dr.A. Boucher, \$450, Dr. J.E. Verret, \$300; care of orphans and feeble minded, 12 m., \$276; provisions, \$512.50; wood, \$11.50	1,625 00
Maniwaki Agency: board and lodging, \$5; fares, \$5.38	10 38
Maria Agency: medical officer, Dr. J. Boileau, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$300; medical attendance, \$54.60	354 60
Carried forward	7,011 27

Quebec - Concluded.	\$ cts.
Brought forward	7,011 27
Mingan Agency: medical officer, Dr. S. McDuff, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$199.92; medical attendance, Dr. S. McDuff, \$509	708 92
North Timiskaming Agency: medical attendance, Dr. W.C. Arnold, \$2, Dr. A. Beausejour, \$1,034.59, Dr. J.A. Joyal, \$342.32; care and maintenance in hospital, 172 d. at \$1; operating room, \$22; provisions, \$48.25; small items, \$28.55	1,649 71
Oka Agency: medical officers, Dr. W. Ouimet, Mar. 16 - 31, \$8.33, Dr. J. Pagé, 11 m., 15 d. to Mar. 15, \$191.59; medical attendance, Dr. E.S. Aubrey, \$18.75, Dr. S.P. Cooke, \$40; board and lodging, 125 wks. at \$2.50; care and maintenance, 9 m. at \$7; hospital treatment, etc., 52 d., \$59.75; provisions and supplies, \$1,522.66, clothing, \$388.16; hay, 5.365 ton, \$107.30; seed oats, 235 bush., \$185.50; coffins, 6, \$90; lumber, shingles, etc., \$330.65; hardware and building material, \$142.09; storage, \$12; travelling expenses, \$13.50; small items, \$28.78	3,514 56
Pierreville Agency, medical attendance, Dr. P.E. Gélinas	281 50
Pointe Bleue Agency: medical officers, Dr. A.D. Bouchard, March, \$16.66, Dr. E.A. Claveau, 6 m. to Sept. 30, 1 m., 8 d. to Feb. 8, \$121.25, Dr. J. Constantin, 6 m. to Sept. 30, 3 m. to Mar. 31, \$375; medical attendance, Dr. H.D. Brassard, \$15; provisions, \$60; seeds, \$11.20; expenses taking Indians to hospital and asylum, \$80.85, less \$3.85 paid in 1916 - 17	676 11
Restigouche Agency: medical attendance, Dr. J. Frenette, 30.25, Dr. A. Martin, \$319.75, Dr. D. Murray, \$12, Dr. J. Price, \$6; board and care, 13 wks. at \$2	394 00
Seven Islands Agency: medical officer, Dr. C.A. MacDougall, salary and drug allowance, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$600, visiting Moise Indians, 66 d. at \$10, services and expenses taking sick woman to Quebec, \$191.65; medical attendance, Dr. Paquet, 25; cab hire, 7	1,483 65
St. Augustine Agency: medical officer, Dr. J.H. West, 9 m. to Mar. 31, \$150; hospital expenses, \$13	163 00
St. Regis Agency: provisions, \$55.98; fuel, \$26.08; burial expenses, \$8; fare, \$1	91 06
General: medical attendance, medicines, etc., Dr. J.A. Riberdy, \$478, board and maintenance, 4 m., \$48; provisions, \$96; blankets, 111 at \$3.30; hessian and twine, \$9.05; express, \$28.22	1,025 57
...	16,999 35
Ontario and Quebec.	...
General Legal Expenses (\$6,417.42).	...
Belley, L.J., Chicoutimi, legal services, the King vs. P. Giroux	345 60
Costello, T.M., Renfrew, legal services, the King vs. Whiteduck	385 61
Doull, John, New Glasgow, legal services, the King vs. Matthew Allen	20 00
Dudley, George S., Midland, legal services, re Christian Island investigation	30 00
Girard L.P., Chicoutimi, legal services, the King vs. P. Giroux and O. Bouchard	369 60
McFadden, Uriah, Sault Ste Marie, legal services, the King vs. Alex. Nahwekezhik	567 55
McRae, W. Farquar, Gore Bay, legal services	158 15
Moore, W.H., Peterborough, legal services re Spike Island patent	5 00
Murray and MacKinnon, Halifax, legal services, re property Wm. Tupper, Sheet Harbour	38 93
Russell, Charles, & Co., Eng., legal services, J.R. Booth vs. the King Sinclair, R.V., Ottawa, legal services: the King vs. Whiteduck, \$798.84; re Chippewa claims, advance to be accounted for \$250	1,048 84
Surveyor, Ed. Fabre, Montreal, legal services, Star Chrome Mining Co., vs. Thompson	2,200 00
Wilson, F.W., Windsor: legal services, the King vs. School Section No. 10, Anderdon	302 00
General: Dr. M.O. Klotz, medical evidence, the King vs. Whiteduck, \$125; court and witness fees,	

\$567.77; travelling expenses, Inspector H. Giroux, \$82.95, law clerk, \$32.35, constables, \$103.55; services of guard, 7 d., \$14; clerical and sundry services, \$8.50	934 12
Repairs to Roads and Bridges and Drainage (\$21,770.84).	...
Caughnawaga Reserve: La Prairie road, foreman, 12 weeks, \$305, men and teams at \$5 per d., \$700, labourers at \$3, per d., \$15, at \$2.50 per d., \$177.50, at \$2 per d., \$2,272; St. Isidore road, foreman, 5 weeks, \$125, men and teams at \$4 per d., \$260, labourers, at \$3 per d., \$528.75, at \$2 per d., \$672, sundry labour, \$8.32; storage of road machinery, 2 y. to Sept. 15, 1916, \$30; outlay, D. Chéné, \$8.40; road roller, 3 ton, \$420; concrete pipe, 24 lengths, 18 inch, \$44.40; sewer pipe, 100 lengths, 12 and 15 inch, \$87.50; lumber, 1,977 ft., \$59.73; rent of plough, \$14.50; freight and cartage, \$45.50; sundry implements and tools, \$31; dynamite, fuses, etc., \$9.63; sundry labour, 250 h., \$50	5,864 23
Doncaster Reserve: F. Giroux, ploughing and scraping roads, winter 1914 - 15 per contract, \$175; labour on road, at 75c. per d., \$21, at \$1.50 per d., \$149, at \$2 per d., \$30	375 00
Mississaguas of the Credit, grant toward construction of road	300 00
Nipissing Reserve trunk road: wages, \$19,922.63; provisions, supplies, etc., \$16,266.45; sundry contracts, \$2,755.57; hire of horses, \$2,370.52; engineering and administration, \$3,274.16; use of plant and tools, \$1,964.49; total, \$46,553.82; less one-half paid by Ontario Government, and \$10,000 paid from Trust Fund Account No, 14; 3 1/2 acres of land for road, \$61.25	13,338 16
Carried forward	26,294 81

Ontario and Quebec - Continued.	\$ cts.
Brought forward	26,284 81
Repairs to Roads and Bridges and Drainage - Concluded.	...
Obidgewong Reserve: labour, team at \$3.75 per d., \$110.60, labourers, at \$2.50 per d., \$45.25, at \$2 per d., \$25, at \$1.75 per d., \$194.85; powder and fuse, \$6; repairs, tools, etc., \$9.16	391 86
Tyendinaga Reserve, gravelling road; superintendent at \$4 per d., \$56, foreman at \$2 per d., \$28, labourers, at \$1. 75, \$97.13, teams, at \$3.50, \$49, at \$3.25, \$269.76	499 89
Restigouche Reserve: roadwork, teams at \$4 per d., \$193, labourers, at \$2.50, 51.87, at \$1.50, \$89.45; rent of road machinery, \$57.50; lumber, 5,570 ft., \$89.12; sundry material, \$19.06	500
West Bay Road: teams at \$3.50 per d., \$155.05, labourers, at \$2.50, \$31.25, at \$2, \$313.50; plough shares, etc., \$1.40	501 20
General Expenses (\$49,701.18).	...
Salaries at Ottawa (Page H - 4)	3,333 32
Alnwick Agency: agent, W.R. Coyle, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$424.92; postage, \$4.09	429 01
Bécancour Agency: agent, Denis Hébert, 12 m. to Mar. 31	200 00
Bersimis Agency: agent, J.F.X. Bossé, M.D., 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$700; desk, \$15; fuel, \$48; expenses going to Escouminac, 2 men, \$24, camp outfit, \$27.05; repairs to building, \$18.30; small items, \$11.81	844 16
Cacouna Agency: agent, N. LeBel, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$250; rent of office, 9 m. to Mar. 31, \$45; travelling expenses, \$18.05; small items, \$1.85	314 90
Cape Croker Agency: agent, A.J. Duncan, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$600; small items, \$10.33	610 33
Caradoc Agency: agent, H. Janes, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$1,200; interpreter, \$31; livery, \$24; postage, \$19; small items, \$8.50	1,282 50
Caughnawaga Agency: agent, J.M. Brosseau, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$900; fares, \$83.80; livery, \$126; care of office, 12 m. to June 1, \$10; fuel, \$17.50; small items, \$30.55	1,167 85
Chapleau Agency: agent, W. McLeod, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$500; board, \$53.80; fares, \$77.20; cook, 20 d., \$50; labour, 38 d., \$80; rent of canoe and tent, \$16.50; provisions, \$93.90; small items, \$11.09	882 49
Christian Island Agency: agent, C.J. Picotte, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$600; board, \$9.25; fares, \$22.20; express, 65c.	632 10
Georgina and Snake Island Agency: agent, J.R. Bouchier, 12 m. to Mar. 31	400 00
Golden Lake Agency: agent, P. Rankin, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$200; travel, \$12.90; small items, \$2.23	215 13
Gore Bay Agency: agent, F.W. Baxter, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$800; rent of office, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$156; board, \$123.10; fare, \$199.45; livery, \$220; launch hire, \$10; small items, \$7.97	1,516 52
Lake Superior, Eastern Division: agent; A.D. McNabb, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$1,200; rent of phone, 12 m. to June 30, \$32; board, lodging and horse feed, \$96.50; fares, \$9.80; livery, \$660; launch hire, \$37.50; small items, \$39.50	2,075 30
Lake Superior, Western Division: agent, W.R. Brown, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$1,200; office rent, 9 m. to Dec. 31, 1915, \$180; board and lodging, \$47.19; fares, \$158.18; launch hire, \$100; canoemen, \$22; clerk, 19 d., \$57; interpreter, 19 d., \$57; provisions, \$54.25; postage, \$76; protectograph, \$25; rent of phone, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$36; office furniture, etc., \$134.95; small items, \$42.30	2,189 87
Lorette Agency: agent, A.O. Bastien, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$497.50; assistant, Mrs. A.O. Bastien, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$100; office rent, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$100; small items, \$10.30	707 80
Manitowaning Agency: agents, W. Mcleod, 7 m. to Oct. 31, \$700, R.J. Lewis, 4 m., 28 d. to Mar. 31, \$493.93; clerks, R.J. Lewis, 7 m., 2 d., to Nov. 2, \$424, H.C. McLeod, 5 m. to Mar. 31, \$300; board, lodging and horse feed, \$67.35; fares, \$40.90; livery and auto hire, \$171.05; boat hire, \$10; interpreter, 14 d., \$28; postage, \$66.50; wood, 10 cord, \$50; small items, \$19.81	2,370 94

Maniwaki Agency: agent, E.S. Gauthier, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$600; rent of office, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$50; small items, \$8.50	658 50
Maria Agency: agent, Rev. J.D. Morin, 12 m. to Mar. 31	250 00
Mingan Agency: agent, F. Doyle, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$300; travel, \$276; small items, \$5.53	581 53
Mississaguas of the Credit: agent, W.C. VanLoon, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$700; office rent, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$80; livery, \$44; travel, \$9.70; postage, \$9.78; rent of phone, 12 m., \$15; small items, \$4.60	863 08
North Timiskaming Agency: agent, J.A. Renaud, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$600; board and lodging, \$34.75; fares, \$96.20; provisions, \$66.38; guide, 47 d., \$117.50; 5% commission on timber dues collected \$338.87; small items, \$8.95; total, \$1,262.65, less \$41.97 paid from General vote, Relief in remote districts	1,220 68
Oka Agency: agent, C.F. Bertrand, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$450; office rent, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$60; fares, \$36.50; small items, \$5.46	551 96
Parry Sound Superintendency: A. Logan, supt., 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$1,000; travel, \$45.15; board and lodging, \$16.50; boat hire, \$18; office rent, 6 m. to Sept. 30, \$30; telephone rents, office, 6 m. to Sept. 30, \$12.50, mission house, 6 m. to Sept. 30, \$12.50; 5% commission on timber dues collected, \$329.37; small items, \$23.69	1,487 70
Pierreville Agency: agent, H. Niquet, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$400; travel, \$23.60; legal expenses, \$6; small items, \$10.05	439 65
Carried forward	53,413 08

Ontario and Quebec - Concluded.	\$ cts.
Brought forward	53,413 08
General Expenses - Concluded.	...
Pointe Bleue Agency: agent, A. Tessier, 12 m. to Mar. 31	700 00
Rama Agency: agent, C.W. Myers, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$550; small items, \$9.50	559 50
Restigouche Agency: agent, J.A. Pitre, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$600; house rent, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$144; telephone messages, \$15.57; postage, 98c.	760 55
Rice and Mud Lake Agency: agent, R.J. McCamus, 12 m. to Mar. 31	425 00
Sarnia Agency: agent, T. Maxwell, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$600; assistant, Miss M. Cairns, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$50.04; fares, \$36.70; board and horse feed, \$24.30; livery, \$150.95; rent of phone, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$30; small items, \$8.75	900 74
Saugeen Agency: agent, T.A. Stout, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$700; allowance for horse and rig, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$100; coal, 3 ton, \$24; small items, \$29.33	853 33
Scugog Agency: agent, J.W. Crozier, 12 m. to Mar. 31	200 00
Seven Islands Agency: agent, C.A. McDougal, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$300; trip to Quebec (Quebec), 7 d. \$90; fare and board in Quebec, \$34.50; telegrams, \$12.65; small items, \$13.37	\$450 52
Six Nations Indians: agent, G.J. Smith, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$2,000; clerk, H.M. Hill, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$750; stenographer, Miss E. P. Hill, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$450; allowance for rent and travel, 6 m. to Sept. 30, \$180; rent of phone, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$44; postage, \$59; small items, \$30.31; total, \$3,513.31, less sale of furniture, \$13.50	3,499 81
Sturgeon Lake Agency: agent, G.P. Cockburn, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$999.96; board and lodging, \$92.15; fares, \$132.75; livery, \$77.50; hire of boats, \$88; canoemen, 12 d., \$35; provisions, \$26.08; rent of office, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$60; small items, \$19.95; telegrams, \$27.93	1,559 32
St. Regis Agency: agent, F.E. Taillon, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$450; Hermiston & Comrie, installing water system per contract, \$492; A. Lalonde, repairing agency buildings per contact, \$170; small items, \$3.10	1,115 10
Thames River, Moravians: agent, E. Beattie, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$600; allowance for heating, \$20; livery, \$14; small items, \$4.13	638 13
Thessalon Agency: agent, S. Hogan, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$600; fares, \$136; board and lodging, \$84.90; livery, \$127.50; launch hire, \$30; office rent, 12 m., \$60; postage, \$11.83; telephones, \$12.90; small items, \$16.53	1,079 66
Tyendinaga Agency: agent, G.M. Campbell, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$900; board and lodging, \$42; fares, \$34.70; livery, \$255.50; office rent, 3 m., \$12.50; office furniture, \$48.60; labour, 6 d., \$12; small items, \$21.10	1,326 40
Walpole Island Agency: agent, T.A. McCallum, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$700; board, lodging and horse feed, \$62.70; fares, \$41.80; livery allowance, \$50; repairs to agency buildings and digging cellar, \$139.57; board of labourers, \$23.50; J.M. Smith, installing furnace per contract, \$190; small items, \$37.35	1,244 92
Warton Office: agent, J.E. Sutherby, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$250; office rent, 12 m., \$84; wood, 5 cord, \$11.25; small items, \$13.50	358 75
Inspectors (\$2,277.36) -	...
Inspector H.J. Bury: boat hire, \$86; travelling expenses, \$145.85; cruising assistance, \$25.50; small items, \$2.65; balance of advance, 1914 - 15, \$33.85; total, \$293.85, less refunded to Casual Revenue, \$33.85	260 00
Inspector C.C. Parker: travelling expenses, \$805.27; boat hire and crew, \$335; auto hire, \$45; oilskin coat, etc., \$29.35; interpreter, 11 d., \$23; small items, \$18.68	1,256 30
Inspector G. Shaw: boat hire, \$14; livery, \$79; assistant, 56 3/4 d., \$170; supplies, \$47.69; small items, \$7.22; travelling expenses, \$443.15	761 06

Treaty 9, expenses paying annuities (\$6,033.50) -	...
Paying officer and inspector: W.J. McLean, 3 m. to June 30, \$450; camp outfit, \$201.47; supplies, \$209.30; freight, \$12	872 77
Paying officer: Dr. R.J. Renison, 132 d., \$517.50; board and lodging, \$226.85; fares and pullmans, \$159.40; transportation, \$611.50; boat and canoe hire, 36 d., \$97; freight, \$40; provisions, \$367.22; supplies and camp outfit, \$309.09; wages of men at \$2, \$785; cooks, \$202; guides, \$100.80; interpreters, \$20; sundry labour, \$33.50; rent of house for hospital, 1 week, \$15; 1/3 share of cost of feast to Fort Hope Band, \$37.68; small items, \$22.59; total, \$3,545.13; less, sale of boat, \$30, tent, \$10	3,505 13
Paying officer: H.N. Awrey, travel, \$78.70; board and lodging, \$40.25; special clothing, \$27.65; small items, \$25.45	172 05
Medical officers: Dr. R.A. Caldwell, 102 d. at \$8, board and lodging, \$26.10, fares, \$32.60, laundry, \$3; Dr. J.H. Jacobs, 36 d., \$216, board and lodging, \$28.55, fares, \$49.40, small items, \$9; Dr. N.J. Kenny, 66 d., \$213, fares, \$64.90, board and lodging, \$25	1,483 55
General: premium on bonds, Imperial Guarantee and Accident Co., \$327.25, London Guarantee and Accident Co., \$7, Employers' Liability Assurance Corporation, \$10.50; uniform, \$24.25; superannuation allowance, A.B. Cowan, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$115; sundries, \$9.27	493 27
Amount transferred to credit of Ontario vote in error (see page H - 7)	38 15
...	77,927 09

New Brunswick.	\$ cts.
Salaries (\$1,779.49) -	...
Agents: Northeastern Division, G.A. Hutchinson, 5 m. to Aug. 31, \$300, J. Sheridan, 8 m. to Mar. 31, \$533.33; Northern Division, S.P. Waite, 9 m. to Dec. 31, \$262.50, N.J. Wootten, 3 m. 10d. to Mar. 31, \$97.18; Southwestern Division, N.J. Smith, 4 m. to July 31, \$166.27, B.J. Griffith, 8 m. to Mar. 31, \$333.33; constables, \$86.48	1,779 49
Relief (\$8,444.44) -	...
Northern Division: provisions, \$1,290.13; clothing, \$99.54; burial expenses, \$19; building material, \$160.10; board, 35 weeks, \$66.50; 1 cow, part payment, \$25; expenses taking sick to hospital, \$35; nursing, \$33; house rent, \$14.50; wood, \$169.61; sundry labour, \$33.30; small items, \$26.55	1,972 23
Northeastern Division: provisions, \$4,199.62; clothing, \$90.64; burial expenses, \$185; building material, \$42; blankets, \$11; hay, 1/2 ton, \$11.24; small items, \$14	4,553 50
Southwestern Division: provisions, \$1,497.43; clothing, \$233.36; burial expenses, \$92.32; building material, \$16; wood, 18 2/3 cord, \$78.50; small items, \$1.10	1,918 71
Medical attendance and medicines (\$3,629.39) -	...
Medical officers under salary, 12 m. to Mar. 31: Dr. C.T. Allen, 6 m. to Mar. 31, \$75; Dr. D.R. Arnold, Dorchester, 3 m. to June 30, \$37.50; Dr. W.A. Cameron, Dorchester, 3 m. to Sept. 30, \$37.50; Dr. H.H. Coleman, Moncton, \$200; Dr. J.F. Desmond Newcastle, \$300; Dr. A.G. Ferguson, Dalhousie, \$50; Dr. J.B. Gilchrist, Norton, \$200; Dr. R.G. Girvan, Rexton, \$300; Dr. W.G. King, Buctouche, \$40; Dr. J.A. Leger, Shediac, \$200; Dr. J.N. Michaud, Bathurst, \$150; Dr. B.M. Mullin, St. Mary's, \$175; Dr. A.T. McIntosh, 8 m. to Dec. 31, \$246.01; Dr. G.B. McKenzie, Loggieville, \$200; Dr. B.W. Robertson, Keswick Ridge, \$150; Dr. T.F. Sprague, Woodstock, \$150	2,511 01
Medical attendance: Dr. G. Bailey, Fredericton, \$31; Dr. G.R. Camp, Mangerville, \$24; Dr. J.A. Casswell, Gagetown, \$145.50; Dr. A.P. Crocket, St. John, \$70; Dr. W.C. Crocket, Fredericton, \$14; Dr. R.W.L. Earle, Perth, \$60; Dr. J.A. Guy, Edmundston, \$50.10; Dr. W.W. Jenkins, Hamstead, \$48.75; Dr. V. Jack, Oromacto, \$123.15; Dr. H. MacDonald, Welsford, \$80.95; Dr. A.F. McIntosh, Andover, \$20.65; Dr. L.G. Pinault, Campbellton, \$10; Dr. W.E. Plummer, Oromocto, \$47; Dr. E. Simard, Edmundston, \$2; A.M. Sormany, Edmundston, \$85.35	812 45
Maintenance and treatment in hospitals: Evangeline Hospital, St. John, \$20; Hotel Dieu Hospital, Campbellton, \$35.90; Moncton Hospital, \$91; Provincial Hospital, St. John, \$141.78	288 08
Nursing, 21 d., \$16; 1 truss, \$1.25	17 25
Aid to Agriculture (\$1,282.90) -	...
Seed: oats, 24 bush., \$176.85, potatoes, 307 brl., \$314.93, 28 bush., \$10.65, sundry seed, \$202.59; fertilizer, 46 bags, \$84.80, 1,800 lb., \$30.60; implements, \$31.65; plowing and seeding, \$407.87; cartage and freight, \$22.96	1,282 90
Miscellaneous and unforeseen (\$844.60) -	...
Northern Division: agent S.P. Waite, travelling expenses, \$33.25, office rent, 9 m. to Dec. 31, \$37.50, small items, \$10.38; agent N.J. Wootten, office rent, 3 1/3 m. to Mar. 31, \$14.18, small items, \$1.28	96 59
Northeastern Division: agent G.A. Hutchinson, travelling expenses, \$62.75, office rent, 7 m. to Aug. 17, \$27.05, heating office, \$10, inspector of lockup, 60 d., \$120, small items, \$15.29; agent J. Sheridan, travelling expenses, \$45.25, coal, 3.195 ton, \$19.17, printing, \$1.50, small items, \$11.77	312 78
Southwestern Division: agent B.J. Griffith, travelling expenses, \$143.55, office rent, 8 m., \$33.33, coal, 3.125 ton, \$28.13, small items, \$32.72; agent N.J. Smith, travelling expenses, \$39.75, office rent, 3 m., \$12.50, labour, \$18, small items, \$0.80; St. Mary's Village Fire and Water Commission, 12 m. to Dec. 1, 1916, \$30	347 78
Insurance premium, \$3.50, travel of H.J. Bury, \$83.95	87 45
Repairs to Roads (\$302.74) -	...

Edmundston, labour, 113 1/4 d., \$294.26, material, \$5.48; Perth, 2 d., \$3	302 74
...	16,283 56
Nova Scotia.	...
Salaries (\$6,050) -	...
Superintendents, 12 m. to Mar. 31: A.J. Boyd, \$1,800; W.G. Foster, \$1,800	3,600 00
Agents, 12 m. to Mar. 31: Annapolis Co., G.S. Hoyt, \$100; Antigonish and Guysboro Co.'s, J. Cameron, \$200; Cape Breton Co., A.R. McDonald, \$150, C.J. Sparrow, \$100; Colchester Co., R.H. Smith, \$100; Cumberland Co., J.A. Johnson, \$100; Digby Co., R.A. Harris, \$150; Halifax Co., D. Chisholm, \$200; Hants Co., J.W. Stephens, \$100, A. Wallace, \$100; Inverness Co., J.N. McLennan, \$100; Kings Co., C.E. Beckwith, \$200; Lunenburg Co., N.P. Freeman, \$200; Pictou Co. Rev. J.D. MacLeod, \$100; Queens Co., C. Harlow, \$100; Richmond Co., R.L. McDonald, \$200; Shelburne Co., J. Hipson, \$50; Victoria Co., J.E. Campbell, \$150; Yarmouth Co., W.H. Whalen, \$50	2,450 00
Relief (\$8,506.58) -	...
Annapolis Co.: provisions, \$47.14; clothing, \$27.85; lumber, \$16.52; express, etc., \$1.76	93 27
Antigonish and Guysboro Co.'s.: provisions, \$677.60; clothing, \$15.15; burial 6 expenses, \$17; building material, \$96.05; wood, \$2	807 80
Cape Breton Co.: provisions, \$335.77; bedding, \$19; burial expenses, \$122.12; building material, \$70.55; taking patients to hospital, \$15; small items, \$12.50	574 94
Carried forward	7,526 01

Nova Scotia - Concluded.	\$ cts.
Brought forward	7,526 01
Relief - Concluded.	...
Colchester Co.: provisions, \$147.78; clothing, \$7.50; care of aged, 8 weeks, \$20; wood, 6 cords, \$24	199 28
Cumberland Co.: provisions, \$355; clothing, \$26.35; burial expenses, \$26.25	407 60
Digby Co.: provisions, \$402.25; burial expenses, \$23.90; building material, \$8.25	434 40
Halifax Co.: provisions, \$957.02; clothing, \$12.52; burial expenses, \$83; small items, \$9.40	1,061 94
Hants Co.: provisions, \$639.25; burial expenses, \$64.46; wood, 4 cord, \$5	708 71
Inverness Co.: provisions, \$571.23; building material, \$119.83; hay, 10.2 ton, \$255; part payment on horse, \$90	1,036 06
Kings Co.: provisions, \$726.16; clothing, \$32.30; burial expenses, \$29; house, \$50; wood, 6 cord, \$24.50; small items, \$10.25	872 21
Lunenburg Co., provisions, \$81.04; Queens Co., burial expenses, \$15	96 04
Pictou Co.: provisions, \$400.30; burial expenses, \$23.10; building material, \$157.75	581 15
Richmond Co.: provisions, \$419.75; building material, \$48.80; hay, 1.157 ton, \$21.98; expenses taking insane to asylum, \$55.65	546 18
Shelburne Co.: provisions, \$106.36; clothing, \$29.10	135 46
Victoria Co., provisions, \$357.50; Yarmouth: provisions, \$481.25; clothing, \$23; small items, \$10.59	872 34
General: blankets, 24 at \$3.30	79 20
Medical attendance and medicines (\$5,963.45) -	...
Medical officers under salary, 12 m. to Mar. 31: Annapolis Co., Dr. L.M. Morton, 6 m. to Sept. 30, \$25, Dr. R. Withers, 10 m. to Jan. 31, \$41.67; Antigonish and Guysboro, Dr. W.F. McKinnon, \$250; Cape Breton Co., Dr. C.J. Sparrow, \$350; Colchester Co., Dr. H.V. Kent, \$150; Digby Co., Dr. C.C. Archibald, \$250, Dr. E.O. Hallett, \$100; Halifax Co., Dr. G.B. Kennedy, 3 m. to June 30, \$50, Dr. J.V. Graham, 9 m. to Mar. 31, \$150; Dr. M.A.B. Smith, \$350; Hants Co., Dr. A. Culton, \$150, Dr. J. McKay, \$75; Inverness Co., Dr. J.F. MacAuley, \$100, Dr. H.N. McDonald, \$275; Kings Co., Dr. W.B. Moore, \$200. Dr. G. McNally, \$200; Lunenburg Co., Dr. M.H. Cole, \$50, Dr. A.M. Hebb, \$50, Dr. C.S. Marshall, \$60; Pictou Co., Dr. S. Keith, \$200; Queens Co., Dr. T.R. Ford, \$100; Richmond Co., Dr. J.A. McDonald, \$300; Victoria Co., Dr. H.A. Grant, 9 m. to Dec. 31, \$243.75	3,720 42
Medical attendance: Dr. R.O. Bethune, Tusket, \$237.45; Dr. G.E. Buckley, Guysboro, \$41.80; Dr. M.G. Burris, Dartmouth, 85; Dr. J.S. Carruthers, Pubnico, \$92.50; Dr. G.H. Cox, New Glasgow, \$20; Dr. J.D. Densmore, Port Clyde, \$115.25; Dr. E.W. Dunlop, Port Dufferin, \$203; Dr. E. DuVernet, Digby, \$22.40; Dr. G.W. Forish, Yarmouth, \$84; Dr. C.J. Fox, Pubnico, \$22.50; Dr. L.O. Fuller, Shelburne, \$82; Dr. J.M. Gourlay, Sheet Harbour, \$161.70; Dr. E. Jeffers, Parrsboro, \$142, Dr. J.A. Johnson, Parrsboro, \$7.50; Dr. T.A. Lebbetter, Port Maitland, \$174.50; Dr. P.A. McGarry, Canso, \$46.50; Dr. J.A. McDonald, St. Peters, \$5; Dr. J.A. McIver, Baddeck, \$10; Dr. A.H. McKinnon, Upper Musquodoboit, \$57; Dr. A.C. McLeod, Caledonia, \$9.50; Dr. F. MacMillan, Sheet Harbour, \$10.25; Dr. F.S. Messenger, Middleton, \$15 Dr. A. McD. Morton, Bedford, \$77; Dr. R.R. Withrow, Springhill, \$9.45	1,651 30
Maintenance and treatment in hospitals: Hamilton Memorial Hospital, North Sydney, \$48.20; Nova Scotia Hospital, Halifax, \$298.77; St. Martha's Hospital, Antigonish, \$80; Victoria General Hospital, Halifax, \$6.34	433 31
Drugs, \$20.25; nursing, 5 m. 17 d., \$1 30; small items, \$8.17	158 42
Aid to agriculture (\$1,848.92) -	...
Seed: oats 168.2 bush., \$160.18, potatoes, 844 1/2 bush., \$501.93, sundry seeds, \$57.31; fertilizer, 272 7/8 bags, \$501.83; part payment on mower, \$38.50; labour with team plowing, etc., \$536.17; provisions supplied while farming, \$50; small items, \$3	1,848 92

Miscellaneous and unforeseen (\$3,758.99) -	...
Travel and outlay by superintendents and agents: A.J. Boyd, River Bourgeois, \$529.27; W.G. Foster, Halifax, \$169.39; C.E. Beckwith, Steam Mills, 371.30; J.E. Campbell, Baddeck, \$31; J. Cameron, Heatherton, \$74.50; W.J. Egan, Sydney, \$92; N.P. Freeman, Bridgewater, \$24.15; G.S. Hoyt, Lequille, \$14.65; J.A. Johnson, Parrsboro, \$48.20; R.L. McDonald, St. Peters, \$13.11, Rev. J.D. MacLeod, New Glasgow, \$90; C.J. Sparrow, Sydney, \$41	1,498 57
Fencing reserves: Millbrook, wire, \$30.95; Malagawatch, wire, \$34.20, labour, \$19.05	84 20
Rent of office, 6 m. to Aug. 31, \$75; rent of house for lockup, \$20	95 00
Rent of property occupied by Indians near Dartmouth, Jan. 11, 1911 - Jan. 1, 1916	1,000 00
Removing garbage, \$192; lot of land at Sheet Harbour purchased, \$800	992 00
Water rates, Sydney, 6 m. to June 30, \$18.52; repairs to hydrant, \$28.80	47 32
Constables, special services, \$21.85; cleaning Sydney Reserve, guarding timber, etc., \$20.05	41 90
Repairs to roads and dyking: road labour, Malagawatch reserve, 42 2/3 d., \$50; Middle River reserve, 70 2/5 d., \$138; Whycocomagh reserve, 161 d., \$306.50	494 50
Rebuilding Council house at Chapel Island: contractor, J.B. Burke, contract, \$1,775, extras, \$2; inspection, 10 visits, \$160; advertising for tenders, \$39.75	1,976 75
...	28,599 19

Prince Edward Island.	\$ cts.
Salaries (600) -	...
Superintendent, Rev. J.A. McDonald, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$400; assistant superintendent, J.O. Arsenault, 12 m. to Mar, 31, \$200	600 00
Relief and seed grain (\$1,227.30) -	...
Relief: provisions, \$903.13; clothing, \$70.83; burial expenses, \$57.30;small items, \$16.72	1,047 98
Seed: oats, 137.82 bush., \$92.70; potatoes, 91.45 bush., \$26.87; wheat, 28 bush., \$47.60; sundry seed, \$6.15; seeding, 2 d., \$6	179 32
Medical attendance and medicines (\$921.05) -	...
Medical officers and salary, 12 m. to Mar. 31: Dr. E.G. Gillis, \$50; Dr. J.A. Stewart, \$450	500 00
Medical attendance: Dr. R.J. Ledwell, Charlottetown, \$100; Dr. R.J. McDonald, St. Peters, \$98.90; J.G. Toombs, Mt. Stewart, \$70.85	269 75
Maintenance in Prince Edward Island hospital, 101 d., \$50.50; drugs, etc., \$100.80	151 30
Miscellaneous (\$171.60) -	...
Travel and outlay: Supt. J.A. McDonald, \$36.50; Asst. J.O. Arsenault, \$13.35	49 85
Ferrying contract, Lennox Island, M.P. Francis, \$100; pump, \$20; insurance, \$1.75	121 75
...	2,919 95

Summary of Agencies: Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and Northwest Territories.

[illegible]

28	Saddle Lake	10,386 13	59 15	800 65	374 75	2,291 14	2,309 87	...	54 58	4,981 39	485 40	28
29	Sarcee	9,976 41	4 50	684 35	280 00	34,44 43	1,857 44	...	...	4,668 69	963 00	29
30	Stony	9,086 68	60 74	9 00	...	3,322 63	1,041 75	...	...	5,049 92	397 36	30
31	Touchwood	10,339 88	...	1,300 00	384 00	933 67	1,208 21	...	...	7,934 00	1,420 00	31
32	Treaty 8	23,066 66	169 53	...	...	18,040 32	2,107 29	...	...	2,749 52	...	32
33	General	18,214 58	...	25 54	...	1,131 41	7,403 63	3,361 83	...	6,292 17	...	33
34	Winnipeg Office	5,158 32	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5,158 32	...	34
35	Inspectorates	29,832 59	...	...	...	...	4,406 04	...	...	25,426 55	...	35
36	Industrial Schools	4,399 86	...	...	...	...	4,399 86	...	...	...	...	36
...	...	543,265 16	11,106 08	14,305 86	11,908 92	147,589 74	109,170 70	3,361 83	1,282 43	268,530 23	23,990 63	...
...	Less deductions	...	...	10,858 57	7,127 00	3,080 94	54 76	...	...	2,869 36	23,990 63	...
...	...	543,265 16	11,106 08	3,447 29	4,781 92	144,508 80	109,115 94	3,361 83	1,282 43	265,660 87	...	...

Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and Northwest Territories.	\$ cts.
Implements, Tools, etc. (\$11,106.08).	...
Assiniboine Agency: lumber, 1,052 ft., \$32.95; manilla rope, 145 lb., \$35.50; nails, 3 kegs, \$13.50; repairs to wagon, \$19.25; lime, 3 brl., \$7.20; sundry hardware, etc., \$8.70	117 10
Battleford Agency: canvas belt, 7-inch, 150 ft., \$70; separator, \$1,738, insurance on separator, \$28, less paid by Indians, \$300.60; threshing outfit repairs, \$71.45; repairs to implements, \$52.15; hardwood, 300 ft., \$30; blacksmith iron, 407 lb., \$20.35; blacksmith supplies, \$17.56; nails, 200 lb., \$10; sundry hardware, etc., \$9.60; 12 ft. packer, \$89; total, \$1,835.51; less collections on account of advances for implements, \$276.29	1,559 22
Birtle Agency: advance for threshing outfit purchased from J.I. Case Company, \$1,370.77; barb wire, 8 spools, \$26; repairs to seed drill, \$27.45; blacksmithing, etc., \$5.85	1,430 07
Carlton Agency: 12 h.p. portable engine and attachments, \$845; freight, \$14; 10-ft. rake, \$37.50; machinery repairs, \$27.50; wagon repairs, \$23; lime, 40 bush., \$60; lumber and doors, \$60.05; shingles, 5 M, \$16.25; window frames, 8, \$16.65	1.099 95
Clandeboyne Agency: barb wire, 12 rolls, \$36; brush breakers, 2, \$57; farm sleighs, 1 set, \$39; harrows, 2, \$32; rake, 10 ft., \$39; harness, 2 sets, \$27; scythes and snaths, 39, \$62.40; wagons, 3, \$231; repairs to horse power, \$33.80; freight and drayage, \$21.95; sundry implements and tools, etc., \$10.15	589 30
Crooked Lakes Agency: lime, 10 brl., \$22.50; staples, 1 keg, \$4.25; express, \$1.25	28 00
Duck Lake Agency: binder, 6 ft., \$160; disc drill, \$95; drag harrows, 2, \$32; mowers, 3, \$160; rakes, 3, \$108; packer, \$88; combination ploughs, 4, \$115; wagon, \$91; repairs to implements, \$71; barb wire, 8 spools, \$26; blacksmithing, \$15.65; thresher parts, \$24.50; sundry tools, etc., \$18.05; lumber, 5,936 ft., \$167.60; shingles, 17 M, \$68.85; sundry building material, \$30.01; twine, 100 lb., \$11.25; small items, \$18.70; total, \$1,300.61; less collections on account of implement repairs, \$4.50	1.296 11
Edmonton Agency: ploughs, 2, \$58; sundry tools, etc., \$8.40; freight, 91c.	67 31
File Hills Agency, blacksmith's coal, 600 lb	7 50
Fisher River Agency: breaking plough, \$24; blacksmith's outfit, \$60; ox harness, 3 sets, \$40.50; scythe and snaths, 24, \$36; sundry tools and implements, \$130.40; roofing, 10, rolls \$14; freighting, \$2.78	307 68
Hobbema Agency: blacksmith coal and supplies, \$53.25; implement repairs, \$25.80; lime, 34 bush., \$74.80; grain drill, \$107; combination ploughs, 26 at \$28.50; plough shares, 30, \$105; plough handles, 30, \$19.50; small items, \$19.75	1,146 10
Isle à la Crosse Agency, supplied under contract, Hudson's Bay Co.: axes, 65, \$62.25; nails, 750 lb., \$135.10; ice chisels, 52, \$50.86; window sashes (glazed), 96, \$244.80; draw knives, 16, \$23.03; sundry hardware supplies, \$64.57	580 61
Kenora Agency: bob sleighs, 2 sets, \$84.50; breaking ploughs, 2, \$43; drag harrow, \$16.25; ox harness, 2 sets, \$30; sundry implements, \$37.57	211 32
Lesser Slave Lake Agency: mower and rake, 2 each, \$255; repairs to implements, \$29.50; ploughing, 3 d., \$12; forks, 34, \$45; hoes, 33, \$20.50; scythes and snaths, 30, \$79.50; rakes, 26, \$29.75; spades, 22, \$34; sundry implements, \$11.25	516 50
Moose Mountain Agency: barb wire, 27 r., at \$3; sundry implements, etc., \$24.80	105 80
Norway House Agency: sundry tools and implements, \$135.60; freight, \$104.83	240 43
Onion Lake Agency: blacksmith's coal and supplies, \$46.60; iron, 862 lb., \$50.06; combination plough, \$31.50; plough shares, 6, at \$4; plough shares, 7, \$33.95; horse rake, \$36; sundry implements and tools, \$21.85; repairs to implements, \$37.85; threshing belt, 60 ft., \$26.20; gasoline, 328 gal., \$97.68; machine oil, 52 gal., \$28.60; twine, 850 lb., \$82.90; nails, 600 lb., \$26.25; freight, \$14.80; small items, \$10.68; total, \$568.92; less, collections on account of advance for plough, \$15, sale of iron and oil, \$2.50	551 42
Pas Agency: harness, 2 sets, \$77; mower, \$56.50; wagon, \$87; shingles, 4 M, \$16; freight, \$9.65; building material, \$6.60; small items, \$3.75	256 50

Pelly Agency: barb wire, 22 rolls, \$75; lime, 12 brl., \$30.25; ox harness, 1 set, \$17; Deering binder, \$155	277 25
Portage la Prairie Agency: combination plough, \$26; mower, 5 ft., \$55; part payment on mower, \$25; rake, \$34; sleigh, \$33; scrapers, 3, \$24.50; wagon, \$91; wagon box, \$25; sundry implements and tools, \$35.41; machine oil, 24 gal., \$12; implement repairs, \$9.50; ox harness, 2 sets, \$30; lime, \$3.75; freighting, \$19.83	423 99
Saddle Lake Agency: repairs to boiler, \$30; nails, 4 kegs, \$17; sundry hardware, etc., \$12.15	59 19
Sarcee Agency, lime, 10 bushels	4 50
Stony Agency: machine oil, 10 gal., \$9; nails, 500 lb., \$21.90; staples, 300 lb., \$15.60; white-wash brushes, 30, \$12; sundries, \$2.24	60 74
Treaty 8: chest of tools, \$44; spades and hoes, 3 doz. each, \$45.90; scythes and snaths, 18, \$29.63; sundry tools and implements, \$23; freight, \$27	169 53
Field and Garden Seeds (\$3,447.29).	...
Assiniboine Agency: oats, 18 bush. at 80c.; wheat, 731 3/4 bush., \$1,051.54; sundries, \$7.20	1,073 14
Battleford Agency: barley, 12 bush. at 90c.; oats, 990 1/2 bush., \$718.55; wheat, 1,008 bush., \$1,497.25; garden seeds, \$17; cartage and freight, \$18.96	2,262 56
Birtle Agency: oats, 25 bush. at 70c., 415 bush. at 53c.; wheat, 91 bush. at \$1.45	369 40
Blackfoot Agency, garden seeds	1 20
Blood Agency: carrot seed, 10 lb. at 40c.; onion and turnip seed, 15 lb., \$4	8 00
Carried forward	14,820 38

Brought forward	14,820 38
Field and Garden Seeds - Concluded.	...
Carlton Agency: oats, 1,955 bush., \$1,436.25; wheat, 420 bush., \$555.27; potatoes, 46.6 bush., \$38.60; sundry garden seeds, \$17	2,047 12
Clandeboyne Agency: potatoes, 214 5/6 bush., \$177.20; wheat, 100 bush., \$175; sundry garden seeds, \$11.80; grain sacks, etc., \$8.10; freight, \$26.47; postage, \$1.80	400 37
Crooked Lakes Agency, sundry garden seeds	4 50
Duck Lake Agency: carrot seed, 20 lb., \$8; onion, 20 lb., \$12; turnip, 20 lb., \$2; freight, \$5	27 00
Edmonton Agency: oats, 46 bush., \$34.50; garden seeds, \$9.60; freighting, etc., \$3.50	47 60
File Hills Agency: potatoes, 10 bush., \$8; garden seeds, \$4.40	12 40
Fisher River Agency: barley, 70 bush., \$94.50; oats, 130 bush., \$117; potatoes, 74 bush. at \$1; garden seeds, \$21.60; cartage, \$35	342 10
Fort Frances Agency, garden seeds	4 80
Fort Simpson Agency, potatoes, 60 bush	72 00
Hobbema Agency: wheat, 132.3 bush., \$198.40; garden seeds, \$12	210 40
Isle à la Crosse Agency: garden seeds, \$24.16; freighting, \$4.50	28 66
Kenora Agency: potatoes, 108 bush., \$79.71; garden seeds, \$10.80; freighting, \$9.01; sundry seeds, \$13.55; sacks, \$1.20	114 27
Lesser Slave Lake Agency: barley, 147 bush., \$140.50; oats, 181 bush., \$135.75; potatoes, 38 2/3 sacks, \$108, 124 bush., \$207.70; garden seeds, \$17.28; freighting, \$43.51; ploughing, 2 days, \$6	658 74
Moose Mountain Agency, sundry garden seeds	4 10
Norway House Agency: potatoes, 102 bush., \$73; garden seeds, \$16.02; freighting, \$36.75; overpayment to Northern Fish Co. on account of freight, to be deducted in 1916 - 17, \$36	161 77
Onion Lake Agency: barley, 110 bush., \$49.46; oats, 315 bush., \$157.50; wheat, 269.28 bush., \$225.88; onion seed, 25 lb., \$15; potatoes, 24.31 bush., \$29.20; carrot seed, 25 lb., \$10; sundries, \$4.10	491 14
Pas Agency: potatoes, 50 bush., \$50; garden seeds, \$14.30; freight, \$21.14	85 44
Peigan Agency, garden seeds	8 90
Pelly Agency: barley, 86 bush., \$68.20; oats, 1,225 3/4 bush., \$971.42; wheat; 112 1/2 bush., \$165.80; garden seeds, \$4.80; bluestone, \$1.50	1,211 72
Portage la Prairie Agency: barley, 114 bush., \$99.70; oats, 332 bush., \$261.25; wheat, 195 1/2 bush., \$297.84; potatoes, 100 bush., \$79.08; garden seeds, \$10.80; grain bags, 80, \$10; freight, \$17.65	776 32
Qu'Appelle Agency: oats, 1,135.6 bush., \$931.75; wheat, 72 1/4 bush., \$115.60; garden seeds, \$3.30; freight, \$12.02	1,062 67
Saddle Lake Agency: oats, 1,550 bush. at 50c.; garden seeds, \$18; freighting, \$7.65	800 65
Sarcee Agency: oats, 500 bush. at 75c.; wheat, 200 bush. at \$1.54; garden seeds, \$1.35	684 35
Stony Agency, garden seeds	9 00
Touchwood Agency: oats, 1,810 1/4 bush. at 65c., 36 bush. at 68c.; barley, 64 bush. at 75c.; wheat, 34.2 bush. at \$1.25; garden seeds, \$7.10; express, \$1.05	1,300 00
Miscellaneous and general, freight and express on seeds	25 54
Live Stock (\$4,781.92).	...
Battleford Agency: 5 pure bred bulls, \$1,025; freight, \$25; travelling expenses of man in charge, \$11.75	1,061 75
Birtle Agency, one yoke oxen and harness	195 00
Blackfoot Agency: 9 pure bred bulls, \$1,510; transportation, \$27	1,537 00

Blood Agency, 10 pure bred bulls	1,630 00
Clandeboyce Agency: pure bred bull, \$150; transportation expenses, \$39.80	189 80
Crooked Lakes Agency, 2 pure bred bulls	266 00
Duck Lake Agency, 2 pure bred bulls	221 00
Edmonton Agency, 2 pure bred bulls	366 00
File Hills Agency, 2 pure bred bulls	256 00
Fisher River Agency: 3 pure bred bulls, \$400; transportation expenses, \$43.50	443 50
Hobbema Agency, 3 pure bred bulls	444 00
Lesser Slave Lake Agency, castrating 9 bulls	4 50
Norway House Agency, freighting 2 heifers	5 00
Onion Lake Agency: 4 pure bred bulls, \$726; 2 pure bred boars, \$32; 4 grade sows, \$50; transportation of bulls, \$29	837 00
Pas Agency: 4 cows and 2 oxen, \$425; feed and transportation, \$133.45	558 45
Peigan Agency, 10 pure bred bulls	1,470 00
Pelly Agency: yoke oxen, \$190; freight on bull to Strevel, \$6.60	196 60
Portage la Prairie: 9 pure bred bulls, \$1,090; transportation expenses, \$84.85; travelling expenses of man in charge, 13,72	1,188 57
Saddle Lake Agency: 2 pure bred bulls, \$365; transportation expenses, \$9.75	374 75
Sarcee Agency, 2 pure bred bulls	280 00
Touchwood Agency, 3 pure bred bulls	384 00
Carried forward	37,320 86

Brought forward	37,320 86
Supplies for Destitute (\$144,508.80).	...
Assiniboine Agency (\$993.03) -	...
Bacon, 1,126 lb., \$150.88; beef, 1,527 lb., \$162.39; fish, 1,930 lb. at 5c.	409 77
Flour, 80 sacks, \$220; tea, 155 lb., \$35.65; sundry provisions, \$49.68	305 33
Powder, 50 lb., \$11.50; shot, 200 lb., \$15.50; fishing tackle and ammunition, \$28.41	55 41
Men's trousers, 12 pr., \$20.40; boys' trousers, 12 pr., \$18; clothing material, \$71.79	110 19
Blankets, 20, \$66; gopher poison, \$50; care of baby, \$6; express, \$2.08	124 08
Battleford Agency (\$4,090.85) -	...
Bacon, 8,467 lb., \$1,104.95; beef, 11,334 lb., \$1,029.06; beef cow, \$75	2,209 01
Flour, 249 sacks, \$622; rice, 820 lb., \$34.85; rolled oats, 1,000 lb., \$34	690 85
Tea, 400 lb., \$92; soap, 360 lb., \$20.70; care of Indian, 4 months and burial, \$35	147 70
Powder, 250 lb., \$57.20; shot, 1,000 lb., \$77.50; ammunition and tackle, \$62.02	196 72
Gilling twine, 80 lb., \$68; expenses procuring rations, \$16.50; clothing, \$20.20	104 70
Boys' trousers, 70 pr. at \$1.50; men's trousers, 70 pr. at \$1.70; clothing material, \$59.31	283 31
Blankets, 77, \$254.10; etoffe, 99 yd., \$54.45; serge, 216 1/2 yd., \$69.28	377 83
Express, freight and cartage on supplies	80 73
Birtle Agency (\$349.18) -	...
Bacon, 612 lb., \$85.68; flour, 35 sacks, \$98; sundry provisions, \$21.34	205 02
Powder, 100 lb., \$22.58; shot, 300 lb., \$23.25; ammunition and fishing tackle, \$18.08	63 91
Blankets, 12, \$39.60; clothing, \$16; burial expenses, \$18.20; freight, \$6.45	80 25
Blackfoot Agency (\$6,750.45) -	...
Beef, 59,836 lb. at 10 1/2c.; blankets, 80 pr., \$264; cartage, \$45.50	6,592 27
Men's trousers, 30 pr., \$51; serge, 200 yd., \$64; clothing material, \$43.18	158 18
Blood Agency (\$10,960.50) -	...
Bacon, 2,315 lb., \$296.32; beef supplied by Indians, 121,288 lb., \$10,035.86	10,332 18
Flour, 769 sacks, \$1,845.60; tea, 200 lb., \$46; sundry provisions, \$13.51	1,905 11
Blankets, 60 pr., \$198; men's trousers, 30 pr., \$51; clothing material, \$59.76	308 76
Soap, 384 lb., \$22.08; putting up ice, \$28; cartage, \$274.17; ammunition, \$8.70	332 95
Carlton Agency (\$4,560.64) -	...
Bacon, 6,958 lb., \$928.64; beef, 9,784 lb., \$825.01; rice, 1,006 lb., \$42.75; fish, \$19.35	1,815 75
Flour, 222.8 sacks, \$553.84; tea, 593 lb., \$145.39; sundry provisions, \$122.73	821 96
Care of Indians, 34 1/2 m., \$350; lumber, 1,030 ft., \$30.83; building material, \$51.08	431 91
Cod lines, 50, \$38.25; cotton seine twine, 813 lb., \$167.59; gilling twine, 252 lb., \$214.20	420 04
Powder, 400 lb., \$91.52; shot, 1,400 lb., \$108.50; ammunition and fishing tackle, \$19.76	219 78
Boys' trousers, 30 pr., \$45; men's trousers 48 pr., \$81.60; blankets, 75, \$247.50	374 10
Serge, 296 yd., \$94.72; galatea, 520 1/4 yd., \$63.73; clothing material, \$59.70	218 15
Freight and cartage on supplies	258 95
Clandeboyne Agency (\$2,045.42) -	...
Bacon, 2,580 lb., \$359.90; flour, 150 sacks at \$2.80, 20 sacks at \$3.35; tea, 425 lb., \$97.75	944 65

Sundry provisions, \$162.89; care of destitute woman, 12 m. at \$4; sundries, \$13.24	224 13
Powder, 206 1/4 lb., \$42.87; shot, 725 lb., \$56.19; ammunition and fishing tackle, \$10.15	109 21
Cotton seine twine, 323 lb., \$62.99; gilling twine, 662 lb., at 85c.; freighting, \$33.24	658 93
Expenses moving Indians to and from hospital, \$76.15; burial expenses, \$32.35	108 50
Crooked Lakes Agency (\$1,074.08) -	...
Bacon, 1,295 lb., \$173 55; flour, 80.4 sacks, \$221.10; tea, 164 lb., \$37.72	432 37
Beef, 1,777 lb., \$133.98; 2 oxen for beef, \$160; sundry provisions, \$15.38	309 36
Powder, 100 lb., \$22.92; shot, 400 lb., \$31; ammunition and fishing tackle, \$17.58	71 50
Blankets, 40 pr., \$132; clothing material, \$54.75; burial expenses, \$76	262 75
Expenses moving Indians to and from hospitals	38 10
Duck Lake Agency (\$2,742.46) -	...
Bacon, 5,326 lb., \$703.04; beef, 445 lb., \$35.60; steers, 6, \$425	1,163 64
Flour, 131.6 sacks, \$308.34; tea, 525 lb., \$120.75; sundry provisions, \$88.86	517 95
Powder, 400 lb., \$91.20; shot, 1,600 lb., \$124; ammunition and fishing tackle, \$31.85	247 05
Blankets, 58, \$191.40; serge, 310 1/4 yd., \$99.28; clothing material, \$41.37	332 05
Boys' trousers, 24 pr., \$36; men's trousers, 44 pr., \$74.80; gilling twine, 40 lb., \$34	144 80
Relief furnished four Indians, \$280; allowance for damage to oat stack by horses, \$20	300 00
Freighting, \$104.17; gristing wheat, \$5.25; burial expenses, \$1.95	111 37
Edmonton Agency (\$756.58) -	...
Bacon, 987 lb., \$123.38; beef, 1,655 lb., \$136.11; flour, 20 sacks, \$43	302 49
Tea, 210 lb., \$48.30; sundry provisions, \$36.90; freighting, \$19.98	105 18
Blankets, 30 pr., \$99; serge, 298 1/2 yd., \$95.52; clothing material, \$30.83	225 35
Boys' trousers, 12 pr., \$18; men's trousers, 12 pr., \$20.40	38 40
Powder, 250 lb., \$58.10; shot, 750 lb., \$58.12; ammunition and fishing tackle, \$12.17	128 39
File Hills Agency (\$877.33) -	...
Bacon, 1,500 lb., \$205.13; beef, 2,288 lb., \$251.68; tea, 160 lb., \$36.80	493 61
Flour, 65 sacks, \$185.25; sundry provisions, \$11.45; expenses moving Indian, \$8	204 70
Blankets, 24, \$79.20; serge, 99 1/2 yd., \$31.84; clothing material, \$12.25	123 29
Gilling twine, 30 lb., \$25.50; sundry ammunition and fishing tackle, \$30.23	55 73
Carried forward	74,609 26

Brought forward	74,609 26
Supplies for Destitute - Continued.	...
Fisher River Agency (\$5,404.06) -	...
Bacon, 6,085 lb., at 13.7c., 829 lb., \$215.20; flour, 220 sacks at \$2.80, 3,296 lb., \$205.35	1,870 21
Tea, 475 lb. at 23c., 94 1/2 lb., \$51.75; sundry provisions and supplies, \$142.65	303 65
Blankets, 6, \$19.80; clothing, \$42.10; burial expenses, \$10	71 90
Gilling twine No. 40, 420 lb., at \$1.22, No. 25, 670 lb. at 85c.; holland twine, 133 lb., \$37.52	1,115 38
Powder, 287 1/2 lb., \$59.74; shot, 875 lb., \$67.81; ammunition and fishing tackle, \$37.52	165 07
Freight and transportation of supplies, \$155.85; sundry items, \$54.40	210 25
Carpenter, E. Taylor: 199 d. at \$4.50, board, lodging and travel, \$37.85	933 35
Expenses of Indians moving from St. Peters to Peguis Reserve: provisions, \$50.35; freight, 1 car, \$46; cartage, \$58.90; reimbursement of Indians on account of removal expenses, 30 families, \$579	734 25
Fort Frances Agency (\$1,026.42) -	...
Bacon, 500 lb., \$80; flour, 46 sacks, \$128.80; tea, 100 lb., \$23; sundry provisions, \$8.60	240 40
Gilling twine, No. 25, 739 lb., \$628.15; holland twine, 206 lb., \$60.41	688 56
Expenses moving Indians to and from hospitals, \$46.28; burial expenses, \$24	70 28
Freight and drayage	27 18
Fort Simpson Agency (\$536.78) -	...
Potatoes, 17,000 lb. at 2c.; clothing material, \$61.65; blankets, \$7	408 65
Ammunition, \$100.38; travel of Indians, \$26.75; twine, \$1	128 13
Fort Smith Agency (\$670.22) -	...
Cartridges and ammunition supplies, \$311.32; provisions, \$182.05; cartage, \$2.25	495 62
Clothing, \$29; nets, 11, \$67.50; tackle, \$41.85; sundry supplies, \$36.25	174 60
Hobbema Agency (\$3,462.92) -	...
Bacon 6,948 lb., \$885.88; beef supplied by Indians, 17, 668 lb., \$1,400.69	2,286 57
Tea, 315 lb., \$72.45; flour, 197.85 cwt., \$446.79; sundry provisions, \$45.75	564 99
Powder, 250 lb., \$61.05; shot, 1,000 lb., \$77.50; sundry ammunition and tackle, \$54.19	192 74
Blankets, 60 pr., \$198; serge, 200 yd., \$64; clothing material, \$41.62	303 62
Boys' trousers, 20 pr. at \$1.50; men's trousers, 50 pr. at \$1.70	115 00
Isle à la Crosse Agency (\$11,164.12) -	...
Hudson's Bay Co., supplies under contract: bacon, 6,400 lb., \$2,384; flour, 319 sacks, \$3,922.50; rice, 1,500 lb., \$253; tea, 1,162 lb., \$387.09; soap, 650 lb., \$115.10; duck, 7 oz., 1,150 lb.: \$359.50; flannel, 590 yd., \$232.50; galatea, 495 yd., \$134.05; serge, 490 yd., \$225.15; gunpowder, 1,100 lb., \$432.25; shot, 2,300 lb., \$495; ball shot, 125 lb., \$39.50, gun caps, 8 M, \$7.05; primers, W.C.F., 36 M, \$104.02; cod lines, 66, \$53.36; fish lines, 267, \$47.01; fish hooks, 2.4 M \$13.68; cotton seine twine, 925 lb., \$577.63; gilling twine, No. 25, 200 lb., \$200; holland twine, 481 lb., \$284.12; snaring wire, 29 lb., \$15.23; traps, 228, \$145.92	10,427 66
Bacon, 103 lb., \$37.95; flour, 15 sacks, 127.75; tea, 84 1/2 lb., \$34.81	200 51
Sundry provisions, \$123.77; blankets, 79, \$260.70; clothing, \$9.50	393 97
Freighting, \$141.39; sundry tackle and ammunition, \$123.25; small items, \$23.55	288 19
Kenora Agency (\$4,002.58) -	...
Provisions supplied by Hudson's Bay Co., at the following posts: Grassy Narrows, \$196.48; Lac Seul,	

\$480.36; Pine Ridge, \$31.40; White Dog, \$277.70	985 94
Bacon, 3,124 1/4 lb., \$435.84; flour, 139 sacks, \$386.25; tea, 550 lb., \$126.50	948 59
Sundry provision and supplies, \$221.38; freighting and carting supplies, \$149.27	370 65
Gilling twine, 1,470 lb., \$1,249.50; holland twine, 468 lb., \$114.84	1,364 34
Powder, 493 3/4 lb., \$102.60; shot, 1,750 lb., \$135.62; fishing tackle, \$13.44	251 66
Expenses moving Indians to and from hospitals, \$21.40; burial expenses, \$60	81 40
Lesser Slave Lake Agency (\$13,904.71) -	...
Supplies under contract, Revillon Frères: bacon, 9,464 lb., \$1,977.48; flour, 32,600 lb., \$2,187.80; tea, 932 lb., \$287.98; tobacco, 403 lb., \$458.82; gunpowder, 2,200 lb., \$774.05; shot, 5,225 lb., \$775.70; gun caps, 69 M, \$51.75; gilling twine, 730 lb., \$610.57; holland twine, No. 1, 471 1/2 lb., \$312.40, No. 5, 364 1/4 lb., \$123.61, No. 9, 272 1/2 lb., \$78.45	7,638 61
Relief supplies furnished at the following posts: Hudson's Bay Co., Calais, \$313.05, Fort Chipewyan, \$64.01, Fort Vermilion, \$1,337.99, Hay River, \$528.15, Keg River, \$143.10, Little Red River, \$166.75, Spirit River, \$150.80, Wabasca, \$253, various posts, \$64.85; Thomas Kerr, Calais, \$147.50; Auguste L'Hirondelle, Sawridge, \$57.05; Peace River Trading and Land Co., Limited, Hudson's Hope, \$48, Peace River Crossing, \$35.20; Revillon Frères, Sturgeon Lake, \$538.45, St. Johns, \$127.50, Wabasca, \$749.22, Grand Prairie, \$91.65	4,816 27
Sundry provisions and supplies, \$231.41; blankets, 6 pr., \$40.20; freight, \$21.12	292 73
Burial expenses, \$17; expenses taking Indian to Asylum, \$9.20; small items, \$11.90	38 10
Maintenance at \$7 per m.: St. Augustine's Mission, \$252; St. Henry's Mission, \$238, over-payment to be deducted in 1916 - 17, \$14; St. Martin's Mission, \$308; St. Peter's Mission, \$84	896 00
Maintenance at various rates, 14 m. \$189; care of insane Indian, 34 d. at \$1	223 00
Moose Mountain Agency (\$823.71) -	...
Bacon, 1,310 lb., \$176.85; beef, 200 lb., \$20; flour, 60 sacks, \$168	364 85
Pork, 300 lb., \$48; tea, 350 lb., \$80.50; sundry provisions, \$33.09	161 59
Carried forward	115,453 72

Brought forward	115,453 72
Supplies for Destitute - Continued.	...
Moose Mountain Agency - Concluded.	...
Blankets, 25, \$82.50; serge, 150 yd., \$48; clothing, \$34.40	164 90
Powder, 100 lb., \$22.82; shot, 400 lb., \$31; sundry ammunition and tackle, \$10.28	64 10
Moving Indian to hospital, \$40.75; gilling twine, 24 lb., \$20.40; freight, \$7.12	68 27
Norway House Agency (\$10,530.31) -	...
Relief supplies furnished by Hudson's Bay Company at the following posts: Cross Lake, \$807.87; God's Lake, \$2.25; Island Lake, \$161.50; Nelson House, \$185; Norway House, \$110.44; Oxford House, \$398.01; Split Lake, \$368.75; York Factory, \$111.58	2,145 40
Bacon, 7,847 lb., \$1,075.05; flour, 241 sacks, \$674.80; tea, 950 lb., \$218.50	1,968 35
Sundry provisions, \$62.30; burial expenses, \$6; clothing and material, \$102.34	170 64
Powder, 237 1/2 lb., \$49.35; shot, 675 lb., \$52.30; sundry ammunition and tackle, \$50.96	152 61
Gilling twine, No. 25, 1,017 lb., \$864.45, No. 40, 425 lb., \$518.50	1,382 95
Holland twine, 1,120 lb., \$286; cod lines, 60, \$45.90; small items, \$23.50	355 40
Expenses removing Indians to asylum and hospitals, \$484.91; freighting, \$3,870.05	4,354 96
Onion Lake Agency (\$5,370.04) -	...
Bacon, 9,121 lb., \$1,113.45; flour, 401.4 sacks, at \$2.50, 150 sacks, at \$3.27	2,614 95
Beef, supplied by Indians, 1,058 lb., at 7c., 910 lb. at 8c., 17,837 lb. at 9c	1,752 19
Tea, 389 lb. at 23c.; rolled oats, 1,000 lb., \$34; sundry provisions and supplies \$38.70	162 17
Blankets, 60 pr., \$198; boys' trousers, 30 pr., \$45; men's trousers, 70 pr., \$119	362 00
Etoffe, 128 yd., \$70.40; serge, 501 yd., \$160.32; clothing material, \$72.57	303 29
Powder, 325 lb., \$74.75; shot, 1,100 lb., 85.25; sundry tackle and ammunition, \$51.32	211 32
Gilling twine, 82 lb., \$69.70; freighting supplies, \$330.28; sundry items, \$14.76	414 74
Pas Agency (\$3,740.45) -	...
Bacon, 3,986 lb., \$575.98; flour, 192 sacks, \$556.80; tea, 400 lb., \$92	1,224 78
Sundry provisions, \$123.30; blankets, 103, \$339.90; galatea, 520 yd., \$63.70	526 90
Serge, 450 yd., \$144; men's trousers, 76 pr., \$129.20; freighting supplies, \$351.56	624 76
Cotton seine twine, 100 lb., \$19.50; gilling twine, 840 lb., \$722	741 50
Powder, 825 lb., \$179.54; shot, 2,270 lb., \$182.24; sundry ammunition and tackle, \$166.38	528 16
Removal expenses of Indian to hospital, \$18.35; distribution of rations, \$16	34 35
Lumber, 680 ft., \$20.40; sundry building material, \$33.10; small items, \$6.50	60 00
Peigan Agency (\$12,217.27) -	...
Bacon, 1,470 lb., \$189.63; beef, 97,314 lb., \$9,177.54; rice, 500 lb., \$21.25	9,388 42
Flour, 892.3 sacks, \$2,521.53; soap, 384 lb., \$22.08; tea, 309 lb., \$71.07	2,614 68
Blankets, 40 pr., \$132; serge, 100 yd., \$32; clothing material, \$19.07	183 07
Men's trousers, 25 pr., \$42.50; freighting and cartage, \$5.80	48 30
Pelly Agency (\$782.59) -	...
Bacon, 300 lb., \$40.20; flour, 154 sacks, \$510; tea, 100 lb., \$23; freight, \$4.56	577 76
Sundry provisions, \$39.33; blankets, 28 pr., \$92.40; men's trousers, 28 pr., \$47.60; twine, \$25.50	204 83

Portage la Prairie Agency (\$5,645.12) -	...
Bacon, 10, 438 lb., \$1,682.45; flour, 469 sacks, \$1,408.40; tea, 1,035 lb., \$269.25	3,360 10
Rice, 1,000 lb., \$52.50; sundry provisions, \$50.20; blankets, 3 pr., \$10.50	113 20
Powder, 450 lb., \$93.35; shot, 1, 950 lb., \$151.13; sundry tackle and ammunition, \$13.79	258 27
Gilling twine, 369 lb., \$313.65; holland twine, 145 lb., \$37.50; burial expenses, \$14	365 15
Lumber, 9,743 ft., \$294.18; shingles, 18 3/4 M, \$71; sundry building material, \$95.51	460 69
Care of Indians at \$26 per quarter, \$717; expenses taking Indians to hospitals, \$10.58	727 55
Issuing rations, \$42.50; freighting, \$317.63	360 13
Qu'Appelle Agency (\$1,239.66) -	...
Bacon, 2,033 lb., \$313.21; beef, 3,500 lb. at 10c.; tea, 135 lb., \$31.05	694 26
Flour, 85 sacks, \$242.25; sundry provisions, \$5.10; burial expenses, \$15	262 35
Blankets, 20 pr., \$66; men's trousers, 12 pr., \$20.40; clothing, \$34.48	120 88
Gilling twine, 21 lb., \$25.62; gopher poison, 100 packages, \$125; wire, \$2.30	152 92
Expenses removing Indian to hospital	12 00
Saddle Lake Agency (\$2,289.34) -	...
Bacon, 4,438 lb., \$565.85; beef, 2,177 lb., \$195.93; flour, 147 sacks, \$360.15	1,121 92
Tea, 209 lb., \$48.07; sundry provisions, \$23.66; blankets, 60 pr., \$198	269 73
Holland twine, 170 lb., \$45.35; gilling twine, 200 lb., \$170; cod lines, 20, \$15.30	230 65
Powder, 400 lb., \$92.56; shot, 1,200 lb., \$93; sundry ammunition and tackle, \$20.30	205 86
Boys' trousers, 40 pr., \$60; men's trousers, 50 pr. \$85; clothing materials, \$49.67	194 67
Serge, 186 1/2 yd., \$59.68; expenses of Indian going to Edmonton for eye treatment, \$10	69 68
Gopher poison, 40 bottles alkaloid, \$20; freighting, \$178.63	198 63
Sarcee Agency (\$3,444.43) -	...
Bacon, 1,411 lb., 176.38; beef, 16, 179 lb. at 10c.; rice, 1,306 lb., \$55.51	1,816 79
Flour, 175 sk., \$425; tea, 1,508 lb., \$346.84; soap, 1,488 lb., \$85.56; salt, \$24	881 40
Blankets, 30 pr., \$99; men's trousers, 30 pr., at \$1.70; clothing material, \$63.24	213 24
Assistance to Indians putting up hay, 240 tons: provisions and supplies, \$229.93; tools and implements, \$43.93; wages of men and teams, \$226.14	500 00
Carried forward	161,482 57

Brought forward	161,482 57
Supplies for Destitute - Concluded.	...
Stony Agency (\$2,948.15) -	...
Bacon, 1,550 lb., \$115.86; beef, 24,895 lb., \$2,292.54; rice, 406 lb., \$17.26	2,4295 66
Flour, 152 sk., \$380; tea, 408 lb., \$93.84; soap, 468 lb., \$26.91; salt, 800 lb., \$20.50	521 25
Blankets, 50 pr., \$165; men's trousers, 25 pr., \$42.50; serge, 124 1/4 yd., \$39.76	247 26
Etoffe, 53 yd., \$29.15; sundry clothing material, \$42.24; freight, \$1.53	72 92
Gilling twine, 25 lb., \$21.25; sundry ammunition and tackle, \$34.29	55 54
Touchwood Agency (\$933.67) -	...
Bacon, 1,537 lb., \$205.95; beef, 1,057 lb., \$105.70; flour, 85.4 sk., \$243	554 65
Tea, 224 lb., \$51.52; sundry provisions and supplies, \$17.43; gopher poison, \$3.96	72 91
Blankets, 24 pr., \$79.20; serge, 110 yd., \$35.20; clothing material, \$64.47	178 87
Gilling twine, 21 lb., \$17.85; expenses removing Indian to hospital, \$19.11	36 96
Powder, 175 lb., \$40.60; shot, 525 lb., \$40.69; sundry ammunition and tackle, \$8.99	90 28
Treaty 8 (\$18,040.32) -	...
Supplies furnished to Nelson, Slave and Sicanni Indians by Hudson's Bay Company: bacon, 900 lb., \$490.50; flour, 30 sk., \$660; tobacco, 48 lb., \$72; tea, 100 lb., \$51; gun-powder, 250 lb., \$125; shot, 325 lb., \$107.25; ball, 100 lb., \$35; gun caps, 6 M, \$4.50; gilling twine, 48 lb., \$47.04; holland twine, 123 lb., \$116.85	1,709 14
Supplied by Hudson's Bay Company at the following posts: Fond du Lac, \$125; Fort McMurray, \$192.35; Fort McKay, \$253.10; Grouard, \$607.02; Hay River, \$7.50	1,184 97
Supplied under contract by Revillon Frères Trading Co.: bacon, 14,192 lb., \$3,914.12; flour, 39, 100 lb., \$4,426.30; tea, 1, 143 lb., \$413.47; tobacco, 374 lb., \$441.75; sundry provisions and supplies, \$230.75; powder, 2,925 lb., \$1, 147.62; shot, 5,350 lb., \$1,003.37; ball, 2,300 lb., \$470.99; gun caps, 79 M, \$59.25; primers, 26 M, \$57.20; gilling twine; 600 lb., \$511.50; holland twine, No. 1, 1,207 lb., \$860.05, No. 5, 583 1/2 lb., \$220.15, No. 9, 509 lb., \$167.56; coal oil, 200 gal., \$295	14,219 08
Sundry provisions and supplies, \$195; cartridges and ammunition, \$265; clothing, \$13.83	473 83
Expenses removing Indians to hospital, \$40; building house, \$25; freighting, \$38.30	103 30
Advance to William Gordon on account of relief, to be accounted for in 1916 - 17	350 00
Miscellaneous and General (\$1,131.41) -	...
Supplies (in store): tea, 1,400 lb., \$322; soap, 752 lb., \$43.24; gilling twine, 15 lb., \$12.76; cotton seine twine, 145 lb., \$28.28; blankets, 14 pr., \$46.20; serge, 178 3/4 yd., \$57.20; yarn, 3 lb., \$1.50	511 18
Freight on supplies and provisions	620 23
Hospitals, Medical Attendance, Medicines, etc. (\$100,310.04) -	...
Assiniboine Agency (\$1,172.66) -	...
Medical attendance: Dr. A.S. Gorrell, \$10; Dr. Philip W. Heddesheimer, \$305.20; Dr. C. Douglas Hewett, \$308	623 20
Hospital maintenance, Indian Head General Hospital, 150 d. at \$1.75; operating room, etc., \$5.70	268 20
Drugs and medicines, \$245.26; services of nurse, 12 d. at \$3	281 26
Battleford Agency (\$3,512.01) -	...
Medical officer, Dr.S.T. McAdam, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$1,000; special services, 10 d. at \$5	1,050 00
Travelling expenses of medical officer, \$88; livery, \$705.50	793 50

Medical attendance, Dr. Stanley Millar, \$25; dental services, \$4	29 00
Dispenser, W.H. English, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$50; drugs and medical supplies, \$1,353.39	1,403 39
Hospital treatment, 101 d. at \$1; 116 d. at 50c.; dressings, etc., \$2.12; medical cabinets, 6, \$75	236 12
Birtle Agency (\$4,359.52) -	...
Medical officers: Dr. R. Wheeler, 6 m. to Sept. 30, \$399.96; Dr. Arthur Macann, Oct. 1 to 31, \$66.66; Dr. Frank A. Smith, Nov. 1 to Mar. 31, \$333.38	800 00
Medical attendance: Dr. J.W. Evans, \$400; Dr. R.B. Collins, \$363; Dr. A. Macann, \$5; Dr. A.W. Montague, \$175.75	943 75
Birtle Indian Cottage Hospital: nurses, M. Cormack, 4 m. to July 31, \$300, Elizabeth J. White, 8 m. to Mar. 31, \$320; housekeepers, Mary H. Wheatley, Oct. 5 to Mar. 4, \$118.65, Miss R.M. Mitchell, Mar. 18 to 31, \$10; nurses' travel, \$5.80; provisions and supplies, \$498.64; drugs and medical supplies, \$155.25; equipment and furnishings, \$180.97; fuel and light, \$258.20; dentistry, \$29; medical services, \$32; building material \$155.60; labour and repairs, \$112.80; small items, \$22.50	2,199 41
Drugs and medical supplies, \$241.36; Lady Minto Hospital, maintenance, 100 d. at \$1.50; operating room, dressing, etc., \$25	416 36
Blackfoot Agency (\$2,687.54). -	...
Medical officer, Dr. Wm. Rose, 12 m., \$700; travelling allowance, at 10c. per mile, \$180.90	880 90
Indian hospital expenses: beef, 1,751 lb., \$152.71; tea, 72 lb., \$16.56; sundry provisions and supplies, \$323.81; equipment and furnishings, \$73.60; coal, 26.99 tons, \$170.93; hauling coal, \$36.50; sundry fuel and light, etc., \$65.40; hay, \$42.15; pumping outfit, \$57.09; plumbing repairs, and cleaning sewer and cellar, \$95.95; hardware and building material, \$40.60; sundry labour and repairs, \$139.42; pumping water, \$6.50	1,221 22
Drugs and medical supplies, \$580.42; operating room, \$5	585 42
Carried forward	196,642 33

Brought forward	196,642 33
Hospitals, Medical Attendance, Medicines, etc. - Continued.	...
Blood Agency (\$4,439.12) -	...
Medical officer, Dr. W.W. Millburn, services, April 2, to June 30, \$585, salary 8 m. to Mar. 31, \$1,000	1,585 00
Hospital expenses: matron, Sr. Cayer, 12 m., \$180; nurses, Sr. Blanchette, 6 m. to Sept. 30, \$60, Sr. Bouret, 6 m. to Mar. 31, \$60, Sr. St. Germain, 12 m., \$120, Sr. M. de l'Euchariste, 6 m. to Sept. 30, \$60, Sr. Parenteau, 6 m. to Mar. 31, \$60; cook, Sr. du St. Esprit, 12 m., \$120; beef, 5,144 2/3 lb., \$495.40; flour, 33 sk., \$79.20; tea, 143 lb., \$32.89; sundry provisions and supplies, \$556.97; coal, 37.139 tons, \$194.99; freighting coal, 59.85 tons, \$147.34; stone, \$70; democrat, \$125; wagon box, \$28; coal oil, 45 gal., \$18; firewood, \$15; sundry building material, decorating and repairs, \$49.10; sundry items, \$5	2,476 89
Putting up hay, 31.92 tons, \$87.27; painting and decorating doctor's house, \$52	139 27
Sundry building material and repairs, \$56.06; buggy pole, \$12.50; small items, \$12	80 56
Drugs and medical supplies	157 40
Carlton Agency (\$1,948.82). -	...
Medical officers: Dr. J.D. Duncan, 11 m. to Feb. 29, \$825, travel and outlay, \$134.25; Dr. R. Stewart Reid, 1 m. to Mar. 31, \$75, travel and outlay, \$55	1,089 25
Medical services: Dr. J.S. Chisholm, \$40; Dr. J.W. Eede, \$20	60 00
Hospital maintenance, 34 d. at \$1; drugs and medical supplies, \$636.23	670 23
Bacon, 360 lb., \$47.34; flour, 10.8 sk., \$25.92; sundry provisions, \$15.33	88 59
Wood, 15 cord, at \$2; shoeing doctor's horse, \$8; freight, etc., \$2.75	40 75
Clandeboyce Agency (\$7,455.43) -	...
Medical officer, Dr. J.R. Steep: 12 m., \$900; livery, \$212; travel and outlay, \$262.85	1,374 85
Medical services, Dr. Wilfred Atkinson, \$28; part payment on motor, \$50	78 00
Dispensers, 12 m. to Mar. 31: C.H. Fryer, \$80; Rev. F. Geelen, \$25; John Sinclair, \$25; Geo. Slater, 15 m. to Mar. 31, \$31.25; Rev G.C. Smith, 9 m. to Dec. 31, \$18.75	180 00
Hospital treatment: Dynevor Indian hospital, 4,103 d. at \$1; Royal Jubilee hospital, 2 d. at \$1; St. Boniface hospital, 209 d. at \$1, 43 d. at \$1.50	4,378 50
Drugs and medical supplies, \$1,418.18; expenses of dispenser, \$14.90; freight, etc., \$11	1,444 08
Crooked Lakes Agency (\$1,460.70) -	...
Medical officers: Dr. A.W. Allingham, 12 m., \$300; Dr. G.H. Craig, 12 m., \$300	600 00
Medical services: Dr. A.S. Gorrell, \$85; Dr. D. Law, \$28; Dr. F. D. McKenty, \$5; Dr. C.R. Paradis, \$25	143 00
Hospital treatment: Regina Grey Nuns' Hospital, 169 d., \$181.50; St. Boniface hospital, 23 d. at \$1	204 50
Drugs and medical supplies, \$446.70; serum, 18 boxes at \$3; small items, \$12.50	513 20
Duck Lake Agency (\$2,903.11) -	...
Medical officers, 12 m. to Mar. 31: Dr. A.E. McRitchie, \$500; Dr. G.N. Miles, \$300; Dr. W.A. Stuart, \$480; Dr. M.D. Baker, 11 m. to Feb. 29, \$275; Dr. T.C. Spence, 1 m. to Mar. 31, \$25	1,580 00
Medical services: Dr. L.T. Ainley, \$65; Dr. Bruce, \$32; Drs. Reid and Humphries, \$125; Dr. J.W. Eede, \$20	242 00
Hospital treatment, 118 d. at \$1; drugs and medical supplies, \$957.11; small items, \$6	1,081 11
Edmonton Agency (\$458.80) -	...
Medical officer, Dr. Chas. Valery, 12 m., \$200; drugs and medical supplies, \$221.55	421 55
Medical services: Dr. W.E. Anderson, \$24.75; Drs. Wells and Jamieson, \$12.50	37 25

File Hills Agency (\$1,487.78) -	...
Medical services: Dr. A.S. Gorrell, \$52; Dr. H.E. Knoke, \$18; Dr. R.E. Monteith, \$47	117 00
File Hills Colony Hospital: nurse, Emily MacMullen, 12 m., \$720; assistant nurses, Carrie Walker, April 1 to 26, \$72, Grace Ellis, Nov. 25 to Dec. 11, \$8.30, Nora Keewaydin, Mar. 1 to 31, \$15; provisions and supplies, \$66.40; sundry hardware and repairs, \$59.30; fence, 900 ft., \$120; hay, 2 loads, \$10; oats, 100 bush., \$31; wood, 6 load, \$13.50, splitting wood, \$11; coal, 3.9 t., \$50.70; small items, \$17.70	1,194 90
Hospital treatment, Regina Grey Nuns' Hospital, 38 d. at \$1.50, 56 d. at \$1; drugs and medical supplies, \$62.88	175 88
Fisher River Agency (\$3,337.30) -	...
Medical dispensers: W. Lee, 6 m. to Dec. 31, \$25; Rev. J.H. Lowes, 15 m. to Mar. 31, \$125; H. McKay, 3 m. to Mar. 31, 1915, \$12.50, 6 m. to Dec. 31, \$25; Rev. M. Sanderson, 12 m., \$120; G. Louter, Sept. and Mar. quarters, \$25; Rev. F.G. Stevens, 15 m. to Mar. 31, \$150	482 50
Medical services: Dr. Chas. R. Bunn, \$5.50; Dr. J.P. Palsson, \$168, services on annuity trip, 50 d. at \$8, travel and outlay, \$179.85; Dr D.G. Ross, \$15	768 35
Hospital treatment, 49 d. at \$1; expenses taking Indians to hospital, \$33.30	82 30
Drugs and medical supplies, \$1,920.21; freighting, etc., \$41.19; small items, \$5.50	1,966 90
Overpayment to J.J. McKay on account of freighting medicines, to be deducted in 1916 - 17 and credited to casual revenue	37 25
Carried forward	220,133 39

Brought forward	220,133 39
Hospitals, Medical Attendance, Medicines, etc. - Continued.	...
Fort Frances Agency (\$1,373.28) -	...
Medical officer, Dr. R. Moore, 12 m., \$450; livery, \$95.50; travel and outlay, \$38	583 50
Medical services, Dr. J. Picard, \$25; drugs and medical supplies, \$570.28	595 28
Hospital treatment, St. Boniface hospital, 191 d. at \$1; small items, \$3.50	194 50
Fort Simpson Agency (\$1,940.53) -	...
Equipment for hospital: beds and mattresses, 16, \$332; blankets, 24 pr., \$197.28; sheets, 30 pr. \$44.40; pillows, 40, \$114; chairs, 60, \$75; hospital chairs, 3, \$65.25; tables, 12, \$54; burlap, 315 yd., \$107.10; rugs, 18, \$51.30; linoleum, 120 yd., \$78; range, \$55; furnace, \$32.20; sewing machine, \$57.50; sundry equipment, \$443.13; freighting, \$159.12	1,865 28
Drugs and medical supplies, \$68; freight on drugs, etc., \$7.25	75 25
Fort Smith Agency (\$1,257.28) -	...
Hospital treatment, 724 d. at \$1; tents, 2, \$80; equipment, \$33	837 00
Drugs and medical supplies, \$309.89; freighting, \$110.39	420 28
Hobbema Agency (\$1,177.85) -	...
Medical officer, Dr. H.C.R. Walker, 12 m., \$700, special services, \$70, travel, \$21.60; drugs and medical supplies, \$386.25	1,177 85
Isle à la Crosse Agency (\$1,939.029) -	...
Medical officer on treaty payments, Dr. Stuart Reid, 114 d. at \$8; outlay, \$3.90	915 90
Dispensers, 12 m. to Mar. 31: Rev. M. Rossignol, \$50; Rev. L.J. Egenoff, \$50; Rev. M.B. Edwards, \$50; Rev. J.I.A. Renaud, \$50; Rev. A.E. Clephan, 6 m. to Sept. 30, \$25; Rev. J.A. McKay, 6 m. to Mar. 31, \$25	250 00
Drugs and medical supplies, \$278.02; instruments, \$28; freighting drugs, \$102.10	408 12
Hospital treatment, Prince Albert Municipal Hospital, 365 d. at \$1	365 00
Kenora Agency (\$3,577.62) -	...
Medical officer: Dr. A.D. Ferguson, 12 m., \$1,000; travel and outlay, \$410.85	1,410 85
Medical services: Dr. J.C. Gillis, \$14; Dr. W.J. Chapman, \$10	24 00
Nurse, Miss Lyla Stratton, 12 m., \$600; dispenser, Rev. Fred Eley, 12 m., \$50	650 00
Treatment: Mimico Asylum, 52 weeks at \$2.75; hospital treatment, \$70.05	213 05
Hospital equipment, \$133.10; drugs and medical supplies, \$944.53; freight, \$3.24	1,080 87
Rent of doctor's office, 12 m. to Dec. 31, 1915, \$192; small items, \$6.85	198 85
Lesser Slave take Agency (\$2,662.18) -	...
Medical officer: Dr. F.E. Rimer, 12 m., \$500.01; travel and outlay, \$151.75	651 76
Medical services: Dr. H.Y. Baldwin, \$187, travel and outlay, \$118, provisions for trips, \$44.20; Dr. Emile Boissonneault, \$121; Dr. Richard E. Delaney, 31 d. at \$15; Dr. M.E. Grimshaw, \$30; Dr. M.L. Macdonald, \$18; Dr. F.E. Rimer, services, 1914 - 15, \$97	1,180 20
Drugs and medical supplies, \$518.97; hospital treatment, 226 d. at \$1; freight, \$85.25	830 22
Moose Mountain Agency (\$859.41) -	...
Medical officer, Dr. C.H. Christie, 11 m. to Feb. 29	412 50
Medical services, Dr. H.P.H. Galloway, \$225; drugs and medical supplies, \$221.91	446 91
Norway House Agency (\$9,428.22) -	...

Medical officer: Dr. H.C. Norquay, 12 m., \$1,500; travel and outlay, \$129.57	1,629 57
Norway House Hospital, expenses: nurses, Miss E.A. Brander, April, \$40, Miss I. Currie, April 26 to June 7, \$56, travel, \$11, Miss B.M. McDonald, June 1 to Aug. 30, \$120, travel, \$30.45, Mrs. G.Y. Dent, Sept. 10 to Mar. 31, \$333.33, travel, \$26.85; cooks, Miss Evyln McKay, April 1 to July 31, \$60, Miss M.Cooper, Oct. 12 to Mar. 31, \$168.38, travel, \$10.80; salaries of attendants and ward maids, \$436.26, travel, \$10.80; hospital supplies and provisions, \$1,535.98; wood, 193.31 cords, \$736.58; labour putting up wood, \$184; laundry, cleaning, etc., \$210.32; water supply, \$88.80; steers for beef, 2, \$160; hay, 1 1/2 ton, \$25.50; equipment, \$100.64; drugs and medical supplies, \$393.37; building material and repairs, \$317.58; sundry labour, \$17.49; freighting, \$259.14; small items, \$37.10	5,370 37
Dispenser: Rev. C.G. Fox, 15 m. to Mar. 31, \$150; H.C. Belcher, 3 m. to Mar 1, 12.50; W.R. Cargill, 3 m. to Mar. 31, \$12.50; Chas. Isbister, 12 m. to Dec. 31, 1915, \$50; Alice Jackson, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$120; Rev. J.W. Niddrie, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$50	395 00
Rent of doctor's residence, 12 m. to Oct. 31, 1915, \$120; instruments, \$8.43	128 43
Expenses moving wounded and blind Indian, \$33; outlay, dispenser C.G. Fox, \$71.68	104 68
Drugs and medical supplies, \$1,689.92; freight, etc., \$16.25	1,706 17
Selkirk Asylum for the Insane, treatment, 83 d. at \$1	83 00
Overpayment to Northern Fish Co. on account of Nurse Currie's travel, refunded to casual revenue, 1916 - 17	11 00
Onion Lake Agency (\$2,448.53) -	...
Medical officer, Dr. E.B. Matheson: salary, 12 m., \$300; special services, \$121; travel, \$36.25	457 25
Medical services: Dr. J.B. Charlebois, \$150; Dr. E.J. Eacrett, \$310, travel, \$20.75	480 75
Medical supplies and drugs, \$1,365.18; expenses re typhus outbreak, \$15.50	1,380 68
Hospital treatment, 49 d. at \$1.50; peg arm, \$15; freight, etc., \$41.35	129 85
Carried forward	246,797 31

Brought forward	246,797 31
Pas Agency (\$6,790.75) -	...
Medical officer, Dr. R.D. Orok, 12 m., \$1,000; travel and outlay, \$95.75	1,095 75
Medical services: Dr. J.R. Matheson, \$34; Dr. P.C. Robertson, \$81, travel and outlay, \$46.30; Dr. Walter Ross, \$40; sundry services and travel, \$39	240 30
Dispensers, 12 m. to Mar. 31: R.G.U. Cooper, \$50; J.G. Kennedy, \$50; Louis Young, \$50; Francis Daniels, \$50; Jos. Chamberlain, \$50; M. Gilloux, \$50	300 00
Supplies, fittings and repairs to doctor's launch Sylvia, \$224.86; laying up and launching Sylvia, \$12; gasoline, 182.8 gal., \$54.72; engineer's services, \$7	298 58
Coal for doctor, 9 ton, \$117; freighting, \$50.70; drugs and medical supplies, \$1,183.12	1,350 82
Quarantine expenses, \$20; expenses re typhoid epidemic, \$31.30	51 30
Hospital treatment, St. Anthony's Hospital, 25 d. at \$1.50	37 50
Pas Indian Hospital: nurses, Mabel Jenner, April 1 to Mar. 25, less Nov., \$541.55, O. Meyers, Nov., \$50; matron and housekeeper, K.E. Belton, 12 m., \$300; caretaker, J. B. Belton, 12 m., \$300; hospital supplies and provisions, \$1,087.67; equipment, \$285.27; installation of gas meter and fittings, \$50.75; installation of laundry tubs and connections, \$83.60; repairs to hospital and fence, \$59.37; washing and cleaning, \$40.40; wood, 113 1/2 cord, \$300.75; water, \$47.25; lighting, \$108.56; drugs and medical supplies, \$171.30; small items, \$9.69	3,436 16
Overpayment to Harry Easton on account of repairs to launch Sylvia	13 20
Peigan Agency (\$2,581.19) -	...
Medical officer, Dr. J.J. Gillespie, 12 m.	500 00
Medical services, Dr. E.L. Connor, \$50; drugs and medical supplies, \$522.44	572 44
Hospital treatment, Memorial Hospital, Pincher Creek, \$8.50; freight, \$4.35	12 85
Expenses re Church of England Boarding School Hospital: nurse, Miss M.G. Kelly, 12 m., \$600; assistant nurse, Miss Marian Kelly, April 15 to Mar. 31, \$287.50; nurses' subsistence, \$166.15; provisions and supplies, \$319.85; equipment, \$13.15; coal, 23 ton, \$109.25	1,495 90
Pelly Agency (\$1,199.35) -	...
Medical officer, Dr. C.E. Tran, 12 m., \$600; special service, \$202; travel and outlay, \$36.05	838 05
Medical services: Dr. John Ross, \$230.50; Dr. G.D. Shortreed, \$30 I	260 50
Drugs and medical supplies:	100 80
Portage la Prairie Agency (\$10,742.74) -	...
Medical officers: Dr. A.E. Medd, 12 m., \$499.92, travel and outlay, \$144; Dr. H.J. Hassard, 3 m. to June 30 at \$500 per y., 9 m. to Mar. 31 at \$300 per y.; Dr. E.W. Rose, 6 m. to Dec. 31 at \$200 per y., 3 m. to Mar. 31 at \$100 per y.	1,118 85
Medical services: Dr. Chas. R. Bunn, at the following Reserves, Crane River, \$73.30, Fairford, \$359.75, Lake Manitoba, \$240.20, Lake St. Martin, \$84.80, Little Saskatchewan, \$93.30, travel and outlay, \$653.60, services on annuity trip, \$65, outlay, \$31.50, office calls, \$47.65; Drs. Hassard & Hassard, \$100; Dr. G.A. Hassard, \$65; Dr. H. J. Hassard, \$615, travel and outlay, \$25.70; Dr. D.R. Houston, \$496; Dr. F.S. Keele, \$40; Dr. James McKenty, \$120; Dr. T.R. Ponton, \$36; Dr. E.W. Rose, \$153.85, travel, \$16	3,316 65
Dispensers, 12 m. to Mar. 31: Rev. O.B. Chagnon, \$50; Miss B.A. Adams, 9 m. to Dec. 31, \$37.50; Chief J. Houle, 3 m. to Mar. 31, \$12.50; John E. Favel, \$50; A. Hyson, \$43.75; Rev. T.H. Dobbs, \$60; Colin Sanderson, \$43.75; Jas. Kahkeekaykeesick, \$50; Jos. Inglott, \$50; Rev. G. Leonard, \$50; T.D. Conlin, \$50; E. Thompson, 3 m. to Mar. 31, \$12.50; Rev. S.P. Lough, 2 y. to June 30, 1915, \$100; Wm. Kematch, 18 m. to Jan. 1, 1915, \$25	635 00

Drugs and medical supplies, \$2,404.78; express and freight, \$44.07	2,448 85
Nurse at boarding school, Miss R.A. Bolton, salary, 12 m. to Mar. 31	480 00
Hospital treatment: Gladstone Hospital, 11 d. at \$1.50; Portage la Prairie Hospital, 276 d. at \$1.50, use of operating room and ambulance, \$23; St. Boniface Hospital, 48 d. at \$1	501 50
Expenses of temporary hospital opened at Dominion City: rent, 6 m. to Sept. 25, at \$30; Dr, D.R. Houston, medical services, 163 d. at \$4; nurse, Ruth A. McClelland, 163 d. at \$3; nurse's board, \$47.70; cook, 5 1/3 m., \$105; caretaker, 163 d. at \$1; provisions and supplies, \$311.60; equipment, \$234.84; wood, 5 cord, \$26; medicine, \$23; small items, \$9.75	2,241 89
Qu'Appelle Agency (\$1,203.01) -	...
Medical services: Dr. A.S. Gorrell, \$50; Dr. W. Hall, \$366.40; Dr. J.B. Trudelle, \$50	466 40
Drugs and medical supplies, W.C. Gordon	400 91
Hospital treatment: Regina General, 121 d. at \$1.50, medicine, \$14.30; St. Boniface, 91 d. at \$1; Regina Babies' Welfare, 4 m. at \$10; sundry treatment and medicine, \$8.90	335 70
Saddle Lake Agency (\$2,287.97) -	...
Medical officers: Dr. H.S. Monkman, 8 m. to Nov. 30, \$1,000; Dr. Geo. Arthur, 4 m. to Mar. 31, \$500	1,500 00
Medical services: Dr. Geo. Arthur, \$30; Dr. S. Sabourin, \$348.80; Drs. Wells & Jamieson, \$25	403 80
Drugs and medical supplies, \$361.12; hospital treatment, \$39; freight, etc., \$5.95	406 07
Carried forward	271,657 03

Brought forward	271,657 08
Sarcee Agency (\$1,857.44) -	...
Medical officer, Dr. J.V. Follett, 12 m., \$400, auto hire, \$188	588 00
Nurses: Miss H.A. Skuce, April 15 to June.30, \$126.67; Miss A. Hurcomb, 9 m. to Mar. 31, \$450; livery for nurse, April 15 to Oct. 15, \$50	626 67
Drugs and medical supplies, \$550.77; medical services,	555 77
Hospital treatment, 72 d. at \$1; x ray and plaster cast, \$10; care of patient, \$5	87 00
Stony Agency (\$1,041.75) -	...
Medical officer, Dr. A.W. Park, 12 m., \$600; special services, \$80	680 00
Drugs and medical supplies	361 75
Touchwood Agency (\$1,208.21) -	...
Medical services: Dr. L.T. Ainley, \$24; Dr. G.S. Clancy, \$319; Dr. R. Holden Love, \$110, travel and outlay, \$9.50; Dr. A.P.F. Nelles, \$51	513 50
Hospital treatment, Saskatoon City Hospital: 87 d. at \$1.50; dressings, etc., \$11.50	142 00
Drugs and medical supplies, \$543.13; freight and express, \$9.58	552 71
Treaty 8 (\$2,107.29) -	...
Medical officer, Dr. A.L. McDonald, 12 m. \$500; services on annuity trip, 94 d., \$500	1,000 00
Medical services, Dr. H.Y. Baldwin, \$444; care of wounded Indian, \$86	530 00
Drugs and medical supplies, \$554.21; freight and packing, \$23.08	577 29
Miscellaneous and General (\$7,403.63) -	...
Alberta Hospital for the Insane, Ponoka: care of Marie Boucon, Oct. 14, 1914 to Mar. 31, 1916, 535 d. at \$1, removal expenses, \$209.75; care of David's Widow, May 1, 1913 to Mar. 31, 1916, 1,013, d. at \$1, clothing, \$19.45; care of Louis Sonai, July 30 to Jan. 31, 176 d. at \$1, removal expenses, \$82.83	2,036 03
Manitoba Provincial Hospitals for the Insane: Brandon Hospital, maintenance, 2,931 d. at \$1, clothing, \$124.90; Selkirk Hospital, maintenance, 2,137 d. at \$1, clothing, \$172.90	5,365 80
Consolidated Optical Company, Winnipeg, 1 pr. spectacles	1 80
Triennial Clothing (\$3,361.83).	...
Miscellaneous and General -	...
Clothing and material: canvas, 178 1/2 yd., \$40.16; lining, 206 yd., \$92.70; grey cotton, 156 3/4 yd., \$15.68; flannel, 459 1/4 yd., \$172.22; serge, 137 yd., \$321.95; tweed, 294 1/4 yd., \$205.98; beaver tweed, 63 yd., \$148.05; felt hats, 130, \$157.08; silk handkerchiefs, 130, \$124.04; socks, 130 pr., \$43.34; sundry material, \$13.50	1,334 70
Kingston Penitentiary: chiefs' suits, 57, \$232.74; headmen's suits, 128, \$432.31; shoes, 185 pr., \$798.42; belts, 185, \$110.79; hats, 6, \$9; handkerchiefs, 6, \$6; shirts, 185, \$61.05; socks, 6 pr., \$2.10; packing, \$37.60	1,690 01
Inspection of material, R. Watson, 4 d. at \$10, travel, \$11.70; freight and express, \$285.42.	337 12
Grist and Saw Mills (\$1,282.43).	...
Carlton Agency (\$617.93) -	...
Labour: erecting mill, 27 d. at \$2; operating, 105 d. at \$3; closing down, 2 d. at \$3	375 00
Tools, repairs, packing, etc., \$123.93; oil, 25 gal., \$19; belting, 60 ft. at \$1.25; freight, \$25,	242 93
Fort Simpson Agency (\$185.65) -	...
Cutting lumber, 20 M ft at \$5; labour, 24 1/2 d. \$59; freight, \$1.75	160 75

Repairs and supplies, \$10.50; oak, 24 pcs., \$14.40	24 90
Fort Smith Agency (\$22.85) -	...
Labour, 4 d., \$10.25; wire for fastening shingles, 1 coil, \$12.60	22 85
Hobbema Agency (\$172.09) -	...
Engineer, 48 1/4 d. at \$3.50; sundry items, \$3.20	172 08
Onion Lake Agency (\$229.34) -	...
Gasoline, 394.2 gal., \$149.32; oil, 40 1/2 gal., \$23.23; steel barrel, \$8	180 55
Tools and supplies, etc., \$25.25; freighting, \$10.54; boiler inspection, \$5; resetting, \$8	48 79
Saddle Lake Agency (\$54.58) -	...
Tools and supplies, \$60.50; oil, 21 gal., \$26; repairs, \$6.50; boiler inspection, \$5; freighting, \$3.18; total, \$101.18; less collections on account of lumber sales, \$46.60	54 58
General Expenses (\$235,076):	...
Assiniboine Agency (\$4,709.21).	...
Salaries, 12 m. to Mar. 31: agent, Thos. E. Connelly, \$1,200; clerk, Lillian Grant, \$660; farmer. Thos. Blenkin, \$720	2,580 00
Travel and outlay of agent, \$122.80; postage, \$8; interpreter, \$7	137 80
Rations for employees: bacon, 600 lb., \$80.40; beef, 900 lb., \$95.63; flour, 28 sacks, \$77; tea, 120 lb., \$27.60; sundry provisions in lieu of beef, \$180	460 63
Coal, 13.695 t., \$166.69; wood, 54 loads, \$80.10; coal oil, 48 gal., \$12.48	259 27
Harness parts and repairs, \$18; buggy, \$115; cultivator, 17 tooth, \$61.50	194 50
Carried forward	293,551 86

Brought forward	293,551 86
Lumber, 4,576 ft., \$148.90; cement, 28 sacks, at \$1; fence posts, 253, \$68.30	245 20
Wire fencing, 320 rods, \$108.80; gates, 4, \$29; sundry building material, \$23	160 80
Labour, fencing, building, etc., \$272.40; threshing, \$14.25; machinery repairs, \$35.40	322 05
Meals supplied Indian labourers, at 30c., \$87.90; blacksmithing and repairs, \$44.40	132 30
Pump, \$20; digging and repairing well, \$21; freight, \$11; stove, \$15	67 00
Telephone rent, 12 m. to Aug. 31, 1916, \$24; small items, \$34.66	58 66
Desk, \$22; cabinet, \$34; t.w. desk, \$27; t.w. chair, \$8	91 00
Battleford Agency (\$10,209.63) -	...
Salaries, 12 m. to Mar. 31: agent, J.A. Rowland, \$1,200; clerk, H. Capstick, \$900; farmers, H. Pink, \$600, H. Pruden, \$600, Walter Taylor, \$600, A. Suffern, \$600, J.W. Ballendine, \$480; overseer, A. Chastellaine, \$240; teamsters, John Taggart, April 1 to Sept. 15, \$220, C. Taylor, Sept. 16 to Mar. 31, \$260; blacksmith and engineer, R.G. White, \$600	6,300 00
Travel and outlay: agent, J.A. Rowland, \$448.57; farmers \$32.40	480 97
Rations for employees: bacon, 2,400 lb., \$313.20; beef, 2,519 lb., \$233.82; flour, 108 sacks, \$256.50; rice, 360 lb., \$15.30; tea, 480 lb., \$110.40	929 22
Coal, 28.18 ton, \$187.28; blacksmith's coal, 1.03 ton, \$20.60; coal oil, 85 gal., \$29.75	237 63
Cisterns, 1, \$93; eavestrough and piping, \$40.10; gasoline, 120 gal., \$42;	175 10
Hay, 20 ton at \$9; oats, 453 bush., \$241.80; bran and shorts, 8 sacks, \$10.80	432 60
Implements and machinery repairs, \$41.30; hardware, \$113.12; twine, 500 lb., \$50	204 42
Fanning mill, \$40; shoe drill, \$100; threshing, \$76.08; engineer's board, \$32	248 08
Platform scales, 5 sets, \$130; counter scales, 5 sets, \$50; labour at crop, 30 d. at \$1	210 00
Blacksmithing, \$34.90; blacksmith's supplies, \$30.42; veterinary's services, \$5	70 32
Moving wood, 36 cords at \$1; freight, express and cartage, \$63.08; sundry labour, \$29.71	128 79
Repairs to agency buildings, screens, doors, etc., \$177.05; harness parts and repairs, \$52.55	229 60
Blankets, 2 pr., \$15.30; soap, 480 lb., \$27.60; pasturage of agent's team, \$16	58 90
Telephone rent, 12 m. to Mar. 31: office, \$42; agent's residence, \$28	70 00
Telephones and telegrams, \$39.45; moving phone, \$2; postage and office supplies, \$22.25	63 70
Rent of buildings, Nov. 10 to Mar. 31: agent's residence, \$116.67; clerk's residence, \$93.33; blacksmith's residence, Jan. 1 to Mar. 31, \$45; blacksmith shop, Jan. 1 to Mar. 31, \$15	270 00
Legal services, Livingston and Atkinson, Battleford, \$75; small items, \$25.30	100 30
Birtle Agency (\$4,103.62) -	...
Salaries, 12 m. to Mar. 31: agent, G.H. Wheatley, \$1,200; clerk, S.M. Dickinson, \$900; teamsters, \$180	2,280 00
Travel and outlay of agent, \$320.25; postage, \$15; gas, 3,367 c. ft., \$50.50	385 75
Allowance to clerk in lieu of rations, \$200; rent of clerk's house, 12 m., \$180	380 00
Telephone rent: office, 12 m. to June 30. 1916, \$15; Rolling River reserve mission, 12 m. to Dec. 31, 1916, \$8; Keeseekoowenin's reserve mission, \$8,	31 00
Blacksmithing, \$22.50; harness parts and repairs, \$9.85; sundry labour, \$48.55	80 90
Coal, 27.728 ton, \$299.26; wood 16 1/2 cords, \$90.50; range, \$75	464 76
Hecla furnace, casing and installation, \$178; sundry hardware, \$20.95	198 95
Hay, 2.069 ton, \$18.65; oats, 249.65 bush., \$124.88; sundry horse feed, \$44.15	187 68

Repairs to agency buildings, \$47.73; stable supplies, \$8.35; express, \$1.70	57 78
Removal of manure, 33 loads at 50c.; small items, \$20.30	36 80
Blackfoot Agency (\$9,273.08) -	...
Salaries, 12 m. to Mar. 31: agent, J.H. Gooderham, \$1,500; accountant, J.W. Jewett, \$1,100; stockmen, A. E. Jones, \$720, D.L. Brereton, \$720; farmers, J.E. Ostrander, \$720, F.J. Clark, \$720; interpreter, Teddy Yellow Fly, \$420	5,900 00
Travel and outlay: agent, \$2.50; clerk, \$24.85; postage, \$30	57 35
Telephone rent, 12 mn. to June 30, 1916: office, \$28; agent's residence, \$18	46 00
Rations for employees: bacon, 2,187.8 lb., \$278.94; beef, 8,260 lb., \$723.89; flour, 84 sacks, \$201.60; tea, 428 lb., \$98.44; sundry provisions in lieu of beef, \$93.44	1,396 31
Coal oil, 11 cases, \$41.80; wood, 31 loads, \$83.50; sundry hardware, \$97.31	222 61
Coal, 116.129 tons, \$785.29; hauling coal, \$100.03; blacksmithing, \$100.55	985 87
Hay, 35 ton, \$111.50; green feed, 18 ton, \$54; sundry feed, \$18.25; horse, \$135	318 75
Labour and repairs at agency, \$116.05; shingling house, \$51.25; material, \$20.14	187 44
Harness parts and repairs, \$35.10; small items, \$23.95	59 05
Legal services, Muir, Jephson, Adams & Brownlee, Calgary	99 70
Blood Agency (\$14,889.03) -	...
Salaries, 12 m. to Mar. 31: agent, W.J. Dilworth, \$1,200; assistant agent, E.H. Yeomans, \$1,200; clerks, G.P. McCormack, 10 m. to Jan. 31, \$750, Jos. T. Faunt, 2 m. to Mar. 31, \$150; assistant clerk, A.W. Lancaster, \$600; farm instructors, P.J. Sandgathe, \$660, Thos. Graham, \$660, E.G. Hillier, \$780; stockman, L.R.H. Nash, \$660; issuer, H.F. Baker, \$660; interpreters, Y. Mountain House, \$420, David Mills, 8 m. to Mar. 31, \$120; mail carriers, 12 m. \$180	8,040 00
Travel and outlay of agent and employees, \$411.90; provisions for treaty trip, \$16.65	428 55
Rations for employees: bacon, 2,160 lb., \$276.48; beef, 17,714 lb., \$1,763.75; flour, 98 sacks, \$235.20; rice, 424 lb., \$18.77; tea, 622 lb., \$156.36; soap, 432 lb., \$24.84	2,475 40
Carried forward	329,159 15

Brought forward	329,159 15
Coal, 159.748 ton, \$844.31; coal oil, 17 cases, \$68.50; buggy pole, \$12.50	925 31
Lumber, 20.065 M, \$601.62; shingles, 14 1/4 M, \$55.05; roofing, 8 squares, \$27.20	683 87
Carpenters, 794 h., \$317.60, board and provisions, \$63.92; nails, 5 kegs, \$22.50	404 02
Hardware and building material, \$265.48; linseed oil, 35 gal., \$49	314 48
White lead, 225 lb., \$31.50; harness parts and repairs, \$92.05; water trough, \$30.40	153 95
Labour: cartage of coal and farm labour, \$887.12; putting up hay, 36.767 ton, \$110.27; sundry labour, \$205.72	1,203 11
Blacksmithing, \$97.25; horse medicine, \$26; oats, 10,480 lb., \$234.430	357 55
Freight and cartage, \$79.37; stamps, \$40; small items, \$35.80	155 17
Carlton Agency (\$10,128.22) -	...
Salaries, 12 m. to Mar. 31: agent, S.A. Milligan, \$1,300; clerk, Chas. W. Rogers, \$900; stenographers, Grace Doxsee, April, to Oct. 31, \$315, Joseph Strachan, Nov. 1 to Dec. 31, \$90, Ed. E. Allen, Jan. 1, to Mar. 31, \$135; farmers, J.A. Boyd, April 1-15, \$25, Isaac McKeen, April 16 to Mar. 31, \$575, Geo. Isbister, \$600, Fred. DuBos, \$480, Chris Brown, April 1 to May 20, \$83.33; overseer, J.R. Settee, \$60; interpreter, John Dreaver, \$480; labourer, E. Terrell, \$480; phone attendant, J.E. Braithwaite, \$60; mail carriers, E. Terrell, 78 trips, \$78, John Muchahoo, 3 m. to Mar. 31, \$45	5,706 33
Travel and outlay: agent, \$414.07; clerk, \$25.45; farmers, \$231.20	670 72
Provisions for annuity trip, \$57.90; stamps, \$35; wood, 133 3/4 cords, \$267.50	360 40
Rations for employees: bacon, 2,880 lb., \$378.72; beef, 1,175 lb., \$90.82; flour, 86.4 sacks, \$207.36; rice, 288 lb., \$12.24; soap, 384 lb., \$22.08; tea, 384 lb., \$88.32	799 54
Blacksmithing, \$199.05; blacksmith's supplies, \$41.55; sundry labour, \$85	325 60
Veterinaries' services, \$95.50; travel, \$39.65; putting up hay 100 ton, \$300	435 15
Buggy, \$120; democrat, \$123; harness parts and repairs, \$23.40; blankets, 2 pr., \$14	280 40
Bran, 60 sacks, \$61; oats, 1,849 bush., \$,703.82; threshing, \$58.70	823 52
Coal oil, 70 gal., \$21.74; digging well, 34 ft., \$83; pump and connections, \$29.80	134 54
Lumber, 5,816 ft., \$158.23; sundry building material, \$55.51; hardware, \$126.02	339 76
Repairing buildings, 533 h., \$130.55; sundry tools, \$20.50	151 05
Freighting, cartage and express, \$70.67; small items, \$30.54	101 21
Clandeboyce Agency (\$4,167.66) -	...
Salaries, 12 m. to Mar. 31: agent, F.W.R. Colcleugh, \$1,200, yearly allowance, 13 m. to Mar. 31, \$433.33; clerk, H.O. Latulippe, \$1,100	2,733 33
Travel and outlay: agent, \$68.85, Constable Kennedy, \$168.25	237 10
Interpreter's services, \$45; stamps, \$19.50; drayage, \$28; small items, \$18.90	111 40
Gasoline launch expenses: provisions for trips, \$97.51; pilot, 34 d. at \$3; engineer, 39 1/2 d. at \$5; gasoline, \$670 gal., \$154.79; oil, 18 gal. at \$1; painting launch, \$15; sundry repairs and supplies, \$98.20; launching and laying up boat, \$32	715 00
Annuity payment expenses: provisions, \$164.38; sundry services and equipment, etc., \$136.25	300 63
Telephone rent, 12 m. to May 31, 1916, \$28; telephone messages, \$42.20	70 20
Crooked Lakes Agency (\$9,337.49) -	...
Salaries, 12 m. to Mar. 31: agent, E. Taylor, \$1,400; clerk, Arthur Boyer, \$900; farmers, R.F. Hillhouse, \$720, A.A. Sugden, \$600, R.B. Irvine, April 1 - 10, \$16.67, F.L. Deacon, April 10 to Mar. 31, \$583.33; drivers and interpreters, Harry Cameron, 11 m. to Feb. 29, \$440; Augustin Peltier, 1 m. to Mar. 31, \$35	4,695 00

Travel and outlay of agent, \$83.40; postage, \$12; soap, 336 lb., \$19.32	114 72
Rations for employees: bacon, 1,479 lb., \$198.17; beef, 6,480 lb., \$783; flour, 75.6 sacks, \$207.90; rice, 250 lb., \$10.63; tea, 336 lb., \$77.28	1,276 98
Buggy, \$80; sleighs, 2, \$70; blacksmithing, \$17.05; cedar posts, 200, \$40	207 05
Coal, 2.05 ton, \$22.25; wood, 118 loads, \$236; coal oil, 61 gal., \$15.85	274 10
Cows, 2, \$120; horses, 2, \$270; harness, 2 sets, \$80, parts and repairs, \$17.20	487 20
Blankets, 4 pr., \$24; hauling and putting up hay, \$64.60; oats, 264 bush., \$158.40	247 00
Boring well, 85 ft., \$57.50; twine, 155 lb., \$15.90; hardware, \$71.45	144 85
Implements, \$15.95; sundry items, \$8.45.	24 40
Building material and repairs to agency buildings: lumber, 13,382 ft., \$389.20; shingles, 8 M, \$28.80; construction of implement shed, \$102.90; repairs to clerk's house, \$94.35; moving and fitting up interpreter's house, \$313.95; painting agency buildings, \$373.59; paints, oils, stain, etc., \$297.30; sundry material and repairs, \$266.10	1,866 19
Duck Lake Agency (\$12,142.31) -	...
Salaries, 12 m. to Mar. 31: agent, C.P. Schmidt, \$1,300; clerk, A.J. Campbell, \$900; stenographer, Miss M.E. Urton, \$600; interpreters, M. Laviolette, April, \$35, J.L. Legare, May 1 to Mar. 31, \$385; farmers, L. Marion, \$300, Wm. Kennedy, \$600, W.F. Rothwell, \$660, P.J. Hamilton, \$800, Maxime, Lepine, \$720, W.E. Robertson, \$600; overseer, P.H. Gentleman, \$200	7,100 00
Travel and outlay: agent, \$525.80; farmers and overseer, \$242	767 80
Telephone rent, 12 m. to Aug. 31, \$108; telephones and telegrams, \$16.87; postage, \$60.50.	185 37
Rations and supplies for employees: bacon, 2,520 lb., \$332.64; beef, 5,948 1/4 lb., \$624.63; flour, 113.4 sacks, \$272.16; rice, 393 lb., \$16.70; soap, 528 lb., \$30.36; tea, 525 lb., \$120.75	1,397 24
Carried forward	366,440 39

Brought forward	366,440 39
Buggies, 2, \$185; democrat, \$98; buggy pole and shafts, \$18.75; wagons. 2, \$205	506 75
Carbide, 6 cans, \$30; coal oil, 108 gal., \$34.20; wood, 100 cords at \$2.50	314 20
Bran, 33 sacks, \$43.10; hay, 37 tons, \$180; oats, 371.02 bush., \$105.38; sundry feed, \$7.10	335 58
Blankets, 3 pr., \$21; ox harness, 1 set, \$13; harness parts and repairs, \$56.44	90 44
Services of veterinary, \$18; groom for stallion, 54 d., at \$2; threshing, \$43.75	169 75
Bank exchange, \$42; ice, 6 tons, \$18; tent, \$15.04; twine, 225 lb., \$27.37	102 41
Prizes for Fair, \$50; sundry hardware, \$182.61; engine and pump repairs, \$27.36	259 97
Blacksmithing and repairs, \$84.95; farm labour, \$71; implements and parts, \$31.75	187 70
Fence wire, 30 rods., \$20.40; barbed wire, 4 rolls, \$15.75; gates, \$37; building fence, \$23.25	96 40
Freight and express, \$67.82; sundry labour, \$45.05; small items, \$69.37	182 24
Building material and repairs to agency buildings: lumber, 4,803 ft., \$129.47; shingles, 5.1 M, \$21; corrugated galvanized iron, 2,024 sq. ft., \$96.14; sundry material, \$47.80; erecting driving shed, 141 1/2 h., \$50.45; painting agent's and farm house, \$63.10; paints, oils, white lead, etc., \$43	450 96
Edmonton Agency (\$6,973.64) -	...
Salaries, 12 m. to Mar. 31: agent, Geo. H. Race, \$1,200; clerk and issuer, J.E. Pugh, \$840; interpreter, Joe White, \$540; farmers, A.E. Pattison \$600, H. Hope \$600	3,780 00
Travel and outlay of agent, \$238.19; postage, \$14; rent of p.o. box, \$8	260 19
Telephone rent, office, 11 m. to Mar. 31, \$27.50, farmer's phone, 8 m. to Dec. 31, \$10; telephone messages, \$39.35; interpreter's services, \$27	103 85
Buggy, \$95; wagon, \$100; robes, 1, \$28; jumper, \$25; blankets, 3 pr., \$18.50	266 50
Coal, 61.45 tons, \$160; coal oil, 64 gal., \$19.60; wood, 13 2/3 loads, \$20; stove, \$14.75	214 35
Putting up hay, \$304.50; oats, 301 bush., \$89.83; oat chop, 1,000 lb., \$11.50	405 83
Harness parts and repairs, \$24.50; veterinary's services, \$11	35 50
Horses, 2, \$350; cleaning and deepening 2 wells, \$30; threshing, \$24,14	404 14
Hardware, \$32,20; freighting, \$86.29; blacksmithing, \$74.05; sundries, \$35.23	227 77
Rations and supplies for employees: bacon, 1,080 lb., \$135; beef, 3,991 lb., \$454.58; flour, 64.6 sacks, \$153.55; rice, 240 lb., \$8.50; soap, 240 lb., \$13.80; tea, 240 lb., \$55.20	820 63
Erection of 3 sheds per contract	250 00
Repairs to buildings: lumber, 5,239 ft., \$108.13; labour, 28 d. at \$3, 30 h., \$12.75	201 88
File Hills Agency (\$7,327.27) -	...
Salaries, 12 m. to Mar. 31: clerk, A.W. Tye, \$900; farmers, W.S. Hockley, \$900, Chas. Main, \$600; interpreter, L. Martin, April 1 -15, \$20; teamsters, K.C. Wiles, April 15 to Jan. 31, \$380, J.L. Moore, Feb. 1 to Mar. 31, \$80; labourers, L. Creely, April 1 to Sept. 30, \$210; Geo. Keewaydin, Oct. 1 to Mar. 31, \$210; mail carrier, P. Jackson, 9 m. to Dec. 31, \$90	3,390 00
Travel and outlay, \$26.10; office fixtures, \$18.10; stamps, \$42	86 20
Rations and supplies for employees: bacon, 2,655 lb., \$361.51; beef, 2,399 lb., \$330.49; flour, 60 sacks, \$171; rice, 180 lb., \$7.65; soap, 212 lb., \$12.19; tea, 240 lb., \$55.20	938 04
Building agency office: lumber, 17,199 ft., \$472.25; shingles, 10.5 M, \$34.15; cement, 155 sacks, \$124; sundry building material, \$185.05; eavestrough and tank, \$40.15; labour, \$532.50; board of men, \$101.75; freighting material, \$58; furnace, \$140	1,687 85
Buggy, \$90; coal oil, 185, gal., \$51.80; lubricating oil, 30 gal., \$23.80	165 60
Coal, 5.938 tons, \$75.75; wood, 100 loads, \$193.30; sawing wood, \$21.90.	290 95

Digging and cribbing well, 30 ft., \$45; blacksmithing, \$12.25; sundry labour, \$44	101 25
Oats, 175 bush., \$47.50; feed oats, 1,610 sheaves, \$32.20; putting up hay, 81 loads, \$40	119 70
Harness parts and repairs, \$22.40; hardware and sundry building material, \$168.75	191 15
Office equipment: desks, 2 arm chairs, 3, \$93.40; linoleum, 34 yd., \$39.10; carpet, 34.4 yd., \$43	175 50
Telephone connection at central, 2 y., \$16; telephone repairs and installation, \$28.17	44 17
Advertising for tenders for office building, \$91.16; small items, \$45.70	136 86
Fisher River Agency (\$6,619.91) -	...
Salaries, 12 m. to Mar. 31: agent, T.H. Carter, \$1,200; farmers and helpers, W.N. White, April 1 to June 30, \$210, N.H.S. Carter, July 1 - Aug. 31, \$80, B.G. Carter, Dec. 1 to Mar. 31, \$160	1,650 00
Travel and outlay of agent and helpers, \$351.96; stamps, \$12.25; man and dog train, 32 d., \$112; meals to visiting officials, 137, \$68.50; mail carriers, \$33	577 71
Constable's services, 10 1/2 d., \$52.50; travel, \$11.35; expenses with prisoner, \$34.55	98 40
Blacksmith's supplies, \$33.35; stove and pipes, \$31.50; sundry hardware, \$24.15	89 00
Milch cow, \$50; oats, 35 bags, \$82.50; seeds, \$13; sundry labour, \$26.40	171 90
Drayage and freight, \$92.69; small items, \$31.63	124 32
Expenses constructing well: drilling, 158 ft. at \$2.50; casing, 125 ft. at \$1; pump, \$30; piping, \$13.30; hauling drilling outfit, \$40; steel shoe, \$5.25; board of men, \$25	633 55
Expenses paying annuities: hire of tug, 17 d., \$340; coal, 10 tons, \$61.30; utensils and equipment, \$55.54; provisions and meals, \$361.89; transportation and freighting, \$1,872.15, clerk, A.E. Wall, 72 d., \$240; travel, \$14.55; interpreter, \$21; pilot, \$33; deck hand, \$33; fireman, \$32; cook, \$127: sundry labour, \$38.60; constable, \$12; doctor's travel, \$33	3,275 03
Carried forward	390,057 61

Brought forward	390,057 61
Fort Frances Agency, Man. (\$3,918.13) -	...
Salaries, 12 m. to Mar. 31: agent, J.P. Wright, \$1,400; interpreter, John H. Lyons, \$650; farm instructor, A. Spencer, 6 m. to Mar. 31, \$300	2,350 00
Travel and outlay of agent and interpreter, \$368.51; stamps, \$9; canoe, \$85	462 51
Phone rent, 12 m., \$20; fares of Indian deputation to Ottawa and return, \$155.88	175 88
Rent, 12 m. to Mar. 31: allowance to interpreter, \$100; agent's rooms, \$300; office and storehouse, \$180	580 00
Wood, 15 cords, \$50; storage of launch, \$15; small items, \$4.50	69 50
Motor boat repairs and supplies, \$136.49; Bosch magneto, \$75; gasoline, 267 gal., \$68.75	280 24
Fort Simpson Agency, N.W.T. (\$5,109.64) -	...
Salaries: agent, T.W. Harris, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$1,400; engineer, Gilbert Taylor, 7 m. to June 30, \$700; Walter Johnson, 6 m. to Nov. 30, \$500; labourers, Jos. Villeneuve, 10 m. to Nov. 30, \$450, Michel Begui, 10 m. to Nov. 30, \$400	3,450 00
Travel and outlay of agent, \$133.05; making desks, \$7; hire of dogs, 30 d. at \$8	380 05
Bacon for employees, 160 lb., \$76.80; glass, 4 boxes, \$134.70; sundry repairs, \$17.50	229 00
Digging well, 62 d. at \$2.50; sundry agency labour, \$34; farm labour, 375 d., \$846	1,035 00
Expenses of annuity payments: hire of scow, \$40; provisions and equipment, \$247.17; assistance, 46.5 d., \$169; freighting, \$91.53	547 70
Logs, 10.07 M ft., \$151; mill equipment and supplies, \$26.25; labour at saw mill, 324 d. \$772.50	949 75
Commission 5 per cent to Hudson's Bay Co. on cash disbursements	187 35
Freight, \$460.55; small items, \$61.83	522 38
Fort Smith Agency, N.W.T. (\$5,748.42) -	...
Salaries: agents, A.J. Bell, April, \$116.66, Gerald Card, 10 m. to Mar. 31, \$1,166.68; farmer, R.S. Salmon, 12. m. to Mar. 31, \$720; farm instructors, John A. Cameron, April, \$60, R.G. Denholm, Dec., \$60; interpreter, Willie Brown, 12 m. to Jan. 31, \$540 I	2,663 34
Travel, outlay and moving expenses: A.J. Bell, \$301.85; Gerald Card, \$431.66	733 51
Telephone rent, 6 m. to Mar. 31, \$7.50; provisions and supplies, \$67	74 50
Wood and water supply, \$178.79; farm labour, 143 d., \$236.75; skiff, \$25	440 54
Horses, 2, \$575; hay, 8 loads, \$64; oats, 16 sacks at \$8; pump and piping, \$28.78	795 78
Freighting, \$850.31; sundry labour, \$84.61; building repairs, \$32.76; sundries, \$31.47	999 15
Commission, 5 per cent to Hudson's Bay Company on cash disbursements	58 60
Hobbema Agency, Alta. (\$8,688.66) -	...
Salaries, 12 m. to Mar. 31: agent, Joseph Butlin, \$1,200; advisory agent, G.G. Mann; \$606; clerk, Blanche E. Mann, \$720; farmers, L.W. Lucas, April, \$60, Wm. C. Butlin, \$720; blacksmith, G.P. Ferguson, \$900; interpreter, John White, \$420; labourers at \$20 per m., \$480	5,100 00
Travel and outlay of agent, \$57.85; postage, \$15; furnace repairs, \$27.50	100 35
Rations and supplies for employees: bacon, 1,375 lb., \$175.31; beef, 2,528 lb. \$202.24; flour, 57.15 sacks, \$129.71; rice, 270 lb., \$11.47; soap, 360 lb., \$20.70; tea, 360 lb., \$82.80	622 23
Coal, 66.35 tons, \$331.75; coal oil, 75 gal., \$30; wood, 40 cords, \$60; gasoline, 120 gal., \$72	493 75
Blacksmithing, \$16.25; plumbing, \$12.80; veterinary's services, \$12	41 05
Binder and truck, \$175; twine, 300 lb., \$30; threshing, \$45.53; small items, \$20.80	271 33
Horses, 2, \$300; hay, 150 tons, \$300; harness parts and repairs, \$24.15	624 15

Hardware, \$60.35; sundry building material and repairs to buildings, \$106.60	166 95
Building.agency stable: lumber, 22,676 ft., \$456.79; shingles, 27 squares, \$153.36; sundry material, \$84.40; labour, \$528.30	1,222 85
Legal services, E.D.H. Wilkins, Wetaskiwin	46 00
Isle à la Crosse Agency, Sask. (\$7,614.01) -	...
Expenses paying annuities: paying officer, Wm. McKay, June 1 to Oct. 27, \$730.75; clerk, H. Holroyde, June 9 to Oct. 27, \$461.30, extra services as transport officer, \$140; cook, Robert Goodfellow, June 10 to Sept. 28, \$218; interpreter and camp attendant, \$440.85; board and lodging, \$90.45; transportation, \$295.78; provisions and supplies, \$1,204.02; canoes, 5, \$400; paddles, 18, \$31.50; canoe sails, 6, \$49.50; canoe rent, \$20; tents, 2, \$36.75; sundry camp equipment, \$105.80; freighting, \$409.47; wages of canoemen and guides, \$2,646.70; sundry labour, \$27.15; commission, 25 per cent advance on actual cost of supplies, \$267.37; 15 per cent on cash paid out, by Hudson's Bay Company, \$38.62	7,614 01
Kenora Agency, Man. (\$3,843.44) -	...
Salaries 12 m. to Mar. 31: agent, R.S. Mackenzie, \$1,400; engineer, Hans Hansen, \$390	1,790 00
Travel and outlay: agent, \$300.30; engineer, \$5; stamps, \$19.05	324 35
Fares of three Indians to Ottawa and return, \$140.52; agency repairs, \$75.92	216 44
Fuel and light allowance to agent, 12 m., \$60; rent of phone, 12 m. to June 30, 1916, \$40	100 00
Removal of old furnace and installation of new furnace in agent's house, per contract	252 45
Cinders for dock, 4 car loads, \$40; labour on dock, \$19; sundry hardware, \$20.65	79 65
Expenses in connection with steamer Redwing and annuity payments: provisions and supplies, \$98.58; board and lodging, \$73.15; services of cooks, 35 d., \$61.25; interpreters and helpers, 36 d., \$72; fares and transportation, \$332.77; cartage and freight, \$20.13; sundry labour, \$86.30; laying up and launching Redwing, \$71; hire of launch, \$8.50; coal, 8 tons, \$80; steamer repairs and supplies, \$161.40; small items, \$15.47	1,080 55
Carried forward	427,188 50

Brought forward	427,188 50
Lesser Slave Lake Agency, Alta. (\$7,171.77) -	...
Salaries: agent, Harold Laird, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$1,200; interpreter, Chas. Nash, Nov. 15 to Mar. 32, \$225; interpreter and teamster E.A. Thurgood, 167 d. \$334	1,759 00
Travel and outlay of agent, \$298.50; stamps, \$6; rent of p.o. box, \$6; livery, \$345	655 50
Rent of agency premises, 12 m. \$300; furniture, \$11.25; stove and pipes, \$41.85	353 10
Blacksmithing and repairs, \$125.25; buggy repairs, \$25.45; hardware, \$20.45	171 15
Hay, 11 1/4 tons \$112.50; oats, 456.37 bush., \$240.68; sundry feed, \$5.40	358 58
Harness repairs and stable supplies, \$24.15; pack saddles, 3, \$24; wood, 30 cord, \$142.50	190 65
Expenses taking inventory of cattle and statistics, \$101; sundry labour, \$43.50	144 50
Freight and express	122 90
Rations and supplies for employees: bacon, 1,829 lb., \$434.39; flour, 2,800 lb., \$127.40; rice, 90 lb., \$6.07; tea, 126 lb., \$36.22; soap, 120 lb. \$16.20; coal oil 70 gal., \$46.50	666 78
Expenses of annuity payments: provisions and supplies, \$572.81; travel and transportation, \$1,784.95; tents, 2, \$83.95; cartage \$12.90; interpreting, \$80; assistants, 70 d., \$172; sundry labour, \$37; small items, \$6	2,749 61
Moose Mountain Agency, Sask. (\$2,938.12) -	...
Salaries, 12 m. to Mar. 31; agent, Thos. Cory, \$1,100; farmer, E.O. Williams, \$540	1,640 00
Travel and outlay of agent, \$45; cutting and hauling agency wood, \$105	150 00
Bran, 17 bags, \$20.40; horse, \$175; veterinary's services, \$19; mower, \$65	279 40
Blacksmithing, \$22.15; twine 100 lb. \$12; hardware \$39.90	74 05
Repairs to agent's and farmer's houses, \$159.20; sundry building material, \$24.80	184 00
Furnace and installation of same in agent's house, \$200.40; freight, \$10.13	210 53
Legal services, W.H. Williams, Carlyle, \$5; small items, \$12	17 00
Rations and supplies for employees: bacon, 480 lb., \$64 80; beef, 890 lb., \$89; flour, 22 sk., \$61.60; tea, 96 lb., \$22.08; soap, 96 lb., \$5.52; sun provisions, \$127.19; coal oil, 37 gal., \$12.95	383 14
Norway House Agency, Man. (\$9,861 91) -	...
Salaries: agents, J.G. Stewart, 6 m. to Sept. 30, \$550, Joseph Jones, 6 m. to Mar. 31, \$549.96, clerk, J.G. Stewart, 6 m. to Mar. 31, \$300; interpreters, Alfred Settee, 6 m. to Sept. 30, \$330, J.B. Keeper, Oct. 5 to Mar. 31, \$278.55	2,008 51
Travel and outlay, \$560.29; provisions and supplies, \$161.13; postage, \$12	733 42
Coal oil, 177 1/2 gal., \$52.84; cabinet, \$35; range and pipes, \$67.15	154 99
Dogs, 6, \$135; dog harness, 6 sets, \$22.70; feeding dogs, \$29; dog feed, \$186.60	373 30
Labour around agency, \$173.03; hardware, \$60.29; removing house, \$158.15	391 47
Cutting, hauling and supplying wood, \$977.93; hauling hay, \$32.25	1,010 18
Commission to Hudson's Bay Co., 30 per cent on actual cost of goods	39 64
Freight and cartage, \$29.06; nets, 4, \$27.20; small items, \$46.81	103 07
Annuity payment expenses: services paying annuities, looking after supplies etc., at Fort Churchill and York Factory, Supt. F.J.A. Demers, Jan 1 to July 22, 1914, \$223.65, Supt. D.M. Howard, July 22, 1914, to Feb. 22, 1916, \$633.33; interpreter, \$10; clerk, Johann Benson, June 28 to Sept. 19, \$208.83; cook, 1 1/2 m., \$37.50; canoemen and labourers, \$1,009.77; freighting, \$413.52; transportation and travel, \$113.50; provisions and supplies, \$1,779.74; equipment, \$32.50; dog feed, \$23; canoemen and provisions for summer trip, 1913, \$561.99	5,047 33

Onion Lake Agency, Sask. (\$7,939.69) -	...
Salaries, 12 m. to Mar. 31: agent, W. Sibbald, \$1,300; clerk, Lang Turner, \$940; farmers, F.J. Dresser, \$540, A. Martineau, \$690; miller, Joseph Taylor, \$660; interpreters, John Bangs, \$540, R. Pratt, \$480	5,150 00
Travel and outlay on agent, \$274.05; telephone, \$68.07; stamps, \$25	367 12
Blacksmithing, \$28.20; coal oil, 49 gal., \$21.56; stoves, 1 at \$15, 1 at \$30; salt, \$10.30	105 06
Wood, 101.1 cord, \$250; tent, \$15; duck, 119 yd., \$27.37; rope, 97 lb., \$21.35	313 72
Care of stallion and bulls, \$75; interpreter 69 d., \$46.83; farm labour, 94 d., \$52.50	174 33
Shingles, 12 M, \$39; paint, 18 gal., \$57.70, repairing agency building, \$186.50	283 20
Putting up hay, \$80; oats, 160 bush., \$48; bran, 1,200 lb., \$14.40	142 40
Hardware, \$93.24; implement and vehicle repairs, \$43.77; harness parts, \$10.80	147 81
Engine repairs, \$16.60; blankets, 2 pr., \$11.75; tools and implements, \$66.65	95 00
Barbed wire, 16 spools \$56; woven wire, 60 rd., \$37.50; gates, 2, \$16.40; fencing \$85.50	195 40
Phone rent, 12 m. to Sept. 30, 1916, \$24; putting up ice, \$32; freight, \$78.45; sundries, \$10.40	144 85
Rations and supplies for employees: bacon, 2,520, lb. \$326.34; flour, 7,560 lb., \$189; beef, 2,225 lb., \$200.25; rice, 252 lb., \$10.71; tea, 336 lb., \$77.28; soap, 336 lb., \$19.32	822 90
Pas Agency, an. (\$4,040.70) -	...
Salaries, 12 m. to Mar. 31: agent, W.R. Taylor, \$1,200; clerk, Ruth Taylor, \$600; interpreters, Alfred Hourie, April 1 - 21, \$35.10, A.P. Ducharme, April 22 Mar. 31, \$564.90.	2,400 00
Travel and outlay of agent, \$80.85; provisions, \$84.70; postage, \$10	175 55
Engineer's services, 16 d., \$48; repairs to launch Okema, \$204.15; oil and supplies, \$16.50	268 65
Gasoline, 254.5 gal., \$68.22, 3 cans, \$9.50; hauling up launch, \$20	97 72
Dinghy and oars, \$70; coal, 15 ton, \$195; wood, 29 1/4 cord, \$132; hardware, \$8.35	405 35
Drilling well, 128 ft., \$320; setting drilling machine, \$25; freight \$8.77	353 77
Carried forward	458,803 13

Brought forward	458,803 13
Electric light, agent's office and residence, \$63.80; coal oil, 12 gal., \$4.20	68 00
Repairs to agency building, \$34.35; lumber, 621 ft., \$16.91; sundries, \$1.70	52 96
Repairs to fence, \$28.50; sundry agency labour, \$17	45 50
Expenses paying annuities: provisions, \$93.55; engineer, 19 d., \$57; sundry services, \$10.50; use of house, \$4; small items, \$8.15	173 20
Peigan Agency, Alta. (\$7,692.18) -	...
Salaries, 12 m. to Mar. 31: agent, H.A. Gunn, \$1,200; clerk, Wm. Black, \$1,000; farmer, R. La Grandeur, \$780; stockman, C.H. Clarke, \$840; interpreter, Chas. Provost, \$420	4,240 00
Travel and outlay of agent, \$84.21; telephones, \$62.85; postage, \$15	162 06
Coal oil, 6 cases, \$24; coal, 125.4 t., \$593.76; delivery of coal, \$64.25	682 01
Bran, 40 sack, \$40; hay, 56.87 ton, \$227.46; oats, 500 bush, \$115; blacksmithing, \$4.50	386 96
Harness, 1 set, \$35; harness parts and repairs, \$93.73; services of stallion, \$30	158 73
Buggy, \$115; robes, 2, \$20; horse blankets, 3 pr., \$22; sundry hardware, \$48.40	205 80
Sleigh, \$40; wagon box, \$32; wheelbarrows, 2, \$11.50; implements and tools, \$11.50	95 00
Range, \$73.14; stove, \$37.50; hose, 50 ft., \$11.50; freight, and hauling, \$35.26	157 40
Repairs to agency buildings, \$226.69; sundry labour, \$107.68; small items, \$34.85	369 22
Installation of water system, Jackson Bros., short paid in 1914 -15	100 00
Repairs to mains, \$213.35; plumbing, \$34.40; closet, \$28.50; engineering, \$23.50	299 75
Legal services, Fawcett and Cameron, Macleod, Alta	16 03
Rations and supplies for employees: bacon, 405 lb., \$52.25; beef, 6,876 lb., \$810.44; flour, 48.6 sack, \$150.66; rice, 160 lb., \$6.80; tea, 216 lb., \$49.68; soap, 216 lb., \$12.42	1,082 25
Pelly Agency, Sask. (\$7,397.86) -	...
Salaries, 12 m. to Mar. 31: agents, W.G. Blewett, April 1 to July 31, \$433.32, M. Christianson July 1 to Mar. 16, \$596.13, Mar. 17 -31, \$48.39; clerks, M. Christianson, April 1 to June 30, \$210, J.H. Walls, June 7 to Mar. 31, \$588; farmers, A.E. Mills, 2 m. to May 31, \$80, O.M. Anderson, 2 m. to May 31, \$110, B. Hamelin, \$475; overseer, G.B. Stanton, \$600; labourers, H. Abercrombie, June 10 to Mar. 15, \$320.83, Chas. J. Hume, Mar. 16 - 31, \$17.50	3,479 17
Travel and outlay, \$270.37; postage, \$15; coal oil, 37 gal., \$12.95; horse, \$200	498 32
Buggy, \$85; wagon gear, \$70; blacksmithing, \$77.90; horse medicine, \$18.80	251 70
Harness, 1 set, single, \$30; harness parts and repairs, \$60.45; horse blankets, 5 pr., \$35	125 45
Binder twine, 100 lb., \$11; canvases, 3, \$16; drilling well, 26 ft., \$39; freighting, \$42.32	108 32
Bran, 10 sack, \$10; oats, 275 bush., \$120.50; putting up hay, \$25	155 50
Wood, 98 1/2 cord, \$260; tent, \$34.50; wire fence, \$15.35; machine oil, 15 3/4 gal., \$20.05	329 90
Labour, 65 d., \$60; ice saw, \$6; small items, \$37.21	103 21
Lumber, 16,924 ft., \$423.41; shingles, 8 1/2 M, \$28.60; cement, 12 sacks, \$10.80	462 81
Paint, 56 gal., \$119.40; white lead, 200 lb., \$30; hardware and building material, \$272.98	422 38
Carpentering, etc., 778 h., \$293.20, 22 1/2 d., \$45; sundry labour, \$176.75	514 95
Rations and supplies for employees: bacon, 1,021 lb., \$136.81; beef, 4,986 1/2 lb., \$529.55; flour, 65 sacks, \$182; rice, 250 lb., \$10.63; tea, 304 lb., \$70.60; soap, 288 lb., \$16.56	946 15
Portage la Prairie Agency, Man. (\$15,741.86) -	...
Salaries, 12 m. to Mar. 31: agents, R. Logan, April 1 to Nov. 4, \$713.33, A. Ogletree, Nov. 1 to Mar. 31,	

\$500; clerks, F. Colbert, April 1 to Dec. 31, \$749.97, F. Burton, Jan. 1 to Mar. 31, \$249.99; caretaker, T.C. Jackson, \$60; farmers, J.F. Hampson, \$600, M. Campbell, \$720, J.C. Scott, \$400; interpreter, W.H. Garrioch, \$120; issuer and instructor, H.F. Sturton, \$60	4,173 29
Travel and outlay: R. Logan, \$331.48; A. Ogletree, \$288.40; F.W. Colbert,	739 78
Allowance in lieu of house rent, fuel and light: A. Logan, April 1 to Nov. 4, \$238.04, A. Ogletree, Nov. 5 to Mar. 31, \$166.66	404 70
Telephone rent: office phone 12 m. to May 31, 1916, \$38; residence, Sept. 4 to May 31, \$18.25	56 25
Rent of house and stable for farmer J.T. Hampson, April 1 to Jan. 31, \$150; sundry labour, \$12	162 00
Cutter, \$59; harness, 1 set, \$27.50; horse, \$200; horse feed, Mar. 1 to Jan. 18, \$206.50	493 00
Pump, \$16.85; rope, 97 lb., \$20.37; repairing cable, \$21; digging fire guard, \$50	108 22
Well cribbing, 1,057 ft., \$28.71; culvert lumber, 784 ft., \$24.72; roadwork, 659 h., \$98.80	152 23
Sundry hardware and implements, \$50.32; club bag, \$17.50; sundries, \$34.20	102 02
Expenses of launch Henrietta: labour repairing, 191 h., \$130.20; sundry repairs and supplies, \$95.55; gasoline, 176 gal., \$49.28; laying up, storing and launching Henrietta, \$76	351 03
Expenses of annuity payments: provisions, \$236.59; travel and outlay, \$201.35; hire of S.S. Odinak, 6 d. at \$35; pilot and interpreter, 32 d. at \$4; engineer, 15 1/4 d., \$84; cook, 30 d., \$90.80; sundry labour, \$23.45; freighting, \$27.85; small items, \$24.50	1,004 54
Carried forward	482,242 92

Brought forward	482,242 92
Expenses building overseer's residence, barn and stable: lumber, 67,236 ft., \$2,212.46; shingles, 40 M, \$160; cement, 495 sacks, \$371.25; brick, 2,450, \$36.75; lime, 14 brl., \$28; laths, 10.65 M, \$64.47; pudlo, 120 lb., \$30; wood fibre, 63 sack, \$56.70; tar and building paper, 50 rolls, \$75; florian paper, 6 rolls, \$36; doors, 26, \$141.90; windows, 20, \$70; sashes, 46, \$103.70; w. and d. frames, 38, \$102.25; sundry material and hardware, \$600.57; installing furnace, \$165; plastering, 800 yd., \$160; labour, foremen, 1,171 h., \$607.24; teamsters and teams, 898 5/6 h., \$539.40, carpenters, 3,342 h., \$1,172.67; labourers, 140 h, \$37.25; sundry labour, \$43.75; board of men, \$466.91; inspection, Chas. Jeffrey, 15 per cent commission on Aug. pay list, \$99.98, salary, Sept. 1 to Dec. 8, 85 d. at \$5, board and travel, \$151.50; freight on material, \$72.33	8,022 08
Qu'Appelle Agency, Sask. (\$5,924.33) -	...
Salaries, 12 m. to Mar. 31: agent, H. Nichol, \$1,100; clerk, R. D. Wilson, \$840; farmers, J.A. Harris, \$600, A. H. Oswald, \$600; teamsters, T.W. Johnston, 11 m. to Feb. 29, \$440, Fred Pascal, Mar., \$40	3,620 00
Travel and outlay, \$81.25; phones, \$84.60; stamps, \$16; coal oil, 65 gal., \$22.50	204 35
Rent of two phones, 6 m. to Aug. 31, \$18; coal, 13.83 ton, \$173; hauling coal, \$27.70	218 70
Wood, 56.42 cord, \$99.30; lumber, \$9.65; threshing, \$65; engine repairs, \$4	177 95
Binder twine, 290 lb., \$34.80; oats, 85.6 bush., \$68.15; gopher poison, 10 pkgs., \$12.50	115 45
Harness, 1 set double, \$64; harness parts and repairs, \$56.80; wire, etc., \$11.10	131 90
Digging well, 40 3/4 ft., \$61; cribbing, 685 ft., \$21.90; implement and vehicle repairs, \$30.15.	113 05
Blacksmithing, \$62.15; gasoline, 45 gal., \$13.05; pipe tongs, vise and holder, \$25	100 20
Sundry hardware, \$117.35; travel of Indian delegation, \$19.35; small items, \$20.44	157 14
Legal services, Embury, Scott and McKinnon, Regina, \$26.50; witness fees, etc., \$116.14	142 64
Rations and supplies for employees: bacon, 500 lb., \$68; beef, 5,310.5 lb., \$644.40; flour, 54 sacks, \$153.90; rice, 180 lb., \$7.65; tea, 240 lb., \$55.20; soap, 240 lb., \$13.80	942 95
Saddle Lake Agency, Alta. (\$4,892.79) -	...
Salaries, 12 mn. to Mar. 31: agent, C.E. Hughes, \$1,200; clerk, W.E. Gullion; \$780; interpreter, John Bambrick, \$530; labourer, Colin Barwick, April 1 to May 31, \$40, Nov. 6 to Mar. 31, \$96.66	2,646 66
Travel and outlay of agent, \$121.30; coal oil, 25 gal., \$10; wood 50 cord, \$165	296 30
Bran, 10 sacks, \$16; timothy seed, 400 lb., \$48; digging and curbing well, 25 ft., \$35	99 00
Blacksmithing, \$47.65; farm labour, \$34; painting, 9 1/2 d., \$33.25; hardware, \$26.75;	141 65
Hay, 89.585 tons, \$313.44; putting up ice, \$14.75; range, \$60; heaters, 3, \$17.50	405 69
Fence, 80 rd., \$52; building culverts and bridges, 48 d., \$100; expenses re stray bull, \$17.50	169 50
Thresher repairs, \$26.64; engineer for threshing, 43 d., \$215; freighting, etc., \$93.76	335 40
Mill hands: engineer, 57 d., \$228; sawyer, 61 1/2 d., \$249	477 00
Rations and supplies for employees: bacon, 1,610 lb., \$205.28; beef, 367 lb., \$33.03; flour, 42 sacks, \$102.90; tea, 216 lb., \$49.68; rice, 162 lb., \$6.88; soap, 216 lb., \$12.42	410 19
Sarcee Agency, Alta. (\$4,668.69) -	...
Salaries, 12 m. to Mar. 31: agent, P.J. Fleetham, \$1,400; clerk and assistant, John Grant, \$900; farmer, Geo. Hodgson, \$600; teamsters and labourers, Isaac Allen, April 13 to Nov. 30, \$174, W. Robertson, Dec. 1 to Mar. 31, \$140	3,214 00
Travel and outlay of agent, \$80.25; stamps, \$10; phone m. to June 30, 1916, \$177.55	267 80
Coal, 56.15 ton, \$339.29; hauling coal, \$52; wood, 16 loads, \$48; coal oil, 10 cases, \$40	479 29
Bran, 1 ton, \$16; oat chop, 40 sacks, \$46; harness parts and repairs, \$29.45; scale, \$30,	121 45

Horse blankets, 10, \$32; blacksmithing, \$42.10; sundry hardware, \$29.30	103 40
Implement repairs, \$19.48; sundry farm labour, \$22; small items, \$4	45 48
Rations and supplies for employees: bacon, 800 lb., \$100; beef, 1,639 lb., \$163.90; flour, 43 sacks, \$107.50; rice, 144 lb., \$6.12; tea, 192 lb., \$44.16, mutton, 22 3/4 lb., \$4.55; soap, 192 lb., \$11.04	437 27
Stony Agency, Alta. (\$5,027.04) -	...
Salaries, 12 m. to Mar. 31: agent, J.W. Waddy, \$1,200; clerk, P.E. Stocken, \$780; stockman, J. McKenzie, \$600; interpreter, D. Wildman, \$420	3,000 00
Phone rent, 12 m. to Dec. 31, 1916, \$15; stamps, \$21; coal oil, 6 cases, \$19.50	55 50
Coal, 26 1/2 tons, \$175; papering agent's house, \$133.60; linseed oil, 30 gal., \$42	350 60
Range, \$76; democrat, \$106.75; mower, \$53; rake, \$31; wire, 10 spools, \$35	301 75
Blankets, 6, \$18; harness, 1 set, \$42; harness parts and repairs, \$22; freight, \$23.41	105 41
Bran, 34 sacks, \$44.30; oats, 2 1/2 ton, \$107.50, 270 bush., \$110.25; sacks, 75, \$10.50	272 55
Oat chop, 31 sacks, \$40.30; implement and vehicle repairs, \$14.56; lumber, 1,575 ft., \$25.29	80 15
Blacksmithing and supplies, \$56.40; hardware, \$30.61; small items, \$15.40	102 41
Rations and supplies for employees: bacon, 500 lb., \$63.50; beef, 4,667 lb., \$485.20; pork, 329 lb., \$45.93; flour, 48 sacks, \$120; tea, 192 lb., \$44.16; soap, 192 lb., \$11.04; sundry provisions, \$11.72	781 55
Carried forward	510,889 33

Brought forward	510,889 33
Touchwood Agency, Sask. (\$7,934) -	...
Salaries, 12 m. to Mar. 31: agent, W. Murrison, \$1,400; clerk, E. Stanley, \$900; farmers, A.E. Hicks, April, \$50, L.A. Golden, \$600, K. Charles, April, \$50, E.E. McDonald, \$600, W.S. Forsyth, 11 m. to Mar. 31, \$550, J.C.O. Adam, 11 m. to Mar. 31, \$550; teamster, Fred. Morris, \$420	5,120 00
Travel and outlay of agent, \$90.09; stamps, \$5; coal oil, 73 gal., \$24.33	119 42
Coal, 1.09 ton, \$14.45; wood, 89.62 cord, \$184.25; window and door screens, \$29	227 70
Horses, 2, \$390; wagon, \$95; veterinary's services, \$37; agency labour, \$45	567 00
Digging 2 wells, \$139; board of men, \$16; pumps, 2, \$49.05; cribbing, etc., \$72.95	277 00
Blacksmithing and repairs, \$48.10; harness parts and repairs, \$83; blankets, 4 pr., \$24	155 10
Material and labour repairing water system, \$80.10; hardware, tools, etc., \$65.06	145 16
Painting farmhouse and outbuildings, \$100; oats, 138.79 bush., \$83.45; sundries, \$16	199 45
Rations and supplies for employees: bacon, 1,540 lb., \$206.36; beef, 5,936 1/2 lb., \$593.65; flour, 75.6 sacks, \$215.85; rice, 252 lb., \$10.71; tea, 336 lb., \$77.28; soap, 336 lb., \$19.32	1,123 17
Treaty 8, N.W.T. (\$2,749.52) -	...
Salaries at Ottawa (Page H - 4)	2,199 96
Salary of clerk, Rev. G. Card, month of May	116 66
Travelling expenses of Mrs. Paget to Kingston, interviewing Indian girl	24 65
Expenses paying annuities: travel and outlay, H.J. Bury, \$154; provisions and supplies, \$25.30; camping equipment, \$61; clothing, \$19; photographic supplies, \$52.90; guides, \$25.50; interpreters, \$30; sundry labour, \$31; freighting and cartage, \$9.55	408 25
Miscellaneous and General (\$6,292.17) -	...
Advertising for tenders for supplies	1,311 88
Compensation for loss of personal effects in wreck of scow No. 41 while paying annuities, 1914 - 15: H.J. Bury, \$386.50; H.A. Conroy, \$275.30	661 80
Bank of Montreal, postage, express and insurance on annuity money	126 87
Premium on bonds: Employers' Liability Assurance Corporation, Limited, \$222.25; Imperial Guarantee and Accident Insurance Co. of Canada, \$87.50; London Guarantee and Accident Insurance Co., Ltd., \$222.25 4	532 00
Expenses of Indians attending the unveiling of treaty memorial at Qu'Appelle	259 68
Scott, Wm. & Co., Ottawa, inspecting 50 samples of flour at \$4	200 00
Watson, R., Ottawa: inspecting clothing, etc., 15d. at \$10; travel, \$47.20	197 20
Freight, \$77.41; express, \$19.40; trousers, 8 pr., \$16.80; sundry samples, \$6.03	119 64
Indians: bounties on prairie wolves, 1,477 at \$1; bounties on gophers, 20,610 at 1c	1,683 10
Bounties on timber wolves, paid through R.N.W.M. Police, 61 at \$20, 1 (paid in 1909) at \$5; money lost in canoe accident, \$40; money remaining in hands of police, \$610; total, \$1,875, less \$675 balance shown in 1914 - 15 (Page H - 35)	1,200 00
Winnipeg Office (\$5,158.32).	...
Salaries, 12 m. to Mar. 31: clerks, W.J. McLean, 9 m. to Mar. 31, \$1,350, G.A. Betournay, \$1,400, H. Richardson, 8 m. to Oct. 31, \$875; stenographer, Miss M.C. Campbell, \$720; caretaker, Mrs. E.L. Fewtrell, \$180	4,525 00
Manitoba Government Telephones: rent of phone, 9 m. to Mar. 31 \$54; messages \$7.45	61 45
Tees & Persse, Winnipeg: storage, 12 m., \$340; labour at 25c. per h., \$112.40; cases, 56, \$14	466 40

Directory, \$10; cases, \$30.05; postage and p.o. box, \$22.74; telegrams, \$17.11; small items, \$25.57	105 47
Inspectorates (\$29,832.59).	...
Chief Inspectorate, G. Campbell, Winnipeg, inspector: salary, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$3,000; travel, \$26.56; telephone messages, \$51.75; telephone rent, office, 12 m. to Dec. 31, \$33, inspector's house, 3 m. 14 d. to Oct. 14, \$9.65, inspector's office, 9 m. to Mar. 31, \$50.25	3,171 21
Inspection of Indian Agencies' Accounts, S. Swinford, Winnipeg, inspector: salary, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$2,400; board and lodging, \$333.60; fares, \$227.01; livery, \$68.50; cabs and baggage, \$14.40, laundry, \$10.80; small items, \$5.26	3,059 57
Alberta Inspectorate, J.A. Markle, Red Deer, inspector: salary, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$2,400; board and lodging, \$268.30; fares, \$177.62; livery, \$39.50; allowance for house rent, fuel, light and rations, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$400; office rent, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$96; phone rent, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$20; postage and p.o. box, \$16.08; suit case, \$8.50; small items, \$19.60	3,445 60
Lake Manitoba Inspectorate, S.J. Jackson, Stonewall, inspector: salary; 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$2,200; board and lodging, \$205.80; fares \$434.45; livery, \$130.40; cabs and baggage, \$26.85; interpreters, \$41; postage, \$9; telephones and telegrams, \$15.83; typewriting, \$89.45; rent of office, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$120; telephone rent, 11 m. to Mar. 31, \$24.75; small items, \$66.08	3,363 61
Lake Winnipeg Inspectorate, J. R. Bunn, Winnipeg, inspector: salary, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$2,200; board and lodging, \$21.90; fares, \$106.15; cabs and baggage, \$19.15; livery, \$10; canoe men, \$61.50; arrest of prisoner, \$15; examining horses, \$10; postage, \$16.05; provisions, \$80.58; rent of canoe and tent, \$26.25; telegrams, \$20.30; clerk, \$65; small items, \$11.21	2,663 09
Carried forward	548,726 42

Brought forward	548,726 42
Inspectorates - Concluded.	...
Lake of the Woods Inspectorate, Rev. J. Semmens, Winnipeg, inspector: salary, 12 m. to Mar. 31 \$2,200; board and lodging, \$117.30; fares, etc., \$85.85; small items, \$19.54	2,422 69
North Saskatchewan Inspectorate (\$3,749.32) -	...
W.J. Chisholm, Prince Albert, inspector: salary, 7 m. to Oct. 31, \$1,166.62; board, lodging and horse feed, \$114.80; fares, \$94.52; livery, \$119.50; allowance for house, fuel and light, 7 m. 13 d. to Nov. 13, \$247.78; office rent, 7 m. to Oct. 31, \$195; rent of phone, 6 m. to Feb. 29 \$12.50; care of office, 6 m., \$12; hire of team and teamster, 38 d., \$150; interpreter and guide, 7 d., \$14; office furniture, \$33.30; postage, \$11; provisions, \$34.85; stenographer, 87 1/2 d., \$194.50; draying, \$11.25; small items, \$21.88	2,433 50
W.B. Crombie, Prince Albert inspector: salary, 4 m. to Mar. 31, \$666.64; board, lodging and horse feed, \$135.51; fares, \$165.85; livery, \$9.25; allowance for house, fuel and light, 3 m. to Feb. 29, \$100; office rent, 5 m. to Mar. 31, \$150; cleaning office, 5 m. to Mar. 31 \$10; rent of phone, 6 m., \$11.10; provisions, \$11.35; stenographer, 78 1/2 h., \$31.40; small items, \$24.72	1,315 82
South Saskatchewan Inspectorate, W.M. Graham, Balcarres, inspector: salary, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$2,400; board and lodging, \$219.35; fares, \$348.74; livery, \$132; cabs and baggage, \$12.85; assistant, 34 1/2 d., \$86.25; coal, 8.645 ton, \$108.75; coal oil, 85 gal., \$23.80; expenses purchasing live stock, \$89.45; postage, \$30; repairing furnace, \$14.20; tea, 50 lb., \$11.50; telegrams, \$61.38 small items, \$13.19	3,551 46
Medical Inspectorate, Dr. O.I. Grain, Selkirk, inspector: salary, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$3,500, less \$240 paid by Militia Dept.; stenographer, Miss D. Grain, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$600; board and lodging, \$97.25; fare, \$193.25; livery and taxis, \$133.75; canoemen, \$8.75; camp outfit, \$36.10; provisions, \$30.02; small items, \$23.80; telegrams and phones, \$23.12	4,406 04
Industrial Schools, Hospitals and Medical Attendance (4,399.86).	...
Brandon: nurse, Miss A.E. Tindale, 11 1/2 m. to Mar. 31, \$460; medical attendance, Dr. E.E. Beer, \$5, Dr. J.H. Edmison, \$120, Dr. A. Lawther, \$40; drugs, etc., \$482.08	1,107 08
Elkhorn: medical officer, Dr. R. Goodwin, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$350; medicines, etc., \$390.45	740 45
Qu'Appelle: medical officer, Dr. W. Hall, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$600; medical attendance, Dr. A.S. Gorrell, \$38; drugs, etc., \$220.37; lumber and tar paper, \$24.50	882 87
Red Deer: medical officer, Dr. H. George, salary, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$480. medical attendance, Drs. Collison & Sanders, \$100, Dr. W.H. Plaxton, \$639; maintenance in Red Deer Memorial Hospital, 69 d., \$108.50; drugs, etc., \$116.96	1,444 46
St. Joseph's: medical officer, Dr. A.E. Ardiel, salary, 9 m. to Dec. 31	225 00
Sioux (\$5,794.51).	...
Griswold Agency (\$3,227.09) -	...
Salaries, 12 m. to Mar. 31: agent, Jas. McDonald, \$1,200; clerk, Miss M. McDonald, \$300; interpreter, Z. Sioux, \$480	1,980 00
Travelling expenses: board and lodging, \$5; transportation, \$21.25; small items, \$5.20	31 45
Medical attendance: Dr. R. Blanchard, Griswold, \$247.60; Dr. J.W. Cairns, Pipestone, \$82.75; Dr. O.S. Ross, Brandon, \$17.50; Dr. F. St. John, Virden, \$81	428 85
Blankets, 32 at \$3.30; coal, 12.99 ton, \$135.70; hay, 12 ton, \$57; oats, 301 bush., \$112.35; provisions, \$314.04; repairs, \$22.35; telephone rent, \$22; small items, \$17.75	786 79
Birtle: care of an incurable Indian, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$60; care of insane, 6 d., \$13.50; seed barley, 110 bush., \$88; small items, \$11; total, \$172.50, less seed grain collection, \$40	132 50
Carlton: care of destitute, 12 m., \$120; drugs, etc., \$25.96; lumber, \$42.73; provisions, \$59.53; twine, 185 lb., \$20.35; freight, 30c	268 87
Portage la Prairie: medical officer, Dr. H.J. Hassard, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$200; constable, P. Ross, 12 m. to	

Mar. 31, \$60; drugs, etc., \$95.20; relief, 25c	355 45
White Cap: overseer, C.R. Eagle, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$120; medical attendance, Dr. W.A. Reddick, \$11; clothing, \$27.90; drugs, etc., \$34.55; bull, \$150; provisions, \$109.77; seed oats, 155 1/3 bush., \$132; seed potatoes, 24 1/2 bush., \$23.70; seed wheat, 20 bush., \$30; small items, \$7; total, \$645.92, less seed grain collections, \$164.20	481 72
Wood Mountain: agent, J.H. Thompson, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$360; medical attendance, \$35; disc harrow, \$46; provisions, \$886.38; drugs, etc., \$1.50	1,328 88
Surveys (\$9,227.51).	...
B.C. Donnelly, D.L.S. (\$352.62) -	...
Services, 12 d., \$120; assistant, W. Deans, 12 d., \$36; cook, 13 d., \$26	182 00
Labourers, 14 d. \$28; teamster, 8 d., \$40; rent of outfit, \$7.80	75 80
Board and lodging, \$21.85; fares, \$18.15; provisions, \$42.87; small items, \$11.95	94 82
J.F. Hamilton, D.L.S. (\$860.33) -	...
Services, 30 d. in office at \$8; assistant, J.H. Hamilton, 28 d. at \$3	388 00
Chainman, 30 d., \$52.50, cook 29 d. \$58; helper, 28 d., \$49; picketman, 30 d., \$52.50	212 00
Teamster with team and wagon, 28 d. \$112; rent of outfit, \$18; iron posts, 73, \$54.75	184 75
Provisions, \$71.83; small items, \$3.75	75 58
Carried forward	574,263 25

Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta and Northwest Territories - Concluded.	\$ cts.
Brought forward	574,263 25
D.F. Robertson, D.L.S. (\$7,990.41) -	...
Assistant, H.W. Fairchild, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$1,672; axemen, 459 d., \$729.69	2,401 69
Canoemen, 8 d., \$31.50; chainmen, 306 d., \$429.07; cook, 137 d., \$342.50	803 07
Chief, 25 d., \$62.50; instrumentman, 160 d., \$344; packer, 90 d., \$145.08	551 58
Teamster, 95 d., \$159.50; board and lodging, \$473.91; fares, \$772.80	1,406 21
Camp outfit, \$239.50; hand level, \$14; provisions, \$981.21; 10 pack horses, 72 d., \$720	1,954 71
Telegrams, etc., \$42.80; transportation, \$496.85; freight, express, etc., \$57.88	597 53
Tents, 3, \$75.50; sundry labour, \$14.50; freighting, \$156; small items, \$49.62	295 62
W.R. White (\$24.15) -	...
Travel, \$18.30; assistance, \$4; express, \$1.85	24 15
...	582,297 81
Less - deductions as below	24,010 63
...	558,287 18
Deductions.	...
Field and garden seeds: collection on account of seed grain advances, \$10,856.47; sale of oats, \$2.10	10,858 57
Live stock, paid from bull fund, Trust Fund Acct. 201, Savings, for bulls purchased by Indians	7,127 00
Supplies for destitute: collection on account of gopher poison, \$12.25; sale of ox, \$40; sale of provisions, etc., \$3,028.69	3,080 94
Hospitals, medical attendance, medicines, etc., sale of hospital supplies	54 76
General expenses: sales, lumber, \$2,297.19, gasoline, \$27.28, beef and flour, \$538.29; sundry collections, \$6.60	2,869 36
Surveys, sale of camp equipment	20 00
...	24,010 63

Summary - Indians of British Columbia.

No.	Agencies.	Total.	Salaries. Page H - 36	Relief. Page H - 36	Aid to Agriculture. Page H - 37	Hospital, etc. Page H - 37	Travelling Expenses. Page H - 39	Office, Miscellaneous etc. Page H - 4	...
...	...	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	...
1	Babine	13,608 86	2,200 00	4,219 73	127 30	4,848 51	1,076 55	1,136 77	1
2	Bella Coola	9,529 99	2,200 00	803 74	97 65	2,082 58	2,389 98	1,956 04	2
3	Cowichan	8,954 59	3,240 00	770 42	50 00	2,787 50	819 40	1,287 27	3
4	Kamloops	11,503 72	2,143 46	657 94	1,225 69	4,653 70	966 55	1,856 38	4
5	Kootenay	5,925 72	2,200 00	546 85	1,023 00	1,310 30	676 75	168 82	5
6	Kwawkewlth	6,024 36	1,548 30	1,392 64	34 50	2,109 50	805 12	134 30	6
7	Lytton	17,519 10	2,900 00	3,985 09	780 20	5,201 75	2,352 08	2,299 98	7
8	Naas	14,454	3,400 00	731 20	196 00	6,684 85	2,606 50	835 72	8
9	New Westminster	22,183 83	3,000 00	2,346 47	207 85	11,134 45	985 66	4,509 40	9
10	Okanagan	11,169,72	1,820 00	2,282 36	3,216 87	2,462 53	923 35	464 61	10
11	Queen Charlotte	6,343 46	2,200 00	931 67	129 27	1,258 86	324 30	1,499 36	11
12	Stickine	5,718 01	2,200 00	944 20	682 76	1,423 20	...	467 85	12
13	Stuart Lake	8,609 57	2,200 00	2,659 23	567 45	1,600 82	938 20	643 87	13
14	West Coast	7,819 35	2,000 00	1,430 00	77 60	2,291 11	1,474 04	546 60	14
15	Williams Lake	10,670 72	1,442 50	6,162 00	484 72	2,113 00	278 50	190 00	15
16	Inspectorates	12,948 61	8,400 00	...	...	...	3,191 77	1,356 84	16
...	...	172,983 88	43,094 26	29,863 54	8,218 10	51,222 22	21,231 95	19,353 81	...

British Columbia.	\$ cts.
Salaries (\$43,094.26).	...
Babine Agency: agent, R.E. Loring, \$1,300; constable, H. Hamblin, \$900	2,200 00
Bella Coola Agency: agent, I. Fougner, \$1,300; constable, C. Tucker, \$900	2,200 00
Cowichan Agency: agent, W.R. Robertson, \$1,400; clerk, K. Robertson, \$600; constables, T. O'Connell, \$1,000, Tom (Indian) \$240	3,240 00
Kamloops Agency: agent, J.F. Smith, \$1,300; constables, W.C. Dallin, April 12 to Jan. 18, \$666.85, J.N. Nicholson, Jan. 21 to Mar. 31, \$176.61	2,143 46
Kootenay Agency: agent, R.L. Galbraith, \$1,300; constable, F.S. Ryckman, \$900	2,200 00
Kwawkewlth Agency: agent, W.M. Halliday, \$1,300; clerk, E.M. Halliday, Oct. 11 to Mar. 31, \$225.80; constable, T.P. Wicks, \$22.50	1,548 30
Lytton Agency: agent, H. Graham, \$1,400; clerks, N. Burgess, April 1 to Sept. 30, \$300, M.E. Spillman, Oct. 1 to Mar. 31, \$300; constable, A. Daunt, \$900	2,900 00
Naas Agency: agent, C.C. Perry, \$1,300; clerk, C.J. Perry, \$600; constables, A.J. Phillipson, \$900, A.J. Watkinson, \$600	3,400 00
New Westminster Agency: agent, P. Byrne, \$1,400; clerk, W. O'Malley, \$700; constable, J.S. Grant, \$900	3,000 00
Okanagan Agency: agent, J. R. Brown, \$1,100; constable, J. Cawston, \$420	1,820 00
Queen Charlotte Agency: agent, Thos. Deasy, \$1,300; constable, O. W. Hughes, \$900	2,200 00
Stickine Agency: agent, W.S. Simpson, \$1,300; constable, F.E. Cullen, \$900	2,200 00
Stuart Lake Agency: agent, W.J. McAllan, \$1,300; constable, W.F. Manson, \$900	2,200 00
West Coast Agency: agent, C.A. Cox, \$1,400; constable, G.J. Cox, \$600	2,000 00
Williams Lake Agency: agent, I. Ogden, \$1,400; constable, E. Gentle, \$42.50	1,442 50
Inspectorates: inspectors, W.E. Ditchburn, Southwestern inspectorate, \$2,500, A. Megraw, Southeastern inspectorate, \$2,200, A.M. Tyson, Northern inspectorate, \$2,200; inspector of schools, R. H. Cairns, \$1,500	8,400 00
Relief to Destitute Indians (\$29,863.54).	...
Babine Agency: bacon, 990 lb., \$335.60; flour, 260 1/2 sacks, \$587.30, 8,755 lb., \$752.50; sundry provisions, \$668.25; clothing, \$44.25; blankets, 7, \$28.50; salmon net, 752 1/4 lb., \$1,165.99; twine, 446 lb., \$258.50; hardware, \$74.65; lumber, 6,123 ft., \$99.45; freight, \$16.59; fares, \$15.10; maintenance in Public Hospital for Insane, 26 w., \$130; burial expenses, \$43.05	4,219 73
Bella Coola, Agency: flour, 25 sacks, \$60.50; provisions, \$205.36; clothing, \$125.85; blankets, \$20.25; sundry supplies, \$67.05; fares, \$63.30; maintenance in Public Hospital for Insane, 52 w. 2 d., \$261.43	803 74
Cowichan Agency: flour, 210 sacks, \$410.15; provisions, \$303.42; clothing, \$46.85; burial expenses, \$10	770 42
Kamloops Agency: flour, 192 sacks, \$376.85; bacon, 1,004 1/2 lb., \$183.90; provisions, \$50.99; transportation, \$26.20; board, \$20	657 94
Kootenay Agency: flour, 173 sacks, \$350.15; provisions, \$134.55; half cost of 1 set harness, \$22.50; burial expenses, \$15; small items, \$24.65	546 85
Kwawkewlth Agency: biscuits, 6,797 lb., \$503.25; rice, 3,889 lb., \$307; provisions, \$266.65; maintenance, 1 y., \$215; clothing, \$28.10; funeral expenses, \$25; fares, \$25.35; small items, \$22.29	1,392 64
Lytton Agency: meat, 1,505 lb., \$357.10; flour, 51,018 lb., \$2,351.43; rice, 6,745 lb., \$337.25; provisions, \$440.01; twine, 53 1/2 balls, \$69.05; clothing, \$18.50; hay, 8 tons, \$159; salt, 68 sacks, \$119; lumber, 1,930 ft., \$30.50; funeral expenses, \$24; blankets, 3 pr., \$22; wire, 4 coils, \$21; small items, \$36.25	3,985 09
Naas Agency: provisions, \$288.07; board and lodging, \$30; building materials, \$33.65; wood, 5 cords, \$32.50; launch hire, \$20; fares, \$11.25; freight, \$10.73; burial expenses, \$70; maintenance in Public	731 20

Hospital for Insane, 48 w., \$235	
New Westminster Agency: flour, 10,670 lb., \$516.55; provisions, \$312.51; salt, 12,060 lb., \$109.50; freight, \$45.93; burial expenses, \$44; hardware, \$27.48; fares, \$24.60; clothing, \$15; small items, \$33; maintenance, 175 w. 3 d., \$822.21; maintenance in Public Hospital for Insane, 79 w. 1 d., \$395.69	2,346 47
Okanagan Agency: flour, 22,349 lb., \$993.55; provisions, \$930.75; clothing, \$76.30; blankets, 5 pr., \$12.60; hay, 16,050 lb., \$91.98; lumber, 2,302 ft., \$50; tent, \$21.50; burial expenses, \$105; insurance on church, \$25; less paid from Trust Fund Acct. 107, \$24.32	2,282 36
Queen Charlotte Agency: flour, 2,542 lb., \$111.70; provisions, \$419.57; clothing, \$18.45; fares, \$93.95; wood, 3 cords, \$15; maintenance, 19 m., \$210; maintenance in Public Hospital for Insane, 12 w., \$63	931 67
Stickine Agency: flour, 927 lb., \$117.25; provisions, \$203.45; cartridges, 347 boxes, \$527.50; matches, 90 packets, \$22.50; twine, 64 1/2 lb., \$32.25; wood, 1 cord, \$12; small items, \$29.25	944 20
Stuart Lake Agency: flour, 9,553 lb., \$976.01; bacon, 1,845 3/4 lb., \$716.47; provisions, \$814.77; clothing, \$79.70; small items, \$8; maintenance in Coquitlam Mental Hospital, 12 w. 6 d., \$64.28	2,659 23
West Coast Agency: biscuits, 3,330 lb., \$326.80; flour, 17,415 lb., \$756; provisions, \$262.45; blankets, 4 pr., \$14.50; burial expenses, \$54; small items, \$16.25	1,430 00
Williams Lake Agency: flour, 4,500 lb., \$3,469.20; provisions, \$1,585.84; arrest and transport of insane Indian, \$146.05; clothing, \$10; maintenance in Public Hospital for Insane, 191 wk., \$950.91	6,162 00
Carried forward	72,957 80

British Columbia - Continued.	\$ cts.
Brought forward	72,957 80
Aid to Agriculture (\$8,218.10).	...
Babine Agency: farm instructor, H.K. Jackson, \$100; ploughs, 2, \$23.34; small items, \$3.96.	127 30
Bella Coola Agency: seeds, 1,100 packets, \$55; potatoes, 1,000 lb., \$25; team hire, 1 3/4 d., \$10.50; small items, \$7.15	97 65
Cowichan Agency, prizes re farming competition	50 00
Kamloops Agency: wheat, 18,375 lb., \$560.86; oats, 12,715 lb., \$381.45; potatoes, 32,813 lb., \$475.351 pease, 270 lb., \$27; alfalfa, 60 lb., \$16.80; sundry seed, \$51.40;. prizes re farming competition, \$50; total, \$1,562.86, less, \$337.17 collected from Indians re seed grain advances	1,225 69
Kootenay Agency: oats, 119 sacks, \$311.25, 5,800 lb., \$147.80; wheat, 1,200 lb., \$59.20; sundry seed, \$32.40; wagon, \$80; harness, 2 sets, \$90; ploughs, 2, \$44; harrow, \$22; rake, \$19; pump, \$17.50; tools and repairs, \$35.50; powder, 211 1/2 lb., \$32.95; ammunition, \$16.40; vaccinating 300 cattle, \$50; vaccine, \$15; prize re farming competition, \$50	1,023 00
Kwawkewlth Agency: potatoes, 18 sacks, \$24.30; seeds, \$3.25; tools, \$6.95	34 50
Lytton Agency: oats, 6,900 lb., \$211.20; wheat, 1,000 lb., \$27.25; pease, 2,100 lb., \$94.10; potatoes, 24 sacks, \$27; sundry seeds, \$22.86; mowers, 2, \$135.90; ploughs, 4, \$79.50; cultivators, 3, \$51.50; rake, \$30; barbed wire, 2,452 lb., \$118; harness, 1 set, \$46; sundry tools, \$25.05; freight, \$27.12; prizes re farming competition, \$60; total, \$955.48, less, \$175.28 collected from Indians re seed grain advances	780 20
Naas Agency: prizes for exhibits of handicraft and reserve produce, \$176; advertising, \$16; postage, \$4	196 00
New Westminster Agency: potatoes, 95 sacks, \$80.45; garden seeds, \$10; freight, \$28.15; harrow, \$39.25; prizes re farming competition, \$50	207 85
Okanagan Agency: oats, 24.675 tons, \$1,446.90; wheat, 18.2 tons, \$1,077.50; potatoes, 26 tons, \$484.44; sundry seed, \$24.75; freight, \$29.78; plough share, \$3.50; prizes re farming competition, \$150	3,216 87
Queen Charlotte Agency: potatoes, 2 tons, \$45; garden seeds, \$66.32; freight, \$12.45; small items, \$5.50	129 27
Stuart Lake Agency: mowers, 2, \$149.85; rake, \$46.75; plough, \$15; sundry tools, \$16.50; oats, 1.818 tons, \$127.33; garden seeds, \$153.70; freight, \$8.32; prizes re farming competition, \$50	567 45
West Coast Agency: fence wire, 12 spools, \$63.80; staples, 3.95; small items, \$9.85	77 60
Williams Lake Agency: oats, 3 1/2 tons, \$270; garden seeds, \$37.27; fence wire, 2,234 lb., \$107.95; plough, \$19.50; prizes re farming competition, \$50	484 72
Medical Attendance, Medicines and Hospitals (\$51,222.22).	...
Babine Agency (\$4,848.51) -	...
Medical officers under salary, 12 m. to Mar. 31: Dr. V.E.R. Ardagh, \$240; Dr. A.H. Wallace, \$600; Dr. E.C. Wrinch, \$1,000	1,840 00
Medical attendance: Dr. L.L. Cairns, \$238.50; Dr. C.A. Eggert, \$117; Drs. W.T. & L.W. Kergin, \$200; Dr. C.C.G. MacLean, \$22.50; Dr. S. Traynor, \$357.15	935 15
Medical supplies, etc., Up-to-Date Drug Stores, Hazelton, drugs, etc.	250 56
Hospitals, maintenance and treatment: Hazelton Hospital, 1,710 d. at \$1; Port Essington Hospital, 82 d. at \$1	1,792 00
Board and lodging, \$20; tent, \$10; freight, 80c.	30 80
Bella Coola Agency (\$2,082.58) -	...
Medical officers under salary: Dr. W.E. Bavis, 5 m. to Aug. 31, \$250; Dr. G.E. Darby, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$600; Dr. E.M. Sutherland, 7 m. to Mar. 31, \$350	1,200 00
Medical supplies, etc.: W.J. McCutcheon, \$400.83; freight, \$1.50	402 33

Hospitals, maintenance and treatment: Bella Coola Hospital, 6 d. at \$1; Bella Bella Rivers Inlet Hospital, 432 d. at \$1; Port Essington Hospital, 6 d. at \$1; St. Paul's Hospital, Vancouver, 30 d., \$36.25	480 25
Cowichan Agency (32,787.50) -	...
Medical officers under salary, 12 m. to Mar. 31: Dr. W.G. Cumming, Sidney, \$300; Dr. W.F. Drysdale, Nanaimo, \$500; Dr. W. Dykes, Duncans, \$600; Dr. W. Ewing, Chemainus, 1 m. to Oct. 31, \$25; Dr. O.M. Jones, Victoria, \$500; Dr. W.F. Luton, Chemainus, 11 m., \$275	2,200 00
Medical attendance, Dr. J.E. Montgomery, Comox	314 00
Hospitals, maintenance and treatment: Chemainus General Hospital, 33 d. at \$1; Nanaimo Hospital, 87 d., \$92, livery, \$10; St. Joseph's Hospital, Comox, 104 d., \$138.50	273 50
Kamloops Agency (34,653.70) -	...
Medical officers under salary, 12 m. to Mar. 31: Dr. F.V. Agnew, \$780, mileage, 678 miles, \$169.50; Dr. G. Sanson, \$420; Dr. G.H. Tutill, \$480	1,849 50
Medical attendance: Drs. Burris & Archibald, \$30; Dr. A.K. Connolly, \$37.85; Dr. R. Crosby, \$60; Dr. T. McPherson, \$224; Dr. W. Scatchard, Chase, \$470.50; Dr. T.A. Wilson, \$15	837 35
Medical supplies, etc.: J.H. Clements, \$39.65; MacDonald's Drug Store, \$133.95	173 60
Carried forward	93,754 94

Brought forward	93,754 04
Hospitals, maintenance and treatment: Lady Minto Hospital, Ashcroft, 9 d., \$13.50; Nicola Valley General Hospital, 127 d., \$129.50; Royal Inland Hospital, Kamloops, 632 d., \$634; Shulus Hospital, 564 d., \$564; St. Paul's Hospital, Vancouver, 233 d., \$242.50, x-rays, etc., \$146.75, Vancouver General Hospital, 42 d., \$63	1,793 25
Kootenay Agency (\$1,310.30) -	...
Medical officers under salary, 12 m. to Mar. 31: Dr. F.W. Green, \$500; Dr. G.D. Henderson, \$300; Dr. D.P. Hanington, 3 m. to June 30, \$75	875 00
Medical attendance: Drs. Bonnell & Corsan, \$12; Dr. P. Ewert, \$20; Dr. T.F. Saunders, \$21.50	53 50
Medical supplies: Beattie-Murphy Co., \$17; Drs. King & Green, \$22.80	39 80
Hospitals, maintenance and treatment: Fernie Hospital, 12 d., \$12; St. Eugene Hospital, Cranbrook, 330 d. at \$1	342 00
Kwawkewlth Agency (\$2,109.50) -	...
Medical officers under salary: Dr. H.P. Cox, 11 m. to Feb. 29, \$220; Dr. T.H. Jamieson, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$480	700 00
Medical attendance: Dr. T.H. Jamieson, \$12; Dr. H.T. Millard, \$99; Dr. T.A. Wilson, \$50	161 00
Hospitals, maintenance and treatment: Bella Bella Rivers Inlet Hospital, 26 d. at \$1; Campbell River General Hospital, 53 d., \$59; St. Joseph's Hospital, Comox, 9 d., \$15; St. Paul's Hospital, Vancouver, 40 d., \$73.50	173 50
Columbia Coast Mission, grant, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$600; St. George's Hospital, Alert Bay, 475 d. at \$1	1,075 00
Lytton Agency (\$5,201.75) -	...
Medical officers under salary, 12 m. to Mar. 31: Dr. P. S. McCaffery, \$750, auto hire, \$20; Dr. P.T. Fort, 3 m. to Mar. 31, \$180; Dr. S.A. Ross, 9 m. to Dec. 31, \$540	1,490 00
Medical attendance: Dr. B. Asselstine, \$1,340.50; Dr. P.S. McCaffrey, \$12.50; Dr. S. Petersky, \$5; Dr. T.A. Wilson, \$95	1,453 00
Hospitals, maintenance and treatment: Lillooet Hospital, 238 d. at \$1; St. Bartholomew's Hospital, Lytton, 1,427 d. at \$1; St. Mary's Hospital, New Westminster, 166 d., \$2293.25; St. Paul's Hospital, Vancouver, 240 d., \$345; Vancouver General Hospital, 17 d., \$25.50	2,258 75
Naas Agency (\$6,684.85) -	...
Medical officers under salary, 12 m. to Mar. 31: Dr. J.P. Cade, \$400, travelling expenses, \$211.60; Dr. R.W. Large, \$1,080; Dr. D.J. McDonald, \$900, travelling expenses, \$473; Dr. J.Z. Gillies, 3 m. to Aug. 31, \$240	3,304 60
Medical attendance: Dr. L.L. Cairns, \$180.50; Dr. S. Traynor, \$167.50	348 00
Medical supplies: W.J. McCutcheon, \$193.05; C.H. Orme, \$17.10; freight, \$3	213 15
Hospitals, maintenance and treatment: Port Essington General Hospital, 47 d. at \$1; Port Simpson General Hospital, 2,642 d. at \$1; St. Paul's Hospital, Vancouver, 14 d., \$35.25	2,724 25
Care in Salvation Army home, \$6; fare, \$54.60; fumigating, \$3.50; nurse, 9 d., \$30.75	94 85
New Westminster Agency (\$11,134.45) -	...
Medical officers under salary, 12 m. to Mar. 31: Dr. G.E. Drew, \$1,200; Dr. A. Henderson, \$300; Dr. J.C. Henderson, \$400; Dr. W.G. Hepworth, \$500; Dr. F. Inglis, \$489; Dr. A.A. King, \$300; Dr. A.J. Stuart, \$500; Dr. T.A. Wilson, \$1,200	4,880 00
Medical attendance: Dr. H.B. Christensen, \$201; Dr. M.T. Dalton, \$257; Dr. G.E. Drew, \$730; Dr. J.C. Henderson, \$20; Dr. F. Inglis, \$40; Dr. Kenny, \$15; Dr. C.C. Schlichter, \$15; Dr. T.A. Swift, \$25; Dr. T.A. Wilson, \$70	1,373 00
Sundry medical supplies	33 64

Hospitals, maintenance and treatment: St. Mary's Hospital, New Westminster, 1,834 d., \$2,358.11; St. Paul's Hospital, Vancouver, 1,629 d., \$2,303.35; Vancouver General Hospital, 77 d., \$105.50	4,766 96
Victorian Order of Nurses, 118 visits, \$70.80; sundries, \$10.05	80 85
Okanagan Agency (\$2,462.53) -	...
Medical officers under salary, 12 m. to Mar. 31: Dr. J.W. Arbuckle, \$500; Dr. B.F. Boyce, 10 m., \$250; Dr. H.B. Logie, 5 m. to Aug. 31, \$125; Dr. M.D. McEwen, \$300; Dr. J.G. McNaughton, 2 m. to May 31, \$50., travel, \$5; Dr. P.D. Van Kleeck, \$175; Dr. R.B. White, \$420	1,825 00
Medical attendance: Dr. H. McGregor, \$5; Dr. P.D. Van Kleeck, \$5; Dr. T.A. Wilson, \$50	60 00
Hospitals, maintenance and treatment: Armstrong Nursing Home, 16 d., \$29; Summerland Hospital, 25 d., \$43.50; Vancouver General, 94 d., \$130.50, fare, \$12.70; Vernon Jubilee Hospital, 222 d., \$353	568 70
Medical supplies, E.T. Abbott, Armstrong	8 83
Queen Charlotte Agency (\$1, 258.86) -	...
Medical officers under salary: Dr. C.A. Graves, 11 m. to Feb. 29, \$458.26; Dr. O.M.W. Hughes, 10 m. to Feb. 29, \$416.60	874 86
Hospitals: Port Essington Hospital, 26 d. at \$1; Port Simpson General Hospital, 234 d. at \$1; St. Joseph's Hospital, Victoria, 58 d., \$66	326 00
Medical services, Dr. J.T. Wright, \$52; disinfectants, etc., \$6	58 00
Carried forward	125,710 43

Brought forward	125,710 43
Stickine, Agency (\$682.76) -	...
Medical officers under salary, Dr. W. Hughes, 5 1/2 m. to Oct. 31	342 75
Medical attendance, Dr. E.H. Harrison, \$314; freight, \$26.01	340 01
Stuart Lake Agency (\$1,600.82) -	...
Medical officers under salary: Dr. H.G. Chisholm, 5 m. to Aug. 31, \$250; Dr. D.B. Lazier, 11 1/2 m. to Mar. 16, \$383.29, travel, \$16.80; Dr. W.R. Stone, 7 m. to Mar. 31, \$350, travel, \$11.25	1,011 34
Medical supplies: Fort Fraser Drug Co., \$124; Fort George Drug Co., \$263.40; E.A. Mitchell, \$193.65; freight, \$8.43	589 48
West Coast Agency (\$2,291.11) -	...
Medical officers under salary, 12 m. to Mar. 31: Dr. D.S. Dixon, \$510; Dr. C. Maclean, \$510; Dr. A.D. Morgan, \$540	1,560 00
Medical supplies, \$56.46; medical services, \$65; burials, \$24; travel, \$2.35	147 81
Hospitals, maintenance and treatment: Bella Bella Rivers Inlet Hospital, 33 d. at \$1; St. Joseph's Hospital, Victoria, 33 d., \$51; Vancouver General Hospital, 97 d., \$110; West Coast General Hospital, 195 d., \$308.30; Japanese Hospital, \$81	583 30
Williams Lake Agency (\$2,113) -	...
Medical officers under salary, 12 m. to Mar. 31, Dr. W.K. Feare, \$600; Dr. W.H. Wright, \$400	1,000 00
Medical attendance: Dr. G.R. Baker, \$988; Dr. H.R. Fort, \$125	1,113 00
Travelling Expenses (\$21,231.95).	...
Babine Agency (\$1,076.55) -	...
Agent, R.E. Loring: board and lodging, \$128.05; fares, \$65.80; livery, \$49.50; packer, 11 d., \$28.50; provisions, \$63.90; sundry labour, \$35.50	371 25
Constable, H. Hamblin: board, lodging and horse feed, \$268.50; fares, \$91.05; livery, \$335.25; small items, \$10.50	705 30
Bella Coola Agency (\$2,389.98) -	...
Agent, I. Fougner: board, \$147.65; fares, \$68.95; horse hire, \$85.25; provisions, \$100.25; cook, 28 d., \$28; caulking boat, 7 1/2 d., \$37.50; coal, 1 ton, \$16.50; guide, 22 d., \$110; hardware, \$101.78; gasoline and distillate, 1,790 gal., \$408.10; laundry, \$14.95; repairs to launch, \$79.95; small items, \$18.45	1,217 33
Constable, Chas. Tucker: board and lodging, \$112.25; fares, \$79.40; horse hire, \$31; gasoline, 85 gal., \$19.15; provisions, \$113.30; launch hire, 9 d., \$102.50; guide, 5 d., \$17.50; small items, \$22.55	497 65
Engineer on launch, H. Sutherland, 9 m. to Dec. 31 at \$75	675 00
Cowichan Agency (\$819.40) -	...
Agent, W.R. Robertson: board and lodging, \$91.25; fares, \$38.40; launch hire, \$40; livery, \$54; canoe rent, \$2	225 65
Constable, T. O'Connell: board and lodging, \$344.45; fares, \$157.45; livery, \$35.50; telephone, \$13.70; typewriting, \$33.25; small items, \$9.40	593 75
Kamloops Agency (\$496.55) -	...
Agent, J.F. Smith: board and lodging, \$166.15; fares, \$133.35; livery, \$210; small items, \$14.50	524 00
Constable, W.C. Dallin: board and lodging, \$116.30; fares, livery, \$231; small items, \$26.40	410 15
Constable, J. W. Nicholson: board, \$4; fare, \$4.90; livery, \$22.50; witness, \$1	32 40
Kootenay Agency (\$676.75) -	...
Agent, R.L.T. Galbraith: board and lodging, \$84.50; fares, \$80.45; auto hire, \$103.50; livery, \$43.50;	

telegrams, 50c.	312 45
Constable, F.S. Ryckman: board and lodging, \$119.50; fares, \$76; livery, \$162.75; phones, \$6.05	364 30
Kwawkewlth Agency (\$805.12) -	...
Agent, W. M. Halliday: board and lodging, \$100.45; fares, \$94.75; launch hire, \$32.50; gasoline, 440 gal., \$74.31; provisions, \$69.15; part payment on float, \$50; services on launch, 18 d., \$36; sundry hardware, \$41.96; repairs to launch Gihumi, labour, 213 h., \$159.75, material, \$122.50; small items, \$23.75	805 12
Lytton Agency (\$2,352.08) -	...
Agent, H. Graham: board, and lodging, \$577.74; fares, \$515.46; livery, \$210.85; motor hire, \$2911.50; small items, \$2.50	1,518 05
Constable, E. Macleod: board and lodging, \$378.50; fares, \$237.45; livery, \$98.50; auto hire, \$106.75; small items, \$12.83	834 03
Naas Agency (\$2,606.50) -	...
Agent, C.C. Perry: board and lodging, \$393.40; fares, \$111.30; launch hire, \$613; blankets, etc., \$20; expenses on account of B.C. Land Commission, \$47.25; small items, \$9.30	1,194 25
Constable, A.J. Phillipson: board and lodging, \$586.50; fares and transportation, 5205.10; launch hire, \$373.25; guide and canoeman, \$14.50; 1 pr. snowshoes, moccasins and stockings, \$12.50; small items, \$15.40	1,205 25
Constable, A.J. Watkinson: board and lodging, \$30.50; fares, \$3.60; launch hire, \$143; small items, \$22.90	205 00
Carried forward	144,091 05

Brought forward	144,091 05
New Westminster Agency (\$985.66) -	...
Agent, P. Byrne: board and lodging, \$224.30; fares, \$216.45; livery, \$21.30; boat hire, \$25.50; expenses with B.C. Land Commissioners, \$22.18; small items, \$23.53	533 26
Constable, J.S. Grant: board and lodging, \$182.25; fares, \$133.45; auto and livery hire, \$61.50; boat hire, \$31.50; provisions, \$18.65; share of B.C. Land Commission expenses, \$9; small items, \$16.05	452 40
Okanagan Agency (\$923.35) -	...
Agent, J.R. Brown: board and lodging, \$257; fares, \$250.95; livery, \$353.85; interpreter, \$58; phones, etc., \$3.55	923 35
Queen Charlotte Agency (6324.30) -	...
Agent, T. Deasy: board and lodging, \$76; fares, \$61.40; provisions, \$18.35; express, \$3	158 75
Constable, O.W.M. Hughes: board and lodging, \$61.10; fares, \$37.95; launch hire, 142.50; visions, \$10.60; small items, \$13.40	165 55
Stickine Agency (\$1,423.20) -	...
Agent, W.S. Simpson: board and lodging, \$372.40; fares, \$197.80; boat hire, \$45; livery, \$30; dog hire, and feed, \$218; guide, \$87; provisions, \$175.75; balance of advance to be accounted for in 1916 - 17, \$202	1,327 95
Constable, F.E. Cullin: board and lodging, \$32.75; fares, \$38 pack horse hire, \$24	95 25
Stuart Lake Agency (\$938.20) -	...
Agent, W.J. McAllan: board, lodging and horse feed, \$200.45; fares, \$249.85; livery, \$1.56; packer, \$79; provisions, \$41.10; small items, \$7.85	734 25
Constable, W.F. Manson: board and lodging, \$113.75; fares, \$70.85; livery, \$16.50; telegrams, \$2.85	203 95
West Coast Agency (\$1,474.04) -	...
Agent, C.A. Cox: board and lodging, \$139.30; fares, \$33.40; livery, \$53; launch hire, \$19.50; small items, \$2.75	247 95
Upkeep of launch Wekeninnish: engineers, T.T.H. Bartlett, 6 m. to Sept. 30, at \$75, E. Homewood, 1 m. to Max. 31, \$75; assistants, \$84; batteries, \$52.42; distillate, 583 gal., \$137.37; gasoline, 4 cases, \$10.15; dock rental, \$25; hardware supplies, \$148.01; provisions, \$143.98; labour on launch, \$54.50; small items, \$45.66	1,226 09
Williams Lake, Agency (\$278.50) -	...
Agent, I. Odgen: board, lodging and horse feed, \$139; travel, \$26.50; hay, 3 tons, \$75; oats, 1,500 lb., \$30; small items, \$8	278 50
Inspectorates (\$3,191.77) -	...
Northern Inspectorate, inspector, A.M. Tyson: board and lodging, \$379.40; fares, \$477.70; livery, \$54; launch hire, \$155; camp outfit, \$24; telegrams, \$25.56; share of B.C. Land Commission expenses, \$54.88; small items, \$6	1,176 54
Southeastern Inspectorate, inspector, A. Megraw: board and lodging, \$227; fares, \$317.70; auto hire, \$375.25; livery, \$58; interpreter, \$26; small items, \$21.06	1,025 01
Southwestern Inspectorate, inspector, W.E. Ditchburn: board and lodging, \$147.40; fares, \$137.65; auto hire and livery, \$32.50; launch hire, \$17; cabs and baggage, \$21.95; provisions, \$22.18; small items, \$14.34	393 02
School Inspector, R.H. Cairns: board and lodging, \$159.05; fares, \$333.60; livery, \$14.50; launch hire, \$42; typewriting, \$22.70; small items, \$25.35.	597 20
Office Expenses, Miscellaneous, etc. (\$19,353.81).	...

Babine Agency (\$1,136.77) -	...
Coal oil, 3 cases, \$12; cutting nettles, \$68; replacing flag staff, \$22	102 00
Repairing agency residence, \$70.85; postage, \$21; veterinary services, \$20	111 85
Wood, 10 cords, \$50; freighting, \$40.85; small items, \$16.69	107 54
Legal expenses: Carss & Carss, Prince Rupert, Rex vs. John May	150 00
Extinguishing fires: board, \$44.75; fire extinguisher, \$17.50; launch hire, \$10; livery, \$53; labour, 1,612 1/2 h., \$516.68; provisions, \$23.45	665 38
Bella Coola Agency (51,956.04) -	...
Expenses taking water levels and making estimates on water system	296 15
Cleaning office, 12 m., \$12; making and erecting flag pole, \$25	37 00
Postage, \$27.50; plumbing, \$48.80; provisions, \$40.90; rent of 2 phones, 12 m., 6	143 20
Repairing Hartley Bay wharf: labour, 65 h., \$36.50; material, \$25.60	62 10
Wood, 10 1/2 cords, \$57.50; sundry labour, \$9.50; small items, \$41.44	108 44
Building China Hat wharf: material, \$566.90; labourers, 2841 d., \$571.30; timekeeper, m., \$100; freight, \$70.95	1,309 15
Cowichan Agency (\$1,287.27) -	...
Postage and p.o. box, \$60; rent of 2 phones, 12 m. each, \$78; small items, \$14.25	152 25
Building Comiaken dyke: labourers, 361 1/4 d., \$862.25; foreman, 471 d., \$237.50; asst. foreman, 30 1/2 d., \$91.50; blacksmith, 45 d., \$135; carpenter, 51 d., \$23; teamster, 811 d., \$406.25; material, \$102.77; fares, \$29.45; motor hire, \$45.50; advertising for tenders to complete dyke, \$1.80; F.J. Dawley, contract to complete dyke, \$350; total, \$2,285.02, less paid by private land owners, \$1,150	1,135 02
Carried forward	158,010 15

Brought forward	158,019 15
Kamloops Agency (81,856.28) -	...
Legal services, A.D. Macintyre, Rex vs. Indians Scottie and Frank	150 00
Lumber and flume for ditch, \$63.12; cutting thistles, \$28.75; constable, 29 d., \$29	120 87
Expenses re Indian exhibit, \$27.52; office furniture, \$20.50; postage and p.o. box, \$46	94 02
Rent of phone, 12 m., \$41.50; telephones and telegrams, \$18.34, small items, \$23.81	83 65
Fencing operations: provisions, etc., for labourers, \$399.70; barbed wire, 24,076 lb. at 4c., staples, 81, kegs at \$5.50	1,407 84
Kootenay Agency: cleaning office, 12 m., \$30; cutting weeds, 47 d., \$09.87; postage, \$13; wood, 10 cords, \$40; small items, \$15.95	168 82
Kwawkewlth Agency: coal, 41 ton, \$15.75; coal oil, 4 cases, \$12; postage, \$32; wood, 91 cord, \$41.60; freight, \$12.25; small items, \$20.70	134 30
Lytton Agency (\$2,299.98) -	...
Advertising water notice, \$10; legal services, A. Bull, Rex vs. Indian, J. Alick, \$304.50	314 50
Special constable: services, 34 d., \$85; board and lodging, \$80.75; fares, \$11.25	177 00
Coal, 4 ton, \$40; light for office, \$27; office furniture, \$36.45	103 45
Fighting fire, \$20; postage and p.o. box, \$110; repairing bridges, \$25	155 00
Rent of office, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$180; rent of phone, 8 1/2 m. to Mar. 31, \$21.25	201 25
Telephones and telegrams, \$40.31; small items, \$58.70	99 01
Water fees and licenses: Botanie creek, \$100.50; Botanie lake, \$67; Nikaia creek, \$33.50; Stryon creek, \$33.50	234 50
Irrigating Botanie ditch: engineer's travelling expenses, \$23.90; hay, 4.4 ton, \$88; material, \$513.78; provisions for Indian labourers, \$420.15; total, \$1,045.83, less paid in 1914 - 15, \$30.56	1,015 27
Naas Agency (\$835.72) -	...
Legal services, Carss & Carss, \$20.50; blowing out log jams, \$36	56 50
Coal, 20 ton, \$260; coal oil, 16 cs., \$47.25; wood, 6 cords, \$45; repairing furnace, \$30.30	382 55
Thawing water pipes, \$15; postage, \$58. 50; telegrams, \$14.25; small items, \$58.42	146 17
Expenses of three Nishga chiefs and secretary from Prince Rupert to Ottawa and return, winter and spring, 1915: board at Cecil Hotel, 4 delegates, 20 d. in February, \$205.60, 2 delegates, Mar. 13 - May 1, \$250.50; advances, no details given, \$770; total, \$1,226.10; less paid in 1914 - 15, from B.C. Land Commission Vote, \$505.60, in 1915 - 16 from Trust Account 414, Witzamagon, \$470	250 50
New Westminster Agency (64,509.40) -	...
Postage and p.o. box, \$55.50; telephone rent, \$48; telephones and telegrams, \$24.24	127 74
Special constable: services, 63 d., \$189; board and lodging, \$52.25; fares, \$13.75	255 00
Tent, \$16.50; wheelbarrows, 4, \$14; galv. cable, 500 ft., and block, \$46.60	77 10
Typewriting, \$10.95; freight, etc., \$32.90; sundry items, \$21.65	65 50
Dyking done by B.C. Municipalities, 1912 - 1916: on the Sumas reserve, assessment on 398 acres., \$1,963.71, interest to April 1, 1916, \$152.35; on the Barnston reserve, assessment on 130 acres., \$3,736.20, clearing, \$278.80, grading, seeding, etc., \$35, interest to May, 1916, \$1,159.45; total \$7,325.51, less paid in 1916 - 17, \$3,341.45	3,984 06
Okanagan Agency (\$464.61) - Advertising water notice, \$9; application fee for irrigation license, \$16.70	25 70
Electric light, 12 m., \$15; office rent, 10 m. to Feb. 1, \$200; postage, \$22.25	237 25
Rent of 2 phones, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$48; stenographer, \$69.70; telephones, etc., \$68.56	186 26

Small items	15 40
Queen Charlotte Agency (\$1,499.36) -	...
Coal oil, 6 cs., \$17.75; wood, 15 cords, \$75; flags, 2, \$10.50; postage, \$13.64	116 89
Linoleum, 15 yd., \$20.75; telephone rent, 7 m. to Mar. 31, \$28; repairs to well, \$16.20	64 95
Constable's expenses with lunatic: blankets, 2 pr. and bag and pillow, \$16; board and lodging, \$30.70; fares, \$78.75; certificates, \$10	135 45
Quarantine guards re infectious diseases, 97 d. \$257.50; small items, \$37	294 50
Construction of wells: labour, 2, 123 hr., \$636.90; material, 124.32; pumps, 5, \$92.50; piping, \$33.85	887 57
Stickine Agency: coal oil, 1 1/2 cs., \$12; house and office rent, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$300; wood, 14 cord, \$140; small items, \$15.85	467 85
Stuart Lake Agency: expenses in connection with concentration of Indians to meet B.C. Land Commissioners, travel, \$85.50, provisions, \$139.85, small items, \$6.25; gasoline, 3 cs., \$16; house and office rent, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$300; postage, \$18.75; telegrams, \$27.97; wood, 8 cord, \$32; small items, \$17.55	643 87
West Coast Agency: coal, 2 - 5 tons, \$19.15; cleaning office, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$42; fighting fires, \$19; installing hydrant, \$50; postage, \$48; office rent, 13 m. to Mar. 31, \$260; telephone rent, 12 m. to July 1, \$45; sundry labour, \$41; wood, 8 load, \$10; small items, \$12.45	546 60
Williams Lake Agency: office rent, 13 m. to Mar. 31, \$130; postage, \$20; wood, 8 cord, \$24; small items, \$16	190 00
Inspectorates (\$1,356.84) -	...
Northern Inspectorate: postage, \$18.75; premium on bond, \$17.50; stenographer, 660 1/2 h., \$264.20; small items, \$13.34	313 79
Carried forward	171,940 83

Brought forward	171,940 83
Southeastern Inspectorate: office rent, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$216; postage and p.o. box, \$27; telephone rent, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$36; telephones and telegrams, \$65.94; typewriting, \$22.50; small items, \$21.96; premium on bond, \$17.50	406 90
Southwestern Inspectorate: clerk, A.M. Whitwell, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$540; postage, \$27; premium on bond, \$17.50; telephone rent, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$48; express, \$3.65	636 15
Surveys (\$869.10).	...
Green, A.H., P.L.S.: board and lodging, \$4.75; fares, \$6.85	11 60
Gaetz, A.J., draughtsman, salary, 12 m. to Mar. 31	600 00
Green, J.B., P.L.S.: services, 3 d., \$30; chainman, 1 d., \$3;	38 40
Henry, B., surveyor: services, 5 d., \$15; travel, \$13.10	28 10
Holland, A. H., P.L.S.: services, 12 d., \$120, rations, 9 d., \$9; assistant; 7 d., \$21, rations, 7 d., \$7; axemen, 9 d., \$27; small items, \$7	191 00
Cleansing Indian Orchards (\$4,047.30).	...
Inspector, T. Wilson: salary, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$1,500; board and lodging, \$460.80; fares, \$549.60; livery, \$56.50; small items, \$11.83	2,578 73
Spraying orchards, labour, 100 d., \$249; lime and sulphur spray, 480 gat., \$86.40; spray hose, 50 ft., \$10; barrels, 12 at \$1; freight, \$19.77; small items, \$26.85	404 02
Fruit trees, 2,682 at 35c.; berry bushes, etc., \$14.35; packing, \$37.60; freight, \$48.45; overpaid, \$10	1,049 10
Cutting and pruning trees, 8 d., \$10; berry plants, \$5; postage, 45c.	15 45
British Columbia Land Commission.	...
White, N.W., chairman, salary and living allowance, 366 d. to Mar. 31, at \$35	12,810 00
Carmichael, S., commissioner, salary and living allowance, 366 d., to Mar. 31, at \$30	10,980 00
Macdowall, D.H., commissioner, salary and living allowance, 366 d. to March 31, at \$30.	10,980 00
McKenna, J.A.J., commissioner: salary, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$4,000; living allowance, 366 d., to Mar. 31, at \$10	7,669 00
Shaw, J.P., commissioner, salary and living allowance, 366 d. to Mar. 31 at \$30	10,980 00
Bergeron, J.G.H., secretary, salary and living allowance, 1 m. to April 30, 1915	900 00
Gibbons, C.H., secretary, salary, 12 m. to Mar. 31	5,400 00
Green, Ashdown H., technical officer, salary, 12 m. to Mar. 31	3,600 00
McArthur, J.S., clerk and stenographer, salary, 12 m. to Mar. 31	1,800 00
Maysmith, Mrs A.K., stenographer, 45 1/2 d. prior to Dec. 1, Dec. 1 to Mar. 31, 122 d., at \$2 a day	335 00
Porritt, Miss A., stenographer: 366 d. to Mar. 31 at \$2; overtime, \$2.75	734 75
Howard, H.N.: auditing commission accounts, Mar. 1915, \$25; posting ledger and checking accounts from Aug. 1, 1915, \$15	40 00
Temporary assistance at various times: Miss C.C. McCulloch, \$29.10; Miss Agnes Peddle, \$40.87; Miss M. Peddle, \$9.50; N.M. Prior, \$3	82 40
Acme Press, Ltd.: advances on contract for printing report (estimate cost, \$21,000, work completed to Mar. 31, 1916, \$6,399.50) \$2,520.50 (\$2,328.80 advanced in 1914 - 15); printing 150 forms, tabulated information, \$13.50; printing 500 voucher forms, \$12.70	2,546 70
British Columbia Telephone Co.: rental, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$90; long distance messages, \$19.90	109 90
Brown (Photographer): prints, 26 doz., \$19.50; various photographic supplies, \$9.70	29 20
Canadian Pacific Ry. Co's Telegraph, telegrams	162 85

Cross & Co.: rent of offices, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$1,620; premium of insurance on documents, \$8.88	1,628 88
Electric Blue Print and Map Co.: making tracings of 6 agencies, \$75; various blue prints,\$20.60	95 60
Postmaster, Victoria: rent of box, 14 m. to May 31, \$14; postage stamps, \$109.75	123 75
Smith, C.H. & Co., photographic work and supplies	44 10
United Typewriter Co.: rental of typewriters, \$27.50; cleaning and repairing \$5.75; ribbons, paper, etc., \$29.23	62 48
Victoria Book and Stationery Co.: stationery supplies, \$291.25; photographic supplies, \$59.60	350 85
Victoria Transfer Co., transportation of commission and staff during snow blockade, Feb. 2 to 8, 1916	55 50
Various expenses at Victoria, under \$25: bank charges, \$10.40; cabs and auto hire, \$37.75; care of clocks, \$14; cartage, \$31.25; directory, \$5; express and freight, \$11.70; messengers, \$75.50; office supplies, \$9.55; photographic work and supplies, \$48.06; postage, \$15.88; stationery, \$21.05; subscriptions, \$14; telegrams, \$2.50; towel service, 13 m., \$16.25; typewriter repairs, \$11; work on electric bells and light, \$15.10; items for which no details are given, \$8.75	347 74
White, N.W., chairman, expenses returning from east in Mar., 1915; fare, Ottawa to Victoria, \$71.50; compartment on sleeper and stateroom on boat, \$48; transfers, \$2.25	121 75
Carried forward	249,881 73

Brought forward	249,881 73
Bergeron, J.G.H., secretary, expenses to Montreal, April, 1915; fare, Victoria to Montreal, \$74.20; stateroom on boat and drawing room on sleeper, \$62; transfers at Victoria, Vancouver and Montreal, \$13; gratuities on train, \$9.40	158 60
Visit to Babine Agency, April 9 to May 4, four commissioners and J.S. McArthur (\$569.43) -	149 00
Victoria to Prince Rupert: 1 fare at \$27, 4 at \$18; staterooms, 2 at \$15, 2 at \$10	149 00
Use of G.T.P. car No. 4107, April 14 to 28, 15 d. at \$10	150 00
Prince Rupert to Victoria: 5 fares at \$18; staterooms, 1 at \$15, 2 at \$10	125 00
J.S. McArthur: board, \$11; share of expenses on car, \$29.13	40 13
Transfers, \$21; portorage, \$2.75; gratuities, \$6	29 75
Livery hire, \$17.50; hire of room for meeting, \$2.50	20 00
Interpreters, \$27.50; expenses securing interpreters, \$5	32 50
Provisions, \$3.40; stationery and photo supplies, \$2.30	5 70
Exchange on money orders, \$2.70; telegrams, \$14.65	17 35
Visit to Stuart Lake Agency, May 17 to July 1, 2 commissioners, C.H. Gibbons and cook (\$3,030.16) -	...
Victoria to Burns Lake, 4 fares at \$30.70; staterooms, 2 at \$15, 1 at \$10	162 80
Fares returning to Prince Rupert, \$67.20; parlour cars, \$14.20	81 40
Prince Rupert to Victoria: fares, 4 at \$18; staterooms, 2 at \$15, 1 at \$10	112 00
Transfers, \$14.55; portorage, \$11.75; gratuities, \$2.75	29 05
Williams, F.T., cook, 2 m. at \$80; Mulvaney, B., head packer, 71 d. at \$5	515 00
Hire of men, horses and packers, \$905.40; hire of pack train, six weeks, \$220	1,125 40
Interpreters, \$12; messengers, \$16.15; meals for Indians, packers, etc., \$35.25	63 40
Provisions, \$582.52, less \$31.70 received for unused supplies sold, and \$171 share of cost paid by commissioners and Indian agents	379 82
Tents and camp outfit, \$205.31; slickers, 2, \$10	215 31
Horseshoes and shoeing supplies, \$31.75; harness supplies,	47 95
Freight and cartage on provisions, \$44.74; drugs and medicines, \$11.16	55 90
Board for secretary and cook, \$45.15; horse feed and stabling, \$39.15	84 30
Launch hire, \$110; ferriage, cartage. etc., \$15.50	125 50
Exchange on draft, \$6.25; postage and stationery, \$4.41	10 66
Telegrams, \$16.02; veterinary medicines, \$5.65	21 67
Visit to Stickine Agency, May 30 to July 2, two commissioners and J.S. McArthur (\$1,025.90) -	...
Victoria to Atlin and return, 3 fares, including staterooms	396 30
Wrangel to Telegraph Creek and return, 3 fares	187 45
Skagway to Victoria, fares, 1 at \$65, 1 at \$60, 1 at \$30	155 00
Steamer berths and parlour cars, \$10.75; transfers, \$16.45; portorage and gratuities, \$24.25.	51 45
Hire of Steamer Scotia at Atlin, \$30; auto hire, \$16; interpreters, \$10	56 00
D. Johnson, summoning Teslin Indians, \$38; paid 4 indians attending meeting, \$40	78 00
Board of J.S. McArthur, \$89.10; commission on cheques, \$8; telegrams, etc, \$4.60	101 701
Visit to Babin Agency, July 7 to 18, three commissioners and J.S. McArthur (\$516.85) -	...
Victoria to Prince Rupert: 4 tickets at \$18; staterooms, 2 at \$15, 2 at \$10	122 00

Prince Rupert to Hazelton and return: 4 tickets, \$56.80; parlour cars, \$12	68 50
Prince Rupert to Victoria: 4 tickets at \$18.20; staterooms, 2 at \$15, 2 at \$10	122 80
Transfers, \$18; portorage and gratuities, \$10.55; team hire, \$40	68 50
Launch hire to Metlakatla, \$10; paid 8 Indians attending meeting, \$80	90 00
Board, J.S. McArthur, \$28.50; interpreter, \$7.50	36 00
A.O. Franks, printing 4 doz. notices on cloth, \$8; telegram, 75c.	8 75
Visit to New Westminster Agency, Aug. 15 to 31, five commissioners and J.S. McArthur (\$666.83) -	...
Victoria to Vancouver and return, 5 fares, \$21.30; staterooms, \$22	43 30
Various railway fares, \$16.65; parlour cars, \$2.20; transfers, \$20	38 85
Pacific Great Eastern Ry., rent and haulage of private car, Aug. 16 to 23, 8 d. at \$20	160 00
Portorage and gratuities, \$8.50; auto hire and livery, \$24.50	33 00
Hire of motor boat, \$100; transport by teams, etc., \$105; cartage, \$8.50	213 50
J.S. McArthur: board, \$15; share of expenses on private car, \$13.18	28 18
M.G. Caswell, cook: wages, 12 d., \$42; board and travelling expenses, \$16.55	58 55
Interpreters, \$20; messenger, \$5; express, \$3; telegrams, etc., \$4.76	32 76
Tents, 3, \$45; camp outfit, \$22.65; freight, \$1.05	63 70
Visit to New Westminster Agency, Sept. 3 to 4, four commissioners and J.S. McArthur (\$71) -	...
Victoria to Vancouver and return: 5 fares, \$17.50; staterooms, \$25	42 50
Transfers and portorage, \$8; motor hire, \$9.50	17 50
Indians attending meeting, \$10; board, J.S. McArthur, 75c.	10 75
Visit to Naas Agency, Sept. 23 to Oct. 12, five commissioners, C.H. Gibbons and J.S. McArthur (\$4,702 44) -	...
Union S.S. Co., charter of Chelohsin, Sept. 22 to Oct. 5	3,400 00
Fares of three commissioners, secretary and cook, Mill Bay to Prince Rupert	17 75
Prince Rupert to Victoria, fares, 4 at \$30, 3 at \$18 - 20, 1 at \$20 (cook)	194 60
Fares, Vancouver to Victoria, 3, \$6.75; stateroom, \$2.50	9 25
C.W. Brown, use of 2 boats, Mill Bay to Goose Harbour and return	600 00
Launch hire, \$30.45; team hire, \$25; cartage, \$17.50	72 95
Transfers, \$13.50; portorage and gratuities, \$28.25; messengers, \$2.50	44 25
Board: C.H. Gibbons, \$32.70; J.S. McArthur, \$39.10	71 80
Carried forward	260,340 86

British Columbia - Concluded.	\$ cts.
Brought forward	260,340 86
E. Harkness, cook: wages, 26 d., \$78; board, etc., \$32.25	110 25
Provisions, \$195.94, less \$46.29 unused, and \$93.75 paid by commissioners and agents for share of expenses	55 90
Tents and camp outfit, \$72.29; rent of camp outfit, \$30; less \$94 received for outfit sold	8 29
Interpreters, \$80; oilskin clothing, \$14.80; charges on draft, \$3.60	98 40
Postage and stationery, \$11.35; telegrams, \$17.65	29 00
Green, A.H., survey, Kwawkewlth Agency, April 7 to May 12 (\$443.90) -	...
Assistant, A.R. Ashby, 36 d. at \$4, axeman, J.F. Corfield, 36 d. at \$3	252 00
Indian labour, 3 d., \$15; steamer fares, \$89.80	104 50
Boat and canoe hire, \$3.50; transfers, \$2.75; chart, \$1.25	7 50
Provisions, \$76.60; board and lodging at Bella Bella, \$3	79 60
Green, A.H., survey, New Westminster Agency, June 20 to July 6 (\$447.60) -	...
Assistant, A.R. Ashby, 17 d. at \$4; axeman, J.F. Corfield, 17 d. at \$3	119 00
Fares, \$12.10; transfers, \$2.50; charts, 3, \$3.75	18 35
Launch hire, 17 d., \$204; services of pilot, \$2.50	206 50
Gasoline, oil and grease, \$46.50; provisions, \$57.25	103 75
Green, A.H., survey, West Coast Agency, July 19 to 29 (\$110.60) -	...
Assistant, A.R. Ashby, 11 d., \$44; fares, \$16.10; transfers, \$1.50	61 60
Provisions, \$40; board and lodging, \$9	49 00
Green, A.H., survey, Williams Lake Agency, Aug. 21 to Oct. 24 (\$2,866.60) -	...
Assistant, A.R. Ashby, 76 d. at \$4; chainman, J.F. Corfield, 80 d. at 83	544 00
Edwards, Thos. & Co., hire of motor car, 31 d. at \$30, 30 d. at \$25	1,680 00
Indian labour, 3 d., \$6; hire of teams, horses and pack horses, \$179.75	185 75
Fares, \$66.80; sleepers, etc., \$6; transfers, \$3; telegram, 35c.	76 15
Board and lodging, \$279.35; provisions, \$8.35; outfit, \$14	380 70
Harvey, A.W., survey, Babine Agency, Sept. 12 to Oct. 1 (\$634.90) -	...
Personal services, 20 d. at \$15; assistants, 20 d. at \$2.75, 23 d. at \$2.50	412 50
Indian axemen, \$16.50; packing supplies, \$68.50	85 00
Fares, \$22; launch hire, \$25; telegrams, \$6.40	53 40
Board and lodging, \$62.65; provisions, \$16.35; delivering telegram, \$5	84 00
Kenny, N.C., survey of Indian cemetery, lot 953, Yale district, Dec., 1915 (\$117.65) -	...
Personal services, 3 d. at \$20; making up field notes and plan, \$15	75 00
Assistant, 3 d. at \$3; axeman, 1 d., \$2; fares and ferriage, \$21	32 00
Board and lodging of self and assistant	10 65
Rimmer, W.B., Atlin, services re proposed reserve at Atlin: making shore traverse of Atlin lake, \$200; making traverse of Government road, \$25; making preliminary survey for reservation for graveyard, \$30	255 00
Robinson, Geo., Kitimat, B.C., special commissioner re lands required by Hartley Bay tribe, Mar., 1916: fare, Kitimat to Victoria and return, \$18; fare, Victoria to Hartley Bay and return, \$36; hire of gasoline launch, \$50; provisions for trip, \$14	118 00

Graham, H., Lytton, affidavit, search, etc., re Chapman Bar reserve	2 00
Northern Lumber and Mercantile Co., South Fort George: storage of outfit, 6 m. to April, 1915, \$24; cartage and freight to Burn's lake, \$3.23	27 23
Ruddy & MacKay, New Hazelton: auto hire, Jan. 21 to 23, 1915, 3 d. at \$25; team hire, 3 d. at \$15; auto hire and team hire for agent Loring, \$12; fare of agent Loring, Hazelton to New Hazelton and return, \$3	135 00
...	265,801 15
LESS - Part of expenses of Commission, refunded by B.C. Government	43,599 88
...	222,201 30
[NOTE - An amount of \$375.17 is still unaccounted for; this is made up of \$140.92 balance of advances to the Secretary in 1913 - 14, as shown on page H - 48 of the report for that year, and of \$234.25 balance of advances to the Secretary in 1914 - 15, as shown on page H - 45 of the report for that year.]	...
Yukon.	...
Relief, medical attendance and medicines (812,574.87) -	...
Arctic Trading Co., Whitehorse: bacon, 586 lb., \$192.42; flour, 7921 lb., \$58.56; sundry provisions, \$393.89; small items, \$4.55	649 42
Atkinson, W., Ross River, board of blind woman, 152 d. at \$1.25	190 00
Barton Bros., Dawson, beef, 99 lb.	25 74
Binet Bros., Mayo Landing: bacon, 190 lb., \$83.50; flour, 1,850 lb., \$177; sundry provisions, \$164.30	424 80
Cadzow, D., Rampart House: provisions, \$79; balance of amount unpaid as shown in details 1911 - 12, \$1,054.94	1,133 94
Chambers, H., Champagne: flour, 2,000 lb., \$256.30; sundry provisions, \$478.70	735 00
Klimesch, A., Fort Selkirk: flour, 1,910 lb., \$149; sundry provisions, \$479.50; small items, \$6.75	635 25
Carried forward	3,794 15

Yukon - Concluded.	\$ cts.
Brought forward	3,794 15
Klondike Thawing Machine Co., Dawson: ammunition, \$95; twine, 52 lb., \$91.80; stove, \$10; small items, \$8.15	204 95
Spence, J.N., Dawson: bacon, 164 lb., \$74.25; flour, 1,950 lb., \$137.25; sundry provisions, \$274.30; seed potatoes, 200 lb., \$10	495 80
Taylor, Drury, Pedlar & Co., Whitehorse: flour, 1,353 lb., \$108.75; sundry provisions, \$374.35	483 10
Watson, M., Carcross: bacon, 540 lb., \$162; flour, 2,180 lb. at 7c.; sundry provisions, \$217.40	532 00
Wattie, A., Cleax Creek, wood, 6 1/2 cord	59 00
White Pass and Yukon Route, transportation of Indians	105 90
Payments under \$50: burial expenses, \$93.50; nursing, 2 m., \$35; provisions, \$100.18; seeds, \$12.25; tents, 2, \$20; telegrams, \$8.75; twine, \$31.50; small items, \$8.52	309 70
Printing 250 cheques, bound in 2 books	17 50
Legal expenses: Hogg & Hogg, Ottawa, Rex vs. Cadzow, \$247.60; D. Cadzow, taxed costs, \$1,169.57	1,417 17
Medical officers: Dr. W.B. Clarke, Whitehorse, 12 m. to Feb. 29, \$1,200, travel, \$14.85; Dr. J.O. LaChapelle, Dawson, 11 m. to Feb. 29, \$1,100, travel, \$10	2,324 85
Medical attendance, Dr. N.E. Cuthbertson, Dawson	90 00
Treatment in hospitals: Good Samaritan, Dawson, 331 d., \$1,196; St. Mary's, Dawson, 38 d., \$133; St. Paul's, Vancouver, 106 d., \$126.75; Whitehorse General Hospital, 520 d., \$1,285	2,740 75
General expenses (\$3,983.94) -	...
Superintendent, Rev. J. Hawksley: 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$3,000; board and lodging, \$55.25; travel, \$244.25	3,299 50
Telegrams, \$16.69; express and cartage, \$150.25	166 94
Blasting channel in Fraser River: boat hire, 10 d., \$85; labour, 5 d., \$360.50; gasoline, 5 cs., \$40; dynamite, 1 case, \$15; tools, fuse, etc., \$10	510 50
London Guarantee and Accident Insurance Co., premium on policy	7 00
Surveys (\$1,176.05) -	...
J.H. Brownlee, D.L.S.: board and lodging, \$239; fares, \$55.55; boat hire, 7 d., \$21; rent of equipment and tools, \$30; assistants, 77 d. at 65; total, \$733.05, less paid by Dept. of Interior, \$95.20	637 85
H.G. Dickson, D.L.S.: salary, \$175; board and lodging, \$28; fares, \$25.20; hire of dog team, \$15; assistant, \$40; labour, 11 d., \$55; advance to be accounted for in 1916 - 17, \$200	538 20
...	17,734 86
Indian Education.	...
Industrial Schools.	...
Alert Bay, B.C.: grant, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$4,401.79; surveying school reserve, surveyor, 30 d. at \$10, assistant and men, 79 d., \$238.90, living expenses at 95c. per d., \$85.50, travelling expenses, etc., \$48.80, rent of mission house, \$15, iron posts, \$16.25; repairs to school buildings, 1,345 h., \$214.79; cement, 15 1/4 brl., \$38.44; sundry material and labour, \$53.56; fruit trees, etc., \$47; fares, \$16.20; freight, wharfage, etc., \$17.25; small items, \$10.60	5,504 08
Brandon, Man. (\$30,962.35) -	...
Lang, W.J.: building septic tank, contract, \$1,525, extras, excavation and cement, \$792.50; digging drain and laying pipe, 600 ft., \$510; building well crib, placing pipe, etc., labour, \$494.75, material, \$223.50	3,545 75
Yates, J.E.: installing steam heating, contract, \$4,642.30, extras, valves, coils, etc., \$359; installing plumbing, labour and material, \$1,575.55; sundry plumbing and repairs, \$465.94	7,042 79

Repairs to school buildings, etc.: labour at \$6.50 per d., \$390.65, at \$5, \$350.25, at \$3.50; \$402.15, at \$2.50, \$235, sundry labour, \$212.12; material, \$2,324.41	3,914 58
Wiring barn and entrance to school, \$356.88; electrical supplies and repairs, \$281.07	637 95
Grant for improvement of road through school property, \$1,000; tools, etc., \$37.86	1,037 86
Expenses arresting and taking pupil to school, \$35.30; livery, \$150; fares, \$11.97	197 27
Sewing machines, 2, \$52; veterinary services, \$54.75; express, cartage, etc., \$4.80; postage, \$40	151 55
Grant, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$14,424.80; small items, \$9.80	14,434 60
Clayoquot, B.C.: grant, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$6,754.47; drugs, etc., \$47.59; travelling expenses, \$8.05	6,810 11
Coqualeetza, B.C.: grant, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$14,300; transporting pupils to school, 14 at \$10; drugs and medical supplies, \$165.45; fire extinguishers, 12 at \$8.50; desks, 11, \$67.90; travelling expenses, \$24.95; small items, \$16.43	14,816 73
Elkhorn, Man. (\$30,997.98) -	...
Bread, 61,272 lb., \$2,062.06; meat, fish and suet, 20,1081 lb., \$2,368.43; tea, 400 lb. at 23c.	4,522 49
Provisions and supplies, \$1,431.32; clothing, \$2,664.38; boots, 508 pr., \$1,118.45	5,214 15
Carried forward	67,829 91

Indian Education - Continued.	\$ cts.
Brought forward	67,829 91
Boot repairs, \$540.94; mattresses, 82, \$330; pillows, 50, \$48.75; household furnishings, \$168.25	1,087 94
Carbide, 134 drums, \$609.50; coal, 123.94 ton, \$1,386.14; screenings, 175.2 tons, \$1,210.10.	3,205 74
Gasoline, 1,056 gal., \$339.37; posts, 1,057, \$197.45; tile pipe, 120 ft., \$144; twine, \$57	737 82
Harrow, \$30; fanner, \$48; feed cooker, \$25; crushing grain, \$50.27; threshing, \$159.02	313 19
Harness repairs, etc., \$34; lathing, plastering and finishing farmer's cottage, \$263.20	297 20
Putting ceiling on boiler room, \$65; blacksmithing, repairs, etc., 1128.50	193 50
Sundry labour, \$59.25; hardware, material for building and repairs, \$1,146.63	1,205 88
Veterinary services and medicine, \$63.75; Christmas gifts, \$44.95; freight, etc., \$212.51	321 21
Rent of telephone, 12 m. to May 31, \$22; telephone and telegrams, \$48.80	70 80
Postage and p.o. box, \$43.69; small items, \$101.41	145 10
Travelling expenses: Mr. and Mrs. Wilson, \$142.40; pupils, parents and escorts, \$912.16	1,054 56
Advertising for tenders for building barn, roothouse and silo	91 16
Architect, Chas. H. Mounsey: plans and specifications for building barn and roothouse, 3 1/2 p.c. of cost (\$5,375), \$188.12; inspecting buildings, 16 d. at \$5; travelling expenses, etc., \$11.45	279 57
Mitchell & McGregor, re-modelling heating system	1,256 00
Snyder Bros.: building barn and roothouse, contract, \$5,780, extra for well curbing, \$49.71; total, \$5,829.71, less \$500 withheld; building concrete steps as per contract, \$180	5,509 71
Salaries, 12 m. to Mar. 31: principal, A.E. Wilson, \$999.96; asst. principal, A.J. Wilson, \$420; teachers, Miss B. McDonnell, \$420, Miss M. Wilson, \$420; matron, Miss E.M. Vidal, \$420; asst. matron and nurse, Mrs. E. McCarriston, \$360; seamstresses, Mrs. J. Councilman, 22 d. to April 23, \$18.34, Mrs. C. Tanner, 30 d. to May 22, \$24.41, Miss M. McNeil, 3 m. 9 d. to Aug. 31, \$82.25, Miss L. Cousins, 7 m., \$175; cook, Miss F. Underwood, \$360; laundress, Mrs. W. Benton, \$300; supervisor, W. McCarriston, \$480; farm instructor, W.J. Lawrence, \$600; asst. farmer, gardener, watchman and fireman, J.T. Watson, \$360; carpenter and mechanic, James Goldie \$600	6,039 96
Kamloops, B.C.: grant, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$7,800; hospital care and treatment, \$38.50; drugs and medical supplies, \$53.80; pump and piping, \$64.20; repairs to windmill, \$23.50	7,980 00
Kootenay, B.C.: grant, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$10,400; livery, \$3; advertising for tenders for building barns, etc., \$23; A. McLean, building barn and piggery, contract, \$11,986, extras, \$344, total, \$12,330, less \$500 to be paid in 1916 - 17; inspection of buildings, July 21 - Nov. 30, \$949.92	23,205 92
Kuper Island, B.C. (833,551.05) -	...
Island Building Co., Ltd.: contract for main school building, \$59,850; extras, difference in cost of brick and water pipe used, \$1,708.76, stone lintels, \$395, extra cupboards, etc., \$462, changes in heating and plumbing systems, \$530, extensions and concrete plastering, \$730, extra cost fire escape, \$250, extra entrance in porch, \$200, sundry extras, \$569.50; total, \$64,695.26, less 348,087 paid in 1914 - 15, and \$728.60 on account of storm sashes not supplied	15,879 66
Island Building Co., Ltd., contracts: gas house and laundry equipment, \$4,215; acetylene and carbide storage house, \$375; reservoir and connections with main building, \$2,950; extras in laundry equipment, \$419.14	7,959 14
Inspecting building, 10 5/6 m., to Mar. 20 at \$150; travelling expenses, \$10	1,635 00
Grant, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$7,894.25; hospital treatment and board, \$183	8,077 25
Lytton, B.C., grant, 15 m. to Mar. 31	9,280.05
Mohawk Institute, Ont.: grant, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$12,000; expenses searching for and arresting missing	12,066 08

pupil, \$66.08	
Mount Elgin Institute, Ont. (841,099.26) -	...
Medical attendance, Dr. W.H. Woods, \$252.25; drugs and medical supplies, \$77.25	329 50
Rent of pasture land, 1 y., \$634; fence wire, \$20.80	654 80
Travelling expenses, etc., with pupils and truants, \$86.25; inspection, \$18	104 25
Repairs to buildings, \$127.05; repairs to boiler, engine and electric wiring, \$196.79	323 84
Hardware for barn doors paid from \$200 allowed on A.E. Ponsford's contract	197 82
Superintending buildings, 109 d., \$545; small items, \$8.30	553 30
A.E. Ponsford: building barns, stables, etc., contract, \$27,446, additional contract for granary and piggery, \$1,749, extras, \$138.75; total, \$29,333.75, less \$200 allowed for hardware supplied by department	29,133 75
Grant, 12 m. to Mar. 31	9,802 00
Qu'Appelle, Sask., (\$29,601.17) -	...
Hospital care, \$42; maintenance, \$32.50; travelling expenses, \$23.45; postage, \$50.75	148 70
Lumber, \$334.74; hardware, \$204.37; cement, 140 sacks, \$122; lime, \$44	705 11
Building toilets, 27 d. at \$4, material, \$372.84; steel rails for root house, \$103.38	584 22
Indian handicraft instructor, Melanie Blondeau, 12 m. to Mar. 31 at \$20	240 00
Sundry services, \$21; small items, \$9.90	30 90
Grant, 15 m. to Mar. 31, \$34,492.24, less \$6,600 advanced in 1914 -15	27,892 24
Carried forward	246,422 78

Brought forward	246,422 78
Red Deer, Alta.: grant, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$9,502.66; tents, 2, \$48.50; hardware, \$91.10; building material, \$72.55; wall paper, \$51.60; plumbing, repairs, etc., \$83.25; veterinary services and medicine, \$40; postage, \$20	9,909 66
St. Joseph's, Alta.: grant, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$6,150.62, less \$161.46 for coal supplied in 1914 - 15; gas machine, piping and fittings, \$302.85; ceiling and mouldings, 10 1/2 squares, \$60.69; paint, oil, etc., \$336.30; brick, 7,600, \$118.80; lumber and building material, \$309.10; tools, etc., \$10.50; postage, \$20	7,147 40
Shingwauk Home, Ont.: grant, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$7.702, less \$600 advanced in 1914 - 15; inspection, \$14; wiring school buildings, Greenwood & Hallam, \$266.52; electric motor, \$184; extractor, \$150; washer, \$100; mangle, \$175; electrical supplies, etc., \$69.85; coffin, \$22.50; fares and freight, \$51.70	8,135 57
Spanish River, Ont.: grant, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$16,155.25 (no portion of \$3,000 advanced in 1914 - 15 has been deducted); school inspector's services and travel, \$81.94; drugs and medical supplies, \$357.95; medical examination, \$13; travelling expenses, etc., with pupils, \$211.37; slates, \$8.50; express and postage, \$14.81	16,842 82
Williams Lake, B.C.: grant, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$7,458.88; travelling expenses, etc., \$42.35	7,501 23
Boarding Schools: Ontario.	...
Albany Mission: grant, 9 m. to Dec. 31, \$1,940.94; advance for March quarter, \$600	2,540 94
Cecilia Jeffrey: grant, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$7,218.11, balance of grant due 1914 - 15, \$207.81; building material, \$106; express, 85c.	7,532 77
Chapleau: grant, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$2,009; inspection, \$12.50; rent of house, 4 m. to July 31, \$60; drugs and medical supplies, \$62.75; building cottage, labour, \$423.14, material, \$372.25; painting, 655 h. at 30c.; paint, oil, etc., \$162.31; lumber, hardware, etc., \$424.92; sundry labour, \$78.50; small items, \$6.65	3,808 52
Fort Frances: grant, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$5,950; inspection, \$17; plumbing, repairs, etc., \$949.47	6,916 47
Fort William: grant, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$1,010.75; inspection, \$12; medical attendance, \$22; building material, \$35.18; small items, \$8.77	1,088 70
Kenora (\$9,375.58) -	...
Installing septic tank: stone, 28 yd. at 88; lumber, \$142.66; cement, 235 bags, \$199.75; sundry material, \$509.79; labour, \$928.25; supervising work, 47 d., \$141.; hire of launch and barge, hauling material, etc., \$43.75; fares, freight and cartage, \$55.39; board and lodging, \$37	2,281 59
Grant, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$7,069.05; inspection, \$15; small items, \$9.94	7,093 99
Moose Fort: grant, 15 m. to Mar. 31, \$3,656.25; travelling expenses, \$74; rebuilding school, lumber, \$1,055.90, roofing, \$136.43, sundry material, \$868.97, labour, \$273.77, freight, \$90.70	6,156 02
Boarding Schools: - Manitoba.	...
Birtle: grant, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$5,437.49; desks, 54, \$296.60; gymnasium equipment, \$119.70; lumber, \$70.20; small items, \$10.02	5,934 01
Cross Lake (\$29,412.36) -	...
Beds and mattresses, 98, \$820; pillows, 98, \$49; desks, 43, \$251; furniture, etc., \$294.40	1,414 40
Range and oven, \$433.60; cement, 125 brl., \$281.25; sacks, 360, \$50; pipe, elbows, etc., \$390.18	1,155 03
Electrical supplies, \$223; board and fares, \$155.75; freight and freighting, \$809.60	1,188 35
Architect, C.H. Mounsey: plans re water and sewage system, \$50; services, 14 1/2 d. at \$5; travelling expenses, etc., \$42.80	165 30
Roman Episcopal Corporation of Keewatin, progress payment on contract (\$60,000) for school building, \$56,180.59, less paid in 1914 - 15, \$38,558	17,622 59
W.B. Fraser, supplying and installing storage battery, switch board, generator and wiring building and chapel	1,200 00

Jas. Mackie Co.: extra boiler, contract, \$1,175; 2 pneumatic tanks, \$580; filter, \$557.33; triplex pump, \$418.50; gasoline pump and filter, \$96.50; 200 ft. soil pipe and 245 lb. lead, \$171.68; gasoline storage tank, \$80; belting, 151 ft., \$148.86; pulleys, hangers, etc., \$83.92	3,311 79
Typewriting 4 copies specifications, \$13.30; clock, \$20; school sundries, \$7.85	41 15
Grant, 9 m. to Sept. 30, \$2,113.75; advance for Dec. and Mar., quarters, \$1,200	3,313 75
Fort Alexander: grant, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$5,927.25; stump puller, \$114; freight, duty, etc., \$60.60; small items, \$37.30; Standard Plumbing and Heating Co., installing laundry equipment, \$2,160, repairs and alterations in boiler room, \$790, sundry labour, \$18	9,107 15
Norway House (\$19,517.41) -	...
Furniture, stove and pipes, \$75; board and travelling expenses, \$45.85	120 85
Horses, 1 team, \$350; harness, blankets, etc., \$52.50; wagon and sleighs, \$90	492 50
Teamster, Oct. - Mar., \$195.48; hire of team, \$67.80; hay, 10 tons, \$170; oats and bran, \$91	524 28
Cement, 900 sacks, \$765; lumber and shingles, \$1,099.65; iron shingles, \$140	2,004 65
Material for door and window screens, \$366.77; fuel for tug, \$25	391 77
Carried forward	381,366 03

Brought forward	381,366 03
Wire fencing, \$160; fence posts, \$98.30; hardware and building material, \$241.41	499 71
Laundry equipment: washer, \$425; extractor, \$231; sectional dry room, \$277; belting, hangers, etc., \$185.21	1,118 21
Installing sink, radiators, etc., 308 h. at 85c., material, \$433.37	695 17
Labour on ice-house, laundry, roads, fences, etc., 11,091 1/2	2,038 05
Labour on sewer, \$117; hauling sand, cartage, etc., \$37.95; freight and freighting, \$1,026.76	1,181 71
Architect, C.H. Mounsey: plans re water and sewage system, \$50; services, 142 d. at \$5; travelling expenses, etc., \$31.35	153 85
Superintendent of work, J. Jones, 59 d. at \$6; small items, \$47.67	401 67
Grant, 12 m. to Mar. 31	9,894 99
Pas (now Archdeacon MacKay School) (\$10,659.21) -	...
Beds and mattresses, 2, \$35.50; fence posts, 1,320 at 12c.; hardware, etc., \$143.20	337 10
Cattle, \$675; pigs and poultry, \$84; team, sleighs and harness, \$421.30	1,180 30
Wagon, \$94; harrow, \$47; stump puller, \$42.63; lumber, \$228.71	412 34
Expenses making well: drilling and laying pipe, \$149.50; pump, \$27.40; transportation of well digging machinery \$213.90	390 80
Installing gas system: meter, \$33; labour and material, \$40.20; boat hire, \$7; over-payment, 40c.	80 60
Labour clearing grounds, 92 1/2 d., \$177.05; freight and freighting, \$50.02	227 07
Grant 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$8,000; small items, \$31	8,031 00
Pine Creek: grant, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$9,525.62; plough, \$82.50; small items, \$9 77	9,617 89
Portage la Prairie (\$31,372.30) -	...
Beds, mattresses and pillows, \$281.75; desks and chairs, 82, \$319.35; furniture, \$52	653 10
Cows, 4, \$386; horses, 3, \$810; veterinary services, \$15; gasoline launch, \$300	1,511 00
Grant towards erection of steel water tower, \$5,000; trees for school farm, 290, \$500.50	5,500 50
Lumber, etc., \$76.27; hardware, \$88.20; sundry labour, repairs, etc., \$156.15	320 62
Travelling expenses, \$37.85; freight, \$64.64; small items, \$17.85	120 34
Installing force pump, \$43.30; putting in drain pipes, etc., \$46.13	89 43
Erecting fence, flag pole, etc.: steel flag pole, \$66; fencing, 532 1/2 ft., \$878.35; gates, 4, \$110; sundry material, \$198.53; labour, 222 h., \$95.55; freight, cartage, etc., \$11.20; contractor's commission at 15 per cent, \$45.56	1,405 19
Installing soft water storage and drainage system: cement, 305 sacks, \$221.05; labour, 1,412 1/2 h., \$519.85; sundry material, labour and expenses, \$474.35; contractor's commission at 15 per cent, \$182.27	1,397 52
Brown Construction Co., building school: contract, \$66,225; changing basement walls and level of building, \$4,581.60; sundry extras, \$222.70; total, \$71,029.30, less \$57,529.95 paid in 1914 - 15 and \$600 deducted for gas plant	12,899 35
Grant, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$6,725.25; building inspector, W.S. Garrioch, 5 m. to Aug. 31, \$750	7,475 25
Sandy Bay: grant, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$5,074.50; Standard Plumbing and Heating Co., installing laundry equipment, \$2,160; repairing ice-house, \$62.33	7,296 83
Boarding Schools: Saskatchewan.	...
Cowesses, grant, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$5,625; small items, \$9.94	5,634 94
Crowstand, grant, 8 m. to Nov. 30	2,425 25

Duck Lake, grant, 15 m. to Mar. 31, \$16,638.74, less \$2,000 advanced in 1914 - 15; plough and harrows, \$43; slates, \$8.40	14,690 14
File Hills: grant, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$5,323.25; lumber, \$30.40; hardware, etc., \$73.94; paint, oil, etc., \$101.90; painting, 855 yd., \$58.05; sundry labour, \$39.60; travelling expenses, etc., \$75.41; small items, \$18.82	5,721 37
Gordon's: grant, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$4,009.75; tank, trough, etc., \$77.75; lumber and shingles, \$1,094.69; hardware, building material, etc., \$190.83; carpentering, 713 3/4 h., \$227.75; sundry labour and repairs, \$39.50; freight and freighting, \$68.17; small items, \$2.71	5,711 15
Lac la Plonge: grant, 15 m. to Mar. 31, \$6,530.31, balance due 1914 - 15, \$16.56; slates, \$7.20	6,554 07
Lac la Rouge: grant, 15 m. to Mar. 31, \$7,812.50, less \$700 advanced and \$20.98 paid for freight in 1914 - 15; desks, 14, \$75.40; slates, \$5.45; blacksmith's outfit, \$43.12; advance oil account of drainage system, \$500; freight on machinery and desks, \$290.20; freight on supplies to be deducted from grant in 1916 - 17, \$24.87	8,030 56
Muscowequan's, grant, 12 m. to Mar. 31	6,250 00
Onion Lake, Church of England: grant, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$2,661.50, less \$112.74 paid for tea and freight in 1914 - 15; desks and freight, \$30.69; slates, \$6.12	2,585 57
Onion Lake, Roman Catholic: grant, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$4,284.50: slates, \$1.62	4,286 12
Round Lake: grant, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$3,887.50; slates, \$3	3,890 50
Thunderchild's: grant, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$4,268.12; clock, \$5	4,273 12
Carried forward	526 348 41

Brought forward	526,348 41
Boarding Schools: Alberta.	...
Blood, Church of England: grant, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$5,614.50; flour, 115 sacks, \$247.25, to be deducted from grant in 1916 - 17; hardware, etc., \$53.60; small items, \$11.20	5,926 55
Blood, Roman Catholic: grant, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$4,900; paint, etc., \$69; small items, \$26.40	4,995 40
Blue Quill's: grant, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$4,500; installing engine and pump, \$360; repairs to foundation under pump, \$30; building material, etc., \$428.81; slates, \$3.60	5,322 41
Crowfoot: grant, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$4,377; cement, 130 sacks, \$162.50; sand and gravel, 37 loads, \$92.50; lumber, hardware and building material, \$433.11; building engine house, 1,261 h., \$406.55; supplying and placing eavestrough, \$275; making ventilator and drain, \$60; installing laundry plant, Gorman, Clancy & Grindley, \$1,970; small items, \$13.70	7,790 36
Ermineskin's, grant, 12 m. to Mar. 31	6,175 93
Fort Chipewyan, grant, 12 m. to Dec. 31, \$4,342.50, advance for March quarter, \$1,200	5,542 50
Lesser Slave Lake, Church of England: grant, 15 m. to Mar. 31, \$1,483.75; clock, \$11.50	1,495 25
Lesser Slave Lake, Roman Catholic, grant, 15 m. to Mar. 31	2,154 06
Old Sun's: grant, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$3,806; sundry repairs, etc., Tabour, \$147.82, hardware and building material, \$185.96; livery and cartage, \$20.50; small items, \$28.63	4,188 91
Peigan, Church of England: grant, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$2,960; flour, 120 sacks, \$247.20, to be deducted from grant in 1916 - 17; desks, 8, \$46.80; small items, \$16.80	3,270 80
Peigan, Roman Catholic: grant, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$2,585; range, \$150; school supplies, \$18.90; sundry repairs and building, labour, \$75.55, material, \$112.02; drayage, etc., \$15	2,956 47
St. Albert: grant, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$10,000; slates, \$15.15	10,015 15
St. Bruno: grant, 15 m. to Mar. 31, \$5,423.09; slates, \$5.63	5,428 72
Sarcee: grant, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$3,465, arrears, 1914 - 15, \$106.50; bath and fixtures, \$50; water heater, \$40; tents, 3, \$64.50; lumber, \$82.76; repairs, etc., material and labour, \$100.55; small items, \$8.54	3,917 85
Sturgeon Lake: grant, 15 m. to Mar. 31, \$4,984.06; slates, \$2	5,005 06
Vermilion: grant, 15 m. to Mar. 31, \$2,723.12; beds, 15, \$108.75; blankets, 15 pr., \$97.50; range, \$159; heaters and tank, \$40.70; desks, 15, \$80; freight, \$127.86; small items, \$24.70	3,361 63
Wabiskaw Lake, Church of England, grant, 6 m. to Sept. 30, 3 m. to Mar. 31	1,120 62
Wabiskaw Lake, Roman Catholic, grant, 15 m. to Mar. 31	3,531 25
Whitefish Lake, grant, 15 m. to Mar. 31	1,093 91
Boarding Schools: British Columbia.	...
Ahousaht: grant, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$3,449; desks, 19, \$135.90; small items, \$19.14	3,604 04
Alberni: grant, 15 m. to Mar. 31, \$5,969; hospital care and treatment, \$39; drugs and medical supplies, \$211.39; small items, \$7.95	6,227 34
Alert Bay: grant, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$2,737.25; desks, 14, \$71.30; sundry labour and material, \$139.56; small items, \$11.35	2,959 46
All Hallows: grant, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$2,194; drugs and medical supplies, \$114.90; small items, \$18.87	2,327 77
Kitamat: grant, 15 m. to Mar. 31, \$4,562.50; drugs, medical supplies, etc., \$116.05	4,678 55
Port Simpson: grant, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$3,156.75; slates, \$4.75	3,161 50
St. Mary's: grant, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$7,500; drugs and medical supplies, \$67.85; desks, 31, \$185.85; travelling expenses, \$39.80; small items, \$19.54	7,813 04
Seechelt: grant, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$4,562; lumber and shingles, \$87.20; drugs and medical supplies,	4,761 12

\$58.74, freight, cartage, etc., \$24.21; small items, \$28.97	
Squamish: grant, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$5,000; flag, \$3.62	5,003 62
Boarding Schools: Northwest Territories and Yukon Territory.	...
Carcross, Y.T.: grant, 15 m. to Mar. 31, \$7,956.50; drugs and medical supplies, \$55.45; dentist's services, \$30; desks, \$11.50; hardware, building material, etc., \$113.45; freight, \$30.77; building fence, 65 1/2 d., \$488.25	8,685 92
Fort Resolution, N.W.T., grant, 12 m. to Dec. 31, \$6,206.87, advance for March quarter, \$1,500	7,706 87
Hay River, N.W.T.: grant, 12 m. to Dec. 31, \$3,125, advance for March quarter, \$700	3,825 00
Providence Mission, N.W.T.: grant, 12 m. to Dec. 31, \$7,187.50, advance for March quarter, \$2,000; fare and meals, \$5.50	9,193 00
Day Schools: Nova Scotia.	...
Afton: teacher, Wm. J. Rogers, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$400; inspection, \$7.50; janitor and truant officer, \$56.25; provisions and supplies, \$215.66; coal, 16.01 ton, \$80.50; small items, \$44.90	804 81
Bear River: teacher, Agathe McGinty, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$400; inspection, \$7.75; janitor, \$15; wood, cut and delivered, \$25.87; small items, \$4.25	452 87
Eskasoni: teacher, James MacNeil, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$450; inspection, \$22.20; truant officer, 2 y., \$50; janitor, \$14.50; provisions and supplier, \$36.65; wood, 8 1/2 cords, \$25.50; clearing land and making road, \$60; material and labour building fence, \$62.60; small items, \$14.40	735 85
Carried forward	681,582 00

Brought forward	681,582 06
Indian Cove: teacher, Gertrude McGirr, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$360; inspection, \$11; janitor, \$35; small items, \$5.08	411 08
Malagawatch: teacher, Mrs. Annie MacNeil, 61, m. to Dec. 31, \$195; inspection, \$5.50; janitor, \$4.17; stove and pipe, \$22.70; sundry material and labour, \$34.87	262 24
Middle River: teacher, John A. Macrae, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$500; inspection, \$9; janitor, \$10.50; coal and storage, \$31.50; sundry labour, \$25, 50; small items, \$19.30	595 80
Millbrook: teacher, Jessie Scott, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$400; inspection, \$10; caretaking and scrubbing school-house, \$21; wood, 12 cords, \$53; small items, \$10.81	494 81
New Germany: teachers, Miss E.B. Julian, 9 m. to Dec. 31, \$300, Miss R.L. Ford, 3 m. to Jan. 31, \$100; inspection, \$14; janitor, \$25; wood, \$20; small items, \$11.05	470 05
Salmon River: teacher, Ernest L. McNeil, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$350; inspection, \$13.25, truant officer, \$18.75; janitor, 18 m., \$55; provisions and supplies, \$55.96; sundry material and labour., \$42.87	535 83
Shubenacadie: teacher, Mary A. Shortt, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$400; caretaking and supplying fuel, 15 m., \$87.50; small items, \$4	491 50
Sydney teacher, Eileen Boyle, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$400; inspection, \$13.45; janitress, \$48; coal, 6 1/2 ton, \$24.05; sundry labour, \$73.20; small items, \$8.67	567 27
Tuft's Cove: teacher, Geo. F. Richardson, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$400; rent of school house, 10, m. to Dec. 31, \$100; coal and bagging, 3 ton, \$26. 20; stove and fittings, \$28. 10; small items, \$23.15	577 45
Whycocomagh: teacher, John A. Gillis, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$500; inspection, \$6; truant officer, \$20; janitor, \$12.50; coal and hauling, \$30.25; paint, etc., and painting teacher's residence, \$136; sundry material and labour, \$38.05; small items, \$18.61	761 41
Day Schools: New Brunswick.	...
Big Cove: teacher, Alice McLaughlin, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$400; truant officer, \$50; janitor, \$34; fuel, delivered at school, \$56.33; small items, \$29.41	569 74
Burnt Church: teacher, Harriet E. Keating, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$431.50, arrears, \$58; truant officer, \$50; janitor, 19 m., \$79.17; coal and wood, \$111.12; supplies, etc., \$45.92	781 71
Edmundston: teacher, Annie Michaud, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$450; janitor, \$32; wood, \$31.50; fence posts, labour, etc., \$38.05; small items, \$18.15	569 70
Eel Ground: teacher, Margaret Isaacs, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$400; truant officer, \$50; janitor, 15 m., \$75; coal and hauling, \$31.25; desks, 12, \$72; furniture and household requisites, \$124.20; sundry labour, \$21; small items, \$18.35; advertising for tenders for building teacher's residence, \$37.60; building teacher's residence, Alexander Fitzgerald, contract, \$952; inspecting building, 8 visits at \$5; livery and meals, \$14	1,835 40
Eel River: teacher, Marie LeBlanc, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$400; janitor, \$20; coal, \$14; small items, \$10.53	444 53
Kingsclear: teacher, Florence O'Brien, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$400; janitor, \$50; wood, 8 cords, \$47; small items, \$5.70	502 70
Oromocto: teacher, Mrs. B.J. McCaffrey, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$400; truant officer, \$25; janitor, \$42; wood, 10 cords, \$55; small items, \$9.89	531 89
Red Bank: teacher, Ena A. Cormier, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$400, arrears, \$58; truant officer, 13 m., \$32.50; janitor; \$25; rent of school-house, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$72; fuel, \$21; small items, \$11.45	619 95
St. Mary's: teacher, Mary T. Hughes, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$400; truant officer, \$25; janitor, \$50; coal, 13.825 ton, \$114; water rates, 12 m., \$12; work on road and fence, \$75; sundry labour and material, \$47.50; small items, \$17.55	741 05
Tobique: teacher, Ethel F. McGrand, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$462.50; domestic science classes, 8 M., \$96; truant officer, \$50; wood, sawing, piling, etc., \$75.75; paint, 26 gal., \$34.95; sundry labour, \$16.50; small items, \$18.90	754 60

Woodstock: teacher, Genevieve Brophy, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$400; truant officer, \$25; janitor, \$50; wood, 18 1/2 cords, \$106.50; installing hot air furnace, \$95; painting interior of schoolhouse, \$63; small items, \$18.60	758 10
Day Schools: Prince Edward Island.	...
Lennox Island: teacher, Jacob Sark, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$400, arrears, \$58; inspection, \$7; truant officer, \$25; janitor, \$50; wood, 5 cords, \$20; small items, \$16.29	576 29
Rocky Point: teacher, Peter Scully, 6 m. to Mar. 31, \$120; janitress, \$10; boots, 20 pr., \$44.85; small items, \$35.71	210 56
Day Schools: Quebec.	...
Bersimis: teachers, Sr. St. Francois xavier, 6 m. to Sept. 30, \$275, Sr. St. Eugène, 6 m. to Mar. 31, \$275; rent of school-house, 12 m., \$100; coal, 10 tons, \$80, bagging, transportation, etc., \$51.18; wood, \$20; small items, \$46.65	847 83
Carried forward	696,493 49

Brought forward	696,493 49
Caughnawaga, Boys': teachers, Sr. M. Edward and assistants, 12 M. to Mar. 31, \$1,520; inspection, \$6.60; truant officer \$30; janitor, \$150; coal, 32 ton, \$240.50; dumb-bells, clubs and wands, \$76.40; prizes and school supplies, \$23.54; gravel, 264 loads, \$132; cement and sand, \$30.13; hardware and building material, \$141.05; painting, 65 2/5 d., \$172.30; fencing, 247 h., \$69.70; sundry labour, \$73.35; small items, \$34.59	2,700 16
Caughnawaga, Bush: teacher, Mrs. A. Beauvais, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$450; inspection, \$6.60; truant officer, \$30; janitor, 13 m., \$35.50; coal, 8 ton, \$68; paint, oil, etc., \$85.45; lumber, etc., \$49.74; painting school-house and teacher's residence, 510 h., \$136.50; labour, 300 h., \$81; express and cartage, \$10.85; small items, \$52.09	1,005 73
Caughnawaga, Girls': principal, Mary E. Burke, 3 m. to June 30, \$125; assistants, Sadie Burke, 3 m. to June 30, \$112.50, Sr. M. Francis, 6 m. to June 30, \$150; Sr. M. Edward and assistants, 9 m. to Mar. 31, \$900; inspection, \$6.60; truant officer, \$30; janitor, \$179.15; land for extension of school grounds, \$25; coal, 26 1/2 ton, 15, \$199.40; prizes and school supplies, \$23.54; dumbbells, clubs and wands, \$76.40; piano, \$75; paint, oil, etc., \$108.80; painting, 97 1/10 d., \$261.40; building fence, 824 h., \$213.40, material, \$165.08; hardware, repairs, etc., \$56.85; sundry labour, \$66.60; small items, \$46.87	2,821 59
Caughnawaga, Mission: teacher, Miss M. Matthews, 15 m. to Mar. 31, \$500; inspection, \$6.60; truant officer, \$30; janitor, \$45; coal, 11 tons, \$82.75; furnace and casings, \$36.10; sundry labour, material, etc., \$107.76; small items, \$23.02	831 23
Chenail: teachers, Mrs. S. Back, 3 m. to June 30, \$100, Catherine McCaffrey, 6 m. 21 d. to Mar. 31, \$267; inspection, \$6.25; truant officer, \$17.50; janitor, \$18.50; coal, 4 ton, \$31; digging well, 34 ft. at \$2.25; small items, \$28.50	545 25
Chetlain: teacher, Mrs. P. McDonald, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$487.50; inspection, \$6.25; truant officer, \$32.50; janitor, \$25; coal and cartage, 5.96 ton, \$48.72; pump, etc., \$14.50; advance on account of building fence, \$25; small items, \$43.45	682 92
Congo Bridge: teacher, Helen J. White, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$412.50; janitor, 13 m., \$16.25; provisions, supplies, etc., \$42; wood, 5 cord, \$10	480 75
Cornwall Island: teachers, Minnie Roundpoint, 3 m. to June 30, \$100, Miss M. O'Hare, 6 m. 20 d. to Mar. 31, \$270; inspection, \$21.65; truant officer, \$25; janitor, \$18.50; transporting pupils, 11 w., \$27.50; coal and cartage, \$32.40; small items, \$23.36	518 41
Fort George, grant, 12 m. to Mar. 31	300 00
Long Point: teacher, Jane Wabie, 3 m. to Aug. 31, \$150; rent of school-house, 3 m., \$15	165 00
Lorette: teachers, Sr. Ste. Agathe, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$250, Sr. Ste. Jeanne de Chantal, 3 m. to June 30, \$62.50, Sr. St. J. Berchmans, 9 m. to Mar. 31, \$187.50; inspection, \$10; cleaning school-house, \$49.50; electric light, 11 m. \$20.90; water supply, 1 y., \$9; coal, 16.02 ton, \$137.23; wood, 6 3/4 cords, \$37.75; hardware, etc., \$25.23; sundry labour, \$36.50; small items, \$32.27	858 38
Maniwaki: janitress, \$16; supplies and provisions, \$35.98	51 98
Maria: teacher, Josephine Audet, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$400; inspection, \$24.05; truant officer, \$22.50; janitor, \$25; wood, 18 cord, \$36; stove, \$12; sundry labour, \$37.45; small items, \$10.30	567 30
Oka Country: teacher, Miss L.E. Dickenson, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$500; inspection, \$10; truant officer, \$25.83; janitor, \$35; transporting pupils, 9 m., \$315; small items, \$9.09	894 92
Pointe Bleue: teachers, 12 m. to Mar. 31, Sr. M. Antoinette, \$300, Sr. St. Louis, \$250; inspection, \$10; prizes, \$19.80; wood, 16 cord, \$32; lighting fires and cleaning school, \$30.10	641 90
Restigouche: teachers, 19 m. to Mar. 31, Sr. Mary of the Holy Rosary, \$400, Sr. Mary of St Joseph, \$300; inspection, \$59.50; sewing material, etc., \$46.59; wood, 20 cord, \$90; sundry labour, \$59.37; small items, \$24.31	979 77
Rupert's House, grant, 12 m. to Mar. 31	300 00

St. Francis, Protestant: teacher, Henry L. Masta, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$500; inspection, \$10; janitor, \$25; wood, 22 1/2 cord, \$54.30; building closets, \$75; repairing school, etc., labour, \$56.25, material, \$70.11, small items, \$11.47	802 13
St. Francis, Roman Catholic: teachers, Sr. Ste. Blandine, 3 m. to June 30, \$300, Sr. St. Ildefonse, 9 m. to Mar. 31, \$900; inspection, \$10; janitor, \$65; land for school grounds, \$144; insurance premium, \$20.25; coal, 31 1/2 ton, \$224.78; wood, 23 1/4 cord, \$72.12; hardware, building material, etc., \$237.06; installing heating system and plumbing, \$2,697.94; sundry labour, \$57.98; small items, \$50.98	4,780 11
St. Isidore Road: teacher, Mrs. J. Smith Twoaxe, 6 m. 77 d. to Mar. 31, \$354; inspection, \$6.60; truant officer, \$30; janitor, \$45; coal, 8 ton, \$68; supplying water, \$16; small items, \$32.57	552 17
St. Regis Island: teachers, Paul Mitchell, 3 m. to June 30, \$75, Lilian McGoey, 9 m. to Mar. 31, \$350; inspection, \$6.25; truant officer, \$12.50; janitor, \$25; coal and cartage, \$20.33; laying floor, \$68; small items, \$15.51	572 59
St. Regis Village: teacher, Nellie Keen, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$537.50; inspection, \$6.25; truant officer, \$12.50; janitor, \$30; fuel and cartage, \$26.53; building fence per contract, \$122.27; small items, \$30.71	765 76
Timiskaming: teacher, Sr. Monica, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$400; repairing school, 14 1/2 d., \$21.75, material, \$35.39; small items, \$12.40	469 54
Waswanapi: teacher, Harry Cartlidge, 4 m. to Sept. 30, \$200; small items, \$9	209 00
Wolfe Lake: teacher, Agnes Robinson, 3 m. to Aug. 31, \$150; rent of school-house, 3 m.,	165 00
Carried forward	719,155 08

1 - 4 1/2 H

Brought forward	719, 155 08
Day Schools: Ontario.	...
Abitibi: teacher, Mary A. McDonald, 3 m. to Aug. 31, \$175; rent of school-house, 3 m., \$15	190 00
Albany Mission: grant, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$300; wood, \$15; care of school, repairs, etc., \$31.75	346 75
Alnwick: inspection, \$12; fencing, \$72.50; small items, \$27.70	112 20
Back Settlement: teacher, Lyman W. Fisher, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$150; inspection, \$14; small items, \$12.78	176 78
Batchawana: rent of school-house, 12 m., \$30; janitor, \$12.50; wood, \$8	50 50
Bear Creek: teacher, Annie McDougall, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$200; inspection, \$7; small items, \$20.05	227 05
Buzwah: teacher, Lila A. Dodd, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$450; inspection, \$11.32; janitor, \$30; wood, 7 cord, \$21; small items, \$34.78	547 10
Cape Croker: inspection, \$16.27; hardware, building material, etc., \$75.07; sundry labour, \$151.01; small items, \$37.82	280 17
Christian Island: teachers, Jas. Oliver, 3 m. to June 30, \$25, Geo. Wight, 3 m. 13 d. to Mar. 31, \$31.50; small items, \$18.79	75 29
Cockburn Island: teachers, Rachel Mallen, May, \$40; Susie A. Fex, 6 m. to Nov. 30, \$300; cleaning school-house, \$10; wood, 12 cord, \$23; sundry supplies, \$18.49; repairing school buildings, 176 3/4 d., \$309.37	700 86
Fort Hope: teacher, Rev. E. Richards, 12 m. to Dec. 31, \$300, arrears, \$75	375 00
French Bay: inspection, \$16.45; fencing, gardening, etc., \$45.20	61 65
French Post, teacher, Fred. Marks, 15 m. to Mar. 31	375 00
Garden River, Church of England: inspection, \$18; wood, 14 cord, \$56; supplies, hardware, etc., \$65.40	139 40
Garden River, Roman Catholic: teachers, Catherine Tackney, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$237.50, arrears, \$29, Jeannie McDermott, 9 m. to Dec. 31, \$300; inspection, \$42.97; janitor, \$23.75; repairs to outbuildings, \$58.60; digging well, pump, fixtures, etc., \$43.81; sundry supplies, provisions and labour, \$90.39	826 02
Garden Village: inspection, \$27.15; sewing material, \$5	32 15
Georgina Island: teachers, Geo. Cork, 9 m. to Dec. 31, \$262.50, Mrs. A.J. Taylor, 3 m. to Mar. 31, \$68.25	330 75
Gibson: teacher, Sarah Stephenson, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$450; inspection, \$20; janitor, \$25; express, 30c.	495 30
Golden Lake: teacher, Catherine Goulet, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$525; inspection, \$19; truant officer, \$30; janitor, \$35; coal, 24.752 ton, \$175.24; small items, \$47.01	831 25
Goulais Bay: teachers, Annie O'Connor, 9 m., 38 d. to Mar. 31, \$470, Annie Kehoe, retirement allowance on account of ill health, \$125; janitor, \$12.25; supplies, etc., \$100.82; sundry services, \$25.25	733 32
Gull Bay: teacher, Dominick Ducharme, 9 m. to Mar. 31, \$300; desks, 2, \$24; range and heater, \$30.50; wood, cut and delivered, 10 cord, \$50; supplies, etc., \$66.90; hardware, building material, etc., \$77.95; Indian labour on school buildings, \$121.35; freight and freighting, \$50.08	720 78
Henvey Inlet: teacher, Joseph Partridge, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$300; building material, \$63.10; cutting and delivering wood, 27 cord, \$40.50; labour on well, \$54; boat hire, \$17	474 60
Kaboni, advertising for tenders for building combined school and teacher's residence	82 50
Kettle Point: inspection, \$16.07; small items, \$3.40	19 47
Lake Helen: teacher, Miss C. Harrison, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$400; wood, 12 cord, \$45; sundry supplies and labour, \$19.95	464 95
Manitou Rapids: teacher, Mrs. A. Spencer, 15 d. to Mar. 31, \$30; wood, 36 cord, \$54; advertising for tenders for building combined school and teacher's residence, \$70.40; progress payment on contract (\$4,485) for building combined school and teacher's residence, W.J. Russell, \$4,074; site for school	4,343 15

house, \$105; small items, \$9.75	
Mattawa: teacher, Sr. St. Peter, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$250; inspection, \$24.50; supplies, \$5	279 50
Michipicoten, board of teacher during measles epidemic, Mar. 30 to May 3	25 00
Mission Bay: teacher, Rose Chaput, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$450; inspection, \$11.75; wood, \$16; decorating, \$40; sundry material and labour, \$33.85; small items, \$10.20	561 50
Mississagi: teachers, Lilian McGoey, 3 m. to June 30, \$112.50, Margaret Tolley, 6 m., 20 d. to Mar. 31, \$240; inspection, \$25.52; wood, 20 cord, \$30; sundry labour and material, \$62.87; small items, \$10.05	480 94
Mobert: teachers, Miss M.I. Mercier, 8 m. to Feb. 29, \$266.66, Mrs. E. McGillis, Mar., \$33.34; desks, 9, \$18; wood, 13 cord, \$65; sundry supplies and hardware, \$84.45; lighting fires and cleaning school, \$24.80; sundry labour, \$23; freight, \$16.74	531 99
Moose Fort, grant, 12 m. to Mar. 31	350 00
Moraviantown: teacher, Geo. Gillard, 3 m. to Mar. 31, 1915, \$125, balance for Dec. quarter, 1914, \$32.50; inspection, \$16; small items, \$26.17	199 67
Mountain Village: teacher, Annie O'Brien, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$450, arrears, \$65.25; inspection, \$8; janitor, \$20; two-thirds cost of fire hose, \$108.83; decorating, repairs, etc., \$57; small items, \$17.05	726 13
Mud Lake: teachers, H.C. Buffam, 3 m. 21 d. to Sept. 30, \$106.50; Mrs. W.J. Haines, 6 m. to Mar. 31, \$150; rent of teacher's residence, 1 y., \$50; paint, etc., and painting, \$46.45; small items, \$17.65	370 60
Carried forward	735,692 70

Brought forward	735,692 70
Oneida, No. 2: teachers, H.C. Jamieson, 9 m., 26 d. to Feb. 3, \$352, Levi Doxtator, 38 d. to Mar. 31, \$76; inspection, \$15; truant officer, \$12.50; janitor, \$25; prizes, \$12.50, wood, 10 cord, \$30; additional land for school site, \$20; small items, \$26.47	569 47
Oneida, No. 3: teachers, Levi Williams, 3 m. to June 30, \$87.60, Isabell McTurk, 14 d. to Sept. 24, \$38.50, Levi Doxtator, 21 d. to Oct. 31, \$42, Viola Sims, 3 m. 38 d. to Mar. 31, \$242; inspection, \$15; truant officer, \$12.50; janitor, \$50; prizes, \$12.50; coal, 8 ton, \$56; additional land for school, \$15; sundry labour, \$36; small items, \$11.73	618 73
Osnaburg, teacher, S.N. Dixon, 6 m. to Sept. 30	150 00
Pays Plat: teacher, Mrs. x. McLaren, 3 m. to Mar. 31, \$100; rent of school-house, 3 m. \$15; desks, 9, \$18; wood, cut and delivered, 10 cord, \$50; sundry supplies, hardware, etc., \$77.65; freight and cartage, \$12.98	273 63
Pic River: teacher, Julia Larche, 12 m. to Mar 31, \$400, arrears, \$64; coal, 3.87 ton, \$42.57; wood, 10 cord, \$45; stove and desks, \$24; building material, hardware, etc., \$42.03; sundry labour, \$84; small items, \$27.75	729 35
Port Elgin: inspection, \$16.26; desk, \$11; Gilpin Bros., extras on contract for building school and teacher's residence, excavation, \$25, cistern, sink, pump, etc., \$130, eavestroughing, \$55, drains, alterations, etc., \$198, contract for building closets, \$250; building inspection, 40 visits and expenses, \$304; small items, \$41.40	1,030 66
Rama: teachers, 12 m. to Mar. 31, Eva. M. McBain, \$325, Ruth Waite, \$500; inspection, \$27; small items, \$36.45	888 45
River Settlement: teacher, Mary E. Vining, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$250; inspection, \$14; janitor, \$25; small items, \$20.30	309 30
Ryerson: teacher, Miss F.E. Munt, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$200; inspection, \$16; \$95; range and pipes, \$17.05; sundry labour, \$28; advertising for tenders for building school, \$148.50; small items, \$19.50	524 05
St. Clair: inspection, \$14; garden tools, \$2.05	16 05
Saugeen: inspection, \$16.46; supplies, \$9.55	26 01
Scotch Settlement: inspection, \$16.44; slates, \$2.64	19 08
Shawanaga: teacher, Alberta Creasor, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$500; inspection, \$14.90; desks, 16, \$66.60; wood, 10 cord, \$15; small items \$13.71	610 21
Sheguandah: teachers, R.S. Ferguson, 190 d. to June 30, \$67, W.D. Murray, 6 m., 21 d. \$85.50; inspection, \$14.82; truant officer, \$2; janitor, \$20.50; wood, 19 cord, \$57; small items, \$31.45	278 27
Sheshegwaning, Church of England: teachers, Wm. C. Dunn, 3 m. to June 30, \$125, Edwin Weeks, 6 m. 20 d. to Mar. 31, \$300; inspection, \$15.07; janitor, \$6; wood, 12 cord, \$23; sundry supplies, building material, etc., \$85.03; drilling well, 197 ft., at \$3.25; sundry labour, \$77.75	1,272 10
Sheshegwaning, Roman Catholic: teacher, Elizabeth A. Lensch, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$200; inspection, \$30.82; janitor, \$50; prizes, \$20.03; wood, 33 cord, \$99.50; building material, etc., \$35.97; drilling well, 91 ft., at \$3.25; sundry labour, \$64.20; small items, \$46.07	842 34
Sidney Bay: inspection, \$16.27; small items, \$15.70	31 97
Six Nations: prizes for agricultural exhibits, \$30; supplies, cartage, etc., \$41.92	71 92
South Bay: teacher, Rose Fagan, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$300; inspection, \$15.82; caretaking, \$22; sundry supplies, labour, etc., \$61.44	399 26
Spanish River: teacher, Rev. T.H. Young, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$450; inspection, \$17.88; janitress, \$10	477 88
Stony Point: inspection, \$16.08; grant to rural fair, \$10; small items, \$3.50	29 58
Sucker Creek: teacher, Miss M.E. Schultz, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$450; inspection, \$13.58; truant officer, \$7; janitor, \$19; wood, 7 cord, \$23.75; small items, \$28.55	541 88

Thessalon: teacher, Lorhena Shaddean, 5 m. to Aug. 31, \$229.16; inspection, \$10.47; small items, \$3.90	243 53
Timagami: teacher, Mary G. Honan, 5 m. to Aug. 31, \$250; janitor, \$10; lumber, \$80.10; paint, etc., \$30.28; repairing school, \$95.25; small items, \$15.67	481 30
Tyendinaga, 4 schools: teacher, Western, Ethel M. Picard, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$100; inspection, \$62; prizes for school fair, \$25; desks and chair, \$40; supplies, etc., \$36.43	263 43
Walpole Island, No. 1: teacher, Olive Stewart, 56 d. to June 30, \$91, arrears, \$13, Miss S.E. Wilson, 6 M. 22 d. to Mar. 31, \$244; inspection, \$15.88; small items, \$15.08	378 96
Walpole Island, No. 2: teachers, Joseph Sampson, 3 m. to June 30, \$100, Mayno Warnock, 6 m. 12 d. to Mar. 31, \$364; inspection, \$15.87; janitor, \$30; lumber and shingles, \$35.21; supplies, hardware, etc., \$54.50; sundry labour and board of men, \$38	637 58
West Bay: teacher, Clotilde Laferriere, 3 m. to Dec. 31, \$125; inspection, \$15.57; janitress, \$20; poultry netting, \$21.06; small items, \$21.50	203 13
Whitefish Lake: teachers, Mrs. J. Jalbert, jr., 3 m. to June 30, 81 d. to Dec. 31, \$65.50, Tillie Fitzpatrick, 3 m. to Mar. 31, \$25; inspection, \$31.20; small items, \$15.65	137 35
Wikwemikong: teachers, 12 m. to Mar. 31, Adele Duhamel, \$500, Agnes Kelly, \$475, arrears, \$54; inspection, \$21.82; janitor, \$60; desks, 20, \$71; wood, 57 cord, \$70.25; lighting, \$10; shingling school-house, 39 9/10 d., \$79.80; shingles, 50 1/2 M, \$151.50; supplies, hardware, etc., \$89.98; sundry labour, cartage; etc., \$23.10	1,606 45
York Factory: teacher, Ida E. Collins, 6 m. to June 30, \$250; shipbread, \$17.10; yarn, \$10.69.	277 79
Carried forward	749,632 41

Brought forward	749,632 41
Day Schools: Manitoba.	...
Berens River: teacher, Mrs. J.H. Lowes, 12 m. to Dec. 31, \$600; janitor, \$27.50; provisions, \$49.80; sundry supplies, labour, etc., \$55.11	732 41
Big Eddy: teacher, R.J. Thomas, 6 m. 22 d. to Mar. 31, \$244; small items, \$13.12	257 12
Black River: teacher, George Slater, jr., \$500; labour and material shingling school, \$39.50; small items, \$5.01	544 51
Bloodvein River: teacher, Joseph A. Everett, 6 m. to Sept. 30, \$250; supplies, \$2.33	252 33
Brokenhead: teacher, John Sinclair, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$300; small items, \$11.51	311 51
Chemawawin: teacher, R.G.V. Cooper, 15 m. to Mar. 31, \$625; small items, \$3.62	628 62
Cross Lake, Protestant: teachers, Rev. T.H. Wright, 6 m. to June 30, \$300, arrears, \$50, Johnson Hargreaves, 6 m. to Dec. 31, \$300, Irene Gaudin, 3 m. to Mar. 31, \$150; field matron, Anna J. Gaudin, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$499.92; rent of school-house, 9 m., \$45; small items, \$3.86	1,348 78
Cross Lake, Roman Catholic: teacher, Sister Marguerite Marie, 6 m. to June 30, \$200; small items, \$14.36	214 36
Cumberland: teacher, Joseph Chamberlain, 15 m. to Mar. 31, \$500; small items, \$2.67	502 67
Deer Lake: teacher, Elijah Sinclair, 60 d. to Aug. 24	180 00
Ebb and Flow Lake: teacher, Miss B.A. Adams, 9 m. to Dec. 31, \$225; desks, supplies, etc., \$26.65; cartage and freight, \$11.62	263 27
Fairford Schools (\$9,372.16) -	...
Fairford, Lower: teacher, Colin Sanderson, 9 m. 17 d. to Jan. 31, \$334; supplies, \$4.35	338 35
Fairford, Upper: teacher, Rupert Bruce, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$300; small items, \$5.55	305 55
Fairford, Improved School: teacher, Augustus Hyson, 34 d. to Mar. 31, \$102; care of building, \$54; range, etc., \$48.08; furniture, household supplies, etc., \$215.60; sundry labour, \$44.60; freight and cartage, \$20.83; advertising for tenders for building school and teacher's residence, \$82.08; building school and teacher's residence, J.H. Simmons, contract, \$6,650, extras, rock excavations, \$567.50, stable, etc., \$300.85, pump house, \$82.81, galv. tank, \$85, sundry extras, \$26.25; total, \$8,279.60, less \$100 retained until completion of grounds, and \$48 paid for stone	8,131 60
General expenses: harness, 1 set, \$43.75; road repairs, \$245.28; drilling well, 51 ft., \$127.50; pump and casing, \$35; board and fares, \$27; sundry labour, supplies and provisions, \$71.03; freight, \$47.10	596 66
Fisher River (\$11,493.15) -	...
Teachers: Emily N. Royan, 3 m. to June 30, \$137.50; William Stevens, 9 m. to Mar. 31, \$375; Miss M.N. Carter, 3 m. 25 d. to Mar. 31, \$187.50	700 00
Field matrons: Miss C. MacDonell, 6 m. 19 d. to Oct. 19, \$265.35; board, April 1 - Oct. 19, \$109.76, travelling expenses, etc., \$135.75; Mrs. McCormick, Nov. 4 - Dec. 31, \$76, board and travelling expenses, \$47.75	634 61
Janitor, \$32.75; wood, 67 1/12 cords, \$168; desks, 56, \$264.90, stove, \$51	516 65
Compensation for loss of barley crop, \$22.50; gravel, 24 yd., \$29.95	52 45
Transportation of well drilling outfit, \$40.80; freight and cartage, \$28.30; sundry labour, \$27	96 10
Advertising for tenders for building school and teacher's residence, \$91.16; small items, \$52.18	143 34
S.G. Fox: building school and teacher's residence, contract, \$8,980; digging drain and placing pipe, 176 ft., \$352; additional grading, \$18	9,350 00
Fort Alexander, Upper: teacher, Rev. C. H. Fryer, 15 m. to Mar. 31, \$625; small items, \$20.36	645 36
Grand Rapids: teacher, Nathan Settee, 15 m. to Mar. 31, \$500; desks, 6, \$29.10; small items, \$13.09	543 08

Hollowwater River: teacher, Rev. G.C. Smith, 15 m. to Mar. 31, \$625; small items, \$14.03	639 03
Island Lake: teacher, John Moar, 3 m. 22 d. to Dec. 31, \$216; supplies, \$1	217 00
Jack River: teacher, Mrs. Mabel Marshall, 15 m. to Mar. 31, \$625; sundry supplies, \$3.86	628 86
Lake Manitoba: teachers, Ralph A. Martel, 6 m. 22 d. to Oct. 30, 305, R.P. Martel, 3 m. 43 d. to Mar. 31, \$232.50; making well, \$44.96; small items, \$11.25	593 71
Lake St. Martin: teacher, John E. Favell, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$450; supplies, \$4.35	454 35
Little Saskatchewan: teachers, Augustus Hyson, 9 m. to Dec. 31, \$375, Colin Sanderson, 23 d. to Mar. 31, \$46; small items, \$17.20	438 20
Moose Lake: teacher, J.G. Kennedy, 15 m. to Mar. 31, \$500; rent of school-house, 12 m., \$40; small items, \$2.67	542 67
Nelson House: teacher, W.E.W. Huddy, 6 m. to June 30, 13 d. to Mar. 31, \$339, arrears, \$50; small items, \$3.86	392 86
Oak River: teacher, Rowena Havard, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$600; field matron, Florence Blake, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$325; coal, 10.988 ton, \$118.55; meat, \$16.30; small items, \$15.05	1,074 90
Oxford House: teachers, John W. Niddrie, 6 m. to June 30, \$300, W.G. Brisley, 9 m. to Mar. 31, \$450; small items, \$5.61	755 61
Pas: teacher, Maude Chambers, 15 m. to Mar. 31, \$500; rent of school-house, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$60; small items, \$2.32	552 32
Peguis, North: teachers, H.J.A. Ayres, 22 d. to April 30, \$55, A.H. Packer, 3 m. 42 d. to Mar. 31, \$230; sundry supplies and labour, \$29.65	314 65
Carried forward	783,535 90

Brought forward	783,535 90
Peguis, South: teacher, H.J. Francis, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$500; sundry supplies and labour, \$31.40	531 40
Pine Creek, teacher, Rev. G. Leonard, 12 m. to Mar. 31	180 00
Poplar River: teacher, William Lee, 9 m. to Mar. 31, \$450; small items, \$6.41	456 41
Red Earth: teacher, Francis Daniels, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$400; rent of school-house, 6 m. to Sept. 30, \$16.65; labour on school-house, 104 7/15 d., \$185; small items, \$20.87	622 52
Roseau Rapids: teacher, Olive Leslie, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$400; janitor, \$20; small items, \$15.90	435 90
Roseau River, Lower: teacher, Emma Godon, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$475, arrears, \$36; stove, \$10; small items, 70c.	521 70
Rossville: teachers, Anna M. de Wolf, 6 m. to Sept. 30, \$250, arrears, \$75, Emily N. Royan, 6 m. to Mar. 31, \$250; small items, \$3.61	578 61
St. Peter's, North: teacher, Peter Harper, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$350; small items, \$17.41	367 41
Shoal Lake: teacher, Louis Young, 15 m. to Mar. 31, \$500; rent of school-house, 6 m. to Sept. 30, \$16.66; supplies, etc., \$11.78; labour on school-house, 102 d., \$170	698 44
Shoal River: teacher, T.D. Conlin, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$500; supplies, etc., \$16.52	516 52
Swan Lake: teacher, Jessie Bruce, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$500; supplies for mid-day meal, 10 m., \$59.30	559 30
Waterhen: teacher, Joseph Inglott, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$500; sundry labour, \$18; small items, \$7	525 00
Day Schools: Saskatchewan.	...
Ahtahkakoops: teacher, H. Hutchinson, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$600; field matron, Mrs. H. Hutchinson, 10 m., \$300; assistant matrons, 10 m., \$100; bacon and beef, 726 lb., \$65.75; provisions, \$100.95; wood, 25 cord, \$75; lumber, door and sashes, \$39.26; transporting pupils, 10 m., \$752; scrubbing school-house, \$20; sundry supplies, labour, etc., \$53.50	2,106 46
Assiniboine: teacher, Gertrude Lawrence, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$720; bacon and beef, 836 lb., 106.45; coal, 4.98 ton, \$64.70; transporting pupils, 10 m., \$428.25; care of furnace, 6 m., \$30; sundry supplies, provisions, labour, etc., \$61.35	1,410 75
Big River: teacher, Louis Ahenakew, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$400; bacon and beef, 411 lb., \$42.12; Garry range, \$56; wood, 10 cord, \$20; provisions and supplies, \$86.63; preparing mid-day meal, 10 m., \$100; transporting pupils, 10 m., \$375.50; scrubbing school-house, \$10	1,090 25
Crowstand: teacher, Miss A.E. Walker, 3 m. to Mar. 31, \$112.50; matron, Miss Sarah Dunbar, 3 m. to Mar. 31, \$125; digging well, cribbing, etc., \$161.50; board of well diggers, \$15.05; advertising for tenders for building school and teacher's residence, \$89.64; progress payment on contract (\$6,600) for building school and teacher's residence, Wolver Construction Co., Ltd., \$2,500; expenses, inspecting building, \$53.45	3,057 14
Day Star's: teacher, W.H. Brookfield-Sharpe, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$500; digging well, \$11; small items, \$5.17	516 77
Fort à la Corne, North: teacher, H.W. Shaw, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$500; field matron, Mrs. H.W. Shaw, 12 m., \$300; assisting matron, 189 d., \$47.25; bacon, 733 lb., \$96.80; beef, 400 lb., \$32; flour, 20 sacks, \$48; sundry provisions and supplies, \$67.80; wood, 25 cord, \$74; paint, hardware, etc., \$74.70; small items, \$15.75	1,256 30
Fort à la Corne, South: teacher, J.L. Lowe, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$500; field matron, Mrs. J.L. Lowe, 11 1/2 m., \$287.50; assisting matron, 123 d., \$30.75; bacon, 733 19 lb., \$96.80; beef, 400 lb., \$32; flour, 15 sacks, \$36; sundry provisions and supplies \$72.10; wood, cut and delivered, \$47.25; building stable, 25 d., \$100, material \$246.77; freighting, etc., \$42; small items, \$6.50	1,497 67
Frog Lake: teacher, Charles Quinney, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$300; rent of school-house, 19 1/2 m., \$47.50; sundry labour, \$30; small items, \$27.25	404 75
John Smith's: teacher, P.H. Gentleman, 12 m. to Mar, 31, \$600; field matron, Mrs. P.H. Gentleman, 12	

m. \$300; assistant matrons, 10 m., \$50; bacon, 833. lb., \$110; beef, 500 lb., \$40; flour, 20 sacks, \$48; sundry provisions and supplies, \$44.75; lumber, shingles etc., \$129.09; paint, etc., \$96.80; painting school-house, 163 h., \$81.50; sundry labour, \$26; small items, \$30.35	1,556 49
Keeseekouse: teacher, Rev. Jos. Poulet, 11 m. to Mar. 31, \$660; rent of school-house, 12 m., \$180; desks, 26, \$97.80; wood, \$37; small items, \$13.64	988 44
Key Reserve: teacher, A.J. Lawes, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$500; pump, \$30; labour and material making well, \$93.60; painting schoolhouse, 209 h., \$83.60; paint, etc., \$66.52; sundry material and labour, \$55.50; small items, \$21.55	850 77
Little Pines: teacher, Rev. W.H. English, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$600; field matron, Mrs. Annie English, 12 m., \$300; provisions, etc., \$105.38; coal, 10.475 tons, \$81.15; wood, 79 cords, \$276.50; pump, \$27; supplying water, 95 brl., \$23.75; cleaning school-house and cutting wood, \$51; sundry labour, cartage, etc., \$30.94	1,495 72
Long Lake: stove and pipes, \$9.15; supplies, etc., \$25.05	34 20
Meadow Lake: teacher, Eliza Chatelain, 15 m. to Mar. 31, \$375; wood, \$15; whitewashing and banking school-house, \$6	396 00
Mistawasis: teacher, Rev. J.E. Smith, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$400, arrears, \$56; field matron, Mrs. J.E. Smith, 10 m., \$300; assistant matron, 10 m., \$50; bacon and beef, 666 lb., \$61.25; flour, 13 sacks, \$32.50; provisions and supplies, \$77.05; hardware, etc., \$33.95; screen doors and windows, 20, \$55.50; wood, 23 cords, \$46; transporting pupils, 10 m., \$741.50; sundry labour, freighting, etc., \$38.30	1,892 05
Carried forward	808,082 87

Brought forward	808,082 87
Montreal Lake: teacher, John R. Settee, 15 m. to Mar. 31, \$500; bacon, 200 lb., \$26.30; biscuits, 600 lb., \$90; flour and tea, \$67.50; desks, 20, \$76.50; yarn and slates, \$28.60; range and pipes, \$38.70; lime, \$15; labour on teacher's residence, \$45; freighting and freight, 545.30	932 90
Moosomin: teachers, Rose A. L'Hereux, 6 m. to Sept. 30, \$250, R. Landreville, 6 m. to Mar. 31, \$250; field matron, Mrs. B.A. Maple, 6 m., 13 d., \$160.50; rent of school, 15 m. to Mar. 31, \$300; milk, 187 quarts, \$18.70; provisions and supplies, \$65.40; wood, 20 cords, \$78.75; preparing lunch, 10 m., \$100; sundry labour, \$24	1,247 35
Poundmaker's: teacher and field matron, Mrs. A. Tierney, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$699.96; rent of school-house, 17 m. to Mar. 31, \$425; desks, 8, \$50; milk, 193 quarts, \$19.30; provisions and supplies, \$89.66; supplying water, 94 brl., \$23.50; preparing lunch, 10 m., \$100; sundry labour, \$48.50	1,455 92
Red Pheasant: teacher, Jesse M. Marshall, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$525; teaching night school, 68 h., \$34; field matron, Mrs. J.M. Marshall, 12 m., \$300; extra help, \$118; milk, 357 quarts, \$35.70; provisions and supplies, \$70.40; wood, 82 1/2 cords at \$3.50, 13 loads \$32; transporting pupils, 11 m., \$506.50; sundry labour, material, etc., \$62.50	1,972 85
Stanley: teacher, Miss M.E. Coates, 3 m. to Mar. 31, \$100; rubberoid, 11 1/2 rolls, \$69; sundry building material, \$26.11; labour, \$32.25; provisions, etc., for labourers, \$78.54; freight, \$44.10	350 00
Sturgeon Lake: teacher, George Swift, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$600, arrears \$87; field matron, Miss C. Swift, 13 m., \$390; assistant matron, 10 m., \$100; bacon and beef, 615 lb., \$57.43; flour, \$32.90; provisions, supplies, etc., \$160.90; wood, 50 cords, \$150; transporting pupils, 11 m., \$823.50; scrubbing school-house, \$22; sundry labour, and repairs, \$8.40	2,432 13
Valley River: teachers, Gladys Haines, 21 d. to May 9, \$52.50, Clair Rattlesnake, 34 d. to June 30, \$68, Phoebe J. Stanton, 20 d. to Dec. 31, \$40, Peter Rattlesnake, 3 M. to Mar. 31, \$100; pump, \$30; boring and cribbing well, \$55.50; small items, \$2.45	348 45
White Bear: teacher, Mrs. E.M.A. Fernie, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$600; field matrons, Mrs. B.S. Boddy, 2 m., \$40, Miss K.S. Ball, 9 m., \$180; bacon, 200 lb., \$27; flour, 7 sacks, \$19.60; lumber, etc., \$52.25; wood, 10 cords, \$25; sundry labour, supplies, etc., \$39.45	983 30
White Cap Sioux: teachers, R.H. Sanderson, 9 m. to Sept. 30, \$450; Charles Hawk, 2 m. to Mar. 31, \$120; rent of teacher's residence, 8 re. to Nov. 30, \$80; desks and table, \$24.63; tent, etc., \$37.55; lumber, \$17; provisions and supplies, \$67.60; preparing lunch, 7 1/2 m., \$75; small items, \$18.88	890 66
Day Schools: Alberta.	...
Fort Smith: desks and seats, \$156.60; blackboard moulding, \$10.15; small items, \$8.08	174 83
Goodfish Lake: teachers, Mrs. H.H. Howard, 3 m. to June 30, 6 m. to Afar. 31, \$450, assistant, H.H. Howard, 10 m., \$200; janitor, \$18.76; beef, 306 lb., \$27.54; provisions and supplies, \$33.12; wood, 30 cords, \$105; stove and pipes, \$17; paint, oil, etc., \$66.85; lumber, hardware, etc., \$220.40; labour on schoolhouse and teacher's residence, \$365.47; freighting, \$84.28	1,588 41
Saddle Lake: teachers, Mrs. J.A. Seller, 6 m. to June 30, \$150, Miss W.J. McKittrick, 9 m. to Mar. 31, \$375; small items, \$5.43	530 43
Samson's: teacher, Abbie Aylwin, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$500; provisions and supplies, \$47.43; wood, 10 1/2 cords, \$26.25; transporting pupils, 10 m., \$285	858 68
Day Schools: N.W.T. and Yukon Territory.	...
Fort McPherson, N.W.T., teacher, Rev. G.E. Merritt, 6 m. to June 30	100 00
Fort Norman, N.W.T., teacher, Rev. W.S. Tremain, 1 y. to June 30	200 00
Fort Selkirk, Y.T.: teacher, Arthur C. Field, 176 d. to Dec. 31, \$633.60; rent of school-building, 176 d., \$176	809 60
Kittigagjuit, N.W.T., teacher, Rev. Herbert Girling, 9 m. to June 30	150 00

Little Salmon, Y.T.: teacher, Rev. E.M. Swanson, 25 d. to Sept. 30, \$90; rent of school-building, 25 d., \$25; supplies, \$9.95	124 95
Moosehide, Y.T.: teacher, Rev. Benj. Totty, 262 d. to Mar. 31, \$943.20; rent of school-building, 262 d., \$262	1,205 20
St. David's Mission, N.W.T., teacher, Rev. George Bowring, 12 m. to Dec. 31	200 00
Teslin Lake, Y.T.: teacher, Rev. C.C. Brett, 21 d. to June 30, \$75.60; refit of school-building, 21 d., \$21	96 60
Whitehorse, Y.T.: teacher, Mrs. G. Blackwell, 85 d. to June 30, \$306; rent of school-building, 85 d., \$85, less \$23 overpaid in 1914 - 15	368 00
Day Schools: British Columbia.	...
Aiyansh: teacher, Vera A. Chasiteney, 4 1/2 m. to Mar. 31, \$337.50; field matron, Florence E. Royds, 4 1/2 m., \$165; teacher's and field matron's travelling expenses, \$104.08; rent of school-house, 4 M. to Mar. 31, \$40; wood, 10 cords, \$57.50; stove and pipes, \$27.15; supplies, etc., \$71.39; storage of school material, 53 m., \$116.50; making desks, benches, \$41.50; freight and freighting, \$189 etc.	1,149 62
Carried forward	826,252 75

Brought forward	826,252 75
Alert Bay: teacher, Miss E.W. Ferryman, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$500; wood, 5 cords, \$22.50; small items, 82	524 50
Andimaul: teachers, Miss Signe Hed, 6 m. to Sept. 30, \$200, Miss Vernon Leake, 6 m. to Mar. 31, \$200; field matron, Jennie Halpenny, 13 m., \$325; rent of school, 19 m. to Mar. 31, \$152; grant for maintenance of six children, 5 m., \$150; janitor, \$30; wood, \$28; small items, \$28.14	1,113 14
Bella Bella: teacher, Kate Tranter, 15 m. to Mar. 31, \$750, services as field matron, 10 m., \$100; desks, 42, \$215.40; lumber, paint, etc., \$80.45; labour on school, \$60; small items, \$9.95	1,215 80
Bella Coola: teacher, Miss M.A. Gibson, 15 m. to Mar. 31, \$625; janitor, \$20.25; supplies, \$11.30	656 55
Boothroyd: teacher, Lily Blachford, 9 m. to Mar. 31, \$540; desks and chairs, \$20.25; stove and pipes, \$17.50; sundry supplies, building material and labour, \$50.07; freight and cartage, \$18.15	645 72
Cape Mudge: teacher, Rev. J.E. Rendle, 6 m. to June 30, 40 d. to Dec. 31, 3 m. to Mar. 31, \$570, arrears, \$25; janitor, \$36; small items, \$7.60	638 60
China Hat: teacher, Rev. G. Read, 12 m. to Dec. 31, \$600, arrears \$50, Miss Hattie Read, 3 m. to Mar. 31, \$150; field matrons, Miss H. Read, 3 m., \$75, Mrs. Harriet Read, 12 m., \$300	1,175 00
Clayoquot: teacher, Rev. J. Schindler, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$400; supplies, prizes, etc., \$26.15	426 15
Fort Babine: teacher, Joseph F. Morrissey, 10 m. to Mar. 31, \$750; rent of school-house, 15 m. to Mar. 31, \$207; wood, 9 cords, \$54; cleaning school-house, \$45; small items, \$9.88.	1,065 88
Gitladamiks: teacher, Olive C. Bowen, 4 1/2 m. to Mar. 31, \$337.50; field matron, Florence E. Royds, 4 1/2 m., \$165; teacher's and field matron's travelling expenses, \$104.09; rent of school-house, 4 m. to Mar. 31, \$40; storage of school material, \$117; wood, 4 3/4 cords, \$28; sundry supplies, labour, etc., \$70.45	862 04
Glen Vowell, teacher, Pearl Jackson, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$600; janitress \$45; desks, 6, \$36; wood cut and delivered, \$41.25; sundry supplies and labour, \$54.68; freight, \$7.48	784 41
Gwinoha: teacher, Helen Freeman, 4 1/2 m. to Mar. 31, \$337.50; field matron, Louise Cleveland, 4 1/2 m., \$220; teacher's and field matron's travelling expenses, \$138.78; rent of school-house, 4 m. to Mar. 31, \$28; wood, 7 cords, \$42; stove and pipes, \$27.15; sundry supplies, \$62.24; freighting and freight, \$153.55	1,009 22
Hartley Bay: teacher, Rev. J.H. Matthews, 15 m. to Mar. 31, \$750, arrears \$50; small items, \$21.56	821 56
Hazelton: teacher, Miss E.J. Soal, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$600; janitor, \$45; supplies, \$9.59; material and labour repairing school, \$38.97	693 56
Homalko: teacher, J.J. Maroney, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$600; field matron, Mrs. K.T. Maroney, 12 m., \$300; supplies, \$31.15; freight, \$2.60	933 75
Katzie: teachers, J.J. Murphy, 3 m. to June 30, \$150, arrears \$87, John F. Wilson, 3 m., 39 d. Mar. 28, \$348, P.B. McGarrigh, 4 d. to Mar. 31, \$12; small items, \$9.92	696 92
Kincolith: teacher, Alice M. Collison, 15 m. to Mar. 31, \$625; wood, 3 cords, \$18; making ladders, \$12	655 00
Kisgegas: teacher, Jonathan Mercer, 6 m., 17 d. to Mar. 31, \$234; janitor, \$30; wood and cutting, 8 cords, \$62; supplies, \$2.24	328 24
Kispiax: teacher, Gertrude Martin, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$600, arrears \$75; field matron, Eva Martin, 7 m., \$116.62; janitor, \$45; desks, 12, \$72; wood and cutting, \$30; small items, \$14.50	953 12
Kitamaat: teacher, Isabella Clark, 15 m. to, Mar. 31, \$625, arrears \$50; field matron, Miss E. Alton, 15 1/2 m., \$645.78; wood, 5 cords, \$25; paint, etc., and painting, \$47.75; small items, \$12.65	1,406 18
Kitkatla: teachers: Henry Haldane, 3 m. to Mar. 31, \$180; George Oliver, 7 m. to \$525; janitor, \$27.50; chairs, 4, \$14; stove and pipes, \$15.80; wood and cutting, \$28; lumber and shingles, \$23.47; freight, \$12.75; small items, \$41.37	867 89
Kitseguecla: teachers, Mrs. Susan J. Preston, 3 m. to June 30, \$150, arrears \$75, Miss Hannah Edgar, 9 m. to Mar. 31, \$450; maintenance of six pupils, 15 m., \$540; wood, cut and delivered, \$26; small items,	1,258 24

\$17.24	
Kitselas: teacher, Franklin Van Gorder, 15 m. to Mar. 31; \$750; desks and chair, \$52.50; wood, cut and delivered, \$27; apple trees, \$21; small items, \$26.04	876 54
Kitwanga: teacher, Florence B. Kemp, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$600; janitor, \$45; desks, 10, \$100; wood, cut and delivered, \$40; material and labour building toilets, \$122.16; freight, freighting, etc., \$27.84; small items, \$16.08	951 08
Koksilah: teacher, C.A. Dockstader, \$600, arrears \$150; desks, 9, \$83.85; hyloplate, 72 ft., \$18; wood, 8 cords, \$12; remodelling school-building, \$1,165.85; preparing plans of building and supervising, \$185; improving grounds, \$192.50; building bridge to connect school with grounds, \$192.60; sundry labour and material, \$113.80; sundries, \$22.04	2,735 64
Lakalsap: teacher, Silvea Sturges, 15.45 m. to Mar. 31, \$1,181.25; field matron, P. Capper, 15 2/3 m. to Mar. 31, \$787.50; travel of teacher and matron, \$52; coal oil, 12 cans, \$35; wood, 20 1/2 cords, \$108; school desks, 12, \$78; repairs to school-house and residence, \$39.20; school requisites, \$14.19; cleaning, \$7; freight, \$17.30	2,370 44
Carried forward	851,827 92

Brought forward	851,827 92
Lytton: teacher, Miss B. Hobden, \$500; coal, 2 ton, \$20; repairs and supplies, \$5.30	525 30
Masset: teacher, Frank Trainor, \$900; assistant, Mrs. A.E. Trainor, April and Dec. 1 to Mar. 31, 5 m., \$125; field matron and nurse, \$300; repairing and painting school-house, \$215.80; repairing fence, \$17.20; wood, 10 cord, \$50; cleaning, \$11.50	1,619 50
Meanskinisht: teacher, Miss S.Z. Richardson, \$600; janitress, 6 m. to Mar. 31, \$30; school desks, 16, \$101; teacher's desk, \$15; freight, \$6.52; wood, 4 cords, \$27; sundries, \$6.61	786 16
Metlakatla: teacher, Miss E.S. Klippert, \$900; labour and material for 2 closets, \$62.25; cleaning, \$6.50; stove pipe and school requisites, \$9.02	977 77
Nanaimo: teachers, W.J. Knott, 3 m. to June 30, \$150, arrears, \$150, P.R. Kelly, 3 m. to Sept. 30, \$150, Adelaide Beal, 6 m. to Mar. 31, \$300; wood, 5 cords, \$25; sundries, \$8.20	783 20
Nitinat, teacher, A.C. Brown, 20 d. in June at \$600	63 00
Ohiaht, slates, 1/2 doz.	1 00
Osoyoos, teacher, John J. Norwood, 9 m. to Dec. 31 at \$500	375 00
Port Essington: teacher, Fanny J. Noble, 15 m. to Mar. 31, \$625; stove, \$16.70; wood, 4 cords, \$28; cleaning, \$6; flag and school supplies, \$7.86	683 56
Port Simpson: teachers, G.H. Hamilton, 3 m. to June 30, \$240, E.S. Grant, 7 m. to Mar. 31, \$560, assistant, Elsie Potter, 3 m. to Mar. 31, \$125; truant officer, \$50; janitor services, \$61.50; repairs, \$35.30; sundry school supplies, \$20.50	1,092 30
Quamichan: teachers, Miss C. Ordano, 9 m. to Dec. 31, \$300, Miss M.A. Freemento, 3 m. to Dec. 31, \$100; wood, 5 cords, \$8.75; small items, \$14.82	423 57
Rivers Inlet, teacher, D.M. Hazelwood, 28 d. in March quarter, 1915 at \$600	84 00
Rocher Deboulé: teacher, Sidney Brown, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$750, arrears for 1913 - 14, \$87.50; janitor, 3 m. to Mar. 31, \$15; rent of school premises, \$213; biscuit, etc., for midday meal, \$59.30; wood, cut and delivered, 6 cords, \$54; school requisites, \$21.04	1,199 84
Shulus: teacher, J.W. Harwood, \$600; labour and material for 2 toilets, \$75.94; stove, \$15.85; saw, \$6.50; coal oil for night school, \$5; small items, \$18.83	722 12
Skidegate: teacher, J.H. Young, 15 m. to Mar. 31, \$875; field matron and nurse, Mrs. W.H. Russ, 10 m. to Mar. 31, \$250; wood, 5 cords, \$25; small items, \$23.82	1,173 82
Skwah: teacher, W.H. Grimshaw, \$600; window blinds and repairs, \$8.21	608 21
Sliammon: teacher, Basil Nicholson, \$600; caretaker, \$49.50; school requisites, \$17.30	666 80
Songhees: teacher, Rose A. Quigley, \$500; fencing, \$50.80; preparing garden plot, \$27.50; hose, 75 ft. and nozzle, \$16.25; lumber and painting, \$35.90; wood, 6 cords, \$31.50; cleaning, \$7.50; tools, \$3.95; plants, \$1.65	675 05
Stuart Lake: teacher, A.K.J.M. Ockoni Ockoniy, \$800, arrears, \$66.68; field matron and cook, Mrs. Ockoniy, \$217.50; rent of school-house, \$225; provisions for midday meal, \$384.23; wood, 45 cords, \$135	1,828 41
Tahlton: teacher, T.P. Thorman, 3 m. to Mar. 31, \$125; rent of school-house, \$62.50	187 50
Telegraph Creek, teacher, Wm. T. Pake, 15 m. to Mar. 31	625 00
Tsartlip: teacher, Laura H. Hagan, 3 m. to June 3, \$100; biscuit, \$2. 75	102 75
Ucluelet, teacher, H.W. Vander Vien, 12 m. to Mar. 31	400 00
Wyah: F.G. Plumb, 6 m. to June 30, \$300; sundries, \$2.75	302 75
General Expenditure.	...
Salaries at Ottawa (Page H - 5)	1,999 92

Assistance to ex-pupils (\$7,023.01) -	...
Beds, mattresses, etc., \$87.25; furniture, \$166.05; stove, \$25; sundry furnishings, \$45.03	323 33
Sewing machines, 14, \$406; harrows, \$61; ploughs, 5, \$170; wagons and box, \$209	846 00
Harness, 7 sets, \$92; harness parts, \$17.60; carpenters' tools, \$72.50; barb wire, 10 rolls, \$42	224 10
Oxen, 23, \$1,895; horses, 4, \$850, less \$239.80 paid by Indians	2,505 20
Seed grain, 6,495 1/4 bush., \$3,168.55, less \$554.31 paid by Indians	2,614 24
Lumber, 18,736 ft., \$528.85; shingles, 20 1/2 M., \$85.88; sundry building material, \$170.45	785 18
Travel of ex-pupil and farm instructor, \$8.73; freight and cartage, \$58.52	67 25
Services and travel (\$2,695.83) -	...
R.H. Abraham, Chatham, Ont., gardening instructor: salary, 5 m., 11 d. to Oct. 5, \$390.59; board and lodging, \$305.20; fares, \$318.70; livery, \$163.20; photographic supplies, \$16.40; telephone, telegrams and postage, \$21.39; small items, \$23.65	1,248 13
D. Chéné, architect: board and lodging, \$318.30; fares, \$144.10; cabs and baggage, \$38.25; small items, \$11.05	511 70
Mrs. C.G. Fox, Split Lake, Man., field matron, 15 m. to Mar. 31	375 00
Rev. J.J. Ryan, superintendent of schools, N.B.: salary, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$400; travelling expenses, \$101	501 00
Mrs. H. Viger, Doncaster, Que., teacher, 5 m.	60 00
Tuition (\$10,823.07) -	...
Maintenance and tuition fees	7,524 57
Grants and fees to white schools and colleges	2,186 33
Grants to students and nurses in training	1,112 17
Carried forward	890,618 65

Indian Education - Concluded.	\$ cts.
Brought forward	890,618 65
Miscellaneous (\$21,649.53) -	...
Books and stationery: Dept. of Public Printing and Stationery, \$11,749.58; local firms, \$15.26	11,764 84
Supplies to pupils attending school: boots and clothing, \$675.51; sundry provisions, \$171.25	846 76
Supplies for midday meal in day schools: biscuits, 25,800 lb., \$1,496.40; cheese, 147 1/2 lb., \$32.33; pilot bread, 383 lb., \$38.30; rice, 1,370 lb., \$58.23; tea, 339 lb., \$77.97; small items, \$7.03	1,710 26
Teacher, Miss M. Kelly, balance due, 1907 - 08, \$30; inspection of school, \$6	36 00
Nurse Marie Mentuck: books, \$9; uniform, \$43.74; travel, \$12.91	65 65
Expenditure re nuns' residence at Caughnawaga: rent, 12 m., \$264; caretaker, 15 m., \$187.50; bedding, \$66; refrigerator, \$80; sundry furnishings, \$27.07; coal, 18 ton, \$137.75; wood, 5 cords, \$14.35; oil, \$4.63	781 30
Transportation expenses: teachers, \$27.95; pupils, guardians, etc., \$288.62; well diggers, \$56.20	372 77
Maintenance of children, 6 m., 5 1/2 d., \$172.41; medical services, \$46	218 41
Flags, 26, \$106.58; soap, 1,260 lb., \$72.45; towelling, 358 yd., \$55.49; yarn, 453 lb., \$226.50	461 02
Knitting needles, \$6.45; Christmas gifts, \$18; dumpy level, \$65; levelling rod, \$11	100 45
Horse, \$150 less \$50 paid by Indians, \$100; seed potatoes and corn, \$23.90; small items, \$16.65	140 55
Freight, expenses, cartage, etc.	5,151 52
...	912,268 15
LESS: - Wheat sold, Industrial schools, \$548; collections from ex-pupils on account of advances, \$342.29	890 29
...	911,377 89
General.	...
Payments to Indians on Surrender of Lands (\$5,660).	...
Fort Frances Agency, 243 Indians at \$20	4,860 00
Sarcee Indians, refunded to Trust Account 154, Sarcee	800 00
Relief to Destitute Indians in Remote Districts (\$75,242.72).	...
Hudson's Bay Co., provisions supplied at the following posts: Abitibi, \$225.75; Albany, \$2,591.29; Arctic Red River, \$12.88; Attawapiskat, \$2,145.06; Barriere, \$133.96; Ball River, \$13.50; Bersimis, \$121.32; Biscotasing, \$140.35; Bisco, \$68.60; Branswick, \$109.94; Cartwright, \$55.55; Cat Lake, \$594.20; Davis Inlet, \$593.57; Dorset, \$69.45; Eastmain, \$261.92; English River, \$139.13; Fort Chimo, \$1,183 06; Fort Churchill, \$572.85; Fort George, \$4,192.34; Fort Hope, \$1,132.77; Fort Laird, \$48.34; Fort Norman, \$475.44; Ghost River, \$37.09; Good Hope, \$605.31; Grand Lac, \$189.51; Great Whale River, \$1,317.36; Lake Harbour, \$287.25; Lake Savant, \$563.74; Long Lake, \$938.85; Manowan, \$1,175.69; Martin's Falls, \$135.17; Matogami, \$2.25; Mingan, \$4,310.93; Missinaibi, \$332.27; Misstassinni, \$355.73; Montizambert, \$381.95; Moose Factory, \$1,599.50; North West River, \$205.78; Nipigon House, \$207.81; New Post, \$80.65; Nitchequon, \$112.73; Obijuan, \$536.70; Opmaga, \$288.70; Osnaburg, \$1,273.06; Parent, \$35; Port Nelson, \$622.22; Red Rock, \$39.60; Romaine, \$619.85; Rupert's House, \$1,691.93; Severn, \$934.95; Stuparts Bay, \$20.34; St. Augustine, \$2,382.24; Trout Lake, \$586.53; Weenusk, \$386.81; Weymont, \$204.94; Wolstenholme, \$66.50; Woswonaby, \$353.61; York Factory, \$155.75	37,819 57
Revillon Bros., relief supplied at the following posts: Albany River, \$222.86; Attawapiskat, \$139.73; East Main, \$161.77; Fort George, \$3,321.56; Fort Chimo, \$472.29; Fort Hope, \$1,746.91; Fort MacPherson, \$1,690.19; Long Lake, \$97.15; Missanaibi, \$29.60; Moose River, \$1,015.98; Nemiska, \$110.90; Nipigon, \$91.80; Northwest River, \$84.55; Port Harrison, \$208; Wakeham Bay, \$182.80	9,576 09

Albany Fort, James Bay: expenses bringing wounded man to hospital, and care, board and lodging, \$82.55; provisions, \$55.30; canoe hire, \$10; wages of 2 men, \$78; bedding, etc., \$31.15; provisions, \$9.92; care of sick, \$41.25; small items, \$13.45	321 62
Bersimis Agency: provisions, \$981.38; farm implements, \$64.05; seed grain, \$88.01; blacksmith shop and equipment, \$100; freight, \$14.34; small items, \$10	1,257 78
Chapleau Agency: expenses taking insane Indian to hospital, board and lodging, \$90, transportation, \$51.30; attendant, 33 1/2 d., \$84; care in hospital, \$14; small items, \$5.30; medical attendance, \$34; board and care of blind, 6 m., \$60; burial expenses, \$15	353 60
Fort Churchill Indians, food supplies	256 62
Fort MacPherson Indians: medical officer, Dr. P.E. Doyle, 1 m., \$112.77; medical supplies, \$197.90; medical dispensary rent, 3 m., \$20	330 67
Fort Providence Indians, provisions supplied	144 00
Carried forward	55,719 95

General - Continued.	\$ cts.
Brought forward	55,719 95
Gaspé Agency: provisions, \$77.43; seed oats, 53 bush., \$38.10; seed potatoes, 68 bush., \$37.40; storage, \$2.75	155 68
Lake Superior, Eastern Division -	...
Batchawana and Garden River bands: flour, 111 sacks, \$352.95; seed oats, 359 bush., \$397.70; seed potatoes, 314 bags, \$196.70; sundry seeds, \$304.43; plowing, 112 1/4 d., \$640.11; cartage, \$23.50; refund to Trust Fund Account No. 1, for relief in 1913 - 14, \$30; small items, \$10.90	1,956 29
Michipicoten Band: provisions, \$274.65; wood, 1/2 cord, \$2.75	247 40
Lake Superior, Western Division -	...
Nipigon Band: provisions, \$177.64; farm implements, \$94.70; seed potatoes, 26 bags, \$26; gasoline, 1 brl., \$14.26; ambulance, \$6; freight, \$33.36	351 96
Pays Plat Band: provisions, \$83.95; seed potatoes, 55 1/2 bags, \$51; plowing, 29 3/4 d., \$29.70; freight, \$13.24; fare, \$7.23	185 12
Pic Band: provisions, \$158.35; seed potatoes, \$512 bags, \$66.80; expenses taking sick to hospital, \$15.60; freight, \$6.53	247 28
Red Rock Band: provisions, \$123.65; burial expenses, \$25; seed potatoes, 55 bags, \$55; plowing, 27 1/2 d., \$29.50; small items, \$6.46	239 61
Sundry bands: medical services, \$27.50; freighting, \$20; small items, \$7.50	55 00
Maria Agency: provisions, \$721.48; clothing, \$20; seed oats, 149 bush., \$104.30; seed potatoes, 147 bush., \$51.45; burial expenses, \$6	903 23
Mingan Indians: relief, \$606.94; medical attendance, \$41.25	648 19
North Timiskaming Agency: Hunter's Point, board, \$52; clothing, \$6; Long Point Band, provisions, \$539.45; Timiskaming Band, provisions, \$316.65, wood, 25 cords, \$40, seed oats, 33 bags, \$111.50, expenses taking sick to hospital, \$23.65, freight, \$4.20; Wolf Lake Band, provisions, \$327.50, Dr. Beausejour, travel, \$41.97	1,462 92
Parry Sound Indians: provisions, \$19.20; seed oats, 85 bush., \$68; sundry seed, \$130.57	217 77
Pierreville Agency: provisions, \$616.60; clothing, \$20; seed oats, 98 bush., \$68.60; seed potatoes, 187 bush., \$93.50; sundry seed, \$33.22; small items, \$26 50	858 42
Restigouche Reserve: provisions, \$1,001.06; seed grain, \$85.16; board and care of sick, 9 m., \$78; small items, \$26.84	1,191 06
St. Augustine Agency: Musquaro River Band, provisions, \$2,013.74; tents, 3, \$67.80; telegrams, \$7.61; Natashquan Band, provisions, \$1,074, rent of fish net, \$25; guide and boat, 4 m., \$212.25, storage, \$5	3,405 40
Seven Islands Agency: relief, \$9,015.30; burial expenses, \$43; building material, \$78.86; wood, 183 loads, \$327; carpenter work, 40 d., \$110; lumber, 10,469 ft., \$294.17; freight, \$68.01; small items, \$27.18	9,963 52
General: relief, \$358.65; blankets, 153, \$504.90; board and lodging, \$15; care in hospitals, 293 d., \$273; drugs, etc., \$245.04; medical attendance, \$451.50; transportation, \$84.29; freight, etc., \$2,803.78	4,736 16
Prevention of the Spread of Tuberculosis (\$11,331. 62).	...
Nova Scotia -	...
Antigonish and Guysboro Co's.: provisions, \$108; clothing, \$21.05; burial expenses, 63; medical attendance, \$8.10	140 15
Cape Breton Co., provisions supplied	7 91
Colchester Co.: provisions, \$165.33; care in hospital, 7 3/7 w., \$22.28	187 61
Cumberland Co.: provisions, \$82.64; medical attendance, \$42	124 64

Digby Co.: provisions, \$178.17; building material, \$82.18	260 35
Halifax Co.: provisions, \$159.30; blankets, 2 pr., \$8; small items, \$7.38	174 68
Hants Co., provisions, \$174; Kings Co., provisions, \$5.83	179 83
Inverness Co.: provisions, \$258.11; clothing, \$21.06; burial expenses, \$41.54; tent, \$13.65	334 36
Lunenburg Co., provisions, \$70; Pictou Co.: provisions, \$12; clothing, \$49	131 00
Richmond Co.: provisions, \$158.74; disinfecting houses, \$15	173 74
New Brunswick -	...
Northern Division: provisions, \$333.05; building material, \$22.94; cutting and hauling wood, \$25.75	381 74
Northeastern Division, provisions and clothing	1,192 06
Southwestern Division: provisions, \$353.01; clothing, \$33.56; tent, 2.25; wood, 7 cords, \$11.50; small items, \$9.65	419 97
Prince Edward Island -	...
Provisions, \$89.47; building house, \$100; care in hospital, 69 d., \$33.50; tent, \$35; small items, \$14	271 97
Quebec -	...
Bersimis Agency, milk, \$5.55; Caughnawaga Agency, drugs, \$229.50	235 05
Seven Islands Agency: provisions, \$47.64; transport of sick, \$13	60 64
Carried forward	86,850 66

Brought forward	86,850 66
Prevention of the Spread of Tuberculosis - Concluded.	...
Ontario -	...
Cape Croker Agency: medical attendance, \$2.50; care in St. Mary's hospital, 47 w., \$141	143 50
Caradoc Agency: maintenance in hospitals, King Edward Sanatorium, 85 d., \$129.93, London Health Association, 433 d., \$486.38, Victoria Hospital 161 d., \$163; tent, \$15.15; small items, \$2.95	797 41
Cbapleau Agency: maintenance in hospitals, Hospital for Sick Children, 23 d., \$23, King Edward Sanatorium, 666 d., \$1,016.55, Lady Minto Hospital, 256 d., \$444, St. Joseph's Hospital, 6 d., \$6; burial expenses, \$40; expenses taking sick to hospitals, \$95.85; tent \$21	1,646 40
Georgina and Snake Island Reserves: treatment in London Health Association Hospital, 366 d., \$419.69; medical attendance, \$7.75	427 44
Golden Lake Agency: maintenance in hospitals, King Edward Sanatorium, 425 d., \$649.67, Muskoka Free Hospital, 8 d., \$10.70; board and lodging, 9 m., \$108; burial expenses, \$18.40; expenses taking sick to hospitals, \$45.35	832 12
Manitowaning Agency, maintenance in St. Joseph's Hospital, 119 d.	119 00
Parry Sound Agency, maintenance in hospitals, Muskoka, Free Hospital, 122 d., \$192.50, St. Joseph's Hospital, 114 d., \$114; provisions, \$48.01	354 51
Sarnia Agency: in maintenance in hospitals, King Edward Sanatorium, 30 d., \$50.44, London Health Association, 167 d., \$169.16, Victoria Hospital, 2 d., \$2	221 60
Saugeen Agency: maintenance in London Health Association Hospital, 222 d., \$253.70; small items, \$2	255 70
Six Nations Agency: maintenance in hospitals, King Edward Sanatorium, 204 d., \$311.86, Muskoka Free Hospital, 37 d., \$71.85, St. Catharines Consumptive Sanatorium, 51 d., \$51	434 71
Sturgeon Falls Agency: maintenance in hospitals, Mattawa General Hospital, 657 d., \$657, Muskoka Free Hospital, 153 d., \$233.89; expenses taking sick to hospitals, \$60.92	951 81
Walpole Island Agency: maintenance in Chatham General Hospital, 51 d., \$55; medical attendance, \$117; 1 tent, \$28.50; small items, \$16.87	217 37
General: maintenance in hospitals, Hospital du Sacre Coeur, 20 d., \$38.50, King Edward Sanatorium, 7 d., \$10.70, Manitoba Sanatorium, 23 d., \$34.50, Muskoka Free Hospital, 65 d., \$99.37, Lady Minto Hospital, 46 d., \$59, Royal Ottawa Sanatorium, 108 d., \$108; medical services, \$150; expenses taking sick to hospitals, \$113.70; small items, \$40.58	654 35
Epidemic of Smallpox and other Diseases (\$7,199.39.)	...
Bersimis Indians, drugs	68 64
Gore Bay: medical services, Dr. R.W. Davis, \$64; travel, \$15; vaccine, 546 points, \$43.69; small items, \$2	114 69
Lake Superior, Eastern Division: medical services, Dr. M.H. Limbert, \$145.95; travel, \$13.35; vaccine, 700 points, \$56; maintenance in hospital, 60 d., \$60	275 30
Lake Superior, Western Division: medical services, Dr. D.M. Smith, \$44.25; Dr. W.W. Smith, \$193.25; quarantine officers, 109 1/2 d., \$150.25; vaccine points, 1,400, \$107; drugs, \$20.50	515 25
Lake Winnipeg Indians -	...
Medical services: Dr. Atkinson, \$42; Dr. Hassard, travel, \$39.60, board and lodging, \$3.75; Dr. H. 13. MacLean, 94 d., \$940, board and lodging, and horse feed, \$18.45, travel, \$25.05, rubber coat, etc., \$54, small items, \$6; Dr. R.D. Orok, vaccinating 312 persons, \$156; Dr. Palsson, 5 d., \$50, board and lodging, \$10.50, travel, \$30; Dr. E.W. Rose, \$28; Dr. Robertson, \$35, travel, \$47.50	1,485 85
Quarantine officers: R.N.W.M. Police, 472 d., \$236; special constable, 50 d., \$102.50; driver and guide, 29 d., \$101.50; travel, \$10.65; small items, \$5.60	456 25

Drugs, etc., \$187.80; nursing, 68 d., \$198.80; nurse's travel, \$40	426 60
Board and provisions, \$156.45; compensation for house destroyed, \$100	256 45
Printing, \$3; sundry labour, \$36.90; cartage, \$26.25; use of house, \$5	71 15
Oka Indians: medical services, Dr. J.W. Ouimet, \$25.85; quarantine officers, \$78; board, \$14; travel, \$18.10; provisions, \$60.84	196 79
Onion Lake Agency: medical services, Dr. J.B. Charlebois, \$720; clothing, \$112.80; drugs, \$70.40; provisions, \$44.55	947 75
Pelly Agency: antitoxin, 45,000 units, \$94.50; disinfecting house, \$10	104 50
Six Nations Agency: quarantine officers, 824 3/4 d., \$1,224.05; provisions, \$346.38; burial expenses, \$26; drugs, \$15.93; fumigating 37 houses, \$55.50; small items, \$16	1,683 86
Miscellaneous: medical services, Dr. C.H. Amys, 915.10, Dr. L. Bladgon, \$32, Dr. M. James, \$75, Dr. H. Wigle, \$33.25, Dr. W.H. Woods, \$3; quarantine officers, \$10.90; nursing, 94 d., \$144.55; maintenance in hospital, 21 d., \$35; drugs, \$100.05; provisions, \$64.91; travel, \$78.55; small items, \$4	596 31
Carried forward	101,105 97

General - Concluded.	\$ cts.
Brought forward	101,105 97
Surveys in Ontario, Quebec and Maritime Provinces (88,014.80.)	...
Caughnawaga Reserve: J.A.P. Descarries, Surveyor, services, 8 d. at \$10; assistant, 47 d. at \$4, 7 d. at \$3; draughtsman, 5 d. at \$5; labourers, 25 d. at \$2; travel, \$26.55; rations, 82 at 25 cts.; small items, \$6.45; total, \$417.50 less paid in 1912 - 13, \$25.70	391 80
Lake of the Woods Islands: D.J. Dillon, O.L.S., services, 39 d. at \$8; assistant, 16 d. at \$3; chairmen, 17 d., \$40; board, lodging and horse feed, \$37.95; livery, 17 d., \$125; fares, \$39.60; provisions, \$24.19; rent outfit, \$12.60; small items, \$10	649 34
Lorette Reserve: L. Stein, Q.L.S., services, 10 1/2 d. at \$10; assistants, 11 d., \$28; board and horse feed, \$4.40; travel, \$11.50; iron posts, 11, \$9.35	158 25
Wild Land in Long Sault, Little Forks and Manitou Reserves: D.J. Dillon, O.L.S., services, 263 d. at \$8; assistant, 159 d. at \$3; axemen, 618 d. at \$2; chainmen, 198 d. at \$2.50, 154 at \$2; cook, 149 d. at \$2.50; allowance for camp outfit, 163 d. at 60c.; board, \$58.60; hardware, \$47.70; iron posts, 133, \$111; provisions, \$933.33; transport, \$211.96; small items, \$38.90	6,491 79
Whycocomagh Reserve: H. McIntosh, Surveyor, services, 5 d. at \$4; chainman, 2 d. at \$1.75; labour, \$4; iron posts, 17, \$14.25; board, \$8; small items, \$2.70	52 45
General: W.R. Chisholm, advance on account of survey at Afton, N.S., \$125; surveyors, 5 d., \$37.50; assistant, 5 d., \$15; chainmen, 6 d., \$9; labour, \$17.50; board, \$15.50; travel, \$14.10; hardware, \$12.19; small items, \$25.38	271 17
Suppression of the Liquor Traffic (\$3,000.)	...
Grant to assist Trust Fund, Account No. 310	3,000 00
Registration Fees re Births, Deaths and Marriages (\$138.)	...
Fees for registration of births, marriages and deaths during the year 1915 - 16, 37 certificates	138 00
Printing, Stationery, etc., Outside Service (\$6,870.76.)	...
L'Événement, Quebec: printing, Case Supreme Court, 200, \$310; Appellant's Factum, 23 pages, \$46	356 00
Public Printing and Stationery Dept., printing, binding, lithographing, etc.	3,729 76
Public Printing and Stationery Dept., stationery supplied to agents, inspectors, etc.: Nova Scotia, \$13.34; New Brunswick, \$25.32; Quebec, \$96.35; Ontario, \$617.53; Manitoba, \$149.02; Saskatchewan, \$327.17; Alberta, \$643.05; British Columbia, \$237.38; sundry stationery supplies, \$277.40; express and postage, \$398.44	2,785 00
...	119,129 53
LESS - deductions from Relief in Remote Districts as below	1,672 24
...	117,457 29
Deductions.	...
Sales: at Seven Islands, furs, \$1,105.25, outfits, \$279.73; at Bersimis, outfits, \$154.91	1,539 89
Paid on account of seed grain advances	132 35
...	1,672 24
Miscellaneous: Gratuities paid under Statute.	...
Gratuities of two months' salary paid to families of the following deceased officials -	...
George L. Chitty, clerk, 2A Division, Ottawa	316 67
Dr. O.C. Edwards, medical officer, Blood Reserve	250 00
Wm. McLeod, agent, Manitowaning Agency	200 00

Hugh Richardson, clerk, Winnipeg Office	250 00
N.J. Smith, agent, Fredericton, N.B.	83 33
...	1,100 00

Indian Trust Fund: Summary of Balances.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Balance, April 1, 1915, as shown by A.G.'s Report, 1914 - 15, Page H - 82 and 1915 - 16, Page H - 80	...	...	...
Interest accrued during year on \$1,089,844.37 at 6%	65,390 65	...	...
Interest accrued during year on 620,400.10 at 5%	31,020 01	...	...
Interest accrued during year on 6,027,901.50 at 3%	180,837 04	...	...
7,738,145.97	277,247 70	...	...
Grant to aid in suppression of liquor traffic	3,000 00	...	...
Total interest and Government grants (Page H - 80)	...	280,247 70	...
Collections during the year (Page H - 80)	...	390,366 84	...
Refunds and transfers credited (Page H - 80)	...	83,029 98	...
...	...	753,644 52	...
Expenditure during the year (Page H - 80)	646,559 15	...	...
Refunds and transfers debited (Page H - 80)	103,507 08	...	...
...	...	750,066 26	...
Excess of credits over debits	...	...	3,578 26
Balance, March 31, 1916	...	...	7,741,724 23

12,784 74	754 04	...	12,030 70	...	Chippewas of Sarnia, Interest	83	2,069 23	6,044 15	1,638 70	3,032 66	12,784 74
281,567 27	281,567 27	...	...	6	Chippewas of Saugeen, Capital	83	281,328 83	...	238 44	...	281,567 27
19,702 58	5,572 15	...	14,130 43	...	Chippewas of Saugeen, Interest	83	5,470 82	10,717 55	469 93	3,044 28	19,702 58
14,381 39	14,219 98	...	161 41	7	Chippewas of Snake Island, Capital	84	14,231 74	...	149 65	...	14,381 39
3,531 44	1,722 89	5 89	1,802 66	...	Chippewas of Snake Island, Interest	84	1,759 41	594 16	333 23	844 64	3,531 44
22,967 72	21,667 22	...	1,300 50	8	Chippewas of Thames, Capital	84	22,967 72	...	...	...	22,967 72
9,050 43	798 49	...	8,251 94	...	Interest	85	1,235 36	1,178 57	4,236 50	2,400 00	9,050 43
14,578 09	14,521 28	...	56 81	9	Chippewas of Walpole Island, Capital	85	14,490 21	...	87 88	...	14,578 09
5,270 03	721 91	...	4,548 12	...	Chippewas of Walpole Island, Interest	85	1,460 66	659 88	1,193 25	1,956 24	5,270 03
19,974 29	19,974 29	...	...	244	Cockburn Island Indians, Capital	134	19,722 92	...	...	251 37	19,974 29
2,029 04	1,147 99	...	881 05	...	Cockburn Island Indians, Interest	134	1,282 43	630 16	...	116 45	2,029 04
2,975 29	2,752 19	...	223 10	130	Couchiching Band, Capital	114	2,975 29	...	...	...	2,975 29
868 90	286 74	...	582 16	...	Couchiching Band, Interest	114	465 67	103 23	300 00	...	868 90
928,465 93	924,537 96	...	3,927 97	182	Dokis Band, Capital	124	926,363 10	...	2,102 83	...	928,465 93
45,534 03	19,543 88	...	25,990 15	...	Dokis Band, Interest	125	17,106 93	28,304 10	123 00	...	45,534 03
					Dokis Timber						

3,965 17	1,041 17	...	2,024 00	182a	Management Account	125	1,317 40	39 52	229 50	2,378 75	3,965 17
5,566 92	5,566 92	...	...	90	Eagle Lake Indians, Capital	107	5,566 92	...	...	...	5,566 92
2,595 92	2,564 27	...	31 65	...	Eagle Lake Indians, Interest	107	2,358 17	237 75	...	...	2,595 92
2,373 63	2,373 63	...	...	77	Fort Frances Agency Reserve, Capital	104	2,373 63	...	...	...	2,373 63
1,103 89	1,103 89	...	...	...	Fort Frances Agency Reserve, Interest	104	944 35	99 54	60 00	...	1,103 89
124,892 61	123,359 72	...	1,532 89	10	Fort William Band, Capital	86	124,538 66	...	353 95	...	124,892 61
5,599 06	761 49	...	4,837 57	...	Fort William Band, Interest	86	1,746 28	3,788 55	64 23	...	5,599 06
114,936 82	108,918 44	...	6,018 38	12	Garden River Indians, Capital	86	104,997 41	...	9,939 41	...	114,936 82
4,223 64	202 64	...	4,021 00	...	Garden River Indians, Interest	86	570 61	3,262 03	391 00	...	4,223 64
4,578 61	4,578 61	...	...	123	Gibson Indians, Capital	113	4,503 61	...	75 00	...	4,578 61
172 78	*116 72	...	289 50	...	Gibson Indians, Interest	113	*75 56	132 84	115 50	...	172 78

[*Debit items.]

Total.	Balance, March 31, 1916.	Refunds and Transfers.	Expenditure.	No. of Account.	Name of Account.	Page in Part H.	Balance, April 1, 1915.	Interest and Gov't Grants.	Collections.	Refunds and Transfers.	Total.
\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	...	...	...	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
294 77	294 77	...	...	123a	Gibson Burnt Timber Account	159	286 19	8 58	...	...	294 77
145 85	145 85	...	...	43	Golden Lake Indians, Capital	98	135 85	...	10 00	...	145 85
147 13	93 83	...	53 30	...	Golden Lake Indians, Interest	98	11 70	4 43	131 00	...	147 13
14,580 09	14,580 09	...	...	13	Henvey Inlet Indians, Capital	87	14,580 09	...	...	...	14,580 09
571 01	297 00	...	274 01	...	Henvey Inlet Indians, Interest	87	129 72	441 29	...	...	571 01
1,210 70	...	1,210 70	...	131	Hungry Hall Band, No. 1 Capital	115	1,210 70	...	...	...	1,210 70
63 05	...	63 05	...	...	Hungry Hall Band, No. 1, Interest	115	25 95	37 10	...	...	63 05
198 62	...	198 62	...	240	Hungry Hall Band, No. 2	160	192 84	5 78	...	...	198 62
42 12	30 87	...	11 25	174	Islington Band	123	40 89	1 23	...	...	42 12
583 42	583 42	...	...	273	Lac Seul Band, Capital	139	257 05	...	326 37	...	583 42
7 71	7 71	...	...	...	Lac Seul Band, Interest	139	...	7 71	...	...	7 71
113,477 24	112,888 54	...	588 70	14	Lake Nipissing Band, Capital	87	112,393 48	...	1,083 76	...	113,477 24
4,984 71	1,608 45	...	3,376 26	...	Lake Nipissing Band, Interest	87	1,505 84	3,416 98	61 89	...	4,984 71
793 57	...	793 57	...	61	Little Forks Band, Capital	103	789 24	...	4 33	...	793 57
111 39	...	111 39	...	...	Little Forks Band, Interest	103	85 16	26 23	...	...	111 39
646 40	...	646 40	...	221	Long Sault Band No. 30 B., Capital	131	646 40	...	...	...	646 40
45 69	...	45 69	...	...	Long Sault Band No. 30 B., Interest	131	25 53	20 16	...	...	45 69
2,031 88	2,031 88	...	...	16	Maganatawan Indians, Capital	88	2,031 88	...	...	...	2,031 88
983 02	959 98	...	23 04	...	Maganatawan Indians, Interest	88	895 21	87 81	...	...	993 02
3,968 82	...	585 92	3,382 90	208	Manitou Rapids, Reserve No. 1, Capital	128	3,694 03	...	374 79	...	3,968 82
388 08	...	265 53	122 55	...	Manitou Rapids, Reserve No. 1, Interest	128	2 16	107 88	278 04	...	388 08
72,039 45	71,329 18	...	710 27	15	Manitoulin Island Indians (unceded),	87	69,019 93	...	1,774 08	1,245 44	72,039 45

					Capital						
5,824 99	3,957 41	...	1,867 58	...	Manitoulin Island Indians, Interest	87	3,645 04	2,179 95	...	...	5,824 99
99,383 75	98,237 85	...	1,145 90	17	Mississaguas of Alnwick, Capital	88	98,905 55	...	478 20	...	99,383 75
13,750 25	4,453 35	...	9,296 90	...	Mississaguas of Alnwick, Interest	88	4,884 27	3,829 91	2,466 07	2,570 00	13,750 25
58,018 13	57,831 03	...	187 10	18	Mississaguas of Credit, Capital	88	56,626 68	...	584 35	807 10	58,018 13
10,935 52	2,707 00	781 00	7,447 52	...	Mississaguas of Credit, Interest	89	1,566 77	3,490 67	3,788 08	2,090 00	10,935 52
2,304 68	2,304 68	...	...	20	Mississaguas of Mud Lake, Capital	89	2,304 68	...	...	...	2,304 68
2,159 08	406 48	...	1,752 60	...	Mississaguas of Mud Lake, Interest	89	381 93	80 60	90 20	1,606 35	2,159 08
7,127 14	7,102 14	...	25 00	19	Mississaguas of Rice Lake, Capital	89	7,030 14	...	97 00	...	7,127 14
2,207 20	443 00	...	1,764 20	...	Mississaguas of Rice Lake, Interest	89	587 41	228 53	429 50	961 76	2,207 20
4,197 64	4,197 64	...	...	21	Mississaguas of Scugog, Capital	90	4,197 64	...	...	...	4,197 64
3,423 71	2,171 30	...	1,252 41	...	Mississaguas of Scugog, Interest	90	2,538 72	202 09	291 00	391 90	3,423 71
90,333 74	86,939 74	...	3,394 00	22	Mohawks of Bay of Quinte, Capital	90	90,163 77	...	...	169 97	90,333 74
15,662 23	*367 95	...	16,030 18	...	Mohawks of Bay of Quinte, Interest	90	1,850 41	4,167 36	7,829 46	1,815 00	15,662 23
111,467 12	110,968 34	...	498 78	23	Moravians of Thames, Capital	91	111,435 92	...	...	31 20	111,467 12
5,614 20	*46 61	...	5,660 81	...	Moravians of Thames, Interest	91	638 52	4,012 22	67 00	896 46	5,614 20
12,091 34	11,370 54	296 46	424 34	23a	Loan Account	91	9,647 23	296 46	2,147 65	...	12,091 34
7,192 85	7,192 85	...	...	79	Mount Elgin Institute	104	1,158 11	34 74	6,000 00	...	7,192 85
1,262 40	1,249 40	...	13 00	24	Munceys of Thames, Capital	91	1,262 40	...	...	...	1,262 40
1,359 72	*60 23	...	1,419 95	...	Munceys of Thames, Interest	91	*83 17	35 38	1,407 51	...	1,359 72
46,204 61	46,204 61	...	...	285	Nickikousemenecaning Indians, Capital	140	37,030 91	...	9,173 70	...	46,204 61
2,908 90	1,693 35	...	1,215 55	...	Nickickousemenecaning Indians, Interest	140	1,745 60	1,163 30	...	...	2,908 90
3,743 95	3,743 95	...	...	245	Obidgewong Indians, Capital	134	3,721 50	...	...	22 45	3,743 95
229 47	74 55	...	154 92	...	Obidgewong Indians, Interest	134	104 30	114 77	...	10 40	229 47
					Ojibbewas of Lake						

111,818 18	111,818 18	...	...	26	Huron, Capital	92	111,818 18	...	...	...	111,818 18
11,602 70	5,811 70	...	5,791 00	...	Ojibbewas of Lake Huron, Interest	92	5,677 82	3,524 88	...	2,400 00	11,602 70
93,181 82	93,181 82	...	...	27	Ojibbewas of Lake Superior, Capital	92	93,181 82	...	...	...	93,181 82
47,721 29	46,200 29	...	1,521.00	...	Ojibbewas of Lake Superior, Interest	92	41,675 57	4,045 72	...	2,000 00	47,721 29
3,388,348,60	3,189,550 06	5,004 22	193,794,32	...	Carried forward	...	3,168,060 72	106,426 34	75,712 20	38,149 34	3,388,348 60

[*Debit items.]

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\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
3,388,348 60	3,189,550 06	5,004 22	193,794 32	...	Brought forward	...	3,168,060 72	106,426 34	75, 712 20	38, 149 34	3,388,348 60
...	...	...	...	...	Indians of Ontario - Concluded.	...	...	...	...	...	...
8,294 65	8,294 65	...	...	28	Ojibbewas of Mississagi River, Capital	93	8,294 65	...	...	...	8,294 65
484 03	239 03	...	245 00	...	Ojibbewas of Mississagi River, Interest	93	179 80	254 23	50 00	...	484 03
4,005 87	...	3,855 87	150 00	25	Ojibbewas and Ottawas of Manitoulin, Capital	92	...	...	4,005 87	...	4,005 87
1,966 19	...	1,786 19	180 00	...	Ojibbewas and Ottawas of Manitoulin, Interest	92	...	...	1,966 19	...	1,966 19
162 27	152 27	...	10 00	29	Oneidas of Thames, Capital	93	162 27	...	...	...	162 27
1,001 73	176 23	...	825 50	...	Oneidas of Thames, Interest	93	170 25	9 98	821 50	...	1,001 73
95,479 02	92,374 02	...	3,105 00	30	Parry Island Band, Capital	93	95,415 42	...	63 60	...	95,479 02
5,372 07	2,873 77	...	2,998 30	...	Parry Island Band, Interest	93	2,303 59	3,062 48	6 00	...	5,372 07
130 91	130 91	...	...	236	Pays Plat Band, Capital	159	130 91	...	...	...	130 91
18 59	18 59	...	...	...	Pays Plat Band, Interest	159	14 24	4 35	...	...	18 59
16,418 86	16,413 86	...	...	80	Pointe Grondine Band, Capital	105	16,413 86	...	...	...	16,413 86
1,320 22	814 16	...	506 06	...	Pointe Grondine Band, Interest	105	755 15	515 07	...	50 00	1,320 22
2,247 53	2,228 59	...	18 94	31	Pottawatamies of Walpole Island, Capital	94	2,221 40	...	26 13	...	2,247 53
					Pottawatamies						

1,137 72	444 58	...	693 14	...	of Walpole Island, Interest	94	603 15	84 74	397 75	52 08	1,137 72
5,748 41	5,748 41	...	...	328	Rainy Lake Reserve, No. 17A, Capital	144	5,748 41	...	...	...	5,748 41
323 85	132 07	...	191 78	...	Rainy Lake Reserve, No. 17A, Interest	144	146 99	176 86	...	...	323 85
241 00	241 00	...	...	72	Red Rock Band, Capital	159	241 00	...	...	...	241 00
35 22	35 22	...	...	...	Red Rock Band, Interest	159	27 18	8 04	...	...	35 22
12,879 80	12,625 95	...	253 85	102	Reserve 38A Treaty 3, Capital	109	2,700 98	...	10,178 82	...	12,879 80
1,598 61	943 63	...	654 98	...	Reserve 38A Treaty 3, Interest	109	1,251 32	118 57	228 72	...	1,598 61
218 96	218 96	...	...	337	Seine River Band, Reserves 23A and 23B, Capital	146	125 76	...	93 20	...	218 96
42 87	35 37	...	7 50	...	Seine River Band, Reserves 23A and 23B, Interest	146	37 96	4 91	...	...	42 87
27,562 74	27,562 74	...	...	32	Serpent River Band, Capital	94	22,233 90	...	5,328 84	...	27,562 74
2,479 04	2,140 04	...	339 00	...	Serpent River Band, Interest	94	1,550 41	713 53	215 10	...	2,479 04
19,742 28	18,136 48	...	1,605 80	34	Shawanaga Band, Capital	95	16,683 78	...	3,058 50	...	19,742 28
937 59	454 09	...	483 50	...	Shawanaga Band, Interest	95	424 35	513 24	...	...	937 59
47,795 10	47,545 10	...	250 00	246	Sheguiandah Band, Capital	135	47,301 34	...	...	493 76	47,795 10
2,700 82	980 42	...	1,720 40	...	Sheguiandah Band, Interest	135	1,022 38	1,449 71	...	228 73	2,700 82
63,591 66	63,008 66	...	583 00	247	Sheshegwaning Band, Capital	135	62,604 29	...	165 92	821 45	63,591 66
4,037 89	1,342 91	...	2,694 98	...	Sheshegwaning Band, Interest	135	1,727 41	1,929 95	...	380 53	4,037 89
16 05	16 05	...	...	222	Shoal Lake Indians, Reserve 39, Capital	159	16 05	...	...	...	16 05
22 73	22 73	...	...	...	Shoal Lake Indians,	159	21 60	1 13	...	...	22 73

					Interest						
847,918 34	835,082 90	...	12,835 44	33	Six Nations, Capital	94	844,398 97	...	3,510 37	...	847,918 34

Total.	Balance, March 31, 1916.	Refunds and Transfers.	Expenditure.	No. of Account.	Name of Account.	Page in Part H.	Balance, April 1, 1915.	Interest and Gov't Grants.	Collections.	Refunds and Transfers.	Total.
\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	...	...	...	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
65,925 85	4,027 55	848 83	61,049 47	...	Six Nations, Interest	95	13,657 19	45,300 33	6,936 98	31 35	65,925 85
32,229 26	32,229 26	...	...	248	South Bay Band, Capital	135	31,901 58	...	...	327 68	32,229 26
2,246 40	1,142 99	...	1,103 41	...	South Bay Band, Interest	136	1,104 43	990 18	...	151 79	2,246 40
6,073 78	5,725 78	...	348 00	35	Spanish River Band, Capital	96	5,668 81	...	404 97	...	6,073 78
448 23	195 53	...	252 70	...	Spanish River Band, Interest	96	161 62	174 61	122 00	...	448 23
307 08	307 08	...	...	220	Stangecoming Band, No. 18B, Capital	130	307 08	...	...	...	307 08
27 86	13 36	...	14 50	...	Stangecoming Band, Interest	130	18 10	9 76	...	...	27 86
36,428 75	36,428 75	...	...	249	Sucker Creek Band, Capital	136	35,609 85	...	275 76	543 14	36,428 75
2,492 13	974 23	...	1,517 90	...	Sucker Creek Band, Interest	136	1,091 11	1,149 41	...	251 61	2,492 13
5,854 76	5,854 76	...	...	250	Sucker Lake Band, Capital	136	5,805 38	...	...	49 38	5,854 76
401 53	231 01	...	170 52	...	Sucker Lake Band, Interest	136	198 54	180 12	...	22 87	401 53
36,054 75	36,054 75	...	...	36	Thessalon River Band, Capital	96	35,921 98	...	132 77	...	36,054 75
1,947 17	270 60	...	1,676 57	...	Thessalon River Band, Interest	96	826 08	1,102 44	18 65	...	1,947 17
3,661 09	3,661 09	...	...	37	Tootoomenais Band, Capital	96	3,661 09	...	...	...	3,661 09
470 15	439 81	...	30 34	...	Tootoomenais Band, Interest	95	337 64	132 51	...	...	470 15
15,154 17	15,154 17	...	...	95	Wabigoon Band, Capital	108	14,180 62	...	973 55	...	15,154 17
1,771 86	1,741 86	...	30 00	Wabigoon Band, Interest	108	...	1,186 84	461 02	124 00	...	1,771 86
20,549 59	19,304 15	1,245 44	...	228	Wahnapiatae Indians, Capital	132	20,549 59	...	...	...	20,549 59
					Wahnapiatae						

1,424 89	833 66	...	591 23	...	Indians, Interest	132	709 77	637 78	77 34	...	1,424 89
101,763 01	100,589 51	...	1,173 50	251	West Bay Band, Capital	137	100,416 37	...	...	1,346 64	101,763 01
5,670 28	2,057 03	...	3,613 25	...	West Bay Band, Interest	137	1,800 86	3,245 61	...	623 81	5,670 28
6,389 80	6,389 80	...	...	81	Whitefish Bay Band, Capital	105	4,555 24	...	1,834 56	...	6,389 80
1,465 74	1,134 55	...	331 19	...	Whitefish Bay Band, Interest	105	1,261 24	174 50	30 00	...	1,465 74
60,337 69	60,337 69	...	...	82	Whitefish Lake Band, Capital	105	60,184 24	...	153 45	...	60,337 69
3,804 74	1,950 69	...	1,854 05	...	Whitefish Lake Band, Interest	105	1,740 01	1,857 73	207 00	...	3,804 74
41,449 15	41,449 15	...	...	38	Whitefish River Band, Capital	97	41,388 61	...	60 54	...	41,449 15
3,994 84	2,876 34	...	1,118 50	...	Whitefish River Band, Interest	97	2,636 10	1,320 74	38 00	...	3,994 84
6,767 28	2,881 31	...	3,885 97	207	Wild Lands Reserve, Capital	128	3,207 10	...	323 59	3,236 59	6,767 28
1,817 07	858 06	...	959 01	...	Wild Lands Reserve, Interest	128	1,006 39	126 40	...	684 28	1,817 07
36 36	...	1 06	35 30	39	Wyandottes of Anderdon	97	35 30	1 06	...	...	36 36
...	...	...	...	...	Indians of Quebec.	...	...	...	...	...	...
6,369 92	6,369 92	...	...	41	Abenakis of Becancour, Capital	97	6,369 92	...	...	...	6,369 92
1,418 41	1,381 41	...	37 00	...	Abenakis of Becancour, Interest	97	1,191 57	226 84	...	...	1,418 41
5,857 72	5,857 72	...	...	40	Abenakis of St. Francis, Capital	97	5,857 72	...	...	...	5,857 72
725 27	298 86	...	426 41	...	Abenakis of St. Francis, Interest	97	159 13	210 03	356 11	...	725 27
190 34	190 34	...	...	70	Abitibi Indians, Capital	159	190 34	...	...	...	190 34
					Abitibi						

27 77	27 77	...	...	...	Indians, Interest	159	21 42	6 35	...	...	27 77
8,606 30	8,606 30	...	...	42	Amalecites of Isle Verte and Viger, Capital	98	8,606 30	...	...	...	8,606 30
742 74	511 50	...	231 24	...	Amalecites of Isle Verte and Viger, Interest	98	470 44	272 30	...	...	742 74
4,296 76	4,296 76	...	...	137	Betsiamits Band, Capital	116	4,034 46	...	262 30	...	4,296 76
1,599 68	1,563 68	...	36 00	...	Betsiamits Band, Interest	116	658 88	140 80	800 00	...	1,599 68
20,545 20	20,545 20	...	...	353	Coocoocache Indians, Capital	149	10,545 20	...	10,000 00	...	20,545 20
429 33	42 33	...	387 00	...	Coocoocache Indians, Interest	149	109 68	319 65	...	...	429 33
15,813 18	15,724 68	...	88 50	44	Hurons of Lorette, Capital	98	15,813 18	...	...	...	15,813 18
875 54	558 30	...	317 24	...	Hurons of Lorette, Interest	98	389 46	486 08	...	...	875 54
38,851 70	37,111 43	...	1,740 27	45	Iroquois of Caughnawaga, Capital	98	35,817 27	...	3,034 43	...	38,851 70
2,959 55	*4,011 50	...	6,971 05	...	Iroquois of Caughnawaga, Interest	99	*4,646 43	1,014 58	6,591 40	...	2,959 55
5,140,550 89	4,813,672 67	12,741 61	314,136 61	...	Carried forward	...	4,779,696 79	174,713 96	138,595 11	47,445 03	5,140,550 89

[*Debit items.]

[illegible]

37 20	37 20	...	...	399	Kingsclear Reserve, Capital	160	37 20	...	...	...	37 20
22 03	22 03	...	...	...	Kingsclear Reserve, Interest	160	20 30	1 73	...	...	22 03
33 99	33 99	...	...	67	Oromocto Reserve, Capital	159	33 99	...	...	...	33 99
13 30	13 30	...	...	...	Oromocto Reserve, Interest	159	11 92	1 38	...	...	13 30
564 40	564 40	...	...	272	Pabineau Reserve, Capital	139	564 40	...	...	...	564 40
402 78	402 78	...	...	...	Pabineau Reserve, Interest	139	350 19	27 44	25 15	...	402 78
102 20	102 20	...	...	122	Pokemouche Reserve, Capital	159	102 20	...	...	...	102 20
103 40	103 40	...	...	...	Pokemouche Reserve, Interest	159	97 41	5 99	...	...	103 40
6,223 46	16,223 46	...	...	115	Red Bank Indians, Capital	111	6,100 96	...	122 50	...	6,223 46

Total.	Balance, March 31, 1916.	Refunds and Transfers.	Expenditure.	No. of Account.	Name of Account.	Page in Part H.	Balance, April 1, 1915.	Interest and Gov't Grants.	Collections.	Refunds and Transfers.	Total.
\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	...	...	...	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
1,770 89	1 745 89	...	1,025 00	...	Red Bank Indians, Interest	111	1,498 65	227 99	44 25	...	1,770 89
75 87	60 87	...	15 00	300	St. Croix Reserve	142	73 66	2 21	...	...	75 87
52 81	52 81	...	...	93	St. Mary's Indians, Capital	159	52 81	...	...	...	52 81
7 95	7 95	...	...	...	St. Mary's Indians, Interest	159	6 18	1 77	...	...	7 95
31,764,26	31,726 46	4 50	33 30	68	Tobique Indians, Capital	104	29,132 78	...	2,631 48	...	31,764 26
1,686 22	1,067 19	9 00	610 03	...	Tobique Indians, Interest	104	767 22	897 00	17 50	4 50	1,686 22
580 00	580 00	...	...	64	Woodstock Reserve, Capital	159	580 00	...	...	...	580 00
118 33	118 33	...	...	...	Woodstock Reserve, Interest	159	97 99	20 34	...	...	118 33
...	...	...	...	...	Indians of Nova Scotia.	...	...	...	...	...	...
818 75	818 75	...	...	98	Cumberland County Indians, Capital	159	818 75	...	...	...	818 75
120 81	120 81	...	...	...	Cumberland County Indians, Interest	159	93 44	27 37	...	...	120 81
258 45	258 45	...	...	66	Fairy Lake Reserve	103	192 67	5 78	60 00	...	258 45
450 00	450 00	...	...	315	Franklin Manor (Halfway River) Reserve, Capital	160	450 00	...	...	...	450 00
					Franklin Manor						

277 50	277 50	...	...	234	Berens River Band, Capital	133	277 50	...	...	...	277 50
119 01	65 01	...	54 00	...	Berens River Band, Interest	133	107 46	11 55	...	...	119 01
439 51	439 51	...	...	170	Black River Band, Capital	159	439 51	...	...	...	439 51
74 72	74 72	...	...	...	Black River Band, Interest	159	59 74	14 98	...	...	74 72
1,006 52	1,006 52	...	...	60	Broken Head River Band, Capital	102	784 62	...	221 90	...	1,006 52
229 21	44 99	...	184 22	...	Broken Head River Band, Interest	102	192 89	29 32	7 00	...	229 21
6 49	6 49	...	...	232	Chemawawin's Band	159	6 30	19	...	...	6 49
5,197 61	5,197 61	...	...	296	Crane River Band, Capital	160	5,197 61	...	...	...	5,197 61
497 30	497 30	...	...	...	Crane River Band, Interest	160	331 43	165 87	...	...	497 30
46 50	46 50	...	...	91	Ebb and Flow Lake Indians, Capital	159	46 50	...	...	...	46 50
9 09	9 09	...	...	...	Ebb and Flow Lake Indians, Interest	159	7 47	1 62	...	...	9 09
514 05	514 05	...	...	259	Fairford Band, Capital	138	514 05	...	...	...	514 05
62 36	37 23	...	25 13	...	Fairford Band, Interest	138	45 57	16 79	...	...	62 36
5,384,306 07	5,045,103 79	13,036 46	326,165 82	...	Carried forward	...	4,998,890 62	182,401 63	155,299 29	47,714 53	5,384,306 07

[*Debit items.]

Total.	Balance, March 31, 1916.	Refunds and Transfers.	Expenditure.	No. of Account.	Name of Account.	Page in Part H.	Balance, April 1, 1915.	Interest and Gov't Grants.	Collections.	Refunds and Transfers.	Total.
\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	...	...	...	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
5,384,306 07	5,045,103 79	13,036 46	326,165 82	...	Brought forward	...	4,998,890 62	182,401 63	155,299 29	47,714 53	5,384,306 07
...	...	...	...	...	Indians of Manitoba - Concluded.	...	...	...	...	...	...
695 34	695 34	...	...	63	Fort Alexander Band, Capital	103	695 34	...	...	...	695 34
100 75	28 69	...	72 06	...	Fort Alexander Band, Interest	103	77 56	23 19	...	...	100 75
1,354 16	1,354 16	...	...	335	Hollow Water River Band, Capital	146	1,354 16	...	...	...	1,354 16
100 07	4 34	...	95 73	...	Hollow Water River Band, Interest	146	57 71	42 36	...	...	100 07
291 00	...	291 00	...	109	Keeseekoowenins Band, Capital	110	291 00	...	...	...	291 00
73 42	...	73 42	...	...	Keeseekoowenins Band, Interest	110	62 81	10 61	...	...	73 42
7,295 77	1,620 77	5,675 00	...	227	Key's Reserve, Capital	132	6,219 87	...	1,075 90	...	7,295 77
1,449 53	611 57	...	837 96	...	Key's Reserve, Interest	132	546 65	203 00	426 78	273 10	1,449 53
46 16	46 16	...	...	219	Oak Lake Sioux, Capital	159	46 16	...	...	...	46 16
20 33	20 33	...	...	...	Oak Lake Sioux, Interest	159	18 39	1 94	...	...	20 33
60,283 72	57,842 32	...	2,441 40	233	Pas Band, Capital	133	56,849 12	...	3,434 60	...	60,283 72
3,182 48	377 48	...	2,805 00	...	Pas Band, Interest	133	1,149 52	1,739 96	293 00	...	3,182 48
892 91	892 91	...	...	85	Pagonakeshicks Band, Capital	106	819 03	...	73 88	...	892 91
1,978 40	1,978 40	...	...	...	Pagonakeshicks Band, Interest	106	1,896 92	81 48	...	...	1,978 40
58,696 59	53,803 83	...	4,892 76	62	Roseau River Band, Capital	103	56,958 12	...	1,738 47	...	58,696 59
5,047 85	522 10	...	4,525 75	...	Roseau River Band, Interest	103	1,181 48	1,744 19	1,061 53	1,060 65	5,047 85
2,142 80	2,142 80	...	...	178	Rolling River Band, Reserve 80A, Treaty 4, Capital	159	2,142 80	...	...	...	2,142 80
					Rolling River						

345 25	345 25	...	...	...	Band, Reserve 80A, Treaty 4, Interest	159	272 78	72 47	...	...	345 25
369 33	369 33	...	...	338	Sandy Bay Indians, Capital	146	369 33	...	...	...	369 33
104 73	*5 52	...	110 25	...	Sandy Bay, Interest	146	90 92	13 81	...	...	104 73
34 689 16	34,557 84	...	131 32	59	St. Peter's Band, Capital	102	34,689 16	...	...	...	34,689 16
1,051 27	656 19	...	395 08	...	St. Peter's Band, Interest	102	*127 58	1,036 85	142 00	...	1,051 27
2,641 95	2,631 15	...	10 80	223	Shoal Lake Band	131	2,565 00	76 95	...	...	2,641 95
25,912 10	19,117 37	...	6,794 73	106	Swan Lake Band, Capital	110	19,728 13	...	6,183 97	...	25,912 10
7,654 30	2,766 65	...	4,887 65	...	Swan Lake Band, Interest	110	4,412 94	724 23	1,798 63	718 50	7,654 30
603 20	603 20	...	...	185	Turtle Mountain Sioux, Capital	125	207 20	...	396 00	...	603 20
128 04	128 04	...	...	...	Turtle Mountain Sioux, Interest	125	2 94	6 30	118 80	...	128 04
1,993 01	1,993 01	...	...	325	Valley River Reserve, Capital	144	1,408 61	...	584 40	...	1,993 01
105 95	...	...	105 95	...	Valley River Reserve, Interest	144	37 97	43 40	24 58	...	105 95
36,639 73	36,639 73	...	...	132	Way-way-see Cappo's Band, Capital	115	36,639 73	...	...	...	36,639 73
1,159 89	19 94	...	1,139 95	...	Way-way-see Cappo's Band, Interest	115	56 99	1,100 90	2 00	...	1,159 89
3 04	3 04	...	...	299	Water Hen River Band	160	2 95	0 09	...	...	3 04

107,903 68	71,723 68	...	36,180 00	142	Côté's Band, No. 64, Capital	118	101,581 96	...	6,321 72	...	107,903 68
7,078 75	1,069 61	...	6,009 61	...	Côté's Band, No. 64, Interest	118	1,791 41	3,101 20	2,186 14	...	7,078 75
73,913 41	73,913 41	...	...	184	Cowessess Band, No. 73, Capital	125	69,857 08	...	4,056 33	...	73,913 41
12,639 46	2,279 86	...	10,359 60	...	Cowessess Band, No. 73, Interest	125	5,399 84	2,257 71	4,981 91	...	12,639 46
62,403 28	62,403 28	...	...	293	Cumberland Reserve (James Smith's), Capital	141	62,399 28	...	...	4 00	62,403 28
6,731 44	3,738 09	...	2,993 35	...	Cumberland Reserve (James Smith's), Interest	141	4,651 22	2,011 52	52 00	16 70	6,731 44
19 78	19 78	...	...	375	Day Star's Reserve, Capital	161	19 78	...	...	...	19 78
2 42	2 42	...	...	...	Day Star's Reserve, Interest	161	1 77	65 00	...	...	2 42
1,086 75	1,086 75	...	...	418	Drift Pile Indians	156	...	...	1,086 75	...	1,086 75
213,993 79	213,993 79	...	...	120	Enoch's Band, Capital	112	212,248 48	...	1,745 31	...	213,993 79
21,680 04	9,004 85	...	12,675 19	...	Enoch's Band, Interest	112	12,484 17	6,741 98	1,241 39	1,212 50	21,680 04
4,491 90	4,491 90	...	...	167	Ermineskin's Band, Capital	122	2,607 11	...	1,884 79	...	4,491 90
727 71	121 71	...	606 00	...	Ermineskin's Band, Interest	122	*145 83	73 84	799 70	...	727 71
4,848 27	4,848 27	...	...	271	Fishing Lake Band, Capital	139	4,783 27	...	65 00	...	4,848 27
2,013 09	*6 91	...	2,020 00	...	Fishing Lake Band, Interest	139	1,815 14	197 95	...	...	2,013 09
515 90	515 90	...	...	86	Gordon's Band, Capital	106	515 90	...	...	...	515 90
210 30	165 55	...	44 75	...	Gordon's Band, Interest	106	189 15	21 15	...	...	210 30
3,825 50	3,825 50	...	...	189	James Robert's Band, Capital	126	3,825 50	...	...	...	3,825 50
665 47	665 47	...	...	...	James Robert's Band, Interest	126	512 38	130 14	22 95	...	665 47
352 73	352 73	...	...	135	John Smith's	116	352 73	...	...	...	352 73

					Band, Capital						
48 67	0 20	...	48 47	...	John Smith's Band, Interest	116	36 98	11 69	...	...	48 67
72,419 73	72,419 73	...	...	188	Kakawistahaw's Band, Capital	126	66,803 22	...	5,616 51	...	72,419 73
24,997 82	19,962 37	...	5,035 45	...	Kakawistahaw's Band, Interest	126	18,721 74	2,565 75	3,710 33	...	24,997 82
16,043 00	5,128 00	6,915 00	4,000 00	216	Keeseekoose Band, Capital	130	13,719 00	...	2,324 00	...	16,043 00
2,319 19	966 88	...	1,352 31	...	Keeseekoose Band, Interest	130	863 24	437 47	906 18	112 30	2,319 19
5,146 90	5,146 90	...	...	268	Kinistino Band, Capital	138	4,966 65	...	180 25	...	5,146 90
849 68	837 68	...	12 00	...	Kinistino Band, Interest	139	680 27	169 41	...	...	849 68
6,324 60	6,324 60	...	...	376	Kinnasayas Reserve, Capital	161	6,324 60	...	...	...	6,324 60
385 52	385 52	...	...	...	Kinnasayas Reserve, Interest	161	190 08	195 44	...	...	385 52
12,240 52	10,540 52	...	1,700 00	146	Louis Bull's Band, Capital	118	7,351 81	...	4,888 71	...	12,240 52
6,546,642,32	6,023,049 71	31,547 12	492,045 49	...	Carried forward	...	5,998,675 14	212,174 65	279,580 83	56,211 70	6,546,642 32

[*Debit items.]

Total.	Balance, March 31, 1916.	Refunds and Transfers.	Expenditure.	No. of Account.	Name of Account.	Page in Part H.	Balance, April 1, 1915.	Interest and Gov't Grants.	Collections.	Refunds and Transfers.	Total.
\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	...	...	...	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
6,546,642 32	6,023,049 71	31,547 12	492,045 49	...	Brought forward	...	5,998,675 14	212,174 65	279,580 83	56,211 70	6,546,642 32
...	...	...	...	...	Indians of Sask. Alta. and N.W.T. - Concluded.	...	...	...	...	...	...
3,450 52	1,750 52	...	1,700 00	...	Louis Bull's Band, Interest	118	2,301 42	289 60	859 50	...	3,450 52
15 45	15 45	...	...	181	Little Black Bear's Band	159	15 00	0 45	...	...	15 45
48,972 46	48,972 46	...	...	260	Michel's Band, Capital	138	48,972 46	...	...	...	48,972 46
9,224 12	6,149 42	193 00	2,881 70	...	Michel's Band, Interest	138	7,447 62	1,692 60	...	83 90	9,224 12
616 87	616 87	...	...	304	Mistawasis Band, Capital	142	616 87	...	...	...	616 87
1,616 17	639 35	...	976 82	...	Mistawasis Band, Interest	142	1,066 56	50 50	102 30	396 81	1,616 17
1,335 89	1,335 89	...	...	226	Montreal Lake Band, Capital	131	1,335 89	...	...	...	1,335 89
40 08	...	40 08	...	...	Montreal Lake Band, Interest	131	...	40 08	...	...	40 08
3,699 01	3,699 01	...	...	319	Moosomin Band, Capital	143	2,541 01	...	1,158 00	...	3,699 01
182 82	179 87	...	2 95	...	Moosomin Band, Interest	143	100 57	79 25	3 00	...	182 82
5,464 76	5,464 76	...	...	231	Muscowequan's Band, Capital	132	5,343 66	...	121 10	...	5,164 76
1,447 03	909 03	...	538 00	...	Muscowequan's Band, Interest	132	1,214 15	196 73	36 15	...	1,447 03
23,696 29	8,665 59	...	15,030 70	214	Muscowpetung Band, Capital	129	21,388 10	...	2,308 19	...	23,696 29
21,617 13	19,258 43	...	2,358 70	...	Muscowpetung Band, Interest	130	16,354 19	1,132 27	3,936 42	194 25	21,617 13
3 00	3 00	...	...	225	Ochapowace's Band, Capital	131	3 00	...	...	...	3 00
384 28	61 93	...	322 35	...	Ochapowace's Band, Interest	131	232 22	7 06	145 00	...	384 29
3 95	3 95	...	...	100	One Arrow's Band, Capital	108	3 95	...	...	...	3 95
155 02	138 62	...	16 40	...	One Arrow's Band, Interest	108	115 44	3 58	36 00	...	155 02

215 65	25 49	...	190 16	230	Onion Lake Band	132	185 10	5 55	25 00	...	215 65
130,308 42	130,308 42	...	...	87	Pasquah's Band, Capital	106	124,890 41	...	5,418 01	...	130,308 42
7,622 00	2,419 30	...	5,202 70	...	Pasquah's Band, Interest	106	1,329 12	3,786 59	2,506 29	...	7,622 00
25,316 85	23,881 85	...	1,435 00	210	Peigan Indians, Capital	128	18,987 67	...	4,307 01	2,022 17	25,316 85
10,659 03	*2,527 08	691 43	12,494 68	...	Peigan Indians, Interest	128	1,127 44	603 45	8,928 14	...	10,659 03
102 85	102 85	...	...	294	Petaquakay's Band, Capital	160	102 85	...	...	...	102 85
9 58	9 58	...	...	...	Petaquakay's Band, Interest	160	6 31	3 27	...	...	9 58
55 35	55 35	...	...	183	Piapot's Band, Capital	159	55 35	...	...	...	55 35
13 71	13 71	...	...	...	Piapot's Band, Interest	159	11 70	2 01	...	...	13 71
29 03	29 03	...	...	187	Poor Man's Band, Capital	159	29 03	...	...	...	29 03
3 55	3 55	...	...	...	Poor Man's Band, Interest	159	55 35	...	...	...	55 35
705 60	705 60	...	...	361	Reserve No. 150E, Capital	160	705 60	...	...	...	705 60
170 21	170 21	...	...	...	Reserve No. 150E, Interest	160	144 70	25 51	...	...	170 21
12,062 76	12,062 76	...	...	199	Sakimay's Band, Capital	127	10,742 95	...	1,319 81	...	12,062 76
1,784 95	353 30	...	1,431 65	...	Sakimay's Band, Interest	127	230 11	329 19	613 93	611 72	1,784 95
13,767 26	11,510 26	...	2,257 00	155	Samson's Band, Capital	120	12,212 01	...	1,555 25	...	13,767 26
1,829 35	153 35	...	1,676 00	...	Samson's Band, Interest	120	56 80	368 06	1,404 49	...	1,829 35

996 30	996 30	...	...	363	Ashcroft, No. 2, Capital	150	996 30	...	...	...	996 30
45 24	5 74	...	39 50	...	Ashcroft, No. 2, Interest	150	14 90	30 34	...	...	45 24
126 24	...	...	126 24	411	Bella Bella Indians	154	122 56	3 68	...	...	126 24
110 00	110 00	...	...	200	Bella Coola Band, Capital	127	110 00	...	...	...	110 00
693 62	227 43	...	466 10	...	Bella Coola Band, Interest	127	670 21	23 41	...	...	693 62
1,546 90	1,546 90	...	...	147	Boothroyd Band, Capital	119	1,546 90	...	...	...	1,546 90
255 50	198 00	...	57 50	...	Boothroyd Band, Interest	119	203 00	52 50	...	...	255 50
584 21	584 21	...	...	161	Boston Bar Band, Capital	121	584 21	...	...	...	584 21
574 24	94 99	...	479 25	...	Boston Bar Band, Interest	121	540 50	33 74	...	...	574 24
1,982 00	1,982 00	...	...	409	Burn's Lake Reserve, No. 1, Capital	161	1,982 00	...	...	...	1,982 00
59 46	59 46	...	...	...	Burn's Lake Reserve, Interest	161	...	59 46	...	...	59 46
1,709 66	1,709 66	...	...	334	Burrard Inlet Band, No. 3	145	1,368 60	41 06	300 00	...	1,709 66
7,135,428 24	6,540,822 61	32,542 71	562,062 92	...	Carried forward	...	6,514,859 56	227,880 71	332,317 32	60,370 65	135,428 24

[*Debit items.]

60 33	60 33	...	...	...	Chimdimash Reserve No. 2, Interest	161	44 20	16 13	...	...	60 33
960 58	914 13	...	46 45	394	Chuchuwayha Band	153	932 60	27 98	...	...	960 58
316 25	316 25	...	...	177	Chuk-chu-Kualk Band, Capital	159	316 25	...	...	...	316 25
157 32	157 32	...	...	...	Chuk-chu-Kualk Band, Interest	159	143 53	13 79	...	...	157 32
172 63	172 63	...	...	288	Clayoquot Band, Capital	160	172 63	...	...	...	172 63
16 01	16 01	...	...	...	Clayoquot Band, Interest	160	10 52	5 49	...	...	16 01
406 00	203 00	...	203 00	406	Clinton Reserves Nos. 1 and 2, Capital	154	279 65	...	126 35	...	406 00
156 45	12 70	...	143 75	...	Clinton Reserves Nos. 1 and 2, Interest	154	143 75	12 70	...	...	156 45
812 30	812 30	...	...	354	Coldwater Reserve, Capital	160	812 30	...	...	...	812 30
127 60	127 60	...	...	...	Coldwater Reserve, Interest	160	100 22	27 38	...	...	127 60
568 65	310 08	...	258 57	342	Comox Reserve, Capital	147	51 50	...	517 15	...	568 65
1,276 92	338 12	...	938 80	...	Comox Reserve, Interest	148	381 09	12 98	882 85	...	1,276 92
588 57	377 44	...	211 13	152	Cooks Ferry Indians, Capital	119	588 57	...	...	...	588 57
72 65	0 45	...	72 20	...	Cooks Ferry Indians, Interest	119	53 39	19 26	...	...	72 65
297 10	297 10	...	...	382	Coryatsaqua, No. 2, Capital	161	297 10	...	...	...	297 10
123 57	123 57	...	...	...	Coryatsaqua, No. 2, Interest	161	111 32	12 25	...	...	123 57
156 19	156 19	...	...	52	Cowichan Band, Capital	159	156 19	...	...	...	156 19
					Cowichan						

690 14	690 14	...	...	...	Band, Interest	159	665 49	24 65	...	...	690 14
1,116 25	1,116 25	...	...	401	Cowichan Lake Band, Capital	161	1,116 25	...	...	...	1,116 25
330 59	330 59	Cowichan Lake Band, Interest	161	288 45	42 14	330 59
425 00	425 00	330	Deadman's Creek Reserve, Capital	145	425 00	425 00

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\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
140 74	113 74	...	27 00	...	Deadman's Creek Reserve, Interest	145	124 26	16 48	140 74
256 87	256 87	...	...	343	Drew Harbour Indians, Capital	148	256 87	...	...	...	256 87
301 51	99 07	...	202 44	...	Drew Harbour Indians, Interest	148	188 16	13 35	100 00	...	301 51
1,021 90	1,021 90	...	...	380	Duck Lake Reserve, Capital	161	1,021 90	...	...	...	1,021 90
127 29	127 29	...	...	...	Duck Lake Reserve, Interest	161	93 82	33 47	...	...	127 29
316 41	316 41	...	...	322	Esquimalt Indians, Capital	143	316 41	...	...	...	316 41
2,274 68	967 73	...	1,306 95	...	Esquimalt Indians, Interest	143	1,214 50	45 93	1,014 25	...	2,274 68
7,640 06	7,640 06	...	...	118	False Creek Reserve	112	7,223 36	216 70	200 00	...	7 640 06
40,441 45	40,441 45	...	...	360	Fort George Indians, Capital	149	40,441 45	...	...	...	40,441 45
1,792 20	1,404 65	...	387 55	...	Fort George Indians, Interest	149	562 10	1,230 10	...	...	1,792 20
231 50	231 50	...	...	404	Fountain Reserve, No. 23, Capital	161	231 50	...	...	...	231 50
6 94	6 94	...	...	...	Fountain Reserve, No. 23, Interest	161	...	6 94	...	...	6 94
6 55	6 55	...	...	291	Green Point Indians	160	6 36	0 19	...	...	6 55
891 37	891 37	...	...	141	Halalt Indians, Capital	117	891 37	...	...	...	891 37
162 01	151 51	...	10 50	...	Halalt Indians, Interest	117	131 33	30 68	...	...	162 01
126 02	126 02	...	...	347	Homais	148	107 79	3 23	15 00	...	126 02

					Reserve						
842 77	839 77	...	3 00	341	Homalko Indians	147	721 14	21 63	100 00	...	842 77
5,721 01	5,721 01	...	...	84	Hope Band, Capital	106	5,721 01	...	...	...	5,721 01
1,325 54	385 75	...	9 39 79	...	Hope Band, Interest	106	1,120 30	205 24	...	...	1,325 54
8,219 96	8,219 96	...	...	385	Kamloops Reserve No. 1, Capital	153	8,219 96	...	...	...	8,219 96
2,685 71	440 96	...	2,244 75	...	Kamloops Reserve No. 1, Interest	153	207 39	252 82	2,225 00	0 50	2,685 71
352 50	352 50	...	...	149	Kanaka Band, Capital	159	352 50	...	...	...	352 50
162 04	162 04	...	...	...	Kanaka Band, Interest	159	147 05	14 99	...	...	162 04
225 00	225 00	...	...	405	Kayoosh Reserve, No. 1, Capital	161	225 00	...	...	...	225 00
6 75	6 75	...	...	...	Kayoosh Reserve, No. 1, Interest	161	...	6 75	...	...	6 75
189 75	...	189 75	...	371	Khyex Reserve No. 8, Capital	151	189 75	...	...	...	189 75
23 19	...	23 19	...	...	Khyex Reserve No. 8, Interest	151	16 99	6 20	...	...	23 19
1,247 88	1,247 88	...	...	352	Kitsequecla Reserve, Capital	160	1,247 88	...	...	...	1,247 88
155 53	155 53	...	...	...	Kitsequecla Reserve, Interest	160	114 65	40 88	...	...	155 53
283 20	283 20	...	...	367	Kitsequecla Reserve No. 2, Capital	160	283 20	...	...	...	283 20
34 63	34 63	...	...	...	Kitsequecla Reserve No. 2, Interest	160	25 37	9 26	...	...	34 63
82 55	82 55	...	...	355	Kitselas Reserve, Capital	160	82 55	...	...	...	82 55
685 31	685 31	...	...	...	Kitselas Reserve, Interest	160	662 95	22 36	...	...	685 31
					Kitsumkaylum						

2,004 94	2,004 94	...	...	350	Indians, Capital	148	1,755 44	...	249 50	...	2,004 94
280 95	280 95	...	...	...	Kitsumkaylum Indians, Interest	148	221 64	59 31	...	...	280 95
1,502 39	1,502 39	...	...	351	Kitwanga Band, Capital	149	1,502 39	...	...	...	1,502 39
650 14	495 14	...	155 00	...	Kitwanga Band, Interest	149	587 44	62 70	...	...	650 14
493 26	493 26	...	...	407	Klahoose Reserve, Nos. 7 and 8, Capital	161	493 26	...	...	...	493 26
14 81	14 81	...	...	...	Klahoose Reserve, Interest	161	...	14 81	...	...	14 81
989 25	989 25	...	...	368	Kshish Reserve No. 4, Capital	160	989 25	...	...	...	989 25
120 91	120 91	...	...	...	Kshish Reserve No. 4, Interest	160	88 58	32 33	...	...	120 91
21,500 00	...	21,500 00	...	392	Ktsinet Reserve No. 23, Capital	153	21,500 00	...	...	...	21,500 00
645 00	...	645 00	...	...	Ktsinet Reserve No. 23, Interest	153	...	645 00	...	...	645 00
284 10	284 10	...	...	364	Kuthlath Yale No. 3, Capital	160	284 10	...	...	...	284 10
38 52	38 52	...	...	...	Kuthlath Yale No. 3, Interest	160	29 12	9 40	...	...	38 52
202 33	143 83	...	58 50	83	Kyuquot Actese Band	105	196 44	5 89	...	...	202 33
219 91	219 91	...	...	258	Laichkwiltack Indians (Cape Mudge)	137	164 96	4 95	50 00	...	219 91
1,117 96	1,117 96	...	...	378	Langley Reserve, Capital	151	1,117 96	...	...	...	1,117 96
250 51	240 51	...	10 00	...	Langley Reserve, Interest	151	118 42	37 09	95 00	...	250 51
7,274,153 80	6,649,524 60	54,900 65	569,728 55	...	Carried forward	...	6,643,785 21	231,748 45	338,248 99	60,371 15	7,274,153 80

[*Debit items.]

Total.	Balance, March 31, 1916.	Refunds and Transfers.	Expenditure.	No. of Account.	Name of Account.	Page in Part H.	Balance, April 1, 1915.	Interest and Gov't Grants.	Collections.	Refunds and Transfers.	Total.
\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	...	...	...	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
7,274,153 80	6,649,524 60	54,900 65	569,728 55	...	Brought forward	...	6,643,785 21	231,748 45	338, 248 99	60,371 15	7,274, 153 80
346 01	346 01	...	...	292	Little Lake Band, Capital	159	346 01	...	...	...	346 01
127 01	127 01	...	...	...	Little Lake Band, Interest	159	113 23	13 78	...	...	127 01
296 05	296 05	...	...	393	Long Lake Reserve No. 77, Capital	161	296 05	...	...	...	296 05
15 29	15 29	...	...	...	Long Lake Reserve No. 77, Interest	161	6 22	9 07	...	...	15 29
750 47	750 47	...	...	111	Lower Kootenay Indians, Capital	111	750 47	...	...	...	750 47
68 78	33 03	...	35 75	...	Lower Kootenay Indians, Interest	111	44 92	23 86	...	...	68 78
584 25	584 25	...	...	329	Lower Similkameen Reserve No. 3, 5, 7, 8, Cap.	144	584 25	...	...	...	584 25
181 10	105 00	...	76 10	...	Lower Similkameen Reserve No. 3, 5, 7, 8, Inter.	144	158 81	22 29	...	...	181 10
606 25	606 25	...	...	331	Lower Similkameen Reserve, 10 and 10 B. Cap.	160	606 25	...	...	...	606 25
120 92	120 92	...	...	...	Lower Similkameen Reserve, 10 and 10 B. Inter.	160	99 74	21 18	...	...	120 92
					Lyacksun Band (Portier						

192 85	192 85	...	...	266	Pass, Galiano) Capital	159	192 85	...	...	...	192 85
45 04	45 04	...	...	...	Lyacksun Band (Portier Pass, Galiano) Interest	159	38 11	6 93	...	...	45 04
1,162 40	1,162 40	...	...	151	Lytton Band, Capital	119	1,162 40	...	...	...	1,162 40
45 87	3 62	...	42 25	...	Lytton Band, Interest	119	10 68	35 19	...	...	45 87
752 15	752 15	...	...	274	Mameet Band, Capital	140	752 15	...	...	...	752 15
421 59	405 59	...	16 00	...	Mameet Band, Interest	140	387 40	34 19	...	...	421 59
157 09	153 09	...	4 00	2 42	Marktosis Reserve, No. 15	134	128 24	3 85	25 00	...	157 09
19 10	0 62	...	18 48	386	Massett Band, Capital	153	18 54	0 56	...	...	19 10
3,254 40	3,254 40	...	...	129	Matsqui- sah-hoh- com Band, Capital	114	3,254 40	...	...	...	3,254 40
387 93	334 18	...	53 75	...	Matsqui- sah-hoh- com Band, Interest	114	216 79	104 14	67 00	...	387 93
21 00	21 00	...	...	400	Mauvais (Bonaparte) Band, Capital	161	21 00	...	...	...	21 00
1 28	1 28	...	...	...	Mauvais (Bonaparte) Interest	161	0 63	0 65	...	...	1 28
66 40	...	66 40	...	370	Meanlaw Reserve, No. 4	151	64 47	1 93	...	...	66 40
59,453 04	59,453 04	...	...	340	Metlakatla Indians, Capital	147	59,375 13	...	77 91	...	59,453 04
5,769 91	4,672 81	...	1,097 10	...	Metlakatla Indians,	147	3,793 48	1,895 06	58 45	22 92	5,769 91

					Interest						
11 24	11 24	...	...	284	Miyuke Band	160	10 91	33	...	...	11 24
210 05	210 05	...	...	53	Musqueam Indians, Capital	101	210 05	...	...	...	210 05
12 79	3 99	...	8 80	...	Musqueam Indians, Interest	101	6 30	6 49	...	...	12 79
5,950 00	5,950 00	...	...	395	Mission Reserve No. 1, Capital	161	5,950 00	...	...	...	5,950 00
363 90	363 90	...	...	...	Mission Reserve No. 2, Interest	161	180 00	183 90	...	...	363 90
28,555 40	28,555 40	...	...	176	Nanaimo River Band, Capital	124	17,230 40	...	11,325 00	...	28,555 40
3,095 99	460 14	160 85	2,475 00	...	Nanaimo River Band, Interest	124	377 75	528 24	2,190 00	...	3,095 99
539 50	539 50	...	...	344	Nanoose Reserve, Capital	160	539 50	...	...	...	539 50
103 67	103 67	...	...	...	Nanoose Reserve, Interest	160	84 94	18 73	...	...	103 67
3,943 94	3,943 94	...	...	134	New Westminster, Capital	115	3,943 94	...	...	...	3,943 94

Total.	Balance, March 31, 1916.	Refunds and Transfers.	Expenditure.	No. of Account.	Name of Account.	Page in Part H.	Balance, April 1, 1915.	Interest and Gov't Grants.	Collections.	Refunds and Transfers.	Total.
\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	...	...	...	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
216 77	190 52	...	26 25	...	New Westminster, Interest	115	95 58	121 19	...	...	216 77
1,059 45	1,059 45	...	...	126	Nicoamen Band, Capital	114	1,059 45	...	...	...	1,059 45
41 26	31 56	...	9 70	...	Nicoamen Band, Interest	114	9 20	32 06	...	...	41 26
1,378 90	1,378 90	...	...	217	Niskainlith Band, Capital	159	1,378 90	...	...	...	1,378 90
935 34	935 34	...	...	...	Niskainlith Band, Interest	159	867 94	67 40	...	...	935 34
1,069 03	1,069 03	...	...	320	Niskat Band	160	1,037 89	31 14	...	...	1,069 03
21 66	21 66	...	...	276	Niskeet Band	160	21 03	63	...	...	21 66
200 00	200 00	...	...	412	Nitinat Band, Capital	161	200 00	...	...	...	200 00
6 00	6 00	...	...	...	Nitinat Band, Interest	161	...	6 00	...	...	6 00
2,779 32	2,779 32	...	...	387	North Thompson Reserve, Capital	153	2,779 32	...	...	...	2,779 32
379 30	205 96	...	173 34	...	North Thompson Reserve, Interest	153	287 30	92 00	...	...	379 30
498 29	498 29	...	...	157	Ohamil Band, Capital	120	498 29	...	...	...	498 29
33 95	12 20	...	21 75	...	Ohamil Band, Interest	120	18 45	15 50	...	...	33 95
544 77	544 77	...	...	172	Ohiat Band, Capital	123	500 52	...	44 25	...	544 77
342 99	325 34	...	17 65	...	Ohiat Band, Interest	123	265 02	22 97	55 00	...	342 99
					Okanagan						

48 86	48 86	...	...	346	Poquiosen Skamain Indians	160	47 44	1 42	...	...	48 86
938 05	938 05	...	...	162	Popkum Band, Capital	159	938 05	...	...	...	938 05
171 34	171 34	...	...	...	Popkum Band, Interest	159	139 03	32 31	...	...	171 34
355 47	355 47	...	...	339	Port Simpson Indians, Capital	147	...	...	...	355 47	355 47
379 63	268 35	47 13	64 15	...	Port Simpson Indians, Interest	147	280 52	8 42	...	90 69	379 63
16 61	16 61	...	...	345	Quesnel Reserve, Capital	160	16 61	...	...	...	16 61
3 58	3 58	...	...	...	Quesnel Reserve, Interest	160	2 99	59	...	...	3 69
2,657 75	2,606 65	...	51 10	88	Saanich Band, Capital	107	2,657 75	...	...	...	2,657 75
148 58	145 68	...	2 90	...	Saanich Band, Interest	107	66 84	81 74	...	...	148 58
476 16	476 15	...	...	153	Salmon Arm Reserve, Capital	110	476 15	...	...	...	476 15
20 48	20 48	...	...	...	Salmon Arm Reserve, Interest	119	5 04	14 44	1 00	...	20 48
422 00	422 00	...	...	397	Seaspunkut Band, Capital	161	422 00	...	...	...	422 00
25 62	25 62	...	...	...	Seaspunkut Band, Interest	161	12 58	13 04	...	...	25 62
1,281 72	1,281 72	...	...	336	Semiahmoo Band, Capital	146	1,281 72	...	...	...	1,281 72
213 68	198 23	...	15 45	...	Semiahmoo Band, Interest	146	158 47	43 21	...	12 00	213 68
2,600 00	2,600 00	...	...	389	Seshart Reserve,	161	2,600 00	...	...	...	2,600 00

					Capital						
314 66	314 66	...	...	...	Seshart Reserve, Interest	161	229 77	84 89	...	...	314 66
457 09	343 04	...	114 05	215	Seton Lake Indians, Capital	130	387 65	...	69 44	...	457 09
11 63	63	...	11 00	...	Seton Lake Indians, Interest	130	...	11 63	...	...	11 63
664 25	664 25	...	...	203	Seymour Creek Band, Capital	159	664 25	...	...	...	664 25
7,433,071 42	6,797,163 70	55,175 03	580,732 69	...	Carried forward	...	6,781,821 32	235,869 63	354,528 24	60,852 23	7,433,071 42

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\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
7,433,071 42	6,797,163 70	55,175 03	580,732 69	...	Brought forward	...	6,781,821 32	235,869 63	354,528 24	60,852 23	7,433,071 42
...	...	...	...	...	Indians of British Columbia - Concluded.	...	...	...	...	...	...
79 43	79 43	...	...	...	Seymour Creek Band, Interest	159	57 77	21 66	...	...	79 43
563 66	563 66	...	...	384	Shuswap Reserve, Capital	152	563 66	...	...	...	563 66
403 94	349 19	...	54 75	...	Shuswap Reserve, Interest	152	375 76	28 18	...	...	403 91
224 65	89 00	...	135 65	365	Siska Flat Reserve No. 3, Capital	150	224 65	...	...	...	224 65
42 03	42 03	...	...	...	Siska Flat, Reserve No. 3, Interest	150	34 26	7 77	...	...	42 03
89 60	89 60	...	...	148	Siska Flat Band, Capital	159	89 60	...	...	...	89 60
38 80	38 80	...	...	...	Siska Flat Band, Interest	159	35 06	3 74	...	...	38 80
8 21	1 71	...	6 50	158	Skawahlook Band	121	7 97	24	...	...	8 21
670 00	3 20	462 50	204 30	415	Shuswap Band (Kootenay), Capital	155	670 00	...	...	...	670 00
41 42	41 42	...	...	...	Shuswap Band, Interest	155	20 70	20 72	...	...	41 42
857 47	743 92	...	113 55	381	Skidegate Reserve	152	813 08	24 39	...	20 00	857 47
80 00	26 68	...	53 32	422	Skulkayn Indians	156	...	...	80 00	...	80 00
84 50	84 50	...	...	150	Skuppa Band, Capital	159	84 50	...	...	...	84 50
77 40	77 40	...	...	...	Skuppa Band, Interest	159	72 68	4 72	...	...	77 40
423 00	423 00	...	...	388	Skutz Reserve,	161	423 00	...	...	...	423 00

					Capital						
39 22	39 22	...	...	...	Skutz Reserve, Interest	161	25 76	13 46	...	...	39 22
138 80	138 80	...	...	110	Skwah Reserve, Capital	110	138 80	...	...	...	138 80
8 81	3 41	...	5 40	...	Skwah Reserve, Interest	4 51	4 30	...	...	...	8 81
119 70	119 70	...	...	348	Skwulwailum (Squamish) Band	160	116 21	3 49	...	...	119 70
1,320 04	1,207 59	...	112 45	297	Sliammon Band	142	1,160 23	34 81	125 00	...	1,320 04
333 65	168 90	164 75	...	277	Soda Creek Reserve, Capital	140	333 65	...	...	...	333 65
10 01	10 01	...	...	...	Soda Creek Reserve, Interest	140	...	10 01	...	...	10 01
319 19	14 19	...	305 00	253	Somenos Band (Cowichan)	137	71 06	2 13	246 00	...	319 19
8,721 54	8,721 54	...	...	51	Songhees Band, Capital	101	8,721 54	...	...	...	8,721 54
2,453 99	2,192 99	...	261 00	...	Songhees Band, Interest	101	2,128 49	325 50	...	...	2,453 99
14 25	...	15	14 10	107	Spillimacheen Indians, Capital	110	14 25	...	...	...	14 25
24 32	...	...	24 32	...	Spillimacheen Indians, Interest	110	23 05	1 12	...	15	24 32
177 86	177 86	...	...	160	Spuzzum Band, Capital	159	177 86	...	...	...	177 86
8 38	8 38	...	...	...	Spuzzum Band, Interest	159	2 96	5 42	...	...	8 38
84,985 77	84,985 77	...	...	54	Squamish Band, Capital	101	84,365 33	...	620 44	...	84,985 77
7,034 90	5,740 90	...	1,294 00	...	Squamish Band, Interest	102	4,367 90	2,662 00	5 00	...	7,034 90
4,650 45	3,150 45	...	1,500 00	379	Squamish Reserve No. 3, Capital	152	4,650 00	...	45	...	4,650 45
977 54	474 44	...	503 10	...	Squamish Reserve No. 3, Interest	152	813 63	163 91	...	...	977 54

666 02	666 02	...	...	163	Squawtits Band, Capital	121	666 02	...	...	...	666 02
32 13	4 63	...	27 50	...	Squawtits Band, Interest	121	11 80	20 33	...	...	32 13

966 80	966 80	...	...	333	Upper Similkameen Indians, Capital	145	966 80	...	...	...	966 80
798 05	798 05	...	...	...	Upper Similkameen Indians, Interest	145	709 75	50 30	38 00	...	798 05
54 63	54 63	...	...	390	Wewayakum Reserve	161	53 04	1 59	...	...	54 63
1,008 75	1,008 75	...	...	313	Whonock Band, Capital	143	1,008 75	...	...	...	1,008 75
53 98	29 48	...	24 50	...	Whonock Band, Interest	143	23 03	30 95	...	...	53 98
196 50	...	196 50	...	369	Willaclough Reserve No. 6, Capital	150	196 50	...	...	...	196 50
24 02	...	240 02	...	...	Willaclough Reserve No. 7, Interest	150	17 60	6 42	...	...	24 02
43 70	43 70	...	...	410	Williams Lake Reserve, No. 1, Capital	161	43 70	...	...	...	43 70
1 31	1 31	...	...	...	Williams Lake Reserve No. 1, Interest	161	...	1 31	...	...	1 31
21,630 00	5,165 88	16,464 12	...	414	Witzamagon Band, Capital	155	...	...	130 00	21,500 00	21,630 00
645 00	175 00	...	470 00	...	Witzamagon Band, Interest	155	...	...	...	645 00	645 00
871 89	871 89	...	...	125	Yale Indians (Ruby Creek), Capital	114	871 89	...	...	...	871 89
26 16	0 16	...	26 00	...	Yale Indians (Ruby Creek), Interest	114	...	26 16	...	...	26 16
188 37	74 32	...	114 05	119	Yuquot Indians	112	158 61	4 76	25 00	...	188 37
159 43	159 43	...	...	372	Zimagord Reserve, Capital	151	137 25	...	22 18	...	159 43
56 17	56 17	...	...	...	Zimagord Reserve, Interest	151	50 54	5 63	...	...	56 17
...	...	...	...	...	Individual Accounts.	...	...	...	...	...	...
1,053 11	1,023 11	...	30 00	96	Marion Tenesco Comondo	108	1,022 44	30 67	...	...	1,053 11
3,432 74	3,333 74	...	99 00	237	John Bull Makateneni	133	3,332 76	99 98	...	...	3,432 74
1,573 08	1,527 28	...	45 80	238	Mary Ann	133	1,527 26	45 82	...	...	1,573 08

					Makateneni							
185 66	185 66	...	...	252	Jocko McDougall	160	180 25	5 41	...	...	185 66	
1,558 00	1,513 00	...	42 00	224	Gabriel Tenesco	131	1,512 62	45 38	...	...	1,558 00	
1,423 46	1,277 46	...	146 00	99	Peter Tenesco and C.T. Dube	108	1,382 00	41 46	...	...	1,423 46	
7,600,090 28	6,939,918 65	72,487 07	587,684 56	...	Carried forward	...	6,921,096 98	240,067 81	355,908 11	83,017 38	7,600,090 28	

[*Debit items.]

Total.	Balance, March 31, 1916.	Refunds and Transfers.	Expenditure.	No. of Account.	Name of Account.	Page in Part H.	Balance, April 1, 1915.	Interest and Gov't Grants.	Collections.	Refunds and Transfers.	Total.
\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	...	...	...	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
7,600,090 28	6,939,918 65	72,487 07	587,684 56	...	Brought forward	...	6,921,096 98	240,067 81	355,908 11	83,017 38	7,600,090 28
...	...	...	...	...	General Accounts.	...	...	...	...	...	...
651,420 11	620,400 10	31,020 01	...	11	Five per cent Annuities Account	156	620,400 10	31,020 01	...	...	651,420 11
99,121 23	56,743 14	...	42,378 09	201	Indian Savings Account	157	68,679 90	2,060 40	28,380 93	...	99,121 23
107,846 30	107,846 30	...	...	74	Province of Quebec Indian Fund, Capital	156	107,816 30	...	...	...	107,846 30
13,259 72	11,660 80	...	1,598 92	...	Province of Quebec Indian Fund, Interest	157	9,479 54	3,780 18	...	...	13,259 72
19,927 85	5,155 24	...	14,772 61	310	Prevention of Liquor Traffic	158	10,643 15	3,319 30	5,952 80	12 60	19,927 85
125 00	...	...	125 00	76	Suspense Account	157	...	...	125 00	...	125 00
8,491,790 49	7,741,724 23	103,507 08	646,559 18	...	...	...	7,738,145 97	280,247 70	390,366 84	83,029 98	8,491,790 49

[*Debit items.]

1 - BATCHAWANA BAND, ONT.	DR.	CR.
Capital.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	89,471 39
Collections: land sales, \$35.26; timber dues, \$153.20	...	188 46
Balance, March 31, 1916	89,659 85	...
...	89,659 85	89,659 85
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$2,134.55; interest p.c. on \$3,739.16, 3 p.c. on \$87.866.78	...	4,994 90
Collections: rents, \$178; interest on deferred land payments, \$116.20	...	294 20
Refund on account of relief, \$30, 1913 - 14; assignment fee, \$1	...	31 00
Interest distributed, \$1,510.90; rent, \$20; chief, 12 m. to Dec. 31, \$100	1,630 90	...
Medical officer, Dr. A.S. McCaig, 12 m. to Dec. 31	500 00	...
Chief of police, part salary, 12 m. to Mar. 31, \$60; part cost of uniform, \$5	65 00	...
Maintenance in hospital, 123 d., \$123; relief, \$320.12	443 12	...
Maintenance in asylum for insane, \$39.86; burial expenses, \$55.40	95 26	...
Half cost of threshing machine, \$175; wood, 412 cords, \$15.75	190 75	...
Batchawana School: teacher, Mary F. Mercier, 12 m. to Dec. 31	450 00	...
Garden River School: teacher, Catherine Tackney, 12 m. to Dec. 31, \$343.50; wood, 15 1/2 cord, \$69.75	413 25	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	1,531 82	...
...	5,320 10	5,320 10
2. - CHIPPEWAS OF BEAUSOLEIL, ONT.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	40,649 89
Timber dues, \$1,081.20; sale of land, \$80.05; sale of gravel, \$123	...	1,284 25
J.M.Watson, D.L.S., surveying islands in Couchiching lake, detailed in Account No. 7	385 20	...
Advertising for tenders for timber on Christian Island	118 80	...
Scaling timber: labour, 51 d., \$204; fares, \$8.67; stationery, \$1.20	213 87	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	41,216 27	...
...	41,934 14	41,934 14
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	3,904 31
Interest. 6 p.c. on \$6,203.57, 3 p.c. on \$38,350.63	...	1,522 73
Transfer of interest from Account No. 11, Five per cent Annuities	...	1,716 74
Timber licenses, \$175.88; rents, \$38.18	...	214 06
Interest distributed, \$1,097.40; insurance, \$25; affidavit, \$1	1,123 40	...
Chief, \$50; secretary, \$60; councillors, 4, \$80; bushranger, \$40; sextons, 2, \$30; messenger, \$25; janitor, \$25; pensioners, \$138	448 00	...
Medical officer, Dr. P.A. Macdonald, 13 m. to Mar. 31, \$325; medical attendance, \$122.25; burial expenses, \$95	542 25	...
Maintenance in hospital, 34 d., \$34; board, 6 weeks, \$18	52 00	...

Bull, \$125; transportation of same, \$22.10	147 10	...
Potatoes, 111 bags, \$55.50; relief, \$30.98; fares, \$10	96 48	...
Christian Island School: teachers, Jas. Oliver, 6 m. to June 30,\$200, Geo. Whight, Dec. 1 - 31, \$26; truant officer, \$50; lining walls and ceiling, \$230; wood, 7 cd., \$21,	527 00	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	4,421 61	...
...	7,357 84	7,357 84

CHIPPEWAS OF NAWASH, ONT.	DR.	CR.
Capital.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	361,083 18
Timber dues, Keenan Bros., \$2,669.77; pulpwood dues, \$402	...	3,071 77
Sale of lands	...	184 44
Loans to Indians, \$940; insurance, \$3	943 00	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	363,396 39	...
...	364,339 39	364,339 39
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	6,887 60
Interest: 6 p.c. on \$66,181.68, 3 p.c. on \$301,789.10	...	13,024 57
Transfer of interest from Acct. No. 11, Five per cent Annuities	...	2,932 62
Land payments	...	188 44
Interest distributed, \$10,475.29; interest paid on account of debts, \$174.50	10,649 79	...
Insurance premium, \$34; fishing license, \$25; prizes, \$20	79 00	...
Shares of estate of late F. Lamorandiere	100 00	...
Chief, \$125; councillors, 4, \$120; secretary, \$75; janitors, 4 \$50; sextons, 2, \$60; messenger, \$20; pensioners, \$525	975 00	...
Medical officer, Dr. H. Wigle, \$500; medical attendance, \$136.25	636 25	...
Maintenance of destitute, 15 m., \$90; maintenance of insane, 6 m., \$71.50	161 50	...
Relief, \$139.08; burial expenses, \$95; band instruments, 13, \$436.40	670 48	...
Work on road and shed, 107 d., \$182.30; materials for shed, \$47.10; wood, 8 cd., \$16	245 40	...
Fencing, labour, 17 d., \$25, materials, \$86.81; painting, \$16	127 81	...
Cape Croker School: teacher, May Moffitt, 12 m. to Dec. 31, \$600; truant officer, \$25; caretaker, \$45; wood, 12 cd., \$30	700 00	...
Port Elgin School: teacher, Thos. Jones, 12 m. to Dec. 31, \$400; caretaker, \$25; repairs to grounds, \$75; fencing, \$36.42; desks, 9, \$35.33; blinds, etc., \$7; wood, 2 cd., \$5	583 75	...
Sidney Bay School: teacher, Isabella McIvor, 12 m. to Dec. 31, \$450; caretaker, \$25; repairs, \$23.30; labour, 4 d., \$8	506 30	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	7,597 95	...
...	23,033 23	23,033 23
4. - CHIPPEWAS OF RAMA, ONT.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	28,595 26
Collections: land sold, \$65.29; timber dues, \$27.19	...	92 48
J.W. Watson, D.L.S., survey of islands, Couchiching lake, detailed in Account No. 7	350 03	...
Drainage: foreman at \$4, \$198; teamsters, at \$3.50, \$47.25, at \$3, 83; labourers at \$1.75, \$84.44, at \$1.60, \$1,282.96, at \$1.50, \$59.31, at \$1, \$13; tiles, etc., \$71.86	1,759 82	...
Balance, March 31, 1915	26,577 89	...
...	28,687 74	28,687 74
Interest.	...	...

Balance, April 1, 1915	...	2,924 91
Interest: 6 p.c. on \$8,023.82, 3 p.c. on \$23,496.35	...	1,186 33
Interest transferred from Acct. No. 11, Five per cent. Annuities	...	1,806 00
Rents, \$71.16; timber license, \$44.94; statute labour, \$23.25	...	139 35
Refunds, on account of seed grain, etc., \$105.47; shares of S. Sawyer's estate paid, 1914 - 15, \$75	...	180 47
Interest money distributed, \$1,305.47; rent, \$2	1,307 47	...
Chief, \$75; councillors, 3, \$60; secretary, \$20; constable, \$40; caretaker, \$20; truant officer, \$20; bushranger, \$20; organist, \$15; pensioners, \$48	318 00	...
Medical officer, Dr. W. Gilpin, \$400; relief supplies, \$215.22	615 22	...
Burial expenses, \$76; maintenance, \$11.80; clearing land, 23 d., \$37.74	125 54	...
Statute labour, 12 d., \$36; plowing, 5 d., \$17.50; shingles, 29 M, \$72.25	125 75	...
Telephone rent, \$30.70; furniture, \$29.50; hardware, \$16.24; small items, \$33.66	110 10	...
Rama School: teacher, Eva McBain, 12 m. to Dec. 31, \$225; caretaker, \$40: coal, 18 ton, \$119.80; cartage, \$18; bell, \$11.20; labour, 3 d., \$9; small items, \$14.14	437 14	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	3,197 84	...
...	6,237 06	6,237 06

5. - CHIPPEWAS OF SARNIA, ONT.	DR.	CR.
Capital.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	153,461 12
Land sold, \$63; compensation for damages digging drain, \$150	...	213 00
Refunds on account of loans, \$441.09; rents, \$176.05	...	617 14
Moore Township, part cost of Telford Creek drain	1,379 00	...
Loans to Indians	271 35	...
Road work: labourers per d., 32 to \$2.50, \$87.58; teams at \$4, \$373.87; gravel, \$38.55	500 00	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	152,140 91	...
...	154,291 26	154,291 26
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	2,069 23
Interest: 6 p.c. on \$45,941.25, 3 p.c. on \$109.589.10	...	6,044 15
Interest transferred from Acct. No. 11, Five per cent Annuities	...	2,600 00
Collections: rents, \$1,325.95; interest on deferred land payments, \$15; on account of seed grain advances, \$297.75	...	1,638 70
Refunds: loans, \$150.44; band instruments, \$119; debts, \$163.22	...	432 66
Interest distributed, \$4,965.71; rents distributed, \$1,622; insurance, \$55.12	6,642 83	...
Chief, \$100; councillors, 5, \$135; secretary, \$50; interpreter, \$50, messengers, 2, \$47; constable, 2, \$60; chapel stewards, 5, \$90; timber bailiff, 3 m., \$10; pensioners, \$220.25	762 25	...
Medical officers: Dr. T. Bradley, 9 m., \$337.50; Dr. R.G. Macdonald, 3 m. to Dec. 31, \$112.50; Dr. C.A. Patterson, 12 m. to Dec. 31, \$250	700 00	...
Relief supplies, \$494.05; burial expenses, \$226; seed, \$317.93	1,037 98	...
Grant to Patriotic Fund, \$200; hospital treatment and medicines, \$412.60	612 60	...
Grant to Sarnia Indian Show (unexpended balance, \$26.50, refunded in 1916 - 17)	100 00	...
Attending council meetings, \$97.50; coal and supplies for Council hall and church, \$54.31	151 81	...
Repairs to buildings, \$30.50; repairs to roads, fences, etc., \$306.63	337 13	...
Compensation for improvements on land taken for road	15 00	...
Kettle Point School: teacher, Mrs. A. George, \$500; caretaker, \$20; pump, \$10, wood, \$2.85	532 85	...
St. Clair School: teacher, Miss A. Matthews, \$550; caretaker, \$24; coal, 3.925 tons, \$32.67; wood, 5 cords, \$12; repairs to building, \$27.18	645 85	...
Stony Point School: teacher, Mrs. A. Weaver, 12 m. to Dec. 31, \$450; caretaker, \$20; wood, 12 cords, \$18; requisites, \$4.40	492 40	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	754 04	...
...	12,784 74	12,784 74
6. - CHIPPEWAS OF SAUGEEN, ONT.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	281,328 83
Land sales, \$184.44; timber dues, \$54	...	238 44
Balance, March 31, 1916	281,567 27	...
...	281,567 27	281,567 27

Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	5,470 82
Interest: 6 p.c. on \$70,452.06; 3 p.c. on \$216,347.59	...	10,717 55
Interest transferred from Acct. 11, five per cent Annuities	...	2,500 00
Collections: rent, \$48; interest on deferred land payments, \$138.43; land improvements, \$204; statute labour, \$45; shares of Wm. Ahouoquot's estate, \$20; school wood, \$13.50; assignment fee, \$1	...	469 93
Refunds: on account of loans, \$382; band instruments, \$162.28	...	544 28
Interest distributed, \$8,951; rent money distributed, \$48; insurance, \$174	9,173 00	...
Contribution to Patriotic Fund, \$500; land improvements, \$89	589 00	...
Chief, \$150; 4 councillors, \$120; interpreter, \$75; 4 sextons, \$143; caretaker, \$45; messenger, \$25; constable, \$100; pensioners, \$322	980 00	...
Carried forward	10, 742 00	19,702 58

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6. - CHIPPEWAS OF SAUGEEN, ONT. - Concluded	DR.	CR.
Interest - Concluded.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Brought forward	10,742 00	19,702 58
Medical officer, Dr. R. Scott, 12 m. to Feb. 28	400 00	...
Relief supplies, \$263.80; burial expenses, \$137.50; loans, \$168.95	570 25	...
Grants on account of losses by fire, \$144.97; wood, 12 cords, \$18	162 97	...
Livery hire for forest bailiff, \$100; rent of telephone, \$15; oil, etc., for church, \$6.25.	121 25	...
Road work: labourers at \$1.50, \$133.95; teams at \$3, \$91.05; printing, \$2.50	227 50	...
Pipes and handkerchiefs for recruits	32 50	...
French Bay School: teacher, T.J. Wallace, \$700; truant officer, \$24; janitor, \$31; stove and fittings, \$30.35; repairs, \$24.65; cleaning, \$12.50	822 50	...
Saugeen School: teacher, Isabella Ruxton, \$500; truant officer, \$24; janitor, \$50; cleaning, \$28; repairs, \$8.28	610 28	...
Scotch Settlement School: teacher, Mrs. R. Robb, 9 m., \$375; truant officer, \$6; janitor, \$20; cleaning, \$28.50; repairs, \$11.68	441 18	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	5,572 15	...
...	19,702 58	19,702 58
7. - CHIPPEWAS OF SNAKE ISLAND, ONT.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	14,231 74
Land Sales, \$29.66; timber dues, \$119.99	...	149 65
Survey of islands in Couchiching lake, J.M. Watson, D.L.S.: time in field and office, 65 d. at \$10; assistants, \$202.75; rations, \$16.46; canoe hire, \$15; sundries, \$9.10; total \$893.31, less paid from Acct. 2, Chippewas of Beausoleil, \$385.20, and Acct. 4, Chippewas of Rama, \$347.73	160 38	...
Use of boat to inspect island	1 03	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	14,219 98	...
...	14,381 39	14,381 39
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	1,759 41
Interest: 6 p.c. on \$3,813.63; 3 p.c. on	...	594 16
Interest transferred from Acct. 11, Five per cent Annuities	...	844 64
Rents collected, \$279.55; sundry collections, \$53.68	...	333 23
Interest distributed, \$940.90; contribution to Patriotic Fund, \$50	990 90	...
Refunds: overpayment on loan, 89c.; collection of debt, \$5	5 89	...
Chief, \$80; 2 councillors, \$24; caretaker, \$50; organist, \$25; pensioner, \$24	209 00	...
Medical officer, Dr. H.H. Pringle, \$150; medical attendance, \$58.25	208 25	...
Maintenance in hospitals, \$99; motor ambulance, \$19; burials, \$21	139 00	...
Relief supplies, \$32; transport of cattle, \$10; wood, \$3	45 00	...
Building woodshed and repairs to culvert and fence	19 48	...
Georgina Island School: teacher, Geo. Cork, \$150; digging well, \$25.03; pump, \$11; cleaning, \$5	191 03	...

Balance, March 31, 1916	1,722 89	...
...	3,531 44	3,531 44
8. - CHIPPEWAS OF THAMES, ONT.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	22,967 72
Elijah Burch: contract, cleaning out and repairing Walker drain, \$1,090; grant for extras, \$150	1,240 00	...
Building culvert, \$50; land money distributed, \$10.50	60 50	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	21,667 22	...
...	22,967 72	22,967 72

8. CHIPPEWAS OF THAMES ONT. - Concluded.	DR.	CR.
Interest.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	1,235 36
Interest: 6 p.c. on \$15,082.45; 3 p.c. on \$9,120.63	...	1,178 57
Interest transferred from Acct. 11, Five per cent Annuities	...	2,400 00
Collections: rents, \$4,234; on account of seed grain, \$2.50	...	4,236 50
Interest money distributed, \$1,146.55; rents distributed, \$4,766.54	5,913 09	...
Share of J.T. Henry's estate, \$51.98; insurance, \$5.40	57 38	...
Chief, \$20; 5 councillors, \$100; secretary, \$50; 3 trustees, \$24; truant officer, \$10; 2 messengers, \$75; janitor, \$12; 2 caretakers \$14	305 00	...
Medical officer, Dr. W.H. Wood, \$200; medical services, \$61.50	261 50	...
Maintenance in hospitals: \$67.40; in asylum, \$315.46; ambulance, \$10	392 86	...
Relief supplies, \$138.75; care and maintenance, \$12; burial expenses, \$165.50	316 25	...
Building material for Indians, \$60; road work, \$17; wood, 16 cords, \$43.75	120 75	...
Hauling coal, \$5.53; music lessons, \$3; sundry repairs, \$8.12	16 65	...
Back Settlement School: teacher, L.W. Fisher, 12 m., \$200; janitor, \$7; coal, 3.685 tons, \$26.50; wood, 6 1/4 cords, \$15.31; desks, 10, \$45.40	294 21	...
Bear Creek School: teacher, Miss A. McDougall, 12 m., \$200; janitor, 15 m., \$31.25; wood, 10 cord, \$17.50; sundry repairs, \$25.50	274 25	...
River Settlement School, teacher, Miss M.E. Vining, 12 m.	300 00	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	798 49	...
...	9,050 43	9,050 43
9. - CHIPPEWAS OF WALPOLE ISLAND, ONT.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	14,490 21
Timber dues and sales, \$83.38; on account of sale of school-house, \$4.50	...	87 88
Building approaches to ferry, \$56.06; hauling seized lumber, 75c.	56 81	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	14,521 28	...
...	14,578 09	14,578 09
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	1,460 66
Interest: 6 p.c. on \$6,045.39; 3 p.c. on \$9,905.48	...	659 88
Interest transferred from Acct. 11, Five per cent Annuities	...	1,800 00
Collections: rents, \$1,162.50; timber and hay dues, \$30.75	...	1,193 25
Refund of overpayment to Dr. W.W. Hay in 1912 - 13	...	156 24
Interest for distribution, \$1,579-50; contribution to Patriotic Fund, \$100	1,679 86	...
Chief, \$40; 6 councillors, \$120; secretary, \$50; messenger, \$10; 2 sextons, \$20; constables, \$70.79; forest bailiffs, \$124.86; pathmasters, \$25; pensioners, \$112	572 65	...
Medical officers: Dr. J.P.T. Cathcart, 3 m. to Mar. 31, 1915, \$112.50; Dr. W.A. Cathcart, 9 m. to Dec. 31, \$337.50	450 00	...
Salary of late Dr. Geo. Mitchell, May 9, 1911, to Aug. 26, 1913	575 19	...

Maintenance: in hospitals, \$62.30; in asylums, \$238.93; relief, \$30.43	331 66	...
Burial expenses, \$307.50; care of sick Indian, \$6; hall rent, \$3.75	317 25	...
Grant for repairs to houses, etc., \$53.19; material for wood shed, \$18.22	71 41	...
Keep of stallions and shoeing, \$100.85; care of bulls, \$38.84	139 69	...
Fencing cables, part cost, \$45.55; repairs to ferry approaches, \$18.94	64 49	...
Fencing Council hall grounds, \$24.97; part cost of road grader, \$126.55	151 52	...
Agent's travelling expenses, \$12.89; wood, 10 cord, \$7.50	20 39	...
Walpole Island School, No. teachers, Miss D. Stewart, \$64, Miss S.E. Wilson, \$72; janitor; \$30; repairs and cleaning, \$8.37	174 37	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	721 91	...
...	5,270 03	5,270 03

10. - FORT WILLIAM BAND, ONT.	DR.	CR.
Capital.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	124,538 66
Dues on timber, cordwood and stone	...	353 95
Land money distributed, \$89.20; detailed in 1914 - 15, \$8.56	97 76	...
Road work: Fort William reserve, Wm. Johnson's contract, \$950; Mission Bay road, labourers at \$2, \$235.40, at \$2.25, \$78.08; teams at \$5, \$132.50; rent of tools, \$39.15	1,435 13	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	123,359 72	...
...	124,892 61	124,892 61
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$1,746.28; interest, 3 p.c. on \$126,284.94, \$3,789.55	...	5,534 83
Shares of Mrs. M.L. Deschamp's estate, \$43.23; transfer fee, \$1	...	44 23
Share of cost, repairing bridge, paid by municipality	...	20 00
Interest money distributed \$1,102.02; insurance premiums, \$63.75	1,165 77	...
Medical officer, Dr. J.C. Gillie, 3 M. to Mar. 31, 1915, \$50, medical attendance, \$638.75; Dr. C.C. McCullough, medical services, \$75	763 75	...
Medicines, \$123.89; maintenance in hospitals, \$396.50; ambulance, \$43	563 39	...
Relief supplies, \$898.12; burial expenses, \$147.82; wood, \$7.50	1,053 44	...
Constables, 2, \$480; constable's suit, \$25; constable's travel, \$4.05	509 05	...
Seed potatoes, 197 sacks, \$182.23; fares for Indians for harvest fields, \$86.30	268 53	...
Fire hose, 100 ft., \$54.42; lumber for fire shed, \$17.59; freight, 35c.	72 36	...
Road work: assisting surveyor, \$12; labour, \$120; 3 pr. rubber boots, \$7.50	139 50	...
Erecting flag pole, \$15.55; erecting telephone poles at Squaw Bay, \$152	167 55	...
Mission Bay and Mountain Schools: wood, 21 cords, \$105; ladders and hose reel, \$20.84; repairs, \$3.50; school requisites, \$4.89	134 23	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	761 49	...
...	5,599 06	5,599 06
12. - GARDEN RIVER INDIANS, ONT.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	104,997 41
Collections: land sales, \$9,631.30; timber dues, \$308.11	...	9,939 41
Advertising sale of lands, \$220.80; loans to Indians, \$1,353.95	1,574 75	...
Auctioneer's fees, sale of land, \$47.26; metal culverts, 5, \$176.40	223 66	...
Bull, \$80; transportation of bull, \$16.40	96 40	...
Survey and subdivision of reserve Lang & Ross, surveyors: field work, 104 d., office work, 38 d., 142 d. at \$16; assistant, 73 d. at \$3; board and lodging, \$152.32; livery, \$58.50; axemen at \$2, \$543; iron posts, 466, \$314.70; cartage, etc., \$20.35, \$2,727.87; less paid in 1916 - 17, \$427.87	2,300 00	...
Road work: foreman at \$2.15, \$175.50; men at \$1.75, \$853.80; teams at \$4.50, \$763.97; lumber, 500 ft., \$10; tools, etc., \$20.30	1,823 57	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	108,918 44	...
...	114,936 82	114,936 82

Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	570 61
Interest: 6 p.c. on \$3,166.38; 3 p.c. on \$102,401.64	...	3,262 03
Collections: rents, \$368; on account of loans, \$22; transfer fee, \$1	...	391 00
Interest distributed, \$1,071.05; transferred from Acct. 80, ground rent, \$50	1,121 05	...
Chief, \$100; constables, \$375; asst. constable, \$41.66; uniform, \$24	540 66	...
Medical officer, Dr. A.S. McCaig, \$500; maintenance in hospital, \$14	514 00	...
Relief supplies, \$691.26; burials, \$48; wood, 2 cords, \$8; storage, \$6	753 26	...
Part cost of threshing outfit, \$58.33; harrows, 2, \$54; plough, \$15	127 33	...
Hay, feed and transportation of bull, \$63.38; cleaning lock-up, etc., \$4.10	67 48	...
Garden River School (Church of England): teacher, L.F. Hardyman, \$600; repairs to school-house, \$263.97; digging well, \$5; cleaning, \$13.50; cartage, \$6; school requisites, \$8.75	897 22	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	202 64	...
...	4,223 64	4,223 64

13. - HENVEY INLET BAND.	DR.	CR.
Capital.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	14,580 09
Balance March 31, 1916	14,580 09	...
...	14,580 09	14,580 09
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$129.72; interest, 3 per cent on \$14,709.81, \$441.29	...	571 01
Chief, \$30; Councillor, \$16; secretary, \$16; constable, \$12; caretaker, \$20.01	94 01	...
Medical attendance, \$27.50; burial expenses, \$52.50	80 00	...
Henvey Inlet School, teacher, Jos. Partridge, 12 M. to Mar. 31	100 00	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	297 00	...
...	571 01	571 01
14. - LAKE NIPISSING INDIANS, ONT.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	112,393 48
Timber dues: Spanish River Pulp and Paper Co., Harris Tie and Timber Co., \$156.18	...	1,083 76
Refund dues on firewood, \$7.20; contribution to Patriotic Fund, \$500	507 20	...
Fighting bush fires: labour, \$70; shovels, \$4.50; livery, \$7	81 50	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	112,888 54	...
...	113,477 24	113,477 24
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$1,505.84; interest, 3 per cent on \$113,899.32, \$3,416.98	...	4,922 82
Compensation for right of way	...	61 89
Interest distributed, \$1,473.70; chief, \$50; sub-chief, \$20	1,543 70	...
Relief supplies, \$57.02; burial expenses, \$51; maintenance, \$45	153 02	...
Medical attendance, \$202.75; maintenance in hospital, \$174	376 75	...
Fire ranging, 282 d., at \$2.50; transportation, \$13; cartage, etc., \$4.52	722 52	...
Garden Village School: teachers, Mary I. Mercier, 6 m., \$250, arrears, \$72.50; Ellen Ratchford, 4 m., \$177.50; caretaker, \$30; wood, 20 cord, \$37.50; repairs, etc., \$12.77	580 27	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	1,608 45	...
...	4,984 71	4,994 71
15. - MANITOULIN ISLAND INDIANS (unceded), ONT.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	69,019 93
Timber dues, Playfair and White	...	1,774 08
Transfer of capital from Acct. 228, Wahnapiatae, 8 shares	...	1,245 44
Advertising for tenders for ties and posts	140 40	...
Roadwork: men, 236 1/2 d., \$370.05; teams, 64 d., \$168.21; lumber, \$18.60; tools and repairs, \$13.01	569 87	...
Balance, Mar 31, 1916	71,329 18	...

...	72,039 45	72,039 45
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$3,645.04; interest, 3 per cent on \$72,664.97, \$2,179.99	...	5,824 99
Contribution to Patriotic Fund, \$500; medical officer, Dr. R.W. Shaw, \$584.40	1,084 40	...
Chief and secretary, \$75; 6 councillors, \$132; relief supplies, \$250.50	457 50	...
Building material, \$120.60; taking statistics, \$24; shovels, \$10	154 60	...
Bull, \$110; transportation of bull, \$29.58; veterinary's fee, \$11.50	151 08	...
Land, 1 acre for school and residence	20 00	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	3,957 41	...
...	5,824 99	5,824 99

16. - MAGANATAWAN INDIANS, ONT.	DR.	CR.
Capital.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	2,031 88
Balance, March 31, 1916	2,031 88	...
...	2,031 88	2,031 88
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$895.21; interest, 3 p.c. on \$2,927.09, \$87.81	...	983 02
Medical officer, Dr. R.W. Shaw	23 04	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	959 98	...
...	983 02	983 02
17. - MISSISSAGUAS OF ALNWICK, ONT.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	98,905 55
Land sales, \$461.40; gravel sold, \$16.80	...	478 20
Share of band funds, Kathleen E. and Annie G. Chase, \$1, 131.60; gravel, \$14.30	1,145 90	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	98,237 85	...
...	99,383 75	99,383 75
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	4,884 27
Interest: 6 p.c. on \$23,873.95; 3 per cent on \$79,915	...	3,829 91
Interest transferred from Account 11, Five per cent Annuities	...	2,570 00
Collections: rents, \$2,139.41; interest on loans, \$224.51; interest on deferred land payments, \$81.65; tile and gravel sold, \$20.50	...	2,466 07
Interest money distributed, \$5,386.21; rent money distributed, \$1,890.68	7,276 89	...
Grant to Red Cross Society, \$100; insurance premiums, \$43	143 00	...
Chief, \$30; 2 councillors, \$32; secretary, \$24; sexton, \$60; organist, \$25; caretaker, \$6; constable, 33; pensioners, \$56	236 00	...
Medical officers: Dr. H.E. Brown, 8 m., \$300; Dr. J.J. Wade, 3 m., \$111.30	411 30	...
Relief supplies, \$67.06; burials, \$40; grants for repairs to houses, \$108.59	215 65	...
Wood lot, 2 acres, \$130; repairs to culvert, \$57; fencing, \$13.10	200 10	...
Roadwork and snow shovelling: teams, \$44.50; men, \$35.87; gravel, etc., \$13.60	93 97	...
Advertising for tenders for rebuilding teacher's residence	93 84	...
Alnwick School: teacher, F.J. Jobin, \$600; truant officer, \$12; cleaning, \$5; repairs, \$2.35; school requisites, \$6.80	626 15	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	4,453 35	...
...	13,750 25	13,750 25
18. - MISSISSAGUAS OF CREDIT, ONT.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	56,626 68
Transferred to Interest Acct., legal expenses, A.G. Chisholm, 1913 - 14	...	750 00
Transferred to Interest Acct. on account of loan for wood, 1909	...	31 00

Collections: rents, \$192.45; land sold, \$12; on account of loans, \$379.90	...	584 35
Refund of unexpended balance of loan, 1914 - 15	...	26 10
Loans, \$183.35; insurance premium, \$3.75	187 10	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	57,831 03	...
...	58,018 13	58,018 13

18. - MISSISSAGUAS OF CREDIT, ONT. - Concluded.	DR.	CR.
Interest.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	1,566 77
Interest: 6 per cent on \$58,162.24; 3 per cent on \$31.21	...	3,490 67
Interest transferred from Acct. 11, Five per cent Annuities	...	2,090 00
Collections: rents, \$3,353.22; interest on account of loans, \$255.40; interest on deferred land payments, \$37.50; roadwork, \$3; on account of seed grain, \$138.96	...	3,788 08
Interest distributed, \$1,858.80; rents distributed, \$3,279.98; insurance, \$6.50	5,145 28	...
Transferred from Capital Acct., legal expenses, paid 1913 -14	750 00	...
Transferred from Capital Acct., on account of loan, 1909	31 00	...
Chief, \$50; 4 councillors, \$67.50; missionary, \$96.25; caretaker, \$55; pensioners, \$125:	393 75	...
Medical officers: Dr. R. McDonald, 8 m., \$233.33; Dr. S.H. Quance, 4 m., \$116.67	350 00	...
Medical attendance, \$56.75; maintenance in hospitals, \$71.55, drugs, \$10	138 30	...
Relief supplies, \$74.38; maintenance at \$1 a w, \$52; burials, \$129.10	255 48	...
Grant to rebuild barn destroyed by fire	166 66	...
Seed: oats, 66 bush., \$49.85; potatoes, 78 bags, \$47.25; sundry seed, \$54.30	151 40	...
Land for addition to cemetery, \$15; cleaning cemetery grounds, \$35.80	50 80	...
Cemetery fence, \$40.40; Repairs to bridges and culverts, \$72.38	112 78	...
Reshingling Council hall, \$80; trough and general repairs to hall, \$27.20	107 20	...
New Credit School: teachers: L.A. Walker, 6 m., \$250, arrears, \$72.50; K. B. Cragg, 4 m., \$182.50; coal, \$59.32; prizes, \$10; galv. sheeting, etc.,	575 87	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	2,707 00	...
...	10,935 52	10,935 52
19. - MISSISSAGUAS OF RICE LAKE, ONT.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	7,030 14
Repayment on account of loan for fencing and rent	...	97 00
Land for school garden	25 00	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	7,102 14	...
...	7,127 14	7,127 14
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$587.41; interest, 3 per cent on \$7,617.55, \$228.53	...	815 94
Interest transferred from Acct. 11, Five per cent Annuities	...	961 76
Collections: rents, \$307; repayment on account of loans, \$122.50	...	429 50
Interest money distributed, \$592.60; rent money distributed,	949 10	...
Grant to Patriotic Fund, \$100; insurance, \$30.40; burial, \$12	142 40	...
Chief, \$25; secretary, \$12; organist, \$20; constable, \$8; sexton, \$50	115 00	...
Pensioners, \$50; medical services, Dr. C.H. Amys, \$200	250 00	...
Medical officer: Dr. C.T.W. Ross, arrears of salary	7 70	...
Hiawatha School, Miss M.E. Throop, 12 m. to Dec. 31	300 00	...

Balance, March 31, 1916	443 00	...
...	2,207 20	2,207 20
20. - MISSISSAGUAS OF MUD LAKE, ONT.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	2,304 68
Balance, March 31, 1916	2,304 68	...
...	2,304 68	2,304 68
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$381.93; interest, 3 per cent, on \$2,686.61, \$80.60	...	462 53
Interest transferred from Acct. 11, Five per cent Annuities	...	1,606 35
Collections: rent, \$50; on account of statute labour, \$40.20	...	90 20
Interest distributed, \$687.40; medical attendance, \$355; burials, \$46	1,088 40	...
Chief, \$30; missionary, \$50; organist, \$20; sexton, \$70; secretary, \$25; constable, \$25; pensioners, \$26; wood ranger, \$10	256 00	...
Repairs to Chemong ferry, \$112.70; labour repairing road, \$39	151 70	...
Mud Lake School: teachers, H.C. Buffman, \$181.50; Mrs. W.J. Hanes, \$75	256 50	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	406 48	...
...	2,159 08	2,159 08

21. - MISSISSAGUAS OF SCUGOG, ONT.	DR.	CR.
Capital.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	4,197 64
Balance, March 31, 1916	4,197 64	...
...	4,197 64	4,197 64
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$2,538.72; interest, 3 p.c. on \$6,736.36, \$202.09	...	2,740 81
Interest transferred from Acct. 11, Five per cent Annuities	...	391 90
Rents collected	...	291 00
Interest distributed, \$624; rents distributed, \$40	664 00	...
Chief, \$19; secretary, \$6; medical officer, Dr. J.D. Berry, \$75	100 00	...
Improvements on Fralick's barn: labour, \$150.45; material, \$325.26	475 71	...
Public school, grant of 50c. per month on average attendance	12 70	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	2,171 30	...
...	31423 71	3,423 71
22. - MOHAWKS OF THE BAY OF QUINTE, ONT.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	90,163 77
Refunds on account of haying and fencing	...	169 97
Difference paid on exchange of property, \$45; fencing, \$62.50	107 50	...
Shares of Joshua Brant's estate	851 69	...
Grant for repairs to All Saint's Church, rectory and barn, \$2,233.39, less \$372 paid from Interest Acct.	1,861 39	...
Surveying grazing lots: surveyor, F.W. Wilkins, D.T.S., time, 26 d., \$260, recovering from injuries, 10 d., \$100; assistant, 15 d., \$45; labour, \$38.14; board and lodging, \$59.34; fares and livery, \$52.92; iron posts, \$18.02	573 42	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	86,939 74	...
...	90,333 74	90,333 74
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	1,850 41
Interest: 6 p.c. or \$46,897.87; 3 p.c. on \$45,116.3	...	4,167 36
Interest transferred from Acct. 11, Five per cent Annuities	...	1,800 00
Collections: rents, \$7,439.12; statute labour, \$177.75	...	7,616 87
Shares of S.W. Hill's estate, \$212.59; refund of cheque, 1914 - 15, \$1	...	227 59
Interest distributed, \$2,721.14; rents distributed, \$7,186.77; insurance, \$6.75	9,914 66	...
Shares of S.W. Hill's estate distributed	212 59	...
Chiefs, 5, \$120; missionary, 13 m., \$758.37; secretary, \$16; organist, \$95; sexton, \$70; caretaker, \$26; road commissioner, \$26	1,111 37	...
Relief supplies and grants, \$178.33; travel of chief, \$10.10	188 43	...
Medical officers: Dr. J. Moore, \$335.28; Dr. E.D. Vandervoort, \$335.28	670 56	...
Maintenance in asylums, \$411; taking insane to asylum, 4.60	415 60	...

Balance on furnace for Christ church, \$145, printing and books, \$4	149 00	...
Coal for All Saint's and Christ churches, 7.88 tons	65 63	...
Repairs to roads, bridges and culverts: labour, \$281.95; material, \$482.30	764 25	...
Sundry labour and travel, \$18.95; supplies for council hall, \$1.51	20 46	...
Part grant for repairs to All Saint's church	372 00	...
Transfer from Acct. 201, Savings, share of Mrs. S. Loft	90 00	...
Central School: teacher, Miss F.E. Fletcher, \$500; caretaker, \$25; truant officer, \$18.75; cleaning, \$2, coal, \$16.10; fire wood, \$5.25	567 10	...
Eastern School: teacher, Miss F. Hall, \$475; caretaker, \$18; coal, 4.9 t., \$33.79; cleaning and school requisites, \$3.85	530 64	...
Western School: teacher, Miss E.M. Picard, \$400; caretaker, \$19; truant officer, \$18.75; coal and wood, \$25.45; cleaning and repairs, \$7.66	470 86	...
Mission School: teacher, Alex. Leween, \$450; caretaker, \$20; coal, etc., \$17.03.,	487 03	...
Debit balance, March 31, 1916	...	367 95
...	16,030 18	16,030 18

23. - MORAVIANS OF THE THAMES, ONT.	DR.	CR.
Capital.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Balance April 1, 1915	...	111,435 92
Interest refunded on account of improvements on land	31 20	...
Contribution to Patriotic Fund, \$200; survey expenses, \$29	229 00	...
Archibald Peters, construction of 2 culverts, \$140, less \$115 paid in 1914 - 15	25 00	...
Stonefish & Huff, on account of contract, building No. 1 drain	150 00	...
Repairs to sundry drains	94 78	...
Balance, March, 31 1916	110,968 34	...
...	111,467 12	111,467 12
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	638 52
Interest: 6 p.c. on \$21,900.97; 3 p.c. on \$89,938.95	...	4,012 22
Interest transferred from Acct. 11, Five per cent Annuities	...	600 00
Rents collected, \$67: transfer of interest to Acct. 23A, \$296.46	...	363 46
Interest distributed, \$1,694.73; rents distributed, \$67	1,761 73	...
Transfer from Moravian Loan Account, 23A	2,000 00	...
Chief, \$60, 3 councillors, \$90; secretary, \$40; caretaker, \$29	219 00	...
Medical officer, Dr. D.P. McPhail, \$300; medical attendance, \$60	360 00	...
Relief supplies, \$66.57; maintenance, \$13; burial expenses, \$130	209 57	...
Council hall: painting, \$55.63; cement steps, \$30; chairs, 72, \$57.60; wood, 20 cd., \$40; cartage, \$11.50; sundry supplies, \$9.50	204 23	...
Cemetery expenses: wire fencing, posts, etc., \$87.05; 2 scrapers, \$15	102 05	...
Material and labour building and repairing culverts	227 18	...
Moravian School: teacher, A.B. Gardiner, 9 m., \$462.50; truant officer, \$16; caretaker, \$44; coal and wood, \$38.35; repairs, and requisites \$16.20	577 05	...
Debit balance, March 31, 1916	...	46 61
...	5,660 81	5,660 81
23A. - MORAVIANS OF THE THAMES LOAN ACCOUNT.	...	
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$9,647.23; interest, 3 p.c. on \$9,881.85, \$296.46	...	9,943 69
Transferred from Acct. 23, interest retained for loans	...	2,000 00
Payments on account of loans, \$67.45, interest on account of loans, \$80.20	...	147 65
Loans to Indians, \$424.34; interest transferred to Acct. 23, \$296.46	720 80	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	11,370 54	...
...	12,091 34	12,091 34
24. - MUNCEYS OF THAMES, ONT.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	1,262 40
Share of cost of constructing culvert	13 00	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	1,249 40	...

...	1,262 40	1,262 40
Interest.	...	...
Debit balance, April 1, 1915, \$83.17; interest, 3 p.c. on \$1,179.23, \$35.38	83 17	35 38
Rents collected	...	1,407 51
Rent money distributed, \$1,323.39; window glass, etc., 56c.	1,333 95	...
Chief, \$4: 2 councillors, \$8; secretary, \$10; messenger, \$4; medical officer, \$60	86 00	...
Debit balance, March 31, 1916	...	60 23
...	1,503 12	1,503 12

25. - OJIBBEWAS AND OTTAWAS OF MANITOULIN ISLAND, ONT.	DR.	CR.
Capital.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Collections: lands sold, \$3,211.45; timber dues, \$794.42	...	4,005 87
Peter J. Lapointe, claim in full for guarding timber	150 00	...
Balance transferred to credit of the following accounts: 244 Cockburn Island, \$251.37; 245, Obidgewong, \$22.45; 246, Sheguiandah, \$493.76; 247, Sheshegwaning, \$821.45; 248, South Bay, \$327.68; 249, Sucker Creek, \$543.14; 250, Sucker Lake, \$49.38; 251, West Bay, \$1,346.64	3,855 87	...
...	4,005 87	4,005 87
Interest.	...	...
Interest on deferred land payments, \$1,654.19; rents collected, \$312	...	1,966 19
Constable, Alex. Burns, 12 m. to Dec. 31	180 00	...
Balance transferred to credit of the following accounts: 244, Cockburn Island, \$116.45; 245, Obidgewong, \$10.40; 246, Sheguiandah, \$228.73; 247, Sheshegwaning, \$380.63; 248, South Bay, \$151.79; 249, Sucker Creek, \$251.61; 250, Sucker Lake, \$22.87; 251, West Bay, \$623.81	1,786 19	...
...	1,966 19	1,966 19
26. - OJIBBEWAS OF LAKE HURON, ONT.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	111,818 18
Balance, March 31, 1916	111,818 18	...
...	111,818 18	111,818 18
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$5,677.82; interest, 3 p.c. on \$117,496, \$3,524.88	...	9,202 70
Interest transferred from Acct. 11, Five per cent Annuities	...	2,400 00
Expenditure detailed under Robinson Treaty Annuities (Page H -6)	5,791 00	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	5,811 70	...
...	11,602 70	11,602 70
27. - OJIBBEWAS OF LAKE SUPERIOR. ONT.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	93,181 82
Balance, March 31, 1916	93,181 82	...
...	93,181 82	93,181 82
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$41,675.57; interest, 3 p.c. on \$134,857.39, \$4,045.72	...	45,721 29
Interest transferred from Acct. 11, Five per cent Annuities	...	2,000 00
Expenditure detailed under Robinson Treaty Annuities (Page H -6)	1,521 00	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	46,200 29	...
...	47,721 29	47,721 29

28. - OJIBBEWAS OF MISSISSAGI RIVER, ONT.	DR.	CR.
Capital.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	8,294 65
Balance, March 31, 1916	8,294 65	...
...	8,294 65	6,294 65
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$179.80; interest, 3 p.c. on \$8,474.45, \$254.23	...	434 03
Rent of power line	...	50 00
Chief, \$20; medical officer, Dr. J.M. Robb, \$225	245 00	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	239 03	...
...	484 03	484 03
29. - ONEIDAS OF THAMES, ONT.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	162 27
Building approaches to Bear Creek culvert	10 00	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	152 27	...
...	162 27	162 27
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$170.21; interest, 3 p.c. on \$332.52, \$9.98	...	180 23
Collections: rents, \$820.50; fine, \$1	...	821 50
Rents distributed, \$820.50; services of janitor for Council hall, \$5	825 50	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	176 23	...
...	1,001 73	1,001 73
30. - PARRY ISLAND BAND, ONT.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	95,415 42
Dues on cord and burnt hardwood	...	63 60
J.D. Riddell, contract, building school-house and teacher's residence, (\$3,450) progress estimates	3,105 00	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	92,374 02	...
...	95,479 02	95,479 02
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	2,303 59
Interest: 6 p.c. on \$4,363.89; 3 p.c. on \$93,355.12	...	3,062 48
Rent of teacher's house	...	6 00
Interest money distributed, \$1,182.80; grant to Parry Sound Fair, \$50	1,232 80	...
Chief, \$50; secretary, \$50; 2 councillors, \$24; constable, \$25; caretaker, \$20; messenger, \$15; pensioners, \$106.25; fire ranger, \$214	504 25	...
Medical services, \$607; maintenance in hospital, \$37	644 00	...
Relief supplies, \$100; burial expenses, \$10.5; 2 closets, \$36	241 00	...

Putting out fires, \$22; repairs to storehouse and bridge, \$11.85	33 85	...
Ryerson School: teacher, Miss F.E. Munt, \$300; truant officer, 810; advertising tenders for building school-house, \$32.40	342 40	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	2,373 77	...
...	5,372 07	5,372 07

31. - POTTAWATAMIES OF WALPOLE ISLAND, ONT.	DR.	CR.
Capital.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	2,221 40
Timber dues, \$22.88; payment on old school-house, \$3.25	...	26 13
Approaches for ferry landing, \$18.69; cartage, 25c.	18 94	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	2,228 59	...
...	2,247 53	2,247 53
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$603.15; interest, 3 p.c. on \$2,824.55, \$84.74	...	687 89
Rents, \$387.50; hay and timber dues, \$10.25	...	397 75
Refund, on account of overpayment to Dr. W.W. Hay in 1912 - 13	...	52 08
Chief, \$12; 2 councillors, \$12; secretary, \$8; caretaker, \$39.10; 2 pathmasters, \$4; forest bailiff, \$26.25	101 35	...
Medical officers: Dr. G. Mitchell, \$191.73; Dr. J.P.F. Cathcart, \$150	341 73	...
Relief supplies, \$21.37; burials, \$64; road grader and repairs to ferry, \$64.33	149 70	...
Repairs to council hall, etc., \$47.37; keep of stallion and bull, \$52.99	100 36	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	444 58	...
...	1,137 72	1,137 72
32. - SERPENT RIVER BAND, ONT.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	22,233 90
Timber dues: Manley Chew, \$5,019.78; Robert Scott, \$309.06	...	5,328 84
Balance, March 31, 1916	27,562 74	...
...	27,562 74	27,562 74
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$1,550.41; interest, 3 p.c. on \$23,784.31, \$713.53	...	2,263 04
Interest on deferred timber dues and ground rent	...	215 10
Chief, \$50; constable, \$84; medical officer, Dr. J.M. Robb, \$175	309 00	...
Plow, \$15; 3-sect. harrow, \$15	30 00	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	2,140 04	...
...	2,479 04	2,479 04
33. - SIX NATIONS INDIANS, ONT.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	844,398 97
Payments on account of loans, \$3,400.82; sales, land, \$112.55, stone, \$6	...	3,519 37
Loans to Indians, \$6,468.97; insurance on buildings, \$426.47	6,695 44	...
Contracts for bridges and culverts: R. Martin, concrete bridges, 2 at \$340, 3 at \$240, 3 culverts, \$15; T.J. Thomas, 3 concrete bridges, \$982	2,397 00	...
Contract for school-house No. 11: R. Martin, \$2,250; overpaid, \$500, to be deducted from contract for culverts, 1916 - 17; less paid in 1914 - 15, \$1,000	1,750 00	...
Contract for school-house No. 5: T.J. Thomas, \$1,943; less paid in 1914 - 15, \$1,000	943 00	...

Lot for No. 10 school, \$100; house and lot for garden, No. 3 school, \$750	850 00	...
Balance, March, 31 1916	835,082 90	...
...	847,918 34	847,918 34

33. - SIX NATIONS INDIANS, ONT. - Concluded.	DR.	CR.
Interest.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	13,657 19
Interest: 6 p.c. on \$651.954.81; 3 p.c. on \$206,101.35	...	45,300 33
Rents, \$4,240.25; interest on loans, \$2,029.96; statute labour, \$82.05	...	6,352 26
Interest on deferred land payments, \$25.35; outstanding cheques, 1913 - 14, \$29	...	54 35
Payments from J. Hill's estate, \$100.67; miscellaneous collections, \$429.70	...	530 37
Transferred to Acct. 46, Iroquois of St. Regis, overpayment of interest	...	31 35
Interest distributed, \$30,827.45; rents distributed, \$4,196; insurance, \$32.20	35,055 65	...
Refund to Casual Revenue, paid from Ontario vote, 1914 - 15	38 66	...
Transferred to Acct. 201, Savings, shares of M. Bearfoot's estate	168 72	...
Transferred to Amt. 201, Savings, interest money \$36; loans, \$605.45	641 45	...
Payments of shares: to Maggie Bearfoot's estate, \$168.70; to J. Carpenter's estate, \$91.89; E. John's estate, \$66.25; collecting for estate of J. Carpenter, \$8.78	335 02	...
Chiefs retired, 8, \$360.50; interpreter, \$500; secretary, \$98.51; caretaker, \$75	1,034 01	...
Clerk of works, A. Jamieson, \$400; speaker, J. Martin, board allowance, \$800	1,200 00	...
Forest bailiff, \$240; pensioners, 1, \$37.48, at \$12.50, \$602; constables, \$48	927 48	...
Medical officer, Dr. W. Davis, \$2,850; sundry medical services, \$239.50	3,089 50	...
Maintenance in hospitals, \$82.95; medical supplies, \$319.50	402 45	...
Maintenance in asylums: Hamilton, \$468; Orillia, \$143; Woodstock, \$204.50	815 50	...
Relief supplies, \$658.89; supplies for quarantine, \$17.17; burial expenses, \$1,022.39	1,698 45	...
Compensation for losses by fire, \$1,299.45; inspecting fire losses, \$38	1,337 45	...
Attendance, Board of Health, \$50; attendance, sundry committees, \$52.50	102 50	...
Census enumerators, \$20; translating, \$10; opening and repairs to safe, \$6	36 00	...
Surveying disputed line, \$18; fence viewer's fees, \$12.50; fencing, \$244.96	275 46	...
Rewards for conviction, \$35; witness fees, \$6; taking evidence, \$49.50	90 50	...
Culverts, metal, 20 at \$21.60, 20 at \$12.60; repairs to bridges and roads, \$134.89	818 89	...
Septic tank and repairs to Dr's. residence, \$219.90; windmill pump, \$40.80	260 70	...
Drilling well at council house, \$216.15; supplies for council house, \$8.85	225 00	...
Telephone rent, \$18; tolls, \$3.65; grant to ploughing match, \$15; sundry travel, \$47.08	83 73	...
Sundry Labour, \$12.20; rent of house, \$4; medal, \$5.50; hay, \$64	85 70	...
Legal services, A.G. Chisholm	758 77	...
School expenditure (\$12,416.11) -	...	...
Grants to day schools, \$8,000; scholarship, \$100; tuition, \$100	8,200 00	...
Advertising and printing, \$10.54; janitor services, \$299.25	309 79	...
Books, \$82.24; examination papers, \$21; book case, \$11	114 24	...
North America Bird and Nature Study Charts, 11 sets	275 00	...
Desks, 3, \$60; 6 chairs, \$9.75; coal, 11.4 ton, \$150.75, wood, 129 cord, \$251	471 50	...
Drilling 4 wells, \$862.95; repairs to school-houses, \$1,012	1,874 95	...
Extras for completion of No. 5 school, \$52.93; 2 furnaces, \$380	432 93	...

Fences around school grounds: No. 5, \$136.95; No. 9, \$191.58; No. 11, \$75.55	404 08	...
Closets: 2 for No. 5, \$89; 2 for No. 11, \$89; concrete walk and ditching, \$62.54	240 54	...
Cleaning, \$43.25; cartage, etc., \$20.75; school requisites, \$29.08	93 08	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	4,027 55	...
...	65,925 85	65,925 85
34. - SHAWANAGA BAND, ONT.	...	
Capital.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	16,683 79
Timber dues: Kaufman Lumber Co., \$58.50; A. McGibbon, \$2,700	...	2,758 50
A. McGibbon, one tenth of tender for Shawanaga timber	...	300 00
Advertising sale of timber	125 80	...
Fire fighting, and clearing brushwood to prevent fires: oxen, 7 1/2 d., \$30; foreman, 33 d., \$82.50; labourers, 657 1/2 d., \$1,330	1,442 50	...
Estimating burnt timber, 15 d.	37 50	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	18,136 48	...
...	19,742 28	19,742 28
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$424.35; interest, 3 p.c. on \$17.108.13, \$513.24	...	937 59
Chief, \$30, councillors, 2 d., \$20; caretaker, \$36; constable, \$120; truant officer, \$25	231 00	...
Expenses of chief to Ottawa and return	25 50	...
Medical attendance, \$156.50; maintenance, 9 d., \$9	165 50	...
Burial expenses, \$52.50; sowing grass seed, 4 d., \$9	61 50	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	454 09	...
...	937 59	937 59

35. - SPANISH RIVER BAND, ONT.	DR.	CR.
Capital.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	5,668 81
Timber dues, Spanish River Lumber Co.	...	404 97
Building ferry scow as per contract, \$335; inspection of scow, \$13	348 00	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	5,725 78	...
...	6,073 78	6,073 78
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$151.62; interest, 3 p.c. on \$5,820.43, \$174.61	...	326 23
Rent, Spanish River Lumber Co.	...	122 00
Chief, \$50; constable, \$84; relief supplies, \$77.95	211 95	...
Ferry cable, 480 ft., \$30.75; taking scow out of water, \$10	40 75	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	195,53	...
...	448 23	448 23
36. - THESSALON RIVER BAND, ONT.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	35,921 98
Collections: land sold, \$98.94; timber dues, \$33.83	...	132 77
Balance, March 31, 1916	36,054 75	...
...	36,054 75	36,054 75
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$826.08; interest, 3 p.c. on \$36,748.06, \$1,102.44	...	1,928 52
Interest on deferred land payments, \$11. 65; assignment fees, \$7	...	18 65
Interest distributed, \$839.65; commutation of interest, \$229.90	1,069 55	...
Chief, \$25; relief supplies, \$251.04; burial expenses, \$10.55	286 59	...
Painting and repairing church	75 00	...
Medical officers: Dr. R.W. Shaw, \$1.68; Dr. W.B. Sproul, \$243.75	245 43	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	270 60	...
...	1,947 17	1,947 17
37. - TOO-TOO-MENAI S BAND, ONT.	DR.	CR.
Capital.	...	cts. \$
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	3,661 09
Balance, March 31, 1916	3,661 09	...
...	3,661 09	3,661 09
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	337 64
Interest: 6 p.c. on \$418.39; 3 p.c. on \$3,580.34	...	132 51
Interest, arrears distributed, \$14; relief supplies, \$16.34	30 34	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	439 81	...
...	470 15	470 15

38. - WHITEFISH RIVER INDIANS, ONT.	DR.	CR.
Capital.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	41,388 61
Timber dues	...	60 54
Balance, March 31, 1916	41,449 15	...
...	41,449 15	41,449 15
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$2,636.10; interest, 3 p.c. on \$44,024.71, \$1,320.74	...	3,956 84
Ground rent and renewal fee	...	38 00
Interest distributed, \$595; maintenance of insane, 15 M. to Mar. 31, \$227.50	822 50	...
Medical officer, Dr. P.J. Macdonald, \$164; chief, \$30; relief supplies, \$42	236 00	...
Lumber, 300 ft., \$32; plough, \$14; harrow, \$12; hoes and shovel, \$2	60 00	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	2,876 34	...
...	3,994 84	3,994 84
39. - WYANDOTTES OF ANDERDON, ONT.	...	
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$35.30; interest, 3 p.c. on \$35.30, \$1.06	...	36 36
Bank of Montreal, outstanding cheques refunded in 1914 - 15, now paid	35 30	...
Transfer to Savings Acct. 201, to close account	1 06	...
...	36 36	36 36
40. - ABENAKIS OF ST. FRANCIS, QUE.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	5,857 72
Balance, March 31, 1916	5,857 72	...
...	5,857 72	5,857 72
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	159 13
Interest: 6 p.c. on \$984.18; 3 p.c. on \$5,032.67	...	210 03
Collections, rents, \$285.86;pasturage and sale of bull, \$70.25	...	356 11
Rents distributed, \$48.75; contribution to Patriotic Fund, \$50	98 75	...
Constables, 2, \$62.50; care of cattle, \$25; calling council meetings, \$1.50	89 00	...
Council hall repairs: 74 h., \$11.15; lumber, etc., \$30.99; hardware, \$30.59; water, \$3	75 73	...
Repairs to roads and bridges: labour, 387 1/2 h., \$58.03; cement pipes, 57, \$50.75	108 78	...
Road work in winter, \$24; cartage, etc., \$17.25; fencing, \$12.90	54 15	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	298 86	...
...	725 27	725 27
41. - ABENAKIS OF BÉCANCOUR, QUE.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	6,369 92
Balance, March 31, 1916	6,369 92	...
...	6,369 92	6,369 92

Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$1,191.57; interest, 3 p.c. on \$7,561.49, \$226.84	...	1,418 41
Missionary, 1 y., \$10; digging ditch, 18 d., \$27	37 00	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	1,381 41	...
...	1,418 41	1,418 41

42. - AMALECITES OF ISLE VERTE AND VIGER, QUE.	DR.	CR.
Capital.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	8,606 30
Balance, March 31, 1916	8,606 30	...
...	8,606 30	8,606 30
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$470.44; interest, 3 p.c. on \$9,076.74, \$272.30	...	742 74
Interest distributed, \$220.24; cedar fencing, 210 ft., \$11	231 24	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	511 50	...
...	742 74	742 74
43. - GOLDEN LAKE INDIANS, ONT.	...	...
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	135 85
Compensation for right of way	...	10 00
Balance, March 31, 1916	145 85	...
...	145 85	145 85
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$11.70; interest, 3 p.c. on \$147.55, \$4.43	...	16 13
Rents collected, \$41; compensation for right of way, \$90	...	131 00
Rents distributed, \$41; nets and twine, \$12.30	53 30	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	93 83	...
...	147 13	147 13
44. - HURONS OF LORETTE, QUE.	...	...
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	15,813 18
Compensation for improvements	88 50	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	15,724 68	...
...	15,813 18	15,813 18
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$389.46; interest, 3 p.c. on \$16,202.64, \$486.08	...	875 54
Missionary, Rev. J.C. Giroux, \$200.04; sexton, \$35; road work, \$15	250 04	...
Flag pole and platform \$55; repairs to sidewalk, etc., \$12.20	67 20	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	558 30	...
...	875 54	875 54
45. - IROQUOIS OF CAUGHNAWAGA, QUE.	...	...
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	35,817 27
Royalty on stone, \$1,329.75; timber dues, Charlemagne and Lake Ouareau Lumber Co., \$1,704.68	...	3,034 43
Stone dues distributed, \$569; weighing stone, \$268.02	837 02	...

Cemetery drain: foreman, 14 1/2 d., \$36.25; man and horse, \$5.45; labourers, 105 d., \$210.40	252 10	...
Opening water course, Susanne river: foreman, 24 d., \$99.98; man and team, 61 d., \$17.65; labourers, 255 1/4 d., \$510.52; repairs to drills, 80c.	628 95	...
Building sidewalk: time, 45 h., \$9.75; board of men, \$12.45	22 20	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	37,111 43	...
...	38,851 70	38,851 70

45. - IROQUOIS OF CAUGHNAWAGA, QUE. - Concluded.	DR.	CR.
Interest.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Debit balance, April 1, 1915	4,646 43	...
Interest, 6 p.c. on \$2,648.69, 3 p.c. on \$28,522.15	...	1,014 58
Rents collected, \$6,469.07; trade permits, \$26; fine, \$1	...	6,496 07
Timber licenses and transfer fees	...	95 33
Rents distributed, \$5,964.11; insurance, \$200; trade permits, \$26	6,190 11	...
Missionary, Rev. J. Gras, \$100; organist, \$50; gate-keepers, 3, \$72; caretaker, \$10.50; secretary and interpreter, \$43; scrutineer, \$2	277 50	...
Expenses of 6 delegates to Ottawa, \$25; compensation for land, \$8	33 00	...
Expenses re Peter Day estate	24 69	...
Cemetery fence: wire and gate, \$36.80; posts, etc., \$18.94; labour, 195 h., \$45.50	101 24	...
Repairs to fences of the common: 265 h., \$55.75; posts, 150, \$12; nails, 75c.	68 50	...
Repairing bridges, 216 h., \$49.50; lumber, \$73.38	122 88	...
Opening of water course: foreman, 825; labourers, 48 d., \$95.98	120 98	...
Measuring lots, \$15.80; steel tape, \$6; sundries, \$10.35	32 15	...
Debit balance, March 31, 1916	...	4,011 50
...	11,617 48	11,617 48
46. - IROQUOIS OF ST. REGIS, QUE.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	56,726 74
Land sold, \$131.09; sale of seized timber, \$5	...	136 09
Balance, March 31, 1916	56,862 83	...
...	56,862 83	56,862 83
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	1 69
Interest, 6 p.c. on \$28,453.85, 3 p.c. on \$28,274.58	...	2,555 47
Outstanding cheque, 1913 - 14	...	9 50
Rents collected, \$388.74; lease, \$60; fines, \$6; permit, \$2	...	456 74
Interest distributed, \$1,423.70; rents distributed, \$115; travel, \$15.05	1,553 75	...
Chief, \$115; missionary, \$125; clerk, \$37.50; caretakers, 2, 1\$61; organist, \$20	358 50	...
Medical attendance, \$20; maintenance of insane, \$286; permits, \$6	312 00	...
Repairs to Methodist church, \$50; board of road-workers, \$93; relief, \$131	274 00	...
Transfer to Acct. 33, Six Nations, oil account of overpayment of interest	31 35	...
Transfer to Acct. 46A, St. Regis Land Fund for year 1915	250 00	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	243 80	...
...	3,023 40	3,023 40
46A. - ST. REGIS LAND FUND, QUE.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	250 00

Transfer from Acct. 46, Iroquois of St. Regis	...	250 00
Balance, March 31, 1916	500 00	...
...	500 00	500 00
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$492.19; interest 3 p.c. on: \$742.19, \$22.27	...	514 46
Balance, March 31, 1916	514 46	...
...	514 46	514 46

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47. - LAKE ST. JOHN INDIANS, QUE.	DR.	CR.
Capital.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	6,443 82
Balance, March 31, 1916	6,443 82	...
...	6,443 82	6,443 82
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$2,660.21; interest 3 p.c. on \$9,104.03, \$273.12	...	2,933 33
Rents collected	...	151 00
Balance, March 31, 1916	3,084,33	...
...	3,084 33	3,084 33
48. - LAKE OF TWO MOUNTAINS INDIANS, QUE.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	9,282 16
Timber dues and bonus, Charlemagne and Lac Ouareau Lumber Co.	...	852 34
Balance, March 31, 1916	10,134 50	...
...	10,134 50	10,134 50
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$1,014.48; interest, 6 p.c. on \$345.44, a p.c. on \$9,951.20	...	1,333 75
Timber licenses	...	47 67
Lumber, 2,207 ft., \$44.09; shingles, 14 M, \$51.05; relief supplies, \$350.17	445 31	...
Travelling expenses of chiefs to Ottawa, 4 trips, \$23.35; sundry travel, \$14.40	37 75	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	898 36	...
...	1,381 42	1,381 42
49. - TIMISKAMING INDIANS, QUE.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	30,553 28
Collections: lands sold, \$2,053.32; timber dues, \$4,291.96	...	6,345 28
Improvements on land sold, \$1,275; travel of agent, \$4	1,279 00	...
Road work: labour, 94 3/4 d., \$148.68; dynamite, fuse, etc., 77c.	149 45	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	35,470 11	...
...	36,898 56	36,898 56
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	137 64
Interest: 6 p.c. on \$1,792.66; 3 p.c. on \$28,898.26	...	974 51
Interest on deferred land payments, \$275.36; ground rent, \$57.50	...	332 86
Transfer fees, \$5; refund on account of loan, \$10	...	15 00
Share of A. Simpson's estate, \$25; improvements on land, \$225	250 00	...
Chief, \$40; 2 councillors, \$24; missionary, \$60; janitor, \$40	164 00	...
Medical attendance, \$400.80: maintenance in hospital, \$87	487 80	...
Taking sick to hospital, \$10; relief supplies, \$443.78	453 78	...

Repairs to roads, \$63.75; building culvert, \$6	69 75	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	34 68	...
...	1,460 01	1,460 01

50. - RIVER DESERT INDIANS, QUE.	DR.	CR.
Capital.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	48,185 98
Timber dues: Gilmour & Hughson, \$672.94; sundry, \$562.09	...	1,235 03
Land sales, \$46; sale of seized timber, \$16.20	...	62 20
Balance, March 31, 1916	49,483 21	...
...	49,483 21	49,483 21
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	811 16
Interest: 6 p.c. on \$3,135.38; 3 p.c. on \$45,861.76	...	1,563 97
Rents, \$1,904.57; interest on loans and deferred land payments, \$22.20	...	1,926 77
Assignment fees, \$4; outstanding cheques, \$7.65	...	11 65
Interest distributed, \$957.80; rents distributed, \$201	1,158 80	...
Chief, \$125; 2 councillors, \$100; interpreter, \$40; constable, \$50	315 00	...
Medical officer, Dr. E.A. Mulligan, \$350; relief supplies, \$480.41	830 41	...
Pump, etc., \$28.15; lime, 58 bush., \$34.80; lumber, \$60.48	113 43	...
Maniwaki School, teacher, Miss M. McCaffrey	425 00	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	1,470 91	...
...	4,313 55	4,313 55
51. - SONGHEES BAND, B.C.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	8,721 54
Balance, March 31, 1916	8,721 54	...
...	8,721 54	8,721 54
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$2,128.49; 3 p.c. on \$10,850.03, \$325.50	...	2,453 99
Esquimalt Water Works Co.: meter rent, \$36; water 750 M gal., \$225	261 00	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	2,192 99	...
...	2,453 99	2,453 99
53. - MUSQUEAM INDIANS, B.C.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	210 05
Balance, March 31, 1916	210 05	...
...	210 05	210 05
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$6.30; interest, 3 p.c. on \$216.35, \$6.49	...	12 79
Relief supplies	8 80	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	3 99	...
...	12 79	12 79
54. - SQUAMISH INDIANS, B.C.	...	

Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	84,365 33
Timber dues and rentals	...	620 44
Balance, March 31, 1916	84,985 77	...
...	84,985 77	84,985 77

54. - SQUAMISH INDIANS, B.C. - Concluded.	DR.	CR.
Interest.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$4,367.90; interest, 3 p.c. on \$88,733.23, \$2,662	...	7,029 90
Rent collected	...	5 00
Interest distributed, \$1,178.10; relief, \$40.65; hospital expenses, \$75.25	1,294 00	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	5,740 90	...
...	7,034 90	7,034 90
57. - CHEMAINUS BAND, B.C.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	355 54
Balance, March 31, 1916	355 54	...
...	355 54	355 54
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$480.93; interest, 3 p. c. on \$836.47, \$25.09	...	506 02
Rent of right of way	...	20 00
Interest money distributed	372 10	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	153 92	...
...	526 02	526 02
59. - ST. PETER'S BAND, MAN.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	34,689 16
Interest shares of H.B. Henderson, 1907 to 1914	131 32	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	34,557 84	...
...	34,689 16	34,689 16
Interest.	...	...
Debit balance, April 1, 1915, \$127.58; interest, 3 p.c. on \$34,561.58	127 58	1,036 85
Hay permits, \$72; balance of advance for interest money, 1914 - 15, \$70	...	142 00
Arrears of land and interest money, 1907 to 1914	174 58	...
Coffins, 15, \$152.50; digging grave, \$3, part cost of 2 oxen, \$65	220 50	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	656 19	...
...	1,178 85	1,178 85
60. - BROKENHEAD BAND, MAN.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$784.62; dues on wood, \$221.90	...	1,006 52
Balance, March 31, 1916	1,006 52	...
...	1,006 52	1,006 52
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$192.89; interest, 3 p.c. on \$977.51, \$29.32	...	222 21
Hay permits	...	7 00
Flour, 30 sk., \$111.30; bacon, 100 lb., \$16.85; coffin, \$5	133 15	...

Lumber and shingles for implement shed	51 07	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	44 99	...
...	229 21	229 21

61. - LITTLE FORKS BAND, ONT.	DR.	CR.
Capital.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$789.24; timber dues, \$4.33	...	793 57
Transfer to Acct. 207, Wild Lands Reserve	793 57	...
...	793 57	793 57
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$85.16; interest, 3 p.c. on \$874.40, \$26.23	...	111 39
Transfer to Acct. 207, Wild Lands Reserve	111 39	...
...	111 39	111 39
62. - ROSEAU RIVER BAND, MAN.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	56,958 12
Collections: lands sold, \$1,688.47; on account of loans, \$50	...	1,738 47
Loans to Indians, \$395; disc harrows, 3, \$132; harvest binder, \$150	677 00	...
Oxen, 6 yokes, \$1,039; freight on oxen, \$55; expenses purchasing oxen, \$19.50	1,113 50	...
Seed wheat, 750 bush., \$937.50; breaking land, 504 acres, \$2,016; ox harness, etc., \$49.76	3,003 26	...
Balances of advances to S.J. Jackson, agent, refunded in 1916 -17	99 00	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	53,803 83	...
...	58,696 59	58,696 59
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$1,181.48; interest, 3 p.c. on \$58,139.60, \$1,744.19	...	2,925 67
Interest on deferred land payments	...	1,061 53
Refunds: oxen and horses purchased, \$229; seed grain advances, \$831.65	...	1,060 65
Interest distributed, \$3,861; flour and provisions, \$291	4,152 00	...
Horses, 1 team, \$300; farm tools, \$21.40; repairs to Indian's house, \$52.35	373 75	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	522 10	...
...	5,047 85	5,047 85
63. - FORT ALEXANDER BAND, MAN.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	695 34
Balance, March 31, 1916	695 34	...
...	695 34	695 34
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$77.56; interest, 3 p.c. on \$772.90, \$23.19	...	100 75
Bacon, \$47.56; Paris green, \$8; sealing logs, \$9; repairs to scow, \$7.50	72 06	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	28 69	...
...	100 75	100 75
66. - FAIRY LAKE INDIANS, N.S.	...	
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$192.67; interest, 3 p.c. on \$192.67, \$5.78	...	198 45
Rents collected	...	60 00

Balance, March 31, 1916	258 45	...
...	258 45	258 45

68. - TOBIQUE INDIANS, N.B.	DR.	CR.
Capital.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	29,132 78
Land sold, \$2,299.50; timber dues, \$331.98	...	2,631 48
Advertising sale of land, \$27.30; cruising land, \$6	33 30	...
Transfer to Interest Acct., cruising expenses, overpaid in 1912 -13	4 50	...
Balance, March 31,1916	31,726 46	...
...	31,764 26	31,764 26
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$767.22; interest, 3 p.c. on \$29,900, \$897	...	1,664 22
Interest on deferred payments, \$7.50; loan, \$9; transfer fee, \$1	...	17 50
Refund of overpayment in 1912 - 13, cruising expenses	...	4 50
Missionary, \$350; caretaker, \$50: repairs to Indian's house, \$50	450 00	...
Repairs to council hall, \$136.68; labour on road, water system, etc., \$23.35	160 03	...
Refund to Education vote on account of loan to Indian	9 00	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	1,067 19	...
...	1,686 22	1,686 22
73. - POMQUET RESERVE, N.S.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	17 14
Balance, March 31, 1916	17 14	...
...	17 14	17 14
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$394.98; interest, 3 p.c. on \$412.12, \$12.36	...	407 34
Rents collected	...	65 50
Balance, March 31, 1916	472 84	...
...	472 84	472 84
77. - FORT FRANCES AGENCY RESERVE, ONT.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	2,373 63
Balance, March 31, 1916	2,373 63	...
...	2,373 63	2,373 63
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$944.35; interest, 3 p.c. on \$3,317.98, \$99.54	...	1,043 89
Rents collected	...	60 00
Balance, March 31, 1916	1,103,89	...
...	1,103 89	1,103 89
79. - MOUNT ELGIN INSTITUTE, ONT.	...	
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$1,158.11; interest, 3 p.c. on \$34.74	...	1,192 85
Insurance, on account of loss by fire	...	6,000 00

Balance, March 31, 1916	7,192 85	...
...	7,192 85	7,192 85

80. - POINTE GRONDINE INDIANS, ONT.	DR.	CR.
Capital.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	16,413 86
Balance, March 31, 1916	16,413 86	...
...	16,413 86	16,413 86
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$755.15; interest, 3 p.c. on \$17,169.01, \$515.07	...	1,270 22
Ground rent and renewal fee transferred to Acct. 12, Garden River	...	50 00
Interest distributed, \$462.50; chief, \$30; medical officer, Dr. R.W. Shaw, \$13.56	506 06	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	814 16	...
...	1,320 22	1,320 22
81. - WHITEFISH BAY INDIANS, ONT.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	4,555 24
Timber dues collected by agent R.S. McKenzie	...	1,834 56
Balance, March 31, 1916	6,389 80	...
...	6,389 80	6,380 80
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$1,261.24; interest, 3 p.c. on \$5,816.48, \$174.50	...	1,435 74
Rents collected	...	30 00
Seed potatoes, 33 sks., \$35.64; coal, 1 ton, \$8; delivering supplies, \$30.50	74 14	...
Lumber and building material for band	257 05	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	1,134 55	...
...	1,465 74	1,465 74
82. - WHITEFISH LAKE INDIANS, ONT.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	60,184 24
Timber dues collected	...	153 45
Balance, March 31, 1916	60,337 69	...
...	60,337 69	60,337 69
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$1,740.01; interest, 3 p.c. on \$61,924.25, \$1,857.73	...	3,597 74
Rents collected	...	207 00
Interest distributed, \$852.70; relief supplies, \$129; fire rangers, \$88	1,069 70	...
Chief, \$40; medical officer, Dr. R.W. Arthur, \$350	390 00	...
Whitefish Lake School: teacher, Mrs. J. Jalbert, \$316.75; caretaker, \$16; wood, 12 cord, \$50; repairs to teacher's residence, \$8.40; sundries, \$3.20	394 35	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	1,950 69	...
...	3,804 74	3,804 74
83. - KYUQUOT INDIANS (ACTESE RESERVE) B.C.	...	

Balance, April 1, 1915, \$196.44; interest, 3 p.c. on \$196.44, \$5.89	...	202 33
Relief \$8; repairs to Indian's house, \$17.50; cutting weeds, \$33	58 50	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	143 83	...
...	202 33	202 33

84. - HOPE INDIANS, B.C.	DR.	CR.
Capital.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	5,721 01
Balance, March 31, 1916	5,721 01	...
...	5,721 01	5,721 01
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$1,120.30; interest, 3 p.c. on \$6,841.31, \$205.24	...	1,325 54
Supplies to destitute, \$187.70; gasoline engine and freight, \$244.49	432 19	...
Compensation for improvements on land re right of way	110 00	...
Lumber, etc., for rebuilding Indians' houses	397 60	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	385 75	...
...	1,325 54	1,325 54
85. - PAGONAKESHICKS BAND, MAN.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, \$819.03; dues on cordwood, \$73.88	...	892 91
Balance, March 31, 1916	892 91	...
...	892 91	892 91
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$1896.92; interest, 3 p.c. on \$2,715.95, \$81.48	...	1,978 40
Balance, March 31, 1916	1,978 40	...
...	1,978 40	1,978 40
86. - GORDON'S BAND, SASK.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	515 90
Balance, March 31, 1916	515 90	...
...	515 90	515 90
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$189.15; interest, 3 p.c. on \$705.05, \$21.15	...	210 30
Seed wheat, 35.8 bush. at \$1.25	44 75	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	165 55	...
...	210 30	210 30
87. - PASQUAH'S BAND, SASK.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	124,890 41
Collections on account of land sales	...	5,418 01
Balance, March 31, 1916	130,308 42	...
...	130,308 42	130,308 42
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$1,329.12; interest, 3 p.c. on \$126,219.53, \$3,786.59	...	5,115 71
Interest on deferred land payments	...	2,506 29

Interest for distribution, \$4,927.50; gopher poison, 8 pkg., \$10	4,937 50	...
Seed wheat, 165 3/4 bush. at \$1.60	265 20	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	2,419 30	...
...	7,622 00	7,622 00

88. - SAANICH BAND, B.C.	DR.	CR.
Capital.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	2,657 75
Share of capital of Isaac Jack and wife	51 10	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	2,606 65	...
...	2,657 75	2,657 75
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$66.84; interest, 3 p.c. on \$2,724.59, \$81.74	...	148 58
Supplies to destitute	2 90	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	145 68	...
...	148 58	148 58
90. - EAGLE LAKE BAND, ONT.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	5,566 92
Balance, March 31, 1916	5,566 92	...
...	5,566 92	5,566 92
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$2,358.17; interest, 3 p.c. on \$7,925.09, \$237.75	...	2,595 92
Relief supplies, \$7.85; hospital treatment, \$21; fares to hospital, \$2.80	31 65	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	2,564 27	...
...	2,595 92	2,595 92
92. - RESTIGOUCHE INDIANS, QUE.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$853.45; timber dues, \$452.40	...	1,305 85
Balance, March 31, 1916	1,305 85	...
...	1,305 85	1,305 85
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$64.05; interest, 3 per cent on \$917.50, \$27.52	...	91 57
Rents collected	...	125 00
Rents distributed, \$95; retracing line round reserve, 24 d., 551	146 00	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	70 57	...
...	216 57	216 57
94. - OKANAGAN INDIANS, B.C.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	1,090 26
Balance, March 31, 1916	1,090 26	...
...	1,090 26	1,090 26
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915; \$265.32; interest, 3 per cent on \$1, 355.58, \$40.67	...	305 99
Rents collected, \$248.20; sale of logs to Kelowna Saw Mill Co., \$1,390	...	1,638 20

Supplies for Indians, while logging, \$1,556.23; team hire, \$22	1,578 23	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	365 96	...
...	1,944 19	1,944 19

95. - WABIGOON INDIANS, ONT.	DR.	CR.
Capital.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	14,180 62
Dues on wood, Dryden Timber and Power, Co.	...	973 55
Balance, March 31, 1916	15,154 17	...
...	15,154 17	15,154 17
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$1,186.84; interest, 3 per cent on \$15,367.46, \$461.02	...	1,647 86
Ground rent and fee	...	124 00
Seed potatoes, 30 bush.	30 00	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	1,741 86	...
...	1,771 86	1,771 86
96. - MARION TENESCO COMONDO.	...	
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$1,022.44; 3 per cent on \$1,022.44, \$30.67	...	1,053 11
Interest paid Marion Tensesco	30 00	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	1,023 11	...
...	1,053 11	1,053 11
97. - CHEHALIS BAND, B.C.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	5,799 33
Balance, March 31, 1916	5,799 33	...
...	5,799 33	5,799 33
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$184.17; interest, 3 per cent, on \$5,983.50, \$179.50	...	363 67
Balance of interest money, 1914 - 15, not distributed	...	10 17
Supplies to destitute	7 15	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	366 69	...
...	373 84	373 84
99. - PETER TENESCO AND CHARLOTTE TENESCO.	...	
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$1,382; interest, 3 per cent on \$1,382, \$41.46	...	1,423 46
Interest paid Peter Tensesco, \$46; compensation for loss by fire, \$100	146 66	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	1,277 46	...
...	1,423 46	1,423 46
100. - ONE ARROW'S BAND, SASK.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	3 95
Balance, March 31, 1916	3 95	...
...	3 95	3 95
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$115.44; interest, 3 per cent on \$119.39, \$3.58	...	119 02
Sale of ox	...	36 00

Burial expense, \$6.40; brands, 10 at \$1	16 40	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	138 62	...
...	155 02	155 02

102. - INDIANS OF RESERVE 38A, TREATY. 3, ONT.	DR.	CR.
Capital.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	2,700 98
Timber dues, Rat Portage Lumber Co.	...	10,178 82
H.J. Bury, travel and outlay cruising reserve	253 85	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	12,625 95	...
...	12,879 80	12,879 80
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$1,251.32; interest, 3 per cent on \$3,952.30, \$118.57	...	1,369 89
Timber dues, D.C. Cameron	...	228 72
Agent's travel and outlay, \$38.60; lumber, etc., \$273.01; stove, \$16	327 61	...
Maintenance in hospital, 28 d., \$21; relief supplies, \$25.27; coal, \$8	54 27	...
Horse and harness, \$227.40; feed, \$9.70; veterinary's services, \$16; sleigh, \$20	273 10	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	943 63	...
...	1,598 61	1,598 61
103. - EEL GROUND INDIANS, N.B.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	1,517 47
Half cost of erecting church at Eel Ground	1,000 00	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	517 47	...
...	1,517 47	1,517 47
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$128.85; interest, 3 p.c. on \$1, 646.32, \$49.39	...	178 24
Fishing license	...	25 00
Constable, W. Narve, 12 m. to Dec. 31, 1915	19 95	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	183 29	...
...	203 24	203 24
105. - BIG ISLAND INDIANS, ONT.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	2,748 12
Balance, March 31, 1916	2,748 12	...
...	2,748 12	2,748 12
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$798.32; interest, 3 per cent on \$3,546.44, \$106.39	...	904 71
Building material, \$233.55; wheelbarrows, 3, \$16.50; stove, \$10.25	260 30	...
Relief provisions, \$54.77; delivering supplies, \$23.50; coal, 1 1/2 ton, \$42	90 27	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	554 14	...
...	904 71	904 71

106. - SWAN LAKE INDIANS, MAN.	DR.	CR.
Capital.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	19,728 13
Land payments	...	6,183 97
Loans re breaking lands and seeding	6,794 73	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	19,117 37	...
...	25,912 10	25,912 10
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$4,412.94; interest, 3 per cent on \$24,141.07, \$724.23	...	5,137 17
Interest on deferred land payments	...	1,798 63
Refund on account of seed grain, \$717.50; assignment fee, \$1	...	718 50
Interest distributed, \$1,220; building and hardware supplies, \$298.41	1,518 41	...
Medical attendance: Dr. Mott, \$136.05; Dr. Wallace, \$263.75; drugs, \$153.90	553 70	...
Relief supplies, \$683.54; binders, 2, \$307; seed drills, 2, \$172.50	1,163 04	...
Tractor, 35 h.p., \$1,000; champion separator and fittings, \$1,085; gasoline, \$60; freighting and running expenses, \$100; total, \$3,145, less payment of half cost of tractor and separator deferred, \$1,492.50	1,652 50	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	2,766 65	...
...	7,654 30	7,654 30
107. - SPILLIMACHEEN INDIANS, B.C.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	14 25
Stove	14 10	...
Transfer to Interest to close account	0 15	...
...	14 25	14 25
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$23.05; interest 3 per cent on \$37.30, \$1.12	...	24 17
Transfer from Capital to close account	...	0 15
Insurance	24 32	...
...	24 32	24 32
109. - KEESEEKOOWENINS BAND, MAN.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	291 00
Refund to Casual Revenue on account of surrender of land	291 00	...
...	291 00	291 00
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$62.81; interest 3 per cent on \$353.81, \$10.61	...	73 42
Refund to Casual Revenue on account of surrender of land	73 42	...
...	73 42	73 42
110. - SKWAH RESERVE, B.C.	...	

Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	138 80
Balance, March 31, 1916	138 80	...
...	138 80	138 80

110. - SKWAH RESERVE, B.C. - Concluded.	DR.	CR.
Interest.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$4.51; interest, 3 per cent on \$143.31, \$4.30	...	8 81
Relief supplies	5 40	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	3 41	...
...	8 81	8 81
111. - LOWER KOOTENAY INDIANS, B.C.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	750 47
Balance, March 31, 1916	750 47	...
...	750 47	750 47
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$44.92; interest, 3 p.c. on \$70.39, \$23.86	...	68 78
Cutting weeds, 11 1/2 d., \$23; scythes, etc., \$4.50; relief supplies, \$8.25	35 75	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	33 03	...
...	68 78	68 78
112. - SUMAS LAKE INDIANS, B.C.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	4,483 15
Balance, March 31, 1916	4,483 15	...
...	4,483 15	4,483 15
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$168.49; interest, 3 p.c. on \$4,651.64, \$139.55	...	308 04
Rents collected	...	87 80
Relief supplies, \$2.65; cab hire, \$1.50	4 15	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	391 69	...
...	395 84	395 84
114. - THE BROTHERS RESERVE, N.B.	...	
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$37.17; interest, 3 p.c. on \$37.17, \$1.12	...	38 29
Rents collected	...	10 00
Balance, March 31, 1916	48 29	...
...	48 29	48 29
115. - RED BANK RESERVE, N.B.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	6,100 96
Collections: land sold, \$35; timber dues, \$87.50	...	122 50
Balance, March 31, 1916	6,223 46	...
...	6,223 46	6,223 46
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$1,498.65; interest, 3 p.c. on \$7,599.61, \$227.99	...	1,726 64

Rent of fishing ground, \$25; land sold, \$19.25	...	44 25
Constable, J. Tenas, 12 m. to Dec. 31	25 00	...
Half cost of erecting church at Eel Ground	1,000 00	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	745 89	...
...	1,770,89	1,770 89

116. - BURNT CHURCH, N.B.	DR.	CR.
Capital.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	613 84
Guarding Indian lands, 24 d.	48 00	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	565 84	...
...	613 84	613 84
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$59.24; interest, 3 p.c. on \$673.08, \$20.19	...	79 43
Cook stove	19 50	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	59 93	...
...	79 43	79 43
118. - FALSE CREEK RESERVE, B.C.	...	
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$7,223.36; interest, 3 p.c. on \$7,223.36, \$216.70	...	7,440 06
Rents collected	...	200 00
Balance, March 31, 1916	7,640 06	...
...	7,640 06	7,640 06
119. - YUQUOT (MOACHAHT) INDIANS, B.C.	...	
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$158.61; 3 p.c. on \$158.61, \$4.76	...	163 37
Rents collected	...	25 00
Lumber, 3,767 ft., \$43.35; cartage and freight, \$22.50	65 85	...
Cutting thistles, 12 d., \$24; wire fencing, \$9; hardware, \$15.20	48 20	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	74 32	...
...	188 37	188 37
120. - ENOCH'S BAND, ALTA.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	212,248 48
Collections on account of land sales	...	1,745 31
Balance, March 31, 1916	213,993 79	...
...	213,993 79	213,993 79
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$12,484.17; interest, 3 p.c. on \$224,732.65, \$6,741.98	...	19,226 15
Interest on deferred land payments	...	1,185 39
Collections: on account of bull funds, \$39.10; fees, \$16.90	...	56 00
Refunds on account of: seed grain, \$816.92; indian houses, \$298.20; drainage, \$82.13; sale of separator, \$15.25	...	1,212 50
Contribution to Belgian Relief Fund, \$200; land improvements, \$100	300 00	...
Medical attendance: Dr. N. Allin, \$20; Dr. W.H. Brown, \$70; Dr. J. Park, \$985	1,075 00	...
Maintenance in hospital, \$81.10; nursing, \$88; drugs, \$129.83; clothing, \$107.25	406 18	...
Beef, 17,778 lb., \$4,973.29; bacon, 800 lb., \$100; flour, 25,840 lb., \$575.28	5,648 57	...
Tea, 450 lb., \$130.50; seed oats, 489 bush., \$317.85; timothy, 20.8 bush., \$90	538 35	...

Potatoes, 50 bush., \$37. 50; rock salt, 500 lb., \$8.75; firewood, \$84	130 25	...
Purchase of bull, \$173, keep, 57 d., \$14.25; veterinary's services,	211 25	...
Engineer sawing lumber, 20 d., \$95; fireman, 20 d., \$40; lumber, \$51.68	186 68	...
Erecting barn, labour, 169 1/2 h., \$135.57, material, \$318.90; nails, 6 kegs, \$29.75	484 22	...
Building addition to granary: labour, 212 h., \$60.80; material, \$159.94	220 74	...
Boring wells, 20, \$1,461.25; pails, 20, \$15.90; wheels, 20, \$11.60; cable, 200 ft., \$28	1,516 75	...
Binders, 2, \$312; canvas, 266 2 yd., \$50; binder twine, 1,500 lb., \$157.50	519 50	...
Carried forward	11,237 49	21,680 04

120. - ENOCH'S BAND, ALTA.	DR.	CR.
Interest.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Brought forward	11,237 49	21,680 04
Disc harrow, \$74; shoe drill, \$85; mower, W; rope, 169 lb., \$27.90	246 90	...
Wagon, \$98; harness and repairs, \$63.50; hardware, \$15.70; storing ice, \$10	187 20	...
Threshing, \$177.50; running saw, \$57; cutting and stacking hay, \$20	254 50	...
Repairs: implements, \$219.69; threshing outfit, \$92.75; wagons, \$48	360 44	...
Fencing, \$15.85; rounding up colts, \$10; plowing, 3 d., \$9	34 85	...
Freighting, \$195.59; freight and express, \$133.26; small items, \$12.46	341 31	...
Advertising and printing, \$8.50; subscription, \$4	12 50	...
Drainage: labourers, \$494.77; shovels, etc., \$23. 10; refunded, \$82.13; total, \$600, less advanced to agent, 1914 - 15, \$600	...	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	9,004 85	...
...	21,680 04	21,680 04
121. - WHITEBEAR'S BAND, SASK.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	49,716 64
Contribution to Patriotic Fund	1,000 00	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	48,716 64	...
...	49,716 64	49,716 64
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$1,483.92; interest, 3 p.c. on \$51,200.56, \$1,536. 02	...	3,019 94
Refunds on account of debts	...	32 10
Interest distributed, \$856; pork, 506 lb., \$78.43; beef, 154 lb., \$15.40	949 83	...
Smithwork, \$143.60; flywheel, \$33.65; freighting, \$16.32	193 57	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	1,908,64	...
...	3,052 04	3,052 04
123. - GIBSON INDIANS, ONT.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	4,503 61
Compensation for flooded lands	...	75 00
Balance, March 31, 1916	4,578 61	...
...	4,578 61	4,578 61
Interest.	...	...
Debit balance, April 1, 1915, \$75.56; interest, 3 p.c. on \$4,428.05, \$132.84	75 56	132 84
Compensation for flooded lands, \$110.50; fine, \$5	...	115 50
Compensation money distributed, \$95.50; chief, \$50; ranger, \$144	289 50	...
Debit balance, March 31, 1916	...	116 72
...	365 06	365 06
124. - TEXAS LAKE INDIANS, B.C.	...	

Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	440 17
Balance, March 31, 1916	440 17	...
...	440 17	440 17
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$408.90; interest, 3 p.c. on \$849.07, \$25.47	...	434 37
Iron bar, etc.	10 43	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	423 94	...
...	434 37	434 37

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125. - YALE INDIANS (RUBY CREEK), B.C.	DR.	CR.
Capital.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	871 89
Balance, March 31, 1916	871 89	...
...	871 89	871 89
Interest.	...	...
Interest, 3 p.c. on \$871.89	...	26 16
Relief supplies	26 00	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	16	...
...	26 16	26 16
126. - NICOAMEN INDIANS, B.C.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	1,059 45
Balance, March 31, 1916	1,059 45	...
...	1,059 45	1,059 45
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$9.20; interest, 3 p.c. on \$1,068.65, \$32.06	...	41 26
Relief supplies	9 70	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	31 56	...
...	41 26	41 26
129. - MATSQUI-SAH-HAH-COM BAND, B.C.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	3,254 40
Balance, March 31, 1916	3,254 40	...
...	3,254 40	3,254 40
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$216.79; interest, 3 p.c. on \$3,471.19, \$104.14	...	320 93
Rents collected	...	67 00
Hay, 1 ton, \$16; sundry relief supplies, \$37.75	53 75	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	334 18	...
...	387 93	387 93
130. - COUCHICHING BAND, ONT.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	2,975 29
Relief supplies	223 10	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	2,752 19	...
...	2,975 29	2,975 29
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$465.67; interest, 3 p.c. on \$3,440.96, \$103.23	...	568 90
Rents collected	...	300 00

Medical attendance, \$141; maintenance in hospital, 37 d., \$71.16	212 16	...
Potatoes, 90 bush., \$76.50; flour, 20 sacks, \$64; pork, \$159 lb., \$28.50; tea, \$7.50	176 50	...
Burial expenses, \$72; lumber, \$43.70; cartage, \$8	123 70	...
Farm implements, \$51.80; repairs to wagon, etc., \$18	69 80	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	286 74	...
...	868 90	868 90

131. - HUNGRY HALL BAND NO. 1, ONT.	DR.	CR.
Capital.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	1,210 70
Transfer to Wild Lands Reserve, Ont., Acct. 207	1,210 70	...
...	1,210 70	1,210 70
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$56.99; interest, 3 p.c. on \$1,236.65, \$37.10	...	63 05
Transfer to Wild Lands Reserve, Ont., Acct. 207	63,05	...
...	63,05	63 05
132. - WAY-WAY-SEE CAPPO'S BAND, MAN.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	36,639 73
Balance, March 31, 1916	36,639 73	...
...	36,639 73	36,639 73
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, 356.99; interest, 3 p.c. on \$36,696.72, \$1,100.90	...	1,157 89
Assignment fees	...	2 00
Interest distributed, \$1,120; repairs to implements, \$12.25; relief, \$7.70	1,139,951	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	19,94	...
...	1,159 89	1,159 89
133. - TSOOAH DIE (SEECHELT) BAND, B.C.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	3,200 65
Balance, March 31, 1916	3,200 65	...
...	3,200 65	3,200 65
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$1,382.81; interest, 3 p.c. on \$4,583.46, \$137.50	...	1,520 31
Installing water system: supervisor at \$3.50, \$103.25; man and horse at \$4, \$47; labourers at \$2, \$323; wood pipe, 4,991 ft., \$499.10; tools, etc., \$31.40; freight, \$43.15; wharfage, \$10.25; hay, \$3.25	1,105 40	...
Relief supplies	103 05	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	311 86	...
...	1,520 31	1,520 31
134. - NEW WESTMINSTER BAND, B.C.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	3,943 94
Balance, March 31, 1916	3,943 94	...
...	3,943 94	3,943 94
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$95.58; interest, 3 p.c. on \$4,039.52, \$121.19	...	216 77

Relief supplies	26 25	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	190 52	...
...	216 77	216 77

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135. - JOHN SMITH'S BAND, SASK.	DR.	CR.
Capital.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	352 73
Balance, March 31, 1916	352 73	...
...	352 73	352 73
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$36.98; interest, 3 p.c. on \$389.71, \$11.69	...	48 67
Beef, 275 lb., \$22; firewood, \$14; freighting, \$9.62; oil, etc., \$2.85	48 47	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	20	...
...	48 67	48 67
137. - BETSIAMITS INDIANS, QUE.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	4,034 46
Sale of pulpwood, \$247.60; timber dues, \$14.70	...	262 30
Balance, March 31, 1916	4,296 76	...
...	4,296 76	4,296 76
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$658.88; interest, 3 p.c. on \$4,693.34, \$140.80	...	799 68
Sale of pulpwood	...	800 00
Examining and making report on Bersimis church	36 00	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	1,563 68	...
...	1,599 68	1,599 68
138. - BLACKFOOT INDIANS, ALTA.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	66,406 65
Lands sold, \$14,785.94; right of way, Can. Pac. Ry. Co., \$10,037	...	24,822 94
Refunds: on account of working outfits, \$4,462.78; wagons purchased in 1912, \$97	...	4,559 78
Contribution to Patriotic Fund, \$1,200; furniture and stove, \$50.55	1,250 55	...
Disc drills, 4, \$337, harrow carts, 48, \$367.50; disc plough, \$62.50	767 00	...
Sulky ploughs, 19, \$1,070.83; breaker bottom, \$15; cartage and freight, \$23.86	1,109 69	...
Seed: alfalfa, 150 lb., \$45; timothy, 1,000 lb., \$100; wheat, 33 bush., \$46.20	191 20	...
Fencing: labour, 7 3/4 miles, \$309.88; posts, 3,220, \$566; unloading posts, \$27.50; barb wire, 125 spools, \$400; staples, 2 kegs, \$7.60; resetting fence, \$37	1,347 98	...
Building bridge, \$10; lumber for bridge and fencing, \$33.16; road repairs, \$49	92 16	...
Lumber for stables and shed, \$370.02; metal roofing for shed, \$102.94	472 96	...
Paint, etc., \$43.15; carpenter labour, \$108.20; sundry labour, \$6.20	157 55	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	90,400 28	...
...	95,789 37	95,789 37
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$9,480.73; 3 p.c. on \$75,887.38, \$2,276.62	...	11,757 35

Interest on deferred land payments, \$14,074.09; rent, \$15.75; transfer fees, \$4	...	14,093 84
Right of way improvements, C.P. Ry., \$750.66; hay permits, \$364.95	...	1,115 61
Work done at blacksmith shop, \$127.50; on account of threshing, etc., \$9,291.18	...	9,418 68
Asst. agent, W. Gordon, \$1,000; engineer, 98 1/2 d., \$675.25; blacksmith, 5 m., \$275	1,950 25	...
Cook, 4 m. 8 d., \$219.66; man attending separator, 99 1/2 d., \$646.75	866 41	...
Threshing, 95 1/2 d., \$329.25; trimming trees, 44 d., \$88; filling ice house, \$85	502 25	...
Breaking land, 153 1/8 ac., \$459.35; sundry farm labour, \$4,178.09; less \$194, balance of advance unaccounted for in 1914 - 15	4,443 44	...
Bacon, 376 lb., \$47.97; beef, 58,957 1/2 lb., \$5,033.08; tea, 7,000 lb., \$1,750	6,831 05	...
Flour, 1,316 sk., \$4,058.40; coal, 95.197 ton, \$530.99; burials, \$17.55	4,606 94	...
Sundry provisions, \$441.40; drugs, \$32.15; poisoning gophers, \$23	496 55	...
Carried forward	19,696 89	36,385 48

138. - BLACKFOOT INDIANS, ALTA. - Concluded.	DR.	CR.
Interest - Concluded.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Brought forward	19,696 89	36,385 48
Cylinder oil, 3 brl., \$85.59; inspecting boiler, \$10; scales, 1 set, \$25	120 59	...
Blacksmith supplies, \$148.32; repairs to implements, engine, etc., \$903.49	1,051 81	...
Twine, 4,550 lb., \$449.10; wood, \$16.50; freight and express, \$290.72	756 32	...
Repairs to ration and slaughter houses: labour, \$63.50; material, \$120.01	183 51	...
Repairs to roads and bridges, \$27.10; postage, 66; telephone messages, \$12.70	45 80	...
Advertising, \$24; printing 1,000 grain checks, \$4.50	28 50	...
Bulls purchased for and detailed in Blackfoot Agency	702 00	...
Transferred to Acct. 201, Savings	549 60	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	13,250 46	...
...	36,385 48	36,385 48
138A. - BLACKFOOT SINKING FUND.	...	
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$1,653.53; interest, 3 p.c. on \$1,653.53, \$49.60	...	1,703 13
Collections, 5 p.c. of grain sales	...	2,264 65
Balance, March 31, 1916	3,967 78	...
...	3,967 78	3,967 78
139. - ALEXANDER'S BAND, ALTA.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	32,609 12
Balance, March 31, 1916	32,609 12	...
...	32, 609 12	32,609 12
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$2,156.61; interest, 3 p.c. on \$34,765.73, \$1,042.97	...	3,199 58
Refunds: seed grain advances, \$343.80; threshing, etc., \$53.70	...	397 50
Bacon, 800 lb., \$100; beef, 5,918 lb., \$656.20; flour, 4,500 lb., \$96.75	852 95	...
Seed oats, 300 bush., \$195; medical services, \$171.50; medicines, \$4.05	370 55	...
Barb wire, 7 rolls, \$25.20; staples, \$2.10; freighting, etc., \$9.75	37 05	...
Oxen, 2 teams, \$460; oil, 2 gal., \$10; threshing oats, 2,814 bush., \$81.42	551 42	...
Completing erection of granary, \$176.20; moving old farm house, \$75	251 20	...
Nails, 7 kegs, \$30.90; repairing machinery, \$26.80	57 70	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	1,476 21	...
...	3,597 08	3,597 08
141. - HALALT INDIANS, B.C.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	891 37
Balance, March 31, 1916	891 37	...
...	891 37	891 37
Interest.	...	...

Balance, April 1, 1915, \$131.33; interest, 3 p.c. on \$1,022.70, \$30.68	...	162 01
Supplies to destitute	10 50	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	151 51	...
...	162 01	162 01

142. - CÔTÉ'S BAND, No. 64, SASK.	DR.	CR.
Capital.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	101,581 96
Collections of land sales	...	6,321 72
Land money distributed, \$20; refund to Casual Revenue, re surrender of lands, \$32,160	32,180 00	...
Advance to insp. W.M. Graham, for purchase of heifers	4,000 00	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	71,723 68	...
...	107,903 68	107,903 68
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$1,791.41; interest, 3 p.c. on \$103,373.37, \$3,101.20	...	4,892 61
Interest on deferred land payments, \$2,153.14; rents, \$25; transfer fees, \$8	...	2,186 14
Interest distributed, \$5,510; supplies for quarantined Indians, \$319.76	5,829 76	...
Building machine shed: carpenters, 30 d., \$60; lumber and nails, \$119.85	179 85	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	1,069 14	...
...	7,078 75	7,078 75
145. - ASSINIBOINE RESERVE, SASK.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	28,515 60
Balance, March 31, 1916	28,515 60	...
...	28,515 60	28,515 60
Interest.	...	...
Debit balance, April 1, 1915, \$41.77; interest, 3 p.c. on \$28,473.83, \$854.21	41 77	854 21
Collections: trespass fines, \$25; rent, \$9.80	...	34 80
Interest distributed, \$865; inspecting boiler, \$5	870 00	...
Repairing pasture fence: labour, \$8; pickets, 1,577, \$46.30	54 30	...
Debit balance, March 31, 1916	...	77 06
...	966 07	966 07
146. - LOUIS BULL'S BAND, ALTA.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	7,351 81
Collections on account of lands sold	...	4,888 71
Land money distributed	1,700 00	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	10,540 52	...
...	12,240 52	12,240 52
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$2,301.42; interest, 3 p.c. on \$9,653.23, \$289.60	...	2,591 02
Interest on deferred land payments	...	859 50
Interest and land money distributed	1,700 00	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	1, 750 52	...
...	3,450 52	3,450 52

147. - BOOTHROYD INDIANS, B.C.	DR.	CR.
Capital.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	1,546 90
Balance, March 31, 1916	1,546 90	...
...	1,546 90	1,546 90
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$203; interest, 3 p.c. on \$1,740.90, \$52.50	...	255 50
Relief supplies, \$27.50; hay, 1 1/2 tons, \$30	57 50	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	198 00	...
...	255 50	255 50
151. - LYTTON INDIANS, B.C.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	1,162 40
Balance, March 31, 1916	1,162 40	...
...	1,162 40	1,162 40
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$10.68; interest, 3 p.c. on \$1,173.08, \$35.19	...	45 87
Supplies to destitute	42 25	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	3 62	...
...	45 87	45 87
152. - COOK'S FERRY BAND, B.C.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	588 57
Water pipes, 2-in., 1300 ft. and fittings	211 13	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	377 44	...
...	588 57	588 57
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$53.39; interest, 3 p.c. on \$641.96, \$19.26	...	72 65
Relief, \$60; medical bottle, \$4.50; water supply, \$6; freight, \$1.70	72 20	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	45	...
...	72 65	72 65
153. - SALMON ARM INDIANS, B.C.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	476 15
Balance, March 31, 1916	476 15	...
...	476 15	476 15
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$5.04; interest, 3 p.c. on \$481.19, \$14.44	...	19 48
Rent collected	...	1 00
Balance, March 31, 1916	20 48	...

154. - SARCEE INDIANS, ALTA.	DR.	CR.
Capital.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$47.78; collections on account of seed, repairs, etc., \$400.57	...	448 35
Refund from General Vote, Surrender of Lands, on account of debt	...	800 00
Thresher and fittings, \$1,200; repairs to harrows and ploughs, \$39	1,239 00	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	9 35	...
...	1,248 35	1,248 35
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$999.04; interest, 3 p.c. on \$1,046.82, \$31.40	...	1,030 44
Collections: grazing dues, blacksmith shop, sales, repairs and gasoline, etc., \$4,213.42; rents, \$1,000	...	5,213 42
Transfer to Acct. 201, Savings, on account of Bull Fund	...	18 00
Blacksmith, \$720; herder, 9 m., \$290; stockman, 5.8 m., \$288.70	1,298 70	...
Scout, \$240; asst. engineer, 31 d., \$23.25; beef, 1,034 lb., \$103.40	366 65	...
Binder, \$160; belting, 24 ft., \$18.85; axle grease, 6 pails, \$17.25	196 10	...
Machine oil, 3 bbl., \$107.25; gasoline, 2,841 gal., \$831.82; hay, 15 loads, \$74	1,013 07	...
Horse feed, \$7; harness repairs, \$86.19; repairs to machinery, \$275.43	368 62	...
Blacksmiths' supplies, \$137.70; repairs to cow camp and farm house, \$31.15	168 85	...
Alfalfa seed, 120 lb., \$78; grain sacks, 500, \$65; cutting oats, 100 acres, \$130	273 00	...
Twine, 1,500 lb., \$155; rounding up horses, \$62 d., \$62; rubber packing, \$14.05	231 05	...
Bulls purchased for and detailed in Sarcee Agency	280 00	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	2,065 82	...
...	6,261 86	6,261 86
155. - SAMSON'S BAND, ALTA.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	12,212 01
Collections on account of lands sold	...	1,555 25
Land money distributed, \$1,257; contribution to Patriotic Fund, \$1,000	2,257 00	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	11,510 26	...
...	13,767 26	13,767 26
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$56.80; interest, 3 p.c. on \$12,268.81, \$368.06	...	424 86
Interest on deferred land payments, \$1,402.49; assignment fees, \$2	...	1,404 49
Interest money distributed	1,676 00	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	153 35	...
...	1,829 35	1,829 35
157. - OHAMIL BAND, B.C.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	498 29
Balance, March 31, 1916	498 29	...

...	498 29	498 29
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$18.45; interest, 3 p.c. on \$516.74, \$15.50	...	33 95
Relief supplies	21 75	...
Balance March 31, 1916	12 20	...
...	33 95	33 95

158. - SKAWAHLOOK BAND, B.C.	DR.	CR.
...	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$7.97; interest, 3 p.c. on \$7.97, 24c.	...	8 21
Relief supplies	6 50	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	1 71	...
...	8 21	8 21
159. - UNION BAR BAND, B.C.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	1,321 66
Balance, March 31, 1916	1,321 66	...
...	1,321 66	1,321 66
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$90.28; interest, 3 p.c. on \$1,411.94, \$42.36	...	132 64
Supplies to destitute, \$64.75; repairs to church, \$23.80	88 55	...
Balance; March 31, 1916	44 09	...
...	132 64	132 64
161. - BOSTON BAR BAND, B.C.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	584 21
Balance, March 31, 1916	584 21	...
...	584 21	584 21
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$540.50; interest, 3 p.c. on \$1, 124.71, \$33.74	...	574 24
Relief supplies, \$437.50; Labour putting out fires, \$41.75	479 25	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	94 99	...
...	574 24	574 24
163. - SQUAWTITS BAND, B.C.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	666 02
Balance, March 31, 1916	666 02	...
...	666 02	666 02
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$11.80; interest, 3 p.c. on \$677.82, \$20.33	...	32 13
Supplies to sick and destitute Indians	27 50	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	4 63	...
...	32 13	32 13

166. - STURGEON LAKE INDIANS, SASK.	DR.	CR.
Capital.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	28,776 51
Balance, March 31, 1916	28,776 51	...
...	28,776 51	28,776 51
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$2,197.96; interest, 3 p.c. on \$30,974.47, \$929.23	...	3,127 19
Collections on account of hay sold	...	20 00
Bacon, 1,200 lb., \$157.55; beef, 902 lb., \$67.60; flour, 3,000 lb., \$72; sundry relief, \$76	373 15	...
Medical services, \$48; medical supplies, \$168.76; jute, 3,000 lb., \$76	291 76	...
Contribution to Patriotic Fund, \$100; repairs to implements, \$71.05	171 05	...
Seed: oats, 371 bush., \$222.60; wheat, 694 bush., \$499.95; freight, \$6.30	728 85	...
Threshing grain, 9,665 bush., \$396.24; travel of Indian, \$5	401 24	...
Houses for destitute: repairs, labour, \$77.30; lumber and hardware, \$75.32	152 62	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	1,028 52	...
...	3,147 19	3,147 19
167. - ERMINESKIN'S BAND, ALTA.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 11, 1915, \$2,607.11; lands sold, \$1,884.79	...	4,491 90
Balance, March 31, 1916	4,491 90	...
...	4,491 90	4,491 90
Interest.	...	...
Debit balance, April 1, 1915, \$145.83; interest, 3 p.c. on \$2,461.28, \$73.84	145 83	73 84
interest on deferred land payments	...	799 70
Interest money distributed to Indians	606 00	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	121 71	...
...	873 54	873 54
171. - STONY INDIANS, ALTA.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	4,372 48
Balance, March 31, 1916	4,372 48	...
...	4,372 48	4,372 48
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$1,572.56; interest, 3 p.c. on \$5,945.04, \$178.35	...	1,750 91
Collections: rents, \$1,533; beef sales, blacksmith shop, etc., \$326.53	...	1,859 53
Advances in 1914 - 15, to agent J.W. Waddy for wood, etc., refunded	...	1,000 00
Bacon, 960 lb., \$129.29; beef, 5,065 lb., \$490.58; flour, 114 sacks, \$319.20	939 07	...
Tea, 200 lb., \$46; tobacco, 82 1/2 lb., \$73.15; Patriotic Fund, \$50	169 15	...
Treatment in sanatorium, \$16.70; agent's travel, \$4.90; brand, \$4	25 60	...
Seed oats, 11.53 ton at \$44, 600 bush at 33c.: sacks, 200, \$28	733 32	...

Indian labour repairing roads, \$100; horseshoeing and sundry repairs, \$38.14	138 14	...
Refund to Casual Revenue, \$14; freight on oats, \$46.83	60 83	...
Farmer, E.J. Smith, wages, July 27 - Sept. 30	80 00	...
Advance to agent, J.W. Waddy to carry on wood business	1,000 00	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	1,464 33	...
...	4,610 44	4,610 44

172. - OHIAT BAND, B.C.	DR.	CR.
Capital.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$500.52; dues on cordwood, \$44.25	...	544 77
Balance, March 31, 1916	544 77	...
...	544 77	544 77
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$265.02; interest, 3 p.c. on \$765.54, \$22.97	...	287 99
Rents collected	...	55 00
Supplies for sick and destitute Indians	17 65	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	325 34	...
...	342 99	342 99
173. - BLOOD INDIANS, ALTA.	...	...
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	3,921 40
Balance, March 31, 1916	3,921 40	...
...	3,921 40	3,921 40
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$10,114.46; interest, 3 p.c. on \$14,035 86, \$421.08	...	10,535 54
Grazing dues, \$6, 317 86; rent, \$5, 000; blacksmith shop, \$941.52; sales, \$30	...	12,289 38
Refund on account of seed, heifers, etc., purchased	...	142 14
Grazing dues distributed, \$5,738.50; asst. clerk, 2 m. \$100	5,838 50	...
Blacksmith, 8 m., \$600; carpenters, 156 1/2 d., \$535; cook, 95 1/4 d., \$107	1,242 00	...
Ploughman, 58 d., \$113; foreman, 20 d., \$60; machinist, 2 m., \$100	273 00	...
Stockman, 12 m., \$700; storeman, 28 1/2 d., \$57; tankman, 216 1/2 d., \$1,102.50	1,859 50	...
Beef, 6,910 lb., \$686.77; coal, 325 ton, \$750.86; weighing coal, \$31.25; wood, \$2	1,470 88	...
Coal oil, 5 gal., \$2; blacksmith supplies and building material, \$911.38	913 38	...
Axle grease, 12 pails, \$16.70; rent of blacksmith tools, \$120; inspecting boiler, \$10	146 70	...
Formalin, 238 lb., \$47.60; gopher poison, \$27; hay, \$3; horse hire, \$16	93 60	...
Harrows, 4 sets, \$118; disc drills, 2, \$290; cleaning wheat, 4 d., \$6; cask, \$4	418 00	...
Cutting weeds, 136 d., \$300.50; digging root house, \$16.25; excavating cellar, \$32	348 75	...
Building bridge and repairs to fences, \$19.80; sundry labour, \$21.75	41 55	...
Seed: barley, 462 bush., \$254. 10; oats, 884 bush., \$707.30; potatoes, 284.4 bush., \$212.30; wheat, 1, 805.58 bush., \$1,926	3,099 70	...
Threshing and harvesting: engineer, 166 1/2 d., \$1,089.50; fireman, 76 1/4 d., \$216.15; separator-man, 72 d., \$504; threshing, 1,236 1/4 d., \$4,340.58; sundry Indian labour, \$1, 749.75; meals and provisions for men, \$787.01; gasoline, 47 1/2 gal. \$13.06; machine oil, 370 1/2 gal., \$204.50; twine, 7,800 lb., \$762.50; canvas belt, 160 ft., \$90; repairs and parts for machinery, \$1,361.43; elevator charges, \$40.90; total \$11,159.38, less \$6,597.74 paid in 1916 - 17	4,561 64	...
Telegrams, \$5.90; express, freight and cartage, \$1,362.28	1,368 18	...
Transfers to Acct. 201, Savings: money deposited by Indians to buy heifers, \$4,958.49; balance at credit of blacksmith account, \$48.15	5,006 64	...

Debit balance, March 31, 1916	...	3,714 96
...	26,682 02	26,682 02
174. - ISLINGTON BAND, ONT.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$40.89; interest, 3 p.c. on \$40.89, \$1.23	...	42 12
Manitenance in hospital	11 25	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	30 87	...
...	42 12	42 12

175. - EDMUNSTON RESERVE, N.B.	DR.	CR.
Capital.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$139.97; stumpage dues, \$27.10	...	167 07
Balance, March 31, 1916	167 07	...
...	167 07	167 07
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$25.98; interest, 3 per cent on \$165.95, \$4.98	...	30 96
Balance, March 31, 1916	30 96	...
...	30 96	30 96
176. - NANAIMO RIVER BAND, B.C.	...	...
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	17,230 40
Western Fuel Co., royalty on coal	...	11,325 00
Balance, March 31, 1916	28,555 40	...
...	28,555 40	28,555 40
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$377.75; interest, 3 per cent on \$17,608.15, \$528.24	...	905 99
Compensation for improvements on coal area, \$2,075; rent, coal area, \$115	...	2,190 00
Interest distributed, \$400; compensation money distributed, \$2,075	2,475 00	...
Refund on account of overpayment on land, \$1.10; relief, \$159.75	160 85	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	460 14	...
...	3,095 99	3,095 99
179. - BIG COVE INDIANS, N.B.	...	...
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$79.89; land sold, \$200	...	279 89
Services, guarding timber lands	16 00	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	263 89	...
...	279 89	279 89
Interest.	...	...
Debit, balance, April 1, 1915, \$11.92; interest, 3 per cent on \$67.97, \$2.04	11 92	2 04
Assignment fee	...	2 00
Inspecting and reporting on bridge	2 00	...
Debit balance, March 31, 1916	...	9 88
...	13 92	13 92
182.- DOKIS BAND, ONT.	...	...
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	926 363 10
Georgian Bay Lumber Co.: timber dues, \$1,828.22; half cost putting out fires \$274.61	...	2, 102 83
Putting out fires: men, 5 at \$3, 5 at \$2.50, 171 at \$2; provisions, \$104.27; boat hire, \$20 boat fares, \$15; axes, shovels, etc., \$38.95; cartage, \$1.50	549 22	...

Contribution to Patriotic Fund	1,000 00	...
Transfer to Acct. 182A, commission on timber sales	2,378 75	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	924,537 96	...
...	928,465 93	928,465 93

182. - DOKIS BAND, ONT - Concluded.	DR.	CR.
Interest.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$17,106.93; interest, 3 per cent on \$943,470.03, \$28,304.10	...	45,411 03
Collections: rents, \$34; renewal of licenses, \$89	...	123 00
Interest money distributed to Indians	25,990 15	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	19,543 88	...
...	45,534 03	45,534 03
182A. - DOKIS TIMBER MANAGEMENT FUND.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$1,317.40; interest, 3 per cent on \$1,317.40, \$39.52	...	1,356 92
Georgian Bay Lumber Co., half cost of fire ranging	...	229 50
Transfer from Acct. 182 Cap., commission on timber sales.	...	2,378 75
Agent G.P. Cockburn, salary, \$800; fire ranging, 612 d. at \$2	2,024 00	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	1,941 17	...
...	3,965 17	3,965 17
184.- COWESSESS BAND, SASK.	...	...
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	69,857 08
Lands sold	...	4,056 33
Balance, March 31, 1916	73,913 41	...
...	73,913 41	73,913 41
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$5,399.85; interest, 3 per cent on \$75,256.92, \$2,257.71	...	7,657 55
Interest on deferred land payments, \$3,947.81; assignment fee, \$1	...	3,948 81
Collections on account of seed grain advances	...	1,033 10
Interest distributed, \$9, 000; gopher poison, 80c	9,000 80	...
Seed: oats, 127 bush. at 75c., 200 at 70c.; wheat, 300 bush. at \$1.34, 304 1/2 at \$1.30	1,033 10	...
Pasture fence: barb wire, 100 spools, \$258.50; staples, etc., \$7.75; bacon, flour and provisions for men, \$59.45	325 70	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	2,279 86	...
...	12,639 46	12,639 46
185. - TURTLE MOUNTAIN SIOUX, MAN.	...	...
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$207.20; land sales, \$396	...	603 20
Balance, March 31, 1916	603 20	...
...	603 20	603 20
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$2.94; interest, 3 per cent on \$210.14, \$6.30	...	9 24
Interest on deferred land payments	...	118 80
Balance, March 31, 1916	128 04	...
...	128 04	128 04

188. - KAKAWISTAHAW'S BAND, SASK.	DR.	CR.
Capital.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	66,803 22
Collections on account of land sales	...	5,616 51
Balance, March 31, 1916	72,419 73	...
...	72,419 73	72,419 73
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$18,721.74; interest, 3 per cent on \$85, 524.96, \$2,565.75	...	21,287 49
Interest on deferred land payments, \$3,406.33; assignment fee, \$1	...	3,407 33
Collections on account of seed grain	...	303 00
Interest distributed, \$4,387; seed, oats, 199 bush., \$149.25.; wheat, 118 1/4 bush., \$153.75	4,690 00	...
Pasture fence: barb wire, 100 spools, \$275; staples, etc., \$8; provisions, \$62.45.	345 45	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	19,962 37	...
...	24,997 82	24,997 82
189. - JAMES RODERT'S BAND, SASK.	...	...
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	3,825 50
Balance, March 31, 1916	3,825 50	...
...	3,825 50	3,825 50
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$512.38; interest, 3 per cent on \$4,337.88, \$130.14	...	642 52
Interest on account of timber sales	...	22 95
Balance, March 31, 1916	665 47	...
...	665 47	665 47
190. - AMOS CHARLES BAND, SASK.	...	...
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	2,853 95
Balance, March 31, 1916	2,853 95	...
...	2,853 95	2,853 95
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$382.26; interest, 3 p.c. on \$3,236.21, \$97.09	...	479 35
Interest on account of timber sales	...	17 13
Wire fencing around church	38 00	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	458 48	...
...	496 48	496 48
191. - BEARDY'S BAND, SASK.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$596.30; interest, 3 p.c. on \$596.30, \$17.89	...	614 10
Rents collected	...	800 00
Grant to Patriotic Fund, \$100; burial expenses, \$12.39	112 39	...
Fencing: barb wire, 132 spools, \$448.80; pickets, 2,750, \$82.50; staples, nails and posts,		

\$10.50; Indian labourers, \$209.30	751 10	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	550 70	...
...	1,414 19	1,414 19

193. - WOOD MOUNTAIN, SASK.	DR.	CR.
...	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$5.40; interest, 3 p.c. on \$5.40, 16c	...	5 56
Royalty on coal	...	10 00
Balance, March 31, 1916	15 56	...
...	15 56	15 56
199. - SAKIMAY'S BAND, SASK.	...	...
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$10,742.95; lands sold, \$1,319.81	...	12,062 76
Balance, March 31, 1916	12,062 76	...
...	12,062 66	12,062 76
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915 \$230.11; interest, 3 p.c. on \$10,973.06, \$329.19	...	559 30
Interest on deferred land payments, \$559.08; camp permits, \$49.85	...	608 93
Refunds on account of seed grain, \$611.72; trespassing, \$5	...	616 72
Interest distributed, \$1,184; Seed wheat, 117 2/3 bush., \$147.10	1,331 10	...
Shoe drill, \$95; gopher poison, \$1.20; bull chain, etc., \$4.35	100 55	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	353 30	...
...	1,784 95	1,784 95
200. - BELLA COOLA BANDS, B.C.	...	...
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	110 00
Balance, March 31, 1916	110 00	...
...	110 00	110 00
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$670.21; interest, 3 p.c. on \$780.21, \$23.11	...	693 62
Side walk: 2 - in. cedar planks, 18,352 ft., \$220.22; nails, 5 kegs, \$18.20; cartage on lumber, etc., \$212.77; superintending, \$10	461 19	...
Cleaning river, \$3.50; cutting weeds, \$1.50	5 00	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	227 43	...
...	693 62	693 62
202. - WABAMUN BAND, ALTA.	...	...
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$69,160.85; lands sold, \$376.30	...	69,537 15
Balance, March 31, 1916	69,537 15	...
...	69,537 15	69,537 15
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$24.96; interest, 3 p.c. on \$69,185.81, \$2,075.57	...	2,100 53
Collections: interest on deferred land payments, \$196.55; on account of threshing, \$187.75; on account of seed grain, \$63.60; Bull Fund, \$126	...	573 90

Beef, 17,470 lb., \$1,564.68; bacon, 600 lb., \$75; flour, 22,000 lb., \$494	2,133 68	...
Clothing, \$150; medical attendance, \$407.75; veterinary service, \$12	569 75	...
Threshing grain, 6,255 bush., \$267.05; machine oil, 108 gal., \$6; scraper, \$47.15	820 20	...
Repairs to implements, \$29.55; freighting and cartage, \$86.69	116 24	...
Debit balance, March 31, 1916	...	465 44
...	3,139 87	3,139 87

207. - WILD LANDS RESERVE, ONT.	DR.	CR.
Capital.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	3,207 10
Timber dues, \$273.59; on account of improvements on hall, \$50	...	323 59
Transfers from the following accounts to amalgamate the bands' funds: Acct. 61, Little Forks, \$793.57; Acct. 131, Hungry Hall Band, \$1,210.70; Acct. 208, Manitou Rapids Band, \$585.92; Acct. 221, Long Sault Band, \$646.40	...	3,236 59
Money for improvements, distributed to Indians	1,622 00	...
Plan of subdivision of reserve, \$22.22; clerical services, \$16	38,22	...
Houses and stable for Indians re surrender of lands: carpenters, etc., \$330.85; lumber and hardware, \$1,886.15; rent of house, \$8.75	2,225 75	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	2,881 31	...
...	6,767 28	6,767 28
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$1,006.39; interest, 3 p.c. on \$4,213.49, \$126.40	...	1,132 79
Transfers from the following accounts to amalgamate the bands' funds: Acct. 61, Little Forks, \$111.39; Acct. 131, Hungry Hall Band, \$63.05; Acct. 208, Manitou Rapids, \$265.53; Acct. 221, Long Sault, \$45.69; Acct. 240, Hungry Hall No. 2, \$198.62	...	684 28
Bacon, 350 lb., \$61.25; flour, 30 sacks, \$82.50; tea, 50 lb., \$12; freight, \$3.41	159 16	...
Medical supplies, \$371.20; clothing, \$5; burial, \$13.10; farm tools, \$18.10	407 40	...
Mower, \$61; rake, \$35; seed potatoes, 247 bush., \$190.25; vegetable seed, \$2	288 25	...
Barb wire, 27 spools, \$78.30; builders' hardware, \$25.90	104 20	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	858 06	...
...	1,817 07	1,817 07
208. - MANITOU RAPIDS BAND, No. 1.	...	...
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$3,594.03; timber dues, \$374.79	...	3,968 82
Money for improvements re surrender of lands, distributed	3,382 90	...
Transfer to Acct. 207, Wild Lands Reserve	585 92	...
...	3,968 82	3,968 82
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$2.16; interest, 3 p.c. on \$3,596.19, \$107.88	...	110 04
Timber dues (dead and fallen timber)	...	278 04
Medical supplies, \$52.55; hay, 6 tons, \$70	122 55	...
Transfer to Acct. 207, Wild Lands Reserve	265 53	...
...	388 08	388 08
210. - PEIGAN INDIANS, ALTA.	...	...
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	18,987 67
Lands sold, \$4,292.44; blacksmith shop and sales, \$14.57	...	4,307 01
Refund on account of plowing outfits	...	2,022 17

Land for an addition to reserve, 71.15 acres	1,435 00	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	23,881 85	...
...	25,316 85	25,316 85
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$1,127.44; interest, 3 p.c. on \$20,115.11, \$603.45	...	1,730 89
Interest on deferred land payments, \$1,897.65; grazing dues, \$1,155.02	...	3,052 67
Rents collected, \$728.22; work done in blacksmith shop, threshing, etc., \$5,147.25	...	5,875 47
Assistant stockmen, \$314.32; bacon, 90 lb., \$11.61; beef, 16,922 lb., \$1,520.28	1,846 21	...
Flour, 8 sacks, \$25.11; binder, \$170; fore-carriages for binders, 8, \$176	371 11	...
Carried forward	2,217 32	10,659 03

210. - PEIGAN INDIANS, ALTA. - Concluded.	DR.	CR.
Interest - Concluded.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Brought forward	2,217 32	10,659 03
Fanning mill, \$38; transport truck, \$10; parts and repairs to implements, \$814.33	862 33	...
Gopher poison, \$22.92; formaldehyde, \$14.57; pump and fittings, \$37.75	75 24	...
Hay, 494.35 tons, \$1,977.40; pasturing horses, \$58.06; rubber hose, \$11	2,046 46	...
Harness repairs, \$55.55; rock salt, 4,100 lb., \$67.65; cutting weeds, \$34.80	158 00	...
Putting up ice, \$40.20; sawdust for ice house, \$48.26; rent of elevator, etc., \$26	114 46	...
Seed: oats, 84.24 bush., \$24.12; potatoes, 174.58 bush., \$130.93; wheat, 398 1/2 bush., \$432.79	587 84	...
Twine, 10,000 lb., \$990; sundry hardware, \$137.60; freight, \$53.66	1,181 26	...
Repairs to granary and caboose, \$211.26; sundry repairs, \$50.82	262 08	...
Stacking hay, \$40; farm labour, 1,298 1/2 d., \$600.70; meals, etc., \$136.97	777 67	...
Gang plow and threshing outfit: Cook, 2 1/2 m., \$72.50; boiler inspection, \$22.50; friction compound, \$20.61; gasoline, 2,020 1/2 gal., \$571.32; kerosene, 3,371 1/2 gal., \$745.31; machine oil, 367 1/2 gal., \$165.29; parts and repairs, \$322.35; threshing, 12,071 h., \$4,189.75; hauling grain, 443 h., \$155.05; sundry labour, \$129.85; meals for labourers, \$22.20; coal, 5 1/2 tons, \$26.63; travel, etc., \$12; total, \$6,455.36, less paid in 1916 - 17, \$3,498.05	2,957 31	...
Blacksmith shop: blacksmith, 5.77 m., \$392.58, 485 1/2 h., \$194.20; blacksmith supplies and repairs, \$495.63	1,082 41	...
Round-up: branding and dipping, 70 d., \$148.50; collecting and testing horses, 171 1/2 d., \$270.72; cook, 2.06 m., \$103.23; provisions, \$149.85; total, \$672.30, less advanced in 1914 - 15, \$500	172 30	...
Advance to agent, H.A. Gunn in 1914 - 15, \$1,000.; conveyancing, \$3; hay, 91.4 tons, \$435.50; straw, \$53; pasture, \$150; sundry feed, \$50; wages, \$25; meals, etc., \$8.60; refunded in 1916 - 17, \$274.90, total, \$1,000	...	...
Balance of advances to agt. H.A. Gunn, to purchase hay, to be refunded, in 1916 - 17, \$566.60; legal services, \$4	570 60	...
Transfer to Acct. 201, Savings, on account of Bull and Ranch Fund	120 83	...
Debit balance, March 31, 1916	...	2,527 08
...	13,186 11	13,186 11
211. - ASSABASKA BAND, ONT.	...	...
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	11,445 28
Timber dues: D.C. Cameron, \$4,500; Rat Portage Lumber Co., \$3,653.98	...	8,153 98
Balance, March 31, 1916	19,599 26	...
...	19,599 26	19,599 26
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$627.43; interest, 3 p.c. on \$12,072.71, \$362.18	...	989 61
Interest on account of deferred timber dues	...	514 74
Hospital treatment, \$16.50; coal, 1 1/2 tons, \$12; cartage, etc., \$40.88	69 38	...
Keep of horse, \$10.30; lumber and hardware, \$184; seed, \$12.98	207 28	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	1,227 69	...

...	1,504 35	1,504 35
214. - MUSCOWPETUNG RESERVE, SASK.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$21,388.10; lands sold, \$2,308.19	...	23,696 29
Contract, building houses for Indians, Emery & Poole, \$15,158; less lumber supplied by department, \$249.50	14,908 50	...
Sundry hardware for new houses	122 20	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	8,665 59	...
...	23,696 29	23,696 29

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214. - MUSCOWPETUNG RESERVE, SASK. - Concluded.	DR.	CR.
Interest.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$16,354.19; interest, 3 p.c. on \$37,742.29, \$1,132.27	...	17,486 46
Collections: interest on deferred land payments, \$3,933.42; transfer fees, \$3	...	3,936 42
Refunds: on account of seed grain, \$172.90; gopher poison, \$21.35	...	194 25
Interest distributed, \$1,899.30; compensation for damage to crop, \$100	1,999 30	...
Advertising for tenders for houses for Indians, \$92.50; inspecting houses, \$14.05	106 55	...
Taking down 18 frame shacks, carpenters, 245 h	110 25	...
Seed wheat, 86 bush., \$137.60; gopher poison, \$5	142 60	...
Balance, March, 31, 1916	19,258 43	...
...	21,617 13	21,617 13
215. - SETON LAKE INDIANS, B.C.	...	...
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$387.65; right of way, Great Eastern Ry., \$69.44	...	467 09
Stump puller, \$109.05; valuation of land for right of way, \$5	114 05	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	343 04	...
...	457 09	457 09
Interest.	...	...
Interest, 3 p.c. on \$387.65, \$11.63; relief supplies, \$11	11 00	11 63
Balance, March 31, 1916	0 63	...
...	11 63	11 63
216. - KEESEEKOOSE BAND, SASK.	...	...
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$13,719; lands sold, \$2,324	...	16,043 00
Refund to Casual Revenue on account of land surrender	6,915 00	...
Advance to Inspt. W.M. Graham to purchase heifers	4,000 00	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	5,128 00	...
...	16,043 00	16,043 00
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$863.24; interest, 3 p.c. on \$14,582.24, \$437.47	...	1,300 71
Interest on deferred land payments, \$904.18; assignment fees, \$2	...	906 18
Refund on account of seed grain	...	112 30
Interest distributed, \$1,008; relief supplies, \$153.13; freight, \$12.41	1,173 54	...
Seed: oats, 221 bush., \$167.57; barley, 16 bush., \$11.20	178 77	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	966 88	...
...	2,319 19	2,319 19
220. - STANGECOMING BAND, No. 18B, ONT.	...	...
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	307 08
Balance, March 31, 1916	307 08	...

...	307 08	307 08
Interest.	...	...
April 1 1915, \$18.10; interest, 3 p.c. on \$325.18, \$9.76	...	27 86
Seed potatoes, 10 bush., \$8.50; hire of gasoline launch, \$6	14 50	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	13 36	...
...	27 86	27 86

221. - LONG SAULT RESERVE, No. 30B, ONT.	DR.	CR.
Capital.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	646 40
Transfer to Acct. 207, Wild Lands Reserve	646 40	...
...	646 40	646 40
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$25.53; interest, 3 p.c. on \$671.93, \$20.16	...	45 69
Transfer to Acct. 207, Wild Lands Reserve	45 69	...
...	45 69	45 69
223. - SHOAL LAKE BAND NO.39, MAN.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$2,565; interest, 3 p.c. on \$2,565, \$76.05	...	2,641 95
Seed potatoes, 10 sacks, 900 lb	10 80	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	2,631 15	...
...	2,641 95	2,641 95
224. - GABRIEL TENESCO.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$1,512.62; interest, 3 p.c. on \$1,512.62, \$45.38	...	1,558 00
Interest paid to Gabriel Tenesco	42 00	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	1,516 00	...
...	1,558 00	1,558 00
225. - OCHAPOWACE BAND, SASK.	...	...
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	3 00
Balance, March 31, 1916	3 00	...
...	3 00	3 00
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$232.22; interest, 3 p.c. on \$235.222, \$7.06	...	239 28
Hay permits, pasture and miscellaneous collections	...	145 00
Fencing pasture, \$316.70; repairs to implements, \$5.65	322,35	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	61 93	...
...	384 28	384 28
226. - MONTREAL LAKE BAND, SASK.	...	...
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	1,335 89
Balance, March 31, 1916	1,335 89	...
...	1,335 89	1,335 89
Interest.	...	...
Interest, 3 p.c. on \$1,835.89	...	40 08
Interest on timber sales transferred to Acct. 189, Jas. Robert's Band	40 08	...
...	40 08	40 08

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227. - KEYS RESERVE, MAN.	DR.	CR.
Capital.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$6,219.87; lands sold, \$1, 075.90	...	7,295 77
Refunded to Casual Revenue on account of land surrender	5,675 00	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	1,620 77	...
...	7,295 77	7,295 77
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$546.65; interest, 3 p.c. on \$6,766,52, \$203	...	749 65
Interest on deferred land payments, \$412.90; miscellaneous collections, \$13.88	...	426 78
Refunds on account of seed grain	...	273 10
Interest distributed, \$574; relief supplies, \$48.50	622 50	...
Seed oats, 226 bush., \$169.50; threshing 835 bush. grain, \$45.96	215 46	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	611 57	...
...	1,449 53	1,449 53
228. - WAHNAPIITAE (TAIGAIWENENI) BAND, ONT.	...	...
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	20,549 59
Transfer of capital to Acct. 15, Mainitoulin Island Indians, 8 Shares	1,245 44	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	19,304 15	...
...	20,549 59	20,549 59
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$709.77; interest, 3 p.c. on \$21,259.36, \$637.78	...	1,347 55
Interest on deferred land payments	...	77 34
Interest distributed, \$500.99; medical officer, Dr. R.W. Shaw, \$90.24	591 23	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	833 66	...
...	1,424 89	1,424 89
230. - ONION LAKE INDIANS, SASK.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$185. 10; interest. 3 p.c. on \$184.10 \$5.55	...	190 65
Collections on account of sawing outfit and Bull Fund	...	25 00
Rent of timber berth, 1914 - 15 and 1915 - 168.06; cylinder oil \$2.50	170 56	...
Mortising machine, \$16; repairs to engine, \$3.60	19 60	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	25 49	...
...	215 65	215 65
231. - MUSCOWEQUAN'S BAND, SASK.	...	...
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	5,343 66
Land sales	...	121 10
Balance, March 31, 1916	5,464 76	...
...	5,464 76	5,464 76
Interest.	...	...

Balance, April 1, 1915, \$1,214.15; interest, 3 p.c. on \$6,557.81, \$196.73	...	1,410 88
Interest on deferred land payments, \$34.15; assignment fees, \$2	...	36 15
Binder and 2 drills	538 00	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	909 03	...
...	1,447 03	1,447 03

233. - PAS MOUNTAIN INDIANS, MAN.	DR.	CR.
Capital.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	56,849 12
Land sales, \$3,431; timber trespass fine, \$3.60	...	3,434 60
Flour, 467 sacks, \$1,377.65; lard, 1,400 lb., \$192.50; sugar, 2,500 lb., \$191.25	1,761 40	...
Tea, 1, 400 lb., \$280; cartridges, 22, 225, \$400	680 00	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	57,842 32	...
...	60,283 72	60,283 72
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$1,149.52; interest, 3 p.c. on \$57,998.64, \$1, 739.96	...	2,889 48
Collections: rents, \$220; fees, \$43; fines, \$30	...	293 00
Interest distributed, \$2,054.30; hay permit, \$10.50	2,064 80	...
Building saw-mill: lumber and hardware, \$301.04; provisions, \$89. 15; balance of advance (\$500), refunded in 1916 - 17, \$109.81	500 00	...
Flour, 1,470 lb., \$60; bacon, 180 lb., \$40; twine, 40 lb., \$42; sundry relief for destitute, \$16.20	158 20	...
Moving boiler and log carriage, \$42; freighting, \$25; cartage, \$15	82 00	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	377 48	...
...	3,182 48	3, 182 48
234. - BEREN'S RIVER BAND, MAN.	...	...
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	277 50
Balance, March 31, 1916	277 50	...
...	227 50	277 50
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$107.46; interest, 3 p.c. on \$384.96, \$11.55	...	119 01
Flour, 6 sacks, \$30; bacon; 60 lb., \$18; tea, 12 lb., \$6	54 00	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	65 01	...
...	119 01	119 01
235. - UCLUELET BAND, B.C.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$9.68; interest, 3 p.c. on \$9.68, 29c	...	9 97
Cutting thistles, 2 d	5 00	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	4 97	...
...	9 97	9 97
237. - JOHN BULL MAKETENENAI.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$3,332.76; interest, 3 p.c. on \$3,332.76, \$99.98	...	3,432 74
Interest paid J.B. Maketenenai	99 00	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	3,333 74	...
...	3,432 74	3,432 74
238. - MARY ANNE MAKETENENAI.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$1,527 26; interest, 3 p.c. on \$1,527.26, \$45.82	...	1,573 08

Interest paid M.A. Maketenenai	45 80	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	1, 527 28	...
...	1,573 08	1,573 08

241. - CAPILANO CREEK BAND, B.C.	DR.	CR.
Capital.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	9,003 82
Balance, March 31, 1916	9,003 82	...
...	9,003 82	9,003 82
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$1,316; interest, 3 per cent on \$10, 319.82, \$309.59	...	1,625 59
Rents collected	...	176 40
Balance, March 31, 1916	1,801 99	...
...	1,801 99	1,801 99
242. - MARKTOSIS BAND, B.C.	...	
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$128.24; interest, 3 per cent on \$128.24, \$3.85	...	132 09
Rent collected	...	25 00
Cutting weeds, 20 h	4 00	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	153 09	...
...	157 09	157 09
244. - COCKBURN ISLAND INDIANS, ONT.	...	...
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	19,722 92
Transfer from Acct. 25, Ojibbewas and Ottawas of Manitoulin Island, Ont., share of net collections	...	251 37
Balance, March 31, 1916	19,974 29	...
...	19,974 29	19,974 29
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1995, \$1,282.43; 3 per cent on on \$21,005.35, \$630.16	...	1,912 59
Transfer from Acct. 25, Ojibbewas and Ottawas of Manitoulin Island, Ont., share of net collections	...	116 45
Interest distributed, \$580.50; contribution to Patriotic Fund, \$200	780 50	...
Chief, \$25; relief supplies, \$18.75	43 75	...
Medical officer, Dr. J.A. Baker, 12 m. to Mar. 31	56 80	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	1,147 99	...
...	2,029 04	2,029 04
245. - OBIDGEWONG INDIANS, ONT.	...	...
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	3,721 50
Transfer from Acct. 25, Ojibbewas and Ottawas of Manitoulin Island, Ont., share of net collections	...	22 45
Balance, March 31, 1916	3,743 95	...
...	3,743 95	3,743 95
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$104.30; interest 3 per cent on \$3,825.80, \$114.77	...	219 07

Transfer from Acct. 25, Ojibbewas and Ottawas of Manitoulin Island, Ont., share of net collections	...	10 40
Interest distributed, \$120; hay, 2 ton, \$24	144 00	...
Medical officer, Dr. J.A. Baker, 12 m. to Mar. 31	10 92	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	74 55	...
...	229 47	229 47

246. - SHEGUIANDAH INDIANS, ONT.	DR.	CR.
Capital.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	47,301 34
Transfer from Acct. 25, Ojibbewas and Ottawas of Manitoulin Island, Ont., share of net collections	...	493 76
Road work: road machine, 1 d., \$5; team at \$3, \$110.65; labourers at \$1.50, \$132.60, at 50 c., \$1.75	250 00	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	47,545 10	...
...	47,795 10	47,795 10
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$1,022.38; interest, 3 per cent on \$48,323.72, \$1,449.71	...	2,472 09
Transfer from Acct. 25, Ojibbewas and Ottawas of Manitoulin Island, Ont., share of net collections	...	228 73
Interest distributed, \$646.40; contribution to Patriotic Fund, \$500	1,146 40	...
Medical officer, Dr. P.J. McDonald, 12 m. to Feb. 28, part salary	168 00	...
Chief, \$30; burial expenses, \$35.25; relief supplies, \$6; roadwork, \$13	84 25	...
Sheguiandah School: teachers: R.S. Ferguson, 6 m. to June 30, \$210; W.D. Murray, 4 m. to Dec. 31, \$111.75	321 75	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	980 42	...
...	2,700 82	2,700 82
247. - SHESHEGWANING INDIANS, ONT.	...	...
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	62,604 29
Transfer from Acct. 25 Ojibbewas and Ottawas of Manitoulin Island, Ont., share of net collections	...	821 45
Timber dues	...	165 92
Combination thresher with engine, complete	583 00	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	63,008 66	...
...	63,591 66	63,591 66
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$1, 727.41; interest, 3 per cent on \$64, 331.70, \$1, 929.95	...	3,657 36
Transfer from Acct. 25, Ojibbewas and Ottawas of Manitoulin Island, Ont., share of net collections	...	380 53
Interest distributed, \$784.95; contribution to Patriotic Fund, \$500	1,284 95	...
Medical officer, Dr. J.A. Baker, 12 m. to Dec. 31, \$182.28; constable, \$6	188 28	...
Maintenance in hospital, 273 d., \$273; hauling thresher, \$8	281 00	...
Maintenance in Penetanguishene Hospital for Insane, 15 m	97 50	...
Drilling wells, 338 ft., \$819.50; pumps, 8, \$136; repairs, \$47; total, \$1,002.50, less paid in 1916 - 17, \$464.25	538 25	...
Sheshegwaning School: teacher, E. Lensch, 12 m. to Dec. 31, part salary, \$300; clock, \$5	305 00	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	1,342 91	...
...	4,037 89	4,037 89

248. - SOUTH BAY BAND, ONT.	...	...
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	31,901 58
Transfer from Acct. 25, Ojibbewas and Ottawas of Manitoulin Island, Ont., share of net collections	...	327 68
Balance, March 31, 1916	32,229 26	...
...	32,229 26	32,229 26

248. - SOUTH BAY BAND, ONT - Concluded.	DR.	CR.
Interest.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$1,104.43; interest, 3 per cent on \$33,006.01, \$990.18	...	2,094 61
Transfer from Acct. 25, Ojibbewas and Ottawas of Manitoulin Island, Ont., share of net collections	...	151 79
Interest distributed, \$580; contribution to Patriotic Fund, \$200	780 00	...
Medical officer, Dr. R.W. Shaw, 12 m. to Feb. 29, part salary	90 24	...
Chief, \$5; farm tools, \$15.55; taking statistics, \$6	26 55	...
Teacher's salary, 12 m. to Dec. 31, \$200; school supplies, \$6.62	206 62	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	1,142 99	...
...	2,246 40	2,246 40
249. - SUCKER CREEK BAND, ONT.	...	...
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	35,609 85
Transfer from Acct. 25, Ojibbewas and Ottawas of Manitoulin Island, Ont., share of net collections	...	543 14
Timber dues	...	275 76
Balance, March 31, 1916	36,428 75	...
...	36,428 75	36,428 75
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	1,091 11
Interest: 6 per cent on \$1,612.67; 3 per cent on \$35,088.29	...	1,149 41
Transfer from Acct. 25, Ojibbewas and Ottawas of Manitoulin Island, Ont., share of net collections	...	251 61
Interest distributed, \$697.90; contribution to Patriotic Fund, \$500	1,197 90	...
Medical officer, Dr. P.J. McDonald, 12 m. to Feb. 29, \$168; assistants, \$40	208 00	...
Chief, \$40; maintenance in hospital, 22 d., \$27; relief supplies, \$45	112 00	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	974 23	...
...	2,492 13	2,492 13
250. - SUCKER LAKE INDIANS, ONT.	...	...
Capital.	...	...
Balance April 1, 1915	...	5,805 38
Transfer from Acct. 25, Ojibbewas and Ottawas of Manitoulin Island, Ont., share of net collections	...	49 38
Balance, March 31, 1916	5,854 76	...
...	5,854 76	5,854 76
Interest.	...	...
Balance April 1, 1915, \$198.54; interest, 3 p.c. on \$6,003.92, \$180.12	...	378 66
Transfer; from Acct. 25, Ojibbewas and Ottawas of Manitoulin Island, Ont., share of net collections	...	22 87
Interest distributed	157 80	...

Medical officer, Dr. R.W. Shaw, 12 m. to Feb. 29, part salary	12 72	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	231 01	...
...	401 53	401 53

251. - WEST BAY INDIANS, ONT.	DR.	CR.
Capital.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	100,416 37
Transfer from Acct. 25, Ojibbewas and Ottawas of Manitoulin Island, Ont., share of net collections	...	1,346 64
Survey of reserve: T.J. Patten, O.L.S., at \$8, \$512; assistant, at \$4, \$120; chainmen and axe men at \$2, \$277; team, 10 1/2 d., \$26; board, 71 d., \$73; iron posts, 210, \$157.50; fares and freight, \$5.50; sundries, \$2.50	1,173 50	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	100,589 51	...
...	101,763 01	101,763 01
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	1,800 86
Interest: 6 p.c. on \$5,970.09; 3 p.c. on \$96,247.14	...	3,245 61
Transfer from Acct. 25, Ojibbewas and Ottawas of Manitoulin Island, Ont., share of net collections	...	623 81
Interest distributed, \$2,000.25; contribution to Patriotic Fund, \$500	2,500 25	...
Medical officer, Dr. R.W. Davis, 12 m. to Jan. 31, \$600; operation, \$35; assistant, Dr. J.A. Baker, \$35	670 00	...
Chief, \$25; constable, \$12; maintenance, 5 w., \$29	66 00	...
Teacher's salary, 9 m. to Sept. 30, \$375; piling wood, \$2	377 00	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	2,057 03	...
...	5,670 28	5,670 23
253. - SOMENOS BAND, B.C.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$71.06; interest, 3 p.c. on \$71.06, \$2.13	...	73 19
Rents collected, \$246; rent money distributed, \$305	305 00	246 00
Balance, March 31, 1916	14 19	...
...	319 19	319 19
256. - CAMPBELL RIVER BAND, B.C.	...	...
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	199 36
Balance, April 1, 1916	199 36	...
...	199 36	199 36
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$328.86; interest, 3 p.c. on \$528.22, \$15.85	...	344 71
Rents collected	...	150 00
Balance, March 31, 1916	494 71	...
...	491.71	494 71
258. - LAICKWILTACK INDIANS, CAPE MUDGE, B.C.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$164.96; interest, 3 p.c. on \$164.96; \$4.95	...	169 91
Trespass fine	...	50 00
Balance, March 31, 1916	219 91	...

259. - FAIRFORD BAND, MAN.	DR.	CR.
Capital.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	514 05
Balance, March 31, 1916	514 05	...
...	514 05	514 05
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$45.57; interests 3 pc. on \$559.62, \$16.79	...	62 36
Lumber, 915 ft.	25 13	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	37 23	...
...	62 36	62 36
260. - MICHEL'S BAND, ALTA.	...	...
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	48,972 46
Balance, March 31, 1916	48,972 46	...
...	48,972 46	48,972 46
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$7,447.62; interest, 3 p.c. on \$56,420.08, \$1,692.60	...	9, 140 22
Refund on account of seed grain, \$64.70; sale of separator, \$19.20	...	83 90
Medical attendance: Dr. Oatway, \$10; Dr. J. Park, \$21; Dr. W. Ternan, \$191.25.	222 25	...
Veterinaries, Drs. Cairns and McCord, \$111; trusses, 3, \$6.75	117 75	...
Seed: oats, 343 1/2 bush., \$217.45; wheat, 26 bush., \$31.20; barley, 39 bush., \$27.30	275 95	...
Relief supplies, \$72; shingles, 43 1/2 M, \$112.15; building material, \$17.25	201 40	...
Stallion, \$330; horses, 3, \$455; collar and halter, \$8.75; wagon, \$101	894 75	...
Binder, \$162; mowers, 2, \$124; rakes, 2, \$80; separator, \$61.75; plough, \$28; harrow, \$14	469 75	...
Wire 200 spools, \$670; staples, \$7.50; nails, etc., \$8.35; freighting, \$14	699 85	...
Refund to Casual Revenue on account of purchase of bulls	193 00	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	6,149 42	...
...	9,224 12	9,224 12
265. - SWEET GRASS RESERVE, SASK.	...	...
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	1,680 30
Balance, March 31, 1916	1,680 30	...
...	1,680 30	1,680 30
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$650.41; interest, 3 p.c. on \$2,330.71, \$69.92	...	720 33
Bacon, 500 lb.	69 03	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	651 30	...
...	720 33	720 33
268. - KINISTINO BAND, SASK.	...	...
Capital.	...	...

Balance, April 1, 1915	...	4,966 65
Timber dues	...	180 25
Balance, March 31, 1916	5,146 90	...
...	5,146 90	5,146 90

268. - KINISTINO BAND, SASK. - Concluded.	DR.	CR.
Interest.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$680.27; interest, 3 p.c. on \$5,646.92, \$169.41	...	849 68
Ox harness 1 set	12 00	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	837 68	...
...	849 68	849 68
271. - FISHING LAKE BAND, SASK.	...	...
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	4,783 27
Land sales	...	65 00
Balance, March 31, 1916	4,848 27	...
...	4,848 27	4,948 27
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$1,815.14; interest, 3 p.c. on \$6,598.41, \$197.95	...	2,013 09
Interest distributed, \$1,815; cedar posts, 1,000, \$180	1,995 00	...
Medical attendance, Dr. L.T. Ainley	25 00	...
Debit balance, March 31, 1916	...	6 91
...	2,020 00	2,020 00
272. - PAPINEAU RESERVE, N.B.	...	...
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	564 40
Balance, March 31, 1916	564 40	...
...	564 40	564 40
Interest.	...	...
Balance April 1, 1915, \$350.19; interest, 3 p.c. on \$914.59, \$27.44	...	377 63
Fishing privileges	...	25 15
Balance, March 31, 1916	402 78	...
...	402 78	402 78
273. - LAC SEUL INDIANS, ONT.	...	...
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	257 05
Dues on ties	...	326 37
Balance, March 31, 1916	583 42	...
...	583 42	583 42
Interest.	...	...
Interest 3 P.c. on \$257.05	...	7 71
Balance: March 31, 1916	7 71	...
...	7 71	7 71

274. - MAMEET INDIANS, B.C.	DR.	CR.
Capital.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	752 15
Balance, March 31, 1916	752 15	...
...	752 15	752 15
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$387.40; interest, 3 p.c. on \$1,139.55, \$34.19	...	421 59
Maintenance in hospital, 13 d., \$13; supplies for destitute, \$3	16 00	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	405 91	...
...	421 59	421 59
277. - SODA CREEK RESERVE, B.C.	...	...
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	333 65
Refund on account of right of way, 75c.; seed oats, 4,100 lb., \$164	164 75	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	168 90	...
...	333 65	333 65
Interest.	...	...
Interest, 3 p.c. on \$333.65	...	10 01
Balance, March 31, 1916	10 01	...
...	10 01	10 01
278. - WHYCOCOMAGH RESERVE, N.S.	...	...
Rent collected	...	16 00
Balance, March 31, 1916	16 00	...
...	16 00	16 00
285. - NICKICKONSEMENECANING BAND, ONT.	...	...
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	37,030 91
Timber dues, A.M. Shaw & Co.	...	9,173 70
Balance, March 31, 1916	46,204 61	...
...	46,204 61	46,204 61
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$1,745 60; interest, 3 p.c. on \$38,776.51, \$1,163.30	...	2,908 90
Interest distributed, \$1,030; relief supplies, \$172.70; counting ties, \$12.85	1,215 55	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	1,693 35	...
...	2,908 90	2,908 90

286. - ADAM'S LAKE INDIANS, B.C.	DR.	CR.
Capital.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	497 30
Balance, March 31, 1916	497 30	...
...	497 30	497 30
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$51.06; interest, 3 p.c. on \$548.36, \$16.45	...	67 51
Relief supplies	12 00	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	55 51	...
...	67 51	67 51
289. - CHEAM INDIANS, B.C.	...	...
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	2,429 51
Balance, March 31, 1916	2,429 51	...
...	2,429 51	2,429 51
Interest.	...	...
Interest, 3 p.c. on \$2,429.51	...	72 88
Relief supplies	67 00	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	5 88	...
...	72 88	72 88
290. - FORT FOLLY INDIANS, N.B.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$27.99; interest, 3 p.c. on \$27.99, 84c	...	28 83
Wire fencing for cemetery	12 00	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	16 83	...
...	28 83	28 83
293. - CUMBERLAND (JAMES SMITH'S) BAND, SASK.	...	...
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	62,399 28
Refund on account of timber and land dues	...	4 00
Balance, March 31, 1916	62,403 28	...
...	62,403 28	62,403 28
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$4,651.22; interest, 3 p.c. on \$67,050.50, \$2,011.52	...	6,662 74
Refunds: on account of implements, \$12.70; on account of wire, etc., \$4	...	16 70
Sale of separator, \$50; assignment fee, \$2	...	52 00
Interest distributed, \$104; relief supplies, \$1,060.23; drugs, etc., \$120.51	1,284 74	...
Seed wheat, 123 1/2 bush., \$156.55; seed oats, 200 bush., \$130; steers, 2, \$130	416 55	...
Constable, 3 m., \$30; farm labourer, 50 d., \$64; running separator, 26 d., \$65	159 00	...
Building church, 43 d., \$93; lumber, \$68.12; shingles, 8 1/2 M, \$31.88	193 00	...
Wire, 8 rolls, \$32; fencing, \$12; hardware, \$64.60; freighting, \$54.91	163 51	...

Binder, \$163; seed drill, \$100; wagons, 2, \$180; 1 set bob-sleighs, \$40	483 00	...
Plough, \$56; mower, \$54.50; fanning mill, \$45; rake, 36.50	192 00	...
Ox harness, 2 sets, \$24; grain pickler, \$20; repairs to implements, \$57.55	101 55	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	3,738 09	...
...	6,731 44	6,731 44

297. - SLIAMMON BAND, B.C.	DR.	CR.
...	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$1,160.23; interest, 3 p.c. on \$1,160.23; \$34.81	...	1,195 04
Rents collected	...	125 00
Lawn fence, 600 ft., \$103; gate, \$4.25; freight, \$2.20; relief supplies, \$3	112 45	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	1,207 59	...
...	1,320 04	1,320 04
300. - ST. CROIX INDIANS, N.B.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$73.66; interest, 3 p.c. on \$73.66	...	75 87
Caretaker, 12 m.	15 00	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	60 87	...
...	75 87	75 87
304. - MISTAWASIS BAND, SASK.	...	...
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	616 87
Balance March 31, 1916	616 87	...
...	616 87	616 87
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$1,066.56; interest, 3 p.c. on \$1,683.43, \$50.50	...	1,117 06
Refunds on account of threshing, seed, horses, etc.	...	396 81
Collections on account of threshing, twine, etc., \$84.30; rent, \$18	...	102 30
Engineer threshing 19 d., \$57; separator man, 25 d., \$50	107 00	...
Seed oats, 564 bush., \$411; seed wheat, 306 bush., \$388.62	799 62	...
Repairs to fences, \$36.40; artificial leg, \$15.45; hardware, \$18.35	70 20	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	639 35	...
...	1,616 17	1,616 17
305. - THUNDERCHILD'S BAND, SASK.	...	...
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	10,584 26
Land sales	...	3,435 63
Balance, March 31, 1916	14,019 89	...
...	14,019 89	14,019 89
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$7,956.20; interest, 3 p.c. on \$18,540.46, \$556.21	...	8,512 41
Interest distributed, \$1,488.47; exchange, 58c.; transfer fee, \$1	1,489 05	1 00
Contributions: Patriotic Fund, \$200; Red Cross Fund, \$100	300 00	...
Refund, overpayment on land, \$10.25; machinery repairs, \$15.60	25 85	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	6,698 51	...
...	8,513 41	8,513 41
311. - SHIP HARBOUR INDIANS, N.S.	...	...

Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	5,457 98
Timber dues, Arthur Webber	...	528 27
Arrears of timber dues paid	27 20	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	5,959 05	...
...	5,986 25	5,986 25

311. - SHIP HARBOUR INDIANS, N.S. - Concluded.	DR.	CR.
Interest.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$319.38; interest, 3 p.c. on \$5,777.36, \$173.32	...	492 70
Ground rent and renewal fee, Arthur Webber	...	26 00
Balance, March 31, 1916	518 70	...
...	518 70	518 70
312. - WHONOCK BAND, B.C.	...	...
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	1,008 75
Balance, March 31, 1916	1,008 75	...
...	1,008 75	1,008 75
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$23.03; interest, 3 p.c. on \$1,031.78, \$30.95	...	53 98
Relief supplies	24 50	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	29 48	...
...	53 98	53 98
319. - MOOSOMIN BAND, SASK.	...	...
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	2,541 01
Land sales	...	1,158 00
Balance, March 31, 1916	3,699 01	...
...	3,699 01	3,699 01
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$100.57; interest, 3 p.c. on \$2,641.58, \$79.25	...	179 82
Assignment fees, \$3; interest money distributed, \$2.95	2 95	3 00
Balance, March 31, 1916	179 87	...
...	182 82	182 82
322. - ESQUIMALT BAND, B.C.	...	...
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	316 41
Balance, March 31, 1916	316 41	...
...	316 41	316 41
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$1,214.50; interest, 3 p.c. on \$1, 530.91, \$45.93	...	1,260 43
Rents and improvements	...	1,014 25
Interest distributed, \$500.65; compensation for improvements, \$764.25	1,264 90	...
Water rates, \$19.80; relief supplies, \$22.25	42 05	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	967 73	...
...	2,274 68	2,274 68

324. - PATCHEENA RESERVE, B.C.	DR.	CR.
Capital.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	4,648 80
Balance, March 3, 1916	4,648 80	...
...	4,648 80	4,648 80
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April, 1 1915, \$76.26; interest, 3 p.c. on \$4,725.06, \$141.75	...	218 01
Interest distributed, \$112; relief supplies, \$23.45	135.45	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	82 56	...
...	218 01	218 01
325. - VALLEY RIVER RESERVE, MAN.	...	...
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	1,408 61
Timber dues: John Sinnott, \$200; sundry collections, \$384.40	...	584 40
Balance, March 31, 1916	1,993 01	...
...	1,993 01	1,993 01
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$37.97; interest, 3 p.c. on \$1,446.58, \$43.40	...	81 37
Timber dues	...	24 58
Relief, supplies, \$42 09; lime, 8 brl., \$22; freight, \$1.80	65 89	...
Gopher poison, \$21.06; roadwork, \$19	40 06	...
...	105 95	105 95
328. - RAINY LAKE RESERVE, No. 17A (Northwest Bay), ONT.	...	...
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	5,748 41
Balance, March 31, 1916	5,748 41	...
...	5,748 41	5,748 41
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$146.99; interest, 3 p.c. on \$5,895.40, \$176.86	...	323 85
Interest distributed, \$186; potatoes, 5 1/2 bush., \$4.68; scythe, \$1.10	191 81	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	132 07	...
...	323 85	323 85
329. - LOWER SIMILKAMEEN RESERVE, Nos. 3, 5, 7, 8, B.C.	...	...
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	584 25
Balance, March 31, 1916	584 25	...
...	584 25	584 25
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$158.81; interest, 3 p.c. on \$743.06, \$22.29	...	181 10
Relief supplies	76 10	...

Balance, March 31, 1916	105 00	...
...	181 10	181 10

330. - DEADMAN'S CREEK RESERVE, B.C.	DR.	CR.
Capital.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	425 00
Balance, March 31, 1916	425 00	...
...	425 00	425 00
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$124.26; interest, 3 p.c. on \$549.26, \$16.48	...	140 74
Relief supplies	27 00	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	113 74	...
...	140 74	140 74
332. - STONY RESERVES, Nos. 110 and 111, SASK.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	46,157 02
Balance, March 31, 1916	46,157 02	...
...	46,157 02	46,157 02
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$1,183.05; interest, 3 p.c. on \$47,340 07, \$1,420.20	...	2,603 25
Interest distributed to Indians	2,526 00	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	77 25	...
...	2,603 25	2,603 25
333. - UPPER SIMILKAMEEN INDIANS, B.C.	...	...
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	966 80
Balance, March 31, 1916	966 80	...
...	966 80	966 80
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$709.75; interest, 3 p.c. on \$1676.55, \$50.30	...	760 05
Rents collected	...	38 00
Balance, March 31, 1916	798 05	...
...	798 05	798 05
334. - BURRARD INLET BAND, No. 3, B.C.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$1,368.60; interest, 3 p.c. on \$1,368.60, \$41.06	...	1,409 66
Rents collected	...	300 00
Balance, March 31, 1916	1,709 66	...
...	1,709 66	1,709 66

335. - HOLLOW WATER RIVER BAND, MAN.	DR.	CR.
Capital.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	1,354 16
Balance, March 31, 1916	1,354 16	...
...	1,354 16	1,354 16
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$57.71; interest, 3 p.c. on \$1,411.87, \$42.36	...	100 07
Bacon, 352 lb., \$49.98; flour, 15 sacks, \$45.75	95 73	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	4 34	...
...	100 07	100 07
336. - SEMIAHMOO BAND, B.C.	...	
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	1,281 72
Balance, March 31, 1916	1,281 72	...
...	1,281 72	1,281 72
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$158.47; interest, 3 p.c. on \$1,440.19, \$43.21	...	201 68
Rent collected	...	12 00
Relief supplies, \$12.95; fire fighting, \$2.50	15 45	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	198 23	...
...	213 68	213 68
337. - SEINE RIVER RESERVES, 23A AND 23B, ONT.	...	...
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	125 76
Timber dues collected	...	93 20
Balance, March 31, 1916	218 96	...
...	218 96	218 96
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$37.96; interest, 3 p.c. on \$163.72, \$4.91	...	42 87
Board of sick Indian, 6 d	7 50	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	35 37	...
...	42 87	42 87
338. - SANDY BAY RESERVE, No. 7, MAN.	...	...
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	369 33
Balance, March 31, 1916	369 33	...
...	369 33	369 33
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$90.92; interest, 3 p.c. on \$460.25, \$13.81	...	104 73
Relief supplies	110 25	...

Debit balance, March 31, 1916	...	5 52
...	110 25	110 25

339. - PORT SIMPSON INDIANS, B.C.	DR.	CR.
Capital.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Transfer from Interest, share of funds	...	47 13
Transfer from: Acct. 369, Willaclough Reserve, \$156.86, Acct. 371, Khyex Reserve, \$151.48 to close accounts	...	308 34
Balance, March 31, 1916	355 47	...
...	355 47	355 47
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$280.52; interest, 3 p.c. on \$280.52, \$8.42	...	288 94
Relief supplies, \$25; burial expenses, \$24.15; cutting thistles, 5 d., \$15	64 15	...
Transfer to Capital, share of funds	47 13	...
Transfer from: Acct. 369, Willaclough Reserve, \$19.18 Acct. 370, Meanlaw Reserve, \$53, Acct., 371, Khyex Reserve, \$18.51	...	90 69
Balance, March 31, 1916	268 35	...
...	379 63	379 63
340. - METLAKATLA INDIANS, B.C.	...	...
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	59,375 13
Transfer from; Acct. 369, Willaclough Reserve, \$39.64, Acct. 371, Khyex Reserve No. 8, B.C., \$38.27	...	77 91
Balance, March 31, 1916	59,453 04	...
...	59,453 04	59,453 04
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$3,793.48; interest, 3 p.c. on \$63,168.61, \$1,895.06	...	5,688 54
Balance of estate of late Henry Carlton	...	58 45
Transfer from: Acct. 369 Willaclough Reserve, \$4.84, Acct. 370, Meanlaw Reserve, \$13.40, Acct. 371, Khyex Reserve, \$4.68	...	22 92
Mrs. Laura Carlton, estate of late Henry Carlton	58 45	...
Land money distributed to Indians, \$600; relief supplies, \$10.30	610 30	...
Board, 5 M, \$25; paint, 125 gal., \$327.60; lumber, 4,367 ft., \$72.75; oil, \$3	428 35	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	4,672 81	...
...	5,769 91	5,769 91
341. - HOMALKO BAND, B.C.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$721.14; interest, 3 p.c. on \$721.14, \$21.63	...	742 77
Rent of right of way, Orfor Bay Timber and Logging Co.	...	100 00
Relief supplies	3 00	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	839 77	...
...	842 77	842 77
342. - COMOX BAND, B.C.	...	...
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	51 50

Comox Logging and Railway Co., right of way	...	517 15
Right of way money distributed to Indians	258 57	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	310 08	...
...	568 65	568 65

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342. - COMOX BAND, B.C. - Concluded.	DR.	CR.
Interest.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$381.09; interest, 3 p.c. on \$432.59, \$12.98	...	394 07
Canadian Western Lumber Co., cancellation of lease and improvements	...	882 85
Money for improvements distributed to Indians	882 85	...
Relief supplies	55 95	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	338 12	...
...	1,276 92	1,276 92
343. - DREW HARBOUR INDIANS, B.C.	...	...
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	256 87
Balance, March 31, 1916	256 87	...
...	256 87	256 87
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$188.16; interest, 3 p.c. on \$445.03 \$13.35	...	201 51
Rental of right of way, Abbott Timber Co., \$100; interest distributed, \$202.44	202 44	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	99 07	...
...	301 51	301 51
347. - HOMAIS RESERVE, B.C.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$107.79; interest, 3 p.c. on \$107.79, \$3.23	...	111 02
Rental of right of way	...	15 00
Balance, March 31, 1916	126 02	...
...	126 02	126 02
349. - PENTICTON RESERVE, B.C.	...	...
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	8,671 90
Antoine Pierre, 117.55 acres for experimental farm less 10 p.c. retained	4,588 43	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	4,083 47	...
...	8,671 90	8,671 90
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$790.23; interest, 3 p.c. on \$9,462.13, \$283.86	...	1,074 09
Relief supplies, \$97.96; cutting weeds, 40 d., \$101.50	199 46	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	874 63	...
...	1,074 09	1,074 09
350. - KITSUMKAYLUM BAND, B.C.	...	...
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	1,755 44
Timber dues, \$99.50; timber trespass fine, \$150	...	249 50
Balance, March 31, 1916	2,004 94	...
...	2,004 94	2,004 94

350. - KITSUMKAYLUM BAND B.C. - Concluded.	DR.	CR.
Interest.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$221.64; interest, 3 p.c. on \$1,977.08, \$59.31	...	280 95
Balance, March 31, 1916	280 95	...
...	280 95	280 95
351. - KITWANGA BAND, B.C.	...	...
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	1,502 39
Balance, March 31, 1916	1,502 39	...
...	1,502 39	1,502 39
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$587.44; interest, 3 p.c. on \$2,089.83, \$62.70	...	650 14
Compensation for improvements	155 00	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	495 14	...
...	650 14	650 14
353. - COOCOOCACHE RESERVE QUE.	...	...
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	10,545 20
Timber bonus, Laurentide Co., Ltd.	...	10,000 00
Balance, March 31, 1916	20,545 20	...
...	20,545 20	20,545 20
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$109.68; interest, 3 p.c. on \$10,654.88, \$319.65	...	429 33
Interest distributed	387 00	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	42 33	...
...	429 33	429 33
360. - FORT GEORGE BAND, B.C.	...	...
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	40,441 45
Balance, March 31, 1916	40,441 45	...
...	40,441 45	40,441 45
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$562.10; interest, 3 p.c. on \$41,003.55, \$1,230.10	...	1,792 20
Maintenance in Provincial Mental Hospital, 26 w., \$130; medicines, \$126.35	256 35	...
Mower, \$75; rake, \$50; oil, \$1; relief supplies, \$5.20	131 20	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	1,404 65	...
...	1,792 20	1,792 20

363. - ASHCROFT INDIANS, B.C.	DR.	CR.
Capital.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	996 30
Balance, March 31, 1916	996 30	...
...	996 30	996 30
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$14.90; interest, 3 p.c. on \$1,011.20, \$30.34	...	45 24
Relief supplies	39 50	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	5 74	...
...	45 24	45 24
365. - SISKA FLAT RESERVE, No. 3, B.C.	...	...
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	224 65
Building ditch and flume: labour, \$121.10; nails, etc., \$10.05; cartage, \$4.50	135 65	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	89 00	...
...	224 65	224 65
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$34.26; interest, 3 p.c. on \$258.91, \$7.77	...	42 03
Balance, March 31, 1916	42 03	...
...	42 03	42 03
366. - OREGON JACK CREEK INDIANS, RESERVES 3, 4 AND 5, B.C.	...	...
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	1,124 50
Amount of outstanding cheques, 1913 - 14 refunded	...	103 00
Balance, March 31, 1916	1,227 50	...
...	1,227 50	1,227 50
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$93.47; interest, 3 p.c. on \$1,217.97, \$36.54	...	130 01
Balance, March 31, 1916	130 01	...
...	130 01	130 01
369. - WILLACLOUGH RESERVE No. 6, B.C.	...	...
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	196 50
Transfer to: Acct. 339, Port Simpson Indians, B.C., \$156.86, Acct. 340, Metlakatla Indians, B.C., \$39.64	196 50	...
...	196 50	196 50
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$17.60; interest, 3 p.c. on \$214.10, \$6.42	...	24 02
Transfer to: Acct. 339, Port Simpson Indians, \$19.18, Acct. 340, Metlakatla Indians, \$4.84	24 02	...
...	24 02	24 02

370. - MEANLAW RESERVE, No. 4, B.C.	DR.	CR.
...	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$64.47; interest, 3 p.c. on \$64.47, \$1.93	...	66 40
Transfer to: Acct. 339, Port Simpson Indians, B.C., \$53, Acct. 340, Metlakatla Indians, B.C., \$13.40	66 40	...
...	66 40	66 40
371. - KHYEX RESERVE, No. 8, B.C.	...	...
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	189 75
Transfer to: Acct. 339, Port Simpson Indians, B.C., \$151.47 Acct. 340, Metlakatla Indians, B.C., \$38.28	189 75	...
...	189 75	189 75
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$16.99; interest, 3 p.c. on \$206.74, \$6.20	...	23 19
Transfer to: Acct. 339, Port Simpson Indians, B.C., \$18.51, Acct. Indians, B.C., \$4.68	23 19	...
...	23 19	23 19
372. - ZIMAGORD RESERVE, B.C.	...	...
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	137 25
Timber dues collected	...	22 18
Balance, March 31, 1916	159 43	...
...	159 43	159 43
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$50.54; interest, 3 p.c. on \$187.79, \$5.63	...	56 17
Balance, March 31, 1916	56 17	...
...	56 17	56 17
378. - LANGLEY RESERVE, B.C.	...	...
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	1,117 96
Balance, March 31, 1916	1,117 96	...
...	1,117 96	1,117 96
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$118.42; interest, 3 p.c. on \$1,236.38, \$37.09	...	155 51
Rentals of right of way, \$95; relief supplies, \$10	10 00	95 00
Balance, March 31, 1916	240 51	...
...	250 51	250 51

379. - SQUAMISH RESERVE, No. 3 B.C.	DR.	CR.
Capital.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	4,650 00
Rental	...	45
Land money distributed to Indians	1,500 00	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	3,150 45	...
...	4,650 45	4,650 45
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$813.63; interest, 3 p.c. on \$5,463.63, \$163.91	...	977 54
Money for improvements distributed	500 00	...
Relief supplies	3 10	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	474 44	...
...	977 54	977 54
381. - SKIDEGATE RESERVE, B.C.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$813.08; interest, 3 p.c. on \$813.08; \$24.39	...	837 47
Amount of outstanding cheques refunded	...	20 00
Board, 59 d., \$24.50; transportation, \$19.50; stove and pipes, \$6.50	50 50	...
Relief supplies, \$49.05; cleaning intake pipe, 40 h., \$14	63 05	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	743 92	...
...	857 47	857 47
383. - PANQUACHIN RESERVE, B.C.	...	...
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	699 60
Balance, March 31, 1916	699 60	...
...	699 60	699 60
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$48.26; interest, 3 p.c. on \$747.86, \$22.44	...	70 70
Rental for surplus spring water	...	18 00
Rent distributed	18 00	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	70 70	...
...	88 70	88 70
384. - SHUSWAP RESERVE, B.C.	...	...
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	563 66
Balance, March 31, 1916	563 66	...
...	563 66	563 66
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$375.76; interest, 3 p.c. on \$939.42; \$28.18	...	403 94
Relief supplies	54 75	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	349 19	...

385. - KAMLOOPS RESERVE, No. 1, B.C.	DR.	CR.
Capital.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	8,219 96
Balance, March 31, 1916	8,219 96	...
...	8,219 96	8,219 96
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$207.39; interest, 3 p.c. on \$8,427.35, \$252.82	...	460 21
Rents collected, \$2,225; refund of undistributed grazing dues, 50c	...	2,225 50
Interest distributed, \$2,000; relief supplies, \$152.75	2,152 75	...
Burial expenses, \$50; cutting weeds, 28 d., \$42	92 00	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	440 96	...
...	2,685 71	2,685 71
386. - MASSETT BAND, B.C.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$18.54; interest, 3 p.c. on \$18.54, 56c	...	19 10
Board, 15 d., \$7.50; relief supplies, \$10.98	18 48	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	62	...
...	19 10	19 10
387. - NORTH THOMPSON RESERVE, B.C.	...	...
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	2,779 32
Balance, March 31, 1916	2,779 32	...
...	2,779 32	2,779 32
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$287.30, interest, 3 p.c. on \$3,066.62, \$92	...	379 30
Wire fencing for cemetery, \$68.60; relief supplies, \$104.74	173 34	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	205 96	...
...	379 30	379 30
392. - KTSINET RESERVE, No. 23, B.C.	...	...
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	21,500 00
Transfer to Acct. 414, Witzamagon Band, B.C.	21,500 00	...
...	21,500 00	21,500 00
Interest.	...	...
Interest, 3 p.c. on \$21,500	...	645 00
Transfer to Acct. 414, Witzamagon Band, B.C.	645 00	...
...	645 00	645 00
394. - CHUCHUWAYHA BAND, B.C.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$932.60; interest, 3 p.c. on \$932.60, \$27.98	...	960 58
Relief supplies	46 45	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	914 13	...

...	960 58	960 58
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396. - STELLAQUO BAND, B.C.	DR.	CR.
Capital.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	734 50
Balance, March 31, 1916	734 50	...
...	734 50	734 50
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$21.99; interest, 3 p.c. on \$756.49, \$22.69	...	44 68
Relief supplies	23 00	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	21 68	...
...	44 68	44 68
406. - CLINTON RESERVES, Nos. 1 AND 2, B.C.	...	...
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	279 65
Right of way, Pacific Great Eastern Ry	...	126 35
Right of way money distributed	203 00	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	203 00	...
...	406 00	406 00
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$143.75; interest, 3 p.c. on \$423.40, \$12.70	...	156 45
Money for improvements, distributed to Indians	143 75	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	12 70	...
...	156 45	156 45
411. - BELLA BELLA BAND, B.C.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$122.56; interest, 3 p.c. on \$122.56, \$3.68	...	126 24
Lumber for wharf at \$15, \$108.24; freight, \$18	126 24	...
...	126 24	126 24
413. - SAWRIDGE BAND, ALTA.	...	...
Capital.	...	...
Edmonton, Dunvegan and B.C. Ry., right of way	...	634 80
Balance, March 31, 1916	634 80	...
...	634 80	634 80
Interest.	...	...
Hay dues	...	10 00
Balance, March 31, 1916	10 00	...
...	10 00	10 00

414. - WITZAMAGON BAND, B.C.	DR.	CR.
Capital.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Balance of right of way money	...	130 00
Transfer from Acct. 392, Ktsinet Reserve, No. 23, B.C., land for right of way	...	21,500 00
Right of way money distributed to Indians	10,750 00	...
Sawmill machinery as per contract, \$4,940; foundation for boiler, \$105	5,045 00	...
Brick, 12,650, \$239.25; cement, 320 sacks, \$136; lime, 10 brl., \$20; freight, \$273.87	669 12	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	5,165 88	...
...	21,630 00	21,630 00
Interest.	...	...
Transfer from Acct. 392, Ktsinet Reserve, No. 23, B.C., interest	...	645 00
Travelling expenses of Nishga delegates, three chiefs and secretary from Prince Rupert to Ottawa, detailed under British Columbia Vote, Miscellaneous, Naas Agency	470 00	...
Balance, March 31,	175 00	...
...	645 00	645 00
415. - SHUSWAP BAND (KOOTENAY), B.C.	...	...
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	670 00
Right of way money distributed	204 30	...
C.P. Ry., refund for right of way	462 50	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	3 20	...
...	670 00	670 00
Interest.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$20.70; 3 p.c. on \$690.70, \$20.72	...	41 42
Balance, March 31, 1916	41 42	...
...	41 42	41 42
416. - PIBBETS (BURN'S LAKE NO. 2), RESERVE B.C.	...	...
Capital.	...	...
Grand Trunk Pacific Ry., right of way	...	457 00
Balance, March 31, 1916	457 00	...
...	457 00	457 00
Interest.	...	...
Barn destroyed by fire, G.T.P. Ry. Co.	...	150 00
Compensation to Indian for barn destroyed by fire	150 00	...
...	150 00	150 00
417. - SWAN RIVER BAND, ALTA.	...	...
Edmonton, Dunvegan and B.C. Ry., right of way	...	580 80
Balance, March 31, 1916	580 80	...
...	580 80	580 80

418. - DRIFT PILE RESERVE, ALTA.	DR.	CR.
...	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Edmonton, Dunvegan and B.C. Ry., right of way	...	1,086 75
Balance, March 31, 1916	1,086 75	...
...	1,086 75	1,086 75
419. - SUCKER CREEK RESERVE, ALTA.	...	...
Edmonton, Dunvegan and B.C. Ry., right of way	...	3,315 45
Balance, March 31, 1916	3,315 45	...
...	3,315 45	3,315 45
420. - ALEXANDRIA RESERVE, No. 1, B.C.	...	...
Pacific Great Eastern Ry., right of way	...	221 50
Balance, March 31, 1916	221 50	...
...	221 50	221 50
421. - INDIAN BROOK RESERVE, EAST HANTS, N.S.	...	...
Sale of logs	...	430 00
Cutting and hauling logs, 34 1/2 d., \$84.75; auctioneer's services, \$10	94 75	...
Court dues, \$9.75; constable, \$9.65	19 40	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	315 85	...
...	430 00	430 00
422. - SKULKAYN RESERVE, B.C.	...	...
Rent collected	...	80 00
Rent distributed to Indians	53 32	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	26 68	...
...	80 00	80 00
11. - FIVE PER CENT ANNUITIES ACCOUNT.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$620,400.10; interest, 5 p.c. on \$620,400.10, \$31,020.01	...	651,420 11
Transfer of interest to the following accounts: 2, Chippewas, of Beausoleil, \$1,716.74; 3, Chips. of Nawash, \$2,932.62; 4, Chips. of Rama, \$1,806; 5, Chips. of Sarnia, \$2,600; 6, Chips. of Saugeen, \$2,500; 7, Chips. of Snake Island, \$844.64; 8, Chips. of Thames, \$2,400; 9, Chips. of Walpole Island, \$1,800; 17, Mississaguas of Alnwick, \$2,570; 18, Miss. of Credit, \$2,090; 19. Miss. of Rice Lake, \$961.76; 20, Miss. of Mud Lake, \$1,606.35; 21, Miss. of Scugog, \$391.90; 22, Mohawks of Bay of Quinte, \$1,800; 23, Moravians of, Thames, \$600; 26, Ojibbewas of Lake Huron, \$2,400; 27, Ojibbewas of Lake Superior, \$2,000	31,020 01	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	620,400 10	...
...	651,420 11	651,420 11
74. - PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, INDIAN FUND.	...	...
Capital.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915	...	107,846 30
Balance, March 31, 1916	107,846 30	...
...	107,846 30	107,846 30

74. - PROVINCE OF QUEBEC, INDIAN FUND - Concluded.	DR.	CR.
Interest.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$9,479.54; interest, 6 p.c. on \$8,680, 3 p.c. on \$108,645.84	...	13,259 72
Rev. J. de Gonzague, missionary, Abenakis of St. Francis, 12 m. to Dec. 31	500 00	...
Rev. J.C. Giroux, missionary, Hurons of Lorette, 12 m. to Feb. 28	399 96	...
Province of Quebec, maintenance of insane Indians	698 96	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	11,660 80	...
...	13,259 72	13,259 72
76. - SUSPENSE ACCOUNT.	...	...
Rent for privileges on J. Kapiel's location	...	5 00
Paid J. Kapiel, rent for privileges on his location	5 00	...
Rent of foreshore of Alert Bay School Reserve	...	120 00
Rent of Alert Bay School Reserve distributed to Indians	120 00	...
...	125 00	125 00
201. - SAVINGS ACCOUNT.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$68,679.90; interest, 3 p.c. on \$68,679 90, \$2,060.40	...	70,740 30
Collections on account of savings, bull fund and ranch fund	...	28,380 93
Battleford Agency, wintering 9 bulls	90 00	...
Blackfoot Agency (\$2,603.77) -	...	...
Assistant stockman, 12 m., \$240; medical supplies, \$60; beef, \$3.26	303 26	...
Green feed, 98 1/2 tons, \$295.50; bay, 101 1/2 tons, \$304.50; sundry feed, \$10.75	610 75	...
Building corrals: labour, 77 1/4 d., \$172.90; lumber, etc., \$136.78	309 68	...
Labour and material, building tool shed, \$46.05; fencing, 1 1/2 miles, \$45	91 05	...
Sundry lumber and hardware, \$78.30; fine for theft, \$10	88 30	...
Testing horses, 49 - 83 d., \$90.75, 349 h., \$62.10; castrating colts, 15 1/2 d., \$28.50	181 35	...
Roundup and dipping: riders, 200 1/6 d., \$324; cook, \$37.50; engineer, \$38.68; provisions, \$74.50; lime, \$18; sulphur, 2,600 lb., \$65; building dipping vat, drain, etc., \$461.70	1,019 38	...
Blood Agency (\$16,116.07) -	...	...
Stockmen, 24 m., \$670; breaking 10 horses, \$75; beef, 5,893 1/2 lb., \$583.72	1,328 72	...
Sundry provisions, \$492.35; carting supplies, \$414.49	906 84	...
Coal, 33 - 52 tons, \$188.10; machine oil, 30 gal., \$19.90; oakum, \$8.85	216 85	...
Hay, 241 - 44 tons, \$3,454.29, less \$350.52, paid in 1916 - 17	3,103 77	...
Stacking hay, 170 1/2 d., \$255.50, 324 tons, \$64.80; oats, 1 ton, \$25	345 30	...
Rock salt, 7,595 lb., \$116.50; coarse salt, 5 brl., \$20; axle grease, \$20.85	157 35	...
Baling wire, \$70.74; brand books, etc., \$16; sundry labour, \$139.25	225 99	...
Heifers, 131 at \$40; harness, 1 set, \$28.50; repairs and rope, \$30.25	5,298 75	...
Lumber, \$361.70; builders' hardware, \$164.30	526 00	...
Fencing, 6 miles: labour, \$156; wire, 53 rds., \$202; posts, staples, etc., \$190.65	548 65	...
Collecting and testing horses: riders, ropers, etc., 212 3/4, d., \$415.25; Cook, \$89; provisions and meals, \$61.74; coal, 5 tons, \$15; cartage, \$27	607 99	...

Roundup and dipping: engineer, 29 1/2 d., \$118; cook, 96 d., \$289.75; riders, etc., 863 d., \$1,972.25; provisions, \$93.05; stove, \$20; lime, 20 brl., \$45; dipping mixture, \$14.75; carting supplies, \$136.80; travel of agent, \$50.70.	2,740 30	...
Advertising impounded cattle, stray horses, etc.	109 56	...
Carlton Agency (\$1,084.80) -	...	...
Engineers, 92 d., \$275; separator men, 46 d., \$127; axle grease, \$4.50	406 70	...
Coal oil, 45 gal., \$13.50; gasoline, 528 1/2 gal., \$163.11; machine oil, 60 gal., \$21.53	198 14	...
Blacksmiths' repairs, \$11.50; care of horse and bull, \$14.50	26 00	...
Parts and repairs for implements, \$150.93; twine, 2,860 lb., \$287.55	438 48	...
Stationery, \$2.75; express, freight, etc., \$12.94	15 69	...
Crooked Lakes Agency: barb wire, 100 spools, \$275; beef, 305 lb., \$33.55; provisions, \$21.10; horse, \$150; sundry hardware, etc., \$13.60; balance of advance, \$9 carried to 1916 - 17, \$502.25; less \$239 paid from Acct. No. 325 Valley River Reserve	263 25	...
Duck Lake Agency, care and feed for bull	3 50	...
File Hills Agency: seed, barley, 85 bush, \$42.50, potatoes, 28 bush., \$22.40; twine, \$20.90; threshing 250 bush. wheat, \$17.50; wood, \$12.50; repairs, etc., \$23.35	139 15	...
Onion Lake Agency: 22 oxen with harness, \$2,060; 1 set, \$14	\$2,074 00	...
Carried forward	22,374 55	99,121 23

201. - SAVINGS ACCOUNT - Concluded.	DR.	CR.
...	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Brought forward	22,374 55	99,121 23
Peigan Agency (\$1,438.80) -	...	...
Assistant stockmen, 24 m., \$945; bacon, 300 lb., \$33.70	983 70	...
Beef, 1,536 lb., \$165.86; flour, 36 sk., \$111.60; provisions for roundup, \$10	287 46	...
Rocksalt, \$6; vaccine, 2,750 pt., \$137.50; sundry hardware, etc., \$24.14	167 64	...
Qu'Appelle Agency: 3 oxen, \$235; pound fees, \$27.45; exchange, \$6	268 45	...
Sarcee Agency: hay, 4 tons, \$56; rounding up horses, etc., 137 d. \$164	220 00	...
Saddle Lake Agency: transportation of 2 bulls	10 00	...
Touchwood Agency: hay, 5 loads, \$25; oats, 20 bush., \$11	36 00	...
Sioux, Griswold: seed, oats, 390 bush., \$234, wheat, 1,030 bush., \$1,540.90	1,774 90	...
Sioux, White Cap: fence wire, 1,280 rd. and 48 spools, \$392.80; staples, \$22.50	415 30	...
Bulls and stallions purchased for and detailed in the following agencies: Battleford, \$1,000; Blackfoot, \$835; Blood, \$1,630; Crooked Lakes, \$266; Duck Lake, \$221; File Hills, \$137; Hobbema, \$444; Onion Lake, \$755; Saddle Lake, \$371; Touchwood, \$120	5,779 00	...
Payments on account of savings withdrawn, \$7,472.91; loans, \$2,588.18	10,061 09	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	56,743 14	...
...	99,121 23	99,121 23
310. - PREVENTION OF LIQUOR TRAFFIC.	...	...
Balance, April 1, 1915, \$10,643.15; interest, 3 p.c. on \$10,643.15, \$319.30	...	10,962 45
Government grant, \$3,000; fines collected, \$5,952.80	...	8,952 80
Balance of advance to J.A. Robertson, constable, 1914 - 15, refunded	...	12 60
Salaries at Ottawa (Page H - 5)	1,299 96	...
Legal services re liquor prosecutions -	...	...
Harrison Arrell, Caledonia, \$5; C.R. Deacon, Brockville, \$37.40	42 40	...
John Doull, New Glasgow, \$30; Ewing & Harvie, Edmonton, \$50	80 00	...
Galipeault, St. Laurent, Métayer & Laferté, Quebec	8 00	...
W.L. Haight, Parry Sound, \$40; H.J. Hammond, Orillia, \$5.25	45 25	...
H.V. Jennison, New Glasgow, \$71.55; O.E. Klein, Chippewa Hill, \$13.25	84 80	...
W.F. Langworthy, Port Arthur, \$100; R.A. Lawlor, Chatham, N.B., \$30	130 00	...
Lawlor & Creaghan, Newcastle, \$20; S.E. Lindsay, Hagersville, \$35	55 00	...
R. Mulcaster, Prince Albert, \$13; Murray & McKinnon, Halifax, 80.25	93 25	...
A. McN. Stewart, Melfort, \$10; Taylor & Colwill, Portage la Prairie, \$45	55 00	...
A. Weir, Sarnia	25 00	...
Services and outlay of constables -	...	...
Thos. Bell, Birtle: 22 d., \$55; travel and outlay, \$123.85	178 85	...
Paul Cameron, Red Rock: 12 m., \$460; travelling expenses, \$100	560 00	...
Hans Hanson, Kenora: 12 m., \$390; travel, \$135.46; balance of advance refunded in 1916 - 17, \$23.90	549 36	...
V.W. Kennedy, Clandeboye: 12 m., \$900; trip to Winnipeg, \$3.60	903 60	...

John McCloy, Kinistino: 3 m. to May 31, \$195; travel and outlay, \$112.20; less, balance of advance not accounted for in 1914 - 15, \$36.95	270 25	...
James Prosper, Heatherton, N.S.: 120 d., \$240; travelling expenses, \$141.19	381 19	...
Smith, Russell, Strathclair: 22 d., \$55; travel and outlay, \$149.60	204 60	...
P. Vigneault, St. Augustine: 3 m. to July 31, \$150; outlay, \$2.32	152 32	...
Salaries of constables at the following places: Beren's River, \$15; Bersimis, \$600; Blood Agency, \$360; Buctouche, \$24.05; Caughnawaga, \$480; Crooked Lakes \$275; Eel Ground, \$26; Fort Frances, \$110; Gull Lake, \$12.50; Gull Bay, \$6.25; Griswold, \$180; Lac Seul, \$480; Manitowaning, \$800; Maria, \$20; Mingan, \$246.25; Oromocto, \$72; Pic River, \$80; Pas, \$60; Pelly, \$580; Pictou, N.S., \$24; Restigouche, \$1,199.98; Saddle Lake, \$240; Seven Islands \$120; St. Mary's, \$169.97; Sydney, \$103.33; Tobique, \$165; Victoria, \$60	6,509 33	...
Travelling expenses of Dominion constables, inspectors, etc., Ottawa: J.L. Austin and Joseph Ethier, \$247.80; J.L. Austin and W. Burns, \$154.30, less \$150 advanced to Com'r A.P. Sherwood, 1914 - 15, \$4.30; J.N. Carter, \$175.79, balance of advance, \$36.59 refunded in 1916 - 17; P. Charron, \$21.31; D. Dehaître, \$160.66; H. Giroux, \$33; J.J. Sheffield, \$31.70; I. Smith, \$182.09; W.H. Trepanier, \$60.25; sundry railway fares, \$166.65	1,120 14	...
Winnipeg Detective Agency: operators, 1 d. at \$10, 2 d. at \$6, 17 d. at \$5, 1 d. at 4; witness fees, \$19.50; travelling expenses and outlay, \$117.70	248 20	...
Agents' travel and outlay, \$89.53; magistrates and court dues, \$152.75	242 28	...
Constables' and prisoners' expenses, \$1,078.07; spotters, \$28	1,106 07	...
Beef for scouts, \$126.60; provisions, etc., for lock-up, \$57.49	184 09	...
Analysis of beer samples, \$20; nickel plated badges, \$30	50 00	...
Hand cuffs, 12 pr., \$81; repairs to jail, \$47.67; moieties of fines, \$65	193 67	...
Balance, March 31, 1916	5,155 24	...
...	19, 927 85	19,927 85

ACCOUNTS IN WHICH NO TRANSACTIONS HAVE TAKEN PLACE DURING THE FISCAL YEAR.

No.	Name of Account.	Balance April 1, 1915.	Interest.	Balance, Mar. 31, 1916.
...	...	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
52	Cowichan Indians, B.C. Capital.	156 19	...	156 19
...	Interest.	665 49	24 65	690 14
58	Chillaheetsa Band, B.C. Capital.	2 14	...	2 14
...	Interest.	3 16	16	3 32
64	Woodstock Reserve, N.B. Capital.	580 00	...	580 00
...	Interest.	97 99	20 34	118 33
67	Oromocto Reserve, N.B. Capital.	33 99	...	33 99
...	Interest.	11 92	1 38	13 30
70	Abitibi Indians, Que. Capital.	190 34	...	190 34
...	Interest.	21 42	6 35	27 77
72	Red Rock Band, Ont. Capital.	241 00	...	241 00
...	Interest.	27 15	8 04	35 22
89	Middle River Indians, N.S. Capital.	179 66	5 39	185 05
91	Ebb and Flow Lake Indians, Man. Capital.	46 50	...	46 50
...	Interest.	7 47	1 62	9 09
93	St. Mary's Indians, N.B. Capital.	52 81	...	52 81
...	Interest.	6 18	1 77	7 95
98	Cumberland County Indians, N.S. Capital.	818 75	...	818 75
...	Interest.	93 44	27 37	120 81
117	Wallabuck Lake Indians, N.S.	377 02	11 31	388 33
122	Pokemouche Reserve, N.B. Capital.	102 20	...	102 20
...	Interest.	97 41	5 99	103 40
123a	Gibson Burnt Timber Account	286 19	8 58	294 77
148	Siska Flat Indians, B.C. Capital.	89 60	...	89 60
...	Interest.	35 06	3 74	68 80
149	Kanaka Indians, B.C. Capital.	352 50	...	352 50
...	Interest.	147 05	14 99	162 04
150	Skuppa Indians, B.C. Capital.	84 50	...	84 50
...	Interest.	72 68	4 72	77 40
160	Spuzzum Band, B.C. Capital.	177 86	...	177 86
...	Interest.	2 96	5 42	8 38
162	Popkum Band, B.C. Capital.	938 05	...	938 05
...	Interest.	139 03	32 31	171 34
164	Little South West Reserve, N.S. Capital.	288 74	...	288 74
...	Interest.	26 24	9 45	35 69
169	Alexis Band, B.C. Capital.	636 00	...	636 00

...	Interest.	69 14	21 15	90 29
170	Black, River Band, Man. Capital.	439 51	...	439 51
...	Interest.	59 74	14 98	74 72
173a	Blood Sinking Fund	4,482 50	134 48	4,616 99
177	Chuk-chu-kuak Band, B.C. Capital	316 25	...	316 25
...	Interest.	143 53	13 79	157 32
178	Rolling River Band, Res. 80A, Treaty 4, Man. Capital.	2,142 80	...	2,142 80
...	Interest.	272 78	72 47	345 25
181	Little Black Bear's Band, Sask.	15 00	45	15 45
183	Piapot's Band, Sask. Capital.	55 35	...	55 35
...	Interest.	11 70	2 01	13 71
186	Stryen Band, B.C. Capital.	435 76	13 07	448 83
187	Poor Man's Band, Sask. Capital.	29 03	...	29 03
...	Interest.	2 60	95	3 55
194	Yukon Indians Capital.	80 00	...	80 00
...	Interest.	7 17	2 61	9 78
203	Seymour Creek Indians, B.C. Capital.	664 25	...	664 25
...	Interest.	57 77	21 66	79 43
204	Unpukpulquatum Band, B.C. Capital.	1,235 24	37 06	1,272 30
217	Niskainlith Band, B.C. Capital.	1,378 90	...	1,378 90
...	Interest.	867 94	67 40	935 34
219	Oak Lake Sioux, Man. Capital.	46 16	...	46 16
...	Interest.	18 39	1 94	20 33
222	Shoal Lake Band, No. 39, Ont. Capital.	16 05	...	16 05
...	Interest.	21 60	1 13	22 73
232	Chemawawin Band, Man.	6 30	19	6 49
236	Pays Plat Band, Ont. Capital.	130 91	...	130 91
...	Interest.	14 24	4 35	15 59

ACCOUNTS IN WHICH NO TRANSACTIONS HAVE TAKEN PLACE DURING THE FISCAL YEAR -
Continued.

No.	Name of Account.	Balance April 1, 1915	Interest.	Balance March 31, 1916.
...	...	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
239	Buctouche Indians, N.B. Capital	144 58	...	144 58
...	Interest.	195 26	10 20	205 46
240	Hungry Hall Band, Reserve No. 2, Ont.	192 84	5 78	198 62
243	Chaicclisset Band, B.C.	41 39	1 24	42 63
252	Jocko McDougall	180 25	5 41	185 66
266	Lyacksun Band (Portier Pass, Galiano), B.C Capital.	192 85	...	192 85
...	Interest.	38 11	6 93	45 04
276	Niskeet Indians, B.C.	21 03	63	21 66
284	Miyuke Band, B.C.	10 91	33	11 24
288	Clayoquot Indians, B.C. Capital.	172 63	...	172 63
...	Interest.	10 52	5 49	16 01
291	Green Point Indians, B.C.	6 36	19	6 55
292	Little Lake Indians, B.C. Capital.	346 01	...	346 01
...	Interest.	113 23	13 78	127 01
294	Petaquakay's Band, Sask. Capital.	102 85	...	102 85
...	Interest	6 31	3 27	9 58
296	Crane River Band, Man. Capital.	5,197 61	...	5,197 61
...	Interest.	331 43	165 87	497 30
298	North Sydney Indians, N.S.	101 90	3 06	104 96
299	Water Hen River Band, Man.	2 95	09	3 04
314	Towinock Band, B.C. Capital.	20 00	...	20 00
...	Interest.	6 14	78	6 92
315	Franklin Manor (Halfway River) Band, N.S. Capital.	450 00	...	450 00
...	Interest	53 39	15 10	68 49
320	Niskat Band, B.C.	1,037 89	31 14	1,069 03
321	Sydney Indians, N.S. Capital.	256 30	...	256 30
...	Interest.	5 60	7 86	13 46
323	Pavilion (William's Lake) Indians B.C. Capital.	170 75	...	170 75
...	Interest.	5 00	*4 97	*0 03
331	Lower Similkameen Reserve 10 and 10 B.B.C. Capital.	606 25	...	606 25
...	Interest.	99 74	21 18	120 92
344	Nanoose Reserve, B.C. Capital.	539 50	...	539 50
...	Interest.	84 94	18 73	103 67
345	Quesnel Band, B.C. Capital.	16 61	...	16 61
...	Interest.	2 99	0.59	3 58
346	Poquiosen, Skamain Reserve, B.C.	47 44	1 42	48 86

348	Skwulwailum (Squamish Reserve) B.C.	116 21	3 49	119 70
352	Kitseguecla Reserve, B.C. Capital.	1,247 88	...	1,247 88
...	Interest.	114 65	40 88	155 53
354	Cold Water Reserve, B.C. Capital.	812 30	...	812 30
...	Interest.	100 22	27 38	127 60
355	Kitselas Reserve, B.C. Capital.	82 55	...	82 55
...	Interest.	662 95	22 36	685 31
356	Alberni Reserve, B.C. Capital.	23 18	...	23 18
...	Interest.	2 76	0 78	3 54
357	Aitchelitch Reserve, B.C. Capital.	101 00	...	101 00
...	Interest.	10 83	3 35	14 18
358	Squiala Reserve, B.C. Capital.	359 00	...	359 00
...	Interest.	25 49	11 53	37 02
359	Tsawwassen Reserve, B.C. Capital.	57 50	...	57 50
...	Interest.	3 50	1 83	5 33
361	Reserve 150 E. Sask. Capital.	705 60	...	705 60
...	Interest.	144 70	25 51	170 21
362	Gold River Reserve, N.S.	2 62	0 08	2 70
364	Kuthlath Yale Reserve, Yale Band, B.C. Capital.	284 10	...	284 10
...	Interest.	29 12	9 40	38 52
367	Kitseguecla Reserve, No. 2, B.C. Capital.	283 20	...	283 20
...	Interest.	25 37	9 26	34 63
368	Kshish Reserve, No. 4, B.C. Capital.	989 25	...	989 25
...	Interest.	88 58	32 33	120 91

ACCOUNTS IN WHICH NO TRANSACTIONS HAVE TAKEN PLACE DURING THE FISCAL YEAR -
Concluded.

No.	Name of Account.	Balance, April 1, 1915	Interest.	Balance, Mar 31, 1916
...	...	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
374	Chimdimash Reserve, No. 2, B.C. Capital.	493 57	...	493 57
...	Interest.	44 20	16 13	60 33
375	Day Star's Reserve, Sask. Capital.	19 78	...	19 78
...	Interest.	1 77	0 65	2 42
376	Kinnasaya Reserve, Alta. Capital.	6,324 60	...	6,324 60
...	Interest.	190 08	195 44	385 52
380	Duck Lake Reserve, B.C. Capital.	1,021 90	...	1,021 90
...	Interest.	93 82	33 47	127 29
382	Coryatsaqua Reserve, B.C. Capital.	297 10	...	297 10
...	Interest.	111 32	12 25	123 57
388	Skutz Reserve, B.C. Capital.	423 00	...	423 00
...	Interest.	25 76	13 46	39 22
389	Seshart Reserve, B.C. Capital.	2,600 00	...	2,600 00
...	Interest.	229 77	84 89	314 66
390	Wewayakum Reserve, B.C.	53 04	1 59	54 63
391	Ambrose Tête Noire's Band, Alta. Capital.	1,337 42	...	1,337 42
...	Interest.	40 12	41 33	81 45
393	Long Lake Reserve, No. 77 B.C. Capital.	296 05	...	296 05
...	Interest.	6 22	9 07	15 29
395	Mission Reserve, B.C. Capital.	5,950 00	...	5,950 00
...	Interest.	180 00	183 90	363 90
397	Seaspunkut Band, B.C. Capital.	422 00	...	422 00
...	Interest.	12 58	13 04	25 62
398	Stony Creek Band, B.C. Capital.	387 00	...	387 00
...	Interest.	23 22	12 31	35 53
399	King's Clear Reserve, N.B. Capital.	37 20	...	37 20
...	Interest.	20 30	1 73	22 03
400	Mauvais (Bonaparte Band) B.C. Capital.	21 00	...	21 00
...	Interest	0 63	0 65	1 28
401	Cowichan Lake Band, B.C. Capital.	1,116 25	...	1,116 25
...	Interest	288 45	42 14	330 59
403	Beaver's Band No. 152 N.W.T. Capital.	4 00	...	4 00
...	Interest	...	0 12	0 12
404	Fountain Reserve, No. 23 B.C. Capital.	231 50	...	231 50
...	Interest	...	6 94	6 94
405	Kayoosh Reserve, No. 1 B.C. Capital.	225 00	...	225 09

...	Interest	...	6 75	6 75
407	Klahoose Reserve Nos. 7, 8, B.C. Capital.	493 26	...	493 26
...	Interest.	...	14 81	14 81
408	Anderson Lake Nos. 1, 2, 4, B.C. Capital.	125 60	...	125 60
...	Interest	...	3 77	3 77
409	Burns Lake, No. 1 B.C. Capital.	1,982 00	...	1,982 00
...	Interest	...	59 46	59 46
410	Williams Lake, No. 1 B.C. Capital.	43 70	...	43 70
...	Interest	...	1 31	1 31
412	Nitinat Reserve, No. 15, B.C. Capital.	200 00	...	200 00
...	Interest.	...	6 00	6 09

1 - 11H

Balance of \$375.17 still Unaccounted for.

AUDIT OFFICE, OTTAWA, September, 25, 1915.

SIR, - The accounts of Mr. J.G.H. Bergeron, Secretary of the British Columbia Land Commission, show an unexpended balance, up to the end of the fiscal year 1914 - 15, of \$375.17.

I have to request that you would call upon Mr. Bergeron to either submit satisfactory vouchers for the Amount of \$375.17, or refund that amount without further delay.

*I am, sir, your obedient servant,
E.D. SUTHERLAND, for A.G.*

The Deputy Superintendent General of Indian Affairs.

POST OFFICE, MONTREAL, Nov. 2, 1915.

SIR, - I am in receipt of yours of the 30th ultimo, enclosing a communication from Mr. E.D. Sutherland acting for the Auditor General, in which I am asked to refund the sum of \$375.17, which it is claimed I should remit or give vouchers therefor. I have already answered to this by letter addressed to Mr. Duncan C. Scott, Deputy Superintendent General of Indian Affairs, to who I furnished my explanations with reference to the above.

I may again state that I was not called upon to keep the books of the commission, such work being done by Mr. Gibbons, the assistant secretary, who I understand is now acting as secretary of the commission. All that I had to do was to receive the cheques which were addressed to me and deposit same in the Imperial Bank of Canada, at Victoria. All moneys which were paid out for the commission were drawn from the bank by cheques, which have been sent back to the department, at Ottawa. I have kept a private book which I have in my possession, and which I sent to Mr. Scott for his examination, He, in turn, sent back the book to me with the understanding that it would be at his disposal, should he again desire to examine it. My book is also at the disposal of the Auditor General, if he so desires. From it it will be seen that all moneys received by me were accounted for by cheques issued and which have been sent to the department, at Ottawa, while I was in Victoria.

I cannot understand how I should be called upon to remit the amount above mentioned; it is merely a matter of book-keeping and the whole thing should be quite easily cleared by a close examination of the bank account and of the cheques issued. against same.

*Yours truly,
J.G.H. BERGERON.*

S. Stewart, Esq., Secretary, Dept. of Indian Affairs.

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, OTTAWA, Nov, 10, 1915.

DEAR SIR, - I beg to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 2nd instant, with regard to the refund of \$375.17. The Auditor General evidently considers that the Secretary of the Royal Commission on Indian Affairs for the Province of British Columbia, having charge of moneys advanced for the expense of the commission, is responsible for the proper accounting and could, not, therefore, divest himself of the responsibility by merely stating that his bank account had shown that all moneys had been checked out.

The Auditor General finds by an audit of the account that the expenditure of \$375.17 has not been vouched for, and, therefore, looks to yourself as the responsible officer for satisfaction. The department agrees with the Auditor General, and it is quite possible that unless you can cause proper vouchers to be provided for this expenditure the Auditor may retain the shortage for amounts due you by the Government.

Yours very truly,
J.D. McLEAN, Asst. Deputy and Secretary.

J.G.H Bergeron, Esq.

POST OFFICE, MONTREAL, Nov, 11, 1915.

DEAR SIR, - I am in receipt of yours of November 10, concerning the finances of the Indian Commission at Victoria, B.C. I intend going up to Ottawa in the course of this month, and I will see the Auditor General with reference to the matter.

Yours truly,
J.G.H. BERGERON.

J.D. McLean, Asst. Deputy and Secretary, Dept. of Indian Affairs.

AUDIT OFFICE, OTTAWA, May 4, 1916.

SIR, - I beg to draw your attention to the amount of \$375.17 unaccounted for in connection with the expenditure at Victoria, B.C., by the Royal Commission on Indian Affairs, between April 1, 1913, and December 31, 1914. The method of dealing with the accounts at Victoria appears to be as follows: The sums advanced from time to time by your department were deposited in the Imperial Bank at Victoria to the credit of the Royal Commission on Indian Affairs, and cheques were drawn against this account, signed occasionally by the chairman, but as a rule by the secretary, Mr. J.G.H. Bergeron.

I have examined the cheques thus issued, together with the bank account as shown by the bank pass book, which was balanced up to December 31, 1914, and find that the salaries and allowances of the commissioners and of the secretary and staff were paid directly by cheque, as were also a number of accounts for rent, automobile hire, etc. A large number of the accounts, however, were paid from advances made by cheque by Mr. Bergeron to Mr. C.H. Gibbons, the assistant secretary, and others.

1 - 11 1/2H

I have endeavoured to connect the accounts not paid directly by cheque with these advances, but have found it impossible owing to the absence of any detailed statement of the expenditure under such advances, There is, however, a net difference of \$375.17 between the amount of the advances made by Mr. Bergeron and the accounts which may be charged against such advances.

The cheques and bank book show that Mr. Bergeron paid out all the moneys he received from your department, either in direct payments of the accounts or in the way of advances as above. As Mr. Gibbons, the assistant secretary, appears to have been the actual disbursing official, I think that he must be held responsible for this amount of \$375.17, unless he provides a satisfactory statement in detail of the expenditure under the advances made to him.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,
J.FRASER, A.G.

The Deputy Superintendent General of Indian Affairs.

AUDIT OFFICE, OTTAWA, May 22, 1916.

SIR, - With reference to my letter of the 4th inst. concerning the amount of \$375.17 unaccounted for in connection with the expenditure by the Royal Commission on Indian Affairs, I beg to say that as I understand the work of the commission is about completed, and as Mr. Gibbons appears to have been the actual expending officer, a sum sufficient to cover this amount should be retained from his salary until such time as he supplies satisfactory statements in detail of the expenditure under these advances made to him, which statements were requested in my letter referred to.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,
J. FRASER, A.G.

The Deputy Superintendent General of Indian Affairs.

AUDIT OFFICE, OTTAWA, May 29, 1916.

SIR, - I have been going over the expenditure for the fiscal year 1914 - 15 in connection with the Royal Commission on Indian Affairs, in the endeavour to connect the several cheques issued at Victoria By the commission with the vouchers submitted in support of the expenditure. In the majority of cases I have been able to trace the connection, but have been unable to trace exactly which vouchers were paid out of the proceeds of the following cheques: -

April 2, C.H. Gibbons	\$50 00
April 7, J.G.H. Bergeron	200 00
May 4, J.G.H. Bergeron	14 95
May 4, C.H. Gibbons	61 55
May 4, C.H. Gibbons	150 00
May 5, N.W. White	400 00
June 30, C.H. Gibbons	200 00
July 7, C.H. Gibbons	30 21
July 7, N.W. White	2,500 00
Aug. 24, C.H. Gibbons	15 50
Sept. 5, J.S. McArthur	150 00
Sept. 5, N.W. White	2,000 00
Oct. 16, C.H. Gibbons	5 30

I should like to get statements showing the actual vouchers covered by each of these cheques.

I should also like to have a statement from Mr. Gibbons showing the actual amount of cash in his hands on April 1, 1914, brought forward from the advances of 1913 - 14, exclusive of what balance there may have been at that date to the credit of the commission in the Imperial Bank at Victoria.

I am sir, your obedient servant
J. FRASER, A.G.

The Deputy Superintendent General of Indian Affairs.

AUDIT OFFICE, OTTAWA, June 8, 1916.

SIR, - Referring to your letter of the 4th ultimo, respecting the amount of \$375.17 unaccounted for in connection with the expenditure at Victoria, B.C., by the Royal Commission on Indian Affairs, between 1st April, 1913, and 31st December, 1914, I beg to enclose for your information a copy of a letter received from the chairman of the commission, together with one from Mr. C.H. Gibbons, the secretary of the commission.

I also enclose copy of Mr. White's letter of the 2nd May, to which he refers

Your obedient servant,
J.D. MCLEAN, Acting Deputy Superintendent General.

The Auditor General.

VICTORIA, B.C., May 2, 1916.

SIR, - I have the honour to confirm hereby my telegram to you of even date as follows: -

"Commission holds to the view expressed in my letter to you of nineteenth May last, eighth paragraph thereof, as to the sole liability of Mr. Bergeron for unaccounted for balance of three hundred and seventy-five dollars, seventeen cents, in which view you expressed your concurrence in your letter of sixteenth June last, and considers the deduction from Mr. Gibbon's salary of the amount unaccounted for by Mr. Bergeron a grave injustice and requests that cheque, for the amount withheld be immediately transmitted."

Before the despatch of the telegram here quoted and confirmed, was ordered by the commission, the commission had before it the letter of the secretary of the department to the secretary of the commission dated the 26th ultimo, together with all correspondence between yourself, the secretary of the department, and this commission, as well as the complete record of the matter in question.

As to the statement contained in the letter of the secretary of the department of the 26th ultimo, above referred to, respecting difference between the total of cheques issued to and vouchers covering salary of and disbursements on commission's account made by Mr. Gibbons, I beg to state with the full concurrence of the commission: -

1. That when the commission went on field work, advances were made (except in one instance, when a cheque book was taken) to the chairman, to Mr. Commissioner Shaw, or to Mr. Commissioner Macdowall, to meet expenses of travel and operation outside of the personal expenses of the chairman and commissioners, which expenses were met out of their fixed per diem allowances;
2. That on the return of the commission to Victoria, Mr. Commissioner Shaw, Mr. Commissioner Macdowall, or the chairman, accounted in detail to Mr. Bergeron, paying him the difference between the expenditures supported by vouchers and the amounts of the several advances;
3. That in the cases of Mr. Gibbons, then assistant secretary, and Mr. McArthur, then stenographer, as they were paid only actual living expenses when travelling with the commission, advances were made to them for such expenses;
4. That it happened at times that Mr. Gibbons and Mr. McArthur paid out of their advances for services which were not personal to them but appertaining to the movement and operations of the commission;
5. That in one instance, when the commission ran short of funds and the assistant secretary was instructed to wire to Mr. Bergeron for a further advance, Mr. Bergeron sent a cheque to Mr. Gibbons payable to his own order;
6. That, in addition, advances for petty expenses of the office were made from month to month to Mr. Gibbons, subject to accounting in connection therewith at the month's end;
7. That Mr. Gibbons affirms and the commission is satisfied that he did so, that he accounted to Mr. Bergeron for all advances made to him, in connection with the field work disbursements, personal expenses or petty cash expenditures, presenting statements which were carefully checked by Mr. Bergeron and paying to him any differences between Advances so made and expenditures as shown by statements and vouchers, which payments were accepted by Mr. Bergeron as satisfactory and complete;
8. That Mr. Bergeron did not at any time during his incumbency as secretary state or suggest to the commission, to the chairman, or to any member of the commission (and Mr. Gibbons affirms that he did not to him) that any refund was due from or owing by Mr. Gibbons or that any balance remained in Mr. Gibbons' hands, as incorrectly intimated in the letter of the secretary of the department of the 26th ultimo.

I have the honour to be, sir, yours faithfully,
N.W. WHITE, Chairman of Commission

D.C. Scott, Esq., Deputy

Superintendent General

of Indian Affairs.

VICTORIA, B.G., May 31, 1916.

SIR, - I have the honour to acknowledge the receipt of your letters of the 15th and 25th instants in the matter of request that Mr. Gibbons furnish information as to unaccounted for balance of \$375.17.

It would seem tome that the Auditor General should be furnished with a copy of my letter to you of the 2nd instant, which summarizes the commission's information in the premises.

A letter which Mr. Gibbons has addressed to the commission is attached hereto.

I have the honour to be, sir, your obedient servant,
N.W. WHITE, Chairman of Commission.

VICTORIA, B.C., May 31, 1916.

GENTLEMEN, - Referring to the letters of the Secretary of the Department of Indian Affairs dated the 15th and 25th instants in respect of unaccounted for balance of \$375.17, I have to say that, not having the several memoranda furnished the late secretary by members of the commission as well as by myself in accounting for advances from time to time, it is impossible for me to furnish such a statement as, is asked for in the letter of the Auditor General of the 4th instant.

The chairman's letter, of the 2nd instant, would appear to summarize the, commission's information herein, and the third, fourth, fifth, sixth and seventh numbered paragraphs of that letter undoubtedly cover my own connection with advances received by me and accounting therefor, which accounting was in each case accepted as satisfactory.

As stated in your letter referred to, all advances received by me have been (upon the return of the commission from field expeditions or on closing the accounts for each particular month) promptly, balanced by vouchers, or vouchers and cash difference in the event of the voucher total being less than the amount of the advance, accounted for.

This, to the best of my knowledge and belief, was also the case with members of the. commission similarly accounting for advances received by them in the course of and in connection with the commissions work.

*I have the honour to be, sir, your obedient servant,
C.H. GIBBONS, Secretary of Commission.*

The Chairman and Members Royal

Commission on Indian Affairs.

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, OTTAWA, August 11, 1916.

SIR, - I beg to enclose for your information an excerpt from a letter received from Mr. C.H. Gibbons, Secretary of the Royal Commission on Indian Affairs for the province of British Columbia, respecting the unaccounted-for balance of \$375.17 referred to in your letter of the 4th of May last.

*Your obedient servant,
J.D. MCLEAN, Asst. Deputy and Secretary.
VICTORIA, July 8, 1916.*

Extract.

SIR, - Re reduction of \$375.17 from my salary for June on account of balance in difference between the former secretary and the Government; I need scarcely say that I consider the procedure unwarrantable, unwarranted, and little short of an outrage. The reference (in a telegram to Mr. White) to a balance as unaccounted for by me is also indefensible. Every dollar and every cent of commission money that has passed into my hands has been fully

and promptly accounted for to the officer of the commission from whom I received such moneys, and who in turn was and is responsible to the Government. Mr. Bergeron received all moneys on commission account until the time of his retirement from the secretaryship. He was in sole charge of the commission's monetary affairs; he personally kept his own memorandum book and bank book, with neither of which had I anything to do. The receiving and disbursement of moneys constituted, I may say, virtually all the commission work performed by Mr. Bergeron, at \$30 per day. Every advance made to me (and I believe the same applies to the commissioners' advances) by the commission, incident to the commission's work, was accounted for by me to Mr. Bergeron to his satisfaction. If any mistake occurred in further accounting, it is a matter with which I have nothing to do, and I would submit that if in the opinion of your accountant or the Auditor General the amount of shortage should be deducted from any one's pay cheque it should be from that of the postmaster of Montreal. The procedure which you adopted - of calmly hypothecating my wages to balance another man's accounts - is, I must confess, beyond my understanding in either book-keeping or morality. I am neither an accountant nor an audit expert, but I should certainly think that a more rational and defensible course would be to secure Mr. Bergeron's cash memorandum book and check advances with vouchers and refunds under such advances. In this manner there should be little difficulty with work, patience, and care, in solving the problem at issue.

This matter was fully gone into with Mr. Scott during his visit here, and while it is none of my business to straighten out matters between the Government and Mr. Bergeron, I want to see this particular difficulty cleared up, for the same reason that I am staying with the commission work - because I desire to see the final record beyond criticism. I therefore discussed with Mr. Scott what seems to me the only practical method of running down the shortage, i.e., checking, in so far as possible, vouchers and refunds against advances to myself and to the commissioners. Such vouchers and refunds were invariably handed in to Mr. Bergeron with a detailed statement covering same and balancing with advances; and if these statements had been preserved (as I think they should have been) the matter would present no special difficulty. I have, however, found only one of these memoranda - and that by accident - which I have given to Mr. Scott. I have obtained a detailed statement of deposits to the commission's bank account; I am having the commissioners go through all their paid and cancelled cheques, also cheque book stubs. I myself will do the same, and with the aid of the petty cash daybook, which I kept during the first year of my indentification with the commission, it may (and I hope will) be possible to get to the bottom of this matter. So soon as the assembly of the final reports is off my hands I hope to get forward with this self-assumed task.

Meanwhile I must insist that there be no further repetition of the unwarrantable expedient sought to be adopted of deducting from salary fully earned by me moneys which I have never had. If any evidence can be presented to show any liability on my part, my property interested here and in Ontario are such that the Government need have no anxiety as to collecting if I were disposed to ignore any legitimate obligation therein, which I am not.

*I have the honour to be, sir, your obedient servant,
C.H. GIBBONS, Secretary of Commission.*

The Secretary, Dept. of Indian Affairs.

Cost of Unused Tickets not Refunded.

AUDIT OFFICE, OTTAWA, May 23, 1916.

SIR, - British Columbia cheque No. 1485, for the fiscal year 1914 - 15, is for payment of \$166.55 to the Canadian Pacific Railway Company for transportation for members of the Royal Commission on Indian Affairs issued on, transport requisitions. One of the requisitions covered by this cheque is as follows: four single fares - from Victoria to Cranbrook at \$18.80 each, for three commissioners and one secretary, also four single fares from Golden to Victoria, at \$21 each. This requisition was issued at Victoria on September 4, 1914, and from the expense accounts furnished by the commission I infer that they were used by Commissioners MacDowall, McKenna, and White and Acting Secretary J.S. McArthur.

British Columbia cheque No. 1713, of the same year, is for a payment to the Canadian Pacific Railway Company of \$75.20 for four single tickets from Cranbrook to Victoria given Commissioner McKenna on September 23, 1914. These tickets would appear to be for the transportation of the above members of the commission, as on this date they returned to Victoria.

I am unable to determine what use was made of the four single tickets from Golden to Victoria supplied under the first requisition. Kindly let me know by whom and when these tickets were used.

*I am, sir, your obedient servant,
J. FRASER, A.G.*

The Deputy Superintendent General of Indian Affairs.

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS OTTAWA, June 20, 1916.

SIR, - Referring to your letter of the 23rd of May last respecting requisitions for transportations of members of the Royal Commission on Indian Affairs for British Columbia, I now beg to enclose for your information copy of a letter received from the secretary of the commission, and in regard to the last paragraph thereof, I have to say that Mr. Bergeron did not forward the unused tickets referred to, to the department.

*Your obedient servant,
J.D. MCLEAN, Acting Deputy.*

The Auditor General.

VICTORIA, B.C., June 13, 1916.

SIR, - Referring to your letter of the 30th ultimo with enclosure of letter of, the Auditor General of the 23rd ultimo, re four (4) unused tickets, Golden to Victoria, I am directed by the commission to say that:

1. The commission, in order to follow the itinerary arranged for field operations in the Kootenay agency, requisitioned transportation from the C.P.R. via Vancouver, Arrow Lakes, Nelson, Kootenay Lake, Creston, and Cranbrook, with return tickets from Golden to Victoria.

2. On arrival at Windermere it was found that money could be saved by cancelling the return tickets from Golden to Victoria and substituting return over the route followed to Windermere -this on account of the charges for motor transport from Windermere to Golden.

3. On the return of the commission to Victoria, Mr. White, chairman, handed a statement of expenditures for the trip to Mr. Bergeron, secretary, which statement was accepted by him as correct.

4. The C.P.R. Office in Victoria can find no trace of a refund, and it is therefore probable that Mr. Bergeron forwarded the unused tickets to Ottawa, and if so, the department should have a record of this.

*I have the honour to be, Sir, your obedient servant,
C.H. GIBBONS, Secretary of Commission.*

The Secretary, Department of Indian Affairs.

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, OTTAWA, Aug. 11, 1916.

SIR, - I beg to inform you that the department wrote Mr. Bergeron requesting him to state what disposition was made of the four single tickets from Golden to Victoria which were not used, and which are referred to in the last paragraph of your letter of the 23rd May last. Mr. Bergeron has replied and for your information I enclose copies of his letters.

*Your obedient servant,
J.D. McLEAN, Asst. Deputy and Secretary.*

The Auditor General.

BEAUHARNOIS, June 29, 1916.

SIR, - In answer to yours of the 26th of June, containing letters from the Auditor General and Mr. Gibbons, Secretary of the Royal Commission on Indian Affairs in British Columbia, in regard to railway tickets, I must say that on the moment I have no recollection of the matter. I am at Beauharnois, sick, and do not go to my office where I might have some information in my private papers. But will look the case over when I go and let you have a definite answer. I may say immediately that if those tickets had been remitted to me I would have had them exchanged by the Royal Commission and sent the money to our account in the bank, and it will show in my private book.

If it is not there, the tickets were not returned to me.

I do not find the answer of Mr. Gibbons very clear and he knows that I would not have sent back to Ottawa the unused tickets, but would have dealt with the C.P.R. Company in Victoria.

Anyway, as soon as I go to my office, I will let you know definitely.

*Yours truly,
J.G.H. BERGERON.*

J.D. McLEAN, Esq., Asst Deputy and,

Secretary, Department. of Indian Affairs.

POST OFFICE, MONTREAL, July 12, 1916.

SIR, - With further reference to my late reply to your communication 59335 - 6, and to my statement that, as soon as I should be in my office, I would look up my private bank book to see if I could give you any definite answer in the matter referred to in a letter of the Auditor General, re trip to the Kootenay I now find in looking over my private book that I gave, at the time, to the chairman of our commission, Mr. N.W. White, in trust, for the Kootenay trip, a sum of \$2,006. I also gave Mr. James A. McArthur, stenographer, a sum of \$150 for his personal expenses.

Out of those two amounts, I find that on the 30th of September of the same year (1914) Mr. White remitted to me the sum of \$614; Mr. MacDowall remitted \$30 Mr. McArthur, \$41.20. I also find that Mr. McKenna remitted \$150, which I was told at the time he had borrowed from Mr. White.

On the 23rd of October following, Mr. Shaw remitted \$130.25. All the amounts so remitted, to the total of \$965.45, were deposited as they were handed to me to the credit of the commission, in our bank, as you will see by our bank book.

I can find no trace of any special amount, such as mentioned by the Auditor General, and I am sure that if it had been given back to me, it would have been deposited in the bank and would show in my book, as all the others above mentioned.

This is the clearest account I can give, and I can vouch for my book, as it was examined by the Auditor General and others in his office and found O.K.

Yours truly,
J.G.H. BERGERON.

J.D. MCLEAN, Esq., Asst. Deputy and
Secretary, Department. of Indian Affairs.

AUDIT OFFICE, Oct. 18, 1916.

SIR, - British Columbia cheque No. 462 of 1915 - 16 is for a payment of \$396.30 to the Alaska Steamship Company for three fares from Victoria to Atlin and return to Victoria. These fares, evidently, were for Commissioners McDowall and McKenna and Secretary McArthur for their trip to Atlin in June, 1915.

Voucher 800 is for the payment of \$60 to Pacific Coast Steamship Company for one ticket from Skagway to Victoria, issued July 24. Voucher 805 is for a payment of \$30 to the Pacific Coast Steamship Company for one trip from Skagway to Victoria and voucher 806 is for a payment of \$65 to the Canadian Pacific Railway Company for one ticket, issued June 24, from Skagway to Victoria. These three tickets covered the return fares of Messrs. McDowall, McKenna, and McArthur from Skagway to Victoria.

I should like to know why the return tickets purchased from the Alaska Steamship Company were not used on the return trip, and why a rebate was not obtained from that company for the unused return tickets.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,
JOHN GORMAN for A.G.

The Deputy Superintendent General of Indian Affairs.

Advance of \$750 to J.A.J. McKenna in May, 1913.

AUDIT OFFICE, OTTAWA, Feb. 23, 1916.

SIR, - In the beginning of the fiscal year 1913 - 14 an advance of \$750 was made to J.A.J. McKenna for his expenses in connection with the Royal Commission on Indian Affairs. I have received no account of Mr. McKenna's expenditure under this advance. As I understand that the business of the Royal Commission will in a short time be closed, Mr. McKenna should be called upon either to produce proper accounts for this expenditure or to refund this amount.

*I am, sir, your obedient servant,
E.D. SUTHERLAND, for A.G.*

The Deputy Superintendent General of Indian Affairs.

DEPARTMENT OF INDIAN AFFAIRS, OTTAWA, April 4, 1916.

SIR, - Referring to your letter of the 23rd of February last, respecting the advance of \$750 made to Mr. J.A.J. McKenna in the beginning of the fiscal year 1913 - 14 for his expenses in connection with the British Columbia Royal Commission on Indian Affairs, I now beg to enclose an account received from Mr. McKenna, supported by a statutory declaration, covering the sum of \$749. A refund of \$1 has been made by McKenna and deposited to the credit of Casual Revenue. I also enclose for your information a letter dated the 29th ultimo received from Mr. McKenna respecting this account.

*I am, sir, your obedient servant,
DUNCAN C. SCOTT, Deputy Superintendent-General.*

The Auditor General.

*VICTORIA, B.C. March 29, 1916.
Your File 59336 - 6B.*

SIR, - Referring to yours of the 26th February and 15th instant, somehow I got the impression that the matter of expenses between the 14th December, 1912, and 30th March, 1913, had been disposed of. Cheque issued to me in May, 1913. As stated orally and afterwards in my telegram of March 16, 1914, I proceeded in the belief that the fixed per them allowance applied, and I therefore, did not obtain vouchers for my expenses for the said period nor keep any account. The best I can do is to send an account in the form herewith, together with a sworn declaration as suggested in yours of the 26th February. I trust this will be satisfactory. As a matter of fact I am, convinced that the amount charged does not adequately meet the expenses I was put to owing to my being kept in Ottawa during the said period, and I adhere to the belief that, in all fairness and in strict compliance With the understanding upon which the commission issued to me, the full amount of the fixed per them allowance

should have been paid. However, I decided in view of the misunderstanding that arose to forego that claim and, to attain s the amount at the minimum of reasonably chargeable outlay.

Your obedient servant,
J.A.J. McKENNA.

The Secretary, Dept., of Indian Affairs.

J.A.J. McKenna in account with the Department of Indian Affairs -

May, 1913, To cheque from Dept	...	\$750.00
Mar.30, 1913, By living expenses between the 14th December, 1912, and 30th Mar., 1913, 107 days at. \$7	\$749 00	...
By refund herewith	1 00	...
...	750 00	750 00

I certify that the above is correct and that the expenditure was incurred in government business.

J.A.J. McKENNA. AUDIT OFFICE, May 16,1916.

SIR, - I beg to acknowledge receipt of your letter of April 4, enclosing a statement received from Dr. J.A.J. McKenna accounting for the amount of \$750 given him on account of expenses in May, 1913.

According to an Order in Council dated January 25, 1913, Dr. McKenna's services as a special commissioner were continued to December 13, 1912, with remuneration at the rate of \$4,000 per year and \$10 a day for living expenses. After that date, i.e. from December 14, Dr. McKenna's status as a special commissioner ceased, and he was entitled to only his regular salary at the rate of \$2,600 per annum and such reasonable actual travelling expenses as might be necessarily incurred by him in the public service up to March 31, 1913, on which date he was appointed a commissioner in connection with the Indian Lands question in British Columbia. The account rendered by Dr. McKenna for the expenditure of the \$750 referred to above is for 107 days' living expenses from December 14, 1912, to March 30, 1913, inclusive, at \$7 a day. I should like to know where Dr. McKenna was between these dates and if he was actually engaged during this time on business connected with your department. If it is your opinion that he should he allowed living expenses at the rate of \$7 a day during the period in question, it will be necessary to get the authority of the Governor in Council for such allowance.

I am, sir, your obedient servant,
J. FRASER, A.G.

The Deputy Superintendent General of Indian Affairs.

Indian Affairs Department: Revenue.

Casual Revenue.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.
Refund of Advances for surrender -	...	...
Riding Mountain	364 42	...
Cote Band	32,160 00	...
Keys Band	5,675 00	...
Keeseekoose Band	6,915 00	...
...	...	45,114 42
Refunds of Advances to Indians -	...	...
Assiniboine Agency	6 00	...
Battleford Agency	140 25	...
Birtle Agency	10 00	...
Carlton Agency	398 16	...
Crooked Lake Agency	94 50	...
Duck Lake Agency	742 31	...
Edmonton Agency	28 00	...
File Hills Agency	157 35	...
Hobbema Agency	51 00	...
Kenora Agency	6 15	...
Kwawkewlth Agency	350 00	...
Onion Lake Agency	120 85	...
Portage la Prairie Agency	10 00	...
Qu'Appelle Agency	44 25	...
Saddle Lake Agency	44 30	...
Touchwood Agency	487 40	...
Sundry Indians	57 66	...
Ex-pupils	78 65	...
...	...	2,826 83
Refunds of Annuities -	...	...
Claplain Agency	16 00	...
Clandeboyce Agency	10 00	...
Conroy, H.A., balance of advance	661 80	...
Fisher River	5 00	...
Little Pine Band	5 00	...
Martin's Falls	4 00	...
Onion Lake Agency	15 00	...
...	...	716 80
Sales.	...	...
Fisher River, team and sleigh	310 00	...

Kenora Agency, heater	40 00	...
Qu'Appelle Agency, provisions and goods	24 35	...
St. Peter's Reserve, old school house	10 00	...
Waddy, J.N., hospital furniture	14 00	...
...	...	398 35
Overpayments.	...	...
Elkhorn town plot	52 20	...
Graham, H.	32 40	...
Halifax Herald	14 50	...
Hudson's Bay Co.	113 62	...
Portage la Prairie Agency	30 52	...
Robertson, W.R.	3 10	...
...	...	246 34
Sundries.	...	...
Battleford Agency, pound fees	117 09	...
Booth, J.R. vs King, costs	148 13	...
Bury, H.J., balance adv. for travel	33 85	...
Can. Northern Ry., fare, W.J. Chisholm	4 80	...
Cullen, F.E., balance adv.	9 25	...
Deveau, Jas., on account of loan	18 00	...
Greenshields, Ltd., freight on supplies	11 83	...
Meredith McPherson etc., copies of treaties	15 00	...
McKenna, J.A.J., balance of advance	1 00	...
Okanagan Agency, Vernon Jubilee Hospital	12 00	...
Portage la Prairie Agency, script funded	20 00	...
Parker, C.C., unused part of ticket	17 10	...
Peat, Dr., acc salary	200 00	...
Trust Funds	892 37	1,500 42
...	...	50,803 16