

# PROSTATE CANCER IN CANADA

**PROSTATE CANCER** develops in the cells of the prostate. Changes in these cells can lead to benign (non-cancerous) or precancerous conditions. In some cases, these tumours could become malignant (or cancerous).

## THE DATA

PROSTATE CANCER IS THE

**4<sup>th</sup>** MOST COMMON CANCER IN CANADA

1 in 8 MEN



WILL BE DIAGNOSED WITH PROSTATE CANCER IN HIS LIFETIME

ABOUT 21,600 MEN

WERE DIAGNOSED WITH PROSTATE CANCER IN 2016

PROSTATE CANCER IS THE #1 CANCER IN MEN

98% OF PROSTATE CANCERS OCCUR IN MEN AGED 50+

## RISK FACTORS



AGE



OVERWEIGHT OR OBESITY



FAMILY HISTORY



ETHNICITY (AFRICAN ANCESTRY)

## SCREENING AND DETECTION

70%

of prostate cancers are diagnosed early **AT STAGE I AND II\***

95%

of Canadian men diagnosed with prostate cancer **SURVIVE 5 OR MORE YEARS**



Prostate cancer usually progresses slowly and can be successfully managed. Screening for prostate cancer using the Prostate-Specific Antigen (PSA) test is not recommended for average risk Canadian men with no history of prostate cancer. Screening guidelines are available from the **Canadian Task Force on Preventive Health Care**.



For more facts about prostate cancer visit: [www.Canada.ca](http://www.Canada.ca) and Search: prostate cancer

Like us on Facebook: Public Health Agency of Canada  
Follow us on Twitter: @PHAC\_GC

Data Sources: Canadian Cancer Statistics 2016; Statistics Canada, Canadian Cancer Registry CANSIM Table 103-0554; Canadian Partnership Against Cancer Cancerview.ca - 2016 Cancer System Performance Report.

\* Cancer stage distribution is based on eight provinces and does not include Quebec or Ontario.



Public Health  
Agency of Canada

Agence de la santé  
publique du Canada

CANADIAN PARTNERSHIP  
AGAINST CANCER



PARTENARIAT CANADIEN  
CONTRE LE CANCER