DIVISION AND USE OF WATER OF WARYS MILKRIVERS

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The Honourable, the International Joint Commission, Washington, D. C. and Ottawa, Canada.

Gentlemen:

In compliance with the provisions of clause 11 of your order of April 3, 1919, directing the division of the waters of St. Mary and Milk rivers between the United States and Canada, we are transmitting herewith a report on the operations during the irrigation season of 1919.

Respectfully submitted:

Accredited Irrigation Officer of His Majesty.

A.P. Daveis

E.F. Druk

Accredited Reclamation Officer of the United States.

REPORT TO INTERNATIONAL JOINT COMMISSION

on

DIVISION AND USE OF WATER OF ST. MARY AND MILK RIVERS

by

E. F. DRAKE, representing Canada

and

A. P. DAVIS, representing the United States.

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INTRODUCTION.

The field work in the division of the water of St. Mary and Milk rivers in 1919 was carried on by B. E. Jones on behalf of A. P. Davis, representing the United States, and by R. J. Burley and S. G. Dawson on behalf of E. F. Drake, representing Canada. These engineers, working together, divided the water between the two countries in accordance with the order of the Commission. As each country was able to use its entire share of the flow of St. Mary River from early in July until late in October, the men in the field were compelled to keep constantly informed as to the natural flow of the rivers, the water being stored or released from storage, and the amount being diverted by each country. and to check up the results every few days from the autometic gauge records at the principal stations. Any discrepancy in the division was therefore quickly discovered and corrected. Semimonthly statements showing the daily division of the water were prepared and forwarded to the Superintendent, Lethbridge Section, Canadian Pacific Irrigation System, and to the Project Manager, United States Reclamation Service. Considerable work was also done in determining the seepage and evaporation losses in Milk River between the outlet of the United States Reclamation Service St. Mary canal and Havre, Montana.

DIVISION OF WATER.

Mr. Dawson and Mr. Jones had their headquarters on St.

Mary River near the international boundary, from which point it
is but a few hours' ride by automobile to most of the gauging
stations on that river and its tributaries, or to the stations
on the two main canals diverting from St. Mary River.

The headgates of the U.S.R.S. St. Mary Canal were first opened, this year, on April 18th and were closed for the season on October 25rd. The headgates of the A.R. & I. Co.'s canal at Kimball were operated from April 22nd to October 24th, when they were closed for the season.

Any question as to one country or the other receiving more than its share of the flow of St. Mary River was decided by them in the following manner. Current meter measurements were made of Swiftcurrent Creek at Many Glacier, Canyon Creek near Many Glacier, and the flow of the other small creeks entering Swiftcurrent above Sherburne dam was either measured or estimated. The total flow of these creeks gave the inflow into Sherburne Lake reservoir. A current measurement at the gauging station below the dam gave the outflow from the reservoir, and the difference between the inflow and outflow showed the quantity of water being stored or released from storage. A measurement of the United

States Reclamation Service St. Mary canal at St. Mary Crossing was made to find the water being diverted by the United States, and a measurement of St. Mary River at Kimball to determine the water being received by Canada.

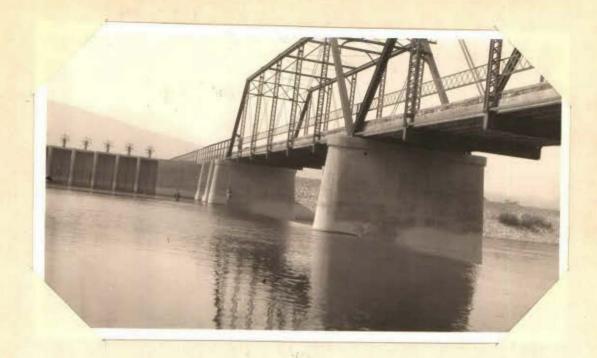
If water was being stored in Sherburne reservoir the natural flow was obtained by adding the water stored and diverted
by the United States, and that received by Canada. If water
was being released from storage the quantity of water released
was subtracted from the water being diverted by the United States,
and the remainder was added to the flow of St. Mary River at
Kimball to give the natural flow of St. Mary River.

The natural flow having been found, the share to which each country was entitled was determined on the following basis:-

- 1. When flow was less than 667 second-feet, one-fourth to United States, and three-fourths to Canada.
- 2. When flow was between 667 and 1,000 second-feet, 500 second-feet to Canada, and the rest to the United States.
- 3. When flow was above 1,000 second feet, water was divided equally.

Owing to the very low natural flow in the North Branch of Milk river and practically no flow in the South Branch from June to October, it was considered unnecessary to make any actual division of these waters.

The quantity each country was receiving was then compared with



A... United States Reclamation Service St. Mary Canal.

Diversion dam and headgate.



7B... United States Reclamation Service St. Mary Canal.
Gaging Station at Intake.

with the quantity to which it was entitled, and the results were brought to the attention of the Project Manager of the United States Reclamation Service and the Superintendent of the Lethbridge Section,

Canadian Pacific Railway Project, in order that any necessary changes in diversions could be made.

Early in July, Mr. Porter, Superintendent of the Lethbridge Section, Canadian Pacific Railway Project, in conversation with Messrs. Dawson and Jones expressed the desire to be kept informed as to the facts of the division, in order that he might use the information in planning the operation of his system. To supply this information a statement was prepared every two weeks by Messrs. Dawson and Jones giving the daily results for the period covered.

An example of these statements is given below in Table 1, covering the period August 1-15, inclusive.

DIVISION OF ST. MARY RIVER WATER BETWEEN CANADA AND THE UNITED STATES, AUGUST 1-15, 1919.

Date	:by U.S.R.	:St. Mary : River at : Boundary	:	Stored wat	er: Natural Flow: :St. Mary Riv- : er at Kim- : ball		Excess + Deficiency
August	SecFt.	:SecFt.	SecFt.	: SecFt.	: SecFt. :	SecFt.	: SecFt.
1	388	466	854	224	630	472	-6
2	388	466	854	210	644	483	-17
3	389	470	859	203	656	492	-22
4	389	480	869	198	671	500	-20
5	386	475	861	233	628	471	+4 ,
6	385	470	855	259	596	447	+23 ci
7	385	457	842	257	585	439	+18
8	385	452	837	255	582	436	+16
9	384	434	818	247	571	428	+6
10	387	421	808	257	551	413	+8
11	388	417	805	285	520	390	+27
12	390	413	803	291	512	384	+29
13	392	408	800	301	499	374	+34
14	392	404	796	303	493	370	+34
15	392	400	792	325	457	350	+50

This table is simply a summary of Table 3 of this report, the latter showing in detail how the various results were obtained. The method of computation was the same as that used in checking up questions of division which is described above. The only difference is that for these daily records the discharge at the gauging stations was obtained by applying the daily gauge height to a rating table instead of obtaining the discharge directly by current-meter measurement. As all the stations immediately concerned in this statement, excepting the one on Swiftcurrent Creek below Sherburne dam are equipped with waterstage recorders, and as the stage-discharge relation at these stations is fairly permanent, the records obtained in this way are nearly as good as those obtained by current-meter measurement.

WATER SUPPLY.

The precipitation on the drainage basins of St. Mary and Milk rivers during the winter of 1918-19 was probably the lowest ever recorded. In the spring of 1919 the snow accumulated in the mountains at the head of St. Mary River was much below the average, and on the prairies, forming most of the drainage basin of Milk River, there was practically no snow. As a result, the spring flood run-off of Milk River was very small, and the flow of St. Mary River after the month of May was the lowest on record. During the growing season the precipitation was low, and this shortage increased the demand for irrigation water in both coun-

a source of supply for the two rivers from May to September, and after the middle of June the only run-off from Milk River basin was a small amount at the headwaters of two or three of the tributaries. St. Mary River is fed largely by glaciers, and although the average flow was much below normal, yet the mean of the natural flow at Kimball in May was 1,980 second-feet, in June 2,120 second-feet, and in July 919 second-feet. The discharge fell off rapidly in August and September, but this was after the peak of the demand for irrigation had passed.

The inflow to the Milk River from the northern tributaries was very small after the 1st of June. Lodge Creek and Battle Creek went dry early in July and remained so until October. The Frenchman River was dry at the boundary during August and September, with very little flow during October. The tributaries from the south, especially those from the Bear Paw Mountains, ceased flowing early in June.

Although practically the entire flow of Milk River above Dodson after the middle of April was diverted and used, the shortage of water was so great that crops failed on those lands depending entirely on the natural flow of Milk River and tributaries for their supply. The United States Indian Service canal near Harlem, which has a prior right to 125 second-feet of the flow of Milk River, was compelled to reduce its diversion the

last part of June, and to shut down entirely July 12 on account of lack of water.

The canals depending on the supplementary flow from St.

Mary River were fairly well supplied throughout the irrigation season, but this supply was not always sufficient, and at times available water had to be divided between the upper valley around Chinook and Harlem and the lower valley around Dodson and Malta. In the lower valley rotation was also practiced, the upper part of the valley receiving the entire flow one week, the lower end of the canal receiving all the water the following week. In this way the available supply was distributed in such a manner that there were no serious losses due to lack of water.

After the middle of July, the United States' share of the flow of St. Mary River was not sufficient to meet its requirements, and a supplementary supply was obtained from Sherburne reservoir, which was operated during June, July, August and September. Measurements were made to separate natural flow from stored water, and because of daily variations in the natural flow of the river constant record had to be kept of the flow into and out of Sherburne reservoir, diversions by the United States, and the water passing the international boundary.

The natural flow of Milk River after the month of June did not equal the losses due to seepage and evaporation, and



A - International Gauging Station. St. Mary River near Kimball.



B - A.R. & 1.00. S Canal System. Headgates at Spring Coulee.

without the supplementary supply from St. Mary River the channel would probably have been dry below the town of Milk River, Alberta. For this reason, the people of various towns along Milk River in the United States asked that the flow of St. Mary River water be continued as late in the fall as possible, to furnish them with a domestic supply, they agreeing to pay the cost of operation. The canal was, therefore, continued in operation until October 23, when it was closed on account of very cold weather.

About 1,000 acre feet of water were used in the United States from St. Mary and Milk rivers of which no accurate record is available, and which is therefore not included in the accompanying tables. Part of this water, sufficient to irrigate about 400 acres, was pumped from Milk River. The remaining water was diverted from Swiftcurrent Creek and Kennedy Creek to irrigate about 300 acres of hay land in the St. Mary River Valley in the United States.

HYDROMETRIC WORK.

For the purpose of division, and to obtain data for studies of seepage and other subjects, 64 gauging stations, of which 10 were international, were operated under the general supervision of the engineers delegated to represent the undersigned. A map herewith submitted shows the location of the gauging

stations, and a table, to which the numbers on the map refer. gives the name of each station. Early in April a water-stage recorder was installed at the gauging station on Lodge Creek near the international boundary, so that the equipment of all the joint international gauging stations is now of the most modern type. Nine of the other gauging stations are also equipped with water-stage recorders and sufficient current meter measurements are made each year at all the stations to insure good results. Special attention was given to those stations upon whose results the division of water directly depended and also the stations used in studies of seepage losses. An appendix to this report gives the results of current meter measurements. the daily gauge heights and discharge, at all of the gauging stations operated in the two drainage basins in 1919. Any of the data upon which these results were based will be furnished on request to the commission.

The joint report, containing all stream-flow records collected in both countries in the basins of St. Mary and Milk rivers up to and including 1917, has been completed and sent to the printer.

SEEPAGE INVESTIGATION.

The engineers engaged in the division of water made numerous trips down Milk River from the outlet of the United

States Reclamation Service St. Mary canal to Havre, making current-meter measurements at several points on Milk River, to determine losses due to seepage. In general, it was found from the work in 1918 that the best results could be obtained by making a large number of measurements at each gauging station. in an endeavour to increase the accuracy of the results. determining the seepage losses from the records at those stations. This was the plan adopted in 1919, and the data obtained at the principal gauging stations is shown graphically by the hydrograph that forms Plate II of this report. The percentage of loss of St. Mary River water in flowing from St. Mary Crossing to Havre was practically the same in the two years for which records are available, being 25 per cent in 1918, and 24 per cent in 1919. During the hot, dry periods of July and August, however, the loss considerably exceeded 25 per cent. These investigations will be continued in 1920 to determine how increase in the flow in the river affects loss due to seepage.

DESCRIPTION OF TABLES AND DIAGRAMS.

Several tables and diagrams have been prepared, summarizing the data on the division and use of the water of the two rivers and showing it graphically.

Table 1 has already been described.

Table 2 compares the estimated requirements for 1919 with

the water actually diverted.

Table 3 shows the method of determining the natural flow of St. Mary River during the irrigation season, the water available for use and used by the United States and the water available for use by Canada. For June. July. August and September this table covers four sheets for each month. The first two sheets show the determination of the total daily flow which if not interfered with would cross the international boundary, or the natural flow of St. Mary river at Kimball. Sheet 1 for each month shows the daily inflow into and out of Sherburne reservoir. the difference giving the water stored or released from storage. Sheet 2 shows the water diverted, stored or released from storage by the United States and finally the total natural flow of St. Mary river at Kimball. Sheet 3 shows the water available for use by the United States, the water used, and the excess or deficiency of this quantity over the quantity available. Sheet 4 shows the natural flow of St. Mary river at Kimball. Canada's share, the actual discharge of St. Mary river at Kimball. which is the quantity of water received by Canada, and the excess or deficiency of the quantity received by Canada as compared with her share.

For April, May, and October there are only three sheets

for each month, the first mheet, dealing with stored water, being omitted

omitted as there was no water stored or released from storage during those months.

An examination of table 3 shows that except during a few short periods each country received the share to which it was entitled. The headgates of the United States Reclamation St.

Mary Canal were opened April 22 and from April 22 to 28, through a misunderstanding as to the requirements of Canada, the United States diverted more than its share of the flow of St.

Mary River. There was no other serious deficiency until the storage in Sherburne reservoir began to be exhausted, when from September 5 to 8, inclusive, the United States diverted more than it should have received before the headgates were adjusted to the new conditions of flow. The small deficiency October 9 to 23 was due to a change in the rating of the gauging station and could not be charged to the operation of the irrigation works.

Table 3 shows that the water released from storage during 1919 exceeded the amount stored, which is accounted for as follows. During the building of Sherburne dam a small construction dam was placed in the channel of the stream to raise the water level for purposes of navigation. This served to store about 8,000 acrefeet which amount of water was already in the reservoir at the beginning of the season of 1919. In order to supply the irrigation requirements of the United States in August, it was found necessary to release this water in addition to that stored during June and

this

this accounts for the excess of the water released from storage over the amount stored.

Table 4 contains the information requested by the Commission in paragraph 11 of its order of April 3, 1919, which reads as follows:

A statement in duplicate showing the quantity of water taken in each month by each country and the quantity thereof applied to the land, and also the quantity of water diverted from St. Mary to Milk River and stored or held back by either country.

In addition it shows for St. Mary and Milk rivers the water available, diverted, used, stored, wasted, and losses in canals and reservoirs. This table does not include water diverted from tributaries of St. Mary and Milk rivers.

Table 5 gives the available data on diversions for the principal northern tributaries of Milk River. It should be explained that the Canadian Reclamation Service is largely dependent upon the irrigators themselves for such records, as most of the diversions are too small to justify the expense of appointing and paying gauge observers. The records are, therefore, incomplete and of doubtful value in a report such as this, since they probably do not show the total diversions.

Matheson and Cook canals are the only diversions from these streams in the United States for which reliable records are available. The North Chinook Irrigation Co. diverted a considerable amount of water from Lodge Creek in the spring. This

water was stored and used during the irrigation season.

The discharge of these streams for the year is shown in the stream-flow records. No attempt to analyze the results has been made because of insufficient data on the diversions.

The two hydrographs accompanying the report show the total flow of St. Mary and Milk rivers for the period April to October, inclusive. The quantity diverted from St. Mary River by the United States and Canada has been plotted, together with the total natural flow. For Milk River the flow of the two forks at the international crossing, including the water from St. Mary River, has been plotted with the flow at Milk River at Eastern Crossing and Havre. This diagram shows graphically the losses due to seepage and evaporation.

DEVELOPMENTS AND FUTURE REQUIREMENTS.

Although both countries could have used more water in 1919 had it been available, the crops on those lands depending on St. Mary River for a supply were not seriously damaged by lack of water. The flow of Milk River and tributaries on the other hand was very low, ceasing entirely about the middle of July, and the supply of water from this source alone was insufficient to produce a crop.

The deficiency in precipitation during the last three years, however, has greatly revived interest in irrigation in

this section. As a result the Paradise, Harlem, and Fort
Belknap canals are being enlarged and extended. The canals
heading at Dodson and Vandalia already are able to irrigate
twice the area served in 1919, and undoubtedly a large
part of this surplus will be brought under irrigation next
year, so that, if the precipitation is no greater, the demand
for water in 1920 will far exceed that in 1919.

To meet this larger requirement the United States

Reclamation Service has doubled the capacity of the flume at

St. Mary crossing on its St. Mary canal and will probably be

able to divert from 25 to 50 per cent more St. Mary River

water in 1920 than it could in 1919.

Improvements to increase the capacity of the A.R. & I.

Co.'s canal were made after the closing of the season. The
headgates were improved to give greater capacity; a new dam
and diversion works, to replace the old structures at Magrath,
were built to reduce the wastage down Pothole creek; two
cut-offs between Magrath and Welling are expected to increase
the canal's capacity from 700 second feet to 1,000 second feet.
The canals of the Taber extension, which will irrigate some
17,000 acres, will be ready to carry water by June, 1920.

Owing to these improvements and the increased area to be irrigated, there will be a heavier demand on the waters of the St. Mary River in the future.

ESTIMATED REQUIREMENTS AND ACTUAL DIVERSIONS SEASON 1919.

-				CANADA		
	:Estimated		1		: Perce	entage
Month	:Require-	:Diverted	:Wasted	:Balance	:Estimate	ed:Actual
	:ments	100 124 5 5		:0		:
	:Acre-Ft.	:Acre-Ft.	:Acre-Ft.	:Acre-Ft.	:	
Ammail	1 911	2,374	. 9 943	131	1	0.1
April		The second of the land of the second of the		The Land III and III a		
May		: 23,550		: 17,666		:13.7
June			: 3,155	: 39,569		:30.7
July	: 54,330	: 34,925	: 744	: 34,181	: 30	:26.4
August	: 36,220		: 2,029	the second secon		:16.2
Sept.	: 18,110	: 13,507	: 696	: 12,811	: 10	: 9.9
Oct.	The second secon		: 2,251	: 3,842	: 1	: 3.0
Total	: 181,100	:146,108	: 17,002	:129,106	: 100	:100.0

		The State of		UNITED S		
Month	:ments	Diverted			Percer Estimated	
April May June July August Sept. Oct.	18,000 54,000 54,000 36,000	30,725 23,772 23,551 16,316	1,735 1,083 1,224 1,810	13,269 22,705 29,642 22,548 21,741 15,407 4,457	10 30 30 20 8	10 17.5 23 17.5 16.5 12 3.5
Total	180,000	137,752	7,983	129,769	100	100

Water diverted from Milk River plus St. Mary River water lost by seepage and evaporation in transit.

b/ Includes losses by seepage and evaporation.

DETERMINATION OF NATURAL FLOW OF ST. MARY RIVER.

APRIL - 1919.

	by BSRS	Stored :Total:S by USRS : Sec.Ft.:Sec.Ft:	Released :	Natural Flow : St. Mary River : at Kimball. Sec. Ft.
1 272 286 3 292 4 263 243 240 235 240 235 240 235 240 249 258 249 258 243 258 244 258 246 246 166 20 21 22 25 21 23 246 246 247 246 246 247 246 247 246 247 246 247 247 247 247 247 247 247 247 247 247	139 207 230 247 222 248 274 301 328	272 286 296 296 243 243 244 255 2446 2466 180 215 315 447 566 154		272 286 292 296 263 240 235 240 235 246 249 258 258 248 246 166 180 207 312 345 345 347 536 447 537 616 865 1154
Total 7,989	2,196	10,185		10,185
Mean 266	244	340		. 340
Acre Ft.15,800	4,360	20,200		20,200

Table 3.

Table 3.

DIVISION OF WATER OF ST. MARY RIVER WATER USED BY UNITED STATES APRIL 1919.

Da	:Natural : Flow :St.Mary :River at :Kimball y:Sec.Ft.	: U.S. : Wate	ced : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	Used : Diverted:Stored Sec.Ft.:Sec.Ft		Excess Sec. Ft	: Sec. Ft
12345678910112345678990	258 258 258 258 268 268 268 272 258 246 268 272 273 274 275 275 275 275 275 275 275 275 275 275	672 777661099922344102222528618244577 6666666666666666999135677	ft.:Sec.ft.: 68 72 73 74661 60 55622 634 641 602 622 634 644 600 622 634 641 602 622 634 641 602 632 634 641 657 687 687 687 687 687 687 687 687 687 68	139 207 230 247 222 248 274 301 328	139 207 230 247 222 248 274 301 328	61 121 139 149 110 114 120	823461099223441022252 644 645 2
Tot	tal 10185 an 340	2986 99.5	2986 99. 5	2196 244	2196 244	814 27.1	1604 53.5
Ac.	.Ft.20200	5920	5920	4360	4360	1610	3180

DIVISION OF WATER OF ST.MARY RIVER WATER AVAILABLE FOR USE BY CANADA APRIL - 1919.

S R K	flow t.Mary tiver at: imball ec. Ft.	Canada's Share Sec. Ft.	St.Mary River at Kimball Sec.Ft.	Excess Sec. Ft.	Deficiency Sec.Ft.	
123456789111234567890	272 286 296 296 243 2440 2356 2440 2558 2440 2558 2440 2558 2440 2558 2440 2440 2440 2440 2440 2440 2440 244	204 214 219 222 197 180 176 184 189 184 184 184 184 184 184 185 184 184 185 273 273 340 577	272 286 292 296 263 243 240 235 246 245 246 246 180 207 173 134 147 225 389 342 564 826	68 72 73 74 66 60 55 62 63 64 64 64 249	61 121 139 149 110 114 120	
Total-	-10185	7199	7989	1604	81.4	
Mean	340	240	266	53.5	27.1	
Ac. Ft.	20200	14300	15800	3180	1610	

DETERMINATION OF NATURAL FLOW OF ST.MARY RIVER
MAY 1919.

Day:S	t.Mary River at Kimball	:Diverted: Store :by USRS :by USR	d; Total	Stored Water Released	r: Natural Flow: :St. Mary River: : at Kimball:	
	Sec. Ft.	Sec. Ft. Sec. Ft	.: Sec. Ft.	Sec. Ft.	Sec. Ft.	
1234567891112345678991123456789901	994 1112 1162 1153 1072 1001 873 7352 1002 871 803 7352 1002 873 7352 1002 873 7352 1002 873 7352 1002 873 7352 1003 1004 1004 1004 1004 1004 1004 1004	356 588 588 588 588 588 588 588 5	1349		1349 1480 1534 15466 1399 1348 1256 1191 1125 1040 1001 978 931 935 989 1047 1145 1358 1998 2998 2998 2998 2998 2998 2998 299	
Total	49309	12015			61324	
Mean	1590	388			1980	
Ac. Ft	97800	23900			122000	

DIVISION OF WATER OF ST.MARY RIVER WATER USED BY UNITED STATES
MAY = 1919.

Table 3.

Da	:Natural : flow :St.Mary :River at :Kimball y:Sec.Ft.	: U.S. :W	tored Jater Released Total	Oseu	ored Total Ex	Defic- cess iency Ft. Sec. Ft.
34 56 78 910 112 1156 78 90 112 122 22 22 22 22 23 33	1349 1480 1534 1541 1466 1399 1348 12591 1040 10978 1145 10978 1145 1358 1358 1358 1358 1358 1358 1358 1369 1369 1369 1369 1369 1369 1369 1369	674 767 777 770 770 628 55620 629 629 629 629 629 629 629 639 639 639 639 639 639 639 639 639 63	674 740 767 770 733 7674 628 5962 5962 5962 5962 5962 5974 438 435 4824 5778 829 1274 1612 1692 1840 2090 2248 2319	358 367 367 367 367 367 367 367 367	355 368 367 368 367 368 368 368 368 368 368 368 368 368 368	319 372 339 3382 339 3388 2438 2438 174 132 110 42 166 287 1236 1460 1709 1862 1953 1833
Tot	a161,324	30,544	30,544	12,015	12,015	18,529
Mea	in 1,980	985	985	388	388	598
Ac,	Ft. 122,000	60,600	60,600	23,900	23,900	36,800

DIVISION OF WATER OF ST.MARY RIVER WATER AVAILABLE FOR USE BY CANADA MAY - 1919.

Day	Matural Flow St.Mary River at Kimball Sec.Ft.	Canada's	Kimball	:Excess :	Deficiency Sec. Ft.
123456 78910112134156178190212234567899031	1349 1480 1534 1541 1466 1399 1348 1256 1191 1125 1040 1001 978 938 921 935 989 1047 1142 1355 1658 1998 2548 2990 3223 3384 3680 4479 4496 4695 4438	675 775 777 773 674 678 593 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 50	994 11163 11062 11163 10062 871 803 7652 873 7652 587 5737 1263 1607 1263 1607 2263 1607 2263 1607 2263 2850 3000 3798 4306 4052	319 379 388 243 208 174 132 181 31 10 42 87 122 166 285 434 608 902 1117 1239 1316 1460 1709 1862 1959 1833	
Tota	61,324	30,780	49,309	18,529	
Mean	1,980	993	1,590	598	
Ac.	Ft. 122,000	61,100	97,800	36,800	

DETERMINATION OF NATURAL FLOW OF ST.MARY RIVER WATER STORED AND RELEASED BY UNITED STATES.

JUNE - 1919.

7							
Day:	In Flow into viftcurrent Cr. Many Glacier Sec. Ft.	:Canyon : :Creek :	Other Creeks (Estimated)	:Total : :In Flow:	Swiftcurren Cr. below Sherburne Dam. Sec. Ft.	: :	from storage.
123456789101121341567892122345678930	311 259 280 367 469 474 437 401 365 329 275 276 343 372 362 372 398 427 437 396 334 302 377 298 276 276 276 377 378 378 378 377 378 378 378 378 378	44 33 34 71 36 42 22 22 23 35 36 42 41 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37 37	40 30 52 50 30 30 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50	3955866555746678145222355545384618333333344555546281 395586655574667814522235554384618333333344445455546281	550 144 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	181 338 426 536 545 505 467 424 337 331 432 433 455 474 493 493 493 493 111 10	28 69
Total	10,404	1,029	735	12,168	2,170	10,250	252
Mean	347	34.3	24.5	406	72.3	342	8.40
Ac. Ft.	20,600	2,040	14,060	24,200	4,300	20,400	500

Table 3.

DETERMINATION OF NATURAL FLOW OF ST MARY RIVER.

JUNE - 1919.

) :: a	Mary River: t Kimball : c.Ft.	by USRS	by USRS		Released	r:Natural Flow: :St.Mary River: :At Kimball: : Sec.Ft.	
123456789101121315617891222345678990	3584 2902 2206 1790 1564 1474 1436 1398 1360 1281 1195 1096 1025 970 1001 1025 1064 1137 1229 1289 1307 1298 1263 1254 1307 1307	3888911608222229997098887076446643 3888999999988889888888888888888888888	188 426 555 426 555 426 78 428 331 432 435 435 435 435 435 435 435 435 435 435	3973 3471 2932 2605 2490 2410 2325 2172 2052 2172 2052 2172 2052 2172 2052 2172 2052 2172 2052 2172 2052 2172 2052 2172 2172 2172 2172 2172 2172 2172 21	155 28 69	3818 3471 2932 2605 2491 2410 2327 2255 2172 2059 1924 1806 1718 1696 1645 1715 1789 1813 1847 1907 2000 2110 2182 2152 2078 1885 1733 1650 1663 1621	
Total Mean Ac. Ft.	41,825 1,390 82,700	11,651 388 23,100	10,250 342 20,400	63,726 2,120 126,000	252 8.40 500	63,474 2,120 126,000	

DIVISION OF WATER OF ST.MARY RIVER WATER USED BY UNITED STATES

JUNE - 1919

)									
	:St.Mary :River at :Kimball	U.S. Share	le for us :Water :Released : :Sec.Ft.	Total	USED DIVERTED Sec. Ft.				Deficiency.
123456789101131456789201223456788930	3818 3471 2932 2491 2410 2327 22172 2052 41808 1718 1645 1718 1847 1907 2218 2152 2078 1885 1733 1663 1621	1909 1736 1466 1302 1246 1205 1128 1030 9033 858 894 1030 954 1005 1076 1076 1076 1076 1076 1076 1076 832 832 810	28 69	2064 1736 1466 1302 1246 1205 1164 1128 1086 1030 9658 822 858 894 1055 1091 1076 1039 942 866 825 860 879	388891160822222299700887076446643 38889989999988896888988888888888888888	1818665554426 781866784426 781866784486784 781866784486784 78186784 7818678 7818678 7818678 7818678 7818678 7818678 7818678 7818678 7818678 7818678 7818678 7818678 7	389965761728990364199223395025643 8887721921233135025643 888888888888888888888888888888888888		1675 1167 740 487 3169 2271 253 1166 2271 253 1166 275 1087 275 1087 1087 1087 1087 1087 1087 1087 1087
Tota	63,474	31,738	252	31,990	11,651	10,250	21,901		10,089
Mean	2,120	1,060	8.	40 1,070	388	342	730		336
Ac.		63,100	500	63.700	23.100	20,400	43,400)	20,000

DIVISION OF WATER OF ST.MARY RIVER WATER AVAILABLE FOR USE BY CANADA JUNE - 1919.

DAY	Natural Flow St.Mary River at Kimball Sec.Ft.	Canada's	St Mary River at Kimball. Sec. Ft.	Excess Sec. Ft.	Deficiency. Sec. Ft.	
12345678910112345678910123345678930	3818 3471 2932 2605 2491 2410 2325 2172 2059 1924 1806 1645 1718 1645 1718 1847 1907 2000 2110 2182 2152 2078 1663 1663 1621	1909 1735 1466 1303 1245 11637 1086 1029 903 848 8237 909 848 8577 923 1005 1076 1076 1039 847 825 831 811	3584 2902 2206 1790 1564 1474 1436 1398 1360 1281 1096 1025 970 931 970 1025 1064 1137 1229 1289 1307 1298 1254 1307	1675 740 487 319 2273 2274 2233 162 233 162 233 163 2474 2111 1374 198 123 2476 496		
Total	63,474	31,736	41,825	10,089		
Mean	2,120	1,060	1,390	336		
Ac. Ft.	126,000	63,100	82,700	20,000		

DETERTERMINATION OF NATURAL FLOW OF ST.MARY RIVER WATER STORED AND RELEASED BY UNITED STATES.

JULY - 1919.

Day	In Flow into Sh	nerburne R	leservoir	S	wiftcurre	ntStored	Released
Y	:Swillcurrent Cr.			Total : C: In Flow: S:	r.below		: From : Storage
	at many dracter		(Estimated)		Dam.		: Door age
-	: Sec. Ft.	:Sec.Ft.:	Sec. Ft.	Sec. Ft.: S	ec. Ft.	: Sec. Ft.	:Sec.Ft.
1	215	22	10	247	326		79
2	215 181	20	10	211	211	0	79
13	181	20	10	211 224	152 152 260 260	59 72	
5	192 218	24	10	252 289	260		8
6	251	28 23 19 22	10	289 240	260 267	29	27
8	207	19	10	200	267		27 67
9	171 168 178	22	10	200	163	37 45	
120450000011	178	22 26	00000000000000000000000000000000000000	210	267 1655 2655 2665 2665 2665 2665 2665 2665	45	32
12	199 234 211	27 24	8	233 269 243 223 208 228	265	4	
13 14 15 16	211	24	8	243	265		22
15	192 178 196 215 178 145 122 122 128	23 22	8	208	265		42 576 428 1637 1975 2456 308
16	196	24	8	228	284		56
18	215	20	8	206	289 304 331		98
17 18 19	145	24 20 15 13 14 13 15 16 14	8	247 206 168 143 140	331		197
21	122	13	5	140	340 385 463		245
21	128	14	5	147 155 151 169 156 137 128	463		316
23 24 25 26	137 131 148	13	5	151	463 398 423 433 466		247
25	148	16	5	169	423		254 277
26	137	14	5	156	433		329
27 28	120	12	25	128	415		329 287 257
129	115	11	5	131	388		257
30	120	14	2	131 139 142	415 388 388 388		249
100	122						
	tal 5,224 an 169	588 19.0	235 7.58 466	6,047 195 12,000	9,706	246 7-94	3,905 125 7,750
Me	.Ft. 10,400	1,170	466	12,000	19,200	488-94	7,750
AU	. 10. 103.00						

DETERMINATION OF NATURAL FLOW OF ST.MARY RIVER JULY - 1919.

7 7	Day: St. Mar at Ki	mball	Diverted by USRS Sec. Ft.	by USRS		Released	:Natural Flow: :St.Mary River: at Kimball: Sec.Ft.
* >	12345678910112131451617181920212234226228293031	117355715994797171439955333600 121987777655590188888655555555555555555555555555555555	00000000000000000000000000000000000000	59 72 29 37 45 4	1626 1494 1420 12836 1178 1178 1178 1095 1095 1095 1095 1095 1095 1095 1095	79 8 27 67 32 22 427 56 42 98 163 724 257 246 277 224 277 224 277 224 246	1547 1494 1420 1287 1128 1172 1101 1027 1072 9921 9935 9935 9935 9935 9935 9935 7945 7945 7945 7945 7945 7945 7945 794
7	Mean	649	12, 04 4 23,900	246 488 94	32,400 1,050 64,600	3,905 126 7,750	28,495 919 56,500

29388

DIVISION OF WATER OF ST. MARY RIVER WATER USED BY UNITED STATES

JULY - 1919.

4										
1		tural	· Amoilel	ale fem un	a has tro	. 110	SED			
7		t.Mary	WASTIST	:Stored	e by us	0.0				4 1 1
	:R	iver at	U.S.	: Water						Defic-
	K	imball	:Share	Released Sec. Ft.	:Total	:Diverted:	Stored	:Total:	Excess.	: lency
4	DAY:	ec. Ft.	: Sec. Ft.	Sec. Mt.	:Sec. Ft.	Sec. Ft.	Sec. Ft.	: 500. F	,500,10	Do. Or b
	123456789111234567890123345678901	154940 15	774704446046613350835405484806399008	79 8 27 67 32 2427 628 169 169 17 247 247 247 247 246	877142671663378597232942544326794 877142671663378597232942544326794 44774444444444444444444444444444444	02 724 11 70 24 120 98 80 19 9 00 9 0 19 8 6 15 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	59 72 29 37 45 4	022440177490988019900901986578 88458299279988889988099899888888888888888888		430111111111111111111111111111111111111
>	Total		12,041		15,946	12,044	246 12	2,290		3,656
1	Mean	- Garana		100				396		118
1		919	389	126	514	389				
)	Ac. Ft.	56,500	23,900	7,750	31,600	23,900	488 24	1,300		7,260

DIVISION OF WATER OF ST.MARY RIVER
WATER AVAILABLE FOR USE BY CANADA.

JULY - 1919.

)						
Day	:Kimball :	Canada's Share Sec. Ft.	St.Mary River at Kimball Sec.Ft.	EXCESS Sec. Ft.	Deficiency Sec. Ft.	
1234 56 78 9111234 56 78 9012 234 56 78 901	1547 1420 1428 117 107 107 107 107 107 107 107 107 107	7710346 13600000000000000000000000000000000000	12128 77 776 55590 188886 555 5555 5555 555 555 555 555 555	47568086 688 9999447 971 1888 886 5588 8 7559 6 3216		
1 Tota	28,495	16,454	20,110	3,656		
Mean	919	531	649	118		
Ac. I	56,500	32,600	39,900	7,260		

Table 3.

DETERMINATION OF NATURAL FLOW OF ST.MARY RIVER WATER STORED AND RELEASED BY UNITED STATES.

AUGUST - 1919.

5		-	AUGU	ST - 19.	19.	
Day	: In Flow into		eservoir			:STORED:Released
	:Swiftcurrent C:			Total : Cr	r. below	From
7	at Many Glacier	r; Creek : Cr	eeks :	In Flow: Sh		Storage
	Sec Ft	Sec Ft S	stimated):	Sec. Ft. Se	Dam.	Sec. Ft Sec. Ft.
49	142	17	5	164	SON CHAMMAN	224
	142	17 19 20 21 16	いたいいいいいいち	164 178 187	388	210
13	187	20	5	182	382	203
5	131	16	3	152	385	203 198 233
é	112	14	5	131	390	259
7	112	14	5	131	388	257
8	112	13	5	130	385	255
9	118	15	2	130	388 388	257
10	112 118 112 108	12	A	130 138 131 125 122 117 112	410	285
12	105	13	4	122	413	291
13	100	13	4	117	413 418	301
14	105 100 96	12	4	112	415	303
15	90	12	4	106	431 426	257 285 291 301 303 325 321
16	92	11	2	108	415	307
18	160	12	2	114	415	304
11 12 13 14 15 16 19 20 12 23 24 26 27 28	92 94 100 105 112	14 14 13 15 14 13 13 13 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 14 15 16 17 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	4 222 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	106 105 108 114 119 126 126	415 433 428 418 426	296 307
20	112	12	2	126	433	302
21	112	12	2	121	418	297
23	96	ii	2	109	426	317
24	90	10	2	102	415	313
25	85	10	2	38	426	328
20	112 108 96 905 905 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90 90	3:4	2	102 98 101 102	423 423 423 423 423 423 423	330
28	90	10	2	102	423	321
29	83	2.4	2	94	423	329 329 326
30	83	10 9.4 8.7 9.0	2	94	420	326
31	- 03	9.0	-			
Tot	al	204 0	102	3,816	12,717	8,901
35.	3,320	394.9				287
Mea	107	12.7	3.29	123	410	
Ac.	Ft.	781	202	7,560	25,200	17,600
1	6,580	701	202	137		

Table 3.

DETERMINATION OF NATURAL FLOW OF ST.MARY RIVER

AUGUST - 1919.

:Sec. I	řt.	Sec. Ft. Sec	c. Ft. Sec. Ft. Se		at Kimball : Sec. Ft. :
10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	466 470 4870 470 470 470 470 470 470 470 470 470 4	38899655547802221290010199909779 888888888999999999988898888888888	854 854 8559 86554 800 800 800 800 800 800 800 800 800 80	224 210 2198 2193 2193 2193 2193 2193 2193 2193 2193	630 6446186522110229377012115649120649 555555555544454444444443333
Total	12,291	12,053	24,344	8,901	15,443
Mean	396	389	784	287	498
Ac. Ft.	3/5		48,300	17,600	30,600

Table 3.

DIVISION OF WATER OF ST.MARY RIVER WATER USED BY UNITED STATES.

AUGUST - 1919.

1 To 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	:River at:	U.S. Share	le for use :Stored :Water :Released:	Total	Diverted S	:Total	Excess Sec.Ft.	Defic- iency SecFt.
	630 644 656 657 6582 110 5582 5582 5582 5582 5582 5582 5582 558	150 164 177 1466 1430 146 1430 145 113 113 113 114 108 102 103 102 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103 103	240 21038 21	382 371 36908 4095 4095 4196 4262 427 4197 4116 4218 4218 4218 4218 4218 4218 4218 4218	88996555478022212900101999909779 888888888999999999999999999999	888996555478002012900101999909779 888888888889999999998888888888	6 17 22 20	43866879440899741352924034834
	Total 15,443 Mean 498	3,864	8,901 287	12,765	12 ,053 389	12, 053 389	65 2.1	777
	Ac. Ft. 30,600	7,690	17,600	25,300	23,900	23,900	129	1,540

DIVISION OF WATER OF ST. MARY RIVER WATER AVAILABLE FOR USE BY CANADA AUGUST - 1919

Day	Natural : Flow : St. Mary : River at : Kimball : Sec. Ft. : S	Canada's :R: Share : I	St. Mary iver at Kimball ec. Ft.	Excess Sec. Ft.	Deficiency Sec.Ft.	
12345678911123456789111111111111111111111111111111111111	634 657 657 657 657 657 657 657 657 657 657	472 483 490 477 443 490 443 443 443 443 443 443 443 443 443 44	466 470 4770 4770 4770 4770 4770 4770 47	4386687944089974152924484 223354408997423334443484	6 17 22 20	
To	tal 15,443	11,579	12,291	777	65	
Me		374	396	25.1	2.10	
Ac	Ft. 30,600	23,000	24,300	1,540	129	

DETERMINATION OF NATURAL FLOW OF ST. MARY RIVER.

WATER STORED AND RELEASED BY UNITED STATES.

SEPTEMBER - 1919.

>	Day:	In Flow into	Sherhurn	e Reservair		Swiftcurrent	. Stared	·Release
	:Sw	iftcurrent Cr.	: Canvon	:Other		Cr. below	:	:d
h	:At	Many Glacier	: Creek	: Creeks	: In Flow:	Sherburne		From
	:			: (Estimated)	: :	Dam.	3	:Storage
	-	Sec. Ft.	: Sec. Ft.	:Sec.Ft.	: Sec. Ft.:	Se.cFt.	: Sec. Ft	:Sec. Ft.
4	Sec							
	12345678911234567892223456789	77766555444565555566555555474	4048 4123086929633660255302759	111111111111111111111111111111111111111	950648406661977655751088833029	423 423 423 423 423 423 423 423 423 423	14 10	348 348 347 152 1054 1057 102 107 107 107 107 107 107 107 107 107 107
) }	30 31 Total	44	3.9	1	49	56		7
I	Mean	1,737	194.2	30	1,958	4,193	29	2,264
		57.8	6.97		65.3	140	0.967	75.5
	Ac. Ft.	3,440	385	60	3,890	8,330	58	4,490
			7		3,-7-	-,,554		,,,,,

DETERMINATION OF NATURAL FLOW OF ST.MARY RIVER SEPTEMBER - 1919.

Day:	St.Mary River at Kimball Sec.Ft.	by USRS by	ored T	:	Stored Water: Released Sec. Ft.	Matural Flow: St. Mary River: at Kimball: Sec. Ft.
12345678 91011234 156 178	330 299 296 292 375 269 233 292 260 289 272 263 292 266 240 225 214 217	389 387 386 385 385 389 294 198 1916 123 976 776 78		719 686 682 6692 77 682 677 692 677 692 677 692 677 692 692 692 692 692 692 692 692 692 692	334 348 343 274 156 125 105 104 82 101 57 10 12 12 13 14 13	385 338 339 403 541 4052 369 4052 4052 4052 4052 4052 4052 4052 4052
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26	217 220 227 220 217 207 204 222	7666887598768	14 10	302 306 308 207 207 209 201	10 7 3 2	306 306 378 279 279 279 290 287
27 28 29 30	227 233 217 217	58 57 56 58	5	290 290 273 275	3 7 2,264	287 267 268 10,076
Tota	7,661	4,650	29	12,340	75.5	22/
Mean Ac.	000	9,220	0.967 58	24,500	4,490	20,000

DIVISION OF WATER OF ST.MARY RIVER WATER USED BY UNITED STATES SEPTEMBER - 1919

>-									
	Natural :Flow	: Availal	ole for use	by U.S	Us	ed	:		
Ds Ds	St.Mary River at Kimball y: Sec. Ft.	U.S. Share Sec.Ft.	:Stored : Water : Released:		Diverted	Stored	Total:	Excess:	
1234567891011213415617819221223456278930	314 335 355 335 335 335 336 279 278 306 278 279 287 267	964 851 1136 1136 1136 1136 1136 1136 1136 11	334 348 343 274 156 125 112 105 104 82 101 57 112 12 13 14 13 11	430 4328 3295 2210 1004 1015 1015 1015 1015 1015 1015 10	38765238481638687768289887598768 112297777766666655555555555555555555555555	14 10	3333333221111 888823848163868768229887593768 1111	10 31 52 72 83 17 0	41 45 42 2 518 025 712 10 59 12 94 213 98 17 16
To	tal 10,076	2,520	2,264	4,784	4,650	29	4,679	274	379
Me	an 336	84.		5 159	155	0.967	156	9.13	12.6
Ac	20,000					58	9,280	543	750

DIVISION OF WATER OF ST. MARY RIVER WATER AVAILABLE FOR USE BY CANADA SEPTEMBER - 1919

>						
*		Natural Flow St.Mary River at Kimball Sec.Ft.	Canada's Share Sec. Ft.	St. Mary River at Kimball Sec. Ft.	Excess Sec. Ft.	Deficiency Sec. Ft.
)	12345678910112134 15678910112134 15617819012234 22678 2930	385 339 403 504 504 452 386 369 469 452 386 369 369 369 369 369 369 369 369 369 36	289 254 254 302 406 378 341 316 290 277 236 267 249 228 215 208 208 208 208 209 215 200 201	330 296 2975 376 2975 369 233 260 289 266 240 227 220 227 220 227 227 227 227 227 22	41 45 42 2 53 18 0 25 17 12 10 59 12 13 18 17 16	10 31 52 72 83 17 0
1 000	Total	10,076	7,556	7,661	379	274
7	Mean	336	252	255	12.6	9.13
	Ac. Ft.		15,000	15,200	750	543

DETERMINATION OF NATURAL FLOW OF ST. MARY RIVER

OCTOBER - 1919.

Day	St.Mary River at Kimball Sec.Ft.	:Diverted :by USRS : Sec.Ft.	by USRS		Stored Water Released Sec.Ft.	:Natural :St.Mary :at Kimba : Sec.F	River:
12345678910112345678990111234567899031	207 200 187 175 168 156 147 156 150 150 147 138 130 123 123 125 121 119 117 115 140 159 157 157	106 79		262 254 241 229 221 208 199 208 204 202 199 180 173 173 174 170 170 170 159 157 157 157 157			262 254 241 229 221 208 199 208 204 204 202 199 180 173 172 173 174 170 170 170 170 170 170 170 170 170 170
ea	al 4,581 in 148 Ft. 9,100	73.0		5,853 189 11,600		11	,853 -186 189 ,600

Corrected to Agree with Published receive Hard

Feb 19/60

us & Con Shave computed on study sheet

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DIVISION OF WATER OF ST.MARY RIVER WATER USED BY UNITED STATES OCTOBER - 1919.

) Day	r: Natu : Flo : St.M : Rive : Kimb : Sec.	w : A ary : ary : sall :	U.S. Share	le for us :Stored :Water :Released :Sec.Ft.	Total	Diverted	Used Stored Sec.Ft.	Total Sec. Ft.	Excess Sec.Ft.	Defi- ciency Sec.Ft
12 34 5678 9 11 12 34 56 78 9 0 12 34 56 78 9 0 1		2624 241 2221 2221 2221 2221 2221 2221 2	42		6640752021100753342239728 8 999999999999999999999999999999999	544432204422100989914940		544432204422100989914940	0 NO MMN N 4 15 7 10 10 7 10 7 10 7	110632000
		853	1,462		1,462			1,272	128	318
	an -	189	-47	2.2	47		3.0	53.		10.3
Ac	.Ft.	,600	2,900		2,900	2,52	20	2,520	254	033

DIVISION OF WATER OF ST. MARY RIVER WATER AVAILABLE FOR USE BY CANADA OCTOBER - 1919.

Day: Natural ; :Flow ; :St. Mary : River at : :Kimball : :Sec. Ft. :	Canada's Share Sec. Ft.	St. Mary River at Kimball Sec. Ft.	Excess :	Deficiency. Sec. Ft.	
1 262 254 3 241 4 229 5 208 7 199 208 9 204 10 204 11 202 12 199 13 189 14 180 173 174 170 20 170 21 171 22 23 24 25 150 25 27 157 157 157 157 157 161 179 170 170 170 170 170 170 170 170	196 190 181 172 166 156 153 153 153 152 149 142 130 128 128 147 142 118 118 118 118 118 118 118 118 118 11	207 200 187 1758 156 150 150 150 150 150 123 1225 121 117 117 117 1157 157 157 157 157 157	11 10 6 3 2 0 0 0	2033322457655579113027	
Mean 189 Ac.Ft.11,600	142 8,730	148	10.3	4.13	

				TER A	VAII	LABLE							DIS	POS	ITION			
Month	:		Ro			Pothole Creek		Lee			Diverted :A.R.& I.Co	A	Wasted .R.& I.Co	A	Losses .R.& I.Co.	:Stored : Chin :Reservoi	:	St. Mary ethbridge
April	:	15,828	:	422		256	:	2,499	:	No. 100. No. 100. No. 100.	2,374	:	2,243	:	131	:	:	19,220
May	:	97,765	:	640	:	326	:	3,751	:	102,482	23,550	:	5,884	:	2,706	:	:	73,047
June	.:	82,949	:	363	:	22	::	1,904	:	85,238	42,724	:	3,155	:	3,392	:	:	46,949
July	:	39,905	;	234	:	nil	:	400	:	40,539	34,925	:	744	:	2,275	:	:	7,071
August	:	24,349	:	209	:	nil	:	264	:	24,822	22,935	:	2,029	:	3,075	:	:	3,259
Sept.	:	15,174		149	:	nil	:	196	:	15,519	13,507	:	696	:	-306	: 6,324	:	1,785
Oct.	:	9,100		197	:	nil	:	250	e :	9,547	6,093	:	2,251	:	638	:	:	9,072
Total	:	285,070	2,	214 d	-	604 b	: :	9,264	b:		146,108	:	17,002	:	12,523 ^x	6,324	:::	160,403 a

a. Below all points of diversion.

b. Natural flow only.

c. Computed.

d. Includes seepage losses from St. Mary Canal U.S.R.S. e. Estimated.

x. Only includes evaporation and seepage between headgate and Spring Coulee.

ST. MARY AND MILK RIVERS USE OF WATER FOR IRRIGATION APRIL TO OCTOBER 1919.

			UNIT	ED STATES.				
Company of the Company of the Company	0	WATER	AVAILAB	LE		: DIVERTED and		
	: Natural Flow		: Total Natural			: Diverted	: Applied	
Month	: St. Mary River	: St.Mary River		: at	: at	; by	: to :	
	: at Kimball	: To	: South Forks	: Eastern	: Havre	: Milk River	: the	0
		: Milk River	:Milk River at	: Crossing	:	: Canals	: Land	
			:a Boundary		1-	; b	Gross	
	acft.	: acft.	: acft.	: acft.	: acft.	acft.	: acft.	
		4 500						
April	20,200	4,360	7,020	13,700	15,600	12,981	5,289	
May	122,000	23,900	5,580	26,100	25,500	21,880	14,995	
June	126,000	23,100	1,926	24,500	20,800	25,525	30,342	
July	56,500	23,900	529	20,500	17,400	17,002	20,778	
August	30,600	23,900	475	20,800	18,500	17,591	8,366	
September	20,000	9,220	430	13,000	12,300	14,896	3,137	
October	11,600	2,520	1,627	4,060	2,510	3,857	1,659	
							-,000	
Total	386,900	110,900	17,587	122,660	112,610	113,732	84,566	
	: NELSON RESER	VOTR	1	OSSES		: WASTED		
	Stored	: In	: Carriage	: Nelson	: Total		To device the second continues of the second	
Month	or	Reservoir	: Losses in	:Reservoir	TOPET	: By	: Milk River	
MOHOLI	: Released	at		: Weselvoil		: Milk River	: at	
		:End of Month	:St.Mary Canal			: Canals	: Vandalia	
		End of Month	and and		1	:		
	: 1	1	: Milk River			: \$: 5	
	acft.	acft.	acft.	acft.	acft.	acft	acft.	
April	.+ 7,370	05 450	003				0.0 4 - 7 0 4	
May	+ 5,150	25,450	881	720	1,601	322	176,000	
June	- 5,900	27,400	3,187	3,200	6,387	1,735	6,360	
		18,000	5,645	3,500	9,145	1,083	162	
July	- 5,000	10,300	6,952	2,700	9,652	1,224	2,200	
August	+ 7,415	16,000	6,098	1,715	7,813	1,810	400	
September	+10,850	25,400	1,499	1,450	2,949	909	3,650	
October	+ 1,298	25,700	2,488	998	3,486	900		
				000	0,700	900	941	
Total			26,750	The same				
T O ACCT			20,100	14,283	41,033	7,983	189.713	1
					The second secon	,,,,,	7000170	(over)

FRENCHMAN RIVER BASIN.

Diversion in acre-feet.

CANADA.

Irrigator :	April :	May :	June	: July	: August:	September	:October:	Total
A.M.Cross F.Cross Maple Creek		7 49	46 125	41 48				94 222
Cattle Co. Armstrong East: Bate	89 Diver	56 ted sma	47	19 unt in	27 : June (No	gauge he:	ights)	244
UNITED STATES (No Records)								

LODGE CREEK.

CANADA.

Irrigator :	April : May	: June :	July: Au	gust: Septe	mber:October:	Total
J.E.Hartt W.B.Gregg W.Mitchell (Lower)	Diverted sma	11	n n (No gauge h	meights).	
M.M.M.& J.M.	(No gauge	heights)			
Spangler H.T.Clarke (South)	19 : 26	: 11 :	2:	:	:	58

BATTLE CREEK.

CANADA.

Irrigator :	April	: May :	June :	July : Augus	st: September: Octobe	er: Total
J.M. Spangler :	10	:		Sand : As I'm		; 10
Gaff :	63	: :	221 :	96 :		: 380
Patterson :		: 49 :	23:	1	:	: 72
Linder Bros. :	76	: 77 :	26:	17:		: 196
Stirling & :	27	:289 :	276 :		:	: 592
Nash:						
W.S. Wilson :		: :	79 :	100 :	:	: 179
Marshall & :	220	:412 :	202:	51 : 60	: 104 : 143	: 1192
Gaff :						
Wood & Ander- :		: :	1:	:		: 1
son:						
L.E.Richardson:	Divert	ed smal	l amount	t in May (No	gauge heights).	
R.W.& W.L. :	11	11	11	" June ("	n n).	
Wilkes:					The state of the s	
J.McKinnon:	11	n n	61	" May ("		
UNITED STATES.	CARL CARLO	THE RESERVE OF	and the same of			
Matheson Canal:		: 31 :	95 :			: 334
Cook Canal :	838	:1160 :	139:			: 2137

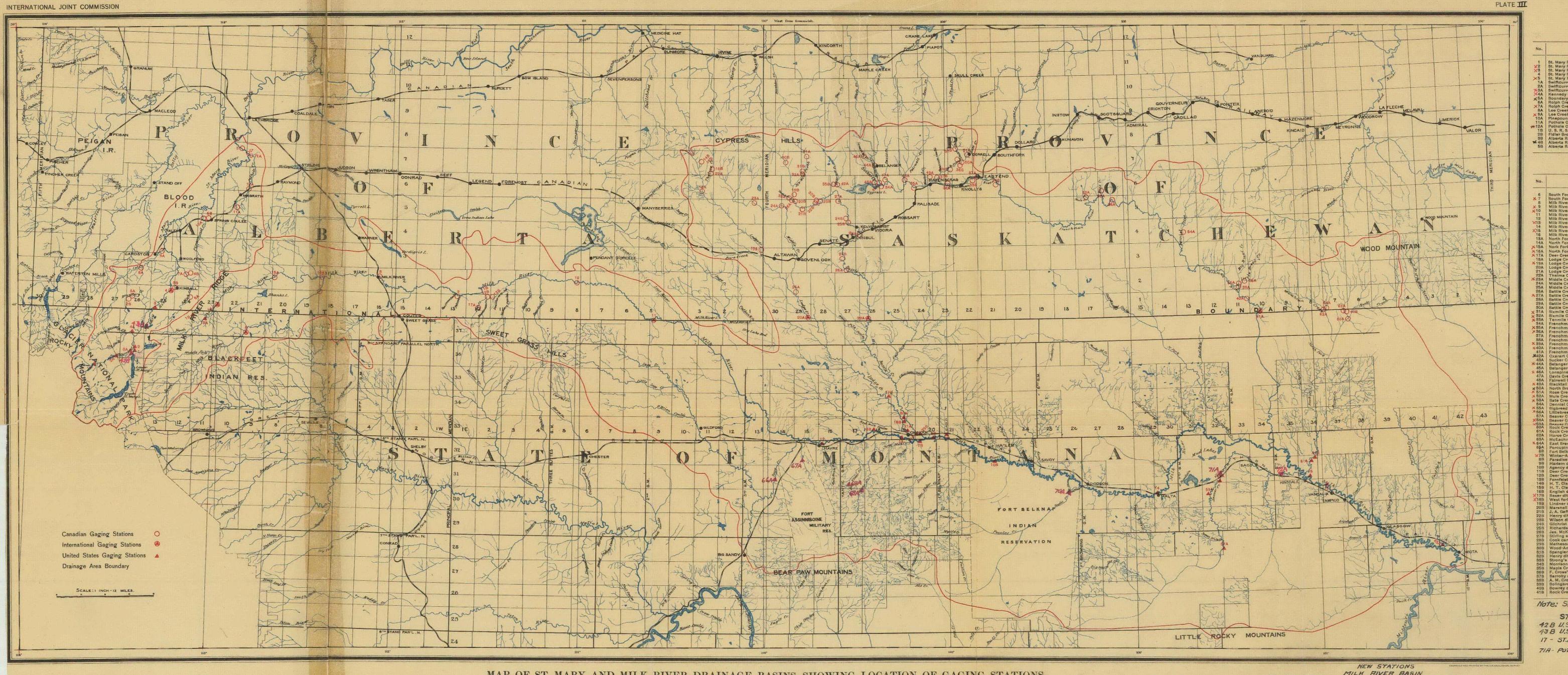
- Table 4 Continued -

This total was obtained by adding the natural flow of North Fork of Milk River near International Boundary to the flow of South Fork of Milk River near International Boundary. The natural flow of North Fork of Milk River for the period May 9 to September 25 was obtained from records at a gauging station maintained about one mile above the outlet of the United States Reclamation Service St. Mary canal. For the remaining period in April, May, September and October when the canal was in operation the natural flow was estimated from records on North Fork of Milk River near International Boundary and the station on the United States Reclamation Service St. Mary Canal at Hudson Bay Divide.

Fort Belknap Canal near Chinook Agency ditch near Harlem Paradise Canal near Chinook Dodson North and South canals near Dodson

Harlem Canal near Zurich Vandalia Canal near Vandalia
The rainfall and tributary run-off for Nelson reservoir was included.

- Water diverted by the Milk River canals less that which was wasted or stored. It does not include losses of St. Mary River water in passing down Milk River.
- d/ Water turned into the reservoir was assumed to include rainfall and tributary run-off. The column headed "stored or released" shows the difference between the inflow and outflow for the month. This difference when combined with the losses, gives the changes in amount in the reservoir at the end of each month, as shown in the next column.
- These losses occurred between the point of measurement of the United States Reclamation Service St. Mary canal at St. Mary Crossing and the gauging station at Havre, Mont. Havre is about 20 miles upstream from the first important diversion in the United States, the Fort Belknap canal heading near Lohman, Mont. The results given are based on stream flow records of St. Mary canal at St. Mary crossing, North and South Forks of Milk River near International Boundary, North Fork of Milk River above the outlet of St. Mary canal, Milk River at Havre and the estimated tributary inflow not otherwise measured.
- f/ This water was returned to the river by the canals and includes the water wasted into Lodge Creek by Fort Belknap canal.
- This column shows the flow below Vandalia dam, which is the only water wasted in Milk River valley without chance of further use.



MAP OF ST. MARY AND MILK RIVER DRAINAGE BASINS, SHOWING LOCATION OF GAGING STATIONS

MILH RIVER BASIN

66A Big Sandy Creek Laredo 71A Beaver Creek Bowdoin
67A Beaver Creek Havre 72A Beaver Creek Hinsdale

68A Little Boxelder Creek Narre 69A Clear Creek Havre TOA People's Creek Dodson

GAGING STATIONS ST. MARY RIVER BASIN

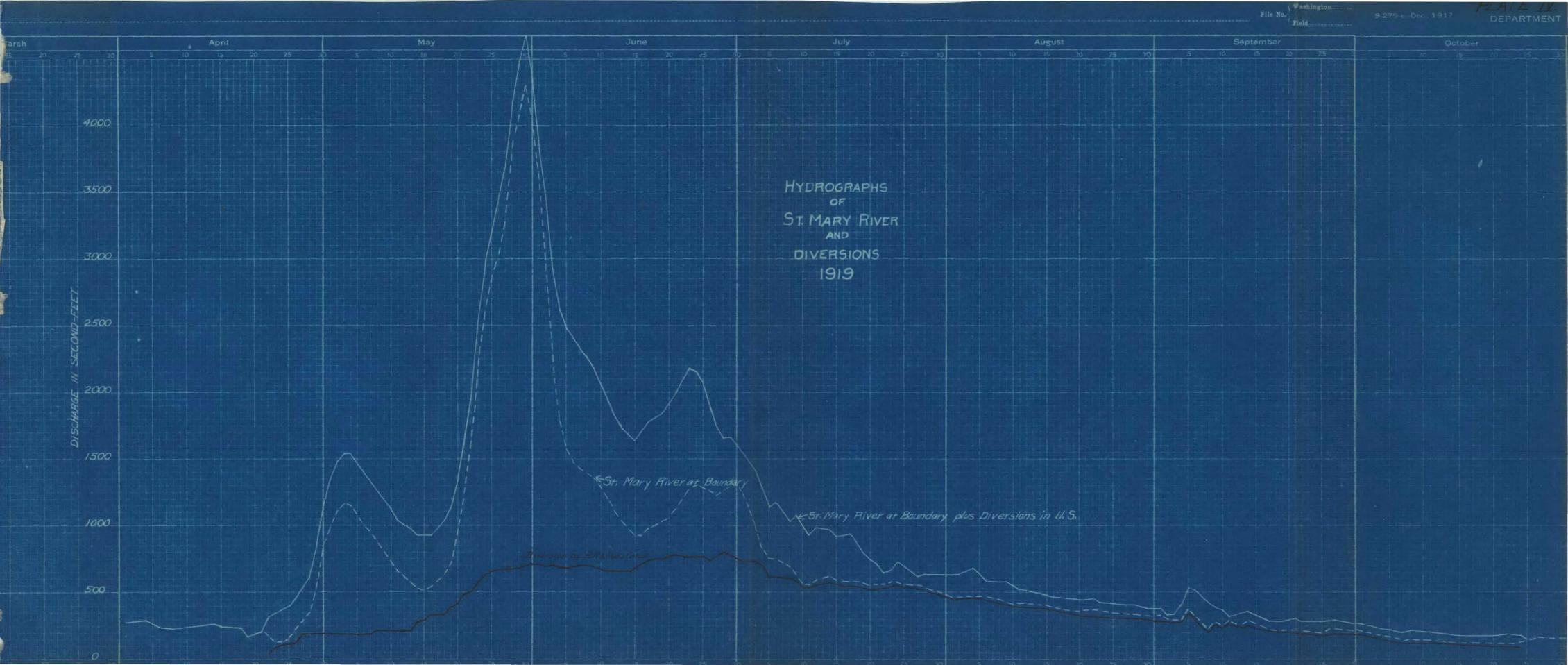
No.	Stream or canal.	Location.
1	St. Mary River	Babb, Mont.
¥2	St. Mary River	Babb, Mont., below Swiftcurrent Creek.
X3	St. Mary River	Cook's ranch, Alta., near International bou
4	St. Mary River	Kimball. Alta., near international boundary.
×5	St. Mary River	Lethbridge, Alta.
1A	Swiftcurrent Creek	Many Glacier, Mont.
2A	Swiftcurrent Creek	Sherburne Lake, Mont.
ASA	Swiftcurrent Creek	Babb, Mont.
×4A	Kennedy Creek	Babb, Mont.
×5A	Boundary Creek	Fidler's ranch, Alta.
6A	Rolph Creek	Taylorville, Alta.
X7A	Rolph Creek	Kimbali, Alta.
8A	Lee Creek	Layton's ranch, Alta.
× 9A	Lee Creek	Cardston, Alta.
10A	Pinepound Creek	Spring Coulee, Alta.
11A	Pothols Creek	Magrath, Alta.
→+12A	Pothole Creek, lower station	Magrath, Alta.
18	U. S. R. S. St. Mary canal	Hudson Bay divide, near Browning, Mont.
28	Fidler Bros. ditch	Boundary Creek, Alta.
38	Alberta Railway & Irrigation Co.'s Canal-	Kimball, Alta.
¥ 48	Alberta Railway & Irrigation Co.'s Canal-	
58	Alberta Rallway & Irrigation Co.'s Canal-	Spring Coulee, Alta.

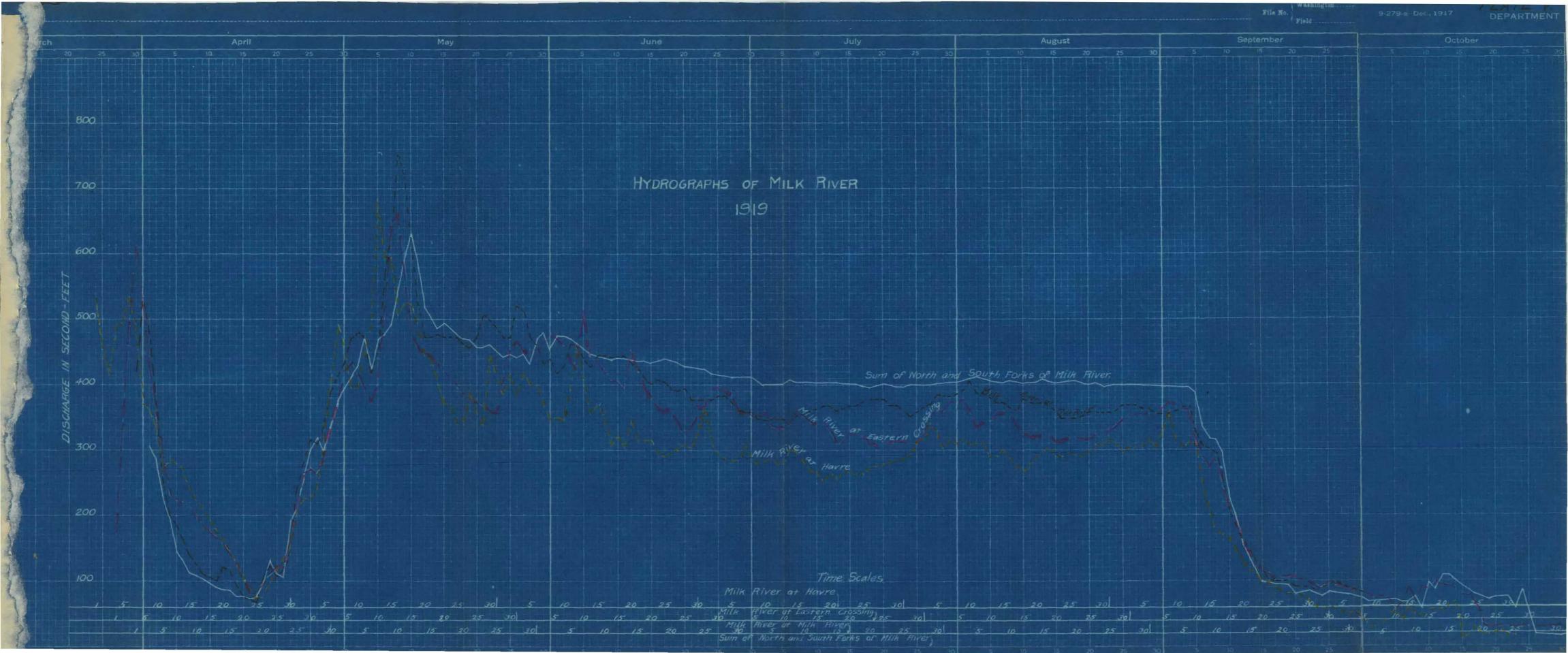
MILK RIVER BASIN

o.	Stream or canal.	Location,
8	South Fork of Milk River	International boundary.
7	South Fork of Milk River	Mackie's ranch, Alta.
9	Milk River	Milk River, Alta. Writing-on-Stone, Alta.
0	Milk River	Pendant d'Oreille, Alta.
í	Milk River	Eastern crossing of international boundary, Mont
2	Milk River	Havre, Mont.
3 4	Milk River	
5	Milk River-	Hinsdale, Mont.
6	Milk River	Vandalia, Mont.
3A	North Fork of Milk River	Browning, Mont.
4A 5A	North Fork of Milk River	International boundary. Knight's ranch, Alta.
6A	North Fork of Milk River	Mackle's ranch Alta
7A	Deer Creek	Dickinson's ranch Alta
BA 9A	Lodge Creek Lodge Creek	Hartt's ranch, Alta.
OA	Lodge Creek-	Hester's ranch, Alta. International boundary, Alta.
1A	Lodge Creek	- Chinook, Mont.
2A	Thelma Creek	English's ranch, Alta.
3A	Middle Creek	McKinnon's ranch, Alta.
4A 5A	Middle Creek	Hammond's ranc Sask.
6A	Battle Creek	Tenmile Police Detachment, Sask.
7A	Battle Creek	Wilkes' ranch, Sask.
8A	Battle Creek Battle Creek	- Nasn's ranch, Sask.
9A OA	Rattle Creek	Chinook, Mont.
1A	Sixmile Creek	Soderstrom's ranch, Sask.
2A	Siverila Creek	Spangler's ranch, Sask,
3A	Tenmile Greek Frenchman River	Tenmile Police Detachment, Sask.
4A 5A	Franchman Pives	Gordon's ranch, Sask.
6A	Franchese Plyse	. Phillip's ranch, Sask.
7A	Feenchman River	- Lastend, bask,
8A 9A	Frenchman River	- 76" ranch, Sask. - Buzzard's ranch, Sask.
OA	Franchman Divar	I Martin's ranch Sask.
1A	Frenchman River	International boundary.
2A	Ovarart Creek	Wylle's ranch, Sask.
3A 4A	Sucker Creek Belanger Creek Sucker Creek Suc	Cambridge syeah Sank
5A		Oake's ranch, Sask.
6A		
7A		Drury's ranch, Sask.
8A	Fairwell Creek Blacktall Creek	Drury's ranch, Sask.
9A CA	North Branch Frenchman Hiver	- Garissere's ranch, Sask. - Cross's ranch, Sask.
1A	Rose Creek	Dorrell, Sask.
2A	Mule Creek	- Gunn's ranch, Sask.
SA	Bate Creek	Bate's ranch, Sask.
4A 5A	Bate Creek Denniel Creek Bigbraed Creek	- Val Marie, Sask. - Buzzard's ranch, Sask.
6A		- Near Goriander, oask.
7A	Beaver Creek	- Maita, Mont.
SA GA		Saco, Mont.
AQ AO	Reaver Creek Reaver Creek overflow - Rock Creek Rock Creek	Bowdoin, Mont. Barnard, Mont.
1A	Rock Creek — Horse Creek — Hor	- Hinsdale, Mont.
2A 3A	Marcashina Casak	Barnard, Mont. McCoy's ranch, Sask.
4A	Cast Canada of Mouschesn Crask	I McCoure ranch Nask
ŞΑ		- Nasnua, mont
68	Fort Belknap canal	
7B 8B	Winter-Anderson canal	- Chinook, Mont. - Chinook, Mont.
9B	Harlem canal	- Zurich, Mont.
08	Agency ditch	- Harlem, Mont.
18	Deer Creek Cattle Co.'s west ditch	- St. Kilda, Alta.
2B 3B	Deer Creek Cattle Co.'s east ditch	- St. Kilda, Alta. - St. Kilda, Alta.
4B	W. T. Clarke north ditch	- Eagle Butte, Alta.
58	LI T OIL-les service diton	Fario Butte atta
6B	English ditch	- I heima, Alta.
7B 8B	West fork ditch	- Chinook, Mont. - Chinook, Mont.
9B	West fork ditch	- Battle Creek, Sask.
0B		
1B	J. A. Gaff ditch ————————————————————————————————————	- Battle Creek, Sask. - Battle Creek, Sask.
2B 3B		
4B	Constitution of the Consti	Coverd Sank
58		
6B	Jas. McKinnon ditch	- Consul, Saak.
7B 8B	Cook canal Matheson canal	- Chinook, Mont.
9B	Matheson canal	- Chinook, Mont.
08		
JB		- Battle Creek, Sask.
2B	Henry ditch	- Hairway Coulee, Sask.
3B 4B		- Eastend, Sask.
58	Manie Creek Cattle Co.'s ditch	- Uxarart, Sask.
6B	F. Cross's ditch	Day-off Cook
78	Barroby ditch	- Ravenscrag, bask.
8B 9B		Eastend, Sask. Eastend, Sask.
0B ap	Bourey ditch Rock Creek canal	Barnard, Mont.
		- Hinsdale, Mont.

Note: Stations checked thus x are discontinued NEW STATIONS
ST. MARY RIVER BASIN

42 B U.S.R.S. St. Mary Canal Intake 43 B U.S.R.S. St. Mary Canal St. Mary Crossing 17 - ST. MARY RIVER. at Russell's Ranch near Lethbridge. TIA- POTHOLE CREEK. at Russell's Ranch near Lethbridge.





HD 1694 .A2 R424

1919

Report to the International Joint Commission on the division and use of the waters of the St. Mary and Milk Rivers...

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