

Friday, March 23, 2001
For release at 8:30 a.m.

## MAJOR RELEASES

## - Monthly Survey of Manufacturing, January 2001

Manufacturing shipments edged up in January, rising $0.3 \%$ to $\$ 45.0$ billion. Strong gains in the aerospace product and parts and chemical industries were largely offset by sizeable declines in the computer and electronic product, motor vehicle and motor vehicle parts industries. Excluding the impact of the aerospace product and parts industry, shipments dropped $0.7 \%$ in January.
(continued on page 2)


## Perspectives on labour and income

## March online edition and Spring 2001

The March online edition of Perspectives on labour and income, Vol. 2, no. 3 ( $75-001-$ XIE, $\$ 5 / \$ 48$ ) is now available. The analytical article titled "Experiencing low income for several years" examines the years 1993 to 1998 and how some 13\% of all individuals lived in families with low income. For these persons, family income was $31 \%$ to $38 \%$ below the low-income cutoff.

The lead article in the Spring 2001 issue of Perspectives on labour and income titled "The labour market: Year-end review" analyses changes and trends in the labour market in 2000. Other articles examine individuals who work part-time by choice; the coming wave of retirement among baby boomers and its impact on the labour market; changes between 1980 and 1997 in various taxes in the G-7 and the nations of the Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development; and the percentage of recent Canadian graduates with more post-secondary education than their main job requires.

For more information on the article, "Experiencing low income for several years," contact René Morissette (613-951-3608; rene.morissette@statcan.ca), Business and Labour Market Analysis Division.

The Spring 2001 issue of Perspectives on labour and income (75-001-XPE, \$18/\$58) is now available. See How to order products. For more information, contact Henry Pold (613-951-4608; poldhen@statcan.ca), Labour and Household Surveys Analysis Division.

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## MAJOR RELEASES

## Monthly Survey of Manufacturing

January 2001

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The new year greeted manufacturers with some uncertainty, as contract cancellations and market pessimism resulted in erosion of both unfilled orders and new orders in January. Unfilled orders declined 2.3\% to $\$ 48.6$ billion, the third consecutive drop, while new orders decreased $1.3 \%$.

Manufacturers have shared in recently announced job cuts, as reported by the latest release of the Labour Force Survey. In February, manufacturing employment decreased by 22,000 , for a total of 32,000 jobs lost over the first two months of 2001. Weakening U.S. demand in recent months caused manufacturers to also cut back on their industrial capacity utilisation rates. Manufacturers operated at $85.7 \%$ of capacity during the fourth quarter, down 0.4 percentage points from the third.

Although uncertainty prevailed in various manufacturing sectors, there were bright spots. Shipments increased in 11 of the 21 major groups this month, representing $63.6 \%$ of total shipments, and five provinces and the territories also reported higher monthly values.

## Shipments by province and the territories

|  | Dec. 2000 | Jan. 2001 | $\begin{array}{r} \text { Dec. } 2000 \\ \text { to } \\ \text { Jan. } 2001 \\ \hline \end{array}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | nnally adjus |  |
|  | \$ mi |  | \% change |
| Newfoundland | 224 | 198 | -11.4 |
| Prince Edward Island | 100 | 98 | -2.0 |
| Nova Scotia | 729 | 731 | 0.3 |
| New Brunswick | 1,027 | 1,041 | 1.3 |
| Quebec | 10,847 | 10,953 | 1.0 |
| Ontario | 23,455 | 23,462 | 0.0 |
| Manitoba | 983 | 997 | 1.4 |
| Saskatchewan | 638 | 632 | -0.9 |
| Alberta | 3,717 | 3,842 | 3.4 |
| British Columbia | 3,139 | 3,021 | -3.7 |
| Yukon, Northwest Territories and Nunavut | 4 | 4 | 5.4 |

## Note to readers

Data collected from the Monthly Survey of Manufacturing (MSM) are now classified according to the 1997 North American Industry Classification System (NAICS), which replaces the 1980 Standard Industrial Classification (SIC). Reference year 2000 is the last year for which data are released on an SIC basis.

The MSM has adopted the NAICS for its 2001 reference year, while previous years' data have been recalculated to the new classification system back to 1992. Detailed NAICS estimates are now available on the Canadian Socio-Economic Information Management System.

As a part of the reclassification to the NAICS, the MSM was benchmarked to the 1998 Annual Survey of Manufactures.

Developed by the statistical agencies of Canada, Mexico and the United States, the NAICS is designed to provide a common statistical framework and common definitions of the industrial structure of the three countries. The new classification facilitates analysis and improves the comparability of the three countries.

For additional information on the 1997 NAICS, consult Statistics Canada's Web site (www.statcan.ca). From the Concepts, definitions and methods page, choose Standard classifications (includes NAICS Canada and North American Product Classification System). Alternatively, refer to NAICS Canada 1997 (12-501-XPE, \$45).

Unfilled orders are a stock of orders that will contribute to future shipments assuming that the orders are not cancelled.

New orders represent orders received whether shipped in the current month or not. They are measured as the sum of shipments for the current month plus the change in unfilled orders. Some people interpret new orders as orders that will lead to future demand. This is inappropriate since the "new orders" variable includes orders that have already been shipped. Users should be aware that the month-to-month change in new orders may be volatile, particularly if the previous month's change in unfilled orders is large in relation to the current month's change.

Not all orders will be translated into Canadian factory shipments because portions of large contracts can be subcontracted out to manufacturers in other countries.

## Shipments edged up due to aerospace product and parts industry

Shipments increased 0.3\% in January to $\$ 45.0$ billion. The aerospace product and parts industry jumped $43.4 \%$, recovering from December's seven-month low. The chemical industry, partly driven by higher chemical prices in January, was up 4.7\%, while the non-metallic mineral product industry rose $17.7 \%$, rebounding from a weak December.

Despite January's rise in manufacturing shipments, the overall increase was nearly offset by a number of major industries reporting declines. The computer and electronic products industry reported $11.2 \%$ lower shipments in January, reaching its lowest level since April 2000. The recent slowdown in the automotive sector continued, with lower shipments in the motor
vehicle parts industry ( $-8.6 \%$ ) and the motor vehicle industry ( $-3.5 \%$ ). The motor vehicle parts industry shipped $\$ 2.4$ billion in goods, slightly higher than November's two-year low. The motor vehicle industry reached a 28 -month low, with shipments of $\$ 5.3$ billion in January.


## Computer and electronic products moved inventories upwards

With the exception of a decrease in December, manufacturers' inventories have been building steadily over the last two years. In January, inventories rose $0.3 \%$ to $\$ 64.9$ billion.

January's upswing was largely concentrated in the raw materials inventories ( $+1.0 \%$ ), and was dominated by companies in the computer and electronic product industry ( $+4.5 \%$ ). With the exception of December's fall, inventories have been climbing in this industry since July 2000. Modest gains were also reported in finished products inventories (+0.4\%).

Other sectors that reported higher inventories in January included machines (+2.0\%) and paper (+1.7\%).

The major offsetting movements in January occurred in the transportation-related industries. The motor vehicle and railroad rolling stock industries saw lower inventories of $8.5 \%$ and $5.9 \%$, respectively, owing to significantly lower goods in process inventories.

Inventories resumed upward movement


The inventory-to-shipment ratio remained steady for the third consecutive month at 1.44, while the trend continued to rise. The trend in the inventory-to-shipment ratio has been edging up since the fall of 1999.

Inventory-to-shipment ratio remained stable


## Orders continued to slump

Unfilled orders declined $2.3 \%$ to $\$ 49$ billion in January, the lowest level since June 2000 and the fifth decrease in six months.

Orders in the aerospace product and parts industry fell $7.3 \%$ to $\$ 17.9$ billion. This low level of orders has not been seen since June 2000. The electrical equipment, appliance and component industry declined $15.8 \%$, reporting its largest decrease in recent years with $\$ 336$ million fewer orders than in December.


The machine and the fabricated metal product industries reported higher unfilled orders in January, up $2.3 \%$ and $4.7 \%$, respectively.

New orders fell $1.3 \%$ in January, due to significant decreases in the aerospace product and parts, and computer and electronic product industries.

Available on CANSIM: matrices 15000-15037, 15039, 15040 and 15042.

The January 2001 issue of Monthly Survey of Manufacturing (31-001-XIB, $\$ 15 / \$ 147$ ) will be available soon. See How to order products.

Data for shipments by province in greater detail than normally published may be available on request.

For more information, or to enquire about the concepts, methods, and data quality of this release, contact Craig Kuntz (613-951-7092; kuncrai@statcan.ca), Manufacturing, Construction and Energy Division.

Shipments, inventories and orders in all manufacturing industries

|  | Ship | ents | Inven | ries | Unfilled | orders | New | ders |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  |  | sonally ad | ted |  |  |  |
|  | \$ millions | \% change | \$ millions | \% change | \$ millions | \% change | \$ millions | \% change |  |
| January 2000 | 44,455 | 1.8 | 59,138 | 1.2 | 47,666 | 0.5 | 44,697 | 0.8 | 1.33 |
| February 2000 | 43,390 | -2.4 | 59,386 | 0.4 | 47,117 | -1.2 | 42,842 | -4.2 | 1.37 |
| March 2000 | 44,816 | 3.3 | 60,120 | 1.2 | 47,517 | 0.8 | 45,216 | 5.5 | 1.34 |
| April 2000 | 43,362 | -3.2 | 60,781 | 1.1 | 47,788 | 0.6 | 43,633 | -3.5 | 1.40 |
| May 2000 | 45,136 | 4.1 | 61,816 | 1.7 | 47,851 | 0.1 | 45,199 | 3.6 | 1.37 |
| June 2000 | 45,010 | -0.3 | 62,083 | 0.4 | 48,362 | 1.1 | 45,520 | 0.7 | 1.38 |
| July 2000 | 44,670 | -0.8 | 63,032 | 1.5 | 50,622 | 4.7 | 46,931 | 3.1 | 1.41 |
| August 2000 | 45,915 | 2.8 | 63,647 | 1.0 | 50,295 | -0.6 | 45,588 | -2.9 | 1.39 |
| September 2000 | 44,853 | -2.3 | 64,035 | 0.6 | 49,745 | -1.1 | 44,302 | -2.8 | 1.43 |
| October 2000 | 46,132 | 2.9 | 64,713 | 1.1 | 50,337 | 1.2 | 46,724 | 5.5 | 1.40 |
| November 2000 | $45,716$ | -0.9 | $65,684$ | 1.5 | 50,212 | -0.2 | $45,591$ | -2.4 | 1.44 |
| December 2000 | 44,862 | -1.9 | 64,698 | -1.5 | 49,734 | -1.0 | 44,384 | -2.6 | 1.44 |
| January 2001 | 44,980 | 0.3 | 64,878 | 0.3 | 48,576 | -2.3 | 43,822 | -1.3 | 1.44 |

The Daily, March 23, 2001

Manufacturing industries except motor vehicles, parts and accessories


## OTHER RELEASES

## Telecommunications statistics

Third quarter 2000

Operating revenues for the telecommunications industry were $\$ 7.88$ billion in the third quarter, an increase of $9.8 \%$ from the third quarter of 1999. Operating profit totalled $\$ 1.24$ billion (15.7\% of operating revenues). Capital expenditures for the wireline and wireless industries were $\$ 1.15$ billion and $\$ 504$ million, respectively, representing $18.8 \%$ and $34.5 \%$ of wireline and wireless operating revenues. Per-capita wireline investment was $\$ 37.36$ in the third quarter, and wireless capital expenditures were $\$ 62.60$ for each mobile subscriber.

There were 79,339 full-time employees in the third quarter, a $0.2 \%$ increase from the second quarter, and a $2.0 \%$ increase from the third quarter of 1999. This entailed a gain of 768 full-time employees in the wireline industry; in the wireless industry, 1,069 full-time positions were added over the same period.

Just over 28.7 million voice-grade access paths were connected to the public-switched telephone network, comprising 20.7 million public access lines and 8.1 million mobile telephone subscribers. Most of the recent growth in access has come from wireless or mobile services, which increased $26.9 \%$ compared with the third quarter of 1999.

The Third quarter 2000 issue of Quarterly telecommunications statistics (56-002-XIE, \$21/\$40) will be available soon. See How to order products.

For more information, or to enquire about the concepts, methods or data quality of this release, contact Heidi Ertl (613-951-1891) or Jo Anne Lambert (613-951-6673), Science, Innovation and Electronic Information Division.

## Asphalt roofing

February 2001
Production of asphalt shingles totalled 3039464 metric bundles in February, a 14.8\% decrease from 3567866 metric bundles produced in February 2000.

Year-to-date production was 5846807 metric bundles, a 14.2\% decrease from 6814716 metric bundles produced during the same period in 2000.

## Available on CANSIM: matrices 32 and 122 (series 27).

The February 2001 issue of Asphalt roofing (45-001-XIB, $\$ 5 / \$ 47$ ) is now available. See How to order products.

For more information, or to enquire about the concepts, methods or data quality of this release, contact Sara Breen (613-951-3521; sara.breen@statcan.ca), Manufacturing, Construction and Energy Division.

## Light bulbs and tubes

February 2001
Light bulb and tube manufacturers sold 19.6 million light bulbs and tubes in February, a decrease of 3.2\% from the 20.3 million sold in February 2000.

Year-to-date sales were 45.4 million light bulbs and tubes, down 1.5\% from 46.1 million in February 2000.

The February 2001 issue of Electric lamps, light bulbs and tubes (43-009-XIB, \$5/\$47) is now available. See How to order products.

For more more information, or to enquire about the concepts, methods or data quality of this release, contact Gregory Sannes (613-951-7205; sanngre@statcan.ca), Manufacturing, Construction and Energy Division.

## Mineral wool including fibrous glass insulation

February 2001
Manufacturers shipped 2464941 square metres of R12 factor (RSI 2.1) mineral wool batts in February, down 0.6\% from 2480901 square metres in January but up $31.1 \%$ from 1879513 square metres in February 2000.

Year-to-date shipments to the end of February 2001 totalled 4945842 square metres, an $38.9 \%$ increase from February 2000.

Available on CANSIM: matrices 40 and 122 (series 32 and 33).

The February issue of Mineral wool including fibrous glass insulation (44-004-XIB, \$5/\$47) is now available. See How to order products.

For more information, or to enquire about the concepts, methods, and data quality of this release, contact Yasmin Sheikh (613-951-2518;
sheiyas@statcan.ca), Manufacturing, Construction and Energy Division.

## Domestic travel

Third quarter 2000 (preliminary)
Third quarter results from the Canadian Travel Survey are now available.

For more information, to obtain data, or to enquire about the concepts, methods or data quality of this release, contact Brad Ruth (613-951-6433; brad.ruth@statcan.ca) or Jocelyn Lapierre (613-951-3720; jocelyn.lapierre@statcan.ca), Tourism Statistics Program.

## Electric power generating stations <br> 1999

Information on electric power generating stations in operation in 1999 is now available. The stations are classified by type, owner, fuel or water source, and province or territory.

The 1999 issue of Electric power generating stations (57-206-XIB, \$23) will be available soon. See How to order products.

For more information, or to enquire about the concepts, methods or data quality of this release, contact Suzette DesRosiers (613-951-6311; desrosi@statcan.ca), Manufacturing, Construction and Energy Division.

## NEW PRODUCTS

Infomat - A weekly review, March 23, 2001
Catalogue number 11-002-XIE ( $\$ 3 / \$ 109$ ).
Infomat - A weekly review, March 23, 2001
Catalogue number 11-002-XPE (\$4/\$145).
Electric lamps, lights bulbs and tubes, February 2001
Catalogue number 43-009-XIB (\$5/\$47).
Mineral wool including fibrous glass insulation, February 2001
Catalogue number 44-004-XIB (\$5/\$47).
Asphalt roofing, February 2001
Catalogue number 45-001-XIB (\$5/\$47).
Retail trade, January 2001
Catalogue number 63-005-XIB (\$16/\$155).
Canadian international merchandise trade, January 2001
Catalogue number 65-001-XIB (\$14/\$141).

Canadian international merchandise trade, January 2001
Catalogue number 65-001-XPB (\$19/\$188).

Perspectives on labour and income, March 2001 Catalogue number 75-001-XIE ( $\$ 5 / \$ 58$ ).

Perspectives on labour and income, Spring 2001 Catalogue number 75-001-XPE (\$18/\$58).

All prices are in Canadian dollars and exclude sales tax. Additional shipping charges apply for delivery outside Canada.

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RELEASE DATES: MARCH 26 TO 30
(Release dates are subject to change.)

| Release <br> date | Title | Reference period |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 26 | General Social Survey: Access to and use of information <br> and communication technology <br> Canada's international investment position | 2000 |
| 27 | National balance sheet accounts | 2000 |
| 27 | Shelters for abused women <br> National tourism indicators <br> Industrial Product and Raw Materials Price Indexes | 2000 |
| 28 | Employment, earnings and hours <br> Labour productivity, hourly compensation and <br> unit labour cost | Fourth quarter 2000 |
| 29 | Real gross domestic product at factor cost by industry | January 2001 |
| 29 |  | Fouth quarter 2000 |
| 30 |  |  |

