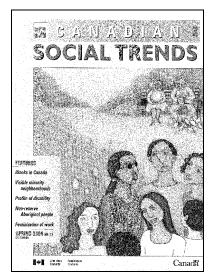


Tuesday, March 9, 2004 Released at 8:30 a.m. Eastern time

MAJOR RELEASES

There are no major releases today.

(continued on page 2)



Canadian social trends

Spring 2004

Each quarter, *Canadian social trends* integrates data from many sources to examine emerging social trends and issues. The spring 2004 issue contains five articles.

The feature article, entitled "Blacks in Canada: A long history", examines the historical and current residential settlement patterns of Blacks, and the places of birth of Black immigrants, especially those who arrived during the 1990s; "Visible minority neighbourhoods in Toronto, Montréal, and Vancouver" examines the expansion of visible minority neighbourhoods in Canada's three largest census metropolitan areas using Census data from 1981 to 2001; "Profile of disability in 2001" looks at the prevalence of disability in the Canadian population, the severity of disability, types of disability, the impact of child disabilities on parental employment, the need for specialized aids for help with everyday activities, and for specialized modifications to homes, barriers to travel and the impact of disabilities on economic well-being; "Well-being of the non-reserve Aboriginal population" uses several different health, education, housing and language indicators to contribute to an understanding of the experiences and living conditions of Aboriginal people living outside of reserves; and "The feminization of work" describes trends in the feminization of work, and compares the situation in Canada with those in Australia, France, Sweden, the United Kingdom and the United States.

This issue of *Canadian social trends* also features the latest social indicators as well as information about Statistics Canada's products and services.

The spring 2004 issue of *Canadian social trends*, no. 72 (11-008-XIE, \$9/\$29; 11-008-XPE, \$12/\$39) is now available. See *How to order products*.

For more information, contact Warren Clark (613-951-2560; *cstsc@statcan.ca*), Housing, Family and Social Statistics Division.





OTHER RELEASES

REGIONAL REFERENCE CENTRES	7
NEW PRODUCTS	5
Aircraft movement statistics: Major Airports, December 2003	4
Low income cutoffs for 2003 and low income measures for 2001	4
Intercensal and postcensal estimates of total population and population by age and sex for census divisions and census metropolitan areas, as of July 1, 1996 to 2003	3
Technological change in the public sector, 2000 to 2002	3

OTHER RELEASES

Technological change in the public sector 2000 to 2002

According to a new study, Canada's public sector is far ahead of the private sector in adopting new technology and training employees in support of technology change, according to a new study.

Overall, 82% of organizations in the public sector adopted new technologies between 2000 and 2002, almost twice the proportion of 42% among firms in the private sector.

However, the study found that when organizations of the same size were compared, there is little difference in the rates of technology adoption between the two sectors.

For example, in the health care and social assistance sector, 83% of public sector organizations with between 100 and 499 full-time employees had adopted new technology. This was identical to the proportion of organizations with the same number of employees in the private sector.

The paper, one in a series examining technological change in the Canadian economy, is based on data from the 2002 Survey of Electronic Commerce and Technology. It examines the acquisition of significantly improved technologies in the public sector. It also classifies the public sector by employment size groups and provides technological change rates by major sector.

The paper suggests that not all turn-of-the-century technological change within the public sector was directly linked to the Year 2000 phenomena. Public sector organizations appear to refresh their technologies on a continual basis.

These public sector organizations are also highly committed to training in support of technological change, with almost every organization that introduced new technologies also providing training. This rate was almost twice the rate of the overall private sector.

Education and health care are carried out by both the public and private sectors. Overall, the public sector educational and health care institutions are more likely to have adopted technologies than their private sector counterparts.

Methods used to acquire new technology show a strong mix of complex and simple. This suggests that cost effectiveness is an important consideration in the public sector.

Definitions, data sources and methods: survey number 4225.

The working paper *Technological change in the public sector, 2000-2002* (88F0006XIE2004008, free) and a companion paper *An historical comparison of technological change, 1998-2000 and 2000-2002, in the private and public sectors* (88F0006XIE2004007, free) are available online.

For more information, or to enquire about the concepts, methods or data quality of this release, contact Louise Earl (613-951-2880), Science, Innovation and Electronic Information Division.

Intercensal and postcensal estimates of total population and population by age and sex for census divisions and census metropolitan areas

As of July 1, 1996 to 2003

The preliminary postcensal estimates of total population and population by age and sex for census divisions and census metropolitan areas as of July 1, 2003, the updated postcensal estimates for 2002, the final estimates for 2001 and the final intercensal estimates from 1996 to 2000 (July 1) are now available.

Note: These estimates are based on the 2001 Census counts adjusted for net undercoverage.

Available on CANSIM: tables 051-0034, 051-0035 and 051-0036.

Definitions, data sources and methods: survey numbers, including related surveys, 3231, 3233 and 3608.

The publication *Annual Demographic Statistics, 2003* (91-213-XIB, \$60; 91-213-XPB, \$134) will be available soon. See *How to order products.*

These estimates may be obtained by contacting your nearest Statistics Canada Regional Reference Centre. For more information, contact Colette O'Meara (613-951-2320; fax: 613-951-2307; *colette.o'meara@statcan.ca*). To enquire about the concepts, methods or data quality of this release, contact Hubert Denis (613-951-2327; fax: 613-951-2307; *hubert.denis@statcan.ca*), Demography Division.

Low income cutoffs for 2003 and low income measures for 2001

Low income cutoffs (LICOs) for 2003 and low income measures (LIMs) for 2001, before and after tax, are now available.

The updated thresholds for both measurements are contained in a single publication, *Low income cutoffs from 1994 to 2003 and low income measures from 1992 to 2001*. The publication incorporates a detailed description of the methods used to arrive at both measurements. It also explains how base years are defined and how LICOs are updated using the Consumer Price Index.

LICOs are income thresholds, determined by analysing family expenditure data, where low income families will devote a larger share of income to the necessities of food, shelter and clothing than the average family would. To reflect the differences in the costs of necessities among different community and family sizes, LICOs are defined into five categories of community size and seven categories of family size.

LIMs, on the other hand, are strictly relative measures of low income, set at 50% of adjusted median family income. These measures are categorized according to the number of adults and children present in families, reflecting the economies of scale inherent in family size and composition.

Definitions, data sources and methods: survey numbers, including related surveys, 3502 and 3889.

The publication *Low income cutoffs* from 1994 to 2003 and low income measures from 1992 to 2001, no. 2 (75F0002MIE2004002, free) is now available online. From the *Our products and*

services page, under Browse our Internet publications, choose Free, then Personal finance and household finance.

For more information, contact Client Services (1-888-297-7355; 613-951-7355; fax: 613-951-3012; *income*@*statcan.ca*), Income Statistics Division.

Aircraft movement statistics: Major Airports

December 2003

The December 2003 monthly report, Vol. 1 (TP141, free) is available on Transport Canada's website (*http://www.tc.gc.ca/pol/en/Report/tp141e/tp141.htm*).

Note: The TP141 monthly report is issued in two volumes. Volume 1 presents statistics for the major Canadian airports (i.e., those with NAV CANADA air traffic control towers or flight service stations). Volume 2 presents statistics for the smaller airports (i.e., those without air traffic control towers). Both volumes are available free upon release on Transport Canada's website.

For more information about this website, contact Michel Villeneuve at (613-990-3825; *villenm@tc.gc.ca*) or Sheila Rajani at (613-993-9822; *rajanis@tc.gc.ca*), Transport Canada.

Definitions, data sources and methods: survey number 2715.

For more information, or to enquire about the concepts, methods or data quality of this release, contact Kathie Davidson at (613-951-0141; fax: 613-951-0010; *aviationstatistics@statcan.ca*) Transportation Division.

NEW PRODUCTS

Infomat, a weekly review, March 9, 2004 Catalogue number 11-002-XIE (\$100).

Canadian social trends, Spring 2004, no. 72 Catalogue number 11-008-XIE (\$9/\$29).

Canadian social trends, Spring 2004, no. 72 Catalogue number 11-008-XPE (\$12/\$39).

Income research paper series: Low income cut offs from 1994 to 2003 and low income measures from 1992 to 2001, no. 2 Catalogue number 75F0002MIE2004002 (free).

Science, Innovation and Electronic Information Division working papers: An historical comparison of technological change, 1998 to 2000 and 2000 to 2002, in the private and public sectors, no. 7 Catalogue number 88F0006XIE2004007 (free). Science, Innovation and Electronic Information Division working papers: Technological change in the public sector, 2000-2002, no. 8 Catalogue number 88F0006XIE2004008 (free).

All prices are in Canadian dollars and exclude sales tax. Additional shipping charges apply for delivery outside Canada.

Catalogue numbers with an -XIB or an -XIE extension are Internet versions; those with -XMB or -XME are microfiche; -XPB or -XPE are paper versions; -XDB or -XDE are electronic versions on diskette and -XCB or -XCE are electronic versions on compact disc.

How to order products		
Order products by phone: Please refer to the • Title • Catalogue number • Volume number	Issue number Your VISA or MasterCard number.	
In Canada and the United States call: From other countries call: To fax your order: Address changes or account inquiries:	1-800-267-6677 1-613-951-7277 1-877-287-4369 1-800-700-1033	
To order a product by mail write: Statistics Canada, Circulation Management, Dis Include a cheque or money order payable to Receiver General of Canada/Publica add 7% GST and applicable PST.		
To order by Internet: write to infostats@statcan.ca or download an electronic vers website (www.statcan.ca). From the Our products and services page, under Brows	, .	

Authorized agents and bookstores also carry Statistics Canada's catalogued publications.

The Daily	/
Statistics Canada	
Thuraday, June 5, 1997 For release at 5:30 a.m.	
MAJOR RELEASES	
Urban transit, 1998 Dispit the emphasis on taking urban transit, Canadams are using it less disadiating too a sewings of about ou type on some time of urban i while in the part 25 years. Productivity, hourly compensation and unit labour cost, 1 Genetin a productivity, hourly compensation and unit labour cost, 1 Genetin a productivity, hourly compensation and unit labour cost, 1 Genetin a productivity, hourly compensation and unit labour cost, 1	ranali, the lowest 995 4 Isin in 1996
OTHER RELEASES	
Hep-warned Index May 1997 Short-tem Expectations Survey Swei primary forms, week and ng May 31, 1997 Egg productor, April 1997	9 9 10 10
PUBLICATIONS RELEASED	11

Statistics Canada's official release bulletin

Catalogue 11-001-XIE.

Published each working day by the Communications Division, Statistics Canada, 10-H, R.H. Coats Bldg., Tunney's Pasture, Ottawa, Ontario K1A 0T6.

To access *The Daily* on the Internet, visit our site at *http://www.statcan.ca*. To receive *The Daily* each morning by e-mail, send an e-mail message to *listproc*@*statcan.ca*. Leave the subject line blank. In the body of the message, type "subscribe daily firstname lastname".

Published by authority of the Minister responsible for Statistics Canada. © Minister of Industry, 2004. Citation in newsprint, magazine, radio, and television reporting is permitted subject to the requirement that Statistics Canada is acknowledged as the source. Any other reproduction is permitted subject to the requirement that Statistics Canada is acknowledged as the source on all copies as follows: Statistics Canada, *The Daily*, catalogue 11-001-XIE, along with date and page references.

REGIONAL REFERENCE CENTRES

Statistics Canada's Regional Reference Centres offer a full range of the Agency's products and services. Each reference centre is equipped with a library and sales counter where you can consult or purchase publications, diskettes, CD-ROM discs, microfiche, maps and more.

Each centre has facilities to retrieve information from CANSIM, Statistics Canada's data retrieval system. A telephone enquiry service is available with toll-free access for those located outside local calling areas. Many other valuable services — from seminars to consultations — are also offered. For information, contact your nearest Regional Reference Centre.

Newfoundland and Labrador, Nova Scotia, Prince Edward Island and New Brunswick

Advisory Services Statistics Canada 1741 Brunswick Street 2nd Floor, Box 11 Halifax, Nova Scotia B3J 3X8 Toll free: 1-800-263-1136 Fax: 1-877-287-4369 E-mail: infostats@statcan.ca

Quebec

Advisory Services Statistics Canada 4th Floor, East Tower Guy Favreau Complex 200 René Lévesque Blvd. W. Montréal, Québec H2Z 1X4 Toll free: 1-800-263-1136 Fax: 1-877-287-4369 E-mail: infostats@statcan.ca

National Capital Region

Statistical Reference Centre (NCR) Statistics Canada Lobby, R.H. Coats Building Holland Avenue Tunney's Pasture Ottawa, Ontario K1A 0T6 Toll free: 1-800-263-1136 Fax: 1-877-287-4369 E-mail: infostats@statcan.ca

Ontario

Advisory Services Statistics Canada 10th Floor Arthur Meighen Building 25 St. Clair Avenue East Toronto, Ontario M4T 1M4 Toll free: 1-800-263-1136 Eax: 1 977 297 4260

Fax: 1-877-287-4369 E-mail: infostats@statcan.ca

Manitoba

Advisory Services Statistics Canada Via Rail Building, Suite 200 123 Main Street Winnipeg, Manitoba R3C 4V9 Toll free: 1-800-263-1136

Fax: 1-877-287-4369 E-mail: infostats@statcan.ca

National toll-free enquiries line (Canada and the United States): 1-800-263-1136 Toll-free order-only line (Canada and the United States): 1-800-267-6677 Toll-free fax order line (Canada and the United States): 1-877-287-4369 Toll-free telecommunications device for the hearing impaired: 1-800-363-7629

Saskatchewan

Advisory Services Statistics Canada Park Plaza, Suite 440 2365 Albert Street Regina, Saskatchewan S4P 4K1 Toll free: 1-800-263-1136 Fax: 1-877-287-4369 E-mail: infostats@statcan.ca

Alberta, Northwest Territories and Nunavut

Advisory Services Statistics Canada Pacific Plaza, Suite 900 10909 Jasper Avenue, N.W. Edmonton, Alberta T5J 4J3 Toll free: 1-800-263-1136 Fax: 1-877-287-4369 E-mail: infostats@statcan.ca

British Columbia and the Yukon

Advisory Services Statistics Canada Library Square Tower, Suite 600 300 West Georgia Street Vancouver, B.C. V6B 6C7 Toll free: 1-800-263-1136

Fax: 1-877-287-4369 E-mail: infostats@statcan.ca