



The Daily

Statistics Canada

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MAJOR RELEASES

- **Labour Force Survey, March 2004** 2
 For the second consecutive month, employment edged down with a slight decline of 13,000 in March. This leaves employment 0.1% (-20,000) below the level at the start of the year. In March, the unemployment rate edged up 0.1 percentage points to 7.5%.
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2001 Census topic-based tabulations

Additional topic-based tabulations for various topics at the Canada, provinces, territories and federal electoral districts (2003 Representation Order) levels are available in Beyond 20/20 format for a fee. Costs vary depending on the geography level. From the *Census* page, choose *Data*, then *Topic-based Tabulations*.

For more information, contact the nearest Statistics Canada Regional Reference Centre.



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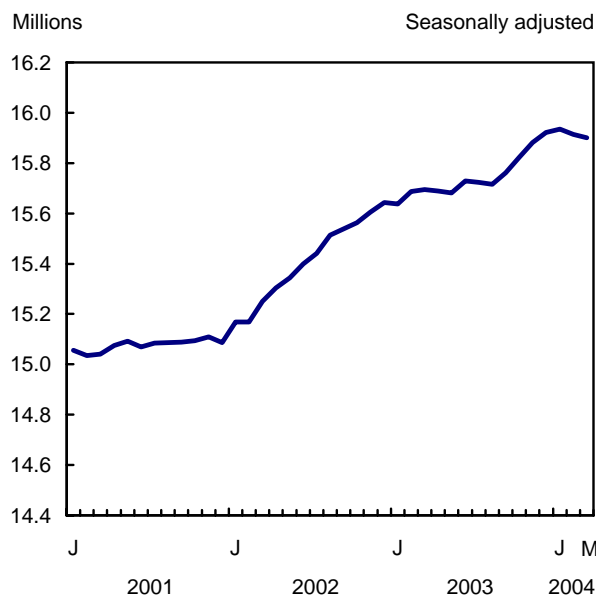
MAJOR RELEASES

Labour Force Survey

March 2004

For the second consecutive month, employment edged down with a slight decline of 13,000 in March. This leaves employment 0.1% (-20,000) below the level at the start of the year. In March, the unemployment rate edged up 0.1 percentage points to 7.5%.

Employment



Over the first three months of 2004, an increase of 61,000 full-time jobs partly offset a decline of 81,000 part-time jobs. This contrasts with the last four months of 2003 when employment grew sharply, mostly in full-time work.

Continued weakness in youth employment

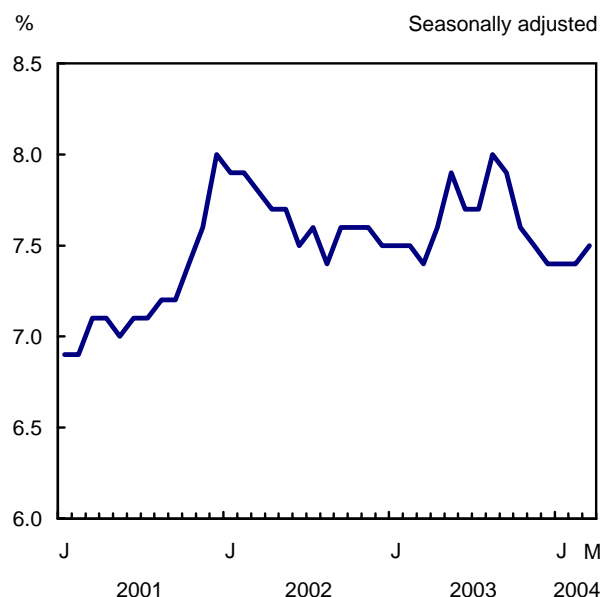
While youth employment was little changed in March, it is down 36,000 so far in 2004, with most of the decline occurring in February. Youth employment had shown signs of improvement towards the end of 2003, however, it has weakened since then and is now 1.6% below the level observed a year ago.

For adult women, employment declined by 18,000 in March, all in part-time jobs (-28,000). Despite this decrease, the trend is up with growth of 1.8% (+113,000) since last August when employment

regained momentum. Employment gains among adult women over this period have been in full-time jobs.

In March, the number of adult men with jobs increased slightly (+11,000). Since last August, gains for adult men total 81,000 (+1.1%), with increases in full- and part-time jobs. Over this period, the pace of employment growth has been slower for adult men than for adult women.

Unemployment rate



Industry employment

Employment decreased by 20,000 in business, building and other support services, bringing declines since the start of 2004 to 28,000 (-4.4%). This recent decline follows gains totalling 43,000 (+7.2%) in the last four months of 2003. Losses in March were mainly in employment and travel services.

Employment fell by 19,000 in educational services, mostly in elementary and secondary schools. The decline was spread across several provinces. The decrease in March offset the gain in February, leaving employment in the sector little changed from a year ago.

There were also job losses in the information, culture and recreation sector (-14,000) in March, with the decline mainly in the amusement, gambling and recreation industry. Despite this decrease, employment

in the information, culture and recreation sector is up 31,000 from March 2003.

Employment rose by 15,000 in the finance, insurance, real estate and leasing industry. This brings gains since June 2003, when employment growth in the sector began to accelerate, to 41,000 (+4.4%).

In March, employment in manufacturing was little changed for the fourth consecutive month, leaving losses since November 2002 (when the downward trend started) at 76,000 (-3.2%).

Job losses in Ontario

Employment in Ontario fell by 25,000 in March, mostly in business, building and other support services. The decline in this sector was mainly in employment services. There were also job losses in the information, culture and recreation sector, mostly in the amusement, gambling and recreation industry. Employment in manufacturing increased by 13,000 in March with gains of 25,000 (+2.3%) since last October. Despite overall employment losses in March, gains total 66,000 (+1.1%) since last August when job growth in the province regained momentum. In March, the unemployment rate increased by 0.5 percentage points to 7.1%.

Employment rose by 4,000 in Newfoundland and Labrador with the largest gains in retail sales and construction. Despite fluctuations in recent months, employment has trended up 2.2% over the last year. In March, the unemployment rate fell 1.0 percentage points to 15.5%.

In Quebec, employment was little changed for the third consecutive month. In March, employment gains in professional, scientific and technical services and slight increases in manufacturing and in health care and social assistance jobs were offset by declines in a number of other sectors, most notably educational services. The unemployment rate edged down 0.2 percentage points to 8.6%.

In British Columbia, employment in March was little changed as an increase of 18,000 in full-time employment was partly offset by a decline

of 13,000 part-time jobs. Despite a large decline in February, job gains since last May total 37,000 (+1.8%). In March, the unemployment rate was unchanged at 7.9%.

There was little change in employment in the other provinces in March.

Rebound in hours worked in Nova Scotia and Prince Edward Island

While hours worked at the national level edged down 0.1% in March, there was a substantial increase of 19.5% in Nova Scotia and 15.3% in Prince Edward Island. The strong increase in hours worked in both provinces represents a rebound from the effects of the winter storm that forced many people to miss work in February.

Available on CANSIM: tables 282-0001 to 282-0042 and 282-0047 to 282-0095.

Definitions, data sources and methods: survey number 3701.

Available at 7:00 a.m. on our website under *Today's news releases from The Daily*, then *Latest Labour Force Survey*.

A more detailed summary, *Labour Force Information*, is available today for the week ending March 20 (71-001-XIE, \$9/\$84). See *How to order products*.

Data tables are also available in the *Canadian statistics* module of our website.

The next release of the Labour Force Survey will be on Friday, May 7.

For general information or to order data, contact Client Services (1-866-873-8788; 613-951-4090; labour@statcan.ca). To enquire about the concepts, methods or data quality of this release, contact Vincent Ferrao (613-951-4750) or Stéphanie Langlois (613-951-3180), Labour Statistics Division.

□

Labour force characteristics for both sexes, aged 15 and over

	February 2004	March 2004	February to March 2004	February 2004	March 2004	February to March 2004
	seasonally adjusted					
	Labour force			Participation rate		
	'000		% change	%		change
Canada	17,180.3	17,188.1	0.0	67.5	67.4	-0.1
Newfoundland and Labrador	262.3	264.4	0.8	59.6	60.1	0.5
Prince Edward Island	78.0	78.2	0.3	68.4	68.5	0.1
Nova Scotia	486.2	487.6	0.3	63.7	63.9	0.2
New Brunswick	387.7	388.8	0.3	63.4	63.6	0.2
Quebec	4,037.6	4,033.0	-0.1	65.9	65.8	-0.1
Ontario	6,755.5	6,763.3	0.1	68.3	68.3	0.0
Manitoba	601.9	601.4	-0.1	68.9	68.8	-0.1
Saskatchewan	517.8	518.8	0.2	68.4	68.5	0.1
Alberta	1,842.9	1,837.6	-0.3	73.7	73.4	-0.3
British Columbia	2,210.5	2,215.0	0.2	65.1	65.1	0.0
	Employment			Employment rate		
	'000		% change	%		change
Canada	15,914.4	15,901.1	-0.1	62.5	62.4	-0.1
Newfoundland and Labrador	219.0	223.3	2.0	49.8	50.8	1.0
Prince Edward Island	68.9	68.8	-0.1	60.4	60.2	-0.2
Nova Scotia	440.5	442.7	0.5	57.7	58.0	0.3
New Brunswick	350.9	350.2	-0.2	57.4	57.3	-0.1
Quebec	3,681.6	3,686.1	0.1	60.1	60.1	0.0
Ontario	6,308.3	6,283.8	-0.4	63.8	63.5	-0.3
Manitoba	573.0	571.7	-0.2	65.6	65.4	-0.2
Saskatchewan	488.4	487.5	-0.2	64.5	64.4	-0.1
Alberta	1,747.7	1,746.0	-0.1	69.9	69.7	-0.2
British Columbia	2,036.0	2,041.1	0.3	59.9	60.0	0.1
	Unemployment			Unemployment rate		
	'000		% change	%		change
Canada	1,265.9	1,287.0	1.7	7.4	7.5	0.1
Newfoundland and Labrador	43.2	41.1	-4.9	16.5	15.5	-1.0
Prince Edward Island	9.1	9.4	3.3	11.7	12.0	0.3
Nova Scotia	45.7	44.9	-1.8	9.4	9.2	-0.2
New Brunswick	36.7	38.6	5.2	9.5	9.9	0.4
Quebec	356.0	346.9	-2.6	8.8	8.6	-0.2
Ontario	447.3	479.5	7.2	6.6	7.1	0.5
Manitoba	29.0	29.8	2.8	4.8	5.0	0.2
Saskatchewan	29.3	31.4	7.2	5.7	6.1	0.4
Alberta	95.1	91.6	-3.7	5.2	5.0	-0.2
British Columbia	174.4	173.9	-0.3	7.9	7.9	0.0

Note: Related CANSIM table 282-0087.

Labour force characteristics for both sexes, aged 15 and over

	March 2003	March 2004	March 2003 to March 2004	March 2003	March 2004	March 2003 to March 2004
unadjusted						
Labour Force			Participation rate			
	'000		% change	%		change
Canada	16,743.3	16,981.9	1.4	66.6	66.6	0.0
Newfoundland and Labrador	250.0	252.0	0.8	56.9	57.3	0.4
Prince Edward Island	74.0	74.9	1.2	65.6	65.6	0.0
Nova Scotia	469.3	480.0	2.3	61.9	62.9	1.0
New Brunswick	375.0	376.5	0.4	61.6	61.6	0.0
Quebec	3,938.6	3,984.9	1.2	64.9	65.0	0.1
Ontario	6,594.1	6,691.7	1.5	67.8	67.6	-0.2
Manitoba	590.5	597.5	1.2	68.2	68.3	0.1
Saskatchewan	506.8	510.1	0.7	67.0	67.4	0.4
Alberta	1,776.0	1,820.1	2.5	72.3	72.7	0.4
British Columbia	2,169.0	2,194.2	1.2	64.7	64.5	-0.2
Employment			Employment rate			
	'000		% change	%		change
Canada	15,424.0	15,624.2	1.3	61.3	61.3	0.0
Newfoundland and Labrador	202.6	206.7	2.0	46.1	47.0	0.9
Prince Edward Island	62.3	63.6	2.1	55.2	55.7	0.5
Nova Scotia	419.9	428.5	2.0	55.4	56.1	0.7
New Brunswick	331.4	332.9	0.5	54.5	54.5	0.0
Quebec	3,557.9	3,615.3	1.6	58.7	59.0	0.3
Ontario	6,134.7	6,190.7	0.9	63.0	62.5	-0.5
Manitoba	559.7	566.2	1.2	64.7	64.8	0.1
Saskatchewan	477.1	477.3	0.0	63.1	63.1	0.0
Alberta	1,680.2	1,725.3	2.7	68.4	68.9	0.5
British Columbia	1,998.2	2,017.8	1.0	59.6	59.3	-0.3
Unemployment			Unemployment rate			
	'000		% change	%		change
Canada	1,319.3	1,357.6	2.9	7.9	8.0	0.1
Newfoundland and Labrador	47.4	45.3	-4.4	19.0	18.0	-1.0
Prince Edward Island	11.8	11.3	-4.2	15.9	15.1	-0.8
Nova Scotia	49.4	51.5	4.3	10.5	10.7	0.2
New Brunswick	43.6	43.6	0.0	11.6	11.6	0.0
Quebec	380.7	369.6	-2.9	9.7	9.3	-0.4
Ontario	459.4	500.9	9.0	7.0	7.5	0.5
Manitoba	30.8	31.3	1.6	5.2	5.2	0.0
Saskatchewan	29.7	32.8	10.4	5.9	6.4	0.5
Alberta	95.8	94.8	-1.0	5.4	5.2	-0.2
British Columbia	170.7	176.5	3.4	7.9	8.0	0.1

Note: Related CANSIM table 282-0087.

Employment by type of work, age and sex

	March 2004	February to March 2004	March 2003 to March 2004	March 2004	February to March 2004	March 2003 to March 2004	March 2004	February to March 2004	March 2003 to March 2004
seasonally adjusted									
	Both sexes			Men			Women		
	'000								
Employment	15,901.1	-13.3	206.8	8,450.4	-6.8	46.2	7,450.7	-6.5	160.6
Full-time	12,978.3	2.9	242.8	7,522.3	-18.5	39.2	5,455.9	21.3	203.6
Part-time	2,922.9	-16.1	-36.0	928.1	11.8	7.0	1,994.8	-27.8	-43.0
15 to 24 years	2,383.0	-6.3	-39.9	1,196.9	-18.2	-38.9	1,186.1	11.9	-1.0
25 years and over	13,518.1	-7.0	246.6	7,253.5	11.4	85.1	6,264.6	-18.4	161.5
25 to 54 years	11,492.5	15.6	147.9	6,064.9	18.4	25.1	5,427.6	-2.7	122.8
55 years and over	2,025.6	-22.7	98.8	1,188.6	-7.0	60.0	837.0	-15.6	38.7

Note: Related CANSIM table 282-0087.

Employment by industry (based on NAICS) and class of worker for both sexes, aged 15 and over

	February 2004	March 2004	February to March 2004	March 2003 to March 2004	February to March 2004	March 2003 to March 2004
seasonally adjusted						
	'000				%	
All industries	15,914.4	15,901.1	-13.3	206.8	-0.1	1.3
Goods-producing sector	3,977.1	3,990.4	13.3	7.8	0.3	0.2
Agriculture	341.3	343.1	1.8	3.7	0.5	1.1
Forestry, fishing, mining, oil and gas	295.6	293.3	-2.3	2.4	-0.8	0.8
Utilities	123.7	130.3	6.6	-1.2	5.3	-0.9
Construction	938.7	938.9	0.2	23.9	0.0	2.6
Manufacturing	2,277.7	2,284.8	7.1	-20.9	0.3	-0.9
Services-producing sector	11,937.3	11,910.7	-26.6	199.0	-0.2	1.7
Trade	2,493.3	2,491.9	-1.4	48.3	-0.1	2.0
Transportation and warehousing	805.5	810.5	5.0	45.2	0.6	5.9
Finance, insurance, real estate and leasing	948.9	963.5	14.6	36.1	1.5	3.9
Professional, scientific and technical services	1,014.8	1,014.6	-0.2	10.7	0.0	1.1
Business, building and other support services	629.2	609.5	-19.7	1.5	-3.1	0.2
Educational services	1,077.4	1,058.3	-19.1	6.4	-1.8	0.6
Health care and social assistance	1,726.6	1,737.2	10.6	70.4	0.6	4.2
Information, culture and recreation	731.1	717.5	-13.6	30.5	-1.9	4.4
Accommodation and food services	1,013.7	1,011.9	-1.8	-30.9	-0.2	-3.0
Other services	680.6	678.9	-1.7	-41.4	-0.2	-5.7
Public administration	816.3	816.8	0.5	22.0	0.1	2.8
Class of worker						
Public sector employees	3,081.4	3,087.9	6.5	113.0	0.2	3.8
Private sector	12,833.0	12,813.3	-19.7	93.9	-0.2	0.7
Private employees	10,404.8	10,401.7	-3.1	74.4	0.0	0.7
Self-employed	2,428.2	2,411.6	-16.6	19.5	-0.7	0.8

Note: Related to CANSIM tables 282-0088 and 282-0089.

OTHER RELEASES

Production of eggs and poultry

February 2004 (preliminary)

Egg production, estimated at 44.8 million dozen in February, was down 0.6% from February 2003.

Poultry meat production reached 82.3 million kilograms in February, up 0.7% from February 2003.

Available on CANSIM: tables 003-0022, 003-0038 and 003-0039.

Definitions, data sources and methods: survey numbers, including related surveys, 3424, 3425 and 5039.

The February 2004 issue of *Production of Eggs* (23-003-XIB, free) will soon be available online. From the *Our products and services page*, choose *Free Publications*, then *Agriculture*.

For further information, or to enquire about the concepts, methods or data quality of this release, contact Sandy Gielfeldt (613-951-2505; sandy.gielfeldt@statcan.ca) or Barbara Bowen (613-951-3716; barbara.bowen@statcan.ca), Agriculture Division. ■

Commercial software price index

January 2004 (preliminary)

The Commercial Software Price Index (CSPI) is a monthly series measuring the change in the purchase price of pre-packaged software typically bought by businesses and governments. The CSPI for January was 79.6, down 3.7% from December of 2003. On a 12-month basis, the CSPI declined 15.9%.

This index is available at the Canada level only.

Available on CANSIM: table 331-0003.

Definitions, data sources and methods: survey number 5068.

For more information on these indexes, contact Client Services (1-866-230-2248; 613-951-9606; infounit@statcan.ca). To enquire about the concepts, methods or data quality of this release, contact Fred Barzyk (613-951-2493; fred.barzyk@statcan.ca), Prices Division. ■

Steel wire and specified wire products

February 2004

Data on steel wire and specified wire products production for February are now available.

Available on CANSIM: table 303-0010.

Definitions, data sources and methods: survey numbers, including related surveys, 2106, 2116 and 2184.

The February 2004 issue of *Steel Wire and Specified Wire Products*, Vol. 59, no. 2 (41-006-XIB, \$6/\$51) is now available. See *How to order products*.

For more information, or to enquire about the concepts, methods or data quality of this release, contact the dissemination officer (1-866-873-8789; 613-951-9497; manufact@statcan.ca), Manufacturing, Construction and Energy Division. ■

NEW PRODUCTS

Steel Wire and Specified Wire Products,
February 2004, Vol. 59, no. 2
Catalogue number 41-006-XIB (\$6/\$51).

**Air Passenger Origin and Destination,
Canada–United States Report, 2001**
Catalogue number 51-205-XIB (\$37).

**Quarterly Financial Statistics for Enterprises, Fourth
quarter 2003, Vol. 14, no. 4**
Catalogue number 61-008-XIE (\$28/\$93).

**Labour Force Information, Week ending
March 20, 2004**
Catalogue number 71-001-XIE (\$9/\$84).

**Science Statistics: Research and Development
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Catalogue number 88-001-XIE (\$7/\$64).

**Quarterly Demographic Statistics, October to
December 2003, Vol. 17, no. 4**
Catalogue number 91-002-XIB (\$9/\$27).

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
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MAJOR RELEASES	
• Urban transit, 1996 Despite the emphasis on taking urban transit, Canadians are using it less and less. In 1996, each Canadian took an average of about six trips on some form of urban transit, the lowest level in the past 25 years.	2
• Productivity, hourly compensation and unit labour cost, 1996 Growth in productivity among Canadian businesses was modestly weak again in 1996, accompanied by sluggish gains in employment and slow economic growth during the year.	4
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The Daily, April 8, 2004

RELEASE DATES: APRIL 13 TO APRIL 16

(Release dates are subject to change.)

Release date	Title	Reference period
13	Investment in Non-Residential Construction	First quarter 2004
13	New Housing Price Index	February 2004
14	Canadian International Merchandise Trade	February 2004
14	The Economy: Year-End Review	2003
15	Monthly Survey of Manufacturing	February 2004
15	Workers Who Learn: First Results of the Adult Education Training Survey	2002
16	Annual Wholesale Trade Survey	2002
16	Electronic Commerce and Technology	2003