# The Daily

# Statistics Canada

Released at 8:30 a.m. Eastern time

## Releases

Principal field crops, September 2009
Prairie farmers reported decreases in all major grains compared with 2008, with the exception of spring wheat in Manitoba. In Eastern Canada, Quebec and Ontario farmers reported potential
increases in soybean production, with a possible record in Quebec.

Domestic sales of refined petroleum products, August 2009

New products 5





2

4

#### Releases

## Principal field crops

September 2009

Prairie farmers reported decreases in all major grains compared with 2008, with the exception of spring wheat in Manitoba. In Eastern Canada, Quebec and Ontario farmers reported potential increases in soybean production, with a possible record in Quebec.

The 2009 harvest is well under way with mainly dry and mild weather conditions across the country. Less than desirable summer growing conditions have held back crop advancement and more time is needed to bring in the crop. However, reported yields for most crops were higher than those reported in the preliminary production survey taken at the end of July.

Corn and soybean crops in Ontario and Quebec are maturing late this year and require warm and dry weather until October.

#### Canola production should fall

Prairie farmers reported that canola production is expected to fall 18.9% from 2008 to 10.2 million metric tonnes, the result of lower harvested area and yield.

Decreases were reported in all three Prairie provinces, with the largest volume and percentage decline found in Alberta, where farmers expect to harvest 35.8% less canola this year. The estimated production of 2.8 million tonnes would be the lowest production amount for Alberta since 2003.

#### Feed grain production should fall

Production of barley, oats and dry field peas are expected to be down in all Prairie provinces, the result of declines in yield and harvested area.

Prairie production of barley should fall 23.8% to 8.5 million tonnes, while oat production could

#### Note to readers

The annual September Farm Survey of 14,000 Canadian farmers was conducted from September 1 to September 9, 2009.

drop 36.4% to 2.5 million tonnes. Field pea production (-11.5%) should also decline to 3.2 million tonnes.

### More soybeans in Quebec and Ontario

Farmers in Quebec and Ontario reported increases in soybean production, the result of record harvested areas in both provinces.

Soybean production in Quebec could reach a new high of 610 000 tonnes, eclipsing the previous high set in 2008 at 600 000 tonnes. Ontario soybean production should rise by 6.0% to 2.6 million tonnes, the highest production estimate since 2006.

Available on CANSIM: tables 001-0004, 001-0010, 001-0017 to 001-0020 and 001-0040 to 001-0043.

Definitions, data sources and methods: survey number 3401.

The publication *Field Crop Reporting Series:* "September estimate of production of principal field crops", Vol. 88, no. 7 (22-002-X, free), is now available from the *Publications* module of our website.

For more information, or to enquire about the concepts, methods or data quality of this release, contact David Burroughs (613-951-5138; dave.burroughs@statcan.gc.ca) or Dave Roeske (613-951-0572; dave.roeske@statcan.gc.ca), Agriculture Division.

## The Daily, October 2, 2009

#### September production estimates July 2009 2008 September 2008 2009 to September 2009 Actual Expected thousands of metric tonnes % change Total wheat Spring wheat Durum wheat Winter wheat -14.1 -10.0 -8.2 -37.0 28 611 18 405 5 519 4 687 12 643 10 592 11 781 3 336 3 571 4 273 861 23 614 16 150 4 519 2 945 9 541 9 437 8 948 3 483 3 113 2 967 915 218 24 581 16 561 5 066 2 953 10 270 9 739 9 165 3 597 3 161 2 900 965 Canola -18.8 -18.8 -8.1 -22.2 7.8 -11.5 -32.1 12.0 Grain corn Barley Soybeans Dry field peas Oats Flaxseed Dry beans 266 212 -20.2

# Domestic sales of refined petroleum products

August 2009 (preliminary)

Sales of refined petroleum products in August totalled 8 404.2 thousand cubic metres, down 401.1 thousand cubic metres (-4.6%) from August 2008. (One cubic metre equals a thousand litres.)

In August, six of the seven major petroleum product groups posted declines from the same month the previous year. The decrease in total product sales was led by diesel fuel oil, down 225.1 thousand cubic metres (-9.2%), and heavy fuel oil, down 222.7 thousand cubic metres (-44.6%).

Motor gasoline sales were up 229.0 thousand cubic metres (+6.3%) from August 2008. This increase represented the sixth consecutive month-over-month increase in sales of motor gasoline.

# Definitions, data sources and methods: survey number 2150.

**Note:** Preliminary domestic sales of refined petroleum products data are not available on CANSIM.

For more information, or to enquire about the concepts, methods or data contact the dissemination officer (toll-free 1-866-873-8789; 613-951-9497; energ@statcan.gc.ca), Manufacturing and Energy Division.

#### Sales of refined petroleum products

	August 2008 <sup>r</sup>	August 2009 <sup>p</sup>	August 2008 to August 2009
	thousands of cubic metres		% change
Total, all products	<b>8 805.3</b>	<b>8 404.2</b>	<b>-4.6</b>
Motor gasoline	3 647.5	3 876.5	6.3
Diesel fuel oil	2 433.7	2 208.6	-9.2
Light fuel oil Heavy fuel oil Aviation turbo fuels Petrochemical feedstocks <sup>1</sup> All other refined products	142.1	120.7	-15.1
	499.3	276.6	-44.6
	652.9	636.8	-2.5
	351.2	276.2	-21.3
	1 078.6	1 008.9	-6.5

r revised

p preliminary

<sup>1.</sup> Materials produced by refineries that are used by the petrochemical industry to produce chemicals, synthetic rubber and a variety of plastics.

# **New products**

Field Crop Reporting Series: "September estimate of production of principal field crops", Vol. 88, no. 7 Catalogue number 22-002-X (PDF, free; HTML, free)

All prices are in Canadian dollars and exclude sales tax. Additional shipping charges apply for delivery outside Canada.

Catalogue numbers with an -XWE, -XIB or an -XIE extension are Internet versions; those with -XMB or -XME are microfiche; -XPB or -XPE are paper versions; -XDB or -XDE are electronic versions on diskette; -XCB or -XCE are electronic versions on compact disc; -XVB or -XVE are electronic versions on DVD and -XBB or -XBE a database.

#### How to order products

To order by phone, please refer to:

The title
 The catalogue number
 The volume number
 The issue number
 Your credit card number.

From Canada and the United States, call:

From other countries, call:

To fax your order, call:

For address changes or account inquiries, call:

1-800-267-6677

1-613-951-2800

1-877-287-4369

1-877-591-6963

**To order by mail, write to:** Statistics Canada, Finance, 6<sup>th</sup> floor, R.H. Coats Bldg., Ottawa, K1A 0T6. Include a cheque or money order payable to **Receiver General of Canada/Publications**. Canadian customers add 5% GST and applicable PST.

**To order by Internet, write to:** *infostats@statcan.gc.ca* or download an electronic version by accessing Statistics Canada's website (www.statcan.gc.ca). From the Our products and services page, under Browse our Internet publications, choose For sale.

Authorized agents and bookstores also carry Statistics Canada's catalogued publications.



#### Statistics Canada's official release bulletin

Catalogue 11-001-XIE.

Published each working day by the Communications and library Services Division, Statistics Canada, 10G, R.H. Coats Building, 100 Tunney's Pasture Driveway, Ottawa, Ontario K1A 0T6.

To access *The Daily* on the Internet, visit our site at <a href="http://www.statcan.gc.ca">http://www.statcan.gc.ca</a>. To receive *The Daily* each morning by e-mail, send an e-mail message to <a href="https://www.statcan.gc.ca">listproc@statcan.gc.ca</a>. Leave the subject line blank. In the body of the message, type "subscribe daily firstname lastname".

Published by authority of the Minister responsible for Statistics Canada. © Minister of Industry, 2009. All rights reserved. The content of this electronic publication may be reproduced, in whole or in part, and by any means, without further permission from Statistics Canada, subject to the following conditions: that it be done solely for the purposes of private study, research, criticism, review or newspaper summary, and/or for non-commercial purposes; and that Statistics Canada be fully acknowledged as follows: Source (or "Adapted from", if appropriate): Statistics Canada, year of publication, name of product, catalogue number, volume and issue numbers, reference period and page(s). Otherwise, no part of this publication may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system or transmitted in any form, by any means—electronic, mechanical or photocopy—or for any purposes without prior written permission of Licensing Services, Client Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa, Ontario, Canada K1A 0T6.