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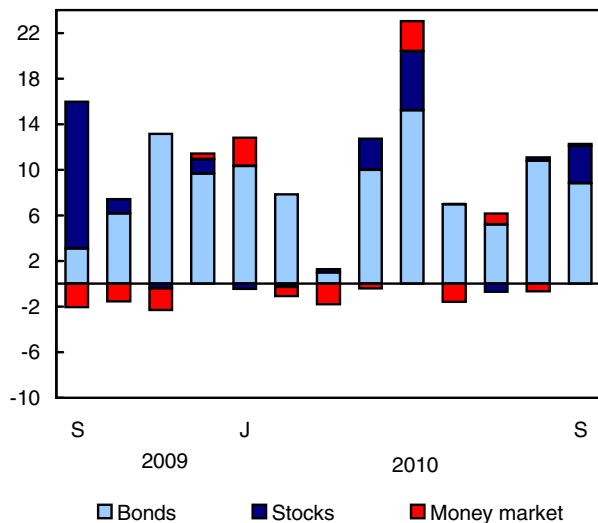
Canada's international transactions in securities

September 2010

Strong foreign investment in Canadian securities was sustained in September as non-residents added a further \$12.3 billion to their portfolios, for a cumulative total of \$87.2 billion over the first three quarters of 2010. Meanwhile, Canadian acquisitions of foreign securities strengthened to \$4.6 billion in September, the largest outflow since March.

Foreign portfolio investment in Canadian securities

\$ billions



Provincial and private corporate bonds dominate foreign acquisitions

September extended the trend to substantial foreign purchases of Canadian bonds observed since January 2009. Non-residents acquired \$8.8 billion of these instruments in September, focusing on US dollar and Euro denominated private corporate and provincial bonds.

Non-resident investors purchased \$3.6 billion of Canadian private corporate bonds in September, following acquisitions of \$5.3 billion in August. This activity was dominated by new bonds issued by resource and financial firms. In addition, foreign demand for Canadian provincial bonds rebounded,

Note to readers

All values in this release are net transactions unless otherwise stated.

The data series on international security transactions cover portfolio transactions in stocks, bonds and money market instruments for both Canadian and foreign issues.

Stocks include common and preferred equities, as well as warrants.

Debt securities include bonds and money market instruments.

Bonds have an original term to maturity of more than one year.

Money market instruments have an original term to maturity of one year or less.

Government of Canada paper includes treasury bills and US-dollar Canada bills.

comprised of both new issues and secondary market activity.

Foreign investment in federal government bonds levelled off in September, accounting for a \$1.9 billion inflow of funds from abroad. Federal bonds have attracted sizeable foreign investments since January 2009, with foreign holdings of these instruments more than doubling since then.

Foreign investors adjusted their holdings of Canadian money market instruments in September. Foreign investors acquired \$923 million of federal government paper, as yields reached their highest level since November 2008 and the Canadian dollar rose 3.4 US cents. However, foreign holdings of paper issued by provincial governments continued to decline, down a full two-thirds since December 2009.

Foreign investors increase holdings of Canadian equities, from mergers and acquisitions

Non-residents added \$3.3 billion to their holdings of Canadian equities in September, the largest inflow since May. This was due to Canadian direct investment acquisitions of foreign firms and the resulting new issues of Canadian shares to foreign shareholders of acquired firms. However, secondary market transactions in Canadian stocks resulted in a small reduction in foreign holdings, following sizeable foreign purchases in August. Foreign acquisitions of shares of chemical and fertilizer producers were more than offset by divestment of shares of banks, gold, and oil and gas sectors, as Canadian stock prices increased for a third consecutive month, rising 3.8% in September.

Canadian acquisitions of foreign stocks reach six-month high

Canadian investors added \$2.7 billion of foreign stocks to their holdings in September, the largest investment since March. Acquisitions of US stocks, which have strengthened over a four month period, accounted for most of the outflows. In September, US equity prices were up 8.8%, the largest monthly increase since April 2009. Canadian investors also continued to buy moderate amounts of non-US foreign shares in September, as major global equity markets posted gains over the month.

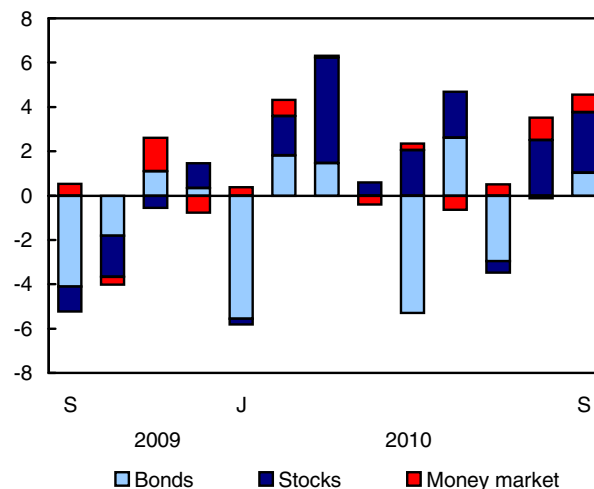
Canadian investors add US government bonds for the first time since March

Canadians purchased \$1.0 billion of foreign bonds in September. The majority of the outflows were channelled to US government bonds, up \$845 million for the first such investment in six months. The bulk of this activity was secondary market purchases of US government bonds sold by Asian investors. Canadian holdings of non-US foreign bonds were largely unchanged in September, with sizeable purchases of long-term asset-backed securities issued by European financial institutions offset by retirements of maple bonds.

At the short-end of the spectrum, Canadians acquired foreign money market instruments for a third straight month, adding \$809 million to their holdings in September. Activity was comprised of US Treasury bills, and, to a lesser extent, Treasury bills issued by European countries.

Canadian portfolio investment in foreign securities¹

\$ billions



1. Reverse of balance of payments signs.

Available on CANSIM: tables 376-0018 to 376-0029, 376-0042, 376-0058 and 376-0063.

Definitions, data sources and methods: survey number 1535.

The September 2010 issue of *Canada's International Transactions in Securities* (67-002-X, free) will soon be available.

Data on Canada's international transactions in securities for October will be released on December 16.

For more information, or to order data, contact Client Services (613-951-1855; infobalance@statcan.gc.ca). To enquire about the concepts, methods or data quality of this release, contact Yiling Zhang (613-951-2057; yiling.zhang@statcan.gc.ca), Balance of Payments Division.

□

Canada's international transactions in securities

	July 2010	August 2010	September 2010	January to September 2009	January to September 2010
	Cumulative transactions				
	\$ millions				
Foreign investment in Canadian securities	5,436	10,370	12,253	82,787	87,211
Bonds (net)	5,199	10,801	8,811	55,020	76,159
Outstanding	4,627	5,190	6,822	23,036	58,320
New issues	2,782	5,808	9,405	64,765	48,922
Retirements	-2,893	-1,437	-7,407	-34,061	-32,786
Change in interest payable ¹	684	1,241	-9	1,280	1,702
Money market paper (net)	966	-705	158	3,619	777
Government of Canada	1,575	404	923	5,728	4,324
Other	-609	-1,110	-765	-2,109	-3,547
Stocks (net)	-728	274	3,284	24,149	10,275
Outstanding	-609	1,098	-284	13,823	5,753
Other transactions	-119	-823	3,569	10,325	4,522
Canadian investment in foreign securities	2,971	-3,404	-4,563	-10,011	-11,439
Bonds (net)	2,961	116	-1,025	8,652	7,049
Money market paper (net)	-519	-1,013	-809	-1,497	-2,792
Stocks (net)	529	-2,507	-2,730	-17,166	-15,696

1. Interest accrued less interest paid.

Note: A minus sign indicates an outflow of money from Canada, that is, a withdrawal of foreign investment from Canada or an increase in Canadian investment abroad.



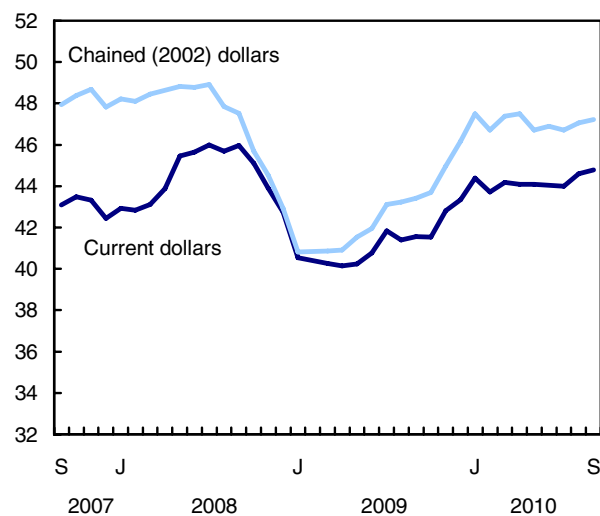
Wholesale trade

September 2010

Wholesale sales rose 0.4% to \$44.8 billion in September, following a 1.3% advance in August. The September increase was largely a result of higher sales in the motor vehicle and parts subsector and the machinery, equipment and supplies subsector.

Wholesale sales rise for a second consecutive month

\$ billions



In volume terms, wholesale sales were up 0.3% in September.

Compared with September 2009, wholesale sales were 7.8% higher. However, the majority of that increase occurred in the fourth quarter of 2009. Wholesale sales have risen slightly since the beginning of 2010, increasing four times in nine months.

In September, five of the seven wholesale trade subsectors posted higher sales.

The largest increase in dollar terms came in the motor vehicle and parts subsector, which rose 2.8% to \$7.6 billion in September. The motor vehicle industry, which accounts for close to 80% of the subsector, was up 3.6%.

The second largest advance was in the machinery, equipment and supplies subsector (+1.1%), which has been on an upward trend since September 2009.

The increase in this subsector in September reflected a 4.7% advance in the construction, forestry, mining, and industrial machinery, equipment and supplies industry.

The only declines were reported by wholesalers of personal and household goods and miscellaneous

Note to readers

All the data in this release are seasonally adjusted and in current dollars, unless otherwise noted.

Wholesale sales expressed in volume are calculated by deflating current dollar values using import and industry product price indexes. Since many of the goods sold by wholesalers are imported, fluctuations in the value of the Canadian dollar can have an important influence on the prices of goods bought and sold by wholesalers.

The wholesale sales series in chained (2002) dollars is a chained Fisher volume index with 2002 as the reference year.

products. These two subsectors together account for more than one-quarter of total wholesale sales.

Western provinces post the largest part of September's increase

Wholesale sales increased in seven provinces in September. Wholesalers in Western Canada recorded the largest gains in dollar terms.

In Alberta, wholesale sales were up 3.2%, mainly as a result of growth in the machinery, equipment and supplies subsector. Wholesale sales in Alberta have increased in 10 of the past 11 months.

Sales in Saskatchewan increased for a third consecutive month, up 3.9% in September. Higher sales in the agricultural supplies industry was a major factor in the gain.

In British Columbia, sales increased by 1.1%, a second straight increase. The gain in September was based largely on higher sales in the machinery, equipment and supplies subsector.

Ontario and Quebec, which account for close to 70% of total wholesale sales, posted declines in September. Sales in Ontario edged down 0.3% in September, following a 1.6% increase in August.

Fifth increase in inventories in six months

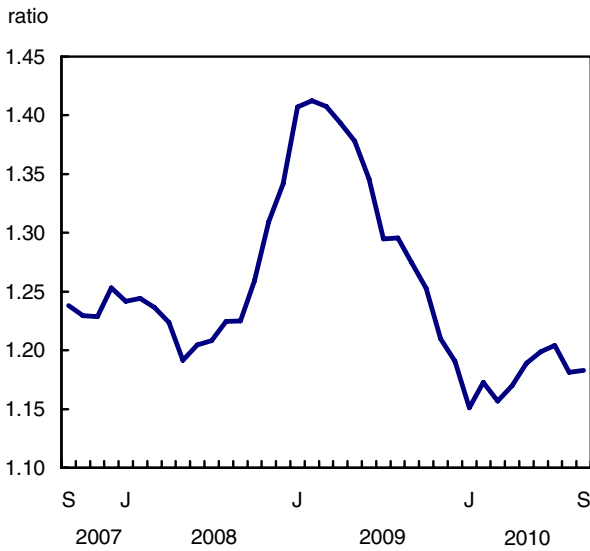
Wholesale trade inventories increased for the fifth time in six months, rising 0.5% to \$53.0 billion in September.

Inventories were up in 17 of the 25 wholesale trade industries. Wholesalers in the construction, forestry, mining, and industrial machinery, equipment and supplies industry and the food product industry had the biggest inventory gains in dollar terms.

The inventory-to-sales ratio remained unchanged in September compared with August. The ratio was 1.18, slightly below the level observed before the economic slowdown in 2008.

The inventory-to-sales ratio is a measure of the time in months required to exhaust inventories if sales were to remain at their current level.

The inventory-to-sales ratio remains unchanged in September



Available on CANSIM: tables 081-0011 to 081-0013.

Definitions, data sources and methods: survey number 2401.

The September 2010 issue of *Wholesale Trade* (63-008-X, free) will be available soon.

Wholesale trade data for October will be released on December 20.

To obtain data, or for more information, contact Client Services (toll-free 1-877-421-3067; 613-951-3549; wholesaleinfo@statcan.gc.ca). To enquire about the concepts, methods or data quality of this release, contact Karim El hassani at 613-951-0608 (karim.elhassani@statcan.gc.ca), Distributive Trades Division.

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Wholesale merchants' sales by industry

	September 2009	August 2010 ^r	September 2010 ^p	August to September 2010	September 2009 to September 2010
Seasonally adjusted					
	\$ millions			% change	
Total, wholesale sales	41,555	44,593	44,777	0.4	7.8
Total, excluding motor vehicle and parts wholesalers	34,811	37,206	37,181	-0.1	6.8
Farm product	465	544	549	1.1	18.2
Food, beverage and tobacco	8,069	8,424	8,453	0.3	4.8
Food	7,153	7,496	7,536	0.5	5.3
Beverage	412	409	409	0.1	-0.7
Cigarette and tobacco product	503	519	507	-2.2	0.8
Personal and household goods	6,947	6,955	6,860	-1.4	-1.3
Textile, clothing and footwear	752	882	876	-0.6	16.5
Home entertainment equipment and household appliance	723	764	710	-7.0	-1.7
Home furnishings	445	485	481	-0.9	8.1
Personal goods	901	761	757	-0.5	-15.9
Pharmaceuticals and pharmacy supplies	3,457	3,372	3,358	-0.4	-2.9
Toiletries, cosmetics and sundries	F	692	678	-2.0	F
Motor vehicle and parts	6,744	7,387	7,596	2.8	12.6
Motor vehicle	5,128	5,765	5,973	3.6	16.5
New motor vehicle parts and accessories	1,573	1,581	1,579	-0.1	0.4
Used motor vehicle parts and accessories	F	42	44	4.2	F
Building material and supplies	5,624	6,214	6,219	0.1	10.6
Electrical, plumbing, heating and air-conditioning equipment and supplies	1,812	1,988	2,025	1.9	11.7
Metal service centres	1,027	1,314	1,323	0.7	28.8
Lumber, millwork, hardware and other building supplies	2,784	2,911	2,871	-1.4	3.1
Machinery, equipment and supplies	8,387	9,402	9,509	1.1	13.4
Farm, lawn and garden machinery and equipment	1,115	1,039	1,054	1.4	-5.5
Construction, forestry, mining, and industrial machinery, equipment and supplies	2,419	3,025	3,167	4.7	30.9
Computer and communications equipment and supplies	2,513	3,049	3,009	-1.3	19.7
Other machinery, equipment and supplies	2,341	2,289	2,280	-0.4	-2.6
Miscellaneous	5,319	5,668	5,591	-1.4	5.1
Recyclable material	596	588	594	1.1	-0.2
Paper, paper product and disposable plastic product	683	690	701	1.7	2.8
Agricultural supplies	1,212	1,373	1,425	3.8	17.6
Chemical (except agricultural) and allied product	967	1,125	1,048	-6.8	8.4
Other miscellaneous	1,862	1,892	1,822	-3.7	-2.1

^r revised

^p preliminary

F too unreliable to be published

Note: Figures may not add up to total due to rounding.

Wholesale merchants' sales by province and territory

	September 2009	August 2010 ^r	September 2010 ^p	August to September 2010	September 2009 to September 2010
Seasonally adjusted					
	\$ millions			% change	
Canada	41,555	44,593	44,777	0.4	7.8
Newfoundland and Labrador	255	294	310	5.4	21.3
Prince Edward Island	38	41	41	0.6	7.9
Nova Scotia	606	629	640	1.7	5.5
New Brunswick	467	501	493	-1.7	5.5
Quebec	8,109	8,327	8,267	-0.7	1.9
Ontario	21,343	22,879	22,812	-0.3	6.9
Manitoba	1,124	1,142	1,157	1.4	3.0
Saskatchewan	1,288	1,364	1,417	3.9	10.0
Alberta	4,477	5,329	5,501	3.2	22.9
British Columbia	3,791	4,018	4,064	1.1	7.2
Yukon	12	12	13	7.1	10.5
Northwest Territories	41	52	54	2.9	30.1
Nunavut	3	7	9	39.8	219.3

^r revised

^p preliminary

Note: Figures may not add up to total due to rounding.

Wholesale merchants' inventories

	September 2009	August 2010 ^r	September 2010 ^p	August to September 2010	September 2009 to September 2010
Seasonally adjusted					
	\$ millions			% change	
Total, wholesale inventories	52,958	52,683	52,961	0.5	0.0
Farm product	160	152	153	0.3	-4.4
Food	4,237	4,282	4,344	1.5	2.5
Beverage	269	253	267	5.4	-0.6
Cigarette and tobacco product	233	232	226	-2.7	-3.1
Textile, clothing and footwear	1,644	1,549	1,601	3.3	-2.6
Home entertainment equipment and household appliance	784	801	810	1.2	3.4
Home furnishings	943	964	992	3.0	5.2
Personal goods	1,555	1,398	1,379	-1.4	-11.3
Pharmaceuticals and pharmacy supplies	4,118	3,955	4,007	1.3	-2.7
Toiletries, cosmetics and sundries	628	651	636	-2.3	1.3
Motor vehicle	3,419	3,447	3,363	-2.4	-1.6
New motor vehicle parts and accessories	3,137	3,144	3,158	0.4	0.7
Used motor vehicle parts and accessories	F	76	78	2.4	F
Electrical, plumbing, heating and air-conditioning equipment and supplies	2,849	2,772	2,733	-1.4	-4.1
Metal service centres	2,431	2,491	2,528	1.5	4.0
Lumber, millwork, hardware and other building supplies	4,199	4,529	4,543	0.3	8.2
Farm, lawn and garden machinery and equipment	3,115	3,149	3,139	-0.3	0.8
Construction, forestry, mining, and industrial machinery, equipment and supplies	7,557	7,637	7,714	1.0	2.1
Computer and communications equipment and supplies	1,523	1,632	1,652	1.2	8.5
Other machinery, equipment and supplies	3,307	3,104	3,126	0.7	-5.5
Recyclable material	322	283	320	13.1	-0.6
Paper, paper product and disposable plastic product	637	610	610	-0.1	-4.2
Agricultural supplies	2,637	2,428	2,408	-0.8	-8.7
Chemical (except agricultural) and allied product	1,062	955	961	0.7	-9.5
Other miscellaneous	2,115	2,187	2,211	1.1	4.5

^r revised

^p preliminary

F too unreliable to be published

Note: Figures may not add up to total due to rounding.



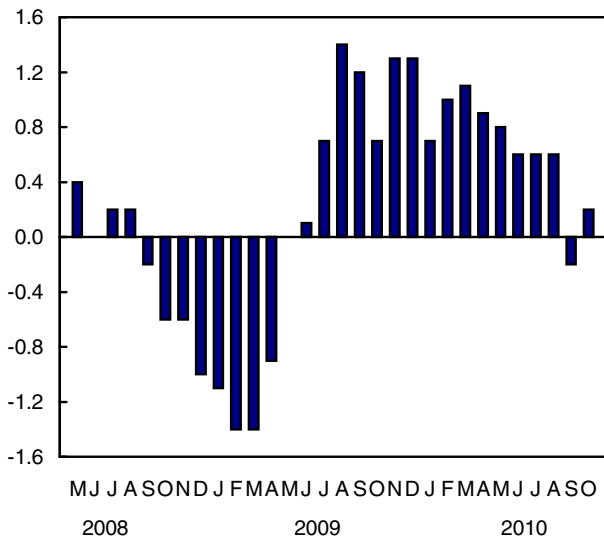
Leading indicators

October 2010

The composite index rebounded 0.2% in October from a 0.2% dip in September. Of the 10 components, 6 advanced and 3 fell, versus 4 increases and 5 decreases the month before, while 1 was unchanged in both months. The financial components posted the largest gains, led by the stock market, while housing remained the weakest sector.

Composite leading indicator

smoothed % change



The smoothed version of the Toronto stock market rose 1.5% in October, its largest monthly gain since

the spring. Natural resources have led the recent rally, notably metals, reflecting rising prices on commodity markets. As well, the money supply expanded at a steady pace.

Manufacturing was mixed. The ratio of shipments to inventories eked out a small gain after no change the month before, when inventories rose for the first time since 2008. The rate of decline of new orders slowed markedly. The average workweek was unchanged after a drop in September.

Housing continued to dampen household spending. The housing index fell for the sixth straight month, as renewed weakness in housing starts offset a levelling off of sales. The slump in housing was reflected in the fourth consecutive decline for furniture and appliance sales. Demand for other durable goods rose slowly, led by autos.

Available on CANSIM: table 377-0003.

Definitions, data sources and methods: survey number 1601.

This release will be reprinted in the December 2010 issue of *Canadian Economic Observer*, Vol. 23, no. 12 (11-010-X, free). For more information on the economy, consult the *Canadian Economic Observer*.

For more information, or to enquire about the concepts, methods or data quality of this release, contact Francine Roy (613-951-3627) or Philip Cross (613-951-9162) or Cindy Bloskie (613-951-3634; ceo@statcan.gc.ca), Current Economic Analysis Group.

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Leading indicators

	May 2010	June 2010	July 2010	August 2010	September 2010	October 2010	Last month of data available % change
Composite leading indicator (1992=100)	239.1	240.6	242.0	243.4	243.0	243.6	0.2
Housing index (1992=100) ¹	136.4	132.9	128.0	123.3	119.1	117.1	-1.7
Business and personal services employment ('000)	2,955	2,967	2,977	2,988	2,986	2,996	0.3
S&P/TSX stock price index (1975=1,000)	11,747	11,787	11,804	11,779	11,811	11,993	1.5
Money supply, M1 (\$ millions, 1992) ²	215,511	216,766	217,709	218,589	219,942	220,982	0.5
US Conference Board leading indicator (1992=100) ³	131.2	131.9	132.5	133.0	133.1	133.4	0.2
Manufacturing							
Average workweek (hours)	36.7	36.7	36.8	36.8	36.6	36.6	0.0
New orders, durables (\$ millions, 1992) ⁴	21,986	22,406	23,082	24,426	23,942	23,926	-0.1
Shipments/inventories of finished goods ⁴	1.84	1.87	1.90	1.92	1.92	1.93	0.01 ⁵
Retail trade							
Furniture and appliance sales (\$ millions, 1992) ⁴	2,957	2,969	2,951	2,939	2,918	2,899	-0.7
Other durable goods sales (\$ millions, 1992) ⁴	9,979	9,931	9,888	9,990	10,074	10,094	0.2
Unsmoothed composite leading indicator	242.9	240.8	244.2	245.7	241.4	245.8	1.8

1. Composite index of housing starts (units) and house sales (multiple listing service).
2. Deflated by the Consumer Price Index for all items.
3. The figures in this row reflect data published in the month indicated, but the figures themselves refer to data for the month immediately preceding.
4. The figures in this row reflect data published in the month indicated, but the figures themselves refer to data for the second preceding month.
5. Difference from previous month.

Travel between Canada and other countries September 2010

Canadians took 0.7% fewer trips abroad in September compared with August, the result of a decline in travel to the United States. On the other hand, Canadian travel to overseas countries rose, continuing a long-term upward trend.

Travel to countries other than the United States increased 4.5% to 750,000 trips, the highest number since record-keeping began in 1972. This replaces the previous high reached in July.

Canadian residents took 3.7 million trips to the United States in September, down 1.7% from August. Same-day car trips to the United States were down 1.6%, while overnight travel south of the border fell 2.0%.

In the opposite direction, inbound travel to Canada edged down 0.4% to 2.1 million trips, the result of a decline from countries other than the United States.

Travel to Canada by residents of overseas countries fell 2.3%, while American travel to Canada was virtually unchanged from August.

Overnight travel to Canada was down from 9 of the top 12 overseas markets. The biggest declines were all from Asian markets, including China (-13.1%), India (-11.8%), South Korea (-9.4%) and Japan (-9.3%).

American residents made 634,000 same-day car trips to Canada, up 0.5% from August. The number of overnight trips to Canada from the United States by car was down 0.2%, while overnight plane travel was up 0.9%.

Note: Monthly data are seasonally adjusted.

Available on CANSIM: tables 427-0001 to 427-0006.

Definitions, data sources and methods: survey number 5005.

The September 2010 issue of *International Travel: Advance Information*, Vol. 26, no. 9 (66-001-P, free), is now available from the *Key resource* module of our website under *Publications*.

For more information, contact Client Services (toll-free 1-800-307-3382; 613-951-9169; fax: 613-951-2909; tourism@statcan.gc.ca). To enquire about the concepts, methods or data quality of this release, contact Frances Kremarik (613-951-4240; frances.kremarik@statcan.gc.ca), Tourism and the Centre for Education Statistics Division.

Travel between Canada and other countries

	September 2009 ^f	August 2010 ^f	September 2010 ^p	August to September 2010
Seasonally adjusted				
	thousands			% change ¹
Canadian trips abroad²	3,994	4,445	4,413	-0.7
To the United States	3,307	3,728	3,663	-1.7
To other countries	687	718	750	4.5
Same-day car trips to the United States	1,752	2,013	1,982	-1.6
Total trips, one or more nights	2,210	2,393	2,392	0.0
United States ³	1,523	1,675	1,642	-2.0
Car	910	995	968	-2.7
Plane	520	583	583	-0.1
Other modes of transportation	93	97	91	-5.9
Other countries ⁴	687	718	750	4.5
Travel to Canada²	2,005	2,075	2,067	-0.4
From the United States	1,673	1,697	1,698	0.1
From other countries	332	378	369	-2.3
Same-day car trips from the United States	629	631	634	0.5
Total trips, one or more nights	1,282	1,348	1,342	-0.5
United States ³	959	980	980	0.1
Car	572	585	584	-0.2
Plane	274	286	288	0.9
Other modes of transportation	113	109	108	-1.0
Other countries ⁴	323	368	362	-1.8
Travel to Canada: Top overseas markets, by country of origin⁵				
United Kingdom	55	61	60	-0.9
France	35	37	38	3.1
Germany	25	29	29	0.2
Australia	17	21	21	-1.0
Japan	18	22	20	-9.3
China	13	19	17	-13.1
South Korea	11	14	13	-9.4
India	9	12	11	-11.8
Mexico	10	11	10	-4.2
Italy	9	9	9	1.7
Hong Kong	8	9	9	-2.7
Netherlands	9	9	9	-3.8

^p preliminary

^r revised

1. Percentage change is based on unrounded data.

2. Totals exceed the sum of "same-day car trips" and "total trips, one or more nights" because they include all of the same-day trips.

3. Estimates for the United States include counts of cars and buses, and estimated numbers for planes, trains, boats and other methods.

4. Figures for other countries exclude same-day entries by land only, via the United States.

5. Includes same-day and overnight trips.



Construction Union Wage Rate Index

October 2010

The Construction Union Wage Rate Index (including supplements) for Canada increased 0.1% in October compared with the previous month. The composite index increased 1.4% compared with October 2009.

Note: Union wage rates are published for 16 trades in 22 metropolitan areas for both the basic rates and rates including selected supplementary payments. Indexes on a 2007=100 time base are calculated for the same metropolitan areas and are published for

those where a majority of trades are covered by current collective agreements.

Available on CANSIM: tables 327-0003 and 327-0045.

Definitions, data sources and methods: survey number 2307.

The third quarter 2010 issue of *Capital Expenditure Price Statistics* (62-007-X, free) will be available in January 2011.

The Construction Union Wage Rate Index for November will be released on December 16.

For more information, or to enquire about the concepts, methods, or data quality of this release, contact Client Services (toll-free 1-888-951-4550; 613-951-4550; fax: 613-951-3117; ppd-info-dpp@statcan.gc.ca), Producer Prices Division. ■

Stocks of frozen eggs, poultry meats and edible dried egg products

November 1, 2010 (preliminary)

Data on stocks of frozen eggs, poultry meats and edible dried egg products in storage as of November 1 are now available.

Available on CANSIM: tables 003-0023 and 003-0024.

Definitions, data sources and methods: survey number 3425.

For more information, call Client Services (toll-free 1-800-465-1991). To enquire about the concepts, methods or data quality of this release, contact Sandra Venturino (613-951-9278; sandra.venturino@statcan.gc.ca), Agriculture Division. ■

North American Transportation Statistics 2009

An updated version of The *North American Transportation Statistics* (NATS) database, a unique online source for comprehensive information on transportation activity, is being released today. The database is the result of a tripartite initiative representing the transportation and statistical agencies of Canada, United States and Mexico.

All three countries have updated the tables to include 2009 data where available.

The database covers 12 specific areas of interest, including transportation and the economy, passenger and freight transportation, transportation and energy consumption, as well as transportation safety.

The NATS database provides consistent and comparable data across modes of transportation and countries to help evaluate transportation benefits and impacts. It helps in understanding changes in dynamic transportation markets in this era of global economic growth.

Written in English, French and Spanish, the NATS database is available online (<http://nats.sct.gob.mx>).

For more information on the NATS database in Canada, or to enquire about the concepts, methods or data quality of this release, contact Client Services (toll-free 1-866-500-8400; transportationstatistics@statcan.gc.ca), Transportation Division. ■

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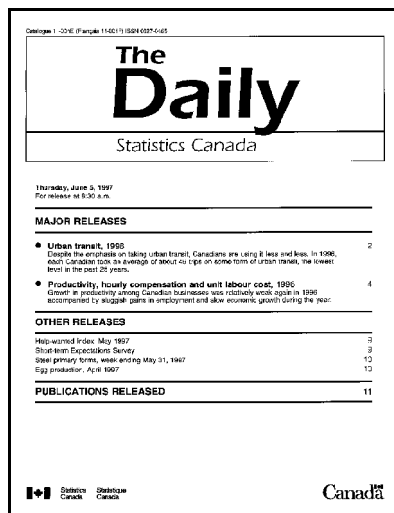
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