The Daily

Statistics Canada

Monday, September 12, 2011 Released at 8:30 a.m. Eastern time

Releases

Cement, July 2011	national indebtedness increased a further \$5.1 billion to \$217.8 billion at the quarter. This marked a ninth straight quarter of increases in net foreign debt,
	5
Canada's international investment position, second quarter 2011 Canada's net international indebtedness increased a further \$5.1 billion to \$217.8 billion at the end of the second quarter. This marked a ninth straight quarter of increases in net foreign debt, consistent with strong inflows of funds to the Canadian economy over this period.	2





Releases

Canada's international investment position

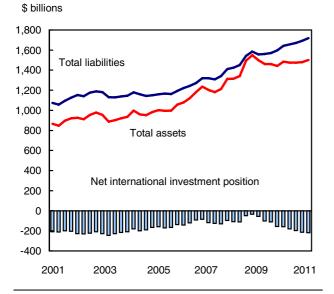
Second quarter 2011

Canada's net international indebtedness increased a further \$5.1 billion to \$217.8 billion at the end of the second quarter. This marked a ninth straight quarter of increases in net foreign debt, consistent with strong inflows of funds to the Canadian economy over this period.

Canada's international liabilities advanced \$27.3 billion in the second quarter, led again by non-resident investment in Canadian securities and to a lesser extent by foreign direct investment in Canada.

Foreign investors added a further \$19.4 billion of Canadian securities to their portfolios, marking the 10th straight quarter of such investment. Non-resident purchases of Canadian securities amounted to \$270.2 billion over this period, with over three-quarters directed to the Canadian bond market.

Canada's international investment position



Note to readers

The international investment position presents the value and composition of Canada's assets and liabilities to the rest of the world. Canada's net international investment position is the difference between these foreign assets and liabilities. The excess of international liabilities over assets can be referred to as Canada's net foreign debt; the excess of international assets over liabilities can be referred to as Canada's net foreign assets. The valuation of the assets and liabilities in the international investment position are measured at book value, unless otherwise stated. Book value represents the value of assets and liabilities recorded in the books of the enterprise in which the investment is made.

Currency valuation

The value of assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currency are converted to Canadian dollars at the end of each period for which a balance sheet is calculated. Most of Canada's foreign assets are denominated in foreign currencies while less than half of Canada's international liabilities are in foreign currencies. When the Canadian dollar is appreciating in value, the restatement of the value of these assets and liabilities in Canadian dollars lowers the recorded value. The opposite is true when the Canadian dollar is depreciating.

International assets increased by \$22.2 billion in the second quarter, on Canadian direct investment abroad, loans and deposits placed abroad and investment in securities.

The Canadian dollar remained stable relative to major foreign currencies. However, it did account for a \$1.1 billion upward revaluation in international assets, gaining 0.5% against the US dollar and the British pound but depreciating 2.8% against the Japanese yen and 1.7% against the Euro.

Canada's net direct investment asset position declines further

Increased merger and acquisition activity led to strengthened foreign direct investment in Canada in the second quarter, as Canadian direct investment abroad slowed. As a result, the value of Canada's net foreign direct investment asset position decreased to \$44.3 billion by the end of the second quarter.

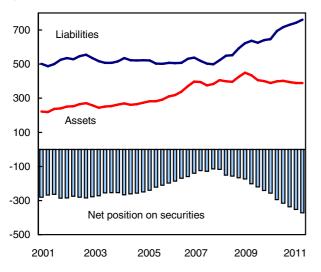
Canada's net liability position on securities reaches a new high

Foreign investment in Canadian securities again focused on bonds in the second quarter, with purchases of \$11.9 billion. Non-resident investors' acquisitions of Canadian money market instruments, mainly Federal Treasury bills, were also up in the quarter.

At the same time, Canadian investment in foreign securities slowed, as purchases of foreign stocks were largely offset by a reduction in holdings of both longand short-term foreign debt instruments. As a result, the net liability position on investment in securities (the difference between foreign securities held by Canadian investors and Canadian securities held by foreign investors) increased to \$371.3 billion at the end of the second quarter. This marked 14 straight quarters of increases in this net liability, largely reflecting continued investment by non-residents in Canadian securities.

Canada's International position on securities

\$ billions



Declines in equity markets partially offset by gains in debt

Canada's overall net international investment position can also be calculated with tradable securities valued at market prices. By this measure, Canada's net foreign debt increased by \$4.0 billion to \$213.5 billion by the end of the second quarter, as losses on Canadian equity markets were slightly more pronounced than on a number of foreign stock markets.

Available on CANSIM: tables 376-0055 to 376-0057, 376-0059.

Definitions, data sources and methods: survey numbers, including related surveys, 1534 and 1537.

The second quarter 2011 issue of *Canada's International Investment Position* (67-202-X, free) will be available soon.

For more information, contact Client Services (613-951-1855; *infobalance@statcan.gc.ca*). To enquire about the methods, concepts or data quality of this release, contact Christian Lajule (613-951-2062) or Marie-Josée Lamontagne (613-951-5179), Balance of Payments Division.

Canada's international investment position at period end

	Fourth	Fourth	Fourth	Fourth	Fourth	First	Second	
	quarter	quarter	quarter	quarter	quarter	quarter	quarter	
	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011	2011	
	\$ billions							
Assets								
Canadian direct investment abroad	518.8	513.1	642.0	621.2	616.7	616.1	619.9	
Portfolio investment abroad								
Foreign bonds	124.0	150.3	145.0	135.0	128.8	125.9	120.2	
Foreign bonds at market value	133.7	153.5	142.4	141.3	138.5	134.1	127.4	
Foreign stocks	227.4	226.4	277.8	261.2	258.8	256.9	262.9	
Foreign stocks at market value	582.2	603.2	437.3	499.0	535.7	550.0	555.3	
Foreign money market	20.0	7.5	3.5	4.6	6.7	6.8	6.0	
Foreign money market at market value	20.1	7.5	3.5	4.6	6.7	6.8	6.0	
Other investments								
Loans	72.8	77.8	93.5	103.5	109.6	110.2	115.5	
Deposits	132.2	157.9	226.8	225.0	225.8	233.7	246.5	
Official international reserves	41.0	40.6	51.4	56.0	55.2	57.7	58.6	
Official international reserves at market value	40.9	40.7	53.4	57.1	56.8	58.8	60.3	
Other assets	45.5	38.2	54.7	54.6	73.1	71.5	71.5	
Total assets								
At book value	1,181.7	1,211.9	1,494.6	1,461.1	1,474.6	1,478.9	1,501.1	
With portfolio investment at market value	1,546.2	1,592.0	1,653.6	1,706.4	1,762.9	1,781.2	1,802.5	
Liabilities								
Foreign direct investment in Canada	437.2	510.1	542.7	547.6	561.6	569.7	575.5	
Portfolio investment								
Canadian bonds	410.0	384.7	458.9	497.8	575.1	581.1	593.4	
Canadian bonds at market value	432.5	399.7	473.1	528.0	613.3	615.9	636.6	
Canadian stocks	96.7	92.1	98.8	110.9	120.2	124.5	125.5	
Canadian stocks at market value	317.9	360.0	219.7	295.3	357.9	388.7	379.2	
Canadian money market	24.5	22.0	34.9	32.9	35.6	36.1	41.4	
Canadian money market at market value	24.7	22.2	35.0	32.9	35.6	36.2	41.5	
Other investment								
Loans	55.7	61.8	81.7	67.8	78.6	72.2	69.6	
Deposits	226.8	243.5	301.6	282.4	268.4	276.0	281.6	
Other liabilities	21.7	27.4	24.3	32.1	31.3	32.0	31.9	
Total liabilities								
At book value	1,272.6	1,341.7	1,542.9	1,571.6	1,670.9	1,691.7	1,719.0	
With portfolio investment at market value	1.516.5	1,624.8	1,678.1	1,786.3	1,946.7	1,990.7	2,015.9	
Net international investment position	.,0.0.0	.,020	.,	.,	.,	.,	_,0.0.0	
At book value	-90.9	-129.8	-48.3	-110.4	-196.2	-212.7	-217.8	
With portfolio investment at market value	29.7	-32.9	-24.5	-79.8	-183.9	-209.4	-213.5	

Cement

July 2011

Data on cement are now available for July.

Available on CANSIM: tables 303-0060 and 303-0061.

Definitions, data sources and methods: survey number 2140.

For more information, or to enquire about the concepts, methods or data quality of this release, contact the dissemination officer (toll-free 1-866-873-8789; 613-951-9497; manufact@statcan.gc.ca), Manufacturing and Energy Division.

New products and studies

There are no new products and studies today.

How to order products

To order by phone, please refer to:

• The title • The catalogue number • The volume number • The issue number • Your credit card number.

From Canada and the United States, call:

1-800-267-6677
From other countries, call:

1-613-951-2800
1-877-287-4369

To order by mail, write to: Statistics Canada, Finance, 6th floor, R.H. Coats Bldg., Ottawa, K1A 0T6. Include a cheque or money order payable to **Receiver General of Canada/Publications**. Canadian customers add 5% GST and applicable PST.

To order by Internet, write to: *infostats@statcan.gc.ca* or download an electronic version by accessing Statistics Canada's website at *www.statcan.gc.ca* and browse by "Key resource" > "Publications."

Authorized agents and bookstores also carry Statistics Canada's catalogued publications.



Statistics Canada's official release bulletin

Catalogue 11-001-XIE.

Published each working day by the Communications Division, Statistics Canada, 10G, R.H. Coats Building, 100 Tunney's Pasture Driveway, Ottawa, Ontario K1A 0T6.

To access *The Daily* on the Internet, visit our site at http://www.statcan.gc.ca. To receive *The Daily* each morning by e-mail, send an e-mail message to listproc@statcan.gc.ca. Leave the subject line blank. In the body of the message, type "subscribe daily firstname lastname".

Published by authority of the Minister responsible for Statistics Canada. © Minister of Industry, 2011. All rights reserved. The content of this electronic publication may be reproduced, in whole or in part, and by any means, without further permission from Statistics Canada, subject to the following conditions: that it be done solely for the purposes of private study, research, criticism, review or newspaper summary, and/or for non-commercial purposes; and that Statistics Canada be fully acknowledged as follows: Source (or "Adapted from", if appropriate): Statistics Canada, year of publication, name of product, catalogue number, volume and issue numbers, reference period and page(s). Otherwise, no part of this publication may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system or transmitted in any form, by any means—electronic, mechanical or photocopy—or for any purposes without prior written permission of Licensing Services, Client Services Division, Statistics Canada, Ottawa, Ontario, Canada K1A 0T6.