# The Daily

# Statistics Canada

Friday, July 19, 2013

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# Releases

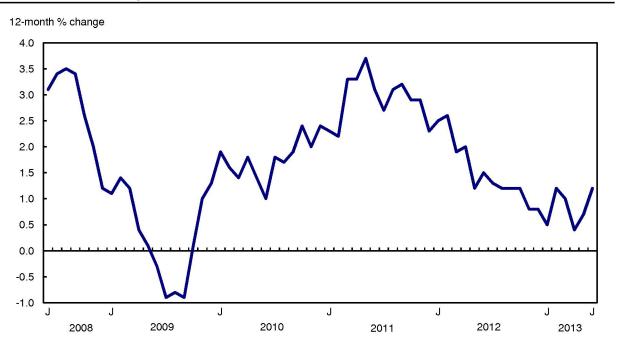
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Consumer prices rose 1.2% in the 12 months to June, following a 0.7% increase in May. On a seasonally adjusted monthly basis, the Consumer Price Index increased 0.3% in June, after rising 0.2% in May.					
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# Releases

# **Consumer Price Index, June 2013**

The Consumer Price Index (CPI) rose 1.2% in the 12 months to June, following a 0.7% increase in May. This 0.5 percentage point gain in the CPI was led by transportation prices, which rose 2.0% on a year-over-year basis in June after falling 0.5% in May.

**Chart 1 The 12-month change in the Consumer Price Index** 



The acceleration in the transportation index was mostly attributable to prices for gasoline and for the purchase of passenger vehicles, both of which rose in the 12 months to June after declining in May.

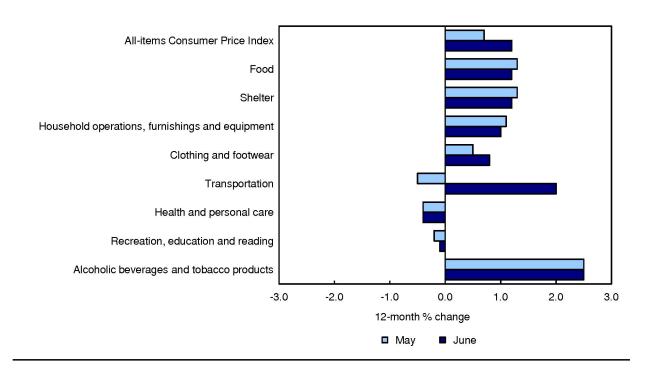
Compared with June last year, gasoline prices were up 4.6%. This followed a 1.5% decrease in May. Gasoline prices increased in the 12 months to June in all provinces, with Manitoba and Alberta posting the largest gains.

Prices for the purchase of passenger vehicles rose 2.0% in the 12 months to June, after declining 0.5% in May. The year-over-year increase in June was mainly attributable to smaller monthly price declines in June 2013 compared with the same month last year.

### 12-month change in the major components

Consumer prices rose in six of the eight major components in the 12 months to June. The exceptions were health and personal care as well as recreation, education and reading. In addition to transportation, the shelter and food components led the increase in the CPI in June.

Chart 2
Six of eight major components increase in June



Shelter costs rose 1.2% in the 12 months to June, after increasing 1.3% in May. Natural gas prices and rent increased on a year-over-year basis in June, while mortgage interest cost decreased 3.8%.

Food prices increased 1.2% year over year in June, following a 1.3% rise in May. Compared with June 2012, consumers paid 1.3% more for food purchased from stores, as prices rose for fresh vegetables (+5.1%) and meat (+2.2%). In contrast, prices for sugar and confectionery declined 4.3%.

Consumers also paid 1.1% more for food purchased from restaurants.

## 12-month change in the provinces

Consumer prices rose in nine provinces in the 12 months to June, with the largest increase occurring in Manitoba. The exception was British Columbia, where prices declined on a year-over-year basis.

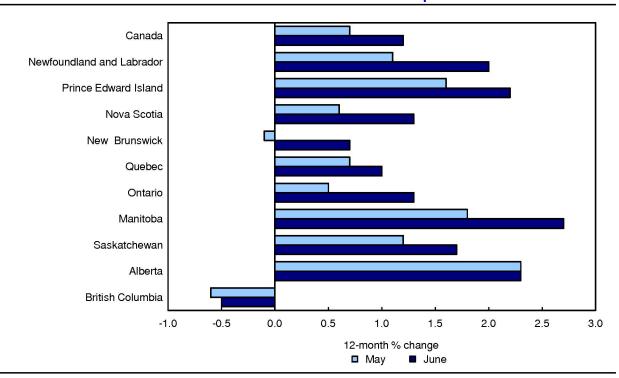


Chart 3
Prices increase the most in Manitoba while British Columbia posts the lone decline

In Manitoba, consumer prices increased 2.7% year over year in June, following a 1.8% gain in May. Gasoline prices rose 10.7% in the 12 months to June, after advancing 0.9% in May. Among the provinces, Manitoba posted the largest year-over-year price increase for cigarettes and for passenger vehicle registration fees.

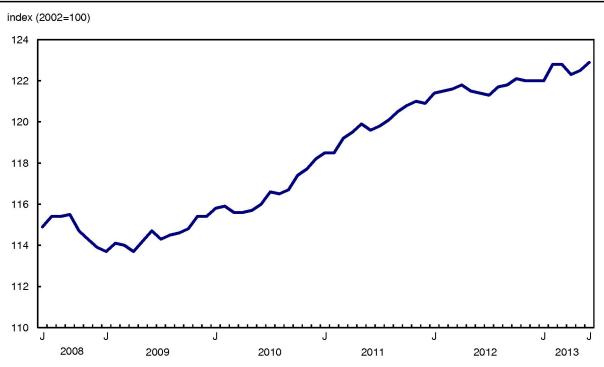
Alberta's CPI rose 2.3% on a year-over-year basis in June, matching the increase in May. Gasoline prices advanced at a faster rate in the 12 months to June (+9.2%) compared with May (+1.6%). Conversely, smaller year-over-year price increases were observed for natural gas in June relative to May.

Prices in British Columbia fell 0.5% in the 12 months to June, after declining 0.6% in May. The province posted year-over-year price decreases for food purchased from restaurants and homeowners' replacement cost, while at the national level these indexes increased. Additionally, gasoline prices rose 3.2% year over year in June, after increasing 1.4% in May, a smaller acceleration than at the national level.

# Seasonally adjusted monthly Consumer Price Index increases

On a seasonally adjusted monthly basis, the CPI increased 0.3% in June, after rising 0.2% in May.

**Chart 4 Seasonally adjusted monthly Consumer Price Index** 



The seasonally adjusted indexes for six of the eight major components increased in June. The two exceptions were alcoholic beverages and tobacco products, which declined 0.1%, and clothing and footwear, which posted no change. The transportation index rose 1.6% in June, following a 0.2% increase in May.

### Bank of Canada's core index

The Bank of Canada's core index rose 1.3% in the 12 months to June, following a 1.1% increase in May.

On a monthly basis, the seasonally adjusted core index increased 0.2% in June, after posting no change in May.

### Note to readers

A seasonally adjusted series is one from which seasonal movements have been eliminated. Users employing CPI data for indexation purposes are advised to use the unadjusted indexes. For more information on seasonal adjustment, see Seasonal adjustment and identifying economic trends.

The Bank of Canada's core index excludes eight of the CPI's most volatile components (fruit, fruit preparations and nuts; vegetables and vegetable preparations; mortgage interest cost; natural gas; fuel oil and other fuels; gasoline; inter-city transportation; and tobacco products and smokers' supplies) as well as the effects of changes in indirect taxes on the remaining components.

Table 1 Consumer Price Index and major components, Canada – Not seasonally adjusted

	Relative importance <sup>1</sup>	June 2012	May 2013	June 2013	May to June 2013	June 2012 to June 2013
	%		(2002=100)		% cha	ange
All-items Consumer Price Index						
(CPI)	100.00 <sup>2</sup>	121.6	123.0	123.0	0.0	1.2
Food	16.60	130.9	132.6	132.5	-0.1	1.2
Shelter	26.26	127.0	128.3	128.5	0.2	1.2
Household operations, furnishings						
and equipment	12.66	113.1	114.0	114.2	0.2	1.0
Clothing and footwear	5.82	90.5	93.9	91.2	-2.9	0.8
Transportation	19.98	127.6	129.2	130.2	0.8	2.0
Health and personal care	4.93	118.9	118.3	118.4	0.1	-0.4
Recreation, education and reading	10.96	106.7	106.5	106.6	0.1	-0.1
Alcoholic beverages and tobacco						
products	2.79	137.5	141.1	140.9	-0.1	2.5
Special aggregates						
Core CPI <sup>3</sup>	84.91	119.4	121.2	121.0	-0.2	1.3
All-items CPI excluding energy	91.44	118.8	120.1	119.9	-0.2	0.9
Energy <sup>4</sup>	8.56	155.7	159.3	162.1	1.8	4.1
Gasoline	4.62	180.2	183.3	188.5	2.8	4.6
All-items CPI excluding food and				.00.0		
energy	74.85	116.2	117.3	117.2	-0.1	0.9
Goods	48.18	113.5	115.0	114.8	-0.2	1.1
Services	51.82	129.6	130.9	131.1	0.2	1.2

<sup>1. 2011</sup> CPI basket weights at January 2013 prices, Canada, effective February 2013. Detailed weights are available under the Documentation section of survey 2301 (www.statcan.gc.ca/imdb-bmdi/2301-eng.htm).

Table 2 Consumer Price Index by province, and for Whitehorse, Yellowknife and Iqaluit - Not seasonally adjusted

	Relative importance <sup>1</sup>	June 2012	May 2013	June 2013	May to June 2013	June 2012 to June 2013
	%		(2002=100)		% cha	ange
Canada	100.00 <sup>2</sup>	121.6	123.0	123.0	0.0	1.2
Newfoundland and Labrador	1.36	123.5	125.9	126.0	0.1	2.0
Prince Edward Island	0.36	125.2	127.9	127.9	0.0	2.2
Nova Scotia	2.59	124.8	126.4	126.4	0.0	1.3
New Brunswick	1.96	121.6	122.6	122.5	-0.1	0.7
Quebec	22.04	120.6	121.9	121.8	-0.1	1.0
Ontario	39.05	121.6	123.0	123.2	0.2	1.3
Manitoba	3.16	120.3	123.0	123.6	0.5	2.7
Saskatchewan	2.94	124.1	126.0	126.2	0.2	1.7
Alberta	12.32	126.9	129.5	129.8	0.2	2.3
British Columbia	14.05	118.2	117.9	117.6	-0.3	-0.5
Whitehorse	0.08	121.3	122.6	124.1	1.2	2.3
Yellowknife	0.07	124.5	126.1	126.5	0.3	1.6
Iqaluit (Dec. 2002=100)	0.02	116.1	117.2	117.5	0.3	1.2

<sup>1. 2011</sup> Consumer Price Index basket weights at January 2013 prices, effective February 2013. Detailed weights are available under the Documentation section of survey 2301 (www.statcan.gc.ca/imdb-bmdi/2301-eng.htm).

<sup>2.</sup> Figures may not add to 100% as a result of rounding.
3. The Bank of Canada's core index excludes eight of the Consumer Price Index's most volatile components (fruit, fruit preparations and nuts; vegetables and vegetable preparations; mortgage interest cost; natural gas; fuel oil and other fuels; gasoline; inter-city transportation; and tobacco products and smokers' supplies) as well as the effects of changes in indirect taxes on the remaining components. For additional information on the core CPI, please consult the Bank of Canada website (www.bankofcanada.ca/rates/indicators/key-variables/inflation-control-target/).
4. The special aggregate "Energy" includes: electricity; natural gas; fuel oil and other fuels; gasoline; and fuel, parts and supplies for recreational vehicles.

<sup>2.</sup> Figures may not add to 100% as a result of rounding.

Table 3
Consumer Price Index and major components – Seasonally adjusted<sup>1</sup>

	April 2013	May 2013	June 2013	April to May 2013	May to June 2013
		(2002=100)		% char	ige
All-items Consumer Price Index (CPI)	122.3	122.5	122.9	0.2	0.3
Food	131.8	132.1	132.2	0.2	0.1
Shelter	128.2	128.3	128.5	0.1	0.2
Household operations, furnishings and					
equipment	114.2	114.0	114.2	-0.2	0.2
Clothing and footwear	92.4	92.7	92.7	0.3	0.0
Transportation	127.2	127.5	129.5	0.2	1.6
Health and personal care	118.2	118.1	118.2	-0.1	0.1
Recreation, education and reading	105.6	105.8	105.9	0.2	0.1
Alcoholic beverages and tobacco					
products	140.1	141.1	140.9	0.7	-0.1
Special aggregates					
Core CPI <sup>2</sup>	120.8	120.8	121.1	0.0	0.2
All-items CPI excluding food and energy <sup>3</sup>	117.0	117.0	117.2	0.0	0.2

<sup>1.</sup> A seasonally adjusted series is one from which seasonal movements have been eliminated. Each month, the previous month's seasonally adjusted index is subject to revision. On an annual basis, the seasonally adjusted values for the last three years are revised with the January data release. Users employing Consumer Price Index (CPI) data for indexation purposes are advised to use the unadjusted indexes. For more information on the availability and uses of seasonally adjusted CPI data, please see the Definitions, data sources and methods section of survey 2301 (www.statcan.gc.ca/imdb-bmdi/2301-eng.htm).

### Available in CANSIM: tables 326-0009, 326-0012, 326-0015 and 326-0020 to 326-0022.

### Definitions, data sources and methods: survey number 2301.

For a more detailed analysis, consult the publication *The Consumer Price Index*. The June 2013 issue of *The Consumer Price Index*, Vol. 92, no. 6 (62-001-X), is now available from the *Browse by key resource* module of our website under *Publications*.

More information about the concepts and use of the Consumer Price Index are also available online in *Your Guide to the Consumer Price Index* (62-557-X), from the *Browse by key resource* module of our website under *Publications*.

The Consumer Price Index for July will be released on August 23.

<sup>2.</sup> The Bank of Canada's core index excludes eight of the Consumer Price Index's most volatile components (fruit, fruit preparations and nuts; vegetables and vegetable preparations; mortgage interest cost; natural gas; fuel oil and other fuels; gasoline; inter-city transportation; and tobacco products and smokers' supplies) as well as the effects of changes in indirect taxes on the remaining components. For additional information on the core CPI, please consult the Bank of Canada website (www.bankofcanada.ca/rates/indicators/kev-variables/inflation-control-target/).

<sup>3.</sup> The special aggregate "Energy" includes: electricity; natural gas; fuel oil and other fuels; gasoline; and fuel, parts and supplies for recreational vehicles.

# Aircraft movement statistics: Small airports, April 2013

The number of take-offs and landings for 126 airports without air traffic control towers reached 51,823 movements in April. Moosonee, Ontario (4,638 movements) and Goose Bay, Newfoundland and Labrador (2,527 movements) were the most active sites.

Available in CANSIM: tables 401-0021 and 401-0022.

Definitions, data sources and methods: survey number 2715.

The April 2013 issue of Aircraft Movement Statistics: Airports without Air Traffic Control Towers (TP 141) (51-008-X) is now available from the Browse by key resource module of our website under Publications. This report, which presents monthly statistics for Canadian airports without NAV CANADA air traffic control towers and/or flight service stations, is a joint publication of Statistics Canada and Transport Canada.

# Canadian potato production, 2013

Producers reported seeding 361,600 acres (146 340 hectares) of potatoes in 2013, down 3.2% from 2012. Manitoba had the largest decrease in seeded area, down 5.3% to 72,000 acres (29 138 hectares). Quebec had the lone increase in seeded area for 2013, up 3.1% from 2012 to 43,600 acres (17 645 hectares).

### Note to readers

This release also includes recent data on potato production for the United States and Mexico.

Available in CANSIM: tables 001-0014, 001-0045 and 001-0070.

Definitions, data sources and methods: survey numbers 3401, 3407, 3436, 3446, 3465, 7526 and 7529.

# Primary iron and steel, May 2013

Data on primary iron and steel are now available for May.

### Note to readers

Revised data are available from February to April 2013 in CANSIM table 303-0051.

The survey Disposition of Shipments of Ingots, Rolled Steel, Alloy and Non Alloy Products, as well as the survey Steel Primary Forms, Steel Castings and Pig Iron was discontinued in June 2013. The last data to be published are for reference month May 2013. The publication Steel, Tubular Products and Steel Wire (41-019-X) will also be discontinued.

Available in CANSIM: tables 303-0048 to 303-0051.

Definitions, data sources and methods: survey numbers 2116 and 2184.

The May 2013 issue of Steel, Tubular Products and Steel Wire (41-019-X) will soon be available.

# Dairy statistics, May 2013

Dairy statistics for Canada and the provinces are now available for May.

Available in CANSIM: tables 003-0007 to 003-0012, 003-0029, 003-0033 and 003-0034.

Definitions, data sources and methods: survey numbers 3430, 3431 and 3432.

# New products and studies

# **New products**

Aircraft Movement Statistics: Airports Without Air Traffic Control Towers (TP 141), April 2013 Catalogue number 51-008-X (HTML | PDF)

**The Consumer Price Index**, June 2013, Vol. 92, no. 6 Catalogue number 62-001-X (HTML | PDF)

Wholesale Trade, May 2013, Vol. 76, no. 5 Catalogue number 63-008-X (HTML | PDF)

# Release dates: July 22 to 26, 2013

(Release dates are subject to change.)

Release date	Title	Reference period
23	Retail trade	May 2013
25	Payroll employment, earnings and hours	May 2013

See also the release dates for major economic indicators for the rest of the year.



### Statistics Canada's official release bulletin

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